COUNTY OF FAUQUIER, VIRGINIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022





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Fauquier County Government and Public Schools



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December 16, 2022

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the Fauquier County Board of Supervisors, Chairman and Members of the Fauquier County School Board, and Citizens of Fauquier County, Virginia:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Fauquier County (the County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The *Code of Virginia* requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report rests with management. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, County Administration has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the assets of the County from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits obtained. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and accurate in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by the firm of Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, as required by the *Code of Virginia*. The audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the Independent Auditors' Report is included as the first component in the Financial Section of this report. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The reports are presented in the Compliance Section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A is included in the Financial Section of this report immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of Fauquier County, Virginia

Fauquier County (the County), incorporated in 1759, is located in north-central Piedmont region of Virginia, approximately miles southwest Washington, D.C. or 95 miles northwest of Richmond, Virginia, and encompasses approximately 660 square miles. Interstate Highway 66 runs east-west through the northern portion of the County as primary connector to Washington, DC, and US Route 17 runs north-south through the whole of the County is a primary connector between Interstate Highways 81 and 95. Additionally, five U.S. primary routes and two State primary routes traverse the County.



More than half of the land area within the County is comprised of farmlands and woodlands, primarily rural in nature with eight distinct service districts. The County's mission aims to preserve the physical beauty, historical heritage, and environmental quality of the County. Fauquier County is well-known for its pristine countryside, international equestrian industry, wineries and breweries, with small town tourist destinations.

As of July 1, 2021, the population of Fauquier County is estimated at 73,291, with an average annual growth rate of about 1.1% over the last 10 years with a slight increase over the annual growth rate in 2021 and 2022.

The County seat is located in the Town of Warrenton in central Fauquier County. In addition to Warrenton, Fauquier County includes the incorporated towns of Remington and The Plains. The County provides certain governmental services, such as public education; law enforcement; and fire and rescue services under a combined volunteer and career system; to the town residents pursuant to general provisions of the *Code of Virginia*. Properties in these towns are subject to both town and county taxation.

Government

Fauquier County operates under the County Board form of government, as defined under Virginia law. The governing body of the County is the Board of Supervisors, which establishes policies for the administration of the County. The Board of Supervisors consists of five members representing the five magisterial districts in the County: Cedar Run, Center, Lee, Marshall, and Scott, elected concurrently. The Chairman of the Board of Supervisors is elected from within the Board of Supervisors and serves generally for a term of one year in addition to being a District Supervisor. The Board of Supervisors appoints a County Administrator to serve as the administrative manager of the County. The County Administrator serves at the pleasure of the Board of Supervisors, carries out the policies established by the Board of Supervisors, and directs the business and administrative operations of the County government. Similarly, the Board of Supervisors appoints a County Attorney to serve as general counsel to the Board of Supervisors, County departments and agencies, and enforce the County Code.

In addition to the elected Board of Supervisors, County residents elect five constitutional officers based on the Code of Virginia. These offices include the Sheriff, the Commonwealth's Attorney or prosecutor, the Clerk of the Circuit Court, the Treasurer, and the Commissioner of the Revenue.

The County provides a full range of services to its residents, including education, public safety, court services, solid waste disposal sites, community and economic development, parks and recreational activities, public libraries, social services, and general administration. All resources required to support these services are reflected in this report.

School Board

Fauquier County is financially accountable for a legally separate school district, which is reported separately within the financial statements as a component unit. The Fauquier County Public Schools (FCPS) is the single largest service funded by the County taxpayers. FCPS is committed to ensuring the development of confident, responsible, and broadly educated citizens by cultivating the unique potential and character of each learner for a successful future. In order to achieve this mission, the Schools are engaged in the implementation of a strategic plan originally established in 2010 and revised in 2017. Aspirations 2.1 contains six strategies (academics, student support, environments, staff, communication, and resources) for achieving FCPS' mission to be an innovative learning community committed to the development of creative, confident, knowledgeable citizens who are globally-competitive by cultivating the potential of each learner.

The elected School Board is composed of five members who represent the five magisterial districts. The School Board members serve a term of four years, with the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Board selected annually by the members. In Virginia, the School Board oversees the operations of the public school division but holds no taxing authority, which resides with the County Board of Supervisors. Annually, the School Division presents a budget request for local tax support of its operations to the Board of Supervisors for consideration. Once the Board of Supervisors approves the School Division's annual funding appropriation, the School Division manages those appropriations.

The School Board appoints a Superintendent to administer the policies of the School Board. The school system is comprised of three high schools, five middle schools, eleven elementary schools, and one alternative school. In addition, FCPS participates with five other school divisions in the Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School, which was established in fiscal year 2007.

Budget

Virginia law requires the County to maintain a balanced budget in each fiscal year. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. Prior to April 1st, public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments on the budget and annual tax rates. The budget and tax rates are legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level and sets budgetary limits for all departments. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

The Code of Virginia requires the appointed Superintendent of the FCPS to submit a budget to the County Board of Supervisors with approval of the School Board. The County Board of Supervisors reviews the School Board's budget and determines the level of funding for the Schools, as part of the annual budget and tax rate setting process. If the level of funding determined by the County Board of Supervisors is less than requested, the School Board develops and adopts a revised budget. The approved budget is the basis for operating FCPS in the next fiscal year.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Fauquier County operates.

Local Economy

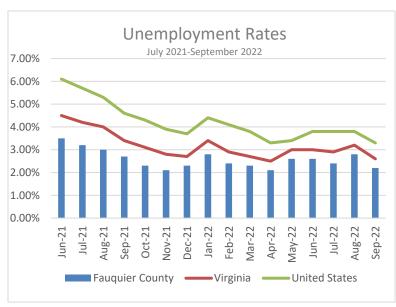
Fauquier County's Board of Supervisors has defined in the County's mission statement that the Board seeks, within the bounds of fiscal integrity, to preserve the physical beauty, historical heritage, and environmental quality of the County. Preserving the rural nature of the County has resulted in slower population growth and is reflective of the County's stabilizing focus on long-term planning through land use policies that have been in place since the 1960's.

The County manages growth by directing residential, commercial, and industrial development into eight service districts to preserve the rural agricultural nature of the County. The County's commitment to maintaining its rural character is captured in the Comprehensive Plan where the "industrial and commercial zoned" acreage amounts to slightly more than 1.0% of total County acreage. Given this land allocation for commercial and industrial uses, the ability of the Fauquier business community to provide over 15% of County revenue speaks well for the economic efficiency of this community.

The Board of Supervisors continues to promote preservation of the County's rural heritage and associated rural lands. As a result, approximately 107,000 acres or over 25% of the County's land area is currently in some form of conservation easement or land protection program. Some of the management tools and incentives for the preservation of agricultural opportunities, and historic and environmental resources can be seen in the County's zoning and subdivision regulations, land use taxation, permanent conservation easements, Purchase of Development Rights Program, and Agricultural and Forestal Districts. In addition to the Board holding permanent conservation easements on approximately 57,500 acres, they continue to support the work of conservation organizations, including the Virginia Outdoors Foundation, The Nature Conservancy, the Land Trust of Virginia, and the Piedmont Environmental Council, in establishing and holding conservation easements and extinguishing residential development potential. The Board of Supervisors also continues to support the Purchase of Development Rights program through both County and grant funding as a voluntary farmland preservation tool. The County's agricultural community includes dairy and beef cattle crop and horse farms, along with vineyards, wineries, orchards, and other horticultural uses.

Long-term industry employment projections are strong for health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, recreation; as well as professional, scientific, and technical services. To help support these industries and workforce development needs, the Laurel Ridge Community College, part of the Virginia Community College System, opened a new 40,000 square foot academic facility on the Warrenton campus to focus on healthcare and engineering sciences. The College is also slated to open a new skills trade center in spring 2023.

While many localities across Virginia and the United States have experienced economic effects from COVID-19 with reductions in their more vulnerable revenues, Fauquier County has not experienced as significant of an impact to revenue sources. Sales tax collections at the end of fiscal year 2022 trended positively with a 6.0% increase over collections in fiscal year 2021, with citizens embracing the live here buy here concept to support not only traditional retailers but also our small local retailers that have seen opportunities for growth and expansion over the last two years. While there has been uncertainty with respect to economic conditions, real estate collections were relatively stable and collection rates have been in line with previous years' collections with minimal impacts from the pandemic.

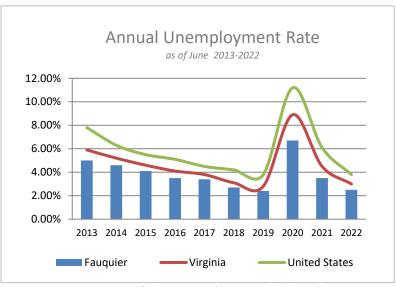


Source: Virginia Employment Commission, Local Area Unemployment Statistics and Labor Force Statistics (not seasonally adjusted)

While unemployment rates across the United States were greatly impacted by COVID-19 pandemic responses, the County's unemployment rate has fully recovered. Currently, Fauquier unemployment levels are the lowest since before 2010. When compared to the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the United States, the County's unemployment rate is slightly lower and has been declining throughout fiscal year 2022 with some minor fluctuations. Unemployment for September 2022 was 2.2%, equivalent to unemployment trends before the pandemic.

While uncertainty continues to exist around the short- and long-term impacts of economy including market trends and supply chain impacts on employment trends, the County looks to continue efforts and opportunities to maintain low unemployment trends and attract trained and qualified workforce for businesses.

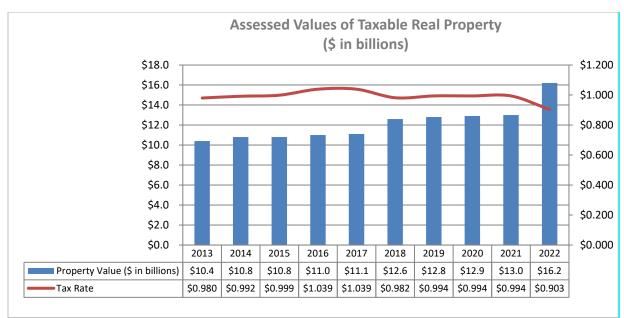
Unemployment rates over the last ten years had been steadily declining, with the exception of the shutdowns for COVID-19. The County's proximity to the federal government, its affiliated contractor industries, growth of existing and new businesses, as well as partnerships with the State and local community college for workforce development has benefitted the County and continues to provide employment opportunities citizens in Fauguier County. Based on current American Community Survey date, the County has a labor force participation rate of 80.7% for adults between the age of 20 and 64.



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (not seasonally adjusted)

The County's real estate valuation is reassessed on a quadrennial basis. The most recent reassessment was conducted in 2021, effective January 1, 2022, and resulted in an overall increase in assessed values of 23.76% from previous levels at the time. The next general real property assessment, which will be done with inhouse assessors, will have an effective date of January 1, 2026. The Commissioner's Office has begun the transition for this process and hired a lead assessor.

The graph below shows varying property values and corresponding tax rates for the last ten years.



Source: Fauquier County Commissioner of Revenue

The real property tax rate has remained flat over the past three years. The County has utilized natural growth and proportional levels of growth in assessments to meet increasing costs of services, as well as expansion in particular service areas such as fire and rescue career staffing, capital projects for County and School Division, and advancing compensation for market competitiveness. This allowed the County during the 2022 real estate reassessment to lower the overall rate from \$0.994 to \$0.903. The collection rate for property tax levies within the fiscal year of the levy for tax year 2022 was 98.54% as compared with 98.70% in tax year 2021.

The local real estate housing market is consistently improving over the last ten years with current assessed values on an increasing trend across all classes of property, with annual adjustments between reassessments relative to new construction or improvements. These additions and improvements increased residential values by 1.1% from the prior year, while commercial values increased 0.21%, and agricultural values increased 0.4% over the previous year. Public service values increased by 1.91% as compared with the prior year, however these valuations of assessment are set by the State Corporation Commission and outside of the authority of the locality.

The automobile market experienced a substantial growth surge over the last 24 months, resulting in value increases of over 50% in some instances. Factors generating the increase were the COVID 19 pandemic, supply chain issues, and significantly low interest rates to purchase vehicles. This allowed an adjustment in the personal property tax rate from \$4.65 to \$3.45 for tax year 2022, while still maintaining natural growth in the revenue base.

The County's General Fund ended fiscal year 2022 with \$15.2 million in revenue over amended budget. This is due to better than anticipated collection on personal property taxes (+\$5.6 million), sales tax (+\$3.3 million) and Recording Tax and Fees (+\$1.2 million) as well as the additional real estate tax revenue from quadrennial reassessment (+\$5.2 million). In addition, the General Fund achieved \$10.8 million in expenditure budget savings. This is due to the County's efforts to remain fiscally prudent, focusing spending on essential items, reviewing requests to hire for positions, and preparing for potential economic uncertainty due to supply chain interruptions and market changes related to inflation.

The County completed the spending of all Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) monies by the December 31, 2021 deadline. In total, the County received \$12.4 million in CRF funding passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia which supported enhanced cleaning and testing, public safety salaries, economic assistance to residents and businesses and funding for scholarships. In the fall, the Board of Supervisors approved a spending plan for the \$13.8 million of American Rescue Plan Funds (ARPA) with \$10.5 million allocated to serve as the County's local match for a regional broadband State grant initiative, funding for enhanced cleaning in key public access areas of the County including Courtrooms, additional assistance for the Catlett-Calverton Wastewater Treatment project, and funding for a pilot Crisis Intervention Team Assessment Center between Fauquier County; Fauquier County Sheriff's Office; Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board; and Fauquier Hospital. In addition, the Commonwealth of Virginia distributed utility assistance funding for the Fauquier County Water and Sewer Authority and the Town of Warrenton.

American Rescue Plan Funds will be allocated for use in fiscal year 2023, or as provided for in final United States Treasury guidance. These federal funds are accounted for separately in the American Rescue Plan Fund on Exhibit 9.

Economic and Community Development

The primary goal of the County's economic development efforts is to support the growth and expansion of existing businesses and find opportunities or partnerships for new businesses within the County. The majority of businesses in Fauquier County are small, with 90% having fewer than 20 employees. The County's economic development program seeks to attract small to mid-sized companies to locate into eight service districts within the County, which include approved Tourism, Technology, Green Development and Defense Production Zones. In fiscal year 2022, there were 99 new startup firms in the County. The County has also entertained a limited number of larger prospects for which the economic potential and benefits for both the County and the prospective partner are beneficial. Targeted industries for the County include Information

Technology, Cybertechnology, Advanced Manufacturing, Defense and Government Contractors, as well as Agribusiness and Food Production.

Additional highlights of economic development benefits during 2022 include the following:

- The Fauquier County Department of Economic Development (DED) has joined the Site Selectors Guild (SSG), a trade organization for Site Selectors who help businesses find the best site to relocate or expand their business. Membership with this organization will allow direct access to dozens of site selectors for showcasing the advantages Fauquier County has to offer new businesses. Several in person and virtual events with the SSG membership were held throughout fiscal year 2022 allowing opportunities for the County to market the County's sites, workforce, transportation network and incentives with respect to their ongoing projects and needs.
- A new website, fauquierbusiness.com, was launched for continued marketing of the County to increase the commercial and industrial tax base. The site is a "living" marketing tool that will be used extensively for business attraction and retention. The website illustrates all of Fauquier County's assets, such as our greenfield sites, buildings, office and retail space, as well as our demographics, incentives and information about living in Fauquier County.
- Fauquier County obtained a grant through the Virginia Tourism Commission (VTC) for the promotion
 of tourism in Fauquier County. The focus of the grant is development of new video and pictures of
 the County, including tourism-based businesses and events. In addition, the grant allows for the
 expansion of the County's online presence on social media platforms.
- The Department of Economic Development continued operation of three business enterprise
 centers across the County. These centers provide access for small business or entrepreneurs to
 important sources of business assistance, training and educational opportunities, and other key
 resources for business sustainability.
- The Department of Economic Development continued its partnership with Virginia Economic Development Partnership (VEDP) by identifying new prospects to locate in Fauquier County to maximize and increase the business tax base. VEDP has been a key partner in attracting several business prospects and the interest continues to grow. Fauquier County is well positioned for significant investment over the next few years.
- The Micro Loan Program continues to provide low interest business loans to small businesses with all existing loans performing at or beyond expectations. This program was established with funding support from the Economic Development Authority along with five local banks for the purpose of available loans to local businesses.
- In the Marshall Service District, construction of the Whiting Road Rail Crossing is planned with the recent completion of the water/sewer extensions. The project will improve connectivity and infrastructure for commercial and industrial property through the Route 17/Interstate 66 Business Park. Estimated completion is 2023.
- The 17/66 Business Park continues to develop with only two parcels remaining for sale. There is a proposed \$13 million capital investment project under consideration for fiscal year 2023.
- OVH data center continues to expand their existing operation at Vint Hill, with additional capital investment at Vint Hill.
- SPARC Research, a local defense contractor has completed its advanced rocket propulsion design and component manufacturing facility in the County. This project has a capital investment of over \$7 million and will create over 30 additional jobs in the County.
- AWS has invested \$39.7 million for 47 acres of property located within the Town of Warrenton for a future data center project. The project is anticipated to include a 220,000 square foot data center.
- The Puller Veterans Care Center, a 128-bed facility located at Vint Hill is designed to serve Virginia's
 veterans. It will be opening in early 2023 and create approximately 220 jobs. This facility is
 expected to spur the location of other medical-related services and offices at Vint Hill, and will also
 present opportunities for local businesses to contract with the State for goods, services, and other
 related services

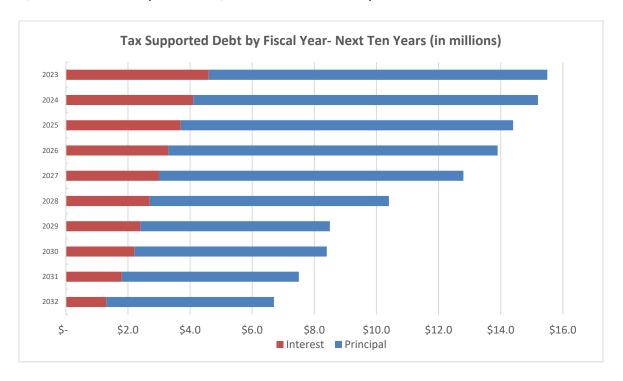
The Department of Community Development strives to develop the community in line with the priorities as established by the Strategic Plan with focus on preserving the County's natural resources and agricultural and rural character and maintaining the County's transportation plan with a full understanding of current and projected transportation needs.

Highlights of community development accomplishments during fiscal year 2022 include the following:

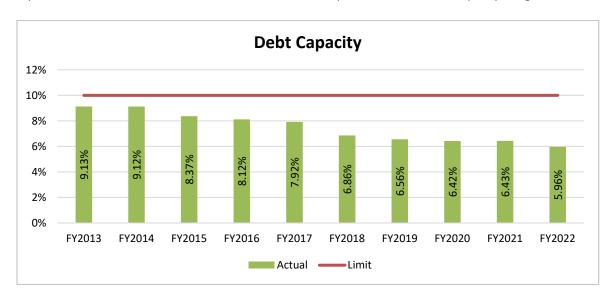
- In conjunction with the Agricultural and Forestal Advisory Committee, the Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors, the Department of Community Development successfully renewed four Agricultural and Forestal Districts this which included 534 parcels 20,147 acres. Virginia State Code establishes Agricultural and Forestal Districts for the conservation and protection of valuable agricultural and forestal lands.
- The County partnered with the Virginia Department of Historic Resources on a grant share projects which included the Fauquier County African American History Multiple Property Document (MPD) and the National Register of Historic Places nomination for Silver Hill Baptist Church and School located in Lee District. A listing in the National Register of Historic Places is strictly an honorific designation. A listing conveys the story of a historically significant property but does not place any restrictions on what an owner may do with his property, including demolition.
- The County's Six-Year Plan for construction of secondary roads (SSYP) was developed and maintained.
- The Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) revenue share project for the extension of Salem Avenue in Marshall was completed.
- Smart Scale projects for three intersections in the southern part of the County were submitted to the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) for consideration. Smart Scale is Virginia's data driven prioritization process to fund the right transportation projects that generate the greatest benefit for taxpayers.
- The County partnered with the Rappahannock Rapidan Regional Commission and surrounding jurisdictions to share ideas on the emerging topics of housing, transportation, solar, data centers, short term rental and marijuana laws.
- In 2014, the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) issued Fauquier County a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4) Permit. This MS4 permit regulates how Fauquier County will manage their stormwater systems on, or passing through, County-managed land within urbanized areas. The Department of Community Development oversees the County's MS-4 program and required annual reporting and testing. This robust program requires direct coordination with Fauquier County Schools, General Services, Parks and Recreation and Town of Warrenton and is nearing the end of its second five-year cycle.
- The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) reassessed flood risk in Fauquier County. As a result, the Floodplain Ordinance and Flood Insurance Maps will be updated. Fauquier County regulates floodplains to maximize public safety, assure that development occurs in a manner that does not increase off-site flooding, minimize negative environmental impacts on wetlands and buffer areas, comply with federal requirements, and enable county property owners to insure themselves against flood losses. Fauquier County developed a hub site to assist landowners in understanding the impacts. Preliminary maps were released August 11, 2022, with official maps and ordinance updates to follow.

Tax-Supported Debt

The County's debt portfolio shows a continually improving debt picture with ample capacity to move forward with the adopted Capital Improvement Plan. Additionally, the County's debt portfolio exhibits rapid amortization, with required debt service on current tax-supported debt and commitments dropping from \$15.5 million for fiscal year 2023 to \$6.7 million in the next ten years.



While not statutorily imposed, the County adheres to a self-imposed debt capacity under which annual debt service payments are prohibited from exceeding 10% of the adopted revenue budget for the fiscal year based on the County's real estate tax levy funds. The County has maintained ample room in its self-imposed debt capacity, which is currently at 5.96%, down from the ten-year high of 9.13% in FY2013. (See Table 11 of the Statistical Section of this report for further details). The peak years of the debt ratio (FY2013 and FY2014) saw increases which, while impacted by debt issuances, were also the heavily influenced by lowered revenue budgets due to the economic climate at the time. As the local economy has recovered, coupled with the rapid amortization of debt discussed earlier, the unutilized portion of the overall capacity has grown.



Credit Rating

The County continues to maintain strong bond ratings, with a rating of 'AAA' from Fitch Ratings reaffirmed in June 2022, a rating of 'AA+' from Standard & Poor's, and a rating of 'Aa1' from Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2022 and lapsing on July 15, 2022. The rating agencies cited the County's strong economy, budgetary flexibility, high level of liquidity, and strong management practices, among other factors, as reasons for their ratings.

Long-Term Financial Planning

County policies balance the need for public facilities, as expressed by the countywide land use plan, with the fiscal capabilities of the County to provide for those needs. The five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) submitted annually to the Board of Supervisors is the vehicle through which stated need for public facilities is analyzed against the County's ability to pay.

The CIP is a planning document intended to provide an analysis of potential long-range funding needs for the acquisition, construction or total replacement of physical facilities and other types of infrastructure. The fiscal year 2022-2026 capital budget totals approximately \$137.7 million, with \$178.5 million designated for future years. The projects within the plan years include:

- \$9.9 million for public safety including fire and rescue and the Sheriff's Office;
- \$39.9 million for school system projects;
- \$5.4 million for parks and recreation projects;
- \$5.0 million for utility projects including water system improvements, broadband development, and public sewer projects; and
- \$0.25 million for other projects including environmental services and airport.

The adopted CIP includes \$24.8 million in cash funding (18% of total appropriations) reflecting the County's approach to a balanced capital financing plan. The current CIP defers expenditures where possible and recommends funding consistent with the Board of Supervisors' financial policies.

The Board of Supervisors and the Planning Commission of Fauquier County have in place a 20-year Comprehensive Plan to ensure adequate planning as the County continues to grow. The plan acknowledges the importance of balancing agriculture, urban development, and conservation uses.

Currently, the Department of Community Development has been focused on current planning versus long range planning. With the increase interest in data center and utility scale solar uses over the past two years, the County will need to consider updating the Comprehensive Plan focusing on the Service Districts seeing the most pressure for these types of uses.

Relevant Financial Policies

The Board of Supervisors has adopted and maintains a fund balance management policy for the County's General Fund which sets the minimum level of unassigned fund balance required for the General Fund at not less than ten percent (10%) of the following year's budgeted General Fund revenues, providing for enhanced financial planning and stability.

Due to the potential effects on the County's credit rating, debt availability, tax rates, and the annual operating budget, the Board of Supervisors has established and maintains a debt policy which sets self-imposed debt limitations and encourages public participation in the decision-making process relating to major construction projects. The policy stipulates that annual debt service payments may not exceed 10% of budgeted revenues, and projects requiring debt issuance in excess of \$39.9 million be subject to voter referendum.

Investments of available funds are made according to a formal Investment Policy that seeks to safeguard principal, meet liquidity objectives, and seek fair value rates of return within the parameters of the *Code of Virginia*. Funds held for capital projects are invested in accordance with these objectives in addition to ensuring compliance with U.S. Treasury arbitrage regulations.

The County recognizes the need to monitor revenue estimates to identify any shortfalls and potential trends that would significantly affect the various revenue sources in the current budget. Revenue reports are provided on a monthly basis to the County Finance Committee to ensure a careful review of all revenue sources and to provide revenue estimates for budget development.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Fauquier County for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. This was the twenty-fourth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one (1) year only. We believe our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The GFOA has awarded its Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to Fauquier County for fiscal year 2023. Fauquier County has received this award for twenty-four years.

Acknowledgements

This report was prepared by the professional staff of the Finance Department. Their hard work, dedication, and continuing efforts to improve the quality of this report directly benefit all who read and use it. We also acknowledge the cooperation and assistance of the staff of the School Board, County Treasurer, and the Commissioner of the Revenue, Office of Management and Budget, and the many other County departments and agencies that contributed to the preparation of this report.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report reflects the commitment of the Board of Supervisors and County administration to the citizens of Fauquier County and the financial community to provide information in conformance with the highest standards of financial accountability.

Respectfully submitted,

Paul McCulla

County Administrator

Terrilyn S. Pete Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Fauquier Virginia

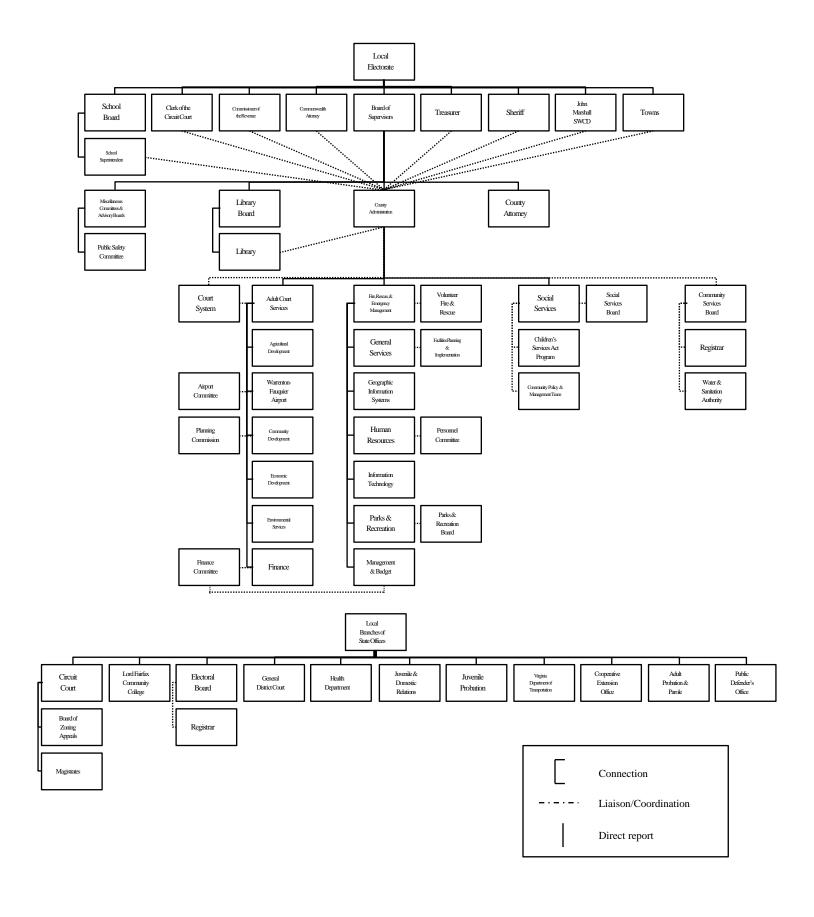
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

County Organizational Chart



COUNTY OF FAUQUIER, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Christopher N. Granger, Chairman Richard R. Gerhardt, Vice-Chairman Christopher T. Butler Mary Leigh McDaniel R. Holder Trumbo, Jr.

COUNTY ADMINISTRATION

Paul S. McCulla, County Administrator Erin M. Kozanecki, Deputy County Administrator

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Donna Grove, Chairman Stephanie Litter-Reber, Vice-Chairman Raymond E. Bland, Sr. Vincent Gallo Susan Pauling

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Dr. David Jeck, Ed.D., Superintendent
Dr. Major Warner, Deputy Superintendent
Denise Sandlin, Assistant Superintendent for Business & Planning
Nicholas Napolitano, Executive Director of Student Services & Special Education
David E. Graham, Assistant Superintendent of Administration

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Gail H. Barb
Commissioner of the Revenue	Eric J. Maybach
Sheriff	Jeremy A. Falls
Treasurer	Tanya Remson Wilcox
Commonwealth's Attorney	Scott C. Hook

This Report Prepared By:

The Department of Finance Accounting Division 320 Hospital Drive, Suite 32 Warrenton, VA. 20186 540-422-8333

Finance Director – Terrilyn S. Pete
Financial Services Division Chief – Kimberly Warren
Accounting Manager – Belinda Deal
Katerina Emery • Abigail Heaney • Karen Newberry • Melissa Pitts • Christy Polleri



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Fauquier, Virginia Warrenton, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Fauquier, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Fauquier, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Fire and Rescue Fund, and American Rescue Plan (ARP) Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Fauquier, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Fauquier, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Governmental Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of County of Fauquier, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Fauquier, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Fauquier, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2022, on our consideration of County of Fauquier, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Fauquier, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Fauquier, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fredericksburg, Virginia December 15, 2022

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associares

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the County of Fauquier, Virginia presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the County of Fauquier's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal in the Introductory Section of this report and the County's financial statements, which follow this discussion and analysis.

All amounts are expressed in millions and percentages are calculated based on the rounded numbers in millions.

FISCAL YEAR 2022 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The reporting entity, which includes the School Board component unit, had positive net position of \$177.5 million at June 30, 2022, which represents an increase of 20.6% or \$30.3 million from net position at June 30, 2021 of \$147.2 million.
- The total cost of the County's programs for governmental activities, was \$198.3 million, a decrease of \$5.5 million, or 2.7% from the prior year's cost of \$203.8 million. Total revenues for governmental activities increased \$10.0 million or 4.3% to \$243.7 million from the prior year.
- Net position of the County's governmental activities increased by \$37.5 million from the prior year, as compared to an increase of \$22.2 million in fiscal year 2021.
- At June 30, 2022, the primary government had \$113.2 million of long-term debt outstanding. This includes \$58.8 million of general obligation bonds and \$28.2 million of financing agreements, for governmental activities; \$18.6 million in revenue bonds and \$7.6 in financing agreements, for business-type activities. In addition, the primary government had lease liabilities of \$1.5 million and \$0.9 million in deferred charges on refunding.
- The County's business-type activities (the Airport, Landfill, and Sewer) had a combined positive net position of \$3.0 million, a decrease of \$17.0 million from the prior year. This is due mainly to the increased landfill expenses in fiscal year 2022.
- The School Board component unit had positive net position of \$36.0 million at June 30, 2022, an increase of \$9.8 million, or 37.4% from the prior year. Revenues, including the County contribution, totaled \$174.1 million, an increase of \$15.0 million from the prior year, and expenses totaled \$164.3 million, a decrease of \$2.8 million from prior year's expenses. The increase in revenue was due primarily to an increase in contributions from operating grants and contributions from the Commonwealth of Virginia and Federal sources and local support from the County.
- The Economic Development Authority (EDA) component unit had positive net position of \$0.2 million at June 30, 2022, with minimal change from the prior year. Revenues totaled \$0.04 million, a decrease of \$1.5 million from the prior year, and expenses totaled \$0.006 million, a decrease of \$1.5 million from the prior year due to the end of a memorandum of understanding with the County for contributions for Broadband projects.
- As of June 30, 2022, County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$101.6 million, an increase of \$23.2 million from the prior year. The County's General Fund had a total fund balance of \$49.9 million at June 30, 2022. Of the General Fund balance, \$16.2 million, or 32.6% was assigned

fund balance, \$29.7 million, or 59.4% was unassigned fund balance, and the remaining was restricted, committed, and nonspendable fund balance. The unassigned fund balance includes the Board of Supervisor's mandated minimum of 10.0% of general operating revenues, which is set aside for emergency needs as approved by the Board of Supervisors. Refer to Note 14 for details regarding the various components of fund balance.

General Fund revenues were \$15.2 million over the amended budget. Expenditure savings of \$10.8 million were the result of savings from County Departments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and compliance.

- The Introductory Section includes the letter of transmittal, a copy of the fiscal year 2021 Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association, the County's organizational chart, and a list of principal officials.
- The Financial Section includes the Independent Auditors' Report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplemental information, and combining and individual fund statements and schedules.
- The Statistical Section includes selected financial and demographic data related to the County, generally presented on a multi-year basis.
- The Compliance Section is required under the provisions of Single Audit Act of 1984 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget guidance in Title 2 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200 of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, Subpart F and includes the auditors' reports on compliance and internal controls.

Financial Section Overview

This Management's Discussion and Analysis, which is preceded by the Independent Auditors' Report, is intended to serve as an introduction to the Financial Section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. It is followed by three additional parts – the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and the combining and individual fund statements and schedule.

The Independent Auditors' Report reflects the results of the external audit. The auditor expresses an opinion on whether the financial statements have been presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements present different views of the County. These two types of statements are discussed in more detail in the following sections.

The required supplementary information includes:

- this discussion and analysis
- the Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions Fauquier County Other Postemployment Benefits Plans and Virginia Retirement System Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Programs (Exhibit 15)

- the Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios (Exhibit 16)
- the Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Exhibit 17)
- the Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Virginia Retirement System's Net Pension and OPEB Liability (Exhibit 18)

Finally, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are reported, which present individual statements for major funds other than the General Fund and combining statements for non-major governmental funds, internal service funds, fiduciary funds, and the component units as well as other supporting schedules.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those found in the private sector. They also report the County's net position and how it has changed during the fiscal year. These statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the County's overall financial status.

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources for governmental activities, business-type activities, and activities of the County's component units, the Economic Development Authority and the School Board. Net position is the residual amount remaining after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted from the balance of assets and deferred outflows of resources and provides a measure of the County's overall financial health, or financial condition. Over time, changes in the net position may serve as an indicator of whether the County's financial condition is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors will also need to be considered, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's facilities.

The Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) presents information using the accrual basis of accounting and reflects how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are shown in this statement, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The Statement of Activities presents expenses before revenues to emphasize that the government's revenues are generated for the express purpose of providing services.

In the government-wide financial statements, the County's activities are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks, recreation and cultural, and community development. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other local taxes, and Federal and Commonwealth of Virginia grants. Governmental funds and internal service funds are included in the governmental activities.
- Business-type activities: The County charges fees to users to cover all, or a significant portion, of the costs associated with the provision of certain services. These business-type activities include the Airport, Landfill and Recycling, and Sewer activities.
- Component units: The County has two component units for which it is financially accountable, the Fauquier County Public Schools (School Board) and the Economic Development Authority (EDA). A primary government is accountable for an organization if the organization is fiscally dependent and the organization is capable of imposing financial benefits or burdens on the

primary government. The County approves debt issuances to finance School Board assets and provides significant funding for their operations. The School Board and the EDA are legally separate entities and are discretely presented in this annual financial report. Additional information on the component units can be found in Note 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

These statements focus on individual parts of the County's government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Funds are used to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements and are used to keep track of specific sources of revenues and expenditures for particular purposes. The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on (1) inflows and outflows of cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash and (2) the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided with the fund financial statements to explain the relationship (or differences).

The County has the following five major funds:

- The General Fund is the main operating account of the County and therefore, the largest of the governmental funds.
- The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for major capital projects and assets, primarily construction related. It provides control over resources that have been segregated for specific capital projects.
- The Debt Service Fund accounts for financial resources accumulated for the payment of principal and interest.
- The Fire and Rescue Fund is used to account for and report the fire and rescue levy assessed on real estate to support fire and rescue activities and volunteer fire and rescue companies.
- The American Rescue Plan Fund (ARP) accounts for and reports on Federal funds received by the County to address economic and social recovery from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

All other governmental funds, which include special revenue funds, are collectively referred to as non-major governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds – The County's proprietary funds consist of three enterprise funds and two internal service funds, which operate in a manner similar to private business enterprises in which costs are recovered primarily through user charges or fees. Proprietary fund financial statements provide both short-term and long-term financial information.

The County's enterprise funds include the Airport Fund, the Landfill and Recycling Fund, and the Sewer Fund. The County's internal service funds include the Fleet Maintenance Fund and the Health Insurance Fund.

• <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the County for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the funds are not available to support the County's programs.

The County's fiduciary funds consist of the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plans fund and custodial funds. The funds are used to account for monies received, held, and disbursed on behalf of employees, retirees, external beneficiaries, detention center inmates, and certain other agencies and governments.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The Reporting Entity: The Commonwealth of Virginia requires that counties, as well as their financially dependent component units, be financed under a single taxing structure. This results in counties issuing debt to finance capital assets, such as public schools, for their component units. GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, requires that the primary government and its component units, which make up the total reporting entity, be accounted for separately on the face of the basic financial statements.

The total reporting entity, which includes the School Board and Economic Development Authority component units, had positive net position of \$177.5 million at June 30, 2022. Net position increased from the prior year by \$30.3 million, which reflects current year revenues exceeding expenses by this amount.

able 1		County of Fauquier Summary of Net Position (\$ in millions)							
	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Total Reporting Entity Including Component Unit	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets:									
Current and other assets	\$	175.5	131.7	19.4	2.6	194.9	134.3	227.6	157.2
Lease and capital assets, net		107.9	93.1	49.9	45.8	157.8	138.9	314.9	303.7
Total assets		283.4	224.8	69.3	48.4	352.7	273.2	542.5	460.9
Deferred outflows of resources:									
Total deferred outflows of resources		11.9	13.0	0.8	0.9	12.7	13.9	41.4	50.2
Liabilities:									
Other liabilities		35.5	45.6	4.5	2.0	40.0	47.6	54.8	216.5
Long-term debt obligations		96.9	88.5	61.0	26.3	157.9	114.8	263.1	130.8
Total liabilities		132.4	134.1	65.5	28.3	197.9	162.4	317.9	347.3
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Total deferred inflows of resources		24.6	2.9	1.6	1.0	26.2	3.9	88.5	16.6
Net position:									
Net investment in capital assets		90.2	66.6	37.4	36.5	127.6	103.1	214.5	207.3
Restricted		15.8	10.4	0.5	0.4	16.3	10.8	20.9	10.8
Unrestricted (deficit)		32.3	23.8	(34.9)	(16.9)	(2.6)	6.9	(57.9)	(70.9)
Total net position	\$	138.3	100.8	3.0	20.0	141.3	120.8	177.5	147.2

The Primary Government: The primary government had net position of \$141.3 million at June 30, 2022, which reflects an increase of \$20.5 million from the prior year. The largest portion of net position, \$127.6 million, represents the County's other investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment) less the depreciation and outstanding debt associated with asset acquisitions. Total restricted and unrestricted net position of the primary government combined was \$13.7 million.

The County has long-term commitments related to the issuance of two financing agreements in support of utility projects undertaken and capitalized by the Fauquier Water and Sanitation Authority and debt the primary government has issued on behalf of the School Board component unit. Because these debts

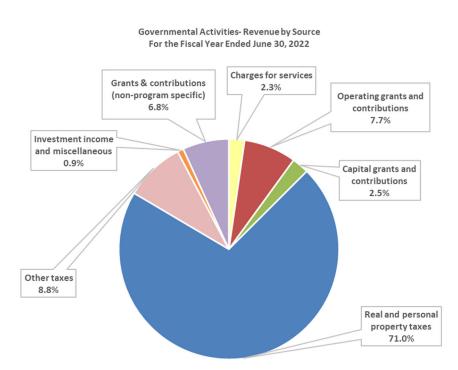
increase the primary government's liabilities with no corresponding asset, the effect is to increase the amount reported as unrestricted (deficit). The County's total of these debts and commitments at June 30, 2022 was \$63.4 million. Refer to Note 8 and Note 9 for further details regarding long-term obligations and commitments.

Business-Type Activities: Business-type activities had combined net position of \$3.0 million at June 30, 2022, which consisted of positive net position of \$25.0 million for the Airport Fund and negative net position of \$29.0 million for the Landfill and Recycling Fund, and positive net position of \$7.0 million for the Sewer Fund. The largest portion of net position, \$37.4 million, reflects investment in capital assets, net of depreciation and outstanding debt. The unrestricted net position for business-type activities at June 30, 2022 was a deficit of \$34.9 million, which reflects a 106.5% decrease from the deficit of \$16.9 million from the prior year. Increase is due mainly from increased estimated costs for landfill closure and postclosure. The unrestricted deficit for business-type activities does not indicate that there were insufficient resources available to pay for operations; but that long-term commitments were greater than currently available resources. The commitment to closure and postclosure of the landfill is one example of these commitments.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Governmental Activities: Total governmental net position (before transfers) increased by \$45.4 million compared to an increase of \$29.9 million in fiscal year 2021.

Revenues from governmental activities for fiscal year 2022 totaled \$243.7 million, an increase of \$10.0 million from fiscal year 2021. Taxes comprised the largest source of revenues, totaling \$194.7 million or 79.8% of total revenues, of general property taxes account for \$173.3 million. Program revenues (charges for services, operating and capital grants and contributions) generated a total of \$30.5 million, or 12.5% of total revenues, while investment income, miscellaneous revenues, and revenues from grants and contributions not restricted specific programs totaled \$18.5 million, or 7.7% of revenues.



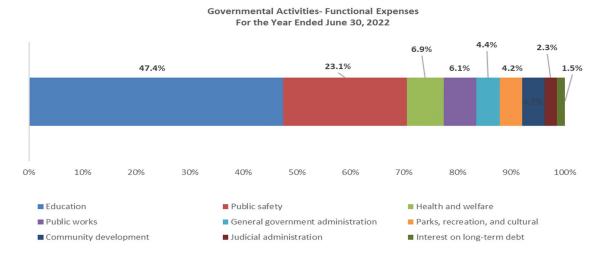
Real and personal property tax revenue increased by \$14.4 million, or 9.1% due to greater assessed real estate values as a result of completion of the County's quadrennial assessment of the real estate and property taxes on vehicles and personal property.

Local sales tax revenue increased by \$0.7 million or 5.5% from the prior year. Consumers' utility taxes, business and professional tax revenue, taxes on recordation and wills, motor vehicle taxes, and other local taxes, collectively decreased by \$1.8 million.

Table 2 summarizes the changes in net position from Exhibit 2 in the Financial Section for the primary government and its component unit at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Table 2		Change	ty of Fauquier s in Net Position in millions)					
	Governmen Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Total Reporting Entity Including Component Unit	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 5.7	4.5	3.6	3.2	9.3	7.7	9.9	7.9
Operating grants and contributions	18.7	26.9	-	0.1	18.7	27.0	53.8	60.2
Capital grants and contributions	6.1	4.0	0.4	4.6	6.5	8.6	6.5	8.6
General revenues:	0.1	4.0	0.4	4.0	0.5	8.0	0.5	0.0
Real and personal property taxes	173.3	158.9	-		173.3	158.9	173.3	158.9
Other taxes	21.4	22.5	-	-	21.4	22.5	21.4	22.5
Investment Income and miscellaneous	2.2	0.6	0.3	-	2.5	0.6	6.2	3.1
Grants and contributions	16.3	16.3	-	-	16.3	16.3	55.8	52.6
Contribution to schools	-		-	 -	-	<u> </u>	95.2	88.6
Total revenues	243.7	233.7	4.3	7.9	248.0	241.6	422.1	402.4
Expenses								
General government administration	8.6	18.3	_		8.6	18.3	8.6	18.3
Judicial administration	4.6	4.8	-		4.6	4.8	4.6	4.8
Public safety	45.9	45.3		-	45.9	45.3	45.9	45.3
Public works	12.1	10.9	-	-	12.1	10.9	12.1	10.9
Health and welfare	13.7	13.8		-	13.7	13.8	13.7	13.8
Education	93.9	89.5	-	-	93.9	89.5	258.2	256.6
Parks, recreation, and cultural	8.4	7.6	-	-	8.4	7.6	8.4	7.6
Community development	8.1	11.2	-	-	8.1	11.2	8.1	12.8
Interest on long-term debt	3.0	2.4	-	-	3.0	2.4	3.0	2.4
Airport	-	-	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.4	1.1
Landfill and recycling	-	-	27.8	10.4	27.8	10.4	27.8	10.4
Sewer		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>	
Total expenses	198.3	203.8	29.2	11.5	227.5	215.2	391.8	384.0
Increase (decrease) in net position	45.4	29.9	(24.9)	(3.6)	20.5	26.4	30.3	18.4
Transfers	(7.9)	(7.7)	7.9	7.7		-	-	
Change in net position	37.5	22.2	(17.0)	4.1	20.5	26.4	30.3	18.4
Beginning net position, restated	100.8	78.6	20.0	15.9	120.8	94.5	147.2	128.8
Ending net position	\$ 138.3	100.8	3.0	20.0	141.3	120.9	177.5	147.2

Total expenses for governmental activities for this fiscal year were \$198.3 million, a decrease of \$5.5 million from \$203.8 million in fiscal year 2021.



Public safety expenses, which were 23.1% of expenses, increased \$0.6 million from the prior year primarily due to increased personnel and overtime costs for fire and rescue personnel.

Community development expenses decreased primarily due to decreased spending on capital projects related to a decline in spending for Broadband projects throughout the County.

Education continued to be the County's largest program and highest priority accounting for \$93.9 million, or 47.4% of total expenses. Expenses include the county's contribution to the School Board and support for grant related projects. The School Board component unit incurred indirect expenses related to consolidated services provided by County departments to both County and Schools. Typically, school systems bear these costs directly, however with the consolidation of departments in Fauquier County, these costs were reported within the County's governmental activities in the General Fund. These consolidated departments included Human Resources, Finance, the Independent Auditor, and General Services, which provides maintenance of buildings and grounds.

As shown in Exhibit 7 of the Financial Section of this report, these functions totaled approximately \$9.8 million in fiscal year 2022. Allocation of the cost of these consolidated functions associated with educational activities is approximately \$6.7 million based on the County's latest cost allocation plan. Recognizing these costs as a function of education increases educational functional expenses to approximately 50.7% of total expenses.

Table 3 illustrates the net cost (total expenses less fees generated by the activities and program-specific governmental aid) for the County's governmental activities. Fees, such as charges for services and program specific aid from other governmental or outside entities, helped offset the cost of the government services, thereby lessening the burden on the County's taxpayers. The County generated charges for services primarily from fees for certain court services, public safety fees, community development services, library fees, and parks and recreation activities. The County obtained operating grants and contributions primarily to support functions and programs for general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation, and cultural, and community development. Net costs reflect the cost for which tax revenues support the services provided by the County government.

Table 3	t Cost of Go	y of Fauquier vernmental A n millions)	ctivities		
		Total Cost of Service		Net Cost of Services	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
General government administration	\$	8.6	18.3	\$ 7.6	11.6
Judicial administration		4.6	4.8	2.3	2.6
Public safety		45.9	45.3	36.7	36.8
Public works		12.1	10.9	9.0	9.2
Health and welfare		13.7	13.8	6.4	6.1
Education		93.9	89.5	90.5	85.7
Parks, recreation, and cultural		8.4	7.6	7.2	5.4
Community development		8.1	11.2	5.0	8.5
Interest on long-term debt		3.0	2.4	3.0	2.4
Total	\$	198.3	203.8	167.7	168.3
Table 3 may differ from Exhibit 2 due to rounding	g.				

After recognizing the effect of revenue from these fees, grants, and contributions of \$30.6 million, the net cost of governmental activities was \$167.7 million, compared to a total cost of \$198.3 million.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities are generally intended to be at least partially self-supporting, and fees are established to recover the cost of providing the services. Revenues for the County's business activities, which are primarily user fees or charges for services and capital contributions and grants, decreased by \$3.6 million, or 45.6% from the prior year to \$4.3 million. This net decrease is due primarily to a decrease in transfers to the landfill fund from prior year, offset by an increase of charges for services and investment and miscellaneous income.

Total expenses for business-type activities were \$29.2 million, an increase of 153.9%, or \$17.7 million, from the prior year. This increase is due mainly to increased landfill closure and postclosure costs as costs were remeasured in the current fiscal year.

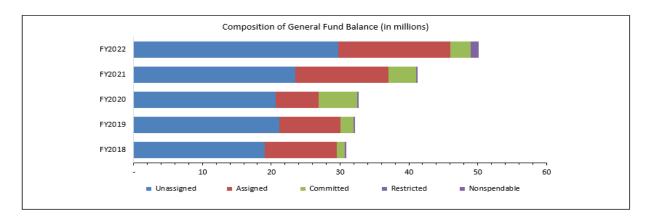
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds: As of June 30, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$101.6 million, an increase of \$23.2 million in comparison with the prior year's fund balance. This increase reflects the following activity in governmental funds:

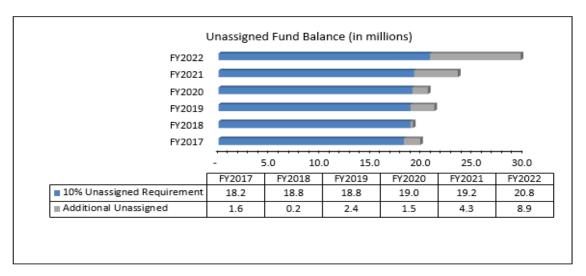
The Capital Projects Fund reported a total fund balance of \$38.5 million, an increase of \$13.4 million from the prior year. Revenues increased by \$2.5 million due to increased recovered costs of \$0.8, an increase in contribution from the school board for middle school renovation of \$1.2, and increases in charges for services, donations and revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia and Federal government of \$0.5 million. In addition, debt was issued for \$18.0 million for the middle school renovation project and transfers increased by \$3.1 million. Expenditures increased by \$8.8 million mainly due to increased spending on the middle school renovation (\$6.5 million), the Marshall Main Street Project (\$2.1 million), increased capital outlay (\$7.2 million), offset by decreased spending on public safety, parks and recreation, and community development projects (\$7.0 million).

- The Debt Service Fund reported a total fund balance of \$1.9 million, an increase of \$1.3 million from the prior fiscal year. During fiscal year 2022, \$12.3 million in debt principal and interest payments were made, a decrease of \$0.7 million from the prior year.
- The Fire and Rescue Fund reported a total fund balance of \$0.5 million, with minimal increase from the prior fiscal year. Revenues increased by \$3.6 million, from the prior year primarily due to an increase in General property tax revenues of \$2.5 million and miscellaneous revenue and recovered costs of \$0.7 million. Expenditures increased \$2.6 million due to increased staffing and overtime costs.
- The American Rescue Plan Fund is used to account for federal funding to address economic and social recovery efforts responding to the COVID 19 pandemic. \$1.1 million was recognized as revenue in the fiscal year 2022, with the majority transferred to the Capital Project Fund for spending on the Catlett-Calverton Wastewater Treatment System Project. Remaining unspent funds are reported as unearned revenue on Exhibit 3.
- Other Non-major Governmental Funds reported combined total fund balances of \$10.7 million, an increase of \$0.2 million. Revenues increased by \$1.1 million, due to increase in charges for services (\$0.5 million) and increase in revenue from the Federal government (\$0.6 million). Expenditures increased by \$0.7 million due mainly to an increase of \$0.4 million in public safety expenditures, \$0.2 million in community development expenditures, and \$0.1 million in public works expenditures.
- The General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$49.9 million, an increase of 20.9%, or \$8.6 million from the prior year's fund balance of \$41.3 million. Revenues increased by \$10.2 million, while expenditures increased by \$11.0 million mainly due to:
 - \$7.0 million increase in education expenditures due to increased contribution to the School Board as a result of carryover of funds from fiscal year 2021. These funds, unspent in fiscal year 2021 due to virtual instruction during the pandemic reducing costs for the School Board, were re-appropriated for use in fiscal year 2022 as part of the County's contribution.
 - \$1.2 million increase in public safety expenditures due to increased personnel costs for law enforcement, traffic control and correction and detention.
 - \$1.2 million increase in parks, recreation and cultural expenditures due to increased personnel, facility maintenance, and equipment replacement.
 - \$0.4 million increase in health and welfare expenditures due to increased personnel costs and for services to clients.
 - \$0.5 increase in general government administration, judicial administration, public works, and community development due to increased personnel costs.

The General Fund's liquidity can be measured by comparing unassigned fund balance to total fund revenues. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$29.7 million (Exhibit 3). The chart below depicts the composition of the County's General Fund balance for the last five fiscal years.



The Board of Supervisors has adopted a minimum fund balance requirement for the General Fund of 10.0% of the subsequent year's General Fund revenues. This 10.0% is identified as the minimum amount needed to safeguard the County's financial stability and as one component in maintaining its bond ratings. This level, when combined with committed and assigned fund balances, provides the County with sufficient funds to operate approximately two months without interrupting service levels. The minimum fund balance target for fiscal year 2022 was \$20.8 million. Amounts in excess of the 10.0% minimum may be available for future uses to be determined by the Board of Supervisors. The following chart depicts the components of unassigned fund balance for the last five years.



More information on the County's governmental funds can be found on Exhibit 3 and 5 of the Financial Section of this report.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Table 4 provides a comparison of original budget, final amended budget, and actual revenues and expenditures in the General Fund.

Table 4 Ge						
	_	Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual
Revenues.						
Taxes	\$	155.9	\$	156.0	\$	172.7
Other		4.3		4.5		4.4
Intergovernmental	_	31.3	-	31.6	_	30.2
Total revenues		191.5		192.1		207.3
<u>Expenditures</u>	-	172.1	_	183.4	_	172.6
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		19.4		8.7		34.7
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		0.4		0.4		0.4
Transfers out		(20.7)		(26.6)		(26.5)
Leases		-		-		0.1
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(20.3)	_	(26.2)	_	(26.0)
Change in fund balance	\$	(0.9)	\$	(17.5)	\$	8.7
Table 4 may differ from Exhibit 7 due to rounding.						

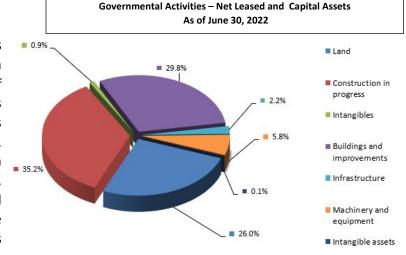
During the year, budget amendments approved by the Board of Supervisors could be classified in the following key categories:

- Amendments for operating and capital projects that were incomplete in the prior fiscal year and subsequently re-appropriated in the new fiscal year.
- Amendments for supplemental appropriation for new projects and/or change orders for prior approved projects.
- Amendments for supplemental appropriation for grants and other revenues.
- Amendments for transfers and adjustments to support revised priorities and account code restructuring.

Final amended budget revenues exceeded the original budget by \$0.6 million, primarily due to budget increases from the Federal funding sources. Actual revenues were \$15.2 million over the amended budget due mainly to greater taxes collected than budgeted based on increased property values as a result of reassessment. Actual expenditures for the General Fund totaled \$172.6 million or \$10.8 million less than the amended budget. Of this difference, \$5.0 million less than the amended budget was transferred to the School Board component unit and \$5.8 million in savings is due to county departmental efforts to control spending. A portion of the savings generated by Schools, in the form of unexpended appropriations, is generally re-appropriated in the new fiscal year.

