TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

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TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

TOWN COUNCIL

Beth A. Taylor, Mayor
Jacqueline K. King, Vice-Mayor
Joseph E. Hand Jr.
Mark J. Bloomfield
Cathy D. Pattison

OTHER OFFICIALS

C. Wayne Sutherland, Jr.
Stephen A. Moore
Michael G. Stephens
Sharon G. Corvin
Christopher Menerick

Town Manager
Assistant Town Manager
Town Treasurer
Town Clerk
Town Attorney





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Wytheville, Virginia Wytheville, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, in 2020, the Town restated beginning balances to reflect an adjustment to prior period depreciation. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, and the schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 64 and 65-75 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and other statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and

reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Prolina . Faver, lox associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 29, 2020



Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Primary Government							
				usiness-type				
		<u>Activities</u>		Activities		<u>Total</u>		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,370,776	\$	842,200	\$	14,212,976		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		114,962		-		114,962		
Accounts receivable		559,373		741,090		1,300,463		
Due from other governmental units		188,393		-		188,393		
Prepaid items		22,425		-		22,425		
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		59,319		59,319		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):				,		,		
Land		1,572,278		163,236		1,735,514		
Land rights		-		94,838		94,838		
Buildings and utility plant		23,650,561		16,290,772		39,941,333		
Machinery and equipment		2,477,928		2,285,110		4,763,038		
Construction in progress		17,713		1,306,068		1,323,781		
Total assets	\$	41,974,409	\$	21,782,633	\$	63,757,042		
Total assets	<u> </u>	11,77 1, 107	~	21,702,033	~	03,737,012		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	6,873	\$	31,313	\$	38,186		
Pension related items	7	1,607,690	7	262,274	7	1,869,964		
OPEB related items		553,597		62,324		615,921		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	2,168,160	\$	355,911	\$	2,524,071		
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,100,100	٠,	333,711	٠,	2,324,071		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	190,059	\$	163,625	\$	353,684		
Accrued payroll/fringes		659,804		96,008		755,812		
Customer deposits		16,766		-		16,766		
Retainage payable		-		11,055		11,055		
Accrued interest payable		60,375		60,950		121,325		
Due to Water Authority		-		57,955		57,955		
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		1,637,110		1,098,007		2,735,117		
Due in more than one year		15,896,698		12,122,303		28,019,001		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		-		59,319		59,319		
Total liabilities	\$	18,460,812	\$	13,669,222	\$	32,130,034		
DEFENDED INCLOSES OF DECOUDERS								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Ļ	7 242	<u>,</u>		,	7 242		
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	7,313	\$	-	\$	7,313		
Pension related items		549,196		143,460		692,656		
OPEB related items		504,804		55,774		560,578		
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	1,061,313	\$	199,234	\$	1,260,547		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	17,518,440	\$	7,902,332	\$	25,420,772		
Unrestricted	7	7,102,004	•	367,756	•	7,469,760		
Total net position	Ś	24,620,444	\$	8,270,088	\$	32,890,532		
Total fiel position	<u> </u>	21,020,777	7	0,270,000	٠	J2,070,JJ2		

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		L.	Program Revenues	S		Net (Expe	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
			Operating	Capital		Prima	Primary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	So AI	Governmental Bı <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:								
General government administration		\$ 7,399	\$ 2,070	\$ 35,302	s	(3,040,019) \$	\$	(3,040,019)
Public safety		217,068	241,340	•		(3,376,550)		(3,3/6,550)
Public works Health and welfare	4,084,536	7/0,111	3,249,391			(723,573)		(723,573)
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,030,259	732,828	20,194	•		(1,277,237)	•	(1,277,237)
Community development	1,305,295	6,042	50,875	•		(1,248,378)	•	(1,248,378)
Interest on long-term debt	246,068	•	•	•		(246,068)		(246,068)
Total governmental activities	\$ 14,596,553	\$ 1,074,909	\$ 3,563,870	\$ 35,302	Ş	(9,922,472) \$	\$ -	(9,922,472)
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	\$ 5,930,258	\$ 5,903,312	\$	\$ 126,161	\$	\$	99,215 \$	99,215
Total primary government	\$ 20,526,811	\$ 6,978,221	\$ 3,563,870	\$ 161,463	\$	(9,922,472) \$	99,215 \$	(9,823,257)
	General revenues:	ï			4		•	70, 7
	General property taxes	ty taxes			ᠬ	1,695,572 \$	Λ·	1,695,572
	Local sales an	sales and use taxes				619,969		619,969
	Consumers utility taxes	lity taxes				234,246		4 57, 252
	Bank stock taxes	e laxes				389 849		1,372,232
	Hotel and mot	and motel room taxes				1.367.305		1.367.305
	Restaurant food taxes	od taxes				2,932,151		2,932,151
	Tobacco tax					180,135	•	180,135
	Other local taxes	kes				199,400	•	199,400
	Unrestricted re	renues from use	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	operty		316,466	12,824	329,290
	Miscellaneous					399,363	114	399,477
	Grants and cont	ributions not re	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ic programs		484,879		484,879
	Total general re	Total general revenues and transfers	nsfers		S	10,391,587 \$	12,938 \$	10,404,525
	Change in net position Net position - beginning, as restated	sition ginning, as resta	ated		^	469,115 \$ 24.151.329	112,153 \$ 8,157,935	581,268 32,309,264
	Net position - ending	ding			\$	24,620,444 \$	8,270,088 \$	32,890,532

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		<u>General</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,947,540	\$	359,816	\$	13,307,356
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		114,962		-		114,962
Accounts receivable		559,373		-		559,373
Due from other governmental units		188,393		-		188,393
Prepaid items		22,425		-		22,425
Total assets	\$	13,832,693	\$	359,816	\$	14,192,509
LIABILITIES						_
Accounts payable	\$	190,059	\$	_	\$	190,059
Accrued wages	7	659,804	Ţ	_	7	659,804
Customer deposits		16,766		_		16,766
Total liabilities	\$	866,629	\$		\$	866,629
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	126,355	\$	-	\$	126,355
FUND BALANCES						_
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items	\$	22,425	ς	_	\$	22,425
Committed:	7	22, 123	Ţ		7	22, 123
Debt service		5,516,684		_		5,516,684
Rainy day		6,224,650		_		6,224,650
Special revenue funds		-		343,324		343,324
Assigned:				0 .0,02 .		0 .0,02 .
Capital projects funds		_		16,492		16,492
Unassigned		1,075,950				1,075,950
Total fund balances	\$	12,839,709	\$	359,816	\$	13,199,525
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	13,832,693	\$	359,816	\$	14,192,509

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	13,199,525
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Land	\$	1,572,278		
Buildings and utility plant	~	23,650,561		
Machinery and equipment		2,477,928		
Construction in progress		17,713		27,718,480
		•	•	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and				
therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes				119,042
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	1,607,690		2 4/4 207
OPEB related items		553,597	-	2,161,287
Internal service funds are used by management to account for other postemployment benefits.				
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities				
in the statement of net position.				63,420
in the statement of het position				03, 120
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current				
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Bonds payable	\$	(9,712,493)		
Less deferred charge on refunding		6,873		
Compensated absences		(980,822)		
Capital leases		(494,420)		
Landfill accrued closure/post-closure costs		(639,373)		
Accrued interest payable		(60,375)		
Net OPEB liabilities		(2,712,464)		
Net pension liability		(2,994,236)		(17,587,310)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,				
are not reported in the funds.	ċ	(E40.404)		
Pension related items	\$	(549,196)		(1,054,000)
OPEB related items		(504,804)	-	(1,054,000)
Net position of governmental activities			Ś	24,620,444
			<u> </u>	,0_0,

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Othe Governm <u>General</u> <u>Func</u>	nental		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES General property taxes \$ 1,667,678 \$		\$	1 447 470
General property taxes \$ 1,667,678 \$ Other local taxes 7,495,307	-	Ş	1,667,678 7,495,307
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 200,919	_		200,919
Fines and forfeitures 38,285	_		38,285
Revenue from the use of money and property 308,686	6,661		315,347
Charges for services 835,705	0,001		835,705
Miscellaneous 396,181	3,182		399,363
Recovered costs 393,173	5,102		393,173
Intergovernmental:			373,173
Commonwealth 4,034,011	_		4,034,011
Federal 50,040	_		50,040
Total revenues \$ 15,419,985 \$	9,843	\$	15,429,828
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government administration \$ 3,109,243 \$	_	\$	3,109,243
Public safety 4,128,406	_	7	4,128,406
Public works 3,585,822	-		3,585,822
Health and welfare 10,507	140		10,647
Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,972,704	-		1,972,704
Community development 1,681,854	_		1,681,854
Debt service:			, ,
Principal retirement 939,963	-		939,963
Interest and other fiscal charges 253,039	-		253,039
Total expenditures \$ 15,681,538 \$	140	\$	15,681,678
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures \$ (261,553) \$	9,703	\$	(251,850)
(under) experiences	7,703	<u> </u>	(231,030)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers out \$ (24,000) \$	-	\$	(24,000)
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (24,000) \$	-	\$	(24,000)
Net change in fund balances \$ (285,553) \$	9,703	\$	(275,850)
	50,113	,	13,475,375
	59,816	\$	13,199,525

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	(275,850)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions	S	843,161		
Depreciation expense		(1,338,890)	_	(495,729)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				
Change in unavailable property taxes				27,894
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred:				
Change in accrued landfill closure/postclosure cost	\$	48,650		
Principal repayments: General obligation bonds Capital leases		555,697 384,266	- -	988,613
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Change in pension related items Change in OPEB related items	\$	189,494 7,735 (764) 95,802 (84,499)	-	207,768
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as postemployment benefits, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain				46 440
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.				16,419
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	469,115

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

	Enterprise Fund		Internal Service Fund				
	Major Fu		jor Funds F				
		Water &	Retiree Health				
		<u>Sewer</u>	Insur	rance Fund			
ASSETS							
Current assets:	,	0.42.200	ċ	(2, 420			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	842,200	\$	63,420			
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	_	741,090	<u> </u>	(2.42)			
Total current assets	\$	1,583,290	\$	63,420			
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments:	<u>_</u>	E0 240	ć				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	59,319	\$				
Capital assets:	<u>_</u>	4/2 22/	ć				
Land	\$	163,236	\$	-			
Land rights		94,838		•			
Construction in progress		1,306,068		•			
Machinery and equipment		4,474,367		-			
Utility plant in service		56,056,133					
Less accumulated depreciation		(41,954,618)					
Total capital assets	\$	20,140,024	\$				
Total noncurrent assets	\$	20,199,343	\$				
Total assets	\$	21,782,633	\$	63,420			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	31,313	\$				
OPEB related items	7	62,324	7				
Pension related items		262,274					
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	355,911	\$				
			<u>'</u>				
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	163,625	\$	•			
Retainage payable		11,055					
Accrued payroll/fringes		96,008					
Accrued interest payable		60,950					
Due to Water Authority		57,955					
Compensated absences - current portion		148,151					
Capital leases - current portion		21,082					
Bonds payable - current portion		823,649					
Amount due to Wythe County - current portion		105,125					
Total current liabilities	\$	1,487,600	\$				
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Customer deposits payable	\$	59,319	\$				
Noncurrent liabilities							
Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	9,749,127	ς.				
Compensated absences - net of current portion	Ļ	49,384	J				
Amount due to Wythe County - net of current portion		1,483,493					
Net pension liability		, ,					
'		488,161					
Net OPEB liabilities		352,138	Ċ				
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	12,122,303	\$				
Total liabilities	\$	13,669,222	\$				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
OPEB related items	\$	55,774	\$				
Pension related items	•	143,460	•				
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	199,234	\$				
NET POSITION	_			·			
	Ċ	7 902 222	<				
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	7,902,332 367,756	\$	63,420			

