



## Comprehensive

Annual

Financial

Report

County of Accomack, Virginia
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



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# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by:

Accomack County Finance Department Accomack County, Virginia



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#### County of Accomack, Virginia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>INTROD</u> U	CTORY SECTION
GFOA Certi Organization	nnsmittal. ficate of Achievement. nal Chart. ipal Officials.
FINANCIA	AL SECTION
	Auditors' Reportt's Discussion and Analysis.
Basic Financi	al Statements:
Government	-wide Financial Statements:
Exhibit 1 Exhibit 2	Statement of Net Position
Fund Financ	ial Statements:
Governmen	tal Funds:
Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds
Exhibit 4	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the
Exhibit 5	Statement of Net Position
EXHIBIT 3	Balances-Governmental Funds
Exhibit 6	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
	in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Proprietary	Funds:
Exhibit 7	Statement of Net Position-Proprietary Funds
Exhibit 8	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net
E 1212 0	Position-Proprietary Funds.
Exhibit 9	Statement of Cash Flows-Proprietary Funds
Fiduciary F Exhibit 10	unds: Statement of Fiduciary Net Position-Fiduciary Funds
Exhibit 10	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position-Fiduciary Funds
	ancial Statements
	pplementary Information:
	nired supplementary information
Exhibit 12	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios-
Ewhihit 12	Primary Government.  School Los of Changes in Not Pagaign Liability and Paleted Ratios School Pagaign
Exhibit 13	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios-School Board (Nonprofessional)
Exhibit 14	Schedule of Employer Contributions.
Exhibit 15	Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher
	Retirement Plan-School Board
Exhibit 16	Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios- Primary
	Government.

#### County of Accomack, Virginia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

FINANCIA	AL SECTION (continued)	
Required Su	pplementary Information (continued):	
Exhibit 17	Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios- School	
E 1 11 1 10	Board	
Exhibit 18	Schedule of Employer Contributions-Primary Government	
Exhibit 19	Schedule of Investment Returns-Primary Government.	
Exhibit 20	Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios- Health Insurance Credit Program	
Exhibit 21	Schedule of Employer Contributions-Health Insurance Credit Program	
Exhibit 22	Schedule of Accomack County School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability- Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program	
Exhibit 23	Schedule of Employer Contributions-Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program	
Exhibit 24	Schedule of County and School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability-Group Life	
Exilion 24	Insurance Program	
Exhibit 25	Schedule of Employer Contributions-Group Life Insurance Program	
Exhibit 26	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-General Fund.	
Exhibit 27	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and	
Exilibit 27	Actual-Virginia Public Assistance Fund	
Exhibit 28	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and	
Exhibit 26	Actual-Consolidated Emergency Medical Services Fund	
Other Supple	ementary Information:	
Combining a	nd Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor (	Governmental Funds:	
Exhibit 29	Combining Balance Sheet-Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Exhibit 30	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances-Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Exhibit 31	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances-Budget and Actual-Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Other Gove	rnmental Funds:	
Exhibit 32	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and	
	Actual-County Debt Service Fund	
Exhibit 33	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
	Balance-Budget and Actual-County Capital Projects Fund	
	Proprietary Funds:	
	Combining Statement of Net Position-Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Exhibit 35	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net	
	Position-Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Exhibit 36	Combining Statement of Cash Flows-Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Fiduciary <b>F</b>	Funds:	
Exhibit 37	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position-Agency Funds	
Exhibit 38	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities-Agency Funds	
2011 20		

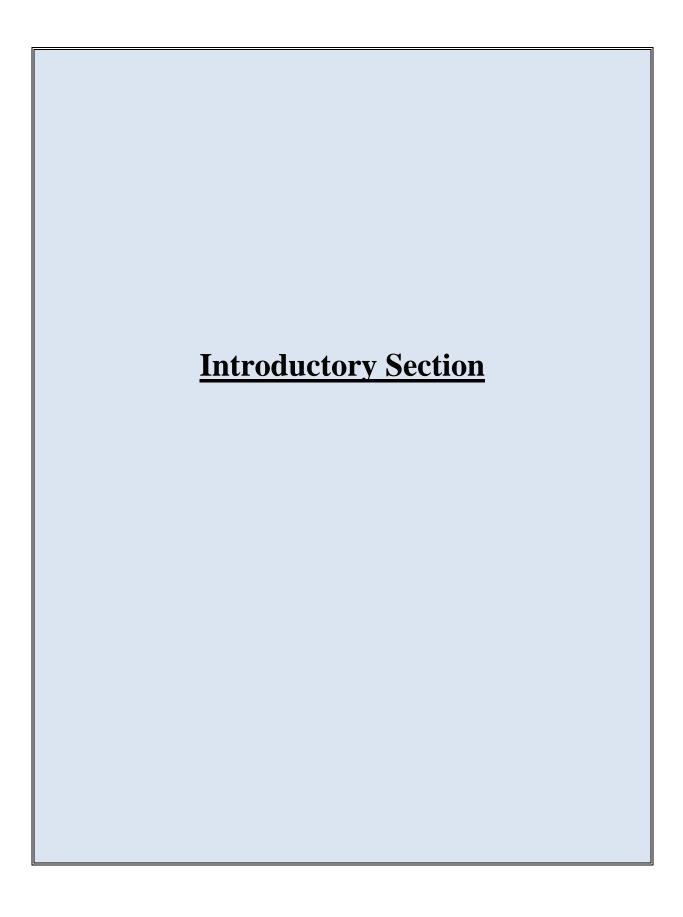
#### County of Accomack, Virginia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

FINANCIA	AL SECTION (continued)					
Discretely P	resented Component Unit-School Board:					
Exhibit 39	Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds					
Exhibit 40	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-					
E-1:1:4 41	Governmental Funds.					
Exhibit 41	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund					
Exhibit 42	Balance-Budget and Actual-School Operating Fund					
Exhibit 43	Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities-Agency Funds					
	Presented Component Units-Nonmajor:					
Exhibit 44	Combining Statement of Net Position-Nonmajor Discretely Presented					
Exilibit 44	Component Units					
Exhibit 45	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net					
Emiloit 15	Position-Nonmajor Discretely Presented Component Units					
Exhibit 46	Combining Statement of Cash Flows-Nonmajor Discretely Presented					
	Component Units					
Supporting	•					
Schedule 1	Schedule of Revenues-Budget and Actual-Governmental Funds					
Schedule 2	Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual-Governmental Funds					
STATISTI	CAL SECTION					
Table 1	Net Position by Component.					
Table 2	Changes in Net Position					
Table 3	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds					
Table 4	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds					
Table 5A	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Real Property					
Table 5B	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Personal Property					
Table 6	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates					
Table 7	Principal Property Taxpayers					
Table 8	Property Tax Levy and Collections					
Table 9						
Table 9 Table 10	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type					
	Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding					
Table 11	Demographic Statistics					
Table 12	Principal Employers.					
Table 13	Authorized Full-Time Equivalent County Employees by Function					
Table 14	Operating Indicators by Function/Program					
Table 15	Capital Asset Statistics by Function					
COMPLIA	NCE SECTION					
	Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in					
	with Government Auditing Standards					
	Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and Internal Control					
	the Uniform Guidance					
	Expenditures of Federal Awards.					
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards						
Schedule of	Findings and Questioned Costs					



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# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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February 28, 2020

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Accomack County, Virginia

We are pleased to present the County of Accomack (the County) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The objective of this report is to present fairly the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discreetly presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2019 in all material respects and to demonstrate compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs.

The responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity in its various funds. We also believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require management to provide Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). MD&A is comprised of a narrative introduction and an analytical overview of a government's financial activities. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

**Report Organization.** The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

Introductory Section: The Introductory Section includes this letter of transmittal, a certificate of achievement for excellence in financial reporting, the County's organizational chart and list of principal officials.
<u>Financial Section</u> : The Financial Section includes Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), government-wide and fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required and other supplementary information and the independent auditor's report on the MD&A, financial statements and schedules.
<u>Statistical Section</u> : The Statistical Section contains selected financial and demographic information generally presented on a multi-year basis.
Compliance Section: The Compliance Section contains information on County programs

that are financed by federal grants. This information is required by the Single Audit Act

and by the Commonwealth of Virginia Auditor of Public Accounts.

The Reporting Entity. The County of Accomack's report includes all funds of the "primary government." In Virginia, cities and counties are distinct units of government; therefore, the County is responsible for providing all services normally provided by a local government. These services include public safety, social services, recreation and cultural activities and community development. For financial reporting purposes and in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB No. 39, the County has identified seven discretely presented component units. This GASB statement establishes the criteria used in making this determination and identifies each as a blended component unit or discretely presented component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of this primary government. Based on GASB Statement 14, as amended by GASB No. 39, as interpreted by Virginia's Auditor of Public Accounts, the School Board is a legally separate organization providing educational services to the public whose board is appointed by a School Board Selection Committee and is fiscally dependent on the local government.

**Independent Audit.** The Commonwealth of Virginia requires an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of all departments of the County by independent certified public accountants selected by the Board of Supervisors. The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, as amended, and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Government and Non-Profit Organizations*. Information related to this single audit, including the findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with laws and regulations, is contained in this report. These requirements have been compiled with the auditors' opinion and are included in this report.

Internal and Budgetary Controls: The management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure the protection of County assets. In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

In addition to internal accounting controls, the County also maintains budgetary controls. These budgetary controls ensure compliance with provisions embodied in the annual budget adopted and appropriated by the Board of Supervisors. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital project funds are included in the annual appropriated budget.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 has been completed and no material internal control weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations have been found.

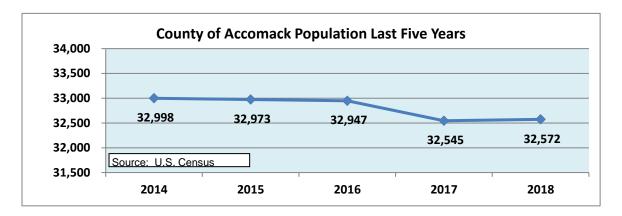
The County adopts an annual budget by July 1 of each year as required by Section 15.2-2503, Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended. A budget is not required for fiduciary funds.

When necessary, the Board of Supervisors approves amendments to the adopted budget in accordance with Section 15.2-2507, Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended. Budgetary compliance is monitored and reported at the department level. The budget is implemented through appropriations that the Board makes annually, with supplemental appropriations made as required. These appropriations,

except those to incur mandated expenditures, may be greater or less than contemplated in the budget.

**Local Economy.** Accomack County is located in the northernmost portion of the eastern shore of Virginia, towards the southern end of the Delmarva Peninsula. The 476 square mile county is bounded on the north by the state of Maryland, on the east by the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by Northampton County, and on the west by the Chesapeake Bay. Accomack County is home to the NASA Wallops Flight Facility, a center of aeronautic research established in 1945. With its saltwater bays, marshes and numerous creeks, Accomack County is one of the few unspoiled coastal areas on the eastern seaboard. Agriculture remains a preeminent force for the County. Primary crops grown are wheat, soybeans and corn. As noted further in the CAFR, Accomack County ranks number one in Virginia in corn production.

*Population:* The County had a population of 32,439 as of June 30, 2019. No material changes in population are predicted for the area over the next few years.

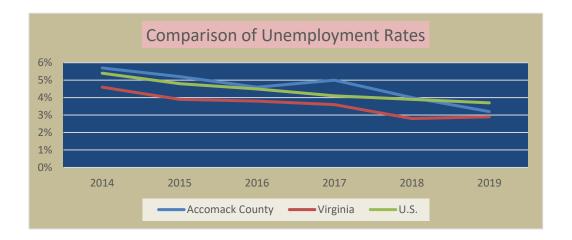


Labor Force Employment: Over the past several years, there have been minor changes in average employment. Isolation along with the lack of centralized wastewater in growing, industrial and commercial areas and lack of a skilled and ready workforce have been cited as major deterrents of economic development in the County.

	Employment by Sector													
Calendar	Manuf-	Accommodations and	Retail	Public Administ-	Health Care & Social Assistance	Othor	Total							
Year	acturing	Food Service	Trade	ration	Assistance	Other	Total							
2018	3,432	1,303	1,330	1,255	1,534	4,604	13,458							
2017	3,337	1,165	1,318	1,283	1,619	4,613	13,335							
2016	3,228	1,360	1,338	1,281	1,628	4,805	13,640							
2015	3,220	1,192	1,378	1,248	1,283	4,570	12,891							
2014	3,066	1,227	1,422	1,282	1,252	4,409	12,658							

The manufacturing sector continues to account for the majority of jobs in the County, approximately 26% in 2018. The majority of the jobs in this sector are associated with poultry processing which includes the County's top two employers, Perdue Farms, Inc. and Tyson Foods, Inc.

*Unemployment:* The County's unemployment rate decreased by approximately 1 percentage point from 4.3% in 2017 to 3.8% in 2018 and fell again to 3.2% in 2019. The County is slightly below the national unemployment rate of 3.7%.



Major initiatives looking forward for Accomack County include:

Becoming part of the Hampton Roads Sanitation District (HRSD)- A new effort is underway to address one of the frequently cited deterrents to economic development in the County, the lack of available centralized wastewater treatment. In 2018, a regional Infrastructure Summit was held by the region's congressional representative. Present at this meeting were a number of local. state and federal representatives along with local community leaders who assembled to discuss regional issues affecting the vitality of the Eastern Shore of Virginia. During this meeting, consensus was obtained that the lack of centralized sewer options was the top regional obstacle limiting further economic development of the area. Shortly after this meeting, a stakeholder group was created to explore ways to address this issue. This group convened to gain insight and expertise into wastewater treatment standards of practice and technologies available. The group later spearheaded the completion of the Eastern Shore Sanitary Sewer Transmission Force Main Study which focused conceptually on not only how to bring more centralized treatment options to the Eastern Shore, but also on assisting existing governmentowned treatment facilities which were either nearing the end of their useful lives or operating at well under their designed capacity. The study recommended a phased approach to meeting local wastewater treatment needs with the scope of phase 1 to constructing a force main (sewer line) from the Town of Nassawadox to the Town of Onancock along with a service spur to the Town of Accomac.



This force main would connect the existing wastewater treatment facilities located along its path to the Town of Onancock's wastewater treatment plant. а modern. wellmaintained plant operating at significantly under its designed treatment capacity. This phase of the project is expected to cost approximately \$24 million.

The HRSD, a political subdivision of the Commonwealth, agreed to partner on this proposed project at the request of the Counties of Accomack and

Northampton and the concurrence of other major project stakeholders. HRSD has agreed in principal to fund and construct this force main in exchange for obtaining ownership of the Town of Onancock wastewater treatment plan. There is no expected cost to the County. Efforts to advance this project from concept to reality are currently ongoing with the next major step being for each County to petition their circuit courts to become part of the HRSD service area. The prospect of this project for the entire Eastern Shore is truly transformative for Accomack County and its future.

 Continue to market Wallops Research Park – As noted before, construction of the Park was completed in Fiscal Year 2017. The Wallops Research Park is a prime location for aerospace and aviation operations offering 200+ acres specifically for Unmanned Aircraft Systems and medium



space launch vehicles. class particularly those seeking to leverage and enhance capabilities of the Mid-Atlantic Spaceport and NASA Wallops Flight Facility. During FY 2019, the Park saw its first tenant. Rocket Lab begin construction. The WRP is adjacent to the NASA Wallops Flight Facility and offers tenants a distinctive business advantage not available anywhere. The Wallops Flight Facility is home to unique and valuable assets that can be leveraged for federal, state and private sector development. In total, there are approximately 6200 acres within the WFF which provide three major capabilities: Research

Airport; World Class Launch Range; and end-to-end engineering design, fabrication, and testing facilities. In total, the Wallops Research Park represents over \$8M in County and Commonwealth investment.

• Complete construction of the new Eastern Shore Public Library & Heritage Center -This new 20,110 square foot facility will be located in Parksley, Virginia. It is currently under construction and is expected to open in 2020. A separate wing of the library will be devoted to the Eastern Shore Heritage Center, a state-of-the art, climate controlled facility that will house books, photographs, genealogical records, and manuscripts. It will also contain a research room, lecture hall and makerspace. The Heritage Center will enhance the ability of the library to teach humanities and to partner with other community resources, including the public schools, the Literacy Council, local museums, and civic groups. At the same time, the Heritage Center will provide multimedia opportunities for teaching and learning humanities in the fields of history, genealogy, archaeology, and other disciplines. Thus, the Heritage Center will serve as a resource for students and scholars, local, regional, and national, and provide the infrastructure for the archiving, cataloging, digitalization, and dissemination of a superb collection of books, pamphlets, documents, and photographs.



To conclude FY 2019, the County set aside an additional \$518,944 to our "Rainy Day"/Stabilization Committed Fund Balance bringing the total amount committed to \$11,355,486 or approximately 13.6% of the sum of the Primary Government's total General Fund revenue and School Board Component Unit's total School Operating Fund revenue.

For the 2020 Fiscal Year, the Board of Supervisors adopted a Primary Government total operating and capital budget of \$61,630,495 which is again an increase of 1.2% from the previous year. Property tax rates will not change for the second year in Fiscal Year 2020. The County's real estate tax rate continues to be among the lowest of Virginia's 95 counties. The Fiscal Year 2020 property tax rates are detailed in the *Management Discussion and Analysis* section. The development of the Fiscal Year 2020 budget was driven by the following priorities:

- 1. Keep property tax rates at or below their current levels
- 2. Become a more business resilient County

The County continues to plan for a new Emergency Operating Center. Several initiatives are being pursued that will ensure that county services remain operational in times of public need even when confronted with disasters both natural and manmade.

- 3. Continue to attract and retain a high-performing workforce
  - All County employees will receive a 2% pay raise in Fiscal Year 2020. Employees who insure their spouse and/or dependents will pay a reduced share of the costs for employer provided insurance coverage.
- 4. Maintain the County's investment in its infrastructure and prepare for future capital replacement

The County has earmarked approximately \$2.4 million for capital additions and replacements, as well as maintenance.

- 5. Maintain or improve customer service & employee/customer safety
- 6. Continue to strengthen "Rainy Day" fund to a "best practice" level

The County will continue to add to its rainy day fund to meet its goal of 16.7% of budgeted governmental funds net operating revenues by fiscal year 2024. Subsequent to the fiscal year end of June 30, 2019, we have extended this timeline by two years.

Certificate of Achievement. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Accomack, Virginia, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This is the

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for a another certificate.

**Acknowledgments.** The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire Finance Department, the County Administrator and the School Board Finance Department. We would also like to thank the Board of Supervisors for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael T. Mason, CPA County Administrator

This report was prepared by the County's Finance Department.



#### Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# County of Accomack Virginia

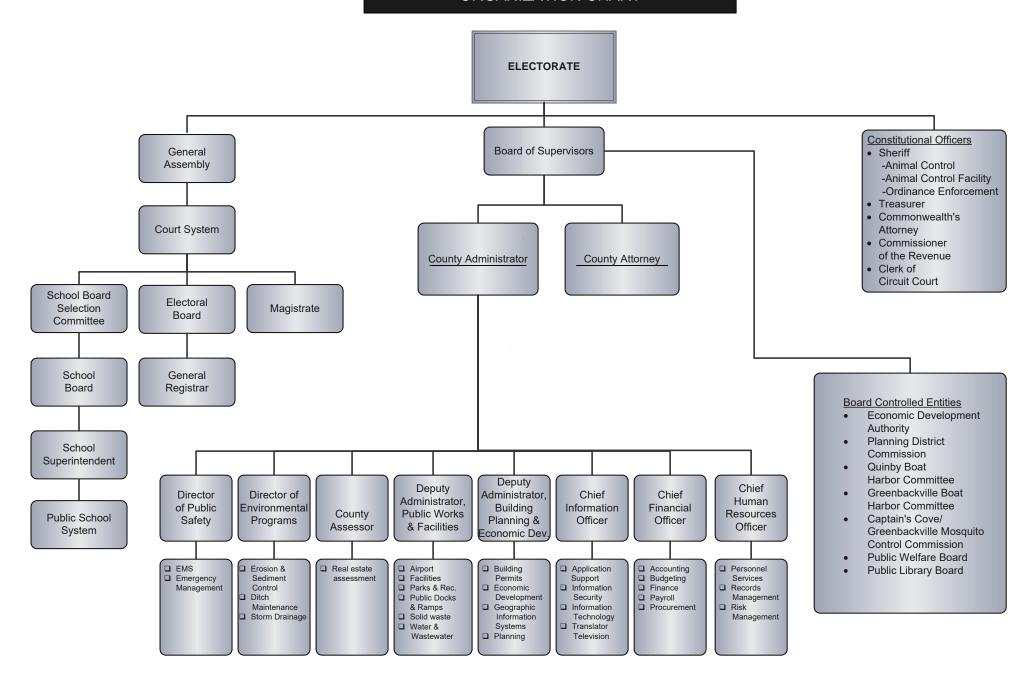
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

**Executive Director/CEO** 

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA ORGANIZATION CHART



# County of Accomack, Virginia Principal Officials

#### **Board of Supervisors**

Donald L. Hart, Jr., Chairperson **Election District 8** C. Reneta Major, Vice-Chairperson Election District 9 William J. Tarr Election District 1 Ronald S. Wolff Election District 2 Grayson C. Chesser Election District 3 Paul E. J. Muhly Election District 4 Harrison W. Phillips, III Election District 5 Robert D. Crockett Election District 6 Laura Belle Gordy Election District 7

#### **Constitutional Officers**

Samuel H. Cooper Clerk of the Circuit Court
Deborah T. Midgett Commissioner of the Revenue
J. Spencer Morgan Commonwealth's Attorney

Todd E. Godwin Sheriff
Dana T. Bundick Treasurer

#### **County Administrative Officers**

Michael T. Mason, CPA County Administrator
Cela J. Burge County Attorney

Kathleen A. Carmody

Chief Human Resources Officer
Ben T. Fox

Chief Information Officer

Richard L. Morrison Deputy Administrator, Building, Planning &

**Economic Development** 

Stewart M. Hall Deputy Administrator, Public Works & Facilities

Brent A. Hurdle Director of Assessment

G. Chris Guvernator Director of Environmental Programs

Vacant Director of Finance
Charles R. Pruitt Director of Public Safety

# County of Accomack, Virginia Principal Officials

(continued)

#### **School Board**

Election District 6 Paul C. Bull, Chairperson Dr. Ronnie E. Holden, Vice-Chairperson **Election District 8** Jesse W. Speidel Election District 1 Audrey A. Furness **Election District 2** Aaron E. Kane **Election District 3** Gary S. Reese **Election District 4** Camesha A. Handy **Election District 5** George Waldenmaier Election District 7 Naudya D. Mapp **Election District 9** 

#### **School Board Administrative Officers**

Warren C. Holland Superintendent

Dr. Rhonda Hall Assistant Superintendent of

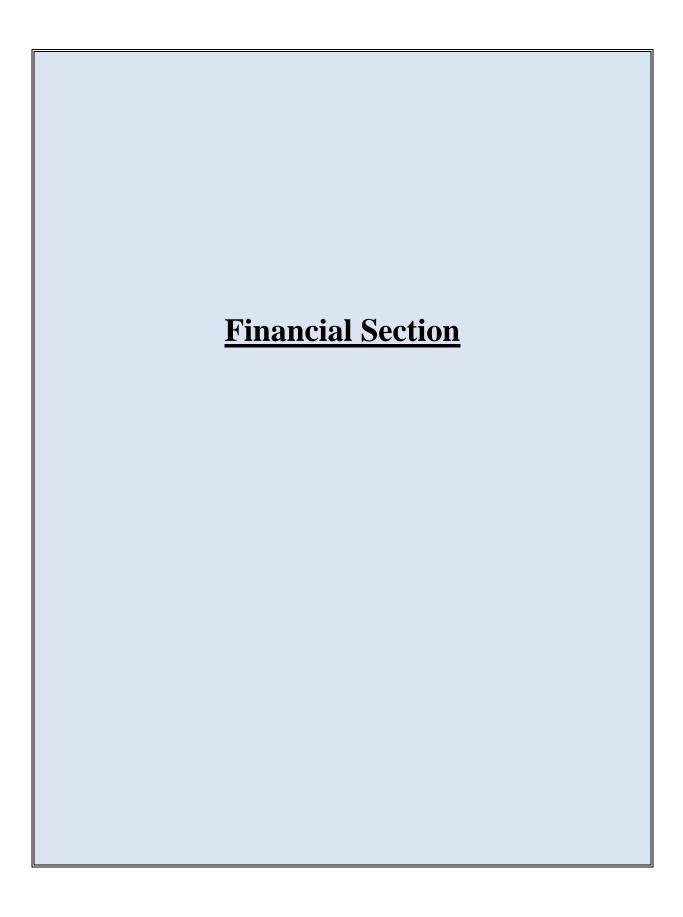
Instruction

Michael T. Tolbert Chief of Operations and Management

Beth L. Onley, CPA Director of Finance



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#### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Accomack, Virginia Accomac, Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Accomack, Virginia, as of and for the year ended Financial June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Accomack-Northampton Planning District Commission which represent 4 percent, (53) percent, and 3 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Accomack-Northampton Planning District Commission is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Accomack, Virginia, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2019, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations and GASB Statement No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Borrowing Direct Placements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 20-30, 151-156, and 137-150 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Accomack, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Matters: (Continued)

Supplementary and Other Information: (Continued)

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The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2020, on our consideration of the County of Accomack, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Accomack, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Accomack, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charlottesville, Virginia February 27, 2020



# County of Accomack MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

### **Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors Citizens of Accomack County**

As management of the County of Accomack, Virginia we offer readers of the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section is intended to introduce the County's basic financial statements and provide an analytical overview of the County's financial activities. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and with the County's financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$48,636,905 (net position). Of this amount, \$13,324,676 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$7,878,261 (19%). Net position of the governmental-type activities increased \$5,605,680 (16%) and net position of the business-type activities increased \$2,272,581 (41%).
- The County's unrestricted net position increased by \$1,629,316 (14%). Unrestricted net position of the governmental-type activities increased \$2,622,722 (15%) and unrestricted net position of the business-type activities decreased \$993,406 (18%).
- Program revenues of the County's business-type activities increased by 80% to \$7,168,080 primarily as a result of new grants for the Airport while expenses increased by 9% to \$5,255,563.
- The General fund reported an ending fund balance of \$21,277,363, an increase of \$2,781,508 (15%). Of the ending fund balance, \$140,896 was nonspendable or restricted, \$11,355,486 was committed pursuant to the County's "Rainy Day"/Revenue Stabilization policy, \$6,782,375 was assigned to various projects and \$2,998,606 was unassigned.
  - The amount of General Fund ending fund balance committed pursuant to the County's "Rainy Day"/Revenue Stabilization Policy was equal to 13.6% of total General Fund Revenue and Component Unit School Operating Revenue less contributions from the Primary Government.
  - The amount of General Fund ending fund balance available for expenditure (Committed Fund Balance + Assigned Fund Balance + Unassigned Fund Balance) was \$21,136,467 or 57% of total general fund expenditures.
- The County's outstanding debt decreased by \$3,059,406 or 10.6% during the current fiscal year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The County's financial statements present two types of statements, each with a different focus on the County's finances. The focus is on both the County as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the County's overall financial status. The fund financials focus on the individual parts of County government, reporting the County's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements, which present a longer-term view. Presentation of both perspectives provides the user a broader overview, enhances the basis for comparison, and better reflects the County's accountability.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business, and use the full accrual method of accounting. They include the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) and the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2). All current year revenues and expenses are reported in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the County, one needs to consider other nonfinancial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and condition of the County's infrastructure.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County's fund-based activity is classified as follows:

<u>Governmental activities</u> – Most the County's basic services are reported here, including general government, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks and recreation and community development departments. Property taxes, other local taxes and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

<u>Business-type activities</u> – The County's Airport, Landfill, Parks and Recreation Revolving and Water/Sewer Funds are reported here as the County charges fees for services.

<u>Component Units</u> – The County has seven component units with one discretely presented. Although legally separate, the component units are included as the County is financially accountable for them and as such, exclusion could cause the County's financial statements to be misleading.

**Fund financial statements** - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the county's most significant funds – not the County as a whole. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Governmental fund reporting focuses primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and has a budgeting orientation. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison with governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains fourteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, Virginia Public Assistance Fund, Comprehensive Youth Services Fund, County Debt Service Fund and County Capital Projects Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining nine governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for these nonmajor funds is provided in the "Other Supplemental Information" section of the report. The County adopts an appropriated budget annually for its Governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Budgetary comparison schedules for nonmajor funds are also provided in the "Other Supplemental Information" section of the report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The County maintains four enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report on the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its landfills, water/wastewater services and portions of its recreation activities in addition to the operation of the County Airport.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for landfills, water/wastewater services, airport operation and portions of recreation activities. The Landfill Enterprise Fund and Airport Enterprise Fund are considered to be major funds of the County.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County uses fiduciary funds to account for resources held for other governments, individuals, or agencies not part of the County. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The fiduciary funds are agency funds (Special Welfare, War Memorial and Sheriff Canteen) and the Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. These fiduciary activities are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial health. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$48,636,903 at year-end.

The largest portion of the County's net position (65%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot readily be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The next largest portion of the County's net position (27%) is unrestricted meaning it may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

#### County of Accomack, Virginia **Net Position** Governmental **Business-type** Activities Activities Total 2019 2018 2019 2018 2018 2017 \$ 49,656,564 1,765,676 Current and other assets \$ 45,184,117 1,189,550 \$ 51,422,240 \$ 46,373,667 \$ Capital assets 41,390,754 42,198,480 14,962,690 12,318,429 56,353,444 54,516,909 Total assets 91,047,318 87,382,597 16,728,366 13,507,979 107,775,684 100,890,576 **Deferred Outflows of Resources** 1,777,999 1,470,688 90,531 88,750 1,868,530 1,559,438 Current liabilities 7,977,577 6,797,381 849,467 1,008,525 8,827,044 7,805,906 Long -term liabilities 25,823,266 28,354,008 8,014,186 6,857,420 33,837,452 35,211,428 Total liabilities 33,800,843 35,151,389 8,863,653 7,865,945 42,664,496 43,017,334 **Deferred Inflows of Resources** 18,267,046 18,550,146 75,769 123,890 18,342,815 18,674,036 Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 17,160,190 14,803,829 14,262,266 10,996,279 31,422,456 25,800,108 Restricted 3,889,773 3,263,176 3,889,773 3,263,176 Unrestricted 19,707,467 17,084,745 13,324,676 11,695,360 (6,382,791)(5,389,385)

A portion of the County's net position (8%) represents resources that are subject to restrictions (external and internal) on how they may be used.

7,879,475

5,606,894

48,636,905

\$ 40,758,644

35,151,750

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances of net position for both governmental activities and business-type activities.

The County's net position increased by \$7,878,261 or 19% during the fiscal year. Governmental activities accounted for 71% of the total increase while business-type activities accounted for 29%.

**Governmental Activities** – Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$5,605,680 or 16% during the fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

\$ 40,757,430

Total net position

#### Accomack County, Virginia **Change in Net Position** Governmental Business-Type **Activities Activities** Total 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2018 Revenues: Program Revenues: Charges for services 2,000,676 \$ 1,717,007 \$ 3,881,614 \$ 3,500,814 \$ 5,882,290 \$ 5,217,821 Operating grants & contributions 8,623,343 8,437,334 26,435 33,597 8,649,778 8,470,931 3,260,031 786,081 Capital grants & contributions 1,364,751 335,000 451,081 4,624,782 General Revenues: 33,963,969 32,888,029 33,963,969 General property taxes 32,888,029 Other local taxes 8,295,396 7,691,607 8,295,396 7,691,607 Investment earnings 5,907 46,368 11,662 5,907 58,030 Non-categorical aid 3,433,736 3,400,198 3,433,736 3,400,198 Other general revenues 70,010 329,248 70,010 329,248 Total revenues 56,681,848 55,920,731 7,168,080 3,997,154 63,849,928 59,917,885 Expenses: 4,235,991 3,869,051 4,235,991 General government administration 3,869,051 Judicial administration 1,847,818 1,524,872 1,847,818 1,524,872 11,411,784 12,521,804 11,411,784 Public safety 12,521,804 Public works 4,295,730 4,434,819 4,295,730 4,434,819 Health and welfare 5,772,749 5,945,902 5,772,749 5,945,902 Education 17,990,881 19,334,027 17,990,881 19,334,027 1,301,533 1,239,140 Parks, recreation and cultural 1,301,533 1,239,140 Community development 1,884,504 2,034,036 1,884,504 2,034,036 Interest on long-term debt 1,082,502 1,134,137 1,082,502 1,134,137 Business-type 5,255,563 4,804,148 5,255,563 4,804,148 Total expenses 50,716,104 51,145,176 5,255,563 4,804,148 55,971,667 55,949,324 Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 5,965,744 4,775,555 1,912,517 7,878,261 (806,994)3,968,561 **Transfers** (360,064)(758, 393)360,064 758,393 Increase (decrease) in net position 5,605,680 4,017,162 2,272,581 (48,601)7,878,261 3,968,561 Net position-Beginning as restated 35,151,750 31,134,588 5,606,894 5,655,495 40,758,644 36,790,083

Property taxes are the largest single revenue source comprising 58% of total governmental revenues. Property taxes decreased by \$1,075,940 or 3% during the fiscal year.

35,151,750

7,879,475

48,636,905

5,606,894

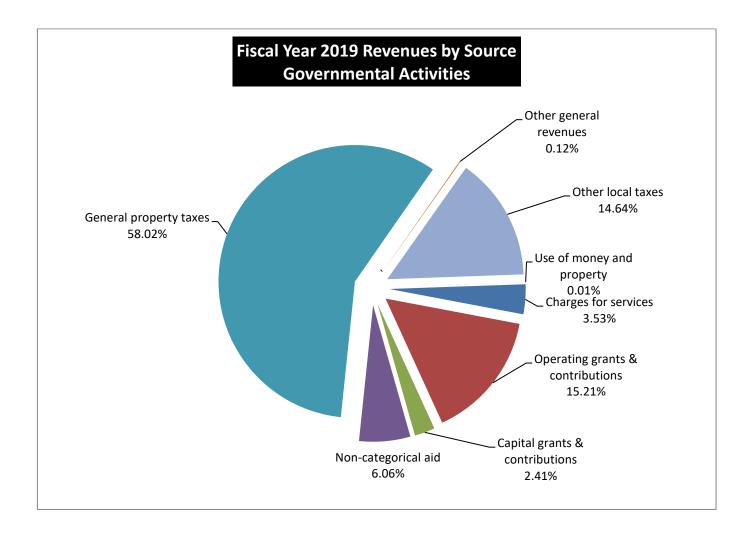
40,758,644

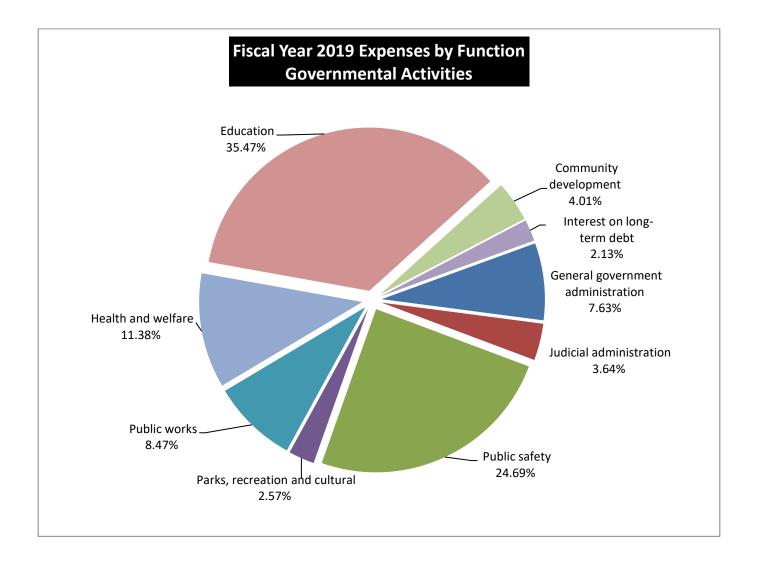
• Operating grants for governmental activities is the second largest revenue source comprising 15% of governmental revenues. This revenue source increased by \$186,009 or 2% during the fiscal year.

40,757,430

Net position, June 30

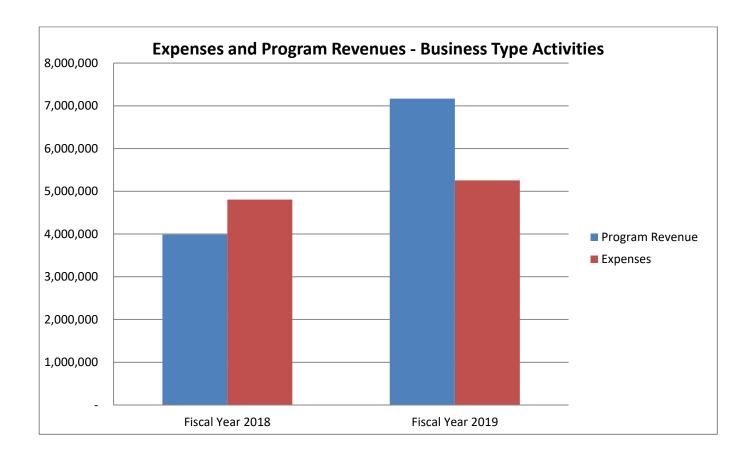
- Other local taxes increased by \$603,789 or 8% primarily due to an increase (for the second year) in local sales and use tax revenue.
- Education expense is the largest single category comprising 35% of total governmental expenses. Expenses for this category decreased by \$1,343,146 or 7% from the previous year.
- Public safety expense is the second largest category comprising 25% of governmental expenses. Expenses for this category increased \$1,110,020 or 10% as compared to the previous year.
- Health & Welfare expense is the third largest category comprising 11% of governmental expenses. Expenses for this category decreased \$173,153 or 3% as compared to the previous year.





<u>Business-type Activities</u> – Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$2,272,581 or 29% during the fiscal year.

Business-type program revenues increased by \$3,182,588 or 80%. Grants awarded in the amount of almost \$3 million for capital improvements for the County's airport account for the majority of the increase, with a like increase in the Airport's fixed assets. The Landfill did have a fee increase in FY 2019 which improved business-type charges for services income by \$396,780. All business-type expenses increased by 9% or \$451,415 as compared to the prior fiscal year. The Airport and Landfill expenses increased by 7% and 14% respectively or \$48,930 and \$511,313 while the Water and Sewer fund had a reduction in expenses of \$114,900.