LEASE AND CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's lease and capital assets include purchased or rented for use in operations and the provisions of services to citizens. These assets include: public safety, buildings (libraries, office buildings and space, schools, etc.), parks and recreation facilities, machinery, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and depreciable and non-depreciable intangible assets. Lease assets represent intangible right to use



assets for assets leased and used in the course of business as noted in the graph above.

The Capital Improvements Program Committee (Committee) receives project requests from departments, agencies, and the School Board component unit. Potential projects are evaluated in relation to each other to ensure that the highest priority projects receive public funding, while considering construction costs, impact on debt service, and operating expenses in subsequent years. Upon evaluation, the Committee prepares a recommended six-year program, which is then sent for action to the Planning Commission of the Board of Supervisors. For more details on the debt funding policy, refer to the section titled "Relevant Financial Policies" in the Letter of Transmittal.

Fable 5 County of Fauquier Lease and Capital Assets (\$ in millions)										
		Governm Activit			Business-Type Activities	e	Tota Prima Govern	ry	Tota Reporting Includi Componer	Entity ng
		2022	2	021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land	\$	23.8	2	3.8	8.7	8.7	32.5	32.5	38.1	38.0
Construction In progress		15.4	3	2.2	17.4	22.7	32.8	54.9	33.4	55.6
Intangible assets (non-depreciable)		0.9		0.8	0.2	0.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1
Buildings and improvements		64.7	5	6.5	29.7	24.7	94.4	81.2	351.0	337.6
Infrastructure		32.5	1	.5.6	19.5	13.7	52.0	29.3	58.4	34.8
Machinery and equipment		35.2	2	4.0	3.9	3.9	39.1	27.9	78.6	67.0
Intangible assets (depreciable)		1.5		1.5	-		1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6
Total lease and capital assets		174.0	15	4.4	79.4	73.9	253.4	228.3	562.1	535.7
Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(66.1)	(6	1.3)	(29.5)	(28.1)	(95.6)	(89.4)	(247.2)	(232.0)
Net lease and capital assets	\$	107.9	\$ 9	3.1	49.9	45.8	157.8	138.9	314.9	303.7

As of June 30, 2022, the total reporting entity had net lease and capital assets of \$314.9 million, an increase of \$11.2 million from the prior year. This increase is primarily to net additions of capital and lease assets of \$26.4 million offset by net additions of \$15.2 million to accumulated depreciation and amortization expense.

For governmental activities, the County's investment in non-depreciable assets totaled \$40.1 million, while depreciable assets totaled \$67.8 million (net of depreciation). Total net lease and capital assets for governmental activities increased by \$14.8 million, or 15.9% from the prior year to \$107.9 million. The increase is due to additions and deletions of capital assets for governmental activities exceeding depreciation expense in the current year. During the fiscal year, the following additions were made to lease and capital assets:

- Governmental activity additions were approximately \$6.4 million in building and improvements,
 \$16.0 million in construction in progress, and \$2.0 million in machinery and equipment.
- Business-type activity additions were approximately \$5.8 million, with \$4.6 million in infrastructure related to the Catlett-Calverton Wastewater Treatment Project, \$1.0 million in construction in progress related to landfill projects, and \$0.2 million in airport projects.
- The School Board component unit had additions of \$1.5 million which included \$1.0 million for machinery and equipment, \$0.3 million in construction in progress for improvement to schools, and \$0.2 million for new leases for copiers and equipment in schools.

More information on lease and capital assets can be found in Note 7 in the Notes to Financial Statements Section of this report.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Table 6 provides an overview of the long-term obligations for the primary government.

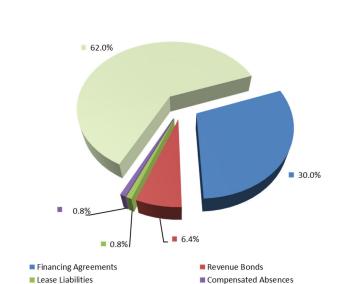
Table 6 County of Fauquier Summary of Changes in Long Term Obligations (\$ in millions)								
	July 1, 2021	Net Increase (Decrease)	June 30, 2022					
Governmental Activities:								
Financing agreements	30.6	(2.4)	28.2					
General obligation bonds	48.0	10.8	58.8					
Lease liabilities	1.6	(0.3)	1.3					
Total debt	80.2	8.1	88.3					
Compensated absences	5.3	0.2	5.5					
Incurred but not reported claims (IBNR)	3.0	0.1	3.1					
Total long-term obligations	88.5	8.4	96.9					
Business-Type Activities:								
Financing agreements	7.9	(0.3)	7.6					
Revenue bonds	1.7	16.9	18.6					
Lease liabilities	0.2		0.2					
Total debt	9.8	16.6	26.4					
Compensated absences	0.2	-	0.2					
Landfill closure and post closure	16.3	18.1	34.4					
Total long-term obligations	26.3	34.7	61.0					
Total long-term obligations	\$ 114.8	43.1	157.9					
Table 6 may differ from Note 8 due to rounding.								

As of June 30, 2022, the County's governmental activities had long-term obligations totaling \$96.9 million, of which \$88.3 million represents indebtedness related to general obligation bonds, financing agreements, and lease liabilities. This represents an increase of \$8.4 million, or 9.5% in long-term obligations from the prior year. The net increase is due primarily to the following activities during the fiscal year:

- On November 9, 2021, the County issued General Obligation Bonds through the Virginia Public School Authority in the amount of \$16.2 million for the financing of costs for the expansion and renovation of Cedar Lee Middle School.
- The County retired \$9.7 million (\$9.2 million in principal and \$0.5 million in premium) related to financing agreements, general obligation bonds, lease liabilities, direct bonds, and pooled financings.
- Incurred but not reported claims increased by \$0.1 million from the prior year.

As of June 30, 2022, the County's business-type activities had long-term obligations totaling \$61.0 million, of which \$26.3 million represents indebtedness related to financing agreements, revenue bonds and lease liabilities. This represents an increase of \$34.7 million from the prior fiscal year. The net increase is due mainly to the following activities during the fiscal year:

- On November 17, 2021 the county issued Solid Waste Revenue bond through the Virginia Resources Authority in the amount of \$12.3 million for the financing of costs of projects related to the landfill. This Includes the purchase of an evaporator unit, relining Leachate ponds and closure of the old landfill.
- The Landfill closure and post closure liability increased by \$18.1 million from the prior year, due to updated materials and cost estimates by the engineering consultant.
- The Sewer Fund increased outstanding debt on the Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund bond by \$3.4 million and retired \$0.4 million of principal during the fiscal year.



■ Compensated Absences

Business Type Activities - Long Term Obligations

As of June 30, 2022

Landfill Closure and Postclosure

More information on the County's long-term obligations is presented in Note 8, Notes to Financial Statements Section of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Economic Factors

The average unemployment rate for the County of Fauquier in June 2022 was 3.8%, which is 0.3% higher than in June 2021. Unemployment rates are increasing as the County recovers from the COVID-19 pandemic's impact on businesses and employment. This compares favorably to the Commonwealth of Virginia's average rate of 2.5% and the National average rate of 4.7%. Unemployment rates for the last ten years are provided in Table 13 of the Statistical Section of this report.

- According to the Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, Fauquier County's population was
 estimated to be 73,291, as of July 1, 2021, an increase of 3.2% over the prior year. Population estimates
 for the last ten years are provided in Table 13 of the Statistical Section of this report.
- The enrollment in public schools increased in fiscal year 2022 by 5.0%. from 10,145 to 10,648, due mainly to recovery of student enrollment with the return to in-person learning in fiscal year 2022. School enrollment for the last ten years is provided in Table 13, Statistical Section of this report.
- The latest available per capita personal income for Fauquier County was \$78,810 as of 2021, as compared to \$61,958 for the Commonwealth of Virginia, as reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis. Per capita personal income for the last ten years is provided in Table 13 of the Statistical Section of this report.
- The County Civilian Labor Force increased by 1.6% from 36,830 to 37,430 as of fiscal year 2022. County Civilian Labor Workforce numbers for the last ten years are provided in Table 13 of the Statistical Section of this report.

Fiscal Year 2023 Budget and Rates

- The fiscal year 2023 adopted budget for the General Fund is \$209.3 million, an increase of 8.7% from fiscal year 2022. Revenues are budgeted for general property taxes at 71.8%, local taxes at 10.5%, permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses at 0.7%, charges for services at 0.5%, revenues from the Commonwealth of Virginia at 13.1%, revenues from the Federal government at 1.8%, and other revenues at 1.6%.
- For fiscal year 2023, the County's contribution to and on behalf of the School Board component unit is \$105.8 million which includes the County's contribution to the School Board's operating fund of \$95.8 million and \$9.7 million contributed to the Debt Service Fund for school related debt. Support to the Schools represents 50.5% of the General Fund appropriations, not including the allocation of shared services which represents an additional 3.8% of local support. The percentage of General Fund appropriations supporting Schools is 1.4% more than fiscal year 2022.
- Public safety accounts for 11.4% of appropriations in fiscal year 2023, the second largest component of budgeted expenditures. Public safety volunteers are partially funded by a dedicated real property tax of \$0.140 per \$100 of assessed value for tax year 2022. This tax partially supports County and volunteer fire and rescue operations.
- The tax rate for real property slightly decreased to \$.903 per \$100 of assessed value for tax year 2022 which is to support the first half of fiscal year 2023. Detail on tax rates is provided in Table 6, Statistical Section of this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of Fauquier County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to: Director of Finance, County of Fauquier, 320 Hospital Drive, Suite 32, Warrenton, Virginia 20186, telephone (540) 422-8336, or visit the County's web site at www.fauquiercounty.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
The Basic Financial Statements include all funds, the discretely presented component units, and notes to provide an overview of the financial position and results of operations for the County as a whole. They also serve as an introduction to the more detailed statements and schedules that follow.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		Primary Government					
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	98,128,680	\$	1,385,829	\$	99,514,509	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		35,864,666		13,830,997		49,695,663	
Cash and cash equivalents - activity funds		-		-		-	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:							
Taxes, including penalties		5,698,140		-		5,698,140	
Accounts		5,831,378		2,837,692		8,669,070	
Lease receivables		1,785,237		883,240		2,668,477	
Lease interest receivables		1,342		725		2,067	
Loan receivable		-		-		-	
Internal balances		824,165		(824,165)		-	
Inventories		277,048		23,860		300,908	
Prepaid items		1,300,447		-		1,300,447	
Investment in direct financing lease		13,561,313		-		13,561,313	
Due from other governmental units		6,756,513		1,199,431		7,955,944	
Note receivable		556,439		-		556,439	
Net pension asset		4,969,458		67,122		5,036,580	
Net OPEB asset		-		-		-	
Lease assets (amortizable):							
Land		-		131,548		131,548	
Buildings		1,212,818		-		1,212,818	
Infrastructure		109,625		-		109,625	
Machinery and equipment		360,709		66,107		426,816	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(412,100)		(44,451)		(456,551)	
Total lease assets, net		1,271,052	_	153,204	_	1,424,256	
Capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable):							
Land		23,755,885		8,616,667		32,372,552	
Construction in progress		15,431,022		17,447,912		32,878,934	
Intangible assets		853,884		228,836		1,082,720	
Capital assets (depreciable/amortizable):							
Buildings and improvements		63,478,336		29,745,079		93,223,415	
Infrastructure		32,362,017		19,457,314		51,819,331	
Machinery and equipment		34,916,646		3,795,574		38,712,220	
Intangible assets		1,460,946		-		1,460,946	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(65,685,933)	_	(29,504,715)		(95,190,648)	
Total capital assets, net		106,572,803		49,786,667	· —	156,359,470	
Total assets	_	283,398,681	. <u>-</u>	69,344,602		352,743,283	
Deferred outflows of resources							
Deferred charge on refundings		492,804		399,461		892,265	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		5,465,126		209,978		5,675,104	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		4,187,166		160,877		4,348,043	
Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability		1,520,365		59,450		1,579,815	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	_	231,384	. <u>-</u>	8,966		240,350	
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	11,896,845		838,732		12,735,577	

	Component Units				Reporting Entity		
_	Economic Development Authority		School Board	Reclassifications (See Note 1 - E.15)		Total	
							Assets
\$	155,979	\$	16,417,848	\$ -	\$	116,088,336	Cash and cash equivalents
	-		322,103	-		50,017,766	Cash and cash equivalents - restricted
	-		1,957,353	-		1,957,353	Cash and cash equivalents - activity funds
							Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:
	-		-	-		5,698,140	Taxes, including penalties
	-		154,987	-		8,824,057	Accounts
	-		-	-		2,668,477	Lease receivables
	-		-	-		2,067	Lease interest receivables
	50,695		-	-		50,695	Loan receivable
	-		-	-		-	Internal balances
	-		185,436	-		486,344	Inventories
	-		122,495	-		1,422,942	Prepaid items
	-		-	-		13,561,313	Investment in direct financing lease
	-		8,713,737	-		16,669,681	Due from other governmental units
	-		-	-		556,439	Note receivable
	-		4,619,167	-		9,655,747	Net pension asset
	-		13,127	-		13,127	Net OPEB asset
							Lease assets (amortizable):
	-		-	-		131,548	Land
	-		-	-		1,212,818	Buildings
	-		-	-		109,625	Infrastructure
	-		1,011,390	-		1,438,206	Machinery and equipment
-	- _	-	(341,647)	-		(798,198)	- ·
-	-	-	669,743		-	2,093,999	Total lease assets, net
			5 570 700			27.052.272	Capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable):
	-		5,579,720	-		37,952,272	Land
	-		557,490	-		33,436,424	Construction in progress
	-		-	-		1,082,720	Intangible assets
			256 500 205			349,811,800	Capital assets (depreciable/amortizable):
	-		256,588,385 5,482,079	-		57,301,410	Buildings and improvements Infrastructure
	-		39,469,237	-		78,181,457	Machinery and equipment
	-		39,409,237	-		1,460,946	Intangible assets
			(151,255,458)			(246,446,106)	
-		· -	156,421,453		_	312,780,923	Total capital assets, net
_	206,674		189,597,449		_	542,547,406	Total assets
							Deferred outflows of resources
	_		_	_		892,265	Deferred charge on refundings
	_		12,445,497	_		18,120,601	Items related to measurement of net pension liability
	-		12,967,100	-		17,315,143	Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date
	-		1,792,191	-		3,372,006	Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability
_	-	_	1,470,569		_	1,710,919	OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date
_	<u>-</u>	_	28,675,357		_	41,410,934	Total deferred outflows of resources

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Liabilities	7.070.474	044.640	0.000.010
Accounts payable	7,272,171	811,648	8,083,819
Accrued and other liabilities	3,633,813	79,086	3,712,899
Retainage	824,546	17,926	842,472
Accrued interest payable	1,369,227	185,631	1,554,858
Accrued interest payable - leases	1,097	391	1,488
Unearned revenue	16,876,700	3,187,539	20,064,239
Customer deposits	194,838	-	194,838
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	11,399,270	1,375,577	12,774,847
Due in more than one year	85,455,262	59,613,704	145,068,966
Net pension liability	-	-	-
Net OPEB liability	5,357,618	219,444	5,577,062
Total liabilities	132,384,542	65,490,946	197,875,488
Deferred inflows of resources			
Revenue advances	1,191,244	-	1,191,244
Leases	1,797,100	877,604	2,674,704
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	18,449,020	708,840	19,157,860
Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability	3,132,513	121,462	3,253,975
Total deferred inflows of resources	24,569,877	1,707,906	26,277,783
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	90,217,528	37,412,684	127,630,212
Restricted for:			
General government administration	549,140	-	549,140
Health and welfare	1,529,312	-	1,529,312
Parks, recreation, and cultural	561,473	-	561,473
Public safety	936,704	-	936,704
Public works	288,957	-	288,957
Community development	616,096	-	616,096
Proffers	5,105,193	-	5,105,193
Capital projects	924,886	-	924,886
Pensions and OPEB	4,969,458	67,122	5,036,580
Other purposes	313,488	415,417	728,905
Unrestricted (deficit)	32,328,872	(34,910,741)	(2,581,869)
Total net position	\$\$138,341,107\$	2,984,482 \$	141,325,589

Compon	ent Units		Reporting Entity	
Economic Development		Reclassifications		-
Authority	School Board	(See Note 1 - E.15)	Total	_
				Liabilities
-	864,126	-	8,947,945	Accounts payable
1,454	12,806,343	-	16,520,696	Accrued and other liabilities
-	-	-	842,472	Retainage
-	84,630	-	1,639,488	Accrued interest payable
-	202	-	1,690	Accrued interest payable - leases
-	422,820	-	20,487,059	Unearned revenue
-	-	-	194,838	Customer deposits
				Noncurrent liabilities:
-	1,349,521	-	14,124,368	Due within one year
-	13,458,934	-	158,527,900	Due in more than one year
-	67,474,513	-	67,474,513	Net pension liability
-	23,552,336		29,129,398	Net OPEB liability
1,454	120,013,425		317,890,367	Total liabilities
				Deferred inflows of resources
-	-	-	1,191,244	Revenue advances
-	-	-	2,674,704	Leases
-	56,829,639	-	75,987,499	Items related to measurement of net pension liability
	5,411,832		8,665,807	Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability
	62,241,471		88,519,254	Total deferred inflows of resources
				Net position
-	146,077,340	(59,192,784)	214,514,768	Net investment in capital assets
				Restricted for:
-	-	-	549,140	General government administration
-	-	-	1,529,312	Health and welfare
-	-	-	561,473	Parks, recreation, and cultural
-	-	-	936,704	Public safety
-	-	-	288,957	Public works
-	-	-	616,096	Community development
-	-	-	5,105,193	Proffers
-	-	-	924,886	Capital projects
-	4,632,294	-	9,668,874	Pensions and OPEB
-	-	-	728,905	Other purposes
205,220	(114,691,724)	59,192,784	(57,875,589)	Unrestricted (deficit)
\$ 205,220 \$	36,017,910	\$ <u> </u>	177,548,719	Total net position

Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Program Revenues				is.	Net (Expenses)	Primary Government	
	-		Operating	Capital	-	Filliary Government	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government					7101111100	710011100	
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$ 8.582.156	130,357 \$	847,962	\$ -	\$ (7,603,837)	\$ - \$	(7,603,837)
Judicial administration	4,589,192	690,095	1,611,776	-	(2,287,321)	· - ·	(2,287,321)
Public safety	45,905,512	2,265,776	6,838,302	_	(36,801,434)	_	(36,801,434)
Public works	12,115,589	100,000	245,355	2,788,831	(8,981,403)	-	(8,981,403)
Health and welfare	13,677,110	2,331	7,281,373	, , , <u>-</u>	(6,393,406)	-	(6,393,406)
Education	93,850,074	-	382,430	3,000,000	(90,467,644)	_	(90,467,644)
Parks, recreation, and cultural	8,415,558	639,972	241,550	356,371	(7,177,665)	_	(7,177,665)
Community development	8,134,030	1,922,370	1,227,099	-	(4,984,561)	_	(4,984,561)
Interest on long-term debt	3,033,052	-,,	-,,	-	(3,033,052)	_	(3,033,052)
Total governmental activities	198,302,273	5,750,901	18,675,847	6,145,202	(167,730,323)	-	(167,730,323)
Business-type activities:							
Airport	1,398,738	907,442	15,594	364,713	_	(110,989)	(110,989)
Landfill and recycling	27,848,259	2,586,350	22,402	-	_	(25,239,507)	(25,239,507)
Sewer	12,179	103,744	,	-	_	91,565	91,565
Total business-type activities	29,259,176	3,597,536	37,996	364,713		(25,258,931)	(25,258,931)
Total primary government	227,561,449	9,348,437	18,713,843	6,509,915	(167,730,323)	(25,258,931)	(192,989,254)
Component units							
Economic Development Authority	6,482	11,254	25,000	_			
School Board	164,297,399	622,086	35,103,756				
Total component units	\$ 164,303,881	\$ 633,340	35,128,756	\$			
General revenues:							
General property taxes					173,352,481	-	173,352,481
Local sales and use taxes					13,399,789	-	13,399,789
Consumers' utility taxes					1,689,430	-	1,689,430
Business and professional taxes					2,724,747	-	2,724,747
Motor vehicle taxes					68,595	-	68,595
Taxes on recordation and wills					2,922,087	-	2,922,087
Other local taxes					590,249	-	590,249
Contribution from primary government					, · -	-	
Investment income					419,232	52,464	471,696
Miscellaneous					1,759,784	235,442	1,995,226
Grants and contributions not restricted to					,, -	,	,,
specific programs					16,266,425	_	16,266,425
Transfers					(7,926,066)	7,926,066	,, .25
Total general revenues and transfers					205,266,753	8,213,972	213,480,725
Change in net position					37,536,430	(17,044,959)	20,491,471
Net position - beginning					100,804,677	20,029,441	120,834,118
Net position - ending					\$ 138,341,107		

	Componen	t Unit		Reporting Entity	
	Economic		-		
	Development				
	Authority	School Board	_	Total	Functions/Programs
					Primary government
					Governmental activities:
	- \$	-	\$	(7,603,837)	General government administration
	-	-		(2,287,321)	Judicial administration
	-	-		(36,801,434)	Public safety
	-	-		(8,981,403)	Public works
	-	-		(6,393,406)	Health and welfare
	-	-		(90,467,644)	Education
	-	-		(7,177,665)	Parks, recreation, and cultural
	-	-		(4,984,561)	Community development
	<u> </u>	-	_	(3,033,052)	Interest on long-term debt
	<u> </u>		-	(167,730,323)	Total governmental activities
					Business-type activities:
	-	-		(110,989)	Airport
	-	-		(25,239,507)	Landfill and recycling
	<u> </u>	-	_	91,565	Sewer
		<u> </u>		(25,258,931)	Total business-type activities
		<u>-</u>	-	(192,989,254)	Total primary government
					Component units
	29,772	-		29,772	Economic Development Authority
	<u> </u>	(128,571,557)	-	(128,571,557)	School Board
	29,772	(128,571,557)	-	(128,541,785)	Total component units
					General revenues:
	_	_		173,352,481	General property taxes
	-	-		13,399,789	Local sales and use taxes
	-	-		1,689,430	Consumers' utility taxes
	=	-		2,724,747	Business and professional taxes
	-	-		68,595	Motor vehicle taxes
	=	-		2,922,087	Taxes on recordation and wills
	-	-		590,249	Other local taxes
	-	95,173,327		95,173,327	Contribution from primary government
	811	173,181		645,688	Investment income
	-	3,491,682		5,486,908	Miscellaneous
		, ,		, , ,	Grants and contributions not restricted
	-	39,520,551		55,786,976	specific programs
_	811	138,358,741	-	351,840,277	Transfers Total general revenues and transfer
	30,583	9,787,184	-	30,309,238	Change in net position
	,				-
	174,637	26,230,726		147,239,481	Net position - beginning
	205,220 \$	36,017,910	\$	177,548,719	Net position - ending



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 Exhibit 3 Page 1 of 2

			Prin	nary Governm	ent	
	_	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,092,216	\$	27,045,310	\$	1,883,142
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		1,112,850		14,649,012		-
Taxes, including penalties		4,784,030		_		_
Accounts		1,249,830		760,758		_
Lease receivables		481,587		1,131,231		_
Due from other funds		928,621		-		_
Investment in direct financing agreement		-		_		13,561,313
Due from other governmental units		4,080,561		1,459,367		-
Note receivable	_	<u>-</u>		556,439		<u>-</u>
Total assets	_	59,729,695		45,602,117	_	15,444,455
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	_	59,729,695	. =	45,602,117	_	15,444,455
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		2,210,260		4,053,600		-
Accrued liabilities		1,780,631		-		-
Retainage		-		824,546		-
Other liabilities		598,536		544,634		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		132,720		133,366		3,711,313
Escrows	-	-		-		-
Total liabilities	_	4,722,147		5,556,146		3,711,313
Deferred inflows of resources						
Leases		477,584		1,153,677		-
Revenue advances		1,019,163		-		
Unavailable revenue	-	3,562,286		423,073		9,850,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	5,059,033		1,576,750		9,850,000
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	9,781,180		7,132,896	_	13,561,313
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		4,003		-		-
Restricted		1,065,670		13,824,466		-
Committed		2,958,215		24,644,755		-
Assigned		16,264,452		-		1,883,142
Unassigned	-	29,656,175		-		-
Total fund balances	_	49,948,515		38,469,221		1,883,142
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and						
fund balances	\$_	59,729,695	\$_	45,602,117	\$ <u></u>	15,444,455

		Primary Gov	ernment		_
_	Fire and Rescue Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	_
					Assets
\$	503,667 \$	- \$	3,225,799 \$	79,750,134	Cash and cash equivalents
	-	12,679,338	7,423,466	35,864,666	Cash and cash equivalents - restricted
					Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:
	882,309	-	31,801	5,698,140	Taxes, including penalties
	41,510	-	1,648,811	3,700,909	Accounts
	172,419	-	-	1,785,237	Lease receivables
	-	219,574	-	1,148,195	Due from other funds
	-	-	-	13,561,313	Investment in direct financing agreement
	850,810	21,481	344,294	6,756,513	Due from other governmental units
_	- -	-	-	556,439	Note receivable
_	2,450,715	12,920,393	12,674,171	148,821,546	Total assets
_	2,450,715	12,920,393	12,674,171	148,821,546	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources
					Liabilities
	224,008	1,630	29,366	6,518,864	Accounts payable
	667,444	2,185	7,521	2,457,781	
	, -	-	, -	824,546	
	-	-	-	1,143,170	Other liabilities
	-	-	219,574	219,574	Due to other funds
	-	12,899,301	-	16,876,700	Unearned revenue
_		<u>-</u>	194,838	194,838	Escrows
_	891,452	12,903,116	451,299	28,235,473	Total liabilities
					Deferred inflows of resources
	165,839	-	-	1,797,100	Leases
	159,532	-	12,549	1,191,244	Revenue advances
_	723,188	<u> </u>	1,436,436	15,994,983	Unavailable revenue
_	1,048,559	<u> </u>	1,448,985	18,983,327	Total deferred inflows of resources
_	1,940,011	12,903,116	1,900,284	47,218,800	_Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources
					Fund balances
	6,580	-	-	10,583	Nonspendable
	-	17,277	7,400,910	22,308,323	Restricted
	504,124	-	3,372,977	31,480,071	Committed
	-	-	-	18,147,594	Assigned
_	<u> </u>	-		29,656,175	_ Unassigned
_	510,704	17,277	10,773,887	101,602,746	Total fund balances
					Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund
\$	2,450,715 \$	12,920,393 \$	12,674,171 \$	148,821,546	balances



Net position of governmental activities

\$ 138,341,107

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$	101,602,746
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when purchased in governmental funds, but are recorded as assets and the expense is amortized over the period for which it relates in the government-wide statements (excludes \$175,842 for internal service funds)		1,124,605
Noncurrent assets and deferred outflows of resources are not current financial resources and therefore		
not reported in the governmental funds.		
Capital assets used in governmental activities (excludes \$185,960 for internal service funds)	106,386,843	
Lease assets used in governmental activities (excludes \$16,086 for internal service funds)	1,254,966	
Losses on refunding of debt issuances	492,804	
Net pension asset (excludes \$108,657 for internal service funds)	4,860,801	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (excludes \$94,774 for internal service funds)	5,370,352	
Contributions to pension plans (excludes \$72,612 for internal service funds)	4,114,554	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB (excludes \$28,500 for internal service funds)	1,491,865	
Contributions to OPEB plans (excludes \$3,990 for internal service funds)	227,394	124,199,579
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance and health		
insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included		
in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		16,864,515
Unavailable taxes, grant, proffer and EMS ambulance billing revenue represent amounts that were not		
available to fund current expenditures and therefore are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		15,994,983
Interest on long-term debt and lessee lease arrangements are not accrued in the governmental funds, but are		
recognized as expenditures when due.		(1,370,321)
Interest on lessor arrangement leases is not accrued in the governmental funds, but is recognized as		
revenue when earned.		1,342
Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year		
and therefore are not reported as such in the governmental funds.		
Lease liabilities (excludes \$16,258 for internal service funds)	(1,266,017)	
Compensated absences (excludes \$100,624 for internal service funds)	(5,433,087)	
Financing agreements	(27,237,834)	
General obligation bonds	(46,425,000)	
Direct bond	(8,585,000)	
Premium on bonds payable	(4,666,729)	
Net OPEB liability (excludes \$97,876 for internal service funds)	(5,259,742)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (excludes \$319,937 for internal service funds)	(18,129,083)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (excludes \$58,663 for internal service funds)	(3,073,850)	(120,076,342)
Premium on bonds payable Net OPEB liability (excludes \$97,876 for internal service funds) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (excludes \$319,937 for internal service funds)	(4,666,729) (5,259,742) (18,129,083)	(120,076,342)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_		Pı	rimary Governme	nt			
	_	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund			Fire and Rescue Fund
Revenues								
General property taxes	\$	151,268,463	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,421,072
Other local taxes		21,394,897		-		-		-
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		1,879,154		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		397,763		-		-		-
Revenue from use of money and property		347,332		122,086		-		32,977
Charges for services		1,178,383		119,724		-		-
Gifts and donations		27,775		314,128		-		-
Recovered costs		312,257		839,854		-		94,055
Miscellaneous revenue		249,805		730,006		304,890		702,716
Intergovernmental:								
Contribution from School Board		-		3,000,000		382,430		-
Commonwealth of Virginia		26,664,578		60,281		-		311,494
Federal Government	-	3,560,217	_	2,156,674	_	400,775	_	799,079
Total revenues	_	207,280,624		7,342,753	_	1,088,095	_	21,361,393
Expenditures								
Current operating:								
General government administration		16,129,378		_		_		_
Judicial administration		4,518,982		_		_		_
Public safety		23,179,982		174,139		_		20,790,535
Public works		5,279,863		7,368,143		_		20,730,333
Health and welfare		13,799,725		7,308,143		_		_
Education		95,252,091		7,618,313				
Parks, recreation, and cultural				7,018,313		-		-
		7,245,896		•		-		-
Community development		6,181,906		117,805		-		-
Nondepartmental		556,049		0.010.131		-		-
Capital outlay		110.264		8,910,131		-		- 0.040
Capital outlay - leases		110,264		-		-		9,940
Debt service:		254 542						47.000
Lease principal		351,513		-		-		17,366
Lease interest		8,347		-		-		166
Principal retirement		-		-		9,261,893		-
Interest charges		-				2,955,688		-
Issuance costs		-		54,800		-		-
Fiscal charges	-	-	_	-	_	5,700		
Total expenditures	-	172,613,996	_	25,015,258	_	12,223,281	_	20,818,007
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	-	34,666,628		(17,672,505)		(11,135,186)	_	543,386
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		417,843		13,303,927		13,182,859		1,465,418
Transfers (out)		(26,547,769)		(254,150)		(710,280)		(1,995,483)
Leases		110,264				-		9,940
Issuance of debt		-		16,180,000		_		-
Premium on debt	_	-		1,864,992				-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(26,019,662)		31,094,769		12,472,579		(520,125)
Net change in fund balances (deficits)		8,646,966		13,422,264		1,337,393		23,261
Fund halances haginning		41 201 540		25 046 057		E4F 740		407 443
Fund balances - beginning	٠.	41,301,549		25,046,957	<u>, —</u>	545,749		487,443
Fund balances - ending	\$_	49,948,515	\$ <u></u>	38,469,221	\$	1,883,142	\$	510,704

			Pri	ima	ry Government	
-	American Rescue Plan Fund	. <u>.</u>	Other Governmental Funds	. <u>-</u>	Total Governmental Funds	_
						Revenues
\$	-	\$	1,200,178 -	\$	171,889,713 21,394,897	General property taxes Other local taxes
	-		- 22.005		1,879,154	Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses
	16 205		33,905		431,668	Fines and forfeitures
	16,305		9,012		527,712	Revenue from use of money and property
	_		2,075,784 183,461		3,373,891 525,364	Charges for services Gifts and donations
			9,053		1,255,219	Recovered costs
	_		60,817		2,048,234	Miscellaneous revenue
			00,017		2,040,234	Intergovernmental:
	_		_		3,382,430	Contribution from School Board
	-		165,286		27,201,639	Commonwealth of Virginia
	1,159,807		612,954		8,689,506	Federal Government
-	1,176,112		4,350,450		242,599,427	Total revenues
-	, ,			-	, ,	-
						Expenditures Current energting:
	_		5.541		16,134,919	Current operating: General government administration
			5,541		4,518,982	Judicial administration
	40,377		1,369,866		45,554,899	Public safety
	38,925		156,992		12,843,923	Public works
	65,313		12,540		13,877,578	Health and welfare
	-		,		102,870,404	Education
	15,464		43,081		8,076,368	Parks, recreation, and cultural
	41,296		1,622,611		7,963,618	Community development
	58,432		36,425		650,906	Nondepartmental
	-		-		8,910,131	Capital outlay
	-		-		120,204	Capital outlay - leases
						Debt service:
	-		-		368,879	Lease principal
	-		-		8,513	Lease interest
	-		-		9,261,893	Principal retirement
	-		-		2,955,688	Interest charges Issuance costs
	-		-		54,800	
-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		5,700	_ Fiscal charges
-	259,807		3,247,056	-	234,177,405	Total expenditures
						Excess (deficiency) of revenues
_	916,305		1,103,394		8,422,022	over (under) expenditures
						Other financing sources (uses)
	-		510,216		28,880,263	Transfers in
	(900,000)		(1,837,531)		(32,245,213)	Transfers (out)
	-		-		120,204	Leases
	-		-		16,180,000	Issuance of debt
-	-		-		1,864,992	Premium on debt
-	(900,000)		(1,327,315)		14,800,246	Total other financing sources (uses)
	16,305		(223,921)		23,222,268	Net change in fund balances (deficits)
	972		10,997,808		78,380,478	Fund balances - beginning
\$	17,277	\$	10,773,887	\$	101,602,746	Fund balances - ending
-		-				=

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	23,222,268
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as		
depreciation/amortization expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays .	24,388,298	
Capital outlays - leases Depreciation expense (less \$27,364 for internal service funds) Lease amortization expense (less \$32,170 for internal service funds)	120,204 (4,656,441) (379,930)	19,472,131
Governmental funds reported a capital contribution to the enterprise funds related to the construction of sewer infrastructure. In the government-wide statement of activities, this capital contribution is reported as a		(4 (22 276)
transfer out/in from governmental activites and business-type activities, respectively.		(4,633,376)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain (loss) on capital assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital		(24.500)
assets sold.		(34,600)
Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when purchased in governmental funds, but are recorded as assets and the expense is amortized over the period for which it relates in the government-wide statements. Add current year's prepaid items (excludes \$175,842 for internal service funds) Less prior year's prepaid items (excludes \$436,465 for internal service funds)	1,124,605 (684,780)	439,825
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Add current year's unavailable revenue	15,994,983	
Less prior year's unavailable revenue	(13,612,881)	2,382,102
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance and health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services is reported with governmental activities.		2,754,930
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases		
long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized		
in the Statement of Activities. Less debt proceeds	(18,044,992)	
Add debt principal repayment	9,261,893	
Add amortization of bond payable premiums Less amortization of deferred loss on refunding	533,517 (220,462)	(8,470,044)
Lessee leasing agreeements provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Lease principal payments on lessee agreements are an expenditures in the governmental funds, but reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Interest on lessor agreements is recognized in governmental funds when received, but in the Statement of Net Position when earned.		
Less lease additions	(120,204)	
Add lease principal repayment	368,879	
Add lease interest receivable	1,342	250,017

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (continued)		
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial		
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Less current year's compensated absences (excludes \$100,624 for internal service funds)	(5,433,087)	
Add prior year's compensated absences (excludes \$123,801 for internal service funds)	5,188,240	
Less current year's accrued interest payable	(1,370,321)	
Add prior year's accrued interest payable	1,048,915	(566,253)
Governmental funds do not report net pension and OPEB assets and liabilities and associated deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB.		
Add current year's net pension asset (excludes \$108,657 for internal service funds)	4,860,801	
Add current year's deferred outflow related to pensions (excludes \$94,774 for internal service funds)	5,370,352	
Less prior year's deferred outflow related to pensions (excludes \$116,739 for internal service funds)	(6,268,104)	
Add current year's deferred outflow related to OPEB (excludes \$28,500 for internal service funds)	1,491,865	
Less prior year's deferred outflow related to OPEB (excludes \$32,120 for internal service funds)	(1,661,982)	
Add prior year's net pension liability (excludes \$308,597 for internal service funds)	16,569,452	
Less current year's net OPEB liability (excludes \$97,876 for internal service funds)	(5,259,742)	
Add prior year's net OPEB liability (excludes \$136,435 for internal service funds)	7,183,897	
Less current year's deferred inflow related to pensions (excludes \$319,937 for internal service funds)	(18,129,083)	
Less current year's deferred inflow related to OPEB (excludes \$58,663 for internal service funds)	(3,073,850)	
Add prior year's deferred inflow related to OPEB (excludes \$27,862 for internal service funds)	1,416,456	2,500,062
Governmental funds report current year contributions to pension and OPEB plans as expenditures.		
In the Statement of Activities, current year contributions are reported as deferred outflow of resources.		
Add current year's pension contributions (excludes \$72,612 for internal service funds)	4,114,554	
Less prior year's pension contributions (excludes \$72,775 for internal service funds)	(3,907,535)	
Add current year's OPEB contributions (excludes \$3,990 for internal service funds)	227,394	
Less prior year's OPEB contributions (excludes \$4,005 for internal service funds)	(215,045)	219,368
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	37,536,430

		Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	_	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
General property taxes	\$	140,795,412	\$	140,795,412	\$	151,268,463	\$	10,473,051
Other local taxes		15,194,700		15,194,700		21,394,897		6,200,197
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		1,334,878		1,334,878		1,879,154		544,276
Fines and forfeitures		511,000		511,000		397,763		(113,237)
Revenue from use of money and property		947,619		969,619		347,332		(622,287)
Charges for services		928,779		928,779		1,178,383		249,604
Gifts and donations		13,694		16,601		27,775		11,174
Recovered costs		236,518		376,487		312,257		(64,230)
Miscellaneous revenue		383,580		391,872		249,805		(142,067)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth of Virginia		27,684,867		27,857,654		26,664,578		(1,193,076)
Federal Government	_	3,503,381		3,700,463		3,560,217	_	(140,246)
Total revenues	_	191,534,428		192,077,465	_	207,280,624	_	15,203,159
Expenditures								
Current operating:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	_	291,329		326,687		320,687		6,000
General and financial administration:								
County administrator		748,586		798,928		791,253		7,675
General reassessment		141,885		656,657		489,667		166,990
County attorney		854,886		873,424		812,014		61,410
Independent auditor		196,410		•		190,258		6,152
•		•		196,410		•		•
Commissioner of the revenue		1,713,013		1,765,709		1,724,472		41,237
Treasurer		1,469,709		1,577,111		1,558,318		18,793
Information technology		4,632,297		4,608,428		4,498,575		109,853
Human resources		3,326,146		3,515,761		2,625,624		890,137
Finance		1,647,182		1,726,914		1,699,687		27,227
Office of management and budget		615,323		605,601		576,619		28,982
Geographic information systems		345,812		382,662		376,447	_	6,215
Total general and financial administration		15,691,249		16,707,605		15,342,934	_	1,364,671
Board of elections:								
Registrar		429,459	_	492,052	_	465,757	_	26,295
Total general government administration	\$	16,412,037	\$	17,526,344	\$	16,129,378	\$_	1,396,966

		Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual		Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued)			_				_	(202 27
Current operating: (continued)								
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	143,340	\$	145,697	\$	100,774	\$	44,923
General district court	•	28,200		28,200	•	8,621	'	19,579
Magistrates		85,773		85,773		38,760		47,013
Juvenile and domestic relations district court		9,266		14,653		13,946		707
Clerk of the circuit court		1,295,287		1,533,774		1,417,861		115,913
Adult court services		1,064,755		1,127,543		1,127,392		151
Public defenders		34,467		34,467		28,547		5,920
Commissioner of accounts		15,600		15,600		15,600		3,320
Commissioner of accounts		13,000		13,000		13,000		
Total courts		2,676,688	. <u>—</u>	2,985,707	-	2,751,501	_	234,206
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney		1,671,301		1,792,541		1,767,481		25,060
commonwealth's accomey	_	1,071,001		1,732,311	_	1,707,101	_	23,000
Total judicial administration	_	4,347,989		4,778,248		4,518,982	_	259,266
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff		12,939,114		14,016,179		13,930,564		85,615
Joint communications		3,194,312		3,096,750		2,995,215		101,535
Joint communications	_	3,13 1,312	_	3,030,730	_	2,333,213	_	101,333
Total law enforcement and traffic control		16,133,426	_	17,112,929	_	16,925,779		187,150
Correction and detention:								
Sheriff		3,401,688		3,734,989		3,724,070		10,919
Northwest regional jail		2,523,324		2,525,833		2,473,326		52,507
Probation office		4,359		4,359		3,467		892
Juvenile detention and crime control		305,173		305,173		53,340		251,833
Juverille deterition and crime control	_	303,173	_	303,173		55,540	_	251,055
Total correction and detention		6,234,544		6,570,354		6,254,203	_	316,151
Total public safety		22,367,970		23,683,283		23,179,982		503,301
Public works:								
Constitution and accordance to								
General buildings and grounds maintenance:								
General services	_	5,668,877		5,726,020	-	5,279,863	_	446,157
Total public works	\$	5,668,877	\$	5,726,020	\$	5,279,863	\$	446,157

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued)				
Current operating: (continued)				
Health and welfare: Health:				
Supplement of local health department	\$ 638,750 \$	638,750	\$ 638,750 \$	-
Welfare:		_		
Institutional care	791,431	791,431	791,431	_
Social services	7,815,183	8,732,668	8,362,783	369,885
Children's services act	4,728,188	4,728,188	4,006,761	721,427
Cilidi cili 3 Sci vices dec	1,720,100	1,720,100	1,000,701	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total welfare	13,334,802	14,252,287	13,160,975	1,091,312
Total health and welfare	13,973,552	14,891,037	13,799,725	1,091,312
Education:				
Contribution to component unit – School Board	93,145,478	100,140,069	95,173,327	4,966,742
Community colleges	78,764	78,764	78,764	-
Total education	93,224,242	100,218,833	95,252,091	4,966,742
Parks, recreation, and cultural:				
Parks and recreation:				
Parks and recreation	4,514,596	4,719,127	4,523,246	195,881
Library:				
Public library	2,582,694	2,762,734	2,722,650	40,084
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	7,097,290	7,481,861	7,245,896	235,965
Community development:				
Planning and community development:				
Community development	4,827,109	5,181,610	4,826,078	355,532
Planning	151,631	151,631	118,768	32,863
Economic development	752,923	786,778	773,887	12,891
Agriculture development	73,789	85,887	73,189	12,698
Total planning and community development	5,805,452	6,205,906	5,791,922	413,984
Environmental management:				
Soil and water conservation district	178,471	183,308	180,678	2,630
Cooperative extension program:				
VPI extension	228,106	227,618	209,306	18,312
Total community development	\$\$, 6,212,029 \$	6,616,832	\$6,181,906\$	434,926

Exhibit 7 Page 4 of 4

		Original Budget	Amended Budget		Actual		Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued) Current operating: (continued)							
Nondepartmental:							
Nondepartmental operations	\$	2,111,196	\$ 1,681,947	\$	556,049	\$_	1,125,898
Total current operating expenditures	_	171,415,182	 182,604,405	_	172,143,872	_	10,460,533
Capital outlay - leases:							
General government administration		-	62,517		62,517		-
Judicial administration		-	33,857		33,857		-
Public safety		_	-		-		-
Public works		-	-		-		-
Health and welfare		-	-		-		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		-	13,890		13,890		-
Community development	_	-	 		-	_	<u>-</u>
Total capital outlay			 110,264	_	110,264	_	
Debt service:							
Lease principal		669,902	650,170		351,513		298,657
Lease interest	_	<u>-</u>	 8,356		8,347	_	9
Total debt service	_	669,902	658,526		359,860	_	298,666
Total expenditures		172,085,084	 183,373,195	_	172,613,996	_	10,759,199
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	_	19,449,344	 8,704,270		34,666,628	_	4,443,960
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		358,657	417,843		417,843		-
Transfers (out)		(20,719,332)	(26,551,832)		(26,547,769)		4,063
Leases		<u>-</u>	 	_	110,264	_	110,264
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(20,360,675)	 (26,133,989)	_	(26,019,662)	_	114,327
Net change in fund balances		(911,331)	(17,429,719)		8,646,966		26,076,685
Fund balances - beginning		41,301,549	41,301,549		41,301,549	_	
Fund balances - ending	\$	40,390,218	\$ 23,871,830	\$	49,948,515	\$	26,076,685

Exhibit 8

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
General property taxes \$	17,444,657 \$	18,785,436 \$		635,636
Revenue from use of money and property	200,000	200,000	32,977	(167,023)
Recovered costs	-	50,823	94,055	43,232
Miscellaneous Revenue	5,000	41,140	702,716	661,576
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth of Virginia	272,773	278,684	311,494	32,810
Federal Government	69,091	970,515	799,079	(171,436)
Total revenues	17,991,521	20,326,598	21,361,393	1,034,795
Expenditures				
Current operating:				
Public safety	17,693,024	20,882,660	20,790,535	92,125
Total current operating expenditures	17,693,024	20,882,660	20,790,535	92,125
Capital outlay - Leases:				
Public safety	<u> </u>	9,940	9,940	
Total capital outlay	<u> </u>	9,940	9,940	<u> </u>
Debt Service:				
Lease principal	62,400	42,662	17,366	25,296
Lease interest	02,400	166	166	23,230
Lease litterest		100	100	
Total debt service	62,400	42,828	17,532	25,296
Total expenditures	17,755,424	20,935,428	20,818,007	117,421
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	236,097	(608,830)	543,386	1,152,216
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	998,285	1,465,418	1,465,418	-
Transfers (out)	(1,765,769)	(2,009,490)	(1,995,483)	14,007
Leases	<u> </u>		9,940	9,940
Total other financing sources (uses)	(767,484)	(544,072)	(520,125)	23,947
Net change in fund balances	(531,387.00)	(1,152,902.00)	23,261.00	1,176,163.00
Fund balances - beginning	487,443	487,443	487,443	-
Fund balances - ending \$	(43,944) \$		\$ 510,704 \$	1,176,163

Exhibit 9

D	_	Original Budget		Amended Budget	-	Actual	_	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Use of money:	<u>,</u>		,		,	46 205	_	16 205
Interest income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,305	\$	16,305
Intergovernmental:				7 472 702		4 450 007		(6.042.006)
Federal Government	_		-	7,173,793	-	1,159,807	_	(6,013,986)
Total revenues			-	7,173,793	-	1,176,112	_	(5,997,681)
Expenditures								
Current operating:								
General government administration		-		664,039		-		664,039
Public safety		-		1,034,920		40,377		994,543
Public works		-		447,000		38,925		408,075
Health and welfare		-		403,000		65,313		337,687
Parks, recreation, and cultural		-		22,961		15,464		7,497
Community development		-		3,641,981		41,296		3,600,685
Non departmental	_		-	59,892	-	58,432	_	1,460
Total expenditures	_		-	6,273,793	-	259,807	_	6,013,986
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_		-	900,000	-	916,305	_	16,305
Other financing (uses)								
Transfers (out)	_		-	(900,000)	-	(900,000)	_	-
Total other financing (uses)	_		-	(900,000)	-	(900,000)	_	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		16,305		16,305
Fund balances - beginning		972	_	972	_	972		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	972	\$	972	\$	17,277	\$	16,305

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

				Governmental						
			Busi	ness-Type Acti	ivities	 Enterprise 	Funds	i .		Activities
				Landfill and						Internal
		Airport		Recycling		Sewer				Service
	_	Fund		Fund		Fund	_	Total	_	Funds
Assets										
Current assets:						222 452		4 005 000		10.070.516
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	547,376	\$	838,453	\$	1,385,829	\$	18,378,546
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		60,277		13,415,580		355,140		13,830,997		-
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles		242450		470.000						2 422 452
Accounts		342,150		170,999		2,324,543		2,837,692		2,130,469
Lease receivables		883,240		-		-		883,240		-
Lease interest receivables		725		-		-		725		-
Inventories		23,860		-		-		23,860		277,048
Prepaid items		4 400 424		-		-		4 400 424		175,842
Due from other governmental units	_	1,199,431	_	-	_		_	1,199,431	_	
Total current assets		2,509,683	-	14,133,955	_	3,518,136	_	20,161,774	_	20,961,905
Noncurrent assets:										
Net pension asset		22,162		44,960		-		67,122		108,657
Lease assets (amortizable):										
Land		-		131,548		-		131,548		-
Buildings		-		-		-		-		48,256
Machinery and equipment		60,078		6,029		-		66,107		-
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	_	(12,961)	_	(31,490)		-	_	(44,451)	_	(32,170)
Total lease assets, net		47,117	_	106,087		-	_	153,204	_	16,086
Capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable):										
Land		6,612,678		1,446,449		557,540		8,616,667		-
Construction in progress		3,814,935		3,081,941		10,551,036		17,447,912		-
Intangible assets		228,836		-		-		228,836		-
Capital assets (depreciable/amortizable):										
Buildings and improvements		8,003,725		21,741,354		-		29,745,079		349,000
Infrastructure		18,603,008		854,306		-		19,457,314		-
Machinery and equipment		487,313		3,308,261		-		3,795,574		765,055
Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(13,464,643)	_	(16,040,072)	_	_	_	(29,504,715)	_	(928,095)
Total capital assets, net	_	24,285,852		14,392,239	_	11,108,576	_	49,786,667	_	185,960
Total noncurrent assets		24,355,131	_	14,543,286	_	11,108,576	_	50,006,993	_	310,703
Total assets	_	26,864,814	_	28,677,241		14,626,712		70,168,767		21,272,608
Deferred outflows of resources										
Deferred charge on refunding		-		399,461		-		399,461		-
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		24,970		185,008		-		209,978		94,774
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		19,131		141,746		-		160,877		72,612
Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability		6,902		52,548		-		59,450		28,500
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	_	1,058	_	7,908	-	-	_	8,966	_	3,990
Total deferred outflows of resources		52,061	_	786,671	_	-	_	838,732	_	199,876
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	26,916,875	\$	29,463,912	\$	14,626,712	\$	71,007,499	\$	21,472,484

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities Internal		
	Landfill and									
		Airport		Recycling		Sewer				Service
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total		Funds
Liabilities										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	13.051	ė	792,596	ė	6.001	ė	811.648	\$	753,307
. ,	Ş	9,521	Ş	69,565	Ş	6,001	Ş	79,086	Ş	32,862
Accrued and other liabilities		9,521				-		,		32,862
Retainage		-		17,926		-		17,926		-
Accrued interest payable		_		185,631		-		185,631		-
Accrued interest payable - leases		2		389		-		391		3
Due to other funds		824,165		-		-		824,165		104,456
Unearned revenue		32,072		-		3,155,467		3,187,539		-
Current portion of compensated absences		3,639		18,728		-		22,367		10,063
Current portion of incurred but not reported claims		-		-		-		-		780,996
Current portion of lease liabilities		14,049		29,781		-		43,830		16,258
Current portion of long-term bonds payable			_	954,240	_	355,140	_	1,309,380	_	- .
Total current liabilities	_	896,499	_	2,068,856	_	3,516,608	_	6,481,963	_	1,697,945
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Accrued closure and postclosure liability		_		34,459,235		_		34,459,235		-
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences		32,749		168,554		_		201,303		90,561
Noncurrent portion of incurred but not reported claims		-				_		,		2,342,987
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities		32,988		78,407		_		111,395		-
Noncurrent portion of long-term bonds payable		32,300		20,760,977		4,080,794		24,841,771		_
Net OPEB liability		22,002				4,000,734				97,876
NET OPED HADHILY	_	22,993	_	196,451	_		_	219,444	_	97,876
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	88,730	_	55,663,624	_	4,080,794	_	59,833,148	_	2,531,424
Total liabilities		985,229	_	57,732,480	_	7,597,402	_	66,315,111	_	4,229,369
Deferred inflows of resources										
Leases		877,604		_		-		877,604		-
Items related to measurement of pension liability		84,294		624,546		-		708,840		319,937
Items related to measurement of OPEB liability		14,082	_	107,380	_	-	_	121,462	_	58,663
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	975,980	_	731,926	_	-	_	1,707,906	_	378,600
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	1,961,209	_	58,464,406	_	7,597,402	_	68,023,017	_	4,607,969
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets		24,285,931		6,454,111		6,672,642		37,412,684		185,788
Restricted for:		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,		,
Debt service		_		_		355,140		355,140		_
Donations		60,277		_		-		60,277		-
Pensions		22,162		44,960		-		67,122		108,657
Other purposes		· -		, _		_		, -		,
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	587,296	_	(35,499,565)	_	1,528	_	(34,910,741)	_	16,570,070
Total net position		24,955,666	_	(29,000,494)	<u> </u>	7,029,310	_	2,984,482	_	16,864,515
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net posit	tion \$	26,916,875	\$	29,463,912	\$	14,626,712	\$	71,007,499	\$_	21,472,484

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Governmental			
-	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds Landfill and					Activities Internal
	Airport	Recycling	Sewer			Service
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total		Funds
Operating revenues		- I uliu	Tunu	Total	_	Tulius
Charges for services \$	326,802	1,866,124 \$	102,700 \$	2,295,626	\$	41,461,609
Recycling revenues	- 520,002 +	720,226	- 102,700 ¢	720,226	Ψ.	-
Recovered Cost	_		_			3,276,552
Miscellaneous revenue	222	246	_	468		10,268
Fuel	580,640		_	580,640		
Permits & licenses	-	_	1,044	1,044		_
Territo di ilicenses				2,011		
Total operating revenues	907,664	2,586,596	103,744	3,598,004	_	44,748,429
Operating expenses						
Cost of goods sold	450,873	-	_	450,873		_
Personal services	223,670	1,896,187	-	2,119,857		776,542
Fringe benefits	67,454	718,651	-	786,105		305,368
Claims and benefits paid		-	-	-		32,441,628
Premiums	-	-	_	_		2,716,647
Contractual services	91,156	4,655,283.00	12,179	4,758,618		3,492,949
Other operating expenses	79,167	271,419.00	, -	350,586		2,312,918
Landfill closure and postclosure liability		18,106,389	_	18,106,389		-
Depreciation	465,678	1,002,135	_	1,467,813		27,364
Lease amoritization	12,961	31,490	_	44,451		32,170
Pension and OPEB expense	7,779	167,394	-	175,173		(2,710)
Total operating expenses	1,398,738	26,848,948	12,179	28,259,865		42,102,876
Operating income (loss)	(491,074)	(24,262,352)	91,565	(24,661,861)	_	2,645,553
No.						
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	0.400	(755.070)	200	(757.540)		07.447
Interest income (expense)	9,132	(766,872)	200	(757,540)		37,117
Gain on disposal of capital asset	-	1,026	-	1,026		-
Insurance recoveries	233,948	(400.207)	-	233,948		-
Bond issuance costs	45 504	(189,307)	-	(189,307)		-
Operating grants - Commonwealth of Virginia	15,594	22,402		37,996	_	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	258,674	(932,751)	200	(673,877)	_	37,117
Income (loss) before capital contributions, grants, and transfers	(232,400)	(25,195,103)	91,765	(25,335,738)	_	2,682,670
Canital contributions and grants						
Capital contributions and grants Capital contributions	5,500		4,633,376	4,638,876		
•	,	-	4,033,370			-
Capital grants - Commonwealth of Virginia	228,968	-	-	228,968		-
Capital grants - Federal Government	130,245			130,245	_	
Total capital contributions and capital grants	364,713		4,633,376	4,998,089	_	<u>-</u>
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	123,982	F 000 701	710 200	C 02F 0F2		72.260
Transfers (out)	123,982	5,990,791	710,280	6,825,053		72,260
Hallsters (out)			(3,532,363)	(3,532,363)		
Total financing sources (uses)	123,982	5,990,791	(2,822,083)	3,292,690	_	72,260
Change in net position	256,295	(19,204,312)	1,903,058	(17,044,959)		2,754,930
Net position - beginning	24.699.371	(9,796,182)	5,126,252	20,029,441		14,109,585
Net position - beginning Net position - ending	24,955,666			2,984,482	<u>, —</u>	16,864,515
	2.,555,000	(25,000,454)	.,025,510	2,304,402	~ =	10,004,010



Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds					
		Landfill and			_	Activities Internal
	Airport	Recycling	Sewer			Service
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total		Funds
Cash flow from operating activities						
Receipts from customers and users \$	717,530 \$	2,586,709	\$ 478,163	\$ 3,782,402	\$	39,045,435
Receipts from interfund services provided	-	-	-	-		4,330,134
Payments to suppliers and other operating activities	(690,593)	(4,517,668)	(6,178)	(5,214,439)		(40,368,612)
Payments to employees (including fringes)	(301,721)	(2,723,544)	-	(3,025,265)		(1,173,773)
Payments for interfund services used	(5,480)	(67,060)		(72,540)	_	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(280,264)	(4,721,563)	471,985	(4,529,842)	_	1,833,184
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities						
Transfers in	123,982	5,990,791	710,280	6,825,053		72,260
Transfers (out)	-	-	(3,532,363)	(3,532,363)		-
Proceeds from interfund obligation	52,004	-	-	52,004		104,456
Operating grants received	15,594	22,402		37,996	_	-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	191,580	6,013,193	(2,822,083)	3,382,690	_	176,716
Cash flow from capital and related financing activities						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(299,091)	(879,115)	-	(1,178,206)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	1,026	-	1,026		-
Proceeds from capital grants	123,636	-	-	123,636		-
Capital contribution	5,500	-	-	5,500		-
Principal paid on debt	-	(360,000)	(355,140)	(715,140)		-
Interest and other fiscal cost on debt	-	(420,509)	-	(420,509)		-
Principal and interest paid on leases	(13,041)	(29,388)	-	(42,429)		(31,998)
Proceeds from bonds	-	13,980,243	3,426,449	17,406,692		-
Interest on bond proceeds	-	36,171		36,171		-
Issuance costs	-	(189,307)	-	(189,307)		-
Insurance recoveries	233,948			233,948	_	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related						
financing activities	50,952	12,139,121	3,071,309	15,261,382	_	(31,998)
Cash flow from investing activities						
Interest income	9,132	6,961	200	16,293	_	37,117
Net cash provided by investing activities	9,132	6,961	200	16,293	_	37,117
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(28,600)	13,437,712	721,411	14,130,523		2,015,019
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	88,877	525,243	472,183	1,086,303	_	16,363,527
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	60,277	13,962,955	1,193,594	15,216,826	_	18,378,546

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Busines	ss-Type Activities –	Enterprise Fund	is	Governmental Activities
		Landfill and			Internal
	Airport	Recycling	Sewer		Service
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities					
Cash flows from operations:					
Operating income (loss)	(491,074)	(24,262,352)	91,565	(24,661,861)	2,645,553
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation	465,678	1,002,135	-	1,467,813	27,364
Amortization of bond premium and deferred amounts	-	(101,929) -	-	(101,929)	-
Amortization of leases	12,961	31,490	-	44,451	32,170
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(193,371)	113	(2,324,543)	(2,517,801)	(1,372,860)
(Increase) decrease in lease receivables	(883,240)	-	-	(883,240)	-
(Increase) decrease in lease interest	(725)	-	-	(725)	
(Increase) decrease in inventory	8,095	-	-	8,095	(46,518)
(Increase) decrease in net pension assets	(22,162)	(44,960)	-	(67,122)	(108,657)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	-	-	-	-	260,623
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	3,767	33,621	-	37,388	25,763
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(48,874)	425,588	6,001	382,715	241,972
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	8,955	40,948	-	49,903	(15,261)
Increase (decrease) in retainage	(34,100)	17,926	-	(16,174)	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable-leases	2	389		391	3
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	9,597	-	2,698,962	2,708,559	-
Increase (decrease) in incurred but not reported claims	-	-	-	-	139,450
Increase (decrease) in landfill closure and					
postclosure liability	-	18,106,389	-	18,106,389	-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(77,147)	(578,618)	-	(655,765)	(308,597)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(8,378)	(74,733)	-	(83,111)	(38,559)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	969,752	682,430		1,652,182	350,738
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (280,264) \$	(4,721,563)	471,985	\$ (4,529,842)	\$ 1,833,184

Noncash, investing, capital, and financing activities:

The primary government contributed assets related to the construction of sewer infrastructure to the Sewer Fund during the fiscal year. The project costs were recorded in the Capital Projects Fund, and transferred to the Sewer Fund. This resulted in a non-cash capital and financing activity in the amount of \$4,633,376 for the assets related to the project. The net amount is reflected as a capital contribution on Exhibit 11.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2022

	Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Fund			Custodial Funds	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	164,147	
Cash in custody of others		-		150,914	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:					
Accounts		-		44,875	
Loans		-		79,122	
Investments at fair value:					
Investments at fair value		-		15,845,669	
Investment in pooled funds		1,719,573			
Total assets		1,719,573	_	16,284,727	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		109,849		-	
Accrued liabilities				50,298	
Total liabilities		109,849	_	50,298	
Net position					
Restricted for:					
Postemployment benefits other than pensions		1,609,724		-	
Individuals and organizations				16,234,429	
Total net position	\$	1,609,724	\$_	16,234,429	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Fund	Custodial Funds
Additions			
Contributions			
For the benefit of employees	\$	149,427 \$	-
Employees		-	1,401,883
Governments and organizations		-	633,525
On behalf of inmates	_	- .	151,741
Total contributions	_	149,427	2,187,149
Investment income			
Net increase in the fair value of investments		(160,703)	(3,695,612)
Interest and dividends	_	1,030	1,037,210
Total investment income	_	(159,673)	(2,658,402)
Less: investment expenses	_	<u>-</u>	(37,193)
Net investment income	_	(159,673)	(2,695,595)
Miscellaneous revenue:			
Miscellaneous revenue	_	<u>-</u>	73,531
Total additions	_	(10,246)	(434,915)
Deductions			
Distributions		59,835	-
Payments on behalf of beneficiaries and participants		-	2,966,204
Administrative fees	_	2,812	
Total deductions	_	62,647	2,966,204
Net increase (decrease) in net position		(72,893)	(3,401,119)
Net position - beginning, restated		1,682,617	19,635,548
Net position - ending	\$_	1,609,724 \$	16,234,429



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



COUNTY OF FAUQUIER, VIRGINIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County of Fauquier have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the County's significant accounting principles and policies:

A. The financial reporting entity

The County of Fauquier, Virginia (the County) is organized under the traditional (modified) form of government. The governing body of the County is the Board of Supervisors (the Board), which establishes policies for the administration of the County. The Board appoints a County Administrator to serve as the administrative manager of the County.