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		erprise Fund	Internal Service			
	M	ajor Funds	Fund			
		Water &	Retiree Health Insurance Fund			
		<u>Sewer</u>	IIISUI	ance runu		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services:						
Water revenues	\$	3,508,437	\$	-		
Sewer revenues		2,346,941		-		
Penalties		47,934		-		
Miscellaneous		114		-		
Total operating revenues	\$	5,903,426	\$	-		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries	\$	1,239,322	\$	-		
Fringe benefits		385,816		8,700		
Professional services		377,312		-		
Repair and maintenance		341,170		-		
Operating materials and supplies		916,183		-		
Permits, licenses and memberships		14,134		-		
Utilities		459,649		-		
Travel		2,056		-		
Office supplies		4,058		-		
Postal services		4,992		-		
Insurance		15,710				
Miscellaneous expenses		26,594		-		
Depreciation		1,406,133		-		
Total operating expenses	\$	5,193,129	\$	8,700		
Operating income (loss)	\$	710,297	\$	(8,700)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income	\$	12,824	\$	1,119		
Payment to NRRWA		(448,260)		-		
Interest expense		(288,869)		-		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(724,305)	\$	1,119		
Income before capital contributions, construction grants,						
and transfers	\$	(14,008)	\$	(7,581)		
Capital contributions and construction grants	\$	126,161	\$	-		
Transfers in		-		24,000		
Change in net position	\$	112,153	\$	16,419		
Total net position - beginning		8,157,935		47,001		
Total net position - ending	\$	8,270,088	\$	63,420		

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Ent	erprise Fund	Intern	al Service
	N	Najor Funds	F	und
		Water &		
		<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Insura</u>	nce Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	5,943,743	\$	-
Payments to suppliers		(2,242,797)		-
Payments to and for employees		(1,573,851)		-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	2,127,095	\$	-
ASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES				
Transfers from other funds	\$	-	\$	24,000
Payment to NRRWA		(448, 260)		· -
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	(448,260)	\$	24,000
ASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES				
Additions to capital assets	\$	(1,351,429)	\$	
Proceeds from bonds		854,213		-
Principal payments on bonds		(837,807)		_
Principal payments on capital lease		(61,517)		_
Contributions in aid of construction		126,161		_
Interest payments		(289,079)		_
Loan payments to other localities		(102,390)		_
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(1,661,848)	\$	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related finalicing activities	- }	(1,001,040)	,	
ASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	•	12.024		1 110
Interest and dividends received	\$	12,824	\$	1,119
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	12,824	\$	1,119
et increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,811	\$	25,119
ash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted		871,708		47,001
ash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted	\$	901,519	\$	72,120
econciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	710,297	\$	(8,700)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		·		. , ,
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	\$	1,406,133	\$	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	•	34,526	,	-
(Increase) decrease in pension related items		(149,564)		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		32,982		_
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable		(80,939)		_
Increase (decrease) in due to Water Authority		57,955		_
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		122,439		
Increase (decrease) in net pension habitity Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		6,943		
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities				
		(14,527)		-
(Increase) decrease in OPEB related items		(4,941) 5,791		-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits			Ċ	
Total adjustments et cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	1,416,798 2,127,095	\$	(8,700)
בר בעשה פיסיושבע שין נשבע וטון טפרומנוווצ מכנויונובי	-	۲,۱۲/,073	7	(0,700)
chedule of noncash capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition of assets on account (change in accounts payable)	\$	(35,384)	\$	-
Acquisition of assets on account (change in retainage payable) Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$	(72,557) (107,941)		-

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	Agency Funds New River Regional Water Memorial <u>Authority</u> <u>Fund</u>			emorial	Perpetual Care <u>Trust Fund</u>		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$	1,649,893	\$	28,262	\$	366,984 56,100	
Total assets	\$	1,649,893	\$	28,262	\$	423,084	
LIABILITIES							
Held for New River Regional Water Authority Held for cemetery expenditures	\$	1,649,893	\$	- 28,262	\$	-	
Total liabilities	\$	1,649,893	\$	28,262	\$	-	
NET POSITION							
Held in trust for cemetery expenditures					\$	423,084	

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

ADDITIONS Investment earnings:	erpetual Care rust Fund
Interest Total additions	\$ 6,826 6,826
DEDUCTIONS Expenses	\$ 14,065
Change in net position	\$ (7,239)
Net position - beginning Net position - ending	\$ 430,323 423,084

TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of Virginia. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Town are discussed below.

A. Financial reporting entity:

Town of Wytheville, Virginia (the Town) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member Town Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government.

Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - None

Related Organizations - None

Jointly Governed Organizations:

The Town along with the Counties of Wythe and Carroll participate in New River Regional Water Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The Town is also the fiscal manager for New River Regional Water Authority. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Town contributed \$448,260 to New River Regional Water Authority.

The Town along with the Counties of Wythe and Bland participate in Crossroads Regional Industrial Facilities Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Town contributed \$60,228 to Crossroads Regional Industrial Facilities Authority.

The Town along with the Counties of Wythe and Smyth participate in Smyth-Wythe Airport. The governing body of this organization is appointed by respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Town contributed \$37,322 to Smyth-Wythe Airport.

The Town along with the County of Wythe and Town of Rural Retreat participate in Joint Wythe Industrial Development Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The employees of the Joint IDA are paid by the Town. In addition, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Town contributed \$99,549 to Joint Wythe Industrial Development Authority.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities). Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense, the cost of "using up" capital assets, in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary fund. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenue.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the Town.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in other funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Town operates a sewage collection and treatment system and a water distribution system. The activities of the systems are accounted for in the water and sewer funds.

Prior to fiscal year 2018, the OPEB liability was accounted for in the internal service fund, OPEB fund. With the adoption of GASB 75, OPEB related items were moved out of this fund leaving funds held for retiree health insurance. The funding of the Retiree Health Insurance, internally, is accounted for in an internal service fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Town reports the Homestead Endowment and Wall of Honor funds as nonmajor funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Town reports the CDBG fund as a nonmajor fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Perpetual Care Trust fund is a trust fund. The Agency funds consist of the New River Regional Water Authority fund and Memorial fund.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance:

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and other nonparticipating investments and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 15th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 15th. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

5. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

6. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$174,770 at June 30, 2020. The allowance consists of delinquent taxes in the amount of \$7,636, mowing and special assessments of \$28,780 and delinquent water and sewer bills of \$139,354.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

7. Capital Assets (Continued)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is expensed in the period it is paid.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-15

8. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The Town accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability and contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has multiple types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

12. Fund Balance

The following classifications of fund balance describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the City Council/Board of Supervisors/Town Council prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Council/Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments general only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

Committed Fund Balance Policy:

The Town Council is the Town's highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by Town Council. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded, as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

Assigned Fund Balance Policy:

The Town Council has authorized the Town Treasurer as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by this fund balance policy.

Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy:

The Town will maintain an assigned fund balance in the general fund equal to an amount established by the Town Council for expenditures/operating revenues. The Town considers a balance of less than the amount established by the Town Council to be a cause for concern, barring unusual or deliberate circumstances.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

12. Fund Balance (Continued)

Resource Flow Policy:

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the Town's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned, as they are needed.

The details of committed fund balance, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

Other			
Governmental			
Funds			
\$	330,480		
	12,844		
\$	343,324		
	Gove		

13. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
 - 14. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI and LODA OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In addition to the VRS related OPEB, the Town allows their retirees to stay on the health insurance plan after retirement. The retiree is required to pay the blended premium cost creating an implicit subsidy OPEB liability. In addition, retirees receive a monthly stipend towards their health insurance cost until the retiree is Medicare eligible.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

A. Budgetary information:

The following procedures are used by the Town in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to May 1, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The General Fund, Water/Sewer Fund, Wall of Honor Fund, and the Homestead Fund have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or category level. Only the Town Council can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all Town units.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY: (CONTINUED)

- A. Budgetary information: (Continued)
 - 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the Town's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations:

For the year ended June 30, 2020, no fund had expenditures in excess of its appropriations.

C. Deficit fund equity:

At June 30, 2020, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

<u>Deposits</u>: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The Town reported no investments at June 30, 2020.

NOTE 4 - DEFERRED/UNAVAILABLE REVENUE:

Deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

<u>Unavailable Revenue</u> - Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings that was not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$119,042 at June 30, 2020.

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2020 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$7,313 at June 30, 2020.

NOTE 5 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

The following amount represents receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Governme Governmental Activities			
Commonwealth of Virginia				
Local Sales Taxes	\$	106,761		
Noncategorical Aid	65,63			
Other Categorical Aid	16,000			
		_		
Total Due from Other Governmental Units	\$	188,393		

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Fund		nsfers In	Transfers Out			
General Fund		-	\$	24,000		
Retiree Health Insurance Fund		24,000		-		
Total	\$	24,000	\$	24,000		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Fund	Fund Due To Due		ie From	 Total	
Water Fund	\$	-	\$	65,284	\$ 65,284
Sewer Fund	(65,284)		-	(65, 284)

During fiscal year 2018, the water fund paid \$65,284 in debt service for the sewer fund. As of June 30, 2020, the amount has not been repaid to the water fund.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance,			Ending
	as restated	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,572,278	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,572,278
Construction in progress	4,316,226	141,334	(4,439,847)	17,713
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 5,888,504	\$ 141,334	\$ (4,439,847)	\$ 1,589,991
Capital asset, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 27,081,191	\$ 4,485,809	\$ -	\$ 31,567,000
Machinery and equipment	8,169,593	655,865	(249,871)	8,575,587
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 35,250,784	\$ 5,141,674	\$ (249,871)	\$ 40,142,587
Accumulated depreciation:	ć (7.207.00 <i>(</i>)	Ć (700 3.43)	<u></u>	Ć (7.047.430)
Buildings and improvements	\$ (7,207,096)	\$ (709,343)	\$ -	\$ (7,916,439)
Machinery and equipment	(5,717,983)	(629,547)	249,871	(6,097,659)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (12,925,079)	\$ (1,338,890)	\$ 249,871	\$ (14,014,098)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 22,325,705	\$ 3,802,784	\$ -	\$ 26,128,489
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 28,214,209	\$ 3,944,118	\$ (4,439,847)	\$ 27,718,480
	D. minutina			F. R.
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Docrossos	Ending
Business-type Activities:	Datance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 163,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163,236
Land rights	94,838	-	- ب	94,838
Construction in progress	2,021,939	1,115,295	(1,831,166)	1,306,068
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 2,280,013	\$ 1,115,295	\$(1,831,166)	\$ 1,564,142
Capital asset, being depreciated:				
Utility plant and equipment	\$ 55,900,208	\$ 155,925	\$ -	\$ 56,056,133
Machinery and equipment	2,670,933	1,803,434		4,474,367
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 58,571,141	\$ 1,959,359	\$ -	\$ 60,530,500
Accumulated depreciation:				
Utility plant and equipment	\$ (38,559,882)	\$ (1,205,479)	\$ -	\$ (39,765,361)
Machinery and equipment	(1,988,603)	(200,654)	-	(2,189,257)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (40,548,485)	\$ (1,406,133)	\$ -	\$ (41,954,618)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 18,022,656	\$ 553,226	\$ -	\$ 18,575,882
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 20,302,669	\$ 1,668,521	\$ (1,831,166)	\$ 20,140,024