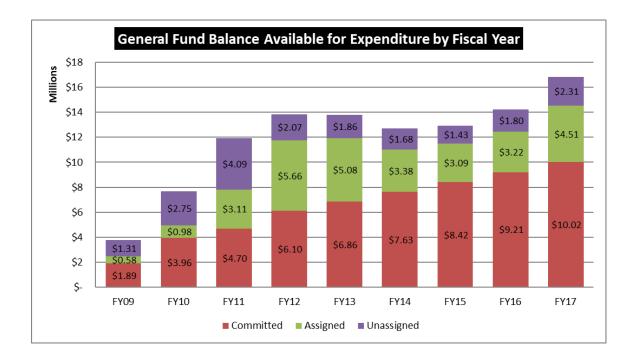
#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds** - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, the amount of fund balance available for expenditure may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,922,372. Details are as follows:

- The General Fund accounted for 79% percent or \$21,277,363 of the combined ending governmental fund balance.
  - Approximately \$2,998,606 or 14% of this balance constitutes unassigned fund balance which is not tied to any specific use and is available for spending at the County's discretion.
  - o Approximately \$11,355,486 or 53% is committed for a "Rainy Day" or Revenue Stabilization. This amount represents 13.6% of General Fund Revenue combined with School Operating Fund Revenue less revenue from the Primary Government.
    - Use of these funds is only permitted to temporarily address significant revenue shortfalls, to mitigate public safety threats both man-made and natural or to take emergency actions necessary to preserve the County and School Divisions overall financial health.
  - o Approximately \$6,782,375 or 32% is assigned to various projects yet to be completed.
  - o Approximately \$104,700 or less than 1% of this balance is due to noncurrent advances/receivables and is therefore nonspendable.
  - o The remainder, approximately \$36,196, of general fund balance is restricted to specific uses by entities external to County government.



- o The General Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$2,781,508 or 15%. General Fund Committed Fund Balance increased by \$518,944 or 5%. The entire amount of committed fund balance, \$11,355,486, is associated with the County's "Rainy Day"/Revenue Stabilization Policy. The General Fund unassigned fund balance increased by \$1,745,455 or 139%. This large increase in unassigned fund balance as compared to the prior year primarily resulted from an increase in both general property taxes as well as other local taxes.
- The Consolidated Emergency Services Fund accounted for 12% or \$3,144,371 of the combined ending governmental fund balance. This entire balance is restricted for providing emergency medical services throughout the County.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. All of the proprietary funds except the Parks and Recreation Revolving fund reported positive net position at the end of the year.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

#### General Fund Budget Amendments:

#### Revenues:

The difference between the Primary Government General Fund original budget and final amended budget (schedule 1) was \$1,264,874 or 3.2%. The majority of the variance was due to budget amendments made to recognize other state and federal grant funds awarded to the County during the fiscal year.

#### Expenditures:

The difference between the Primary Government General Fund original budget and the final amended budget (schedule 2) was \$3,479,279 or 9%. Significant individual adjustments making up this difference are explained as follows:

- <u>Public Safety related amendments</u> The following budget increases were made to reflect:
  - Amendments totaling \$187,915 were made to recognize Virginia Homeland Security and Four for Life grant awards and carryovers. The purpose of these funds was to purchase safety equipment to handle potential hazardous material cleanup situations, training of EMS personnel and purchase of equipment and supplies for emergency medical and rescue services.
  - An amendment of \$92,242 was made to recognize the award of Community Court Corrections grant.

- <u>Public Works related amendments</u> The original budget was amended to increase by \$969,773, including \$343,343 to reflect the carryover of funds used for storm drainage control, \$349,300 for purchase of property and other project carryovers, \$77,385 to record various building and dock projects carryovers, \$87,771 hazardous waste program award and \$111,974 to capture Garage service recoveries.
- Parks, Recreation and Cultural amendments The original budget was increased by \$282,904 to recognize the carryover and acceptance of a grant award for the Summer Food/Playground Program.
- <u>Education amendments</u> The original budget was increased by \$931,156 to carryover previous year funds for encumbrances of Accomack County Schools.

# General Fund Budget Variances:

The Primary Government General Fund reported a positive variance between actual revenue and the final budget of \$2,278,607 and a positive variance between actual expenditures and the final budget of \$4,630,571.

# Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$56,353,444 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment and construction in progress.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

**Long-term debt** – At the end of the fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding, including unamortized bond premiums, of \$25,830,073. Of this amount, \$15,304,732 represents debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt is secured by property or specific revenue sources.

Legislation enacted during fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 required the Primary Government to assume debt historically reported by the School Board. The legislation resulted in an additional \$12,676,058 in debt reported on the County's Statement of Net position and an expense increase of \$1,200,690 reported on the County's Statement of Activities for the transfer of school property on which debt was retired during the fiscal year to the school board. The legislation affects the reporting of local school capital assets as well.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 of this report.

# Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Overall, General Fund revenues for fiscal year 2020 are forecast to increase by 2.4% from those of FY19. Total General Fund expenditures, including capital expenditures, are forecast to increase 1.4%.

# Property Tax Rates/Fees

Below are the adopted property tax rates for calendar year 2018 (fiscal year 2019) and calendar year 2019 (fiscal year 2020). They were set as part of the budget process which included only .6% of real estate tax revenue growth resulting from new construction.

# 2020 Real Estate Tax Rates:

Chincoteague	\$0.480 per \$100 of assessed valuation
Captains Cove/Greenbackville	\$0.635 per \$100 of assessed valuation
All other County areas	\$0.610 per \$100 of assessed valuation

#### 2019 Real Estate Tax Rates:

Chincoteague	\$0.480 per \$100 of assessed valuation
Captains Cove/Greenbackville	\$0.635 per \$100 of assessed valuation
All other County areas	\$0.610 per \$100 of assessed valuation
There were no user fee increases for the	fiscal year 2020.

## Operating Expenditures

Fiscal year 2020 operating expenditures are expected to increase slightly to provide a 2% wage increase for County and state-supported local positions that goes into effect July 1, 2019 The 2020 operating budget also provides an additional \$550,000 to the School Division based on the County's traditional revenue sharing formula. The County shares "new" revenue with the School Division based on this formula which calls for 53% of the annual growth from general fund property taxes, other local taxes and non-categorical aid to appropriated to the School Division.

#### Capital Expenditures

The County's adopted capital budget (before revisions) for 2020 totals just over \$1 million. This entire capital budget is cash funded using unassigned fund balance and a portion of 2020 projected operating revenues to pay for infrastructure improvements. The capital plan includes funding that will addresses a variety of County buildings that have long needed improvements, such as the Circuit Courthouse HVAC, several County maintained docks and ramps and the County portion towards funding new financial and human resources software.

#### **Other Initiatives**

The fiscal year 2020 budget continues with the plan implemented in fiscal year 2009 to strengthen the portion of the County's general fund balance that is committed for a "Rainy Day" or revenue stabilization. The plan calls for this fund balance to be at least equal to 16.7% of County and School Board operating revenue by fiscal year 2021. Next year's budget sets aside an additional \$447,231 for this purpose. With this increase, the amount committed is expected to reach 14.7% of General Fund Revenue combined with School Operating Fund Revenue (less revenue from the Primary Government).

# **Employment and Population**

The local unemployment rate decreased from June 2018 to June 2019 as shown below. The County's 3.2% unemployment rate falls between the unemployment rate for the Commonwealth and the country as of June 30, 2019.

Unemployment Rates									
	June 2017	June 2018	June 2019						
Accomack County	4.3%	3.8%	3.2%						
Commonwealth of Virginia	3.9%	3.3%	2.9%						
USA	4.5%	4.2%	3.7%						

According to the Virginia Employment Commission, the number of persons employed in the County increased from 15,619 in June, 2017 to 16,072 in June, 2018 and to 16,947 in June, 2019. This equates to an increase of 875 or approximately 6%.

The County's population has neither increased nor decreased substantially over the last decade and no significant change is anticipated in the next fiscal year.

### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County of Accomack, Virginia's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money the County receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Director of Finance, Accomack County Finance Department at finance@co.accomack.va.us\_or P.O. Box 620, Accomac, Virginia 23301.



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# **Basic Financial Statements**



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#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AT JUNE 30, 2019

		Primary Government							Component Units					
		ernmental tivities	Busine Activ	ss-type		Total		School Board		Other				
Assets:														
Cash and investments	\$ 2	9,026,964	\$ 1,	287,901	\$	30,314,865	\$	5,714,006	\$	1,105,231				
Taxes receivable, net	1	7,646,142		-		17,646,142		-		-				
Special assessments receivable, net		17,920		-		17,920		-		-				
Accounts receivable, net		397,622		404,047		801,669		23,272		492,920				
Loans receivable		-		-		-		-		36,999				
Due from other governmental entities		2,567,916		31,511		2,599,427		2,070,574		28,667				
Inventory		-		42,217		42,217		-		187,400				
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		32,461				
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-		373,200				
Restricted assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents		_		-		-		-		463,001				
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):														
Land		2,497,342	1,	663,795		4,161,137		974,862		417,737				
Buildings		2,076,984		664,477		22,741,461		34,460,281		433,960				
Improvements other than buildings		2,779,035		890,988		22,670,023		2,370,652		83,311				
Machinery and equipment		2,731,519	,	162,042		4,893,561		5,279,200		62,403				
Intangibles		361,797	_,	-		361,797		-,		-,				
Construction in progress		944,077		581,388		1,525,465		35,000		-				
Net pension asset		-		-		.,020,.00		1,067,412		390,786				
Total assets		1,047,318	16	728,366		107,775,684		51,995,259		4,108,076				
, otal decote		1,011,010	,	. 20,000		101,110,001		01,000,200		1,100,010				
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u>														
Deferred amount on refunding		263,434		-		263,434		-		-				
Pension related items		1,223,710		82,967		1,306,677		5,398,027		26,293				
OPEB related items		290,855		7,564		298,419		903,023		-				
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,777,999		90,531		1,868,530		6,301,050		26,293				
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable		2,192,395		445,299		2,637,694		1,265,836		139,112				
Wages and benefits payable		180,649		3,005		183,654		5,594,922		20,767				
Due to other governmental entities		153,690		-		153,690		0,001,022		20,707				
Accrued interest payable		406,272		538		406,810		_		_				
Unearned revenue		503,411		5,321		508,732		390,850		114,152				
Customer deposits		259,346		30,032		289,378		-		-				
Internal balances		(3,977)		3,977		200,0.0		_		-				
Long-term liabilities:		(0,011)		0,011										
Due within one year		4,285,791		361,292		4,647,083		1,645,005		-				
Due in more than one year		5,823,266		014,189		33,837,455		50,611,437		135,639				
Total liabilities		3,800,843		863,653		42,664,496		59,508,050		409.670				
Total natimitot		0,000,010		,000,000		12,001,100		00,000,000		100,010				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:														
Deferred property tax revenue	1	6,574,153		-		16,574,153		-		-				
Pension related items		1,109,276		70,976		1,180,252		5,279,102		127,810				
OPEB related items		583,617		4,793		588,410		392,277						
Total deferred inflows of resources	1	8,267,046		75,769		18,342,815		5,671,379		127,810				
Not Position														
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	4	7,160,190	1.4	262,266		31,422,456		43,119,995		997,411				
•	'	7,160,190	14,	,202,200		31,422,430		43,119,995		997,411				
Restricted: Future debt service		374,229				374,229				500,000				
Grant purposes		242,188		-		242,188		-		300,000				
Public safety		3,171,828		-		3,171,828		-		-				
Health and welfare		8,140		-		3,171,828 8,140		-		-				
Parks Recreation and Culture		0,140		-		0,140		-		- 655,053				
Judicial administration		57,192		-		- 57,192		-		030,033				
Community development		36,196		-		36,196		-		-				
Unrestricted	1	9,707,467	(6	(382,791		13,324,676		(50,003,115)		1,444,425				
Total net position				879,475	\$	48,636,905		(6,883,120)	Φ	3,596,889				

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE, 30 2019

			P	rogram Revenu	<b>A</b> S			xpense) Revenu		
				Operating	Capital	Pri	mary Governm	0	Compone	nt Units
		Ch	narges	Grants and		Governmental	,	OTIL	School	THE OTHER
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities	Activities	Total	Board	Other
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 3,869,051	\$	575,757	\$ 274,107	\$ -	\$ (3,019,187)	\$ -	\$ (3,019,187)	\$ -	\$ -
Judicial administration	1,847,818		117,902	1,195,688	-	(534,228)	-	(534,228)		-
Public safety	12,521,804		549,903	2,778,538	69,115	(9,124,248)	-	(9,124,248)	-	_
Public works	4,295,730		206,417	18,840		(4,070,473)	-	(4,070,473)	-	_
Health and welfare	5,772,749		450,225	4,253,196	-	(1,069,328)	-	(1,069,328)	-	_
Education	17,990,881		-	-	_	(17,990,881)	_	(17,990,881)	-	_
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,301,533		61,009	72,974	1,270,636	103,086	_	103,086	_	_
Community development	2,034,036		39,463	30,000	25,000	(1,939,573)	_	(1,939,573)	_	_
Interest on long-term debt	1,082,502		-	-	20,000	(1,082,502)	_	(1,082,502)	_	_
Total governmental activities	50.716.104	2	.000.676	8,623,343	1,364,751	(38,727,334)		(38,727,334)	_	
rotal gorominomal douvido	00,1 10,10 1		,000,010	0,020,010	1,001,101	(00,121,001)		(00,121,001)		
Business-type activities:										
Landfill	4,080,602	3	289,632	_	_	_	(790,970)	(790,970)	_	_
Airport	739,944		251,371	26,435	3,260,031	_	2,797,893	2,797,893	_	_
Water and sewer	389,764		305,519		-	_	(84,245)	(84,245)	_	_
Parks and recreation	45,253		35,092	-	_	_	(10,161)	(10,161)	_	_
Total business-type activities	5,255,563	3	881,614	26,435	3,260,031	-	1,912,517	1,912,517	-	
Total primary government	55,971,667		882,290	8,649,778	4,624,782	(38,727,334)	1,912,517	(36,814,817)	-	_
rotal pilitary government	00,011,001		1002,200	0,010,110	1,02 1,1 02	(00,121,001)	1,012,011	(00,011,011)		
Component Units:										
School Board	55,854,714		423,184	39,716,953	_	_	_	_	(15,714,577)	_
Economic Development Authority	6,301		-120,101	-	_		_	_	(10,714,077)	(6,301)
Public Library	896,348		47,884	684,028	500,000	_	_	_	_	335,564
Planning District Commission	1,549,291	1	582,092	82,601	300,000	_	_	_		115,402
Quinby Harbor Committee	11,899	٠,	19,912	02,001	_	_	_	_		8,013
Greenbackville Harbor Committee	35,375		22,840	_	_	_	_	_		(12,535)
Captain's Cove/Greenbackville Mosquito Control Commis			57.797	_	_	_		-		(11,126)
Total component units	\$58,422,851	¢ 2	153,709	\$40,483,582	\$ 500,000				(15,714,577)	429,017
Total component units	\$30,422,031	Ψ ∠,	133,709	\$40,403,30Z	\$ 300,000	-		<u>-</u>	(13,714,377)	429,017
	General Rever									
	Taxes:	iues:								
			4			22 000 020		22 000 020		
	General p			_		32,888,029 4,273,866	-	32,888,029	-	-
	Local sale Communi			15		872,078	-	4,273,866 872,078	-	-
	Consume					1,042,562	-	1,042,562	-	-
			,				-		-	-
	Other loc			alı Carıntı		2,106,890	-	2,106,890	17,639,156	(4 472 057)
	Contribution				nocific program	. 2 422 726	-	2 422 726	17,039,130	(1,473,057)
	Investment			ot restricted to s	pecine program	3,433,736 5,907	-	3,433,736 5,907	4,295	8,309
			gs							•
	Other reven	ue				70,010	200.004	70,010	242,332	32,269
	Transfers			al transfers		(360,064)	360,064	44 002 072	47 005 700	(4.422.472)
	0			nd transfers		44,333,014	360,064	44,693,078	17,885,783	(1,432,479)
	-		et positior	1		5,605,680	2,272,581	7,878,261	2,171,206	(1,003,462)
	Net position-be	-	ng			35,151,750	5,606,894	40,758,644	(9,004,326)	4,600,351
	Net position-er	iuing				\$40,757,430	\$ 7,879,475	\$48,636,905	\$ (6,833,120)	\$ 3,596,889

# **COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2019**

			Major Funds				
		Virginia	Consolidated	County	County	_	
		Public	Emergency	Capital	Debt	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Assistance	Medical Service	Projects	Service	Governmental	Governmenta
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets:				<b>.</b>			
Cash and investments	\$ 21,654,080	\$ -	\$ 3,340,035	\$1,594,171	\$ 516,061	\$ 1,922,617	\$ 29,026,964
Taxes receivable, net	12,944,226	-	2,246,303	-	1,654,205	801,408	17,646,142
Special assessments receivable, net	17,920	-	-	-	-	- -	17,920
Accounts receivable, net	353,808		-	-	-	43,814	397,622
Due from other governmental entities	1,770,181	236,468	-	292,500	-	268,767	2,567,916
Interfund receivables	272,487	-	-	-	-	-	272,487
Total assets	37,012,702	236,468	5,586,338	1,886,671	2,170,266	3,036,606	49,929,051
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	790,228	27,835	15,703	239,266	625	1,118,738	2,192,395
Wages and benefits payable	161,692	7,267	7,487		-	4,203	180,649
Due to other governmental entities	136,570	- ,207		_	_	17,120	153,690
Customer deposits	259,346	_	-	_	_		259,346
Interfund payables	200,040	201,366	_	_	_	67,144	268,510
Unearned revenue	37,226	201,300	-	374,552		91,633	503,411
Total liabilities	1,385,062	236,468	23,190	613,818	625	1,298,838	3,558,001
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u>							
Deferred property tax revenue	12,234,816	-	2,059,040	-	1,525,972	754,325	16,574,153
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	2,097,541	-	359,737	-	269,440	129,887	2,856,605
Unavailable revenue-special assessment		-	-	-	-	-	17,920
Total deferred inflows of resources	14,350,277	-	2,418,777	-	1,795,412	884,212	19,448,678
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable: Noncurrent advances	104,700	-	-	-	-	-	104,700
Restricted:	·						•
Debt service	-	_	-	_	374,229	-	374,229
Fire and rescue	-	-	3,144,371	-	-	24,155	3,168,526
Captain's Cove mosquito control	-	_	-	_	-	8,140	8,140
Law library	-	_	-	_	-	57,192	57,192
Drug seizures	_	_	_	_	_	42,048	42,048
Courthouse security	_	_	_	_	_	3,302	3,302
Rehabilitation projects	_	_	_	_	_	200,140	200,140
Wetlands mitigation	36,196	_	_	_	_	200,110	36,196
Committed to Rainy Day/Stabilization	11,355,486	_	_	_	_	_	11,355,486
Assigned:	11,000,100						11,000,100
Storm drainage	327,096	_	_	_	_	_	327,096
Fire and rescue	027,000	_	_	_	_	518,579	518,579
Public boating facility improvement or re	182,127	_	_	_	_	310,373	182,127
Subsequent year's expenditures	1,344,924	_	_	_	_	_	1,344,924
Information technology projects	269,095	_		_		_	269,095
County projects (Series 15 Bonds)	209,095	_		1,139,303			1,139,303
Hazardous materials response	28,756	-	-	1,108,000	-	-	
School Board	2,299,015	-	-	-	-	-	28,756
		-	-	-	-	-	2,299,015
County grants	(1,764)	-	-	122 550	-	-	(1,764
Other purposes	2,333,126	-	-	133,550	-	-	2,466,676
Unassigned	2,998,606	-	2 4 4 4 274	1 272 252	274 000	050.550	2,998,606
Total fund balances	21,277,363	-	3,144,371	1,272,853	374,229	853,556	26,922,372
resources							

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AT JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 26,922,372
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different bec	ause:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefo are not reported in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:	re	
Land	2,497,342	
Buildings, net of depreciation	9,400,926	
Improvements other than buildings, net of depreciation	12,779,035	
Machinery and equipment, net of depreciation	2,731,519	
Intangibles, net of amortization	361,797	
Construction in progress	944,077	
School Board capital assets, net of depreciation	12,676,058	
Total capital assets	12,070,000	41,390,754
1 0 tal. 0 tal. 1 tal.		,000,.0.
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore		
are deferred in the funds.		2,874,525
		,- ,
Deferred inflows of resources are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported	d in the funds.	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(1,109,276)	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(583,617)	
Total deferred inflows of resources	(000,011)	(1,692,893
		( , = = , = = = ,
Pension and OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date and other dererred of	utflows	
will be a reduction to the net pension and OPEB liabilities in the next fiscal year and, therefor		
reported in the funds:	o, a.o	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,223,710	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	290,855	
Total deferred outflows of resources	200,000	1,514,565
Total defende define of recognose		1,011,000
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at fiscal		
year-end consist of:		
·	(45.040.074)	
Virginia Public School Authority bonds	(15,243,971)	
Qualified zone academy bonds	(60,761)	
Lease revenue bonds	(9,189,266)	
Accrued interest on debt	(406,272)	
Bond premiums and discounts, net of amortization	(635,652)	
Bond deferred charge on refunding	263,434	
Compensated absences	(2,179,937)	
Net OPEB liability	(2,639,423)	
Net pension liability	(160,047)	
Net adjustment		(30,251,895
		<b>A</b> 40 1
Total net position - governmental activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 40,757,430

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

														Exilibit
						Major Funds								
			Vi	rginia		Consolidated		County		County				
			Р	ublic		Emergency		Capital		Debt	1	Nonmajor		Total
		General	Ass	istance	N	Medical Services		Projects		Service	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
		Fund	F	und		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenues:	-													
General property taxes	\$	25,302,037	\$	-	\$	4,299,170	\$	-	\$	3,238,920	\$	, - ,	\$	34,482,574
Other local taxes		8,206,445		-		-		-		-		88,952		8,295,397
Permits, fees and licenses		403,364		-		-		-		-		11,399		414,763
Fines and forfeitures		85,100		-		-		-		-		-		85,100
Revenue from the use of money & property		479,288		-		-		353		-		64		479,705
Charges for services		569,072		-		-		-		-		8,629		577,701
Miscellaneous		40,819		9,943				1,120,188		-		1,135		1,172,085
Recovered costs		413,261		-		3,450		-		-		4,068		420,779
Intergovernmental		7,609,150		201,513		72,897		175,448		82,362		1,166,974		12,308,344
Total revenues		43,108,536	3,	211,456		4,375,517		1,295,989		3,321,282		2,923,668		58,236,448
Expenditures:														
General government administration		4,143,102		-		-		-		-		-		4,143,102
Judicial administration		1,574,698		-		-		222,795		-		4,101		1,801,594
Public safety		7,307,541		-		3,700,164		283,291		-		1,964,541		13,255,537
Public works		4,157,779		-		-		417,761		-		-		4,575,540
Health and welfare		1,037,366	3,	886,016		-		(9,920)		-		1,355,303		6,268,765
Education		16,479,494		-		-		-		-		-		16,479,494
Parks, recreation and cultural		1,164,590		-		-		550,092		-		-		1,714,682
Community development		1,083,729		-		-		382,300		-		211,190		1,677,219
Debt service:														
Principal Retirement		218,900		-		-		-		2,164,992		-		2,383,892
Interest and Other Charges		73,060		-		-		-		1,046,797		-		1,119,857
Total expenditures		37,240,259	3,	886,016		3,700,164		1,846,319		3,211,789		3,535,135		53,419,682
Revenues over (under) expenditures		5,868,277	(	(674,560)	)	675,353		(550,330)		109,493		(611,467)		4,816,766
Other financing sources (uses):														
Transfers in		129,760		674,560		_		1,718,907		_		462,997		2,986,224
Transfers out		(3,216,529)		,000		(129,760)		-,		_		.02,00.		(3,346,289)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,086,769)		674,560		(129,760)		1,718,907		-		462,997		(360,065)
Net changes in fund balance		2,781,508				545,593		1,168,577		109,493		(148,470)		4,456,701
Fund balance, beginning of year		18,495,855		-		2,598,778		1,168,577		264,736		1,002,026		
	•		¢.		\$		¢		\$		\$		¢.	22,465,671
Fund balance, end of year	\$	21,277,363	\$	-	Ф	3,144,371	\$	1,272,853	Ф	374,229	<u> </u>	853,556	\$	26,922,372

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

hi	ibit	

Net changes in fund balances-governmental funds (Exhibit 5) \$ 4,456,701  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Expenditures for capital outlays  Depreciation expense  Net adjustment  School Board capital assets financed by are jointly owned by the County and the School Board. The County share of School Board assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship decreased the transfers to the School Board.  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds  Property taxes  Change in deferred inflows related OPEB  Change in deferred inflows related to pensions  Net adjustment  The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Property the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable  Change in compensated absences  (125,797)  Change in net pension liability  (27,926)  Change in the OPEB obligation  Property in accrued interest payable  Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB  Atago in the principal of the effect of PEB  Change in the presion liability  (27,926)  Change in the presion liability			Exhibit 6
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Expenditures for capital outlays  Depreciation expense  Net adjustment  School Board capital assets financed by are jointly owned by the County and the School Board. The County share of School Board assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship decreased the transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship decreased the transfers to the School Board.  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds  Property taxes  Change in deferred inflows related OPEB  Change in deferred inflows related to pensions  Net adjustment  The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds related items.  Change in the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Change in accrued interest payable  Change in accrued interest payable  Change in net OPEB obligation  22,450,275  Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB  Change in deferred outflows related to pensions  Net adjustment  448,201	Net changes in fund balances-governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ 4,456,701
the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Expenditures for capital outlays  Depreciation expense  Net adjustment  School Board capital assets financed by are jointly owned by the County and the School Board. The County share of School Board assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship decreased the transfers to the School Board.  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds  Property taxes  Change in deferred inflows related OPEB  Change in deferred inflows related to pensions  Net adjustment  The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable Change in one prepasated absences (125,797) Change in net pension liability (27,926) Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB 45,048 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB 45,048 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB 448,201	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because	se:	
Expenditures for capital outlays Depreciation expense Net adjustment  School Board capital assets financed by are jointly owned by the County and the School Board. The County share of School Board assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship decreased the transfers to the School Board.  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds Property taxes Change in deferred inflows related OPEB (147,913) Change in deferred inflows related to pensions Net adjustment  The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable Change in accrued interest payable Change in net OPEB obligation 226,860 Change in het pension liability 425,797 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB At 5,048 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB At 6,048 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB At 8,048 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB At 8,048 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB At 8,048 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB At 8,048 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB	the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as deprec		
share of School Board assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship decreased the transfers to the School Board.  (1,200,690)  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds  Property taxes  Change in deferred inflows related OPEB  Change in deferred inflows related to pensions  Net adjustment  (915,334)  The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued,  This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  2,450,275  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable  Change in compensated absences  Change in net OPEB obligation  226,860  Change in net OPEB obligation  226,860  Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB	Expenditures for capital outlays  Depreciation expense		392,963
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds Property taxes Change in deferred inflows related OPEB Change in deferred inflows related to pensions Net adjustment  The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  2,450,275  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences (125,797) Change in net OPEB obligation 226,860 Change in net opension liability (27,926) Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB A5,048 Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Net adjustment  Revenues in the funds (147,913) 827,124 (915,334) (915,334)	share of School Board assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship decreased the transfers	ard. The Coun	
reported as revenues in the funds Property taxes Change in deferred inflows related OPEB Change in deferred inflows related to pensions Net adjustment  The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences (125,797) Change in net OPEB obligation 226,860 Change in net pension liability (27,926) Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB A5,048 Change in deferred outflows related to PEB Net adjustment  (915,334)	to the School Board.		(1,200,690)
Change in deferred inflows related OPEB Change in deferred inflows related to pensions Net adjustment  The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences (125,797) Change in net OPEB obligation 226,860 Change in net OPEB obligation 226,860 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB At,048 Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Net adjustment  At 7,913 (915,334) (915,334)	reported as revenues in the funds		
Change in deferred inflows related to pensions Net adjustment  The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences (125,797) Change in net OPEB obligation 226,860 Change in net pension liability (27,926) Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Net adjustment  Aug. 124 (915,334)		,	
The issue of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  2,450,275  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences (125,797) Change in net OPEB obligation Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Net adjustment  448,201			
the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  2,450,275  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable  Change in compensated absences  (125,797)  Change in net OPEB obligation  Change in net pension liability  (27,926)  Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB  Change in deferred outflows related to pensions  Net adjustment  448,201	Net adjustment		(915,334)
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences (125,797) Change in net OPEB obligation Change in net pension liability (27,926) Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Net adjustment  448,201	the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, gov funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and		2,450,275
Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences Change in net OPEB obligation Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Net adjustment  37,356 (125,797) 226,860 (27,926) 45,048 45,048 45,048 448,201			
Change in compensated absences (125,797) Change in net OPEB obligation 226,860 Change in net pension liability (27,926) Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB 45,048 Change in deferred outflows related to pensions 292,660 Net adjustment 448,201	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	27.256	
Change in net OPEB obligation Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Net adjustment  226,860 (27,926) 45,048 292,660  448,201			
Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Net adjustment  45,048 292,660 448,201	Change in net OPEB obligation	226,860	
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions  Net adjustment  292,660  448,201			
Net adjustment 448,201	· ·		
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) \$ 5,605,680			448,201
	Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ 5,605,680

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2019

		Bus	sines	ss-type Activi	ties-Enterpri	se Fu	ınds	
		Major			_			
	Landi Fund			Airport Fund	Nonmaj Funds			Total
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$ 39	6,346	\$	522,914	\$ 368	,641	\$	1,287,901
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	35	5,501		12,006	36	,540		404,047
Due from other government entities		-		31,511		-		31,511
Inventory		-		42,217		-		42,217
Total current assets	75	1,847		608,648	405	,181		1,765,676
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								
Land	40	2,959		1,260,836		-		1,663,795
Buildings	66	3,405		-	1	,072		664,477
Improvements other than buildings	5,60	3,917		4,287,071		-		9,890,988
Machinery and equipment	1,94	5,053		11,850	205	,139		2,162,042
Construction in progress	28	9,836		265,142	26	,410		581,388
Total capital assets	8,90	5,170		5,824,899	232	,621		14,962,690
Total assets	9,65	7,017		6,433,547	637	,802		16,728,366
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Pension related items	7	0,812		12,155		_		82,967
OPEB related items		6,565		999		_		7,564
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,377		13,154				90,531
	<del></del>	. ,		.0,.0.				00,00.
<u>Liabilities:</u>								
Current liabilities:	40	0 000		004.000	4.4	711		440.070
Accounts payable	19	9,608		204,930	44	,741		449,279
Wages and benefits payable		339		2,505		161		3,005
Unearned revenue		-		5,321		-		5,321
Accrued interest payable		538		-		-		538
Customer deposits		0,029		-		-		30,029
Compensated absences-current		0,077		14,510		-		84,587
Capital leases payable-current		6,705		-		-		276,705
Total current liabilities	57	7,296		227,266	44	,902		849,464
Noncurrent liabilities:		0.004		4 700				40.454
Compensated absences		8,661		1,793		-		10,454
Capital leases payable		3,718		-		-		423,718
Landfill closure/post closure care		9,822		-		-		7,509,822
Net pension liability		7,539		1,137		-		8,676
Net OPEB liability		3,277		8,242		-		61,519
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,017		11,172		-		8,014,189
Total liabilities	8,58	0,313		238,438	44	,902		8,863,653
Deferred Inflow of Resources:								
Pension related items	6	0,971		10,005		-		70,976
OPEB related items		4,151		642		-		4,793
Total deferred intflows of resources		5,122		10,647		-		75,769
Net Position:								
	0 20	4,747		E 924 900	222	621		14 262 267
Net investment in capital assets				5,824,899		,621		14,262,267
Unrestricted Total not position		5,788)		372,717		,279	¢	(6,382,792
Total net position	\$ 1,08	8,959	\$	6,197,616	\$ 592	,900	\$	7,879,475

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds								
	Major F	unds							
	Landfill Fund	Airport Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total					
Operating revenues:									
Use of property	\$ -	\$ (2,846)	\$ -	\$ (2,846)					
Charges for services	3,155,214	253,653	335,431	3,744,298					
Intergovernmental	-	26,435	-	26,435					
Other operating revenue	134,418	564	5,180	140,162					
Total operating revenues	3,289,632	277,806	340,611	3,908,049					
Operating expenses:									
Personnel services and fringe benefits	742,996	149,758	8,904	901,658					
Other operating expenses	2,527,115	278,626	412,824	3,218,565					
Depreciation	789,721	207,390	13,289	1,010,400					
Total operating expenses	4,059,832	635,774	435,017	5,130,623					
Operating income (loss)	(770,200)	(357,968)	(94,406)	(1,222,574)					
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Interest expense and related debt expense	(20,770)	_	_	(20,770)					
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets	(20,770)	(104,170)	_	(104,170)					
State grants - capital contribution	_	285,624	_	285,624					
Federal grants - capital contribution	_	2,974,407	_	2,974,407					
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(20,770)	3,155,861	-	3,135,091					
Income (loss) before transfers	(790,970)	2,797,893	(94,406)	1,912,517					
, ,	,		,						
Transfers:		260.064		260.004					
Transfers in		360,064	<u>-</u>	360,064					
Total transfers		360,064	-	360,064					
Changes in net position	(790,970)	3,157,957	(94,406)	2,272,581					
Total net position, beginning of year	1,879,929	3,039,659	687,306	5,606,894					
Total net position, end of year	\$ 1,088,959	\$6,197,616	\$ 592,900	\$7,879,475					

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds					
	Major					
	Landfill	Airport	Nonmajor			
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$3,136,299	\$ 257,483	\$ 335,133	\$ 3,728,915		
Payments to suppliers	(689,253)	(274,210)	(412,020)	(1,375,483)		
Payments to employees and benefits paid on behalf of employees	(791,244)	(156,473)	(11,123)	(958,840)		
Intergovernmental	-	26,435	-	26,435		
Other receipts	134,418	563	4,826	139,807		
Payments to General Fund for indirect services	(227,112)	-	-	(227,112)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	1,563,108	(146,202)	(83,184)	1,333,722		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Repayment of advance to the General Fund	(153,520)	-	-	(153,520)		
Transfer from the General Fund	-	349,756	-	349,756		
Operating grant proceeds from the Commonwealth and Federal Government	-	50,360	-	50,360		
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	(153,520)	400,116	-	246,596		
		,		,		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Purchase of capital assets	(390,307)	(3,200,466)	(25,710)	(3,616,483)		
Capital transfer from the General Fund	-	10,308	3,977	14,285		
Capital grant proceeds from the Commonwealth and Federal Government	-	3,236,437	-	3,236,437		
Principal payments on debt	(605,173)	-	-	(605,173)		
Interest payments on debt	(17,762)	-	-	(17,762)		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(1,013,242)	46,279	(21,733)	(988,696)		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	396,346	300,193	(104,917)	591,622		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	222,721	473,558	696,279		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 396,346	\$ 522,914	\$ 368,641	\$ 1,287,901		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) ope						
Operating income (loss)		\$ (357,968)	\$ (94,406)	\$(1,222,574)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating ac						
Depreciation	789,721	207,390	13,289	1,010,400		
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable	(18,915)	6,652	(652)	(12,915)		
(Increase) Decrease in inventory	-	1,641	-	1,641		
(Increase) Decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions	(2,002)	237	-	(1,765)		
(Increase) Decrease in deferred outflows related to OPEB	(2,621)	(404)	<u>-</u>	(3,025)		
Increase (Decrease) in wages and benefits payable	57	1,361	(2,219)	(801)		
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	35,769	1,856	804	38,429		
Increase (Decrease) in prepaid rent		22	-	22		
Increase (Decrease) in closure/post closure liabilities	1,568,798	-	-	1,568,798		
Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences payable	1,012	326	-	1,338		
Increase (Decrease) in net pension liability	1,333	178	-	1,511		
Increase (Decrease) in net OPEB liability	678	105	-	783		
Increase (Decrease) in deferred inflows related to pensions	(39,691)	(7,469)	-	(47,160)		
Increase (Decrease) in deferred inflows related to OPEB	(831)	(129)	- (0.007)	(960)		
Total adjustments	1,543,587	4,376	(2,067)	1,545,896		
Net cash provided (used for) by operating activities	\$1,563,108	\$ (146,202)	\$ (83,184)	\$ 1,333,722		

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2019

Acceto	Other Postemployment Benefits Age Trust Fund Fun							
Assets: Cash and investments held by Treasurer	\$ -	\$ 43,668						
Cash and investments in custody of others	323,732	166,332						
Accounts Receivable Total assets	7,831 331,563	210,000						
<u>Liabilities:</u>								
Reconciled overdraft	15,973	-						
Accounts payable	8,019	-						
Amounts held for social service clients	-	43,668						
Amounts held for others	<u>-</u> _	166,332						
Total liabilities	23,992	210,000						
Net Position:								
Net position restricted for OPEB	307,571	-						
Total net position	\$ 307,571	\$ -						

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Exhibit 11
	Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund
Additions: Contributions: Employer Retiree Total contributions	\$ 119,789 122,152 241,941
Investment earnings: Interest Total investment earnings Total additions	11,292 11,292 253,233
Deductions Health insurance credit payments Benefits Total deductions Change in net position	31,466 140,197 171,663 81,570
Net position - beginning Net position - ending	226,001 \$ 307,571

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies for the County of Accomack, Virginia, (the County) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments.

# A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported in the fund financial statements. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable.

# B. Financial Reporting Entity

The County was formed as an independent county in 1634. The County is governed by a Board of Supervisors consisting of nine members each of which are elected to a four-year term.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial data of the County (Primary Government) and its component units. The financial data of the component units are included in the County's basic financial statements because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the Primary Government, or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the Primary Government. The County and its component units are together referred to herein as the reporting entity.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's component units. They are presented in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. All component units have a fiscal year end of June 30, 2019.

