

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



—Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2012—

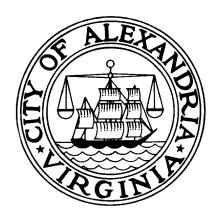
ALEXANDRIA NEW POLICE FACILITY

Alexandria's new Police Headquarters, a 124,000-square-foot LEED-certified facility, was completed and put into use in FY 2012. The building houses 441 police employees and 55 Department of Emergency Communications (DEC) employees.

The building was awarded the LEED Gold standard for its use of energy saving features, including its improved building envelope, high-efficient glazing, occupancy sensors and energy efficient mechanical equipment. In addition to a 30,000-gallon irrigation tank installed to collect and recycle stormwater for irrigation, the building also incorporates water efficient fixtures that reduce water use by 30 percent.

This facility received the Excellence in Design Award in 2012 from Environmental Design + Construction Magazine in the Government/Institutional category.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012



Alexandria City Council William D. Euille, Mayor Kerry Donley Vice-Mayor Redella S. Pepper David Speck Paul C. Smedberg Frank H. Fannon IV Alicia R. Hughes

City Manager	Rashad M. Young
Chief Financial Officer / Director of Finance	
Acting Director of Real Estate Assessments	CC ,
City Attorney	
City Clerk and Clerk of Council	
Independent Auditors	*

Prepared by the Department of Finance Raymond J. Welch, Jr. Comptroller

alexandriava.gov

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The preparation of this report has been accomplished by the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Department of Finance – Accounting Division.

Raymond J. Welch, Jr. – Comptroller

Berenice Harris CPA – Financial Reporting Supervisor

Carmen Fraser CPA, Robert Snyder, Paul Sood – Accountants II

The entire staff of the Accounting division

We would also like to acknowledge the contribution of the following people who provided assistance in the publication of this document

Bryan Capelli, CPA – Retirement Specialist

Tewodros Tessema – Accountant I

Nathan Carrick – Public Information Specialist

General Services Division Mail Room Staff

Office of Communications Electronic Publishing Staff

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

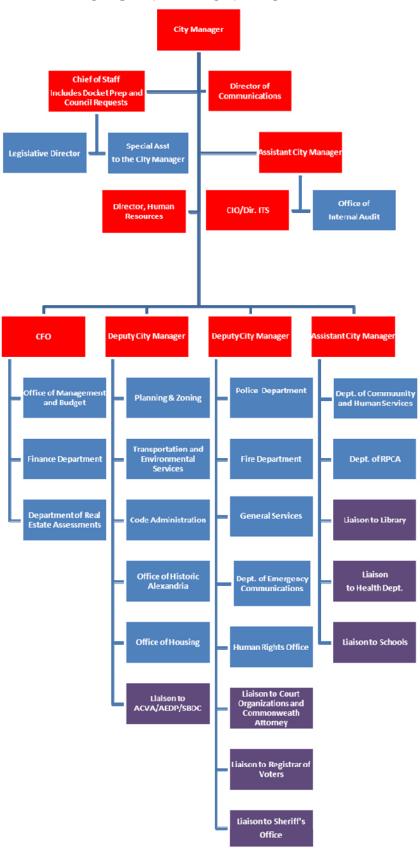
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

ALEXANDRIA CITY GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





November 21, 2012

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council, the Residents and Businesses of the City of Alexandria:

We are pleased to present the City of Alexandria's (the City) **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** (the CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The report is designed to present fairly the financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City in all material respects and to demonstrate compliance with applicable finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The report adheres to the principle of full disclosure so that the reader may gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs.

The Finance Department has prepared this report in accordance with the following standards:

- Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which are uniform minimum standards and guidelines for financial accounting and reporting in the United States;
- Governmental accounting and financial reporting statements, interpretations and technical bulletins issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB); and
- Uniform financial reporting standards for counties, cities and towns issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia's Auditor of Public Accounts (APA).

The responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the data presented in the report, including all disclosures, rests with the City.

THE CITY

Alexandria, Virginia, which is located on the west bank of the Potomac River across from Washington, D.C., is an integral part of the Washington metropolitan area, serving as a financial, commercial, and transportation center. Alexandria is also one of America's most historic cities. George Washington and George Mason served as two of the City's first Trustees (the forerunner of the Alexandria City Council).

Alexandria is an independent full-service city with sole local government taxing power within its boundaries. The City is autonomous from any county, town or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Alexandria, which was founded in 1749, derives its governing authority from a charter granted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The City adopted the Council-Manager form of government in 1922. The governing body of the City is the City Council, which formulates policies for the administration of the City. The City Council is composed of a Mayor and six Council Members elected at-large for three-year terms. The Mayor is elected on a separate ballot. City Council appoints the City Manager who serves as the City's chief executive officer and is responsible for implementing the policies established by City Council. The City Charter was first granted in 1852.

The City provides a comprehensive range of municipal services including education, health, welfare, housing and human services programs, public safety and administration of justice, community development, recreation, library, cultural and historic activities, transportation, environmental services, and planning.

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes the financial activities of the City of Alexandria government (the primary government), as well as the financial activities of the City's component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations, and cash flows from those of the primary government. The School Board, the Library System, and the Alexandria Transit Company are reported as discretely presented component units. This report does not include the financial activities of the City's Deferred Compensation Plan, Alexandria Industrial Development Authority, Alexandria Redevelopment and Housing Authority, Alexandria Economic Development Partnership, Inc., Alexandria Renew Enterprises (formerly the Alexandria Sanitation Authority), or Sheltered Homes of Alexandria because the City Council is not financially accountable for these entities, and therefore, these entities are not component units.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City's economy, still showing some impact from the recession, remains relatively strong compared to the national economy. In part, this is due to Alexandria's geographical location as an inner suburb to Washington, DC. It is also due to the mix of jobs in the City of Alexandria. For example, of Alexandria's total number of positions, almost half are in recession resistant fields, including 18 percent of City positions in professional and technical services fields, 16 percent in the public sector, while another seven percent are in Health Care and five percent are in education. These are all well-paying fields that have been relatively unaffected by the downturn in the economy. One of the City's largest employers is the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (PTO), which, when located in Alexandria in the middle of the decade, added more than 7,000 jobs to the City's economy adding 1,000 in the last year. The PTO is fee supported, which means it is not dependent on federal appropriation. The number of positions in public administration and health care sectors has increased since the recession began in 2007. On the other hand, the City's construction and manufacturing sectors, which did not fare well due to the recession, respectively employ only 3.3 percent and 1.4 percent of the total employment in the City.

One measure of the local economy is how economically sensitive City revenues fared. During FY 2012, the City continued showing some signs of stabilization. FY 2012 collections from the transient lodging and meals tax increased by 1.2 percent each compared to FY 2011. Revenues from sales tax increased by 4.5 percent. Personal property tax revenues on vehicles has been especially strong with 5,000 vehicles added and the corresponding revenue to the tax rolls in FY 2012.

Real estate assessments, which generate over half of the City's General Fund revenues, continue to show some signs of improvement. Residential assessments increased by 1.5 percent and the CY 2013 total assessments increased by 3.5 percent compared to 2012, while locally assessed commercial assessments increased by 6.1 percent. The office vacancy rate of 14.4 percent in the 2nd quarter of 2012 is 1 percent higher than one year earlier, partially attributable to the closure of several offices due to Base Realignment and Closures (BRAC). The City's unemployment rate of 4.6 percent in June 2012 is slightly lower than a year earlier, and a little over half the national unemployment rate.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Strong fiscal management remains a hallmark of Alexandria's City government and has enabled the City to respond to revenue declines, address priority needs, including public safety, public education, and modernization of heavily used recreation and library facilities. Alexandria is among a select group of cities in the United States to hold the top AAA/Aaa bond ratings from two of Wall Street's major credit rating agencies (Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service).

During the past fiscal year, the City made progress or contributions in a number of important areas, including using city funds to add to affordable housing projects and providing the Transit Authority with a new state of the art facility.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The City government continues to be in very sound financial condition as demonstrated by the financial statements and schedules included in this report. Within the context of a fiscally prudent budget and careful management, the City has continued to provide a wide range of services, has achieved many of its program goals, and enhanced the quality of life in the City. The City's cash and investment position was strong throughout a very difficult fiscal year.

The national economic recession and declining local economy continued to exert pressure on maintaining services at existing levels. Keeping existing programs funded and salaries of public employees competitive, and addressing the expanding program needs of the community have required careful budgeting. The City Council has adopted a Strategic Plan to ensure that City resources remain focused on City priorities. The seven goals of the Strategic Plan are:

- 1. Alexandria has quality development and redevelopment support for local businesses and a strong, diverse and growing local economy.
- 2. Alexandria respects, protects and enhances the health of its citizens and the quality of its natural environment.
- 3. A multimodal transportation network that supports sustainable land use and provides internal mobility and regional connectivity for Alexandrians.
- 4. Alexandria is a community that supports and enhances the well-being, success and achievement of children, youth and families.
- 5. Alexandria is financially sustainable, efficient, community oriented and values its employees.
- 6. The City protects the safety and security of its residents, businesses, employees and visitors.
- 7. Alexandria is a caring and inclusive community that values its rich diversity, history and culture, and promotes affordability.

Capital investment and the resulting debt service costs are planned to increase in the Approved FY 2013-2022 Capital Improvement Budget. The need for increased operating and capital support to fund the Jefferson Houston and Patrick Henry Schools and transportation needs are the City's major near term capital challenge. During fiscal year FY 2013, revenues are budgeted to grow by about 3.7 percent over FY 2012 with revenues budgeted reflecting a higher real estate tax base. While the City believes, in general, that the overall state of most of its infrastructure of streets, bridges, and many public facilities is good, it plans on an increased capital improvement program aimed at maintaining and improving the City's infrastructure. The type of development in the City will also influence future expenditure and revenue levels.

Over the last five years, the City has been able to maintain its fiscal strength as the result of the City Council's adoption of, and subsequent adherence to, the series of financial policies listed on pages 9 and 10. These policies are aimed at (1) limiting debt and annual debt service requirements and (2) maintaining an appropriate General Fund fund balance so as to retain the City's AAA/Aaa bond ratings and to keep the City on firm financial footing. When City Council initially adopted the financial policies in 1987, the City's general obligation debt as a percentage of the real estate tax base was 1.4 percent. Because of the City use of "pay-as-you-go" financing for many capital projects, the City has maintained superior debt ratios since their implementation in 1987. At the end of FY 2012, the City's debt to tax base ratio was just 1.36 percent with that projected to increase to 1.5 percent in FY 2013 (excluding self-supported sewer project related debt). The City's financial policies encourage the use of surplus General Fund revenues and resources derived from spending less than the full budget to fund capital projects.

Additional information on the City's financial status can be found in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT FUNCTIONS

The following table shows that the overall real property assessed value has increased by over \$14 billion since 2003. This includes a 3.5 percent increase from calendar year 2011 to 2012. Real property taxes, which are based on assessments as of January 1 of each year, are due in two payments. The first half of the real estate tax is due on June 15 and the second half of the tax is due on November 15.

CHANGE IN ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY

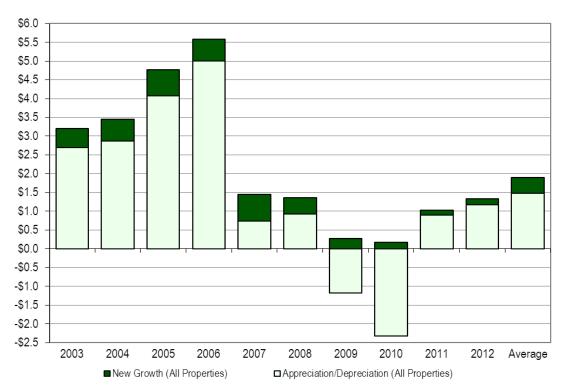
(Amounts in thousands of dollars)

	Residential Assessed	Residential % Increase	Commercial ¹ Assessed	Commercial % Increase	Total Assessed	Total % Increase
<u>Year</u>	<u>Value</u>	(Decrease)	<u>Value</u>	(Decrease)	<u>Value</u>	(Decrease)
2003	\$ 11,191,850	25.9	\$ 8,034,076	10.9	\$ 19,225,926	19.2
2004	13,245,349	18.3	8,644,147	7.6	21,889,496	13.9
2005	16,272,324	22.9	11,087,327	28.3	27,359,651	25.0
2006	20,331,756	24.9	12,574,963	13.4	32,906,719	20.3
2007	20,205,364	(0.6)	14,037,667	11.6	34,243,031	4.1
2008	20,139,614	(0.3)	14,963,203	6.6	35,102,817	2.5
2009	19,152,518	(4.9)	14,811,680	(1.0)	33,964,198	(3.2)
2010	18,203,922	(5.0)	13,615,344	(8.1)	31,819,266	(6.3)
2011	18,430,732	1.2	14,201,220	4.3	32,631,952	2.6
2012	18,715,708	1.5	15,066,990	6.1	33,782,698	3.5

1. Includes apartment buildings.

Change in Total Tax Base

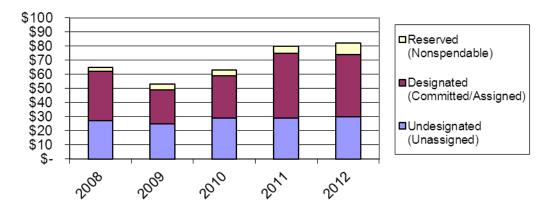
Tax Year 2003-2012



This chart displays the increases and decreases in assessed values for the last ten years as appreciation and depreciation of existing properties and new properties. (Each of the bars in the chart is comprised of single year snapshot and is not cumulative.)

The Fund balance financial policies for the General Fund are one component of the City's overall financial strength and stability. At the end of FY 2012, the City's General Fund fund balance was \$83 million and include a non-spendable fund balance of \$8.1 million, a number of commitments totaling \$17.2 million, and an assigned total of \$27.2 million, including \$17.0 million assigned for future capital funding, leaving a remaining unassigned fund balance of \$30.5 million. At the end of FY 2012 the City's ending General Fund fund balance condition was consistent with the City's established financial policies.

City of Alexandria General Fund - Fund Balance (in millions)



CAPITAL FINANCING AND DEBT MANAGEMENT

In conjunction with the annual operating budget preparation, the City Manager annually prepares a six-year Capital Improvement Plan to provide for the financing of improvements to the City's public facilities. This has been changed to a ten-year Capital Improvement Plan. The first year of the program constitutes the capital budget for the current fiscal year; the remaining nine years serve as a planning guide. The City accounts for capital improvement expenditures in the Capital Projects Fund and finances the projects from the General Fund (including appropriations of Committed Fund Balance), general obligation debt, the sale of surplus property, and intergovernmental grant revenues. The City's Capital Improvement Plan for FY 2013 through FY 2022 represents \$1.109 billion of Cityfunded public improvements to the City's schools, public buildings, parks, and transportation systems. In addition, state and federal grants and other committed sources, such as prior year City funds, will provide \$28.6 million in additional planned capital funding for the FY 2013-FY 2022 time period.

To continue a strategy of improving and then maintaining the City's creditworthiness, the City Council established the following key target and ceiling ratios as of June 30 of each year:

	Ceiling	2003	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	Target
Debt as a Percentage of												
Fair Market Value	1.6%	0.75%	0.90%	0.88%	0.90%	0.85%	0.73%	1.12%	1.15%	1.27%	1.36%	1.1%
Debt Per Capita as a												
Percentage of Per Capita												
Income ¹	4.5%	2.0%	2.7%	3.1%	3.4%	2.9%	2.6%	3.7%	3.4%	3.8%	4.0%	3.2%
Debt Service as a Percentage	;											
of General Governmental												
Expenditures ²	10.0%	3.6%	3.6%	4.2%	4.3%	4.5%	4.4%	4.4%	4.9%	5.3%	5.9%	8.0%
General Fund Balance as a												
Percentage of General												
Fund Revenue:												
Unreserved	10%	14.4%	14.6%	13.3%	13.2%	13.4%	12.0%	9.3%	11.1%	-	-	N/A
Assigned/Unassigned ³	(floor)									10.9%	10.1%	
Undesignated	4%	7.3%	6.9%	5.9%	5.6%	5.2%	5.2%	4.7%	5.3%	-	-	5.5%
Unassigned ³	(floor)									5.3%	5.3%	
Net Assets as a												
Percentage of General	4%											
Revenue	(floor)	19.8%	18.4%	14.5%	17.7%	19.0%	12.6%	9.4%	11.8%	11.7%	14.2%	5.5%

¹ Per capita information from the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, as revised

² Data includes School Board and Library component units.

³ The City updated these policies in FY 2011 to reflect new terminology per GASB 54.

The adopted financial policies include the following:

- The City will increase its reliance on current revenue to finance its capital improvements.
- The City will consider a designation for pay-as-you-go capital a priority when additional General Fund resources become available at the end of a fiscal year.
- The City will not use General Fund equity to finance current operations for periods of longer than two years.
- The City will annually prepare a six-year Capital Improvement Plan.
- The City will not issue tax or revenue anticipation notes to fund governmental operations.
- The City will not issue bond anticipation notes for a term of longer than two years.

The City's General Obligation Bonds have the top available ratings which were reaffirmed in July 2012 as follows:

Moody's Investors Service Aaa Standard & Poor's AAA

BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The City Charter requires the City Manager to submit a balanced budget to City Council no later than the first regular meeting in April of each year. The School Board prepares the Schools' budget and transmits it to the City Manager. The City Manager then submits his recommendation to City Council for consideration. If Council does not adopt a budget before June 27, the budget submitted by the City Manager for the upcoming fiscal year has full force and effect as if Council had adopted it.

As a management tool, budgetary control is maintained in the General Fund at the character level (i.e., personnel, non-personnel, capital outlays) and by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts before the release of purchase orders to vendors. Management can transfer appropriations at the department appropriation level without approval from City Council. The City follows a similar procedure with the Special Revenue Fund, but the level of control is at the grant or program level. In the Capital Projects Fund, the level of control is at the project level. With the Schools' budget, the level of control is at the total appropriation level.

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse. Internal controls are intended to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. In addition to the examination of controls implemented by members of the Finance Department, the City's Internal Audit staff continually reviews and assesses the soundness and adequacy of the City's financial systems.

REPORT FORMAT

The City's Finance Department has prepared this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in an effort to present all the information necessary to meet the needs of the many persons and groups that have an interest in the City's financial affairs. The objective of this report is to present financial information on a comparative basis with other governmental entities in Virginia and in accordance with established reporting standards. We believe the data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the City's financial position and results of operations.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. The introductory section includes a list of principal officials, the City's organizational chart, and this transmittal letter. The financial section includes the management's discussion and analysis (MDA), basic, fund, and component unit financial statements, notes to financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, required supplementary information for public employee retirement systems, and other supplementary information, as well as the independent auditors' report. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The single audit section contains information on the City and School programs that are financed by federal grants. This information is required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Section 5.18 of the City Charter requires an annual audit of the accounting and financial records of the City by independent certified public accountants. This section requires the auditors to examine the funds of the City in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in the Government Accountability Office's *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the auditors must conduct the compliance examinations required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, the related U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, and the *Specifications for Audit of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The Alexandria City Council has selected the firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP to perform these audit services. Their reports are presented in the Financial Section and the Single Audit Section of this report.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the City of Alexandria a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the 34th consecutive year in 2011. The GFOA awards a Certificate to governmental units that exemplify excellence in financial reporting and conform to stringent reporting requirements promulgated by that Association and various authoritative bodies.

To earn a Certificate of Achievement, a CAFR must tell its financial story clearly, thoroughly, and understandably. The report must be efficiently organized, employ certain standardized terminology and formatting conventions, minimize ambiguities and potentials for misleading inference, enhance understanding of current generally accepted accounting theory, and demonstrate a constructive "spirit of full disclosure."

A Certificate is valid for a period of one year only. The City believes our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and standards. We are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate for FY 2012.

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

As required by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12, the City has agreed for the benefit of the owners of City general obligation bonds and joint enterprise waste-to-energy-revenue bonds, to provide each nationally recognized municipal securities information repository and to any appropriate state information depositor, if any is hereafter created, certain financial information not later than 270 days after the end of each of its fiscal years, commencing with the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996. The City is currently in compliance with the new arrangement to file this information through the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) website which is the comprehensive source for official statements, continuing disclosure documents, advance refunding documents and real time trade price information on all municipal securities. This CAFR provides the 15c2-12 general bond obligation bond information, which includes the "Debt Statement" found in Note 9 of Notes to the Financial Statements, a "Five Year Summary of General Fund Revenues and Expenditures" found in Table XXII, a summary of debt found in Table XXIII (Summary of Total General Obligation Bonds Debt Service), and "Tax Revenues by Source" found in Table III.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to express our appreciation to everyone in the City who assisted with and contributed to the preparation of this report. Special recognition is extended to the Accounting Division for their dedicated pursuit of excellence and leadership in financial reporting.

Respectfully submitted,

Laura B. Triggs, CPA Chief Financial Officer /

Director of Finance

Raymond J. Welch, Jr.

Comptroller

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Alexandria Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

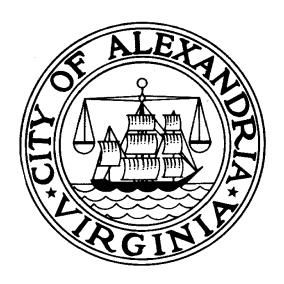
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UNITED STATES

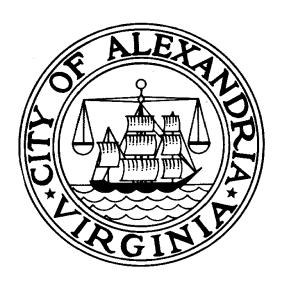
AND
CORPORATION
SEAL

CHICAGO

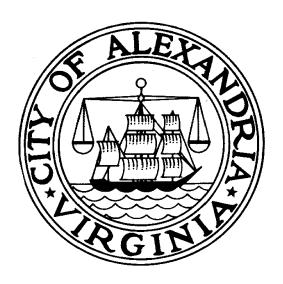
Executive Director



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT







Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alexandria, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alexandria, Virginia (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as identified in the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Alexandria Library System, a discretely presented component unit, which represent 3.0 percent of the assets, 5.5 percent of the net assets, and 2.5 percent of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented components units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the financial statements, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the City of Alexandria Library System are based solely on the report of the other auditor.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia (Specifications). Those standards and Specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information for the City of Alexandria, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2012, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules and the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions on pages 21 through 30, 104 and 105, and 107 through 109 respectively be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

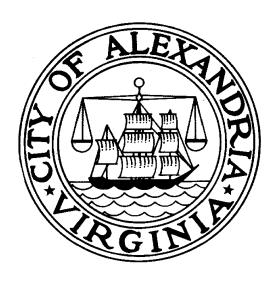
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules identified in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical tables listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Clifton Larson Allen LLF

Arlington, Virginia November 13, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S	DISCUSSION	AND ANALYSIS



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of the City of Alexandria's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR FY 2012

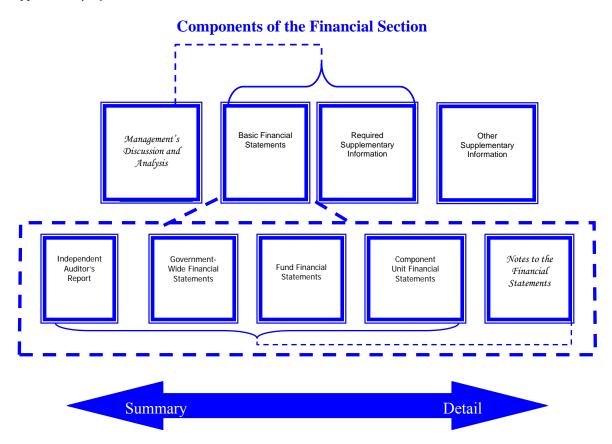
The City's total net assets, excluding component units, on the government-wide basis, totaled \$397.8 million at June 30, 2012. Of this amount, \$76.2 million is unrestricted (Exhibit I).

On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the City's general revenues of \$534.9 million were \$3.4 million more than the \$531.5 million of expenses net of program revenue (Exhibit II).

The General Fund, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other financing sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses by \$1.7 million (Exhibit IV) after making a budgeted \$14.8 million transfer to the capital projects fund and a \$37.2 million transfer to the special revenue fund.

USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. As the following chart shows, the financial section of this report has four components - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, the required supplementary information and the other supplementary information.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which are the government-wide statements, report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in those assets. The City's net assets position - the difference between assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors need to be considered, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities include the following:

<u>Governmental activities</u> - Most of the City's basic services are reported here: Police, Fire, Transportation and Environmental Services, Recreation, Parks and Cultural Activities Departments, and general administration. Property taxes, other local taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

<u>Component units</u> - The City includes three separate legal entities in its report - the City of Alexandria School Board, the Alexandria Library, and the Alexandria Transit Company. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them, and provides operating and capital funding to them. The Alexandria Transit Company component unit is also a proprietary fund.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide additional information about the City's most significant funds - not the City as a whole. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the City government.

The City has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - Services for which the City charges customers or City users a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information.

The City uses an internal service fund (one kind of proprietary fund) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities. The Equipment Replacement Reserve Fund is the City's only internal service fund. Its primary purpose is to provide for the accumulation of money to replace capital equipment used in City operations. The Transit Company component unit is considered an enterprise fund since fees are charged to fund the operations.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans and employee benefit trusts. It is also responsible for other assets (known as agency funds) that - because of a trust arrangement - can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. Agency funds are City custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the City is custodian. The City excludes pension plans and agency funds from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Assets:

The following table presents the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

Table 1 Summary of Net Assets As of June 30, 2012 and 2011 (In millions)

		Primary Gover	nment					
		Governme	ntal		Component			
		Activitie	es		Units			
		2012	2011		2012		2011	
Current and other assets	\$	498 \$	452	\$	70	\$	66	
Capital assets	_	720	694	_	22	_	15	
Total Assets	\$_	1,218 \$	1,146	\$	92	\$	81	
Other Liabilities	\$	271 \$	269	\$	40	\$	34	
Long-term liabilities	_	549	483	_	9	_	11	
Total Liabilities	\$_	820 \$	752	\$	49	\$	45	
Net Assets: Invested in Capital assets, net of related debt	\$	322 \$	335	\$	21	\$	14	
Restricted		-	-		3			
Unrestricted		76	59		20		22	
	\$	398 \$	394	\$	43	\$	36	

Amounts may not add due to rounding

The City's net assets, (which is the City's bottom line) increased one percent, or \$4 million, to \$398 million. The increase is primarily attributable to a planned increase in General Fund balance to support future transportation needs. Component units net assets increased by \$7 million. The City's capital assets increased \$26 million mainly due to the completion of the new Police Facility during the year. Long-term liabilities increased by \$66 million with the issue of the new FY 2012 general obligation bond series.

Statement of Activities

The following chart shows the revenue and expenses of the governmental activities:

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011
(In millions)
Total

Primary Government

	Prima	ary Governme	nt				
		Governn	nental		Compone	ent	
		Activities			Units		
		2012	2011		2012	2011	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	56 \$	51	\$	8 \$	7	
Operating grants and contributions		66	65		23	22	
Capital grant/contributions		20	7				
General revenues:							
Property taxes		370	353				
Other taxes		121	118				
Other		44	35		30	29	
Payment to/from City				_	198	178	
Total Revenues	\$ _	677 \$	629	\$	259 \$	236	
Expenses							
General Government	\$	85 \$	59	\$	\$		
Judicial Administration		20	20				
Public Safety		127	122				
Public Works		57	51				
Library		6	6		7	6	
Health and Welfare		92	93				
Transit		16	16		14	14	
Culture and Recreation		29	28				
Community Development		34	25				
Education		185	175		231	216	
Interest on Long-term Debt		22	17				
Total Expenses	\$	673 \$	612	\$ _	252 \$	236	
Change in Net assets	\$	4 \$	17	\$	7 \$	-	
Net Assets beginning of Year	\$	394 \$	377	\$	36 \$	36	
Net Assets end of Year	\$	398 \$	394	\$	43 \$	36	

Amounts may not add due to rounding

REVENUES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 revenues from governmental activities totaled \$677 million. Real estate tax revenues, the City's largest revenue source, reflecting the recognition of the taxes associated with the last half of calendar year 2011 and the first half of calendar year 2012 real property tax billings, were \$322 million. The

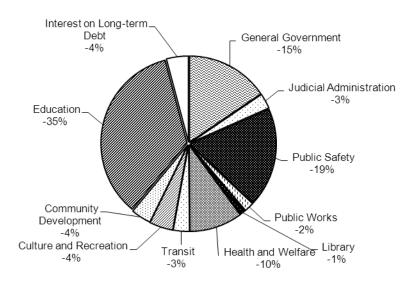
increase in tax revenues is primarily attributable to an increase in the City's assessed real property tax base in calendar year 2012. There was no tax rate increase for calendar year 2012.

In addition:

- Charges for services increased in the special revenue fund due to an increase in fees collected for sewer connections.
- The increase in capital contributions reflects the donation of Potomac Avenue in Potomac Yard.

Component units' nets assets increased by \$7 million due mainly to the addition of new buses to the Transit company bus fleet

Net Expenses for Governmental Activities



EXPENSES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$673 million reflecting an increase of \$61 million due to increase in expenditures for public safety, education, debt service and the final expenditures to complete the new Police Facility and various School renovation projects.

Education continues to be one of the City's highest priorities. Capital funding included \$3.5 million in addition to the City's operating subsidy to the Schools of \$174.9 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$211.2 million (Exhibit III). The Governmental fund balance increase of \$40 million is primarily due to a surplus in the General Fund from a special transportation tax not yet expended, an increase to the sanitary fee revenue in the Special Revenue Fund and the issuance of bonds in the Capital Projects Fund. Other changes in fund balance include:

• The General Fund contributed \$9.7 million to pay-as-you-go financing of capital projects.

- The City contributed \$174.9 million to the schools for operations.
- The Sewer Fund contributed \$7 million in fee revenue to pay-as-you-go capital projects.
- The City spent \$75.3 million in the Capital Projects Fund primarily to fund the completion of the new Public Safety facility and school projects.

Except for non-spendable and restricted fund balances (Exhibit III), there are no significant limitations on fund balances that would affect the availability of fund resources for future uses.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Table 3

General Fund Budget (in millions)

	(III IIIIIIIIIII)							
	FY 2012							
•	Or	ginal	Am	ended				
_	Βι	ıdget	Βι	ıdget	Actual			
				_				
Revenues, Transfers, and								
Other Financial Sources								
Taxes	\$	362	\$	359	\$	364		
Other Local Taxes		121		121		121		
Transfers and Other		80		154		159		
Total	\$	563	\$	634	\$	644		
Expenditures, Transfers,								
and Other Financial Uses								
Expenditures	\$	325	\$	333	\$	328		
Transfers and Other		242		323		314		
Total	\$	567	\$	656	\$	642		

Amounts may not add due to rounding

Revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$2 million in the General Fund for FY 2012.

Change in Fund Balance

Actual General Fund revenues and other financial sources were above the original budget by \$81 million and the amended budget by \$10 million during FY 2012. This is primarily due to bond refunding, and an increase in the tax base for real estate taxes to support transportation projects. As a result of supplemental appropriations, actual General Fund expenditures were above the original budget by \$3 million, while General Fund expenditures were less than the amended budget by \$5 million. This was primarily due to fiscal restraint by all City departments.

During FY 2012, City Council amended the budget three times. These budget amendments, or supplemental appropriation ordinances, were primarily for the following purposes:

• To reappropriate monies to pay for commitments in the form of encumbrances established prior to June 30, 2011 but not paid by that date. Encumbrances for General Fund obligations for purchase orders authorized and issued, but for which goods and services were not received or paid by June 30, 2011, totaled \$1.8 million.

- To reappropriate monies (\$2.3 million) to pay for projects budgeted for FY 2011 but not completed before the end of the fiscal year.
- To reappropriate grant, donation and other revenues authorized in FY 2011 or earlier, but not expended or encumbered as of June 30, 2011.
- To appropriate grants, donations, and other revenues accepted or adjusted in FY 2012.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of FY 2012, the City's governmental activities had invested cumulatively \$720.9 million (see Note 5) in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net increase of \$26.9 million.