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 59,996
Public safety	318,860
Public works	806,897
Parks, recreation, and cultural	151,537
Community development	1,600
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,338,890
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 823,013
Sewer	583,120
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,406,133

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		Balance	- 1	ncreases/		Decreases/		Balance		
	J	uly 1, 2019		Issuances	R	etirements	Ju	ne 30, 2020		
Direct borrowings and placements							_			
General obligation refunding bonds	\$	10,268,190	\$	-	\$	(555,697)	\$	9,712,493		
Capital leases		878,686		-		(384,266)		494,420		
Net pension liability		1,920,922		3,335,895		(2,262,581)		2,994,236		
Landfill postclosure										
monitoring liability		688,023		-		(48,650)		639,373		
Net OPEB liabilities		2,658,940		843,546		843,546		(790,022)		2,712,464
Compensated absences		1,170,316		688,243		(877,737)		980,822		
								_		
	\$	17,585,077	\$	4,867,684	\$	(4,918,953)	\$	17,533,808		

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

	Dir	Direct Borrowings and Placements							
Year		General Obligation							
Ending		Refundir	ng Bor	nds					
June 30,		Principal		Interest					
		_		_					
2021	\$	568,311	\$	215,330					
2022		581,16 4		202,436					
2023		594,506 189,25°							
2024		607,899 175,765							
2025		619,146 161,99							
2026-2030		3,305,938		593,110					
2031-2035		3,435,529 215,10							
	\$	9,712,493	\$	1,753,048					

Details of long-term obligations:

	Interest Rate	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	mount of	Total Amount	D	Amount ue Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:							
General obligation refunding bond	2.24%	3/27/2015	4/1/2035	\$ 9,219,826	\$ 7,284,514	\$	413,602
General obligation refunding bond	2.45%	12/1/2014	2/1/2030	727,720	453,997		42,630
General obligation refunding bond	2.24%	2/5/2016	3/27/2035	2,468,148	1,973,982		112,079
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements					\$ 9,712,493	\$	568,311
Other Obligations:							
Capital leases					\$ 494,420	\$	333,182
Landfill postclosure liability					639,373		· -
Net OPEB liabilities					2,712,464		-
Net pension liability					2,994,236		_
Compensated absences					980,822		735,617
Total Other Obligations					\$ 7,821,315	\$	1,068,799
Total Long-term Obligations					\$ 17,533,808	\$	1,637,110

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance		Increases/		Decreases/			Balance
	J	uly 1, 2019		ssuances	Retirements		Ju	ine 30, 2020
Direct borrowings and placements								_
General obligation bonds	\$	4,757,578	\$	854,213	\$	(158,082)	\$	5,453,709
General obligation refunding bonds		5,798,792		-		(679,725)		5,119,067
Total direct borrowings and placements	\$	10,556,370	\$	854,213	\$	(837,807)	\$	10,572,776
Capital leases		82,599		-		(61,517)		21,082
Amount due to Wythe Co.		1,691,008		-		(102, 390)		1,588,618
Net pension liability		365,722		536,344		(413,905)		488,161
Net OPEB liabilities		366,665		89,129		(103,656)		352,138
Compensated absences		164,553		156,397		(123,415)		197,535
	\$	13,226,917	\$	1,636,083	\$	(1,642,690)	\$	13,220,310

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year		Direct Borrowings and Placements									
Ending		General Obligation Bonds			Ger	General Obligation Refunding Bonds					
June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest			
2021	\$	126,546	\$	99,828	\$	697,103	\$	115,564			
2022		129,736		96,637		711,829		99,496			
2023		133,007		93,366		729,628		83,076			
2024		136,362		90,009		745,976		66,259			
2025		139,804		86,568		437,449		50,093			
2026-2030		753,821		378,040		1,568,327		131,346			
2031-2035		661,901		284,123		228,755		14,325			
2036-2040		589,161		216,279		-		-			
2041-2045		659,244		146,196		-		-			
2046-2050		737,664		67,776		-		-			
2051-2052		220,576		3,664		-		-			
	·				 						
	\$	4,287,822	\$	1,562,486	\$	5,119,067	\$	560,159			

During fiscal year 2019 the Town issued a general obligation bond through Virginia Resources Authority for \$1,386,000. This bond is currently in the drawdown phase and as of fiscal year 2020 the Town has only drawn down \$1,200,537 of the total issuance. This bond is excluded from the annual amortization amounts above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

	Interest Rate	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	mount of iginal Issue	Total Amount	Dι	Amount ue Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:				 <u> </u>	 		
General obligation bonds	2.25%	12/13/2011	2052	\$ 4,105,000	\$ 3,624,257	\$	80,368
General obligation bonds	2.73%	12/2/2011	2032	964,540	663,565		46,177
General obligation bonds	2.45%	12/1/2014	2030	4,470,280	2,662,918		250,037
General obligation bonds	2.20%	12/1/2014	2025	4,127,500	1,839,714		412,068
General obligation bonds	0.00%	3/28/2019	2039	1,386,000	1,165,887		-
General obligation bonds	2.24%	3/27/2015	2035	780,174	616,435		34,999
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements					\$ 10,572,776	\$	823,649
Other Obligations: Capital leases Amount due to Wythe Co. (1) Net OPEB liabilities Net pension liability Compensated absences					\$ 21,082 1,588,618 352,138 488,161 197,535	\$	21,082 105,125 - - - 148,151
Total Other Obligations					\$ 2,647,534	\$	274,358
Total Long-term Obligations					\$ 13,220,310	\$	1,098,007

⁽¹⁾ This amount is related to construction of water/sewer lines for New River Regional Water Authority. The Town has agreed to pay 50% of three Rural Development revenue bonds and 21.28% of a VACO/VML revenue bond, all of which are issued by County of Wythe, Virginia.

Events of Default:

In the event of default for any general obligation bond, the Commonwealth of Virginia may withhold state aid from the locality until such time that the event of default is cured in accordance with Section 15.2-2659 of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended.

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NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES:

Governmental activities:

The Town has entered into lease agreements to finance the acquisition of communications equipment, a fire truck and a street sweeper. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at present value of the minimum lease payments at the date of inception.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

			Fi	ire Truck			
	Communications and Street						
	E	quipment		weeper	Total		
Assets	\$	326,747	\$	837,586	\$	1,164,333	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(186,712)		(208,006)		(394,718)	
		4.40.005		100 500		7/0 //5	
Total	\$	140,035	_ \$	629,580	\$	769,615	

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Year Ending	Comn	nunications	Fire	e Truck and			
June 30,	Eq	uipment	Stre	et Sweeper	Total		
2021	\$	65,630	\$	279,180	\$	344,810	
2022		-		162,855		162,855	
		-		-		-	
Total	\$	65,630	\$	442,035	\$	507,665	
Less, amount							
representing interest		(2,384)		(10,861)		(13,245)	
Present Value of							
Lease Agreement	\$	63,246	\$	431,174	\$	494,420	

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NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES: (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities:

The Town has entered into a lease agreement to finance the acquisition of a meter reading system and communications equipment. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at present value of the minimum lease payments at the date of inception.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Com	munications
	Ec	quipment
Assets	\$	108,916
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(108,916)
Total	\$	-

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Communication Equipment			
2021	\$	21,877		
Less, amount representing interest		(795)		
Present Value of Lease Agreement	\$	21,082		

During fiscal year 2020, the Town made the last payments on the meter reading system.

NOTE 10 - LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE MONITORING LIABILITY:

State and Federal laws and regulations require the Town to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 10 years after closure. The Town closed the landfill in December 1997. As a result of a new estimate provided by the Town's landfill engineer in 2018, total postclosure monitoring costs are estimated to be \$639,373. This estimate is based on ten years of monitoring starting with fiscal year 2019 and ending in fiscal year 2029. The amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure in 2020. Actual costs for postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The Town demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test for the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment, through the Town of Wytheville, Virginia. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, the IDA whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through the Town of Wytheville, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees hired before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Benefit Structures (Continued)

c. Non-hazardous duty employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Contributions (Continued)

The Town's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 9.14% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$654,818 and \$598,688 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$3,482,397 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The Town's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The Town's proportionate share of the same was calculated using contributions to the plan as of June 30, 2019 as a basis for allocation. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Town's proportion was 97.65% and 97.60%, respectively.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Town's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension place

investment expense, including

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% if rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Town's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension place investment expense, including

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

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NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expe	7.63%		

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the Town was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate							
	1% Decrease (5.75%)		Curi	ent Discount	1% Increase			
				(6.75%)	(7.75%)			
Town's proportionate share of the Town Retirement Plan				_				
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,400,037	\$	3,482,397	\$	357,339		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$531,935. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Go	overnment			
	De	eferred	D	eferred		
	Out	tflows of	In	flows of		
	Re	sources	Re	esources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	537,423	\$	254,863		
Change in assumptions		643,194		164,011		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		240,071		
Change in proportionate share		34,529		33,711		
Employer contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		654,818		-		
Total	\$ 1	,869,964	\$	692,656		

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$654,818 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Primary
Year Ended June 30,	Government
2021	\$ 78,425
2022	161,535
2023	267,983
2024	14,547

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2019-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - MEDICAL:

Plan Description

The Town administers a cost-sharing defined benefit healthcare plan, The Plan. Several entities participate in the defined benefit healthcare plan through the Town and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. The plan provides post-employment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the Town's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Post-employment benefits are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Life insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the Town who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive post-employment health care benefits.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2020 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	160
Total retirees with coverage	8
Total	168

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - MEDICAL: (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Council. The amount paid by the Town for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$67,664.

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The Total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary Increases 5.35% to 3.50% depending on years of service with an inflation rate

of 2.50% and a productivity component of 1.00%

Discount Rate 3.50% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2019

2.21% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2020

Mortality rates for Active employees and healthy retirees, disabled retirees were based on a RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is June 30, 2016.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year Bond GO Municipal Index.

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NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - MEDICAL: (CONTINUED)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Total	OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	1,821,182
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		81,266
Interest		65,465
Effects of Economic/Demographic		
Gains or Losses		(356,887)
Changes in assumptions		302,696
Benefit payments		(67,664)
Change in proportionate share		1,522
Net changes		26,398
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	1,847,580

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.21%) or one percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

			Rate				
19	6 Decrease	Curr	Current Discount		urrent Discount		% Increase
	(1.21%)	(3.21%)		(3.21%)			
\$	2,002,040	\$	1,847,580	\$	1,701,951		

D-+-

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (1.20% increasing to 3.00%) or one percentage point higher (3.20% increasing to 5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rate		
		Hea	lthcare Cost		_
19	% Decrease		Trend	1	% Increase
(1.20% increasing (2.20% increasing		(3.20% increasing			
	to 3.00%) to 4.00%)			to 5.00%)	
\$	1,615,515	\$	1,847,580	\$	2,125,055

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - MEDICAL: (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$140,674. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 307,321
Change in assumptions	301,462	34,501
Total	\$ 301,462	\$ 341,822

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ (6,059)
2022	(6,059)
2023	(6,059)
2024	(6,059)
2025	(7,090)
Thereafter	(9,034)

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, the IDA whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participates in the GLI Plan through the Town of Wytheville, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,463 as of June 30, 2020.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Contributions (Continued)

Contributions to the GLI Plan from the Town were \$38,494 and \$35,466 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$566,112 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion of the statewide total was 0.03681% as compared to 0.03448% at June 30, 2018. The Town's allocated portion of the liability was 97.64% in 2019 and 97.60% in 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$13,920. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2020, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

		Primary Government		
	D	eferred	De	eferred
	Ou	tflows of	Inf	lows of
	Re	esources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	37,650	\$	7,345
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		11,627
Change in assumptions		35,742		17,071
Changes in porportion		14,980		8,743
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		38,494		
Total	\$	126,866	\$	44,786

NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$38,494 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended	June 30,	
202	1	\$ 2,841
202	2	2,843
202	3	7,768
202	4	12,262
202	5	13,702
Therea	ıfter	4,170

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation: Locality - General employees	3.50% - 5.35% 3.50% - 4.75%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses,
	including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and
	extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience
	at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience
	at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,390,238 1,762,972
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,627,266
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	52.00%

NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

NET GLI OPEB Liability (Continued)

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Arithmetic	Weighted Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expe	cted arithmeti	ic nominal return*	7.63%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate					
	1%	1% Decrease Current Discount		1% Decrease Current Discount 1% Incre		6 Increase	
		(5.75%) (6.75%)		(5.75%) (6.75%) (7.75		(7.75%)	
Town's proportionate share of the GLI Plan				_			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	743,714	\$	566,112	\$	422,081	

GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM:

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) was established pursuant to \$9.1-400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA Program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System). Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in FY 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the System's actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers.