- i. Accomack County School Board The Accomack County School Board was created by state law and is vested with the responsibility of administering the public school system. The School Board is composed of ten members all of whom are appointed by a selection committee established by the Circuit Court. The County levies taxes for its operation, issues bonds or enters into capital leases for its capital requirements and approves its annual budget. The School Board is reported as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.
- Economic Development Authority of Accomack County The Economic Development Authority of Accomack County (EDA), formerly known as the Industrial Development Authority of Accomack County (IDA), was established to promote industry and develop trade by inducing manufacturing, industrial, government, and commercial enterprises to locate in Accomack County. The IDA changed its mission in fiscal year 2008 to enhance the economy and development of the County hence the name change. The Authority consists of seven directors, all of which are appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. The County approves the annual operating budget of the Authority. The Authority is reported as an enterprise fund type. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### B. The Reporting Entity-continued

- iii. **Eastern Shore Public Library** The Eastern Shore Public Library was created for the purpose of providing public library services to residents of the Eastern Shore of Virginia. The Library Board consists of five members, a majority of which is appointed by the Accomack County Board of Supervisors. The Library is fiscally dependent upon the County for its annual contribution. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Eastern Shore Public Library, Post Office Box 360, Accomac, Virginia 23301. The Library is reported as a governmental fund type.
- iv. Accomack-Northampton Planning District Commission The Accomack-Northampton Planning District Commission is a multi-jurisdictional entity created for the purpose of promoting the orderly and efficient development of the physical, social, and economic elements in its district. The Commission consists of thirteen members of which seven are appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the County Board of Supervisors. The Commission receives significant financial assistance from the County and is fiscally dependent on this assistance. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Accomack-Northampton Planning District Commission, Post Office Box 417, Accomac, Virginia 23301. The Commission is reported as a governmental fund type.
- v. Quinby Boat Harbor Committee The Quinby Boat Harbor Committee was established to diligently conduct and enforce the rules and regulations regarding the use and occupancy of the Quinby Boat Harbor. The Committee consists of nine members, all of which are appointed and serve at the pleasure of the County Board of Supervisors. Appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization demonstrates financial accountability. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Quinby Boat Harbor Committee, Post Office Box 343, Quinby, Virginia 23423. The Committee is reported as a governmental fund type.
- vi. **Greenbackville Harbor Committee** The Greenbackville Harbor Committee was established to diligently conduct and enforce the rules and regulations regarding the use and occupancy of the Greenbackville Boat Harbor. The Committee consists of five members, all of which are appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the County Board of Supervisors. Appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization demonstrates financial accountability. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Greenbackville Harbor Committee, Post Office Box 74, Greenbackville, Virginia 23356. The Committee is reported as a governmental fund type.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### B. The Reporting Entity-continued

vii. Captain's Cove Greenbackville Mosquito Control Commission - The Captain's Cove Greenbackville Mosquito Control Commission is responsible for insect control in the Captain's Cove Greenbackville area of Accomack County. The Commission consists of three members of which two are appointed by the Primary Government. The County levies taxes on behalf of the Commission to finance the Commission's operations. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from Captain's Cove Greenbackville Mosquito Control Commission, Greenbackville, Virginia 23356. The Commission is reported as a governmental fund type.

#### **Jointly Governed Organizations**

The following entities are excluded from the accompanying financial statements:

i. Eastern Shore of Virginia 911 Commission - The County has joined together with Northampton County to create the Eastern Shore of Virginia 911 Commission. The purpose of the Commission is to manage the 911 system in order to save the lives and property of the citizens of Accomack and Northampton Counties. The Commission is governed by a twelve member board, six of which are appointed by Accomack County. Prior to January 1, 2007, the Commission was funded primarily by a local consumer utility tax levied and collected by both Accomack and Northampton County. State legislation effective January 1 repealed the authority to levy this tax replacing it with a state-controlled communication sales and use tax which is remitted to both counties on a monthly basis and subsequently distributed to the Commission. In fiscal year 2019, the County contributed \$685,223 to the Commission. The Commission's complete financial activity is included in the financial report of Northampton County, Virginia, its fiscal agent.

#### **Related Organizations**

The following entities are excluded from the accompanying financial statements:

i. <u>Eastern Shore Community Services Board</u> – The County, in conjunction with Northampton County, participate in the Eastern Shore Community Services Board. The County's Board of Supervisors appoints a voting majority of the board members of the Eastern Shore Community Services Board, but the County's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. During fiscal year 2019, the County contributed \$196,114 to the Board for operations. Complete financial statements for the Board may be obtained by contacting the Eastern Shore Community Services Board, P.O. Box 453, Nassawadox, Virginia 23413.

#### C. Basis of Presentation-Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds while business-type activities incorporate data from the County's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based upon the County as a whole) and fund financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### C. Basis of Presentation-Government-Wide Financial Statements - continued

As discussed earlier, the government has seven discretely presented component units. Only the Accomack County School Board is considered to be a major component unit and thus shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements. The remaining six are consolidated into one column in the government-wide financial statements labeled "other". Individual component unit financial data for these nonmajor component units is reported in the *Other Supplementary Information* section.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements except payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the Landfill Fund and the General Fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

# D. <u>Basis of Presentation-Fund Financial Statements</u>

The County's financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) includes the following major funds:

- **General Fund:** The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues are used to finance operations of the Accomack County School Board.
- Virginia Public Assistance Fund: The Virginia Public Assistance Fund accounts for and reports the resources of the Social Services department which is responsible for administering welfare related programs as mandated by the Code of Virginia. Revenues are primarily derived from the intergovernmental funding including significant local funding from the County's General Fund.
- Consolidated Emergency Medical Services Fund: The Consolidated Emergency Medical Services Fund accounts for and reports revenues and expenditures associated with fire and rescue services. Revenues are derived from a special property tax levied on all residents of the County except those located in the Town of Chincoteague. Expenditures are restricted for use on fire and rescue services.
- County Capital Projects Fund: The County Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities in the County. This fund also accounts for proceeds from bonds issued on behalf of the Accomack County School Board and disbursed to the school board for education related capital projects.
- County Debt Service Fund: The County Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports revenues
  derived from a special property tax levied on County residents exclusively for the current and
  future retirement of debt. The majority of the debt service reported by the fund pertains to public
  school construction. In Virginia, public school systems do not have borrowing authority so all
  school related debt must be issued and therefore reported by the County.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### D. Basis of Presentation-Fund Financial Statements - continued

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Landfill Fund: The Landfill Fund is an enterprise fund used to account for waste disposal
  operations of the County's North Landfill and South Transfer Station. The cost of waste disposal
  services is primarily financed through user charges to the County, residents and commercial
  customers.
- Airport Fund: The Airport fund is used to account for the operation of the County's airport located in Melfa, Virginia. This enterprise fund was established in fiscal year 2013 as a result of the Airport Commission being dissolved by the County. Previous to this action, the operation of the airport was reported under the Airport Commission which was a discretely presented component unit. The cost of operating the Airport is primarily funded through user fees.

Additionally the County reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types, nonmajor proprietary funds and Fiduciary Funds:

- **Special Revenue Funds**: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
- **Enterprise Funds**: Enterprise funds are used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.
- Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other individuals or organizations. Fiduciary funds consist of the Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund and the following agency funds: Special Welfare Fund and Sheriff Canteen Fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Trust funds account for assets in essentially the same manner as a proprietary fund using the economic resources measurement focus.

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities fund. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

# E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses and interest associated with the fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue with the qualifying expenditure have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for the revenue source. All other revenue items are considered to be measureable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

# F. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except for the Rehabilitation Projects Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund which adopt project/grant length budgets. The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. This budget excludes intergovernmental grant revenues and expenditures unless they were officially awarded prior to the budget submission to the Board of Supervisors. Intergovernmental grants awarded after adoption of the budget are reflected in the amended budget once approved by the Board of Supervisors.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## F. <u>Budgetary Basis of Accounting</u> – continued

- Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
  The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level.
  The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all County units except for Capital Funds which carry unexpended balances into the following year on a continuing appropriation basis.
- Budget amounts reported in the financial statements are labeled as either original or final. The
  original budget is the initial adopted budget plus amendments made prior to the beginning of the
  fiscal year. The final budget is the original budget combined with amendments approved during
  the fiscal year.

#### G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, & Net Position/Fund Balance

#### i. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County. Cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost, which approximates market. This definition also applies to cash and cash equivalents presented in the statement of cash flows.

Short-term investments may consist of certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, and investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). Applicable investments are measured at fair value and are categorized within the fair value hierarchy using valuation techniques promulgated by GAAP.

# ii Receivables

All receivables, including tax receivables, are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. At June 30, 2019, the allowance for General fund uncollectible taxes receivable as shown in footnote 3 represents 23.3% of the outstanding balance of taxes receivable in that fund. Similarly, for the Consolidated Emergency Medical Services fund, the County Debt Service fund and all non-major funds the allowance of uncollectible taxes receivable represent 22.7%, 22.8% and 22.8% respectively.

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statements as internal balances. Outstanding balances between the County and its component units are reported as due to/from component unit or due to/from Primary Government.

#### iii. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Only the Airport Enterprise Fund reports inventory which consists of aviation fuel and pilot supplies. The cost of these inventories is recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and reported as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# G. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, & Net Position/Fund Balance -</u> continued.

#### iv. Capital Assets

Capital assets, including land, improvements to land, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment and intangible assets that individually cost \$5,000 and over, with a useful life of greater than one year are reported in proprietary funds and applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County does not capitalize roads and bridges since these assets belong to the Commonwealth of Virginia. Capital assets are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date of the donation. Capital assets are depreciated over their useful lives using the straight-line method. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current or previous year. Estimated lives for County and School Board Component Unit assets are as follows:

	Estimated Useful
Capital Assets	Lives (years)
Buildings	30-50
Improvements other than buildings	15-40
School Buses	12
Cars and light duty trucks	5-7
Heavy equipment	10
Computer & related	5
Intangibles (Software)	5
Other machinery and equipment	5-20

# v. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources represent the acquisition and consumption, respectively, of net position that applies to a future period. At June 30, 2019, the Primary Government had \$263,434 in deferred outflows of resources representing debt refunding resulting in loss transactions which are amortized over the life of the refunded debt, \$1.6 million in deferred charges related to Pension and OPEB contributions, experience, assumptions, earnings, and proportion. The Primary Government also had \$16.6 million in deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenue and \$1.8 million of deferred inflows related to changes in the Pension and OPEB experience, assumptions, earning and proportion which are amortized over the average future service life of all plan members, except earnings, which are amortized over a five year period.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# G <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, & Net Position/Fund Balance</u> – continued

#### v. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources continued

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Another item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability (ies) and/or contributions to the pension and OPEB plan(s) made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprise of uncollected property taxed due prior to June 30, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup>, and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup> and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability (ies) are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

#### vi. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three components:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets** – Consists of the historical cost of capital assets net of any accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt which was used to finance those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

**Restricted** – Consists of assets where limitations are imposed on their use through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantor or the laws and regulations of other governments.

**Unrestricted** – Net position not reported as net investment in capital assets or restricted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# G Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, & Net Position/Fund Balance – continued

### vi. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

# vi. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statement, flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### vii. Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is reported in five categories which denote the nature and extent of constraints, if any, placed on the County's fund balance. These five categories are as follows:

Fund Balance		
Category	Definition	Applicability
Nonspendable	Includes amounts that are not in expendable form.	The County reports long-term receivables that are not available for expenditure in this category.
Restricted	Includes amounts restricted to specific uses by external entities or by law. Externally imposed restrictions include amounts that are restricted for specific purposes.	The County reports residual amounts of taxes levied exclusively for debt service, fire & rescue and mosquito control along with unspent bond proceeds held in trust in this category.
Committed	Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Accomack County Board of Supervisors.	The County reports amounts committed by resolution of the Board of Supervisors for use in emergency situations or when revenue shortages arise as committed fund balance. This amount is shown in the financial statements as committed to <i>Rainy Day/Stabilization</i> . Additions are approved by Board action. Use of these funds is only permitted to address revenue shortages that are greater than 1% of General Fund revenue, an urgent event that jeopardizes public safety or to mitigate damage caused by a natural disaster.

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, & Net Position/Fund Balance – continued

Assigned	Consists of amounts intended to be used by the County for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.	Assigned for subsequent year's expenditures is the portion of fund balance that has been approved by formal action of the Board of Supervisors for appropriation in the fiscal year 2018 budget. Amendment of this amount requires approval of the Board. Additional assignments for residual funds associated with ongoing capital projects and special revenue funds have been made by the Finance Director who is given that authority.
Unassigned	Fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification.	Positive unassigned fund balance is only reported in the General Fund. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, a negative unassigned fund balance may be reported if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

# H. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

#### i. Program Revenue

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions (including special assessment) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. All taxes including those dedicated for specific purposes and internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenue.

# ii. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are due in two installments payable in December and June. Personal property taxes are prorated based on the number of months property is owned. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

In 1998, the Virginia General Assembly passed the Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA). The purpose of this legislation was to gradually eliminate the personal property tax on automobiles by increasing Commonwealth funding to localities. The PPTRA provides tax relief via a tax credit that appears on the citizen's tax assessment as a reduction to taxes due. The credit applies to the first \$20,000 of taxable value of automobiles and motorcycles held for personal use. The tax credit on vehicles valued between \$1,000 and \$20,000 for tax year 2019 was equal to 42% of the tax assessment. The tax credit on vehicles with a taxable value of less than \$1,000 was equal to 100% of the tax assessment. Revenue from the Commonwealth pertaining to PPTRA is recorded as non-categorical aid.

# iii. Compensated Absences

All County and School Board full-time employees earn annual leave based on years of service. Accumulated annual leave vests immediately. County and School Board employees are paid for unused annual leave, at their normal rate of pay, at termination. Annual leave termination

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### H. Revenues and expenditures/expenses - continued

payments are limited only by maximum accumulation policies. All County and School Board Component Unit full-time employees also earn ten hours of sick leave per month. Maximum accumulation is unlimited. Employees of the County are entitled to the lesser of 25% of accrued sick leave or \$5,000 upon termination providing the employee has 5 years of service. Employees of the School Board are entitled to the lesser of 25% of accrued sick leave or \$7,500 upon termination providing the employee has 5 years of service. The amount of unpaid annual, sick and compensatory leave, including applicable payroll taxes, is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Only the current portion due, if any, is recorded in the fund financial statements.

# iv. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water/sewer fund, airport fund, landfill fund and parks and recreation revolving fund are charges to customers. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### v. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# J. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### Group Life Insurance

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The GLI Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The GLI Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net GLI Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB, and GLI OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI Program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS GLI OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

## J. Political Subdivision and Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The County and Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Programs were established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Teacher Employee HIC Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Programs' OPEB, and the related OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the County and VRS Teacher Employee HIC Programs; and the additions to/deductions from the County and VRS Teacher Employee HIC Programs' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# K. New GASB Pronouncements

The County has adopted these pronouncements in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019:

GASB pronouncements are reviewed upon issuance to determine applicability and adoption. The following pronouncements have been analyzed by the County:

- GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, was issued to address
  accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). This
  Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a
  liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs.
- GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, was issued to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements.

#### L. Future GASB Pronouncements

- The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective.
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities issued January, 2017 This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*, and amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 in August 2018. This Statement improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# L. Future GASB Pronouncements continued

## Statement No. 90 (continued)

government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flow statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

• GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* in May 2019. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associate with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Statutes authorize the County Treasurer, an elected official, to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The Treasury Board of the Commonwealth of Virginia has regulatory oversight of the LGIP. It follows the guidance of GASB Statement No. 79 "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants" with the portfolio securities valued by the amortized cost method. Investments with a maturity date of one year or less are stated at amortized cost. The fair value of the County's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares. All other investments are stated at fair value.

The carrying amount of cash and investments of the Primary Government and the School Board Component Unit at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 36,017,844
Investments	46,933
Petty Cash	6,102
Cash on Hand	1,660
Total Cash and Investments of the Primary	
Government and School Board Component Unit	\$ 36,072,539

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

A reconciliation to the basic financial statements is as follows:

Primary Government Cash and Investments per Exhibit 1	\$ 30,314,865
School Board Component Unit Cash and Investments per Exhibit 1	5,714,006
Other Component Unit Cash and Investments per Exhibit 1	1,105,231
Fiduciary Funds Cash and Investments per Exhibit 10	533,732
Total Cash and Investments for the Reporting Entity	37,667,834
Less: Other Component Unit Cash and Investments per Exhibit 1 not in the custody of the Treasurer	(1,105,231)
Less: Fiduciary Funds Cash and Investments per Exhibit 10 not in the	
custody of the Treasurer	(490,064)
Total Cash and Investments in the custody of the Treasurer	\$ 36,072,539

#### **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

Per state statute requirements, all commercial paper must be rated "prime quality" by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (A-1 by both Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Service) and corporate notes and bonds must be rated in the AAA or AA categories by both Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Service. As of June 30, 2019, the County's investments as rated by Standard & Poor's were as follows:

Investment Type	<u>!</u>	AAAm
Virginia Local Government Investment Pool	\$	46,933

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

State statute limits the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in any one issuer, excluding the U.S. Government, U.S. Government Agencies, the Commonwealth of Virginia and its authorities, mutual funds and pooled investment funds. No more than 35% of total available funds may be invested in commercial paper. Furthermore, not more than 5% of the total funds available for investment may be invested in commercial paper of any one issuing corporation. As of June 30, 2019, the County's entire investment portfolio was invested with Virginia Local Investment Pool which is administered by the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

### **Interest Rate Risk**

The County's investments as of June 30, 2019 are presented below along with their maturity. The County had no policy on interest rate risk at June 30.

	<u>Fa</u>	ir Value	Maturity less than 1 year		
Primary Government & School Board Component Unit:					
Virginia Local Government Investment Pool	\$	46,933	\$	46,933	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

As of June 30, 2019, all investment securities purchased by the County Treasurer were held by bank trust departments in the County's name and evidenced by safekeeping receipts in the County's name.

# 3. ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data, specific account analysis and subsequent cash receipts. The allowances at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

# **PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:**

			Majo	or Funds		_		
			Co	nsolidated				
			E	mergency				
	Medical County							
Type:	Ge	eneral Fund	Se	rvices Fund	Debt Fund		<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Taxes receivable	\$	5,118,985	\$	692,358	\$ 521,662	\$	253,285	\$ 6,586,290

#### 4. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Major Governmental Funds						Total			r	
		Virginia	1	Count	.y	Nonmajo	r	Primary	Fund		
		Public		Capital		Govern-		Government	Airpor	rt	Total
	General	Assistan	се	Projects		mental		Governmental	Enterpr	ise	Primary
	Fund	Fund		Fund	t	Funds		Activities	Fund		Government
Miscellaneous government entities:											
Eastern Shore Public Service Authority	\$104,700	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$104,700	\$	-	\$104,700
Commonwealth of Virginia:											
Local sales tax	959,802		-		-		-	959,802		-	959,802
Recordation tax	20,577		-		-		-	20,577		-	20,577
Constitutional officer shared expenses	306,744		-		-		-	306,744		-	306,744
Jail per diem for prisoner housing	48,444		-		-		-	48,444		-	48,444
Mobile home tax	15,012		-		-		-	15,012		-	15,012
Communications tax	139,192		-		-		-	139,192		-	139,192
Miscellaneous	9,394		-		-		-	9,394		-	9,394
Greenbackville Harbor Improvement	-		-	292	,500		-	292,500		-	292,500
Public assistance funds	-	83,	821		-		-	83,821		-	83,821
Airport maintenance funds	-		-		-		-	-	31,5	511	31,511
Comprehensive services act reimbursements	-		-		-	268,7	67	268,767		-	268,767
Total due from the Commonwealth	1,499,165	83,	821	292	,500	268,7	67	2,144,253	31,5	511	2,175,764
Federal Government:											
Victim Witness Assistance Grant Program	46,808		-		-		-	46,808		-	46,808
Summer foods grant	30,414		-		-		-	30,414		-	30,414
Hazardous Material Response	89,094		-		-		-	89,094		-	89,094
Public assistance funds	-	152,	647		-		-	152,648		-	152,648
Total due from the Federal Government	166,316	152,			-		-	318,964		-	318,964
I otal due from other governmental entities	\$1,770,181	\$ 236,	468	\$292	,500	\$268,7	67	\$2,567,917	\$31,5	511	\$2,599,428

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# 4. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES continued

# **School Board Component Unit:**

Commonwealth of Virginia:	
State sales tax contribution	\$ 427,875
SOL web base	35,896
Total due from Commonwealth	463,771
Federal Government:	
Title I	929,280
Title II	63,654
Title III	29,738
Title IV	4,360
Title V	8,916
Title VI-B Special Education	342,644
Migrant	93,504
Vocational/Perkins	82,859
Food services	51,848
Total due from Federal Government	1,606,803
Total due from other governmental entities	\$ 2,070,574

# 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

# **Governmental Funds:**

General Fund	\$ 268,510	\$ -
Comprehensive Youth Services Fund	-	67,144
Virginia Public Assistance Fund	-	201,366
Total Governmental Funds	268,510	268,510
Total Primary Government	\$ 268,510	\$ 268,510

The above internal balances are the result of temporary cash deficits created by reimbursement-type grants. These internal balances have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

# A. **Primary Government:**

	Balance			_			Balance		
Governmental activities:		luly 1, 2018		Additions	К	etirements	J	une 30, 2019	
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Φ.	0.040.007	Ф	000 405	Φ	(75.400)	Φ.	0.407.040	
Land	\$	2,212,337	\$	360,195	\$	(75,190)	Ф	2,497,342	
Construction in progress		2,878,860		563,147		(2,497,930)		944,077	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		5,091,197		923,342		(2,573,120)		3,441,419	
Other capital assets:		10 510 170		0.400.000				44.000.044	
Buildings		12,510,172		2,482,869		(4.740.500)		14,993,041	
School buildings		17,263,203				(1,743,582)		15,519,621	
Improvements other than buildings		18,815,553		787,454		-		19,603,007	
Machinery and equipment		8,018,766		744,431		(57,136)		8,706,061	
Intangibles		1,138,636		358,638		<del>-</del>		1,497,274	
Total other capital assets		57,746,330		4,373,392		(1,800,718)		60,319,004	
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		(5,061,763)		(362,589)		-		(5,424,352)	
School buildings		(3,243,522)		(310,696)		542,892		(3,011,326)	
Improvements other than buildings		(5,759,099)		(1,064,873)		-		(6,823,972)	
Machinery and equipment		(5,441,292)		(590,386)		57,136		(5,974,542)	
Intangibles		(1,133,371)		(2,106)		-		(1,135,477)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(20,639,047)		(2,330,650)		600,028		(22,369,669)	
Total governmental activities, net		42,198,480		2,966,084		(3,773,810)		41,390,754	
Business-type activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land		1,663,795		-		_		1,663,795	
Construction in progress		779,786		390,054		(588,452)		581,388	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,443,581		390,054		(588,452)		2,245,183	
Other capital assets:		, -,				(, - ,		, -,	
Buildings		2,162,256		_		_		2,162,256	
Improvements other than buildings		17,148,399		3,852,518		(2,101,440)		18,899,477	
Motor vehicles and equipment		6,699,649		104,711		(48,845)		6,755,515	
Intangibles		29,710		-		(10,010)		29,710	
Total other capital assets		26,040,014		3,957,229		(2,150,285)		27,846,958	
Less accumulated depreciation:		20,0 .0,0		0,00.,220		(2,:00,200)		2.,0.0,000	
Buildings		(1,462,823)		(34,956)		_		(1,497,779)	
Improvements other than buildings		(10,345,979)		(659,781)		2,101,440		(8,904,320)	
Motor vehicles and equipment		(4,326,655)		(315,663)		48,845		(4,593,473)	
Intangibles		(29,710)		(313,003)		-0,0-0		(29,710)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(16,165,167)		(1,010,400)		2,150,285		(15,025,282)	
Total accumulated depreciation  Total business-type activities, net		12,318,428		3,336,883		(588,452)		15,066,859	
Total primary government, net	\$	54,516,908	\$	6,302,967	\$	(4,362,262)	\$	56,457,613	
rotal plimary government, het	Ψ	54,510,506	Ψ	0,302,307	Ψ	(7,302,202)	Ψ	30,437,013	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

#### A. Primary Government: continued

Depreciation expense was charged to the primary government as follows:

	Governmental			Business-type		al Primary	
	Activities			Activities	Government		
General government administration	\$	92,622	\$	-	\$	92,622	
Judicial administration		98,493		-		98,493	
Public safety		289,834		-		289,834	
Public works		593,953		-		593,953	
Health and welfare		171,656		-		171,656	
Education		310,697		-		310,697	
Parks, recreation and cultural		363,961		-		363,961	
Community development		409,434		-		409,434	
Landfill		-		789,721		789,721	
Airport		_		207,390		207,390	
Water and sewer		-		12,291		12,291	
Parks and Recreation		-		998		998	
Total	\$	2,330,650	\$	1,010,400	\$ 3	3,341,050	

# B. School Board Component Unit:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2019	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 974,862	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 974,862	
Construction in progress	85,000	-	(50,000)	35,000	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,059,862	-	(50,000)	1,009,862	
Other capital assets:					
Buildings	71,938,615	1,743,582	-	73,682,197	
Improvements other than buildings	4,669,368	751,218	-	5,420,586	
Motor vehicles and equipment	15,312,097	209,347	(17,218)	15,504,226	
Total other capital assets	91,920,080	2,704,147	(17,218)	94,607,009	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(37,235,481)	(1,986,435)	-	(39,221,916)	
Improvements other than buildings	(2,897,990)	(151,944)	-	(3,049,934)	
Motor vehicles and equipment	(9,255,731)	(986,513)	17,218	(10,225,026)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(49,389,202)	(3,124,892)	17,218	(52,496,876)	
Total school board component unit, net	\$ 43,590,740	\$ (420,745)	\$ (50,000)	\$ 43,119,995	

Total depreciation expense charged to the School Board component unit was \$ 3,124,892.

Legislation enacted during the fiscal year 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, has changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments "on-behalf" of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the new law, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Accomack, Virginia, for the year ended June 30, 2019, is that debt and related assets in the amount of \$12,508,295 have been transferred to the Primary Government from the School Board Component Unit for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

# C. <u>Economic Development Authority Component Unit:</u>

	Balance ly 1, 2018	Ad	Iditions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 201		
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 301,678	\$	-	\$ -	\$	301,678	
Other capital assets:							
Improvements other than buildings	779,575		-	-		779,575	
Motor vehicles and equipment	7,799		-	-		7,799	
Total other capital assets	787,374		-	-		787,374	
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Improvements other than buildings	(779,575)		-	-		(779,575)	
Motor vehicles and equipment	(2,925)		(780)	-		(3,705)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(782,500)		(780)	-		(783,280)	
Total economic development authority							
component unit	\$ 306,552	\$	(780)	\$ -	\$	305,772	

Total depreciation expense charged to the Authority during the fiscal year amounted to \$780.

# 7. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measureable, but not available. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but are unearned.

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

		County	pec	pecial Revenue				nool Board
C	Seneral	Capital	F	-unds	Ε	nterprise	Co	mponent
	Fund	Projects	_ N	onmajor		Funds		Unit
\$	37,226	\$ 374,352	\$	91,633	\$	-	\$	390,850
	-	-		-		5,321		-
\$	37,226	\$ 374,352	\$	91,633	\$	5,321	\$	390,850
	\$	\$ 37,226	General Capital Fund Projects \$ 37,226 \$ 374,352	General         Capital         F           Fund         Projects         N           \$ 37,226         \$ 374,352         \$	General Capital Funds - Nonmajor  \$ 37,226 \$ 374,352 \$ 91,633	General Fund         Capital Projects         Funds - Nonmajor         E Nonmajor           \$ 37,226         \$ 374,352         \$ 91,633         \$	General Fund         Capital Projects         Funds - Nonmajor         Enterprise Funds           \$ 37,226         \$ 374,352         \$ 91,633         \$ - 5,321	General Fund         Capital Projects         Funds - Nonmajor         Enterprise Funds         Control Funds           \$ 37,226         \$ 374,352         \$ 91,633         \$ - 5,321

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accrued compensated absences are as follows at June 30, 2019:

		Primary G	rnment	Sc	chool Board			
	Go	Governmental Business-type				omponent		
Compensated Leave	Activities		Activities		ctivities Activities			Unit
Annual	\$	1,058,405	\$	54,654	\$	723,371		
Sick		434,410		34,439		991,162		
Compensatory		687,122		5,948		-		
Total	\$	2,179,937	\$	95,041	\$	1,714,533		

#### 9. OPERATING LEASES

The primary government leases approximately 66.4 acres of land from the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Goddard Space Flight Center's Wallops Flight Facility. The leased property is located in the County's Wallops Research Park and will be used to support economic growth opportunities affiliated with activities of the Wallops Flight Facility. The expiration of the lease is September 30, 2099. The lease stipulates an annual base rent equal to no less than 2% of the fair market value of the land currently appraised at \$900,000. Total lease cost for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$20,173. Future rent increases are contingent upon changes in the Consumer Price Index, measured every 5 years with the next measurement date October 1, 2019 and future property appraisals, scheduled every 20 years. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Amount	
2020	\$ 21,510	_
2021	21,510	į
2022	21,510	1
2023	21,510	1
2024	21,510	ı
2025-2100	1,634,760	ı
Total	\$ 1,742,310	_

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## **10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance					
	July 1, 2018	_			Balance	Amount due
	as restated		Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019	within 1 year
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
Compensated absences	\$ 2,054,140	\$	125,797		\$ 2,179,937	\$ 1,940,144
Virginia Public School Authority bonds (1)	16,573,425		-	1,329,454	15,243,971	1,382,755
Lease revenue bonds(1)	10,225,582		-	1,036,316	9,189,266	873,449
Qualified zone academy bonds	78,882		-	18,121	60,761	19,101
Deferred premiums and discounts, net	705,994		-	70,342	635,652	70,342
Net OPEB liability:						
Net Health Insurance OPEB liability	1,746,533		128,252	369,549	1,505,236	-
Net VRS Group Life Insurance OPEB liability	875,512		149,871	140,385	884,998	-
Net VRS Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability	244,238		32,841	27,890	249,189	
Net OPEB liability	2,866,283		310,964	537,824	2,639,423	-
Net Pension Liability	132,121		5,403,517	5,375,591	160,047	
Total governmental activities long-term obligations	32,636,427		5,840,278	8,367,648	30,109,057	4,285,791
Business-type Activities:						
Compensated absences	93,703		1,338	-	95,041	84,587
General Obligation Bonds(1)	333,000		-	333,000	-	-
Capital leases	972,596		-	272,173	700,423	276,705
Landfill closure/postclosure	5,941,025		1,724,807	156,010	7,509,822	-
Net OPEB liability:						
Net VRS Group Life Insurance OPEB liability	47,488		8,129	7,614	48,003	-
Net VRS Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability	13,248		1.782	1,514	13,516	_
Net OPEB liability	60,736		9,911	9,128	61,519	
Net Pension Liability	7,166		292,963	291,452	8,676	_
Total business-type entities long-term obligations	7,408,226		2,029,019	1,061,763	8,375,481	361,292
Total primary government long-term obligations	40,044,653		7,869,297	9,429,411	38,484,538	4,647,083
School Board Component Unit:						
Compensated absences	2,103,501		_	388,968	1,714,533	1,525,934
Early retirement termination benefits	456,467		_	170,802	285,665	119,071
Net pension liability - Non-Professional plan	-		_	,		-
Net pension liability-Teacher Plan	42,264,000		8,884,000	10,496,000	40,652,000	_
Net OPEB liability:	12,20 1,000		0,00 .,000	. 0, .00,000	10,002,000	
Net Health Insurance OPEB liability	2,516,299		314,465	97,520	2,733,244	-
Net VRS Group Life Insurance OPEB liability	2,457,000		454,000	434,000	2,477,000	-
Net VRS Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability	4,366,000		469,000	441,000	4,394,000	
Net OPEB Liability	9,339,299		1,237,465	972,520	9,604,244	
Total School Board long-term obligations	\$ 54,163,267	\$	10,121,465	\$ 12,028,290	\$ 52,256,442	\$ 1,645,005
(1) Direct borrowing and/or direct placement.						

<sup>66</sup> 

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

## A. Primary Government:

			Governmer	ntal Activiti	es			Busine	s Typ	e Activity	
Year			Qualifie	d Zone							
Ending	VPSA Bo	nds(1)	Academy	Bonds(1)		Lease Revenue Bonds(1)		Capital Lease		.ease	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest	Princip	al	Interest	Total
2020	1,382,755	711,275	19,101	3,281		873,449	359,867	276,	705	10,471	3,636,904
2021	1,446,753	640,448	41,660	2,250		689,770	344,115	281,	311	5,864	3,452,171
2022	1,511,483	565,013	-	-		713,383	318,438	142,	407	1,182	3,251,906
2023	1,576,984	487,057	-	-		737,195	291,855		-	-	3,093,091
2024	1,641,855	408,257	-	-		762,110	265,055		-	-	3,077,277
2025-2029	7,429,141	903,073	-	-		3,896,377	890,060		-	-	13,118,651
2030-2034	255,000	11,766	-	-		1,516,982	267,513		-	-	2,051,261
Total	\$ 15,243,971	\$ 3,726,888	\$ 60,761	\$ 5,531	\$	9,189,266 \$	2,736,902	\$ 700,4	23	\$ 17,517	\$ 31,681,259

<sup>(1)</sup> Direct borrowing and/or direct placement.

The Primary Government uses general and debt service fund revenues to liquidate compensated absences and other long-term obligations.

## B. Details of long-term indebtedness as of June 30, 2019:

		Amount	Interest	Date	Final	Amount
Financing Type	Purpose	Issued	Rates	Issued	Maturity Date	Outstanding
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) 2003A	School construction	\$ 6,270,000	3.10% - 5.35%	5/15/2003	7/15/2028	\$ 3,445,000
VPSA 2003B	School construction	12,170,000	3.10% - 5.35%	11/6/2003	7/15/2028	6,740,000
VPSA 2005A	School construction	1,935,000	4.35% - 5.10%	11/10/2005	7/15/2030	1,230,000
VPSA 2005B	School construction	9,370,000	4.28%	11/10/2005	7/15/2025	3,828,971
Qualified Zone Academy Bond 2004	School construction	439,100	2.00%	12/30/2004	12/30/2020	60,761
VRA 2013B Lease Revenue Bond	Research park construction	3,765,000	4.125% - 4.847%	8/14/2013	10/1/2032	3,300,000
Lease revenue bond	Various Projects	4,350,000	1.66%	10/21/2015	6/15/2030	3,405,666
Lease revenue refunding bond	School construction	2,833,000	1.66%	12/19/2013	3/1/2020	209,000
2013 Lease Revenue Refunding Bond	Office construction	4,031,900	2.93%	12/19/2013	3/1/2028	2,274,600
Total governmental activities:						24,493,998
Business-type Activities:						
Tax-exempt capital lease	Landfill Heavy Equip	1,372,523	1.66%	12/29/2016	12/29/2021	700,423
Total primary government						\$ 25,194,421

Subsequent to year end, the County issued lease revenue bonds through the EDA in the amount of \$2,086,000 to provide funding for a capital project. The rate of interest is 3.173% and has a final maturity date of June, 2039.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## 11. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its North Landfill if it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at this site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The \$7,509,822 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2019, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 49% of the estimated capacity of the North Landfill Cell Six A. The County will recognize the remaining estimated North Landfill cost of closure and post-closure care of \$3,124,096 as its remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2019. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County expects to fund landfill closure and post-closure care costs from operating revenues.

The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill closure and post-closure costs. The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

#### 12. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the components of these deferrals were as follows:

	 Primary Government							
	General Fund		ounty Debt ervice Fund	Ε	onsolidated mergency Medical Services Fund		lonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total
Unavailable Revenues: Uncollected taxes Special assessments not yet due Total unavailable revenue	\$ 2,097,541 17,920 2,115,461	\$	269,440 - 269,440	\$	359,737 - 359,737	\$	129,887 - 129,887	\$ 2,856,605 17,920 2,874,525
Deferred Revenue: Unbilled property taxes Prepaid taxes Total deferred revenue	\$ 9,724,636 2,510,180 12,234,816	\$	1,254,183 271,789 1,525,972	\$	1,674,494 384,546 2,059,040	\$	604,597 149,728 754,325	\$ 13,257,910 3,316,243 16,574,153

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 13. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 were made up of the following:

	Transfers		Transfers
Primary Government:		In	Out
Governmental funds:			
General fund	\$	129,760	\$ 3,216,529
Virginia Public Assistance Fund		674,560	-
Consolidated emergency medical services		-	129,760
County capital projects fund		1,718,907	-
Non-major governmental funds		462,997	
Total governmental funds		2,986,224	3,346,289
Enterprise funds:			
Airport fund		360,064	-
Landfill fund		-	-
Non-major enterprise funds		-	
Total enterprise funds		360,064	
Total Primary Government	\$	3,346,289	\$ 3,346,289

The purpose of the interfund transfers is as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Amount
Finance pay-as-you-go capital projects	\$ 1,733,907
Satisfy grant local match requirements	252,314
Supplement operations and local match requirements of the Dept. of Social Services	674,560
Satisfy local share of hazardous duty supplement	129,760
Supplement operations of the County's Stormwater Ordinance Fund	157,254
Supplement operations of the Accomack County Landfill	38,430
Supplement operations of the Accomack County Airport	360,064
Supplement operations of the Accomack County Water/Sewer	 _
Total interfund transfers	\$ 3,346,289

The Primary Government also transferred \$16,438,466 to the School Board Component Unit, \$403,707 to the Eastern Shore Library Component Unit, \$86,623 to the Planning District Component Unit, \$57,797 to the Captain's Cove/Greenbackville Harbor Mosquito Control Commission Component Unit and \$7,500 to the Economic Development Authority. These amounts are reported as expenditures in the County's financial statements.

## **14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. The primary government and its component units are defendants in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the government's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the reporting entity.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation and the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool for property, general liability, automobile and crime insurance. Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays the Virginia Municipal Group Insurance Association and the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Associations may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

## 16. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

#### A. Primary Government:

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the following expenditures exceeded appropriations:

Major Funds: General Fund:		
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	4,146
Jail		1,023
Sanitation general operations		3,642
Sanitation refuse disposal		30,545
Sanitation maintenance garage		15,610
Erosion and sediment		32,143
Total General Fund	\$	87,109
Nonmajor Funds:	-	
Comprehensive Youth Services Fund	\$	165,490
Rehabilitation Projects Fund		9,537
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	175,027

The General Fund variances were funded by unassigned fund balance. All nonmajor fund variances were funded by grant program income or unassigned fund balance.