Table 4
Governmental Activities
Change in Capital Assets
(In millions)

	Balance	Net Additions/	Balance
	<u>30-Jun-11</u>	(Deletions)	<u>30-Jun-12</u>
Non-Depreciable Assets			
Land and Land Improvements	\$98.7		\$98.7
Construction in Progress	118.2	(86.9)	31.3
Other Capital Assets			
Intangible Assets	11.3	0.3	11.6
Buildings	440.3	120.7	561.0
Infrastructure	206.6	8.9	215.5
Furniture and Other Equipment	68.6	7.2	75.8
Accumulated Depreciation on Other			
Capital Assets	(249.7)	(23.3)	(273.0)
Totals	\$694.0	\$26.9	\$720.9

Amounts may not add due to rounding

The FY 2012 increase in buildings reflects the transfer from construction in progress and new expenditures for the completion of the new Police Facility.

The FY 2013- FY 2022 Approved Capital Improvement Program (CIP), which was approved by City Council on May 7, 2012, sets forth a ten-year program with \$1.1 billion in new City funding and \$28.6 million in other non- City sources for public improvements for the City and the Alexandria Public Schools.

This represents (in City funding) a decrease of approximately \$62.1 million below the FY 2012-2021 CIP. For purpose of comparison the Approved FY 2012 - 2021 CIP totaled \$1.2 billion in total funding, of which \$21.9 million was from non-City sources.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of FY 2012, the City had \$459.1 million in outstanding general obligation bonds, an increase of \$43.4 million, or 10.4 percent, over last year. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

During 2012, Moody's Investors Services, Inc. and Standard & Poor's (S&P) credit rating agencies reaffirmed the City's triple-A bond ratings. The City received its first triple-A rating from Moody's in 1986 and from S&P in 1992. Standard and Poor's Financial Management Assessment concluded that the City's financial practices were "strong."

The Commonwealth of Virginia limits the amount of general obligation debt the City can issue to ten percent of the assessed value of real property within the City. The City's outstanding debt is significantly below, or less than one-tenth of this state law limit - which would equate to \$3.4 billion for the City.

During Fiscal year 2013 the City Council issued \$76.82 million in General Obligation Bonds with a premium of \$11.2 million, and 17.34 million in General Obligation Refunding Bonds with a premium of \$1.9 million. The Refunding Bonds were used to refund part of the 2004C and 2006A bonds. Both sets of bonds were issued at a true interest cost of 2.46 percent. The \$76.82 million General Obligation bonds will be used to finance certain capital improvement projects including two new sanitary sewers and continuing improvement in public school facilities. See details in footnotes 5 and 9 of this document. On July 28, 2011, Moody's put the City and several surrounding jurisdictions Aaa on credit watch due to the City's proximity to Washington, D.C.

The City did not issue any short-term debt or have any short-term debt outstanding during FY 2012. Other short term liabilities represent unclaimed money and deposits.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

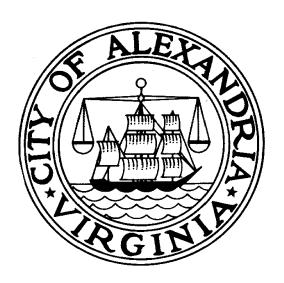
The number of jobs in the City increased in FY 2012; as of June 2012, the number of Alexandria jobs totaled 94,113 (the latest data available from the Virginia Employment Commission). Tourism improved, with lodging and restaurant food tax showing an increase of 1.0 percent each in FY 2012.

As of 2010 (the latest data available from the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis), the City's major per capita income of \$76,362 remains one of the highest in the United States, and is the second highest of any major jurisdiction in Virginia. The City's office vacancy rate stood at 14.4 percent by the end of FY 2012, compared to the office vacancy rate in Northern Virginia (14.2 percent), as well as the Washington, DC metropolitan area (12.3 percent), partially attributable to the closure of several offices due to Base Realignment and Closures (BRAC).

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Laura Triggs, Chief Financial Officer, City Hall, P.O. Box 178, Alexandria, VA 22313, laura.triggs@alexandriava.gov, telephone (703) 746-3900, or visit the City's web site at alexandriava.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2012

Exhibit I

	<u>P</u>	Governmental Activities	(Component Units
ASSEIS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	142,403,014	\$	51,245,742
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		83,622,430		2,745,527
Receivables, Net		220,167,115		788,349
Due From Other Governments		41,336,934		7,075,138
Inventory of Supplies		2,352,968		830,745
Prepaid and Other Assets		7,651,617		7,424,016
Capital Assets				
Land and Construction in Progress		129,928,728		999,381
Other Capital Assets, Net		590,977,511		20,773,970
Capital Assets, Net		720,906,239		21,773,351
Total Assets	\$	1,218,440,317	\$	91,882,868
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	14,160,822	\$	3,911,578
Accrued Wages		5,013,247		33,178,131
Accrued Liabilities		6,159,103		-
Deferred Revenue		235,105,881		813,490
Other Short-term Liabilities		9,297,694		408,328
Deposits		2,070,592		-
Long-term Liabilities Due Within One Year		34,546,348		2,764,303
Long-term Liabilities Due in More Than One Year		514,245,851		7,640,211
Total Liabilities	\$	820,599,537	\$	48,716,041
NET ASSEIS				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	321,644,658	\$	20,760,062
Restricted for:				
Educational projects				2,562,085
Unrestricted Net Assets		76,196,122		19,844,680
TO TAL NET ASSEIS	\$	397,840,780	\$	43,166,827

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

Statement of Activities

Exhibit II

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Program Revenue	es	Net (Expense) Changes in	Revenue and Net Assets
			Operating		Primary Gov	ernment
		Charges for	rges for Grants and Capital Grants &		Governmental	Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses Services Contributions Contributions		Contributions	Activities	Units	
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 84,711,531	\$ 1,453,918	\$ 884,665	\$ -	\$ (82,372,948)	\$ -
Judicial Administration	20,476,653	1,737,031	3,577,920	-	(15,161,702)	-
Public Safety	126,883,887	14,356,893	13,571,985	-	(98,955,009)	-
Public Works	56,433,812	23,494,743	8,842,068	14,481,917	(9,615,084)	-
Library	6,145,662	-	-	-	(6,145,662)	-
Health and Welfare	93,652,604	6,732,235	32,651,904	-	(54,268,465)	-
Transit	15,937,959	-	-	-	(15,937,959)	-
Culture and Recreation	27,701,167	5,441,296	316,427	2,710	(21,940,734)	-
Community Development	34,319,087	2,694,004	6,522,109	5,158,993	(19,943,981)	-
Education	185,222,352	-	-	-	(185,222,352)	-
Interest on Long-term Debt	21,936,532	-	-	-	(21,936,532)	-
Total Primary Government	\$ 673,421,246	\$ 55,910,120	\$ 66,367,078	\$ 19,643,620	\$ (531,500,428)	\$ -
						
Component Units:						
Library	\$ 6,793,511	\$ 124,608	\$ 159,906	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (6,508,997)
Transit	14,407,884	5,017,963	41,789	-	-	(9,348,132)
School Board	231,316,230	2,528,593	22,343,336	-	-	(206,444,301)
Total Component Units	\$ 252,517,625	\$ 7,671,164	\$ 22,545,031	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$(222,301,430)
		Taxes: General Property Real Estate Personal Property Other Local Taxe Business License	rty es: e Tax		\$ 321,637,873 48,202,835 30,309,499	- -
		Local Sales Tax			24,949,593	
		Meals Tax Transient Lodgi Utility Tax Communication	s Sales Tax	ı, and other local taxes	16,313,765 11,375,121 10,322,623 11,594,930	-
		Revenue from Primar		i, and other local taxes	16,235,702	
		Payment from C	ity of Alexandria (o ity of Alexandria (C			189,562,651 9,278,230
		Grants and Contrib	utions Not Restricte	d to Specific Programs	41,497,647	28,053,651
		Interest and Invest	ment Earnings	- -	1,259,169	63,167
		Miscellaneous			- 1,195,495	2,228,791
		Total General	Revenues		\$ 534,894,252	\$ 229,186,490
			Net Assets		\$ 3,393,824	\$ 6,885,060
		Change III			ų 5,575,0 2 7	\$ 3,000,000
		Net Assets at Beginnin	ng of Year		394,446,956	36,281,767
		Net Assets at End of	Year		\$ 397,840,780	\$ 43,166,827

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2012

Exhibit III

		General	Spe	cial Revenue		Capital Projects	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	•	0.7.000.404	•		•	1.5.050.665		100 050 051
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	85,088,101	\$	27,995,205	\$	15,870,665	\$	128,953,971
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		-		-		83,622,430		83,622,430
Receivables, Net		216,735,472		3,316,732		-		220,052,204
Accrued Interest		114,911		-		-		114,911
Due From Other Governments		33,378,781		7,958,153		-		41,336,934
Inventory of Supplies		2,352,968		-		-		2,352,968
Prepaid and Other Assets		5,346,957		63,500	_	-	_	5,410,457
Total Assets	\$	343,017,190	\$	39,333,590	\$	99,493,095	\$	481,843,875
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	10,002,510	\$	2,079,250	\$	1,960,894	\$	14,042,654
Accrued Wages		3,810,074		1,194,634		8,539		5,013,247
Other Liabilities		9,297,694		-		-		9,297,694
Deposits		2,070,592		-		-		2,070,592
Deferred Revenue		234,853,315		5,409,922		-		240,263,237
Total Liabilities	\$	260,034,185	\$	8,683,806	\$	1,969,433	\$	270,687,424
FUND BALANCES		· · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Non-Spendable	\$	8,099,925	\$	2,596,021	\$	_	\$	10,695,946
Restricted		-		7,748,211		-		7,748,211
Committed		17,219,808		12,575,087		97,523,662		127,318,557
Assigned		27,235,643		7,730,465		-		34,966,108
Unassigned		30,427,629		-		-		30,427,629
Total Fund Balances	\$	82,983,005	\$	30,649,784	\$	97,523,662	\$	211,156,451
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	343,017,190	\$	39,333,590	\$	99,493,095		
	Capi	ents for the Statal assets used in cial resources and	gove	rnmental activiti		not current		
	repo	rted in the gover	nment	tal funds. (Note	5)			708,219,919
	Othe	r long-term asset	s are i	not available to p	ay fo	r current		
	perio	d expenditures; t	he tax	xes offset by def	erred			
	•			-				7,398,518
	revenue in the governmental funds. (Note 1) 7,398,5 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs							
		uipment replacer				•		
	-						1	
	liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets. (Exhibit V) 26,017,19							
		term liabilities, i						26,017,195
	-	rted as liabilities						(55/1051 202)
	repor	itou as naunities		Assets of Gove			•	(554,951,303)
			1101	Assets of Gove	ımme	ntai Achvilles	ψ	371,040,100

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit IV

		General	Spe	cial Revenue		Capital Projects	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
General Property Taxes	\$	363,774,571	\$	2,464,450	\$	-	\$	366,239,021
Other Local Taxes		121,101,233		-		-		121,101,233
Permits, Fees, and Licenses		2,373,448		6,438,363		-		8,811,811
Fines and Forfeitures		4,869,294		-		-		4,869,294
Use of Money and Property		3,947,855		299,020		312,905		4,559,780
Charges for Services		16,474,115		15,694,685		15,077		32,183,877
Intergovernmental Revenue		55,484,133		44,205,468		11,468,496		111,158,097
Miscellaneous Tatal Payaruss	•	1,195,495	•	4,988,102	•	2,122,698	•	8,306,295
Total Revenues EXPENDITURES	\$	569,220,144	\$	74,090,088	\$	13,919,176	\$	657,229,408
Current Operating:								
General Government	\$	46,074,105	\$	745,725	\$	_	\$	46,819,830
Judicial Administration	Ψ	18,765,856	Ψ	1,252,594	Ψ	_	Ψ	20,018,450
Public Safety		117,049,127		6,712,179		_		123,761,306
Public Works		36,904,247		4,136,354		_		41,040,601
Library		6,145,662		-		_		6,145,662
Health and Welfare		20,925,733		72,121,215		-		93,046,948
Transit		15,937,959		-		-		15,937,959
Culture and Recreation		21,887,846		1,255,164		-		23,143,010
Community Development		15,286,156		10,602,670		-		25,888,826
Education		174,968,708		-		3,492,728		178,461,436
Debt Service:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				-, - ,		, . ,
Principal		23,725,000		-		-		23,725,000
Interest and Other Charges		19,492,222		-		-		19,492,222
Capital Outlay		-		-		71,822,722		71,822,722
Total Expenditures	\$	517,162,621	\$	96,825,901	\$	75,315,450	\$	689,303,972
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	52,057,523	\$	(22,735,813)	\$	(61,396,274)	\$	(32,074,564)
Bond Proceeds Sale of land	\$	-	\$	- 234,178	\$	69,950,000 387,167	\$	69,950,000 621,345
Issuance of Refunding Bonds		63,625,000						63,625,000
Bond Premium (Discount)		9,829,827		-		4,457,567		14,287,394
Payment to Refunded Bonds Escrow Agent Transfers In		(73,150,309)		38,894,379		21,440,753		(73,150,309)
Transfers Out		1,394,903 (52,077,786)		(11,612,472)		(1,500,000)		61,730,035 (65,190,258)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	\$	(50,378,365)	\$	27,516,085	\$	94,735,487		71,873,207
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,679,158	\$	4,780,272	\$	33,339,213	-\$	39,798,643
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	Ψ	80,860,167	Ψ	25,869,512	Ψ	64,184,449	Ψ	37,770,013
Increase in Reserve for Inventory		443,680		-		-		443,680
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	82,983,005	S	30,649,784	\$	97,523,662		115,000
	<u> </u>		Ť	,,	<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Adjustments for the Statement Repayment and refunding of funds, but the repayment rec	bond	principal is repo						22 725 000
Governmental funds report of		-						23,725,000
depreciation expense to alloc amount by which new capita	cate th	ose expenditures	over	the life of the as	sets. Th	is is the		27,120,743
Revenues in the Statement o								,,,
not reported as revenues in t					ciui i coo	arces are		3,601,687
Issuance of debt and premiu	_		`	,	rnmenta	I funds but		-,,
issuing debt increases long to	-			-				(74,712,085)
								(74,712,083)
Some expenses reported in the resources and therefore are no Internal service funds are used.	ot rep	orted as expendi	itures	in governmental	funds. (1	Note 9)		(23,823,316)
individual funds. The net rev reported in capital outlays a	enue	of the internal se	rvice f	fund (except dep	reciation	which is		7,239,472
						'-')	e-	
Chan	ge in	Net Assets of G	rovern	шены Асичи	es		\$	3,393,824

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Fund June 30, 2012

Exhibit V

ASSEIS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,449,043
Total Current Assets	\$ 13,449,043
Capital Assets:	
Buildings and Equipment	\$ 39,512,203
Less Accumulated Depreciation	26,825,883
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,686,320
Total Assets	\$ 26,135,363
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 118,168
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 118,168
Total Liabilities	\$ 118,168
NET ASSEIS	
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 12,686,320
Unrestricted Net Assets	13,330,875
Total Net Assets	\$ 26,017,195
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 26,135,363

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit VI

Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$ 4,866,261
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 4,866,261
Operating Expenses:	
Materials and Supplies	\$ 1,053,871
Depreciation	3,106,408
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 4,160,279
Operating Income	\$ 705,982
Nonoperating Expenses:	
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	\$ (33,142)
Total Nonoperating Expenses	\$ (33,142)
Net Profit/Loss Before Operating Transfers	672,840
Operating Transfers:	
Transfers In	\$ 3,487,074
Transfers Out	(26,850)
Total Net Transfers	\$ 3,460,224
Change in Net Assets	\$ 4,133,064
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	21,884,131
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 26,017,195

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit VII

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts From Customers	\$	4,866,261
Payments to Suppliers		(1,055,493)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	3,810,768
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Subsidies and Transfers from Other Funds	\$	3,460,224
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(6.054.105)
Purchases of Capital Assets	\$	(6,974,127)
Net Cash Used By Capital and		(2.512.002)
Related Financing Activities	\$	(3,513,903)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	296,865
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		13,152,178
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	13,449,043
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities	6	705.002
Operating Income	\$	705,982
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		2 10 6 100
Depreciation Expense		3,106,408
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Payable		(1,622)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	3,810,768

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

Capital assets with a net book value of \$33,142 were retired in non-cash transactions during the year in the Internal Service Fund.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets As of June 30, 2012

Exhibit VIII

]	Employee Retirement Plans		other Post nployment Benefits	Pu	rivate- irpose Trusts	Agency Funds		
ASSETS									
Cash and Short-term Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,809	
Investments, at Fair Value:									
LGIP/CDARS/ICS/NOW		-		-		6,173		93,592	
Mutual Funds		172,547,030		8,948,816		-		-	
Stocks		89,809,058		9,044,475		-		-	
Guaranteed Investment Accounts		36,059,572		-		-		-	
Real Estate		15,891,946		-		-		-	
Timber/Private Equity		9,500,742		431,852		-		-	
Other Investments		7,570,897		238,585		-		-	
Total Investments	\$	331,379,245	\$ 18,663,728		\$	6,173 \$	\$	93,592	
Total Assets	\$	331,379,245	\$	18,663,728	\$	6,173	\$	140,401	
LIABILITIES									
Refunds Payable and Other	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140,401	
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140,401	
NET ASSEIS									
Held in Trust for:									
Pension Benefits	\$	331,379,245	\$	-	\$	_			
Other Post Employment Benefits		-		18,663,728		-			
Other Purposes		-		-		6,173			
TO TAL NET ASSEIS	\$	331,379,245	\$	18,663,728	\$	6,173			

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit IX

	Employee Retirement Plans		Other Post Employment Benefits		Private Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ 21,342,180	\$	3,000,000	\$	-
Plan Members	3,671,421	-			
Total Contributions	\$ 25,013,601	\$	3,000,000	\$	
Investment Income:					
Net Appreciation (Depreciation)					
in Fair Value of Investments	\$ (3,651,256)	\$	(527,687)	\$	-
Interest	6,809,772		498,051		
Net Investment Income	\$ 3,158,516	\$	(29,636)	\$	1,027
Total Additions	\$ 28,172,117	\$	2,970,364	\$	1,027
DEDUCTIONS		•'		•	
Benefits	\$ 19,569,249	\$	-	\$	-
Refunds of Contributions	18,634,444		-		570
Administrative Expenses	1,664,854		118,354	•	
Total Deductions	\$ 39,868,547	\$	118,354	\$	570
Change in Net Assets	\$ (11,696,430)	\$	2,852,011	\$	457
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	\$ 343,075,675	\$	15,811,717	\$	5,716
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 331,379,245	\$	18,663,728	\$	6,173

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets Component Units As of June 30, 2012

Exhibit X

	School Board		Library		Transit		Total
ASSEIS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	51,227,161	\$ 7,104	\$	11,477	\$	51,245,742
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		-	2,745,527		-		2,745,527
Receivables		502,841	-		285,508		788,349
Due from Other Governments		7,015,877	20,405		38,856		7,075,138
Inventory of Supplies		116,829	-		713,916		830,745
Prepaid and Other Assets		7,226,823	-		197,193		7,424,016
Capital assets							
Land and Construction in Progress		999,381	-		-		999,381
Other Capital Assets, Net		9,862,362	-		10,911,608		20,773,970
Capital Assets, Net	\$	10,861,743	\$ -	\$	10,911,608	\$	21,773,351
Total Assets	\$	76,951,274	\$ 2,773,036	\$	12,158,558	\$	91,882,868
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	3,595,562	\$ 124,662	\$	191,354	\$	3,911,578
Accrued Wages		32,586,476	274,814		316,841		33,178,131
Deferrred Revenue		813,490	-		-		813,490
Other Short-term Liabilities		-	-		408,328		408,328
Long-term Liabilities Due Within One Year		2,764,303	-		-		2,764,303
Long-term Liabilities Due in More Than One Year		7,640,211	-		-		7,640,211
Total Liabilities	\$	47,400,042	\$ 399,476	\$	916,523	\$	48,716,041
NET ASSEIS							
Invested in Capital Assets	\$	9,848,454	\$ -	\$	10,911,608	\$	20,760,062
Restricted		2,562,085	-		-		2,562,085
Unrestricted Net Assets		17,140,693	2,373,560		330,427		19,844,680
TO TAL NET ASSETS	\$	29,551,232	\$ 2,373,560	\$	11,242,035	\$	43,166,827

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

Statement of Activities Component Units

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit XI

		Program	nm Revenues Net (Expense) Rev			kpense) Revenu	ie					
			() perating		and	l Cha	nges in Net Ass	ets			
		Charges for	G	Frants and		School						
	Expenses	Services	Co	ntributions		Board		Library		Transit		Totals
School Board												
Instructional	\$ 231,316,230	\$ 2,528,593	\$	22,343,336	\$	(206,444,301)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(206,444,301)
Total School Board	\$ 231,316,230	\$ 2,528,593	\$	22,343,336	\$	(206,444,301)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(206,444,301)
Library	\$ 6,793,511	\$ 124,608	\$	159,906	\$	-	\$	(6,508,997)	\$	-	\$	(6,508,997)
Transit	14,407,884	5,017,963		41,789						(9,348,132)		(9,348,132)
Total Component Units	\$ 252,517,625	\$ 7,671,164	\$	22,545,031	\$	-	\$	(6,508,997)	\$	(9,348,132)	\$	(222,301,430)
	General Revenues:	:										
	Payment From/(To) City			\$	174,956,420	\$	6,145,662	\$	8,460,569	\$	189,562,651
	Capital Payment Fr	om City ****				3,492,728		-		5,785,502		9,278,230
	Grants not restricted	d to specific program	1S			27,984,171		69,480		-		28,053,651
	Interest and Investm	nent Earnings				-		63,167		-		63,167
	Miscellaneous					2,222,167		5,655		969		2,228,791
	Total General Rev	/enues			\$	208,655,486	\$	6,283,964	\$	14,247,040	\$	229,186,490
	Change in Net A	ssets			\$	2,211,185	\$	(225,033)	\$	4,898,908	\$	6,885,060
	Net Assets Beginnin	g of Year				27,340,047		2,598,593		6,343,127		36,281,767
	Net Assets End of Y	'ear			\$	29,551,232	\$	2,373,560	\$	11,242,035	\$	43,166,827

Exhibit XII

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Narrative Profile

The City of Alexandria, located in northern Virginia and bordered by the District of Columbia (Potomac River) and Arlington and Fairfax Counties, was founded in 1749 and incorporated in 1779. With a population of 144,301 and a land area of 15.75 square miles, Alexandria is the 7th largest city in the Commonwealth of Virginia and one of the most densely populated cities in the Commonwealth.

The City is governed under the City Manager-Council form of government. Alexandria engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, public safety and administration of justice, education, health, welfare, housing and human service programs, transportation and environmental services, planning, community development and recreation, cultural, library, and historic activities.

The financial statements of the City of Alexandria, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City follows GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. GASB Statement No. 34 requires the following financial statement components:

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> – A narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities. This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-wide financial statements – These include financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as each and accounts payable), but also capital assets (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads) and long-term liabilities (such as general obligation debt and unfunded pension costs). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. The government-wide statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u> – The Statement of Net Assets displays the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and report depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government are broken down into three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> – The Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the City's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – The fund financial statements display the financial transactions and accounts of the City based on funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent accounting entity. The fund financial statements also include reconciliation to the government-wide statement, which briefly explains the differences between the fund and government-wide financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> – Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have an interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The City Council approves revisions to its original budget over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City has no component units that meet the requirements for blending. The discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the primary government. Each of the City's discretely presented component units has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

Component Units:

City of Alexandria School Board

Since FY 1995, the Alexandria City School Board (School Board) has been elected. The School Board is substantially reliant upon the City because City Council approves the School Board's total annual budget appropriation, levies taxes, and issues debt for school projects. The legal liability for the general obligation debt issued for school capital assets remains with the City. The City's primary transaction with the School Board is the City's annual General Fund revenue support, which totaled \$175 million for operations and \$3.5 million for capital equipment in FY 2012.

The APA establishes financial reporting requirements for all localities in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The APA has determined that all Virginia School Boards shall be reported as discretely presented component units of the locality. The APA has also specified additional reporting requirements with respect to School Boards.

City of Alexandria Library System

City Council appoints the Library Board (Library) and approves the Library budget. The City is responsible for issuing debt, and acquiring and maintaining all capital items on behalf of the Library. The legal liability for the general obligation debt issued on behalf of the Library remains with the City. The City's primary transaction with the Library is the City's annual operating support, which was \$6.1 million for FY 2012.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Alexandria Transit Company

The City Council, acting as sole shareholder, elects members of the Alexandria Transit Company's board of directors. City Council approves bus routes, fares, and budgets. The City funds deficits and may issue debt on behalf of the Alexandria Transit Company. The City's primary transactions with the Alexandria Transit Company are the City's annual subsidy, which was \$8.5 million in FY 2012.

The Alexandria Transit Company does not issue separate financial statements and is included as an enterprise fund. Complete financial statements for the School Board and Library component units may be obtained at each entity's administrative offices.

City of Alexandria School Board 2000 North Beauregard Street Alexandria, Virginia 22311 City of Alexandria Library System 5005 Duke Street Alexandria, Virginia 22304-2903

Excluded from Reporting Entity:

City Council is not financially accountable for the Deferred Compensation Plan, Alexandria Economic Development Partnership, Alexandria Industrial Development Authority, Alexandria Redevelopment and Housing Authority, Alexandria Renew Enterprises (formerly the Alexandria Sanitation Authority), or Sheltered Homes of Alexandria, Inc. Accordingly, these entities are excluded from the City of Alexandria's financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The reporting model focus is on both the City as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds, (by category) and the component units. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a combined basis, and (b) is reflected on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Both government-wide and fund financial statements presentations provide information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the financial information. The City generally uses restricted assets first for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The City may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.). Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The City does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants and contributions column includes operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants and contributions column reflects capital-specific grants.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with related liabilities, fund balances and net assets, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Governmental fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension, private purpose trust and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the City in FY 2012.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used to finance the operations of the City of Alexandria School Board.

b. Special Revenue Fund

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. A significant portion of the Special Revenue Fund is used for Health and Welfare programs.

The special revenue funds of the City as of the end of FY 2012 are comprised of the following:

Housing – This fund accounts for the City's housing programs.

Sanitary Sewer – This fund accounts for the funding of sanitary sewer maintenance and construction.

Stormwater Management Fund – This fund is funded by a dedicated real estate property tax rate of 0.5 cents per \$100 of assessed value to fund stormwater capital projects.

Potomac Yard Special Tax District – This fund is funded by certain real estate taxes for specific improvements in Potomac Yards, including the development of a metro rail station.

Other Special Revenue - This fund accounts for grants and donations.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund (Capital Improvements) accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses, and payments relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of services as well as, materials, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, the City has elected to follow GASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, rather than the Financial Accounting Standards Board, in accounting for enterprise funds to the extent these standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. The City has two proprietary funds – the Internal Service Fund and the component unit Alexandria Transit Company. The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis and is considered an enterprise fund. The City established the Equipment Replacement Reserve Account, the internal service fund, for the purpose of providing for the accumulation of funds to replace capital equipment items used in City operations. This internal service fund derives its funding from periodic equipment rental charges assessed to the user departments in the governmental funds. This funding is then used to replace capital equipment when the need arises. The internal service fund is included in governmental activities for government-wide reporting purposes. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements. The excess revenues or expenses for the fund are allocated to the appropriate functional activity. The component unit, Alexandria Transit Company, is considered an enterprise fund and derives its funding from fare box fees and some support from the City.

3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The Fiduciary Funds of the City are the John D. Collins Private Purpose Trust Fund, Employee Retirement Funds, the Human Services Special Welfare Account, the Human Services Dedicated Account, the Industrial Development Authority Agency Funds, the Potomac Yard Affordable Housing, and the Potomac Yard Open Space Agency Funds. For accounting measurement purposes, the Private Purpose Trust Fund, the Employee Retirement Funds, and other post employment benefits are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Private Purpose Trust Funds account for assets of which the principal may not be spent. The Employee Retirement Funds account for the assets of the City's pension plans and the OPEB fund. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The agency funds held by the City as of end of FY 2012 comprise the following:

Human Services Special Welfare Account – This fund accounts for the current payments of supplemental security income for foster children.

Human Services Dedicated Account – This fund accounts for back payments of supplemental security income for foster children.

Industrial Development Authority – This fund accounts for Industrial Development Authority bond issuance fees and expenses, for which the City acts in a custodial capacity.

Potomac Yard Affordable Housing - AS LLC – This fund accounts for affordable housing donations received from Potomac Yard Development LLC for the purpose of constructing affordable housing. This project has now been completed and the fund is closed.

C. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Operating statements of the governmental funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, all proprietary funds, and private purpose trust funds and pension trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are either included on the statement of net assets or on the statement of fiduciary net assets. These operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues or additions) and decreases (e.g., expenses or deductions) in total net assets.

The Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Activities, and the financial statements of the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash.

The fund financial statements of the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds are maintained and reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available. With respect to real and personal property tax revenue and other local taxes, the term "available" is limited to collection within forty-five days of the fiscal year-end. Levies made prior to the fiscal year-end but which are not available are deferred. Interest income is recorded as earned. Federal and State reimbursement-type grants revenues are considered to be measurable and available as revenue when reimbursements for related eligible expenditures are collected within a year of the date the expenditure was incurred. Expenditures, other than accrued interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the fund liability is incurred.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council annually adopts budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund of the primary government. All appropriations are legally controlled at the departmental level for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. The School Board appropriation is determined by the City Council and controlled in total by the primary government. On June 25, 2011 the City Council formally approved the original adopted budget and on June 16, 2012 approved the revised budget reflected in the required supplemental information. Budgets are prepared for the Capital Projects Fund on a project basis, which covers the life of the project. A Capital Projects Fund appropriation does not lapse until an appropriation reduction is approved by City Council.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts, and other monetary commitments in order to reserve an applicable portion of an appropriation, is used as an extension of formal budgetary control in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are classified as committed or assigned in the General Fund, or as restricted fund balance in the non-General Funds. These encumbrances are subject to reappropriation by Council ordinance in the succeeding fiscal year.

E. Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds, including imprest cash of \$22,217 and excluding cash held with fiscal agents in the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Proprietary Funds, Fiduciary Funds, and discretely presented component units (School Board, Library, and Alexandria Transit Company), are combined to form a pool of cash and investments to maximize interest earnings. Investments in the pool consist of the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and are recorded at fair value. Income from pooled investments is allocated only when contractually or legally required. All investment earnings not legally or contractually required to be credited to individual accounts or funds are credited to the General Fund.

The Library maintains separate cash and investment accounts consisting of cash and obligations of the federal government and corporate bonds and stocks recorded at fair value. All cash and investments held with fiscal agents for the primary government and its discretely presented component units are recorded at fair value.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices. All investments in external investment pools are reported at fair value.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance at June 30, 2012, is comprised of the following:

GENERAL FUND:	
Taxes Receivable:	
Real Property	\$ 627,178
Personal	13,255,684
Penalties and Interest	869,839
Total taxes	\$ 14,752,701
Accounts Receivable	4,363
Notes Receivable	9,000
	<u>\$ 14,766,064</u>
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND:	
Housing Fund Notes Receivable	\$ 35,157,633
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND:	
Capital Projects Fund Notes Receivable	<u>\$ 1,475,000</u>

The component units' accounts receivable are considered fully collectible and therefore an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not applicable to those receivables.

G. Inventory of Supplies and Prepaid and Other Assets

Primary Government

Inventories of consumable supplies are recorded at cost (determined on a first in, first out basis). Inventory in the General Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs are recorded as expenditures under the purchase method. Reported inventories in the General Fund are equally offset by a reservation of fund balance. Purchases of non-inventory items are recorded as expenses or expenditures under the purchase method. Prepaid expenditures in reimbursable grants are offset by unearned revenues until expenses or expenditures are recognized.

Component Units

Inventory for the School Board is comprised of food and commodities on hand pertaining to the Child Nutrition Cluster of programs. Inventories of consumable supplies are recorded at cost using the weighted average method. Inventories received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are recorded at fair market value when received and the amounts consumed are recorded as revenue. The amounts of unused food commodities are reported as inventory and deferred revenue.