The County has two discretely presented component units, the Economic Development Authority of Fauquier County (the Economic Development Authority) and the Fauquier County School Board (the School Board). The County has one blended component unit, the Fauquier County Broadband Authority (the Broadband Authority).

The Economic Development Authority is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth governed by seven directors appointed by the Fauquier County Board of Supervisors. The Economic Development Authority is empowered to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties, promote industry, develop trade in the County, and issue tax-exempt revenue bonds in accordance with the Virginia Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act, Chapter 49, Title 15.2 of the Code of Virginia. As of June 30, 2022, the Economic Development Authority had outstanding industrial development revenue bonds of \$8,926,214. These obligations are considered conduit debt, neither the County nor the Economic Development Authority are obligated to pay the principal, interest, or any other costs associated with the bonds, and thus no associated assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses with respect to these bonds are recognized in the financial statements. A financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the County and the Economic Development Authority and the County acts as fiscal agent for the Economic Development Authority.

The School Board is a legally separate entity for which the County has financial accountability. The School Board is responsible for the elementary and secondary education in the County. School Board members are elected by the voters by magisterial districts. The School Board does not have separate taxing authority and is therefore fiscally dependent upon the County. The County provides significant funding for school operating and capital needs, approves the School Board's budget, levies taxes as necessary, and approves all debt issuances.

The School Board consists of the following governmental funds:

The *School General Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources to operate, maintain, and support the School Board programs. Its primary source of revenues is state and federal aid and contributions from the County's General Fund.

The School Asset Replacement Fund accounts for and reports financial resources for major maintenance and systems replacement, renovations, and major asset replacements for the schools.

The *School Textbook Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources for the purchase of student textbooks supported by state revenue and transfers from the School General Fund.

The *School Nutrition Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources for the provision of student and adult breakfasts, snacks, and lunches. Its primary sources of revenue are state and federal aid and receipts from food sales.

The *School Activity Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources used to support co-curricular and extracurricular student activities. Its primary sources of revenue are from fundraising activities and gifts and donations.

The School Board *Fiduciary Funds* accounts for assets held by the School Board in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Crockett Scholarship Private Purpose Trust Fund, accounts for assets held in trust to provide scholarships for higher education for graduating Fauquier County students. Custodial funds include the Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School, a separate entity for which the School Board acts as a fiscal agent and custodian, the Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School Activity Fund, the 457(b) Deferred Compensation Fund, and the 403(b) Deferred Compensation Fund.

The Economic Development Authority and School Board component units are discretely presented in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize that they are legally and operationally separate from the government. Information regarding the Economic Development Authority and School Board are also reported in the other supplementary information section of this document. The Economic Development Authority and the School Board do not issue separate financial statements.

The Broadband Authority was established by ordinance of the Fauquier County Board of Supervisors in order to facilitate increased availability of affordable broadband internet services to citizens in Fauquier County. The Broadband Authority was established pursuant to the Virginia Wireless Service Authorities Act, Chapter 54.1, §§ 15.2-5431.1 and 15.2-5431.23 of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, in order to provide qualifying communications services as authorized by Article 5.1 (§ 56-484.7:1 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 56. The Broadband Authority is blended into the County's financial statements since the governing board of the Broadband Authority consists of the County Board of Supervisors and there are no separately issued financial statements. The governing board of the Broadband Authority serves four-year terms concurrent with the Board of Supervisor's term of office and the County has operational responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the Broadband Authority.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-wide financial statements – The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Eliminations have been made to avoid the double-counting of interfund activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated during consolidation. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely significantly on fees and charges for support.

Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and it's discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense, the cost of "using up" capital assets, in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Because the primary focus of government is to provide services to its citizens, the government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants). The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include:

1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Taxes and other revenue, not specific to programs, are reported as general revenues.

Fund financial statements – The accounts of the reporting entity are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for in a set of self-balancing accounts comprised of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenue, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for each fund category (governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds). The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise fund categories with each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial, proprietary, and fiduciary fund statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers the availability period to be within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are considered to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period; any property taxes not collected within this period end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the State or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the State or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure.

Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. Revenues related to reimbursement type grants for which the government has a claim to during the availability period are considered to be available for revenue recognition purposes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major fund types:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources for principal and interest. Debt service funds should also be used to report financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

The *Fire and Rescue Fund* accounts for and reports the fire and rescue levy assessed on real estate to support the volunteer fire and rescue companies.

The American Rescue Plan Fund accounts for and reports on Federal funds received by the County to address economic and social recovery from the effects of the COVID 19 pandemic.

The *Enterprise Funds* are proprietary funds, which are used to account for and report the financing, construction, and operations of the Airport Fund, the Landfill and Recycling Fund, and the Sewer Fund.

The County reports the following nonmajor fund types:

The Special Revenue Funds accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special Revenue Funds consist of the Conservation Easement Service District Fund, the Ambulance Revenue Fund, the Social Services Fund, the Parks and Recreation Fund, the Library Fund, the Marshall Electric Light and Business Improvement District Fund, the Proffer Fund, the Stormwater Management Fund, the Vint Hill Community Enrichment Fund, the Vint Hill Transportation Fund, the Treasurer's E-Summons Fund, the Project Lifesaver Fund, the Working Together Committee Fund, the Commonwealth Opportunity Fund, the Fire and Rescue USDA Debt Service Fund, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Fund, and the Opioid Abatement Fund.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

The *Proprietary Funds* include enterprise funds and internal service funds, and generally account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. For proprietary funds, operating revenues generally include charges to customers for sales or services and expenses include cost of sales and service, administrative expenses, and depreciation, while revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are classified as non-operating. The Internal Service Funds are used to account for goods and services provided to County departments on a cost reimbursement basis. Because the government itself is the primary customer, these funds are included in the governmental activities for government-wide reporting purposes. Any excess revenue over expenses for these funds is allocated to the appropriate functional activity. The operations of these funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

The County's enterprise funds consist of the Airport Fund, the Landfill and Recycling Fund, and the Sewer Fund. The County's internal service funds consist of the Fleet Maintenance Fund, for the provision of vehicle services to County Departments, and the Health Insurance Fund for the provision of health benefits to County and School employees and/or retirees.

The *Fiduciary Funds* accounts for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Fund accounts for assets held in trust by the County for the costs of health care and other non-pension benefits offered to retirees. Custodial funds include Volunteer Fire and Rescue Association Fund, Volunteer Fire and Rescue Operations Fund, Special Welfare Fund, Detention Center Fund, Service to Outside Agencies Fund, and the 457(b) Deferred Compensation Fund.

D. Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

1. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except for all custodial funds and the following Special Revenue funds: Social Services Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund, Library Fund, Marshall Electric Light and Business Improvement District Fund, Proffer Fund, Stormwater Management Fund, the Vint Hill Transportation Fund, Vint Hill Community Enrichment Fund, Treasurer's E-Summons Fund, Project Lifesaver Fund, Working Together Committee Fund, Commonwealth Opportunity Fund, and the Fire and Rescue USDA Debt Service Fund.

The County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st, as well as a five-year capital improvements and asset replacement plan with the related budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st, with the proposed tax rates required to fund such matters. The budget is ordinarily proposed in the month of February of each calendar year, but no later than the first week of March. The operating and capital improvements budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. At least one public hearing is conducted to obtain citizen comments on the budget, capital improvements plan, and tax rates.

Prior to April 15th, the budget, capital improvements plan, and calendar year tax rates are adopted and appropriated by passage of a Resolution. The Resolution provides for the appropriation of funds either on a time or percentage-based allocation, if not in full, as deemed appropriate by the Board of Supervisors. This may be based on the date of the budget enactment for the Commonwealth of Virginia and other economic considerations whereby the Board of Supervisors may determine it to be fiscally responsible to appropriate the upcoming fiscal year's budget on an allocation methodology other than in full, as allowable by the Code of Virginia. The Resolution places a legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations without additional formal action of the Board of Supervisors, at the department level for the General Fund or at the fund level for all other appropriated funds.

To address changes to the fiscal plan, the Board of Supervisors has adopted a policy for processing adjustments to the adopted budget. An intra-departmental transfer moves budget authority from one line item to another line item in the same department. The Office of Management and Budget approves all intra-departmental transfers. Departments must reconcile personnel, operations, and capital budgets with expenditures on a category basis.

An inter-departmental transfer moves budget authority between two departments or agencies in the same fund. The Office of Management and Budget has approval authority for inter-departmental transfers totaling less than \$50,000. The County Administrator has inter-departmental approval authority for transfers equal to or above \$50,000. Transfers between personnel and non-personnel categories are by exception, subject to Office of Management and Budget approval. The Board of Supervisors has approval authority for all transfer requests involving new positions, multi-year commitments, and contingency reserves, based on the recommendations of the Finance Committee, and/or the Personnel, Public Safety, and Facilities Planning Committee(s) specified in Section 15.2-2507 of the *Code of Virginia*.

Supplemental appropriations involve actions that increase or decrease the overall budget appropriation for the County Budget or a fund contained therein. The County Administrator is provided the administrative authority to accept and appropriate adjustments for grants, insurance recoveries, and other non-reoccurring miscellaneous revenue that do not exceed \$50,000, with the following requirements for grants: 1) local match funding is available within a department's existing budget; 2) the approved scope of the grant remains unchanged; and 3) no ongoing funding requirements are included in a grant acceptance. All requests for supplemental appropriations that do not meet the requirements require Board of Supervisors' approval upon recommendation of the Finance Committee.

The School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the School Division's categories. Supplemental appropriations to the School Division and transfers between capital projects require the Board of Supervisors' approval upon recommendation of the School Finance Committee and the County Finance Committee.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds subject to the Board of Supervisors' expenditure authority, and the Capital Projects Fund. The School Funds are integrated only at the level of legal adoption for the School General Fund, School Asset Replacement Fund, School Textbook Fund, and School Nutrition Fund. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements reflects the originally adopted budget and the amended budget compared to actual results as of June 30th.

2. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2022, there were no departments in which expenditures exceeded appropriations.

3. Deficit fund balance/net position

As of June 30, 2022, the Landfill and Recycling Fund and Fleet Maintenance Fund had a deficit net position.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and fund balance or net position

1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The County maintains a single cash and investment pool for use by all funds and its component units, except for the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Fund, the Working Together Fund, the Special Welfare Fund, the Fire and Rescue Volunteer USDA Debt Service Fund, the Volunteer Fire and Rescue Association Fund, the School Board Crockett

Scholarship Private-Purpose Trust Fund, the School Board School Activity Fund, and the Economic Development Authority.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. Each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Interest is distributed quarterly based on average daily balances of specific funds receiving interest income. A "zero balance account" mechanism provides for daily sweeps of deposits made to the County's checking accounts, resulting in an instantaneous transfer to the investment account. Hence, the majority of the County's funds are invested at all times. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. Bond proceeds are maintained to comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Tax Code and various bond indentures. Bond proceeds are deposited in the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). Values of shares in the SNAP and LGIP are reported at amortized cost in accordance with GASB 79.

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)), and external investment pools in accordance with GASB 79 are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County categorizes its fair value

measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The County maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at a measurement date
- Level 2. Directly or indirectly observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the asset or liability

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk.

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act) Section 2.2-4400 of the *Code of Virginia*. See Note 2 for further details on public deposits.

The County has three primary investment objectives: 1) <u>Safety</u> – investing funds to preserve principal and to minimize the potential risk of loss; 2) <u>Liquidity</u> – investing funds to ensure that monies are always available to meet the obligations of the County; and 3) <u>Return</u> – investing funds in an effort to provide a reasonable return within the constraints of the foregoing objectives.

2. Interfund receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of the interfund loans). Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loans receivable and amounts due from other governments are included in nonspendable fund balance which indicates they do not constitute available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

3. Inventory and prepaid items

In governmental funds, the purchases method is used to account for inventory and payments to vendors reflecting costs applicable to future accounting periods. Costs are recorded as expenditures when purchased, rather than consumed.

In the proprietary funds, inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. These inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The consumption method is used to allocate asset costs to current and future periods.

4. Property taxes

Real property is assessed at its value on January 1. Unpaid taxes automatically constitute liens on real property which must be satisfied prior to sale or transfer. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments

on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property is assessed at its value on January 1 or when it is acquired or brought into the County. Personal property taxes are due and collected annually on October 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for uncollectible accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis.

6. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Restricted assets

Unspent proceeds of bond issuances are considered restricted for use for identified projects. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

8. Lease receivables

For lease agreements for which the County or School Board is the Lessor, lease receivables are recognized upon the commencement of the lease term unless the lease is a short-term lease, transfers ownership of the underlying asset, is an exception for leases of assets held as investments, or certain regulated leases in governmental fund statements. Lease receivables are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term.

9. Lease assets

For lease agreements where the County or School Board is the lessee, intangible right to use lease assets and lease liabilities are recognized upon commencement of the lease term, unless the lease is a short-term lease, or it transfers ownership of the underlying asset in the government wide statements. Lease assets are measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the asset. Lease assets have the following estimated useful lives:

Lease assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	40-45
Infrastructure	15-50
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Vehicles	3-12
Intangible assets	3-5

10. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible assets (e.g., easements and software licenses), and infrastructure assets (e.g., sidewalks, runways, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

The government defines capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$10,000 per unit (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital projects are defined as acquisition and improvements of assets with an initial cost of at least \$50,000. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized when completed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Infrastructure within the County (such as roads, streets, bridges, etc.) is owned and maintained by the Commonwealth of Virginia (Department of Transportation) and is not recorded in the County's financial statements. However, infrastructure that is within the County and is not owned by the Virginia Department of Transportation has been included, is capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements at historical cost. This consists of items such as parks and recreational pathways, airport runways, and ballpark lighting.

Impaired capital assets are reported at the lower of carrying value or fair value. Currently, the County does not have any impaired capital assets. An asset is considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstances is outside the normal life of the capital asset.

Property, plant, equipment, intangible assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method generally over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Capital assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	40-45
Infrastructure	15-50
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Vehicles	3-12
Intangible assets	3-5

Certain intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are not amortized.

11. Component unit – School Board capital assets

By law, the School Board does not have taxing authority. As such, it cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds to fund the acquisition of, construction of, or improvements to its capital assets. That responsibility lies with the local governing body, the County, who issues the debt on behalf of the School Board. The School Board holds title to the capital assets (buildings and equipment) and is responsible for maintenance and insurance. The book value of all school capital assets is reflected as an asset in the School Board Statement of Net Position, while the debt is reflected as a liability on the County's Statement of Net Position.

12. Compensated absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. In governmental fund types, the cost of vacation and sick pay benefits (compensated absences) is recognized when payments are made to employees. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured (become payable in the near term), for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

A liability for governmental fund type vacation and sick pay benefits is recorded as a noncurrent liability in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. All vacation and sick pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

13. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities column. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method and bonds payable is reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Lease liabilities are measured at present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term, less any lease incentives using the Incremental Borrowing Rate (IBR). The IBR is the interest rate that, at the beginning of the lease term or renewal date of the lease, the lessee would have incurred if the lessee borrowed, over a similar term, the funds necessary to purchase the leased asset. In governmental fund financial statements using the current financial resources focus, other financing source and outflow of resources are recognized upon commencement of the lease terms. Payments of lease principal and interest are recognized as an outflow of resources once paid. Lease extension and termination options are included in the lease term if, it is reasonably certain the renewal options will be exercised.

14. Encumbrances

The County uses encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to set aside that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts and open purchase orders are completed. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end, however, after review, they generally are re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, encumbrances are no longer separately reported as a component of the fund balance of the fund statements. Significant encumbrances as of June 30, 2022 are:

Primary government

General Fund	\$	290,405
Capital Projects Fund	•	15,026,935
Fire and Rescue Fund		31,521
Other Governmental Funds		44,225
Airport Fund		397,747
Landfill and Recycling Fund	_	939,344
	_	
Total primary government encumbrances	_	16,730,177
Component unit - School Board	•	
School General Fund		207,386
School Asset Replacement Fund	_	2,195,502
Total component unit - School Board encumbrances	\$_	2,402,888

15. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has four items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the refunded or refunding debt, whichever is shorter.
- Certain items related to measurement of the net pension and OPEB assets or liabilities. These can include differences between expected and actual experience and net difference between projected and actual earning pension plan and OPEB plan investments.
- Contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net
 pension and OPEB asset or liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the
 net pension and OPEB asset or liability next fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.
- Certain items related to the measurement of the net pension and OPEB assets or liabilities are reported
 as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience,
 change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan
 and OPEB plan investments.
- Deferred inflows related to the recognition of lease receivables at the inception of a lease agreement in which the County or School Board is the lessor. Deferred inflow of resources are measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods and recognized as inflow of resources in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

16. Fund balance

The County reports fund balance in the following classifications which describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used:

• Nonspendable fund balance - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form (e.g., inventory and prepaids) or are required to remain intact legally or contractually (e.g., corpus of a permanent fund).

- Restricted fund balance Amounts constrained to a specific purpose by their providers (e.g., grantors, bond holders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government, using its highest level of decision-making authority (e.g., Board of Supervisors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance Amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the governing body itself or by an official, or body, to which the governing body delegates
 the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are only reported in the General fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment, which does not lapse, is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes (such as purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or other purposes).

In the General Fund, the County sets a portion of unassigned fund balance equivalent to ten percent or 10% of general operating revenues. It is identified as the minimum amount needed to safeguard the County's financial stability, and when combined with committed and assigned balances, provides the County with sufficient funds to operate in excess of two months without interrupting service levels. The remaining unassigned fund balance is for future uses to be determined by the Board of Supervisors.

17. Net position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. The first category reflects the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid capital assets, less the outstanding debt related to these capital assets. The related debt is the debt less the unspent bond proceeds and any associated unamortized costs. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. Restricted net position relates to assets whose use is subject to constraints that are either externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law. Examples include proffers, grant funds, and contributions for a specific purpose. Net position which is neither restricted nor related to capital assets is reported as unrestricted net position.

The County issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities for the School Board because the School Board does not have borrowing or taxing authority. The County reports this debt, whereas the School Board reports the related capital assets. As a result, in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1), the debt reduces *unrestricted net position* for the primary government, while the capital assets are reported in *net investment in capital assets* for the School Board. Because this debt is related to capital assets of the

reporting entity as a whole, the debt amount of \$59,192,784 is reclassified to present the total reporting entity column of Exhibit 1.

18. Flow assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond and grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

19. Pensions and other postemployment benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) and additions to/deductions from VRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The County implemented the following GASB Statement in fiscal year 2022:

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for the reporting periods after June 15, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

The County will implement the following GASB Statements in fiscal year 2023:

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), effective for the reporting periods after June 15, 2022. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for SBITAs and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. This definition and uniform guidance will result in greater consistency in practice. The capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of the government's financial statements by requiring to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of the government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs.

G. Beginning balance adjustments

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 - The implementation of GASB Statement 87 requires the calculation of right to use intangible lease assets and liabilities for lease agreements in which the County or School Board are lessees and lease receivables and deferred inflow or resources for lease agreements in which the County or School Board are lessors. For lease agreements in place prior to July 1, 2021, lease assets, liabilities, receivables, and deferred inflow of resources as of the remaining term amount as of July 1, 2021.

The charts below summarize the beginning balances in these accounts at July 1, 2021 due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 Leases:

		Business		Total
	Governmental	Туре	School	Reporting
	Activities	Activities	Board	Entity
Lease receivable	417,061	984,637	-	1,401,698
Lease assets	1,562,948	176,058	839,932	2,578,938
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	1,980,009	1,160,695	839,932	3,980,636
Lease liabilities	1,562,948	176,058	839,932	2,578,938
Deferred inflow of resources- leases	417,061	984,637	-	1,401,698
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	1,980,009	1,160,695	839,932	3,980,636

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits – Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and deposits, with the exception of deposits of the School Activity Funds, are collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and, depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

The Act provides for a pooling of collateral pledged with the Treasurer of Virginia to secure public deposits as a class. No specific collateral can be identified as security for any one public depositor and public depositors are prohibited from holding collateral in their name as security for deposits. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and notifying local governments of compliance by banks and savings and loan associations. A multiple financial institution collateral pool that provides for additional assessments is similar to depository insurance. If any member financial institution fails, the entire collateral pool becomes available to satisfy the claims of governmental entities. If the value of the pool's collateral is inadequate to cover the loss, additional amounts would be assessed on a pro rata basis to the members of the pool.

Funds deposited in accordance with the requirements of the Act are considered fully secured and thus are not categorized below.

The School Board's School Activity funds are deposited in bank accounts at the discretion of each school principal and are not under the control and management of the Fauquier County Treasurer.

External investment pools – Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of other states not in default, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development

Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), and the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). Bond proceeds subject to arbitrage rebate are invested in the SNAP (See Note 1). Proceeds from Financing Agreements are held in escrow and invested in money market funds.

The County invests in an externally managed investment pool, the LGIP, which is not SEC-registered. Pursuant to Section 2.2-4605 of the *Code of Virginia*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled meetings and the fair value of the position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments authorized by the LGIP are the same as those authorized for local governments in Section 2.2-4500 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*.

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) — The primary government's OPEB trust fund and the School Board component unit's OPEB trust fund, through an agreement with the county, participate in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust. Funds of participating jurisdictions are pooled and invested in the name of the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust. The County shares in this pool are reported on the face of the OPEB trust fund statements as found in Exhibit 13 of this report. The Board of Trustees of the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust has adopted an investment policy to achieve a compounded annualized total rate of return over a market cycle, including current income and capital appreciation, in excess of 7.5% after inflation, consistent with prudent risk-taking. Investment decisions for the funds' assets are made by the Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees establishes investment objectives, risk tolerance, and asset allocation policies in light of market and economic conditions, and generally prevailing prudent investment practices. The Board of Trustees also monitors the investments through the appointment and oversight of investment managers and ensures adherence to the adopted policies and guidelines. Specific investment information for the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust can be obtained by writing to VML/VACo Finance Program, 1108 East Main Street, Richmond, Virginia 23219.

The County and its discretely presented component units' investments are subject to interest rate, credit, concentration of credit, and custodial credit risk as described below.

Interest rate risk – As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from decreasing interest rates, the County's investment policy for non-restricted pooled cash and investments states that no security shall have a maturity exceeding seven years. The weighted average maturity for the portfolio shall be less than 180 days. The County's investment policy for restricted accounts states that the securities will have a maximum maturity consistent with the nature of the restricted accounts.

The following reflects the fair value and the weighted average maturity (WAM) of the County's investments as of June 30, 2022. WAM expresses investment time horizons, the time when investments become due and payable, weighted to reflect the dollar size of the individual investments within an investment type. The portfolio's WAM is derived by dollar-weighting the WAM for each investment type. For purposes of the WAM calculation, the County assumes that all of its investments will be held to maturity.

Fair value and weighted average maturity of investments at June 30, 2022:

	Measurement Method		Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (in years)	
Money Market/Money Market Mutual Funds:		_			
Pooled Investments:					
State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	Amortized Cost	\$	110,768,722	0.0027	66.686%
U.S. Government Agency Securities	Fair Value (Level 1)		2,005,001	4.0027	1.207%
Demand deposit account	Amortized Cost		26,665,591	0.0027	16.053%
Restricted Investments:					
Debt-Related - Restricted Account	Amortized Cost		26,666,788	0.0027	16.054%
Total Investment		\$	166,106,102	0.0510	100.00%

Credit risk – State statutes authorize the County to invest in various instruments as described above. The County's investment policy, however, does not provide for investments in obligations of other states and political subdivisions outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia. To minimize credit risk, the County's investment policy seeks to diversify

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

its portfolio by limiting the percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one type of instrument. It is the County's policy to invest in time deposits and savings accounts in banks and savings and loan associations organized under the laws of Virginia approved for the deposit of other funds of the Commonwealth and of other political subdivisions doing business in and situated in the state. The Commonwealth's approved list is partially based on a rating of A-1 by Standard and Poor's and Aa by Moody's Investor Services. The County will only invest in money market or mutual funds with a rating of AAA or equivalent by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations pursuant to County practice. In addition, the County's investment policy authorizes the purchase of "prime quality" commercial paper or "high quality" corporate notes of U.S. corporations having at least two of the following three ratings: A-1, P-1, and F-1, as rated by Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch Investor's Service rating services; banker's acceptances that are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve Banks and have a letter of credit rating of AA or better; and tax exempt obligations of the state and its various local governments with a rating of A or less with insurance through MBIA or an equivalent company or issues rated A+ with or without insurance backing. The County's policy exempts investments in the SNAP in which the County invests pursuant to bond documents from this rating requirement.

Concentration of credit risk – The County places a limit on the amount it may invest with any one issuer as follows: 25% certificates of deposit and municipal securities; 35% commercial paper; 40% bankers acceptances; 50% repurchase agreements; and up to 100% for state investment pools, US treasury bills and notes, and other U.S. Government agencies.

The County's ratings and policy limits as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Investment Type	Investment Policy Limit	Credit Quality (Rating)	y Credit Exposure as a % of Total Investment		
Money Market/Money Market Mutual Funds:					
State Treasurer's Local Government					
Investment Pool (LGIP)	100%	AAAm	67%		
U.S. Government Agency Securities	100%	AAA	1%		
Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP)	100%	AAAm	16%		
Demand deposit account	50%	AAA	16%		
			100%		

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter party, the County will not be able to recover the value or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. However, the County's investment policy requires that all securities purchased by the County be properly and clearly labeled as an asset of Fauquier County and held in safekeeping by a third party custodial bank or institution in compliance with Section 2.2-4514 of the *Code of Virginia*. Therefore, the County has no outside credit risk.

Restricted cash and investments, consisting of amounts for restricted donations, bond covenants, arbitrage rebate, grant funding and unspent debt proceeds, required to be used for capital projects are as follows:

Restricted cash and investments at June 30, 2022:

Primary Government

Governmental Activities:

General Fund:

Grant and contractual obligations Restricted catastrophic fund	\$ 1,065,670 47,180
Total General Fund	\$ 1,112,850

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Projects Fund:	
Debt proceeds	\$ 12,899,580
Restricted donations	116,164
Performance bonds	532,594
Revenue share projects	276,128
	•
Retainage	 824,546
Total Capital Projects Fund	 14,649,012
American Rescue Plan Fund	
Federal funds for American Rescue Plan response	 12,679,338
Total American Rescue Plan Fund	 12,679,338
Other Governmental Funds:	
Social Services Board	39,683
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural donations	78,064
Library	383,409
Marshall Electric Light and Business Improvement District	77,719
Proffers	5,300,031
Stormwater Management	197,005
Vint Hill Community Enrichment	153,929
Vint Hill Transportation	288,957
Treasurer's E-Summons	181,562
Project Lifesaver	2,874
Working Together	42,329
Fire and Rescue USDA Debt Service	666,122
Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES):	 11,782
Total Other Governmental Funds	 7,423,466
Total Governmental Activities Restricted Cash and Investments	 35,864,666
Business-Type Activities:	
Airport Fund:	
Restricted donations	 60,277
Total Airport Fund	 60,277
Landfill and Recycling Fund:	10.007.554
Debt proceeds	13,397,654
Retainage	 17,926
Total Landfill and Recycling Fund	 13,415,580
Source Funds	
Sewer Fund: Debt service reserve	255 440
Dept Service reserve	 355,140
Total Sewer Fund	355,140
Total Business-Type Activities Restricted Cash and Investments	 13,830,997
Total Primary Government Restricted Cash and Investments	\$ 49,695,663

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Component unit - School Board

School General Fund:

Grant funds \$ 322,103

Total School General Fund 322,103

Total Component Unit - School Board 322,103

Total Restricted Cash and Investments \$ 50,017,766

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

Primary Government

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Fire and Rescue Fund	American Rescue Plan	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
Gross receivables:									
-17	6,645,160		- \$, -,	\$ - \$, ,			, ,
Accounts	1,249,830	760,758		41,510		1,843,325	4,360,359	2,130,469	10,386,251
Gross receivables	7,894,990	760,758		1,267,568	<u> </u>	1,887,409	4,360,359	2,130,469	18,301,553
Allowance for uncollectibles:									
Property taxes	(1,861,130)	-	-	(343,749)	-	(12,283)	-	-	(2,217,162)
Accounts						(194,514)	(1,522,667)		(1,717,181)
Total allowance for uncollectibles	(1,861,130)			(343,749)		(206,797)	(1,522,667)		(3,934,343)
Net receivables	6,033,860	760,758	-	923,819		1,680,612	2,837,692	2,130,469	14,367,210
Lease receivable	481,587	1,131,231	-	172,419	-	-	883,240	-	2,668,477
Lease interest receivable	1,342	-	-	-	-	-	725		2,067
Due from other funds	928,621	-	-	-	219,574	-	-		1,148,195
Investment in direct financing agreement	-	-	13,561,313	-	-	-	-		13,561,313
Due from other governmental units	4,080,561	1,459,367	-	850,810	21,481	344,294	1,199,431		7,955,944
Note receivable		556,439							556,439
Total receivables	11,525,971	3,907,795 \$	13,561,313 \$	1,947,048	\$ 241,055	2,024,906 \$	4,921,088 \$	2,130,469 \$	40,259,645

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. All funds also report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Tax revenues received in advance of the due date are recorded as revenue advances. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue, unearned revenue, and revenue advances of the primary government were as follows:

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

					Deferred inflo	w of resources	
			_				Total
		Unearned			Revenue	Unavailable	deferred
		Revenue		Leases	Advances	Revenue	inflow of
<u>Governmental</u>							
Tax revenue	\$	-	\$	- \$	1,191,244 \$	4,311,113 \$	5,502,357
Intergovernmental revenue		25,025		-	-	-	-
EMS ambulance billing revenue		-		-	-	43,494	43,494
Other revenue		12,899,301		-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation facility rentals		107,695		-	-	-	-
Investment in direct financing agreements		3,711,313		-	-	9,850,000	9,850,000
Note receivable		133,366		-	-	423,073	423,073
Opioid abatement settlement		-		-	-	1,367,303	1,367,303
Leases	_	-		1,797,100	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,797,100
Total governmental	_	16,876,700		1,797,100	1,191,244	15,994,983	18,983,327
Business-Type							
Airport hangar deposits		32,072		-	-	-	-
Airport leases		· -		877,604	-	-	877,604
Sewer connection fee		3,155,467		, -	-	-	-
Total business-type	_	3,187,539		877,604 -	-		877,604
Total	\$_	20,064,239	\$	2,674,704 \$	1,191,244 \$	15,994,983 \$	19,860,931

A. Opioid abatement

In June 2022, Fauquier County adopted and joined the settlement allocation Memorandum of Understanding with the Commonwealth of Virginia's Office of the Attorney General for distribution of funds resulting from settlement of lawsuits against pharmaceutical companies for harm caused to states and localities by licit and illicit opioid use and distribution. The County is expected to receive settlement payments as follows:

Scheduled Settlement Payments								
Fiscal Year Expected Paymen								
2023	\$	248,691						
2024		51,710						
2025		64,722						
2026		64,722						
2027		74,657						
Thereafter		862,801						
Total	\$	1,367,303						

Settlement payments are recorded as deferred inflow of resources and will be recognized as inflows in the fiscal year received.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:

B. Lease receivable

Fauquier County and the School Board enter into various lessor arrangements with outside entities for rental of County owned property, including office space, infrastructure spaces for technology and communication. GASB Statement No 87, Leases requires lessors to measure and recognize lease receivables and deferred inflow of resources for these type agreements.

The following is a summary of lease receivables of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Balance as of				Balance as of		Amount Due Within One
	_	July 1, 2021	Additions	_	Reductions	June 30, 2022		Year
Lease Receivable:								
Buildings	\$	417,060	\$ 1,399,089	\$	150,344	\$ 1,665,805	\$	617,707
Infrastructure	_	_	127,890	_	8,459	 119,432	_	25,272
Total lease receivables	\$	417,060	\$ 1,526,979	\$	158,803	\$ 1,785,237	\$	642,979

The following shows the scheduled minimum payments due related to lessor lease agreements:

Scheduled Minimum Lease Payments at June 30, 2022										
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total				
2023	\$	642,979	\$	23,279	\$	666,258				
2024		505,584		12,340		517,924				
2025		322,443		5,531		327,974				
2026		112,817		2,560		115,377				
2027		89,751		1,643		91,394				
2028 - 2032		111,663		2,439		114,102				
Total	\$	1,785,237	\$	47,792	\$	1,833,029				

Details of lease receivables are outlined below:

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease receivable At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 120 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$242,658.18 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$219,435.34. Payments are due monthly for \$2,141.65 and the lease has an interest rate of 1.1700%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$218,392.36, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$24,265.82 during the fiscal year.	\$ 219,435	\$ 23,257
At 12/01/2021, the County was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 72 months. The lease receivable at 12/01/2021 was \$147,717.78 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$134,634.89. Payments are due monthly for \$1,950.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.8037%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$133,356.33, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$14,361.45 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension option(s), each		
for 24 months. At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 66 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$96,942.31 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$80,704.43. Payments are due monthly for \$1,380.20 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.7033%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$79,316.44, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$17,625.87 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each	134,635	22,811
for 12 months. At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 66 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$21,467.96 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$17,858.98. Payments are due monthly for \$309.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.7033%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$17,564.70, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$3,903.27 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 12 months.	80,704 17,859	16,801 3,734
At 05/01/2022, the County was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 42 months. The lease receivable at 05/01/2022 was \$30,401.50 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$28,953.21. Payments are due monthly for \$750.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 2.0927%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$28,953.81, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$1,447.69 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension option(s), each for 12 months.	28,953	8,475

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease receivable (continued) At 05/16/2022, the County was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 36 months. The lease receivable at 05/16/2022 was \$728,413.56 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$687,934.85. Payments are due for \$0.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 2.0147%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$698,062.99, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$30,350.56 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 4 extension option(s), each for 6 months.	\$ 687,935	\$ 238,333
At 05/16/2022, the County was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 20 months. The lease receivable at 05/16/2022 was \$492,555.35 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$443,296.30. Payments are due monthly for \$25,000.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 1.9017%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$455,613.70, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$36,941.65 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 12 extension option(s), each for 1 month.	443,296	294,125
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessor agreement to telecommunications tower space for a term of 70 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$55,992.16 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$52,986.88. Payments are due monthly for \$851.22 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.8330%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$46,475.08, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$9,517.08 during the fiscal year.	52,987	10,171
At $03/01/2022$, the County was under a lessor agreement to lease telecommunications tower space for a term of 60 months. The lease receivable at $03/01/2022$ was \$127,890.34 and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease receivable is \$119,431.79. Payments are due monthly for \$2,167.64 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.6860%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of $06/30/2022$ was \$119,364.32, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$8,526.02 during the fiscal year.	119,433	25,272
Total lease receivable	\$ 1,785,237	\$ 642,979

C. Investment in direct financing agreements

The County has investments in direct financing agreements, consisting of financing arrangements with three volunteer fire and rescue companies operating within the County. Under the terms of these financing arrangements, the County obtained leasehold interests in specific property of the volunteer fire and rescue companies and used those leasehold interests as collateral to obtain debt-financing from the Virginia Resources Authority (VRA). The County used the proceeds from the VRA financings to either refund certain debts incurred during renovation projects for the improvement of volunteer fire and rescue stations, or to reimburse a volunteer fire and rescue company for capital expenses related to the construction of a new fire station. In separate-but-related agreements, the County subleased the original leasehold interests and any existing and future improvements back to the volunteer fire and rescue companies; the subleases contain a clause which transfers title of the properties, as well as any existing and future improvements to the properties, back to the volunteer fire and rescue companies at the time the debts are fully extinguished.

The following shows the net investment in direct financing agreements:

Note and Interest Receivable at June 30, 2022											
		Orlean		Catlett	_	Remington		Total			
Total minimum payments to be received	\$	5,616,966	\$	4,509,697	\$	3,434,650	5	13,561,313			
Less: Unearned revenue		1,561,966		1,219,697	_	929,650		3,711,313			
					=						
Net investment in direct financing agreements \$	÷ _	4,055,000	\$	3,290,000	\$	2,505,000 \$; =	9,850,000			

The following shows the scheduled minimum payments due related to the direct financing agreements:

Scheduled Minimum Payments at June 30, 2022											
Fiscal Year		Principal	Total								
2023	\$	370,000	\$	402,281	\$	772,281					
2024		390,000		382,806		772,806					
2025		405,000		362,434	767,434						
2026		430,000		341,038		771,038					
2027		450,000		318,488		768,488					
Thereafter		7,805,000	1,904,266			9,709,266					
Total	\$	9,850,000	\$	3,711,313	\$	13,561,313					

D. Note receivable

On May 22, 2020, the County issued a note to Rappahannock–Rapidan Community Service Board (RRCSB) in association with the County's purchase of the North Hill Building, which will be used by both the County and the RRCSB. The note requires payments of principal and interest at a rate of 3.2% and is to be paid monthly beginning July 1, 2020 and continuing monthly thereafter until June 1, 2040. Payment in whole or in part at any time is without any penalty.

The following shows the note and interest receivable, unearned revenue with respect to the interest and the unavailable revenue as of June 30, 2022:

Note and Interest Receivable at June 30, 2022								
RRCSB								
Total principal and interest to be received	\$	556,439						
Less: Unearned revenue	_	133,366						
Net note and interest receivable	423,073							

The following shows the scheduled minimum note receivable payments due related to the note receivable:

Scheduled Minimum Note Receivable Payments at June 30, 2022											
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total					
2023	\$	16,274	\$	12,194	\$	28,468					
2024		18,305		12,751		31,056					
2025		18,900		12,156		31,056					
2026		19,514		11,542		31,056					
2027		20,147		10,909		31,056					
Thereafter		329,933		73,814		403,747					
Total	\$	423,073	\$	133,366	\$	556,439					

E. Contingency gain

During fiscal year 2020, the County entered into various security interest agreements with a third party to secure payments in the amount of \$2,386,000 to the third party for the installation of telecommunication equipment to provide Broadband Services to County residents. The County received a security interest in the property installed on various towers throughout the County, with events of default outlined in the agreements. Upon default, the County may declare the obligations immediately due and payable.

In fiscal year 2022, the County and third party were in dispute regarding a Memorandum of Understanding between the parties with regards to the provision of broadband services, for which litigation is pending. Outcome of the collection of \$2,386,000 owed to the county as outlined in the security interest agreements is contingent upon the resolution of the ongoing litigation.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

The Warrenton-Fauquier Airport enters into various lessor arrangements with outside entities for rental of hangars, tie down space for aircrafts, and for office and building space at the Airport.

The following is a summary of lease receivables of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance				Balance	Amount Due Within One
	July 1, 2021	 Additions	_	Retirements	June 30, 2022	Year
Lease Receivable:						
Land	\$ 723,140	\$ 3,213	\$	61,808	\$ 664,545	\$ 63,771
Buildings	261,496	 10,609	_	53,410	 218,695	 46,499
Total Lease Receivable	\$ 984,636	\$ 13,822	\$	115,218	\$ 883,240	\$ 110,270

The following shows the scheduled minimum payments due related to lessor lease agreements:

Scheduled Minimum Lease Payments at June 30, 2022										
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest	Interest					
2023	\$	110,270	\$	8,587	\$	118,857				
2024		103,061		7,696		110,757				
2025		100,419		6,802		107,221				
2026		87,884		5,941		93,825				
2027		84,761		5,096		89,857				
2028 - 2032		306,837		14,532		321,369				
2033 - 2036		90,008		1,430		91,438				
Total	\$	883,240	\$	50,084	\$	933,324				

Details of lease receivables are outlined below:

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease receivable:		
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease t-hangar space for a term of 156 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$202,987.44 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$189,370.66. Payments are due monthly for \$1,212.82 and the lease has an interest rate of 1.2923%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$187,465.88, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$15,521.55 during the fiscal year.	189,371	\$ 14,575
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease t-hangar space for a term of 69 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$97,832.01 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$81,296.86. Payments are due for \$0.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.7033%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$80,932.04, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$16,899.96 during the fiscal year.	81,297	16,594
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease t-hangar space for a term of 137 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$209,147.52 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$191,772.08. Payments are due for \$0.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 1.2173%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$190,828.03, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$18,319.49 during the fiscal year.	191,772	17,374
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease t-hangar space for a term of 166 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$213,173.52 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$199,744.09. Payments are due monthly for \$1,212.82 and the lease has an interest rate of 1.3270%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$197,763.39, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$15,410.13 during the fiscal year.		•
	199,744	14,373

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease receivable (continued)		
At 01/01/2022, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease t-hangar space for a term of 48 months. The lease receivable at 01/01/2022 was \$7,153.68 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$6,262.90. Payments are due monthly for \$150.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3300%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$6,259.47, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$894.21 during the fiscal year.		
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease t-hangar space for a term of 82 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$21,231.75 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$18,167.99. Payments are due monthly for \$264.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5773%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$18,124.66, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of	6,263	1,782
\$3,107.08 during the fiscal year. At 09/25/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease airplane tie down space for a term of 48 months. The lease receivable at 09/25/2021 was \$3,455.59 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$2,797.84. Payments are due monthly for \$72.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$2,796.01, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$659.57	\$ 18,168 \$	3,071
during the fiscal year.	2,798	859
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease t-hangar space for a term of 81 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$24,931.22 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$21,333.62. Payments are due monthly for \$310.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5773%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$21,248.31, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$3,682.90 during the fiscal year.	21,334	3,606
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease t-hangar space for a term of 46 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$14,201.97 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$10,506.62. Payments are due monthly for \$310.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$10,497.11, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$3,704.86 during the fiscal year.	10,506	3,701
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease airplane tie- down space for a term of 45 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$3,213.01 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$2,360.69. Payments are due monthly for \$72.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$2,356.21, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$856.80 during the fiscal year.		
	2,361	855

	mount standing	_	unt Due One Year
Lease receivable (continued)			
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 18 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$24,262.52 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$8,094.85. Payments are due monthly for \$1,350.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$8,087.51, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of			
\$16,175.01 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 0 extension option(s), each for 0			
months. \$\frac{4}{2}\$ At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 45 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$40,162.65 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$29,508.57. Payments are due monthly for \$900.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$29,452.61, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$10,710.04 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 0 extension option(s), each for 0 months.	8,095 29,508	\$	8,095 10,688
At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessor agreement to lease office space for a term of 110 months. The lease receivable at 07/01/2021 was \$136,706.21 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$122,023.07. Payments are due monthly for \$1,268.75 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$121,792.80, and the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport recognized lease revenue of \$14,913.40 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 60 months.	122,023		14,697
Total lease recievable \$	 883,240	\$	110,270

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

			_					
		Economic		School	School Asset	School	School	
	Development			General	Replacement	Nutrition	Activity	
		Authority	_	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Accounts	\$	-	\$	125,568	3,080 \$	- \$	26,339 \$	154,987
Loans		50,695		-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds		-		17,675	-	-	-	17,675
Due from other governmental units		<u>-</u>	_	8,549,050	91,678	73,009	<u> </u>	8,713,737
Net receivables	\$	50,695	\$_	8,692,293	94,758 \$	73,009 \$	26,339 \$	8,886,399

The Economic Development Authority administers a microloan program for the purposes of making low interest, short term loans to businesses in the County to assist with startup and business initiatives, and to foster economic development within the County. This program was established with funding support from the Economic Development Authority along with five local banks.