#### 17. SURETY BONDS

The following elected officials and County employees were covered by surety bonds at June 30, 2019:

Commonwealth of Virginia Division of Risk Management (Commonwealth funded):

Dana T. Bundick, Treasurer (1)	\$ 500,000
Todd Godwin, Sheriff (1)	30,000
Deborah Midgett Commissioner of the Revenue (1)	3,000
Samuel H. Cooper, Clerk of the Court (1)	350,000
Virginia Association of Counties Self Insurance-Risk Pool:	
All County employees - Blanket bond coverage	1,000,000
All School employees - Blanket bond coverage	1,000,000
All Social Services employees - Blanket bond coverage	1,000,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Commonwealth funded surety bonds also cover employees of the elected official.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 18. TRUST FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The County of Accomack has established an irrevocable trust pursuant to Section 15.2-1544 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended for the purpose of accumulating and investing assets to fund Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) and to participate in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund and has established a Local Finance Board to become a Participating Employer in the Trust Fund. The Trust Fund provides administrative, custodial and investment services to the Participating Employers in the Trust Fund. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 the County contributed \$119,789 to the Trust Fund. Expenses allocated to the Trust Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were \$171,663.

The County participates in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund, an irrevocable trust established for the purpose of accumulating assets to fund postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Trust Fund issues a separate report, which can be obtained by requesting a copy from the plan administrator, Virginia Municipal League (VML) at P.O. Box 12164, Richmond, Virginia 23241.

#### 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE

#### County:

#### Plan Description:

The County Post-Retirement Medical Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides post-retirement health insurance benefits to qualifying employees. The exact benefit is dependent on the eligibility rules for each benefit. The following is a summary of three postemployment health insurance benefits available to retirees.

- Post-65 Retiree Health Insurance Plan Provides post retirement supplemental health insurance benefits for employees who are at least 65 years old, are enrolled in Medicare parts A and B, and who have at least 15 years of service with the County if they retire from service prior to January 1, 2017. The sunset date of January 1, 2014 was adopted by the County in fiscal year 2014. After this date, no additional retirees will be eligible for plan.
- County Supplemental Health Insurance Credit Plan Provides a monthly insurance premium reimbursement to employees who retire with 15 more years of VRS service, participate in a County-sponsored or personal health insurance plan, and were employed by the County as of June 30, 2014. The amount of the monthly reimbursement is based on total VRS years of service.
- <u>Early Retiree Health Insurance Continuation Plan</u> Allows employees who retire prior to age 65 and have at least 15 years of service to remain on the County's health insurance plan at their own expense until they reach age 65. The County's Post-Retirement Medical Plan does not issue a separate, audited GAAP-basis report.

#### Plan Administration

Accomack County administers the Accomack County Retiree Benefits Plan (ACRBP)-a single employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the County.

Management of the ACRBP is vested in the Accomack County Local Finance Board (ACLF Board), which consists of the Chief Financial Officer of the County, the County Treasurer, and at least one other additional person who shall be a citizen of the Commonwealth with proven integrity, business ability, and demonstrated experience in cash management and in investments.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE - CONTINUED

#### **County-** continued

#### Benefits Provided

The County establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Again this is determined annually as part of the budgetary process. For retirees participating in the *Post-65 Retiree Health Insurance Plan*, the County pays 50% of the monthly employee-only insurance premium with the retiree responsible for the remainder. Participation ceases upon the retiree's death or the retiree's failure to pay their share of the premium. Retirees participating in the *Early Retiree Health Insurance Continuation Plan* are responsible for 100% of the cost of continuing their County insurance coverage. Participation ceases at age 65. Retirees participating in the *County's Supplemental Health Insurance Credit Plan* receive a monthly reimbursement for insurance premiums paid. The base monthly credit is equal to \$2.50 for each year of VRS service. An additional credit of \$450 per month is paid to retirees who became permanently and totally disabled as a direct result of an injury sustained in the performance of their County job. The total reimbursement cannot exceed the premium paid by the retiree. The disability credit ceases when the retiree becomes Medicare eligible or dies. The base credit continues until the retiree's death.

### Plan Membership

At June 30, 2018 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	297
Total retirees with coverage	44
Total	341

## **Contributions**

Accomack County Code grants the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the County and plan members to the Accomack County Local Finance Board. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County's average contribution rate was 1.14 percent of covered-employee payroll. Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE - CONTINUED

## **County-** continued

## **Investment Policy**

ACRBP's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Accomack County Local Finance Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Accomack County Local Finance Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. ACRBP's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2019:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation
Core Fixed Income	21 %
Core Bonds	12
Large Cap US Equities	22
Small Cap US Equities	10
Developed Foreign Equities	10
Emerging Market Equities	5
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	10
Real Estate	7
Commodities	3
Total	100 %

## Concentrations

The Trust does not hold investments in any one organization that represent five percent or more of the OPEB Trust's Fiduciary Net Position.

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 4.03%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## Schedule of Investment Returns

=xpense
12.33%
9.42%
4.03%

The chart is intended to show information for 10 years. More data will be added as it becomes available.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE - CONTINUED

## County- continued

#### **Net/ OPEB Liability**

The County's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	6.61%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Mortality rates for active employees and healthy retirees were based on a RP-2014 tables, fully generational, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is June 30, 2018.

The Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on OPEB Plan investments is 7.00% as of June 30, 2019.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.61 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE - CONTINUED

## **County-** continued

## Changes in Net OPEB Liability

## **Changes in Net OPEB Liability - County**

		Primary Government Increase (Decrease)							
	-	Total OPEB		Plan Fiduciary	3e)	Net OPEB			
	_	Liability (a)		Net Position (b)		Liability (a)-(b)			
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	2,004,176	\$	257,643	\$	1,746,533			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		20,186		-		20,186			
Interest		107,064		-		107,064			
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		-		-			
Changes in assumptions		(225,408)		-		(225,408)			
Contributions - employer		-		107,934		(107,934)			
Net investment income		-		12,294		(12,294)			
Benefit payments		(77,051)		(53,138)		(23,913)			
Admin expenses		-		(1,002)		1,002			
Net changes	_	(175,209)		66,088		(241,297)			
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	1,828,967	\$	323,731	\$	1,505,236			

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the net OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.61%) or one percentage point higher (7.61%) than the current discount rate:

		Rate			
	1% Decrease (5.61%)	Current Discount Rate (6.61%)			
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,701,144	\$ 1,505,236	\$	1,339,045	

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (3.50%) or one percentage point higher (5.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Rates					
	•	Healthcare Cost							
	-	1% Decrease 3.50%	· <u>-</u>	Trend 4.50%		1% Increase 5.50%			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,323,424	\$	1,505,236	\$	1,721,792			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE - CONTINUED

## **County-** continued

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$66,946. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resouces	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	144,072	\$ -
Changes in assumptions		-	491,926
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments		7,235	3,335
Total	\$	151,307	\$ 495,261

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	\$ (39,968)
2021	(39,968)
2022	(39,967)
2023	(38,857)
2024	(40,665)
Thereafter	(144,529)

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

#### **School Board**

## Plan Description

The School Board Post-Retirement Medical Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that provides post-retirement health care insurance benefits for employees who are eligible. Employees who retired effective 1985-86 school year or later and under provisions of the Virginia Supplemental Retirement System (VSRS) prior to age 65 and were on full-time status in a VSRS covered position and were participating in the hospitalization plan at the time of retirement are eligible. The School Board's Post-Retirement Healthcare Plan does not issue a separate, audited GAAP basis report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE - CONTINUED

#### **School Board- continued**

#### Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits provided to eligible retirees include health insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the School Board who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. Retirees pay 100% of the monthly premiums. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65. Surviving spouses can stay in the plan but must pay the full premium.

## Plan Membership

At June 30, 2019 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	795
Total retirees with coverage	16
Total	811

#### **Contributions**

The School Board establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The School Board also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Again, this is determined annually as part of the budgetary process.

## Total OPEB Liability

The School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	3.13%

The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated using the RP-2014 tables adjusted to 2006, fully generational, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is June 30, 2018.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is selected from a range of 20-Year Municipal Bond Indices and include the Bond Buyer 11-Bond GO Index, the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index, and the Fidelity 20-Year GO Municipal Bond Index. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.13%.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE - CONTINUED

## **School Board- continued**

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

## **Changes in Net OPEB Liability - School Board**

	_	School Board Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	2,516,299
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		89,708
Interest		92,588
Difference between expected and actual experience		-
Changes in assumptions		132,169
Contributions - employer		-
Net investment income		-
Benefit payments		(97,520)
Net changes		216,945
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	2,733,244

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.13%) or one percentage point higher (4.13%) than the current discount rate:

	Rate							
	1% Decrease (2.13%)		Current Discount Rate (3.13%)		1% Increase (4.13%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,028,250	\$	2,733,244	\$	2,470,294			

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (3.50%) or one percentage point higher (5.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rates				
	Healthcare Cost						
	1% Decrease 3.50%		Trend 4.50%		1% Increase 5.50%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,400,612	\$	2,733,244	\$	3,137,188		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE - CONTINUED

## **School Board- continued**

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$191,339. At June 30, 2019, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 95,277
Changes in assumptions	196,719	-
Total	\$ 196,719	\$ 95,277

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	\$ (9,043)
2021	(9,043)
2022	(9,043)
2023	(9,043)
2024	(9,043)
Thereafter	(56,227)

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

#### 20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT

#### Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program was established pursuant to code section 51.1-1400 et seq. of the code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT - CONTINUED

#### Plan Description- continued

qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

#### POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

#### **Eligible Employees**

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees of participating employers are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan.

#### **Benefit Amounts**

The political subdivision's Retiree HIC Program is a defined benefit plan that provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- At Retirement For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u>- For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

## **Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:**

- The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- No health insurance credit for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

## **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	31
Inactive members: Vested inactive members Total inactive members	<u>5</u>
Active members	140
Total covered employees	176

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT - CONTINUED

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 0.45% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the County to the Health Insurance Credit Program were \$28,781 and \$27,514 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

#### **Net HIC OPEB Liability**

The County's net Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.5%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.5%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation\*

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT - CONTINUED

## Actuarial Assumptions: - continued

#### Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

## Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

## Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT - CONTINUED

#### Actuarial Assumptions: - continued

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees- continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

#### Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

## Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT - CONTINUED

#### Actuarial Assumptions: - continued

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT - CONTINUED

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arith	metic nominal return	7.30%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT - CONTINUED

## Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

			Increase (Decrease	e)
		Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	279,147_\$	21,661_\$	257,486
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		5,490	-	5,490
Interest		19,041	-	19,041
Benefit changes		-	-	-
Differences between expected				-
and actual experience		10,002	-	10,002
Assumption changes		-	-	-
Contributions - employer		-	27,514	(27,514)
Net investment income		-	1,889	(1,889)
Benefit payments		(14,277)	(14,277)	-
Administrative expenses		-	(57)	57
Other changes		<u> </u>	(32)	32
Net changes	•	20,256	15,037	5,219
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	299,403 \$	36,698 \$	262,705

## Sensitivity of the County's Health Insurance Credit Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
County's				
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 293,322	\$ 262,705 \$	236,515	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT - CONTINUED

Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense of \$22,548. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County's Health Insurance Credit Program from the following sources:

		Deferred O		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3	8,446	 \$ -	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments			70	353	
Change in assumptions			-	6,796	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_		28,781	 -	_
Total	\$		37,297	\$ 7,149	_

\$28,781 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30		
2020	\$	(96)
2021	•	(96)
2022		(95)
2023		24
2024		964
Thereafter		666

#### Health Insurance Credit Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 21. TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN)

## Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program was established pursuant to section 51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is set out in the table below:

## TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

## **Eligible Employees**

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

 Full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS.

## **Benefit Amounts**

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC program is a defined benefit plan that provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- <u>At Retirement</u> For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u> For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either:
  - o \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or
  - \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

## **Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:**

- The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 21. TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) -CONTINUED

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 1.20% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC program were \$338,793 and \$344,237 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

# Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$4,394,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was 0.34605% as compared to 0.34419% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB expense of \$366,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$ -	\$ 22,000
earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments	-	3,000
Change in assumptions	-	38,000
Change in proportion	50,000	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 338,793	 -
Total	\$ 388,793	\$ 63,000

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 21. TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB - continued

\$338,793 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2020	\$	(3,000)
2021		(3,000)
2022		(3,000)
2023		(1,000)
2024		(3,000)
Thereafter		-

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation: Teacher employees	3.5%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

#### **Mortality Rates - Teachers**

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 21. TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

#### Actuarial Assumptions- continued

## Mortality Rates - Teachers- continued

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

#### Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	1,381,313 111,639
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,269,674
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		8.08%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 21. TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target _Allocation_	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arith	metic nominal return	7.30%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, all agencies are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 21. TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The follow presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 Rate				
	1% Decrease		<b>Current Discount</b>		1% Increase
	 (6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan				_	
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 4,908,000	\$	4,394,000	\$	3,957,000

## Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN)

#### Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program was established pursuant to section 51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Program upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

#### Plan Description continued

The specific information for GLI Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

#### **GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS**

## **Eligible Employees**

The GLI Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program, including the following employers that do not participate in VRS for retirement:

- City of Richmond
- City of Portsmouth
- City of Roanoke
- City of Norfolk

Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their member contributions and accrued interest.

#### **Benefit Amounts**

The benefits payable under the GLI Program have several components.

- <u>Natural Death Benefit</u> The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.
- Accidental Death Benefit The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.
- Other Benefit Provisions In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include:
  - Accidental dismemberment benefit
  - Safety belt benefit
  - o Repatriation benefit
  - o Felonious assault benefit
  - Accelerated death benefit option

## **Reduction in Benefit Amounts**

The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the GLI Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.

## Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, there is a minimum benefit payable under the Group Life Insurance Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute. The amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and is currently \$8,279 effective July 1, 2018.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the GLI Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program were \$63,787 and \$60,752 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively, for the County; \$15,453 and \$15,405 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively, for the School Board (nonprofessional); and \$147,058 and \$145,861 for the years ended June 30, 2018, respectively, for the School Board (professional).

## GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the entity reported a liability of \$933,000, \$237,000, and \$2,240,000 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.06144%, 0.01558%, and 0.14752% as compared to 0.06130%, 0.01601%, and 0.14726% at June 30, 2017 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$9,000, \$1,000, and \$24,000 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

## GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB continued

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Primary Government			_	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	46,000	\$	17,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		30,000
Change in assumptions		-		39,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	63,787		<u>-</u>
Total Primary Government	_	109,787	_	86,000
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)				_
Differences between expected and actual experience		12,000		4,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		8,000
Change in assumptions		-		10,000
Changes in proportion		-		6,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		15,453		-
Total Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	_	27,453	_	28,000
Component Unit School Board (professional)				_
Differences between expected and actual experience		110,000		40,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		73,000
Change in assumptions		-		93,000
Changes in proportion		33,000		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	147,058		
Total Component Unit School Board (professional)	\$_	290,058	\$_	206,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB continued

\$63,787, \$15,453 and \$147,058 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	Component Unit School Board (professional)
2020	\$ (14,000) \$	(4,000) \$	(25,000)
2021	(14,000)	(4,000)	(25,000)
2022	(14,000)	(4,000)	(25,000)
2023	(5,000)	(4,000)	(5,000)
2024	3,000	-	9,000
Thereafter	4,000	-	8,000

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
General state employees	3.5% - 5.35%
Teachers	3.5%-5.95%
SPORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
VaLORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
JRS employees	4.5%
Locality - General employees	3.5%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.5%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

## Actuarial Assumptions: continued

net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investment was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

## **Mortality Rates - Teachers**

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

	T
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions: continued

#### Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

## 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions: continued

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions: continued

#### Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward three years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rate to better fit experience at each age
Williawai Nates	and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions: continued

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

#### **NET GLI OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the GLI Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Group Life Insurance OPEB Program
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,113,508
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,594,773
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ _	1,518,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		51.22%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target _Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arith	metic nominal return	7.30%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 22. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN) - CONTINUED

\*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

## Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	 1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program	 		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,219,000 \$	933,000 \$	700,000
School Board (nonprofessional)'s proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability	310,000	237,000	178,000
School Board (professional)'s proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program	2 222 222	0.040.000	4 000 000
Net OPEB Liability	2,928,000	2,240,000	1,682,000

#### Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.  • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.  • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.  • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.	

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.  Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1- April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014	
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.  Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.  Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:  • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.  Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.	

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.	
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service  Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service (Cont.)	Creditable Service (Cont.)	Creditable Service (Cont.)  Defined Contribution Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.  Defined Contribution Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)  Defined Contribution Component: (Cont.)  Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.  • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.  • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.  • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.  Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.	
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.  An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.  Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.	

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier  Defined Benefit Component:  VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.  For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.	
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to	

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility  Defined Benefit Component:  VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component:  Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN						
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2.						
Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.						
Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.  For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.						
service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.								
Exceptions to COLA Effective  Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:  • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.  • The member retires on disability.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.						

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)					
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.)	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.)	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.)					
The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Dutes. (Cont.)	Dutos. (Oone.)					
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage  Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.  Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Plan Description continued

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN						
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service  Defined Benefit Component:  Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:  • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.						

#### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report-pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report-pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
184	81
38	27
74	43
83	27
195	97
269	181
648	359
	38 74 83 195 269

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 7.64% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$897,129 and \$915,072 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 3.69% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$94,785 and \$111,026 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities (asset) were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities (asset) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% – 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation\*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### Mortality rates:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates: females 125% of rates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

#### Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non- Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

#### Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

2.5%

Inflation 3.5% - 4.75%Salary increases, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation\*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits continued

#### Mortality rates:

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty: 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

#### Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
retirement healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits continued

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
retirement healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
Withdrawal Rates	service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arith	metic nominal return	7.30%

<sup>\*</sup> The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 90% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers and school division are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Primary Government							
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	<u>Inc</u>	rease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	<u>-</u>	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$_	56,935,739	\$_	56,796,452	\$_	139,287		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		1,247,409		-		1,247,409		
Interest		3,871,332		-		3,871,332		
Changes in assumptions		-				-		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		537,387		-		537,387		
Contributions - employer		-		915,071		(915,071)		
Contributions - employee		-		587,929		(587,929)		
Net investment income		-		4,164,022		(4,164,022)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(3,261,983)		(3,261,983)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(36,658)		36,658		
Other changes	_		_	(3,672)	_	3,672		
Net changes	_	2,394,145	-	2,364,709	_	29,436		
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$_	59,329,884	\$_	59,161,161	\$_	168,723		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Component School Board (nonprofessional)						
	Increase (Decrease)						
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$_	11,762,061	\$	12,664,773	\$	(902,712)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		289,593		-		289,593	
Interest		804,276		-		804,276	
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(87,901)		-		(87,901)	
Contributions - employer		-		110,918		(110,918)	
Contributions - employee		-		138,361		(138,361)	
Net investment income		-		930,335		(930,335)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(544,817)		(544,817)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(8,121)		8,121	
Other changes	_	-		(825)		825	
Net changes	_	461,151		625,851		(164,700)	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$_	12,223,212	\$	13,290,624	\$	(1,067,412)	

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
		(6.00%) (7.0		(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,466,893	\$	168,723	\$ (5,940,977)
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional)  Net Pension Liability (Asset)		\$ 263,869	\$(	1,067,412)	\$ (2,198,869)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$(242,145) and (\$332,781), respectively. At June 30, 2019, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

					Componen	t U	nit School
		Primary 0	Gov	vernment	Board (non	pre	ofessional)
	•	Deferred		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred
		<b>Outflows of</b>		Inflows of	Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources	_	Resources	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual							
experience	\$	389,945	\$	499,424	\$ -	\$	195,293
Change in assumptions		-		158,102	-		16,801
Change in proportionate share		19,603		19,603	-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		503,123	-		109,008
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	897,129	_	-	94,785		
Total	\$	1,306,677	\$	1,180,252	\$ 94,785	\$	321,102

\$897,129 and \$94,785 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	 Primary Government	_	School Board (nonprofessional)
2020	\$ (171,095)	\$	(144,402)
2021	(4,338)		(35,429)
2022	(545,021)		(130,381)
2023	(50,250)		(10,890)
2024	-		-
Thereafter	-		-

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report-pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report-pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

#### Component Unit School Board (professional)

#### Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each School Division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$4,317,242 and \$4,503,835 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$40,652,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion was 0.34568% as compared to 0.34367% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,409,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions continued

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	3,476,000
Change in assumptions		485,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		862,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		501,000		620,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	4,317,242	_	
Total	\$_	5,303,242	\$	4,958,000

\$4,503,835 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2020	\$ (656,000)
2021	(1,023,000)
2022	(1,740,000)
2023	(430,000)
2024	(123,000)
Thereafter	-

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) continued

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% – 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation\*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) continued

#### Actuarial Assumptions continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
retirement healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from
Retirement Rates	70 to 75
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
Withdrawal Rates	service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	46,679,555 34,919,563
Employers' Net Pension Liability	\$ =	11,759,992
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		74.81%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 23. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) continued

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	 (7.00%)	 (8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 62,097,000	\$ 40,652,000	\$ 22,901,000

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### 24. TERMINATION BENEFIT - SCHOOL BOARD EARLY RETIREMENT OPTION PROGRAM

The School Board established an Early Retirement Program in which eligible employees electing early retirement will be eligible to earn an annual supplement not to exceed 10% of his/her contracted salary earned during their last year of full-time employment with the School Division. An employee must work at least 10 days during the contract year in order to receive the 10% supplement. Employees electing early retirement may continue in the program until the earlier of (1) the death of the retired employee, or (2) participation by the retirement employee for seven years in the Early Retirement Option Program after retirement.

Any full-time employee of the School Board is eligible to retire under the Early Retirement Option Program at any time after age 50, provided (1) he/she is a professional employee and has completed 30 years of service with the last 15 consecutive years being in the Accomack County Public School System or he/she is a classified employee (teaching assistant, cafeteria worker, cafeteria manager, clerical staff, building or bus maintenance worker, or custodian) and has completed a minimum of the last 15 consecutive full-time years with the Accomack County Public School System (2) he/she has reached age 50 prior to September 1st of the year electing this option. Program participation ends the September 1st following a maximum of seven years of participation in the program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### 24. TERMINATION BENEFIT - SCHOOL BOARD EARLY RETIREMENT OPTION PROGRAM

The value of the supplement paid to the retiree exceeds the fair value of the services rendered by the retiree. The liability for the this termination benefit is calculated by taking the difference of the supplement received and the fair value of services rendered and multiplied by years remaining in the program. As of June 30, 2019, there were 36 employees enrolled in the Early Retirement Option Program with balances that are recognized in the financial statements. The liability recognized in the financial statements as of June 30, 2019 was \$285,666 for the program

# Required Supplementary Information (Other than Management Discussion & Analysis)

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information:**

1. Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### 2. Pension Related Information Notes:

- a. <u>Changes of benefit terms</u> There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.
- b. <u>Changes of assumptions</u> The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

#### Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

#### Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

# (Other than Management Discussion & Analysis) (Continued)

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)**

2. Pension Related Information Notes: (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

#### Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

# (Other than Management Discussion & Analysis) (Continued)

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)**

3. Health Insurance OPEB Related Information Notes:

County:

Valuation Date: 06/30/2018 Measurement Date: 06/30/2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary	
Amortization Method/Period	Level % of salary, 30 years	
Asset Valuation Method	Fair market value of assets	
Inflation	2.75%	
Salary Increases	2.50%	
Medical Trend Rate	6.00% initially, grading down to 4.50% ultimate	
Discount Rate	6.61%	
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%	
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62	
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated	
	using the RP-2014 tables, fully generational, projected using	
	two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2016.	

School Board:

Valuation Date: 06/30/2018 Measurement Date: 06/30/2019

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.13%
Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.00% initially, grading down to 4.50% ultimate
Salary Increases	2.50%
Medical Trend Rate	6.50% initially, grading down to 4.50% ultimate
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated
	using the RP-2014 tables adjusted to 2006, fully generational,
	projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale
	MP-2016.

# (Other than Management Discussion & Analysis) (Continued)

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)**

- 4. County Health Insurance Credit Program Related Information Notes:
  - a. <u>Changes of benefit terms</u> There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.
  - b. <u>Changes of assumptions</u> The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended
	final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

## (Other than Management Discussion & Analysis) (Continued)

### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)**

4. County Health Insurance Credit Program Related Information Notes: (Continued)

Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - - Hazardous Duty Employees:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

- 5. Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program Related Information Notes:
  - a. <u>Changes of benefit terms</u> There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.
  - b. <u>Changes of assumptions</u> The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

# (Other than Management Discussion & Analysis) (Continued)

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)**

- 6. Group Life Insurance Program Related Information Notes:
  - a. <u>Changes of benefit terms</u> There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.
  - b. <u>Changes of assumptions</u> The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

#### General State Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 25%

#### **Teachers**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

#### **SPORS** Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future
	improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%

# (Other than Management Discussion & Analysis) (Continued)

### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)**

6. Group Life Insurance Program Related Information Notes: (Continued)

#### VaLORS Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 50% to 35%

#### JRS Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	Removed disability rates
Salary Scale	No change

#### Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended
	final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

# (Other than Management Discussion & Analysis) (Continued)

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)**

6. Group Life Insurance Program Related Information Notes: (Continued)

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended
	final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

#### Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

### FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2014 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2018

FOR THE MEASUREMENT DA	TES OF SOIVE	50, 2014 THICO	70GH 30NL 30	, 2010	Exhibit 12
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>
Total pension liability					
Service Cost	\$ 1,133,269	\$ 1,164,856	\$ 1,230,959	\$ 1,298,423	\$ 1,247,409
Interest	3,205,991	3,381,633	3,558,288	3,833,911	3,871,332
Changes of benefit terms	-	3,676	1,369,301	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	57,300	134,701	(1,318,152)	537,387
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	(417,284)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,741,471)	(1,918,709)	(2,248,923)	(2,462,632)	(3,261,983)
Net change in total pension liability	2,597,789	2,688,756	4,044,326	934,266	2,394,145
Total pension liability - beginning	46,670,602	49,268,391	51,957,147	56,001,473	56,935,739
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$49,268,391	\$51,957,147	\$56,001,473	\$56,935,739	\$ 59,329,884
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 912,155	\$ 918,486	\$ 1,071,751	\$ 896,974	\$ 915,071
Contributions - employee	538,436	543,528	560,988	575,555	587,929
Net investment income	6,800,749	2,272,415	894,070	6,254,600	4,164,022
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,741,471)	(1,918,709)	(2,248,923)	(2,462,632)	(3,261,983)
Administrative expense	(36,498)	(31,130)	(31,994)	(36,392)	(36,658)
Other	358	(479)	(379)	(5,551)	(3,672)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	6,473,729	1,784,111	245,513	5,222,554	2,364,709
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	43,070,545	49,544,274	51,328,385	51,573,898	56,796,452
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$49,544,274	\$51,328,385	\$51,573,898	\$56,796,452	\$ 59,161,161
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (275,883)	\$ 628,762	\$ 4,427,575	\$ 139,287	\$ 168,723
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the tota pension liability (asset)	100.56%	98.79%	92.09%	99.76%	99.72%
Covered payroll	\$10,773,964	\$10,896,299	\$11,022,754	\$11,301,324	\$ 11,682,982
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-2.56%	5.77%	40.17%	1.23%	1.44%

### **COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA**

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD (NONPROFESSIONAL)

FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2014 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2018

FOR THE MEASUREMENT DA	416	3 OF JUNE	30	, 2014 INK	<i>)</i> (1	GH JUNE 30	, 20	710		Exhibit 13
		2014		2015		2016		<u>2017</u>		2018
Total pension liability										
Service Cost	\$	317,109	\$	295,580	\$	296,936	\$	269,197	\$	289,593
Interest		730,383		770,263		778,450		798,537		804,276
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(433,562)		(272,255)		(402,077)		(87,901)
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-		(55,425)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(445,583)		(509,990)		(520,646)		(511,696)		(544,817)
Net change in total pension liability		601,909		122,291		282,485		98,536		461,151
Total pension liability - beginning		10,656,840		11,258,749		11,381,040		11,663,525		11,762,061
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	11,258,749	\$	11,381,040	\$	11,663,525	\$	11,762,061	\$	12,223,212
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	266,876	\$	217,678	\$	219,731	\$	116,380	\$	110,918
Contributions - employee	•	149,754	Ψ	145,565	Ψ	145,477	*	141,852	Ψ	138,361
Net investment income		1,525,205		507,774		199,764		1,395,490		930,335
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(445,583)		(509,990)		(520,646)		(511,696)		(544,817)
Administrative expense		(8,164)		(7,000)		(7,162)		(8,145)		(8,121)
Other		81		(108)		(85)		(1,238)		(825)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	1,488,169		353,919		37,079		1,132,643		625,851
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		9,652,963		11,141,132		11,495,051		11,532,130		12,664,773
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	11,141,132	\$	11,495,051	\$	11,532,130	\$	12,664,773	\$	13,290,624
School Board Component Unit's net pension liability	y (a	sset) -								
ending (a) - (b)	\$	117,617	\$	(114,011)	\$	131,395	\$	(902,712)	\$	(1,067,412)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the to	tal									
pension liability (asset)		98.96%		101.00%		98.87%		107.67%		108.73%
Covered payroll	\$	2,985,035	\$	2,953,111	\$	2,867,655	\$	2,952,275	\$	2,962,415
School Board Component Unit's net pension liability	y (a	sset) as a								
percentage of covered payroll		3.94%		-3.86%		4.58%		-30.58%		-36.03%

### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 14

Contributions in Relation to Contractually Contractually Required Required Contribution Contribution		Defi	ciency	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll			
\$	897,129	\$	897,129	\$	-	\$	12,252,470	7.32%
		·			_	·		7.83%
	•		•		_			8.07%
	•		•		_			10.08%
					_			8.47%
	•				_			8.47%
					_			8.47%
					_			4.30%
	•		•		_			4.30%
	269,883		269,883		-		10,300,868	2.62%
Board (	(nonprofessio	onal):						
\$	94,785	\$	94,785	\$	-	\$	2,959,628	3.20%
	111,026		111,026		-		2,962,415	3.75%
	123,405		123,405		-		2,952,275	4.18%
	212,780		212,780		-		2,867,655	7.42%
	219,121		219,121		-		2,953,111	7.42%
	265,967		265,967		-		2,985,035	8.91%
	269,665		269,665		-		3,026,538	8.91%
					_			7.64%
					-			7.64%
	245,778		245,778		-		3,246,740	7.57%
Board (	(professional	):						
\$	4,317,242	\$	4,317,242	\$	-	\$	28,232,714	15.29%
	4,503,835		4,503,835		-		28,050,143	16.06%
					-			14.66% 14.06%
	3,658,456		3,658,456		-		25,755,930	14.06%
	\$Board (	Required Contribution  \$ 897,129 915,072 912,017 1,111,094 922,916 912,555 866,920 415,570 422,892 269,883  Board (nonprofession 123,405 212,780 219,121 265,967 269,665 226,208 221,848 245,778  Board (professional 4,317,242 4,503,835 3,778,447 3,658,456	Required Contribution  \$ 897,129 \$ 915,072 912,017 1,111,094 922,916 912,555 866,920 415,570 422,892 269,883  Board (nonprofessional): \$ 94,785 \$ 111,026 123,405 212,780 219,121 265,967 269,665 226,208 221,848 245,778  Board (professional): \$ 4,317,242 4,503,835 3,778,447 3,658,456	Contractually Required Contribution         Contribution           \$ 897,129         \$ 897,129           915,072         915,072           912,017         912,017           1,111,094         1,111,094           922,916         922,916           912,555         912,555           866,920         866,920           415,570         415,570           422,892         422,892           269,883         269,883           Board (nonprofessional):           \$ 94,785         \$ 94,785           111,026         111,026           123,405         123,405           212,780         212,780           219,121         219,121           265,967         265,967           269,665         269,665           226,208         226,208           221,848         221,848           245,778         245,778           Board (professional):           \$ 4,317,242         \$ 4,317,242           4,503,835         3,778,447           3,658,456         3,658,456	Relation to   Contractually   Required   Contribution   Contribution   Defi   (Exception)	Required Contribution   Required Contribution   Deficiency (Excess)	Required   Required   Contribution   Required   Contribution   Contribution   Required   Contribution   Contr	Relation to Contractually Required Contribution   Deficiency (Excess)   Employer's Covered Payroll

### **COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA**

### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD

### FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2014 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2018

Exhibit 15

<u>2014</u> <u>2015</u> <u>2016</u> <u>2017</u> **2018** Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 0.35461% 0.34623% 0.34113% 0.34367% 0.34568% Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 42,854,000 \$ 43,578,000 \$ 47,806,000 \$42,264,000 \$ 40,652,000 Employer's Covered Payroll \$ 25,913,927 \$ 25,755,930 \$ 26,020,312 \$25,773,854 \$ 28,050,143 Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll 60.47% 59.10% 54.43% 60.98% 69.00% Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liab 70.88% 70.68% 68.28% 72.92% 74.81%

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

### FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 16

		<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>
Total OPEB liability				
Service Cost	\$	115,033 \$	118,484 \$	20,186
Interest		72,863	78,474	107,064
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	180,090	-
Changes in assumptions		-	(361,325)	(225,408)
Benefit payments		(50,793)	(86,085)	(77,051)
Net change in total OPEB liability		137,103	(70,362)	(175,209)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,937,435	2,074,538	2,004,176
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	2,074,538 \$	2,004,176 \$	1,828,967
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	44,552 \$	138,543 \$	131,847
Net investment income		19,008	21,638	12,294
Benefit payments		-	(86,085)	(77,051)
Administrative expense		(500)	(1,008)	(1,002)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		63,060	73,088	66,088
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		121,495	184,555	257,643
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	184,555 \$	257,643 \$	323,731
County's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,889,983 \$	1,746,533 \$	1,505,236
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		8.90%	12.86%	17.70%
•	\$	11,036,000 \$	12 120 005	12 515 220
Covered payroll	Ф	11,036,000 \$	12,139,885 \$	12,515,330
County's net pension liability as a		47.400/	44.200/	40.000/
percentage of covered payroll		17.13%	14.39%	12.03%

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SCHOOL BOARD

### FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 17 2017 2018 <u>2019</u> **Total OPEB liability** Service Cost \$ 157,700 \$ 161,643 \$ 89,708 97,588 Interest 100,171 92,588 Differences between expected and actual experience (68, 188)(114,333)Changes in assumptions 90,678 132,169 Benefit payments (124,000)(128,960)(97,520)Net change in total OPEB liability 63,100 109,199 216,945 **Total OPEB liability - beginning** 2,344,000 2,407,100 2,516,299 Total OPEB liability - ending (a) 2,733,244 2,407,100 2,516,299 Covered payroll \$ 28,842,000 \$ 30,556,723 \$ 34,238,439 School Board's Total liability as a percentage of covered payroll 8.35% 8.23% 7.98%

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

### FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 18

Date	De	ctuarially termined ntribution	Ro Cor	tributions in elation to ntractually Required entribution	De	ntribution eficiency Excess)	 Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2019	\$	132,829	\$	131,847	\$	982	\$ 12,515,330	1.05%
2018		133,000		138,543		(5,543)	12,139,885	1.14%
2017		126,000		97,000		29,000	11,036,000	0.88%

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

			Exhibit 19
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	12.33%	9.42%	4.03%

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC)

### FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 AND JUNE 30, 2018

Exhibit 20

	2017	2018
Total HIC OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 5,809	\$ 5,490
Interest	18,930	19,041
Differences between expected and actual experience	_	10,002
Changes in assumptions	(9,898)	-
Benefit payments	(12,257)	(14,277)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	2,584	20,256
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	276,563	279,147
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	279,147	299,403
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	26,474	27,514
Net investment income	1,503	1,889
Benefit payments	(12,257)	(14,277)
Administrative expense	(47)	(57)
Other	32	(32)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 15,705	15,037
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,956	21,661
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	21,661	36,698
County's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 257,486	\$ 262,705
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	7.76%	12.26%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,883,020	\$ 6,114,233
County's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	4.38%	4.30%

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 21

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)	. <u>-</u>	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	. <u>-</u>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2019	\$ 28,781	\$	28,781	\$	-	\$	6,395,752	0.45%
2018	27,514		27,514		-		6,114,233	0.45%
2017	26,474		26,474		-		5,883,020	0.45%
2016	12,996		12,996		-		5,415,024	0.24%
2015	12,836		12,836		-		5,348,274	0.24%

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF ACCOMACK COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2018

Exhibit 22

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2018	0.35%	\$ 4,394,000	\$ 27,986,765	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.34%	4,366,000	27,163,246	16.07%	7.04%

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	R Co	tributions in elation to entractually Required entribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2019	338,793	\$	338,793	\$ -	\$ 28,232,714	1.20%
2018	344,237		344,237	-	27,986,765	1.23%
2017	301,512		301,512	-	27,163,246	1.11%
2016	275,703		275,703	-	26,009,740	1.06%
2015	272,867		272,867	-	25,742,149	1.06%
2014	287,854		287,854	-	25,932,800	1.11%
2013	275,371		275,371	-	24,808,159	1.11%
2012	144,954		144,954	-	24,159,045	0.60%
2011	141,517		141,517	-	23,586,215	0.60%
2010	187,170		187,170	-	25,293,461	0.74%

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF COUNTY AND SCHOOL BOARD'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Exhibit 24

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Pro Sh Ne	mployer's oportionate nare of the t GLI OPEB oility (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
County:						
2018	0.0614%	\$	933,000	\$11,682,982	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.0613%		923,000	11,307,877	8.16%	48.86%
School Board (Nonprof	essional):					
2018	0.0156%	\$	237,000	\$ 2,962,415	8.00%	51.22%
2017	0.0160%		241,000	2,952,275	8.16%	48.86%
School Board (Professi	onal):					
2018	0.1475%	\$	2,240,000	\$28,050,143	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.1473%		2,216,000	27,163,246	8.16%	48.86%

### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Date County:		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	. <u>-</u>	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2019	\$	63,787	\$	63,787	\$	_	\$	12,266,740	0.52%
2018	Ψ	60,752	Ψ	60,752	Ψ	_	Ψ	11,682,982	0.52%
2017		58,801		58,801		_		11,307,877	0.52%
2016		53,032		53,032		_		11,048,241	0.48%
2015		52,316		52,316		_		10,899,210	0.48%
2014		51,715		51,715		_		10,773,964	0.48%
2013		49,146		49,146		_		10,238,758	0.48%
2012		27,110		27,110		_		9,682,063	0.28%
2011		27,540		27,540		-		9,835,841	0.28%
2010		20,949		20,949		-		10,307,921	0.20%
<b>School Boa</b> 2019 2018	rd (N \$	onprofessional 15,453 15,405		15,453 15,405	\$	-	\$	5 2,971,717 2,962,415	0.52% 0.52%
2017		15,352		15,352		_		2,952,275	0.52%
2016		13,765		13,765		-		2,867,655	0.48%
2015		14,175		14,175		-		2,953,111	0.48%
2014		14,328		14,328		-		2,985,035	0.48%
2013		14,527		14,527		-		3,026,538	0.48%
2012		8,290		8,290		-		2,960,840	0.28%
2011		8,131		8,131		-		2,903,770	0.28%
2010		6,365		6,365		-		3,246,740	0.20%
School Boa	rd (P	rofessional)		·					
2019	\$	147,058	\$	147,058	\$	-	\$	, ,	0.52%
2018		145,861		145,861		-		28,050,143	0.52%
2017		141,249		141,249		-		27,163,246	0.52%
2016		124,847		124,847		-		26,009,740	0.48%
2015		123,562		123,562		-		25,742,149	0.48%
2014		124,477		124,477		-		25,932,800	0.48%
2013		120,683		120,683		-		25,142,188	0.48%
2012		67,644		67,644		-		24,158,427	0.28%
2011		66,095		66,095		-		23,605,362	0.28%
2010		48,592		48,592		-		25,288,178	0.19%

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 26 Page 1 of 4

	Budgeted	l Amoı	unts		Variance from Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: General property taxes Other local taxes Permits, fees and licenses	\$ 23,429,947 7,586,198 407,174	\$	23,646,624 7,600,722 407,174	\$ 25,302,037 8,206,446 403,364	\$ 1,655,413 605,724 (3,810)
Fines and forfeitures  Revenue from the use of money and property  Charges for services	70,000 489,799 367,288		70,000 489,799 488,921	85,100 479,288 569,072	15,100 (10,511) 80,151
Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental	142,234 7,072,416		18,250 503,095 7,605,345	40,819 413,262 7,609,149	22,569 (89,833) 3,804
Total revenues	39,565,056		40,829,930	43,108,537	2,278,607
Expenditures: General government administration: Legislative:	4F2 74F		450.745	122 470	10.226
Board of supervisors	 152,715		152,715	 133,479	 19,236
General and financial administration: County administrator	499,169		459,987	311,978	148,009
Human resources	237,607		252,307	231,808	20,499
Legal services Commissioner of the revenue	221,445 319,345		221,445 309,227	221,174 290,936	271 18,291
County assessor	571,698		549,361	517,029	32,332
Treasurer	566,436		698,286	617,186	81,100
Finance	552,785		573,797	523,984	49,813
Information technology	865,159		859,939	811,951	47,988
Risk management	 308,054		308,054	 293,934	 14,120
Total general and financial administration	 4,141,698		4,232,403	 3,819,980	 412,423
Board of elections:					
Electoral board	48,628		49,903	38,747	11,156
Registrar	168,112		168,112	150,896	17,216
Total board of elections	 216,740		218,015	 189,643	28,372
Total general government administration	 4,511,153		4,603,133	 4,143,102	460,031
Judicial administration: Courts:					
Circuit court	87,589		87,589	76,220	11,369
General district court	11,471		11,471	10,981	490
Chief magistrate	16,938		16,938	4,350	12,588
Juvenile and domestic relations court	13,650		13,650	5,422	8,228
Clerk of the circuit court Sheriff court services	465,577		514,906	492,153 484,768	22,753 14,454
Commissioner of accounts	503,442 214		499,222 214	404,700	14,454 214
Victim and witness assistance	95,373		106,584	94,977	11,607
Total courts	 1,194,254		1,250,574	 1,168,871	 81,703
Commonwealth's attorney	 401,681		401,681	 405,827	 (4,146)
Total judicial administration	1,595,935		1,652,255	1,574,698	77,557
Public safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff law enforcement	 2,462,863		2,869,143	 2,866,677	 2,466

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (continued)

Exhibit 26 Page 2 of 4

							\	/ariance from
								Final Budget
		Budgeted	d Amour	nts				Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Expenditures: (continued)	-							
Public safety: (continued)								
Fire and rescue services:								
Volunteer fire and rescue	\$	265,110	\$	305,610	\$	262,992	\$	42,618
Emergency medical services		248,593		284,411		279,667		4,744
Payments to 911 commission		703,169		713,749		685,223		28,526
Total fire and rescue services		1,216,872		1,303,770		1,227,882		75,888
Correction and detention:		0.000.000		0.054.070		0.055.000		(4.000)
Jail		2,238,808		2,054,373		2,055,396		(1,023)
Juvenile probation		126,074		126,074		87,806		38,268
Community correction		-		92,242	. ———	91,839		403
Total correction and detention		2,364,882		2,272,689		2,235,041		37,648
Other protection:								
Building and zoning		438,436		448,939		435,869		13,070
Ordinance enforcement		71,103		72,014		61,377		10,637
Animal control		120,510		120,510		118,820		1,690
Regional animal control facility		106,933		106,933		71,911		35,022
		5,921		6,428		6,428		35,022
S.P.C.A. supplement		,		,		,		40.500
Emergency management		101,036		256,088		236,582		19,506
Medical examiner		5,000		5,000		1,650		3,350
E.S. Coalition Against Domestic Violence supplement		21,650		21,650		21,650		-
Cleanup/disposal of hazardous materials		7,000		42,669	. ———	23,654		19,015
Total other protection  Total public safety	-	877,589 6,922,206		1,080,231 7,525,833		977,941 7,307,541		102,290 218,292
Total public salety		0,022,200	-	7,020,000		7,007,041		210,232
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Storm drainage		201,564		544,907		201,970		342,937
· ·		201,564		544,907		201,970		342,937
Sanitation and waste removal:		222.004		222.004		220 502		(2.042)
General operations		222,861		222,861		226,503		(3,642)
Refuse disposal		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,030,545		(30,545)
Refuse collection		667,294		755,065		702,276		52,789
Maintenance garage		180,413		308,929		324,539		(15,610)
Litter control		347,339		366,179		294,080		72,099
Total sanitation and waste removal		2,417,907		2,653,034		2,577,943		75,091
Maintenance of buildings and grounds:								
Buildings and grounds		1,234,098		1,554,807		1,377,866		176,941
Total public works		3.853.569		4.752.748		4.157.779		594.969
, otal public frome		0,000,000		1,1 02,1 10		.,,		00.,000
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Local health department supplement		649,592		649,592		649,592		-
Rural health dental program supplement		30,971		30,971		30,971		-
Total health		680,563		680,563		680,563		-
Mental health and mental retardation:		465.44		400.44		400 44 :		
Community services board supplement		196,114		196,114		196,114		-

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (continued)

Exhibit 26 Page 3 of 4

								Variance from Final Budget
		Budgeted	l Amo			A - 41		Positive
Expenditures: (continued)		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Health and welfare: (continued) Welfare:								
Property tax relief for the elderly	\$	144,525	\$	144,525	\$	137,259	\$	7,266
Area agency on aging supplement	Φ	23,430	Φ	23,430	Φ	23,430	Φ	7,200
Total welfare		167,955		167,955		160,689		7,266
Total health and welfare		1,044,632		1,044,632		1,037,366		7,266
	-	,	-	, ,		· · · · ·		· · · · · ·
Education:								
Contribution to School Board component unit		17,794,749		18,737,481		16,438,466		2,299,015
Community College supplement		41,028		41,028		41,028		<u> </u>
Total education		17,835,777		18,778,509		16,479,494		2,299,015
Parks, recreation and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:		225.047		225 207		220 727		4.560
Recreation administration and maintenance		325,047		325,297		320,737		4,560
Summer food program		25 450		282,904		88,326		194,578
Boating facilities		35,459		112,844		45,937		66,907
Total parks and recreation		360,506		721,045		455,000		266,045
Cultural enrichment:								
Translator television		74,457		564,398		305,883		258,515
Contribution to Public Library component unit		403,707		403,707		403,707		-
Total cultural enrichment		478,164		968,105		709,590		258,515
Total parks, recreation and cultural		838,670		1,689,150		1,164,590		524,560
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Contribution to Planning Dist. Commission component unit		70,703		70,703		70,703		_
Housing/Redevelopment Corp. supplement		9,215		9,215		9,215		_
Contribution to Economic Dev. Authority component unit		7,500		7,500		7,500		_
Erosion and sediment		82,971		82,971		115,114		(32,143)
Planning		388,878		481,570		332,865		148,705
Enterprise Zone incentives		300,070		25,000		332,003		25,000
Tourism Commission supplement		86,853		101,377		101,377		20,000
Chamber of Commerce supplement		198,145		169,095		110,993		58,102
Star Transit public transportation supplement		176,800		176,800		176,800		30,102
Transportation District Commission supplement		18,666		18,666		6,705		11,961
Small Business Development Center supplement		4,607		4,607		4,607		11,001
Total planning and community development		1,044,338		1,147,504		935,879		211,625
Environmental management:								
Johnsongrass/gypsy moth control program		12,468		12,468		2,264		10,204
Chincoteague water study grant match		50,000		50,000		-		50,000
Soil and Water Conservation District supplement		21,154		31,731		31,731		-
Contribution to Planning Dist. Commission component unit		27,221		27,221		27,221		-
Resource Conservation and Dev. Council supplement		9,999		9,999		9,999		-
Total environmental management		120,842		131,419		71,215		60,204
Cooperative extension program		94,746		94,746		76,635		18,111
Total community development		1,259,926		1,373,669		1,083,729		289,940
, .								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Nondepartmental:								
Contingency		236,973		158,191		<u>-</u>		158,191

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (continued)

Exhibit 26 Page 4 of 4

Expenditures: (continued)	 Budgeted Original	I Amou	nts Final	- -	Actual	F	ariance from inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Debt service	\$ 292,710	\$	292.710	\$	291,960	\$	750
Total expenditures	 38,391,551		41,870,830	<u> </u>	37,240,259		4,630,571
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 1,173,505		(1,040,900)		5,868,278		6,909,178
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	128,760		128,760		129,760		1,000
Transfers out	(2,558,588)		(4,936,134)		(3,216,529)		1,719,605
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,429,828)		(4,807,374)		(3,086,769)		1,720,605
Net changes in fund balance Fund balance, beginning of year	(1,256,323) 18,495,855		(5,848,274) 18,495,855		2,781,509 18,495,855		8,629,783
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 17,239,532	\$	12,647,581	\$	21,277,364	\$	8,629,783

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL VIRGINIA PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Ex	ı_	•	ı_	:4	07
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	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,943	\$ 9,943
Intergovernmental	3,454,645	3,416,698	3,201,513	(215,185)
Total revenues	3,454,645	3,416,698	3,211,456	(205,242)
Expenditures:				
Health and welfare:				
Welfare administration	3,296,598	3,256,704	3,137,638	119,066
Public assistance	675,265	561,245	490,165	71,080
Fuel administration	39,057	39,057	-	39,057
Local only administration	79,731	260,005	144,484	115,521
CSA Coordinator local only	-	30,000	33,336	(3,336)
Medicaid Expansion	-	85,986	80,393	5,593
Service pass-through	150,293			
Total expenditures	4,240,944	4,232,997	3,886,016	346,981
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(786,299)	(816,299)	(674,560)	141,739
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	786,299	816,299	674,560	(141,739)
Total other financing sources (uses)	786,299	816,299	674,560	(141,739)
Net changes in fund balance	_	-	-	_
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	_	-	_
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CONSOLIDATED EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Ex	h	i	h	iŧ	28
-			u	11	ZU

	_	Budgeted Original	l Amo	ounts Final		Actual	Fin I	iance from lal Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:	•	1 000 511	Φ.	4 000 544	•	4 000 470	•	000 000
General property taxes	\$	4,098,541	\$	4,098,541	\$	4,299,170	\$	200,629
Intergovernmental	\$	64,964	\$	72,370	\$	72,897	\$	527
Recovered Costs		<u> </u>		3,700		3,450		(250)
Total revenues		4,163,505		4,174,611		4,375,517		200,906
Expenditures:								
Public safety:								
Fire and rescue services:								
Emergency medical services		3,998,723		4,017,329		3,700,164		317,165
Total expenditures		3,998,723		4,017,329		3,700,164		317,165
Revenues over (under) expenditures		164,782		157,282		675,353		518,071
Other financing sources (uses):								
<b>5</b>		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		(129,760)		(129,760)		(129,760)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(129,760)		(129,760)		(129,760)		-
Net changes in fund balance		35,022		27,522		545,593		518,071
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,863,144		1,863,144		1,863,144		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,898,166	\$	1,890,666	\$	2,408,737	\$	518,071
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## **Other Supplementary Information**



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## Nonmajor Governmental Funds

**Special Revenue Funds**-Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

- <u>Law Library Fund</u>-Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the County's law library.
- <u>Stormwater Ordinance Fund</u>-Accounts for revenues levied in connection with the Virginia Stormwater Management Program. Expenditures may only be used to administer that program.
- <u>Courthouse Security Fund-</u>Accounts for revenues derived from court fees levied in accordance with the Code of Virginia § 53.1-120. Use of these funds is restricted for courthouse security.
- <u>Drug Seizures Fund</u>-Accounts for revenues associated with the sale of assets confiscated from illegal drug activities. Expenditures of this fund are restricted for use on law enforcement activities.
- <u>Fire Programs Fund</u>- Accounts for grant revenues received from the Commonwealth Department of Fire Programs which are restricted for fire education, training and related.
- <u>Rehabilitation Projects Fund</u>-Accounts for revenue and expenditures associated with community development block grants predominantly used for rehabilitation of low income housing.
- <u>Captain's Cove/Greenbackville Mosquito Control Fund</u>-Accounts for revenues derived from a special property tax levied on residents of Captain's Cove and Greenbackville areas. Expenditures are restricted for use on mosquito control services within those areas.
- Comprehensive Youth Services Fund-Accounts for and reports revenues and expenditures associated with the Comprehensive Services Act (CSA). The Comprehensive Services Act is a mandated Commonwealth program; the purpose of which is to provide high quality, child centered, family focused, cost effective, community-based services to high-risk youth and their families. Revenues are primarily derived from intergovernmental funding including significant local funding from the County's General Fund.
- <u>Consolidated Fire and Rescue Service Fund</u>-This fund was created as a result of consolidating Fire and Rescue District Special Revenue Funds 2,3,4 and 5. It accounts for general tax revenues designated to provide operational funding to County volunteer fire and rescue companies.

### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2019

								Special Revenue		_
	Law Library Fund	Stormwater Ordinance Fund	Drug Seizures Fund	Courthouse Security Fund	Fire Programs Fund	Rehabilitation Projects Fund	Captains Cove Greenbackville Mosquito Control Fund	Comprehensive Youth Services Fund	Consolidated Fire and Rescue Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 57,789	\$ 2,436	\$ 42,048	¢	\$ 114,887	\$ 226,556	\$ 29,503	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,447,898	\$ 1,922,617
Receivables (net):	Ψ 51,109	φ 2,430	φ 42,040	Ψ	ψ 114,007	ψ 220,330	φ 29,505	ψ 1,500	Ψ 1,447,030	Ψ 1,922,017
Taxes, including penalties	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,769	-	785,639	801,408
Accounts / other	737	-	-	7,505	1,000	-	-	34,572	-	43,814
Due from other governmental entities: Commonwealth of Virginia			_	_		_	_	268,767	_	268,767
Total assets	58,526	2,436	42,048	7,505	115,887	226,556	45,272	304,839	2,233,537	3,036,606
				- 1,000	,		,			
<u>Liabilities:</u>	4.004	0.400				00.440	17.000	000 575	050 040	4 440 700
Accounts payable Wages payable	1,334	2,436	-	4,203	99	26,416	17,266	220,575	850,612	1,118,738 4,203
Due to other government entities:	-	-	-	4,203	-	-		-	-	4,203
Northampton County	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,120	_	17,120
Interfund payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67,144	-	67,144
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	91,633	-	-	-	-	91,633
Total liabilities	1,334	2,436	-	4,203	91,732	26,416	17,266	304,839	850,612	1,298,838
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Deferred property tax revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,189	-	737,136	754,325
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,677	-	127,210	129,887
Total deferred inflow of resources		-	-	-	-	-	19,866	-	864,346	884,212
Fund Balances:										
Restricted for:										
Fire and Rescue	-	-	-	-	24,155	-	-	-	-	24,155
Mosquito Control	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,140	-	-	8,140
Judicial Administration	-	-	11,183	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,183
Courthouse Security Fire and Rescue	-	-	-	3,302	-	-	-	-	-	3,302
Law Library	- 57,192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,192
Law Enforcement	-	-	30,865	-	-	-	-	_	-	30,865
Community Development	-	-	-	-	-	200,140	-	-	-	200,140
Assigned to:						,				,
Fire and Rescue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	518,579	518,579
Total fund balances	57,192	-	42,048	3,302	24,155	200,140	8,140	-	518,579	853,556
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources and fund balances	\$ 58,526	\$ 2,436	\$ 42,048	\$ 7,505	\$ 115,887	\$ 226,556	\$ 45,272	\$ 304,839	\$ 2,233,537	\$ 3,036,606
		,	. , ,		-,	-,	-,		. ,,	. ,,

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 30 Special Special Revenue Revenue Captains Cove Greenbackville Comprehen-Consolidated Total Law Stormwater Drug Courthouse Fire Rehabilitation Mosquito sive Youth Fire and Nonmajor Control Library Ordinance Seizures Security Programs **Projects** Services Rescue Governmental Fund Funds Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Revenues: \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 51,652 \$ \$ 1,590,795 \$ 1,642,447 General property taxes Other local taxes 88,952 88,952 Permits, fees and licenses 11,399 11,399 Revenue from the use of money and property 18 10 36 64 Charges for services 8.629 8.629 Miscellaneous 7,625 (6.490)1,135 Recovered costs 4,068 4,068 Intergovernmental 44,110 30,000 1,051,683 41,181 1,166,974 Total revenues 8.629 11,399 18 88,952 51,745 34,104 51.652 1,045,193 1,631,976 2,923,668 Expenditures: Judicial administration 3.550 551 4.101 Public safety 5,250 133,907 76,500 1,748,884 1,964,541 Health and welfare 1,355,303 57,797 1,297,506 Community development 42,537 168,653 211,190 Total expenditures 3,550 168,653 5,801 133,907 76,500 42,537 57,797 1,297,506 1,748,884 3,535,135 Revenues over (under) expenditures 5,079 (157, 254)(5,783)(44,955)(24,755)(8,433)(6,145)(252,313)(116,908)(611,467)Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 157,254 38,430 15,000 252,313 462,997 Total other financing sources (uses) 157,254 38,430 15,000 252,313 462,997 Net change in fund balances 5,079 (5,783)(6,525)(9,755)(8,433)(6,145)(116,908)(148,470)Fund balance, beginning of year 52,113 47,831 9,827 33.910 208,573 14,285 635,487 1,002,026 Fund balance, end of year 57,192 \$ - \$ 42,048 \$ 3,302 \$ 24,155 200,140 \$ 8,140 \$ \$ 518,579 853,556

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Law Libra				Stormwater C	Ordinance Fun			Drug Se	izures Fund	
	Bu	udgeted	Amounts		Variance From Final Budget Positive		I Amounts		Variance From Final Budget Positive	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance From Final Budget Positive
		ginal	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					-					-			
General property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other local taxes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Permits, privilege fees and licenses Revenue from the use of money and property		-	-	-	-	30,903	30,903	11,399	(19,504)	-	-	- 18	- 18
Charges for services		7,000	7,000	8,629	1,629	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Miscellaneous		· -	· -	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Recovered costs		-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Intergovernmental		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)
Total revenues		7,000	7,000	8,629	1,629	30,903	30,903	11,399	(19,504)	2,000	2,000	18	(1,982)
Expenditures:													
Judicial administration		7,000	59,113	3,550	55,563	-	-	-	-		11,730	551	11,179
Public safety		· -	· -	-		-	-	-	-	2,000	38,101	5,250	32,851
Health and welfare		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -	, <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	· -
Community development		-	-	-	-	187,856	187,856	168,653	19,203	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures		7,000	59,113	3,550	55,563	187,856	187,856	168,653	19,203	2,000	49,831	5,801	44,030
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-	(52,113)	5,079	57,192	(156,953)	(156,953)	(157,254)	(301)	-	(47,831)	(5,783)	42,048
Other financing sources (uses):													
Transfers in		-	_	-	-	156,953	156,953	157,254	301	-	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	-	-	156,953	156,953	157,254	301	-	-	-	-
Net changes in fund balance		_	(52,113)	5,079	57,192	-	-	-	_	-	(47,831)	(5,783)	42,048
Fund balance, beginning of year	4	6,321	52,113	52,113	-	-	-	-	-	19,790	47,831	47,831	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4	6,321		\$ 57,192	\$ 57,192	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,790	\$ -	\$ 42,048	\$ 42,048

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (continued)

			Courtho	use S	ecurity Fund					F	ire Progra	ıms F						ı	Rehabi	ilitatio	n Proje	ects Fu		
		idgeted ginal	Amount Fina		Actual	Final Po	ce From Budget sitive gative)	В	sudgeted iginal		unts inal	Ad		Final Po	nce From Budget ositive gative)	E	Budget riginal		mounts Fina		Act	ual	Fin F	ance From al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:																								
General property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- ;	\$	-	\$	-	\$		- \$	5	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other local taxes	8	0,000	80,	000	88,952		8,952		-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Permits, privilege fees and licenses		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Revenue from the use of money and property		-		-	-		-		-		-		10		10			-		-		36		36
Charges for services		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-	-		-		7,000		7,000		7,625		625			-		-		-		-
Recovered costs		-		-	-		-		6,700		6,700		-		(6,700)			-		-		4,068		4,068
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-		59,000	1	29,016	-	44,110	(	84,906)			-	33,	000	3	0,000		(3,000)
Total revenues	8	0,000	80,	000	88,952		8,952		72,700	1	42,716		51,745	(	90,971)			-	33,	000	3	4,104		1,104
Expenditures:																								
Judicial administration	8	0.000	89.	827	-		89,827		-		-		-		-			-		-		-		_
Public safety		· -		-	133,907	(1:	33,907)		88,700	1	96,361	-	76,500	1	19,861			_		-		-		_
Health and welfare		-		-	-	`	-		-		-		-		-			_		-		-		_
Community development		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-			-	33,	000	4	2,537		(9,537)
Total expenditures	8	0,000	89,	827	133,907	(-	44,080)		88,700	1	96,361		76,500	1	19,861			-	33,	000	4	2,537		(9,537)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-	(9,	827)	(44,955)	(:	35,128)	(	16,000)	(	53,645)	(2	24,755)		28,890			-		-	(	8,433)		(8,433)
Other financing sources (uses):																								
Transfers in		_		_	38,430		38,430		16,000		16,000		15,000		(1,000)			_		-		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	38,430		38,430		16,000		16,000		15,000		(1,000)			-		-		-		-
Net changes in fund balance Fund balance, beginning of year		7,866	, ,	827) 827	(6,525) 9,827		3,302		- 28,128	(	(37,645) 33,910		(9,755) 33,910		27,890			-	208,	- 573		8,433) 8,573		(8,433)
Fund balance, end of year			\$		\$ 3,302	\$	3,302		28,128	\$	'		24,155	\$	27,890	\$		- \$				0,140	\$	(8,433)

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (continued)

		С		ains Cove Iosquito Co			е		Con	nnra	hensive Yo	outh	Sarvicas I	Fund	(	Consolidated	Fire & Rescue	Fund	
	_	Budgeted Original		•			Fina Po	nce From I Budget ositive gative)					\	/ariance Froi Final Budge Positive (Negative)	m t	d Amounts Final	- Actual	Varia Fin F	ance From al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:	¢.	42.023	\$	43.012	\$	51.652	¢.	8.640	œ.	\$		\$		\$ -	¢4 E47 634	¢4 E47 604	\$1.590.795	¢.	10 161
General property taxes Other local taxes	Ф	42,023	Ф	43,012	Ф	51,052	Ф	0,040	Ф -	Ф	-	Ф	-	<b>5</b> -	\$1,547,631	\$1,547,631	\$1,590,795	Ф	43,164
Permits, privilege fees and licenses		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Revenue from the use of money and property		500		500				(500)	-					-	-	-	-		
Charges for services		-		-		_		(500)	_		_		_	_	_	_	_		_
Miscellaneous		_		_		_		_	-		_		(6,490)	(6,490)	-	_	_		_
Recovered costs		_		_		_		_	-		_		-	(=,:==,	-	_	_		_
Intergovernmental		-		_		_		-	879.100		879.100	1.	051.683	172.583	-	-	41.181		41,181
Total revenues		42,523		43,512		51,652		8,140	879,100	1	879,100	1,	045,193	166,093	1,547,631	1,547,631	1,631,976		84,345
Expenditures:																			
Judicial administration		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-	1,547,631	2,170,748	1,748,884		421,864
Health and welfare		42,523		57,797		57,797		-	1,132,016	1	1,132,016	1,	297,506	(165,490)	-	-	-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-		-
Total expenditures		42,523		57,797		57,797		-	1,132,016		1,132,016		297,506	(165,490)	1,547,631	2,170,748	1,748,884		421,864
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(14,285)		(6,145)		8,140	(252,916	)	(252,916)	(	252,313)	603		(623,117)	(116,908)		506,209
Other financing sources (uses):																			
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	252,916		252,916		252,313	(603)	-	-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-	252,916	i	252,916		252,313	(603)	-	-	-		-
Net changes in fund balance		-		(14,285)		(6,145)		8,140	-		-		-	-	-	(623,117)	(116,908)		506,209
Fund balance, beginning of year		6,909		14,285		14,285		-	-		-		-	-	351,595	635,487	635,487		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	6,909	\$	-	\$	8,140	\$	8,140	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 351,595	\$ 12,370	\$ 518,579	\$	506,209

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (continued)

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			onmajor Governmental Funds Actual			Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:										
General property taxes	\$	1,589,654	\$	1,590,643	\$	1,642,447	\$	51,804		
Other local taxes		80,000		80,000		88,952		8,952		
Permits, privilege fees and licenses		30,903		30,903		11,399		(19,504)		
Revenue from the use of money and property		500		500		64		(436)		
Charges for services		7,000		7,000		8,629		1,629		
Miscellaneous		7,000		7,000		1,135		(5,865)		
Recovered costs		6,700		6,700		4,068		(2,632)		
Intergovernmental		940,100		1,043,116		1,166,974		123,858		
Total revenues		2,661,857		2,765,862		2,923,668		157,806		
Expenditures:										
Judicial administration		87,000		160,670		4,101		156,569		
Public safety		1,638,331		2,405,210		1,964,541		440,669		
Health and welfare		1,174,539		1,189,813		1,355,303		(165,490)		
Community development		187,856		220,856		211,190		9,666		
Total expenditures		3,087,726		3,976,549		3,535,135		441,414		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(425,869)		(1,210,687)		(611,467)		599,220		
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		425,869		425,869		462,997		37,128		
Total other financing sources (uses)		425,869		425,869		462,997		37,128		
Net changes in fund balance		-		(784,818)		(148,470)		636,348		
Fund balance, beginning of year		480,609		1,002,026		1,002,026		· -		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	480,609	\$	217,208	\$	853,556	\$	636,348		

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

							Exhibit 32
							ance from al Budget
		Budgeted		Positive			
	_	Original	Final	•	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:							
General property taxes	\$	3,241,764	\$ 3,241,764	\$	3,238,920	\$	(2,844)
Intergovernmental		82,376	82,376		82,362		(14)
Total revenues		3,324,140	3,324,140		3,321,282		(2,858)
Expenditures:							
Debt Service:							
Principal		2,164,992	2,164,992		2,164,992		-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,047,558	1,047,558		1,046,797		761
Total expenditures		3,212,550	3,212,550		3,211,789		761
Revenues over (under) expenditures		111,590	111,590		109,493		(2,097)
Net changes in fund balance		111,590	111,590		109,493		(2,097)
Fund balance, beginning of year		264,736	264,736		264,736		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	376,326	\$ 376,326	\$	374,229	\$	(2,097)

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FΥ	hi	hi	22

		Budgeted A	mounts		Variance from Final Budget Positive
	0	riginal	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					,
Investment earnings	\$	- \$	-	\$ 353	\$ 353
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-	1,120,188	1,120,188
Intergovernmental		-	765,000	175,448	(589,552)
Total revenues		-	765,000	1,295,989	530,989
Expenditures:					
General government administration		-	98,500	-	98,500
Judicial Administraton		-	780,882	222,795	558,087
Public safety		685,000	1,228,411	283,291	945,120
Public works		55,000	422,106	417,761	4,345
Health and welfare		-	-	(9,920)	9,920
Education		-	9,958	-	9,958
Parks and recreation		175,000	1,242,142	550,092	692,050
Community development		71,156	510,024	382,300	127,724
Total expenditures		986,156	4,292,023	1,846,319	2,445,704
Revenues over (under) expenditure		(986,156)	(3,527,023)	(550,330)	2,976,693
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		986,156	3,334,902	1,718,907	(1,615,995)
Total other financing sources (uses)		986,156	3,334,902	1,718,907	
Net changes in fund balance		_	(192,121)	1,168,577	1,360,698
Fund balance, beginning of year		104,276	535,631	104,276	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	104,276 \$	343,510	\$ 1,272,853	\

## **Nonmajor Proprietary Funds**

**Proprietary Funds**-Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to businesses in the private sector.

- Water & Sewer Fund-Accounts for water and sewer operations in the County. Currently, the
  only water and sewer services delivered by the County are to businesses located inside or in
  close proximity to the County Industrial Park or Wallops Research Park. Operations are
  primarily funded through user fees.
- <u>Parks and Recreation Revolving Fund-</u>This fund in used to account for parks and recreation events which are financed in whole or in part by user fees.

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2019

		se Funds			
		Noni			
		Fu			
	V	Vater and	Parl	ks and	
		Sewer	Rec	reation	
		Fund	Revolv	ving Fund	Total
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	368,641	\$	- \$	368,641
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		36,377		163	36,540
Total current assets		405,018		163	405,181
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Buildings		1,072		-	1,072
Machinery and equipment		198,239		6,900	205,139
Construction in progress		26,410		-	26,410
Total capital assets		225,721		6,900	232,621
Total assets		630,739		7,063	637,802
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		37,158		7,583	44,741
Wages and benefits payable		· -		161	161
Total current liabilities	1	37,158		7,744	44,902
Total liabilities		37,158		7,744	44,902
Net Position:					
Investment in capital assets		225,721		6,900	232,621
Unrestricted		367,860		(7,581)	360,279
Total net position	\$	593,581	\$	(681) \$	592,900
		,-•	- T	(/ Ψ	,

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		erprise	orise Funds			
	Nonmajor					
	Funds Water and Parks ar			and	•	
	Sewer		Recreation			
		Fund	Revolvin	g Fund		Total
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	305,519	\$	29,912	\$	335,431
Other operating revenue		-		5,180		5,180
Total operating revenues		305,519		35,092		340,611
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services and fringe benefits		-		8,904		8,904
Other operating expenses		377,473		35,351		412,824
Depreciation		12,291		998		13,289
Total operating expenses		389,764		45,253		435,017
Operating income (loss)		(84,245)		(10,161)		(94,406)
Income (loss)		(84,245)		(10,161)		(94,406)
Changes in net position		(84,245)		(10,161)		(94,406)
Total net position, beginning of year		677,826		9,480		687,306
Total net position, end of year	\$	593,581	\$	(681)	\$	592,900

### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds					se Funds
	Nonmajor					
	Funds					
	Water and Parks and					
		Sewer		ecreation		
		Fund	Revo	olving Func		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$	302,512	\$	32,621	\$	335,133
Payments to suppliers		(376,260)		(35,760)		(412,020)
Payments to employees and benefits paid on behalf of employees		-		(11,123)		(11,123)
Other receipts		(354)		5,180		4,826
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(74,102)		(9,082)		(83,184)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Purchase of capital assets		(25,710)		-		(25,710)
Transfer from (to) the General Fund		-		3,977		3,977
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(25,710)		3,977		(21,733)
		(00.040)		(= 40=)		(40404=)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(99,812)		(5,105)		(104,917)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		468,453		5,105	Φ.	473,558
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	368,641	\$	-	\$	368,641
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for)	ope	rating activi	ties:			
Occupied to the control of the contr	Φ.	(0.4.0.45)	Φ.	(40.404)	Φ.	(0.4.400)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(84,245)	\$	(10,161)	\$	(94,406)
A.P. store of the control of the con						
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for	or) op	-	vities			40.000
Depreciation		12,291		998		13,289
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(0.004)		0.700		(050)
(Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable		(3,361)		2,709		(652)
Increase (Decrease) in accrued payroll costs		4 040		(2,219)		(2,219)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		1,213		(409)		804
Total adjustments	ф.	(2,148)	Φ	81	Φ.	(2,067)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(74,102)	\$	(9,082)	\$	(83,184)

### **Agency Funds**

Agency Funds-Agency funds are used to account for the assets held by a government unit as an agent for individuals, organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Agency funds do not involve the measurement of results of operations, as they are custodial in nature. The County has the following agency funds:

- Special Welfare-The Special Welfare fund is established under the authority of Section 63.1-51, Code of Virginia, as amended. This fund accounts for Social Security or Veteran's Administration benefits for specific individuals for which the County is acting as the custodian. It also accounts for donations and the provision for emergency assistance to indigent citizens.
- <u>War Memorial Fund</u>-The War Memorial Fund is established to accounts for citizen donations for memorial service commemorations.
- <u>Sheriff Canteen Fund</u>-The Sheriff Canteen Fund accounts for funds held on behalf of inmates of the County jail.

#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2019

					ı	Exhibit 37
	Agency Funds					
	Welfare Cantee			Sheriff Canteen Fund		Total Agency Funds
Assets: Cash and investments held by Treasurer	\$	43,668	\$	-	\$	43,668
Cash and investments in custody of others			<u> </u>	166,332		166,332
Total assets		43,668	_	166,332		210,000
<u>Liabilities:</u> Amounts held for social service clients		43,668		-		43,668
Amounts held for others		-		166,332		166,332
Total liabilities	\$	43,668	\$	166,332	\$	210,000

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 38

	_	Balance ly 1, 2018	,	Additions	ons Deletions			Balance June 30, 2019		
Special Welfare Fund: Assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	41,337	\$	116,319	\$	113,988	\$	43,668		
Liabilities:										
Amount held for social service clients		41,337		116,319		113,988		43,668		
Sheriff Canteen Fund:										
Assets:										
Cash and investments		173,108		281,726		288,502		166,332		
<u>Liabilities:</u>										
Amount held for others		173,108		281,726		288,502		166,332		
Totals-All Agency Funds:										
Assets:										
Cash and investments		214,445		398,045		402,490		210,000		
<u>Liabilities:</u>										
Amount held for social service clients		41,337		116,319		113,988		43,668		
Amount held for others	Ф.	173,108	Φ	281,726	Φ.	288,502	Φ.	166,332		
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	214,445	\$	398,045	\$	402,490	\$	210,000		



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### Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

- **School Operating Fund-**Accounts for and reports the primary operating activities of the Accomack County Public Schools.
- **School Cafeteria Fund-**Accounts for and reports the operating activities of school food service facilities.
- School Capital Projects Fund-Accounts for and reports the acquisition or construction of major school capital facilities financed, for the most part, by County issued debt.
- **School Activity Fund-**Accounts for and reports the student activity monies maintained on behalf of the students of each school.

### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 39

		Majo	r Funds		Nonmajor Fund	
		School Operating Fund	School Capital Projects Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net	\$	5,260,096 23,272	\$	6 9	\$ 453,904 -	\$ 5,714,006 23,272
Due from the Commonwealth		463,771		-	-	463,771
Due from the Federal Government		1,554,955			51,848	1,606,803
Total assets		7,302,094		6	505,752	7,807,852
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		1,199,834		_	66,002	1,265,836
Wages and benefits payable		5,594,922		_	-	5,594,922
Unearned revenue		390,850		-	-	390,850
Total liabilities		7,185,606			66,002	7,251,608
Fund Balances: Reserved for: Restricted: Education Capital Projects		116,488 -		6	- -	116,488 6
Assigned: Food Services					439,750	420.750
Total fund balances		116,488	-	<u>-</u> 6	439,750	439,750 556,244
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,302,094		6 5		330,244
are not reported in the governmental funds. Those ass Land Buildings, net of depreciation Improvements other than buildings, net of depreciation Machinery and equipment, net of depreciation Construction in progress School Board capital assets in primary government, r Total capital assets	n			_	974,862 46,968,576 2,370,652 5,279,200 35,000 (12,508,295)	<u>)</u> 43,119,995
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for curr are deferred in the funds Net pension asset Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB	ent-p	eriod expenditu	ures and, therefor	e, 	1,067,412 (5,279,102 (392,277	)
Total other long-term assets						(4,603,967)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the curr reported in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilitie Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Net termination benefit obligation Net pension liability Deferred outflows related to pensions					(1,714,533) (9,604,244) (285,665) (40,652,000) 5,398,027	) ) )
Deferred outflows related to OPEB					903,023	
Net adjustment						(45,955,392)
Total net position						\$ (6,883,120)

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 40

	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by The net transfer resulting from this resources and, therefore, are not recompensated absences OPEB expense Net termination benefit obligation Pension expense Net adjustment	over the	d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d nip increases th	eful lives and the Soved on such lebt to asse transfers	chool Boan by the Coats on a ye to the Sch	d as depreciation 960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County punty. The trans ar to year basis. nool Board.	n -	(1,621,435) 1,200,690 2,879,617
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by The net transfer resulting from this resources and, therefore, are not represented absences OPEB expense Net termination benefit obligation Pension expense	over the	d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d nip increases th	eful lives and the Soved on such lebt to asse transfers	chool Boan by the Coats on a ye to the Sch	d as depreciation 960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County punty. The trans ar to year basis. nool Board.  current financial s. 388,968 17,982 170,802	n -	1,200,690
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by The net transfer resulting from this resources and, therefore, are not recompensated absences OPEB expense Net termination benefit obligation	over the	d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d nip increases th	eful lives and the Soved on such lebt to asse transfers	chool Boan by the Coats on a ye to the Sch	d as depreciation 960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County punty. The trans ar to year basis. nool Board.  current financial s. 388,968 17,982 170,802	n -	
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by The net transfer resulting from this resources and, therefore, are not represented absences OPEB expense	over the	d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d nip increases th	eful lives and the Soved on such lebt to asse transfers	chool Boan by the Coats on a ye to the Sch	d as depreciation 960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County punty. The trans ar to year basis. nool Board.  current financial s. 388,968 17,982	n -	
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by The net transfer resulting from this resources and, therefore, are not recompensated absences	over the	d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d nip increases th	eful lives and the Soved on such lebt to asse transfers	chool Boan by the Coats on a ye to the Sch	d as depreciation 960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County bunty. The trans ar to year basis. nool Board.  current financial s. 388,968	n -	
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by The net transfer resulting from this resources and, therefore, are not reported.	over the	d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d nip increases th	eful lives and the Soved on such lebt to asse transfers	chool Boan by the Coats on a ye to the Sch	d as depreciation 960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County bunty. The trans ar to year basis. nool Board.  current financial s.	n -	
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by The net transfer resulting from this resulting from the state.	over the	d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d nip increases th	eful lives and the Soved on such lebt to asse transfers	chool Boan by the Coats on a ye to the Sch	d as depreciation 960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County punty. The trans ar to year basis. nool Board.	n -	
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by	tly owne	eir estimated us d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d	eful lives and the Sized on such lebt to asse	chool Boan by the Cots on a ye	960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County bunty. The trans ar to year basis.	n -	
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by	tly owne	eir estimated us d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d	eful lives and the Sized on such lebt to asse	chool Boan by the Cots on a ye	960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County bunty. The trans ar to year basis.	n -	
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join share of School Board assets is in p to the School Board are affected by	tly owne	eir estimated us d by the County n to the debt ow ionship of the d	eful lives and the Sized on such lebt to asse	chool Boan by the Cots on a ye	960,565 (2,582,000)  rd. The County bunty. The trans ar to year basis.	n -	
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets Net adjustment  School Board capital assets are join	over the	eir estimated us	eful lives and the So	nd reporte	960,565 (2,582,000)	n -	(1,621,435)
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets	over the				d as depreciation 960,565		(1,621,435)
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures Depreciation on capital assets	over the				d as depreciation 960,565		4 604 :55
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow Capital asset expenditures	over the				d as depreciation 960,565		
	the cost of those assets is allocated expense. This net effect is as follow	over the				d as depreciation		
	the cost of those assets is allocated	over the						
					in the state		es	
	Governmental funds report capital o	utlavs as	s expenditures	However	:	ement of activitie		
Ar	mounts reported for governmental acti	vities in	the Statement of	of Activities	are differe	ent because:		
Net ch	nanges in fund balance per above						\$	(287,666)
Fund balance, e	end of year	\$	116,488	\$	6 \$	439,750	\$	556,244
	peginning of year		210,003	<u> </u>	2	633,905	•	843,910
Net changes in			(93,515)		4	(194,155)		(287,666)
							_	
	es over (under) expenditures		(93,515)		4	(194,155)		(287,666)
Total expe			54,638,928		-	2,634,464		57,273,392
Food service			56,820		_	2,634,464		2,691,284
Technology			3,662,733		-	-		3,662,733
•	ortation services		3,388,032		_	-		3,388,032
	and maintenance services		5,299,446		-	-		5,299,446
	and health services		1,208,230		-	<del>-</del>		1,640,277
Instruction Administrati	ion of schools		39,383,390 1,208,230		-	-		39,383,390 1,208,230
Education:			20 202 222					20 202 222
Expenditures:								
Total revenu	ues		34,343,413		4	2,440,309		30,903,726
	eral Government		3,880,993 54,545,413		4	2,025,380 2,440,309		5,906,373 56,985,726
From the Com			33,776,451		-	34,129		33,810,580
From the loca	· ·		16,438,466		-	-		16,438,466
Recovered co			160,506		-	-		160,506
Miscellaneous	5		242,115		-	-		242,115
Charges for se	ervices		46,882		-	376,509		423,391
Revenue from	n the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	4 \$	4,291	\$	4,295
			i dild	1 10,000	. 4114	i dilu		1 01100
Revenues:			Operating Fund	Projects		Fund	G	Funds
			School	Scho Capit		School Cafeteria	C	Total overnmental
			Major		- ol	Fund	-	Total
			N.4-1	<b>-</b>		Nonmajor		
						Nonmaior		

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHOOL OPERATING FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exni	bit	41

	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	1					
Charges for services	\$ 128,706	\$ 128,706	\$ 46,882	\$ (81,824)		
Miscellaneous	40,070	251,023	242,115	(8,908)		
Recovered costs	244,000	244,000	160,506	(83,494)		
From the local government	17,809,457	18,752,189	16,438,466	(2,313,723)		
From the Commonwealth	32,128,349	33,591,760	33,776,451	184,691		
From the Federal Government	182,730	4,203,598	3,880,993	(322,605)		
Total revenues	50,533,312	57,171,276	54,545,413	(2,625,863)		
Expenditures: Education: Instruction Administration of schools	35,569,088	39,840,945	39,383,390	457,555		
Administration of schools Attendance and health services	1,230,417	1,230,604	1,208,230	22,374		
	1,518,167 5,427,114	1,627,918 6,576,884	1,640,277 5,299,446	(12,359) 1,277,438		
Operation and maintenance services  Pupil transportation services	3,341,607	4,283,198	3,388,032	895,166		
Technology services	3,142,413	3,697,645	3,662,733	34,912		
Food services	7,998	51,259	56,820	(5,561)		
Total expenditures	50,236,804	57,308,453	54,638,928	2,669,525		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	296,508	(137,177)	(93,515)	43,662		
ixeverides over (drider) experialitares	290,300	(137,177)	(93,313)	45,002		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	221,416	_	(221,416)		
Transfers out	296,508	294,243	-	(294,243)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	296,508	515,659	-	(515,659)		
Net changes in fund balance Fund balance, beginning of year	593,016 210,003	378,482 210,003	(93,515) 210,003	(471,997)		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 803,019	\$ 588,485	\$ 116,488	\$ (471,997)		

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION-AGENCY FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2019

	Exhibit 42
	School Activities Fund
Assets: Cash and investments in custody of others	\$ 729,635
<u>Liabilities:</u> Amounts held for school activities	\$ 729,635

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 43

	_	Balance ly 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance ne 30, 2019
School Activities Fund:  Assets:  Cash and investments in custody of others	\$	779,327	\$ 1,297,966	\$ 1,347,659	\$ 729,634
<u>Liabilities:</u> Amounts held for school activities	\$	779,327	\$ 1,297,966	\$ 1,347,659	\$ 729,634

### Nonmajor Discretely Presented Component Units

- Economic Development Authority of Accomack County
- Accomack-Northampton Planning District Commission
- Eastern Shore Public Library
- Quinby Boat Harbor Committee
- Greenbackville Boat Harbor Committee
- Greenbackville/Captain's Cove Mosquito Control Commission

## COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS AT JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 44

					Con	nponent Units	3						
		Planning District		Eastern Shore Public Library		Quinby Harbor Committee		Captains Cove Greenbackville Mosquito Control Commission		enbackville Harbor emmittee	Economic Development Authority	[ F	Total Nonmajor Discretely Presented nponent Units
Assets:	•	500.000	•	007.404	•	04.440	•	00.000	•	00.440	<b>.</b> 440.447	•	4 405 004
Cash and investments	\$	528,688	\$	267,431	Ф	64,140	\$	63,382	<b>Þ</b>	62,143	\$ 119,447	\$	1,105,231
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		463,001		-		-		-		-	-		463,001
Accounts receivables, net Loan receivables		492,858		-		-		-		-	62		492,920 36,999
		36,999		-		-		28,667		-	-		28,667
Due from other governmental entities Inventories		-		197 400		-		20,007		-	-		
		20.606		187,400		2 275		-		-	-		187,400
Prepaid expenses Unconditional promises to give		28,696		390 373,200		3,375		-		-	-		32,461 373,200
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		-		373,200		-		-		-	-		373,200
Land		111,059		5,000		_		_		_	301,678		417,737
Buildings		4,661		429,299		_		_		_	301,070		433,960
Improvements other than buildings		83,311		423,233		_		_		_	_		83,311
Machinery and equipment		27,557		30,751		_		_		_	4,095		62,403
Construction in progress		21,551		30,731		_		_		_	-,055		02,403
Net pension asset		390,786		-		_		_		_	_		390,786
Total assets		2,167,616		1,293,471		67,515		92,049		62,143	425,282		4,108,076
Deferred Outflows of Resources:													
Pension deferrals		9,455		16,838		_		_		_	_		26,293
Total deferred outflows of resources		9,455		16,838		=		=		=	-		26,293
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable		105,203		27,696		1,018		2,100		_	3,095		139,112
Wages and benefits payable		17,674		3,093		1,010		2,100		_	5,095		20,767
Unearned revenues		96,550		2,000		15,602		_		_	_		114,152
Noncurrent liabilities:		00,000		2,000		10,002							114,102
Due in more than one year-compensated absences		110,169		19,053		-		_		-	-		129,222
Due in more than one year-Net pension liability		-		6,417		-		-		-	-		6,417
Total liabilities		329,596		58,259		16,620		2,100		-	3,095		409,670
Deferred Inflows of Resources:													
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		119,194		8,616		-		-		-	-		127,810
Net Position:													
Investment in capital assets		226,588		465,050							305,773		997,411
Restricted		500,000		655,053		-		-		-	-		1,155,053
Unrestricted	<u></u>	1,001,693		123,331		50,895		89,949		62,143	116,414		1,444,425
Total net position	\$	1,728,281	\$	1,243,434	\$	50,895	\$	89,949	\$	62,143	\$ 422,187	\$	3,596,889

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 45

		Compo	nent Units				
				Captains Cove			Total
		Eastern					Nonmajor,
	Planning	Shore	Quinby	Mosquito	Greenbackville	Economic	Discretely
	District	Public	Harbor	Control	Harbor	Development	Presented,
	Commission	Library	Committee	Commission	Committee	Authority	Component Units
Operating revenues:							
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 82,601	\$ 684,028	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 766,629
Use of property	46,250	23,219	-	-	-	-	69,469
Charges for services	1,338,541	24,665	19,912	57,797	22,840	-	1,463,755
Miscellaneous		28,259	-	-	-	4,010	32,269
Total operating revenues	1,467,392	760,171	19,912	57,797	22,840	4,010	2,332,122
Operating expenses:							
General and administration	45,498	-	10,311	391	7,144	1,042	64,386
Contractual services	-	158,676	-	38,100	2,866	3,000	202,642
Personnel	-	476,039	-	-	-	1,282	477,321
Materials and supplies	-	169,639	-	30,432	-	197	200,268
Other operating expenses	-	53,005	1,588	-	365	-	54,958
Project expenses	1,471,868	-	-	-	-	-	1,471,868
Contribution	-	-	-	-	25,000	-	25,000
Depreciation	28,870	38,989	-	-	-	780	68,639
Total operating expenses	1,546,236	896,348	11,899	68,923	35,375	6,301	2,565,082
Operating income (loss)	(78,844)	(136,177)	8,013	(11,126)	(12,535)	(2,291)	(232,960)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Contributions from local government	97,924	541,707	-	-	-	7,500	647,131
Contributions to local government		(2,120,188)	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	(2,120,188)
Investment earnings	8,177		6	-	85	41	8,309
State grants	-	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
GASB 68 pension benefit	197,301	-	-	-	-	-	197,301
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(3,055)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,055)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	300,347	(1,078,481)	6	-	85	7,541	(770,502)
Changes in net position	221,503	(1,214,658)	8,019	(11,126)	(12,450)	5,250	(1,003,462)
Total net position, beginning of year	1,506,778	2,458,092	42,876	101,075	74,593	416,937	4,600,351
Total net position, end of year	\$ 1,728,281	\$ 1,243,434	\$ 50,895	\$ 89,949	\$ 62,143	\$ 422,187	\$ 3,596,889

#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit 4	-6
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Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees and benefits paid on behalf of employees Other receipts Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	Economic Development Authority \$ 16,813 (1,718) (1,282) 4,010 17,823
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating subsidy from Primary Government	7,500
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income	41
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	25,364 94,083 119,447
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	(2,291)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation	780
Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	16,813 2,521 19,334 \$ 17,823

### **Supporting Schedules**

Schedule 1 Page 1 of 8

				Variance from Final Budget	
		Budgeted Amou			Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government:					
General Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
General property taxes:					
Real property taxes	\$	12.796.219 \$	12.796.219 \$	13.257.878 \$	461.659
Real and personal public service taxes	Ψ	1.636.014	1,636,014	1,872,540	236,526
Personal property taxes		6,296,019	6,512,696	7,193,539	680,843
Machinery and tools taxes		2,041,695	2,041,695	2,136,478	94,783
Penalties - all taxes		300.000	300.000	389.738	89.738
Interest - all taxes		360,000	360,000	451,864	91,864
	-		23,646,624		
Total general property taxes		23,429,947	23,646,624	25,302,037	1,655,413
Other local taxes:					
Local sales and use taxes		3,751,479	3,751,479	4,273,866	522,387
Consumers' utility and consumption taxes		1,010,000	1,010,000	1,042,562	32,562
Public service corporation license taxes		171,000	171,000	168,457	(2,543)
Communications tax		949,785	949,785	872,078	(77,707)
Motor vehicle licenses		601,134	601,134	748,995	147,861
Bank stock taxes		30,000	30,000	14,238	(15,762)
Taxes on recordation and wills		359.000	359.000	380.962	21,962
Hotel and motel room taxes		635,000	649,524	620,765	(28,759)
Business, professional and occupational license taxes		55,000	55,000	59,285	4,285
Other local taxes		23.800	23,800	25,238	1,438
Total other local taxes		7,586,198	7,600,722	8,206,446	605,724
	-	, ,		, ,	
Permits, Privilege Fees and Licenses:					
Animal licenses		11,000	11,000	6,562	(4,438)
Building permits		214,000	214,000	224,613	10,613
Health department permits		30,000	30,000	20,575	(9,425)
Land use application fees		102,000	102,000	91,350	(10,650)
Zoning permits		24,074	24,074	34,363	10,289
Erosion & sediment control		10,000	10,000	12,908	2,908
Wetlands fees		5,000	5,000	7,860	2,860
Other licenses and permits		11,100	11,100	5,133	(5,967)
Total permits, privilege fees and licenses		407,174	407,174	403,364	(3,810)
		70.000	70.000	05.400	45.400
Fines and forfeitures		70,000	70,000	85,100	15,100
Revenue from use of money and property:					
From use of money		11,500	11,500	5,490	(6,010)
From use of property		478,299	478,299	473,798	(4,501)
Total revenue from use of money and property		489,799	489,799	479,288	(10,511)
	· <u></u>				
Charges for services:					
General government administration charges		210,633	210,633	265,700	55,067
Judicial administration charges		2,000	2,000	2,720	720
Public safety charges		59,655	181,288	209,209	27,921
Public works charges		95,000	95,000	91,443	(3,557)
Total charges for services		367,288	488,921	569,072	80,151
Miscellaneous revenue			18,250	40,819	22 F60
MISCENATIONS TEVETINE	-		10,200	40,019	22,569

Schedule 1 Page 2 of 8

				Variance from Final Budget
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
rund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original	rinai	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)				
General Fund: (continued)				
Revenue from local sources:				
Recovered costs:				
General government administration	\$ 86,100	* -/ *	210,080 \$	
Judicial administration	17,846	17,846	19,557	1,711
Public safety	35,288	35,288	22,242	(13,046)
Public works Health and welfare	3,000	202,745	119,522 15,396	(83,223) 15,396
Community development	-	-	15,396	15,396
Nondepartmental (Insurance recoveries)		28,178	26,398	(1,780)
Total recovered costs	142,234	503,095	413,262	(89,833)
Total recovered costs	142,234	303,033	413,202	(09,033)
Total revenue from local sources	32,492,640	33,224,585	35,499,388	2,274,803
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Motor vehicle carrier's tax	13,500	13,500	21,821	8,321
Rolling stock tax	4,000	4,000	2,069	(1,931)
Mobile home titling tax	50,000	50,000	80,991	30,991
Tax on deeds (grantor)	80,000	80,000	98,085	18,085
Personal Property Tax Relief Act	2,866,680	2,866,680	2,866,176	(504)
Total noncategorical aid	3,014,180	3,014,180	3,069,142	54,962
Categorical aid:				
Shared expenses:				
Commonwealth's attorney	359,425	359,425	341,341	(18,084)
Sheriff	2,627,138	2,654,899	2,654,098	(801)
Commissioner of the revenue	111,288	111,288	109,371	(1,917)
Treasurer	122,113	122,300	122,300	-
Registrar / electoral board	43,091	43,091	42,436	(655)
Clerk of circuit court	279,924	329,253	329,252	(1)
Jail	206,756	206,756	199,524	(7,232)
Aid to locality across-the-board reduction	<u> </u>	-	-	<u> </u>
Total shared expenses	3,749,735	3,827,012	3,798,322	(28,690)
Other categorical aid:				
Litter control	-	18,840	18,840	-
"Four for Life" program	-	35,818	35,818	-
Juvenile crime control act	36,268	36,268	36,269	1
Victim / witness assistance grant	93,233	26,652	27,669	1,017
Community corrections grant	-	92,242	89,384	(2,858)
State homeland security grants	-	-	26,079	26,079
Hazardous materials response grants	-	-	36,973	36,973
Other	11,000	34,507	8,857	(25,650)
Total other categorical aid	140,501	244,327	279,889	35,562
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	6,904,416	7,085,519	7,147,353	61,834
Revenue from the Federal Government:				
Payments in lieu of taxes	28,000	28,000	28,958	958

Schedule 1 Page 3 of 8

					Variance from Final Budget
5 1 W : 1 W : D : 0		Budgeted Am			Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)					
General Fund: (continued)					
Revenue from the Federal Government: (continued)					
Noncategorical aid:					
Refuge revenue sharing	\$	90,000 \$	90,000		
Indirect costs		50,000	50,000	54,434	4,434
Total noncategorical aid		140,000	140,000	146,603	6,603
Categorical aid:					
Summer food service program			92,462	72,974	(19,488)
Homeland security related grants		-	152,097	95,721	(56,376)
Selective enforcement grant		_	21,975	18,127	(3,848)
Victim / witness assistance grant		_	77,792	91,661	13,869
Other		_	7,500	7,752	252
Total categorical aid		-	351,826	286,235	(65,591)
· ·			,	,	· · · · ·
Total revenue from the Federal Government		168,000	519,826	461,796	(58,030)
Total General Fund		39,565,056	40,829,930	43,108,537	2,278,607
Special Revenue Funds:					
Virginia Public Assistance Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-	9,944	9,944
				,	· · · · · ·
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Welfare		1,504,352	1,481,965	1,058,583	(423,382)
D ( # 5   10 )					
Revenue from the Federal Government:					
Categorical aid: Welfare		1,950,293	1,934,734	2,142,930	208,196
Total categorical aid		1,950,293	1,934,734	2,142,930	208,196
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund		3,454,645	3,416,699	3,211,457	(205,242)
Total Virginia i dolic Assistance i did		5,757,075	3,410,033	3,211,437	(203,242)
Comprehensive Youth Services Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Miscellaneous revenue:					
From Northampton County		100,274	100,274	141,363	41,089
Other		-	-	-	
Total miscellaneous revenue		100,274	100,274	141,363	41,089
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid: Comprehensive Services Act pooled services grants		759,205	759.205	878,871	119,666
Comprehensive Services Act pooled services grants  Comprehensive Services Act Trust Fund grant		759,205 19,621	759,205 19,621	24,958	5,337
Family Preservation grant		10,021	10,021	24,500	-
Total categorical aid from the Commonwealth		778,826	778,826	903,829	125,003
	-	0,020	,,,,,	555,525	.20,000
Total Comprehensive Youth Services Fund		879,100	879,100	1,045,192	166,092

Schedule 1 Page 4 of 8

		Disdicated Amounts						
Ford Main and Mines Devenue Course		Budgeted Amou	nts Final	A -4I	Positive			
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Driginal	Finai	Actual	(Negative)			
Primary Government: (continued) Special Revenue Funds: (continued)								
Law Library Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes:								
Taxes on recordation and wills	\$	7,000 \$	7,000 \$	8,629 \$	1,629			
Stormwater Ordinance Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Permits, Privilege Fees and Licenses:								
Stormwater permits		30,903	30,903	11,399	(19,504)			
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid:								
Stormwater development and implementation grant		_	-	-	_			
Total Stormwater Ordinance Fund		30,903	30,903	11,399	(19,504)			
David Ociones Finale								
Drug Seizures Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
From use of money		_	_	18	18			
1 form doc of money	-			10	10_			
Revenue from the Federal Government:								
Categorical aid:								
Drug forfeitures and seizures		2,000	2,000		(2,000)			
Total Drug Seizures Fund		2,000	2,000	18	(1,982)			
Courthouse Security Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes:								
Court security fees		80,000	80,000	88,952	8,952			
Recovered costs:								
Miscellaneous recoveries					-			
Total Courthouse Security Fund		80,000	80,000	88,952	8,952			
Fire Programs Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
From use of money		-	-	10	10			
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Contributions		7,000	7,000	7,625	625			
From Northampton County Other		6,700	6,700	6,700	-			
Total miscellaneous revenue		13,700	13,700	14,325	625			
Recovered costs:		10,700	10,100	14,020	020			
Miscellaneous recoveries		-	-	-	-			
Total revenue from local sources		13,700	13,700	14,335	635			
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical Aid:								
Fire programs grant		59,000	129,016	37,410	(91,606)			
Training center grant			-,	,	-			
Total categorical aid from the Commonwealth		59,000	129,016	37,410	(91,606)			
Total Fire Programs Fund		72,700	142,716	51,745	(90,971)			

Schedule 1 Page 5 of 8

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance from Final Budget Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Covernment: (continued)				
Primary Government: (continued) Special Revenue Funds: (continued)				
Rehabilitation Projects Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
From use of money	_\$ - \$	- \$	36 \$	36
Recovered costs:				
From Hazard mitigation grant homeowners	-	-	-	-
Grant project income		-	4,068	4,068
Total recovered costs		<u> </u>	4,068	4,068
Total revenue from local sources		-	4,104	4,104
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical Aid:		00.000		(00.000)
Neighborhood planning grants		33,000	-	(33,000)
Revenue from the Federal Government:				
Categorical aid: Neighborhood planning grants	_	_	30,000	30,000
Total Rehabilitation Projects Fund	<u>-</u>	33,000	34,104	1,104
Total Neriabilitation Frojects Fund		33,000	34,104	1,104
Greenbackville - Captain's Cove Mosquito Control Fund: Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	41,523	42,512	51,119	8,607
Penalties - all taxes	500	500	296	(204)
Interest - all taxes	500	500	237	(263)
Total Greenbackville Mosquito Control Fund	42,523	43,512	51,652	8,140
Consolidated Emergency Medical Services Fund				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	3,288,792	3,288,792	3,366,355	77,563
Public service taxes	538,374	538,374	607,876	69,502
Personal property taxes	154,306	154,306	189,867	35,561
Machinery and tools taxes	47,069	47,069	49,146	2,077
Penalties - all taxes	31,000	31,000	43,025	12,025
Interest - all taxes	39,000	39,000	42,901	3,901
Total general property taxes	4,098,541	4,098,541	4,299,170	200,629
Recovered costs:				
Insurance recoveries		3,700	3,450	(250)
Total recovered costs  Total revenue from local sources	4,098,541	3,700 4,102,241	3,450 4,302,620	(250) 200,379
Total revenue from local sources	4,096,541	4,102,241	4,302,020	200,379
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Personal Property Tax Relief Act	64,964	64,964	65,491	527
Categorical Aid:		7 400	7 400	
Rescue squad assistance fund grant Total revenue from the Commonwealth	64,964	7,406 72,370	7,406 72,897	527
Total Consolidated Emergency Medical Services Fund	4,163,505	4,174,611	4,375,517	200,906
• •			77-	,,,,
Consolidated Fire and Rescue Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes: Real property taxes	1,200,129	1,200,129	1,238,840	38,711
Public service taxes	1,200,129	1,200,129	1,230,040	19,447
Personal property taxes	95,566	95,566	111,432	15,866
Machinery and tools taxes	29,324	29,324	30,710	1,386
		12,000		5,671
Penalties - all taxes	12.000			
Penalties - all taxes Interest - all taxes	12,000 20,000	20,000	17,671 23,271	3,271

Schedule 1 Page 6 of 8

				Variance from Final Budget	
5 IM: IN: B		Budgeted Amou		A	Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Or	iginal	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued) Special Revenue Funds: (continued) Consolidated Fire and Rescue Fund: (continued) Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid:					
Personal Property Tax Relief Act	\$	41,188 \$	41,188 \$	41,181 \$	(7)
Total Consolidated Fire and Rescue Fund		1,547,631	1,547,631	1,631,976	84,345
Total Special Revenue Funds		10,280,007	10,357,172	10,510,641	153,469
Capital Projects Funds: County Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	-	-	•	353	353
Miscellaneous Revenue:			05.000	4.445.400	4 400 400
From other local governments  Total revenue from local sources	-	-	25,000 25,000	1,145,188 1,145,541	1,120,188 1,120,541
Total revenue from local sources		-	25,000	1,145,541	1,120,541
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:					
Harbor improvement grants		-	180,000	-	(180,000)
Virginia Brownfields assistance funds		-	60,000	25,000	(35,000)
Library construction funds		-	500,000	125,448	(374,552)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		-	740,000	150,448	(589,552)
Total County Capital Projects Fund		-	765,000	1,295,989	530,989
Debt Service Funds: County Debt Service Fund: Revenue from local sources: General property taxes:					
Real property taxes		2,599,674	2,599,674	2,519,508	(80,166)
Public service taxes		318,345	318,345	337,807	19,462
Personal property taxes		192,666	192,666	223,478	30,812
Machinery and tools taxes		58,447	58,447	61,408	2,961
Penalties - all taxes		33,158	33,158	39,340	6,182
Interest - all taxes		39,474	39,474	57,379	17,905
Total general property taxes Miscellaneous Revenue:	-	3,241,764	3,241,764	3,238,920	(2,844)
Other		_	_	_	_
Total revenue from local sources		3,241,764	3,241,764	3,238,920	(2,844)
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid:		0,241,704	0,241,704	0,200,020	(2,044)
Personal Property Tax Relief Act		82,376	82,376	82,361	(15)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		82,376	82,376	82,361	(15)
Total County Debt Service Fund		3,324,140	3,324,140	3,321,281	(2,859)
Total revenue-Primary Government		53,169,203	55,276,242	58,236,448	2,960,206

Schedule 1 Page 7 of 8

				Variance from Final Budget
	Budgeted			Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
School Board Component Unit:				
Special Revenue Funds:				
School Operating Fund:				
Charges for services:				
Tuition	\$ 28,706	\$ 28,706 \$	23,780 \$	(4,926)
Medicaid			23,102	23,102
Health services	100,000	100,000	,	(100,000)
Total charges for services	128,706	128,706	46,882	(81,824)
Miscellaneous revenue:		120,100	10,002	(01,021)
Donations	_	_	2.000	2.000
Miscellaneous	40,070	251,023	240,115	(10,908)
Total miscellaneous revenue	40,070	251,023	242,115	(8,908)
Recovered costs:	40,070	231,023	242,113	(8,908)
Dual enrollment	65,000	65.000		(65,000)
Miscellaneous	179,000	179.000	160,504	
		-,		(18,496)
Total recovered costs	244,000	244,000	160,504	(83,496)
Revenue from local government:				
Contribution from Accomack County, Virginia	17,809,457	18,737,481	17,363,975	(1,373,506)
Total revenue from local sources	18,222,233	19,361,210	17,813,476	(1,547,734)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Sales tax contribution	5,114,965	5,114,965	5,183,613	68,648
Basic school aid	16,198,624	16,198,624	16,011,901	(186,723)
Textbooks	-	-	<u>-</u>	
Education of the gifted	161,538	161,538	160,201	(1,337)
Remedial education	1,075,331	1,075,331	1,064,177	(11,154)
Remedial summer school	-	-	-	(,,
Special education	1,922,305	1,922,305	1,906,394	(15,911)
School breakfast	325,306	325,306	322,613	(2,693)
Vocational education	419,999	419.999	416.523	(3,476)
Social Security	1,001,537	1,001,537	993,247	(8,290)
Retirement	2,206,612	2,206,612	2,188,348	(18,264)
Group life insurance	67,846	67,846	67,284	(562)
	•	,	·	(302)
Governor's School	7,101	7,101	7,101	(0.550)
Special Education - homebound	15,456	15,456	11,900	(3,556)
Special Education - private tuition	48,196	48,196	118,908	70,712
Vocational education-equipment	<del>-</del>		9,478	9,478
Vocational education-occupational	58,964	58,964	50,659	(8,305)
Industry based certification	5,000	5,000	9,279	4,279
Salary supplement	-	-	-	-
At risk	1,229,413	1,229,413	1,356,870	127,457
Trans courses	15,717	15,717	16,710	993
Lottery	-	-	-	-
Four year old preschool program	487,242	487,242	501,189	13,947
Mentor teacher program	4,757	4,757	3,921	(836)
English as a second language	544,365	544,365	538,686	(5,679)
K-3 initiative	-	-	752,978	752,978
Lottery	1,083,493	1,874,521	1,166,745	(707,776)
Educational technology grant SOL web base	-	504,495	540,391	35,896
Reading intervention	134,582	134,582	121,558	(13,024)
Career prep academy	-	60.000	137,544	77,544
SOL algebra readiness	-	107,888	107,888	-
Compensation supplement	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	10,345	10,345
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	32,128,349	33,591,760	33,776,451	184,691

Schedule 1 Page 8 of 8

				Variance from Final Budget
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	- Actual	Positive (Negative)
School Board Component Unit: (continued) Special Revenue Funds: (continued) School Operating Fund: (continued) Revenue from the Federal Government:	Original	Filial	Actual	(Negative)
Categorical aid: Vocational Education Title I Title I C-Migrant education Title I-School improvement Title II Title III Title IV Title VI Title VI-B Special Education Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 182,730 - - - - - - - - - 182,730	\$ 182,730 2,018,380 250,777 - 247,929 79,534 148,995 99,891 1,085,362 4,113,598	\$ 128,598 2,016,704 209,331 20,171 262,296 85,993 15,791 96,621 1,045,488 3,880,993	\$ (54,132) (1,676) (41,446) 20,171 14,367 6,459 (133,204) (3,270) (39,874) (232,605)
Total School Operating Fund	50,533,312	4,113,598 57,066,568	<u>3,880,993</u> 55,470,920	(1,595,648)
School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: From the use of money		4,600	4,291	(309)
Charges for services:  Meal charges Revenue from local government: Contribution from Accomack County, Virginia Total revenue from local sources	371,820 - 371,820	420,000 - 424,600	376,509 - 380,800	(43,491) - (43,800)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: School food payments		35,547	34,129	(1,418)
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid: School food payments Total School Cafeteria Fund	371,820	2,439,853 2,900,000	2,025,379 2,440,308	(414,474) (459,692)
Total Special Revenue Funds	371,820	2,900,000	2,440,308	(459,692)
Capital Projects Fund: School Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: From the use of money			4	4
Revenue from local government: Contribution from Accomack County Total School Capital Projects Fund	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u> 4	<u>-</u> 4
Total revenue-School Board Component Unit	50,905,132	59,966,568	57,911,232	(2,055,336)

Schedule 2 Page 1 of 7

				Variance from Final Budget		
		Budgeted	Amounts	_	Positive	
Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Primary Government:						
General Fund:						
General government administration:						
Legislative:						
Board of supervisors	_\$	152,715	\$ 152,715	\$ 133,479	\$ 19,236	
General and financial administration:						
County administrator		499,169	459,987	311,978	148,009	
Human Resources		237,607	252,307	231,808	20,499	
Legal services		221,445	221,445	221,174	271	
Commissioner of the revenue		319,345	309,227		18,291	
County assessor		571,698	549,361	517,029	32,332	
Treasurer		566,436	698,286		81,100	
Finance		552,785	573,797		49,813	
Information technology		865,159	859,939		47,988	
Risk management		308,054	308,054		14,120	
Total general and financial administration		4,141,698	4,232,403	3,819,980	412,423	
Total general and imanolal administration		4,141,000	4,202,400	0,010,000	712,720	
Board of elections:		40.600	40.003	20 747	11 150	
Electoral board		48,628	49,903	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,156	
Registrar Total board of elections		168,112 216,740	168,112 218,015		17,216 28,372	
Total board of elections		210,740	210,013	109,043	20,312	
Total general government administration		4,511,153	4,603,133	4,143,102	460,031	
Judicial administration:						
Courts:						
Circuit court		87,589	87,589	76,220	11,369	
General district court		11,471	11,471	10,981	490	
Chief magistrate		16,938	16,938	4,350	12,588	
Juvenile and domestic relations court		13,650	13,650		8,228	
Clerk of the circuit court		465,577	514,906		22,753	
Sheriff court services		503,442	499,222	•	14,454	
Commissioner of accounts		214	214		214	
Victim and witness assistance		95,373	106,584		11,607	
Total courts	-	1,194,254	1,250,574		81,703	
Commonwealth's attorney		401,681	401,681	405,827	(4,146	
Total judicial administration		1,595,935	1,652,255	1,574,698	77,557	
•		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,011,000	,	
Public safety:						
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff law enforcement		2,462,863	2,869,143	2,866,677	2,466	
		,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,	_, , , , ,	
Fire and rescue services:						
Volunteer fire and rescue		265,110	305,610	262,992	42,618	
Emergency medical services		248,593	284,411	279,667	4,744	
Payments to 911 commission		703,169	713,749	685,223	28,526	
Total fire and rescue services		1,216,872	1,303,770	1,227,882	75,888	
Correction and detention:						
Jail		2,238,808	2,054,373	2,055,396	(1,023	
Juvenile probation		126,074	126,074		38,268	
Community correction		0,0.7	92,242	•	403	
Total correction and detention		2,364,882	2,272,689		37,648	
Total Composition and actorition		2,004,002	2,212,009	2,200,041	37,040	

Schedule 2 Page 2 of 7

							_	
		Budgeted			Variance from Final Budget Positive			
Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements	·	Original		Final	-	Actual		Negative)
Di O ( ) ( )								
Primary Government: (continued) General Fund: (continued)								
Public safety: (continued)								
Other protection:								
Building and zoning	\$	438,436	\$	448,939	\$	435,869	\$	13,070
Ordinance Enforcement	Ψ	71,103	Ψ	72,014	Ψ	61,377	Ψ	10,637
Animal control		120,510		120,510		118,820		1,690
Regional animal control facility		106,933		106,933		71,911		35,022
S.P.C.A. supplement		5,921		6,428		6,428		-
Emergency management		101,036		256,088		236,582		19,506
Medical examiner		5,000		5,000		1,650		3,350
E.S. Coalition Against Domestic Violence supplement		21,650		21,650		21,650		-
Cleanup/disposal of hazardous materials		7,000		42,669		23,654		19,015
Total other protection		877,589		1,080,231		977,941		102,290
		,		1,000,00		,		
Total public safety		6,922,206		7,525,833		7,307,541		218,292
Public works:								
Maintenance of streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Storm drainage		201,564		544,907		201,970		342,937
Sanitation and waste removal:								
General operations		222,861		222,861		226,503		(3,642)
Refuse disposal		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,030,545		(30,545)
Refuse collection		667,294		755,065		702,276		52,789
Maintenance garage		180,413		308,929		324,539		(15,610)
Litter control		347,339		366,179		294,080		72,099
Total sanitation and waste removal		2,417,907		2,653,034		2,577,943		75,091
Maintanance of buildings and grounds:								
Maintenance of buildings and grounds: Buildings and grounds		1 224 000		1 554 907		1 277 066		176 041
Buildings and grounds	-	1,234,098		1,554,807		1,377,866		176,941
Total public works		3,853,569		4,752,748		4,157,779		594,969
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Local health department supplement		649,592		649,592		649,592		-
Rural health dental program supplement		30,971		30,971		30,971		-
Total health		680,563		680,563		680,563		=
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board supplement		196,114		196,114		196,114		-
Welfare:								
		1// 525		1// 525		137 250		7,266
Property tax relief for seniors, disabled and veterans Area agency on aging supplement		144,525 23,430		144,525 23,430		137,259 23,430		1,200
Total welfare		167,955		167,955		160,689		7,266
Total health and welfare		1,044,632		1,044,632		1,037,366		7,266
Education:								
Contribution to School Board component unit		17,794,749		18,737,481		16,438,466		2,299,015
Community College supplement		41,028		41,028		41,028		<u> </u>
Total education		17,835,777		18,778,509		16,479,494		2,299,015
							_	

Schedule 2 Page 3 of 7

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Fi	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Primary Government: (continued)									
General Fund: (continued)									
Parks, recreation and cultural:									
Parks and recreation:									
Recreation administration and maintenance	\$	325,047	\$	325,297	\$	320,737	\$	4,560	
Summer food program		-		282,904		88,326		194,578	
Boating facilities		35,459		112,844		45,937		66,907	
Total parks and recreation		360,506		721,045		455,000		266,045	
Cultural enrichment:									
Translator television		74,457		564,398		305,883		258,515	
Contribution to Public Library component unit		403,707		403,707		403,707		-	
Total cultural enrichment		478,164		968,105		709,590		258,515	
Total parks, recreation and cultural		838,670	1,	,689,150		1,164,590		524,560	
Community development:									
Planning and community development:									
Contribution to Planning Dist. Commission component unit		70,703		70,703		70,703		-	
E.S. of VA Housing Alliance supplement		9,215		9,215		9,215		-	
Contribution to Economic Dev. Authority component unit		7,500		7,500		7,500		-	
Erosion and sediment		82,971		82,971		115,114		(32,143)	
Planning		388,878		481,570		332,865		148,705	
Enterprise Zone incentives		-		25,000		-		25,000	
Tourism Commission supplement		86,853		101,377		101,377		-	
Wallops Research Park		198,145		169,095		110,993		58,102	
Star Transit public transportation supplement		176,800		176,800		176,800		-	
Transportation District Commission supplement		18,666		18,666		6,705		11,961	
Small Business Development Center supplement		4,607		4,607		4,607			
Total planning and community development		1,044,338	1,	,147,504		935,879		211,625	
Environmental management:									
Johnsongrass/gypsy moth control program		12,468		12,468		2,264		10,204	
Chincoteague water study grant match		50,000		50,000		-		50,000	
Soil and Water Conservation District supplement		21,154		31,731		31,731		=	
Contribution to Planning Dist. Commission component unit		27,221		27,221		27,221		-	
Resource Conservation and Dev. Council supplement		9,999		9,999		9,999			
Total environmental management	-	120,842		131,419		71,215		60,204	
Cooperative extension program		94,746		94,746		76,635		18,111	
Total community development		1,259,926	1,	373,669		1,083,729		289,940	
Nondepartmental:									
Contingency		236,973		158,191		=		158,191	
Total nondepartmental		236,973		158,191		-		158,191	
Debt service:									
Principal		218,900		218,900		218,900		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		73,810		73,810		73,060		750	
Total debt service		292,710		292,710		291,960		750	
Total General Fund	3	38,391,551	41	,870,830		37,240,259		4,630,571	