Inventory for the Alexandria Transit Company is comprised of parts and operating materials held for consumption. These inventories are costed by methods that approximate average cost or market value, whichever is lower.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other assets in the government-wide statements also include taxes receivable discussed in Note 4 and deferred interest on refunding bonds discussed in Note 9. The total adjustment to these assets was comprised of the following:

Taxes receivable	\$ 5,157,356
Deferred interest	 2,241,162
Total adjustment	\$ 7,398,518

H. Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the City's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Infrastructure	25 years
Furniture and Other Equipment	3-20 years

To the extent the City's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met, capital outlays of the Internal Service Fund are recorded as capital assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis on both the funds and the government-wide financial statements using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Leasehold Improvements	3-40 years
Equipment	3-20 years

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The City does not capitalize historical treasures or works of art. The City maintains many items and buildings of historical significance. The City uses the proceeds from the sale of historical treasures or works of art to acquire other items for the collection.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenses that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

I. Compensated Absences

The City accrues compensated absences (annual and sick leave benefits) when vested. The current portions of the governmental funds' matured compensated absences liabilities are recorded as other liabilities in the General and Special Revenue Funds. The current and noncurrent portions are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. This includes the discretely presented component unit Library, since the City funds all Library personnel costs.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The component unit School Board accrues matured compensated absences (annual, personal, and sick leave benefits) when vested. The current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences are recorded in the School Board component unit government-wide financial statements.

The component unit Transit accrues annual and sick leave benefits in the period in which they are earned.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Fund Balance

The City considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available unless prohibited by legal constraints or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available; the City considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balances are reported according to the following categories.

Non-spendable Fund Balance - amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to remain intact. E.g. Notes Receivable, Inventory of Supplies, Prepaid Amounts, and Assets held for Sale.

Restricted Fund Balance - amounts constrained by external parties, constitutional provision, or enabling legislation. Effectively, restrictions may only be changed or lifted with the consent of the resource provider.

Committed fund balance - amounts formally constrained by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. City Council). The commitment of these funds can only be changed by the government taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance - amounts that are constrained by the City's expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as assigned or committed. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body has delegated the authority (i.e. City Manager). With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance of the classification of all governmental funds with positive balances.

Unassigned fund balance - residual amounts that are otherwise not constrained at all will be reported in the general fund. These are technically available for any purpose. Only the General Fund can report a positive "unassigned fund balance".

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance Detail General Fund

Nonspendable		
_	Inventories	\$ 2,352,968
	Prepaids	5,346,957
	Long Term Notes	400,000
	Total	\$ 8,099,925
Committed		
	FY 2013 Operating Budget	\$ 6,839,538
	Transportation Improvements	6,891,427
	Retiree OPEB	900,000
	Encumbrances	2,588,843
	Total	\$ 17,219,808
Assigned		
	Subsequent Capital Program	\$ 16,995,503
	Self-Insurance	5,000,000
	Incomplete Projects	1,723,717
	Emergency Response	600,000
	Natural Disaster/Emergencies	1,600,000
	Equipment Replacement	255,762
	Professional and Performance	525,661
	Planning Studies	 535,000
	Total	\$ 27,235,643
Unassigned		
	Total	\$ 30,427,629
Total Fund Bala	ance	\$ 82,983,005

Subsequent Fiscal Year's Operating Budget - On June 16, 2012, City Council approved the FY 2013 Appropriations Ordinance, which appropriated \$6.8 million of General Fund Balance to meet anticipated expenditures.

Transportation Improvements - With the adoption of the CY 2012 tax rate, reserving 2.2 cents for transportation improvements, a portion of revenue collected in FY 2012 from real estate revenues has been committed for transportation improvements.

Retiree Health and Life (OPEB) - These monies (\$0.9 million) have been committed as part of the City's efforts to fund a health and life insurance benefit trust.

Subsequent Fiscal Years' Capital Program - These monies (\$17 million) have been assigned in the Approved FY 2013 – 2022 Capital Improvement Program Funding Plans to fund a portion of the capital improvement program in FY 2013 and beyond.

Self-Insurance - These monies (\$5.0 million) have been assigned for reserves for the City's self-insurance program.

Incomplete Projects - These monies (\$1.7 million) have been assigned for projects for which funding was available in the FY 2012 budget, but not completed as of the end of the fiscal year.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Emergency Response - These funds have been assigned for improved emergency response capabilities.

Natural Disaster/Emergency - The funds have been assigned to cover damages and operational costs associated with responding to extraordinary emergencies.

Equipment Replacement - These monies have been set aside to replace old vehicles in the City Fleet.

Professional and Performance - These funds have been set aside to address employ compensation and training needs.

Planning Studies - These funds have been set aside for studies related to development options.

Special Revenue

uc		
Nonspendable		
	Long Term Notes	\$ 2,596,021
	Total	\$ 2,596,021
Restricted		
	Grants	\$ 2,262,307
	Donations	3,035,288
	Housing Programs	2,450,616
	Total	\$ 7,748,211
Committed		
	Other Programs	\$ 173,321
	Sanitary Sewer	11,134,646
	Stormwater	169,179
	Potomac Yard	1,097,941
	Total	\$ 12,575,087
Assigned		
	Other Programs	\$ 7,730,465
	Total	\$ 7,730,465
Total Fund Bala	ance	\$ 30,649,784

Significant encumbrances in excess of \$1.0 million as of June 30 were:

<u>Vendor</u>	<u> </u>	Mount
J.A. Scheibel, Inc.	\$	10,675,333
The Lane Construction Corporation	\$	6,813,510
Redstorm Fire & Rescue Apparatus, Inc.	\$	2,377,396
Garcete Construction Company, Inc.	\$	1,814,496
Verizon Select Services, Inc.	\$	1,675,115
Tyler Technologies, Inc.	\$	1,500,107
Metalcraft Marine US, Inc.	\$	1,215,168
Cham Hill, Inc.	\$	1,027,663
	J.A. Scheibel, Inc. The Lane Construction Corporation Redstorm Fire & Rescue Apparatus, Inc. Garcete Construction Company, Inc. Verizon Select Services, Inc. Tyler Technologies, Inc. Metalcraft Marine US, Inc.	J.A. Scheibel, Inc. The Lane Construction Corporation Redstorm Fire & Rescue Apparatus, Inc. Garcete Construction Company, Inc. Verizon Select Services, Inc. Tyler Technologies, Inc. Metalcraft Marine US, Inc. \$

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Short Term Liabilities

Short Term Liabilities include unclaimed funds. The City did not have any short term debt during FY 2012.

NOTE 2. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

After a public hearing and several work sessions, the City Council adopts an annual budget no later than June 27 for the succeeding fiscal year to commence July 1. Transfers of appropriations among departments or projects are made throughout the fiscal year by the City Council. The City Council may also approve supplemental appropriations. In FY 2012, the Council approved a reappropriation of prior fiscal year encumbrances as well as various other supplemental appropriations. The City Manager has authority to transfer appropriations within each department. In FY 2012, a number of intradepartmental transfers were made.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Interest is distributed monthly based on the funds' average monthly balances. A "zero balance account" mechanism provides for daily sweeps of deposits made to City checking accounts, resulting in an instantaneous transfer to the investment account. Thus, the majority of funds in the City's general account are invested at all times. Exceptions to this are funds in the Library System's checking account, the School Student Activity Fund account, and some bank accounts administered by the Human Services Department. The City's pooled portfolio also excludes pension plans.

A. Deposits

Primary Government

At June 30, 2012, the carrying value of the City's deposits was negative \$1,824,480 and the bank balance was \$1,147,129. The carrying value of the City's deposits represents checks outstanding. This amount will fluctuate depending on the difference between checks issued and checks paid. The funds for these checks remain invested until the checks are presented for payment at the bank. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (The Act). The Act provides for the pooling of collateral pledged with the Treasurer of Virginia to secure public depositors as a class. No specific collateral can be identified as security for one public depositor and public depositors are prohibited from holding collateral in their name as security for deposits. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and for notifying local governments of compliance by banks and savings and loan associations. A multiple financial institution collateral pool that provides for additional assessments is similar to depository insurance. If any member financial institution fails, the entire collateral pool becomes available to satisfy the claims of governmental entities. If the value of the

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

pool's collateral were inadequate to cover the loss, additional amounts would be assessed on a pro rata basis to the members of the pool. Funds deposited in accordance with the requirements of the Act are considered fully secured.

Component Units

At June 30, 2012, the carrying value of deposits for the School Board was negative \$879,764 and the bank balance was \$0. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act as defined above.

At June 30, 2012, the carrying value of deposits and bank balance for the Library was \$272,763. Of this amount, \$272,763 was collateralized at 102 percent with U.S. government agency securities as part of a repurchase agreement with Burke and Herbert Bank and Trust Company.

Transit deposits are included in the City's pooled cash and investments.

B. Investments

State Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The City's current investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States and agencies thereof, commercial paper, LGIP and repurchase agreements fully collateralized in obligations of the United States and agencies thereof, CDARS, ICS and NOW accounts.

During fiscal year 2012 most of the City investments were placed in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is under the supervision of the Virginia Treasury Board and audited by the Auditor of Public Accounts. However, some investments were made in CDARS, ICS and NOW accounts where deposits are eligible for FDIC insurance.

During the year the City and its discretely presented component units maintained nine pension plans. The plan provisions allow the assets of the pension plans to be invested by the pension carriers in accordance with provisions of the Code of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The Plans' investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Such risks, and the resulting investment security values, may be influenced by changes in economic conditions and market perceptions and expectations. Accordingly, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of net assets available for benefits.

The City and its discretely presented component units' investments are subject to interest rate, credit and custodial risk as described below:

Interest Rate Risk – As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits at least half of the City's investment portfolio to maturities of less than one year.

Credit Risk – State Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivision thereof, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and Virginia Local Government Investment Pool. The City's current investment policy

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

limits investments to obligations of the United States and agencies thereof, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized in the Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), CDARS (the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service, is a service that allows FDIC insured institutions to provide their customers with access to full FDIC insurance on CD investments up to \$50 million), Insured Cash Sweeps (ICS) and NOW accounts (Negotiable Order of Withdrawal, an interest bearing bank account with which the customer is permitted to write drafts against money held on deposit). During the fiscal year, the City held its investments in LGIP, CDARS, ICS and NOW accounts. The investments for six of the City's seven pension plans are handled by Prudential, a company with an A (Excellent) rating, one of the top three, by A.M. Best rating agency. The investments for the two defined contribution plans are directed by employees and are invested in mutual funds and guaranteed investment accounts. The City has directed Prudential to invest funds for the other four defined benefit pension plans in guaranteed investment accounts, mutual funds and stocks. The Commonwealth of Virginia manages the investments of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). Prudential also handles investments for OPEB trust fund for the City.

Custodial Risk – For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter party the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Currently all City investments are held in LGIP, CDARS, ICS and NOW accounts. In the event the City has to invest in a local bank, the City requires a designated portfolio manager and that at the time funds are invested, collateral for repurchase agreements be held in the City's name by a custodial agent for the term of the agreement and investments in obligations of the United States or its agencies be held by the Federal Reserve in a custodial account.

As of June 30, 2012, the City had the following cash, investments and maturities:

Primary Government

	Investment Maturities (in years)							
		Fair Value	Le	ss than 1 year	1-5 years		L	ong term
State Treasurer's Local Government			<u> </u>					
Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	76,382,516	\$	76,382,516	\$		\$	
CDARS		54,732,651		54,732,651				
Insured Cash Sweeps		12,857,367		12,857,367				
NOW Accounts		354,725		354,725				
Total Investments Controlled by City	\$	144,327,259	\$	144,327,259	\$		\$	
OPEB Trust Investments		18,663,728						18,663,728
Pension Plan Investments (Exhibit VIII)	\$	331,379,245	\$		\$		\$	331,379,245
Total	\$	494,370,232	\$	144,327,259	\$		\$	350,042,973

Reconciliation to Total Cash and Investments:

Add:

Cash on Hand and in Banks	(1,824,480)
Cash With Fiscal Agent	83,669,240
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$ 576,214,992</u>

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Component Unit School Board

	Investment Maturities (in years)						
	Fair Value	Less than 1 year	<u>1-5 years</u>				
State Treasurer's Local Government							
Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$ 27,576,621	\$ 27,576,621	\$				
CDARS	19,760,302	19,760,302					
Insured Cash Sweeps	4,641,936	4,641,936					
NOW Accounts	128,067	128,067					
Total Investments Controlled by City	\$ 52,106,926	\$ 52,106,926	\$				

The cash and investments for the Schools' fiduciary responsibilities are not included in the basic financial statements in accordance with the governmental accounting principles. The financial statements for the Schools' fiduciary responsibilities are available from the School Board.

Other Component Units

	Investment Maturities (in years)						
	<u>F</u>	air Value	Less tha	n 1 year	<u>1</u>	-5 years	
State Treasurer's Local Government							
Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	9,834	\$	9,834	\$		
CDARS		7,046		7,046			
Insured Cash Sweeps		1,655		1,655			
NOW Accounts		46		46			
Total Investments Controlled by City	\$	18,581	\$	18,581	\$		

Reconciliation of total deposits and investments to the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2012:

	overnmental Activities	Business Type Activities		Fiduciary Activities		Total	
Primary Government							
Cash on Hand and In Banks	\$ (1,824,480)	\$		\$		\$	(1,824,480)
Cash and Investments	144,227,494				99,765		144,327,259
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	 83,622,430				350,089,782		433,712,212
Total	\$ 226,025,444	\$		\$	350,189,547	\$	576,214,991
Component Unit School Board							
Cash on Hand and In Banks	\$ (879,764)	\$		\$		\$	(879,764)
Cash and Investments Controlled by City	 52,106,925					_	52,106,925
Total	\$ 51,227,161	\$		\$		_ \$	51,227,161
Other Component Units							
Cash and Investments Controlled by City	\$ 7,104	\$	11,477	\$		\$	18,581
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	 2,745,527						2,745,527
Total	\$ 2,752,631	\$	11,477	\$		\$	2,764,108
Grand Total						\$	630,206,260

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consist of the following:

Primary Government

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Project		Total		
Taxes							
Real Property	\$ 169,393,521	\$ 	\$		\$ 169,393,521		
Personal Property	47,418,570				47,418,570		
Penalties and Interest	2,580,731				2,580,731		
Other	 3,179,544	 			 3,179,544		
Total Taxes	\$ 222,572,366	\$ 	\$		\$ 222,572,366		
Accounts	\$ 8,520,170	\$ 720,711	\$		\$ 9,240,881		
Interest	114,911				114,911		
Intergovernmental	33,378,781	7,958,153			41,336,934		
Notes	409,000	 37,753,654		1,475,000	 39,637,654		
Gross Receivables	\$ 264,995,228	\$ 46,432,518	\$	1,475,000	\$ 312,902,746		
Less: Allowance for							
Uncollectibles	14,766,064	35,157,633		1,475,000	51,398,697		
Net Receivables	\$ 250,229,164	\$ 11,274,885	\$		\$ 261,504,049		

Taxes receivable represents the current and past four years of uncollected tax levies for personal property taxes and the current and past nineteen years for uncollected tax levies on real property. The allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes receivable is 6.7 percent of the total taxes receivable at June 30, 2012 and is based on historical collection rates. Almost all of the uncollectible taxes derive from personal property taxes. Almost all of the real property tax receivables as of June 30, 2012 represent the second-half payment due for real estate taxes on November 15, 2012.

Receivables on a government-wide basis include taxes receivable of \$5.1 million that are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are offset by the unearned revenue for the governmental funds. Tax revenues and the corresponding unearned revenue reported on a government-wide basis do not include approximately \$3.6 million of taxes that are considered current financial resources, and therefore, are reported in the governmental funds. This comprises:

Real Estate tax receivables	\$ (5,442,881)
Personal Property tax receivables	9,044,568
Total	\$ 3,601,687

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also include unearned revenue related to resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of FY 2012 unearned revenue in the governmental funds consisted of the following:

	 Unavailable	 Unearned	 Total
Property taxes, net of related allowances Grant proceeds received prior to	\$ 229,689,021	\$ 4,307,643	\$ 233,996,664
completion of eligibility requirements Total unearned revenue for governmental	 	 6,266,572	 6,266,572
funds	\$ 229,689,021	\$ 10,574,215	\$ 240,263,236

Component Units

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consist of following:

	School			
	 Board	 Library	Transit	Total
Accounts	\$ 502,841	\$ 	\$ 285,508	\$ 788,349
Intergovernmental	7,015,877	20,405	38,856	7,075,138
Total Receivables	\$ 7,518,718	\$ 20,405	\$ 324,364	\$ 7,863,487

All of the component units' receivables are considered to be collectible.

All deferred revenue in the component units is unearned.

A. Property Taxes

The City levies real estate taxes on all real property on a calendar year basis, at a rate enacted by the City Council on the assessed value of property (except public utility property) as determined by the Director of Real Estate Assessments of the City. The Commonwealth assesses public utility property. Neither the City nor the Commonwealth imposes a limitation on the tax rate. All property is assessed at 100 percent of fair market value and reassessed each year as of January 1. The Director of Real Estate Assessments, by authority of City ordinance, prorates billings for property incomplete as of January 1, but completed during the year.

Real estate taxes are billed in equal semi-annual installments due June 15 and November 15. The taxes receivable balance at June 30, 2012 includes amounts not yet received from the January 1, 2012 levy (due June 15 and November 15, 2012), less an allowance for uncollectibles. The installment due on November 15, 2012 is included as unavailable revenue since these taxes are restricted for use until FY 2012. Liens are placed on the property on the date real estate taxes become delinquent and must be satisfied prior to the sale or transfer of the property. In addition, any uncollected amounts from previous years' levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance. The tax rate was 99.8¢ per \$100 of assessed value during calendar years 2012 and 2011.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Personal property tax assessments on tangible business property and all motor vehicles are based on 100 percent of fair market value of the property as of January 1 of each year. For a vehicle, the tax may be prorated for the length of time the vehicle has situs in the City. Personal property taxes for the calendar year are due on October 5. Personal property taxes do not create a lien on property; however, City vehicle decals, which are required by law for all vehicles garaged in the City, may not be issued to any individual having outstanding personal property taxes. The taxes receivable balance at June 30, 2012 includes amounts not yet billed or received from the January 1, 2012 levy (due October 5, 2012). These taxes are included as unearned revenue since these taxes are restricted for use until FY 2013. The tax rates during calendar years 2012 and 2011 were \$4.75 for motor vehicles and tangible property and \$4.50 for machinery and tools per \$100 of assessed value. In addition, any uncollected amounts from prior year levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act of 1998 (PPTRA), the City billed and collected from the State 63 percent of most taxpayers' payments in FY 2012 for the January 1, 2011 levy for the Commonwealth's share of the local personal property tax payment with the remainder collected by the Commonwealth from taxpayers. Unavailable revenues include the state share of the January 1, 2012 levy.

B. Notes Receivable

The gross amount of notes receivable is primarily for the City's housing programs and consisted of the following at June 30, 2012:

Governmental Activities

General Fund	\$ 409,000
Special Revenue Fund	37,753,654
Capital Projects Fund	1,475,000
Less Allowance for	
Uncollectible Accounts	(36,641,633)
Net	\$ 2,996,021
Amounts due within one year	\$ 150,251
Amounts due in more than one year	\$ 2,845,770

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

Governmental Activities

	Balance June 30,			Balance June 30,
	 2011	 Increases	 Decreases	 2012
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 98,667,403	\$ 	\$ 37,700	\$ 98,629,703
Construction in Progress	 118,242,808	 15,088,993	 102,032,776	 31,299,025
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	\$ 216,910,211	\$ 15,088,993	\$ 102,070,476	\$ 129,928,728
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	\$ 440,305,098	\$ 122,369,521	\$ 1,646,499	\$ 561,028,120
Infrastructure	206,613,878	8,915,069		215,528,947
Intangible Assets	11,308,220	284,300		11,592,520
Furniture and Other Equipment	68,631,816	13,669,554	6,516,150	75,785,220
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	\$ 726 ,859,012	\$ 145,238,444	\$ 8,162,649	\$ 863 ,934,807
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ 109,763,087	\$ 12,418,313	\$ 43,290	\$ 122,138,110
Infrastructure	86,956,620	7,444,110		94,400,730
Intangible Assets	10,874,149	419,472		11,293,621
Furniture and Other Equipment	 42,107,264	 5,415,094	 2,397,523	 45,124,835
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 249,701,120	\$ 25,696,989	\$ 2,440,813	\$ 272,957,296
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ 477,157,892	\$ 119,541,455	\$ 5,721,836	\$ 590,977,511
TOTALS	\$ 694,068,103	\$ 134,630,448	\$ 107,792,312	\$ 720,906,239

The City acquires and maintains all capital assets for the Library. Accordingly, Library capital assets are included in the governmental activities totals.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2012, are comprised of the following:

General Capital Assets, Net	\$ 708,219,919
Internal Service Fund Capital Assets, Net	 12,686,320
TOTAL	\$ 720,906,239

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 1,513,993
Judicial Administration	458,203
Public Safety	2,954,445
Public Works	11,247,616
Health and Welfare	605,656
Culture and Recreation	2,366,019
Education	6,191,051
Community Development	360,006
Total	\$ 25,696,989

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The adjustment from governmental funds to the government-wide statements is summarized as follows:

Primary Government

City Capital Outlay	\$ 71,822,722
Donated Assets	8,175,124
Depreciation Expense	(25,696,989)
Capital Outlay not Capitalized	(27,180,114)
Total Adjustment	\$ 27,120,743

Donated assets are comprised of infrastructure donated by developers.

Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt is computed as follows:

Capital Assets (net)		\$ 720,906,239
Outstanding bonds (including premium)	\$ (482,884,011)	
Unspent bond proceeds at SNAP	83,622,430	
		(399,261,581)
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Debt		\$ 321,644,658

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

	Balance June 30,			Balance June 30,
	 2011	 Increases	 Decreases	 2012
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 999,381	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 999,381
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	\$ 999,381	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 999,381
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	\$ 38,538,139	\$ 223,220	\$ 	\$ 38,761,359
Furniture and Other Equipment	12,066,646	4,238,734	1,791,687	14,513,693
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	\$ 50,604,785	\$ 4,461,954	\$ 1,791,687	\$ 53,275,052
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Furniture and Other Equipment	43,419,512	 1,784,865	 1,791,687	 43,412,690
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,185,723	\$ 2,677,089	\$ 	\$ 9,862,362
TOTALS	\$ 8,184,654	\$ 2,677,089	\$ 	\$ 10,861,743

In FY 2002, the Virginia Assembly passed a general law to respond to GASB Statement No. 34 that establishes the local option of creating, for financial reporting purposes, a tenancy in common with the local school board when a city or county issues bonds for acquisition, construction or improvement of public school property. The sole purpose of the law is to allow cities and counties the ability to record together school assets and related debt liabilities. As a result, certain assets purchased with the City's general obligation bonds are now recorded as part of the primary government. According to the law, the tenancy in common ends when the associated obligation is repaid; therefore, the assets will revert to the Alexandria School Board when the bonds are repaid. Nothing in the law alters the authority or responsibility of the local school board or control of the assets.

All depreciation was charged to education.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Component Unit - Alexandria Transit Company

	Balance <u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2012</u>
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land and Land Improvements	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$	<u>\$</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Equipment	\$ 20,981,823	\$ 6,101,679	\$ 1,553,757	\$ 25,529,745
Less Accumulated Depreciation	14,642,267	1,530,697	1,554,828	14,618,137
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>6,339,556</u>	\$ 4,570,982	\$ (1,071)	\$ 10,911,608
TOTALS	<u>\$ 6,339,556</u>	<u>\$ 4,570,982</u>	\$ (1,071)	<u>\$ 10,911,608</u>

All depreciation was charged to transit.

Primary Government

Construction in progress is composed of the following at June 30, 2012:

	Project <u>Authorization</u>	Expended Through <u>June 30, 2012</u>	Committed
School Capital Projects	\$ 49,145,883	\$ 26,850,453	\$
Infrastructure	7,907,987	1,541,811	215,438
Public Buildings	5,455,040	65,975	422,100
Public Safety Buildings	13,365,000	1,816,703	11,083,594
Information Technology Hardware	4,050,595	1,024,082	1,511,817
TOTALS	<u>\$ 79,924,505</u>	<u>\$ 31,299,025</u>	<u>\$ 13,232,949</u>

Component Units

There was no construction in progress authorizations for the component units.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various losses related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. It is the policy of the City to retain risks of losses in those areas where it believes it is more economical to manage its risks internally and account for any claims settlement in the General Fund. Exceptions to the self-insurance program are made when insurance coverage is available and when premiums are cost effective. The City is covered by property/casualty insurance policies on real and personal property and the following liability insurance policies as of June 30, 2012: public entity and public officials excess liability, medical malpractice liability, voting booths, special events, vacant buildings, volunteer liability, and commercial crime. In addition, the City maintains excess workers' compensation insurance. The City maintains a blanket surety bond on all City workers who handle funds and excess amounts on key officials. There were no material reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior fiscal year, nor did settlements exceed coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

The City is self insured for workers' compensation claims up to \$1 million and for public officers, public entity, physical damage to vehicles, and vehicle general liability under \$2 million and over \$10 million.

The following Constitutional Officers and City employees are covered by surety bonds issued in the amounts shown below by Aetna Casualty and Surety as of June 30, 2012:

Director of Finance	\$ 1,000,000
Treasury Director	\$ 500,000
Revenue Director	\$ 150,000
Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 103,000*
Sheriff	\$ 30,000*
All other City employees	\$ 100,000
Alexandria Historic Restoration and Preservation Commissioners	\$ 10,000

^{*} Bond provided by the Commonwealth of Virginia

Self-Insurance

The non-current portion of unpaid workers' compensation claims amounted to approximately \$21 million as of June 30, 2012 and is reflected in the government-wide statements. The current portion is recorded as an accrued liability in the General Fund and the government-wide financial statements. In FY 2009 the City became self-insured for one of the two health insurance plans offered to employees. At June 30, 2012 the current portion of employees' health insurance was \$1.3 million which represents an estimate of health insurance claims that have been incurred but not reported and are reported in accrued liabilities. The amount of expenditures did not exceed funds that are available to pay the claims. Therefore a long-term liability has not been recorded as of June 30, 2012. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that losses have occurred and the amounts of the losses can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported to date. Liabilities are determined using a combination of actual claims experience and actuarially determined amounts and include incremental claim adjustment expenses and estimated recoveries. An independent contractor processes claims and the City records a provision and liability in the government-wide statements and General Fund (current portion only) for an estimate of incurred but not reported claims.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 6. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Changes in the estimated claims payable for workers' compensation and health insurance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

	Worker's Compensation		Hea	Health Insurance		
July 1, 2010 Liability Balances	\$	10,272,451	\$	882,933		
Claims and changes in estimates		6,058,371		15,101,359		
Claim Payments		(2,802,940)		(14,914,192)		
June 30, 2011 Liability Balances	\$	13,527,882	\$	1,070,100		
Claims and changes in estimates		11,532,440		16,986,021		
Claim Payments		(4,069,116)		(16,706,236)		
June 30, 2012 Liability Balances	\$	20,991,206	\$	1,349,885		

Insurance Designation

In addition, the City has established a General Fund fund balance self-insurance designation of \$5 million as of June 30, 2012.

Risk Pools

On March 15, 1986, the City joined the Commonwealth of Virginia's Law Enforcement Liability plan, called VA Risk, on behalf of the Office of the Sheriff. The Division of Risk Management of the Commonwealth's Department of General Services operates VA Risk. It was created in accordance with Sec. 2.1-526.8:1 of the Code of Virginia, which says that the State shall have the right and duty to defend any suit seeking damages or compensation against the City's officials and employees on account of wrongful acts, even if any of the allegations of the suit are groundless, false, or fraudulent, and may make investigation and settlement of any claims or suit as deemed expedient. The limits of VA Risk coverage are \$1 million per claim. The City retains the risk for all claims in excess of \$1 million.

Line of Duty Death and Disability Benefits

The City provides death and health benefits to the beneficiaries of certain law enforcement and rescue personnel disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the Code of Virginia.

Effective July 1, 2012 the City opted out of the Virginia Plan and will now self-fund and self-administer its Line of Duty Benefits. In June 2012, City Council approved the merging of the Line of Duty Benefit into the OPEB Trust Fund and self-administering the program which will reduce risk and should, over time reduce costs. During FY 2012, the City participated in the Virginia Line of Duty Trust Fund. The City contributed \$0.1 million to the Trust Fund in FY 2012. In addition, as a result of opting out, the City paid \$0.5 million to the Commonwealth as a reimbursement of the City's actual costs for FY 2011.

In Fiscal Year 2013 the Line of Duty information will be incorporated into the City's OPEB actuarial valuation. As of May, 2012 the City had 661 employees who were eligible and 39 were receiving Line of Duty Benefits. Total annual Line of Duty costs for the recipients currently receiving benefits are \$0.55 million.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 6. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Component Units

The School Board commercial carries insurance for all risks of loss, including property, theft, auto liability, physical damage, and general liability insurance through the Virginia Municipal League. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial reinsurance coverage for the past three years. There were no material reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior fiscal year nor did settlements exceed coverage for any of the past three fiscal years. The School Board also carries catastrophic medical insurance for Virginia High School League Student participants.

The Library carries commercial insurance with the Virginia Municipal League for all risks of loss including property insurance, theft, auto liability, physical damage, and general liability insurances. There were no material reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior fiscal year, nor did settlements exceed coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

On October 1, 1987, the Alexandria Transit Company joined the Virginia Transit Liability Pool. Commercial companies service the Virginia Transit Liability Pool.

The coverage and limits of the pool's liability to the City are as follows:

Commercial General Liability	\$10 million
Automobile Liability	\$10 million
Uninsured Motorist	\$50,000
Automobile Physical Damage	(Actual Value)

Under the provisions of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act, the Alexandria Transit Company has secured the payment of Virginia compensation benefits and employers' liability coverage with the Virginia Municipal Group Self-Insurance Association (VMGSIA). VMGSIA is a public entity risk pool providing a comprehensive workers' compensation insurance program to Virginia municipalities and other local government entities. In addition to insurance coverage, the program provides risk management services with emphasis on loss control and claims administration. The Alexandria Transit Company pays an annual premium to VMGSIA for workers' compensation coverage. VMGSIA is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims in excess of \$5 million. Each member's premium is determined through an actuarial analysis based upon the individual member's past experience and number of employees. In FY 2012, the Alexandria Transit Company paid an annual premium of \$0.43 million for participation in this pool.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 7. OPERATING LEASES

Rental Costs

The City and the School Board lease office space and equipment under various long-term operating lease agreements expiring at various dates through FY 2026. Certain leases contain provisions for possible future increased rentals based upon changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Scheduled minimum rental payments for succeeding fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

	Primary	School Board
Fiscal Year	Government	Component Unit
2013	\$ 4,992,477	\$ 1,124,105
2014	4,858,663	904,923
2015	4,830,689	882,226
2016	3,302,065	
2017-2021	4,746,864	
2022-2026	5,338,675	

Total rental costs during FY 2012 for operating leases were \$5.5 million for the Primary Government and \$3.0 million for the School Board.

Rental Revenues

The City also leases various City-owned properties and buildings under non-cancellable long-term lease agreements through FY 2021. The net book value of leased assets of \$3.7 million (cost of \$5.7 million less accumulated depreciation of \$2.0 million) is included in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. Certain leases contain provisions for future increased revenues based upon changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Scheduled minimum revenues for succeeding fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Total Revenues
2013	\$ 294,772
2014	216,590
2015	206,199
2016	206,199
2017-2021	1,030,995

NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Exhibit XII (Continued)

A. Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority

The City's commitments to the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) are comprised of agreements to make capital contributions for construction of the rail transit system, contributions for replacement and improvement of rail and bus equipment, and payments of operating subsidies for both rail bus and paratransit systems.