The School Board's receivables are all short-term. They are considered fully collectible and therefore an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not applicable to those receivables.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue reported by component units were as follows:

	_	Unearned Revenue
School General Fund	\$	322,103
School Nutrition Fund		100,477
School Activity Fund		240
Total	\$_	422,820

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND AND INTER-ENTITY RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following is a summary of interfund obligations as of June 30, 2022:

Current:

Due to / from other funds

Primary Government

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
General Fund	Airport Fund	\$	824,165
General Fund	Fleet Maintenance Fund Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic		104,456
American Rescue Plan Fund	Security (CARES) Fund		219,574
Total		\$_	1,148,195
Component Units			
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
School General Fund	School Activity Fund	\$	17,675

Interfund receivables and payables are recorded when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash. All amounts are considered short term receivables of the General Fund. Interfund receivables and payables are reported as internal balances on Exhibit 1.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The primary purpose of interfund transfers is to (1) move revenue from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect it to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend it and (2) use unassigned revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Routine transfers between County funds include:

- Transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to fund projects approved by the Board of Supervisors and to fund capital reserve
- Transfers from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund to fund the cost of debt service each fiscal year
- Transfers from the General Fund to the Enterprise Funds to fund operational costs in the Landfill and Recycling Fund
- Transfers from the Fire and Rescue Fund to the Debt Service Fund to fund the cost of debt service related to fire station projects in each fiscal year
- Transfers from the Ambulance Recovery Fund to the Fire and Rescue Fund to fund the cost of fire personnel operating ambulance transports

Routine transfers between School Board funds include transfers from the School General Fund to the Asset Replacement Fund to cover the cost of projects as approved by the School Board.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the following significant and non-routine transfers were made between County funds:

- Transfer from the Fire and Rescue Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to fund fire related projects for which costs were incurred in the Capital Project Fund
- Transfer from the American Rescue Plan Fund to the Capital Project Fund to support Broadband projects being funded with American Rescue Plan funds
- Transfer from the Debt Service Fund to the Enterprise Funds to fund the cost of debt service for debt related to the Catlett Calverton Sewer Project
- Transfer from the Enterprise Funds to the Capital Project Fund for debt proceeds related to the Catlett Calverton Sewer Project for which costs for the project were incurred in the Capital Project Fund

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Primary Government	-	Transfers in:								
Transfers out:		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Fire and Rescue Fund	Other Government al Funds	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	7,712,442 \$	12,412,125 \$	467,133 \$	- \$	5,919,809 \$	36,260 \$	26,547,769
Capital Projects Fund		59,186		-	-	-	-	194,964	-	254,150
Debt Service Fund		-		-	-	-	-	710,280	-	710,280
Fire and Rescue Fund		-		678,533	770,734	-	510,216	-	36,000	1,995,483
American Rescue Plan Fund		-		900,000	-	-	-	-	-	900,000
Other Governmental Funds		358,657		480,589	-	998,285	-	-	-	1,837,531
Enterprise Funds	-	-		3,532,363			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,532,363
Total	\$	417,843	\$_	13,303,927 \$	13,182,859 \$	1,465,418 \$	510,216 \$	6,825,053 \$	72,260 \$	35,777,576

Component Units		Transfers in:									
Transfers out:	School General Fund	School Asset Replacement Fund	School Textbook Fund	School Nutrition Fund	School Activity Fund	Total					
School General Fund	\$ - \$	7,622,570 \$	638,308 \$	353,530 \$	78,520 \$	8,692,928					
School Asset Replacement Fund	1,320,942	-	-	18,919	-	1,339,861					
School Activity Fund	359,863	<u>-</u> .	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	359,863					
Total	\$ 1,680,805 \$	7,622,570 \$	638,308 \$	372,449 \$	78,520 \$	10,392,652					

Transfers are to (1) move revenue from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect it to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend it and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

NOTE 6 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

The following is a summary of amounts due from other governmental units at June 30, 2022:

	_	Primary Government	_	Component Unit School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:		_	-	
Local sales tax	\$	2,244,272	\$	-
State sales tax		-		2,826,690
Shared expenses		471,503		-
Comprehensive services		642,365		-
Miscellaneous grants		736,791		1,166,875
Airport grants		625,178		- 1
Federal Government:				
School fund grants		-		4,720,172
Airport grants		574,253		-
Other federal grants	_	2,661,582		
Total	\$_	7,955,944	\$	8,713,737

NOTE 7 – LEASE AND CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in lease assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

		Balance			Balance
	_	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Primary government – governmental activities					
Lease assets (amortizable):					
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,212,818	\$ -	\$ - \$	1,212,818
Infrastructure		109,625	-	-	109,625
Machinery and equipment	_	240,505	120,204	<u> </u>	360,709
Total Lease assets (amortizable)	_	1,562,948	120,204	-	1,683,152
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements		-	(276,419)	-	(276,419)
Infrastructure		-	(20,835)	-	(20,835)
Machinery and equipment		-	(114,846)	<u> </u>	(114,846)
Total accumulated amortization	_	-	(412,100)	-	(412,100)
Total lease assets (amortizable), net	_	1,562,948	(291,896)	<u> </u>	1,271,052
Governmental activities lease assets, net	_	1,562,948	(291,896)		1,271,052

	Baland	ce					Balance
	July 1, 20		Additi	ons Dele	tions Trar	nsfers	June 30, 2022
Primary government – business-type activities							
Landfill and Recycling Fund:							
Lease assets (amortizable):							
Land		116,733	}	14,815		_	131,548
Machinery and equipment		6,029		, -		_	6,029
Total lease assets (amortizable), net		122,762		14,815		<u> </u>	137,577
Less accumulated amortization for:							
Land			-	(28,856)		-	(28,856)
Machinery and equipment			-	(2,634)		-	(2,634)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization				(31,490)			(31,490)
Total lease assets (amortizable), net		122,762	<u>!</u>	(16,675)		<u> </u>	106,087
Landfill and Recycling Fund Lease assets, net		122,762	<u>.</u>	(16,675)		<u> </u>	106,087
Airport Fund:							
Lease assets (amortizable):							
Machinery and equipment		53,297	,	6,781		-	60,078
Total lease assets (depreciable/amortizable)		53,297		6,781		Ξ _	60,078
Less accumulated amortization for:							
Machinery and equipment				(12,961)			(12,961)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization				(12,961)		<u> </u>	(12,961)
Total lease assets (amortizable), net		53,297	<u>,</u>	(6,180)		<u> </u>	47,117
Airport Fund Lease assets, net		53,297	, – -	(6,180)		<u> </u>	47,117
Total business-type activities lease assets, net	\$	176,059	<u></u> \$_	(22,855)	\$	<u>-</u> \$_	153,204
Component unit – School Board							
Lease assets (amortizable):							
Machinery and equipment	\$	839,932	\$	171,458	\$	- \$	1,011,390
Total Lease assets (amortizable)		839,932		171,458		Ξ _	1,011,390
Less accumulated amortization for:							
Machinery and equipment				(341,647)			(341,647)
Total accumulated amortization				(341,647)		<u>-</u> -	(341,647)
Total Lease assets, (amortizable), net		839,932		(170,189)		<u>-</u> _	669,743
School Board Lease assets, net	\$	839,932	_\$_	(170,189)	\$	<u>-</u> \$_	669,743

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

		Balance				Balance
	-	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Primary government – governmental activities						
Capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable):						
Land	\$	23,755,885 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	23,755,885
Construction in progress		32,227,171	16,043,268	(19,001)	(32,820,416)	15,431,022
Intangi ble assets		853,884	-		-	853,884
Total capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable)	_	56,836,940	16,043,268	(19,001)	(32,820,416)	40,040,791
Capital assets (depreciable/amortizable):						
Buildings and improvements		55,268,989	6,409,875	-	1,799,472	63,478,336
Infrastructure		15,489,888	34,735	-	16,837,394	32,362,017
Machinery and equipment		23,814,822	1,919,421	(367,771)	9,550,174	34,916,646
Intangible assets	_	1,460,946	-		-	1,460,946
Total capital assets (depreciable/amortizable)	-	96,034,645	8,364,031	(367,771)	28,187,040	132,217,945
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:						
Buildings and improvements		(27,916,932)	(1,593,066)	-	-	(29,509,998)
Infrastructure		(13,593,162)	(694,920)	-	-	(14,288,082)
Machinery and equipment		(18,486,369)	(2,346,981)	333,171	-	(20,500,179)
Intangible assets		(1,338,836)	(48,838)		-	(1,387,674)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	_	(61,335,299)	(4,683,805)	333,171		(65,685,933)
Total capital assets (depreciable/amortizable), net	_	34,699,346	3,680,226	(34,600)	28,187,040	66,532,012
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	91,536,286 \$	19,723,494	\$ (53,601) \$	(4,633,376) \$	106,572,803

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Primary government – business-type activities					
Landfill and Recycling Fund:					
Capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable):					
Landfill site	\$ 1,446,449 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	1,446,449
Construction in progress	2,449,800	879,115	(246,974)	-	3,081,941
Total capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable)	3,896,249	879,115	(246,974)	<u> </u>	4,528,390
Capital assets (depreciable/amortizable):					
Buildings and improvements	21,741,354	-	-	-	21,741,354
Infrastructure	854,306	-	-	-	854,306
Machinery and equipment	3,330,975	-	(22,714)	-	3,308,261
Total capital assets (depreciable/amortizable)	25,926,635	-	(22,714)	-	25,903,921
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements	(12,107,796)	(860,187)	-	-	(12,967,983)
Infrastructure	(854,306)	-	-	-	(854,306)
Machinery and equipment	(2,098,549)	(141,948)	22,714	-	(2,217,783)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(15,060,651)	(1,002,135)	22,714	-	(16,040,072)
Total capital assets (depreciable/amortizable), net	10,865,984	(1,002,135)			9,863,849
Landfill and Recycling Fund capital assets, net	14,762,233	(123,020)	(246,974)	-	14,392,239
Airport Fund:					
Capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable):					
Land	6,612,678	-	-	-	6,612,678
Construction in progress	14,299,649	289,091	-	(10,773,805)	3,814,935
Intangible assets	228,836	-	-	-	228,836
Total capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable)	21,141,163	289,091		(10,773,805)	10,656,449
Capital assets (depreciable/amortizable):					
Buildings and improvements	2,977,276	10,000	-	5,016,449	8,003,725
Infrastructure	12,845,652	-	-	5,757,356	18,603,008
Machinery and equipment	487,313	-		-	487,313
Total capital assets (depreciable/amortizable)	16,310,241	10,000	<u> </u>	10,773,805	27,094,046
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements	(1,919,683)	(195,752)	-	-	(2,115,435)
Infrastructure	(10,679,613)	(255,179)	-	-	(10,934,792)
Machinery and equipment	(399,669)	(14,747)	-	-	(414,416)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(12,998,965)	(465,678)	-	-	(13,464,643)
Total capital assets, (depreciable/amortizable), net	3,311,276	(455,678)	<u> </u>	10,773,805	13,629,403
Airport Fund capital assets, net	\$ 24,452,439 \$	(166,587) \$	\$	<u> </u>	24,285,852

		Balance July 1, 2021		Additions	_	Deletions	Transfers		Balance June 30, 2022
Primary government – business-type activities (continued)						·			
Sewer Fund:									
Capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable)									
Land	\$	557,540	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	557,540
Construction in progress		5,917,659	_	-			4,633,377		10,551,036
Total capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable)		6,475,199		-	_	<u> </u>	4,633,377	_	11,108,576
Sewer Fund capital assets, net		6,475,199	= =		_	<u>-</u>	4,633,377	_	11,108,576
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	45,689,871	\$_	(289,607)	\$_	(246,974) \$	4,633,377	\$_	49,786,667
Component unit – School Board									
Capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable):									
Land		5,579,720		-		-	-		5,579,720
Construction in progress		707,020		316,117			(465,647)		557,490
Total capital assets (non-depreciable/non-amortizable)	_	6,286,740	_	316,117		<u> </u>	(465,647)		6,137,210
Capital assets (depreciable/amortizable):									
Buildings and improvements		256,368,005		220,380		-	-		256,588,385
Infrastructure		5,482,079		-		-	-		5,482,079
Machinery and equipment		38,193,730		1,010,393		(200,533)	465,647		39,469,237
Intangible assets		117,000		-		(117,000)	-		-
Total capital assets (depreciable/amortizable)	_	300,160,814		1,230,773	_	(317,533)	465,647		301,539,701
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:									
Buildings and improvements		(118,618,313)		(6,370,135)		-	-		(124,988,448)
Infrastructure		(3,545,187)		(236,586)		-	-		(3,781,773)
Machinery and equipment		(20,336,815)		(2,348,955)		200,533	-		(22,485,237)
Intangible assets	_	(117,000)		-		117,000	-		
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	_	(142,617,315)	_	(8,955,676)	_	317,533	-		(151,255,458)
Total capital assets (depreciable/amortizable), net	_	157,543,499		(7,724,903)		<u> </u>	465,647		150,284,243
School Board capital assets, net	\$_	163,830,239	\$_	(7,408,786) \$		<u>-</u> \$	- \$	_	156,421,453

Lease amortization and depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and the Component Unit – School Board as follows:

		Amortizaton		Depreciation
Primary government – governmental activities				
General government administration	\$	156,484	\$	553,106
Judicial administration		17,701		253,802
Public safety		53,213		1,959,618
Public works		-		261,687
Health and welfare		11,424		40,011
Parks, recreation, and cultural		11,700		1,407,483
Community development	_	161,578	_	208,098
Total governmental activities	\$	412,100	\$	4,683,805

Primary government – business-type activities		
Landfill and Recycling Fund	\$ 31,490 \$	1,002,135
Airport Fund	 12,961	465,678
Total business-type activities	 44,451	1,467,813
Component unit – School Board	\$ 341,647 \$	8,955,676

Net Investment in capital assets for the primary government and the Component Unit – School Board is calculated as follows:

	Primary Go	vernment			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Component Unit - School Board	_	Reporting Entity Total
Total capital and lease assets	\$ 107,843,855 \$	49,939,871	\$ 157,091,196	\$_	314,874,922
Long-term obligations applicable to capitaland lease assets:					
General obligation bonds	-	-	46,425,000		46,425,000
Financing agreements	22,726,607	7,590,000	12,078,384		42,394,991
Revenue bonds	-	16,845,934	-		16,845,934
Direct bond	-	-	8,585,000		8,585,000
Premium/Discount on bonds payable	1,638,879	1,715,217	2,718,241		6,072,337
Lease liabilities	1,282,275	155,225	671,699		2,109,199
Deferred charge on refunding	-	(399,461)	(271,684)		(671,145)
Retainage and accounts payable	4,878,146	17,926	-		4,896,072
Less unspent proceeds as of June 30, 2022	(12,899,580)	(13,397,654)	<u>-</u>	_	(26,297,234)
Subtotal long-term obligations applicable					
to capital assets	17,626,327	12,527,187	70,206,640	_	100,360,154
Net investment in capital and lease assets	\$ 90,217,528 \$	37,412,684	\$ 86,884,556	\$_	214,514,768

Certain financing agreements reported in Note 8 for the primary government – governmental activities are not included in the above reconciliation because the financing agreements were issued in support of capital projects capitalized by other entities. Only a portion of the deferred amount on refunding from Note 8 is included in this reconciliation; the balance is related to the afore-mentioned financing agreements.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The County issues general obligation bonds and financing agreements in order to provide funding for long-term capital improvements and acquisitions of capital assets. In most instances, the full faith and credit of the County are pledged to secure the debt, while leasehold interests in the property being financed act as security for financing agreements.

In addition, the County has long term obligations related to compensated absences which represent obligations to employees for unused leave balances and incurred, but not reported, claims related to employee utilization of the County's health insurance program. General Fund revenues are used to liquidate compensated absence balances and other long-term obligations.

Section 15.2-2659 of the Code of Virginia outlines remedies with respect to events of default for localities in Virginia on general obligation bonds, including bonds issued through the Virginia Public School Authority and the Virginia Resources Authority.

In the event of default, the owner(s) or paying agent for the bonds submits an affidavit to the Governor of Virginia. The Governor of Virginia would make a summary investigation into the facts set forth in the affidavit. If established to the satisfaction of the Governor that a default has occurred, the Governor would direct the Comptroller of Virginia to withhold all further payment of the locality of all or any funds payable to the locality until the default is cured and make payment directly to the bondholders on behalf of the locality. This practice is commonly referred to as state aid intercept. For those debts, for which collateral or a leasehold interest has been pledged, the most likely remedy in the event of default would be state aid intercept, though other possible remedies include acceleration of all unpaid payments on the debt, possession of pledged property by the debtor, writ of mandamus compelling the County to levy taxes to obtain the funds to meet the debt requirements, and any necessary legal actions against the County to cure the default.

In prior years, the County has refunded certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the refunded bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2022, \$21,218,000 of outstanding debt is considered defeased. Certain amounts that were paid during refunding are capitalized and amortized over the life of the debt and are reported as deferred amounts on refunding.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

										Amount Due
		Balance						Balance		Within One
	_	July 1, 2021		Additions		Retirements		June 30, 2022	_	Year
General long-term obligations:										
General obligation bonds	\$	4,240,000	\$	-	\$	2,130,000	\$	2,110,000	\$	2,110,000
Direct borrowings:										
Financing agreements		29,504,727		-		2,266,893		27,237,834		2,177,483
Direct placements:										
General obligation bonds		32,890,000		16,180,000		4,755,000		44,315,000		4,615,000
Direct bond		8,695,000		-		110,000		8,585,000		110,000
Premium on bonds payable		3,335,254		1,864,992		533,517		4,666,729		679,097
Lease liabilities		1,562,947		120,204		400,876		1,282,275		373,323
Compensated absences		5,312,039		4,910,364		4,688,692		5,533,711		553,371
Incurred but not reported claims	_	2,984,533	_	139,450	_	-	_	3,123,983	_	780,996
Total general long-term obligations	\$ _	88,524,500	\$	23,215,010	\$	14,884,978	\$	96,854,532	\$_	11,399,270
										Amount Due
		Balance						Balance		Within One
	_	July 1, 2021		Additions		Retirements		June 30, 2022	_	Year
Deferred amount on refunding	\$_	(713,266)	\$	-	\$_	(220,462)	\$	(492,804)	\$_	(159,676)

Details of long-term obligations are outlined below. Unless otherwise noted, the full faith and credit of the County has been irrevocably pledged to secure the debt.

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds:		
\$13,260,000 General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, issued February 22, 2012, maturing annually from July 15, 2015 through July 15, 2022, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 2.00% to 4.00%.	2,110,000	\$\$
Total General Obligation Bonds \$	2,110,000	\$\$
Photo boundary		
Direct borrowings:		
\$391,658 School Bus Lease, Series 2015, issued February 3, 2016, due in quarterly installments beginning May 3, 2016 through February 3, 2023, with interest payable quarterly at 1.734%. Four school buses costing \$391,658, are pledged as security for the debt. Accumulated depreciation at June 30,	44,268	ć 44.269
2022 was \$169,702. \$	44,200	\$ 44,268
\$785,606 Ambulance Lease, Series 2015, issued July 15, 2016, due in annual installments beginning October 15, 2016 through July 15, 2023, with interest payable annually at 1.532%. Three ambulances costing \$782,757, are pledged as security for the debt. Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2022 was	72.257	50.403
\$615,021.	73,257	58,493
\$806,659 School Bus Lease Series 2015, issued July 30, 2018, due in semiannual installments beginning January 30, 2019 through July 30, 2025, with interest payable quarterly at 3.030%. Eight school buses costing \$776,884 are pledged as security for the debt. Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2022 was \$207,144	424,537	116,772
\$3,700,000 Public Safety Radio System Lease, Series 2016, issued on September 30, 2016 to fund upgrades to the public safety radio system, due in quarterly installments beginning December 30, 2016 through September 30, 2026, with interest payable quarterly at 1.644%. The radio system infrastructure and subscriber units are pledged as security for the debt. Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2022 was \$0 as the project is still in progress.	1,646,953	377,249
\$865,400 School Bus Lease, Series 2015, issued July 19, 2019, due in semiannual installments beginning January 19, 2020 through July 19, 2026, with interest payable semiannually at 2.090%. Eight school buses costing \$747,131 are pledged as security for the debt. Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2022 was \$149,409.	570,682	122,244
\$782,232 School Bus Lease, Addendum to Series 2015, issued August 19, 2020, due in semiannual installments beginning February 19, 2021 through August 19, 2027, with interest payable semiannually at 1.9600%. Eight school buses costing \$782,235 are pledged as security for the debt. Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2022 was \$104,288.	623,483	108,443

ant harmonina (santinua d)	Amount	Amount Due
\$2,820,000 Public Safety Radio System, Lease Series 2016, issued on August 9, 2019 to fund upgrades to the public safety radio system, due in semiannual installments beginning February 9, 2020 through August 9, 2029, with interest payable quarterly at 2.318%. The radio system infrastructure and subscriber units are pledged as security for the debt. Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2022 was \$0 as the project is still in progress.	Outstanding 2,174,728	Within One Year \$ 268,70
\$1,153,000 Public Safety Radio System, Lease Series 2016, issued on April 30, 2020 to fund upgrades to the public safety radio system, due in semiannual installments beginning October 30, 2020 through April 30, 2030, with interest payable semiannually at 1.382%. The radio system infrastructure and subscriber units are pledged as security for the debt. Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2022 was \$0 as the project is still in progress.	934,926	111,31
\$2,775,000 Vint Hill 2016C Virginia Resources Authority Financing Lease, issued November 16, 2016, maturing annually beginning October 1, 2022 through October 1, 2029, with interest payable semiannually at a rate of 5.125%. A leasehold interest in the Vint Hill Sewer Treatment Plant, owned by Fauquier County Water and Sewer Authority secures the debt.	2,775,000	285,00
\$4,490,000 Virginia Resource Authority Financing Lease, Series 2018, issued on May 23, 2018, maturing semiannually from October 1, 2018 to October 1, 2038, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 3.125% to 5.125%. A volunteer fire facility is pledged as security for the debt.	4,055,000	160,00
\$9,000,000 Virginia Resource Authority Financing Lease, Series 2019A, issued on May 8, 2019, maturing semiannually from October 1, 2019 to April 1, 2039, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 2.862% to 5.125%. The Central Sports Complex is pledged as security for the debt.	8,120,000	315,000
\$3,620,000 Virginia Resource Authority Financing Lease, Series 2019A, issued on May 8, 2019, maturing semiannually from October 1, 2019 to April 1, 2040, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 2.869% to 5.125%. A leasehold interest in a volunteer fire facility is pledged as security for the debt.	3,290,000	120,000
\$2,760,000 Virginia Resource Authority Financing Lease, Series 2019A, issued on May 8, 2019, maturing semiannually from October 1, 2019 to April 1, 2040, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 2.871% to 5.125%. A leasehold interest in volunteer fire facility is pledged as security for the debt. \$	2,505,000	\$90,000
Total direct borrowings \$	27,237,834	\$ 2,177,48

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)		
	Amount	Amount Due
Direct placements:	Outstanding	Within One Year
General obligation bonds		
\$11,630,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2003A, issued		
November 6, 2003, maturing annually from July 15, 2004 through July 15, 2023, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 3.10% to 5.35%.	1,160,000	\$ 580,000
2023, with interest payable semialinuarry at rates from 3.10% to 3.55%.	1,100,000	Ç 300,000
\$3,720,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2004A, issued		
November 10, 2004, maturing annually from July 15, 2005 through July 15,		
2024, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 4.10% to 5.60%.	555,000	185,000
\$11,540,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2005A, issued		
November 10, 2005, maturing annually from July 15, 2006 through July 15,		
2025, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 4.60% to 5.10%.	2,300,000	575,000
\$34,075,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2007A, issued		
November 8, 2007, maturing annually from July 15, 2008 through July 15,		
2027, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 4.35% to 5.10%.	40.205.000	4 705 000
Acceleration of the debt can only occur with the County's consent.	10,205,000	1,705,000
\$10,000,000 Virginia Public School Authority Qualified School Construction		
Bonds, Series 2011-2, issued December 15, 2011, maturing annually from June		
1, 2012 through December 1, 2030, with interest payable semiannually at		
4.125%. Initially, 100% of the interest paid on the debt was to be refunded through a Federal Refundable Credit, however subsequent to the issuance of		
the debt, the federal government reduced the refundable credit for interest		
paid to 93.8%.	5,000,000	560,000
\$9,880,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2012B, issued May		
10, 2012, maturing annually from July 15, 2013 through July 15, 2032, with		
interest payable semiannually at rates from 2.55% to 5.05%.	6,580,000	470,000
\$3,305,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2013A, issued April		
29, 2013, maturing annually from January 15, 2014 through January 15,		
2034, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 3.05% to 5.05%.	2,335,000	150,000
\$16,180,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2021B, issued		
April 29, 2021, maturing annually from January 15, 2022 through January 15,	46 400 000	202.000
2042, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 1.925% to 5.05%.	16,180,000	390,000
Total direct placements	44,315,000	4,615,000
<u>Direct bond</u>		
\$8,805,000 JP Morgan Direct Bond, Series 2019, issued October 11, 2019,		
maturing semiannually from January 15, 2020 through January 15, 2026,	0.55-55-	
with interest payable semiannually at 1.72%.	8,585,000	110,000
Total direct bond \$	8,585,000	\$ 110,000

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities:		
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of building space for a term of 43 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$349,484.79 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$252,432.93. Payments are due monthly for \$8,192.71 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$349,484.79 with accumulated amortization of \$97,530.64.	\$ 252,433	\$ 97,363
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of building space for a term of 30 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$84,893.98 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$51,698.33. Payments are due monthly for \$2,742.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$84,893.98 with accumulated amortization of \$33,957.59. The lease has 1 extension option for 24 months.	51,698	34,272
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of building space for a term of 15 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$22,475.74 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$4,498.61. Payments are due monthly for \$1,500.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$22,475.74 with accumulated amortization of \$17,980.59. The lease has 1 extension option for 12 months.	4,499	4,499
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of building space for a term of 38 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$80,359.60 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$55,054.88. Payments are due monthly for \$2,125.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$80,359.60 with accumulated amortization of \$25,376.72. The lease has 1 extension option(s), each for 24 months.	55,055	25,363
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of building space for a term of 113 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$597,689.92 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$543,038.76. Payments are due monthly for \$3,939.28 and the lease has an interest rate of 1.0953%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$597,689.92 with accumulated amortization of \$63,471.50. The lease has 1 extension option for 60 months.	543,039	56,152
At 12/15/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 12/15/2021 was \$8,819.46 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$7,314.00. Payments are due monthly for \$253.20 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$8,819.46 with accumulated amortization of \$1,600.57.	7,314	3,020

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):		
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 59 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$14,187.09 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$11,231.48. Payments are due quarterly for \$757.44 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5773%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$14,187.09 with accumulated amortization of \$2,846.91.	\$ 11,231	\$ 2,971
At 11/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 11/01/2021 was \$30,555.09 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$22,925.66. Payments are due quarterly for \$2,557.74 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3277%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$30,555.09 with accumulated amortization of \$6,790.02.	22,926	10,168
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 48 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,718.76 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$4,297.22. Payments are due monthly for \$120.21 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,718.76 with accumulated amortization of \$1,429.69.	4,297	1,426
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 28 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,208.40 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,978.93. Payments are due monthly for \$186.47 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,208.40 with accumulated amortization of \$2,232.17.	2,979	2,233
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 months. The lease liability at $07/01/2021$ was \$5,175.53 and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease liability is \$3,036.68. Payments are due monthly for \$178.92 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of \$5,175.53 with accumulated amortization of \$2,141.60.	3,037	2,143
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,343.76 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,567.16. Payments are due monthly for \$149.12 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,343.76 with accumulated amortization of \$1,781.25.	3,567	1,781
	•	•

	Amount tstanding	_	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):			
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 14 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$3,561.25 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$509.14. Payments are due monthly for \$254.63 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,561.25	\$ 509	\$	509
At 01/12/2022, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 01/12/2022 was \$9,434.71 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,092.70. Payments are due monthly for \$270.90 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3277%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$9,434.71			
with accumulated amortization of \$1,476.36. At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 25 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,298.25 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,758.09. Payments are due monthly for \$212.43 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,298.25	8,093		3,229
with accumulated amortization of \$2,467.49.	2,758		2,546
At 02/03/2022, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 02/03/2022 was \$7,190.26 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,221.76. Payments are due monthly for \$195.57 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4257%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$7,190.26			
with accumulated amortization of \$985.33. At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of building space for a term of 15 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$2,113.56 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$528.78. Payments are due monthly for \$132.25 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$2,113.56	6,222		2,325
with accumulated amortization of \$1,632.79.	529		529
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 15 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$1,918.42 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$479.97. Payments are due monthly for \$120.04 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$1,918.42 with accumulated amortization of \$1,482.04.	480		480
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 50 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$7,608.38 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,795.56. Payments are due monthly for \$153.65 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$7,608.38			
with accumulated amortization of \$1,826.01.	5,796		1,821

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):		
At 04/29/2022, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 60 months. The lease liability at 04/29/2022 was \$10,459.87 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$9,458.63. Payments are due quarterly for \$506.40 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.6857%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022	\$ 9,459	\$ 1,966
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 20 months. The lease liability at $07/01/2021$ was \$2,836.28 and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease liability is \$1,135.55. Payments are due monthly for \$142.06 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of \$2,836.28 with accumulated amortization of \$1,696.11.	1,136	1,136
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at $07/01/2021$ was \$4,889.37 and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease liability is \$3,263.85. Payments are due monthly for \$136.44 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of \$4,889.37 with accumulated amortization of \$1,629.79.	3,264	1,629
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 24 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,435.56 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,720.66. Payments are due monthly for \$226.99 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,435.56 with accumulated amortization of \$2,623.06.	2,721	2,721
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of glass cleaning equipment for a term of 24 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$2,483.52 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,287.88. Payments are due monthly for \$99.95 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$2,483.52 with accumulated amortization of \$1,241.76. The lease has 1 extension option for 12 months.	1,288	1,288
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 51 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$11,173.45 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,563.23. Payments are due quarterly for \$663.99 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022		
of \$11,173.45 with accumulated amortization of \$2,588.44.	8,563	2,621

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):		
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 41 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$9,206.76 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,383.83. Payments are due quarterly for \$712.11 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$9,206.76 with accumulated amortization of \$2,634.68.	\$ 6,384	\$ 2,832
51 \$3,255.75 with accumulated affior azation of \$2,654.55.	Ş 0,364	Ş 2,032
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 28 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$7,278.66 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$4,163.68. Payments are due monthly for \$260.63 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$7,278.66 with accumulated amortization of \$3,115.72.	4.164	2 122
with accumulated amortization of \$5,115.72.	4,164	3,122
At 10/05/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 10/05/2021 was \$3,497.17 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,625.28. Payments are due monthly for \$97.59 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,497.17		
with accumulated amortization of \$861.34.	2,625	1,165
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 27 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,789.08 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,219.58. Payments are due monthly for \$214.95 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,789.08 with accumulated amortization of \$2,529.21.	3,220	2,575
At 10/05/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 10/05/2021 was \$3,497.17 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,625.28. Payments are due monthly for \$97.59 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,497.17		
with accumulated amortization of \$861.34.	2,625	1,165
At 10/05/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 10/05/2021 was \$3,497.17 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,625.28. Payments are due monthly for \$97.59 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,497.17 with accumulated amortization of \$861.34.	2 (25	1 104
mai accumulated amortization of 2001.34.	2,625	1,164

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):		
At 10/05/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 10/05/2021 was \$3,398.97 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,625.31. Payments are due monthly for \$97.59 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,398.97		
	\$ 2,625	\$ 1,164
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 14 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$2,983.07 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$426.48. Payments are due monthly for \$213.29 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$2,983.07 with accumulated amortization of \$2,556.92.	426	426
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 24 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,780.24 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,391.95. Payments are due monthly for \$199.53 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,780.24		
with accumulated amortization of \$2,390.12.	2,392	2,392
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of telecommunications tower space for a term of 67 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$49,290.86 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$40,580.51. Payments are due monthly for \$750.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.7033%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$49,290.86 with accumulated amortization of \$8,828.21. The lease has 1 extension option(s), each for 60 months.	40,581	8,743
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of building space for the Employee Wellness Center for a term of 18 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$48,255.55 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$16,257.78. Payments are due monthly for \$2,632.38 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$48,255.55 with accumulated amortization of \$22,170.37. The lease has 1 extension entire for 13 months.	16,258	16 258
of \$32,170.37. The lease has 1 extension option, for 12 months.	10,230	16,258
At 02/24/2022, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 02/24/2022 was \$9,940.09 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,809.15. Payments are due monthly for \$285.36 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$9,940.09		
with accumulated amortization of \$1,168.88.	8,809	3,402

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):		
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 65 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$17,523.69 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$14,140.91. Payments are due monthly for \$293.15 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5773%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$17,523.69 with accumulated amortization of \$3,202.30. The lease has 5 extension option(s), each for 12 months.	\$ 14,141	\$ 3,170
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 52 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$3,498.94 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,697.29. Payments are due monthly for \$67.96 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,498.94 with accumulated amortization of \$799.25. The lease has 3 extension option(s), each for 12 months.	2,697	805
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 30 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$15,175.89 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$9,125.17. Payments are due monthly for \$508.79 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$15,175.89 with accumulated amortization of \$5,970.84. The lease has 1 extension option for 12 months.	9,125	6,077
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 13 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$7,737.29 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,106.20. Payments are due monthly for \$553.22 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$7,737.29 with accumulated amortization of \$6,827.02. The lease has 1 extension option(s), each for 2 months.	1,106	1,106
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 14 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$3,373.70 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$482.33. Payments are due monthly for \$241.22 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,373.70 with accumulated amortization of \$2,891.74.	482	482
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 49 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$11,300.07 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,487.91. Payments are due quarterly for \$902.43 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$11,300.07 with accumulated amortization of \$2,767.36.	8,488	2,816
	,	•

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):		
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 24 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$3,740.60 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,946.87. Payments are due monthly for \$149.95 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,740.60		
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 35 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,754.18 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,128.27. Payments are due monthly for \$136.44 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,754.18	\$ 1,947	
with accumulated amortization of \$1,630.00.	3,128	1,630
At 02/01/2022, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 60 months. The lease liability at 02/01/2022 was \$9,018.19 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,273.70. Payments are due monthly for \$152.85 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.6857%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$9,018.19		
with accumulated amortization of \$751.52.	8,274	1,783
At 12/15/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 12/15/2021 was \$13,707.78 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$11,367.89. Payments are due monthly for \$393.54 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$13,707.78 with accumulated amortization of \$2,487.71.	11,368	4,693
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 33 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,483.69 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,856.99. Payments are due monthly for \$136.44 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,483.69 with accumulated amortization of \$1,630.43.	2,857	1,631
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 46 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$10,605.58 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$7,855.59. Payments are due monthly for \$357.59 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$10,605.58 with accumulated amortization of \$2,731.05.	7,856	2761
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 39 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$8,234.72 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,709.21. Payments are due monthly for \$337.23 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$8,234.72		
with accumulated amortization of \$2,499.58.	5,709	2,532

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):		
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 14 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,099.99 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$586.18. Payments are due monthly for \$293.15 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,099.99 with accumulated amortization of \$3,514.28.	586	\$ 586
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 33 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$7,658.15 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,576.08. Payments are due quarterly for \$699.48 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$7,658.15 with accumulated amortization of \$2,765.23.		2.404
0.7,,000.20	5,576	3,481
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 22 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,644.87 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,702.17. Payments are due monthly for \$245.92 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,644.87 with accumulated amortization of \$2,001.71	0.700	
with accumulated amortization of \$3,001.71.	2,702	2,702
At 02/01/2022, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 02/01/2022 was \$7,188.41 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,992.24. Payments are due quarterly for \$602.73 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4260%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$7,188.41 with accumulated amortization of \$998.39.	5,992	2,389
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 22 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,066.64 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,850.15. Payments are due monthly for \$185.20 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,066.64 with accumulated amortization of \$2,218.17.	1,850	1,850
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 26 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$6,604.85 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,559.69. Payments are due monthly for \$254.61 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$6,604.85		
with accumulated amortization of \$3,048.39.	3,559	3,051

	Amount Outstandi	ng	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):			
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 30 months. The lease liability at $07/01/2021$ was \$9,012.46 and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease liability is \$5,414.57. Payments are due monthly for \$301.56 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of \$9,012.46 with accumulated amortization of \$3,604.98.	\$ 5,4:	.4 \$	3,607
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of building space for a term of 60 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$60,334.62 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$50,133.66. Payments are due annually for \$10,200.96 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5770%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022			
of \$60,334.62 with accumulated amortization of \$12,006.89.	50,13	3	9,912
At 07/01/2021, the County was under a lessee agreement for the use of building space for a term of 60 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$29,657.76 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$23,657.76. Payments are due annually for \$6,000.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5770%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022			
of \$29,657.76 with accumulated amortization of \$5,931.55.	23,65	8	5,863
Total lease liabilities	1,282,2	<u>'5</u>	373,323
Premium on bonds payable	4,666,7	29	679,097
Compensated absences	5,533,7	11	553,371
Incurred but not reported claims	3,123,9	83	780,996
Total governmental activities long-term obligations	\$ 96,854,5	32 \$	11,399,270

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings				vings
	General obligat	ion bonds		Financing ag	reements
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest
2023 \$	2,110,000 \$	42,200	\$	2,177,482 \$	978,242
2024	-	-		2,166,807	905,819
2025	-	-		2,224,840	831,331
2026	-	-		2,243,745	753,637
2027	-	-		1,890,687	676,596
2028-2032	-	-		7,299,273	2,303,957
2033-2037	-	-		6,080,000	1,021,713
2038-2040				3,155,000	124,916
Total \$	2,110,000 \$	42,200	\$	27,237,834 \$	7,596,211

		Direct P	lace	ements				
_	General obli	gation bonds		Direct	Direct bond			lities
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest	Principal	_	Interest
2023 \$	4,615,000	2,130,108	\$	110,000 \$	146,716 \$	373,323	\$	8,342
2024	4,790,000	1,796,418		2,190,000	126,936	302,545		6,570
2025	4,280,000	1,597,134		2,145,000	89,655	183,379		5,030
2026	4,155,000	1,413,613		2,095,000	53,191	98,233		4,002
2027	3,640,000	1,250,960		2,045,000	17,587	84,326		3,103
2028-2032	11,885,000	3,985,165		-	-	240,469		4,700
2033-2037	5,800,000	891,128		-	-	-		-
2038-2042	5,150,000	298,913	_	-			_	-
Total \$	44,315,000	13,363,439	\$_	8,585,000 \$	434,085 \$	1,282,275	\$_	31,747

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	_	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2022	Amount Due Within One Year
Business-type activities long-term obligations:						
Direct borrowings:						
Financing agreements	\$	7,885,000 \$	- \$	295,000 \$	7,590,000 \$	300,000
Direct placements:						
Revenue bonds		1,499,625	15,766,449	420,140	16,845,934	815,140
Premium/Discount on bonds payable		205,194	1,640,243	130,220	1,715,217	194,240
Lease liabilities		176,059	21,595	42,429	155,225	43,830
Compensated absences		194,556	170,124	141,010	223,670	22,367
Landfill closure and postclosure liability	_	16,352,846	18,106,389	<u> </u>	34,459,235	
Total business-type activities long-term obligations	\$_	26,313,280 \$	35,704,800 \$	1,028,799 \$	60,989,281 \$	1,375,577
						Amount
		Balance			Balance	Due Within
		July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2022	One Year
Deferred loss on refunding	\$_	(427,750) \$	- \$	28,290 \$	(399,461) \$	(30,343)

Details of long-term obligations are outlined below. Unless otherwise noted, the full faith and credit of the County was pledged to secure the debt.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)		
	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Direct borrowings: Financing agreements		
\$7,130,000 Virginia Resources Authority Financing agreement, Series 2015A, issued May 28, 2015, maturing annually from October 1, 2015 through October 1, 2039, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 3.062% to 5.125%. An interest in the Alice Jane Childs administrative building is pledged as security for the debt.	\$\$\$	\$ 220,000
\$5,500,000 Virginia Resources Authority Financing agreement, Series 2021A, issued May 13,2021, maturing annually from October 1, 2021 through October 1, 2039, with interest payble semiannually at rates from .599% to 2.789%. An interest in the Alice Jane Childs administrative building is pledged as security for the debt.	5,415,000	80,000
Salitating is preaged as seeding for the dest.		
Total financing agreements	7,590,000	300,000
Direct placements: Revenue bonds		
\$5,170,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue bonds, Series 2012A, issued April 30, 2012, maturing annually from October 1, 2013 through October 1, 2032, with interest payable semiannually at rates from 3.424% to 5.125%.	70,000	70,000
\$7,102,800 Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund bond, issued on May 15, 2018, maturing annually from April 1, 2020 through April 1, 2039, with an interest rate of 0%.	4,435,934	355,140
\$12,340,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue bonds, Series 2021B, issued on November 7, 2021, maturing annually from October 1, 2022 through October 1, 2041, with interest payable semiannually at rates from		
2.125% to 5.125%.	12,340,000	390,000
Total revenue bonds	16,845,934	815,140
Lease liabilities: At 07/01/2021, Fauquier County Landfill was under a lessee agreement for the use of land for a recycling convenience site for a term of 54 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$33,187.11 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$25,256.91. Payments are due annually for \$8,026.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5773%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$33,187.11 with accumulated amortization of \$7,374.91.	25,257	8,121

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, Fauquier County Landfill was under a lessee agreement for the use of land for a recycling convenience site for a term of 54 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$41,772.88 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$33,827.27. Payments are due annually for \$8,026.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5773%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$41,772.88 with accumulated amortization of \$9,282.86.	33,827 \$	8,072
At 07/01/2021, Fauquier County Landfill was under a lessee agreement for the use of land for a recycling convenience site for a term of 54 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$41,772.88 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$33,827.27. Payments are due annually for \$8,026.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5773%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$41,772.88 with accumulated amortization of \$9,282.86.	33,827	8,072
At 07/01/2021, Fauquier County Landfill was under a lessee agreement for the use of land for a recycling convenience site for a term of 60 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$14,814.63 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$11,828.88. Payments are due annually for \$3,000.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5770%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$14,814.63 with accumulated amortization of \$2,915.95.	11,829	2,932
At 07/01/2021, the Fauquier County Landfill was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier Equipment for a term of 27 month. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$6,028.73 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,447.64. Payments are due monthly for \$215.76 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$6,028.73 with accumulated amortization of \$2,633.91. The lease has 1 extension option for 12 months.	3,448	2,585
At 12/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 months. The lease liability at 12/01/2021 was \$6,781.54 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,467.00. Payments are due monthly for \$189.26 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$6,781.54 with accumulated amortization of \$1,318.63.	5,467	2,257

	_	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the Warrenton-Fauquier Airport was under a lessee agreement for the use of vehicle refueling Equipment for a term of 54 months. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$53,296.86 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$41,570.34. Payments are due monthly for \$1,000.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.5773%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$53,296.86 with			
accumulated amortization of \$11,642.52. The lease has 2 extension	\$_	41,570	\$ 11,791
Total lease liabilities	_	155,225	43,830
Premium on bonds payable		1,715,217	194,240
Compensated absences		223,670	22,367
Landfill closure and postclosure liability	_	34,459,235	
Total business-type activities long-term obligations	\$_	60,989,281	\$ 1,375,577

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

		Direct E	orro	wings		Direct P	ace	ments				
		Financing agreements				Revenue bonds				Lease li	abil	ities
Fiscal												
Year		Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest
2023	\$	300,000	\$	199,246	\$	815,140	\$	459,281	\$	43,830	\$	831
2024		385,000		186,921		765,140		437,113		43,084		595
2025		395,000		173,568		785,140		415,588		41,899		358
2026		410,000		159,274		805,140		393,038		26,412		128
2027		415,000		149,308		830,140		369,334		-		-
2028-2032		2,240,000		597,609		4,555,700		1,444,487		-		= .
2033-2037		2,110,000		311,855		4,344,535		766,509		-		
2038-2042	_	1,335,000		56,327	_	3,945,000	_	282,041	_	-	_	<u> </u>
Total	Ś	7.590.000	Ś	1.834.108	Ś	16.845.934	Ś	4.567.390	Ś	155.225	Ś	1.912

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Balance July 1, 2021		Additions		Retirements		Balance June 30, 202	2_	Amount Due Within One Year
General long-term obligations:										
Direct borrowing: Financing agreement Lease liabilities Compensated absences	\$	10,941,095 839,932 4,116,347	\$ _	- 171,458 5,478,053	\$	598,938 339,691 5,799,801	\$	10,342,15 671,69 3,794,59	9	618,926 351,136 379,459
Total general long-term obligations	\$	15,897,374	\$ <u>_</u>	5,649,511	\$	6,738,430	\$	14,808,45	<u>5</u> \$	1,349,521
Details of long-term obligations ar	e c	utlined below	v :							
Direct borrowing Financing Agreements						<u>. C</u>		mount standing		Amount Due thin One Year
\$10,672,434 financing agreement, Series 2019, issued February 18, 2019 to fund energy saving projects across the school system, due in semiannual installments beginning April 1, 2021 through October 1, 2035, with interest payable semiannually at 3.31%. Equipment purchased for energy saving projects is pledged as security for the debt. Accumulated depreciation at										
June 30, 2019 was \$0 as the proje	ect	is still in prog	gres	SS.		\$_	10	,342,157 \$		618,926
Total Financing Agreeme	ent	5				_	10	,342,157		618,926
Lease liabilities Equipment At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$14,343.20 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,415.70. Payments are due monthly for \$495.85 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$14,343.20 with accumulated amortization of \$5,935.12. 8,416 5,938										
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$10,438.12 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,124.45. Payments are due monthly for \$495.85 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$10,438.12 with accumulated amortization of \$4,319.22. 6,124 4,321								4,321		
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 47 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$23,481.77 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$18,513.73. Payments are due monthly for \$504.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of										
06/30/2022 of \$23,481.77 with a	ccı	mulated amo	rtiz	ation of \$5,9	95.	.35.		18,514		6,975

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):		
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 47 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$15,887.47 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$12,526.16. Payments are due monthly for \$341.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$15,887.47 with accumulated amortization of \$4,056.37.	\$ 12,526	\$ 4,719
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 47 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$24,087.45 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$18,991.27. Payments are due monthly for \$517.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$24,087.45 with accumulated amortization of \$6,149.99.	18,991	7,154
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 26 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$10,168.93 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,480.55. Payments are due monthly for \$392.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$10,168.93 with accumulated amortization of \$4,693.35.	5,481	4,697
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$13,498.76 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$9,249.22. Payments are due monthly for \$357.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$13,498.76 with accumulated amortization of \$4,211.05.	9,249	4,261
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$13,498.76 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$9,249.22. Payments are due monthly for \$357.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$13,498.76 with accumulated amortization of \$4,211.05.	9,249	4,261
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$13,498.76 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$9,249.22. Payments are due monthly for \$357.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$13,498.76 with accumulated amortization of \$4,211.05.	9,249	4,261
00/30/2022 Of \$13,430.70 With accumulated amortization of \$4,211.03.	3,443	4,201

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,235.42 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,901.71. Payments are due monthly for \$112.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,235.42 with accumulated amortization of \$1,337.50.	\$ 2,902	\$ 1,337
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 37 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$11,968.43 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,097.37. Payments are due monthly for \$325.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$11,968.43 with accumulated amortization of \$3,881.65.	8,097	3,880
At 09/30/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 48 month(s). The lease liability at 09/30/2021 was \$2,513.30 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,887.11. Payments are due quarterly for \$158.43 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$2,513.30 with accumulated amortization of \$482.71.	1,887	626
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 42 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$2,033.63 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is $$1,454.25$. Payments are due quarterly for $$146.34$ and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of $$2,033.63$ with accumulated amortization of $$581.04$.	1,454	580
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 22 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$3,446.20 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,478.16. Payments are due quarterly for \$493.26 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,446.20 with accumulated amortization of \$1,832.54.	1,478	1,478
At 01/01/2022, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier Equipment for a term of 36 month(s). The lease liability at 01/01/2022 was \$18,251.89 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$15,220.67. Payments are due monthly for \$645.15 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4257%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$18,251.89 with accumulated amortization of \$3,041.98.	15,221	6,069

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 28 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$10,481.60 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,994.92. Payments are due monthly for \$510.26 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$10,481.60 with accumulated amortization of \$4,492.11.	\$ 5,995	\$ 4,495
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 28 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,669.88 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,670.95. Payments are due monthly for \$332.19 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,669.88 with accumulated amortization of \$2,001.38.	2,671	2,002
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 36 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$6,744.15 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$4,153.12. Payments are due quarterly for \$520.98 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$6,744.15 with accumulated amortization of \$2,248.05.	4,153	2,073
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was $6,027.20$ and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease liability is $3,702.22$. Payments are due monthly for 218.08 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850% . The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of $6,027.20$ with accumulated amortization of $2,494.01$.	3,702	2,612
At 11/22/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 60 month(s). The lease liability at 11/22/2021 was \$15,008.69 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$13,027.95. Payments are due monthly for \$254.05 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.6320%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$15,008.69 with accumulated amortization of \$1,826.06.	13,028	2,975
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 40 month(s). The initial lease liability was \$14,591.97. As of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$10,329.11. the School Board is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$357.00. The lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The equipment estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$14,591.97 with accumulated amortization of		
\$4,327.11.	10,329	4,269

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$11,225.08 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$7,686.23. Payments are due monthly for \$296.24 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$11,225.08 with accumulated amortization of \$3,544.76.	\$ 7,686	\$ 3,544
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 26 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$8,080.81 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$4,356.91. Payments are due monthly for \$311.82 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$8,080.81 with accumulated amortization of \$3,729.60. At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$6,206.97 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$4,250.74. Payments are due monthly for \$163.89 and the lease		3,734
has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$6,206.97 with accumulated amortization of \$1,960.10.	4,251	1,959
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$14,765.65 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,662.39. Payments are due monthly for \$510.26 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$14,765.65 with accumulated amortization of \$6,109.92.		6,112
At $11/04/2021$, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 month(s). The lease liability at $11/04/2021$ was \$18,311.18 and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease liability is \$14,249.77. Payments are due monthly for \$510.26 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of \$18,311.18 with accumulated amortization of \$4,018.29.	14,250	6,098
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 28 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$14,236.83 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,145.99. Payments are due monthly for \$510.26 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$14,236.83 with accumulated amortization of \$6,101.50.	8,146	6,106
At 11/04/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 month(s). The lease liability at 11/04/2021 was \$18,311.18 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$14,249.77. Payments are due monthly for \$510.26 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$18,311.18 with accumulated amortization of \$4,018.29.	14,250	6,098

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 52 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$7,002.50 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,060.80. Payments are due quarterly for \$391.44 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$7,002.50 with accumulated amortization of \$1,615.96.	\$ 5,061	\$ 1,552
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$11,483.00 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,744.21. Payments are due monthly for \$533.08 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$11,483.00 with accumulated amortization of \$4,751.59.	6,744	4,756
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$6,570.65 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,855.25. Payments are due monthly for \$502.15 and the lease		
has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$6,570.65 with accumulated amortization of \$2,718.89.	3,855	2,720
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,528.73 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,657.18. Payments are due monthly for \$251.56 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,528.73 with accumulated amortization of \$1,873.96.	2,657	1,875
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$2,907.69 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,706.05. Payments are due monthly for \$125.52 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$2,907.69 with accumulated amortization of \$1,203.18.	1,706	1,204
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$6,570.65 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,855.25. Payments are due monthly for \$502.15 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$6,570.65 with accumulated amortization of \$2,718.89.	3,855	2,720
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,500.96 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,640.89. Payments are due monthly for \$320.60 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$4,500.06 with accumulated amortization of \$1,863.47	2.644	4.000
06/30/2022 of \$4,500.96 with accumulated amortization of \$1,862.47.	2,641	1,863

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$16,267.68 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$9,544.87. Payments are due monthly for \$891.49 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$16,267.68 with accumulated amortization of \$6,731.45.	\$ 9,545	\$ 6,735
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,809.89 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,408.88. Payments are due monthly for \$328.85 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,809.89 with accumulated amortization of \$2,404.09.	3,409	2,405
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 40 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$14,560.52 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$10,312.39. Payments are due monthly for \$357.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$14,560.52 with accumulated amortization of \$4,317.78.	10,312	4,258
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 40 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$12,113.37 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,579.21. Payments are due monthly for \$297.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$12,113.37 with accumulated amortization of \$3,592.10.	8,579	3,542
At 09/22/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 48 month(s). The lease liability at 09/22/2021 was \$39,771.09 and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease liability is \$31,533.28. Payments are due monthly for \$836.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of \$39,771.09 with accumulated amortization of \$7,705.65.	31,533	9,909
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 26 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$2,250.70 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,126.47. Payments are due quarterly for \$282.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$2,250.70 with accumulated amortization of \$1,020.47.	1,126	1,126

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of transportation monitoring equipment for a term of 33 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$212,534.71 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$135,426.53. Payments are due monthly for \$6,467.50 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$212,534.71 with accumulated amortization of \$77,285.35.	\$ 135,427	\$ 77,295
At 07/01/2021,the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier Equipment for a term of 26 month. The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$3,320.47 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,789.57. Payments are due monthly for \$128.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$3,320.47 with accumulated amortization of \$1,532.52.	1,790	1,534
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 14 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$8,888.09 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,270.70. Payments are due monthly for \$928.50 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$8,888.09 with accumulated amortization of \$7,618.36.	1,271	1,271
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 18 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$8,730.03 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,912.65. Payments are due monthly for \$485.75 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$8,730.03 with accumulated amortization of \$5,820.02.	2,913	2,913
At 09/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 36 month(s). The lease liability at 09/01/2021 was \$17,407.37 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$12,585.16. Payments are due monthly for \$485.76 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$17,407.37 with accumulated amortization of \$4,835.38.	12,585	5,798
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier Equipment for a term of 28 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$8,268.75 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$4,730.15. Payments are due monthly for \$296.09 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$8,268.75 with accumulated amortization of \$3,543.75.	4,730	3,546
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier Equipment for a term of 28 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$8,268.75 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$4,730.15. Payments are due monthly for \$296.09 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$8,268.75 with accumulated amortization of \$3,543.75.	4,730	3,546

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 10/31/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 24 month(s). The lease liability at 10/31/2021 was \$4,270.98 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,671.28. Payments are due monthly for \$178.38 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2477%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,270.98 with accumulated amortization of \$1,489.59.	\$ 2,671 \$	\$ 2,136
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 22 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$1,514.89 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$689.30. Payments are due monthly for \$69.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$1,514.89 with accumulated amortization of \$797.31.	689	689
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 27 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$18,099.09 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$9,903.11. Payments are due monthly for \$647.98 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$18,099.09 with accumulated amortization of \$7,897.78.	10,352	7,761
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 22 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,462.47 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,485.44. Payments are due monthly for \$248.79 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,462.47 with accumulated amortization of \$2,913.32.	2,485	2,485
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 22 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$7,942.14 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,801.86. Payments are due monthly for \$346.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$7,942.14 with accumulated amortization of \$4,198.49.	3,802	3,802
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 24 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$4,404.38 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,204.33. Payments are due monthly for \$183.91 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$4,404.38 with accumulated amortization of \$2,172.02.	2,204	2,204

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 22 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$12,096.85 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,790.70. Payments are due monthly for \$527.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
_	\$ 5,791	\$ 5,791
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 37 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$11,968.43 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,097.37. Payments are due monthly for \$325.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$11,968.43 with accumulated amortization of \$3,881.65.	8,097	3,880
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$10,662.89 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$7,306.11. Payments are due monthly for \$282.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$10,662.89 with accumulated amortization of \$3,326.38.	7,306	3,366
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$9,454.07 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,477.03. Payments are due monthly for \$250.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$9,454.07 with accumulated amortization of \$2,985.50.	6,477	2,984
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 26 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$10,168.93 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,480.55. Payments are due monthly for \$392.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2177%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$10,168.93 with accumulated amortization of \$4,693.35.	5,482	4,695
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$17,017.33 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$11,658.68. Payments are due monthly for \$450.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3147%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$17,017.33 with accumulated amortization of \$5,373.89.	11,659	5,371
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 29 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$896.16 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$716.74. Payments are due quarterly for \$179.82 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The value of the right to use asset as of		
06/30/2022 of \$896.16 with accumulated amortization of \$364.95.	717	537

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 30 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$10,208.41 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,133.13. Payments are due monthly for \$341.58 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$10,208.41 with accumulated amortization of \$4,083.36.	\$ 6,133	
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 25 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$2,613.55 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,360.29. Payments are due monthly for \$104.77 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$2,613.55 with accumulated amortization of \$1,254.50.	1,360	1,256
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 26 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was $6,626.90$ and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease liability is $3,571.58$. Payments are due monthly for 255.46 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2180% . The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of $6,626.90$ with accumulated amortization of $3,058.57$.	3,572	3,061
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 20 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$5,075.64 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,032.11. Payments are due monthly for \$254.22 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$5,075.64 with accumulated amortization of \$3,045.38.	2,032	2,032
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 37 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$12,631.23 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,545.81. Payments are due monthly for \$343.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$12,631.23 with accumulated amortization of \$4,096.62.	8,546	4,095
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 37 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$12,631.23 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,545.81. Payments are due monthly for \$343.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$12,631.23 with accumulated amortization of \$4,096.62.	8,546	4,095

	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued): At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 37 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$12,631.23 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,545.81. Payments are due monthly for \$343.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$12,631.23 with accumulated amortization of \$4,096.62.	\$ 8,546	\$ 4,095
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 37 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$12,631.23 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$8,545.81. Payments are due monthly for \$343.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$12,631.23 with accumulated amortization of \$4,096.62.	8,546	4,095
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 37 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$19,149.39 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$12,955.73. Payments are due monthly for \$520.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$19,149.39 with accumulated amortization of \$6,210.61.	12,956	6,208
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 37 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$1,735.04 and as of $06/30/2022$, the value of the lease liability is \$1,158.21. Payments are due quarterly for \$145.29 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The value of the right to use asset as of $06/30/2022$ of \$1,735.04 with accumulated amortization of \$562.72.	1,158	578
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of copier equipment for a term of 38 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$17,100.00 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$11,700.00. Payments are due monthly for \$450.00 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.0000%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$17,100.00 with accumulated amortization of \$5,400.00.	11,700	5,400
At 07/01/2021, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of mailing equipment for a term of 42 month(s). The lease liability at 07/01/2021 was \$15,016.09 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease liability is \$10,746.16. Payments are due quarterly for \$1,081.38 and the lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2022 of \$15,016.09 with accumulated amortization of \$4,290.31.	10,746	4,284

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

	Amount Outstanding	_	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease liabilities (continued):			
At 04/01/2022, the School Board was under a lessee agreement for the use of			
copier equipment for a term of 49 month(s). The lease liability at			
04/01/2022 was \$37,612.33 and as of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease			
liability is \$35,339.04. Payments are due monthly for \$800.14 and the lease			
has an interest rate of 2.0930%. The value of the right to use asset as of			
06/30/2022 of \$37,612.33 with accumulated amortization of \$2,302.80.	35,339	_\$_	8,948
Total lease liabilities	671,699		351,136
Compensated absences	3,794,599		379,459
Total component unit long-term obligations	14,808,455	\$_	1,349,521

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Direct Borrowing						
_	Financing Agreement				Lease lia	bili	ties
Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2023 \$	618,926	\$	337,246	5	351,136	\$	2,211
2024	639,582		316,590		242,744		1,065
2025	660,928		295,244		63,784		397
2026	682,986		273,187		13,019		95
2027	705,779		250,393		1,016		-
2028-2032	3,898,337		882,524		1,016		-
2032-2036	3,135,619		210,986		-		
Total \$	10,342,157	\$	2,566,170		671,699	\$	3,768

NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS

A. Long-term USDA

Fauquier County provides annual operating and capital contributions for nine separately incorporated Volunteer Fire and Rescue Companies through a special Fire and Rescue levy. Two volunteer fire and rescue facilities have outstanding loans through the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development program (USDA) to fund construction and renovations. The County has provided USDA moral obligation letters guaranteeing funding support for each of the two volunteer fire and rescue companies. All assets are owned by the respective volunteer fire and rescue companies. Payment for annual debt service is made from the Fire and Rescue Fund as a contribution to the individual stations. The required debt service reserve of 10% annually for 10 years will accumulate in cash accounts in a fiduciary fund. The reserve may be used for capital improvements in the future if approved by USDA in accordance with the loan agreements.

NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of long-term commitments of the County for the year ended June 30, 2022:

General long-term commitments:	Balance July 1, 2021 Additions R	Balance Retirements June 30, 2022	Amount Due Within One Year
-	\$\$\$\$	191,458 \$ 7,391,962	198,943
Details of long-term commitments are USDA Loans:	e as follows:	Amount Due	Amount Due Within One Year
12, 2007, due in annual install	on Volunteer Fire Company, Inc., ments for principal and interest 12, 2047, with interest payable a	beginning	\$ 55,526
20, 2008, due in annual install	Volunteer Fire Company, Inc., on ments for principal and interest ebruary 20, 2048, with interes	beginning	17,624
Inc., on December 21, 2010, du	more Volunteer Fire and Rescue e in annual installments for prin 21, 2013 through December 21,	ncipal and	125,793
	Total long-term con	nmitments \$	\$ 198,943

Annual requirements to amortize long-term commitments and related interest have been estimated according to information provided by USDA and are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest
2023	\$	198,943 \$	291,154
2024		206,721	283,376
2025		214,805	275,292
2026		223,206	266,891
2027		231,937	258,160
2028-2032		1,303,115	1,147,370
2033-2037		1,578,915	871,570
2038-2042		1,913,308	537,177
2043-2047		1,470,107	161,375
2048	_	50,905	2,227
Total	\$	7,391,962 \$	4,094,592

NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Construction commitments

At June 30, 2022, the County had several major projects under construction which are summarized below:

		Contract	Expended	
Project Name	Contractor	 Amount	 to Date	 Balance
Cedar Lee Middle School Expansion & Renovation	Taft Construction	\$ 18,347,000	\$ 7,290,977	\$ 11,056,023
Landfill 2020 GCCS Expansion Services	SCS Field Services	358,565	358,515	50
Salem Ave Extension	Groundscapes	1,246,406	1,059,805	186,601
Marshall Main Street	Shirley Contracting Co	4,930,309	2,841,699	2,088,610
Warrenton Branch Greenway	Shirley Contracting Co	917,345	889,829	27,516
Catlett-Calverton Wastewater Treatment System	English Construction	8,909,749	 8,739,937	 169,812
Total		\$ 34,709,374	\$ 21,180,762	\$ 13,528,612

C. Commitments and contingent liabilities

Federal programs in which the County and School Board participate were audited in accordance with the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200 (2 CFR 200)). Pursuant to the provisions of this circular, all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests that may result in disallowed expenses. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 10 – TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES

Fauquier County, in accordance with §58.1-3651 and §58.1-3651B of the Code of Virginia, sets forth the process and procedure by which a locality may designate property as tax exempt and that requires prior adoption of any Ordinance exempting property from local taxation, the Board of Supervisors shall hold a public hearing on any proposed application and, upon consideration, can determine that a proposed exemption from taxation can be granted.