The specific information for the LODA Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities and hazardous duty employees who are covered under the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS), or the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) are automatically covered by the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA). As required by statute, the Virginia Retirement System (the System) is responsible for managing the assets of the program.

Benefit Amounts

The LODA program death benefit is a one-time payment made to the beneficiary or beneficiaries of a covered individual. Amounts vary as follows: \$100,000 when a death occurs as the direct or proximate result of performing duty as of January 1, 2006, or after; \$25,000 when the cause of death is attributed to one of the applicable presumptions and occurred earlier than five years after the retirement date; or an additional \$20,000 benefit is payable when certain members of the National Guard and U.S. military reserves are killed in action in any armed conflict on or after October 7, 2001.

The LODA program also provides health insurance benefits. Prior to July 1, 2017, these benefits were managed through the various employer plans and maintained the benefits that existed prior to the employee's death or disability. These premiums were reimbursed to the employer by the LODA program. Beginning July 1, 2017, the health insurance benefits are managed through the Virginia Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM). The health benefits are modeled after the State Employee Health Benefits Program plans and provide consistent, premium-free continued health plan coverage for LODA-eligible disabled individuals, survivors and family members. Individuals receiving the health insurance benefits must continue to meet eligibility requirements as defined by LODA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the LODA Program are governed by §9.1-400.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the LODA Act Program for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$705.77 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and represents the pay-as-you-go funding rate and not the full actuarial cost of the benefits under the program. The actuarially determined pay-as-you-go rate was expected to finance the costs and related expenses of benefits payable during the year. Contributions to the LODA Program from the entity were \$28,936 and \$24,349 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the entity reported a liability \$650,910 for its proportionate share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability. The Net LODA OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total LODA OPEB liability used to calculate the Net LODA OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The entity's proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability was based on the entity's actuarially determined pay-asyou-go employer contributions to the LODA OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the entity's proportion was 0.21292% as compared to 0.22106% at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the entity recognized LODA OPEB expense of \$44,361. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the LODA OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2020, the entity reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB from the following sources:

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NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB (Continued)

	Primary Government				
	D	eferred	Deferred		
	Ou	tflows of	Inflows of		
	Re	esources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	94,609	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on LODA OPEB program investments		-		1,289	
Change in assumptions		30,541		56,426	
Changes in porportion		33,507		116,255	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		28,936			
Total	\$	187,593	\$	173,970	

\$28,936 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB resulting from the entity's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net LODA OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB will be recognized in LODA OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ (1,094)
2022	(1,091)
2023	(892)
2024	(680)
2025	(617)
Thereafter	(10,939)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total LODA OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality employees N/A

Medical cost trend rates assumption:

Under age 65 7.25% - 4.75% Ages 65 and older 5.50% - 4.75%

Year of ultimate trend rate

Post-65 Fiscal year ended 2023 Pre-65 Fiscal year ended 2028

Investment rate of return 3.50%, including inflation*

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 3.50%. However, since the difference was minimal, a more conservative 3.50% investment return assumption has been used. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.50% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return.

NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience
	at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%

Net LODA OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the LODA Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts for the LODA Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	LOD	A Program
Total LODA OPEB Liability	\$	361,626
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,839
LODA Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	358,787
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total LODA OPEB Liability		0.79%

The total LODA OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on LODA OPEB Program's investments was set at 3.50% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS Pooled Investments 6.75% assumption. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.50% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. This Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published monthly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total LODA OPEB liability was 3.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and that they will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by participating employers to the LODA OPEB Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly.

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

		Discount Rate							
	1%	1% Decrease Current Discount				1% Decrease Current Discount 1% Inc			% Increase
		(2.50%)	(3.50%)		3.50%) (4.50%)				
Town's proportionate				_		_			
share of the LODA									
Net OPEB Liability	\$	755,102	\$	650,910	\$	568,500			

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rate

Because the LODA Program contains a provision for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the health care trend rate of 7.75% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care trend rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate:

		Health Care Trend Rates				
	1%	1% Decrease Current		Current 1% Increase		Increase
	(6.75	(6.75% decreasing (7.75% decreasing (8.75% decre		(7.75% decreasing		decreasing
	t	to 3.75%) to 4.75%)		to 5.75%)		
Town's proportionare share of the LODA		_				
Net OPEB Liability	\$	550,338	\$	650,910	\$	777,741

NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

LODA OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the LODA Program Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTE 15 - SUMMARY OF OPEB PLANS:

	Primary Government							
	Deferred Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB			
	C	utflows	Inflows		Liability		Expense	
Town Stand-Alone Plan (Note 14) VRS OPEB Plans:	\$	301,462	\$	341,822	\$	1,847,580	\$	140,674
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 15)		126,866		44,786		566,112		13,920
Line of Duty Act Program (Note 16)		187,593		173,970		650,910		44,361
Totals	\$	615,921	\$	560,578	\$	3,064,602	\$	198,955

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of worker's compensation with the Virginia Municipal League. The Town pays an annual premium to the pools for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of the pool provides that the pool will be self sustaining through member premiums. The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 17 - SURETY BONDS:

Clorendon National Insurance Company
All Town Employees - blanket bond \$ 1,000,000

NOTE 18 - LITIGATION:

As of June 30, 2020, there were no matters of litigation involving the Town which would materially affect the Town's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

At June 30, 2020, the following construction commitments were outstanding:

		Retainage	Ne	t Amount	Accounts
Project	Total Due	Payable		Due	Payable
Business Type Activities					
Edgemont Sewer Project	\$1,128,391	\$ 11,055	\$	109,442	\$ 75,474

NOTE 20 - RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The previously issued financial statements have been restated as follows:

	Govern	mental Activities
Net Position, as previously reported	\$	24,422,402
Adjustments: Depreciation for recreation center asset		(271,073)
Net position, as restated	\$	24,151,329

NOTE 21 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency stemming from a new strain of coronavirus that was spreading globally (the "COVID-19 outbreak"). On March 11, 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, triggering volatility in financial markets and a significant negative impact on the global economy. The COVID-19 pandemic has developed rapidly in 2020 and remains a quickly evolving situation. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact economic activity. The Town of Wytheville, Virginia is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic for fiscal year 2021.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was passed by the federal government to alleviate some of the effects of the sharp economic downturn due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Among the CARES Act key provisions was \$339.8 billion designated for programs for state and local government, which included \$150 billion in direct aid for state and local governments from the federal Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF), pursuant to the federal CARES Act, to address spending shortages related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Commonwealth of Virginia received approximately \$3.1 billion from the CRF, of which \$1.3 billion was allocated for localities with fewer than 500,000 people. Localities with populations greater than 500,000 could apply to receive funds directly. All other CRF funds were distributed to the states to determine the allocations to localities.

The federal guidance for the CARES Act states that the CRF funds can be used only for the direct costs associated with the response to the COVID-19 pandemic and cannot be used to address revenue shortfalls. CRF funds are considered one-time funds and should not be used for ongoing services or base operations. As a condition of receiving CRF funds, any funds unexpended as of December 30, 2020 will be returned to the federal government.

NOTE 22 - UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, provides guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and for reporting financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics such as leases, assets related to pension and postemployment benefits, and reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. The effective dates differ by topic, ranging from January 2020 to periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement, except for removal of London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as an appropriate benchmark interest rate and the requirements related to lease modifications, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All requirements related to lease modifications in this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability of Payment Arrangements, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 22 - UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement. No 32, (1) increases consistency and comparability related to reporting of fiduciary component units in certain circumstances; (2) mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from June 2020 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



Town of Wytheville, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted Original	An	nounts <u>Final</u>	•	Actual Amounts	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	1,543,700	\$	1,543,700	\$	1,667,678	\$	123,978
Other local taxes		7,519,000		7,519,000		7,495,307		(23,693)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		160,100		160,100		200,919		40,819
Fines and forfeitures		86,000		86,000		38,285		(47,715)
Revenue from the use of money and property		379,600		379,600		308,686		(70,914)
Charges for services		987,930		987,930		835,705		(152,225)
Miscellaneous		393,520		393,520		396,181		2,661
Recovered costs		383,015		383,015		393,173		10,158
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		3,355,400		3,355,400		4,034,011		678,611
Federal		372,880		372,880		50,040		(322,840)
Total revenues	\$	15,181,145	\$	15,181,145	\$	15,419,985	\$	238,840
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	3,786,949	\$	4,246,149	\$	3,109,243	\$	1,136,906
Public safety		4,298,774		4,386,774		4,128,406		258,368
Public works		4,373,190		4,084,190		3,585,822		498,368
Health and welfare		11,000		11,000		10,507		493
Parks, recreation, and cultural		2,528,171		2,322,771		1,972,704		350,067
Community development		1,843,120		1,805,320		1,681,854		123,466
Debt service:		, ,		, ,				•
Principal retirement		938,386		938,386		939,963		(1,577)
Interest and other fiscal charges		252,614		252,614		253,039		(425)
Total expenditures	\$	18,032,204	\$	18,047,204	\$	15,681,538	\$	2,365,666
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(2,851,059)	\$	(2,866,059)	\$	(261,553)	\$	2,604,506
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(0.4.000)		(0.4.000)		(0.4.000)		
Transfers out	\$	(24,000)	\$	(24,000)	\$	(24,000)	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,875,059)	\$	(2,890,059)	Ś	(285,553)	\$	2,604,506
Fund balances - beginning	7	2,875,059	•	2,890,059	*	13,125,262	r	10,235,203
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,839,709	\$	12,839,709

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2019

Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPLA)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the NPLA as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2019	97.6468%	\$ 3,482,397	\$ 6,985,218	49.85%	88.55%
2018	97.6000%	2,286,644	6,556,692	34.87%	91.80%
2017	97.6300%	24,147	6,503,135	0.37%	99.90%
2016	97.6300%	2,337,873	6,314,595	37.02%	90.34%
2015	97.8893%	2,089,948	5,967,595	35.02%	91.14%
2014	97.8893%	1,977,140	5,733,462	34.48%	91.23%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2011 through June 30, 2020

Town of Wytheville, Virginia's Pension Plan (a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the VRS):

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2020	\$ 654,818	\$ 654,818	\$	-	\$ 7,212,823	9.08%
2019	598,688	598,688		-	6,985,218	8.57%
2018	615,041	615,041		-	6,556,692	9.38%
2017	376,531	376,531		-	6,503,135	5.79%
2016	535,937	535,937		-	6,314,454	8.49%
2015	517,261	517,261		-	5,967,595	8.67%
2014	501,678	501,678		-	5,733,462	8.75%
2013	499,393	499,393		-	5,707,350	8.75%
2012	341,246	341,246		-	5,677,965	6.01%
2011	332,447	332,447		-	5,531,564	6.01%

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms - There have been actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

3 /	,
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70
	to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
	service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
	service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Town's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Town OPEB Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2020

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	 Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)
2020	97.72160%	\$ 1,847,580	N/A	N/A
2019	97.64000%	1,821,182	N/A	N/A
2018	97.60000%	1,685,005	N/A	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 measurement date is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Town OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Valuation Date: 7/1/2019 Measurement Date: 6/30/2020

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of pay			
Discount Rate	3.50% as of June 30, 2019;			
	2.21% as of June 30, 2020			
Inflation	2.50% per year			
Healthcare Trend Rate	The expected healthcare trend rates are based on long- term healthcare trend rates generated by the Getzen Trend Model. Rates start at 2.20% in 2019 and gradually increase to 4.00% by the year 2073			
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate includes an inflation rate of 2.50%, a productivity component of 1.00% and a variable merit component that is dependent upon years of service. The rate starts at 5.35% salary increase for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service.			
Mortality Rates	Mortality is based in the RP-2014 mortality tables, sex distinct and fully generational.			