The City and other participating jurisdictions have entered into a series of capital contributions agreements with WMATA to fund the local share of the cost of the regional Metrorail, Metrobus and Metro Access transit systems. The City's commitments are summarized as follows:

1. Capital contributions - Bus and Rail Replacement

During FY 2004 the WMATA Board, the City and other participating jurisdictions in the Washington D.C. area discussed and negotiated a new "Metro Matters" multi-year capital funding agreement. This agreement reflects some \$3.2 billion in Metrorail and Metrobus infrastructure capital improvements, as well as expansion of Metro transit services through the acquisition of new railcars and buses. The participating jurisdictions' share is planned at \$1.9 billion over a 20-year period with \$0.9 billion planned during the first six years. The City's share is \$82.5 million over the 20-year period with \$40.7 million planned during the first six years. The Metro Matters interjurisdictional agreement was signed by the City of Alexandria on September 28, 2004. The City opted out of the new 2009 series bond issue by prefunding its share. In June, 2010, a new funding agreement was signed by all members of the WMATA Compact. It sets forth a commitment of one year's funding with five planning years. The new funding agreement assumes an increase of \$150 million per year of new federal funds, matched by the Commonwealth of Virginia, the State of Maryland, and the District of Columbia. The new agreement, totals to \$5.0 billion, of which \$2.5 billion will be funded by the federal government. The participating jurisdictions' financial obligations, including the City, per the Metro Matters agreement, are subject to individual jurisdictional annual appropriation consideration.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the total City obligation was \$5.0 million.

2. Operating subsidies - Bus and Rail Systems

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, obligations for bus and rail subsidies amounted to \$24.3 million. The City paid this obligation from the following sources:

City payments	\$ 5,198,543
State Aid and State Motor Fuel Sales Tax revenues	17,534,685
WMATA Credits	1,630,223
TOTAL	<u>\$24,363,451</u>

Expected obligations for FY 2013 are \$25.0 million of which \$6.0 million is expected to be paid from the City's General Fund.

3. WMATA Transit Revenue Bonds

WMATA issued approximately \$1 billion of federally guaranteed transit revenue bonds to fund part of the construction of the rail transit system. Operating revenues have been insufficient to retire this debt. The federal government and WMATA entered into an agreement whereby the federal government agreed to pay two-thirds of the debt service costs for these bonds and to advance part of the remaining one third during the first three years of the agreement. The agreement requires that WMATA repay the federal advances, with interest, and one-third of the

NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Exhibit XII (Continued)

debt service on the bonds. WMATA allocated the cost of the advances and the one-third of the debt service costs among the participating jurisdictions. The City has not agreed to any payments for the one-third allocation of debt service, but the Northern Virginia Transportation Commission (NVTC) has paid, from state aid, all such costs allocated to Northern Virginia jurisdictions, of which \$1,418,200 was the City's allocation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. However, NVTC has not paid any of the allocations for federal advances. In July of 1985, the Alexandria City Council authorized NVTC to pay \$4.2 million to WMATA, including accrued interest, from state aid on deposit to the credit of the City. This was the total amount allocated to the City by WMATA for advances by the federal government, including accrued interest. The City has thus, with such authorization, satisfied all claims due WMATA for transit revenue bonds.

4. City's long term development initiative for a new Metro station

At the current time, as a major long-term economic development initiative, the City on June 12, 2010 approved a major rezoning of 69 acres of prime real estate into a high density mixed-use development of over 7.5 million square feet. An integral part of this proposal, which will add approximately 10 percent to the City's tax base and generate over \$1 billion in new tax revenue over a 30 year period, would entail the construction of a new Metrorail station on the existing heavy rail Metrorail line that runs to the east of this 69 acres. The cost of this Metrorail station is estimated (in 2015 dollars) at between \$190 million and \$270 million, depending on the location of the station and other cost variables. The City is currently considering issuing general obligation bonds to finance this Metrorail station construction project and plans to repay these bonds with new tax revenues, two special tax districts, and developer contributions. Other bond financing mechanisms are also being studied. Planning, further studies, station design and refinement of costs are scheduled to occur between 2010 and 2013. A final decision by City Council to proceed with the Metrorail station financing will be made in 2013 at the earliest.

If the City does decide to proceed with the financing of the Metrorail station, it will require a material upward revision to its current debt policy guideline targets and limits, in that the amount of debt that may be issued would exceed the City's current debt targets and ceilings.

B. Litigation

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims that arise in the ordinary course of its operations. It is the opinion of City management and the City Attorney that any losses not covered by insurance that may ultimately be incurred as a result of the suits and claims will not be material.

C. Waste-To-Energy Facility

The City has guaranteed annual tonnage of acceptable waste commitment to the Waste-to-Energy Facility, which is owned and operated by a private corporation. The commitment, which is joint with Arlington County, is based on a percent of solid waste the City and Arlington County expects to collect together. The facility charges fees on each ton based on defined costs, as well as has two multi-year contracts for large haulers where a fee discount applies. It is expected that the City and Arlington County will be able to continue to meet their minimum requirement for annual tonnage of 225,000 tons per year. For FY 2012 and for every year the facility has been open, the City and Arlington County exceeded the minimum annual tonnage requirement. If the City would be required to augment this requirement, the financial effect on the City would be immaterial.

On December 1, 1984, an inter-local joint enterprise agreement was entered into between the Alexandria Sanitation Authority and the Arlington Solid Waste Authority (the "Authorities"). The Joint Enterprise, referred to as the Alexandria/Arlington Resource Recovery Corporation, was formed to design, construct, equip, test, then operate a solid waste disposal facility having an installed capacity of 975 tons per day of mixed municipal solid waste. The facility is located at 5301 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, Virginia. The Alexandria Industrial Development Authority issued revenue bonds and proceeds were lent to the Authorities to construct the facility.

NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Exhibit XII (Continued)

On October 22, 1985, the Authorities sold the Facility to a private company ("the Corporation") pursuant to a Conditional Sale and Security Agreement (the Agreement). The sale involved the transfer of construction-in-progress together with marketable securities and other assets. The Corporation assumed the obligation to provide funds adequate to pay the current liabilities and the outstanding revenue bonds payable as of October 22, 1985. This Agreement requires the Authorities to transfer full title to the Facility only when principal and interest on the outstanding revenue bonds or any subsequent refinancing revenue bonds have been paid in full. The Agreement also entitles the Authorities to repossess the Facility if revenue bond debt service payments are not made.

In connection with this transaction, the Corporation entered into a Facility Agreement dated as of October 1, 1986, obligating it to construct the Facility and to provide waste disposal services to the City of Alexandria, Arlington County, and the Authorities for 20 years. Under the Facility Agreement, the City has a guaranteed annual tonnage of acceptable waste commitment to the Facility. The commitment was based on a percent of solid waste the City expects to collect. The Facility charges a fee on each ton based on defined costs, and the City has met its requirement for annual tonnage each year.

Federal law changes in the Clean Air Act and subsequent regulations required the City and Arlington County to invest in a retrofit for new equipment at the Waste-To-Energy Facility. In July 1998, the Authorities advance refunded \$55 million of the outstanding revenue bonds (Series 1998 A bonds) for the Facility to take advantage of lower interest rates. The Series A bonds were fully repaid in FY 2008. In November 1998, the Arlington Industrial Development Authority issued \$48.6 million in new retrofit revenue bonds (Series 1998 B bonds) to cover the cost of new pollution abatement equipment at the Facility required by federal law. The proceeds of the Series 1998 B bonds were lent to Authorities to construct the equipment.

The retrofitting of the Facility's boiler units with certain air pollution control equipment was made necessary by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency regulations adopted pursuant to the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments, which imposed more stringent emission limitations on waste-to energy facilities. The Corporation has agreed to design, construct, start-up, and test the equipment so that it passes the Acceptance tests.

Since Acceptance testing on each unit was completed in November 2000, the Operating Lease agreement between the Authorities and the Corporation took effect in January 2001. Since in essence the lease is a capital lease, the capital assets completed and covered by the lease and the promissory note are removed from the City records and are now considered a part of the plant. In FY 2008 they have been recorded in the same manner, as is the rest of the plant.

The Alexandria/Arlington Waste Disposal Trust Fund ("the Trust") is a private purpose trust fund of Arlington County, Virginia and, accordingly, the financial position and results of operations of the Trust are reflected in the comprehensive annual financial report of Arlington County, Virginia. The City of Alexandria, Virginia and Arlington County, Virginia each have a 50% ownership interest in the Trust; however, because Arlington County performs the administrative functions for the Trust, it is reflected in the Arlington County reporting entity. As part of the Conditional Sale and Security Agreement, the Corporation made a payment of \$1 million to the Trust, which was to be used as a reserve for future expenditures.

The Trust Fund derives its revenue from the following sources: a portion of the annual property tax assessment by the City of Alexandria, interest on invested funds and a portion of special revenues generated on contract waste and was \$0.9 million for FY 2012.

Expenditures such as capital costs of repairs, replacement/changes to the facility, and waste recycling programs/activities which benefit the two jurisdictions are eligible for reimbursement though the Trust. In addition, in FY 2012 the Trust has been used to pay consulting fees to an engineering firm for operations and maintenance audits of the facility, for oversight of the new construction and for legal consulting fees paid for services related to the issuance of retrofit financing.

NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Exhibit XII (Continued)

The Trust also has been used to subsidize the difference between the contractual tipping fee paid by haulers under special contracts and the standard tipping fee and to cover deficiencies arising in the "income-available-for-debt-service" calculations mandated by the Facility Agreement between the Corporation, the jurisdictions, and the Authorities. In June 2001, the City of Alexandria, with the concurrence of Arlington County, took responsibility for the investment of Trust fund monies.

Operating costs of the facility are paid for primarily through tipping fees. The City paid \$1.7 million in tipping fees in FY 2012. In the event of a revenue shortfall at the facility, the City is not responsible for the repayment of the bonds. The Alexandria Renew Enterprises (formerly the Alexandria Sanitation Authority) and the Arlington Solid Waste Authority have certain bond repayment obligations.

D. Northern Virginia Transportation District Bonds

In November 1999, the City signed an agreement with the Commonwealth Transportation Board to provide \$256,070 annually, subject to appropriation, to finance certain Northern Virginia Transportation District Bond projects benefiting the City and other jurisdictions in Northern Virginia. The FY 2012 payment of \$256,070 was made from the proceeds from the City's telecommunications tax received by the General Fund. The City is not liable for repayment of the 20-year bonds.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds - The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds are subject to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 related to arbitrage and interest income tax regulations under those provisions. The City currently has no outstanding arbitrage obligation. General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are composed of the following individual issues:

\$63.6 million Public Improvement (tax-exempt) Refunding Bonds of 2012, installments ranging from \$2.9	
million to \$8.6 million through 2023, bearing interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 4.5 percent. Bonds	
maturing on or before June 15, 2022 are not subject to optional redemption. The Bonds maturing on June	
15, 2023 are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after June 15, 2022, at the direction of	
the City in whole or in part in installments of \$5000 at par plus interest accrued and unpaid on the	
principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for redemption.	\$ 63,625,000
\$69.95 million Public improvement (tax-exempt) Bonds of 2011, installments ranging from \$1.0 million to	<u> </u>
\$3.8 million through 2032, bearing interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The Bonds	
maturing on or before July 15, 2021 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing	
on or after July 15, 2022 are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after July 15,2021, at the	
direction of the City, in whole or in part, in installments of \$5000 at any time or from time to time at par	
plus the interest accrued and unpaid on the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for	
redemption.	69,950,000
\$17.0 million Public Improvement (tax-exempt) Bonds of 2010, installments ranging from \$2.0 million to	22,222,200
\$3.7 million through 2016, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds are	
not subject to redemption prior to maturity	16,000,000
\$55.3 million Public Improvement (taxable Build America) Bonds of 2010, installments ranging from \$3.7	10,000,000
million to \$4.4 million through 2030, bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.6 percent to 5.0 percent for	
which the federal government provides a 35 percent interest rate subsidy. The Bonds maturing on or after	
July 1, 2021 are subject to optional redemption, in whole or part, at the direction of the City. The bonds	
are subject to redemption prior to July 2020, at the option of the City, upon the occurrence of an	
Extraordinary Event.	55,300,000
\$35.2 million Public Improvement (tax-exempt) Bonds of 2009 installments ranging from \$1.1 million to	33,300,000
\$4.1 million through 2019, bearing interest at rates ranging from 1.75 percent to 4.0 percent. The Bonds	
are not subject to redemption prior to maturity	31,900,000
\$44.5 million Public Improvement (taxable-Build America) Bonds of 2009 installments ranging from \$4.1	31,700,000
million to \$4.8 million through 2029, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.85 percent to 5.7 percent for	
which the Federal government provides a 35 percent interest rate subsidy. The Bonds maturing on or after	
July 1, 2019, are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after July 1, 2019, at the direction of	
the City, in whole or in part installments of \$5,000 at any time or from time to time at par plus the interest	44,500,000
accrued on the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for redemption	44,300,000
\$58.0 million Public Improvement (tax-exempt) Bonds of 2008 installments ranging from \$0.9 million to	
\$3.1 million through 2028, bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.5 percent to 5.0 percent. The Bonds	
maturing on or after July 15, 2019, are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after July 15,	
2018, at the direction of the City, in whole or in part installments of \$5,000 at any time or from time to	
time at par plus the interest accrued on the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for	50 7 00 000
redemption	52,700,000
\$5.0 million Public Improvement (taxable) Bonds of 2008 installments ranging from \$0.25 million to	
\$1.25 million through 2028, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.5 percent to 5.6 percent. The Bonds	
maturing on or after July 15, 2019, are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after July 15,	
2018, at the direction of the City, in whole or in part installments of \$5,000 at any time or from time to	
time at par plus the interest accrued on the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for	4.250.000
redemption	4,250,000

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

million to \$2.9 million through 2021, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds are not subject to redemption prior to their maturity	\$ 22,815,000
\$56 million Public Improvement (tax-exempt) Bonds of 2006 installments of \$2.9 million through 2026,	,-,,
bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.00 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds maturing on or after June	
15, 2017, are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after June 15, 2016, at the direction of	
the City, in whole or in part installments of \$5,000 at any time or from time to time at par plus the interest	
accrued on the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for redemption	26,245,000
\$15 million Public Improvement (taxable) Bonds of 2006 installments of \$0.75 million through 2026,	, ,
bearing interest at rates ranging from 5.5 percent to 5.95 percent. The bonds maturing before December	
15, 2016 are not subject to redemption before maturity. The bonds maturing on or after June 15, 2017,	
are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after June 15, 2016, at the direction of the City,	
in whole or in part installments of \$5,000, at any time or from time to time at par plus accrued interest on	
the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for redemption	10,500,000
\$54.8 million Public Improvement Bonds of 2004 installments of \$2.74 million through 2024, bearing	
interest at rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds maturing before December 15, 2015	
are not subject to redemption before maturity. Beginning December 15, 2014, bonds maturing on or after	
June 15, 2015 are subject to redemption at the direction of the City, in whole or in part in installments of	
\$5,000, at certain redemption prices that include a redemption premium plus accrued interest	16,440,000
\$32.5 million Refunding Bonds of 2004 installments ranging from \$0.2 million to \$3.205 million through	
2020, bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.5 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds maturing before June	
15, 2015 are not subject to redemption before maturity. Beginning June 15, 2015, bonds maturing on or	
after June 15, 2015 are subject to redemption at the direction of the City, in whole or in part in	
installments of \$5,000, at certain redemption prices that include a redemption premium plus accrued	
interest	24,395,000
\$64.7 million Public Improvement Bonds of 2004 installments ranging from \$3.3 million to \$3.8 million	
through 2023, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds maturing	
before June 15, 2015 are not subject to redemption before maturity. Beginning June 15, 2014, bonds	
maturing on or after June 15, 2015 are subject to redemption at the direction of the City, in whole or in	
part in installments of \$5,000, at certain redemption prices that include a redemption premium plus	
accrued interest	6,440,000
\$40 million Public Improvement Bonds of 1999 due in annual installments of \$2 million through 2019,	
bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.25 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds are not subject to redemption	14000000
prior to maturity	14,000,000
Total	\$ 459,060,000

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The outstanding bonds have been issued as follows:

Public Improvement Bonds of 2012

	T done imp	Overment Bonds of 20	
	_		Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>July 1,</u>
15302M33	\$ 2,890,000	2.00%	2013
15302M58	3,135,000	4.00%	2015
15302M66	5,740,000	4.00%	2016
15302M74	5,715,000	4.00%	2017
15302M82	5,690,000	4.25%	2018
15302M90	8,595,000	4.50%	2019
15302N24	8,615,000	4.50%	2020
15302N32	8,625,000	4.50%	2021
15302N40	8,635,000	4.00%	2022
15302N57	 5,985,000	4.00%	2023
Total	\$ 63,625,000		
	 <u> </u>		

Public Improvement Bonds of 2011

	i ubiic mipi	ovement bonus of 2	2011
			Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>July 1,</u>
015302J78	\$ 1,000,000	2.00%	2013
015302J86	2,000,000	4.00%	2014
015302J94	3,000,000	4.00%	2015
015302K27	3,765,000	5.00%	2016
015302K35	3,765,000	5.00%	2017
015302K43	3,765,000	5.00%	2018
015302K50	3,765,000	5.00%	2019
015302K68	3,765,000	2.13%	2020
015302K76	3,765,000	2.25%	2021
015302K84	3,760,000	4.00%	2022
015302K92	3,760,000	5.00%	2023
015302L26	3,760,000	3.00%	2024
015302L34	3,760,000	3.25%	2025
015302L42	3,760,000	3.25%	2026
015302L59	3,760,000	4.00%	2027
015302L67	3,760,000	4.00%	2028
015302L75	3,760,000	4.00%	2029
015302L83	3,760,000	4.00%	2030
015302L91	3,760,000	4.00%	2031
015302M25	3,760,000	4.00%	2032
Total	\$ 69,950,000	_	

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Public Improvement Bonds of 2010 (Tax-Exempt)

			Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>July 1, </u>
015302G63	\$ 2,000,000	5.00%	2012
015302G71	2,900,000	4.00%	2013
015302G89	3,700,000	4.00%	2014
015302G97	3,700,000	5.00%	2015
015302H21	3,700,000	4.00%	2016
Total	\$ 16,000,000	=	

Public Improvement Bonds of 2010 (Taxable)

			Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	July 1,
015302H39	\$ 3,700,000	3.60%	2017
015302H47	3,700,000	3.95%	2018
015302H54	3,700,000	4.15%	2019
015302H62	3,700,000	4.05%	2020
015302H70	3,700,000	4.25%	2021
015302H88	3,700,000	4.40%	2022
015302H96	3,700,000	4.50%	2023
015302J29	3,700,000	4.60%	2024
015302J37	3,700,000	4.80%	2025
015302J45	4,400,000	4.95%	2026
015302J52	4,400,000	5.00%	2027
015302J60	4,400,000	5.00%	2028
015302J60	4,400,000	5.00%	2029
015302J60	4,400,000	5.00%	2030
Total	\$ 55,300,000	•	

Public Improvement Bonds of 2009 (Tax-Exempt)

-	Tublic Improvement	Tubic improvement bonds of 2005 (Tux Exempt)				
			<u> Maturity Date</u>			
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>July 1, </u>			
015302E32	\$ 3,200,000	4.00%	2012			
015302E40	4,100,000	1.75%	2013			
015302E57	4,100,000	2.13%	2014			
015302E65	4,100,000	3.00%	2015			
015302E73	4,100,000	3.00%	2016			
015302E81	4,100,000	4.00%	2017			
015302E99	4,100,000	4.00%	2018			
015302F23	4,100,000	4.00%	2019			
Total	\$ 31,900,000	<u>.</u>				

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Public Improvement Bonds of 2009 (Taxable-Build America Bonds)

			Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>July 1,</u>
015302F31	\$ 4,100,000	4.85%	2020
015302F49	4,100,000	5.00%	2021
015302F56	4,100,000	5.10%	2022
015302F64	4,100,000	5.20%	2023
015302F72	4,100,000	5.30%	2024
015302F80	4,800,000	5.40%	2025
015302F98	4,800,000	5.50%	2026
015302G22	4,800,000	5.60%	2027
015302G30	4,800,000	5.65%	2028
015302G48	4,800,000	5.70%	2029
Total	\$ 44,500,000		

Public Improvement Bonds of 2008 (Tax-exempt)

	•	•	Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	July 15,
015302A44	\$ 3,100,000	5.00%	2012
015302A51	3,100,000	3.50%	2013
015302A69	3,100,000	3.50%	2014
015302A77	3,100,000	5.00%	2015
015302A85	3,100,000	5.00%	2016
015302A93	3,100,000	5.00%	2017
015302B27	3,100,000	4.00%	2018
015302B35	3,100,000	4.00%	2019
015302B43	3,100,000	4.25%	2020
015302B50	3,100,000	4.00%	2021
015302B68	3,100,000	4.00%	2022
015302B76	3,100,000	4.13%	2023
015302B84	3,100,000	4.20%	2024
015302B92	3,100,000	4.25%	2025
015302C26	3,100,000	4.25%	2026
015302C34	3,100,000	4.30%	2027
015302C42	3,100,000	4.38%	2028
Total	\$ 52,700,000	•	

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Public Improvement Bonds of 2008 (Taxable)

			Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>July 15,</u>
015302C83	\$ 250,000	4.50%	2012
015302C91	250,000	4.63%	2013
015302D25	250,000	4.63%	2014
015302D33	250,000	4.80%	2015
015302D41	250,000	5.00%	2016
015302D58	250,000	5.25%	2017
015302D66	250,000	5.25%	2018
015302D74	1,250,000	5.40%	2023
015302D82	1,250,000	5.60%	2028
Total	\$ 4,250,000	<u>-</u>	
Total		=	. .

Refunding Bonds of 2007

Retuining Donus of 2007						
			Maturity Date			
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>June 15,</u>			
015302ZY1	\$ 2,905,000	4.00%	2014			
015302ZR6	2,890,000	4.00%	2015			
015302ZS4	2,870,000	4.00%	2016			
015302ZT2	2,845,000	4.00%	2017			
015302ZU9	2,825,000	5.00%	2018			
015302ZV7	2,825,000	5.00%	2019			
015302ZW5	2,825,000	5.00%	2020			
015302ZX3	2,830,000	5.00%	2021			
Total	\$ 22,815,000					

Public Improvement Bonds of 2006 (Tax-exempt)

		Maturity Date
<u>Issue</u>	Rate	June 15 ,
\$ 2,920,000	5.00%	2013
2,920,000	4.00%	2014
2,915,000	4.00%	2015
2,915,000	5.00%	2016
2,915,000	5.00%	2017
2,915,000	4.25%	2018
2,915,000	4.25%	2024
2,915,000	4.25%	2025
2,915,000	4.38%	2026
\$ 26,245,000	=	
	\$ 2,920,000 2,920,000 2,915,000 2,915,000 2,915,000 2,915,000 2,915,000 2,915,000 2,915,000	\$ 2,920,000 5.00% 2,920,000 4.00% 2,915,000 5.00% 2,915,000 5.00% 2,915,000 5.00% 2,915,000 4.25% 2,915,000 4.25% 2,915,000 4.25% 2,915,000 4.25% 2,915,000 4.38%

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Public Improvement Bonds of 2006 (Taxable)

			Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>June 15,</u>
015302ZB1	\$ 750,000	5.50%	2013
015302ZC9	750,000	5.50%	2014
015302ZD7	750,000	5.55%	2015
015302ZE5	750,000	5.55%	2016
015302ZF2	750,000	5.65%	2017
015302ZG0	750,000	5.70%	2018
015302ZH8	750,000	5.75%	2019
015302ZJ4	750,000	5.80%	2020
015302ZK1	750,000	5.85%	2021
015302ZL9	750,000	5.90%	2022
015302ZM7	750,000	5.95%	2023
015302ZN5	750,000	5.95%	2024
015302ZP0	750,000	5.95%	2025
015302ZQ8	750,000	5.95%	2026
Total	\$ 10,500,000	- =	

Public Improvement Bonds of 2004 (Tax-Exempt)		Refunding Bonds of 2004 (Tax-Exempt)					
			Maturity Date				Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	December 15,	CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>June 15, </u>
015302XL1	\$ 2,740,000	3.00%	2012	015302WV0	\$ 3,130,000	5.00%	2013
015302XM9	2,740,000	3.50%	2013	015302WW8	3,130,000	4.00%	2014
015302XN7	2,740,000	5.00%	2014	015302WX6	3,085,000	4.25%	2015
015302XW7	2,740,000	4.00%	2022	015302WY4	3,060,000	5.00%	2016
015302XX5	2,740,000	4.25%	2023	015302WZ1	3,050,000	4.25%	2017
015302XY3	2,740,000	4.50%	2024	015302XA5	3,015,000	4.25%	2018
Total	\$ 16,440,000			015302XB3	2,980,000	4.25%	2019
				015302XC1	2,945,000	4.38%	2020
				Total	\$ 24,395,000		

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Public Improvement Bonds of 2004 (Tax-Exempt)

			Maturity Date
CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>June 15,</u>
015302WA6	\$ 3,300,000	4.00%	2013
015302WB4	3,140,000	4.00%	2014
Total	\$ 6,440,000		

Public Improvement Bonds of 1999 (Tax-Exempt)

CUSIP	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Maturity Date January 15,
015302TT9	\$ 2,000,000	5.00%	2013
015302TU6	2,000,000	5.00%	2014
015302TV4	2,000,000	4.50%	2015
015302TW2	2,000,000	5.00%	2016
015302TX0	2,000,000	5.00%	2017
015302TY8	2,000,000	5.00%	2018
015302TZ5	2,000,000	5.00%	2019
Total	\$ 14,000,000		

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The requirements to pay all long-term bonds as of June 30, 2012, including interest payments of \$169.7 million, are summarized as follows:

	Serial	
Fiscal Year	Bonds	
	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2013\$	27,280,000	\$ 19,703,982
2014	29,935,000	18,580,351
2015	31,665,000	17,407,351
2016	32,250,000	16,149,294
2017	32,190,000	14,719,519
2018-2022	145,640,000	53,052,996
2023-2027	102,600,000	24,967,225
2028-2032	57,500,000	 5,163,288
<u>\$</u>	459,060,000	\$ 169,744,006

The General Fund meets debt service requirements for general obligation bonds. The City retains the liability for the portion of general obligation bonds issued to fund capital projects of the School Board. The City will receive \$23.1 million in Build America Bonds interest subsidy payments through 2031.

Legal Debt Margin - The City has no overlapping debt with other jurisdictions. As of June 30, 2012, the City had a legal debt limit of \$3.4 billion and a debt margin of \$2.9 billion:

Assessed Value of Real Property, January 1, 2012	<u>\$33,782,697,985</u>
Debt Limit: 10 Percent of Assessed Value	\$ 3,378,269,799
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:	
General Obligation Bonds\$459,060,000	
Less Total General Obligation Debt	(459,060,000)
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN REMAINING	\$ 2,919,209,799

Unissued Bonds - Bond authorizations expire three years from the effective date of the respective bond ordinances. Authorization of bonds, bonds issued and expired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, are summarized below:

	Authorized				Authorized
	and				and
	Unissued				Unissued
	July 1, 2011	Authorized	Issued	Expired	June 30, 2012
General Obligation Bonds	<u>\$ 96,950,000</u>	<u>\$ 76,820,000</u>	<u>\$ 69,950,000</u>	<u>\$ 27,000,000</u>	\$ 76,820,000

On July 26, 2012 the City Council issued \$76.82 million in General Obligation Bonds and 17.34 million in General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds were used to refund part of the 2004C and 2006A bonds. The General Obligation Bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$11.2 million. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$1.9 million. Both sets of bonds had a true interest cost of 2.46 percent. The \$76.82 million bonds will be used to finance certain capital improvement projects including transportation improvements, sanitary sewers, public school facilities and other infrastructure costs.

The City did not issue any short-term debt or have any short-term debt outstanding during FY 2012. Other short-term liabilities represent unclaimed money and deposits.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - Changes in the total long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 are summarized below. The Net Pension Obligation results from contributions to the City Supplemental Retirement Plan, the Pension for Fire and Police Plan, and the Firefighters' and Police Pension Plan that were less than the required amount. In general the City uses the General Fund to liquidate long-term liabilities.

Primary Government – Governmental Activities

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due Within One
	July 1, 2011	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2012	Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 415,720,000	\$133,575,000	\$90,235,000	\$ 459,060,000	\$ 27,280,000
Bond Premium	10,190,998	14,287,395	654,382	23,824,011	877,261
Workers' Compensation Claims	13,527,882	11,532,440	4,069,116	20,991,206	4,704,027
Accrued Compensated Absences	21,315,990	13,738,937	12,855,662	22,199,265	1,685,060
Net Pension Obligation	16,792,926	1,904,529	1,276,424	17,421,031	
Net OPEB Obligation	6,050,282		753,596	5,296,686	
Total	\$ 483,598,078	\$175,038,301	\$109,844,180	\$548,792,199	\$ 34,546,348

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

All liabilities – both current and long-term – are reported in the statement of net assets. The adjustment from modified accrual to full accrual is as follows:

Balances at June 30, 2012:	
Long-term liabilities (detail above)	\$ 548,792,199
Accrued interest payable	 6,159,104
Adjustment	\$ 554,951,303

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the fund financial statements for the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment from modified accrual to full accrual is composed of the following items:

Compensated absences	\$	883,275
Workers compensation		7,463,324
Change in net pension obligation		
and net OPEB obligation		(125,491)
Amortization of bond premium,		
Discount and interest		2,444,310
Accrued interest on bonds	1	13,157,898
Adjustment	\$ 2	23,823,316

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board

	J	Balance uly 1, 2011	Add	litions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2012	mounts Due Vithin One Year
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	7,349,515	\$	9,888,350	\$10,529,645	\$ 6,708,220	\$ 1,216,847
Capital Leases				2,058,800	1,045,511	1,013,289	1,013,289
Workers' Compensation Claims		735,454		559,592	531,951	763,095	534,167
Net OPEB Obligation		2,559,649			639,739	1,919,910	
Total	\$	10,644,618	\$	12,506,741	\$12,746,846	\$10,404,514	\$ 2,764,303

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 10. INTERFUND BALANCES AND COMPONENT UNIT TRANSACTIONS

Primary Government

Interfund receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 20, 2012:

There were no interfund receivables/payables at June 30, 2012. Interfund transfers and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

Transfer In/Out:	General	_	Special Capital Revenue Projects		Internal Service			Total	
Primary Government Transaction		_		·					
General Fund Special Revenue Capital Projects Internal Service Total	\$ 37,232,930 14,844,856 \$ 52,077,786	\$ \$_	1,394,903 134,598 6,595,897 3,487,074 11,612,472	\$ \$_	1,500,000	\$ _ \$	26,850 26,850	\$ \$	1,394,903 38,894,378 21,440,753 3,487,074 65,217,108
Component Unit Transactions School Board Library Alexandria Transit Total	\$ 174,956,420 6,145,662 8,460,569 \$ 189,562,651	\$ \$_	 	\$ \$_	3,492,728 3,492,728	\$ _ \$_	 	\$ \$	178,449,148 6,145,662 8,460,569 193,055,379

Primary government transfer activities include:

Transfers from the General Fund to the Special Revenue Fund represent City funds required to match grant programs resources and taxes collected for affordable housing project

Special Revenue funds are transferred to other funds for capital and equipment purchases as determined by the terms of the grant agreements.

Transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects fund represent the City's budgeted pay-as-you go funding of capital projects.

Transfers from Special Revenue funds to Capital Projects represent grants received for capital related expenditures.

Transactions with the component units represent budgeted subsidies for the school operations and capital projects, library operations and transit operations. In addition, there were no capital assets transferred to Alexandria Transit.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 11. GRANTS

The City receives financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any unallowed disbursements resulting from such audits could become a liability of the City. In the opinion of City management, no material refunds will be required as a result of unallowed disbursements (if any), by the grantor agencies.