On February 14, 2013, Fauquier County entered into a tax abatement agreement under the authority and through resolution of the County Board of Supervisors with a not-for-profit organization for the construction of affordable housing units within the County. The purpose of the abatement was to encourage successful and timely completion of the project and to provide more affordable housing options for the citizens of the County. Under the agreement, the not-for-profit organization will provide a thirty-unit affordable housing development within Fauquier County. In support of this project, the County agreed to provide a tax abatement or waiver of \$240,000 in County real estate taxes over an eight-year period. The County committed to provide a letter in support of the organization's application for state tax credits from the Virginia Housing Development Authority. Real estate taxes are paid for each tax year and rebates are made on an annual basis once requested by the not-for-profit organization.

On November 8, 2018, Fauquier County, through ordinance of the County Board of Supervisors, agreed to provide a donation to a not-for-profit organization in the amount of the annual real estate taxes assessed for the building occupied by the not-for-profit organization within thirty days of receipt of the payment of real estate taxes by the not-for-profit organization's leaseholder. The purpose of the agreement was continued support of the services and activities the not-for-profit organization provides for youths throughout the County. The agreement is in effect for as long as the not-for-profit organization occupies the leaseholder's building, is subject to lawful appropriation of the Board of Supervisors and may be terminated at the discretion of the Board of Supervisors.

NOTE 10 - TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Fauquier County, in accordance with §58.1-3506 of the Code of Virginia, abates personal property taxes on one motor vehicle owned or leased by members (including auxiliary members) of a volunteer emergency medical services agency or volunteer fire department operating within Fauquier County. The purpose of the abatement is to encourage and acknowledge service provided to the citizens of the County by members of the companies volunteer public safety programs they provide. In order to qualify for the abatement, members must regularly respond to emergency calls and auxiliary members must regularly perform duties for the emergency medical service agency or volunteer fire department, and the member must identify the motor vehicle regularly used for such purpose. Certification by the chief of the volunteer emergency medical services agency or volunteer fire department is made to the Commissioner of Revenue by

January 31st of each year. Members and auxiliary members pay a reduced rate of \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed value on motor vehicles meeting the criteria noted above. The amount of reduced rate is determined by the County Board of Supervisors as a part of the annual budget adoption process.

Fauquier County enters into tax abatement agreements in accordance with §58.1-3850 through §58.1-3853, of the Code of Virginia which allows any city, county, or town to establish by ordinance, local technology, tourism, defense production zones, and incentives for green roofing and to grant tax incentives and regulatory flexibility in a zone. These zones are established within §8-113 through §8-128 of the Fauquier County Code. The purpose of these abatement agreements is to encourage economic development and growth by attracting and retaining businesses within the County.

Qualified local technology businesses in a local technology zone are businesses whose primary purpose is the design research, development, utilization or production of technology services, software, or products.

Qualified tourism businesses in tourism zones are businesses whose primary purpose is to establish a desirable destination to attract tourists from outside the community and create an environment for those visitors that will deliver a memorable experience or promote educational opportunities while increasing travel related revenue.

Qualified defense production businesses are businesses engaged in the design, development or production of materials, components, or equipment required to meet the needs of national defense, including any business that performs functions ancillary to or in support of the design, development, or production of such materials, components, or equipment. Defense contractors are businesses other than a defense production business that are primarily engaged in providing services of national defense including but not limited to logistics and technical support.

Abatements are granted to new or existing businesses within a zone who commit to the following arrangements:

- Capital investment of a minimum of \$500,000 for new businesses and \$250,000 for existing businesses in land, building and/or machinery unless otherwise authorized by the Board of Supervisors.
- The creation of ten (10) new full-time jobs for new businesses and three (3) new jobs for existing businesses. These jobs must have salaries at least 10% above the average county wage level as listed by the Virginia Employment Commission for the previous fiscal year and be created within the first calendar year of operation.

Qualified businesses receive tax incentives of a one hundred percent (100%) rebate on business professional, and occupational license tax, tangible personal property and machinery and tools taxes imposed by the County and rebates of permit fees paid to the County for site plan, building, and zoning permits. Rebates are made at the end of each tax year on an annual basis and are rebated for only those taxes and fees that have actually been paid to the County. No interest is paid on any funds rebated.

Abatements within these zones apply for three (3) years from the later of:

a) the date the business is determined to be a qualified business,

NOTE 10 - TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

- b) the date the business commences operations, or
- c) the date an existing business completes a qualifying expansion.

In the event that a qualified business ceases to be qualified, ceases to meet the minimum employment and capital investment criteria, or removes itself from operation in the County during any year in the three-year incentive period or such longer period, it is required to repay the total amount of incentives received and must sign an agreement to this effect before receiving any incentives.

For certain agreements, the County has committed to facilitate the entry of new businesses into the County by agreeing to finance and construct infrastructure such as public and private utility extensions for water, sewer, fiber optic and other technology infrastructure and to obtain state incentives to further support the economic development goals of the tax abatement agreement. The most significant agreement to date is the County's commitment to build fiber optic infrastructure at an estimated cost of \$1,000,000.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the County had abated taxes as follows:

Ta	xes Abated
during	the fiscal year
\$	30,000
ċ	12,189
Ą	12,109
\$	167,590
	during \$

NOTE 11 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The County of Fauquier, Virginia owns and operates a landfill site. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$34,459,235 reported as landfill closure/postclosure care liability at June 30, 2022, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the old landfill, the use of 74.77% of the estimated capacity of the new landfill, and the closure costs for the Construction and Demolition Recycling facility, including Corrective Action, of \$58,175 and the Transfer Station of \$2,673. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$3,243,143 on the new landfill as the remaining estimated capacity is used. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2022.

The county is currently engaged in a capital project to close the old landfill, which has reached 100% capacity. The County completed construction of an additional cell to the new landfill, which added disposal capacity and deferred closure for a minimum of 10 years, but potentially up to 30+ years. In addition, the County has transitioned operations to a transfer station whereby residential and commercial waste is transported to another landfill entity outside of the County, which further defers closure of the new landfill.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and postclosure care costs through the submission of a local government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environment Quality, in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the *Virginia Administrative Code*.

NOTE 12 – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

A. Plan descriptions

Agent multiple employer retirement plan: The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. All full-time, salaried, permanent employees of Fauquier County and non-professional salaried, permanent employees of the Fauquier County School Board are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment.

Cost sharing retirement plan: The VRS Teacher Retirement Plan is a multiple employer, cost sharing plan. All full time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment.

These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The System issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at waretire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The system administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the following table:

About Plan 1	Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service
	credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
Eligible Members	Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010 and they were vested
	as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.
Hybrid Opt-In Election	VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable
	decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.
	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.
	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.
	Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under
	Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP. <i>This</i>
	does not apply to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan.
Retirement Contribution	Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.
Service Credit	Service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Vesting	Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement
	benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service
	credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and
	service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of
	their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.
	Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.
Calculating the Benefit	The basic benefit is determined using the average final compensation, service credit and plan
	multiplier. An early retirement reduction is applied to this amount if the member is retiring
	with a reduced benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement
	payment, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.
Average Final	A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest
Compensation	compensation as a covered employee.
Service Retirement	VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement
Multiplier	benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.
	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.
	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political
	subdivision hazardous duty employees. The retirement multiplier of engine pointed subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is
	1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.
Normal Retirement Age	VRS: Age 65.
	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.
Earliest Unreduced	VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 30
Retirement Eligibility	years of service credit.
	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months)
	of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.
Earliest Reduced	VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 10
Retirement Eligibility	years of service credit.
	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 50 with at least five years (60 months)
	of service credit.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price
(COLA) in Retirement	Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a
	maximum COLA of 5%.
	Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with
	at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar
	year from the retirement date.
	For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service
	credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced
	retirement eligibility date.
	· · ·
	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar
	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:
	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of
	 Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of
	 Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability.
	 Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability.
	 Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job
	 Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or
	 Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar
	 Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.
Disability Coverage	 Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability,
Disability Coverage	 Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

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Purchase of Prior Service	Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty
	military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as service credit in their
	plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health
	insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also
	may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.
About Plan 2	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service
	credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
Eligible Members	Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their
	membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
Hybrid Opt-In Election	Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid
	Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.
	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July
	1, 2014.
	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also
	eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.
	Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under
	Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP. <i>This</i>
	does not apply to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan.
Retirement Contributions	Same as Plan 1.
Service Credit	Same as Plan 1.
Vesting	Same as Plan 1.
Calculating the Benefit	See definition under Plan 1.
Average Final	A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of
Compensation	highest compensation as a covered employee.
Service Retirement	VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-
Multiplier	hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned,
	purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.
	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.
	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.
Normal Retirement Age	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.
	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.
Earliest Unreduced	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit
Retirement Eligibility	or when their age and service equal 90.
	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.
Earliest Reduced	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.
Retirement Eligibility	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.
Cost of Living Adjustment	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of
(COLA) in Retirement	any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.
	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.
	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.
Disability Coverage	Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability,
	the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased
	or granted.
Purchase of Prior Service	Same as Plan 1.
About Hybrid Retirement	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined
Plan	contribution plan.
	• The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final
	compensation at retirement using a formula.
	• The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member
	and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those
	contributions.
	In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at
	retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined
	contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required
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Eligible Members	Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1,
FURING MICHINGIS	2014. This includes:
	Political subdivision or school division employees.*
	Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window
	held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
	*Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:
	Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty
	employees.
	Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the
	Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are
	not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable)
	or ORP. This does not apply to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan.
Retirement Contributions	A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions
	made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined
	contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of
	the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the
	employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined
	contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary
	contributions according to specified percentages.
Service Credit	<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> : Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit
	includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a
	covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or
	additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the
	factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement
	benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the
	employer offers the health insurance credit.
	<u>Defined Contributions Component</u> : Under the defined contribution component, service credit
	is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.
Vesting	<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> : Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a
	member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the
	defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60
	months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of
	service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit
	component.
	<u>Defined Contributions Component</u> : Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length
	of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the
	defined contribution component of the plan.
	Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.
	Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a
	percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan,
	based on service.
	• After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
	• After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
	After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer
	contributions.
01111115	Distribution is not required, except as governed by law.
Calculating the Benefit	Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.
	Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member
	and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those
	contributions.
Average Final	Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the
Compensation	plan.

Service Retirement	Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit					
Multiplier	component is 1.00%.					
	For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable					
	multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited					
	in those plans.					
	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.					
	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.					
	Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.					
Normal Retirement Age	Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.					
	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.					
	Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving					
	employment, subject to restrictions.					
Earliest Unreduced	Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five					
Retirement Eligibility	years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90.					
	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.					
	<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> : Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving					
	employment, subject to restrictions.					
Earliest Reduced	Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.					
Retirement Eligibility	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.					
	<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> : Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving					
	employment, subject to restrictions.					
Cost of Living Adjustment	<u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 2.					
(COLA) in Retirement	Defined Contribution Component: Not Applicable.					
	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.					
	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.					
Disability Coverage	Employees of political subdivisions and school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins)					
	participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body					
	provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.					
	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-					
	year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.					
Purchase of Prior Service	<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> : Same as Plan 1, with the following exception:					
	Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.					
	Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.					

B. Summary of significant accounting policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Political Subdivision and Teacher Retirement Plans, and the additions to/deductions from the plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

C. Actuarial assumptions

The net pension liabilities for Fauquier County and the Fauquier County School Board Retirement Plans were measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability for the general employees, public safety employees, and non-professional employees of the School Board in the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan and professional employees of the School Board in the Teacher Retirement Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

	Cou	inty	School Board			
	General employees	Public safety employees	Non-professional employees	Professional employees		
Inflation	2.5%					
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35% 3.5% - 4.75% 3.5% - 5.35% 3.5% - 5.9					
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*					

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

A key demographic risk for all retirement systems is improvements in mortality (longevity) greater than anticipated. While the actuarial assumptions anticipate some improvements in mortality experience over time and these assumptions are refined every experience study, the risk arises because there is a possibility of some sudden shift, perhaps from a significant medical breakthrough that could quickly increase liabilities. Likewise, as we have recently seen with COVID-19, a public health crisis can result in a significant number of additional deaths in a short period of time, which can influence plan liabilities and future funding needs. While we have seen that either of these events could happen, it represents a smaller probability and thus represents much less risk than the volatility associated with investment returns.

Mortality Rates:

General and School Board non-professional employees

<u>Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service-related</u>

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

<u>All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service-related</u>

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Public safety employees with hazardous duty benefits

<u>Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty: 70% of deaths are assumed to be service-related</u>

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service-related

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Teachers

Pre-retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

General and School Board non-professional employees

<u>Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:</u>

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1: set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age.; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1: set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service

Public safety employees with hazardous duty benefits

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Decreased withdrawal rates

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Decreased withdrawal rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty.

Teachers

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fix experience for Plan 1:

set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid: and changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all; Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service

D. Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP- Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
То	tal <u>100.00%</u>		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected a	rithmetic normal return	7.39%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation; at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation.

E. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liabilities was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate.

Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2021 on, participating employers and School Boards are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net positions were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liabilities.

F. Employees covered by the benefit terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the Fauquier County Plan and the School Board Non-professional Plan.

	Fauquier County Plan	School Board Non- professional Plan
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	360	209
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits		
Vested	142	58
Non-vested	278	208
Active elsewhere in the VRS	243	119
Total inactive members	663	385
Active members	707	341
Total	1,730	935

G. Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions and School Boards by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

Fauquier County: The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 10.37% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

School Board: The contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 5.09% of covered employee compensation for Non-professional School Employee Retirement Plan.

For the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, the contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school division by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school divisions' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

In June 2021, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$61.3 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 552 of the 2021 Appropriation Act and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The proportionate share to the Fauquier County School Board was \$3,753,563.

The chart below summarizes the contribution requirements for each plan:

		Primary Government	School Board					
		Retirement Plan	Non-professional Retirement Plan		Teacher Retirement Plan			
Annual Covered Payroll	\$	44,389,906 \$	8,468,533	\$	78,840,487			
Employer contribution rates		10.37%	5.09%		16.62%			
Employee contribution rates		5.00%	5.00%		5.00%			
Total contribution rates		15.37%	10.09%		21.62%			
Contributions recognized, June 30, 2021		4,348,043	361,832		12,605,268			
Contributions recognized, June 30, 2020	\$	4,134,958 \$	330,784	\$	12,296,392			

H. Changes in the net pension liability and sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

Fauquier County:

The following table presents the changes in the net pension liability and the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The net pension liability uses a discount rate of 6.75% and the sensitivity calculates the net pension liability using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Primary Government

Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ -	Total Pension Liability 149,562,404 \$	Plan Fiduciary Net Position 132,028,590 \$	Net Pension Liability (Asset) 17,533,814
Changes for the Year				
Service cost		5,036,308	-	5,036,308
Interest		9,897,408	-	9,897,408
Changes of assumptions		6,269,424	-	6,269,424
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,196,210)	-	(1,196,210)
Contributions - employer		-	4,137,390	(4,137,390)
Contributions - employee		-	2,029,973	(2,029,973)
Net investment income		-	36,494,625	(36,494,625)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,868,239)	(5,868,239)	-
Administrative expense		-	(88,127)	88,127
Other changes		<u> </u>	3,463	(3,463)
Net changes	_	14,138,691	36,709,085	(22,570,394)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ _	163,701,095 \$	168,737,675 \$	(5,036,580)
Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate	<u>-</u>	1% Decrease	Discount Rate 6.75% (5,036,580) \$	1% increase 7.75% (24,248,372)

School Board:

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary and each plan's fiduciary net positions is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the system's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability for the Teacher Retirement Plan was based on the School Board's actuarially determined contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the School Board's proportion was .86917% as compared to .90005% at June 30, 2020.

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021, net pension liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement plans is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Teacher Employee
		Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	53,381,141
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		45,618,044
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,763,097
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as Percentage of	f	
the Total Pension Liability (Asset)		85.46%

The following table presents the changes in the net pension liability and the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate for Non-professional Retirement Plan and also the School Board's proportionate share of the total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability of the Teacher Employee Retirement Plan.

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) School Board (non-professional)

Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	Total Pension Liability 28,676,083 \$	Plan Fiduciary Net Position 28,104,947 \$	Net Pension Liability (Asset) 571,136
Changes for the Year				
Service cost		701,598	-	701,598
Interest		1,881,376	-	1,881,376
Changes of assumptions		926,324	-	926,324
Difference between expected and actual experience		(443,583)	-	(443,583)
Contributions - employer		-	330,783	(330,783)
Contributions - employee		-	349,451	(349,451)
Net investment income		-	7,594,348	(7,594,348)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,607,682)	(1,607,682)	-
Administrative expense		-	(19,277)	19,277
Other changes	_		713	(713)
Net changes		1,458,033	6,648,336	(5,190,303)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ _	30,134,116 \$	34,753,283 \$	(4,619,167)

	_	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Teacher Cost Sharing Plan				
Proportionate share .86917% of the collective pension	Ļ	462.072.066 ¢	206 400 252 . 6	67 474 542
liability, fiduciary net position, and net pension liability	\$_	463,972,866 \$	396,498,353 \$	67,474,513
Total School Board Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ <u>-</u>	494,106,982 \$	431,251,636 \$	62,855,346
		1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% increase
		_,,,		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate	· -	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
School Board (non-professional) net pension liability	\$	(1,104,088) \$	(4,619,167) \$	(7,547,302)
School Board (teacher cost sharing pool) proportionate share				
of the collective net pension liability	\$	130,222,157 \$	67,474,513 \$	15,856,195

I. Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense totaling \$1,682,666. For the Non-professional Retirement Plan, the School Board recognized pension expense of (\$196,644) and for the Teacher Retirement Plan the School Board recognized (\$780,859) for its share of the total pension expense.

At June 30, 2022, the County and School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government				School Board								
		Retire	men	t Plan		•	ion Plar	al Retirement		Teacher Re	otire	ment Plan	
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	•	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	392,090	\$	(868,481) \$	\$	72,845	\$	(263,995)	\$	-	\$	(5,747,070)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(18,289,379)		-		(3,762,086)				(42,520,633)	
Changes in assumptions		5,283,014		-		551,294		-		11,821,358		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		-		-				-		-		(4,535,855)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	4,348,043			_	361,832			-	12,605,268			
Total	\$	10,023,147	\$	(19,157,860) \$	\$ _	985,971	\$	(4,026,081)	\$	24,426,626	\$	(52,803,558)	

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Primary Government	imary Government School Board				
		Non-professional	Teacher Retirement			
Year ended June 30:	Retirement Plan	Retirement Plan	Plan	Total		
2023	\$ (1,917,352) \$	(612,642) \$	(10,130,085) \$	(10,742,727)		
2024	(2,687,993)	(767,786)	(8,695,525)	(9,463,311)		
2025	(3,362,318)	(875,674)	(9,386,990)	(10,262,664)		
2026	(5,515,093)	(1,145,840)	(12,772,967)	(13,918,807)		
2027	-	-	3,367	3,367		

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM

A. Plan descriptions and provisions

Other Postemployment benefits consist of the following programs for Fauquier County and Fauquier County School Board:

Fauquier County

- Fauquier County and School Board Postretirement Medical Plan ("Continuation Plan")
- Fauquier County and School Board Retirement Health Insurance Credit Plan ("Credit Plan")
- Virginia Retirement System Group Life Insurance Program ("VRS GLI Program")

Fauquier County School Board

- Fauquier County and School Board Postretirement Medical Plan ("Continuation Plan")
- Fauquier County and School Board Retirement Health Insurance Credit Plan ("Credit Plan")
- Fauquier County School Board Health Coverage Plan ("Health Coverage Plan")
- Virginia Retirement System Group Life Insurance Program ("VRS GLI Program")
- Virginia Retirement System Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program ("VRS Teachers HIC Program")
- Virginia Retirement System Non-Professional Health Insurance Credit Program ("VRS NP HIC Program")

Continuation plan: The Fauquier County and School Board Postretirement Medical Program ("Continuation Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which offers eligible retired employees the option to continue coverage as a member of the group along with active employees in accordance with §15.2-1517.C.1 of the Code of Virginia.

General and public safety employees are eligible to retire at age 50 with 15 years of service. School employees are eligible for retiree health benefits until Medicare eligibility once they meet Virginia Retirement System (VRS) pension eligibility requirements. VRS pension eligibility requirements are for those hired prior to July 1, 2010 and vested before January 1, 2013, earlier of age 55 with 5 years of service or age 50 with 10 years of service. For employees hired on/after July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, eligibility is the earlier of age 60 with 5 years of service; or sum of age plus years of service is at least 90. Spouses of retirees are allowed to remain on the plan as long as the retiree is alive. If the spouse is named beneficiary they would receive life insurance payments and money from the VRS employee contribution amount.

The published insurance rates are based primarily on the healthcare usage of active employees. Retirees pay 100% of the published rates. Since it is generally assumed that retirees use healthcare at a rate much higher than active employees, using these blended rates creates a presumed subsidy for the retiree group. Employees who terminate prior to employment eligibility are not eligible to participate in the plan. Dependents, including surviving spouses, are permitted access to plan coverage. Disabilities must meet service retirement eligibilities to gain access to the plan.

The Continuation Plan is administered by Fauquier County and Fauquier County School Board and has no standalone financial report. The benefit terms are established and can be amended by the Fauquier County Board of Supervisors or the Fauquier County School Board.

Credit plan: The Credit Plan, effective January 1, 2018 and established by the Fauquier County Board of Supervisors, is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which offers eligible retired employees the option to receive a cash payment ("credit") to use to offset the cost of health and dental insurance costs during retirement in accordance with §15.2-1517.C.1 of the Code of Virginia. Benefits are available to Fauquier County employees who retire after January 1, 2018. The Fauquier County School Board adopted the plan for its employees in April 2022.

The Credit Plan is administered by the Fauquier County and School Board and has no separate financial report. The benefit terms are established and can be amended by the Fauquier County Board of Supervisors.

About the Credit Plan	
Eligible Members	 Eligible members include Fauquier County employees who: Attain age 50. Participated in the County's Health care program for the 5 years immediately prior to retirement. Have 20 years of consecutive service with the County, except for grandfathered current employees (those hired prior to October 12, 2017) who had a break in service prior to the date of adoption of the program.
Benefit Amounts	 Retire with an unreduced benefit through VRS and not on VRS Medical Disability. Pre-65: Portable monthly health credit of \$16.67 per year or service with Fauquier County up to 30 years (\$500 per month subsidy maximum). Post-65: Portable monthly health credit of \$5.50 per year of service up to 30 years (\$165 per month subsidy maximum). Retirees are not required to have health coverage with the County to receive the stated benefits. All benefits are provided for the employee only (credit not provided for dependents).

Health coverage plan: The Health Coverage Plan, effective July 9, 2018 and established by the Fauquier County School Board, is a single-employer defined benefit health care plan which provides health and dental coverage for retired administrative employees upon retirement from the Fauquier County Public Schools until Medicare eligibility is met. The entire cost of the coverage is born by the Fauquier County School Board. The Health Coverage Plan is closed to new entrants.

The benefit terms of the Health Coverage Plan are established and may be amended under authority of Fauquier County School Board. The Health Coverage Plan is administered by the Fauquier County School Board and the School Board determines the amount of contributions to the OPEB trust with concurrence of the Fauquier County OPEB Trust Committee. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

OPEB Trust Fund: Fauquier County and School Board participate in the Virginia Other Postemployment Benefits Program Trust Fund (Trust Fund), an irrevocable trust established for the purpose of accumulating assets to fund postemployment benefits other than pensions, in the form set forth in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund

Agreement. The Trust Fund is governed by a Board of Trustees composed of nine members who are elected by participants in the pooled trust, with votes weighted according to each participating employer's share of total fund assets.

The Trustees establish investment objectives, risk tolerance and asset allocation policies for the Fund in light of the purposes of the Fund, market and economic conditions, and generally prevailing prudent investment practices. The Trustees monitor the Trust Fund to ensure adherence to the Investment Policy & Guidelines and review, monitor, and evaluate the performance of the Fund and its investment advisors in light of available investment opportunities, market conditions, and publicly available indices for the generally accepted evaluation and measurement of such performance. If necessary, the Trustees are responsible for making changes to achieve the objectives.

The investment objective of the Trust Fund is to maximize total long-term rate of return with reasonable risk by seeking capital appreciation and, secondarily, principal protection. The Trust Fund is segregated and managed as two distinct portfolios that are referred to as Portfolio I and Portfolio II. Portfolio I is structured to achieve a compound annualized total expected rate of return over a market cycle, including current income and capital appreciation, of 7.5%. Portfolio II is structured to achieve an expected rate of return of 6.5%. The investment performance of each Portfolio will be reviewed quarterly and compared on a rolling three-year basis and over other relevant time periods to the following: (a) a composite benchmark comprised of each asset classes' market index benchmarks, weighted by each Portfolio's long-term policy allocations, and (b) a peer group of other similar size fund sponsors.

The Trustees are responsible for setting each Portfolio's long-term asset allocation, after taking into consideration expectations for asset class returns and volatility, risk tolerance and liquidity needs. The Trust Fund's assets are separately managed by professional investment managers or invested in professionally managed investment vehicles. Each Portfolio is invested in a broadly diversified manner by asset class, style and capitalization, which will control volatility levels.

The Trustees monitor the asset allocation of each Portfolio on a quarterly basis to ensure that each Portfolio remains within the range of targeted asset allocations. Consideration will be given annually, or more often if deemed appropriate, to actively rebalance a Portfolio. Rebalancing is back to the neutral policy target unless otherwise directed by the Trustees.

The Trust Fund issues a separate report, which can be obtained by requesting a copy from the plan administrator, Virginia Municipal League (VML) at P.O. Box 12164, Richmond, Virginia 23241.

The Fauquier County OPEB Trust Finance Committee meets quarterly to monitor the OPEB Trust and the OPEB plan. The OPEB Trust Finance Committee consists of County Administrator, Finance Director, Treasurer, Office of Management and Budget Director, and School Board Assistant Superintendent of Business and Planning who each serve a two-year term.

VRS GLI program: The VRS GLI Program is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The VRS GLI Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended.

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For

members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the VRS GLI Program OPEB.

Specific information for VRS GLI Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

About the VRS GLI Program	
Eligible Employees	The VRS GLI Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program. Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.
Benefit Amounts	The benefits payable under the VRS GLI Program have several components. • Natural Death Benefit — The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. • Accidental Death Benefit — The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. • Other Benefit Provisions — In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include: — Accidental dismemberment benefit — Safety belt benefit — Repatriation benefit — Felonious assault benefit Accelerated death benefit option
Reduction in Benefit Amounts	The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the VRS GLI Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.
Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)	For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, there is a minimum benefit payable under the VRS GLI Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute. This amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and was increased to \$8,722 effective June 30, 2022.

Detailed information about the VRS GLI Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Financial Report (AFR). A copy of the 2021 VRS AFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

VRS teachers HIC program: The VRS Teachers HIC Program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. It is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. The VRS Teachers HIC Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Teachers HIC is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit towards the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers.

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teachers' HIC Program. This plan is administered by the VRS along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums. Retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the VRS Teachers HIC Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is set out in the table below:

About the VRS Teachers HIC Program	
Eligible Employees	The VRS Teachers HIC Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include: • Full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS.
Benefit Amounts	The VRS Teachers HIC Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees: • At Retirement — For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. • Disability Retirement — For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: • \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.
Notes	 The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 year of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

Detailed information about the Teachers HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Financial Report (AFR). A copy of the 2021 VRS AFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

VRS NP HIC program: The VRS NP HIC Program is a multiple-employer agent is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired non-professional employees of Fauquier County Public Schools. The VRS NP HIC Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended.

All full-time, salaried permanent (non-professional) employees of Fauquier County Public Schools are automatically covered by the VRS NP HIC Program. This plan is administered by the VRS along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the VRS NP HIC Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is set out in the table below:

About the VRS Non- Professional HIC Program	
Eligible Employees	The VRS NP HIC Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Non-Professional Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. The School Board established its plan on July 1, 2020. Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include: • Full-time permanent (non-professional) salaried employees of Fauquier County Public School divisions covered under VRS.
Benefit Amounts	The VRS NP HIC Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees: • At Retirement – For NP school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00. • Disability Retirement – For NP school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.
Notes	 The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 year of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree. No Health Insurance Credit for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit premiums paid for other qualified health plans.

Detailed information about the Non-Professional HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Financial Report (AFR). A copy of the 2021 VRS AFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. Summary of significant accounting policies

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan or by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

C. Actuarial assumptions

Continuation, credit, and health coverage plans: The net OPEB liability for the Continuation, Credit, and Health Coverage Plans was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed on June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary method. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2021–June 30, 2022.

The following assumptions, as applied to all periods included at the measurement date of June 30, 2022 are noted in the table below:

	Continuation Plan	Credit Plan	Health Coverage Plan
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
Investment rate of return	4.09%	7.50%	7.50%
Health care cost trend rates	7.50%, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%	7.50%, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%	7.50%, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

Mortality rates for participants were based on the following:

Healthy general participants	SOA Pub-2010 General Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.
Healthy Police participants	SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.
Disabled General Participants	SOA Pub-2010 Non–Safety Disabled Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.
Disabled Police Participants	SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Disabled Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.
Surviving Spouses	SOA Pub-2010 Continuing Survivor Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.

VRS GLI, teachers' HIC and NP HIC programs: The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on by an actuarial valuation performed on June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

	Cou	inty	School Board					
	General employees	Public safety employees	Non-professional employees	Professional employees (Teachers)				
Inflation		2.	5%					
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%	3.5% - 4.75%	3.5% - 5.35%	3.5% - 5.95%				
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*							

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

Mortality rates:

General state employees

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for females

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; males and females set forward 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Mortality Improvement Scale: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Teachers

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

SPORS employees

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years Beneficiaries and

Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

VaLORS employees

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

JRS employees

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males and females set back 2 years

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

General employees

Largest 10 Locality Employers

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Non-Largest 10 Locality Employers

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Hazardous duty employees

Largest 10 Locality Employers

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Non-Largest 10 Locality Employers

Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale: Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

General state employees

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service

Teachers

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service

SPORS employees

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Increased retirement rates for ages 55 to 61, 63, and 64 with 26 or more years of service; changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Decreased withdrawal rate for 0 years of service and increased rates for 1 to 6 years of service

VaLORS employees

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Increased retirement rates at some younger ages, decreased at age 62, and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service

JRS employees

Review separately from State employees because exhibit fewer deaths. Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Decreased retirement rates for ages 60-66 and 70-72; Reduce salary scale increase across all ages by 0.50%

General employees

Largest 10 Locality Employers

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service

Non-Largest 10 Locality Employers

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service

Hazardous duty employees

Largest 10 Locality Employers

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Decreased withdrawal rates

Non-Largest 10 Locality Employers

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Decreased withdrawal rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty

D. Long term expected rate of return

Continuation and credit plans: The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Arithmetic Average	Long Term Arithmetic Average	Long Term Arithmetic Average Weighted Average
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Nominal Return ¹	Real Return ²	Real Return
Core Bonds	5%	5.33%	3%	0.13%
Core Plus	11%	5.63%	3%	0.32%
Liquid Absolute Return	4%	6.00%	3%	0.13%
U.S. Large Cap Equity	21%	9.88%	7%	1.50%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	10%	11.28%	9%	0.85%
International Developed Equity	13%	10.74%	8%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	5%	11.98%	9%	0.46%
Long/Short Equity	6%	8.43%	6%	0.34%
Private Equity	10%	13.22%	10%	1.05%
Core Real Estate	10%	9.35%	7%	0.66%
Opportunistic Real Estate	5%	12.35%	10%	0.48%
	100%			6.96%
		Inflation		2.75%
		Expected arithmet	ic nomial return	9.71%

¹⁾ Long-Term Arithmetic Average Nominal Return is the average return assumption for any given year derived from long-term risk premiums and a long-term average risk-free rate.

The money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 was 4.64%. A money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of OPEB plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

²⁾ Long-Term Arithmetic Average Real Return is the Long-Term Arithmetic Average Nominal Return minus an average annual inflation rate of 2.75%.

VRS, GLI, teachers' HIC and the new VRS NP HIC: The long-term expected rate of return for the VRS, GLI, teachers HIC, and VRS NP HIC programs is the same as the long term expected rate of return for the VRS Pension Plans. Please refer to Section D, of Note 12 Virginia Retirement System Pension Plan for further information.

E. Discount rate

Continuation, credit, and health coverage plans: For the current valuation, the discount rate used when the OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is selected from the range of indices as shown in the table below, where the range is given as the spread between the lowest and highest rate shown.

The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is shown in the table below with the expectation that the County will continue paying the pay-go cost from the OPEB Trust until the Trust balance is exhausted. At that point the plan will become unfunded (i.e. financed on a pay-as-you-go basis).

		S&P Municipal			
	Bond Buyer Go	20 Year High	Fidelity 20-Year		
	20-Bond	Grade Rate	Go Municipal	Bond Index	Actual Discount
	Municipal Index	Index	Bond Index	Range	Rate Used
Continuation Plan					
Yield as of July 1, 2020	2.16%	2.19%	1.94%	1.94%-2.19%	2.19%
Yield as of June 30, 2021	3.54%	4.09%	3.69%	3.54%-4.09%	4.09%
Credit Plan					
Yield as of July 1, 2020	2.21%	2.66%	2.45%	2.21%-2.66%	7.50%
Yield as of June 30, 2021	2.16%	2.19%	1.94%	1.94%-2.19%	7.50%
Health Coverage Plan					
Yield as of July 1, 2020	2.16%	2.19%	1.94%	1.94%-2.19%	7.50%
Yield as of June 30, 2021	3.54%	4.09%	3.69%	3.54%-4.09%	7.50%

VRS, GLI, teachers' HIC, and VRS NP HIC programs: The discount rate used to measure the total GLI and HIC liabilities was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI and HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-Certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, participating employers and School Boards are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI and HIC OPEB's fiduciary net positions were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total GLI and HIC liabilities.

F. Employees covered by the benefit

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the Continuation, Credit, and Health Coverage Plans:

	Continuation Plan	Credit Plan	Health Coverage Plan
Retiree's currently receiving benefit payments	115	7	1
Active employees	2,781	719	
Total	2,896	726	1

G. Contributions

Continuation plan: Benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by the County and may be amended by the County. The County establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants and determines annual funding for the plan as part of the budgetary process each year. For participating retirees and their dependents, including surviving spouses, the retiree contributes 100% of the published rates.

Because the nature of the Continuation Plan creates an implicit rate subsidy, the County Board of Supervisors and School Board have adopted a pay-as-you-go funding methodology and therefore, did not make any contributions to the Trust Fund for the Contribution Plan. Beginning in fiscal year 2018, assets that have been previously accumulated in the Trust Fund for the implicit rate subsidy are being used toward the OPEB liability Credit Plan.

Credit plan: Contributions for the Credit Plan were determined based on an actuarially determined contribution (ADC) from an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021. The ADC is the target or recommended contribution, which if paid on an ongoing basis, will provide sufficient resources to fund future costs for services to be earned and liabilities attributed to past services. The County contributed the ADC in the amount of \$107,632 in fiscal year 2022 and \$157,477 in fiscal year 2021.

Health coverage plan: Contributions for the Health Coverage Plan were determined based on an actuarially determined contribution (ADC) from an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021. The ADC is the target or recommended contribution, which if paid on an ongoing basis, will provide sufficient resources to fund future costs for services to be earned and liabilities attributed to past services. Fauquier County School Board contributed to the ADC in the amount of \$41,795 in fiscal year 2022 and \$33,836 in fiscal year 2021.

VRS GLI program: The contribution requirements for the VRS GLI Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% X 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% X 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Fauquier County contributed \$240,350 and \$227,537 to the VRS GLI Program for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively. For the year ending June 30, 2021, Fauquier County School Board contributed \$415,988 for the teachers and \$42,108 for the non-professional employees to the VRS GLI program. For the year ending June 30, 2022, Fauquier County School Board contributed \$427,493 for the teachers and \$45,916 for the non-professional employees to the VRS GLI program.

VRS teachers HIC program: The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Fauquier County School Board contributed \$953,970 and \$927,396 to the VRS Teachers HIC Program for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

VRS NP HIC program: The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was .51% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by non-professional employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Fauquier County Non-Professional Schools contributed \$43,190 to the VRS NP HIC Program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

H. Changes in the net OPEB liability - credit and continuation plans, and VRS NP HIC plan

The following table presents the changes in the net OPEB liability for the Continuation and Credit Plans:

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

Primary Government

			Co	ntinuation Plan			Credit Plan									
				Plan		_			Plan							
		Total OPEB Liability		Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Liability		Total OPEB Liability	Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability						
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	3,591,187	\$	-	\$	3,591,187	\$	2,272,922 \$	1,611,436 \$	661,486						
Changes for the Year																
Service cost		243,556		-		243,556		60,861	-	60,861						
Interest		82,591		-		82,591		172,831	-	172,831						
Changes in assumptions		(1,258,714)		-		(1,258,714)		(180,614)	-	(180,614)						
Difference between expected																
and actual experience		71,384		-		71,384		(99,331)	-	(99,331)						
Contributions - employer		-		127,617		(127,617)		-	107,632	(107,632)						
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-	-	-						
Net investment income Benefit payments, including		-		-		-		-	(88,721)	88,721						
refunds of employee		-		(127,617)		127,617		(59,836)	(59,836)	-						
Administrative expense		(127,617)		•		(127,617)		-	(2,190)	2,190						
Other changes		-		-				-	<u>-</u>	-						
Net changes		(988,800)	_	-	_	(988,800)		(106,089)	(43,115)	(62,974)						
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	2,602,387	\$		\$	2,602,387	\$_	2,166,833 \$	1,568,321 \$	598,512						

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability School Board

		(Coi	ntinuation Plan			Credit Plan					Health Coverage Plan				
		Total OPEB Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		OPEB bility	Total OPEB Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position	:	Net OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability	1	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	4,491,838	\$	- \$	4,4	191,838	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 149,982	\$	121,195 \$	28,787	
Changes for the Year																
Service cost		450,012		-	4	150,012	121,235		-		121,235	11,524		-	11,524	
Interest		105,827		-	1	105,827	247,461		-		247,461	12,113		-	12,113	
Changes in assumptions		(667,482)		-	(6	67,482)	3,178,232		-		3,178,232	(60,493)		-	(60,493)	
Difference between expected																
and actual experience		(433,523)		-	(4	133,523)	(60,076)		-		(60,076)	24,999		-	24,999	
Contributions - employer		-		220,324	(2	220,324)	-		-		-	-		41,795	(41,795)	
Contributions - employee		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	
Net investment income		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		(11,117)	11,117	
Benefit payments, including																
refunds of employee		(220,324)		(220,324)		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	
Administrative expense		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	
Other changes	_					-	-		-				_	(621)	621	
Net changes		(765,490)		-	(765,490)	3,486,852		-		3,486,852	(11,857)		30,057	(41,914)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	3,726,348	\$	\$	3,7	726,348	\$ 3,486,852	\$	-	\$	3,486,852	\$ 138,125	\$_	151,252 \$	(13,127)	

	_	VRS NP HIC Program											
		Plan											
		Total OPEB		Fiduciary Net		Net OPEB							
		Liability		Position		Liability							
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	420,083	\$	-	\$	420,083							
Changes for the Year													
Service Cost		11,804		-		11,804							
Interest		28,356		-		28,356							
Changes in assumptions		15,378		-		15,378							
Contributions - employer		-		39,076		(39,076)							
Net investment income		-		5,263		(5,263)							
Administrative expense	_	-		(173)	_	173							
Net changes		55,538		44,166		11,372							
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$_	475,621	\$	44,166	\$_	431,455							

I. Net OPEB liability – VRS, GLI, teachers HIC, and VRS NP HIC programs

The net OPEB liability for the VRS, GLI, teachers HIC, and VRS NP HIC programs represent the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021, net OPEB liability amounts for the programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		VRS GLI Program	VRS Teachers HIC Program
	_		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	3,577,346	\$ 1,477,874
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	2,413,074	194,305
Net GLI OPEB Liability	\$	1,164,272	\$ 1,283,569
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total OPEB Liability	9	67.45%	13.15%

The total OPEB liability is calculated by VRS's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in VRS's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The County and School Board's proportionate shares of the VRS GLI Program and the VRS Teachers' HIC Program net OPEB Liabilities were based on actuarially determined employer contributions to VRS for the year ended June 30, 2019, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

The table below outlines the proportionate share of the total OPEB liability, fiduciary net position and net OPEB liabilities for the VRS, GLI, teachers HIC, and VRS NP HIC programs at June 30, 2022:

	_	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 Net OPEB Liability
VRS GLI Program	_		 _	
Fauquier County proportionate share (.20195%) of the collective OPE	3			
liability, fiduciary net position, and net OPEB liability	\$	7,301,004	\$ 4,924,843	\$ 2,376,161
Fauquier County School Board (non-professional) proportionate				
share (.03777%) of the collective OPEB liability, fiduciary net				
position, and net OPEB liability		1,351,163	911,418	439,745
Fauquier County School Board (teachers) proportionate				
share (.37312%) of the collective OPEB liability, fiduciary net				
position, and net OPEB liability		13,347,792	9,003,662	4,344,130
VRS Teachers Retirement HIC Program				
Fauquier County School Board (teachers) proportionate				
share (.86663%) of the collective OPEB liability, fiduciary net position, and net OPEB liability	\$	12,807,701	\$ 1,683,905	\$ 11,123,796

J. Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and in the healthcare cost trend

The following tables present the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate using rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current rate.

			Credit Plan		Continuation Plan							
	1% Decrease 6.50%			Current Rate 7.50%		1% Increase 8.50%	1% Decrease 3.09%		Current Rate 4.09%		1% Increase 5.09%	
Primary Government Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in Discount Rate		\$ 899,805 \$		598,512		344,845 \$	2,864,276		\$ 2,602,387		2,363,711	
		1% Decrease 6.50%	_	Current Rate 7.50%		1% Increase 8.50%	1% Decrease 6.50%		Current Rate 7.50%		1% Increase 8.50%	
Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in Health Care Trend Rate	\$	598,512	\$	598,512	\$	598,512 \$	2,271,073	\$	2,602,387	\$	3,001,854	

		Credit Plan							(Continuation Pla	n	_	Health Coverage Plan					
		1% Decrease		crease Current Rate		1% Increase		1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase		1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase		
		6.50%		7.50%		8.50%		6.50%		7.50%		8.50%	_	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%		
School Board Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in Discount Rate	\$	3,884,197	\$	3,486,852	\$	3,142,357	\$	3,917,673	\$	3,726,348	\$	3,535,913	\$	(7,333) \$	(13,127) \$	(18,642)		
		L% Decrease	(Current Rate		1% Increase		1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	-	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase		
	_	-1.00%	_	0.00%		1.00%		3.09%		4.09%		5.09%	_	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%		
Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in Health Care Trend Rate	\$	3,486,852	\$	3,486,852	\$	3,486,852	\$	3,358,442	\$	3,726,348	\$	4,149,456	\$	(18,908) \$	(13,127) \$	(7,115)		

	VRS GLI Program	
1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
5.75%	6.75%	7.75%

Primary Government

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in Discount Rate

3,471,658 \$ 2,376,161 \$ 1,491,498

		VRS GLI Program						VRS NP HIC Program						
School Board <u>Non Professional</u>		1% Decrease 5.75%		Current Rate 6.75%		1% Increase 7.75%		1% Decrease 5.75%		Current Rate 6.75%		1% Increase 7.75%		
Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in Discount Rate	\$	642,484	\$	439,745	\$	276,025	\$	483,242	\$	431,455	\$	387,485		
			VRS GLI Program				VRS Teachers HIC Program				m			
<u>Teachers</u>		1% Decrease 5.75%	_	Current Rate 6.75%		1% Increase 7.75%		1% Decrease 5.75%		Current Rate 6.75%		1% Increase 7.75%		
Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in Discount Rate	\$	6,346,931	\$	4,344,130	\$	2,726,777	\$	12,552,311	\$	11,123,796	\$	9,940,318		

K. OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense as follows:

	Continuation Plan	Credit Plan	Coverage Plan		VRS GLI Program	VRS HIC Pro	ogram	Total	
				General employees	Non- professional	Teachers	Non- professional	Teachers	
Primary Government \$	187,832 \$	17,576 \$	- \$	145,851	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	351,259
School Board	87,825	364,075	(14,131)	-	13,750	101,998	40,923	760,404	1,354,844
\$	275,657 \$	381,651 \$	(14,131) \$	145,851	\$ 13,750 \$	101,998 \$	40,923 \$	760,404 \$	1,706,103

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2022, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB were from the following sources:

	Primary Government					School Board			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Continuation Plan	-						•'	_	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	525,228	\$	(351,897)	ć	273,331	\$	(1,222,075)	
experience	Ą	323,228	Ą	(331,897)	ڔ	2/3,331	Ą	(1,222,073)	
Changes in assumptions	-	457,207	_	(1,295,951)		349,830	•	(1,018,986)	
Total	\$	982,435	\$	(1,647,848)	\$	623,161	\$	(2,241,061)	
Credit Plan Differences between expected and actual									
experience	\$	2,733	\$	(529,674)	\$	-	\$	(55 <i>,</i> 455)	
Changes in assumptions		17,305		(164,861)		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan									
investments	_	22,610							
Total	\$	42,648	\$	(694,535)	\$		\$	(55,455)	
Health Coverage Plan Differences between expected and actual									
experience					\$	4,734	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions						1,992		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan									
investments						10,324			
Total					\$	17,050	\$		

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

	Primary Government				School Board						
				Non- Professional				Teachers			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
VRS GLI Program Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	271,010	\$	(18,105)	\$ 50,154	\$	(3,351)	\$	495,463	\$	(33,100)
Changes in assumptions		130,997		(325,110)	24,243		(60,167)		239,491		(594,369)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		(567,139)	-		(104,958)		-		(1,036,850)
Proportionate share impact		152,725		(1,238)	16,246		(42,216)		13,002		(249,453)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	240,350		-	45,916		-		427,493		
Total	\$	795,082	\$	(911,592)	\$ 136,559	\$	(210,692)	\$	1,175,449	\$	(1,913,772)
VRS Teachers HIC Program					Non- F	Non- Professional			Teachers		
Differences between expected and actual experience					\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(194,109)
Changes in assumptions					12,685		-		300,696		(44,706)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments					-		(3,160)		-		(146,534)
Proportionate share impact					-		-		-		(602,343)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date					43,190		-		953,970		-
Total					\$ 55,875	\$	(3,160)	\$	1,254,666	\$	(987,692)

Deferred outflows of resources related to the VRS GLI Program and the VRS Teachers' HIC Program resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liabilities in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plans will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30:		ntinuation Plan	Credit Plan	 VRS GLI Program	
Primary Government					
2023	\$	(138,315) \$	(94,324)	\$ (68,555)	
2024		(138,315)	(98,095)	(44,285)	
2025		(138,312)	(104,190)	(54,858)	
2026		(43,671)	(50,073)	(161,426)	
2027		(32,124)	(92,323)	(27,736)	
Thereafter		(174,676)	(212,882)	-	

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

Year ended June 30	<u>:</u>	Continuation Plan	Credit Plan	Health Coverage Plan		VRS GLI Pro	ogram	VRS HIC Pro	ogram
					•	Non- professional	Teachers	Non- professional	Teachers
School Board									
2023	\$	(468,014) \$	(4,621) \$	9,061	\$	(25,929) \$	(289,981) \$	1,903 \$	(159,150)
2024		(468,013)	(4,621)	2,093		(22,534)	(233,861)	1,903	(160,814)
2025		(253,330)	(4,621)	1,553		(21,685)	(205,310)	1,903	(143,774)
2026		(220,059)	(4,621)	4,343		(38,552)	(349,007)	1,903	(105,854)
2027		(51,201)	(4,621)	-		(11,349)	(87,657)	1,913	(51,512)
Thereafter		(157,283)	(32,350)	-		-	-	-	(65,892)

NOTE 14 – FUND BALANCES

The following	is a	summary	of fund	balances as	s of .	June 30. 2	2022:

Primary government	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Fire and	American Rescue	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Rescue Fund	Plan Fund	Funds	Funds
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
· ·	\$ 4,003	; -	\$ -	\$ 6,580	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,583
Total nonspendable	4,003	·	- '	6,580	· 	· 	10,583
Restricted:	4,003	_	_	0,500		_	10,565
Public safety	_	_	_	_	17,277	987,060	1,004,337
Public works	_		_	_	17,277	288,957	288,957
Health and welfare	-	-	-	•	-	49,203	
	-	-	-	-	-		49,203
Parks, recreation, and cultural	-	-	-	-	-	461,473	461,473
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	349,315	349,315
Proffers	-	-	-	-	-	5,105,193	5,105,193
Grants	1,065,670		-	-	-	-	1,065,670
Capital projects	-	13,824,466	-	-	-	-	13,824,466
Other purposes				-	·	159,709	159,709
Total restricted	1,065,670	13,824,466	-	-	17,277	7,400,910	22,308,323
Committed:							
General government	1,166,981	-	-	-	-	-	1,166,981
Public safety	-	-	-	504,124	-	747,884	1,252,008
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	2,625,093	2,625,093
Community development	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	30,000
Budgeted use of fund balance	1,761,234	-	-	-	-	-	1,761,234
Capital projects		24,644,755					24,644,755
Total committed	2,958,215	24,644,755	-	504,124	-	3,372,977	31,480,071
Assigned:							
General government administration	10,782,162	-	-	-	-	-	10,782,162
Judicial administration	44,539	-	-	-	-	-	44,539
Public safety	799,859		-	-	-	-	799,859
Public works	12,341	-	-		-	-	12,341
Education	4,495,785	-	-	-	-	-	4,495,785
Parks, recreation, and cultural	73,235	-	-	-	-	-	73,235
Community development	56,531	-	-	-	-	-	56,531
Other purposes			1,883,142				1,883,142
Total assigned	16,264,452	-	1,883,142		-	-	18,147,594
Jnassigned:	29,656,175					<u> </u>	29,656,175
				,		· <u></u>	
Total	\$ 49,948,515	38,469,221	\$ 1,883,142	\$ 510,704	\$ 17,277	\$ 10,773,887	\$ 101,602,746
Component unit – School Board	Schoo	l Scho	ol Asset	School	School	School	Total
•	Genera			extbook	Nutrition	Activity	Component Un
	Fund	•	und	Fund	Fund	Fund	School Board
Fund Balances:	. 3110	<u> </u>		*****		. 3119	
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	185,436	\$ - 9	\$ 185,436
	Ą	۔	ږ -	ړ -	103,430	٠ .	204,001 ب
Assigned:	4 544	400 -	077 103	1 [1 ((2 [2 520 404	1 027 400	12 472 720
Other purposes	1,511	.,409 5	,977,183	1,516,635	2,530,104	1,937,408	13,472,739

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. County government

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The identification and analysis of exposures to risk, implementation of risk control techniques, and utilization of appropriate risk financing alternatives accomplish management of these risks.

The County Government is a member of the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool (VACoRP) insurance programs for its property, automobile, liability, public officials, and workers' compensation coverage. This pool is a non-profit, tax-exempt association. Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay, and discharge any liability. The County pays VACoRP contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including airport liability. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

B. Component unit - School Board

The School Board is a member of the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool (VACoRP) for its property, automobile, and workers' compensation coverage.

The public officials' liability coverage is provided through the Commonwealth of Virginia – VA Risk2 program. The School Board carries commercial insurance for the athletic accident policy and each high school is a member of the Virginia High School League for liability catastrophe insurance.

In the event the pool, VACoRP, incurs a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

C. Fire and Rescue Association

The Fire and Rescue Association (Association) contract administration is handled through the Department of Fire, Rescue, and Emergency Management. The Association carries commercial insurance for the property, automobile, and liability coverage. The Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool (VACoRP) covers the workers' compensation policy and VFIS carries the accident and sickness policy.

D. Health and dental benefit program

The group medical and dental insurance programs for the County and the School Board are combined into one overall funding program. Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield administers the group health insurance program and Delta Dental administers the group dental insurance for employees, their dependents, and retirees.

The Anthem plans are self-insured by the County and the School Board. Payroll medical insurance deductions, and the employer's contribution, are deposited in the Health Insurance Fund. Anthem processes claims from the hospitals, doctors, and other health care providers. The employer is then billed for these paid claims and Anthem is reimbursed for these costs from the Health Insurance Fund. The program is a minimum premium design subject to an aggregate attachment point and a specific stop loss of \$150,000. The Prescription coverage is also administered by Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield and prescription claims are also paid from the Health Insurance Fund.

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The stop loss coverage was also carved out of the Anthem policy and is administered by Symetra. Symetra insures both medical and prescription claims that are in excess of \$150,000. Symetra reimburses the County or School Board for the amount. The premiums are based on covered employees at the rate of \$126.57 per person.

The Delta Dental Plans are fully insured by Delta Dental. Payroll dental insurance deductions, and the employer's share of the premiums are deposited in the Health Insurance Fund. Delta Dental processes claims, from dentists and other dental providers, and pays these claims. The employer is only responsible for the premiums set by Delta Dental.

Liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are estimated based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of trend factors including inflation and other societal and economic factors.

Changes in the balances of claims liability during the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	2021	2022
\$	3,473,013 \$	2,984,533
	28,295,706	27,483,287
_	(28,784,186)	(27,343,837)
\$_	2,984,533 \$	3,123,983
	\$ - \$_	\$ 3,473,013 \$ 28,295,706 (28,784,186)

NOTE 16- RELATED ORGANIZATIONS AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwestern Regional Adult Detention Center

The Clarke-Fauquier-Frederick-Winchester Jail Board was created in 1987 to construct and operate the Clarke-Fauquier-Frederick-Winchester Regional Adult Detention Center, renamed the Northwestern Regional Adult Detention Center (Center) in fiscal year 2006. The Center charges, on an inmate per diem basis, other localities and the Federal Government for their prisoners placed in the jail. The fourteen member board consists of four members from the County of Frederick and Winchester and three each from the Counties of Clarke and Fauquier. In fiscal year 2006, the Northwestern Regional Jail Authority was created for the purpose of issuing revenue bonds for the construction of a new facility. The County and other participants have no equity interest in the jail. The County made operating contributions for 9.91% of the regional jail's operating expenses, including debt service, totaling \$2,473,326 in fiscal year 2022.

Additional information may be obtained by writing to the Northwestern Regional Adult Detention Center at 141 Fort Collier Road, Winchester, Virginia 22603 or visiting the website at www.nradc.com.

Fauguier County Water and Sanitation Authority

The Fauquier County Water and Sanitation Authority (Authority) is authorized under the Virginia Water and Waste Authorities Act, Section 15.2-5100 of the *Code of Virginia*. The Authority is governed by a five member board appointed by the Fauquier County Board of Supervisors to serve a four year term; however, the Board of Supervisors does not have the ability to direct the members of the Authority with respect to carrying out the Authority's fiscal and management functions. The Authority is authorized to acquire, construct, operate, and maintain an integrated water and sewer system in the County and set the rates and charges for these services. User charges and bond issues principally finance the Authority's operations and capital funds. The Authority is not fiscally dependent on the County and is solely responsible for all of its outstanding debt.