Schedule 2 Page 4 of 7

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance from Final Budget		
Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Budgeted Original	AMO	ounts Final	•	Actual		Positive Negative)		
Primary Government: (continued) Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Health and welfare:		<b>J</b>		-			ν.	<u> </u>		
Welfare/social services: Welfare administration	\$	3,296,598	\$	3,256,704	\$	3,137,638	\$	119,066		
Public assistance Fuel administration		675,265 39,057		561,245 39,057		490,165 -		71,080 39,057		
Local only administration CSA coordinator		79,731 -		260,005 30,000		144,484 33,336		115,521 (3,336)		
Local staff and operations		450 202		85,986		80,393		5,593		
Pass-through Total welfare/social services	_	150,293 4,240,944		4,232,997		3,886,016		346,981		
Comprehensive Youth Services Fund: Health and welfare: Welfare:										
CSA pooled services for youth and families Total welfare		1,132,016 1,132,016		1,132,016 1,132,016		1,297,506 1,297,506		(165,490) (165,490)		
Law Library Fund: Judicial administration: Courts:		-,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,,		(100,100)		
Law library books		7,000		59,113		3,550		55,563		
Stormwater Ordinance Fund: Community development: Environmental management:										
Stormwater ordinance		187,856		187,856		168,653		19,203		
Drug Seizures Fund: Judicial administration: Commonwealth's attorney Public safety:		-		11,730		551		11,179		
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff		2,000		38,101		5,250		32,851		
Total drug seizures fund		2,000		49,831		5,801		44,030		
Fire Programs Fund: Public safety:										
Fire and rescue services:  Payments to fire companies		30,000		30,000		30,000		-		
Fire training center and other Total fire and rescue services		58,700 88,700		166,361 196,361		46,500 76,500		119,861 119,861		
Rehabilitation Projects Fund: Community development: Planning and community development:										
CDBG program income costs CDBG Neighborhood grants		-		33,000		12,537 30,000		(12,537) 3,000		
Total planning and community development		-		33,000		42,537		(9,537)		
Captains Cove/Greenbackville Mosquito Control Health and welfare: Health:										
Contribution to mosquito control commission		42,523		57,797		57,797				
Consolidated Emergency Medical Services: Public safety: Fire and Rescue Services:										
Emergency Medical Services		3,998,723		4,017,329		3,700,164		317,165		

Schedule 2 Page 5 of 7

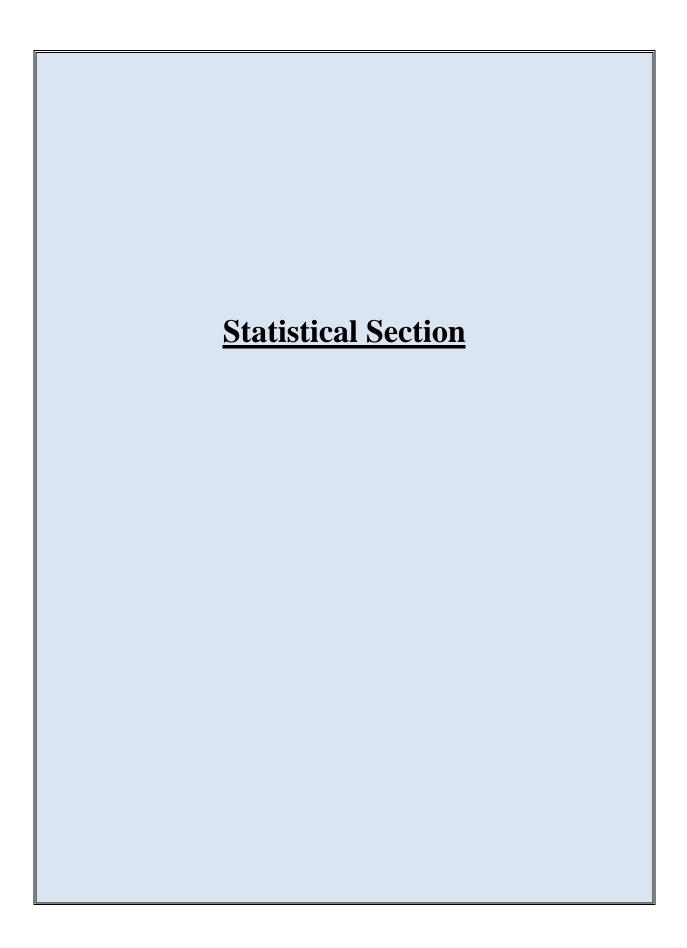
Consolidated Fire and Rescue Services: Public safety: Fire and Rescue Services: Payments to volunteer fire and rescue companies  Courthouse Security Fund: Judicial administration: Courts: Court security  Total Special Revenue Funds  Capital Project Funds: County Capital Projects Fund: Public safety: Building permit software Emergency operations center and generator Sheriff's office application, support and IT equipment Total public safety Public works: Convenience center improvements Heavy equipment Building improvements Total public works Education: Contribution to School Board Component Unit Parks, recreation and cultural Old NASA Ferry dock improvements Hammocks boating facilities Quinby and Greenbackville Harbor improvements Central Park phase 2 Regional Library project		Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)					
Special Revenue Funds: (continued)					
	\$	1,547,631	\$ 2,170,748	\$ 1,748,884	\$ 421,864
Courthouse Security Fund:					
•					
		80,000	89,827	133,907	(44,080)
Court Scounty		00,000	00,021	133,307	(44,000)
Total Special Revenue Funds		11,327,393	12,226,875	11,121,315	1,105,560
Comitted Decisions Francis					
•					40.0=0
		145,000	225,000	181,148	43,852
		540,000	690,411	58,841	631,570
		<u>-</u>	233,000	224,450	8,550
'		685,000	1,148,411	464,439	683,972
		-	247,106	247,100	6
• • •		-	175,000	170,661	4,339
		55,000	1,184,382	212,873	971,509
		55,000	1,606,488	630,634	975,854
		-	9,958	-	9,958
•					
, ,		-	206,369	204,214	2,155
		-	91,711	92,733	(1,022)
		-	117,501	10,000	107,501
·		-	226,561	21,883	204,678
		-	500,000	125,448	374,552
Wallops Research Park construction		-	13,278	76,356	(63,078)
Parks & recreation facility(s)		100,000	100,000	95,814	4,186
Translator television communication towers		75,000	-	-	-
Total parks, recreation and cultural		175,000	1,255,420	626,448	628,972
Community development:					
Derelict building removal program		71,156	271,746	124,798	146,948
Total community development		71,156	271,746	124,798	146,948
Total County capital projects fund		986,156	4,292,023	1,846,319	2,445,704
Debt Service Funds:					
County Debt Service Fund:					
Debt Service:					
Principal		2,164,992	2,164,992	2,164,992	-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,047,558	1,047,558	1,046,797	761
Total County Debt Service Fund		3,212,550	3,212,550	3,211,789	761
,		, , , ,	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total expenditures-Primary Government		53,917,650	61,602,278	53,419,682	8,182,596
•			. , -	. , -	

Schedule 2 Page 6 of 7

			Variance from Final Budget		
Fund Function Activity and Floments		Budgeted Amounts         Actual           Original         Final         Actual           \$ 29,388,008         \$ 32,749,153         \$ 31,892,498         \$ 1,144,066           1,144,066         1,144,066         1,030,830         53,928         47,124           1,052,617         1,666,821         2,027,670         829,606         825,634         3,397,371         3,531,364           -         -         28,270         35,865,596         39,840,945         39,383,390           39,925         55,439         54,199         386,073         392,965         408,642           268,706         271,687         242,317         436,911         510,513         503,072           1,131,615         1,230,604         1,208,230           98,802         98,802         98,647           678,946         678,946         699,346           302,324         313,273         315,639           536,897         536,897         526,645           1,616,969         1,627,918         1,640,277           217,012         214,012         212,490           4,949,813         6,072,483         4,883,085           200,214         176,314         143,462           60,	Positive (Negative)		
Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Original	FIIIdi	Actual	(Negative)
School Board Component Unit:					
Special Revenue Funds:					
School Operating Fund:					
Education:					
Instruction Costs:	_				
Classroom instruction	\$				
Guidance services					
Homebound instruction			,	·	
Improvement of instruction					, ,
Media services			•	·	3,972
Office of the principal		3,397,371	3,397,371		(133,993)
Other		-	-	•	· · · · · ·
Total instruction costs	_	35,865,596	39,840,945	39,383,390	457,555
Administration of schools:					
Board services		•	·	·	1,240
Executive administration services			392,965	408,642	(15,677)
Personnel services			•	242,317	29,370
Fiscal services					7,441
Total administration of schools		1,131,615	1,230,604	1,208,230	22,374
Attendance and health services:					
Attendance services		98,802	98,802	98,647	155
Health services		678,946	678,946	699,346	(20,400)
Psychological services		302,324	313,273	315,639	(2,366)
Speech/audiology services		536,897	536,897	526,645	10,252
Total attendance and health services		1,616,969	1,627,918	1,640,277	(12,359)
Operation and maintenance services:					
Management and direction		217,012	214,012	212,490	1,522
Building services		4,949,813	6,072,483	4,883,085	1,189,398
Grounds services		200,214	176,314	143,462	32,852
Vehicle services (other than pupil transportation)		60,075	60,075	60,409	(334)
Building replacement		· -	54,000	-	54,000
Total operation and maintenance services		5,427,114	6,576,884	5,299,446	1,277,438
Pupil transportation services:					
Management and direction		161,448	161,448	171,353	(9,905)
Vehicle operation services		2,568,030	3,329,692	2,621,941	707,751
Vehicle maintenance services					197,320
Total pupil transportation services		3,341,607	4,283,198	3,388,032	895,166
Food Services:					
Food services		7,998	51,259	56,820	(5,561)
Technology services:					
Classroom instruction		2,016,226	2,431,468	2,558,753	(127,285)
Instructional support					56,162
Administration			·	·	123,696
Pupil transportation				·	3,990
Attendance and health			•	·	175
Operations and maintenance					(21,826)
Total technology services	<del></del>			•	34,912
Total school operating fund		50,533,312	57,308,453	54,638,928	2,669,525

Scl	he	dι	ıle	2
Pag	ge	7	of	7

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	•	Actual	Fi	riance from nal Budget Positive Negative)
School Board Component Unit: (continued) Special Revenue Funds: (continued) School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School Food Services: Operating costs	\$ 371,820	\$	2,900,000	\$	2,634,464	\$	265,536
Total expenditures-School Board Component Unit	 50,905,132		60,208,453		57,273,392		2,935,061
Grand total expenditures-Primary Government and School Board Component Unit	\$ 104,822,782	\$	121,810,731	\$	110,693,074	\$	11,117,657





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### **Statistical Section**

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the county's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	205
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the county's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	209
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the county's current levels of outstanding debt and the county's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Note that no legal debt margin information is presented as the Code of Virginia only sets legal debt limits for towns and cities. Counties have no legal debt limit imposed by law. Also note that pledged revenue information is not presented as the County has not issued any revenue backed debt.	216
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the county's financial activities take place.	218
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the county's financial report relates to the services the county provides and the activities it performs.	220

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA NET POSTION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accural basis of accounting)

Table 1

2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets 3,495,270 \$ 2,465,664 \$ 2,537,440 \$ 3,943,220 \$ 6,875,692 \$ 12,266,262 \$ 13,323,383 \$ 13,614,036 \$ 14,803,829 17,160,190 Restricted 859,741 1,389,519 1,337,183 1,101,726 2,426,616 2,473,955 2,857,003 3,090,508 3,263,176 3,889,773 Unrestricted 11,496,365 15,554,168 16,447,789 15,455,876 14,182,780 12,746,931 14,877,956 15,740,171 17,084,745 19,707,467 Total governmental activities net position 15,851,376 \$ 19,409,351 \$ 20,322,412 \$ 20,500,822 \$ 23,485,088 \$ 27,487,148 \$ 31,058,342 \$ 32,444,715 \$ 35,151,750 40,757,430 Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets \$ 2,441,845 \$ 2,108,712 \$ 1,542,541 \$ 5,334,897 \$ 6,902,698 \$ 7,817,113 \$ 8,016,703 \$ 10,949,377 \$ 10.996.279 14,262,266 (2,043,261) (2,436,917)(1.696,621)(1,164,425)(1,713,962)(2.054,143)Unrestricted (2.832,415)(5,228,893)(5,389,385)(6.382.791)Total business-type activities net position (390,570) \$ (328,205) \$ (154,080) \$ 4,170,472 \$ 5,188,736 \$ 5,762,970 \$ 5,973,442 \$ 5,720,484 \$ 5,606,894 7,879,475 Primary government: Net investment in capital assets 4,079,981 \$ 9,278,117 \$ 13,778,390 \$ 5,937,115 \$ 4,574,376 \$ 20,083,375 \$ 21,340,086 \$ 24,563,413 \$ 25,800,108 31,422,456 Restricted 859,741 1,389,519 1,337,183 1,101,726 2,426,616 2,473,955 2,857,003 3,090,508 3,263,176 3,889,773 Unrestricted 8,663,950 13,117,251 14,751,168 14,291,451 12,468,818 10,692,788 12,834,695 10,511,278 11,695,360 13,324,676 Total primary government net position 15,460,806 \$ 19,081,146 \$ 20,168,332 \$ 24,671,294 \$ 28,673,824 \$ 33,250,118 \$ 37,031,784 \$ 38,165,199 \$ 40,758,644 48,636,905

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This table reports financial information based on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Table 2
Page 1 of 2

Primary Government:	- 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 3,442,672	3,176,953	\$ 3,339,183	\$ 3,585,175	\$ 3,498,049	\$ 3,530,381	\$ 4,213,237	\$ 4,176,949	\$ 4,235,991	\$ 3,869,051
Judicial administration	1,513,759	1,541,877	1,442,643	1,573,104	1,557,904	1,523,767	1,626,300	1,698,149	1,524,872	1,847,818
Public safety	8,958,985	8,982,920	9,141,427	10,579,063	10,083,890	10,051,732	10,799,876	12,137,511	11,411,784	12,521,804
Public works	3,416,523	3,303,409	3,382,833	3,721,236	3,586,061	3,879,310	4,046,470	4,295,837	4,434,819	4,295,730
Health and welfare	7,491,729	5,652,391	5,681,716	5,839,666	5,719,077	5,899,788	5,961,155	6,163,082	5,945,902	5,772,749
Education	17,431,304	18,095,238	18,511,045	18,475,654	18,708,789	19,091,856	19,185,216	19,514,650	19,334,027	17,990,881
Parks, recreation and cultural	901,358	1,038,188	1,037,589	1,014,589	961,633	894,436	1,048,256	1,271,895	1,239,140	1,301,533
Community development	1,832,561	1,657,666	4,106,234	1,430,468	1,599,584	1,577,928	2,002,473	1,877,300	1,884,504	2,034,036
Interest on long-term debt	2,178,880	2,042,318	1,927,969	1,700,378	1,761,930	1,539,381	1,469,186	1,337,937	1,134,137	1,082,502
Total governmental activities expenses	47,167,771	45,490,960	48,570,639	47,919,333	47,476,917	47,988,579	50,352,169	52,473,310	51,145,176	50,716,104
Business-type activities:										
Landfill	3,006,263	2,522,546	2,783,554	2,126,739	2,579,104	2,951,816	2,548,558	3,401,827	3,569,289	4,080,602
Airport	-	-	-	375,864	825,992	731,287	670,222	700,391	691,014	739,944
Water and Sewer	246,816	236,253	126,703	153,116	596,534	243,334	203,169	314,703	504,664	389,764
Parks and Recreation	74,618	76,628	64,896	81,476	56,470	48,959	69,436	54,955	39,181	45,253
Total business-type activities expenses	3,327,697	2,835,427	2,975,153	2,737,195	4,058,100	3,975,396	3,491,385	4,471,876	4,804,148	5,255,563
expenses	50,495,468	48,326,387	51,545,792	50,656,528	51,535,017	51,963,975	53,843,554	56,945,186	55,949,324	55,971,667
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government administration	304,994	363,578	294,422	303,205	455,246	429,272	464,325	396,076	340,487	575,757
Judicial administration	99,318	95,242	96,434	94,495	100,293	89,168	76,993	108,135	81,468	117,902
Public safety	650,444	431,555	603,751	601,672	417,064	452,767	470,058	508,284	490,759	549,903
Public works	129,267	115,016	129,728	157,961	248,997	207,649	330,896	269,613	242,352	206,417
Health and welfare	308,474	339,200	313,962	296,399	300,016	433,837	406,018	398,651	455,688	450,225
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation and cultural	81,704	283,305	93,772	96,514	227,902	72,419	63,915	72,873	72,873	61,009
Community development	188,553	57,156	77,943	64,579	66,137	129,832	201,284	120,274	33,380	39,463
Operating grants and contributions	10,180,279	8,437,999	7,655,170	8,116,557	9,481,299	8,288,541	8,838,571	8,929,145	8,437,334	8,623,343
Capital grants and contributions	398,973	160,367	2,965,210	271,414	785,074	4,143,748	91,253	39,520	335,000	1,364,751
revenues	12,342,006	10,283,418	12,230,392	10,002,796	12,082,028	14,247,233	10,943,313	10,842,571	10,489,341	11,988,770
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Landfill	2,719,422	2,587,858	2,556,568	2,764,529	2,423,020	2,832,220	2,944,380	3,209,523	2,892,852	3,289,632
Airport	-	-	-	143,170	319,374	288,003	242,236	253,556	295,816	251,371
Water and Sewer	194,458	223,069	203,836	218,395	215,641	270,507	200,897	217,078	278,763	305,519
Parks and recreation	62,750	52,753	61,826	55,165	63,196	53,942	49,740	53,444	38,385	35,092
Operating grants and contributions - Air	-	-	-	14,652	149,934	20,108	52,142	33,597	28,595	26,435
Capital grants and contributions - Airpor		-	-	-	-	1,048,914	-	47,703	451,081	3,260,031
revenues	2,976,630	2,863,680	2,822,230	3,195,911	3,171,165	4,513,694	3,489,395	3,814,901	3,985,492	7,168,080
revenues	15,318,636	13,147,098	15,052,622	13,198,707	15,253,193	18,760,927	14,432,708	14,657,472	14,474,833	19,156,850

#### Table 2

#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Pag	ıe	2	of	2
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	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Primary Government: Net (Expense)/Revenue <sup>1</sup>										
Governmental activities	(34,825,765)	(35,207,542)	(36,340,247)	(37,916,537)	(35,394,889)	(33,741,346)	(39,408,856)	(41,630,739)	(40,655,835)	(38,727,334)
Business-type activities	(34,823,763)	(35,207,342)	(36,340,247)	458,716	(886,935)	538,298	(1,990)	(656,975)	(818,656)	1,912,517
Total primary government net expense	(35,176,832)	(35,179,289)	(36,493,170)	(37,457,821)	(36,281,824)	(33,203,048)	(39,410,846)	(42,287,714)	(41,474,491)	(36,814,817)
Total primary government het expense	(33,170,032)	(33,179,209)	(30,493,170)	(37,437,021)	(30,201,024)	(33,203,040)	(39,410,640)	(42,207,714)	(41,474,491)	(30,614,617)
General Revenues and Other										
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
General property taxes	23,360,447	29,221,909	27,583,562	28,500,128	28,872,306	29,258,518	31,940,238	32,114,931	33,963,969	32,888,029
Local sales and use taxes	2,998,382	2,863,318	3,623,339	3,618,865	3,358,791	3,579,831	3,583,326	3,659,682	3,746,741	4,273,866
Consumer utility taxes	941,541	1,043,339	986,409	1,089,368	1,005,667	1,144,722	1,069,085	1,105,834	1,164,856	872,078
Communication taxes	1,012,995	987,303	1,087,470	1,052,114	1,034,212	1,025,176	994,827	970,374	940,038	1,042,562
Other local taxes	1,664,831	1,291,448	1,591,001	1,592,735	1,775,122	1,779,509	1,836,328	1,866,503	1,839,972	2,106,890
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs	3,454,660	3,349,305	3,320,843	3,319,642	3,365,464	3,368,175	3,367,776	3,423,576	3,400,198	3,433,736
Investment earnings	80,515	8,272	1,967	10,954	22,857	13,120	9,583	8,463	46,368	5,907
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	536,582	368,768	596,723	189,259	845,326	291,288	378,396	61,481	329,248	70,010
Transfers	32,885	(121,343)	(25,800)	(1,134,135)	(1,900,590)	(164,935)	(199,509)	(193,732)	(758,393)	(360,064)
Total governmental activities	34,082,838	39,012,319	38,765,514	38,238,930	38,379,155	40,295,404	42,980,050	43,017,112	44,672,997	44,333,014
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	37,129	7,047	8,312	9,985	4,311	3,446	11,347	20,285	11,662	_
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	90,115	-	-	-	-	1,533	190,000	-	_
Other revenue	151,865	-	-	2,770,557	298	3,457	73	-	_	_
Transfers	(32,885)	121,343	25,800	1,134,135	1,900,590	164,937	199,509	193,732	758,393	360,064
Total business-type activities	156,109	218,505	34,112	3,914,677	1,905,199	171,840	212,462	404,017	770,055	360,064
Total primary government	34,238,947	39,230,824	38,799,626	42,153,607	40,284,354	40,467,244	43,192,512	43,421,129	45,443,052	44,693,078
Change in Not Resition										
Change in Net Position	(740.007)	2 204 777	0.405.067	222.202	2 004 200	6 554 050	0 574 404	1 206 272	4.047.460	E 60E 600
Governmental activities	(742,927)	3,804,777	2,425,267	322,393	2,984,266	6,554,058	3,571,194	1,386,373	4,017,162	5,605,680
Business-type activities	(194,958) \$ (937,885) \$	246,758	(118,811) \$ 2.306,456	4,373,393	1,018,264	710,138 \$ 7,264,196	210,472	(252,958) \$ 1.133.415 \$	(48,601) 3,968,561	2,272,581
Total primary government	\$ (937,885)	4,051,535	\$ 2,306,456	4,695,786	4,002,530	φ 1,∠04,196 S	3,781,666	\$ 1,133,415 \$	3,900,301	7,878,261

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net (expense) revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues. It indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. A number in parentheses is net expenses indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, meaning that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 3

	20	010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund:											
Nonspendable	\$ 1	29,700	\$ 104,700	\$ 104,700	\$ 104,700	\$ 104,700	\$ 104,700	\$ 104,700	\$ 104,700	\$ 104,700	104,700
Restricted		3,265	5,792	9,603	24,890	30,326	31,047	32,053	32,053	33,123	36,196
Committed	3,9	64,000	4,695,521	6,100,065	6,860,389	7,632,118	8,415,423	9,210,477	10,017,457	10,836,542	11,355,486
Assigned	9	82,567	3,113,920	5,663,962	5,077,891	3,376,508	3,093,131	3,221,067	4,505,194	6,268,339	6,782,375
Unassigned	2,7	51,457	4,093,028	2,066,357	1,862,007	1,680,028	1,426,505	1,804,578	2,312,267	1,253,151	2,998,606
Total general fund	7,8	30,989	12,012,961	13,944,687	13,929,877	12,823,680	13,070,806	14,372,875	16,971,671	18,495,855	21,277,363
All Other Governmental Funds:											
Nonspendable Restricted	2.2	64,378	2,732,804	2,792,758	- 2,485,291	5,475,920	3,032,136	2,824,950	3,058,455	3,230,053	3,853,577
Committed	3,2	04,370	2,732,004	2,192,136	2,405,291	5,475,920	3,032,130	2,024,930	3,036,433	3,230,053	3,033,37 <i>1</i> -
Assigned	1	01,786	445,376	83,910	17,810	874,755	1,034,644	5,050,567	3,305,886	739,763	1,791,432
Total other governmental funds	3,3	66,164	3,178,180	2,876,668	2,503,101	6,350,675	4,066,780	7,875,517	6,364,341	3,969,816	5,645,009
Total governmental funds	\$11,1	97,153	\$15,191,141	\$16,821,355	\$16,432,978	\$19,174,355	\$17,137,586	\$22,248,392	\$23,336,012	\$22,465,671	26,922,372

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 4

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
General property taxes	\$28,520,895	\$28,064,416	\$27,099,918	\$28,514,924	\$29,203,123	\$29,317,410	\$32,205,174	\$32,945,616	\$28,790,706	34,482,574
Other local taxes	6,185,408	6,946,687	6,999,466	7,353,082	7,173,792	7,529,238	7,483,566	7,602,393	7,691,607	8,295,397
Permits, fees and licenses	443,079	330,675	292,070	345,459	429,010	474,442	463,126	364,692	372,036	414,763
Fines and forfeitures	74,527	75,136	74,866	71,617	76,395	65,622	54,318	84,220	57,413	85,100
Revenue from the use of money and property	344,055	340,938	355,759	361,817	368,898	339,413	327,381	336,728	361,763	479,705
Charges for services	435,862	384,621	411,358	410,393	450,270	406,926	509,555	440,922	500,255	577,701
Miscellaneous	756,411	791,820	254,129	349,418	973,391	381,084	474,631	189,950	4,651,616	1,172,085
Recovered costs	234,332	487,134	471,604	404,211	482,952	354,927	530,191	513,209	304,507	420,779
Intergovernmental	13,684,196	11,772,915	13,809,384	11,547,042	13,491,118	15,800,464	12,297,600	12,392,241	12,172,532	12,308,343
Total revenues	50,678,765	49,194,342	49,768,554	49,357,963	52,648,949	54,669,526	54,345,542	54,869,971	54,902,435	58,236,447
Expenditures										
General government administration	3,529,339	3,027,586	3,233,212	3,446,289	3,624,767	3,784,605	4,290,115	3,975,056	4,278,092	4,143,102
Judicial administration	1,379,897	1,433,434	1,335,238	1,450,005	1,511,769	1,487,014	1,600,418	1,541,907	1,567,617	1,801,593
Public safety	8,759,597	8,826,388	8,875,289	10,984,465	11,672,064	10,510,653	11,183,476	11,817,851	8,227,494	13,255,537
Public works	3,257,691	3,758,181	3,395,947	3,834,542	3,893,852	4,212,124	4,557,952	5,151,776	6,332,721	4,575,540
Health and welfare	7,315,878	5,490,104	5,483,394	5,571,278	5,730,164	5,907,665	6,053,390	5,881,513	9,406,439	6,268,765
Education	14,853,300	15,583,300	16,035,534	16,035,534	16,304,689	16,709,372	16,820,374	17,150,107	16,871,374	16,479,494
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,229,808	1,001,101	1,273,121	885,719	1,486,121	1,425,756	1,046,266	1,074,410	2,093,966	1,714,682
Community development	1,724,416	1,565,892	4,046,635	1,526,050	2,872,289	7,558,117	2,628,054	1,678,827	1,511,201	1,677,219
Debt service:										
Principal	2,357,292	2,395,373	2,469,866	3,119,689	3,304,267	3,343,822	3,676,217	3,910,930	3,485,653	2,383,892
Interest	2,290,587	2,093,191	2,012,299	1,758,634	1,709,446	1,602,232	1,528,965	1,406,242	1,239,826	1,119,857
Total expenditures	46,697,805	45,174,550	48,160,535	48,612,205	52,109,428	56,541,360	53,385,227	53,588,619	55,014,383	53,419,681
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,980,960	4,019,792	1,608,019	745,758	539,521	(1,871,834)	960,315	1,281,352	(111,948)	4,816,766
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of debt (includes premiums/discounts)	4,314,000	-	4,263,000	-	10,904,973	-	4,350,000	-	-	-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agents	(4,403,208)	-	(4,263,000)	-	(6,802,527)	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	2,753,223	1,091,580	1,324,601	1,351,662	2,032,221	2,104,275	1,727,343	2,427,762	1,948,596	2,986,224
Transfers out	(2,874,566)	(1,117,380)	(1,643,941)	(2,485,797)	(3,932,811)	(2,269,210)	(1,926,852)	(2,621,494)	(2,706,989)	(3,346,289)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(210,551)	(25,800)	(319,340)	(1,134,135)	2,201,856	(164,935)	4,150,491	(193,732)	(758,393)	(360,065)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,770,409	\$ 3,993,992	\$ 1,288,679	\$ (388,377)	\$ 2,741,377	\$ (2,036,769)	\$ 5,110,806	\$ 1,087,620	\$ (870,341)	4,456,701
Debt service as a % of noncapital expenditures	10.18%	9.94%	9.54%	10.43%	10.50%	10.23%	10.15%	10.35%	9.26%	6.91%

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 5A

Fiscal						Total Direct		Assessed
Year				Less	Total Taxable	Real	Estimated	Value as a
Ending	Residential	Commercial	Agricultural	Land Use	Assessed	Property	Actual	Percentage of
June 30,	Property	Property	Property	Value Reduction	Value	Tax Rate	Value	Actual Value
2010	3,363,432,110	660,176,147	657,001,700	290,503,900	4,390,106,057	0.480	4,680,609,957	93.79%
2011	3,380,611,410	678,014,822	657,292,500	291,946,100	4,423,972,632	0.480	4,715,918,732	93.81%
2012	2,924,021,460	636,396,590	624,792,100	274,869,000	3,910,341,150	0.550	4,185,210,150	93.43%
2013	2,932,083,560	638,622,345	620,948,600	270,528,700	3,921,125,805	0.550	4,191,654,505	93.55%
2014	2,744,011,700	683,547,550	494,192,400	127,309,000	3,794,442,650	0.605	3,921,751,650	96.75%
2015	2,766,112,100	684,978,350	494,890,600	125,088,100	3,820,892,950	0.605	3,945,981,050	96.83%
2016	2,715,931,400	667,447,926	501,728,300	93,490,200	3,791,617,426	0.635	3,885,107,626	97.59%
2017	2,729,710,800	681,463,717	509,588,300	92,379,500	3,828,383,317	0.635	3,920,762,817	97.649
2018	2,666,968,100	860,280,283	523,945,300	84,232,500	3,966,961,183	0.635	4,051,193,683	97.929
2019	2,691,327,400	884,736,393	558,514,500	86.775.000	4,047,803,293	0.635	4,134,578,293	97.90%

Source: Accomack County Finance Office

**Notes:** Real Property is assessed annually at fair market value. Property is assessed at 100 percent of estimated fair market value however, the County has adopted the provisions of Title 58.1-3230 of the Code of Virginia that provides for land use-value assessment when real estate is devoted to agricultural, horticultural or forest uses. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. The County is divided into various different tax rate districts. The above direct tax rates are those for the district with the highest rate.

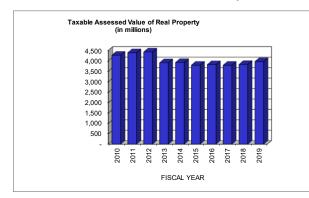
# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

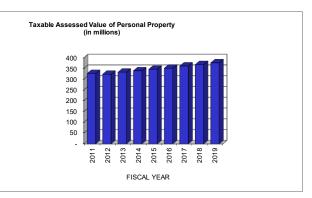
Table 5B

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Motor Vehicles & Other	Mobile Homes	Machinery & Tools	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Personal Property Tax Rate
2010	238.849.342	41.811.733	19.133.642	299.794.717	3.75
2011	267.566.954	40.019.511	19.421.352	327.007.817	3.75
2012	273.560.910	31.692.295	17.919.794	323.172.999	3.72
2013	280,470,080	30,525,805	21,945,775	332,941,660	3.72
2014	287,138,572	29,964,327	22,255,434	339,358,333	3.72
2015	292,169,603	29,721,982	24,593,224	346,484,809	3.72
2016	301,471,966	29,194,660	20,668,398	351,335,024	3.72
2017	311,113,331	29,253,592	21,042,517	361,409,440	3.72
2018	323,346,910	25,264,307	19,649,014	368,260,231	3.72
2019	326,844,145	25,697,743	23,730,041	376,271,929	3.72

Source: Accomack County Finance Office

**Notes:** Personal Property is assessed annually at fair market value. Property is assessed at 100 percent of estimated fair market value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. The County is divided into various different tax districts. The above direct tax rates are those for the district with the highest rate.





# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA

## DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (per \$100 of assessed value)<sup>1</sup>

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Type of tax			2010					2011					2012					2013		
			rict Nun					rict Nun		,			rict Nun					rict Nun		
Real Property	2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5	6
County Direct Rates:																				
General	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.3
Debt Service	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.0
Emergency Medical Service	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	-	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	-	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	-	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.0
Fire and Rescue	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	-	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03		0.06	0.06	0.00	0.06	-	0.06	0.06	0.06	-	-
Mosquito Control <sup>2</sup>	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	-	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03		0.02	·	-	-	-	0.02	•	-	-	-
Total real property direct rates	0.48	0.45	0.45	0.46	0.38	0.02	0.45	0.45	0.46	0.38	0.55	0.53	0.53	0.53	0.47	0.02	0.53	0.53	0.53	0.4
Overlapping Governments:																				
Town of Chincoteague	_	_	_	_	0.06	_	_	_	_	0.06	_	_	_	_	0.06	_	_	_	_	0.0
Town of Saxis	0.12	_	_	_	-	0.12	_	_	_	-	_	0.17	_	_	-	_	0.17	_	_	-
Town of Hallwood	0.09	_	_	_	_	0.09	_	_	_	_	0.15	-	_	_	_	0.15	-	_	_	_
Town of Bloxom	-	0.10	_	_	_	-	0.10	_	_	_	-	0.10	_	_	_	-	0.16	_	_	_
Town of Parksley		0.25				_	0.25					0.25				_	0.25			
Town of Tangier	0.35	-				0.35	-				_	-	0.35			_	0.20	0.35		
Town of Accomac	0.55	-	0.05	-	-	0.55		0.05	-				0.05	-	-			0.07		-
Town of Onley			0.08			_		0.08					0.08	_		_		0.08		
Town of Onancock		-	0.20	-	-	_		0.20	-				0.20	-	-			0.25		-
Town of Melfa	-	-	0.20	0.05	-	-	-	0.20	0.05		-	-	0.20	0.05	-	-	•	0.23	0.05	-
Town of Wachapreague	-	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	0.05		-	•	-	0.05	-
Town of Wachapreague Town of Keller	-	-	-	0.06	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	•	-	0.10	-
Town of Painter	-	-	-	0.06	-	-	-	-	0.06		-	-	-	0.06	-	-	•	-	0.12	
Town of Belle Haven	-	-	-	0.085	-	-	-	-	0.085		-	-	-	0.085	-	-	•	-	0.10	-
TOWN OF Belle Flaver	-	-		0.000	-	-	-	-	0.000	•		-	-	0.000	-	-	•	-	0.000	-
Personal Property																				
Overlapping Governments:																				
General	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.5
Debt Service	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.06	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.06	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.1
Emergency Medical Service	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-
Fire and Rescue	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.05	-	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total personal prop. direct rates	3.75	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.54	3.75	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.54	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.63	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.6
Overlapping Governments:																				
Town of Chincoteague	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-	-	-	0.8
Town of Saxis	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	0.50		-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-
Town of Hallwood	0.48	-	-	-	-	0.48	-	-	-	-	0.48	-		-	-	0.48		-	-	-
Town of Bloxom	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30		-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-
Town of Parksley	_	0.80	-	-	-	-	0.80	-	-	-	-	0.80	-	-	-	-	1.30	-	-	_
Town of Tangier	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Town of Accomac	_	-	0.10	-	-	-	_	0.10	-	-	-		0.10	-	-	-		0.10		
Town of Onley	_	-	0.30	-	-	_	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	_	-	0.30	-	-
Town of Onancock	-	-	2.00		-	_	_	2.00		-	-		2.00		-	-		2.00		
Town of Melfa	_	-	-		-	_	_	-		-	-				-	-		-		-
Town of Wachapreague	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.16	_
Town of Keller		_		0.10	_			_	0.10	_	_		_	0.10	_			_	0.15	_
Town of Painter				0.10	-				0.10					0.10	-		·		0.13	
Town of Paintel Town of Belle Haven	1 -	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	_	-	-	0.50	-	1	-	-	0.30	-

District numbers and corresponding district names are as follows: District 2=Atlantic District, District 3=Metompkin District, District 4=Lee District, District 5=Pungoteague District, and District 6=Chincoteague District.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The rates listed above are those in effect at June 30 of the fiscal year end.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ The mosquito control tax applies to the Greenbackville/Captains Cove area of District 2 only.