NOTE 12. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Intergovernmental revenues for the City and its component units totaled \$161.7 million in FY 2012. Sources of these revenues were as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Federal Government Commonwealth of Virginia Total Primary Government	\$ 41,887,026 69,271,071 <u>\$ 111,158,097</u>
COMPONENT UNITS	
Federal Government:	
School Board	\$ 18,830,353
Alexandria Transit Company	41,789
Total Component Units Federal Government	<u>\$ 18,872,142</u>
Commonwealth of Virginia: School Board	\$ 31,497,154
Library	159,906
Total Component Units Commonwealth of Virginia	\$ 31,657,060
Total Component Units	\$ 50,529,202
TOTAL CITY AND COMPONENT UNITS	
Total Federal Government	\$ 60,759,168
Total Commonwealth of Virginia	100,928,131
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 161,687,299

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 13. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments represents accrued revenue at June 30, 2012, consisting of the following:

Primary Government	
State	
General Fund	\$ 31,429,947
Special Revenue Fund	2,523,841
Total State	\$ 33,953,788
Federal	
General Fund	\$ 1,948,834
Special Revenue Fund	5,434,312
Total Federal	\$ 7,383,146
Total Primary Government	\$ 41,336,934
Component Units	
State	
School Board	\$ 1,266,932
Library	20,405
Total State	\$ 1,287,377
Federal	
School Board	\$ 5,729,562
Alexandria Transit Company	38,856
Total Federal	\$ 5,768,418
Total	\$ 48,392,689

NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURES

A. Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy

The City participates in a joint venture with the Counties of Arlington and Loudoun and the Cities of Fairfax, Falls Church, Manassas, and Manassas Park to provide training for sworn law enforcement and correctional officers to satisfy requirements mandated by the Commonwealth of Virginia. The Industrial Development Authority of Loudoun County, Virginia issued \$6,585,000 Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1993, to finance the acquisition, renovation, and equipment of the Academy Training Center. The City and the Counties of Arlington and Loudoun have entered into a capital lease with the Industrial Development Authority of Loudoun County. The City maintains an equity interest only in the land and building of the Academy, which is reflected in the City's Statement of Net Assets. The City does not maintain an equity interest in the Academy's operations. This lease was paid in full in FY 2007. New debt of \$18.7 was issued in FY 2007. The City does not have an equity interest associated with this debt. In addition, the City pays the Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy for operating costs based on the pro-rata share of officers trained. In FY 2012, the City paid \$0.6 million for operating costs.

Financial statements for the Academy may be obtained at Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy, 45299 Research Place, Ashburn, Virginia 22011-2600.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

B. Northern Virginia Juvenile Detention Home

The City participates in a joint venture with Arlington County and the City of Falls Church to operate a regional juvenile detention home. In July 1993, the City agreed to fund 55.3 percent of the construction costs of a new facility. The final construction payments were made in FY 1995. In addition, the City pays part of the Northern Virginia Juvenile Detention Home's operating costs based on the number of beds utilized by Alexandria residents. These payments totaled \$1.4 million in FY 2012.

The City does not maintain an equity interest in the detention home. Complete separate financial statements for this operation may be obtained from Northern Virginia Juvenile Detention Home, 200 South Whiting Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22304.

C. Peumansend Creek Regional Jail Authority

In 1992, the City entered into an agreement with the Counties of Caroline, Arlington, Prince William, and Loudoun to form an authority to construct and operate a regional jail in Caroline County. The regional jail, which commenced operations in September 1999, is used primarily to hold prisoners from each member jurisdiction. The Regional Jail Authority is composed of two representatives, the Chief Administrative Officer and the Sheriff, from each participating jurisdiction. The City of Richmond, which was not party to the original agreement, is now a part of the project. The regional jail has the capacity for 336 prisoners. The City is guaranteed a minimum of 50 beds.

The total project cost is \$27 million, with 50 percent of the eligible construction cost (\$23.8 million) expected to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth. The Regional Jail Authority issued \$10.2 million in revenue bonds and \$12 million of grant anticipation notes in March 1997. The City's total share is \$18.2 million, including approximately \$3.2 million in capital and debt service costs and \$15 million in operating costs over the 20-year period of debt service payments (1997-2016). For FY 2012, the City paid \$0.5 million for operating costs and \$0.1 million for debt service payments. The City does not maintain an equity interest in the jail and is not responsible for repayment of the debt.

Complete financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Regional Jail Authority at Post Office Box 1460, Bowling Green, Virginia 22427.

D. Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority

As discussed in Note 8, the City participates in a joint venture with other local jurisdictions to share in the cost of a regional transportation system. The City does not maintain an equity interest in WMATA. Complete financial statements of WMATA may be obtained from WMATA, 600 5th Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20001.

NOTE 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Sheltered Homes of Alexandria is a not-for-profit corporation formed to obtain and maintain group homes for mentally and physically disabled or impaired adults. The corporation's trustees also serve on the Alexandria Community Services Board, whose board members are appointed by the City and whose financial activities are therefore included as part of the primary government. During FY 2012, the City made rental payments to Sheltered Homes of Alexandria totaling \$32,000.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 16. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

In 1989 City Council voted to establish three classes of post-employment health care benefits to supplement the increasing health care costs for City retirees. The three classes are as follows: (a) Full Time City employees who are eligible to retire under the Virginia Retirement System and City Supplemental Pension plan; (b) Fire and police employees who are eligible to retire under the current defined benefit pension plan; and (c) Fire and police employees who retired and were eligible for normal retirement with 20 years of service under the old defined contribution retirement income plan and the retirees under the old defined benefit pension. In addition, spouses of deceased retirees are also eligible to receive benefits under this provision.

This plan is a reimbursement program that is based on the actual cost of the retiree's monthly premium up to a maximum amount determined by the City Council. Effective July 1, 2005, the maximum monthly amount an eligible retiree or a surviving spouse may receive is \$260. The City Council has authority to establish or amend the provisions. As of June 30, 2012, 950 retirees were both eligible and received benefits from all three classes of this plan. Eligibility is contingent upon retiree providing proof of participation and payment to a health insurance plan. The City contributed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis at the rate of up to \$260 per month for each retiree, for a total annual contribution of \$3 million for FY 2012. Employees hired after September 30, 2007 will have their retirees health benefits prorated based on the length of service.

In addition to the healthcare benefits, the City pays for basic life insurance two times the amount of salary at the time of retirement to regular full time employees with applicable reductions if over 65 at no cost to the employees. On January 1, following the 65th birthday the basic life insurance amount is reduced by 25% and then by 10% each year till the 70th birthday. The ultimate insurance amount is 25% of the salary. This benefit is only available to those hired prior to July 1, 2008.

The City implemented Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB), (Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions) for the year ended June 30, 2008. The City established a Single Employer OPEB Trust and plans to fund on a phased in basis the obligation through this trust. There are no legal or contractual requirements for contributing to the OPEB Trust Fund. The City does not issue a stand-alone financial report for OPEB trust fund. The financial statements and required supplementary information are included in City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

MEMBERSHIP

At January 1, 2012, membership consisted of:	
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving	
Benefits	803
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits	
But not yet receiving them	
Active Employees	<u>2,240</u>
TOTAL	<u>3,043</u>

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 16. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

ANNUAL OPEB COSTS AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The annual required contribution (ARC) decreased from \$7,415,385 for fiscal year 2011 to \$7,375,458 for the current fiscal year. As a percentage of payroll, the ARC decreased from 5.04% to 4.98% this fiscal year. As of June 30, 2012, the Net OPEB Obligation (NOO) decreased to \$5,296,686 compared to \$6,050,282 for fiscal year 2011. As of December 31, 2011 the unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) decreased by \$2,779,539 to \$66,121,024. This decrease was due an in increase in assets available in the plan. The savings from prior plan changes to prorate health subsidy payments for retirees hired after September 30, 2007 based on years of service and to eliminate life insurance for those hired after July 1, 2008 will be recognized over time. The net OPEB Obligation as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$ 7,375,458 453,771 (498,091)
Annual OPEB Cost	\$ 7,331,138
Contributions Made	(8,084,734)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation	\$ (753,596)
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year	6,050,282
Net OPEB Obligation, End Of Year	\$ 5,296,686

FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

The funded status of the plan as of December 31, 2011 was as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(3) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2)-(1)	(4) Funded Ratio (1/2)	(5) Covered Payroll	(6) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((2-1)/5)
12/31/2011	\$ 15,081,559	\$ 81,202,583	\$66,121,024	18.57%	\$148,202,583	44.59%

The Statement of Net Assets for the City's OPEB plan is included in footnote 17.

Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about the future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend.

The actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following notes to the financial statements, presents results as of December 31, 2011. The schedule will eventually provide multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan net assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 16. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of calculations.

In the December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation, the entry-age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included 7.50% investment rate and an initial annual medical cost trend rate of 12.00% graded down to 5.10% over 15 years and salary scale ranging from 3.75% to 7.50% for Fire and Police and 3.75% to 5.60% for City employees depending on service with 3.75% attributable to inflation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar of projected payroll on a closed basis. Asset valuation method used was market value and the remaining amortization period as of December 31, 2011 was 26 years.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Contributions		Employer ontributions	Percentage Contributed		
06/30/2008	\$	10,900,053	\$ 3,922,024	36.0 %		
06/30/2009		10,800,769	10,222,864	94.6%		
06/30/2010		10,306,577	10,947,807	106.2%		
06/30/2011		7,415,385	8,164,581	110.1%		
06/30/2012		7,375,458	8,084,734	109.6%		

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ended			Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
06/30/2010	\$	10,266,120	106.6%	\$	6,842,615	
06/30/2011		7,372,248	110.8%		6,050,282	
06/30/2012		7,331,138	109.6%		5,296,686	

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Primary Government

During FY 2012, the City participated in seven public employee retirement systems (PERS). One of these systems is handled by Virginia Retirement System (VRS), an agent multi-employer public retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for political subdivisions in the Commonwealth of Virginia, and is, therefore, not reflected as a City pension trust fund. Of the remaining six, four are single-employer defined benefit systems (City Supplemental, Pension for Fire and Police, Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plandefined benefit component, and Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plandisability component), where a stated methodology for determining benefits is provided, and two are defined contribution plans (Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plandefined contribution component and Retirement Income for Sheriff and Emergency Rescue Technicians (ERT)), where contribution requirements are not actuarially determined. All of these systems are included as part of the City's reporting entity and as such are reflected as Pension Trust Funds.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Assets

				En	nployee Retirement Pla	ans		Post Retirement Benefit Trust	
				Firefighter	s and Police Officers P	ension Plan			
		City Supplemental	Pension for Fire	Defined Contribution	Defined Benefit	Disability	Retirement Income for Sheriff	Other Post Employment	
	ASSETS	Retirement	and Police	Component	Component	Component	and ERT	Benefits	Total
	ASSETS								
	Investments, at Fair Value								
	Mutual Funds	\$ 66,080,730	\$ -	\$ 15,392,728	\$ 85,221,817	\$ 5,851,755	\$ -	\$ 8,948,816	\$ 181,495,846
	Stocks	28,052,761	-	-	56,416,000	5,340,297	-	9,044,475	98,853,533
	Guaranteed Investment Accounts	2,542,895	24,947,060	-	8,569,617		-	-	36,059,572
)	Real Estate	6,050,057	-	-	9,054,538	787,351	-	-	15,891,946
	Timber	3,454,813	-	-	5,562,255	483,674	-	431,852	9,932,594
	Private Equity	1,908,729			5,221,909	440,259		238,585	7,809,482
	Total Investments	\$ 108,089,985	\$ 24,947,060	\$ 15,392,728	\$170,046,136	\$ 12,903,336	\$ -	\$ 18,663,728	\$ 350,042,973
	Total Assets	\$ 108,089,985	\$ 24,947,060	\$ 15,392,728	\$170,046,136	\$ 12,903,336	\$ -	\$ 18,663,728	\$ 350,042,973
	NET ASSETS								
	Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 108,089,985	\$ 24,947,060	\$ 15,392,728	\$170,046,136	\$ 12,903,336	\$ -	\$ 18,663,728	\$ 350,042,973

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Exhibit XII (Continued)

Post Retirement

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

	Employee Retirement Plans						Benefit Trust	
			Firefighters an	d Police Officers	Pension Plan			
	City Supplemental Retirement	Pension for Fire and Police	Defined Contribution Component	Defined Benefit Component	Disability Component	Retirement Income for Sheriff and ERT	Other Post Employment Benefits	Total
ADDITIONS								
Contributions:								
Employer	\$ 9,854,860	\$ 1,700,000	\$ -	\$ 8,330,531	\$ 1,456,788	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 24,342,180
Plan Members	334,987			3,057,350	279,084		<u> </u>	3,671,421
Total Contributions	\$ 10,189,847	\$ 1,700,000	\$ -	\$ 11,387,881	\$ 1,735,872	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 28,013,601
Investment Income:								
Net Appreciation (Depreciation	n)							
in Fair Value of Investments	\$ (916,434)	\$ -	\$ (80,313)	\$ (2,017,569)	\$ (211,749)	\$ (425,190)	\$ (527,687)	\$ (4,178,943)
Interest	2,180,315	1,403,188	3,433	3,010,015	195,375	17,445	498,051	7,307,823
Total Investment Income	\$ 1,263,881	\$ 1,403,188	\$ (76,880)	\$ 992,446	\$ (16,374)	\$ (407,745)	\$ (29,636)	\$ 3,128,880
Less Investment Expense								-
Net Investment Income	\$ 1,263,881	\$ 1,403,188	\$ (76,880)	\$ 992,446	\$ (16,374)	\$ (407,745)	\$ (29,636)	\$ 3,128,880
Total Additions	\$ 11,453,728	\$ 3,103,188	\$ (76,880)	\$ 12,380,327	\$ 1,719,498	\$ (407,745)	\$ 2,970,364	\$ 31,142,481
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits	\$ 6,023,088	\$ 4,001,338	\$ -	\$ 7,245,593	\$ 2,299,230	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,569,249
Refunds of Contributions	280,993	-	2,575,795	128,326	-	15,649,330	-	18,634,444
Administrative Expenses	706,340	27,995	592	804,656	114,263	11,007	118,354	1,783,207
Total Deductions	\$ 7,010,421	\$ 4,029,333	\$ 2,576,387	\$ 8,178,575	\$ 2,413,493	\$ 15,660,337	\$ 118,354	\$ 39,986,900
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ 4,443,307	\$ (926,145)	\$ (2,653,267)	\$ 4,201,752	\$ (693,995)	\$(16,068,082)	\$ 2,852,011	\$ (8,844,419)
Assets Transfer in (Out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	103,646,678	25,873,205	18,045,995	165,844,384	13,597,331	16,068,082	15,811,717	358,887,392
Net Assets at End of Year	\$108,089,985	\$24,947,060	\$ 15,392,728	\$170,046,136	\$12,903,336	\$ -	\$18,663,728	\$ 350,042,973

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

The actuarial valuations for all defined benefit plans are performed annually with the exception of VRS which is performed biennially; however, an actuarial update is performed in the interim year for informational purposes. In the fiscal year 2011 valuation report, VRS resumed the use of the five year smoothed market value of assets but not less than 80% or more than 120% of the market value. VRS had elected to suspend this corridor for the FY 2009 valuation. The June 30, 2011 valuation results indicate that the employer contribution rate of 10.30% of payroll is sufficient to fund the normal cost for all members and finance the unfunded accrued liability of the Plan. This contribution rate was increased from the June 30, 2009 valuation rate of 9.82%. The amortization period of the unfunded accuarial accrued liability was increased from 20 to 30 years to phase in the impact of the previously adopted change in the assumed annual rate of return from 7.5 % to 7.0%.

The City had assumed the responsibility of paying 2% of the employee share of contributions for City Supplemental pension plan. The employees commencing their participation in this plan after July 1, 2009, will make two percent of the employee contributions. The City will continue to make the two percent contribution for employees who were participants prior to July 1, 2009. However, these contributions will be characterized as employer contributions.

The recommended contribution rate increased from 25.06% as of July 1, 2010 to 30.48% as of July 1, 2011 for the Firefighters and Police defined benefit pension plan (Basic plan) and from 4.92% as of July 1, 2010 to 6.02% as of July 1, 2011 for the Disability plan. During the year ending June 30, 2011, the basic plan's assets returned 24.22% and the Disability plan's assets returned 23.77% on a market value basis. However, due to plans' asset smoothing method which recognizes only a portion of the gains and losses, the returns on the actuarial assets values were 3.66% and 0.05% respectively. These returns were below the assumed rate of return of 7.50% and resulted in an actuarial loss of investments of \$5.6 million for the basic plan and \$1 million for the Disability plan. As of July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, the basic plan's unfunded actuarial liability was \$77.5 million which is an increase from last year's \$64.2 million and the Disability plan's unfunded actuarial liability was \$9.1 million which is an increase from last year's \$4.9 million. All other aspects of the asset valuation method remained the same.

There were no changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, or funding method for the pension plan for Police and Fire. The major provisions of all the defined benefit pension plans are listed in this disclosure.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

The following schedules present a description of the plan provisions and membership information, actuarial assumptions, accounting and funding policies, and contribution requirements. Six-year schedules of funding progress and trend information for defined benefit pension plans are provided in Exhibit XVI.

PLAN DESCRIPTION

	(1) VRS	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)*
		City Supplemental	Pension for Fire	Retirement Income for	Firefighters and Police	Fire and Police	Retirement Income for
	City	Retirement	and Police	Fire and Police	Pension	Disability	Sheriff and ERT
Administrator	State of Virginia	Prudential	Prudential	Prudential	Prudential	Prudential	Prudential
Employees	viigiiia	Tracitian	Trudential	Tracitiai	Trudentiai	Trudential	Tudentiai
Covered	General body	General body Sheriff/ERT	Public Safety	Public Safety	Public Safety	Public Safety	Sheriff/ERT
Authority for							
Plan Provisions							
and Contributions	State Statute	City Ordinance	City Ordinance	City Ordinance	City Ordinance	City Ordinance	City Ordinance
Plan Type	Agent Multi-	Single-	Single-	Single-	Single-	Single-	Single-
	Employer	Employer	Employer	Employer	Employer	Employer	Employer
	Defined	Defined	Defined	Defined	Defined	Defined	Defined
	Benefit	Benefit	Benefit	Contribution	Benefit	Benefit	Contribution
Stand Alone							
Financial Report	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
Actuarial Valuation Date	6/30/2011	7/1/2011	7/1/2011	6/30/2012	7/1/2011	7/1/2011	6/30/2012
valuation Date	0/30/2011	// 1/2011	// 1/2011	0/30/2012	// 1/ 2011	// 1/2011	0/30/2012
MEMBERSHIP AND PLAN PROV	ISIONS						
Active Participants	1974	2015	0	100	439	439	0
Retirees & Beneficiaries	824	339	138	0	183	82	0
Terminated Vested & Non-vested	517	737	0	34	21	N/A	0
Normal Retirement Benefits:							
Age	65	65	60	60	55	55	N/A
	50 (30Yrs)	50 (30Yrs)/ 50(25 Yrs)	50 (20Yrs)		Any Age (25Yrs)		
Benefits Vested	5	5	10	5	5	5	N/A
Disability &	Disability	Disability	Disability	N/A	Disability	Disability	N/A
Death Benefits	Death	Death	Death	Death	Death	N/A	N/A

 $^{^{\}ast}\,$ The Retirement Income for Sheriff and ERT Plan was closed during FY 2012.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

MEMBERSHIP AN	ND PLAN PRO	OVISIONS					
As of:	6/30/11	7/01/11	7/01/11	6/30/12	7/01/11	7/01/11	6/30/12
	(1) VRS	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	City	City Supplemental Retirement	Pension For Fire and Police	Retirement Income for Fire and Police	Firefighters and Police Pension	Fire and Police Disability	Retirement Income for Sheriff and ERT
SIGNIFICANT ACTUARIAL A	SSUMPTIONS						
Investment Earnings	7.0%	7.5%	5.5%	N/A	7.5%	7.5%	N/A
Projected Salary Increases Attributable to:							
Inflation	2.5%*, 2.25% ^t	3.0%	N/A	N/A	3.0%	3.0%	N/A
Seniority/Merit	3.75% -5.60%	Up to 4%	N/A	N/A	Up to 3.75%	Up to 3.75%	N/A
Projected Postretirement Increases	2.5%*, 2.25% ^t	None	3.0%	N/A	2.7%	2.7%	N/A
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost	N/A	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost	N/A
Amortization Method Open/Closed	Level Percentage Open	Level dollar N/A	Level dollar Closed	N/A	Level Percentage Closed	Level Percentage Closed	N/A
Remaining Amortization Period	30	12	14	N/A	18	18	N/A
Asset Valuation Method	5-year Smoothed Market Value	4-year Smoothed Market	Market Value	N/A	4-year Smoothed Market	4-year Smoothed Market	N/A
Funded Status							
Actuarial Value of assets Actuarial Accrued Liability Unfunded Actuarial	352,101,404 463,125,065	103,646,678 137,021,115	25,873,205 59,749,990	N/A N/A	153,937,251 231,433,160	12,723,954 21,814,160	N/A N/A
Accrued Liability (UAAL)	111,023,661	43,056,392	13,876,785	N/A	77,495,909	9,090,206	N/A
Funded Ratio Annual Covered Payroll UAAL as Percentage	76.0% 115,330,876	68.6% 125,569,484	65.09% N/A	N/A N/A	66.5% 32,058,296	58.3% 32,058,296	N/A N/A
of Covered Payroll	96.3%	34.3%	N/A	N/A	241.7%	28.4%	N/A

The multi-year funding progress is presented in RSI.

The Pension Plan for Fire and Police is a closed plan with no active participant.

^{*} Plan 1, ^t Plan 2

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

FUNDING POLICY AND ANNUAL PENSION COST

As of:	6/12		6/12		6/12		6/12		6/12	6/12		6/12
PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL CONTRIBUTED	VRS City		City upplemental Retirement	f	Pension for Fire d Police	j	Retirement Income for re and Police	a	refighters nd Police Pension	Fire and Police Disability	In	etirement come for iff and ERT
Employee %	5	.0%	2.0%		N/A		N/A		7.2%	0.8%		N/A
Employer %	7.7	78%	5.18% 7.18% 10.81%	\$	1.7 mil/Yr.		N/A		24.00%	4.22%		N/A
AMOUNT CONTRIBUTED			10.8176									
Employee	\$ 5,838	536 * \$	334,987 *	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,057,350	\$ 279,084	\$	-
Employer	8,274	478	9,854,860		1,700,000		-		8,330,531	 1,456,788		-
Total Amount Contributed	\$ 14,113,	,014 \$	10,189,847	\$	1,700,000	\$	-	\$	11,387,881	\$ 1,735,872	\$	-

^{*} The City assumed the responsibility of payment of employees' share of contributions. Starting in July 2010, under VRS Plan 1 (the employees hired prior to July 1, 2010) City pays 5% of the employees share while under VRS Plan 2 (employees hired after July 1, 2010) the employees are required to pay 4% and City only pays 1% of the employees share. As of July 1, 2009 the City's payment on behalf of the employees for City Supplemental pension plan is characterized as employer's share. The new hires are required to pay their share of contributions. Administrative costs of all the pension plans are financed through investment earnings except Public Safety and Sheriff's retirement income plans, where the cost is assumed by the City. The Contribution requirements for all pension plans (except VRS) are established and may be amended by City Ordinance. VRS requirements are established and may be amended by State Statutes.

COVERED PAYROLL

Stocks

Timber

Real Estate

Private Equity

Dollar Amount	\$ 115.3 mil	\$ 125.6 mil	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ 32.1 mil	\$ 32.1 mil	\$ N/A				
Legally Required Reserves	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Long Term Contribution Contracts	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
INVESTMENT CONCENTRATIONS Investments (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government) in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of plan assets.											
Prudential General Account (Long Term) Prudential and Comerica Mutual Funds	*	2% 61%	100%	- 100%	5% 50%	- 45%	-				

26%

6%

3%

2%

35%

5%

3%

2%

41%

6%

4%

4%

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Calculation of Net Pension Obligation (Asset)

	City		Pension		I	Firefighters	Fire and		
	Si	upplemental		for Fire		and Police	Police		
		Retirement	and Police			Pension	Disability		
ARC	\$	9,394,774	\$	1,472,059	\$	9,770,783	\$	1,928,701	
Interest on NPO		910,938		43,187		218,971		70,669	
ARC Adjustment		(1,460,639)		(81,883)		(224,744)		(72,532)	
Annual Pension Cost	\$	8,845,073	\$	1,433,363	\$	9,765,010	\$	1,926,838	
Actual Deposit		(9,854,860)		(1,700,000)		(8,330,531)		(1,456,788)	
Change in NPO	\$	(1,009,787)	\$	(266,637)	\$	1,434,479	\$	470,050	
NPO Beginning of year		12,145,835		785,226		2,919,614		942,251	
NPO End of Year (6/30/12)	\$	11,136,048	\$	518,589	\$	4,354,093	\$	1,412,301	

THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION

		Actuarial	Anı	nual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension		
	Date			Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation		
City Supplemental Retirement		06/30/2010	\$	10,090,940	73.50%	\$	11,063,239	
		06/30/2011		9,627,455	88.76%		12,145,835	
		06/30/2012		8,845,073	111.42%		11,136,048	
Pension for Fire and Police		06/30/2010	\$	1,574,996	106.61%		1,090,851	
		06/30/2011		1,394,375	121.90%		785,226	
		06/30/2012		1,433,363	118.60%		518,589	
Firefighter and Police Pension	*	06/30/2010	\$	7,927,652	89.08%	\$	2,290,518	
		06/30/2011		8,280,697	92.40%		2,919,614	
		06/30/2012		9,765,010	84.51%		4,432,593	
Fire and Police Disability	*	06/30/2010	\$	1,474,702	107.43%	\$	537,601	
		06/30/2011		1,614,712	74.94%		942,251	
		06/30/2012		1,926,838	75.61%		1,412,301	
Virginia Retirement System		06/30/2010	\$	7,977,375	100.00%	\$	-	
		06/30/2011		8,772,167	100.00%		-	
		06/30/2012		8,274,478	100.00%		-	

Firefighters and Police Pension plan commenced on January 1, 2004 and Fire and Police Disability plan converted from defined contribution to defined benefit pension plan on the same date.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

DESCRIPTION OF BENEFITS:

VRS – **City** - Employees with credit for services rendered prior to July 1, 2010 are covered under plan 1, while members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 are covered under plan 2. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement at age 65 with 5 years of service and at age 50 with 30 years of service under plan 1, and at normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service or when age and service are equal to 90 under plan 2. An optional reduced retirement benefit is available as early as age 55 with five years of service or age 50 with 10 years of service under plan 1 and age 60 with at least five years of service under plan 2. The retirees are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7 percent of their average final salary (AFS) for each year of credited service. AFS under plan 1 is 36 highest consecutive months while it is 60 highest consecutive months under plan 2. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living (COLA) increases on July 1 of the second calendar year after retirement. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established and may be amended by State statutes.

City Supplemental Retirement Plan- Regular City employees who retire at or after age 65 or after age 50 with 30 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to the sum of (1) and (2), increased by 50 percent, plus (3):

- (1) 1.625 percent of the participant's past service compensation up to \$100, plus 0.25 percent of the participant's past service compensation in excess of \$100, multiplied by number of years of credited service earned after July 31, 1960, but prior to August 1, 1970.
- (2) 1.625 percent of the participant's average earnings up to \$100, plus 0.25 percent of the participant's average earnings in excess of \$100, multiplied by the number of years of credited service earned after July 31, 1970, but prior to January 1, 1988.
- (3) 0.80 percent of average earnings multiplied by credited service earned after December 31, 1987.

The Sheriff's Deputies, ERT and Fire Marshals who retire at age 65 or after age 50 with 25 years of service are entitled to the sum of (1), (2) and (3):

- (1) 0.6 percent of average earnings multiplied by first five years of credited service,
- (2) 0.9 percent of average earnings multiplied by next ten years of credited service, and
- (3) 1.0 percent of average earnings multiplied by all years of credited service in excess of fifteen years.

Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance.

Pension Plan for Fire Fighters and Police Officers (closed plan) - Employees who retired on or after age 60 are entitled to an annual retirement defined benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 2.5 percent of final average earnings multiplied by years of credited service, up to a maximum of 30 years. The plan also provided early retirement on or after age 50 with 20 years of credited service or on or after age 56 with 10 years of credited service. This plan further provided early retirement on or after age 50 with 10 years of service with an actuarially reduced benefit. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance. This plan was closed to new participants in FY 1979.

Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan - defined contribution component (closed plan) - The employees are entitled to contributions made on their behalf after 100 percent vesting. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance. This plan was closed to new members in FY 2004 and converted to a defined benefit plan. Employees in the plan at date of conversion could leave their contributions in the defined contribution component or purchase prior service with the assets associated with their contributions.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan - defined benefit component - The plan provisions were approved by City Council in FY 2004 and provide retirement benefits for covered employees who retire at age 55 with 5 years of service or any age with 25 years of service. The retirees are entitled to 2.5 % of the participant's average monthly compensation (AMC), multiplied by the years of credited service up to 20 years; plus 3.2 % of the participant's AMC, multiplied by years of credited service in excess of 20 years. The maximum benefit is 82% of the AMC. The plan also allows for early retirement at age 50 with 20 years of service with reduced benefits.

Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan - disability component - The plan provisions provide disability benefits for firefighters and police officers. The benefits for service-connected total and permanent disability are 70 percent of final average earnings, 66 2/3 percent for non-service connected total and permanent disability and service-connected partial disability, and 50 percent for non-service connected partial disability. Benefits provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance. Effective January 1, 2004, this plan was merged with the Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan. Separate actuarial calculations have been performed for the defined benefit and disability components.

Retirement Income Plan for Deputy Sheriffs and Emergency Rescue Technicians - This plan provides for benefits to be distributed in the case of termination, retirement, death, or disability to deputy sheriffs, fire marshals and emergency rescue technicians. Distribution options include cash distribution, annuities, or a combination of the two. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance. During the FY 2012, the City closed the plan. All funds were distributed to plan members.

NOTE 18. TERMINATION BENEFITS

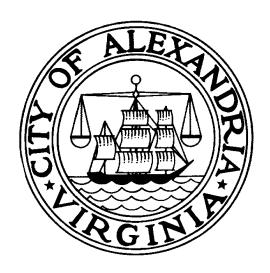
The City provided termination benefits to eight employees in fiscal year 2012. The benefits consisted of three to six weeks of pay based on completed years of service. The total cost to the City was \$0.1 million. There were no other benefits provided.

NOTE 19. ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND RESTATEMENTS

There were no new Accounting changes and restatements in FY 2012.