Additional information, including financial reports, may be obtained by writing to the Fauquier County Water and Sanitation Authority at 7172 Kennedy Drive, Warrenton, Virginia 20187 or visiting the website at www.fcwsa.org.

NOTE 16 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (CONTINUED)

Northern Virginia Health Center Commission

The Northern Virginia Health Center Commission (NVHCC) is a legal entity established in 1987 by five Northern Virginia jurisdictions (Fauquier County, Fairfax County, Prince William County, Loudoun County, and the City of Alexandria) to develop and operate a nursing facility. Each of the five jurisdictions contributes annually to Birmingham Green Nursing Center and Birmingham Green Assisted Living Unit based on budgeted utilization for a percentage of nursing home beds for low income residents of each locality. In fiscal year 2022, Fauquier County contributed a total of \$163,019.

Additional information may be obtained by writing to the Northern Virginia Health Center Commission at 8605 Centreville Road, Manassas, Virginia 20110-8426 or visiting the website at www.birminghamgreen.org.

Birmingham Green Adult Care Residence

The Birmingham Green Adult Care Residence (Residence) was established in 1997 by five Virginia jurisdictions (Fauquier County, Fairfax County, Loudoun County, Prince William County, and the City of Alexandria) to provide housing and long-term care for the benefit of low income persons. The Residence operates a sixty-four bed assisted living facility. In fiscal year 2022, Fauquier County contributed a total of \$307,510.

Additional information may be obtained by writing to the Northern Virginia Health Center Commission at 8605 Centreville Road, Manassas, Virginia 20110-8426 or visiting the website at www.birminghamgreen.org.

Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School

The Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School was established in 2007. Currently seven divisions (Clarke County, Culpeper County, Fauquier County, Frederick County, Rappahannock County, Warren County, and the City of Winchester) jointly own and operate a regional Governor's School. The governing board has appointed Fauquier County to serve as fiscal agent of the governor's school. Each of the seven school divisions contribute annually based on the number of students each school board proposes to send to the governor's school. In fiscal year 2022, the Fauquier County School Board contributed a total of \$401,940, with \$790,669 contributed from the other participating counties.

Additional information may be obtained by writing to the Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School at Laurel Ridge Community College, 6480 College Street, Warrenton, Virginia 20187 or Laurel Ridge Community College, 173 Skirmisher Lane, Middletown, Virginia 22645 or visiting the website at mvgshome.org.

Rappahannock-Rapidan Regional Commission

The Rappahannock-Rapidan Regional Commission was created by resolution pursuant to state statute and is considered a jointly governed organization. The County appoints two of the twenty-one board members; however, the County cannot impose its will on the board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the board. The board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

Additional information may be obtained by writing to the Rappahannock-Rapidan Regional Commission at 420 Southridge Parkway, Suite 106, Culpeper, Virginia 22701 or visiting the website at www.rrregion.org.

Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board and Area Agency on Aging

The Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board and Area Agency on Aging was created by resolution pursuant to state statute and is considered a jointly governed organization. The County appoints three of the fifteen board members, however, the County cannot impose its will on the board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the board. The board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

NOTE 16 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (CONTINUED)

Additional information, including financial reports, may be obtained by writing to the Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board and Area Agency on Aging at P.O. Box 1568, Culpeper, Virginia 22701 or visiting the website at www.rrcsb.org.

NOTE 17 – SURETY BONDS

Commonwealth of Virginia Faithful Performance of Duty Bond Plan (Obligee) by and through
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America of Hartford, Connecticut – Surety

<u>Commonwealth of Virginia Faithful Performance of Duty Bond Plan (Obligee) by and through</u> <u>Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America of Hartford, Connecticut – Surety</u>								
		<u>Amount</u>						
Gail H. Barb, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	480,000						
Tanya Remson Wilcox, Treasurer		750,000						
Eric Maybach, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000						
Jeremy Falls, Sheriff		30,000						
Above constitutional officers' employees – blanket bond		500,000						
<u>Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool – Public Employees Dishonesty Coverage</u>								
All County employees and volunteers	\$	500,000						
Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool								
All School employees including Clerk of the School Board	\$	500,000						

NOTE 18 – CLAIMS AND LITIGATION

The County, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various claims, judgments, and litigation. There were three pending claims against Fauquier County Government and/or Constitutional Officers of Fauquier County during Fiscal Year 2022 which have been determined to have a potentially material effect on the financial statements of the County. The first two claims were related to an automobile accident involving a deputy sheriff that resulted in two fatalities. The cases were assigned counsel by the County's insurance carrier, VACorp, and were vigorously defended. The cases jointly and confidentially settled within the limits of the County's insurance coverage for the matter. The third claim is a case filed in the Fauquier County Circuit Court against the Fauquier County Board of Supervisors and Fauquier County Broadband Authority related to a contract dispute with a third party in which tort allegations have also been made. The County has both retained counsel and received appointed counsel by the County's insurance carrier. The claims are disputed and are being vigorously defended.

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In October 2022, bond proceeds of \$1,246,306 were received from the Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund bond, which was issued by the County on May 15, 2018. The bond proceeds were received in reimbursement of costs the County incurred for the Catlett Calverton Wastewater Treatment System. The amount of the bond proceeds was not considered outstanding to the end of the fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Exhibit 15 Page 1 of 7

Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
Virginia Retirement System Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Programs
Fauquier County Other Postemployment Benefits Plans
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Virginia Retirement System

Primary Government: Retirement Plan

Contributions in

Date	Contractually Required Contribution	Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2022 \$	4,348,043 \$	4,348,043 \$	- \$	44,389,906	9.80%
June 30, 2021	4,134,958	4,134,958	=	41,992,386	9.85%
June 30, 2020	3,522,727	3,522,727	-	41,986,707	8.39%
June 30, 2019	3,382,113	3,382,113	-	39,528,477	8.56%
June 30, 2018	3,023,056	3,023,056	-	36,454,515	8.29%
June 30, 2017	2,834,313	2,834,313	-	34,194,157	8.29%
June 30, 2016	3,337,679	3,337,679	-	33,188,587	10.06%
June 30, 2015	3,199,599	3,199,599	-	31,789,387	10.06%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

Group Life Insurance Program

Contributions in

			Relation to			
		Contractually	Contractually	Contribution		Contributions as
		Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	a % of Covered
_	Date	 Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	 Payroll	Payroll
	June 30, 2022	\$ 240,350 \$	240,350 \$	-	\$ 44,509,270	0.54%
	June 30, 2021	227,537	227,537	=	42,136,454	0.54%
	June 30, 2020	216,120	216,120	-	41,561,614	0.52%
	June 30, 2019	205,987	205,987	=	39,612,916	0.52%
	June 30, 2018	190,027	190,027	-	36,543,557	0.52%
	June 30, 2017	178,438	178,438	-	34,315,054	0.52%
	June 30, 2016	159,225	159,225	-	33,171,876	0.48%
	June 30, 2015	153,056	153,056	-	31,886,605	0.48%
	June 30, 2014	146,870	146,870	-	30,597,915	0.48%
	June 30, 2013	140,111	140,111	-	29,189,866	0.48%

School Board:

Non-Professional Retirement Plan

Contributions in Relation to

Date	Contractually Required Contribution	Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2022 \$	361,832 \$	361,832 \$	- \$	8,468,533	4.27%
June 30, 2021	330,784	330,784	-	7,662,372	4.32%
June 30, 2020	325,377	325,377	=	8,077,614	4.03%
June 30, 2019	334,943	334,943	-	7,932,127	4.22%
June 30, 2018	370,305	370,305	=	7,450,252	4.97%
June 30, 2017	369,812	369,812	=	7,425,942	4.98%
June 30, 2016	450,349	450,349	-	6,978,640	6.45%
June 30, 2015	428,328	428,328	=	6,626,519	6.46%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

Teacher Retirement Plan

	Contractually	Contributions in Relation to Contractually	Contribution		Contributions as a % of Covered
Date	Required Contribution	Required Contribution	Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Employee Payroll
June 30, 2022	\$ 12,605,268 \$	12,605,268 \$	- \$	78,840,487	15.99%
June 30, 2021	12,296,392	12,296,392	- '	76,644,277	16.04%
June 30, 2020	11,960,052	11,960,052	-	78,772,804	15.18%
June 30, 2019	11,554,803	11,554,803	-	75,619,472	15.28%
June 30, 2018	11,676,725	11,676,725	-	72,884,547	16.02%
June 30, 2017	10,507,620	10,507,620	-	72,875,794	14.42%
June 30, 2016	10,108,697	10,108,697	-	72,441,305	13.95%
June 30, 2015	10,199,271	10,199,271	-	70,248,727	14.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

Exhibit 15 Page 2 of 7

Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
Virginia Retirement System Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Programs
Fauquier County Other Postemployment Benefits Plans
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

School Board (continued):

Group Life Insurance Program

Non-Professional

NOTI-1 TOTESSIONAL					
		Contributions in Relation to			Contributions as
	Contractually Required	Contractually Required	Contribution Deficiency	Covered	a % of Covered Employee
Date	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
June 30, 2022	\$ 45,916 \$	45,916 \$	- \$	8,502,934	0.54%
June 30, 2021	42,108	42,108	=	7,797,838	0.54%
June 30, 2020	42,442	42,442	-	8,161,958	0.52%
June 30, 2019	41,600	41,600	=	8,000,043	0.52%
June 30, 2018	38,884	38,884	-	7,477,675	0.52%
June 30, 2017	38,836	38,836	-	7,468,390	0.52%
June 30, 2016	34,034	34,034	-	7,090,446	0.48%
June 30, 2015	31,957	31,957	-	6,657,743	0.48%
June 30, 2014	33,725	33,725	-	7,026,010	0.48%
June 30, 2013	33,303	33,303	-	6,938,201	0.48%

Teachers

Date	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
June 30, 2022	\$ 427,493 \$	427,493 \$	- \$	79,165,295	0.54%
June 30, 2021	415,988	415,988	-	77,034,820	0.54%
June 30, 2020	410,920	410,920	-	79,023,163	0.52%
June 30, 2019	393,231	393,231	-	75,621,380	0.52%
June 30, 2018	379,887	379,887	-	73,055,143	0.52%
June 30, 2017	380,267	380,267	-	73,128,237	0.52%
June 30, 2016	346,512	346,512	-	72,190,017	0.48%
June 30, 2015	338,777	338,777	-	70,578,532	0.48%
June 30, 2014	337,143	337,143	-	70,238,198	0.48%
June 30, 2013	334,543	334,543	-	69,696,465	0.48%

Health Insurance Program

Non-Professional

			Contributions in Relation to				Contributions as	
		Contractually Required	Contractually Required	Contribution Deficiency		Covered	a % of Covered Employee	
Date		Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll	
June 30, 2022	\$	43,190 \$	43,190 \$	=	\$	8,468,533	0.51%	
June 30, 2021		39 078	39 078	=		7 662 372	0.51%	

Teachers

	· caciicis					
	Date	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
-	June 30, 2022	\$ 953,970 \$	953,970 \$	- \$	78,840,487	1.21%
	June 30, 2021	927,396	927,396	=	76,644,277	1.21%
	June 30, 2020	945,274	945,274	=	78,772,804	1.20%
	June 30, 2019	906,889	906,889	=	75,574,076	1.20%
	June 30, 2018	897,633	897,633	=	72,978,293	1.23%
	June 30, 2017	809,357	809,357	=	72,915,076	1.11%
	June 30, 2016	762,107	762,107	=	71,896,849	1.06%
	June 30, 2015	745,602	745,602	=	70,339,798	1.06%
	June 30, 2014	778,824	778,824	=	70,164,352	1.11%
	June 30, 2013	762,576	762,576	-	68,700,576	1.11%

Exhibit 15 Page 3 of 7

Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
Virginia Retirement System Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Programs
Fauquier County Other Postemployment Benefits Plans
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Primary Government:

Continuation Plan

Date	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
June 30, 2022	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	49,692,595	0.00%
June 30, 2021	-	-	-	42,362,379	0.00%
June 30, 2020	-	-	-	48,888,690	0.00%
June 30, 2019	=	=	=	42,074,311	0.00%
June 30, 2018	-	-	-	40,961,221	0.00%
June 30, 2017	96,604	-	96,604	39,576,059	0.00%
June 30, 2016	225,865	78,487	147,378	31,426,727	0.25%
June 30, 2015	277,095	277,095	-	32,415,086	0.85%
June 30, 2014	271,169	271,169	=	31,318,924	0.87%
June 30, 2013	311,735	271,169	40,566	35,305,296	0.77%

Credit Plan

Date		Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Pavroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
June 30, 2022	- \$ -	107,632 \$	107,632	\$ - \$	49,692,595	0.22%
June 30, 2021		157,477	157,477	=	42,362,379	0.37%
June 30, 2020		152,361	152,361	-	48,888,690	0.31%
June 30, 2019		138,432	138,432	=	42,074,311	0.33%
June 30, 2018		132,797	715,474	(582,677)	40,961,221	1.75%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since the plan was new in fiscal year 2018, additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

School Board:

Continuation Plan

Date	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
June 30, 2022 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	88,414,884	0.00%
June 30, 2021	-	-	-	84,335,149	0.00%
June 30, 2020	=	=	=	89,642,029	0.00%
June 30, 2019	-	-	-	88,435,009	0.00%
June 30, 2018	-	-	-	81,301,110	0.00%
June 30, 2017	191,742	=	191,742	78,551,797	0.00%
June 30, 2016	448,359	155,804	292,555	62,384,399	0.25%
June 30, 2015	550,053	550,053	=	64,346,366	0.85%
June 30, 2014	538,290	538,290	=	62,170,402	0.87%
June 30, 2013	618,816	538,290	80,526	70,083,647	0.77%

Health Coverage Plan

Date	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll		
June 30, 2022	41,795 \$	41,795 \$	- \$	201,288	20.76%		
June 30, 2021	33,836	33,836	-	180,274	18.77%		
June 30, 2020	34,468	34,468	=	186,584	18.47%		
June 30, 2019	32,608	32,608	=	180,274	18.09%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since the plan was new in fiscal year 2019, additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

Exhibit 15 Page 4 of 7

Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
Virginia Retirement System Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Programs
Fauquier County Other Postemployment Benefits Plans
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Virginia Retirement System:

Political Subdivision Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1: set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non- Hazardous Duty:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1: set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Decreased withdrawal rates

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Decreased withdrawal rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty.

Teacher Retirement Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fix experience for Plan 1, set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid: and changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all; Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service

Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
Virginia Retirement System Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Programs
Fauquier County Other Postemployment Benefits Plans
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit Programs

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

General State Employees:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service

Teachers:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all;

Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service

SPORS Employees:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Increased retirement rates for ages 55 to 61, 63, and 64 with 26 or more years of service; changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Decreased withdrawal rate for 0 years of service and increased rates for 1 to 6 years of service

VaLORS Employees:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Increased retirement rates at some younger ages, decreased at age 62, and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service

JRS Employees:

Review separately from State employees because exhibit fewer deaths. Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Decreased retirement rates for ages 60-66 and 70-72; Reduce salary scale increase across all ages by 0.50%

Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service

 ${\it Non-Largest Ten\ Locality\ Employers-General\ Employees:}$

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all; Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service

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Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
Virginia Retirement System Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Programs
Fauquier County Other Postemployment Benefits Plans
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP2020; Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70; Decreased withdrawal rates

Fauquier County:

Continuation Plan - County

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no substantive plan provision or changes to the benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions

The following assumptions were updated for the current valuation as of June 30, 2022:

The discount rate assumption has been updated based on the yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds as of June 30, 2022. The discount rate is 2.19% as of July 1, 2021 and 4.09% as of June 30, 2022.

The mortality assumption has been updated from using the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to use the MP-2021 mortality improvement scale. The base mortality tables were not changed.

The termination and retirement rate assumptions have been updated based on the VRS actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Health care trend rates have been updated to an initial rate of 7.5% decreasing by 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5%

Credit Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no substantive plan provision or changes to the benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions

The following assumptions were updated for the current valuation as of June 30, 2022:

The mortality assumption has been updated from using the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to use the MP-2021 mortality improvement scale. The base mortality tables were not changed.

The termination and retirement rate assumptions have been updated based on the VRS actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Continuation Plan - Schools

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no substantive plan provision or changes to the benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions

The following assumptions were updated for the current valuation as of June 30, 2022:

The discount rate assumption has been updated based on the yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds as of June 30, 2022. The discount rate is 2.19% as of July 1, 2021 and 4.09% as of June 30, 2022.

The mortality assumption has been updated from using the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to use the MP-2021 mortality improvement scale. The base mortality tables were not changed.

The termination and retirement rate assumptions have been updated based on the VRS actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Health care trend rates have been updated to an initial rate of 7.5% decreasing by 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5%.

Exhibit 15 Page 7 of 7

Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions
Virginia Retirement System Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Programs
Fauquier County Other Postemployment Benefits Plans
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Credit Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no substantive plan provision or changes to the benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions

The first valuation for the credit Plan as it was established during fiscal year 2022:

The Total OPEB Liability as of July 1, 2021 is based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 actuarially rolled back to July 1, 2021 on a "no loss / no gain" basis. The Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022 is based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 with no adjustments to get to the June 30, 2022 measurement date.

Health Coverage Plan - Schools

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no changes to the benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions

The following assumptions were updated for the current valuation as of June 30, 2022:

The mortality assumption has been updated from using the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to use the MP-2021 mortality improvement scale. The base mortality tables were not changed.

The termination rate assumption has been updated based on the VRS actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

The retirement rate assumptions have been increased from age 57 to 59.

Exhibit 16 Page 1 of 4

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Last Eight Fiscal Years Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2014*		2015		2016		2017
Total pension liability							_	
Service cost	\$	3,665,747	\$	3,813,094	\$	3,885,984	\$	3,978,825
Interest		6,300,846		6,765,656		7,184,529		7,609,870
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		(662,813)
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(1,032,433)		(1,139,622)		498,300
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,159,348)	_	(3,493,529)	_	(3,631,336)	_	(4,077,843)
Net change in total pension liability		6,807,245		6,052,788		6,299,555		7,346,339
Total pension liability – beginning		91,591,756		98,399,001		104,451,789		110,751,344
Total pension liability – ending (a)	_	98,399,001	_	104,451,789		110,751,344	_	118,097,683
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions – employer		3,555,225		3,177,007		3,284,574		2,752,121
Contributions – employee		1,530,920		1,623,124		1,635,553		1,675,382
Net investment income		12,271,193		4,210,671		1,745,781		12,180,445
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,159,349)		(3,493,529)		(3,631,336)		(4,077,843)
Administrative expense		(63,910)		(55,473)		(58,461)		(10,918)
Other		647	_	(895)		(727)	_	(68,588)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		14,134,726		5,460,905		2,975,384		12,450,599
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	_	76,694,287		90,829,013		96,289,918		99,265,302
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	90,829,013	\$	96,289,918	\$	99,265,302	\$	111,715,901
Net pension (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,569,988	\$	8,161,871	\$	11,486,042	\$	6,381,782
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		92.31%		92.19%		89.63%		94.60%
Covered payroll	\$	30,748,986	\$	31,789,387	\$	33,188,587	\$	34,194,157
Net pension (asset) / liability as a percentage of								

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2014 is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

				_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2040	2040	2020		rimary Government:
_	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total pension liability
\$	4,150,641 \$	4,430,044 \$	4,916,247 \$	5,036,308	Service cost
Ş		, , ,	, , ,		Interest
	8,118,250	8,715,293	9,259,856	9,897,408	Changes of assumptions
	- E90 1E7	4,327,503	977.642	6,269,424	
	580,157	77,578	877,642	(1,196,210)	Differences between expected and actual experience
-	(4,245,375)	(4,394,344)	(5,348,771)	(5,868,239)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
	8,603,673	13,156,074	9,704,974	14,138,691	Net change in total pension liability
	118,097,683	126,701,356	139,857,430	149,562,404	Total pension liability – beginning
	126,701,356	139,857,430	149,562,404	163,701,095	Total pension liability – ending (a)
					Dieu fielusies und medities
	2 044 200	2 202 444	2 540 752	4 4 2 7 200	Plan fiduciary net position
	2,911,388	3,382,111	3,518,753	4,137,390	Contributions – employer
	1,797,746	1,915,523	2,062,946	2,029,973	Contributions – employee
	8,300,573	8,165,891	2,492,136	36,494,625	Net investment income
	(4,245,375)	(4,394,344)	(5,348,771)	(5,868,239)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
	(69,894)	(77,623)	(82,757)	(88,127)	Administrative expense
_	(7,473)	(5,164)	(2,977)	3,463	Other
	8,686,965	8,986,394	2,639,330	36,709,085	Net change in plan fiduciary net position
	111,715,901	120,402,866	129,389,260	132,028,590	Plan fiduciary net position – beginning
\$	120,402,866 \$	129,389,260 \$	132,028,590 \$		Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)
\$	6,298,490 \$	10,468,170 \$	17,533,814 \$	(5,036,580)	Net pension (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)
	95.03%	92.52%	88.28%	103.08%	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total
	33.03%	32.32/0	88.2870	103.06%	pension liability
					policion industry
\$	36,454,515 \$	39,528,477 \$	41,986,707 \$	44,389,906	Covered payroll
	47.000	00.45	44 8000		Net pension (asset) / liability as a percentage of
	17.28%	26.48%	41.76%	-11.35%	covered payroll

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2014 is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

covered payroll

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Eight Fiscal Years Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2014*	2015		2016	2017
Total pension liability	_					
Service cost	\$	790,454	\$ 779,639	\$	723,642	\$ 745,09
Interest		1,314,303	1,397,986		1,485,311	1,568,96
Changes in assumptions		-	-		-	(242,30
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	76,425		28,543	(111,78
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(821,036)	 (997,534)		(1,015,580)	(1,069,34
Net change in total pension liability		1,283,721	1,256,516		1,221,916	890,62
Fotal pension liability – beginning		19,186,281	 20,470,002		21,726,518	 22,948,43
Total pension liability – ending (a)	_	20,470,002	21,726,518	_	22,948,434	23,839,05
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions – employer		634,627	422,140		448,949	346,50
Contributions – employee		367,367	326,614		345,096	355,53
Net investment income		3,029,074	1,016,928		401,377	2,817,3
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(821,036)	(997,534)		(1,015,580)	(1,069,3
Administrative expense		(16,035)	(13,964)		(14,272)	(16,2
Other		160	(215)		(170)	(2,5
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,194,157	753,969		165,400	2,431,2
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		19,118,695	22,312,852		23,066,821	23,232,2
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	22,312,852	\$ 23,066,821	\$	23,232,221	\$ 25,663,4
Net pension (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	(1,842,850)	\$ (1,340,303)	\$	(283,787)	\$ (1,824,43
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		109.00%	106.17%		101.24%	107.6
Covered payroll	\$	6,610,884	\$ 6,626,519	\$	6,978,640	\$ 7,425,9

-27.88%

-20.23%

-4.07%

-24.57%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2014 is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

			Co	omponent Unit - School Board - Non-professional:
2018	2019	2020	2021	
 				Total pension liability
\$ 727,239 \$	703,953 \$	708,963 \$	701,598	Service cost
1,628,956	1,722,409	1,791,476	1,881,376	Interest
-	725,682	-	926,324	Changes in assumptions
173,636	121,516	347,733	(443,583)	Differences between expected and actual experience
(1,136,517)	(1,253,057)	(1,424,961)	(1,607,682)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
1,393,314	2,020,503	1,423,211	1,458,033	Net change in total pension liability
23,839,055	25,232,369	27,252,872	28,676,083	Total pension liability – beginning
25,232,369	27,252,872	28,676,083	30,134,116	Total pension liability – ending (a)
				Plan fiduciary net position
340,240	333,665	325,318	330,783	Contributions – employer
351,153	373,811	369,844	349,451	Contributions – employee
1,886,650	1,796,186	535,400	7,594,348	Net investment income
(1,136,517)	(1,253,057)	(1,424,961)	(1,607,682)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
(16,342)	(17,904)	(18,584)	(19,277)	Administrative expense
 (1,681)	(1,130)	(634)	713	Other
1,423,503	1,231,571	(213,617)	6,648,336	Net change in plan fiduciary net position
 25,663,490	27,086,993	28,318,564	28,104,947	Plan fiduciary net position – beginning
\$ 27,086,993 \$	28,318,564 \$	28,104,947 \$	34,753,283	Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)
\$ (1,854,624) \$	(1,065,692) \$	571,136 \$	(4,619,167)	Net pension (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)
107.35%	103.91%	98.01%	115.33%	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
\$ 7,450,252 \$	7,932,127 \$	8,077,614 \$	8,468,533	Covered payroll
-24.89%	-13.44%	7.07%	-54.55%	Net pension (asset) / liability as a percentage of covered payroll

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2014 is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Six Fiscal Years Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Primary Government: Continuation Plan

inuation Plan							
		2017*	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$	224,155 \$	127,610 \$	120,931 \$	132,455 \$	157,886 \$	243,556
Interest		80,071	80,443	88,806	79,615	68,513	82,591
Changes in assumptions		(477,330)	(68,613)	96,731	213,242	360,255	(1,258,714)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(348,615)	(35,324)	(290,442)	(88,012)	617,023	71,384
Benefit payments		(85,558)	(42,129)	(57,513)	(50,394)	(60,158)	(127,617)
Net change in total pension liability		(607,277)	61,987	(41,487)	286,906	1,143,519	(988,800)
Total OPEB liability – beginning	<u></u>	2,747,539	2,140,262	2,202,249	2,202,249	2,447,668	3,591,187
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	_	2,140,262	2,202,249	2,160,762	2,489,155	3,591,187	2,602,387
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions – employer		-	(152,232)	57,513	50,394	60,158	127,617
Net investment income		125,779	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments		(1,174,592)	(42,129)	(57,513)	(50,394)	(60,158)	(127,617)
Administrative expenses		(1,655)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(1,050,468)	(194,361)	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		1,244,829	194,361	<u> </u>			
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	194,361 \$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> \$	
Net OPEB (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,945,901 \$	2,202,249 \$	2,160,762 \$	2,489,155 \$	3,591,187 \$	2,602,387
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total							
OPEB liability		9.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered employee payroll	\$	39,576,059 \$	40,961,221 \$	42,074,311 \$	48,888,690 \$	42,362,379 \$	44,509,270
Net OPEB (asset) / liability as a percentage of							
covered employee payroll		4.92%	5.38%	5.14%	5.09%	8.48%	5.85%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Five Fiscal Years Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Primary Government: Credit Plan

t Plan						
		2018*	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	48,350 \$	51,437 \$	59,565 \$	61,649 \$	60,861
Interest		149,998	163,406	182,687	197,302	172,831
Changes in benefit terms		1,952,876	27,193		-	-
Changes in assumptions		-	-	-	(5,547)	(180,614)
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,008	42,249	(29,894)	(537,787)	(99,331)
Benefit payments		(2,545)	(53,743)	(16,226)	(23,056)	(59,836)
Net change in total pension liability		2,153,687	230,542	196,132	(307,439)	(106,089)
Total OPEB liability – beginning			2,153,687	2,384,229	2,580,361	2,272,922
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	_	2,153,687	2,384,229	2,580,361	2,272,922	2,166,833
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions – employer		715,474	192,175	152,361	157,477	107,632
Net investment income		55,579	35,259	44,949	359,437	(88,721)
Benefit payments		(2,545)	(53,743)	(16,226)	(23,056)	(59,836)
Administrative expenses		(1,151)	(1,304)	(1,512)	(1,738)	(2,190)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		767,357	172,387	179,572	492,120	(43,115)
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		<u> </u>	767,357	939,744	1,119,316	1,611,436
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	767,357 \$	939,744 \$	1,119,316 \$	1,611,436 \$	1,568,321
Net OPEB (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,386,330 \$	1,444,485 \$	1,461,045 \$	661,486 \$	598,512
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		35.63%	39.42%	43.38%	70.90%	72.38%
Covered employee payroll	\$	40,961,221 \$	42,074,311 \$	48,888,690 \$	42,362,379 \$	49,692,595
Net OPEB (asset) / liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		3.38%	3.43%	2.99%	1.56%	1.20%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Six Fiscal Years Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

School Board: Continuation Plan

inuation Plan							
		2017*	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$	444,910 \$	338,678 \$	329,960	\$ 300,491 \$	344,149 \$	450,012
Interest		158,926	160,918	174,942	120,609	99,448	105,827
Changes in assumptions		(947,418)	(87,092)	(332,143)	162,294	359,927	(667,482)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(691,941)	(179,110)	(1,033,734)	(149,150)	382,663	(433,523)
Benefit payments		(169,819)	(185,321)	(213,308)	(173,877)	(176,565)	(220,324)
Net change in total pension liability		(1,205,342)	48,073	(1,074,283)	260,367	1,009,622	(765,490)
Total OPEB liability – beginning		5,453,401	4,248,059	4,296,132	3,221,849	3,482,216	4,491,838
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	_	4,248,059	4,296,132	3,221,849	3,482,216	4,491,838	3,726,348
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions – employer		-	(200,450)	213,308	173,877	176,565	220,324
Contributions – retired members		-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income		249,649	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments		(2,331,368)	(185,321)	(213,308)	(173,877)	(176,565)	(220,324)
Administrative expenses		(3,285)				<u> </u>	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(2,085,004)	(385,771)	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		2,470,775	385,771			<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	385,771 \$	\$		\$ <u> </u>	\$	
Net OPEB (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,862,288 \$	4,296,132 \$	3,221,849	\$ 3,482,216 \$	4,491,838 \$	3,726,348
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		9.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered employee payroll	\$	78,551,797 \$	81,301,110 \$	88,435,009	\$ 89,642,029 \$	84,335,149 \$	88,414,884
Net OPEB (asset) / liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		4.92%	5.28%	3.64%	3.88%	5.33%	4.21%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Fiscal Year Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Exhibit 17 Page 4 of 6

School Board: Credit Plan

		2022*
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$	121,235
Interest		247,461
Differences between expected and actual experience		(60,076)
Net change in total pension liability		308,620
Total OPEB liability – beginning		3,178,232
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	_	3,486,852
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions – employer		-
Net investment income		-
Benefit payments		-
Administrative expenses		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		-
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	-
Net OPEB (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,486,852
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%
Covered employee payroll	\$	88,414,884
Net OPEB (asset) / liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		3.94%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Four Fiscal Years Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

School	Board:
Health	Coverage Plan

alth Coverage Plan					
		2019*	2020	2021	2022
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$	11,028 \$	10,688 \$	10,652 \$	11,524
Interest		6,657	7,977	9,056	12,113
Changes in assumptions		76,691	-	5,974	(60,493)
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,290	(4,235)	14,204	24,999
Net change in total pension liability	<u></u>	95,666	14,430	39,886	(11,857)
Total OPEB liability – beginning		-	95,666	110,096	149,982
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	_	95,666	110,096	149,982	138,125
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions – employer		32,610	34,468	33,836	41,795
Net investment income		-	991	20,264	(11,117)
Administrative expenses		-	(404)	(570)	(621)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	<u></u>	32,610	35,055	53,530	30,057
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	_	-	32,610	67,665	121,195
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	32,610 \$	67,665 \$	121,195 \$	151,252
Net OPEB (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	63,056 \$	42,431 \$	28,787 \$	(13,127)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		34.09%	61.46%	80.81%	109.50%
Covered employee payroll	\$	180,274 \$	186,584 \$	180,274 \$	201,288
Net OPEB (asset) / liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		34.98%	22.74%	15.97%	-6.52%

12.06%

9.30%

4.39%

2.84%

29.85%

-9.38%

A money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of OPEB plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Money-weighted rate of return on OPEB Plan Investments

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

Exhibit 17 Page 6 of 6

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Two Fiscal Years Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

School Board:

VRS Health Insurance Credit Plan
Non-Professional

	2021*		2022
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ -	\$	11,804
Interest	-		28,356
Current-period benefit changes	420,083		15,378
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		-
Benefit payments	 -	_	
Net change in total pension liability	420,083		55,538
Total OPEB liability – beginning			420,083
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	 420,083	_	475,621
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions – employer	-		39,076
Contributions – retired members	-		-
Net investment income	-		5,263
Benefit payments	-		
Administrative expenses	 -	_	(173)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-		44,166
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	 -		
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$ -	\$	44,166
Net OPEB (asset) / liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$ 420,083	\$	431,455
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%		9.29%
Covered payroll	\$ 7,662,372	\$	8,468,533
Net OPEB (asset) / liability as a percentage of covered payroll	5.48%		5.09%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share Virginia Retirement System's Net Pension and Net OPEB Liability Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Pension Liability

School Board:

Teacher Retirement Plan

Date*	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2022	0.86663%	\$ 67,474,513	\$ 78,840,487	85.58%	85.46%
2021	0.86664%	130,980,912	76,644,277	170.89%	71.47%
2020	0.90164%	118,661,000	78,772,804	150.64%	73.51%
2019	0.90285%	106,175,000	75,619,472	140.41%	74.81%
2018	0.92342%	113,561,000	72,884,547	155.81%	72.92%
2017	0.94296%	132,147,499	72,875,794	181.33%	68.28%
2016	0.94607%	117,860,528	72,441,305	162.70%	70.68%
2015	0.95944%	114,805,836	70,248,727	163.43%	70.88%

Net OPEB Liability

Primary Government:

Group Life Insurance Program

	Date*	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability		Employer's Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
-	2022	20.40900%	\$ 2,376,161	- \$	44,509,270	5.34%	67.45%
	2021	0.20409%	3,370,214		42,136,454	8.00%	54.00%
	2020	0.20207%	3,288,000		41,561,614	7.91%	52.00%
	2019	0.19219%	2,919,000		39,612,916	7.37%	51.22%
	2018	0.18604%	2,800,000		36,543,557	7.66%	48.86%

School Board:

Group Life Insurance Program

Non-Professional

Date*	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2022	0.03777%	\$ 439,745	\$ 8,502,934	5.17%	67.45%
2021	0.03777%	661,861	7,797,838	8.49%	54.00%
2020	0.40810%	664,000	8,161,958	8.14%	52.00%
2019	0.39330%	598,000	8,000,043	7.47%	51.22%
2018	0.04049%	609,000	7,477,675	8.14%	48.86%

Teachers

	Date*	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability		Employer's Covered Pavroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (asset) as a Percentage of its Covered- Employee Payroll	Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
-	2022	0.37312%	\$ 4,344,130	\$		5.49%	67.45%
	2021	0.38397%	6,407,831	·	77,034,820	8.32%	54.00%
	2020	0.38576%	6,277,000		79,023,163	7.94%	52.00%
	2019	0.38420%	5,835,000		75,621,380	7.72%	51.22%
	2018	0.39646%	5,967,000		73,055,143	8.17%	48.86%

Health Insurance Program

Teachers

Date*	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability		Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	
2022	0.86663%	\$	11,123,796	\$	78,840,487	14.11%	13.15%	
2021	0.86663%		11,721,602		76,644,277	15.29%	9.95%	
2020	0.90101%		11,796,000		78,772,804	14.97%	8.97%	
2019	0.90237%		11,458,000		75,574,076	15.16%	8.08%	
2018	0.92391%		11,721,000		72,978,293	16.06%	7.04%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 and 2018 were the first year for this presentation for pensions and OPEB, respectively, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as the information becomes available.

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FU	IND FINANCIAL STATEMENT	<u>S</u>



CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Original Budget	_	Amended Budget	. <u>-</u>	Actual		Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$	_	\$	14,194	ċ	122,086	ċ	107,892
Revenue from use of money and property	Ş	26,000	Ş	26,000	Þ	119,724	Ş	93,724
Charges for services Gifts and donations								
Recovered costs		414,781		770,654		314,128		(456,526)
		250,000		86,903		839,854		752,951
Miscellaneous revenue		250,000		657,182		730,006		72,824
Intergovernmental:		F 744 000		F 744 000		2 000 000		(2.744.000)
Contribution from School Board		5,744,998		5,744,998		3,000,000		(2,744,998)
Commonwealth of Virginia		77,089		77,089		60,281		(16,808)
Federal Government	_	3,422,582	_	3,422,582		2,156,674	_	(1,265,908)
Total revenues	_	9,935,450	_	10,799,602		7,342,753	_	(3,456,849)
Expenditures								
Current operating:								
Capital projects:								
Public safety:								
Radio system		415,155		415,155		174,139		241,016
Southern fire station	_	300,000	_	300,000			_	300,000
Total public safety		715,155	_	715,155	_	174,139	_	541,016
Public works:								
Landfill Expansion		144,150		144,150		140,455		3,695
Midland service district improvements		617,318		617,318		-		617,318
Marshall water system		500,000		500,000		-		500,000
Marshall Main Street		3,971,217		5,725,868		2,593,343		3,132,525
Catlett-Calverton wastewater treatment system		3,855,165		4,861,080		4,634,345		226,735
Greenville/Kettle Run second entrance	_	300,000	_	300,000	_	-	_	300,000
Total public works	_	9,387,850	_	12,148,416	. <u> </u>	7,368,143	_	4,780,273
Education:								
Construction elementary school #12		1,000,000		1,000,000		_		1,000,000
Taylor Middle School		3,990,830		3,990,830		_		3,990,830
Cedar Lee Middle School		2,027,057		20,017,249		7,618,313		12,398,936
	_		_				_	
Total education	_	7,017,887	_	25,008,079		7,618,313	_	17,389,766
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Palmer extension		402,873		402,873		346,612		56,261
Woods of Warrenton		402,783		402,783		96,800		305,983
Safe Routes to School		678,075		678,075		-		678,075
Rappahannock Landing		677,613		681,222		10,215		671,007
Timber fence trail		34,655		34,655		-		34,655
Mintbrook fields		25,960		25,960		25,720		240
Riverside Preserve		4,958		4,958		-		4,958
Tin Pot trail connector		21,714		21,714		4,640		17,074
Elk Run Church Museum		25,000		25,000		-		25,000
Northern swimming pool		22,750		22,750		-		22,750
Marshall Community Center		-		59,998		35,207		24,791
Northern sports complex		312,897		369,126		250,774		118,352
Central library		506,190		506,190		-		506,190
Central sports complex	_	221,406	_	221,406		1,959	_	219,447
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	3,336,874	\$_	3,456,710	\$	771,927	\$	2,684,783

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual		Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued)	_		-		_		_	
Community development								
Vint Hill Public Streets Network	\$	363,382	\$	363,382	\$	- \$	5	363,382
Salem Avenue		182,397		182,397		79,704		102,693
Whiting Road		60,089		60,089		-		60,089
County broadband		6,412,511		-		-		-
Broadband Authority projects	_	-	_	483,564	_	38,101	_	445,463
Total community development	_	7,018,379	_	1,089,432	_	117,805		971,627
Total current operating expenditures	_	27,476,145	_	42,417,792	_	16,050,327		26,367,465
Capital outlay:								
General government administration		1,954,075		1,963,244		418,927		1,544,317
Judicial administration		16,996		16,996		2,000		14,996
Public safety		7,421,545		7,665,266		1,447,785		6,217,481
Public works		7,170,350		11,421,708		6,891,002		4,530,706
Health and welfare		3,015		103,015		-		103,015
Education		259,592		259,592		-		259,592
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,659,986		1,659,986		82,924		1,577,062
Community development	_		_	67,493	_	67,493	_	
Total capital outlay	_	18,485,559	_	23,157,300		8,910,131	_	14,247,169
Debt service:								
Debt covenant		58,853		58,853		-		58,853
Issuance costs	_	-	_	54,800	_	54,800		
Total debt service	_	58,853	_	113,653	_	54,800	_	58,853
Total expenditures	_	46,020,557	_	65,688,745		25,015,258	_	40,673,487
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	(36,085,107)	_	(54,889,143)		(17,672,505)		37,216,638
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		1,778,449		8,285,626		13,303,927		5,018,301
Transfers (out)		(184,964)		(254,150)		(254,150)		-
Issuance of debt		3,750,000		16,180,000		16,180,000		-
Premium on debt	_	-	_	1,864,992	_	1,864,992		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	5,343,485	_	26,076,468	_	31,094,769	_	5,018,301
Net change in fund balances		(30,741,622)		(28,812,675)		13,422,264		42,234,939
Fund balances - beginning		25,046,957		25,046,957	_	25,046,957	_	
Fund balances - ending	\$	(5,694,665)	\$	(3,765,718)	\$	38,469,221 \$; <u> </u>	42,234,939



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IFKI	>FK	VICE	$-\iota$	

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources for principal and interest. Debt service funds should also be used to report financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	_	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues		405.040		105.010		204.000		400 677
Miscellaneous revenue	\$	195,213	\$	195,213	\$	304,890	\$	109,677
Intergovernmental:		202.420		202.420		202.420		
Contribution from School Board		382,430		382,430		382,430		-
Federal Government	_	393,975	_	393,975	_	400,775	-	6,800
Total revenues	_	971,618	_	971,618	_	1,088,095	_	116,477
Expenditures								
Current operating:								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		11,154,315		10,444,035		9,261,893		1,182,142
Interest charges		2,995,162		2,994,462		2,955,688		38,774
Fiscal charges		5,000	_	5,700	_	5,700	-	-
Total expenditures	_	14,154,477	_	13,444,197	_	12,223,281	_	1,220,916
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	(13,182,859)	_	(12,472,579)	_	(11,135,186)	_	1,337,393
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		13,182,859		13,182,859		13,182,859		-
Transfers (out)	_		_	(710,280)	_	(710,280)	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	13,182,859	_	12,472,579	_	12,472,579	_	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		1,337,393		1,337,393
Fund balances - beginning		545,749		545,749		545,749		-
Fund balances (deficits) - ending	\$	545,749	\$	545,749	\$	1,883,142	\$	1,337,393

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The Conservation Easement Service District Fund is used to account for and report a special levy on assessed real estate to support the County's Purchase of Development Rights Program.

The *Ambulance Revenue Fund* is used to account for and report transactions related to ambulance services.

The *Social Services Fund* is used to account for donations from individuals and organizations to the Department of Social Services to support clients and programs.

The *Parks and Recreation Fund* is used to account for and report private donations to support parks and recreation facilities and programs.

The *Library Fund* is used to account for and report private donations to support library facilities and programs.

The Marshall Electric Light and Business Improvement District Fund is used to account for and report an annual tax assessed on real property within the Marshall Electric Light and Business Improvement District to (i) provide for the design, construction, repair, maintenance, operation, and replacement of infrastructure improvements and (ii) promote the district, Marshall generally, and the businesses located therein.

The *Proffer Fund* is used to account for and report contributions from developers to support the impact on infrastructure from new housing growth.

The *Stormwater Management Fund* is used to account for and report on stormwater fees collected to be used to support a State-mandated stormwater management program.

The *Vint Hill Community Enrichment Fund* is used to account for and report on donations required as a covenant to a real estate agreement between parties external to the County. The donations are to be utilized for the purposes of enriching community development within the Vint Hill area.

The *Vint Hill Transportation Fund* is used to account for and report contributions from developers to support the expansion of roads in the Vint Hill area.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The *Treasurer's E-Summons Fund* is used to account for fees collected on each criminal and traffic case within the County to be used to implement and maintain an electronic summons (e-summons) system.

The *Project Lifesaver Fund* is used to account for and provide police, fire/rescue and other first responders with a comprehensive program on the use of specialized electronic search and rescue equipment, technology and procedures, as well as teaching rescuers how to effectively communicate with people afflicted with cognitive conditions, all of which are essential to a successful rescue.

The Working Together Fund is used to account for and report proceeds from County and School employee fundraising activities to support service and social activities.

The *Commonwealth Opportunity Fund* is used to account for funds received from the Virginia Economic Development Partnership's Commonwealth Opportunity Fund grant program to aid in the infrastructure costs including public and private utility extension for fiber, water, and sewer.

The Fire and Rescue Volunteer USDA Debt Service Fund is used to account for the required debt service reserve of 10% annually for 10 years which will accumulate in restricted cash accounts in the fund. The reserve may be used for capital improvements in the future if approved by USDA in accordance with the loan agreements.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Fund accounts for and reports on Federal funds received by the County to address economic, public health, and safety issues related to the COVID-19 outbreak and resulting pandemic.

The *Opioid Abatement Fund* accounts for and reports on funds received by the County as a result of the settlement of lawsuits against pharmaceutical companies for harm caused to states and localities by licit and illicit opioid use and distribution.

	_		Special Reven	ue Funds	
	=	Conservation Easement Service District Fund	Ambulance Revenue Fund	Social Services Board Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	\$	2,628,752 \$	594,682 \$ -	- \$ 39,683	- 78,064
Taxes, including penalties Accounts	_	31,527 765	- 227,451	- -	<u>-</u>
Total assets	_	2,661,044	822,133	39,683	78,064
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	=	2,661,044	822,133	39,683	78,064
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		- 4,612	27,846 2,909	598 -	-
Escrows	_	<u> </u>			-
Total liabilities	_	4,612	30,755	598	<u> </u>
Deferred inflows of resources					
Revenue advances		5,700	-	-	-
Unavailable revenue	_	25,639	43,494	<u> </u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	31,339	43,494		<u> </u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	35,951	74,249	598	
Fund balances Restricted		-	-	39,085	78,064
Committed	_	2,625,093	747,884		
Total fund balances	_	2,625,093	747,884	39,085	78,064
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$_	2,661,044 \$	822,133 \$	39,683 \$	78,064

_		Special Reve	enu	e Funds			_
	Library Fund	Marshall Electric Light and Business Improvement District Fund	-	Proffer Fund	_	Stormwater Management Fund	
							Assets
\$	- \$	2,365	\$	-	\$	-	Cash and cash equivalents
	383,409	77,719		5,300,031		197,005	Cash and cash equivalents - restricted
							Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:
	-	274		-		-	Taxes, including penalties
	<u> </u>	210		<u> </u>		3,726	Accounts
_	383,409	80,568		5,300,031	-	200,731	Total assets
_	383,409	80,568	=	5,300,031	=	200,731	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources
							Liabilities
	_	922		_		_	Accounts payable
	_			_		-	Accrued liabilities
	<u>-</u>			194,838		-	Escrows
_		922	_	194,838		-	Total liabilities
		4.504				F 245	Deferred inflows of resources
	-	1,504		-		5,345	Revenue advances
_	-		-	-	-	-	_ Unavailable revenue
_	<u>-</u>	1,504	-		-	5,345	Total deferred inflows of resources
_	<u>-</u> _	2,426	-	194,838	-	5,345	_Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources
							Foodbalance
	383,409	78,142		5,105,193		195,386	Fund balances Restricted
	363,409	70,142		5,105,195		193,360	Committed
_			-		-		Committee
	383,409	78,142	-	5,105,193	-	195,386	Total fund balances
							Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,
\$	383,409 \$	80,568	\$	5,300,031	\$	200,731	and fund balances
_			•				

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	_			Special Re	ver	nue Funds		_	
	_	Vint Hill Community Enrichment Fund	т	Vint Hill ransportation Fund	. <u>-</u>	Treasurer's E- Summons Fund	Project Lifesaver Fund	. <u>-</u>	Working Together Committee Fund
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		153,929		288,957		181,562	2,874		42,329
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:									
Taxes, including penalties Accounts		-		-		-	-		- 153
Due from other governmental units		-		-		-	-		-
Total assets		153,929		288,957		181,562	2,874	_	42,482
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	_	153,929	_	288,957		181,562	2,874	_	42,482
Liabilities									
Accounts payable		_		_		_	_		_
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-	-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-	-		-
Escrows	_		_	-		<u> </u>	-	_	
Total liabilities	_	<u>-</u>	_	-		<u> </u>	-	_	
Deferred inflows of resources									
Revenue advances		-		-		-	-		-
Unavailable revenue	-	<u> </u>	_	-		<u> </u>	-	_	<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	<u> </u>	_	-		<u> </u>	-	_	<u> </u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_		_	-		<u> </u>	-	_	
Fund balances									
Restricted Committed	_	153,929 -		288,957 -		181,562 -	2,874 -	_	42,482 -
Total fund balances	_	153,929	_	288,957		181,562	2,874	_	42,482
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances	\$	153,929	\$	288,957	\$	181,562 \$	2,874	\$	42,482

Special Revenue Funds

-	Fire and Rescue USDA Debt Service Fund	Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Fund	_	Opioid Abatement Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
						Assets
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3,225,799	Cash and cash equivalents
	666,122	11,782		-	7,423,466	Cash and cash equivalents - restricted
						Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:
	-	-		-	31,801	Taxes, including penalties
	-	-		1,416,506	1,648,811	Accounts
-	-	344,294	_	-	344,294	Due from other governmental units
-	666,122	356,076	_	1,416,506	12,674,171	Total assets
_	666,122	356,076		1,416,506	12,674,171	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources
_			_			•
						Liabilities
	-	-		-	29,366	Accounts payable
	-	-		-	7,521	Accrued liabilities
	-	219,574		-	219,574	Due to other funds
-	<u> </u>	-	_		194,838	Escrows
-	<u>-</u> _	219,574	_		451,299	Total liabilities
						Deferred inflows of resources
	-	-		-	12,549	Revenue advances
_			_	1,367,303	1,436,436	Unavailable revenue
	-	-		1,367,303	1,448,985	Total deferred inflows of resources
						•
-	=_	219,574	_	1,367,303	1,900,284	Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources
						Fund balances
	666,122	136,502		49,203	7,400,910	Restricted
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	3,372,977	Committed
	666,122	136,502		49,203	10,773,887	Total fund balances
-	000,122	150,502	-	49,203	10,775,887	- I Otal Iuliu Dalalices
						Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,
\$	666,122	\$ 356,076	\$_	1,416,506	\$ 12,674,171	and fund balances

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Special Revenu	e Funds	
	_	Conservation Easement Service District Fund	Ambulance Revenue Fund	Social Services Board Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$	776,411 \$	- \$	- \$	-
Revenue from use of money and property		-	-	71	185
Charges for services		-	2,075,784	-	-
Gifts and donations		-	-	-	9,613
Miscellaneous revenue		-	=	11,614	-
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth of Virginia		165,286	=	-	-
Federal Government	_	 _			
Total revenues	_	941,697	2,075,784	11,685	9,798
Expenditures					
Current operating:					
Public safety		-	530,089	-	-
Public works		-	-	-	-
Health and welfare		-	-	12,140	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		-	-	-	36,094
Community development	_	351,533	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total expenditures	_	351,533	530,089	12,140	36,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	_	590,164	1,545,695	(455)	(26,296)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers (out)	_	<u> </u>	(1,457,110)	<u> </u>	(21,764)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	<u> </u>	(1,457,110)	<u> </u>	(21,764)
Net change in fund balances (deficits)		590,164	88,585	(455)	(48,060)
Fund balances - beginning		2,034,929	659,299	39,540	126,124
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,625,093 \$	747,884 \$	39,085 \$	78,064

Special Revenue Funds

_	Library Fund	Marshall Electric Light and Business Improvement District Fund	_	Proffer Fund	_	Stormwater Management Fund	
							Revenues
\$	- \$	55,266	\$		\$	368,501	General property taxes
	785	-		6,363		-	Revenue from use of money and property
	-	-		-		-	Charges for services
	15,014	-		117,405		-	Gifts and donations
	-	-		-		-	Miscellaneous revenue
							Intergovernmental:
	-	-		-		2,000	Commonwealth of Virginia Federal Government
_	 .	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	3,000	Federal Government
_	15,799	55,266	_	123,768	_	371,501	Total revenues
							Expenditures
							Current operating:
	-	-		-		-	Public safety
	-	10,843		-		-	Public works
	-	-		-		-	Health and welfare
	6,987	-		-		-	Parks, recreation, and cultural
_	-	-	-	-	-	21,078	Community development
_	6,987	10,843	_		_	21,078	Total expenditures
							Excess (deficiency) of revenues
	8,812	44,423	-	123,768	-	350,423	over (under) expenditures
							Other financing sources (uses)
	-	-	-		-	(358,657)	Transfers (out)
_	<u> </u>	-	_		-	(358,657)	Total other financing sources (uses)
	8,812	44,423		123,768		(8,234)	Net change in fund balances (deficits)
	374,597	33,719		4,981,425		203,620	Fund balances - beginning
\$	383,409 \$	78,142	\$	5,105,193	\$		Fund balances - ending
_					-	,	-

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Con Enri	nt Hill nmunity ichment Fund	Vint Hill Transportation Fund	_	Treasurer's E- Summons Fund	Project Lifesaver Fund	Working Together Committee Fund			
Revenues										
General property taxes	\$	- 5	-	\$	- \$	- \$	-			
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		33,905	-	-			
Revenue from use of money and property		-	597		-	-	49			
Charges for services		-	-		-	-	-			
Gifts and donations		-	112		-	1,470	39,847			
Recovered costs		-	-		-	-	-			
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-		-	-	-			
Intergovernmental:										
Commonwealth of Virginia		-	-		-	-	-			
Federal Government	-			-	 -					
Total revenues			709	_	33,905	1,470	39,896			
Expenditures										
Current operating:										
General government administration		-	-		-	-	-			
Public safety		-	-		9,188	-	-			
Public works		-	-		-	-	-			
Health and welfare		-	-		-	-	-			
Parks, recreation, and cultural		-	-		-	-	-			
Community development		-	-		-	-	-			
Nondepartmental		-		-	- -		33,720			
Total expenditures				_	9,188	<u> </u>	33,720			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures			709	-	24,717	1,470	6,176			
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in		-	-		-	-	-			
Transfers (out)				-						
Total other financing sources (uses)				_	- -	<u>-</u>				
Net change in fund balances (deficits)		-	709		24,717	1,470	6,176			
Fund balances - beginning		153,929	288,248	_	156,845	1,404	36,306			
Fund balances - ending	\$	153,929	288,957	\$	181,562 \$	2,874	42,482			

Special Revenue Funds

S	, <u> </u>	Commonwealth Opportunity Fund	Fire and Rescue USD Debt Service Fund	Coronavirus Aid, A Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Fund	nic Opioid		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Since and forfeitures Sinc			*	*			4 200 470	
- 816 146 - 9.012 Revenue from use of money and property 2,075,784 Charges for services Gifts and donations Recovered costs Miscellaneous revenue Intergovernmental: - 9,053 - 9,053 Recovered costs Miscellaneous revenue Intergovernmental: - 60,954 - 165,286 Commonwealth of Virginia Federal Government - 609,954 - 165,286 Commonwealth of Virginia Federal Government - 816 619,153 49,203 4,350,450 Total revenues - 816 619,153 49,203 4,350,450 Total revenues - 82 Expenditures - 15,541 General government administration - 490,097 340,492 - 1,569,866 Public safety - 146,149 - 156,992 Public works - 146,149 - 156,992 Public works - 140,00 - 12,540 Health and welfare - 1 43,081 Parks, recreation, and cultural - 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 - 3,247,056 Total expenditures - 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 - 3,247,056 Total expenditures - 1,250,000 (489,281) 123,866 49,203 1,103,394 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 510,216 - 510,216 Transfers in Transfers (out) - 510,216 Transfers (out) - 510,216 Transfers (out) - 510,216 Transfers (out) - 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 Total other financing sources (uses) - 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 Total other financing sources (uses) - 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 Total other financing sources (uses) - 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	> -	\$ -	\$	- \$, ,	
		-	- 016	146		-	,	
		-	816	146		-	,	
Part		-	-	-		-		
Horizon Hori		-	-			-	,	
Intergovernmental:		-	-	9,053				
		-	-	-		49,203	60,817	
Second		-	-	-		-	,	S .
Expenditures Current operating: Current operating: Current operating: Current operating: Current operating: Current operating: General government administration 1,369,866 Public safety	-	-		609,954	-	- -	612,954	_ Federal Government
Current operating:	_	-	816	619,153	_	49,203	4,350,450	Total revenues
- 5,541 - 5,541 General government administration - 490,097 340,492 - 1,369,866 Public safety - 146,149 - 156,992 Public works 400 - 12,540 Health and welfare 400 - 12,540 Health and welfare 43,081 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,622,611 Community development - 2,705 - 36,425 Nondepartmental - 2,705 - 36,425 Nondepartmental - 2,705 - 36,425 Nondepartmental - 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 - 3,247,056 Total expenditures 31,0334 over (under) expenditures 510,216 510,216 Transfers in Transfers (out) 510,216 (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) - 510,216 (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) - 510,216 (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) - 1,250,000 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits)								Expenditures
- 490,097 340,492 - 1,369,866 Public safety - 146,149 - 156,992 Public works 140,149 - 156,992 Public works 400 - 12,540 Health and welfare 43,081 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,250,000 1,622,611 Community development 2,705 - 36,425 Nondepartmental 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 - 3,247,056 Total expenditures 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 - 3,247,056 Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues (1,250,000) (489,281) 123,866 49,203 1,103,394 over (under) expenditures - 510,216 510,216 Transfers in - 510,216 (1,327,315) Transfers (out) - 510,216 (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits) 1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning								Current operating:
		-	-	5,541		-	5,541	General government administration
		-	490,097	340,492		-	1,369,866	Public safety
		-	-	146,149		-	156,992	Public works
1,250,000 - 2,705 - 1,622,611 36,425 Community development Nondepartmental 1,250,000 490,097 495,287 - 3,247,056 Total expenditures (1,250,000) (489,281) 123,866 49,203 1,103,394 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 510,216 - - 510,216 Transfers in (1,837,531) Transfers (out) - 510,216 - - (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits) 1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning		-	-	400		-	12,540	Health and welfare
1,250,000		-	-	-		-	43,081	Parks, recreation, and cultural
1,250,000 490,097 495,287 - 3,247,056 Total expenditures (1,250,000) (489,281) 123,866 49,203 1,103,394 over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses) - 510,216 - - 510,216 Transfers in Transfers (out) - - - (1,837,531) Transfers (out) - 510,216 - - (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits) 1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning		1,250,000	-	-		-	1,622,611	Community development
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	-	· -	2,705	-	- -	36,425	Nondepartmental
(1,250,000) (489,281) 123,866 49,203 1,103,394 over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses) - 510,216 - - 510,216 Transfers in Transfers (out) - 510,216 - - (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits) 1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning	_	1,250,000	490,097	495,287		<u> </u>	3,247,056	Total expenditures
- 510,216 - - 510,216 - - 510,216 Transfers in Transfers (out) - - - (1,837,531) Transfers (out) - 510,216 - - (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits) 1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning								The state of the s
- 510,216 - 510,216 - 510,216 Transfers in (1,837,531) Transfers (out) - 510,216 - (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits) 1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning	_	(1,250,000)	(489,281)	123,866		49,203	1,103,394	over (under) expenditures
- - - (1,837,531) Transfers (out) - 510,216 - - (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits) 1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning								Other financing sources (uses)
- 510,216 - - (1,327,315) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits) 1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning		-	510,216	=		-	,	
(1,250,000) 20,935 123,866 49,203 (223,921) Net change in fund balances (deficits) 1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning	_	-	·	<u> </u>	_	- -	(1,837,531)	Transfers (out)
1,250,000 645,187 12,636 - 10,997,808 Fund balances - beginning	_	-	510,216	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	(1,327,315)	Total other financing sources (uses)
		(1,250,000)	20,935	123,866		49,203	(223,921)	Net change in fund balances (deficits)
		1,250,000	645,187	12,636		-	10,997,808	Fund balances - beginning
	\$	-	\$ 666,122	\$ 136,502	\$	49,203 \$	10,773,887	Fund balances - ending

Exhibit 23

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Conservation Easement Service District Fund
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Original Budget	_	Amended Budget	Actual		Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues							
General property taxes Intergovernmental:	\$	765,196	\$	765,196	\$ 776,411	\$	11,215
Commonwealth of Virginia	_	115,000	_	115,000	 165,286	_	50,286
Total revenues		880,196	_	880,196	 941,697	_	61,501
Expenditures							
Current operating:							
Community development		880,196	_	2,915,125	 351,533	_	2,563,592
Total expenditures		880,196	_	2,915,125	 351,533	_	2,563,592
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_		_	(2,034,929)	 590,164	_	2,625,093
Net change in fund balances (deficits)		-		(2,034,929)	590,164		2,625,093
Fund balances - beginning		2,034,929		2,034,929	2,034,929		
Fund balances (deficits) - ending	\$	2,034,929	\$_		\$ 2,625,093	\$_	2,625,093

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Ambulance Revenue Fund
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,570,305	\$ 1,570,305	\$ 2,075,784	\$ 505,479
Total revenues	1,570,305	1,570,305	2,075,784	505,479
Expenditures				
Current operating:				
Public safety	572,020	572,020	530,089	41,931
Total expenditures	572,020	572,020	530,089	41,931
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	998,285	998,285	1,545,695	547,410
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers (out)	(1,457,110)	(1,457,110)	(1,457,110)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,457,110)	(1,457,110)	(1,457,110)	
Net change in fund balances	(458,825)	(458,825)	88,585	547,410
Fund balances - beginning	659,299	659,299	659,299	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 200,474	\$ 200,474	\$ 747,884	\$ 547,410

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Fund
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Original Budget	_	Amended Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	146	\$	146
Recovered costs		-		9,053		9,053		-
Intergovernmental:								
Federal Government	_		_	44,847	_	609,954	_	565,107
Total revenues			_	53,900	_	619,153	_	565,253
Expenditures								
Current operating:								
General government administration		-		5,541		5,541		-
Public safety		-		340,492		340,492		-
Public works		-		146,149		146,149		-
Health and welfare		-		400		400		-
Nondepartmental			_	2,705	_	2,705	_	-
Total expenditures	_		_	495,287	_	495,287	_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	_	-	_	(441,387)	_	123,866	_	565,253
Net change in fund balances (deficits)		-		(441,387)		123,866		565,253
Fund balances - beginning		12,636	_	12,636	_	12,636	_	-
Fund balances (deficits) - ending	\$	12,636	\$_	(428,751)	\$_	136,502	\$_	565,253

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for and report the financing of goods and/or services provided by a department to another department on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Fleet Maintenance Fund is used to account for and report the operations of the County and School garage. It receives revenues through charges to local public agencies and County and School departments for vehicle repairs and fuel.