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Town's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
2019	0.03681%	<u> </u>	566,112	\$ 6,817,573	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.03448%		511,423	6,399,383	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.03526%		517,439	6,349,095	8.15%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2020	\$ 38,494 \$	38,494 \$	- \$	7,402,862	0.52%
2019	35,466	35,466	-	6,817,573	0.52%
2018	33,277	33,277	-	6,399,383	0.52%
2017	33,015	33,015	-	6,349,095	0.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended
	final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
,,	•
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Town's Share of Net LODA OPEB Liability Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	· <u>-</u>	Covered- Employee Payroll * (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total LODA OPEB Liability (6)
2019	0.21292%	650,910	\$	N/A	N/A	0.79%
2018	0.22106%	693,000		N/A	N/A	0.60%
2017	0.22489%	591,000		N/A	N/A	1.30%

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of the employees in the OPEB plan.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Covered- Employee Payroll * (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered - Employee Payroll (5)
2020	\$ 28,936 \$	28,936 \$	-	N/A	N/A
2019	24,349	24,349	-	N/A	N/A
2018	23,546	23,546	-	N/A	N/A
2017	24,255	24,255	-	N/A	N/A

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of employees in the OPEB plan.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the first year for this presentation, only four years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

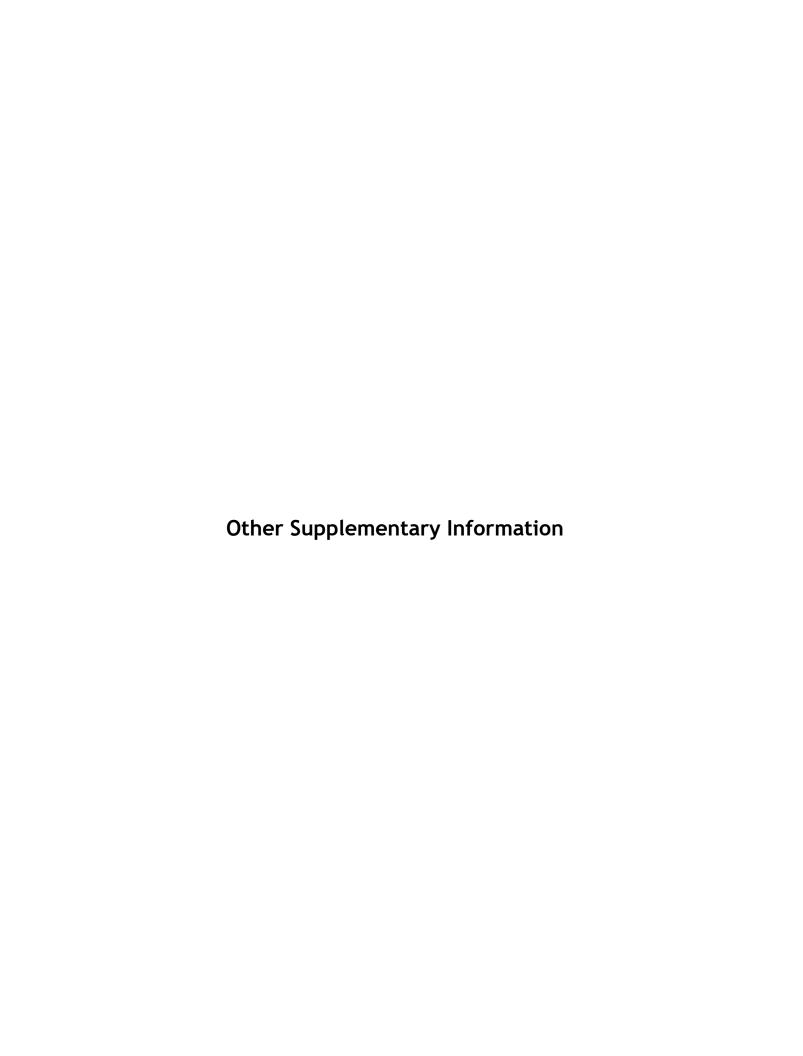
Town of Wytheville, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Employees in the Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

p.o, oooooa. g oot . ocoao,	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each
	age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%



Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Special Revenue						Capit	al Projects		Total
		Wa	all of Honor Fund		<u>Total</u>	CDBG <u>Funds</u>		Gov	onmajor ernmental <u>Funds</u>
\$	330,480	\$	12,844	\$	343,324	\$	16,492	\$	359,816
\$	330,480	\$	12,844	\$	343,324	\$	16,492	\$	359,816
_		_		_	/	_			
\$	330,480	\$		\$,	\$	-	\$	330,480
	-		12,844		12,844		-		12,844
	-		-		-		16,492		16,492
\$	330,480	\$	12,844	\$	343,324	\$	16,492	\$	359,816
\$	330,480	\$	12,844	\$	343,324	\$	16,492	\$	359,816
		\$ 330,480 \$ 330,480 \$ 330,480 - - \$ 330,480	Homestead Endowment Fund	Homestead Endowment Fund Fund Fund Fund \$ 330,480	Homestead Endowment Fund Fund Fund Fund \$ 330,480	Homestead Endowment Wall of Honor Fund Fund Total \$ 330,480 \$ 12,844 \$ 343,324 \$ 330,480 \$ 12,844 \$ 343,324 \$ 330,480 \$ 12,844 \$ 12,844 \$ 12,844 12,844 \$ 330,480 \$ 12,844 \$ 343,324	Homestead Endowment Wall of Honor Fund Fund Total	Homestead Endowment Wall of Honor Fund Total Funds	Homestead Endowment Wall of Honor Fund Fund Total Funds Gov

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Special Revenue					Cap	ital Projects		Total
		omestead dowment <u>Fund</u>	Wa	ll of Honor <u>Fund</u>		Total	CDBG <u>Funds</u>		Gov	onmajor ernmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES	_				_					
Revenue from the use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	6,145 674	\$	227 1,000	\$	6,372 1,674	\$	289 1,508	\$	6,661 3,182
Total revenues	\$	6,819	\$	1,227	\$	8,046	\$	1,797	\$	9,843
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Health and welfare Parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	140	\$	-	\$	140	\$	-	\$	140
Total expenditures	\$	140	\$	-	\$	140	\$	-	\$	140
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	\$	6,679	\$	1,227	\$	7,906	\$	1,797	\$	9,703
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	6,679 323,801	\$	1,227 11,617	\$	7,906 335,418	\$	1,797 14,695	\$	9,703 350,113
Fund balances - ending	\$	330,480	\$	12,844	\$	343,324	\$	16,492	\$	359,816

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

	W	ater Fund	<u>s</u>	ewer Fund		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	183,511	\$	658,689	\$	842,200
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		422,210		318,880		741,090
Interfund obligations		65,284		(65,284)		-
Total current assets	\$	671,005	\$	912,285	\$	1,583,290
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	59,319	\$	-	\$	59,319
Capital assets:						
Land	\$	119,625	\$	43,611	\$	163,236
Land rights		94,838		-		94,838
Construction in progress		-		1,306,068		1,306,068
Machinery and equipment		1,789,909		2,684,458		4,474,367
Utility plant in service		33,627,879		22,428,254		56,056,133
Less accumulated depreciation		(23,056,604)		(18,898,014)		(41,954,618)
Total capital assets		12,575,647	\$	7,564,377	\$	20,140,024
Total noncurrent assets	\$	12,634,966	\$	7,564,377	\$	20,199,343
Total assets	\$	13,305,971	\$	8,476,662	\$	21,782,633
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	15,459	\$	15,854	\$	31,313
OPEB related items		35,121		27,203		62,324
Pension related items		150,253		112,021		262,274
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	200,833	\$	155,078	\$	355,911
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:		44.445	_	447.040	_	442.425
Accounts payable	\$	46,615	\$	117,010	\$	163,625
Retainage payable		-		11,055		11,055
Accrued payroll/fringes		54,917		41,091		96,008
Accrued interest payable		28,323		32,627		60,950
Due to Water Authority		57,955		- 7/ 7/7		57,955
Compensated absences - current portion		71,404		76,747		148,151
Capital leases - current portion		10,541		10,541		21,082
Bonds payable - current portion		374,215		449,434		823,649
Amount due to Wythe County - current portion	_	105,125	,	720 505	,	105,125
Total current liabilities	\$	749,095	\$	738,505	\$	1,487,600
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	\$	E0 240	٠		,	59,319
Customer deposits payable	<u> </u>	59,319	\$		\$	39,319
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	5,785,678	\$	3,963,449	\$	9,749,127
Compensated absences - net of current portion	~	23,801	~	25,583	~	49,384
Amount due to Wythe County - net of current portion		1,483,493		-		1,483,493
Net pension liability		279,050		209,111		488,161
Net OPEB liabilities		198,573		153,565		352,138
Total noncurrent liabilities	Ś	7,770,595	Ś	4,351,708	\$	12,122,303
Total liabilities	\$	8,579,009	\$	5,090,213	\$	13,669,222
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB related items	\$	31,360	\$	24,414	\$	55,774
Pension related items		87,390		56,070		143,460
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	118,750	\$	80,484	\$	199,234
NET POSITION						
NET POSITION		4 000 00	,	2 072 27-		7 000 000
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,832,054	\$	3,070,278	\$	7,902,332
Unrestricted		(23,009)	_	390,765	_	367,756
Total net position	\$	4,809,045	\$	3,461,043	\$	8,270,088