NOTE 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 26, 2012 the City Council issued \$76.82 million in General Obligation Bonds and 17.34 million in General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds were used to refund part of the 2004C and 2006A bonds. The General Obligation Bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$11.2 million. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$1.9 million. Both sets of bonds had a true interest cost of 2.46 percent. The \$76.82 million bonds will be used to finance certain capital improvement projects including transportation improvements, sanitary sewers, public school facilities and other infrastructure costs.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 25, No. 27, No. 34, No. 43 and No.45 the following information is a required part of the basic financial statements.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

EXHIBIT XIII

Variance fro m

					Variance from
					Amended
	Original	Budget as			Budget - Positive
	Budget	Amended	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:					
General Property Taxes	\$ 361,680,912	\$ 358,461,875	\$ 262 774 571	\$	5,312,696
			\$ 363,774,571	Ф	
Other Local Taxes.	121,330,000	121,330,000	121,101,233		(228,767)
Permits, Fees, and Licenses.	2,049,975	2,049,975	2,373,448		323,473
Fines and Forfeitures.	4,764,000	4,878,644	4,869,294		(9,350)
Use of Money and Property	3,570,000	3,570,000	3,947,855		377,855
Charges for Services	14,709,303	14,709,303	16,474,115		1,764,812
Intergovernmental Revenues	52,976,656	53,176,656	55,484,133		2,307,477
Miscellaneous	762,000	762,000	1,195,495		433,495
Total Revenues	\$ 561,842,846	\$ 558,938,453	\$ 569,220,144	\$	10,281,691
-					
Expenditures:					
City Council	\$ 524,884	\$ 524,884	\$ 497,058	\$	27,826
City Manager	1,789,977	1,789,977	1,756,507		33,470
Office of Management and Budget	1,236,389	1,116,389	1,011,271		105,118
18th Circuit Court	1,459,005	1,459,005	1,388,121		70,884
18th General District Court	62,452	62,452	62,399		53
Juvenile And Domestic Relations Court	36,129	36,129	26,548		9,581
Commonwealth's Attorney	2,585,888	2,635,888	2,510,074		125,814
Sheriff	27,312,368	27,367,983	27,332,935		35,048
Clerk of Courts.	1,573,322	1,573,322	1,552,638		20,684
Other Correctional Activities.	5,207,501	*			30,768
		5,360,054	5,329,286		
Court Services.	1,407,137	1,481,476	1,428,818		52,658
Human Rights.	635,253	635,253	600,748		34,505
Internal Audit	249,853	249,853	242,569		7,284
Information Technology Services	7,519,965	7,598,174	7,066,313		531,861
Office of Communications	1,785,355	1,786,091	1,766,826		19,265
City Clerk and Clerk of Council	430,071	431,238	396,874		34,364
Finance	10,680,266	11,758,875	11,093,830		665,045
Real Estate Assessments	1,674,469	1,674,469	1,591,528		82,941
Human Resources.	2,947,920	2,996,676	2,876,753		119,923
Planning and Zoning	5,505,665	5,623,460	5,575,500		47,960
Economic Development Activities	4,656,167	4,721,167	4,655,791		65,376
City Attorney	2,652,088	2,652,088	2,458,523		193,565
Registrar of Voters	1,135,860	1,253,860	1,164,912		88,948
General Services	12,486,884	12,486,884	12,300,194		186,690
Transportation and Environmental Services	28,086,977	28,843,959	28,624,160		219,799
Transit Subsidies	8,561,422	8,131,553	7,477,390		654,163
Fire	35,141,700	37,059,700	36,999,841		59,859
Police	50,890,942	51,535,891	51,293,299		242,592
Emergency Communication	5,687,007	6,095,007	5,979,383		115,624
Building and Fire Code Administration	923,364	923,364	766,443		156,921
Community and Human Services.	14,560,343	14,923,827	14,892,554		31,273
Other Health Services	1,138,600	1,213,600	1,176,100		37,500
HealthOffice of Historic Alexandria	6,919,908 2,795,870	6,915,625	6,657,084		258,541 24,049
		2,824,565	2,800,516		
Recreation and Cultural Activities	19,507,560	19,332,384	19,087,330		245,054
Other Educational Activities	12,288	12,288	12,288		-
Non Departmental (including debt service)	54,986,012	57,582,583	57,147,566		435,017
Total Expenditures	\$ 324,766,861	\$ 332,669,993	\$ 327,599,970	\$	5,070,023
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds	\$ -	\$ 63,625,000	\$ 63,625,000	\$	-
Bond Premium.		9,829,827	9,829,827		_
Payment to Refunded Bonds Escrow Agent		(73,150,309)	(73,150,309)		<u>-</u>
Operating Transfers In	1,394,903	1,394,903	1,394,903		
					7 621 752
Operating Transfers Out	(52,506,514)	(59,709,539)	(52,077,786)		7,631,753
Transfers Out - Component Units.	(189,589,373)	(190,061,942)	(189,562,651)	_	499,291
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (240,700,984)	\$ (248,072,060)	\$ (239,941,016)	\$	8,131,044
Net Change in Fund Balance.	\$ (3,624,999)	\$ (21,803,600)	\$ 1,679,158	\$	23,482,758
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	80,860,167	80,860,167	80,860,167	Φ	23,402,730
Increase/(Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	00,000,107	55,500,107	443,680		443,680
increase/(Decrease) in Reserve for inventory					
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 77,235,168	\$ 59,056,567	\$ 82,983,005	\$	23,926,438

(See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Schedules)

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit XIV

		Original Budget		Budget as Amended		Actual		ariance From nended Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
General Property Taxes	\$	2,131,839	\$	2,131,839	\$	2,464,450	\$	332,611
Permits, Fees and Licenses.	Ψ	4,704,290	Ψ	4,704,290	Ψ	6,438,363	Ψ	1,734,073
Fines and Forfeitures.		1,701,270		5,600		0,130,303		(5,600)
Use of Money and Property		6,000		119,908		299,020		179,112
Charges for Services.		14,270,673		14,877,969		15,694,685		816,716
Intergovernmental Revenues.		41,473,862		51,732,014		44,205,468		(7,526,546)
Miscellaneous		906,391		7,370,630		4,988,102		
Total Revenues	\$	63,493,055	\$	80,942,250	\$	74,090,088	\$	(2,382,528) (6,852,162)
Other Financing Sources:								
Sale of Land	•		\$		\$	234,178	\$	234,178
	Ф	26 840 528	Þ	37,922,157	Þ	,	Ф	972,222
Operating Transfers In	•	36,840,528	•		•	38,894,379	•	1,206,400
Total Other Financing Sources.	\$	36,840,528 100,333,583	\$	37,922,157	<u>\$</u>	39,128,557	\$ \$, ,
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources.	\$	100,333,383	3	118,864,407	Þ	113,218,645	3	(5,645,762)
Expenditures:								
Communications and Public Information	\$	-	\$	4,200	\$	4,122	\$	78
Commonwealth's Attorney		250,474		274,713		249,206		25,507
Sheriff		653,880		699,579		655,996		43,583
Clerk of Courts		-		127,520		105,942		21,578
Law Library		170,096		170,496		170,462		34
Other Correctional and Judicial Activities		184,177		184,177		184,177		-
Court Services		172,834		329,400		328,401		999
Human Rights		37,582		40,976		38,976		2,000
Human Resources.		6,000		31,000		30,953		47
Finance		239,401		250,500		250,275		225
Planning and Zoning		-		145,299		112,557		32,742
General Services.		169,107		442,005		427,798		14,207
Transportation and Environmental Services		3,191,274		4,703,994		3,204,976		1,499,018
Fire		1,229,363		3,488,756		1,966,036		1,522,720
Building and Fire Code Administration		4,777,633		4,777,633		4,041,027		736,606
Police		30,000		1,251,835		259,544		992,291
Office of Housing		3,820,315		11,956,993		9,468,472		2,488,521
Community and Human Services		76,225,432		76,802,704		72,622,198		4,180,506
Alexandria Health		-		40,055		39,166		889
Historic Alexandria		510,901		607,163		479,703		127,460
Recreation and Cultural Activities		720,566		827,379		768,299		59,080
Non Departmental		1,000,000		2,778,482		1,417,615		1,360,867
Total Expenditures	\$	93,389,035	\$	109,934,859	\$	96,825,901	\$	13,108,958
Other Financing Uses:	_		_					
Operating Transfers Out	\$	6,854,548	\$	8,929,548	\$	11,612,472	\$	(2,682,924)
Total Other Financing Uses	\$	6,854,548	\$	8,929,548	\$	11,612,472	\$	(2,682,924)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		100,243,583	\$	118,864,407	\$	108,438,373	\$	10,426,034
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/	<u> </u>	, -,	_	7 7 - 1	<u> </u>	,		, -,
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,780,272	\$	4,780,272
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	\$		\$		\$	25,869,512	\$	25,869,512
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	30,649,784	\$	30,649,784
	7		Ψ		Ψ	20,017,701	Ψ	20,047,704

(See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Schedules)

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit XV

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT BUDGET POLICIES

The City Council annually adopts budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund of the primary government. All appropriations are legally controlled at the departmental level for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. On June 25, 2011, the City Council approved the original adopted budget and on June 16, 2012 approved the revised budget reflected in the required supplementary information.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the required supplementary information for all funds with annual budgets, compare the revenues and expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General and Special Revenue Funds present actual expenditures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets, as amended. See Table XVII for the schedule of departments' expenditure detail by function. A reconciliation of the perspective difference for reporting Expenditures and Other Financing Uses in the General Fund relates to how transfers to component units are recorded in each statement and includes the following:

General Fund

			Adjustment for Transfer to		
	Bu	dgetary Statement	Component Unit		
Budget Statement Title		Amount	(Footnote 10)	Exhibit IV	Exhibit IV Title
Other Educational Activities	\$	12,288	\$ 174,956,420	\$ 174,968,708	Education
Transit Subsidies		8,094,839	8,460,569	16,555,408	Transit
Library Transfer		-	6,145,662	6,145,662	Library
Other Expenditures (not					Other Expenditures (not
listed separately)		392,643,152	-	392,643,152	listed separately)
Total Expenditures	\$	400,750,279	\$ 189,562,651	\$ 590,312,930	Total Expenditures
Transfers Out – Component					
Units	\$	189,562,651	\$ (189,562,651)	\$ -	None
Operating Transfers Out		52,077,786	-	52,077,786	Operating Transfers Out
Other Financing		(1,699,421)	-	(1,699,421)	Other Expenditures (not listed separately)
Total Financing (Sources) Uses	\$	239,941,016	\$ (189,562,651)	\$ 50,378,365	Total Financing Uses

Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Public Employee Retirement Systems - Primary Government Required Supplementary Information For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit XVI

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
			Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	AAL	Funded	Annual	Percentage of
	Valuation	Value of	Liability	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
	Date	 Assets	 (AAL)	(2)-(1)	(1/2)	 Payroll	((2-1)/5)
City Supplemental Pension (a)	06/30/2006	\$ 65,143,405	\$ 96,974,375	\$ 31,830,970	67.18%	\$ 116,853,571	27.24%
	06/30/2007	77,046,696	107,983,990	30,937,294	71.35%	123,522,516	25.05%
	06/30/2008	76,275,945	117,964,452	41,688,507	64.66%	126,492,987	32.96%
	06/30/2009	69,806,595	123,842,600	54,036,005	56.37%	125,803,615	42.95%
	07/01/2010	81,356,870	132,010,864	50,653,994	61.63%	124,936,457	40.54%
	07/01/2011	93,964,723	137,021,115	43,056,392	68.58%	125,569,484	34.29%
Pension for Fire and Police**	06/30/2006	\$ 30,940,298	\$ 43,895,855	\$ 12,955,557	70.49%	\$ 71,935	18010.09%
	06/30/2007	30,875,740	42,511,290	11,635,550	72.63%	72,987	15941.95%
	06/30/2008	29,043,189	47,171,730	18,128,541	61.57%	N/A	N/A
	06/30/2009	27,946,279	44,821,166	16,874,887	62.35%	N/A	N/A
	07/01/2010	26,886,856	41,265,691	14,378,835	65.16%	N/A	N/A
	07/01/2011	25,873,205	39,749,990	13,876,785	65.09%	N/A	N/A
Firefighters and Police Pension	07/01/2006	\$ 100,513,967	\$ 152,624,962	\$ 52,110,995	65.86%	\$ 31,961,191	163.04%
	07/01/2007	115,782,806	167,092,854	51,310,048	69.29%	32,564,077	157.57%
	07/01/2008	133,567,658	181,469,715	47,902,057	73.60%	33,485,674	143.05%
	07/01/2009	138,100,526	194,321,125	56,220,599	71.07%	33,261,971	169.02%
	07/01/2010	144,096,425	208,265,626	64,169,201	69.19%	32,638,214	196.61%
	07/01/2011	153,937,251	231,433,160	77,495,909	66.51%	32,058,296	241.73%
Fire and Police Disability	07/01/2006	\$ 13,830,273	\$ 12,568,299	\$ (1,261,974)	110.04%	\$ 31,961,191	-3.95%
	07/01/2007	14,398,259	15,638,422	1,240,163	92.07%	32,564,077	3.81%
	07/01/2008	14,305,285	16,804,777	2,499,492	85.13%	33,485,674	7.46%
	07/01/2009	13,542,378	19,153,249	5,610,871	70.71%	33,261,971	16.87%
	07/01/2010	13,534,949	18,477,276	4,942,327	73.25%	32,638,214	15.14%
	07/01/2011	12,723,954	21,814,160	9,090,206	58.33%	32,058,296	28.36%
Virginia Retirement System	06/30/2006	\$ 265,845,121	\$ 312,274,142	\$ 46,429,021	85.13%	\$ 100,219,243	46.33%
	06/30/2007	302,085,645	344,775,571	42,689,926	87.62%	108,719,495	39.27%
	06/30/2008	334,817,687	378,308,775	43,491,088	88.50%	114,427,304	38.01%
	06/30/2009	341,519,985	401,354,110	59,834,125	85.09%	115,516,783	51.80%
	06/30/2010	343,465,187	440,562,710	97,097,523	77.96%	112,083,557	86.63%
	06/30/2011	352,101,404	463,125,065	111,023,661	76.03%	115,330,876	96.27%

Six-year historical information of City's defined benefit pension plans is presented to help users assess each plan's funding status on a going concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other public employee retirement systems.

Analysis of dollar amounts of plan net assets, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing plan net assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of each plan's funding status on a going concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the plan is financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan. Trends in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects if inflation and aids analysis of the plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally the smaller the percentage the stronger the plan.

^{**} The Pension Plan for Fire and Police is a closed plan with no active participant.
(a) The aggregate actuarial cost method was changed to entry age cost method for City Supplemental pension plan during fiscal year 2007. Only five years of information was available. This will be expanded when information becomes available.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Public Employee Retirement Systems - Primary Government Required Supplementary Information For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit XVI (Continued)

SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

For Defined Benefit Pension Plans

	City Suppl	emental Retireme	nt	1	Pension	Plan for Fire and F	Police
		Annual		·		Annual	
Actuarial		Required	Percentage	Actuarial		Required	Percentage
Date		Contribution	Contributed	Date	_(Contribution	Contributed
06/30/2007	\$	4,811,560	98.61%	06/30/2007	\$	1,187,836	126.30%
06/30/2008		5,419,262	99.81%	06/30/2008		1,209,549	70.27%
06/30/2009		6,381,581	80.07%	06/30/2009		1,679,131	101.71%
06/30/2010		10,284,656	72.11%	06/30/2010		1,623,492	103.40%
06/30/2011		9,882,928	86.46%	06/30/2011		1,443,056	117.81%
06/30/2012		9,394,774	104.90%	06/30/2012		1,472,059	115.48%
Firefighters and Po	olice Pens	ion		Virginia Retirem	ent Syste	em	
06/30/2007	\$	6,985,282	91.25%	06/30/2007	\$	7,077,570	100.00%
06/30/2008		7,116,057	101.49%	06/30/2008		7,490,208	100.00%
06/30/2009		7,184,309	98.65%	06/30/2009		8,149,979	100.00%
06/30/2010		7,916,599	89.20%	06/30/2010		7,977,375	100.00%
06/30/2011		8,268,658	92.54%	06/30/2011		8,772,167	100.00%
06/30/2012		9,770,783	85.26%	06/30/2012		8,274,478	100.00%
Fire and Police Di	sability						
06/30/2007	\$	1,455,223	51.71%				
06/30/2008		1,610,278	47.88%				
06/30/2009		1,244,853	116.07%				
06/30/2010		1,469,682	107.80%				
06/30/2011		1,611,887	75.07%				
06/30/2012		1,928,701	75.53%				

See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Required Supplementary Information For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit XVI (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROCESS

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	AAL	Funded	Annual	Percentage of
Valuation	Value of	Liability	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(2)-(1)	(1/2)	Payroll	((2-1)/5)
12/31/2007	\$ -	\$ 84,545,602	\$ 84,545,602	0.00%	\$ 142,475,212	59.34%
12/31/2008	4,316,727	89,900,789	85,584,062	4.80%	146,884,002	58.27%
12/31/2009	8,201,742	90,681,046	82,479,304	9.04%	147,006,590	56.11%
12/31/2010	11,668,519	80,569,082	68,900,563	14.48%	146,101,440	47.16%
12/31/2011	15,081,559	81,202,583	66,121,024	18.57%	148,202,583	44.62%

See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are City custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the City is custodian.

Human Services Special Welfare Account – This fund accounts for the current payments of supplemental security income for foster children.

Human Services Dedicated Account – This fund accounts for back payments of supplemental security income for foster children.

Industrial Development Authority Agency Fund – This fund accounts for Industrial Development Authority bond issuance fees and expenses, for which the City acts in a custodial capacity.

Potomac Yard Affordable Housing – This fund accounts for affordable housing donations received from Potomac Yard Development LLC for the purpose of constructing affordable housing. This project is now complete.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

		salance y 1, 2011	A	dditions	De	ductions		Balance e 30, 2012
HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL WELFARE ACCOUNT Assets								
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	\$	5,449		24,700		25,758	\$	4,391
Liabilities:								
Other Liabilities	\$	5,449		24,700		25,758	\$	4,391
Total Liabilities	\$	5,449	\$	24,700	\$	25,758	\$	4,391
HUMAN SERVICES DEDICATED ACCOUNT Assets								
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	\$	41,735		683			\$	42,418
Liabilities:								
Other Liabilities	\$	41,735		683			\$	42,418
Total Liabilities	\$	41,735	\$	683	\$		\$	42,418
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Assets								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	17,427		76,165			\$	93,592
Liabilities:								
Vouchers Payable	\$	-	\$	24,052	\$	-	\$	24,052
Other Liabilities		17,427		76,165		24,052		69,540
Total Liabilities	\$	17,427	\$	100,217	\$	24,052	\$	93,592
POTOMAC YARD AFFORDABLE HOUSING -ASLLC								
Assets	ф	020		45.500		46.256	ф	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	828		45,528		46,356	\$	
Liabilities: Other Liabilities	¢	020	¢	45 500	¢	16.256	e	
Total Liabilities	\$ \$	828 828	\$	45,528 45,528	\$	46,356 46,356	\$	
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
Assets								
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	\$	47,184	\$	25,383	\$	25,758	\$	46,809
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments		18,255		121,693		46,356		93,592
Total Assets	\$	65,439	\$	147,076	\$	72,114	\$	140,401
Liabilities:							_	
Vouchers Payable		- (5.420	\$	24,052	\$	06.166	\$	24,052
Other Liabilities		65,439	<u>¢</u>	147,076	•	96,166	•	116,349
Total Liabilities	\$	65,439	\$	171,128	\$	96,166	\$	140,401

Statement of Cash Flows Component Unit Alexandria Transit Company As of June 30, 2012

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received From Customers.	. \$	4,704,120
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services.		(4,114,802)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services.		(9,071,939)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$	(8,482,621)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		_
Payment from Primary Government	. \$	8,460,569
Cash Received from Other Nonoperating Revenue		38,509
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	. \$	8,499,078
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition of Capital Assets.	. \$	(316, 178)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	. \$	(316, 178)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents.	. \$	(299,721)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year.		311,198
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	. \$	11,477
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Cash Used for Operating Activities:		
Operating Loss	. \$	(9,385,671)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Used for Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense	. \$	1,529,627
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(318,093)
Increase in Inventory of Supplies.		(108,014)
Decrease in Prepaid Expenses.		(197, 193)
(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(8,077)
Increase in Accrued Liabilities		15,727
Increase in Other Liabilities		(10,927)
Total Adjustments		903,050
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	. \$	(8,482,621)

Special Revenue Funds

Housing – This fund accounts for the City's housing programs.

Sanitary Sewer – This fund accounts for the funding of sanitary sewer maintenance and construction.

Stormwater Management Fund – This fund was established in FY 2011. It is funded by a dedicated real estate property tax rate of 0.5 cents per \$100 of assessed value.

Potomac Yard Special Tax District – This fund accounts for funding for improvements in Potomac Yards, including the development of a metro rail station.

Other Special Revenue - This fund accounts for grants and donations.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

Combining Balance Sheet Special Revenue Funds As of June 30, 2012

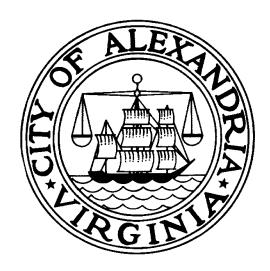
									0.1		Total
	** '	a	•	G.	,	.		a	Other		Combined
	Housing	Sa	nitary Sewer	St	ormwater	Po	tomac Yard	Spe	cial Revenue	Spe	cial Revenue
ASSEIS											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,871,002	\$	10,639,285	\$	196,005	\$	1,063,068	\$	12,225,845	\$	27,995,205
Receivables, Net	2,493,166		550,927		-		34,873		237,766		3,316,732
Due From Other Governments	1,057,623		-		-		-		6,900,530		7,958,153
Prepaid and Other Assets	-		-		-		-		63,500		63,500
Total Assets	\$ 7,421,791	\$	11,190,212	\$	196,005	\$	1,097,941	\$	19,427,641	\$	39,333,590
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	\$ 241,760	\$	12,272	\$	17,196	\$	-	\$	1,808,022	\$	2,079,250
Accrued Wages	28,177		43,295		9,629		-		1,113,533		1,194,634
Unearned Revenue	110,449		-		-		-		5,299,473		5,409,922
Total Liabilities	\$ 380,386	\$	55,567	\$	26,825	\$	-	\$	8,221,028	\$	8,683,806
FUND BALANCES											
Non-Spendable	\$ 1,096,021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,500,000	\$	2,596,021
Restricted	5,945,384		-		-		-		1,802,827		7,748,211
Committed	-		11,134,645		169,180		1,097,941		173,321		12,575,087
Assigned	-		-		-		-		7,730,465		7,730,465
Total Fund Balances	\$ 7,041,405	\$	11,134,645	\$	169,180	\$	1,097,941	\$	11,206,613	\$	30,649,784
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,421,791	\$	11,190,212	\$	196,005	\$	1,097,941	\$	19,427,641	\$	39,333,590

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Special Revenue Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Housing	Sewer	S	tormwater	Po	tomac Yard	Spe	Other	Total Combined ecial Revenue
REVENUES	 			_		_		_	
General Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,644,013	\$	820,437	\$	-	\$ 2,464,450
Permits, Fees, and Licenses	-	-		-		-		6,438,363	6,438,363
Use of Money and Property	11,989	-		-		-		287,031	299,020
Charges for Services	-	8,658,730		-		-		7,035,955	15,694,685
Intergovernmental Revenue	2,241,972	-		-		-		41,963,496	44,205,468
Miscellaneous	1,178,034	-		-		1,000,000		2,810,068	4,988,102
Total Revenues	\$ 3,431,995	\$ 8,658,730	\$	1,644,013	\$	1,820,437	\$	58,534,913	\$ 74,090,088
EXPENDITURES									
Current Operating:									
General Government	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	745,725	\$ 745,725
Judicial Administration	-	-		-		-		1,252,594	1,252,594
Public Safety	-	-		-		-		6,712,179	6,712,179
Public Works	-	2,027,367		151,320		-		1,957,667	4,136,354
Health and Welfare	-	-		-		-		70,596,215	70,596,215
Culture and Recreation	-	-		-		-		2,780,164	2,780,164
Community Development	9,571,326	-		-		-		1,031,344	10,602,670
Total Expenditures	\$ 9,571,326	\$ 2,027,367	\$	151,320	\$	-	\$	85,075,888	\$ 96,825,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures	\$ (6,139,331)	\$ 6,631,363	\$	1,492,693	\$	1,820,437	\$	(26,540,975)	\$ (22,735,813)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Sale of Land	\$ 234,178	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 234,178
Transfers In	3,819,778	-		-		-		35,074,601	38,894,379
Transfers Out	 (134,598)	 (2,894,903)		(1,471,000)		(1,500,000)		(5,611,971)	 (11,612,472)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	\$ 3,919,358	\$ (2,894,903)	\$	(1,471,000)	\$	(1,500,000)	\$	29,462,630	\$ 27,516,085
									0
Total other financing sources (uses)	 3,919,358	 (2,894,903)		(1,471,000)		(1,500,000)		29,462,630	 27,516,085
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,219,973)	\$ 3,736,460	\$	21,693	\$	320,437	\$	2,921,655	\$ 4,780,272
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 9,261,378	 7,398,185		147,487		777,504		8,284,958	 25,869,512
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 7,041,405	\$ 11,134,645	\$	169,180	\$	1,097,941	\$	11,206,613	\$ 30,649,784



STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section includes detail information to assist in understanding how the financial statements relate to the City's overall financial well-being and includes the following categories:

Financial trends: These tables assist users in understanding how the City's financial position has changed over time and include the following tables:

Table I - Schedule of Changes in Net Assets

Table II - Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Table VII - Net assets

Table VIII - Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Table XXII - Five-Year Summary of General Fund Revenues and Expenditure

Revenue Capacity: These tables assist in understanding and assessing the City's own source revenues and include the following tables:

Table III - Tax Revenues by Source

Tables IV and V - Tax Levies and Collections

Table VI - Real and Personal Property Tax Assessments and Rates

Table IX - 2012 Tax Rates for Major Revenue Sources

Table XV and XVI - Principal Taxpayers

Debt Capacity: These tables present information to assist in assessing the affordability of the City's current levels of debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future and include:

Table X - Legal Debt Margin Information

Table XI - Ratio of Net General Debt to Assessed Value and Net Debt Per Capita

Table XXII - Overlapping Debt and Debt History

Table XIII - Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for Net General Debt to Total General Expenditures

Table XXIII - Summary of Total General Obligation Bonds Debt Service

Demographic and Economic Information: These tables include demographic and economic information to assist in understanding the external factors that affect the City's financial activities and include:

Table XIV - Population and Per Capita Income

Table XVII - Alexandria City School Board Demographic Statistics

Table XVIII - Government Employees By Function

Table XIX - Principal Employers

Table XXI - Miscellaneous Statistical Data

Operating information: These tables include service and capital data to assist in understanding how financial information relates to the programs and activities the City performs and includes:

Table XX – Operating and Capital Indicators

Schedule of Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (In millions)

TABLE I

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 47.4	\$ 56.5	\$ 47.7	\$ 47.5	\$ 63.6	\$ 64.6	\$ 79.5	\$ 61.1	\$ 59.2	\$ 84.7
Judicial Administration	13.0	14.0	14.6	15.6	17.7	19.3	19.3	19.3	19.8	20.5
Public Safety	88.4	94.9	96.5	106.9	112.3	114.5	120.5	118.3	122.2	126.9
Public Works	36.9	44.1	40.0	41.1	44.3	48.8	48.5	57.0	51.0	56.4
Library	5.1	5.5	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.1	5.9	6.2
Health and Welfare	71.9	73.9	79.4	84.3	89.4	96.2	97.3	90.8	92.7	93.6
Transit	11.9	9.1	10.5	12.5	14.1	14.1	12.5	13.1	16.3	15.9
Culture and Recreation	20.8	21.3	26.1	25.3	26.9	30.4	28.1	25.9	28.3	27.7
Community Development	13.5	16.2	16.1	24.4	35.0	40.6	30.4	21.0	24.6	34.3
Education	123.4	128.6	142.2	139.9	153.7	168.5	173.8	173.3	174.8	185.2
Interest on Long-term Debt	7.1	8.0	9.5	10.4	13.5	12.5	10.9	16.4	17.3	22.0
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 439.3	\$ 472.0	\$ 488.6	\$ 514.4	\$ 577.3	\$ 616.4	\$ 627.6	\$ 602.3	\$ 612.1	\$ 673.4
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 439.3	\$ 472.0	\$ 488.6	\$ 514.4	\$ 577.3	\$ 616.4	\$ 627.6	\$ 602.3	\$ 612.1	\$ 673.4
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6.3	\$ 5.6	\$ 1.4	\$ 2.0	\$ 1.3	\$ 1.5
Judicial Administration	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7
Public Safety	6.5	7.6	8.4	10.6	11.5	10.7	15.5	11.1	13.3	14.4
Public Works	9.6	10.4	13.2	16.9	16.1	17.4	18.1	18.0	21.3	23.5
Library	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Health and Welfare	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.4	6.4	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.4	6.7
Transit	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	
Culture and Recreation	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.5	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.1	5.4
Community Development	0.3	0.3	0.3	3.1	4.9	6.0	8.2	1.6	3.9	2.7
On and in a Country and Country to the	60.0	62.5	59.6	60.3	61.0	61.3	63.2	65.2	65.0	66.4
Operating Grants and Contributions					10.0	7.6	20.5	50.2	7.4	19.6
Capital Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	20.0	15.0	5.1	9.9	18.2	7.6	20.5	30.2	7.4	19.0
	\$ 105.0	\$ 104.5	\$ 95.4	\$ 110.5	\$ 128.9	\$ 120.2	\$ 138.0	\$ 159.4	\$ 123.4	\$ 141.9

Schedule of Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (In millions)

TABLE I (continued)

		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	Net (Expense) (Revenue)										
	General Government	\$ (47.4)	\$ (56.5)	\$ (47.7)	\$ (47.5)	\$ (57.3)	\$ (57.7)	\$ (77.6)	\$ (58.5)	\$ (56.4)	\$ (82.4)
	Judicial Administration	(11.3)	(12.1)	(12.6)	(13.6)	(15.7)	(13.1)	(13.7)	(14.2)	(14.1)	(15.2)
	Public Safety	(81.9)	(87.3)	(88.1)	(96.3)	(100.8)	(89.6)	(91.8)	(93.5)	(96.2)	(99.0)
	Public Works	(27.3)	(33.7)	(26.8)	(24.2)	(28.2)	(20.7)	(4.8)	19.3	(15.8)	(9.6)
	Library	(5.1)	(5.5)	(6.0)	(6.4)	(6.8)	(6.9)	(6.8)	(6.1)	(5.9)	(6.2)
	Health and Welfare	(66.7)	(68.7)	(74.3)	(78.9)	(83.0)	(57.2)	(54.7)	(49.1)	(51.4)	(54.2)
	Transit	(11.9)	(9.1)	(10.5)	(12.5)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(12.6)	(13.1)	(16.3)	(15.9)
	Culture and Recreation	(19.1)	(19.7)	(24.4)	(23.0)	(24.4)	(27.2)	(25.0)	(22.3)	(24.7)	(22.0)
	Community Development	(13.2)	(15.9)	(15.8)	(21.3)	(30.1)	(28.9)	(26.0)	(15.2)	(15.4)	(19.9)
	Education	(123.4)	(128.6)	(142.2)	(139.9)	(153.7)	(168.5)	(165.7)	(173.3)	(174.8)	(185.2)
	Interest on Long-term Debt	(7.1)	(8.0)	(9.5)	(10.4)	(13.5)	(12.4)	(10.9)	(16.3)	(17.3)	(21.9)
	Subtotal Governmental Activities	\$ (414.3)	\$ (445.0)	\$ (457.9)	\$ (474.1)	\$ (527.6)	\$ (496.3)	\$ (489.6)	\$ (442.3)	\$ (488.3)	\$ (531.5)
	Total Primary Government	\$ (414.3)	\$ (445.0)	\$ (457.9)	\$ (474.1)	\$ (527.6)	\$ (496.3)	\$ (489.6)	\$ (442.3)	\$ (488.3)	\$ (531.5)
	General Revenues and Other Changes	in Net Assets									
	Governmental Activities:										
	Taxes										
123	Real Estate	\$ 189.4	\$ 211.1	\$ 234.3	\$ 255.4	\$ 275.4	\$ 289.3	\$ 296.4	\$ 304.3	\$ 315.6	\$ 321.6
S	Personal Property	31.1	31.3	32.0	33.1	35.3	38.6	37.9	32.9	37.0	48.2
	Other	88.4	94.2	101.5	109.4	111.0	112.2	112.3	114.3	118.2	121.1
	Transfer	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Grants and Contributions										
	not restricted to other programs	29.2	30.4	29.5	31.0	32.4	31.8	32.4	31.5	32.4	41.5
	Interest and Investment Earnings	3.6	1.7	4.9	9.1	6.9	6.0	1.7	0.4	1.0	1.3
	Miscellaneous	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.6	1.1	0.8	1.0	1.2
	Subtotal Governmental Activities	\$ 343.3	\$ 369.1	\$ 402.7	\$ 438.9	\$ 461.6	\$ 478.5	\$ 481.8	\$ 484.2	\$ 505.2	\$ 534.9
	Business-type Activities:										
	Total Primary Government	\$ 343.3	\$ 369.1	\$ 402.7	\$ 438.9	\$ 461.6	\$ 478.5	\$ 481.8	\$ 484.2	\$ 505.2	\$ 534.9
	Change in Net Assets										
	Governmental Activities:	\$ (71.0)	\$ (75.9)	\$ (55.2)	\$ (35.2)	\$ (66.0)	\$ (17.8)	\$ (7.8)	\$ 41.9	\$ 16.8	\$ 3.4
		\$ (71.0)	\$ (75.9)	\$ (55.2)	\$ (35.2)	\$ (66.0)	\$ (17.8)	\$ (7.8)	\$ 41.9	\$ 16.8	\$ 3.4

Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In millions)