					Ι															1									
		2014					2015					2016					2017					2018					2019		
	Dist	rict Nun	nber			Dist	trict Nur	nber			Dist	rict Nur	nber			Dist	rict Nur	nber			Dist	rict Nur	nber			Dist	rict Nun	nber	
2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5	6
0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.395	0.405	0.405	0.405	0.405	0.405	0.405	0.405	0.405	0.405	0.405
0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075
0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	-	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	-	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120	-	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120	-	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	-	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.025	-	-		-	0.025	-	-	-	-	0.025	-	-		-	0.025	-		-	-	0.025	-	-	-	-	0.025	-	-	-	-
0.605	0.580	0.580	0.580	0.490	0.605	0.580	0.580	0.580	0.490	0.635	0.610	0.610	0.610	0.490	0.635	0.610	0.610	0.610	0.490	0.635	0.610	0.610	0.610	0.480	0.635	0.610	0.610	0.610	0.480
_	_	_	_	0.07	_	_	_	_	0.07	_	_	_	_	0.07	_	_	_	_	0.07	_	_	_	_	0.07	_	_	_	_	0.07
	0.17	_		-	_	0.17	_	_	-	_	0.17	_		-		0.17		_	-	١.	0.17	_		-	_	0.17	_	_	-
0.15	-	_	_	_	0.15	-	-	_	_	0.15	-	-	_	_	0.15	-	_	_	_	0.15	-	_	_	_	0.15	-	_	_	_
-	0.16	_	_	_	-	0.16	-	_	_	-	0.16	_	_	_	-	0.16	_	_	_	-	0.16	_	_	_	-	0.16	_	_	_
_	0.25	_	_	_	_	0.29	_	_	_	_	0.29	_	_	_		0.32	_	_	_	_	0.32	_	_	_	_	0.33	_	_	_
_	-	0.35	_	_	l <u>-</u>	-	0.35	_	_	_	-	0.35	_	_	_	-	0.40	_	_	l <u>-</u>	-	0.40	_	_	_	-	0.40	_	_
	_	0.07		_		_	0.09	_	_	_	_	0.09		_			0.09	_	_	١.	_	0.09		_	_	_	0.10	_	_
		0.08		_			0.08	_	_	_		0.08		_			0.08	_			_	0.08		_	_	_	0.08		_
		0.25		_			0.25	_	_	_		0.25		_			0.32	_			_	0.32		_	_	_	0.32		_
		0.20	0.05	_			0.20	0.06	_	_		0.20	0.09	_			0.02	0.09			_	0.02	0.09	_	_	_	0.02	0.09	_
		_	0.13	_			_	0.13	_	_			0.13	_				0.13			_		0.13	_	_	_		0.13	_
_	-	-	0.13	-		-	_	0.13	-	_	-	-	0.13	-			Ī	0.13					0.13	-		-	-	0.13	_
_	-	-	0.12	-		-	_	0.12	-	_	-	-	0.12	-			Ī	0.12					0.12	-		-	-	0.12	-
_	-	-	0.085	-		-	_	0.085	-	_	-	-	0.085	-			Ī	0.085					0.085	-		-	-	0.085	-
-			0.000		_			0.005	-				0.000					0.000		_			0.000					0.000	-
3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53
0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-
-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
3.72	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.63	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.63	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.63	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.63	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.63	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.72	3.63
-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-	-	-	0.85
-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-
0.48	-	-	-	-	0.48	-	-	-	-	0.48	-	-	-	-	0.48	-	-	-	-	0.48	-	-	-	-	0.48	-	-	-	-
-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	0.50	-	-	-
-	1.30	-	-	-	-	1.30	-	-	-	-	1.30	-	-	-	-	1.30	-	-	-	-	1.30	-	-	-	-	1.30	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.40	-	-	-	-	0.40	-	-	-	-	0.40	-	-
-	-	0.10	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-
-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-
-	-	2.00	-	-	-	-	2.00	-	-	-	-	2.00	-	-	-	-	2.00	-	-	-	-	2.00	-	-	-	-	2.00	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	0.13	-
-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	-
-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS<sup>1</sup> CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Table 7

	2	2019			2010	
<del>-</del>			Percentage			Percentage
	Total		of Total	Total		of Total
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Value <sup>1</sup>	Valuation	Rank	Value <sup>1</sup>
Eastern Shore Solar LLC	\$ 176,739,197	1	3.99%	\$ -	-	-
Commonwealth Chesapeake Corpora	103,688,190	2	2.34%	\$ 185,810,572	1	3.73%
A&N Electric Cooperative	91,783,838	3	2.07%	\$ 68,451,811	2	1.37%
Delmarva Power & Light Company	31,025,409	4	0.70%	10,023,512	10	0.20%
Old Dominion Electric Cooperative	26,019,738	5	0.59%	\$ 10,357,623	8	0.21%
Perdue	25,354,584	6	0.57%	\$ 29,387,686	4	0.59%
Tyson	22,263,538	7	0.50%	21,708,705	7	0.44%
Verizon Virginia LLC	16,925,377	8	0.38%	32,027,795	3	0.70%
Walmart	11,122,890	9	0.25%	_	-	-
Chincoteague Hotel LLC	9,363,300	10	0.21%			
Shore Land Investments LLC	-	-	-	\$ 26,357,999	5	0.53%
Captains Cove Group LLC	-	-	-	\$ 22,764,100	6	0.46%
Madonia, Batista or Evelyn Madonia	-	-	-	\$ 10,152,840	9	0.20%

Source: Accomack County Finance Office

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total assessed value obtained from Table 5A & 5B.

### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVY AND COLLECTIONS<sup>(1)(2)</sup> LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

Table 8 Page 1 of 2

						Collected within	the Fiscal Year		Total Collec	tions
Year	Property Tax Type	Year Due	Original Levy 3	Adjustments	Adjusted Levy	Amount	Adjusted Levy	Subsequent	Amount	of
2019	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2018	43,036	519	42,517 5,051,390		100.0%	-	42,517	100.0%
2019 2019	Personal Property-Regular Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2018 12/2018	5,437,406 1,525,330	386,016 29,031	1,496,299		87.5% 100.0%	-	4,421,421 1,496,299	87.5% 100.0%
2019	Real Estate-Regular	12/2018	10,060,772	10,887	10,049,886		95.1%	_	9,558,100	95.1%
2019	Real Estate-Special Assess.	12/2018	15,443	-	15,443		72.4%	-	11,176	72.4%
2019	Personal Property-Regular	03/2019	138,142	2,977	135,165		75.3%	-	101,835	75.3%
2019	Personal Property-Regular	06/2019	5,649,938	107,371	5,542,568		73.7%	-	4,084,096	73.7%
2019	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp. 4	06/2019	1,438,973	-	1,438,973	887,161	61.7%	-	887,161	61.7%
2019	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp. 4	06/2019	39,752	-	39,752	39,132	98.4%	-	39,132	98.4%
2019	Real Estate-Regular	06/2019	10,262,597	3,151	10,259,446		88.6%	-	9,092,713	88.6%
	Total		\$ 34,611,389	\$ 539,951	\$ 34,071,438	\$ 29,734,450	87.3%	\$ -	\$ 29,734,450	87.3%
2018	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2017	42,988	6,028	36,960	36,960	100.0%	-	36,960	100.0%
2018	Personal Property-Regular	12/2017	5,362,590	479,621	4,882,969		85.6%	357,221	4,536,130	92.9%
2018	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2017	1,787,627	(187,700)	1,975,327		100.0%		1,975,327	100.0%
2018	Real Estate-Regular	12/2017	10,184,855	11,621	10,173,234		94.9%	233,241	9,885,266	97.2%
2018	Real Estate-Special Assess.	12/2017	4,172	2 000	4,172		51.9%	461	2,628	63.0%
2018 2018	Personal Property-Regular Personal Property-Regular	03/2018 06/2018	169,693 5,504,655	2,099 255,298	167,595 5,249,357		76.8% 74.6%	25,125 853,160	153,874 4,770,227	91.8% 90.9%
2018	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp. 4	06/2018	1,410,673	29,031	1,381,641	1,074,116	77.7%	307,525	1,381,641	100.0%
2018	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp. 4	06/2018	37,506	519	36,986		101.3%	(483)	36,986	100.0%
2018	Real Estate-Regular	06/2018	10,058,743	14,231	10,044,513		89.5%	677,407	9,666,988	96.2%
	Total			\$ 610,749	\$ 33,952,753	\$ 29,992,370		\$ 2,453,657	\$ 32,446,027	95.6%
2017	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2016	43,800	_	43,800	43,800	100.0%	0	43,800.33	100.0%
2017	Personal Property-Regular	12/2016	5,164,557	424,082	4,740,475		87.1%	330,103.10	4,457,960.76	94.0%
2017	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2016	923,300	(29,816)	953,116		100.0%	-	953,116.00	100.0%
2017	Real Estate-Regular	12/2016	10,174,102	86,686	10,087,416		95.3%	308,951.75	9,920,216.44	98.3%
2017	Real Estate-Special Assess.	12/2016	4,172	-	4,172	2,268	54.4%	541.68	2,809.68	67.3%
2017	Personal Property-Regular	03/2017	222,105	24,774	197,331	141,387	71.6%	31,010.96	172,397.96	87.4%
2017	Personal Property-Regular	06/2017	5,298,107	308,930	4,989,177	3,797,030	76.1%	851,175.31	4,648,205.20	93.2%
2017	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp. 4	06/2017	893,813	46,543	847,270	847,270	100.0%	-	847,269.60	100.0%
2017	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp. 4	06/2017	42,988	6,028	36,960		116.3%	(6,028)	36,959.58	100.0%
2017	Real Estate-Regular Total	06/2017	10,185,171	9,909	10,175,261	9,096,150	89.4%	837,923.12	9,934,073.12	97.6%
	Total		\$ 32,952,115	\$ 877,137	\$ 32,074,978	\$ 28,663,131	89.4%	\$ 2,353,678	\$ 31,016,809	96.7%
2016	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2015	93,927	-	93,927	93,927	100.0%	-	93,927	100.0%
2016	Personal Property-Regular	12/2015	4,877,654	427,504	4,450,149	3,905,489	87.8%	331,281	4,236,770	95.2%
2016	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2015	1,693,297	-	1,693,297	1,693,297	100.0%	-	1,693,297	100.0%
2016	Real Estate-Regular	12/2015	9,828,979	84,598	9,744,381	9,185,938	94.3%	468,277	9,654,215	99.1%
2016 2016	Real Estate-Special Assess.	12/2015	4,116	- - 704	4,116	2,742	66.6%	436	3,178	77.2%
2016	Personal Property-Regular Personal Property-Regular	03/2016 06/2016	164,948 5,114,678	5,784 282,085	159,164 4,832,593	129,016 3,686,183	81.1% 76.3%	18,719 896,848	147,735 4,583,032	92.8% 94.8%
2016	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp. 4	06/2016	863,998	29,487	834,511	834,511	100.0%	(0)	834,511	100.0%
2016	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp. 4	06/2016	46,964	4,789	42,175	46,052	109.2%	(3,878)	42,175	100.0%
2016	Real Estate-Regular	06/2016	10,174,102	87,695	10,086,407	9.006.032	89.3%	953,637	9,959,669	98.7%
	Total			\$ 921,943	\$ 31,940,720	\$ 28,583,187	89.5%		\$ 31,248,508	97.8%
2015	Real Estate-Roll Back Taxes	10/2014	628	_	628	628	100.0%	_	628	100.0%
2015	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2014	88,216	_	88,216	86,019	97.5%	2,197	88,216	100.0%
2015	Personal Property-Regular	12/2014	4,586,058	380,179	4,205,879	3,613,511	85.9%	401,371	4,014,881	95.5%
2015	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2014	1,698,659	-	1,698,659	1,683,121	99.1%	15,539	1,698,659	100.0%
2015	Real Estate-Regular	12/2014	9,753,812	87,742	9,666,070	9,086,273	94.0%	515,957	9,602,230	99.3%
2015	Real Estate-Special Assess.	12/2014	4,172	89	4,083	2,293	56.2%	852	3,145	77.0%
2015	Personal Property-Regular	03/2015	164,969	35,135	129,834	92,254	71.1%	31,402	123,656	95.2%
2015	Personal Property-Regular	06/2015	5,015,816	267,698	4,748,118	3,426,729	72.2%	1,109,910	4,536,639	95.5%
2015 2015	Real Estate-Regular Total	06/2015	9,828,979	\$ 85,783 \$ 856,625	9,743,196 \$ 30,284,683	8,279,637 \$ 26,270,465	85.0% 86.7%	1,385,799 \$ 3,463,026	9,665,436 \$ 29,733,491	99.2% 98.2%
2010	Total		ψ 01,141,000	ψ 000,020	Ψ 00,204,000	Ψ 20,210,400	00.770	ψ 0,400,020	<u> </u>	30.270
2014	Real Estate-Roll Back Taxes	08/2013	1,957	-	1,957	1,957	100.0%	-	1,957	100.0%
2014	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2013	79,229	-	79,229	78,033	98.5%	1,196	79,229	100.0%
2014	Personal Property-Regular	12/2013	4,582,007	396,519	4,185,488	3,631,896	86.8%	371,447	4,003,343	95.6%
2014	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2013	1,577,174	-	1,577,174	1,562,467	99.1%	14,707	1,577,174	100.0%
2014	Real Estate-Regular	12/2013	9,301,052	88,995	9,212,057	8,671,064	94.1%	493,540	9,164,605	99.5%
2014	Real Estate-Special Assess.	12/2013	4,172	89 9 261	4,083	2,378	58.2%	20 909	3,266	80.0%
2014 2014	Personal Property-Regular Personal Property-Regular	03/2014 06/2014	162,951 4,751,142	8,361 272,780	154,590 4,478,363	110,950 3,398,176	71.8% 75.9%	29,898 878,485	140,848 4,276,661	91.1% 95.5%
2014	Real Estate-Regular	06/2014	9,753,812	89,010	9,664,802	8,566,104	75.9% 88.6%	1,043,471	9,609,576	95.5% 99.4%
2014	Total	30/2014		\$ 855,753	\$ 29,357,742	\$ 26,023,025		\$ 2,833,633	\$ 28,856,658	98.3%
2040	Real Estate Rell Real: Tours	00/0040	0.704		0.704	0.704	400.004	-	0.704	100.00/
2013	Real Estate-Roll Back Taxes	09/2012	2,721	-	2,721	2,721	100.0%	4 400	2,721	100.0%
2013	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2012	86,264 4,361,353	A10 EA4	86,264 3 942 812	85,075 3 435 520	98.6% 87.1%	1,189 381 326	86,264 3,816,846	100.0%
2013 2013	Personal Property-Regular Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2012 12/2012	4,361,353 1,666,940	418,541	3,942,812 1,666,940	3,435,520 1,650,347	87.1% 99.0%	381,326 16,593	3,816,846 1,666,940	96.8% 100.0%
2013	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.  Real Estate-Regular	12/2012	9,280,927	113,566	9,167,361	8,557,067	99.0%	577,743	9,134,810	99.6%
2013	Real Estate-Special Assess.	12/2012	4,172	89	4,083	1,966	48.2%	1,646	3,612	88.5%
2013	Personal Property-Regular	04/2013	230,699	15,185	215,513	157,646	73.1%	45,827	203,473	94.4%
2013	Personal Property-Regular	06/2013	4,723,284	280,142	4,443,141	3,198,351	72.0%	1,042,198	4,240,548	95.4%
2013	Real Estate-Regular	06/2013	9,301,052	87,400	9,213,652	8,052,980	87.4%	1,119,810	9,172,790	99.6%
2013	Total		\$ 29,657,411	\$ 914,923	\$ 28,742,488	\$ 25,141,673	87.5%	\$ 3,186,332	\$ 28,328,005	98.6%
					21/					

#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVY AND COLLECTIONS(1)(2) LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Table 8 Page 2 of 2

						Collected within	the Fiscal Year of		Total Collec	tions
Year	Property Tax Type	Year Due	Original Levy 3	Adjustments	Adjusted Levy	Amount	Adjusted Levy	Subsequent	Amount	of
2012	Real Estate-Roll Back Taxes	09/2011	5,487	-	5,487	5,487	100.0%	-	5,487	100.0%
2012	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2011	80,442	-	80,442	79,925	99.4%	516	80,442	100.0%
2012	Personal Property-Regular	12/2011	4,351,341	465,549	3,885,792	3,370,153	86.7%	415,116	3,785,269	97.4%
2012	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2011	1,424,539	-	1,424,539	1,409,649	99.0%	14,873	1,424,522	100.0%
2012	Real Estate-Regular	12/2011	8,970,567	93,743	8,876,825	8,281,800	93.3%	563,258	8,845,058	99.6%
2012	Real Estate-Special Assess.	12/2011	4,172	89	4,083	1,776	43.5%	1,902	3,678	90.1%
2012	Personal Property-Regular	02/2012	155,361	16,411	138,950	106,708	76.8%	23,823	130,531	93.9%
2012	Personal Property-Regular	06/2012	4,497,340	306,095	4,191,245	3,179,983	75.9%	874,227	4,054,210	96.7%
2012	Real Estate-Regular	06/2012	9,280,927	115,120	9,165,807	8,084,420	88.2%	1,050,835	9,135,254	99.7%
2012	Total		\$ 28,770,176	\$ 997,006	\$ 27,773,170	\$ 24,519,902	88.3%	\$ 2,944,549	\$ 27,464,451	98.9%
2011	Personal Property-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2010	79,299	-	79,299	78,783	99.3%	516	79,299	100.0%
2011	Personal Property-Regular	12/2010	4,526,770	502,331	4,024,439	3,461,327	86.0%	487,359	3,948,686	98.1%
2011	Real Estate-Public Svc. Corp.	12/2010	1,468,489	-	1,468,489	1,453,043	98.9%	15,420	1,468,463	100.0%
2011	Real Estate-Regular	12/2010	8,907,898	73,820	8,834,079	8,190,243	92.7%	602,068	8,792,311	99.5%
2011	Real Estate-Roll Back Taxes	12/2010	15,119	-	15,119	15,119	100.0%	-	15,119	100.0%
2011	Real Estate-Special Assess.	03/2011	4,172	89	4,083	2,051	50.2%	1,626	3,678	90.1%
2011	Personal Property-Regular	06/2011	4,397,670	349,075	4,048,595	3,126,275	77.2%	817,610	3,943,886	97.4%
2011	Personal Property-Regular	06/2011	145,034	4,273	140,761	89,230	63.4%	47,705	136,935	97.3%
2011	Real Estate-Regular	06/2011	8,970,567	100,423	8,870,144	7,777,688	87.7%	1,064,297	8,841,985	99.7%
2011	Total		\$ 28,515,019	\$ 1,030,010	\$ 27,485,009	\$ 24,193,760	88.0%	\$ 3,036,602	\$ 27,230,362	99.1%

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Only eight years of information is available. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Does not include penalty or interest.

<sup>(3)</sup> Levy is net of senior/disabled tax relief, veterans tax relief and relief provided by the Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA). The PPTRA provides personal property tax relief to owners of personal use vehicles via a tax credit that appears on the citizen's tax bill. Localities receive a fixed amount of restricted State for this program which is intended to reimburse the County for tax relief granted. Additional information on the PPTRA is found in the notes to the financial statements.

(4) The County changed the billing frequency for Public Service Corp real estate and personal property taxes from annually to semi-annually in Fiscal Year 2016.

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 9

		Gov	ernmental Activit	ties		Business-type Ad	ctivities			
_	Gene	ral Obligation Bo	onds							
-		Va. Public	Qualified	Bond						
	Literary	School	Zone	Premiums	Lease	General		Total		Percentage
Fiscal	Fund	Authority	Academy	and	Revenue	Obligation	Capital	Primary	Per	of Personal
Year	Loans	Bonds	Bonds	Discounts	Bonds	Bonds <sup>2</sup>	Leases	Government	Capita <sup>1</sup>	Income 1
2010	4,294,965	33,567,305	713,974	1,037,806	5,748,000	2,112,000	-	47,474,050	1,431	3.17%
2011	3,834,456	31,712,181	634,234	967,703	5,748,000	2,112,000	-	45,008,574	1,352	2.94%
2012	3,373,947	29,785,242	551,816	897,596	5,748,000	2,203,000	-	42,559,601	1,278	2.75%
2013	2,913,438	28,568,687	470,274	827,489	5,214,399	1,905,000	-	39,899,287	1,209	2.45%
2014	-	26,443,695	381,142	1,019,302	11,138,973	1,602,000	-	40,585,112	1,230	2.49%
2015	-	24,235,524	289,027	934,846	10,010,978	1,293,000	-	36,763,375	1,115	2.19%
2016	-	21,942,094	193,841	850,385	12,988,922	979,000	-	36,954,242	1,122	2.12%
2017	-	19,557,283	96,076	776,336	11,486,519	659,000	1,240,313	33,815,527	1,039	2.59%
2018	-	16,573,425	78,882	705,994	10,225,582	333,000	972,596	28,889,479	887	2.18%
2019	-	15,243,971	60,761	635,652	9,189,266	-	700,423	25,830,073	796	1.86%

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Table 11 for population and personal income data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> General Obligation Bonds issued to improve/construct County landfills is reported as business-type activity because this debt is being repaid from landfill user fees.

# **COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING**

Table 10

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Total	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Net General Bonded Debt	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property <sup>2,3</sup>	Per Capita <sup>3</sup>
2010	40,688,244	40,688,244	859,741	39,828,503	0.84%	1,201
2011	38,292,871	38,292,871	1,389,519	36,903,352	0.78%	1,109
2012	35,914,005	35,914,005	1,337,183	34,576,822	0.82%	1,038
2013	30,943,961	30,943,961	1,101,726	29,842,235	0.70%	904
2014	28,426,837	28,426,837	1,616,021	26,810,816	0.65%	812
2015	25,817,551	25,817,551	1,402,488	24,415,063	0.59%	740
2016	23,114,935	23,114,935	1,180,940	21,933,995	0.53%	666
2017	20,312,359	20,312,359	863,859	19,448,500	0.47%	598
2018	16,985,307	16,985,307	264,736	16,720,571	0.39%	513
2019	15,304,732	15,304,732	374,229	14,930,503	0.34%	460

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes lease revenue bonds and capital leases.
<sup>2</sup> Includes real and personal property estimated actual taxable value.
<sup>3</sup> See Table 11 for population data and Tables 5A & 5B for property value data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Fiscal Years 2013-2018 have been adjusted to reflect the related unamortized premiums. Detailed premium information was not available

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 11

Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	Personal Income (expressed in thousands) <sup>2</sup>	Per Capita Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>4</sup>	School Enrollment <sup>3</sup>
2010	33,165	\$1,529,700	\$33,593	7.10%	5,056
2011	33,287	\$1,546,000	\$34,181	7.30%	5,030
2012	33,314	\$1,626,900	\$35,733	6.90%	5,092
2013	33,005	\$1,627,200	\$37,628	6.50%	5,132
2014	32,998	\$1,681,000	\$36,960	5.70%	5,310
2015	32,973	\$1,745,300	\$38,683	5.20%	5,326
2016	32,947	\$1,304,585	\$39,412	4.60%	5,349
2017	32,545	\$1,324,623	\$40,701	4.30%	5,229
2018	32,412	1,386,063	42,764	3.80%	5,016
2019	32,439	N/A	N/A	3.20%	4,934

N/A - Not available

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Years 2009-2017 U.S. Census Bureau Mid Year Estimates/Year 2018 estimated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Source: Accomack County School Board

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Source: Virginia Employment Commission/2019 unemployment rate as of June 2019

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Table 12

			2019				2010	
				Percentage				Percentage
				of Total County				of Total County
Employer	Employees	Est #	Rank	Employment <sup>1</sup>	Employees	Est #	Rank	Employment <sup>1</sup>
Perdue Products	1000+	1,000	1	5.90%	1000+	1,000	1	5.77%
Tyson Farms	1000+	1,000	2	5.90%	1000+	1,000	2	5.77%
Accomack County School Board	1000+	1,000	3	5.90%	500-999	500	3	2.88%
Riverside Regional Medical Center	250-499	250	4	1.48%	-	-	-	-
County of Accomack	250-499	250	5	1.48%	250-499	250	5	1.44%
LJT Associates Inc.	250-499	250	6	1.48%	-	-	-	-
National Aeronautics & Space Administration	250-499	250	7	1.48%	250-499	250	6	1.44%
Walmart	100-249	100	8	0.59%	-	-	-	-
Eastern Shore Rural Health System	100-249	100	9	0.59%	-	-	-	-
Eastern Shore Community Services	100-249	100	10	0.59%	100-249	100	8	0.58%
Kings Choice	-		-	-	250-249	250	4	1.44%
The Cube Corporation	-		-	-	100-249	100	7	0.58%
Northrop Grumman Technical Services	-		-	-	100-249	100	9	0.58%
Shore Memorial Hospital	-				_ 100-249	100	10	0.58%
		4,300	_	25.37%	_	3,650	<del>-</del> -	21.06%

**Source:** Virginia Employment Commission

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Pecentage of total County employment based on total employment as of March 31.

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA AUTHORIZED FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 13

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government administration										
by the Commonwealth of Virginia)	11.0	11.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Elections	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Other	27.5	33.5	32.0	30.0	32.0	32.0	30.0	29.0	30.0	30.0
Judicial administration										
by the Commonwealth of Virginia)	19.8	19.8	17.8	17.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8
Other	3.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Public Safety										
by the Commonwealth of Virginia)	63.7	62.7	62.7	63.7	63.7	63.7	63.7	63.7	64.7	64.7
Firefighters and emergency medical personnel	31.5	31.5	31.5	35.0	38.0	41.5	43.5	52.5	52.5	58.5
Other	14.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	12.5	11.5	11.5	11.5
Public Works										
Refuse collection and litter control	23.2	23.2	23.2	20.9	24.4	24.4	25.2	25.2	25.2	25.2
Refuse disposal	14.5	14.5	14.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.5
Building and grounds	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3
Wastewater treatment	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-
Storm drainage	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
Health and welfare										
Social services and welfare	64.0	64.0	64.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0
Other	5.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-
Parks, recreation and cultural	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.8	4.8	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3
Community development <sup>2</sup>	8.0	9.0	6.5	11.0	12.0	12.0	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
Total primary government	308.0	311.0	304.5	295.2	302.0	304.5	307.7	314.7	316.7	323.8

Source: Accomack County Finance Office

TOTALS should reconcile to most current Annual Fiscal Plan (AFP)

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Temporary and seasonal employees and School Board employees are excluded from this table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Airport Commission was abolished by the Board of Supervisors effective 1/1/2013. All FTE previously controlled by the Commission are now under the control of the Primary Government and are reported as such.

### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM FOR LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 14

Function/Program										
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government										
Assessor										
Taxable real estate number of parcels	39,620	39,707	39,786	39,800	39,844	39,847	39,895	39,851	39,854	39,911
Tax-exempt real estate number of parcels	932	936	940	941	943	955	962	968	972	970
Number of parcels enrolled in land use program	1,970	1,995	2,005	1,977	1,873	1,837	1,462	1,427	1,301	1,308
Commissioner of Revenue										
Mobile homes	3,512	3,418	3,253	3,169	3,152	3,139	3,092	3,949	3,912	4,034
Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA) qualifying vehicles	34,551	35,762	29,327	23,808	24,846	25,330	24,572	38,174	37,749	26,664
PPTRA tax credit percentages (vehicle value	100%;51%	100%;51%	100%;49%	100%;49%	100%;49%	100%;46%	100%;46%	100%,44%	100%,44%	100%,42%
<\$1,000;\$1,000-\$20,000)										
Finance										
Vendor checks issued	10,203	10,049	10,117	9,555	9,844	8,234	8,681	8,987	9,716	8,778
Annual County payroll checks/direct deposits	8,736	6,658	9,019	9,072	9,133	8,725	8,675	8,746	8,097	9,052
Annual School Board payroll checks/direct deposits	26,886	26,908	27,270	28,271	26,728	26,060	28,856	27,605	27,346	27,017
Treasurer	,	,	, -	•	, -	,	,	,	, -	,
Real estate bills created	77,399	78,926	79,026	79,092	79,152	79,042	79,184	79,180	79,138	79,250
Personal property bills created	65,899	67,789	66,814	66,378	68,132	68,579	68,710	68,621	66,022	65,966
Judicial Administration	,	- ,		,-	, -	,-		,-	,-	,
Clerk of Court										
Deed book recordings	5,311	5,085	4,781	5,374	5,203	4,497	6,159	4,997	4,946	4,803
Judgments	2,922	3,338	2,869	2,706	2,420	2,705	2,032	1,450	1,818	1,771
Public Safety	2,022	0,000	2,000	2,. 00	2, .20	2,. 00	2,002	.,	.,0.0	.,
Fire and Emergency Services										
Emergency responses	3,798	3,635	4,490	4,751	5,542	5,887	4,635	5,860	6,498	7,443
Patients transported	2.597	2,508	2,582	2,724	2.882	3,350	2.428	2,521	3,003	3,060
Fire responses	343	370	361	406	247	281	216	327	355	457
Fire investigations	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	210	321	333	457
Fire inspections	26	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	N/A				
EMS turn-out time when fully staffed	< 2 minutes	2.4 minutes	3.8 minutes	3.2 minutes	2.4 minutes	2.7 minutes	2.3 minutes	2.54 minutes	2.55 minutes	4.5 minutes
EMS drive time when fully staffed	< 7 minutes	11.3 minutes	15.6 minutes	11.6 minutes	12.1 minutes	13.27 minutes	12.53 minutes	13.30 minutes	13.0 minutes	12.53 minutes
EMS response time when fully staffed				16.6 minutes						16.38 minutes
,	< 7 minutes	13 minutes	19.2 minutes	16.6 minutes	15.3 minutes	16.39 minutes	16.17 minutes	16.14 minutes	16.03 minutes	16.38 minutes
Jail	00	07	0.4	404	404	404	400	400	405	405
Average daily inmate population	96	87	81	104	104	104	106	100	105	105
Sheriff's Office	074		4 000	4.070	4.000	4 450	4 = 00	4 000		0.505
Physical arrests	671	893	1,038	1,673	1,262	1,450	1,563	1,830	1,917	2,587
Traffic violations	456	469	934	577	637	500	356	910	639	1,240
Health and Welfare										
Comprehensive Services Act										
Youth receiving services	67	55	20	21	23	45	32	29	32	30
Social Services										
Medicaid Recipients	5,061	5,183	5,235	5,244	5,279	5,412	5,483	5,110	5,331	6,168
Food Stamp Recipients	3,524	3,901	4,257	4,419	4,404	4,081	3,754	3,482	3,191	3,160
Households receiving Heating Assistance	3,231	2,899	2,749	1,949	1,818	1,821	1,680	1,505	1,440	1,399
Households receiving Cooling Assistance	739	944	718	593	548	586	528	513	533	533
Community Development										
Building permits issued	861	723	692	729	663	631	692	753	727	754
Other Funds										
Landfills										
Billable tons of refuse disposed	39,154	38,466	37,028	39,614	35,484	43,474	42,289	44,905	40,721	41,748
Tons of recycled materials <sup>2</sup>	8,769	8,448	9,062	12,346	5,828	16,617	23,274	40,620	47,592	N/A
-	-,	-, -	-,	,	-,	-,-	-, -	-,-	,	

# COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 15 **Function Public Safety** Police Stations Patrol units' Fire training centers Animal control facilities Public Works County owned buildings 187,373 164,297 169,316 Square foot in buildings 151,849 153,049 153,149 161,549 162,797 167,094 195,800 Refuse collection sites (staffed)<sup>2</sup> Refuse collection sites (unstaffe Active landfills Solid waste transfer stations Refuse collection vehicles<sup>2</sup> Parks, Recreation and Cultural Athletic fields Tennis courts Fishing/boating facilities: Dock and/or ramp facilities Low impact water access site Pier or bulkhead only Community Development Number of T-hangar buildings Number of T-hangar units Length of runway 5000' 5000' 5000' 5000' 5000' 5000' 5000' 5000' 5000' 5000' Education Elementary schools Elementary school capacity 2.775 2,775 2,775 2,975 2.975 2,975 2.975 2,975 2,975 2,975 Secondary schools 2,750 2,750 2,750 2,900 2,900 2,900 2,900 2,900 2,900 2,900 Secondary school capacity Combined schools Combined school capacity School buses **Component Units** Industrial Development Park Acreage available for sale 261.28 261.28 261.28 261.28 259.28 259.28 259.28 247.21 247.21 247.21

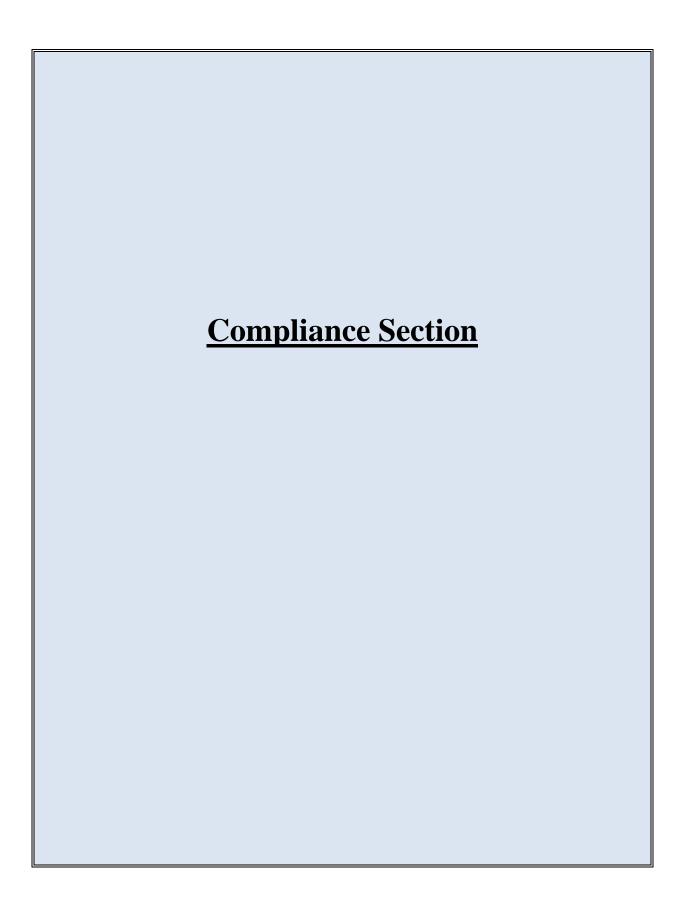
Sources: Various County departments.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Includes process server vehicles.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;This information does not include the County's active landfill.



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# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Accomack, Virginia Accomac, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Accomack, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Accomack, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2020. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Accomack-Northampton Planning District Commission, as described in our report on the County of Accomack, Virginia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Accomack, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Accomack, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Accomack, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Accomack, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charlottesville, Virginia

Robinson, Found, Cox associats

February 27, 2020



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Accomack, Virginia Accomac, Virginia

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Accomack, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Accomack, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. County of Accomack, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

County of Accomack, Virginia's basic financial statements include the operations of the Accomack-Northampton Planning District Commission, which received \$699,526 in federal awards which is not included in the schedule during the year ended June 30, 2019. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of Accomack-Northampton Planning District Commission because the component unit engaged other auditors to perform an audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Accomack, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, *and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Accomack, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Accomack, Virginia's compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Accomack, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of County of Accomack, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Accomack, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Accomack, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hobinson, Found, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia

February 27, 2020

#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 Page 1							
Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Federal CFDA		Federal			
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	E	penditures			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Virginia Department of Justice:							
Direct Payments:							
Inmate Social Security Bounty	N/A	16.000	\$	5,000			
Pass Through Payments:							
Department of Justice	Niet A Helde	40 575		04.004			
Crime Victim Assistance	Not Available	16.575		91,661			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant  Total Department of Justice	Not Available	16.607	\$	2,753 99,414			
Total Department of Justice			<u> </u>	99,414			
Department of Transportation: Direct Payments:							
Airport Improvement Program	N/A	20.106	\$	2,974,407			
Pass Through Payments:	19/2	20.100	φ	2,974,407			
Virginia Department of Transportation:							
National Priority Safety Programs	M6OT1858283	20.616		18,127			
Total Department of Transportation			\$	2,992,534			
Department of Homeland Security:							
Pass Through Payments:							
Virginia Department of Emergency Services:							
Homeland Security Grant Program	Not Available	97.067	\$	95,721			
Total Virginia Department of Emergency Services				95,721			
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$	95,721			
Department of Agriculture:							
Direct Payments:							
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster)	N/A	10.559	\$	72,975			
Food Distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster)	N/A	10.559		2,652			
Total			\$	75,627			
Pass Through Payments:			\$	75,627			
Department of Social Services:							
SNAP Cluster:							
State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Programs	010111/0010112/0040111/004011	10.561	\$	469,705			
э			\$	469,705			
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	545,332			
Department of Health and Human Services:							
Pass Through Payments:							
Department of Social Services:							
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	950112	93.556	\$	12,687			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF Cluster)	0400111/0400112	93.558		397,293			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	0500110/0500111	93.566		279			
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	0600411/0600412	93.568		68,173			

#### COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Page 2 Federal Grantor Federal Pass-through Pass Through Grantor Entity Identifying CFDA Federal Program or Cluster Title Number Number Expenditures PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - CONTINUED: Department of Health and Human Services - continued : Pass Through Payments - continued: Department of Social Services - continued: Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund (Child Care and Development Fund Cluster) 0760111/0760112 93.596 74,123 Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster 552,555 Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program 0900111/0900112 93.645 501 Foster Care-Title IV-E 1100111/1100112 93.658 210,180 Adoption Assistance 1120111/1120112 93.659 110,357 Social Services Block Grant 1000110/1000111 93.667 316,598 Chafee Foster Care Independence Program 9150111/9150112 93.674 3,610 Children's Health Insurance Program 0540111/0540112 93.767 11,532 Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster) 1200111/1200112 93.778 531,361 Total Department of Social Services 1,736,694 Total Department of Health and Human Services 1,736,694 Department of the Interior: Direct Payments: Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development Chincoteague Wildlife Refuge N/A 15.000 92,169 Total Department of the Interior 92,169 Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Not Available 14.228 30,000 Total Department of Housing and Urban Development 30,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT 5,591,864 COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD: Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: Food Distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.555/2010/2011 10.555 \$ 73,189 Department of Education: National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.555/2010/2011 10.555 1.472.234 \$ 1,545,423 School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.553/2010/2011 10.553 553.146 **Total Department of Agriculture** \$ 2,098,569 Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies S010A120046/S011A130046 84.010 2,036,874 \$ Migrant Education - State Grant Program S011A120047/S011A130047 84.011 173,677 Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States (Special Education Cluster) H027A120107/H027A130107 84.027 1,007,465 Special Education - Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster) H173A120112/H173A130112 84.173 38,023 Total special education cluster \$ 1.045.488 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States V048A120046/V048A130046 84 048 128 598 Migrant Education Coordination Program S144F110047 84.144 35.655 S358B120046 Rural Education 84 358 96.621 English Language Acquisition Grants T365A120046 84.365 85,993 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (Formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) S367A110044/S367A120044 84.367 262,296 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants Not Available 84.424 15.791 **Total Department of Education** 3,880,993 TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD 5,979,562 TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REPORTING ENTITY 11,571,426

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

### **COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2019

### Note 1 - Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Accomack, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Accomack, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Accomack, Virginia.

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in *the Uniform Guidance*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

### Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

### Note 4 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

### Note 5 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

## Note 6 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

### Note 7 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	461,798
Virginia Public Assistance Fund		2,144,212
Comprehensive Youth Services Fund		7,753
Airport		2,974,407
Nonmajor Funds	_	30,000
Total primary government	\$_	5,618,170
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	3,880,993
School Cafeteria Fund	_	2,025,380
Total component unit school board	\$	5,906,373
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		
statements	\$_	11,524,543
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$_	(28,958)
Non-cash expenditures - value of donated commodities	\$_	75,841
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$_	11,571,426

### **COUNTY OF ACCOMACK, VIRGINIA**

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster

20.106 Airport Improvement Program

84.027/84.173 Special Education Cluster

93.778 Medical Assistance Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

**Section II - Financial Statement Findings** 

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

**Section IV - Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs** 

There were no prior year findings and questioned costs to report.