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

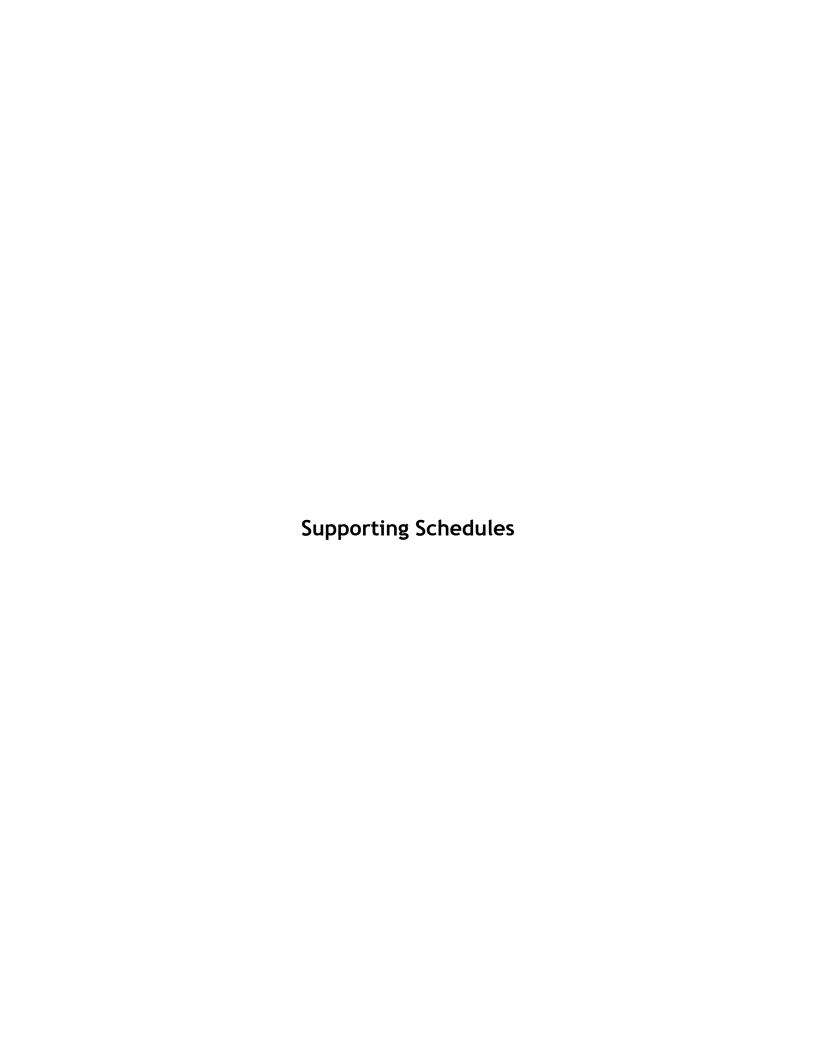
	Water Fund			ewer Fund		<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services:						
Water revenues	\$	3,508,437	\$	_	\$	3,508,437
Sewer revenues	~	-	~	2,346,941	7	2,346,941
Penalties		47,934		_,,		47,934
Miscellaneous		114		_		114
Total operating revenues	\$	3,556,485	\$	2,346,941	\$	5,903,426
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries	\$	717,840	\$	521,482	\$	1,239,322
Fringe benefits	•	225,301	•	160,515	•	385,816
Professional services		247,614		129,698		377,312
Repair and maintenance		104,228		236,942		341,170
Operating materials and supplies		706,885		209,298		916,183
Permits, licenses and memberships		1,835		12,299		14,134
Utilities		209,615		250,034		459,649
Travel		-		2,056		2,056
Office supplies		550		3,508		4,058
Postal services		2,946		2,046		4,992
Insurance		-		15,710		15,710
Miscellaneous expenses		16,090		10,504		26,594
Depreciation		823,013		583,120		1,406,133
Total operating expenses	\$	3,055,917	\$	2,137,212	\$	5,193,129
Operating income (loss)	\$	500,568	\$	209,729	\$	710,297
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income	\$	947	\$	11,877	\$	12,824
Payment to NRRWA		(448,260)		-		(448,260)
Interest expense		(203,400)		(85,469)		(288,869)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(650,713)	\$	(73,592)	\$	(724,305)
Income before transfers, capial contributions, and						
construction grants	\$	(150,145)	\$	136,137	\$	(14,008)
Capital contributions and construction grants	\$	1,161	\$	125,000	\$	126,161
Change in net position	\$	(148,984)	\$	261,137	\$	112,153
Total net position - beginning		4,958,029		3,199,906		8,157,935
Total net position - ending	\$	4,809,045	\$	3,461,043	\$	8,270,088

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Water <u>Fund</u>	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,572,413	\$ 2,371,330	\$ 5,943,743
Payments to suppliers	(1,376,523)	(866,274)	(2,242,797)
Payments to and for employees	(901,689)	(672,162)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,294,201	\$ 832,894	\$ 2,127,095
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES			
Payment to NRRWA	\$ (448,260)	\$ -	\$ (448,260)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES			
Additions to capital assets	\$ (15,000)	\$ (1,336,429)	\$ (1,351,429)
Proceeds from bonds	-	854,213	854,213
Principal payments on bonds	(365,178)	(472,629)	(837,807)
Principal payments on capital lease	(51,359)	(10,158)	(61,517)
Contributions in aid of construction	1,161	125,000	126,161
Interest payments	(200,955)	(88,124)	(289,079)
Loan payments to other localities	(102,390)	-	(102,390)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$ (733,721)	\$ (928,127)	\$ (1,661,848)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest and dividends received	\$ 947	\$ 11,877	\$ 12,824
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 113,167	\$ (83,356)	\$ 29,811
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted	129,663	742,045	871,708
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted	\$ 242,830	\$ 658,689	\$ 901,519
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 500,568	\$ 209,729	\$ 710,297
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	\$ 823,013		\$ 1,406,133
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	10,137	24,389	34,526
(Increase) decrease in pension related items	(79,478)	(70,086)	(149,564)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	7,852	25,130	32,982
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable	(86,760)	5,821	(80,939)
Increase (decrease) in due to Water Authority	57,955	-	57,955
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	67,020	55,419	122,439
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	3,267	3,676	6,943
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities	(12,293)	(2,234)	(14,527)
(Increase) decrease in OPEB related items	(2,871)	(2,070)	(4,941)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	 5,791	-	5,791
Total adjustments	\$ 793,633	\$ 623,165	\$ 1,416,798
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,294,201	\$ 832,894	\$ 2,127,095
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing activities:			
Acquisition of assets on account (change in accts payable)	\$ -	\$ (35,384)	\$ (35,384)
Acquisition of assets on account (change in retainage payable)	 -	(72,557)	(72,557)
Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$ -	\$ (107,941)	\$ (107,941)

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance End <u>of Year</u>
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Water Services	\$ 1,481,219	\$ 2,192,270	\$ (2,023,596)	\$ 1,649,893
Cemetery Services	27,784	478	÷ (2,023,370)	28,262
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,509,003	\$ 2,192,748	\$ (2,023,596)	\$ 1,678,155
Total Assets	\$ 1,509,003	\$ 2,192,748	\$ (2,023,596)	\$ 1,678,155
Liabilities				
Amounts held for New River Regional Water Authority	\$ 1,481,219	\$ 2,192,270	\$ (2,023,596)	\$ 1,649,893
Amounts held for cemetery expenditures	27,784	478	-	28,262
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,509,003	\$ 2,192,748	\$ (2,023,596)	\$ 1,678,155



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Final <u>Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund:									
Revenue from local sources:									
General property taxes:									
Real property taxes	\$	1,235,000	\$	1,235,000	\$	1,275,871	\$	40,871	
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		59,000		59,000		59,285		285	
Personal property taxes		146,500		146,500		173,456		26,956	
Mobile home taxes		1,200		1,200		1,421		221	
Machinery and tools taxes		90,000		90,000		136,408		46,408	
Penalties		7,000		7,000		13,540		6,540	
Interest		5,000		5,000		7,697		2,697	
Total general property taxes	\$	1,543,700	\$	1,543,700	\$	1,667,678	\$	123,978	
Other local taxes:									
Local sales and use taxes	\$	565,000	\$	565,000	\$	619,969	\$	54,969	
Consumers' utility taxes		235,000		235,000		234,246		(754)	
Consumption taxes		52,000		52,000		54,757		2,757	
Business license taxes		1,380,000		1,380,000		1,572,252		192,252	
Motor vehicle licenses		125,000		125,000		128,869		3,869	
Tobacco tax		200,000		200,000		180,135		(19,865)	
Bank stock taxes		325,000		325,000		389,849		64,849	
Hotel and motel room taxes		1,715,000		1,715,000		1,367,305		(347,695)	
Restaurant food taxes		2,900,000		2,900,000		2,932,151		32,151	
Interest on local taxes		22,000		22,000		15,774		(6,226)	
Total other local taxes	\$	7,519,000	\$	7,519,000	\$	7,495,307	\$	(23,693)	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:									
Land use permits	\$	500	\$	500	\$	2,300	\$	1,800	
Building permits		24,000		24,000		30,057		6,057	
Electrical permits		5,000		5,000		10,226		5,226	
Plumbing permits		4,000		4,000		5,909		1,909	
Mechanical permits		5,500		5,500		6,438		938	
Burial permits		35,000		35,000		31,355		(3,645)	
Monument permits		1,200		1,200		830		(370)	
Subdivision permits		200		200		520		320	
Zoning permits		500		500		3,222		2,722	
Refuse tags and disposal permits		83,000		83,000		99,351		16,351	
Permits and other licenses		1,200		1,200		10,711		9,511	
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	160,100	\$	160,100	\$	200,919	\$	40,819	
Fines and forfeitures:									
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	31,000	\$	31,000	\$	9,132	\$	(21,868)	
Parking fines		55,000		55,000		29,153		(25,847)	
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	86,000	\$	86,000	\$	38,285	\$	(47,715)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		-		Final <u>Budget</u>					riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)										
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)										
Revenue from use of money and property:										
Revenue from use of money	\$	280,000	\$	280,000	\$	242,083	\$	(37,917)		
Revenue from use of property		99,600		99,600		66,603		(32,997)		
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	379,600	\$	379,600	\$	308,686	\$	(70,914)		
Charges for services:										
Charges for fire services	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	11,273	\$	1,273		
Charges for law enforcement		12,000		12,000		4,381		(7,619)		
Charges for EMS		-		-		99,637		99,637		
Charges for cemetery plots		28,000		28,000		29,115		1,115		
Charges for copies		2,000		2,000		2,059		59		
Charges for animal control		100		100		151		51		
Charges for gift shop		21,500		21,500		12,297		(9,203)		
Charges for admissions		58,300		58,300		46,983		(11,317)		
Charges for parks and recreation		830,605		830,605		612,248		(218,357)		
Charges for weed cutting		14,500		14,500		12,221		(2,279)		
Charges for other services		10,925		10,925		5,340		(5,585)		
Total charges for services	\$	987,930	\$	987,930	\$	835,705	\$	(152,225)		
Miscellaneous:										
Donations	\$	59,700	\$	59,700	\$	35,550	\$	(24,150)		
Miscellaneous	•	333,820	-	333,820		295,073		(38,747)		
Virginia tourism grant		-		-		65,558		65,558		
Total miscellaneous	\$	393,520	\$	393,520	\$	396,181	\$	2,661		
Recovered costs:										
Recovered costs	\$	383,015	\$	383,015	\$	393,173	\$	10,158		
Total revenue from local sources	\$	11,452,865	\$	11,452,865	\$	11,335,934	\$	(116,931)		
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid:										
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	9,708	\$	(292)		
Mobile home titling tax		2,500		2,500		390		(2,110)		
ATV sales tax		-		-		10		10		
Motor vehicle rental tax		45,000		45,000		50,887		5,887		
Telecommunication tax		390,000		390,000		353,926		(36,074)		
Personal property tax relief funds		61,000		61,000		61,076		76		
Total noncategorical aid	\$	508,500	\$	508,500	\$	475,997	\$	(32,503)		
Categorical aid:										
Fire programs	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	29,906	\$	4,906		
Highway maintenance		2,550,000		2,550,000		3,171,730		621,730		
Law enforcement block grant		188,500		188,500		209,648		21,148		
Litter control		3,400		3,400		2,661		(739)		
Virginia commission for the arts		5,000		5,000		4,500		(500)		
Visitor center		-		-		13,694		13,694		
Millwald theatre grant		-		-		50,000		50,000		