TABLE II

		2003	2	2004		2005	2006		2007	2008		2009		2010	2	2011	2012
General Property Taxes	\$	218.9	\$	243.5	\$	265.3	\$ 290.1	\$	310.8	\$ 324.1	\$	333.5	\$	337.2	\$	351.6	\$ 366.2
Other Local Taxes		88.1		94.0		101.5	109.5		111.0	112.3		112.3		114.4		118.3	121.1
Permits Fees and License		4.5		4.0		4.5	6.5		7.2	5.8		5.7		4.8		7.1	8.8
Fines and Forfeitures		3.9		4.2		4.0	3.5		3.6	3.9		4.1		3.9		4.5	4.9
Use of Money and Property		6.3		4.6		7.9	12.1		15.8	12.0		6.2		3.8		4.1	4.6
Charges for Services		15.6		16.1		19.2	23.9		23.2	25.8		25.3		27.0		29.9	32.2
Intergovernmental Revenue		92.9		95.4		90.1	92.1		111.5	100.7		116.0		110.1		101.9	111.1
Sale of Surplus Property		-		2.8		-	0.5		-	-		-		-		-	-
Miscellaneous and																	
Non Revenue Receipts		4.8		7.6		4.2	 5.1		7.3	10.2		15.8		5.5		7.5	8.3
Total Governmental Revenues	\$	435.1	\$	472.1	\$	496.7	\$ 543.3	\$	590.4	\$ 594.8	\$	618.9	\$	606.7	\$	624.9	\$ 657.2
Expenditures																	
General Government		31.9		36.1		37.7	39.6		45.5	43.0		46.7		45.2		44.3	46.8
Judicial Administration		12.5		13.5		14.1	15.0		17.1	18.7		18.9		18.8		19.3	20.0
Public Safety		86.6		89.6		93.8	104.5		109.6	112.2		116.8		115.0		118.4	123.8
2 Public Works		29.8		30.0		30.1	32.6		35.5	36.7		36.9		42.3		37.9	41.0
Library		5.1		5.5		6.0	6.4		6.8	6.9		6.8		6.1		5.9	6.1
Health and Welfare		71.5		73.5		78.9	83.9		88.9	95.7		96.8		90.2		92.1	93.1
Transit and Transit Transfer		8.5		9.1		10.5	12.5		14.1	14.1		12.5		13.1		16.3	15.9
Culture and Recreation		17.4		18.5		20.1	21.8		23.6	24.5		23.2		21.8		22.8	23.2
Community Development		12.1		13.3		15.1	23.3		31.3	34.4		28.5		19.3		22.8	25.9
Education		122.9		128.0		141.7	139.4		150.7	164.2		168.0		167.5		170.1	178.5
Capital Outlay		49.4		53.4		51.5	79.1		93.5	75.8		100.7		93.4		91.5	71.8
Debt Service - Principal		10.4		10.9		13.2	16.5		17.7	18.2		19.1		19.5		21.1	23.7
- Interest		7.2		7.9		9.6	10.5		13.3	12.3		12.8		15.1		17.4	19.5
Total Governmental Expenditures	\$	465.2	\$	489.1	\$	522.3	\$ 585.1	\$	647.6	\$ 656.7	\$	687.7	\$	667.3	\$	679.9	\$ 689.3
Excess of Revenues	\$	(30.1)	\$	(17.0)	\$	(25.6)	\$ (41.8)	\$	(57.2)	\$ (61.9)	\$	(68.8)	\$	(60.6)	\$	(55.0)	\$ (32.1)
over (under) expenditures																	
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)																	
Issuance of Debt		-		67.9		55.8	72.7		0.1	-		145.7		-		74.2	74.8
Sale of Land																	0.6
Transfers in		48.0		45.0		54.7	59.0		49.1	67.8		58.9		48.6		47.9	61.7
Transfers out		(47.6)		(46.5)		(54.7)	 (59.5)		(50.0)	(67.8)		(58.2)		(48.9)		(48.1)	(65.2)
Total Other Financing Sources			Φ.		_			Φ.	(0.5)		Φ.		Φ.	<u> </u>			
(Uses)	\$	0.4	\$	66.3	\$	55.8	\$ 72.2	\$	(0.8)	\$ - ((1.0)	\$	146.4	\$	(0.3)	\$	74.0	\$ 71.9
Net change in Fund Balance Debt Service as percentage of noncapital	\$	(29.7)	\$	49.3	\$	30.2	\$ 30.4	\$	(58.0)	\$ (61.9)	\$	77.6	\$	(60.9)	\$	19.0	\$ 39.8
expenditures		4.23%		4.31%		4.84%	5.34%		5.59%	5.25%		5.43%		6.03%		6.54%	7.00%
	A	mounts n	nay no	ot add due	to ro	ounding											

City of Alexandria, Virginia Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE III

		Fiscal Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2 0 10	2011	2 0 12
	General	Real Estate	\$ 186,431,815	\$ 210,922,789	\$ 232,528,457	\$ 255,141,063	\$ 274,477,589	\$ 287,344,299	\$ 295,518,893	\$ 302,666,192	\$ 314,506,526	\$ 326,248,520
	Property Taxes	Personal	30,745,962	30,944,059	31,243,560	33,163,126	34,487,106	34,883,037	36,023,945	32,923,178	34,891,944	37,897,525
		Penalties and Interest	1,76 1,58 5	1,657,926	1,514,783	1,751,503	1,856,927	1,885,683	1,939,225	1,631,548	2,246,186	2,092,976
		Local Sales	\$ 21,216,124	\$ 22,541,886	\$ 23,812,277	\$ 25,264,689	\$ 25,440,638	\$ 24,256,803	\$ 21,679,635	\$ 22,744,483	\$ 23,880,909	\$ 24,949,593
		Utility	17,793,919	18,570,290	18,520,667	17,587,865	13,836,170	10,019,854	10,409,248	10,462,233	10,812,989	10,322,623
		Business License	23,679,889	25,601,366	27,098,032	28,381,583	30,947,412	32,026,526	30,527,956	30,295,624	30,444,798	3 1,468,957
		Cable TV Franchise Lice	978,574	1,089,381	1,154,576	1,240,841	720,926	-	-	-	-	-
		Motor Vehicle License	2,313,054	2,427,656	2,460,980	2,461,023	2,429,078	3,197,576	3,085,288	3,172,254	3,324,937	3,348,075
125		Bank Franchise	1,922,095	1,111,691	1,364,270	1,784,565	1,540,550	1,263,689	1,855,496	2,432,312	2,670,275	2,768,991
SI	0.1	Tobacco	2,083,135	2,430,092	2,277,366	2,840,486	2,932,386	2,681,573	2,719,084	2,910,382	2,777,052	2,674,157
	Other Local	Recordation	3,262,783	4,046,517	7,244,022	7,818,676	6,561,330	4,947,208	3,206,705	3,313,547	3,668,663	5,152,593
	Taxes	Transient Lodging	5,241,018	6,323,906	7,183,067	7,811,884	7,415,060	8,506,762	10,592,806	10,824,410	11,245,201	11,3 75,12 1
		Restaurant Food	8,792,704	9,051,520	9,598,763	10,094,267	10,657,839	10,972,048	14,912,796	14,908,999	16,214,900	16,313,765
		Te le c o m m u n i c a t i o n	792,025	727,384	726,112	725,684	691,023	857,354	829,291	8 19 ,3 13	839,848	564,219
		Admissions	-	-	-	1,149,537	1,058,226	1,090,067	1,103,782	1,125,172	1,082,685	1,093,182
		Cell Phone	-	-	-	2,305,525	1,397,452	-	-	-	-	-
		Communications Sales '	-	-	-	-	5,3 18,2 53	12,402,256	11,268,560	11,3 15,54 1	11,2 59,53 4	11,030,711
		Ot he r	44,528	39,266	28,428	28,931	33,024	42,225	80,723	47,081	37,566	39,246
		Total	\$ 307,059,210	\$ 337,485,729	\$ 366,755,360	\$ 399,551,248	\$ 421,800,989	\$ 436,376,960	\$ 445,753,433	\$ 451,592,269	\$ 469,904,013	\$ 487,340,254

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Real Estate Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Calendar Years

Table IV

Real Property (Amounts in thousands)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of

	_	the Lev	/y		Total Collections to date		
Calendar Year Ended December 31,	Taxes Levied for the Calendar Year*	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2002	174,827	172,296	98.55%	2,520	174,816	99.99%	
2003	199,799	196,181	98.19%	3,606	199,787	99.99%	
2004	225,156	223,047	99.06%	2,094	225,141	99.99%	
2005	250,180	247,166	98.80%	3,000	250,166	99.99%	
2006	267,015	264,951	99.23%	1,882	266,833	99.93%	
2007	282,563	279,948	99.07%	2,566	282,514	99.98%	
2008	296,204	292,996	98.92%	3,100	296,096	99.96%	
2009	308,330	305,691	99.14%	664	306,355	99.36%	
2010	308,848	305,548	98.93%	2,853	308,401	99.86%	
2011	315,459	314,116	99.57%	-	305,548	96.86%	

^{*} Levy adjusted for changes since original levy

Table V

Personal Property (Amounts in thousands)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of Taxes Levied for the Calendar Year Total Collections to date the Levy Collections in Calendar Year Ended December Commonwealth Percentage of Subsequent Percentage 31. Total Reimbursement # Amount Levy Years of Levy Amount 2002 58,478 21,122 49,216 84.16% 3,880 53,096 90.80% 22,915 2003 60,472 50,576 83.64% 3,711 54,287 89.77% 2004 56,059 21,936 48,535 86.58% 3,860 52,395 93.46% 22,558 55,229 2005 58,942 50,422 85.55% 4,807 93.70% 2006 62,213 24,193 55,284 88.86% 2,745 58,029 93.27% 61,974 93.88% 2007 23,849 55,247 89.15% 2,936 58,183 2008 62,740 23,768 56,201 89.58% 3,114 59,315 94.54% 60,820 2009 24,635 54,784 90.08% 1,772 56,556 92.99% 92.22% 2,150 57,761 95.79% 2010 60,301 24,057 55,611 2011 62,364 93.07% 58,042 23,033 58,042 93.07%

[#] Commonwealth reimbursement included in taxes levied and collections.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Real and Personal Property Tax Assessments and Rates Last Ten Calendar Years

TABLE VI

Real Property (\$000) Personal P	Property (\$000)
----------------------------------	------------------

Calendar Year	Residential	Commercial	Total	Tax Rate per \$100	Motor Vehicle and Tangibles Assessments	Tax Rate per \$100	Machine and Tools Assessment	Tax Rate per \$100	Total Assessment
2002	8,889,290	7,243,699	16,132,989	1.080	1,409,955	4.75	16,351	4.50	1,426,306
2003	11,191,850	8,034,076	19,225,926	1.035	1,459,886	4.75	20,369	4.50	1,480,255
2004	13,224,543	9,532,642	22,757,185	0.995	1,391,110	4.75	17,895	4.50	1,409,005
2005	16,272,324	11,087,326	27,359,650	0.915	1,455,520	4.75	15,009	4.50	1,470,529
2006	20,331,756	12,574,963	32,906,719	0.815	1,394,947	4.75	14,906	4.50	1,409,853
2007	20,143,403	15,411,555	35,554,958	0.830	1,426,679	4.75	11,485	4.50	1,438,164
2008	20,139,614	14,963,203	35,102,817	0.845	1,354,932	4.75	17,837	4.50	1,372,769
2009	19,152,518	14,811,680	33,964,198	0.903	1,170,972	4.75	14,246	4.50	1,185,218
2010	18,270,905	13,378,585	31,649,490	0.978	1,226,896	4.75	14,336	4.50	1,241,232
2011	18,430,731	14,201,221	32,631,952	0.998	1,309,164	4.75	10,665	4.50	1,319,829

Note: Property is assessed each year as of January 1. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore assessed values are equal to actual values. Tax rates are assessed per \$100 of assessed values.

TABLE VII

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Net Assets

Last Ten Fiscal Years (in millions)

	Governmental Activities	2003 a	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 160.6	\$ 119.5	\$ 100.2	\$ 105.6	\$170.0	\$ 231.0	\$ 153.3	\$ 248.0	\$ 335.4	\$ 321.6
	Restricted for:										
	Affordable Housing	-	-	-	3.0	0.3	-	-	-	-	-
	Capital Projects	72.8	115.7	148.3	157.2	101.6	51.5	134.7	72.3	-	-
	Unrestricted Net Assets	67.9	67.7	63.9	81.6	88.7	60.3	47.0	57.3	59.0	76.2
	Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$ 301.3	\$ 302.9	\$ 312.4	\$ 347.4	\$ 360.6	\$ 342.8	\$ 335.0	\$ 377.6	\$ 394.4	\$ 397.8
	Business-type Activities Net Assets										
	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
128	Unrestricted Net Assets										-
	Subtotal Business-type Activities Net Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	Primary Government										
	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	160.6	119.5	100.2	105.6	170.0	231.0	153.3	248.0	335.4	321.6
	Restricted for:										
	Affordable Housing	-	-	-	3.0	0.3	-	-	-	-	-
	Capital Projects	72.8	115.7	148.3	157.2	101.6	51.5	134.7	72.3	-	-
	Unrestricted Net Assets	67.9	67.7	63.9	81.6	88.7	60.3	47.0	57.3	59.0	76.2
	Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$ 301.3	\$ 302.9	\$ 312.4	\$ 347.4	\$ 360.6	\$ 342.8	\$ 335.0	\$ 377.6	\$ 394.4	\$ 397.8

^a Recycling fund transferred to the General Fund in FY 2003

Amounts may not add due to rounding

Note: Accounting Standards require that net assets be reported in three components in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE VIII

		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
General Fund																				
Reserved for:																				
Encumbrances	\$	2,386,468	\$	1,525,942	\$	2,087,658	\$	1,845,820	\$	2,345,051	\$	1,579,168	\$	1,967,201	\$	2,007,557	\$	-	\$	-
Inventories		1,537,404		1,681,593		1,970,689		2,189,185		2,347,911		1,588,472		1,891,281		1,827,459		-		-
Notes Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-		400,000		400,000		-		-
Unreserved		54,193,856		59,589,075		58,216,836		63,343,040		67,560,766		62,320,401		49,048,509		58,806,355		-		-
Non-Spendable																		5,509,288		8,099,925
Committed																		16,149,828		17,219,808
Assigned																		30,009,737		27,235,643
Unassigned																		29,191,314		30,427,629
Subtotal General Fund	\$	58,117,728	\$	62,796,610	\$	62,275,183	\$	67,378,045	\$	72,253,728	\$	65,488,041	\$	53,306,991	\$	63,041,371	\$	80,860,167	\$	82,983,005
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved For Capital Projects	S	63,968,631	c	105,611,068	¢	126,848,380	¢	141,395,119	¢	83,700,361	c	2,691,739	¢	101,741,783	\$	39,286,809	\$	_	\$	
Notes Receivable	Ф	1,922,984	Þ	4,227,041	Ф	4,147,198	Ф	2,015,393	Ф	1,236,283	Ф	1,204,885	Ф	2,673,806	Ф	2,650,025	Ф	-	Ф	-
Encumbrances		8,788,237		10,042,480		21,501,270		18,055,741		1,230,283		50,019,226		34,830,199		30,913,373		-		-
Unreserved Special Revenue		11,761,929		11,359,179		9,831,441		26,366,419		20,909,225		15,523,030		20,280,831		15,972,479		-		-
onreserved special revenue		11,/01,929		11,339,179		9,031,441		20,300,419		20,909,223		13,323,030		20,260,631		13,912,419		-		-
Unreserved Capital Projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Non-Spendable (Special Revenue Fund																		2,625,521		2,596,021
Restricted (Special Revenue Fund)																		9,720,387		7,748,211
Committed (Special Revenue Fund)																		8,562,334		12,575,087
Committed (Capital Projects)																		64,184,449		97,523,662
Assigned (Special Revenue Fund)																		4,961,270		7,730,465
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	86,441,781	\$	131,239,768	\$	162,328,289	\$	187,832,672	\$	125,321,718	\$	69,438,880	\$	159,526,619	\$	88,822,686	\$	90,053,961	\$	128,173,446

With the implementaion of GASB Statement No. 54 in Fiscal Year 2011, the fund balance terminology was changed.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA 2012 Tax Rates for Major Revenue Sources

TABLE IX

Real Estate Tax 99.8¢ per \$100 assessed value

Personal Property Tax \$4.50 per \$100 assessed value (machinery and tools)

\$4.75 per \$100 assessed value (tangible personal property)

\$3.55 per \$100 assessed value (handicap vehicles)

Utility Tax (for residential users) 15% of water service charge

\$1.12 plus \$0.012075 of each kwh (\$2.40 maximum)

\$1.28 plus \$0.124444 of each CCF gas delivered (\$2.40 maximum)

\$1.28 plus \$0.050909 of each CCF gas delivered-group meter consumers) (\$2.40

maximum per dwelling unit)

\$1.28 plus 0.023267 of each CCF gas delivered-group meter interruptible

consumers (\$2.40 maximum per dwelling unit)

Utility Tax (for commercial users) 15% of first \$150 of water service charge

> \$0.97 plus \$0.004610 of each kwh delivered-commercial consumer \$0.97 plus \$0.003755 of each kwh delivered-industrial consumer

\$1.42 plus \$0.050213 each CCF gas delivered-commercial/industrial consumer \$4.50 plus \$0.003670 of each CCF gas delivered-non-residential interruptible gas

consumers

Business and Professional Licenses

\$5 - \$1,500 Alcoholic Beverages

First year of operation:

Gross receipts less than \$100,000 No tax due

Gross receipts of greater than \$100,000 and

less than \$2,000,000 \$50

Gross receipts of \$2,000,000 or more Same as renewal for greater than \$100,000 below

Renewal business

Gross receipts of greater than \$10,000 and

less than \$100,000:

\$50 Any business

Gross receipts of \$100,000 or more

Amusement and Entertainment \$0.36 per \$100 gross receipts Professional \$0.58 per \$100 gross receipts Renting of Residential Property \$0.50 per \$100 gross receipts Renting of Commercial Property \$0.35 per \$100 gross receipts Financial Services \$0.35 per \$100 gross receipts Personal, Business and Repair Service \$0.35 per \$100 gross receipts Retail Merchants \$0.20 per \$100 gross receipts Restaurants \$0.20 per \$100 gross receipts \$0.16 per \$100 gross receipts Contractors Wholesale Merchants \$0.05 per \$100 total purchases

Public Utilities

Telephone \$0.50 per \$100 gross receipts Telegraph \$2.00 per \$100 gross receipts Communication Tax 5% of statewide communication tax Water, heat, electric and gas companies \$0.50 per \$100 gross receipts

Admissions Tax 10% of admissions up to \$0.50 per person

Public Rights-of-Way Use Fee \$0.83 per line per month

Local Sales Tax 1% added to the rate of the state retail tax imposed Daily Rental Tax 1% on the gross proceeds excluding heavy equipment 1.5% on the gross proceeds for heavy equipment Cigarette Tax

\$0.80 on each package of twenty cigarettes

Transient Lodging Tax 6.5% of total amount paid for room rental plus

\$1 per night lodging fee

Restaurant Meal Tax 4% on all food and drink

Recordation Tax \$0.083 per \$100 of sales price – City (State is \$0.25 per \$100)

Grantor Deed Tax \$0.50 per \$500 of sales price

SOURCE: Department of Finance, Revenue Administration

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE X

			2003	2004		2005	2006	2007
	Assessed Value of Real Property, January 1	\$	19,225,926,000	\$ 21,580,995,000	\$	27,359,649,900	\$ 32,906,720,000	\$ 34,243,031,000
	Debt Limit: 10 percent		1,922,592,600	2,258,099,500		2,735,964,990	3,290,672,000	3,424,303,100
	Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit Legal Debt Margin		143,615,000 1,778,977,600	\$ 197,520,000 2,060,579,500		241,890,000 \$2,494,074,990	296,540,000 \$2,994,132,000	 278,525,000 \$3,145,778,100
	Debt as a Percentage of Assessed Value		0.75%	0.92%		0.88%	0.90%	0.81%
1		2008		2009	2010		2011	 2012
131	Assessed Value of Real Property, January 1	\$	35,554,958,000	\$ 34,379,163,000	\$	31,649,490,000	\$ 32,631,952,000	\$ 33,782,697,985
	Debt Limit: 10 percent		3,555,495,800	3,437,916,300		3,164,949,000	3,263,195,200	3,378,269,799
	Debt Limit: 10 percent Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit Legal Debt Margin		3,555,495,800 260,350,000 \$3,295,145,800	3,437,916,300 383,950,000 \$3,053,966,300		3,164,949,000 364,485,000 \$2,800,464,000	3,263,195,200 415,720,000 \$2,847,475,200	 3,378,269,799 459,060,000 \$2,919,209,799

Limitations on the Incurrence of General Obligation Debt:

There is no requirement in the Virginia Constitution, the Virginia Statutes, or in the Charter of the City of Alexandria that the issuance of general obligation bonds of the City be subject to approval of the electors of the City at referendum.

Under the City Charter the City Council has full authority to authorize and issue general obligation bonds. The authorizing procedure consists of the passage on the first reading of and ordinance authorizing the issuance of the bonds, followed by a notice of public hearing at a subsequent meeting and the final passage on second reading following the public hearing.

The only constitutional limitation on the issuance of general obligation bonds is contained in Article VII, Section 10 of the Virginia Constitution, which states that: "No city or town shall issue any bonds or other interest-bearing obligations which, including existing indebtedness, shall at any time exceed ten percent of the assessed valuation of real estate in the city or town subject to taxation, as shown by the last preceding assessment for taxes."

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Ratio of Net General Debt ⁽¹⁾ to Assessed Value

Ratio of Net General Debt (1) to Assessed Valu and Net Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XI

Debt Per

		Asse	essed Value (\$000)) ⁽²⁾		Outstandin Percentage o	O			Capita As A Percentage
Year	Population ⁽³⁾	Real Property	Personal Property	Total	Outstanding Debt	Real Property	Total Property	Personal Income (\$100)	Debt Per Capita	of Per Capita Income ⁽⁴⁾
2003	135,000	19,225,926	1,459,886	20,685,812	143,615,000	0.75	0.69	7,165,859	1,064	2.0
2004	134,000	22,757,185	1,309,443	24,066,628	197,520,000	0.87	0.82	7,435,257	1,474	2.7
2005	135,000	27,359,650	1,359,782	28,719,432	241,890,000	0.88	0.84	7,776,966	1,792	3.1
2006	138,000	32,906,270	1,409,852	34,316,122	296,540,000	0.90	0.86	8,835,057	2,148	3.4
2007	139,000	35,554,958	1,411,599	36,966,557	278,525,000	0.78	0.75	9,507,531	2,004	2.9
2008	140,879	35,102,817	1,426,679	36,529,496	260,350,000	0.74	0.71	10,204,006	1,848	2.6
2009	144,100	33,964,198	1,354,932	35,319,130	383,950,000	1.13	1.09	10,178,071	2,664	3.7
2010	139,966	31,649,490	1,170,972	32,820,462	364,485,000	1.15	1.11	10,441,443	2,604	3.4
2011	141,287	32,631,952	1,226,896	33,858,848	415,720,000	1.27	1.23	10,627,334	2,942	3.8
2012	144,301	33,782,698	1,309,164	35,091,862	459,060,000	1.36	1.31	10,758,922	3,181	4.0

⁽¹⁾ Net General Debt includes general obligation bonds and term notes.

⁽²⁾ Includes real and personal property as adjusted for changes to levy.

⁽³⁾ SOURCE: Alexandria Department of Planning and Zoning and the United States Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽⁴⁾ Personal Income and per capita income represents data from the United States Bureau of Economic Analysis, as revised, that is generally two years old.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Overlapping Debt and Debt History June 30, 2012

TABLE XII

The City of Alexandria is autonomous from any county, town, or other political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia. There is no overlapping general obligation debt or taxing powers. The water system and the sewage treatment plant within the City are operated by a private company and an independent authority, respectively, for which the City has no debt obligations.

The City has never defaulted in the payment of any part of either principal or interest on any debt.

Credit Ratings Moody's Investors Service Aaa Standard & Poor's Corporation AAA

Paying Agents

The City's coupon bonds and interest coupons are payable at the Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., New York, New York, or SunTrust Bank in Richmond, Virginia. Registered bonds and interest are payable at the principal corporate trust office of the Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., New York, New York, or Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, which are the Registrars for bonds of the City of Alexandria.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for Net General Debt (1) to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XIII

Year	Principal	Interest and Other Costs	_	Total Debt Service	General Expenditures ⁽²⁾	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2003 \$	10,310,000	\$ 7,173,024	\$	17,483,024 \$	488,044,085	3.59
2004	10,795,000	7,887,768		18,682,768	516,275,303	3.62
2005	13,115,000	9,567,247		22,682,247	545,688,442	4.16
2006	16,350,000	10,502,282		26,852,282	623,774,871	4.30
2007	17,670,000	13,306,096		30,976,096	689,280,260	4.49
2008	18,175,000	12,344,320		30,519,320	688,844,141	4.43
2009	19,100,000	12,800,634		31,900,634	720,924,777	4.42
2010	19,465,000	15,123,463		34,588,463	705,338,251	4.90
2011	21,065,000	17,414,349		38,479,349	722,966,982	5.32
2012	23,725,000	19,492,222		43,217,222	735,769,542	5.87

⁽¹⁾ Net General Debt includes general obligation bonds

⁽²⁾ Includes expenditures for School Board and Library component units

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Demographic Statistics June 30, 2012

TABLE XIV

Population

Calendar Year	Population	<u>Calendar Year</u>	Population
1950	61,787	2008	140,024
1960	91,023	2009	144,100
1970	110,938	2010	139,966
1980	103,217	2011	141,287
1990	111,183	2012	144,301
2000	128.283		

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Census, "General Population Characteristics"

POPULATION INDICATORS PER CAPITA INCOME*

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Alexandria	\$52,125	\$52,344	\$53,711	\$58,365	\$61,147	\$65,141	\$70,632	\$72,220	\$70,846	\$76,362
Arlington	\$52,673	\$53,860	\$54,207	\$58,893	\$59,389	\$63,827	\$68,270	\$72,317	\$73,187	\$79,967
Fairfax (includes	\$51,931	\$52,494	\$53,981	\$57,169	\$60,289	\$64,698	\$67,909	\$69,885	\$69,241	\$66,679
Fairfax City and										
Falls Church)										
Washington MSA	\$40,672	\$42,404	\$43,693	\$46,311	\$48,697	\$57,746	\$62,484	\$56,510	\$56,984	\$57,343

^{*}The BEA has revised these numbers.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA UNEMPLOYMENT RATE LAST TEN YEARS

	2003	<u>2004</u>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011_	<u> 2012 </u>
Unemployment Rate	2.9%	3.2%	3.1%	2.6%	2.2%	2.9%	2.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.6%

SOURCE: Virginia Employment Commission

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Principal Taxpayers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Private Property

TABLE XV

				Percentage of
		20	12 Assessed	Total
			Value (In	Assessed
Owner's Name	Property		millions)	Valuation
1. LCOR Alexandria, L.L.C.	Office Buildings	\$	1,000.0	2.96%
2. Paradigm Companies	Meridian Apartments		516.0	1.50
3. Equity Residential	Apartments		470.1	1.39
4. Home Properties	Apartments		251.0	1.00
5. Washington Real Estate Investment Trust	Portfolio		337.4	0.99
6. Duke Realty	Mark Center Office Buildings		318.0	0.94
7. AIMCO Foxchase L.P.	Foxchase Apartments		308.2	0.91
8. Hoffman Family L.L.C.	Hoffman Office Buildings		269.4	0.79
9. Southern Towers L.L.C.	Southern Towers Apartments		241.5	0.71
10. Area Property Partners	Apartments/Warehouse		206.8	0.61

SOURCE: City of Alexandria, Department of Real Estate Assessments

				Percentage of
		2003	Assessed	Total
		Va	alue (In	Assessed
Owner's Name	Property	m	illions)	Valuation
1. LCOR Alexandria LLC	Vacant Land/Office Building		267.1	1.38%
2. AIMCO Foxchase L.P.	Foxchase Apartments	\$	166.3	0.86
3. Southern Towers L.P.	Southern Towers Apartments		134.6	0.70
4. Hoffman Buildings LP	Hoffman Office Buildings		124.6	0.64
5. SAP II-III/Stellar Housing Partnership	Oakwood Apartments		117.3	0.61
6. Carr Canal Center Props	Office Building		108.2	0.56
7. Potomac Yard Retail, Inc.	Potomac Yard Retail Center		106.4	0.55
8. Hoffman Family LLC	Vacant Land/Office Building		90.1	0.50
9. Millbrook Apartments Associates, L.L.C.	Millbrook Apartments		80.6	0.42
10 EQR Lincoln Alexandria L.L.C.	Reserve at Potomac Yard		73.0	0.38

SOURCE: City of Alexandria, Department of Real Estate Assessments

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

TABLE XV (Continued)

Public Service Companies

]	Percentage of
	2012	Assessed	Total
	Va	lue (In	Assessed
Owner's Name	mi	llions)	Valuation
1. GenOn Potomac River LLC	\$	202.6	0.6%
2. Virginia Electric & Power Company		179.8	0.53
3. Norfolk Southern Railway Company		72.9	0.22
4. Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac Railway Co		70.4	0.21
5. Verizon Virginia Inc.		60.0	0.18
6. Covanta Alexandria/Arlington, Inc.		51.6	0.15
7. Virginia-American Water Co.		49.3	0.15
8. Washington Gas Light Company		32.3	0.10
9. New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC		7.0	0.10
10. T-Mobile License		6.2	0.02

SOURCE: Virginia State Corporation Commission

		J	Percentage of
	200	3 Assessed	Total
	1	Value (In	Assessed
Owner's Name	1	millions)	Valuation
1. Mirant Potomac River, LLC	\$	217.00	1.12%
2. Virginia Electric Power Company		120.80	0.94
3. Verizon Virginia, Inc		101.10	0.52
4. Covanta Alexandria, Arlington, Inc		66.50	0.34
5. Richmond, Fredericksburg &Potomac Railway Co		47.50	0.25
6. Norfolk Southern Railway Company		39.90	0.21
7. Virginia American Water Company		33.30	0.17
8. Washington Gas Light Company		28.80	0.15
9. Potomac Electric Power Company		28.70	0.15
10. Jones Telecommunications of Virginia, Inc.		19.20	0.10

SOURCE: Virginia State Corporation Commission

Alexandria City School Board Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XVI

Fiscal Year	Total Enrollment ⁽¹⁾	Number Receiving Free or Reduced Meals	Number in English as Second Language	Number Receiving Special Education	Number in Elementary School Gifted and Talented Programs	Number in Middle (6-8) School Gifted and Talented Programs
2003	10,979	5,243	2,090	1,949	644	455
2004	11,104	5,525	2,412	1,999	543	470
2005	10,667	5,449	2,628	1,979	493	453
2006	10,284	5,169	2,379	1,900	436	442
2007	10,057	4,961	2,223	1,802	436	442
2008	10,557	5,012	2,083	1,786	451	435
2009	11,225	5,866	2,909	1,830	333	395
2010	11,623	6,264	2,572	1,747	451	330
2011	11,999	6,665	2,698	1,701	462	293
2012	12,395	6,916	3,005	1,686	495	326

SOURCE: City of Alexandria Public School System

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

General Fund

City Departments' Expenditures Detail by Function For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

TABLE XVII

	General	Judicial	Public	Public	Health and	Recreation	Community		Transit	Debt	
	Government	Adminis tration	Safety	Works	Welfare	& Culture	Development	Education	Subsidies	Service	Total
enditures:											
City Council	\$ 497,058	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s - s	497,05
City Manager	1,756,507	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,756,50
Office of Management and Budget	1,011,271	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,0 11,2 7
18th Circuit Court	-	1,388,121	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,388,12
18th General District Court	-	62,399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,39
Juvenile and Domestic Relations Courts.	-	26,548	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,54
Commonwealth's Attorney	-	2,510,074	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,510,07
Sheriff	-	7,715,062	19,617,873	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,332,93
Clerk of Courts	-	1,552,638		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,552,63
Other Correctional Activities	-	4,082,196	1,247,090	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,329,28
Court Services	-	1,428,818	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,428,81
Human Rights	600,748	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	600,74
Internal Audit	242,569	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	242,56
Information Technology Services	7,066,313	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,066,31
Office of Communications	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,766,826	-	-	-	1,766,82
City Clerk and Clerk of Council	396,874	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	396,87
Finance	11,093,830	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,093,83
Real Estate Assessments	1,591,528	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,59 1,52
Human Resources	2,876,753	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,876,75
Planning and Zoning	-	-	-		-	-	5,575,500	-	-	-	5,575,50
Economic Development Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,655,791	-	-	-	4,655,7
City Attorney	2,458,523	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,458,52
Registrar	1,164,912	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,164,9
General Services	2,771,980	-	-	9,528,214	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,300,19
Transportation and Environmental				-	-		-				
Services	-	-	-	25,776,294	-	-	2,847,866	-	-	-	28,624,16
Transit Subsidies	\	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,477,390	-	7,477,39
Fire	-	-	36,999,841	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,999,8
Police	-	-	51,293,299	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,293,29
Emergency Communications	-	-	5,979,383	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,979,38
Code Administration	-	-	766,443	-	-	-		-	-	-	766,44
Community and Human Services	1,587,106	-	-	-	13,305,448	-	-	-	-	-	14,892,55
Other Health Services	-	-	-	-	1,176,100	-	-	-	-	-	1,176,10
Health	-	-	-	-	6,444,185	-	212,899	-	-	-	6,657,08
Office of Historic Alexandria	-	-	-	-	-	2,800,516	-	-	-	-	2,800,5
Recreation and Cultural Activities	-	-	-	-	-	19,087,330	-	-	-	-	19,087,33
Other Educational Activities	-		-	-	-		-	12,288	-	-	12,28
Mis cellaneo us	10,958,133	-	1,145,198	1,599,739		-	227,274	-		43,217,222	57,147,56
Total Expenditures	46,074,105	\$ 18,765,856	\$ 117,049,127	\$ 36,904,247	\$ 20,925,733	\$ 21,887,846	\$ 15,286,156	\$ 12,288	\$ 7,477,390	\$ 43,217,222 \$	327,599,97

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA Government Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XVIII

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Government	303	305	304	300	300	297	273	269	259	270
Judicial Administration	119	117	120	121	120	120	120	123	123	123
Public Safety	900	910	926	929	933	936	937	930	934	973
Public Works	227	229	231	232	225	228	231	232	240	238
Library	52	54	55	55	55	55	56	55	54	55
Health and Welfare	497	511	502	509	514	515	511	510	530	532
Culture and Recreation	145	150	155	154	157	158	155	152	144	145
Community Development	67	57	57	57	55	55	59	57	57	62
Education	2,079	2,082	2,120	2,125	2,119	2,058	2,015	2,098	2,115	2,181
TOTAL	4,389	4,415	4,470	4,482	4,478	4,422	4,357	4,426	4,456	4,579

Principal Employers Current Year (as of July 1, 2012 and Nine Years Ago)

TABLE XIX

		Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Current Year	Employees (1)	Employment ⁽²⁾	Nine Years Ago	Employees (1)	Employment (2)
LARGEST PUBLIC EMPLOYERS	·		LARGEST PUBLIC EMPLOYERS		
U.S. Department of Commerce	1,000 & over	3.34%	U.S. Department of Defense	1,000 & over	3.70%
U.S. Department of Defense	1,000 & over	3.34%	City of Alexandria	2,276	2.81%
City of Alexandria	2,398	2.67%	Alexandria Public Schools	2,089	2.58%
Alexandria Public Schools	2,181	2.43%	WMATA (Metro)	1,000 & over	3.70%
WMATA	500-999	0.84%	U.S. Postal Services	500-999	0.83%
Northern Virginia Community College	500-999	0.84%	Northern Virginia Community College	500-999	0.92%
U.S. Department of Agriculture	500-999	0.84%	U.S. Department of Agrculture	500-999	0.92%
		14.30%	U.S. Department of Agriculture		15.46%
LARGEST PRIVATE EMPLOYERS			LARGEST PRIVATE EMPLOYERS		
The Alexandria Hospital	1000 & over	3.34%	The Alexandria Hospital	1,000 & over	3.70%
ABM Janitorial Services M Inc	1000 & over	3.34%	Institute for Defense Analysis	500-999	0.92%
Institute for Defense Analysis	1000 & over	3.34%	Panera Bread	500-999	0.92%
CNA Corporation	1000 & over	3.34%	CNA Corporation	500-999	0.92%
Gali Service Industries	1000 & over	3.34%	Boat America Corporation	500-999	0.92%
Oblon Spivak McClelland PC	250-499	0.42%	United Parcel Service, Inc	500-999	0.92%
Grant Thornton LLP	250-499	0.42%	Coleman and Associates Enterprises	250-499	0.46%
		17.54%			8.76%

SOURCE: Virginia Employment Commission

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ Employment ranges are given to ensure confindentiality.