The *Health Insurance Fund* is used to account for and report the provision of a comprehensive health benefits program for County and School employees.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

		Internal Service Funds				
		Fleet Maintenance	Health Insurance			
		Fund	Fund		Total	
Assets	_	ruliu	Fullu		TOTAL	
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	- \$	18,378,546	\$	18,378,546	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	*	32,165	2,098,304	Ψ	2,130,469	
Inventories		277,048	2,030,304		277,048	
Prepaid items		277,040	175,842		175,842	
rrepaid items	_	_	175,042		173,042	
Total current assets	_	309,213	20,652,692		20,961,905	
Noncurrent assets:						
Net pension asset		108,657	-		108,657	
Lease assets:						
Buildings		-	48,256		48,256	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	_	<u>-</u>	(32,170)		(32,170)	
Total lease assets, net	_		16,086		16,086	
Capital assets (depreciable):						
Buildings and improvements		349,000	-		349,000	
Machinery and equipment		727,534	37,521		765,055	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	_	(903,975)	(24,120)		(928,095)	
Total capital assets, net	_	172,559	13,401		185,960	
Total noncurrent assets	_	281,216	29,487		310,703	
Total assets	_	590,429	20,682,179		21,272,608	
Deferred outflow of resources						
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		94,774	-		94,774	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		72,612	-		72,612	
Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability		28,500	-		28,500	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	_	3,990			3,990	
Total deferred outflow of resources	_	199,876			199,876	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$_	790,305 \$	20,682,179	\$	21,472,484	

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

	Internal Service Funds					
		Fleet Maintenance		Health Insurance		
	_	Fund		Fund		Total
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	93,345	\$	659,962	\$	753,307
Accrued and other liabilities		32,862		-		32,862
Accrued interest payable - leases		-		3		3
Due to other funds		104,456		-		104,456
Current portion of compensated absences		10,063		-		10,063
Current portion of incurred but not reported claims		-		780,996		780,996
Current portion of lease liabilities	_	-	_	16,258		16,258
Total current liabilities	_	240,726		1,457,219		1,697,945
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences		90,561		-		90,561
Noncurrent portion of incurred but not reported claims		-		2,342,987		2,342,987
Net OPEB liability		97,876				97,876
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	188,437	_	2,342,987		2,531,424
Total liabilities	_	429,163	_	3,800,206		4,229,369
Deferred inflow of resources						
Items related to measurement of pension liability		319,937		-		319,937
Items related to measurement of OPEB liability	_	58,663	. <u> </u>			58,663
Total deferred inflow of resources		378,600				378,600
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	807,763	_	3,800,206		4,607,969
Net position						
Investment in capital assets		172,559		13,229		185,788
Pensions		108,657				108,657
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(298,674)	_	16,868,744		16,570,070
Total net position	_	(17,458)	_	16,881,973		16,864,515
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	790,305	\$	20,682,179	\$	21,472,484

Exhibit 27

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Internal Service Funds					
		Fleet		Health			
		Maintenance Fund		Insurance Fund		Total	
Operating revenues	_	Tuliu	_	Tuna		Total	
Charges for services	\$	3,519,633	\$	37,941,976	\$	41,461,609	
Recovered cost	•	14	•	3,276,538	•	3,276,552	
Miscellaneous revenue	_	3,343	_	6,925		10,268	
Total operating revenues	_	3,522,990	_	41,225,439		44,748,429	
Operating expenses							
Personal services		776,542		-		776,542	
Fringe benefits		305,368		-		305,368	
Claims and benefits paid		-		32,441,628		32,441,628	
Premiums		-		2,716,647		2,716,647	
Contractual services		166,635		3,326,314		3,492,949	
Other operating expenses		2,301,005		11,913		2,312,918	
Depreciation		22,004		5,360		27,364	
Lease amoritization		_		32,170		32,170	
Pension and OPEB expense	_	(2,710)	_	-	_	(2,710)	
Total operating expenses	_	3,568,844	_	38,534,032		42,102,876	
Operating income (loss)	_	(45,854)	_	2,691,407		2,645,553	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Interest income (expense)	_	<u> </u>	_	37,117		37,117	
Total nonoperating revenues	_		_	37,117	_	37,117	
Income (loss)	_	(45,854)	_	2,728,524	_	2,682,670	
Transfers							
Transfers in	_	36,260	_	36,000	_	72,260	
Total transfers	_	36,260	_	36,000		72,260	
Change in net position		(9,594)		2,764,524		2,754,930	
Net position - beginning	_	(7,864)	_	14,117,449	. <u> </u>	14,109,585	
Net position - ending	\$	(17,458)	\$	16,881,973	\$	16,864,515	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Internal Service Funds				
		Fleet	Health		
		Maintenance	Insurance		
		Fund	Fund	Total	
Cash flow from operating activities	_				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	245,568 \$	38,799,867 \$	39,045,435	
Receipts from interfund services provided		3,259,142	1,070,992	4,330,134	
Payment to suppliers and other operating activities		(2,472,251)	(37,896,361)	(40,368,612)	
Payment to employees (including fringes)	_	(1,173,773)		(1,173,773)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	_	(141,314)	1,974,498	1,833,184	
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities					
Transfers in		36,260	36,000	72,260	
Proceeds from interfund obligation	_	104,456		104,456	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	140,716	36,000	176,716	
Cash flow from capital and related financing activities					
Principal and interest paid on leases	_	<u> </u>	(31,998)	(31,998)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	-	(31,998)	(31,998)	
Cash flow from investing activities					
Interest income	_		37,117	37,117	
Net cash provided by investing activities	_		37,117	37,117	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(598)	2,015,617	2,015,019	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	_	598	16,362,929	16,363,527	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	_	-	18,378,546	18,378,546	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities					
Cash flows from operations:					
Operating income (loss)		(45,854)	2,691,407	2,645,553	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation		22,004	5,360	27,364	
Amortization of leases		-	32,170	32,170	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(18,280)	(1,354,580)	(1,372,860)	
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(46,518)	-	(46,518)	
(Increase) decrease in net pension assets		(108,657)	-	(108,657)	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		-	260,623	260,623	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		25,763	-	25,763	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		41,907	200,065	241,972	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(15,261)	-	(15,261)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable - lease			3	3	
Increase (decrease) in incurred but not reported claims		-	139,450	139,450	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(308,597)	-	(308,597)	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(38,559)	-	(38,559)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	_	350,738		350,738	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	(141,314)	\$1,974,498\$	1,833,184	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds account for assets held by the County under terms of a formal trust agreement. Custodial Funds are custodial in nature and are maintained to account for funds received and disbursed by the County on behalf of various organizations.

Pension and Employer Benefit Trust Fund:

The Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Fund is used to account for and report the costs of health care and other non-pension benefits offered to retirees. No combining statement is presented because this fund is the only Pension and Employee Benefit Trust fund.

Custodial Funds:

The Volunteer Fire and Rescue Association Fund is used to account for funds of the Volunteer Fire and Rescue Association that are managed and administered by the Treasurer of Fauquier County.

The Volunteer Fire and Rescue Operations Fund is used to account for funds on behalf of Upperville Volunteer Fire and Rescue Company, for which the County has assumed financial management and accounting activities.

The *Special Welfare Fund* is used to account for and report regular assistance payments to recipients in the Aid to Dependent Children Program. Revenue sources include payments from the Commonwealth, individuals, organizations, and churches.

The *Detention Center Fund* is used to account for and report personal funds belonging to inmates upon their arrest, funds on account for inmates to purchase items, and funds collected from inmates who participate in the work release program.

The *Service to Outside Agencies Fund* is used to account for and report reimbursements from John Marshall Water and Sewer and the Vint Hill Economic Development Authority to support salaries and benefits for their employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Funds (continued):

The 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan Fund is used to account for funds contributed by employees for the purpose of investment for retirement. The plan is offered by the County and School Board to employees on a voluntary basis. The funds are administered by an external contracted vendor, Voya Financial. Employee contributions are deducted from paychecks and deposited with Voya for investment and administration. The County plays an active role in working with Voya to monitor performance and make investment decisions for the benefit of participating employees in the 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

		Custodial F		
	_	Volunteer Fire and Rescue Association Fund	Special Welfare Fund	Detention Center Fund
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Cash in custody of others	\$	138,122 \$ -	16,251 \$	- 150,914
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Accounts		-	-	12
Loans Investments at fair market value	_	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	- -
Total assets	=	138,122	16,251	150,926
Liabilities				
Accrued liabilities	_			_ _
Total liabilities	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net Position Restricted for:				
Individuals and organizations	_	138,122	16,251	150,926
Total net position	_	138,122	16,251	150,926
Total liabilities and net position	\$_	138,122 \$	16,251 \$	150,926

	Custodial Fu	nds		
	Service to Outside Agencies Fund	457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan Fund	Total Custodial Funds	•
				Assets
\$	9,774 \$	- \$	164,147	Cash and cash equivalents
	-	-	150,914	Cash in custody of others
				Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:
	44,863	-	44,875	Accounts
	-	79,122	79,122	Loans
	-	15,845,669	15,845,669	Investments at fair market value
_	54,637	15,924,791	16,284,727	Total assets
				Liabilities
	50,298		50,298	Accrued liabilities
	50,298	<u> </u>	50,298	Total liabilities
				Net Position
				Restricted for:
	4,339	15,924,791	16,234,429	Individuals and organizations
	4,339	15,924,791	16,234,429	Total net position
\$	54,637 \$	15,924,791 \$	16,284,727	Total liabilities and net position

					_			
Fis	ral	Vear	Fn	hah	lune	สก	2022	

	Custodial Funds				
		Volunteer Fire and Rescue Association Fund	Volunteer Fire and Rescue Operations Fund	Special Welfare Fund	
Additions					
Contributions:					
Employees	\$	- 5			
Governments and organizations		24,164	105,832	39,388	
On behalf of inmates	-				
Total contributions	-	24,164	105,832	39,388	
Investment income:					
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of the investments		-	=	-	
Interest and dividends		187	-	31	
Less: investment expenses	-	-			
Total investment income	-	187		31_	
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous revenue	-	-			
Total miscellaneous revenue	-				
Total additions	-	24,351	105,832	39,419	
Deductions					
Benefits paid to or on behalf of beneficiaries or participants:					
Personal services		-	-	-	
Fringe benefits		-	-	-	
Inmate expenses		-	-	-	
Aid to dependent children		-	=	32,576	
Distributions			-	-	
Emergency services	-	5,063	777,109		
Total deductions	-	5,063	777,109	32,576	
Net increase (decrease) in net position		19,288	(671,277)	6,843	
Net position - beginning, restated	_	118,834	671,277	9,408	
Net position - ending	\$	138,122	\$\$	16,251	

		Custo	dial Funds		
-	Detention Center Fund	Service to Outside Agencies Fund	457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan Fund	Total Custodial Funds	
				,	Additions
					Contributions:
\$	- \$		\$ 1,401,883 \$	1,401,883	Employees
	-	464,141	=	633,525	Governments and organizations
-	151,741	<u> </u>		151,741	On behalf of inmates
_	151,741	464,141	1,401,883	2,187,149	Total contributions
					Investment income:
	-	-	(3,695,612)	(3,695,612)	Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of the investments
	-	-	1,036,992	1,037,210	Interest and dividends
_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(37,193)	(37,193)	Less: investment expenses
_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(2,695,813)	(2,695,595)	Total investment income
					Miscellaneous revenue:
_		<u>-</u>	73,531	73,531	Miscellaneous revenue
_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	73,531	73,531	Total miscellaneous revenue
_	151,741	464,141	(1,220,399)	(434,915)	Total additions
				ı	Deductions
					Benefits paid to or on behalf of beneficiaries or participants:
	_	345,511	-	345,511	Personal services
	-	114,749	-	114,749	Fringe benefits
	144,032	-	-	144,032	Inmate expenses
	-	-	-	32,576	Aid to dependent children
	-	-	1,547,164	1,547,164	Distributions
_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		782,172	Emergency services
_	144,032	460,260	1,547,164	2,966,204	Total deductions
	7,709	3,881	(2,767,563)	(3,401,119)	Net increase (decrease) in net position
	143,217	458	18,692,354	19.635.548	Net position - beginning, restated
\$	150,926 \$		\$ 15,924,791 \$		Net position - ending



COMPONENT UNIT – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

The Fauquier County Economic Development Authority (Authority) is empowered to issue bonds to finance facilities qualifying under the Virginia Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act, Chapter 49, Title 15.2 of the Code of Virginia. The Authority is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth governed by seven directors appointed by the Fauquier County Board of Supervisors. The Authority is empowered to, among other things, issue tax-exempt revenue bonds in accordance with the Act, acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties, promote industry, and develop trade in the County.

The Board approves the issuance of industrial development bonds solely to qualify such bonds for tax-exemption. These bonds do not constitute indebtedness of the County and are secured solely as revenues received from the borrowers.



Exhibit 31

Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority June 30, 2022

Assets Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 155,979
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Loan	 50,695
Total current assets	206,674
Total assets	 206,674
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	4 454
Accrued and other liabilities	 1,454
Total current liabilities	 1,454
Total liabilities	 1,454
Net Position	
Unrestricted (deficit)	 205,220
Total net position	 205,220
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 206,674

Exhibit 32

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 11,254
Gifts and donations	25,000
Total operating revenues	 36,254
Operating expenses	
Personal services	3,000
Fringe benefits	230
Other operating expenses	3,252
Total operating expenses	6,482
Operating income (loss)	29,772
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
Interest income (expense)	811
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 811
Income (loss) before capital contributions, grants, and transfers	30,583
Change in net position	30,583
Net position - beginning	174,637
Net position - ending	\$ 205,220

Exhibit 33

Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash Flow from Operating Activities	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 11,254
Payments to grantees	(1,798)
Payments to board members	(3,230)
Operating grants/donations received	 25,000
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	 31,226
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	
Payments to loan recipients	(50,000)
Receipts from loan recipients	12,483
Interest income	811
Net cash provided by investing activities	 (36,706)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(5,480)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year, restated	 161,459
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	 155,979
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	
Cash flows from operations: Operating income (loss)	29,772
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	 1,454
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 31,226

COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

The School Board is responsible for the elementary and secondary education in the County. The County provides significant funding for school operating and capital needs through the School Board Governmental Funds.

The *School General Fund* is used to account for and report financial resources to operate, maintain, and support the School Board programs. Its primary sources of revenues are state and federal aid and contributions from the County's General Fund.

The School Asset Replacement Fund is used to account for and report financial resources for major maintenance and systems replacement, renovations and major asset replacements for the schools.

The *School Textbook Fund* is used to account for and report financial resources for the purchase of student textbooks supported by state revenue and transfers from the School General Fund.

The School Nutrition Fund is used to account for and report financial resources for the provision of student and adult breakfasts, snacks, and lunches. Primary sources of revenues are state and federal aid and receipts from food sales.

The School Activity Fund is used to account for and report funds collected at the schools in connection with student athletics, clubs, fundraising activities, and private donations.

Trust and Custodial Funds account for principal and income which benefit individuals, and monies collected at the schools in connection with student athletics, clubs, various fundraising activities, and private donations.

The *Crockett Scholarship Private-Purpose Trust Fund* is a private-purpose trust fund established by a private donation. It is used to account for and report principal and income available to provide benefits for scholarships.

The Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School Fund is used to account for and report funds collected from six school divisions for the purpose of operating the Mountain Vista Governor's School. The County serves as the fiscal agent for these funds.

The Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School Activity Fund is used to account for and report funds collected at the schools in connection with student athletics, clubs, fundraising activities, and private donations.

COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD (CONTINUED)

The 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan Fund is used to account for funds contributed by employees for the purpose of investment for retirement. The plan is offered by the County and School Board to employees on a voluntary basis. The funds are administered by an external contracted vendor, Voya Financial. Employee contributions are deducted from paychecks and deposited with Voya for investment and administration. The County plays an active role in working with Voya to monitor performance and make investment decisions for the benefit of participating employees in the 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan.

The 403(b) Deferred Compensation Plan Fund is used to account for funds contributed by employees for the purpose of investment for retirement. The plan is offered by the County and School Board to employees on a voluntary basis. The funds are administered by an external contracted vendor, Voya Financial. Employee contributions are deducted from paychecks and deposited with Voya for investment and administration. The County plays an active role in working with Voya to monitor performance and make investment decisions for the benefit of participating employees in the 403(b) Deferred Compensation Plan.

Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board
June 30, 2022

	Governmental Funds							
		School General Fund	School Asset Replacement Fund	School Textbook Fund	School Nutrition Fund	School Activity Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents (1)	\$	5,793,565 \$	6,238,907	\$ 1,516,762	\$ 2,868,614	\$ - \$	16,417,848	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted (1)		322,103	, , , <u>-</u>	-	-	- '	322,103	
Cash and cash equivalents - activity funds		· -	-	-	-	1,957,353	1,957,353	
Accounts receivable		125,568	3,080	-	-	26,339	154,987	
Inventories		· -	-	-	185,436	-	185,436	
Due from other funds		17,675	-	-	-	-	17,675	
Due from other governmental units	_	8,549,050	91,678		73,009	<u> </u>	8,713,737	
Total assets	_	14,807,961	6,333,665	1,516,762	3,127,059	1,983,692	27,769,139	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		469,906	356,482	127	9,242	28,369	864,126	
Accrued liabilities		12,504,543	-	-	301,800	-	12,806,343	
Due to other funds		-	-	-	-	17,675	17,675	
Unearned revenue	_	322,103	-		100,477	240	422,820	
Total liabilities		13,296,552	356,482	127	411,519	46,284	14,110,964	
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		-	-	-	185,436	-	185,436	
Assigned	_	1,511,409	5,977,183	1,516,635	2,530,104	1,937,408	13,472,739	
Total fund balances		1,511,409	5,977,183	1,516,635	2,715,540	1,937,408	13,658,175	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	14,807,961 \$	6,333,665	\$ 1,516,762	\$ 3,127,059	\$ 1,983,692 \$	27,769,139	

⁽¹⁾ Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with County of Fauquier, Virginia.

Exhibit 35

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board
June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - discretely presented component unit - School Board		\$ 13,658,175
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when purchased in governmental		122,495
funds, but are recorded as assets and the expense is amortized over the period for which it relates in the government-wide statements.		
Noncurrent assets and deferred outflows of resources are not current financial		
resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.		
Capital assets used in governmental activities	156,421,453	
Lease assets used in governmental activities	669,743	
Net pension asset	4,619,167	
Net OPEB asset	13,127	
Items related to measurement of the net pension liability	12,445,497	
Items related to measurement of the net OPEB liability	1,792,191	
Contributions to pension plans	12,967,100	
Contributions to OPEB plans	1,470,569	190,398,847
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is		
recognized as an expenditure when due.		(84,832)
Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in		
the current year and therefore not reported as such in the governmental funds.		
Lease liabilities	(671,699)	
Compensated absences	(3,794,599)	
Financing agreements	(10,342,157)	
Net pension liability	(67,474,513)	
Net OPEB liability	(23,552,336)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(56,829,639)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(5,411,832)	 (168,076,775)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 36,017,910

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Funds							
	School General Fund	School Asset Replacemer Fund	t	School Textbook Fund	School Nutrition Fund	School Activity Fund	<u> </u>	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						_		
Revenue from use of money and property	•		0 \$	-	•	\$ 168,71		173,181
Charges for services	107,41		-	-	513,969			622,086
Gifts and donations	2,783		-	-	-	247,98		250,769
Recovered costs	10,024	-, -		204	62	-,-		74,173
Miscellaneous revenue Intergovernmental:	1,003,493	3 47,81	.4	3,697	162,260	2,274,41	8	3,491,682
Contribution from primary government	95,173,32	7	-	-	-	•	-	95,173,327
Commonwealth of Virginia	56,275,548	3	-	469,432	207,326	i	-	56,952,306
Federal Government	8,651,150)	<u>-</u> -	-	8,236,896	<u> </u>		16,888,046
Total revenues	161,223,739	92,38	8	473,333	9,120,659	2,715,45	1	173,625,570
Expenditures								
Current operating:								
Education	152,776,730	1,624,51	.3	927,465	7,092,358	2,053,66	4	164,474,730
Contribution to primary government		- 3,382,43	0	-	-	-	-	3,382,430
Capital outlay - leases	156,449	9	-	-	15,009	1	-	171,458
Debt Service:								
Lease principal	337,710)	-	-	1,981		-	339,691
Lease interest	2,21	3	-	-	52		-	2,265
Principal retirement		- 598,93	8	-	-	-	-	598,938
Interest charges	-	- 357,23	5	-	·	<u> </u>		357,235
Total expenditures	153,273,103	5,963,11	.6	927,465	7,109,400	2,053,66	4	169,326,747
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							_	
over (under) expenditures	7,950,63	(5,870,72	.8)	(454,132)	2,011,259	661,78	<u>/</u> -	4,298,823
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	1,680,80			638,308	372,449	,		10,392,652
Transfers (out)	(8,692,928		1)	-		(359,86	3)	(10,392,652)
Leases	156,449	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	15,009	<u> </u>		171,458
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,855,674	6,282,70	9	638,308	387,458	(281,34	3)	171,458
Net change in fund balances	1,094,96	3 411,98	1	184,176	2,398,717	380,44	4	4,470,281
Fund balances - beginning	416,44			1,332,459	316,823			9,187,894
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,511,409	9 \$ 5,977,18	3 \$_	1,516,635	\$ 2,715,540	\$ 1,937,40	8 \$	13,658,175

Exhibit 37

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when purchased in governmental funds, but are recorded as assets and the expense is amortized over the period for which it relates in the government-wide statements. Add current year's prepaid items Less prior year's prepaid items 122,495 Less prior year's prepaid items 109,997 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays Capital outlays 1,546,890 Capital outlays 2,546,890 Capital outlays 2,546,890 Capital outlays 3,546,890 Capital outlays 4,546,890 Capital o	Net change in fund balances - discretely presented component unit - School Board	\$	4,470,281
Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when purchased in governmental funds, but are recorded as assets and the expense is amortized over the period for which it relates in the government-wide statements. Add current year's prepaid items Less prior year's prepaid items 122,495 Less prior year's prepaid items (122,498) 109,997 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays - leases Capital outlays - leases Capital outlays - leases Depreciation expense (8,955,676) Lease amortization ex	, , ,		
but are recorded as assets and the expense is amortized over the period for which it relates in the government-wide statements. Add current year's prepaid items Less prior year's prepaid items 122,495 Less prior year's prepaid items Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays and statement of Activities of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays - leases	different because:		
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Add current year's prepaid items Less prior year's prepaid items Covernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays Capital outlays Capital outlays Capital outlays Lease amortization expense Depreciation expense (8,955,676) Lease amortization expense (8,955,676) (7,750,433) Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is in expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Activities. Add debt principal repayment Lessee leasing agreeements provide current financial resources to governmental funds, increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Lease principal payments button lessee agreements provide current financial resources to governmental funds, increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Interest on lessor agreements is recognized in governmental funds when received, but in the Statement of Net Position when earned. Add lease principal repayment Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year's compensated absences (3,794,599) Add prior year's compensated absences (3,794,599) Add prior year's compensated absences	but are recorded as assets and the expense is amortized over the period for which		
Less prior year's prepaid items (12,498) 109,997 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays 1,546,890 Capital outlays - leases 1,546,890 Capital outlays - leases (8,955,676) Lease amortization expense (8,955,	it relates in the government-wide statements.		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays 1,546,890 Capital outlays 1,546,890 Capital outlays leases Depreciation expense (8,955,676) Lease amortization expense Lease amortization expense Lease amortization expense Lease amortization expense Interesses long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Add debt principal repayment Lessee leasing agreeements provide current financial resources to governmental funds, increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Lease principal payments buton lessee agreements are expenditures in the governmental funds, but reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Interest on lessor agreements is recognized in governmental funds when received, but in the Statement of Net Position when earned. Add lease principal repayment Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year's compensated absences 2,794,599 Add prior year's compensated absences 4,116,347 Less current year's compensated absences 4,116,347 Less current year's compensated absences 4,116,347 Less current year's accrued interest payable	Add current year's prepaid items	122,495	
Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays	Less prior year's prepaid items	(12,498)	109,997
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, which is not a use of current financial resources. Capital outlays - leases	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
financial resources. Capital outlays .	Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated		
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increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Lease principal payments buton lessee agreements are expenditures in the governmental funds, but reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Interest on lessor agreements is recognized in governmental funds when received, but in the Statement of Net Position when earned. Add lease principal repayment Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year. Less current year's compensated absences Add prior year's compensated absences Less current year's compensated absences (3,794,599) Add prior year's accrued interest payable (84,832)	Lessee leasing agreeements provide current financial resources to governmental funds,		
buton lessee agreements are expenditures in the governmental funds, but reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Interest on lessor agreements is recognized in governmental funds when received, but in the Statement of Net Position when earned. Add lease principal repayment Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year. Less current year's compensated absences Add prior year's compensated absences Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)			
liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Interest on lessor agreements is recognized in governmental funds when received, but in the Statement of Net Position when earned. Add lease principal repayment Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year. Less current year's compensated absences Add prior year's compensated absences Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)			
governmental funds when received, but in the Statement of Net Position when earned. Add lease principal repayment Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year. Less current year's compensated absences Add prior year's compensated absences Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)			
Add lease principal repayment 339,691 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year. Less current year's compensated absences (3,794,599) Add prior year's compensated absences 4,116,347 Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)			
of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year. Less current year's compensated absences Add prior year's compensated absences Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)			339,691
of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year. Less current year's compensated absences Add prior year's compensated absences Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)	Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use		
governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences in the current year. Less current year's compensated absences (3,794,599) Add prior year's compensated absences 4,116,347 Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)	·		
in the current year. Less current year's compensated absences Add prior year's compensated absences Less current year's accrued interest payable (3,794,599) 4,116,347 (84,832)			
Less current year's compensated absences (3,794,599) Add prior year's compensated absences 4,116,347 Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)			
Add prior year's compensated absences 4,116,347 Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)	·	(3,794.599)	
Less current year's accrued interest payable (84,832)			
		* . *	
	Add prior year's accrued interest payable	89,532	326,448

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - discretely presented component unit - School Board (continued)		
Governmental funds do not report net pension and OPEB assets and liabilities and		
associated deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related		
to pension and OPEB		
Add current year's net pension asset	4,619,167	
Add current year's net OPEB asset	13,127	
Add current year's deferred outflow related to pensions	12,445,497	
Less prior year's deferred outflow related to pensions	(20,164,573)	
Less current year's deferred inflow related to OPEB	(5,411,832)	
Less prior year's deferred outflow related to OPEB	(2,108,811)	
Less current year's net pension liability	(67,474,513)	
Add prior year's net pension liability	131,552,048	
Less current year's net OPEB liability	(23,552,336)	
Add prior year's net OPEB liability	23,732,002	
Less current year's deferred inflow related to pensions	(56,829,639)	
Add prior year's deferred inflow related to pensions	10,002,101	
Add current year's deferred outflow related to OPEB	1,792,191	
Add prior year's deferred inflow related to OPEB	2,691,910	11,306,339
Governmental funds report current year contributions to pension and OPEB plans as		
expenditures. However, In the Statement of Activities, current year contributions		
are reported as deferred outflow of resources.		
Add current year's pension contributions	12,967,100	
Less prior year's pension contributions	(12,627,176)	
Add current year's OPEB contributions	1,470,569	
Less prior year's OPEB contributions	(1,424,570)	385,923
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ <u>_</u>	9,787,184

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		School General Fund				
		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	582,650 \$	614,481 \$	107,415 \$	(507,066)	
Gifts and donations		6,000	147,192	2,782	(144,410)	
Recovered costs		5,000	5,000	10,024	5,024	
Miscellaneous revenue		1,740,202	2,135,871	1,003,493	(1,132,378)	
Intergovernmental:						
Contribution from primary government		93,145,478	100,140,069	95,173,327	(4,966,742)	
Commonwealth of Virginia		51,830,719	55,562,509	56,275,548	713,039	
Federal Government		3,989,453	18,236,355	8,651,150	(9,585,205)	
Total revenues		151,299,502	176,841,477	161,223,739	(15,617,738)	
Expenditures						
Current operating:						
Education:						
Instruction		113,296,751	131,019,698	117,495,062	13,524,636	
Administration, attendance, and health		7,382,327	8,197,016	7,649,934	547,082	
Public transportation services		9,941,182	10,885,946	10,690,585	195,361	
Operation and maintenance services		10,910,060	12,640,910	12,449,439	191,471	
School food services		-	46,275	2,467	43,808	
Technology		4,780,110	5,886,621	4,489,243	1,397,378	
Total education	-	146,310,430	168,676,466	152,776,730	15,899,736	
Capital outlay - leases						
Education		<u> </u>	156,449	156,449		
Total capital outlay - leases		_	156,449	156,449	_	
·	•					
Debt service:						
Lease principal		464,364	467,737	337,710	130,027	
Lease interest	-	-	2,213	2,213	-	
Total debt service		464,364	469,950	339,923	130,027	
Total expenditures		146,774,794	169,302,865	153,273,102	16,029,763	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		4,524,708	7,538,612	7,950,637	412,025	
	•					
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-	1,320,942	1,680,805	359,863	
Transfers (out)		(4,524,708)	(8,614,408)	(8,692,928)	(78,520)	
Leases		-		156,449	156,449	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,524,708)	(7,293,466)	(6,855,674)	437,792	
Net change in fund balance		-	245,146	1,094,963	849,817	
Fund balances - beginning		416,446	416,446	416,446	-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	416,446 \$	661,592 \$	1,511,409 \$	849,817	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	School Asset Replacement Fund			
	-	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	465,500 \$	469,340 \$	4,320 \$	(465,020)
Gifts and donations	Ļ	405,500 \$	23,064	4,320 \$	(23,064)
Recovered costs		60,000	43,319	40,254	(3,065)
Miscellaneous revenue		32,000	32,000	47,814	15,814
Intergovernmental:		32,000	32,000	47,014	15,014
Commonwealth of Virginia	_	<u>-</u>	22,919	<u> </u>	(22,919)
Total revenues	_	557,500	590,642	92,388	(498,254)
Expenditures					
Current operating:					
Education:					
Instruction		80,000	352,115	56,331	295,784
Public transportation services		125,000	749,590	458,947	290,643
Operation and maintenance services		1,670,714	4,182,486	823,602	3,358,884
School food services		150,000	562,077	284,633	277,444
Technology		50,000	221,160	1,000	220,160
District-wide		1,481,673	1,959,180	, -	1,959,180
Contribution to primary government		471,640	3,382,430	3,382,430	-
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement		-	598,938	598,938	-
Interest charges	_	<u> </u>	357,235	357,235	
Total expenditures	_	4,029,027	12,365,211	5,963,116	6,402,095
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	-	(3,471,527)	(11,774,569)	(5,870,728)	5,903,841
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		-	7,622,570	7,622,570	-
Transfers (out)		-	(1,339,861)	(1,339,861)	-
Issuance of debt	_	3,471,527	- -	<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	3,471,527	6,282,709	6,282,709	
Net change in fund balance (deficit)		-	(5,491,860)	411,981	5,903,841
Fund balances - beginning		5,565,202	5,565,202	5,565,202	-
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,565,202 \$	73,342 \$	5,977,183 \$	5,903,841

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	School Textbook Fund				
		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Recovered costs	\$	- \$	- \$	204 \$	204	
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-	3,697	3,697	
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth of Virginia	_	447,435	470,221	469,432	(789)	
Total revenues	_	447,435	470,221	473,333	3,112	
Expenditures						
Current operating:						
Education:						
Instruction	_	1,085,743	2,440,988	927,465	1,513,523	
Total education	_	1,085,743	2,440,988	927,465	1,513,523	
Total expenditures	_	1,085,743	2,440,988	927,465	1,513,523	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	_	(638,308)	(1,970,767)	(454,132)	1,516,635	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		638,308	638,308	638,308	_	
Transicis III	_	030,300	030,300	030,300		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	638,308	638,308	638,308	<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balance (deficit)		-	(1,332,459)	184,176	1,516,635	
Fund balances - beginning	_	1,332,459	1,332,459	1,332,459		
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,332,459 \$	<u>-</u> \$	1,516,635 \$	1,516,635	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		School Nutrition Fund					
		Original Budget	_	Amended Budget	_	Actual	Variance From Amended Positive (Negative)
Revenues							
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$	146 \$	(4,354)
Charges for services		2,980,816		2,980,816		513,969	(2,466,847)
Recovered costs		-		-		62	62
Miscellaneous revenue		187,000		187,000		162,260	(24,740)
Intergovernmental:		05.400		245 500		207.226	(0.403)
Commonwealth of Virginia Federal Government		85,408 2,503,864		215,508 3,339,737		207,326 8,236,896	(8,182) 4,897,159
rederal Government	•	2,503,804	_	3,339,737	_	8,230,890	4,897,159
Total revenues		5,761,588	_	6,727,561	_	9,120,659	2,393,098
Expenditures							
Current operating:							
Education:							
School food services		6,172,261	_	7,092,358	_	7,092,358	-
Total education		6,172,261	_	7,092,358	_	7,092,358	
Capital outlay - leases							
Education	_	-	_	15,009		15,009	
			_	45.000		45.000	
Total capital outlay - leases	•	-	-	15,009	_	15,009	<u> </u>
Debt service:							
Lease principal		4,200		7,600		1,981	5,619
Lease interest		-	_	52		52	<u> </u>
Total debt service		4,200	_	7,652		2,033	5,619
Total expenditures		6,176,461	_	7,115,019	_	7,109,400	5,619
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(414,873)	_	(387,458)	_	2,011,259	2,398,717
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		414,873		372,449		372,449	-
Leases		-	_	15,009		15,009	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		414,873	_	387,458	_	387,458	-
Net change in fund balance		-		-		2,398,717	2,398,717
Fund balances- beginning		316,823		316,823		316,823	_
Fund balance - ending	\$	316,823	ġ –	316,823	s —	2,715,540 \$	2,398,717

Exhibit 39

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2022

	_	Trust Fund Crockett Private-Purpose	-	Custodial
Assets		Trust Fund	-	Funds
	Ċ	424.071	۲	000 270
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	434,871	Ş	880,378
Receivables:				
Accounts		213,740		2,309
Loans		-		118,846
Investments at fair market value	_	-	•	39,536,176
Total assets	_	648,611	=	40,537,709
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		-		1,061
Accrued liabilities		-	-	116,067
Total liabilities		-	-	117,128
Net Position				
Restricted for:				
Individuals and organizations		648,611	-	40,420,581
Total net position		648,611	-	40,420,581
Total liabilities and net position	\$	648,611	\$	40,537,709

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board
Fiduciary Funds
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	-	Trust Fund Crockett Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
Additions			
Contributions:			
Employees	\$	- \$	2,309,821
Students and organizations		-	5,773
Intergovernmental:			
Commonwealth of Virginia		-	535,014
Participating localities	=		1,192,609
Total contributions	_	<u>-</u> _	4,043,217
Investment income:			
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of the investments		(257,776)	(9,069,831)
Interest and dividends		-	2,601,470
Less: investment expenses	_	<u> </u>	(83,766)
Total investment income	_	(257,776)	(6,552,127)
Miscellaneous revenue:			
Miscellaneous revenue	_	<u>-</u>	347,196
Total miscellaneous revenue	_	<u> </u>	347,196
Total additions	_	(257,776)	(2,161,714)
Deductions			
Benefits paid to or on behalf of beneficiaries or participants:			
Personal services		-	981,978
Fringe benefits		-	420,053
Contractual services		-	12,984
Other expenses		17,447	38,616
Distributions		-	4,769,102
Educational and recreational supplies	-	<u> </u>	156,848
Total deductions	-	17,447	6,379,581
Net increase (decrease) in net position		(275,223)	(8,541,295)
Net position - beginning		923,834	48,961,876
Net position - ending	\$	648,611 \$	40,420,581

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

	_	Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School Fund		Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School Activity Fund	457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan Fund	403(b) Deferred Compensation Plan Fund	Total Custodial Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	869,623	\$	10,755 \$	- \$	- \$	880,378
Receivables:							
Accounts		1,754		555	-	-	2,309
Loans		-		-	9,625	109,221	118,846
Investments at fair market value	_		_	-	5,109,755	34,426,421	39,536,176
Total assets	=	871,377	_	11,310	5,119,380	34,535,642	40,537,709
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		1,061		=	-	-	1,061
Accrued liabilities	_	116,067	_		- -		116,067
Total liabilities	_	117,128	_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	117,128
Net Position Restricted for:							
Individuals and organizations	_	754,249	_	11,310	5,119,380	34,535,642	40,420,581
Total net position	_	754,249	_	11,310	5,119,380	34,535,642	40,420,581
Total liabilities and net position	\$	871,377	\$	11,310 \$	5,119,380 \$	34,535,642 \$	40,537,709

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board Custodial Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School Fund	Mountain Vista Regional Governor's School Activity Fund	457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan Fund	403(b) Deferred Compensation Plan Fund	Total Custodial Funds
Additions					
Contributions:					
Employees	\$ - :		415,458 \$	1,894,363 \$	2,309,821
Students and organizations	249	5,524	-	-	5,773
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth of Virginia	535,014	-	-	-	535,014
Participating localities	1,192,609		-	- -	1,192,609
Total contributions	1,727,872	5,524	415,458	1,894,363	4,043,217
Investment income:					
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of the investments	-	-	(1,125,908)	(7,943,923)	(9,069,831)
Interest and dividends	-	-	296,398	2,305,072	2,601,470
Less: investment expenses			(11,065)	(72,701)	(83,766)
Total investment income			(840,575)	(5,711,552)	(6,552,127)
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous revenue		152,323	11,414	183,459	347,196
Total miscellaneous revenue		152,323	11,414	183,459	347,196
Total additions	1,727,872	157,847	(413,703)	(3,633,730)	(2,161,714)
Deductions					
Benefits paid to or on behalf of beneficiaries or participants:					
Personal services	981,978	-	-	-	981,978
Fringe benefits	420,053	-	-	-	420,053
Contractual services	12,984	-	-	-	12,984
Other expenses	38,616	-	-	-	38,616
Distributions	-	-	545,493	4,223,609	4,769,102
Educational and recreational supplies		156,848			156,848
Total deductions	1,453,631	156,848	545,493	4,223,609	6,379,581
Net increase (decrease) in net position	274,241	999	(959,196)	(7,857,339)	(8,541,295)
Net position - beginning	480,008	10,311	6,078,576	42,392,981	48,961,876
Net position - ending	\$ 754,249	\$ 11,310 \$	5,119,380 \$	34,535,642 \$	40,420,581

STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information express about the County's overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

Financial Trends - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Table 1	Net Position by Component
Table 2	Changes in Net Position
Table 3	Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Table 4	Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's significant local revenue sources, the property tax, as well as other revenue sources.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Tax Relief for the Elderly
Property Tax Rates for Both Direct and Overlapping Governments
Principal Real Property Taxpayers
Principal Personal Property Taxpayers
Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt, and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Table 9	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Table 10	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Table 11	Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Table 12	County Policy Debt Margin

Economic and Demographic Information - These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Table 13	Demographic and Economic Statistics
Table 14	Principal Employers

Operating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Table 15	County Government Employees by Function
Table 16	Operating Indicators by Function
Table 17	Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in this section is derived from the County's annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

Table 1

Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

			F	Fiscal Year					
		2013		2014		2015		2016	2017
Governmental Activities:									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	67,043,310	\$	67,186,543	\$	66,912,078	5	66,424,250 \$	67,897,791
Restricted		2,405,814		6,078,884		5,964,927		7,776,690	9,591,829
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(75,750,205)	_	(79,527,398)		(67,694,758)		(51,817,116)	 (44,964,783)
Subtotal governmental activities net position		(6,301,081)	_	(6,261,971)		5,182,247		22,383,824	 32,524,837
Business-type Activities:									
Net investment in capital assets		21,784,510		20,424,303		19,381,379		19,399,111	21,932,278
Restricted		2,584,793		1,855,575		-		-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(15,182,972)		(15,102,238)		(14,944,300)		(18,421,156)	(21,422,557)
Subtotal business-type activities net position		9,186,331		7,177,640		4,437,079		977,955	509,721
Primary Government:									
Net investment in capital assets		88,827,820		87,610,846		86,293,457		85,823,361	89,830,069
Restricted		4,990,607		7,934,459		5,964,927		7,776,690	9,591,829
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(90,933,177)	_	(94,629,636)		(82,639,058)		(70,238,272)	(66,387,340)
Total Primary Government net position	_	2,885,250	_	915,669		9,619,326		23,361,779	33,034,558
Component Units: (1)									
Net investment in capital assets		193,459,026		192,761,193		188,842,434		183,364,033	177,466,992
Restricted		5.000		5,000		5.000		73,567	267,564
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(1,156,996)	_	(124,379,628)		(122,774,417)		(119,400,706)	[144,988,427]
Total Component Units net position	_	192,307,030	_	68,386,565		66,073,017		64,036,894	32,746,129
Total Reporting Entity: (2)									
Net investment in capital assets		174,520,072		180,852,943		183,877,351		184,775,961	190,252,913
Restricted		4,995,607		7,939,459		5,969,927		7,850,257	9,859,393
Unrestricted		15,676,601		(119,490,168)		(114,154,964)		(105,227,545)	9,859,393 [134,331,619]
Total Reporting Entity net position (3)	\$	195,192,280	\$	69,302,234	\$	75,692,314	S	87,398,673 \$	65,780,687

⁽¹⁾ Component Units - The School Board net position components are included in this table due to the School Board being a significant portion of the County. In Virginia, School Boards do not have borrowing or taxing authority; therefore, the County issues debt on behalf of the School Board to finance school facilities projects.

The Economic Development Authority is first included as part of the reporting entity in FY2020. Ending net position of the EDA is first presented in the table in FY2018. Information for prior years is not available.

⁽²⁾ The sum of the rows does not equal the total reporting entity rows because the debt related to the Component Unit - School Board is reflected in the Primary Government's net position row reducing unrestricted net position. The assets are reflected in the Component Unit - School Board row as net investment in capital assets. The total reporting entity row matches the asset with the debt and reports the net amount on the net investment in capital assets line.

⁽³⁾ Total reporting entity net position reflects the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 for FY2014 - FY2021, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 for FY2017 - FY2021, and the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 for FY2020 and FY2021.

	Fiscal Year						
	2018	2019	2020	2021		2022	
							Governmental Activities:
\$	58,593,548 \$	58,805,643	\$ 60,791,853	\$ 66,653,274	\$	90,217,528	Net investment in capital assets
	10,016,685	7,634,090	12,194,288	10,351,623		15,794,707	Restricted
_	(18,486,444)	2,051,825	5,579,625	23,799,780		32,328,872	Unrestricted (deficit)
_	50,123,789	68,491,558	78,565,766	100,804,677	_	138,341,107	Subtotal governmental activities net position
							more and a second second
	24 454 010	20 020 022	22 670 220	26 520 401		27 412 604	Business-type Activities:
	24,454,010	29,829,023	33,670,328	36,529,401		37,412,684	Net investment in capital assets
	1,158,020	826,278	403,167	409,917		482,539	Restricted
-	(22,073,054)	(26,816,023)	(18,149,486)	(16,909,877)	-	(34,910,741)	Unrestricted (deficit)
	3,538,976	3,839,278	15,924,009	20,029,441		2,984,482	Subtotal business-type activities net position
-	3,330,370	3,033,270	15,524,005	20,023,441	-	2,304,402	- Subtotal business type delivities het position
							Primary Government:
	83,047,558	88,634,666	94,462,181	103,182,675		127,630,212	Net investment in capital assets
	11,174,705	8,460,368	12,597,455	10,761,540		16,277,246	Restricted
	(40,559,498)	(24,764,198)	(12,569,861)	6,889,903		(2,581,869)	Unrestricted (deficit)
_	53,662,765	72,330,836	94,489,775	120,834,118	_	141,325,589	Total Primary Government net position
							Component Units: (1)
	171,287,807	167,071,314	160,471,122	152,889,144		146,077,340	Net investment in capital assets
	2,245,775	1,854,624	1,065,692	132,003,144		4,632,294	Restricted
	(140,277,544)	(133,518,332)	(127,158,316)	(126,483,781)		(114,486,504)	
-	(140,277,344)	(155,510,552)	(127,130,310)	(120,403,701)	-	(114,400,504)	
	33,256,038	35,407,606	34,378,498	26,405,363		36,223,130	Total Component Units net position
-					-		•
							Total Reporting Entity: (2)
	184,973,674	193,065,462	197,527,834	207,328,339		214,514,768	Net investment in capital assets
	13,420,480	10,314,992	13,663,147	10,761,540		20,909,540	Restricted
_	(111,475,351)	(95,642,012)	(82,322,708)	(70,850,398)	_	(57,875,589)	Unrestricted
ć	86,918,803 \$	107 739 443	\$ 128,868,273	ć 147 220 491	ė	177 540 710	Total Reporting Entity net position (3)
\$	\$ 208,818,00	107,738,442	\$ 128,868,273	\$ 147,239,481	۶_	1//,548,/19	rotal Reporting Entity net position (3)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year			
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Primary Government:						
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
General government administration	\$	12,180,275 \$	11,821,952 \$	12,413,433 \$	13,319,869 \$	14,182,276
Judicial administration		3,841,643	3,455,862	3,821,911	3,952,902	3,706,07
Public safety		28,929,500	28,306,613	30,694,266	31,471,801	32,780,969
Public works		10,222,875	8,118,419	8,270,407	10,220,949	9,683,958
Health and welfare		9,739,043	10,908,372	12,452,676	12,675,215	11,609,43
Education		93,650,633	80,837,759	81,999,731	82,056,536	83,246,562
Parks, recreation, and cultural		6,601,379	6,342,901	6,302,270	6,870,409	7,014,668
Community development		5,998,815	5,836,086	5,947,344	5,811,825	14,187,875
Interest on long-term debt		4,657,567	4,271,495	2,741,174	3,671,366	3,081,185
Total governmental activities expenses		175,821,730	159,899,459	164,643,212	170,050,872	179,493,001
Business-type activities:						
Airport		2,450,840	1,979,636	2,023,113	1,393,026	992,199
Landfill and recycling		6,138,446	6,170,182	5,990,480	6,930,685	6,864,500
Sewer Total business-type activities expenses		8,589,286	8,149,818	8,013,593	8,323,711	7,856,699
Total business-type activities expenses		0,303,200	0,149,010	8,015,595	0,323,711	7,650,093
Total primary government expenses	_	184,411,016	168,049,277	172,656,805	178,374,583	187,349,700
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government administration		508,129	87,779	84,459	133,838	107,015
Judicial administration		788,467	703,704	649,606	629,947	590,279
Public safety		1,650,787	1,366,598	1,251,234	1,664,088	1,750,616
Public works		-	-	-	•	
Health and welfare		-	-	-	•	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		551,243	547,585	598,233	620,519	603,674
Community development		1,042,011	1,341,645	1,459,245	1,481,973	1,474,72
Operating grants and contributions		13,199,292	13,969,611	13,831,352	15,246,647	20,425,296
Capital grants and contributions		672	3,783,195	185,290	2,546,055	50,605
Total governmental activities program revenues		17,740,601	21,800,117	18,059,419	22,323,067	25,002,209
Business type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Airport		737,208	752,750	685,894	639,442	734,301
Landfill and recycling		4,056,293	4,191,457	3,614,670	3,357,317	3,667,478
Sewer		402.226	- 01 673	126 504	- 52 611	227 56
Operating grants and contributions		482,326	91,673	136,594	53,611	337,563
Capital grants and contributions				4 427 450	1,298,432	1,671,627
Total business-type activities program revenues		5,275,827	5,035,880	4,437,158	5,348,802	6,410,969
Total primary government program revenues	_	23,016,428	26,835,997	22,496,577	27,671,869	31,413,178
Net (expense) revenue (1)						
Governmental activities		(158,081,129)	(138,099,342)	(146,583,793)	(147,727,805)	(154,490,792
Business-type activities		(3,313,459)	(3,113,938)	(3,576,435)	(2,974,909)	(1,445,730
Total primary government net (expense) revenue	Ś	(161,394,588) \$	(141,213,280) \$	(150,160,228) \$	(150,702,714) \$	(155,936,522

⁽¹⁾ Net (expense) revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues. It indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. A number in parentheses is net expenses indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, meaning that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

(2) Total reporting entity net position reflects the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 for FY2014 - FY2021, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75

for FY2017 - FY2021, and the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 for FY2020 - FY2021.

⁽³⁾ Component units - School Board and Economic Development Authority change in net position is included in this table due to significance in the County financials. The Economic Development Authority is first included as part of the reporting entity in FY2020. Ending net position of the EDA is first presented in Table 1 in FY2018. Information for prior years is not available.