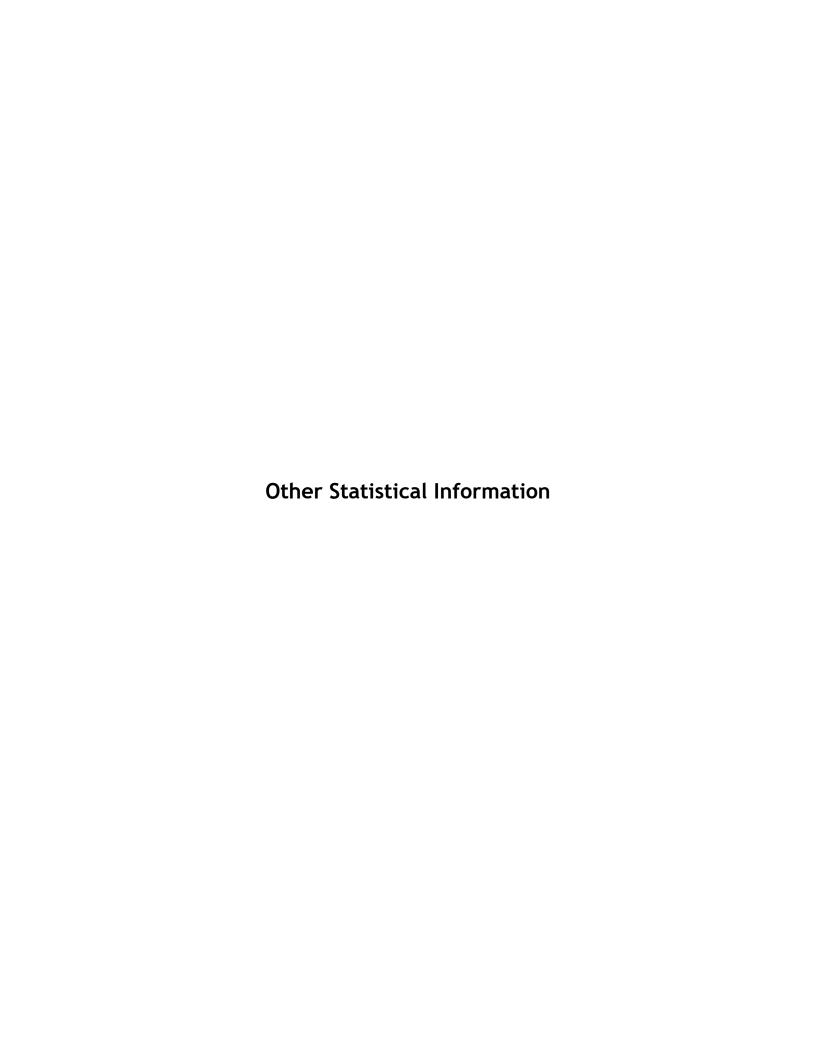
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)					
Categorical aid: (Continued)					
Truss bridge grant	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$	-
Tobacco indemnification	-	-	875		875
Total categorical aid	\$ 2,846,900	\$ 2,846,900	\$ 3,558,014	\$	711,114
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 3,355,400	\$ 3,355,400	\$ 4,034,011	\$	678,611
Revenue from the federal government:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 8,880	\$ 8,880	\$ 8,882	\$	2
Categorical aid:					
DMV ground transportation safety grant	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000	\$ 1,786	\$	(22,214)
DOT TEA 21 grant-Heritage Walk	210,000	210,000	35,302		(174,698)
DOT TEA 21 grant-Historic Truss	130,000	130,000	-		(130,000)
Community development block grant-Downtown	-	-	2,000		2,000
Coronavirus relief funds	-	-	2,070		2,070
Total categorical aid	\$ 364,000	\$ 364,000	\$ 41,158	\$	(322,842)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 372,880	\$ 372,880	\$ 50,040	\$	(322,840)
Total General Fund	\$ 15,181,145	\$ 15,181,145	\$ 15,419,985	\$	238,840
Special Revenue Funds:					
Homestead Endowment Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,145	\$	6,145
Miscellaneous:					
Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 674	\$	674
Total Homestead Endowment Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,819	\$	6,819
Wall of Honor Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 227	\$	127
Miscellaneous:					
Contributions	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,000	\$	(900)
Total Wall of Honor Fund	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,227	\$	(773)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Capital Projects Fund:					
CDBG Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 289	\$	289
Miscellaneous:					
Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,508	\$	1,508
Total CDBG Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,797	\$	1,797
Total Primary Government	\$ 15,183,145	\$ 15,183,145	\$ 15,429,828	\$	246,683

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>		-			<u>Actual</u>		riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Town council	\$	1,314,525	\$	1,144,525	\$	957,701	\$	186,824
General and financial administration:								
Town clerk	\$	287,700	\$	260,700	\$	232,854	\$	27,846
Commission member		10,490		10,490		4,285		6,205
Town manager		180,745		180,745		223,946		(43,201)
Assistant town manager		316,685		316,685		240,948		75,737
Legal services		112,115		112,115		108,461		3,654
Independent services		55,000		55,000		49,900		5,100
Town treasurer		264,675		264,675		220,992		43,683
Automotive/motor pool		268,920		268,920		213,594		55,326
Engineering department		459,675		1,134,675		365,934		768,741
Human resources		164,204		164,204		165,060		(856)
Computer operations		349,215		329,215		321,438		7,777
Other general and financial administration		3,000		4,200		4,130		[^] 70
Total general and financial administration	\$	2,472,424	\$	3,101,624	\$	2,151,542	\$	950,082
Total general government administration	\$	3,786,949	\$	4,246,149	\$	3,109,243	\$	1,136,906
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Police department	\$	2,745,726	\$	2,553,726	\$	2,334,423	\$	219,303
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	1,350,657	\$	1,181,657	\$	1,125,473	\$	56,184
Inspections:								
Building	\$	90,675	\$	539,675	\$	560,987	\$	(21,312)
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	75,972	Ś	75,972	Ś	71,779	\$	4,193
Transportation study grant	•	35,744	7	35,744	•	35,744	*	-
Total other protection	\$	111,716	\$	111,716	\$	107,523	\$	4,193
Total public safety	\$	4,298,774	\$	4,386,774	\$	4,128,406	\$	258,368
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
	\$	1 802 420	ċ	1 765 420	¢	1 654 404	¢	109,014
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks Snow and ice removal	Ş	1,892,420 117,965	Ç	1,765,420 73,965	ڔ	1,656,406 33,892	د	40,073
		589,705		554,705		450,003		104,702
Streets, signs, and lights Administration		119,320		•				15,663
	Ċ		Ċ	119,320	¢	103,657	Ċ	
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	2,719,410	\$	2,513,410	\$	2,243,958	\$	269,452
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	273,395	\$	292,395	\$	272,758	Ś	19,637

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fii	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public works: (Continued)								
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:	<u>,</u>	427.250	,	427.250	,	07.450	,	20 504
General properties Town hall	\$	137,250 247,580	þ	137,250 247,580	þ	97,659 204,947	þ	39,591 42,633
Community center and park		620,895		565,895		515,823		50,072
Parks		90,460		60,460		31,456		29,004
Emergency services buildings		48,750		61,750		61,392		358
Animal shelter		2,800		2,800		1,888		912
Weed control - mowing		232,650		202,650		155,366		47,284
Downtown main		,		,		575		(575)
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	1,380,385	\$	1,278,385	\$	1,069,106	\$	209,279
Total public works	\$	4,373,190	\$	4,084,190	\$	3,585,822	\$	498,368
Health and welfare:								
Welfare:								
Tax relief for the elderly	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$	10,507	\$	493
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Community activities	\$	10,765	\$	10,765	\$	5,548	\$	5,217
Recreational programs		600,161		548,161		464,222		83,939
Swimming pools		26,500		26,500		18,224		8,276
Athletic programs		336,350		276,350		229,641		46,709
New community programs		145,915		147,915		146,314		1,601
Youth/Teen center		134,650		134,650		111,408		23,242
Fitness center		259,475		219,475		190,750		28,725
Nutrition		22,305		22,305		9,867		12,438
Cemeteries Total parks and recreation	\$	285,975 1,822,096	Ś	282,575 1,668,696	Ś	248,406 1,424,380	\$	34,169 244,316
rotat parks and recreation	_ ,	1,022,090	٠	1,000,070	ڔ	1,424,360	ڔ	244,310
Cultural enrichment:								
E. Lee Trinkle visitor center	\$	139,930	\$	109,930	\$	82,465	\$	27,465
Museums and heritage education		177,530		177,530		152,997		24,533
Homestead museum		58,065		48,065		21,371		26,694
Museums and Heritage Center		330,550		318,550	_	291,491		27,059
Total cultural enrichment	\$	706,075	\$	654,075	\$	548,324	\$	105,751
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	2,528,171	\$	2,322,771	\$	1,972,704	\$	350,067
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Director of public information	\$	541,870	\$	541,870	\$	519,263	\$	22,607
Chamber of commerce		195,435		199,435		179,259		20,176
Horticulture		337,595		344,595		339,825		4,770
Meeting Center		523,170		473,170		403,667		69,503
Main Street Project						165		(165)
Joint IDA		238,050		239,250		239,675		(425)
Other community development	_	7,000	Ċ	7,000	,	4 (04 05 1	ŕ	7,000
Total planning and community development	\$	1,843,120	\$	1,805,320	\$	1,681,854	\$	123,466
Total community development	\$	1,843,120	\$	1,805,320	\$	1,681,854	\$	123,466

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (continued)								
Debt service:	ċ	020.207	Ļ	020.207	Ļ	020.042	ċ	(4 577)
Principal retirement	\$	938,386	\$	938,386	\$	939,963	\$	(1,577)
Interest and other fiscal charges		252,614		252,614		253,039		(425)
Total debt service	\$	1,191,000	\$	1,191,000	\$	1,193,002	\$	(2,002)
Total General Fund	\$	18,032,204	\$	18,047,204	\$	15,681,538	\$	2,365,666
Homestead Endowment Fund: Health and welfare: Welfare and social services:								
Other welfare	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	140	\$	4,860
Total Homestead Endowment Fund	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	140	\$	4,860
Wall of Honor Fund: Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation:								
Other parks and recreation	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$		\$	2,000
Total Wall of Honor Fund	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	-	\$	2,000
Total Primary Government	\$	18,039,204	\$	18,054,204	\$	15,681,678	\$	2,372,526