 $^{^{\}left(2\right)}$ Percentages are based on the midpoint of the employment range.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA Operating Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XX

	2003		2004	2005	2006	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
Judicial Administration				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·												
Civil and criminal cases processed by																
Clerk of Courts	4,	785	5,346	5,780	5,255	5,657		5,730		5,700		5,666		6,700		6,950
Real estate documents processed	43.	805	50,522	43,900	44,844	31,009		29,396		29,000		26,340		25,000		25,000
Public Safety	,			10,200	,	,		,		,		,		,		,,
Fire calls requiring emergency response	5	586	6,256	5,666	6.001	5,956		5,990		6,050		6,080		5,900		5,950
Police calls for emergency service	,	401	2,379	2,148	2,100	2,458		2,500		2,500		2,500		**		**
EMS incidents responded to	*	101	*	*	*	*		*		11,583		12,500		15,000		15,000
Public Works										11,505		12,500		12,000		15,000
Sq yds of concrete sidewalks replaced	10.	575	7,846	7,448	7,012	10,099		8,000		8,000		3,450		5,635		5,600
Cubic yards of leaves collected		750	21,075	22,650	31,000	33,600		33,000		33,000		32,001		33,500		34,700
Library	-,		,	,	- ,	,		,		,		- ,		,		- ,
Circulation	1,044,	868	1,032,147	972,494	1,002,881	,145,490	1	1,234,726	1	,302,633]	1,215,000	1	,105,000	1	,060,000
Patron visits	833,	835	893,427	813,704	823,496	**		**		**		**		**		**
Number of reference questions answered	*		*	*	376,532	591,864		592,345		592,855		567,500		332,050		480,792
Health and Welfare																
Adolescent patient visits	3,	049	3,211	2,961	3,005	**		**		**		**		**		**
Average monthly food stamp cases	1,	206	1,530	1,658	1,637	1,675		1,675		3,294		4,098		4,586		4,898
Number of home based services	*		*	*	7,117	7,025		6,800	**		**		**		**	
Adult clients served	*		*	*	3,631	3,631		3,230		3,230		2,456		2,477		2,477
Transit																
Annual Ridership	2,986,	631	3,131,284	3,323,021	3,556,486	3,743,499	3	3,800,000	4	,006,825	3	3,880,000	3	3,741,499	3	,882,022
Operating cost per mile	\$ 4	1.80	\$ 5.13	\$ 5.72	**	**		**		**		**		**		**
Miles of service	*		*	*	1,396,590	,462,464]	1,505,000	1	,534,900]	,500,000]	,410,656	1	,472,993
Culture and Recreation																
Number of staff directed programs at																
City Recreation Centers and Playgrounds	20,	437	19,128	19,154	20,500	**		**		**		**		**		**
Average cost per park facility maintained	*		*	*	*	\$ 25,246	\$	23,018	\$	24,512	\$	22,671	\$	23,078	\$	7,963
Community Development																
Average Home rehabilitation loan	\$ 68,	529	\$ 59,757	\$ 73,036	74,693	**		**		**		**		**		**
Average Home rehabilitation loan cost	*		*	*	*	\$ 68,479	\$	69,484	\$	32,379	\$	61,154	\$	63,350	\$	71,737
Education																
Cost per pupil	,	914	\$ 12,918	\$ 13,670	\$ 15,871	\$ 18,232	\$	19,341	\$	19,078	\$	18,003	\$	18,169	\$	18,516
Enrollment	10,	979	10,752	10,677	10,284	10,332		10,557		11,225		11,623		11,999		12,798

^{* -} New indicator - Additional information will be provided as it becomes available. In FY 2007, the City reviewed and changed many operating indicators.

^{** -} Indicator no longer maintained

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA Capital Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XX (cont)

		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	Judicial Administration										
	Number of beds at Sheltercare	14	14	14	14	**	**	**	**	**	**
	Number of foster care homes	*	*	*	125	123	135	91	60	60	53
	Public Safety										
	Rescue apparatus	*	98	98	108	**	**	**	**	**	**
	Fire vehicles	*	*	*	*	132	136	130	137	139	138
	Public Works										
	Paved streets	513	514	514	514	514	521	514	514	514	556
	Sidewalks	321	321	321	321	321	321	321	321	321	319
	Library										
	Full service branches and central library	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	Health and Welfare										
_	Preventative health care sites	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
41	Transit										
	DASH transit buses	49	49	57	57	57	57	62	63	63	77
	Culture and Recreation										
	Play grounds	45	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	45	36
	Athletic fields available for games	*	*	*	48	48	50	50	56	48	49
	Acreage of park and open space	964	964	949	964	964	964	964	964	965	722.2
	Total number of faciliteis mainiatained	*	*	*	217	217	206	235	237	237	181
	Community Development										
	Public housing and public housing replacement units	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150
	Education										
	Public schools	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17

^{* -} New indicator - Additional information will be provided as it becomes available. In FY 2007, the City reviewed and changed many operating indicators.

SOURCE: City of Alexandria Approved Budget

^{** -} Indicator no longer maintained

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA **Miscellaneous Statistical Data**

As of June 30, 2012

Population Date of Incorporation 1779 Date of City Charter 1922 Number of Full-Time City Positions (Other than Schools) 2,394 Land Area 15.75 Square Miles Elevation 0 to 287 Feet Above Sea Level Location 38.8210 N 77.0861 W Climate Average January Temperature 34.9° Average July Temperature 79.2° **Transportation** Major Highways: Capital Beltway (I-95) I-395 (Shirley Highway) U.S. Route 1 George Washington Memorial Parkway Rail: The City is served by the north-south routes of Amtrak. The Virginia Railway

Express provides commuter service between Alexandria, Washington, D.C., Fredericksburg, and Manassas, Virginia. Freight lines entering the City are Conrail, CSX Transportation, and Norfolk Southern Company.

Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) provides light transit to the Washington Metro area. Four of the systems stations are located in Alexandria.

Air:

Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport is only minutes away from any location within the City.

Dulles International Airport provides international and longer domestic travel.

Ground:

The City is served by local bus service provided by the Alexandria Transit Company.

The City is served by the local and express buses of the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (METRO) and the Fairfax Connector.

Individualized service is available through privately owned taxicab fleets.

Port Facilities:

The port of Alexandria has two docks for ocean-going freighters and two major public docks. The 24-foot deep Potomac River channel runs the length of the Alexandria waterfront

1 opulation	
2012 Resident Population	14,301
Number of Households – 2010 Census	58,082
Household Size (2010 U.S. Census)2.03 Persons Pe	er Unit
2010 Population by Race (2010 U.S. Census Bureau):	
White	67.4%
Black	22.4%
Native American	.0.8%
Asian and Pacific Islanders	.6.6%
Multi-Racial	.2.9%
Hispanic (All Races)	16.4%
2010 Population by Age (U.S. Census Bureau Estimate):	
(1-17)	17.5%
(18-24)	.7.2%
(25-64)	66.0%
(65 +)	.9.3%
Registered Voters	
June 2012)1,888
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	
(Cases) - Monthly Average, 2012	473
Food Stamps (Cases) - Monthly Average, 2012	4,898
Medicaid (Cases) - Monthly Average, 2012	8,377
Economy	
Employed Residents, June 2012	2,800
Unemployed Residents, June 2012	4,384
Unemployed Rate, June 2012	.4.6%
Washington PMSA Inflation Rate, based	
on Consumer Price Index, for FY 2012	.3.1%

TABLE XXI

Miscellaneous Statistical Data

As of June 30, 2012

TABLE XXI

				IABLE
				(Contin
			Medical Facilities	Beds
Housing	2012	2011	Hospital:	Deus
110mbilig	2012	<u> </u>	INOVA Alexandria Hospital	318
Total Housing Units	72.376	74,648	Nursing Homes:	
Type of Single-Family Housing	,	, , -	Goodwin House	80
Detached	9.134	9,129	Hermitage Retirement Community	
Semi-Detached.		5,671	Woodbine Rehabilitation & Healthcare Center	307
Rowhouse		6,346	Washington House	
Condo Townhouse		1,012	Integrated Health Services of Northern Virginia	111
Total Single-Family	22 196	22,158	integrated Health Services of Northern Virginia	111
Condominium Units	19 844	18,274	Libraries	Number
Rental Apartments	29 186	33,066	Central Library	
Public Housing and Public Housing	27,100	33,000	Full service branches	3
Replacement Units	1 150	1,150	(Books and other materials for home use as well as ele	ectronic and print
Average Assessed Value of	1,130	1,150	reference service)	conomic and print
Single Family Homes	\$632,959	\$617,286	Local History – Special Collections I	1
Average Assessed Value of	\$032,737	\$017,200	Talking book service.	1
Condominiums	\$266.019	\$266,541	1 warm 8 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1	
	\$400,718	φ400,541	Education	
Average Market Rents	¢1 110	\$1,060	Public Schools:	Number
Efficiency	\$1,11U \$1,420	\$1,060 \$1,380	Elementary	13
1 Bedroom Apartment	\$1,43U		Middle	
2 Bedroom Apartment	\$1,//0	\$1,765 \$1,016	High School	
3 Bedroom Apartment	\$1,949	\$1,916	Parochial and Private Schools	
	.4			
Communica	auons		Higher Education:	
Television:			Located within the City are the Alexandria campus of	Northern Virginia
All major networks plus cable				
Local Newspapers:			Community College, Regent University, and the Epist Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason	
			Seminary Nearby institutions include George Mason	(teorge Washingto
Alexandria Gazette Packet (weekly)				
Regional Newspapers:			American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard University	
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post				
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times			American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions	rsities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner			American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks	rsities15
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio:			American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions	rsities15
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner	metropolitan a	rea	American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard University Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions	
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in	-		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels	rsities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio:	-		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel.	rsities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in the Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets:	valks and Alle	eys	American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard UniverFinancial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge	rsities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	valks and Alle	eys516	American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn	rsities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in the Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets:	valks and Alle	eys516	American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers	rsities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	valks and Alle		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel. Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn	rsities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	valks and Alle		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn	Rooms 26 40 49 98
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	valks and Alle		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	valks and Alle		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	valks and Alle		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	valks and Alle		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in stations in stations. Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	s Domini		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in stations in stations. Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	s Domini		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Virgi	s Dominionina - America		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel. Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn. Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn. Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Virgi Sewer	s Dominic Alexandria Re		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel. Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn. Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn. Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Virgi	s Dominic Alexandria Re		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas	sDominio inia - America Alexandria ReComcas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas Water Virgi Sewer Cable Public Recre	sDominionia - America Alexandria ResComcas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 1195 241 178
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas Water Sewer Cable Public Recre	sDominionia - America Alexandria ResComcas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 40 49 98 150 201 208 268 104 49 98 178 185 246 195 241 178 132
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Virgi Sewer Cable Public Recre Acreage Facilities:	sDominionia - America Alexandria ReComcas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 40 49 98 150 201 208 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241 178 132 45
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Cable Public Recre Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas	s Dominion Alexandria Reaction		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria Old Towne	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241 178 132 45 254
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Cable Public Recre Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools	sDominionia - America Alexandria ReComcasi		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria at Carlyle	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241 178 132 45 254 240
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Cable Public Recre Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools Gymnasiums	s Dominionia - America Alexandria Re Comeas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria at Carlyle Courtyard Alexandria Pentagon South	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 2241 178 132 45 254 240 181
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas Water Cable Public Recre Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools Gymnasiums Basketball Courts (outdoor)	s Dominion Alexandria Reaction		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria at Carlyle. Courtyard Alexandria Pentagon South Sheraton Suites Alexandria	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241 178 132 45 254 240 181 203 247
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Virgi Sewer Cable Public Recre Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools Gymnasiums Basketball Courts (outdoor) Tennis Courts	sDomini inia - America Alexandria ReComcas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria at Carlyle Courtyard Alexandria Pentagon South Sheraton Suites Alexandria Westin Alexandria	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241 178 132 45 254 240 181 203 247
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas Water Cable Public Recre Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools Gymnasiums Basketball Courts (outdoor)	sDomini inia - America Alexandria ReComcas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria old Towne Residence Inn Alexandria at Carlyle. Courtyard Alexandria Westin Alexandria Westin Alexandria Courtyard Alexandria Tech Center	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241 178 132 45 254 240 181 203 247 319 178
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Virgi Sewer Cable Public Recre Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools Gymnasiums Basketball Courts (outdoor) Tennis Courts	sDomini inia - America Alexandria ReComcas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria old Town Residence Inn Alexandria at Carlyle Courtyard Alexandria Pentagon South Sheraton Suites Alexandria Courtyard Alexandria Tech Center Springhill Suites Alexandria Tech Center	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241 178 132 45 254 240 181 203 247 319 178
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved Utilities Telephone Electric Gas. Water Virgi Sewer Cable Public Recre Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools. Gymnasiums Basketball Courts (outdoor) Tennis Courts	sDomini inia - America Alexandria ReComcas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria old Towne Residence Inn Alexandria at Carlyle. Courtyard Alexandria Westin Alexandria Westin Alexandria Courtyard Alexandria Tech Center	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241 178 132 45 254 240 181 203 247 319 178
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidew Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	sDomini inia - America Alexandria ReComcas		American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Alexandria Days Inn Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco Holiday Inn Historic District Homestead Studio Suites Morrison House Crown Plaza Alexandria Old Town Residence Inn Alexandria old Town Residence Inn Alexandria at Carlyle Courtyard Alexandria Pentagon South Sheraton Suites Alexandria Courtyard Alexandria Tech Center Springhill Suites Alexandria Tech Center	Rooms 26 40 49 98 150 200 268 104 80 185 496 246 195 241 178 132 45 254 240 181 203 247 319 178 155 107

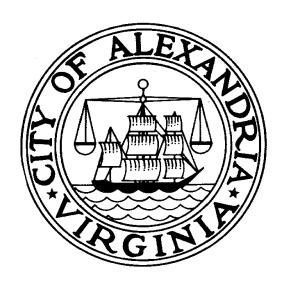
Five-Year Summary of General Fund Revenues and Expenditures

Table XXII

D.	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues:	¢ 224 112 010	f 222 402 072	£ 227 220 010	£ 240 770 925	© 262 774 571
General Property Taxes Other Local Taxes	\$ 324,113,019	\$ 333,482,063	\$ 337,220,918	\$ 349,779,825	\$ 363,774,571
Permits, Fees, and Licenses	112,263,941 4,764,924	112,271,370	114,371,351	118,259,357 2,543,789	121,101,233 2,373,448
Fines and Forfeitures	3,903,807	4,827,422	4,811,588	4,472,520	
	9,044,947	4,116,453 4,433,015	3,941,372		4,869,294
Use of Money and Property Charges for Services			3,033,638	3,591,323	3,947,855
Intergovernmental Revenues	11,302,195 54,447,311	12,404,166	13,803,578	14,939,668 53,728,609	16,474,115
Miscellaneous	618,907	53,095,127	52,465,911 787,960		55,484,133
Miscenaneous	018,907	1,065,130	787,900	987,727	1,195,495
Total Revenues	\$ 520,459,051	\$ 525,694,746	\$ 530,436,316	\$ 548,302,818	\$ 569,220,144
Other Financing Sources:					
Operating Transfers In	\$ 1,311,109	\$ 2,223,910	\$ 1,301,560	\$ 1,446,713	\$ 1,394,903
Refunding Bonds	-	=	=	-	63,625,000
Premium					9,829,827
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,311,109	\$ 2,223,910	\$ 1,301,560	\$ 1,446,713	\$ 74,849,730
Total Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources	\$ 521,770,160	\$ 527,918,656	\$ 531,737,876	\$ 549,749,531	\$ 644,069,874
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	\$ 42,536,812	\$ 46,137,096	\$ 44,487,379	\$ 43,476,795	\$ 46,074,105
Judicial Administration	17,028,954	17,958,782	17,743,109	17,895,917	18,765,856
Public Safety	108,941,895	113,896,868	111,666,800	111,860,869	117,049,127
Public Works	34,206,948	34,755,649	33,298,427	34,396,222	36,904,247
Library	6,920,124	6,793,868	6,074,971	5,879,455	6,145,662
Health and Welfare	21,058,544	20,723,663	19,152,519	20,101,509	20,925,733
Transit	14,136,260	12,550,443	13,076,158	16,273,035	15,937,959
Culture and Recreation	23,822,427	23,109,869	20,748,594	21,586,342	21,887,846
Community Development	13,009,454	13,840,168	12,594,376	13,542,955	15,286,156
Education	160,252,096	167,965,753	165,568,264	167,898,796	174,968,708
Debt Services:					
Principal Retired	18,175,000	19,100,000	19,465,000	21,065,000	23,725,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	12,344,320	12,800,635	15,123,463	17,414,349	19,492,222
Total Expenditures	\$ 472,432,834	\$ 489,632,794	\$ 478,999,060	\$ 491,391,244	\$ 517,162,621
Other Financing Uses:					
Payment to Refunded Bonds					
Escrow Agent	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,150,309
Operating Transfers Out	55,343,575	50,769,720	42,940,615	40,621,320	52,077,786
Total Other Financing Uses	\$ 55,343,575	\$ 50,769,720	\$ 42,940,615	\$ 40,621,320	\$ 125,228,095
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 527,776,409	\$ 540,402,514	\$ 521,939,675	\$ 532,012,564	\$ 642,390,716
Financing Oses	\$ 327,770,409	\$ 340,402,314	\$ 321,939,073	\$ 332,012,304	\$ 042,390,710
Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Over/(Under) Expendiures and Other					
Financing Uses	\$ (6,006,249)	\$ (12,483,858)	\$ 9,798,201	\$ 17,736,967	\$ 1,679,158
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	72,253,728	65,488,041	53,306,991	63,041,371	80,860,167
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	(759,438)	302,808	(63,821)	81,829	443,680
ETINID DATANCES					
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 65,488,041	\$ 53,306,991	\$ 63,041,371	\$ 80,860,167	\$ 82,983,005
0	\$ 05,700,071	33,300,771	<u> </u>	ψ 00,000,107	Ψ 02,703,003

Summary of Total General Obligation Bonds Debt Service As of June 30, 2012

Fiscal Year	Total Principle	Total Interest	Total
2013	27,280,000	\$19,703,982	46,983,982
2014	29,935,000	\$18,580,351	48,515,351
2015	31,665,000	\$17,407,351	49,072,351
2016	32,250,000	\$16,149,294	48,399,294
2017	32,190,000	\$14,719,519	46,909,519
2018	32,110,000	\$13,319,206	45,429,206
2019	32,065,000	\$11,896,806	43,961,806
2020	30,050,000	\$10,513,716	40,563,716
2021	27,120,000	\$9,255,587	36,375,587
2022	24,295,000	\$8,067,681	32,362,681
2023	24,385,000	\$6,949,456	31,334,456
2024	21,315,000	\$5,886,769	27,201,769
2025	21,315,000	\$4,954,494	26,269,494
2026	19,275,000	\$4,045,006	23,320,006
2027	16,310,000	\$3,131,500	19,441,500
2028	16,310,000	\$2,349,275	18,659,275
2029	16,310,000	\$1,560,413	17,870,413
2030	12,960,000	\$842,800	13,802,800
2031	8,160,000	\$335,600	8,495,600
2032	3,760,000	\$75,200	3,835,200
Total	\$459,060,000	\$169,744,006	628,804,006



SINGLE AUDIT





Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alexandria, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alexandria, Virginia (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2012. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Alexandria Library System, a discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the financial statements, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the City of Alexandria Library System are based solely on the report of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated November 13, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of, management, the City Council, others within the entity, and federal and state regulatory agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Arlington, Virginia November 13, 2012





Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alexandria, Virginia

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Alexandria, Virginia (the City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Alexandria, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Arlington, Virginia November 13, 2012

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Federal Catalog		
Federal Grantor/Recipient State Agency/Program Title	Number	Ex	penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (301 535-06): National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$	288,878
Commodity Food Distribution	10.559	Ų	151,747
State Administrative Matching for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		1,931,747
Department of Education (197 457-07)			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		933,440
School Lunch Program	10.555		3,138,803
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		118,760
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559		27,193
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		\$	6,590,568
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Direct Payments:			
Administration for Children, Youth and Families			
Special Programs for the Aging Title VII, Chapter 3	93.041	\$	1,631
Alzheimer's Disease Demonstration Grants to States	93.051		180,945
Head Start	93.600		0
Total Direct Payments		\$	182,576
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Health: Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	\$	128,623
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Investigations and Technical Assistance	93.283	Φ	2,993
Injury Prevention and Control Research and State and Community Based	93.136		592
Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation			
Block Grant for Community Mental Health Services	93.958		505,997
NIEHS Hazardous Waste Worker Health and Safety Training	93.142		1,135
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness	93.150		66,757
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		1,262,198
Block Grant for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959		1,074,704
Drug Free Communities Support Program Grants Department for the Aging:	93.276		119,744
Special Programs for the Aging Title III Part B Supportive Svces and Senior Centers	93.044		132,835
Special Programs for the Aging_Title III Part D_Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043		1,585
Special Programs for the Aging Title IIIC - Nutritional Services	93.045		186,607
Department of Social Services:			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		66,793
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		1,048,580
Head Start	93.600 93.667		2,027,162 735,599
Family Support Payments to States_Assistance Payments Child Welfare Services State Grant	93.645		2,961
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State Administered Programs	93.566		196,671
Community Services Block Grant	93.569		143,247
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568		101,333
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Childcare and Development Fund	93.596		331,050
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599		21,568
Foster Care Title IV - E Adoption Assistance	93.658 93.659		1,579,641 1,157,216
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		26,841
ARRA - Head Start	93.708		142,806
ARRA - Community Services Block Grant	93.710		12,246
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767		41,348
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	_	1,157,634
Total Pass Through Payments TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN		\$	12,276,464
SERVICES		\$	12,459,040
			-, >, 0 . 0

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CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2012

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Direct Payments:				
Community Development Block Grant Program, Entitlement Grants	14.218		\$	1,109,273
Total Direct Payments Pass Through Payments:			\$	1,109,273
Supportive Housing Program	14.235		\$	314,211
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231			109,400
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239			1,137,049
ARRAHomeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program Technical Assistance	14.257	2010	Φ.	48,998
Total Pass Through Payments			\$	1,609,658
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			\$	2,718,931
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Pass Through Payments				
Non-Profit Security Program	97.008	2009	\$	25,598
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	2010		885,816
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Homeland Security Grant Program	97.036 97.067	2009 2010		793,335 281,022
Rail and Transit Security Grant Program	97.067	2010		41,789
Total Pass Through Payments	71.075	200)	\$	2,027,560
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			\$	2,027,560
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Services (140-390-01)				
Asset Forfeiture Report	16.000		\$	353,440
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606			123,447
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants Youth Gang Prevention	16.523 16.544			9,895 10,041
Part E - Developing, Testing and Demonstrating Promising New Programs	16.541			143,208
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575			125,205
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588			109,736
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710			102,944
Edward Byrne Memorial JAG grant	16.738			27,194
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program / Grants To Units Of Local Government	16.804			2,805
Total Pass Through Payments			\$	1,007,915
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			\$	1,007,915
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR				
Pass Through Payments:				
WIA Pilots, Demonstrations, and Research Projects	17.261			53,604
WIA Adult Program WIA Youth Activities	17.258			118,538
WIA Youth Activities WIA Dislocated Workers	17.259 17.260			94,462 361,119
w IA Dislocated workers	17.200		\$	627,723
			Ψ	021,123
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			\$	627,723
Save America's Treasures -Gabsby's	15.929		\$	65,531
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE			\$	65,531

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CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2012

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Direct Payments:

Congressionally Mandated Projects	66.202	\$	78,256
TOTAL U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY		\$	78,256
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Pass Through Payments: Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 1,305		4.506.044
ARRA_ Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 3,200 20.607	<u> </u>	4,506,844 40,980
Alcohol Open Container Requirements Highway Research and Development Program	20.200		40,980 18,046
ARRA Surface Transportation _ Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment	20.932		208,379
Total Pass through payments		\$	4,774,249
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		\$	4,774,249
U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION			
Direct Payments:			
Employment Discrimination_State and Local Fair Employment Practices Agency Contracts	30.002	\$	37,384
TOTAL U.S EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION		\$	37,384
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Pass Through Payments: Department of Education:			
Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	4,331,330
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children	84.013	*	90,291
Special Education Grants to States	84.027		3,136,481
Adult Literacy Services- Federal Special Education Grants to States	84.002A 84.027A		129,447 9,000
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.047A 84.048		163,713
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173		102,260
Special Education Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities (720-445-07)	84.181		155,304
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.186 84.196		20,173 6,090
Education for Honeless Children and Touth Education Technology State Grants	84.190		8,830
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365		488,204
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367		811,562
ARRA IDEA Part B preschool Grant Readiness and Emergency Mgmt	84.392 84.184E		86,565 122,099
ARRA McKinney-Vento	84.387A		1,500
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.389A		410,073
ARRA School Improvement Grant 1003g ARRA Education Jobs Fund	84.388 84.394A		2,575,199 14,019
ARRA Educational Technology Grant	84.394A 84.386		51,095
ARRA Educational Technology Competitive Grant	84.386A		23,394
ARRA IDEA Part B School Grant	84.391		355,179
NCLB: Title II Part D - Competitive Grant ARRA Education Jobs Fund	84.318X 84.410		5,024 1,231,563
ARRA Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	84.393		19,957
Total Pass through payments		\$	14,348,352
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		\$	14,348,352
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Energy:	24.452		
ARRAEnergy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG	81.128	\$	501,119
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY		\$	501,119
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			
Direct Payments: Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for			
Establishment, Expansion, Realignment, or Closure of a Military Installation	12.607	\$	61,813
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE		\$	61,813
OTHER FEDERAL AID			
Direct Payments:		_	,,,,,,
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area High Intensity Drug Trafficking Assessment/Evaluation	95.001 99.997	\$	15,479 64,372
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area	98.473	_	93,833
TOTAL OTHER FEDERAL			172 (04
TOTAL OTHER FEDERAL		2	173,684
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE		\$	45,472,125
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CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2012

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes all federal grant activity of the City of Alexandria, Virginia and its component units during FY 2012. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the City's Basic Financial Statements. Federal awards are received directly, as well as passed through other governmental agencies.

This schedule has been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

RECONCILIATION OF NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

The City receives and expends federal revenues that are non-grant related and therefore not reportable under the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. A reconciliation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Note 12 in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Intergovernmental Revenues, is provided below.

Total Federal Expenditures per Schedule	\$	45,472,125
Non-Reportable Federal Revenue		15,438,788
Commodities Distribution	_	(151,747)
Total Federal Revenue per Note 12	\$	60,759,168

FEDERAL COGNIZANT AGENCY

The Federal Cognizant Agency for the City of Alexandria, Virginia is the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

SUBGRANTEES

The City provided the following amounts to subrecipients during FY 2012:

<u>Program Title</u>	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Headstart	93.600	\$ 2,027,162
ARRA – Headstart	93.708	142,806

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Summary of Auditors' Results:

Financial Statements

The type of report issued on the financial statements: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting

- Material weaknesses identified: None
- Significant Deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted: None

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs

- Material weaknesses identified: None
- Significant Deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

The type of report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133: No

Major programs:

- Child Nutrition Cluster (10.553, 10.555, 10.559)
- Education Jobs Fund (84.410)
- Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (81.128)
- Highway Planning (20.205)
- Head Start (93.600, 93.708)
- School Improvement Grants (84.377 & 84.388)
- Title II (84.367)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$1,364,164

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under section 530 of OMB Circular A-133: Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Findings relating to the Financial Statement Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*: None

Findings and Questioned Costs relating to Federal Awards:

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards



City of Alexandria, Virginia Finance Department P.O. Box 178 Alexandria, Virginia 22313 alexandriava.gov/finance