Town of Wytheville, Virginia Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	17,483,493	18,400,021	16,981,828	18,186,498	19,847,925	19,269,504	20,435,948	20,490,800	23,557,095	20,765,941
Water and Sewer	5,667,829 \$	5,394,734	5,111,728	5,607,196	5,980,816	5,730,156	5,957,077	571,998	6,422,249	5,930,258
Interest on Long- Term Debt	617,794 \$	592,141	587,355	569,975	500,008	302,612	275,829	260,971	262,310	246,068
Community Development	\$ 874,542 \$	1,331,548	966,776	944,160	1,040,880	1,500,540	1,877,460	1,569,297	2,177,391	1,544,425
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 1,967,550	1,838,014	1,692,012	1,852,475	1,571,477	1,910,471	2,194,598	2,109,544	2,524,509	2,030,259
Health and Welfare	\$ 7,051	16,195	8,807		8,908	12,030	22,725	29,813	12,091	10,647
Public Works	3,187,840	4,376,870	3,918,545	3,792,477	5,455,338	4,131,591	4,062,403	3,484,224	3,728,163	4,084,536
Public Safety	3,088,094 \$	3,040,482	2,961,351	3,252,873	2,987,472	3,327,511	3,302,604	3,086,007	3,835,305	3,834,958
General Government Administration	\$ 2,072,793 \$	1,810,037	1,702,254	2,147,851	2,303,026	2,354,593	2,743,252	4,231,146	4,595,077	3,084,790
Fiscal Year	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>a</u>	PROGRAM REVENUES	ES		U	GENERAL REVENUES	UES			
	;	Operating	Capital					Grants and Contributions		
	Charges	Grants	Grants	General	Other	Unrestricted		Not Restricted		
	for	and	and	Property	Local	Investment		to Specific		
	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Taxes	Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs		Total
2010-11 \$	5,954,107	\$ 2,488,479	\$ 52,478	\$ 1,630,380	\$ 5,637,844	\$ 506,198	\$ 523,468	\$ 550,766	ب	17,343,720
	6,218,235	2,932,482	40,438	1,622,277	5,986,032		365,800	559,751		18,252,662
	6,789,034	2,732,334	1,833,565	1,627,185	6,208,331	542,179	522,726	581,813		20,837,167
	7,550,641	2,579,105	979,719	1,665,019	6,202,798	604,434	491,749	547,331		20,620,796
	7,616,718	,	199,021	1,627,470	6,499,216	603,899	822,008	564,702		21,487,111
	7,501,711		•	1,616,235	7,199,660	482,476	582,349	545,917		20,746,327
	7,556,643	2,855,571	1,145,672	1,638,042	7,240,639	439,097	564,510	534,059		21,974,233
	7,580,115	3,716,945	1,355,173	1,658,265	7,563,853	348,902	824,648	520,506		21,974,233
	7,029,521	3,536,179	•	1,646,203	7,655,285	442,257	719,858	503,581		21,532,884
	6,978,221	3,563,870	161,463	1,695,572	7,495,307	329,290	399,477	484,879		21,108,079

Town of Wytheville, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 11,606,503	14,002,736	12,374,085	12,673,559	14,746,593	14,476,093	18,658,596	19,066,017	19,881,091	15,681,678
Debt Service (2)	4,157 \$ 1,014,858 \$ 11,606,503	1,899,341	927,507	950,653	822,079	957,917	973,105	970,332	1,054,266	1,193,002
Capital Projects	\$ 4,157	1	1	1	1	11,170	1	1	1	•
Community Development		1,327,752	998,600	1,031,604	1,146,408	1,587,504	1,896,383	1,768,125	2,136,938	1,681,854
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	1,936,379	1,835,729	1,797,413	1,819,596	1,858,118	2,030,196	2,350,098	2,149,288	2,482,746	1,972,704
Health and Welfare	\$ 7,051 \$	16,195	8,807	19,491	8,908	12,030	22,725	29,813	12,091	10,647
Public Works	2,785,249 \$ 2,973,737	3,575,532	3,695,603	3,614,022	5,453,063	3,874,426	6,894,190	5,998,085	4,147,263	3,585,822
Public Safety	2,785,249	3,124,985	2,863,559	3,103,246	3,191,488	3,570,609	3,361,978	3,351,790	3,898,734	4,128,406
General Government Administration	\$ 2,017,959 \$	2,223,202	2,082,596	2,134,947	2,266,529	2,432,241	3,160,117	4,798,584	6,149,053	3,109,243
Fiscal Year	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Town.

^{(2) 2015-16} excludes refunding of \$2,468,148.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	12,688,465 13,259,583 13,874,290 13,611,870 15,138,043 14,657,477 15,744,384 17,398,292 15,882,257 15,429,828
	⋄
Inter- governmental	3,089,245 3,492,233 3,538,347 3,154,981 4,168,779 3,363,896 4,515,302 5,572,624 4,039,760 4,084,051
980	\$
Recovered Costs	39,138 32,358 198,802 150,713 92,334 120,747 121,527 140,274 130,445
_	∽
Miscellaneous	523,464 363,895 447,629 479,789 821,008 545,488 564,510 789,085 704,989
Mis	⋄
Charges for Services	1,099,982 1,088,954 1,027,034 1,094,213 1,016,123 987,041 999,650 1,030,103 964,840 835,705
	⋄
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	504,623 525,249 535,959 591,836 587,193 467,000 427,944 343,545 315,347
-	⋄
Fines and Forfeitures	51,880 56,260 73,162 133,465 163,717 135,324 107,393 76,207 83,695
Ē.	\$
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses F	135,442 130,591 170,403 171,230 174,168 185,211 168,601 208,285 204,651
ā	⋄
Other Local Taxes	5,637,844 5,986,032 6,208,331 6,202,798 6,499,216 7,199,660 7,240,639 7,563,853 7,655,285 7,495,307
	⋄
General Property Taxes	1,606,847 1,584,011 1,674,623 1,632,845 1,615,505 1,598,818 1,674,316 1,661,041
	∽
Fiscal	2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2017-18

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Town.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Town of Wytheville, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	5.57%	7.70%	5.10%	5.92%	5.83%	%60.9	%08.9	5.72%	5.39%	%0.9%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	93,082	128,486	85,090	99,267	96,796	101,512	112,898	95,914	91,441	104,409
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	98.62% \$	%06'.26	102.10%	88.66	%29.66	101.13%	98.75%	101.25%	100.15%	98.57%
Total Tax Collections	\$ 1,647,766	1,633,469	1,703,520	1,675,098	1,654,529	1,686,115	1,638,629	1,698,887	1,699,978	1,707,517
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	5 25,899	19,586	76,026	30,268	33,077	55,772	28,308	52,725	39,027	29,388
Percent of Levy Collected (97.078	96.72%	97.54%	80.86	89.76	84.76	97.04%	98.11%	97.85%	%88.96
Current Tax Collections (1,3)	\$ 1,621,867	1,613,883	1,627,494	1,644,830	1,621,452	1,630,343	1,610,321	1,646,162	1,660,951	1,678,129
Total Tax Levy (1,3)	1,670,817	1,668,570	1,668,534	1,677,066	1,659,935	1,667,267	1,659,382	1,677,878	1,697,479	1,732,231
Fiscal Year	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.(2) Includes three most current delinquent tax years and first half of current tax year.(3) Includes amounts paid by the Commonwealth of VA under the PPTRA.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal Property	Public U	Itility (2)	
Fiscal	Real	and Mobile	Real	Personal	
Year	Estate (1)	Homes (1)	Estate	Property	Total
2010-11 \$ 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20	780,360,645 784,201,479 778,870,700 784,643,550 784,334,286 787,945,100 788,739,181 819,838,675 827,294,409 833,233,784	\$ 138,668,979 135,028,147 136,520,057 111,612,912 125,978,204 125,323,183 120,809,089 119,522,050 126,212,102 134,689,684	\$ 27,223,533 29,030,462 31,842,008 34,148,370 34,852,734 36,368,230 37,766,390 39,192,998 40,090,579 37,772,799	\$ 93,702 91,414 106,972 150,824 110,210 117,642 113,017 236,787 299,690 263,633	\$ 946,346,859 948,351,502 947,339,737 930,555,656 945,275,434 949,754,155 947,427,677 978,790,510 993,896,780 1,005,959,900

⁽¹⁾ Real estate, personal property and mobile homes are assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 7

			Public	Util	ity
Fiscal		Personal	Real		Personal
Year	Real Estate	Property	Estate		Property
2010-11	\$ 0.160	\$ 0.280	\$ 0.160	\$	0.280
2011-12	0.160	0.280	0.160		0.280
2012-13	0.160	0.280	0.160		0.280
2013-14	0.160	0.280	0.160		0.280
2014-15	0.160	0.280	0.160		0.280
2015-16	0.160	0.280	0.160		0.280
2016-17	0.160	0.280	0.160		0.280
2017-18	0.155	0.280	0.155		0.280
2018-19	0.155	0.280	0.155		0.280
2019-20	0.155	0.280	0.155		0.280

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	٧	Assessed 'alue (in usands) (2)	Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2010-11	8,211	\$	946,347	\$ 22,390,991	2.37% \$	2,727
2011-12	8,211	-	948,352	21,636,125	2.28%	2,635
2012-13	8,211		947,340	21,493,275	2.27%	2,618
2013-14	8,211		930,556	20,847,944	2.24%	2,539
2014-15	8,211		945,275	25,905,375	2.74%	3,155
2015-16	8,211		949,754	24,629,729	2.59%	3,000
2016-17	8,211		947,428	23,252,373	2.45%	2,832
2017-18	8,211		978,791	21,844,211	2.23%	2,660
2018-19	8,211		993,897	20,824,559	2.10%	2,536
2019-20	8,211		1,005,960	20,285,268	2.02%	2,470

- (1) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.
- (2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, compensated absences, net pension liability, and OPEB.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal (2)	Interest	Total Debt Service	Gov	Total General rernmental penditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2010-11 2011-12	\$ 396,490 1,306,243	\$ 618,368 593,098	\$ 1,014,858 1,899,341	\$	11,606,503 14,002,736	8.74% 13.56%
2012-13 2013-14	341,815 379,544	585,692 571,109	927,507 950,653		12,374,085 12,673,559	7.50% 7.50%
2014-15 2015-16	393,322 648,406	428,757 309,511	822,079 957,917		14,751,413 16,944,241	5.57% 5.65%
2016-17	693,032	280,073	973,105		18,658,596	5.22%
2017-18 2018-19 2019-20	705,803 790,267 939,963	264,529 263,999 253,039	970,332 1,054,266 1,193,002		19,066,017 19,881,091 15,681,678	5.09% 5.30% 7.61%
2017 20	737,703	233,037	.,.,5,002		.5,551,676	7.0170

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government.

^{(2) 2015-16} excludes refunding amount of \$2,468,148.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2020

Assessed valuati	ons: Assessed value (real estate)		\$ 833,233,784
Legal debt marg	in		
	Debt limitation - 10 percent of total assessed value Debt applicable to limitation:		\$ 83,323,378
	Net bonded debt	(20,285,268)	
	Total debt applicable to limitation		(20,285,268)
Legal debt marg	in		\$ 63,038,110





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Wytheville, Virginia Wytheville, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2020-001.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia's Response to Findings

Prolinsa, Faver, lox associates

Town of Wytheville, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Town of Wytheville, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 29, 2020

Town of Wytheville, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2020-001

Criteria: The Town should maintain records to support that amounts included in the annual Weldon

Cooper Center Local Finance Survey were used to maintain eligible streets as defined in the

Urban Manual.

Condition: The Town does not maintain detailed records that would allow us to properly perform tests

of amounts included in the Survey.

Context: Daily logs are not kept of work performed.

Cause of Condition: The Town has indicated they do not have staffing available to keep up with daily logs.

Effect of Condition: It is difficult to determine if the state funding is used appropriately.

Recommendation: The Town should begin tracking all work on a daily basis in accordance with the Urban

Manual.

Management's Response: Management is working towards having a system in place that will track costs by eligible

roads. Management believes records should allow testing during fiscal year 2021.

Section III - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2019-001 and was recurring in fiscal year 2020 as 2020-001.