	Fiscal Year				_
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
					Primary Government:
					Expenses
					Governmental activities:
14,266,200 \$	12,828,508 \$	15,366,384 \$	18,336,209 \$	8,582,156	General government administration
4,213,354	4,054,177	4,403,007	4,787,727	4,589,192	Judicial administration
38,993,075	51,080,252	44,330,177	45,286,141	45,905,512	Public safety
9,379,721	10,028,420	10,010,927	10,880,651	12,115,589	Public works
12,206,022	13,585,126	13,469,468	13,794,758	13,677,110	Health and welfare
85,029,264	90,255,631	91,595,644	89,462,446	93,850,074	Education
7,490,761	6,821,358	7,903,910	7,629,310	8,415,558	Parks, recreation, and cultural
10,307,487	7,808,917	8,315,849	11,202,836	8,134,030	Community development
3,083,112	3,334,515	3,465,061	2,422,364	3,033,052	Interest on long-term debt
184,968,996	199,796,904	198,860,427	203,802,442	198,302,273	Total governmental activities expenses
					Business-type activities:
985,999	958,674	1,052,222	1,152,244	1,398,738	Airport
7,692,836	9,683,753	8,279,176	10,355,981	27,848,259	Landfill and recycling
-	-	-	-	12,179	Sewer
8,678,835	10,642,427	9,331,398	11,508,225		Total business-type activities expenses
102 647 021	210 420 221	200 101 025	215 210 667	227 F.C1 440	Total adiabatic and an arrangement
193,647,831	210,439,331	208,191,825	215,310,667	227,561,449	Total primary government expenses
					Program Revenues
					Governmental activities:
					Charges for services:
119,312	95,035	62,580	74,460	130,357	General government administration
812,773	720,768	512,868	542,959	690,095	Judicial administration
2,083,619	1,515,100	1,750,361	1,835,850	2,265,776	Public safety
-	-	-	4,000	100,000	Public works
47,237	300	80	205	2,331	Health and welfare
623,295	606,884	381,828	307,435	639,972	Parks, recreation, and cultural
1,377,032	1,711,058	1,504,729	1,694,861	1,922,370	Community development
22,700,129	23,205,957	19,506,557	26,939,937	18,675,847	Operating grants and contributions
653,945	3,714,438	2,611,843	4,047,309	6,145,202	Capital grants and contributions
28,417,342	31,569,540	26,330,846	35,447,016	30,571,950	_Total governmental activities program revenues
					Business type activities:
					Charges for services:
681,749	698,639	781,215	922,885	907,442	Airport
3,933,980	3,592,926	3,370,335	2,270,226	2,586,350	Landfill and recycling
-,,	-,,	-/	1,500	103,744	Sewer
79,775	43,383	44,867	89,958	37,996	Operating grants and contributions
4,056,833	4,605,543	3,902,172	4,635,424	364,713	Capital grants and contributions
8,752,337	8,940,491	8,098,589	7,919,993		Total business-type activities program revenues
0,732,007	0,5 10, 151	0,030,303	,,,,,,,,,,	1,000,243	
37,169,679	40,510,031	34,429,435	43,367,009	34,572,195	Total primary government program revenues
					Net (expense) revenue (1)
(156,551,654)	(168,227,364)	(172,529,581)	(168,355,426)	(167 730 323)	Governmental activities
73,502	(1,701,936)	(1,232,809)	(3,588,232)	,	Business-type activities
75,502	(1,701,330)	(1,232,003)	(3,300,232)	(23,230,331)	_ sasmess type delivities
(156,478,152) \$	(169,929,300) \$	(173,762,390) \$	(171,943,658) \$	(192,989,254)	Total primary government net (expense) revenue

Table 2

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Page 3 of 4

			Fiscal Year			
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Primary Government: (continued)						
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
General property taxes	\$	115,379,407 \$	120,882,416 \$	125,741,425 \$	130,409,532 \$	136,643,418
Local sales and use taxes		7,151,477	7,558,981	8,024,703	8,305,286	9,241,227
Consumers' utility taxes		1,576,645	1,650,054	1,658,205	1,631,861	1,608,950
Business and professional taxes		1,381,176	1,436,850	1,353,040	1,444,902	1,632,643
Motor vehicle taxes		1,786,005	1,826,612	1,870,836	1,911,876	1,957,392
Taxes on recordation and wills		1,576,702	1,656,673	1,514,756	1,720,164	1,731,125
Other local taxes		210,656	198,096	259,151	235,719	260,204
Investment income		312,455	348,189	301,739	408,673	600,847
Miscellaneous		882,876	977,300	389,682	481,040	156,345
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		16,819,694	17,555,313	17,705,302	17,867,956	17,284,375
Transfers		(42,934)	(1,459,775)	(790,828)	512,373	(1,155,862
Total governmental activities general revenues and						
other changes in net position		147,034,159	152,630,709	158,028,011	164,929,382	169,960,664
Business-type activities:						
Investment income (loss)		7,710	50,683	1,057	3,524	9,247
Miscellaneous		(11,084)	50,065	43,989	24,634	3,304
Transfers		42,934	- 1,459,775	790,828	(512,373)	1,155,862
Total business-type activities general revenues and		42,934	1,439,773	730,020	(312,373)	1,133,002
other changes in net position		39,560	1,510,458	835,874	(484,215)	1,168,413
other changes in net position		39,500	1,510,458	835,874	(484,215)	1,108,413
Total primary government general revenues and						
other changes in net position		147,073,719	154,141,167	158,863,885	164,445,167	171,129,077
Change in Net Position (2)		(44.046.070)	44 524 267	44 444 240	47 204 577	45 460 073
Governmental activities		(11,046,970)	14,531,367	11,444,218	17,201,577	15,469,872
Business-type activities	-	(3,273,899)	(1,603,480)	(2,740,561)	(3,459,124)	(277,317
Total Primary Government change in net position		(14,320,869)	12,927,887	8,703,657	13,742,453	15,192,555
Component Units (3)						
Expenses						
Economic Development Authority		_	_	_	_	_
School Board		134,714,730	127,821,631	139,471,783	139,806,883	147,319,359
Total component units - expenses		134,714,730	127,821,631	139,471,783	139,806,883	147,319,359
Program Revenues						
Charges for services		3,308,029	3,204,445	3,402,127	3,277,727	3,411,390
Operating grants and contributions		16,425,197	16,929,078	15,910,673	17,904,582	16,699,061
Total component units-revenues		19,733,226	20,133,523	19,312,800	21,182,309	20,110,451
Net (expense) revenue (1)		(114,981,504)	(107,688,108)	(120,158,983)	(118,624,574)	(127,208,908
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position						
Contribution from primary government		92,996,302	81,889,891	83,276,115	82,152,277	84,355,571
Investment income		96	94	65	809	2,456
Miscellaneous		341,789	321,631	272,457	159,900	1,076,399
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		341,789	33,940,698	34,296,769	34,275,494	33,864,072
Total component units - general revenues and		J4,047,00U	33,340,030	34,230,703	34,213,434	33,004,072
other changes in net position		127,386,037	116,152,314	117,845,406	116,588,480	119,298,498
Total Component Units - change in net position	\$	12,404,533 \$	8,464,206 \$	(2,313,577) \$	(2,036,094) \$	(7,910,410

⁽¹⁾ Net (expense) revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues. It indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. A number in parentheses is net expenses indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, meaning that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

⁽²⁾ Total reporting entity net position reflects the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 for FY2014 - FY2021, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 for FY2017 - FY2021 and the implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 for FY2019 - FY2021

for FY2017 - FY2021, and the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 for FY2020 - FY2021.

(3) Component units - School Board and Economic Development Authority change in net position is included in this table due to significance in the County financials. The Economic Development Authority is first included as part of the reporting entity in FY2020. Ending net position of the EDA is first presented in Table 1 in FY2018. Information for prior years is not available.

	Fiscal Year				_
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	-
					Primary Government: (continued)
					General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position
					Governmental activities:
					Taxes:
142,406,712 \$	152,069,874 \$	154,969,913 \$	158,880,374 \$	173,352,481	General property taxes
9,057,564	9,571,159	10,533,415	12,696,419	13,399,789	Local sales and use taxes
1,813,473	1,742,954	1,748,470	1,797,046	1,689,430	Consumers' utility taxes
1,564,338	1,760,438	1,801,247	2,247,173	2,724,747	Business and professional taxes
1,984,960	2,018,892	2,011,001	2,011,920	68,595	Motor vehicle taxes
1,789,913	1,746,669	2,271,130	3,348,241	2,922,087	Taxes on recordation and wills
296,329	309,902	223,430	368,070	590,249	Other local taxes
1,096,000	2,018,074	1,585,837	578,485	419,232	Investment income
138,972	235,204	296,774	26,440	1,759,784	Miscellaneous
16,923,612	17,067,268	17,567,750	16,326,688	16,266,425	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs
(2,921,267)	(1,945,301)	(13,211,107)	(7,686,519)	(7,926,066)	
		· · · · · · ·		, , , , ,	Total governmental activities general revenues and
174,150,606	186,595,133	179,797,860	190,594,337	205,266,753	other changes in net position
				•	·
					Business-type activities:
22,460	56,523	38,381	3,260	52,464	Investment income (loss)
12,026	414	68,052	3,885	235,442	Miscellaneous
2,921,267	1,945,301	13,211,107	7,686,519	7,926,066	Transfers
	-		<u> </u>		Total business-type activities general revenues and
2,955,753	2,002,238	13,317,540	7,693,664	8,213,972	other changes in net position
					Total primary government general revenues and
177,106,359	188,597,371	193,115,400	198,288,001	213,480,725	other changes in net position
					Change in Net Position (2)
17,598,952	18,367,769	7,268,279	22,238,911		Governmental activities
3,029,255	300,302	12,084,731	4,105,432	(17,044,959)	Business-type activities
20,628,207	18,668,071	19,353,010	26,344,343	20,491,471	Total Primary Government change in net position
					Component Units (3)
					Expenses
_	152,391	2,551,201	1,551,884	6,482	Economic Development Authority
143,149,770	146,093,108	156,938,269	167,058,595	164,297,399	School Board
143,149,770	146,245,499	159,489,470	168,610,479		Total component units - expenses
		,			•
					Program Revenues
3,312,563	3,250,370	2,382,683	153,984	633,340	Charges for services
20,010,793	19,741,702	23,385,509	33,084,373	35,128,756	Operating grants and contributions
23,323,356	22,992,072	25,768,192	33,238,357	35,762,096	Total component units - revenues
(119,826,414)	(123,253,427)	(133,721,278)	(135,372,122)	(128,541,785)	Net (expense) revenue (1)
					Consent Programs and Other Changes in Net Period
95 244 161	89,887,969	92,288,149	88,606,131	95,173,327	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position
85,244,161 3,896	89,887,969 67,020	92,288,149 74,949	121,605	95,173,327 173,992	Contribution from primary government Investment income
3,896 1,336,262	1,682,221	•	2,380,468		Miscellaneous
33,443,964		4,357,342	2,380,468 36,290,783	3,491,682 39,520,551	
33,443,904	33,767,785	34,365,728	30,290,783	39,320,551	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs
120 020 202	125 404 005	121 006 160	127 200 007	120 250 552	Total component units - general revenues and
120,028,283	125,404,995	131,086,168	127,398,987	138,359,552	_ other changes in net position
201,869 \$	2,151,568 \$	(2,635,110) \$	(7,973,135) \$	9,817.767	Total Component Units - change in net position

Table 3

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	l Yea				
		2013		2014		2015 ⁽¹⁾	2016 ⁽²⁾		2017
General Fund:									
Nonspendable	\$	350,816	\$	492,533	\$	426,775 \$	50,162	\$	-
Restricted		212,918		205,588		210,291	337,264		314,269
Committed		1,459,328		1,458,931		1,119,654	2,201,888		1,697,470
Assigned		5,661,633		4,290,578		3,383,573	4,555,618		8,486,368
Unassigned		16,506,543		16,622,908		17,031,448	19,150,449		19,801,927
Total General Fund	=	24,191,238	: =	23,070,538	: =	22,171,741	26,295,381	=	30,300,034
Other Governmental Funds:									
Nonspendable									
Capital Projects Fund		642,522		580,254		512,481	_		_
Debt Service Fund		2,370,625		-		-	_		185,988
Fire and Rescue Fund		-		-		168,138	_		-
Nonmajor governmental funds		187,775		201,934		-	_		_
Restricted		,		ŕ					
Capital Projects Fund		4,503,238		4,214,963		3,835,930	4,529,804		5,492,607
Fire and Rescue Fund		-		-		, , , <u>-</u>			-
CARES Fund		-		-		-	-		_
American Rescue Plan Fund		-		-		-	-		-
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,477,487		1,658,333		2,098,674	3,080,914		3,977,274
Committed									
Capital Projects Fund		4,736,630		5,248,626		4,791,049	5,659,230		5,189,597
Fire and Rescue Fund		-		-		4,650,941	5,549,950		5,920,085
Nonmajor governmental funds		4,821,958		5,434,684		795,049	855,493		1,063,675
Assigned									
Debt Service Fund		-		565,240		886,092	407,118		22,914
Fire and Rescue Fund (1)		-		-		-	-		-
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,372,457		1,328,924		994,558	1,320,288		2,681,933
Unassigned									
Debt Service Fund		(2,150,688)		-		-	-		-
Nonmajor governmental funds		-		-		-	(3,162)		-
Total Other Governmental Funds	=	17,962,004	. –	19,232,958		18,732,912	21,399,635	_	24,534,073
Total Governmental Funds	\$_	42,153,242	\$	42,303,496	\$	40,904,653 \$	47,695,016	\$	54,834,107

⁽¹⁾ As of FY2015, the Fire and Rescue Fund is classified as a Major Governmental Fund.

⁽²⁾ In FY2017, the County elected to change from the consumption method to the purchase method for accounting for inventory and prepaid items in governmental funds. FY2016 fund balance has been restated to reflect this change.

⁽³⁾ In FY2021, the County implemented GASB 84, which caused the reclassification of the Working Together Fund, the Commonwealth Opportunity Fund and the Fire and Rescue USDA Debt Service Fund to governmental funds. FY2020 fund balance has been restated to reflect this change.

2018	2019	2020 ⁽³⁾	2021	2022	
				-	General Fund:
- \$	-	\$ - :	\$ -	\$ 4,003	Nonspendable
219,021	183,022	199,039	192,296	1,065,670	Restricted
1,203,816	1,884,459	5,587,507	4,117,569	2,958,215	Committed
.0,386,767	8,936,622	6,295,917	13,455,156	16,264,452	Assigned
9,085,314	21,191,160	20,555,314	23,536,528	29,656,175	Unassigned
0,894,918	32,195,263	32,637,777	41,301,549	49,948,515	Total General Fund
					Other Governmental Funds:
					Nonspendable
_	_	_	-	-	Capital Projects Fund
_	_	_	_	_	Debt Service Fund
_	_	_	_	6,580	Fire and Rescue Fund
_	_	_	-	-	Nonmajor governmental funds
					Restricted
2,538,619	11,344,860	4,089,348	3,007,775	13,824,466	Capital Projects Fund
3,396,958	-	-	-	-	Fire and Rescue Fund
-	-	-	12,636	-	CARES Fund
-	-	-	972	17,277	American Rescue Plan Fund
5,059,087	5,799,488	9,058,901	8,290,944	7,400,910	Nonmajor governmental funds
					Committed
2,907,898	18,825,745	22,107,227	22,039,182	24,644,755	Capital Projects Fund
6,707,733	6,753,601	2,456,176	487,443	504,124	Fire and Rescue Fund
812,962	1,150,080	2,018,339	2,694,228	3,372,977	Nonmajor governmental funds
					Assigned
82,831	86,231	86,233	545,749	1,883,142	Debt Service Fund
-	-	-	-	-	Fire and Rescue Fund (1)
-	-	-	-	-	Nonmajor governmental funds
					Unassigned
-	-	-	-	-	Debt Service Fund
					Nonmajor governmental funds
1,506,088	43,960,005	39,816,224	37,078,929	51,654,231	Total Other Governmental Funds

Table 4

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal	Year			
		2013	2014		2015	2016	2017
Revenues							
General property and other local taxes	\$	130,570,935 \$	135,160,010	\$	140,265,298 \$	145,958,511 \$	153,130,626
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		1,541,522	1,418,324		1,532,066	1,569,769	1,561,027
Fines and forfeitures		548,076	499,746		465,431	431,902	458,810
Revenue from use of money and property		289,678	335,394		284,998	367,166	525,021
Charges for services		2,468,314	2,295,264		2,394,233	2,466,019	2,559,972
Gifts and donations		167,862	221,411		515,976	1,031,810	917,095
Recovered costs		434,215	427,366		568,798	389,486	424,520
Miscellaneous		882,876	4,068,300		389,682	2,407,938	799,404
Intergovernmental:							
Contribution from School Board		-	-			-	
Commonwealth of Virginia		26,922,538	28,049,395		27,752,268	28,376,246	30,173,577
Federal Government	_	2,929,258	3,946,313	_	3,242,138	3,867,596	6,250,432
Total revenues		166,755,274	176,421,523		177,410,888	186,866,443	196,800,484
Expenditures							
Current operating:							
General government administration		11,678,971	12,457,887		12,190,628	12,802,295	13,736,444
Judicial		3,541,030	3,642,931		3,749,075	3,890,324	3,874,425
Public safety		26,542,674	28,645,320		29,595,738	31,383,502	31,271,719
Public works		9,706,397	7,915,339		8,006,917	9,998,893	8,184,775
Health and welfare		9,586,398	11,328,226		12,594,333	12,817,543	11,667,455
Education		93,017,474	82,208,303		83,339,470	82,217,289	84,418,916
Parks, recreation, and cultural		5,500,954	5,776,405		6,057,766	6,179,184	6,281,542
Community development		5,729,630	6,142,311		6,292,928	6,163,981	14,263,203
Nondepartmental		753,584	754,421		738,963	390,751	754,859
Capital outlay		1,464,968	1,924,000		3,472,214	1,903,204	5,418,998
Capital outlay - leases					· · ·		
Debt service:							
Lease principal		_	_		_	_	
Lease interest		_	_			_	
Principal retirement (1)		8,826,681	9,007,000		8,767,748	9,053,340	9,612,158
Interest (1)		5,129,215	4,992,129		4,554,692	4,157,411	3,796,630
Fiscal charges (1)		6,950	8,400		9,150	7,750	6,801
Bond issuance costs (2)		34,284	8,400		111,700	7,730	169,620
boliu issualice costs (2)	_	34,264			111,700		105,020
Total expenditures	_	181,519,210	174,802,672	_	179,481,322	180,965,467	193,457,545
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(14,763,936)	1,618,851	_	(2,070,434)	5,900,976	3,342,939
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		16,942,106	19,714,744		20,805,913	20,111,099	21,000,709
Transfers (out)		(18,479,808)	(21,183,341)		(21,596,741)	(19,613,370)	(22,164,368
Leases			(,,5 .1)				(,,
Issuance of debt (1)		3,305,000	_		1,386,719	391,658	4,878,380
Issuance of refunding bonds		3,303,000	_		9,101,000	-	2,775,000
Premium on refunding debt			_		5,101,000		704,772
Payment to bond escrow agent		-	-		(9,025,300)	-	(3,398,34
Premiums on issuance of debt		453,980			(3,023,300)	=	(3,330,34
Freilliums on issuance of Gebt	_	433,980		_	 -	 -	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	2,221,278	(1,468,597)	_	671,591	889,387	3,796,152

⁽¹⁾ In Virginia, School Boards do not have borrowing or taxing authority, therefore the County issues debt on behalf of the School Board to finance school facilities projects. Because of this, debt service payments related to school facilities are presented as debt service of the Primary Government. Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures for the Total Reporting Entity more appropriately reflects the unique Virginia school debt requirements.

⁽²⁾ The presentation for FY2013 includes bond issuance costs.

⁽³⁾ The amount reported for "capital outlay primary government only" matches the reconciling item for capital outlay in the reconciliation between the government-wide statement of activities and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for governmental funds (Exhibit 6). The amount reported for "capital outlay Component Unit - School Board only" matches the reconciling item for capital outlay in the reconciliation between the government-wide statement of activities and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Exhibit 33).

⁽⁴⁾ In FY2021, the County implemented GASB 84, which caused the reclassification of the Working Together Fund, the Commonwealth Opportunity Fund and the Fire and Rescue USDA Debt Service Fund to governmental funds. FY2020 change in net position was updated to reflect this change. Adjustments were not made for prior years.

		(4)			
2018	2019	2020 ⁽⁴⁾	2021	2022	D
450,062,550 6	460.024.274 6	472.006.704 6	101 010 217 6	102 204 640	Revenues
158,963,558 \$		172,986,781 \$	181,049,317 \$	193,284,610	General property and other local taxes
1,475,745	1,799,330	1,555,569	1,731,540	1,879,154	Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses
728,722	546,549	373,936	361,169	431,668	Fines and forfeitures
882,699	1,621,107	1,323,514	549,594	527,712	Revenue from use of money and property
2,468,680	2,610,278	2,300,004	2,339,787	3,373,891	Charges for services
1,169,196	850,926	1,582,744	529,181	525,364	Gifts and donations
625,234	489,035	467,330	308,566	1,255,219	Recovered costs
943,671	4,390,125	2,579,756	1,318,251	2,048,234	Miscellaneous
					Intergovernmental:
-	-	-	1,754,170	3,382,430	Contribution from School Board
29,651,120	27,595,757	28,068,833	27,698,635	27,201,639	Commonwealth of Virginia
4,608,104	5,006,409	7,629,624	16,391,813	8,689,506	Federal Government
201,516,729	213,830,787	218,868,091	234,032,023	242,599,427	Total revenues
					Expenditures
					Current operating:
14,004,974	14,125,547	14,994,480	17,792,525	16,134,919	General government administration
3,940,365	4,096,274	4,143,025	4,396,098	4,518,982	Judicial
36,869,480	51,557,318	43,663,429	43,908,773	45,554,899	Public safety
8,521,245	9,437,855	8,764,742	10,798,909	12,843,923	Public works
12,168,492	12,613,367	13,408,284	13,661,231	13,877,578	Health and welfare
85,309,188	89,958,394	92,363,346	91,790,132	102,870,404	Education
7,220,351	9,543,091	18,526,165	8,518,895	8,076,368	Parks, recreation, and cultural
10,424,417	8,155,151	8,756,840	12,474,782	7,963,618	Community development
904,726	605,562	697,995	2,660,211	650,906	Nondepartmental
	,				·
4,037,770	4,419,969	4,071,357	1,743,986	8,910,131	Capital outlay
-	-	-	-	120,204	Capital outlay - leases
					Debt service:
-	-	-	-	368,879	Lease principal
-	-	-	-	8,513	Lease interest
8,396,812	8,456,382	9,293,630	9,636,250	9,261,893	Principal retirement (1)
3,444,576	3,324,317	3,576,074	3,314,642	2,955,688	Interest (1)
5,850	4,901	7,450	3,825	5,700	Fiscal charges (1)
-	186,938	45,450	<u> </u>	54,800	Bond issuance costs (2)
195,248,246	216,485,066	222,312,267	220,700,259	234,177,405	Total expenditures
6,268,483	(2,654,279)	(3,444,176)	13,331,764	8,422,022	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures
					Other financing sources (uses)
25,799,292	26,473,627	29,069,911	24,497,891	28,880,263	Transfers in
(29,577,564)	(28,453,675)	(36,971,564)	(32,685,410)	(32,245,213)	Transfers (out)
-	-	-	-	120,204	Leases
4,608,587	16,551,161	13,643,400	782,232	16,180,000	Issuance of debt (1)
-	· · ·	-		-	Issuance of refunding bonds
421,259	1,837,428	_	_	1,864,992	Premium on refunding debt
.22,233		(8,804,767)			Payment to bond escrow agent
			<u> </u>	_	Premiums on issuance of debt
1,251,574	16,408,541	(3,063,020)	(7,405,287)	14,800,246	Total other financing sources (uses)

Table 4

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Page 3 of 4

			Fiscal Year	,		
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures: (1)						
Primary Government:						
Total debt service	\$	13,955,896 \$	13,999,129 \$	13,322,440 \$	13,210,751 \$	13,408,788
Total expenditures		181,519,210	174,802,672	179,481,322	180,965,467	193,457,545
Capital outlay primary government only (3)	_	1,162,088	3,146,923	3,672,064	1,846,546	4,606,649
Non-capital expenditures	_	180,357,122	171,655,749	175,809,258	179,118,921	188,850,896
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital						
expenditures: Primary Government only		7.74%	8.16%	7.58%	7.38%	7.10%
Component Unit - School Board:						
Schools expenditures excluding County contribution		53,594,864	54,160,921	53,805,742	55,915,274	54,571,202
Capital outlay Component Unit - School Board only (3)		1,524,264	2,549,290	2,658,590	2,784,141	2,226,249
Non-capital expenditures	_	52,070,600	51,611,631	51,147,152	53,131,133	52,344,953
Total Reporting Entity:						
Total debt service		13,955,896	13,999,129	13,322,440	13,210,751	13,408,788
Total non-capital expenditures	\$	232,427,722 \$	223,267,380 \$	226,956,410 \$	232,250,054 \$	241,195,849
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital						
expenditures: Total Reporting Entity		6.00%	6.27%	5.87%	5.69%	5.56%

⁽¹⁾ In Virginia, School Boards do not have borrowing or taxing authority, therefore the County issues debt on behalf of the School Board to finance school facilities projects. Because of this, debt service payments related to school facilities are presented as debt service of the Primary Government. Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures for the Total Reporting Entity more appropriately reflects the unique Virginia school debt requirements.

⁽²⁾ The presentation for FY2013 includes bond issuance costs.

⁽³⁾ The amount reported for "capital outlay primary government only" matches the reconciling item for capital outlay in the reconciliation between the government-wide statement of activities and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for governmental funds (Exhibit 6). The amount reported for "capital outlay Component Unit - School Board only" matches the reconciling item for capital outlay in the reconciliation between the government-wide statement of activities and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Exhibit 33).

⁽⁴⁾ In FY2021, the County implemented GASB 84, which caused the reclassification of the Working Together Fund, the Commonwealth Opportunity Fund and the Fire and Rescue USDA Debt Service Fund to governmental funds. FY2020 change in net position was updated to reflect this change. Adjustments were not made for prior years.

		Fiscal Year							
2018		2019		2020 ⁽⁴⁾		2021		2022	
									Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures: (1)
									Primary Government:
11,841,388	\$	11,972,538	<u>\$</u>	12,922,604	\$	12,954,717	\$	12,655,473	Total debt service
195,248,246		216,485,066		222,312,267		220,700,259		234,177,405	Total expenditures
5,115,341		11,005,851		17,519,268		12,988,504		24,388,298	Capital outlay primary government only (3)
190,132,905		205,479,215		204,792,999		207,711,755		209,789,107	Non-capital expenditures
							_		Debt service as a percentage of noncapital
6.23%		5.73%		6.28%		6.24%		6.00%	expenditures: Primary Government only
									Component Unit - School Board:
57,724,088		63,770,075		61,745,925		71,033,008		74,153,420	Schools expenditures excluding County contribution
 1,866,169		7,264,443		6,598,049		3,658,633	_	1,546,890	Capital outlay Component Unit - School Board only (3)
55,857,919	_	56,505,632	_	55,147,876	-	67,374,375	_	72,606,530	Non-capital expenditures
									Total Reporting Entity:
 11,841,388		11,972,538		12,922,604		12,954,717	_	12,655,473	Total debt service
 245,990,824	\$	261,984,847	_	259,940,875	\$	275,086,130	\$	282,395,637	Total non-capital expenditures
									Debt service as a percentage of noncapital
4.81%		4.50%		4.95%		4.71%		4.33%	expenditures: Total Reporting Entity

Table 5-A

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1)
Last Ten Calendar Years

Page 1 of 2

		Real Property														
						Public Service		Total Taxable		Add:						
Taxable		Residential	Commercial	Agricultural		SCC		Real Property		Tax-Exempt						
Year	Property Property Property			Assessed		Assessed Value		Real Property	Total Value							
2013	\$	6,951,154,200 \$	1,081,100,700 \$	1,711,068,100	\$	692,329,732	\$	10,435,652,732	\$	1,006,955,100 \$	11,442,607,832					
2014		7,266,298,800	1,133,663,200	1,690,497,600		661,631,726		10,752,091,326		928,023,400	11,680,114,726					
2015		7,349,773,300	1,144,905,900	1,701,191,600		650,126,899		10,845,997,699		915,822,500	11,761,820,199					
2016		7,445,077,000	1,163,896,000	1,718,320,400		654,744,149		10,982,037,549		919,663,200	11,901,700,749					
2017		7,538,017,200	1,176,883,900	1,720,140,700		657,629,104		11,092,670,904		912,299,000	12,004,969,904					
2018		8,801,964,400	1,201,542,000	1,931,881,600		639,357,088		12,574,745,088		930,513,800	13,505,258,888					
2019		8,902,352,800	1,204,551,400	1,938,119,500		747,411,827		12,792,435,527		946,805,100	13,739,240,627					
2020		8,998,105,200	1,213,702,700	1,954,430,300		738,721,754		12,904,959,954		953,451,100	13,858,411,054					
2021		9,100,673,700	1,216,267,000	1,962,211,000		752,797,325		13,031,949,025		962,927,200	13,994,876,225					
2022		11,658,433,600	1,373,722,600	2,421,031,500		703,485,269		16,156,672,969		1,113,002,100	17,269,675,069					

Table 5-B

Tax Relief for the Elderly
Last Ten Calendar Years

Taxable Year	 Tax Relief for the Elderly
2013	\$ 238,370,300
2014	245,089,100
2015	245,484,600
2016	252,923,550
2017	265,523,200
2018	308,813,800
2019	320,165,900
2020	338,265,400
2021	375,442,575
2022	466,059,960

Source: Fauquier County Commissioner of the Revenue

⁽¹⁾ Property in Fauquier County is reassessed once every four years at actual market value. Property is assessed at 100% of estimated actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ The total direct tax rate is calculated using the weighted average method.

Page 2 of 2

_		Personal Property	1			
-	General Property	Segregated Properties	Total Personal Property Assessed Value	 Total Real and Personal Property Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (2)	Taxable Year
\$	596,389,332 \$	104,311,182 \$	700,700,514	\$ 11,136,353,246	1.186	2013
	613,509,167	112,808,209	726,317,376	11,478,408,702	1.197	2014
	638,448,282	120,276,397	758,724,679	11,604,722,378	1.211	2015
	663,841,809	140,649,248	804,491,057	11,786,528,606	1.254	2016
	705,905,506	169,961,267	875,866,773	11,968,537,677	1.254	2017
	730,253,242	167,217,815	897,471,057	13,472,216,145	0.920	2018
	760,595,780	236,130,768	996,726,548	13,789,162,075	0.925	2019
	796,099,795	241,645,539	1,037,745,334	13,942,705,288	1.825	2020
	795,706,697	243,309,126	1,039,015,823	14,070,964,848	1.810	2021
	1,095,772,606	363,548,773	1,459,321,379	17,615,994,348	1.140	2022

Table 6 Property Tax Rates for Both Direct and Overlapping Governments (1) Last Ten Calendar Years (rates per \$100 of assessed value)

					Calendar Ye	ear				
Type of Tax	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
FAUQUIER COUNTY										
Countywide tax levies:										
Real property:										
General Fund	\$ 0.929	\$ 0.941 \$	0.948 \$	0.975 \$	0.975 \$	0.855 \$	0.855 \$	0.855 \$	0.855 \$	0.758
Fire and Rescue Special Revenue Fund	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.058	0.058	0.121	0.133	0.133	0.133	0.140
Conservation Easement Purchase Levy	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.005
Total direct real property tax rate	0.980	0.992	0.999	1.039	1.039	0.982	0.994	0.994	0.994	0.903
Personal property:										
General class	4.650	4.650	4.650	4.650	4.650	4.650	4.650	4.650	4.650	3.450
Airplanes	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.003
Machinery and tools	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	3.450
Handicapped equipped vehicle	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050
Camper trailers and boats	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500
Mobile homes	0.980	0.992	0.999	1.039	1.039	0.982	0.994	0.994	0.994	0.903
Buses with 30 or more passengers	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Business furniture, fixtures, and equipment	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.300	3.450
Fire and rescue volunteer vehicle	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250
Total direct personal property tax rate (2)	4.255	4.255	4.241	4.200	4.200	5.206	5.149	5.149	5.149	3.390
Total direct tax rate (2)	1.186	1.197	1.211	1.254	1.254	0.920	0.925	1.825	1.810	1.140
Special district levies:										
Marshall Street Light Levy (3)	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.025	0.025
Stormwater Management Levy (4)	0.003	13.64	13.64	13.64	13.64	13.64	13.64	13.64	13.64	13.64
Stormwater Management 224y (4)		13.04	13.04	15.04	13.04	13.04	15.04	13.04	13.04	13.04
OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS										
Town of Warrenton:										
Real estate	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.040
Personal property	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Town of Remington:										
Real estate	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125
Personal property	1.100	1.100	1.100	1.100	1.100	1.100	1.100	1.100	1.100	1.100
Town of The Plains:										
Real estate	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040
Personal property	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500

Sources: Fauquier County Commissioner of the Revenue; Town of Warrenton; Town of Remington; Town of The Plain County Commissioner of the Revenue; Town of Warrenton; Town of Remington; Town of The Plain County Commissioner of the Revenue; Town of Warrenton; Town of Remington; Town of The Plain County County

The County does not have any direct and overlapping debt to report.
 The total direct personal property tax rate and the total direct tax rate are calculated using the taxable property assessed value weighted average method

The Marshall Street Light Levy is a special assessment for the Marshall District.
 The Stormwater Management Levy is a special assessment per parcel on certain parcels.

Table 7-A
Principal Real Property Taxpayers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2022			2013					
	_			% of	_			% of			
TAXPAYER	Assessed		Total Assessed			Assessed		Total Assessed			
		Valuation	Rank	Valuation		Valuation	Rank	Valuation			
Virginia Electric & Power Company	\$	428,698,097	1	2.65%	\$	318,525,008	1	3.06%			
Old Dominion Electric Co-Op		88,960,392	2	0.55%		150,146,423	2	1.44%			
Fauquier Medical Center LLC		80,364,200	3	0.50%							
Northern Virginia Electric Co-Op		34,490,801	4	0.21%		31,984,609	4	0.31%			
Warrenton Center LLC		33,606,000	5	0.21%		29,666,400	5	0.28%			
Amazon Data Services Inc.		31,282,500	6	0.19%							
Rappahannock Electric Co-Op		23,119,563	7	0.14%		20,656,508	7	0.20%			
Fauquier Long-Term Care LLC		22,771,700	8	0.14%							
Verizon - Virginia LLC		22,063,819	9	0.14%		35,415,429	3	0.34%			
Goose Pond Grove LTD		20,141,000	10	0.12%							
Oak Spring Farms LLC						23,858,700	6	0.23%			
Saul Holdings Limited Partnership						19,582,100	8	0.19%			
Warrenton Development Company						18,774,000	9	0.18%			
Norfolk Southern Railway Corp.	_				_	18,738,825	10	0.18%			
Total	\$	785,498,072		4.85%	Ś	667,348,002		6.41%			

Source: Fauquier County Commissioner of the Revenue

Table 7-B

Principal Personal Property Taxpayers (1)
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2022			2013				
	_			% of	_			% of		
TAXPAYER		Assessed		Total Assessed		Assessed		Total Assessed		
		Valuation	Rank	Valuation		Valuation	Rank	Valuation		
Amazon Data Services Inc.	\$	74,603,933	1	6.39%						
Microsoft Corp		49,678,986	2	4.26%						
Data Center Vint Hill LLC		23,123,965	3	1.98%						
B&M Crane LLC		23,036,821	4	1.97%						
LCI Holdings Of Virginia Inc.		10,812,230	5	0.93%						
H & E Equipment Services Inc.		5,913,514	6	0.51%	\$	2,778,760	4	0.41%		
LCI Industrial Inc.		4,925,523	7	0.42%						
LCI Virginia Inc.		4,917,248	8	0.42%						
Comcast of CA/MD/PA/VA/WV LLC		4,826,097	9	0.41%		5,196,123	1	0.77%		
Luck Stone Corp.		4,765,229	10	0.41%		2,883,598	3	0.43%		
Vulcan Materials Company						4,556,258	2	0.67%		
Toyota Motor Credit Corp. (TLT)						2,237,261	5	0.33%		
Smith-Midland Corp.						1,557,265	6	0.23%		
D. L. Peterson Trust						1,349,158	7	0.20%		
Penske Truck Leasing Company LP						1,183,517	8	0.18%		
Financial Services Vehicles Trust						1,078,600	9	0.16%		
Daimler Trust	_				_	1,007,689	10	0.15%		
Total	\$	206,603,546		17.70%	\$	23,828,229		3.53%		

⁽¹⁾ Original TY 2022 Book Assessments.

Table 8
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

								ns within the ar of the Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years		Total Coll	ections to Date
Tax Year	Tax Levied for Total Adjusted the Tax Year Adjustments Levy		_	Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Tax Levy	Amount	_	Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Tax Levy			
				-	•	-				-	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2013	\$ 130,416,940	\$	(1,693,367)	\$	128,723,573	\$	127,043,501	98.69% \$	1,483,174	\$	128,526,675	99.85%
2014	135,048,317		(2,063,071)		132,985,246		131,489,753	98.88%	1,283,056		132,772,809	99.84%
2015	139,715,498		(2,229,634)		137,485,864		136,752,914	99.47%	522,251		137,275,165	99.85%
2016	145,116,299		(2,225,014)		142,891,285		141,729,823	99.19%	921,277		142,651,100	99.83%
2017	150,925,791		(2,237,453)		148,688,338		147,622,593	99.28%	945,136		148,567,729	99.92%
2018	158,308,472		(2,685,925)		155,622,547		153,416,764	98.58%	1,864,216		155,280,980	99.78%
2019	166,591,947		(3,366,808)		163,225,139		161,869,811	99.17%	911,101		162,780,912	99.73%
2020	171,215,609		(3,777,404)		167,438,205		164,860,431	98.46%	1,698,477		166,558,908	99.47%
2021	172,413,193		(1,625,970)		170,787,223		168,570,314	98.70%	1,051,974		169,622,288	99.32%
2022	190,503,388		(3,024,315)		187,479,073		184,743,971	98.54%	· · ·		184,743,971	98.54%

The Personal Property Tax Relief Act amounts received for tax years 2013 to 2022 are as follows:

FY 2013 \$	13,657,516	CY 2013
FY 2014	13,566,372	CY 2014
FY 2015	13,570,923	CY 2015
FY 2016	13,758,849	CY 2016
FY 2017	13,707,834	CY 2017
FY 2018	13,705,160	CY 2018
FY 2019	13,658,120	CY 2019
FY 2020	13,658,086	CY 2020
FY 2021	13,652,646	CY 2021
FY 2022	13,659,497	CY 2022

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

_		Governmental	Activities			Business-ty	pe Activities		Component Unit					
Fiscal Year	Financing Agreements	Lease Liabilities	General Obligation Bonds	Virginia Public School Authority Bonds	Financing Agreements	Lease Liabilities	Solid Waste Revenue Bonds	Sewer Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Lease Liabilities	Financing Agreements	Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per Capita (2)
2013	\$ 11,144,985 \$	- \$	32,555,866 \$	76,580,596	\$ - \$	\$	5,925,854 \$	- \$	126,207,301	\$ - \$	- \$	4,007,110,000	3.15%	1,908
2014	9,769,939	-	29,368,052	71,241,989	-		5,387,159	-	115,767,139	-	-	4,122,954,000	2.81%	1,739
2015	9,400,835	-	27,727,283	65,756,480	-		9,646,698	-	112,531,296	-	-	4,367,150,000	2.58%	1,667
2016	7,963,597	-	25,267,136	60,272,709	-		9,430,964	-	102,934,406	-	-	4,496,180,000	2.29%	1,516
2017	10,842,031	-	22,762,210	54,797,067	9,129,028		-	-	97,530,336	-	-	4,720,604,000	2.07%	1,431
2018	14,580,137	-	20,210,265	49,480,501	8,814,800		-	118,587	93,204,290	-	-	4,928,340,000	1.89%	1,349
2019	31,153,322	-	17,733,115	44,338,192	8,493,518		-	483,089	102,201,236	-	10,672,434	5,226,581,000	1.96%	1,457
2020	33,650,650	-	15,399,876	39,090,403	8,165,214		-	204,792	96,510,935	-	10,672,434	5,444,716,000	1.77%	1,367
2021	31,719,408	1,562,947	13,028,034	33,917,539	8,225,194	176,059	-	1,364,625	89,993,806	839,932	10,941,095	5,817,340,000	1.55%	1,268
2022	29,186,321	1,282,275	10,718,203	47,010,039	7,729,470	155,225	13,985,747	4,435,934	114,503,214	671,699	10,342,157	*	*	1,562

⁽¹⁾ The County does not have any direct and overlapping debt to report.
(2) See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on Table 13 for personal income and population data.

Table 10

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Virginia			Percentage of	
		General	Public School	Net	Percentage of	Estimated Actual	
Fiscal		Obligation	Authority	General	Personal	Value of Taxable	Per
Year Bonds Bonds		Bonds	Bonded Debt	Income	Property (2)	Capita (3)	
2013	\$	32,555,866 \$	76,580,596 \$	109,136,462	2.72%	0.98%	1,650
2014		29,368,052	71,241,989	100,610,041	2.44%	0.88%	1,511
2015		27,727,283	65,756,480	93,483,763	2.14%	0.81%	1,385
2016		25,267,136	60,272,709	85,539,845	1.90%	0.73%	1,260
2017		22,762,210	54,797,067	77,559,277	1.64%	0.65%	1,138
2018		20,210,265	49,480,501	69,690,766	1.41%	0.52%	1,009
2019		17,733,115	44,338,192	62,071,307	1.21%	0.45%	885
2020		15,399,876	39,090,403	54,490,279	1.00%	0.39%	772
2021		13,028,034	33,917,539	46,945,573	0.81%	0.34%	665
2022		10,718,203	47,010,039	57,728,242	*	0.33%	788

⁽¹⁾ The County does not have any direct and overlapping debt to report.

⁽²⁾ See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on Table 5A-B for property value data.

⁽³⁾ See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on Table 13 for population data.

^{*} Unavailable

Table 11

Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Solid Waste Revenue Bonds													
	-							De	ebt Service						
Fiscal Year		Landfill and Recycling Fund Revenues (1)	Less: Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenues	Principal		Interest	Total	Coverage						
2013	\$	4,101,859	\$	4,073,371 \$	28,488	\$	-	\$	212,629 \$	212,629	0.13				
2014		5,526,594		4,673,350	853,244		385,000		234,122	619,122	1.38				
2015		4,393,028		4,279,550	113,478		45,000		68,478	113,478	1.00				
2022		8,600,815		7,517,826	1,082,989		-		213,021	213,021	5.08				

NOTE: The schedule shows fiscal years for which there was revenue bonds with coverage requirements were outstanding. For fiscal years 2016 - 2021, there were no revenue bonds outstanding with coverage requirements.

- (1) Includes total operating revenues, interest income, operating grants, and transfers from the General Fund.
- (2) Operating expenses exclude the following non-cash expenses: closure/post-closure costs, depreciation, lease amortization, pension and OPEB expense and interest expense applicable to the debt for which revenues are pledged.

Table 12

County Policy Debt Margin
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Ye	ear		
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Budgeted revenues (1)	\$	159,945,659 \$	163,855,490 \$	170,353,442 \$	174,239,206 \$	181,242,684
Debt limit (2)		15,994,566	16,385,549	17,035,344	17,423,921	18,124,268
Total net debt applicable to limit (3)	-	14,609,344	14,936,587	14,259,898	14,148,209	14,346,246
County policy margin	\$ =	1,385,222 \$	1,448,962 \$	2,775,446 \$	3,275,712 \$	3,778,022
Total net debt applicable to the limit						
as a percentage of general revenues		9.13%	9.12%	8.37%	8.12%	7.92%

- (1) Budgeted revenues include the General Fund, the Conservation Easement Service District Fund, and the Volunteer Fire and Rescue Fund.
- (2) The Code of Virginia has no legal debt margin limit set on the Counties. Fauquier County's annual debt service capacity was defined as 10% of the aggregate total of original budgeted revenues in the General Fund, the Conservation Easement Service District Fund, and the Volunteer Fire and Rescue Fund.
- (3) Contributions to certain volunteer fire and rescue companies operating within the County that are utilized to pay debt service on borrowing for which the County has made certain commitments (see Note 9) are included in the debt margin calculation.

			Fiscal Year					
	2018		2019	2020		2021	2022	
\$	186,361,492	\$	200,257,948	\$ 208,093,792	\$	208,969,831	\$ 213,284,259	Budgeted revenues (1)
	18,636,149		20,025,795	20,809,379		20,896,983	21,328,426	Debt limit (2)
_	12,778,846	_	13,145,314	 13,359,801		13,440,989	 12,707,678	Total net debt applicable to limit (3)
\$_	5,857,303	\$_	6,880,481	\$ 7,449,578	\$_	7,455,994	\$ 8,620,748	County policy margin
	6.86%		6.56%	6.42%		6.43%	5.96%	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of general revenues

Table 13

Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Estimated Population (1)	Personal Income (expressed in thousands) (2)	Per Capit Person Income	al Unemployment	County Civilian Labor Force (3)	At-Place Employment Annual Average (3)	School Enrollment (4)
2013	66,131	\$ 4,007,110	\$ 59	,252 5.0%	36,781	21,213	11,032
2014	66,573	4,122,954		,954 4.6%	36,885	21,076	11,084
2015	67,512	4,367,150		,076 4.1%	36,761	21,549	11,055
2016	67,898	4,496,180	64	,437 3.5%	36,437	22,054	10,890
2017	68,168	4,720,604	66	,804 3.4%	36,968	22,116	10,885
2018	69,098	4,928,340	68	,443 2.7%	37,626	22,417	10,955
2019	70,150	5,226,581	71	,845 2.4%	38,794	22,249	10,987
2020	70,580	5,444,716	74	,649 6.7%	36,955	21,370	10,891
2021	70,996	5,817,340	78	,810 3.5%	36,830	21,813	10,145
2022	73,291	*		* 2.5%	37,430	21,924	10,648

Sources:

- (1) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service final population estimates as of July 1st for FY2013 through FY2021, and provisional estimate for FY2022, as of July 1, 2021.
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, calendar year data. Revised estimates for 2013-2021.
- (3) Bureau of Labor Statistics Data for the Unemployment Rate and County Civilian Labor Force is the rate at June of the corresponding year. Bureau of Labor Statistics Data for At-Place Employment is the average of the first three months (January, February, and March) of the calendar year.
- (4) School enrollment from the Fauquier County Public Schools Adopted Budgets for FY2013 through FY2015 and Virginia Department of Education for FY2016 through FY2022.
- * Unavailable

Table 14

Principal Employers (1)

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022	2013		
		Number of		Number of	
Employer	Rank	Employees	Rank	Employees	
Fauquier County School Board	1	1000 and over	1	1000 and over	
County of Fauquier	2	500 to 999	3	500 to 999	
Fauquier Partner LLC	3	500 to 999	2	1000 and over	
U.S. Department of Transportation	4	500 to 999	4	250 to 499	
Walmart Associates Inc.	5	250 to 499	5	250 to 499	
Town of Warrenton	6	100 to 249	6	100 to 249	
Food Lion	7	100 to 249	7	100 to 249	
White Horse OPCO LLC	8	100 to 249			
Blue Ridge Orthopedic Associates	9	100 to 249			
The Home Depot	10	100 to 249			
Vangent Inc.			8	100 to 249	
Oak Springs of Warrenton			9	100 to 249	
Commonwealth of Virginia			10	100 to 249	

⁽¹⁾ Fauquier County is prohibited from publishing the actual number of employees per the Confidential Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act of 2002 – Title V of Public Law 107-347.

Source: Virginia Employment Commission Top 50 Employers (1st Quarter of 2022 and 2nd Quarter of 2013)

Table 15

County Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Ye	ar				
Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General government administration	113.4	114.4	116.8	117.5	119.6	122.5	123.5	125.2	125.2	125.2
Judicial administration	42.8	42.8	44.1	45.1	45.1	45.1	45.1	45.0	45.0	45.0
Public safety	238.5	238.5	248.9	248.9	260.5	266.5	299.5	310.5	310.5	311.5
Public works (2)	76.1	75.5	79.5	78.5	79.5	79.5	81.5	81.5	107.0	107.0
Health and welfare	47.5	47.5	48.5	48.5	48.5	48.5	58.5	59.5	59.5	60.5
Parks, recreation, and cultural	61.9	61.9	62.9	63.2	64.2	65.2	65.2	65.2	64.2	64.2
Community development (2)	62.1	62.1	72.1	75.1	76.1	76.1	76.1	75.7	49.7	50.2
Total Primary Government	642.3	642.7	672.8	676.8	693.5	703.4	749.4	762.6	761.1	763.6
Component Unit - School Board										
Education	1,816.3	1,819.5	1,831.1	1,836.1	1,819.1	1,831.0	1,890.7	1,900.9	1,905.0	1,915.2
Total Reporting Entity	2,458.6	2,462.2	2,503.9	2,512.9	2,512.6	2,534.4	2,640.1	2,663.5	2,666.1	2,678.8

⁽¹⁾ As of FY2017, Fire, Rescue, and Emergency Services is reported in the Fire and Rescue Tax Levy Fund

Sources: For County Government employees information: Fauquier County Adopted Budgets

⁽²⁾ As of FY2021, Convenience Sites and Environmental Services are now combined as Environmental Services Fund



Table 16

Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Page 1 of 6

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2013	2015	2016	2017						
General government administration										
Commissioner of the revenue										
Real estate number of parcels	32,897	32,967	33,276	33,466	33,591					
Land use number of parcels	3,925	3,950	3,914	3,867	3,847					
PPTRA qualifying vehicles	71,931	70,800	74,556	75,741	77,413					
County attorney (5)										
Total litigation files opened	11	9	13	13						
Active open litigation cases	-	-	-	351	390					
Finance										
Vendor checks issued	17,555	17,971	17,071	17,247	17,290					
Human resources										
Employment applications received	11,814	9,125	9,668	9,065	10,162					
New employees orientated	548	526	841	737	840					
Payroll annual checks/direct deposits	53,104	68,750	43,467	66,835	77,610					
Information technology										
Website hits (6)	1,043,798	1,056,552	1,582,195	1,199,765	210,985					
Unique page views (8)	-	-	-	-						
Treasurer										
General Revenue Collections:										
Real estate bills mailed	63,101	63,486	64,548	64,550	65,655					
Personal property bills mailed	63,494	64,910	66,643	68,310	69,726					
Dog tags issued	3,340	3,434	3,737	3,576	4,466					
Judicial administration										
Adult court services										
Average daily caseload	564	425	450	315	310					
Circuit court (2)										
Civil cases	884	640	561	687	595					
Criminal cases	1,168	1,211	1,123	974	1,150					
Clerk of the circuit court (by calendar year)										
Deed book recording	14,153	10,188	11,986	12,515	11,555					
Judgments	1,758	1,927	1,555	1,290	1,348					
Criminal cases	1,166	1,221	950	1,082	1,085					
Concealed weapon permits	1,607	1,078	1,218	1,417	1,368					
Public safety										
Detention center										
Prisoner transports	6,119	6,967	7,441	6,958	6,678					
Average daily inmate population	103	104	102	91	82					
Juvenile detention (9)										
Youth detained	44	50	50	50	50					
Child care days	259	300	300	300	300					
Juvenile probation										
Probation and paroles per month	102	75	110	110	110					
Intakes	1,108	1,250	1,200	1,200	1,283					

⁽¹⁾ Operating indicators for the current year-end will not be available until the publication of the subsequent year's budget. Therefore, FY2022 information is not available.

Sources: Fauquier County Adopted Budgets; Fauquier County Departments; Fauquier County School Board Superintendent's Annual Reports

⁽²⁾ Circuit court data based on calendar year.

⁽³⁾ Updated Recycled Materials - Tons rate in FY2016 to reflect correct statistic.

⁽⁴⁾ Transfer station operations began in FY2016.

⁽⁵⁾ As of FY2016, County Attorney revised reporting categories.

⁽⁶⁾ As of FY2017, Information Technology utilized a new method of website tracking.

⁽⁷⁾ As of FY2017, the Sheriff's Office utilized a new method for reporting categories.

⁽⁸⁾ As of FY2019, Information Technology utilized a new method of tracking website visitors.

⁽⁹⁾ As of FY2018, Juvenile Detention utilized a new method of reporting.

⁽¹⁰⁾ As of FY2017, the structure of the SAT test and scoring methodology changed.

⁽¹¹⁾ One-time increase due to circumstances unique to FY2020.

^{*} Unavailable

2018	Fiscal Ye 2019	2020	2021	2022 (1)	=
-				- ,-/	General government administration
					Commissioner of the revenue
32,785	32,898	33,045	33,133	*	Real estate number of parcels
3,768	3,767	3,867	3,714	*	Land use number of parcels
78,961	80,590	82,202	79,902	*	PPTRA qualifying vehicles
-7	,	. , -	.,		County attorney (5)
_	_	_	_	*	Total litigation files opened
346	331	86	121	*	Active open litigation cases
					Finance
18,119	17,011	17,583	16,050	*	Vendor checks issued
	,-	,	,,,,,,		Human resources
10,509	4,042	7,852	8,786	*	Employment applications received
880	770	498	685	*	New employees orientated
71,008	72,004	76,722	75,701	*	Payroll annual checks/direct deposits
,000	, 2,004	. 0,	. 5,. 51		Information technology
210,651	_	_	_	*	Website hits (6)
-	1,343,804	1,376,035	1,625,059	*	Unique page views (8)
	1,545,004	1,570,033	1,023,033		Treasurer
					General Revenue Collections:
65,916	66,252	66,139	66,429	*	Real estate bills mailed
70,206	71,883	71,115	71,211	*	Personal property bills mailed
4,283	4,118	2,970	3,967	*	Dog tags issued
4,203	4,110	2,370	3,307		206 (463)33464
					Judicial administration
					Adult court services
350	322	288	222	*	Average daily caseload
550	022	200			Circuit court (2)
849	600	600	445	*	Civil cases
861	860	900	607	*	Criminal cases
	200	550	557		Clerk of the circuit court (by calendar year)
10,562	11,500	15,936	16,235	*	Deed book recording
1,256	1,300	810	838	*	Judgments
861	850	688	785	*	Criminal cases
1,534	1,200	2,971	1,389	*	Concealed weapon permits
1,554	1,200	2,311	1,303		concedica weapon permits
					Public safety
					Detention center
6,680	6,338	4,953	2,398	*	Prisoner transports
86	70	42	45	*	Average daily inmate population
00	,0	72	43		Juvenile detention (9)
2	12	13	21	*	Youth detained
19	5	472	23	*	Child care days
19	3	472	23		Juvenile probation
50	15	9	3	*	Probation and paroles per month
1,283	928	1,020	880	*	Intakes
1,203	928	1,020	000	•	iiitake2

Table 16

Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Page 3 of 6

_	F				
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Public safety (continued)					
Operations					
911 calls for service	26,553	24,196	27,607	26,593	24,845
Hazardous material response	20 calls	25 calls	7 calls	10 calls	6 calls
Emergency Response - EMS	7,187	7,230	7,533	7,706	4,551
Emergency Response - Fire	3,938	3,964	4,386	4,648	2,655
Emergency Response - Fire and EMS (11)	-	-	-	-	-
Sheriff (7)					
Traffic summonses issued	6,992	6,864	5,952	6,077	7,734
Misdemeanor arrests	2,283	2,345	1,937	1,811	1,184
Felony arrests	930	1,089	1,028	937	504
Civil papers served	15,364	21,548	19,342	14,412	13,528
Calls for service	71,048	65,565	68,577	24,099	23,997
Animal control calls for service	3,177	3,116	2,589	2,532	2,497
Joint communications					
Telephone calls processed	158,493	160,078	157,410	141,730	144,256
Dispatch actions performed	886,108	912,691	921,379	914,143	962,493
Calls for service	133,542	116,948	114,435	111,563	118,344
Public works					
Environmental services - convenience sites					
Trash - tons	17,702	17,841	17,608	19,368	19,653
Recycled materials - tons (3)	2,446	2,654	2,634	2,878	3,039
Resident visits	523,106	527,506	526,812	578,393	585,793
General services					
Facility work orders completed	8,405	8,500	7,542	8,500	8,210
Fleet vehicles/small engines	618	725	800	817	915
Preventive maintenance schedule	2,009	2,000	2,029	2,000	2,610
Health and welfare					
Children's Services Act (CSA)					
Congregate care	28	45	65	51	28
Foster care - therapeutic, specialized, regular	81	112	75	75	78
Community based services	155	196	195	196	194
Special Education Day Placements	29	35	46	52	50
SPED Wraps	26	13	20	10	8
Social services					
Adoption assistance	42	44	59	68	79
Long term care screenings	102	135	136	141	115

- (1) Operating indicators for the current year-end will not be available until the publication of the subsequent year's budget. Therefore, FY2022 information is not available.
- (2) Circuit court data based on calendar year.
- (3) Updated Recycled Materials Tons rate in FY2016 to reflect correct statistic.
- (4) Transfer station operations began in FY2016.
- (5) As of FY2016, County Attorney revised reporting categories.
- (6) As of FY2017, Information Technology utilized a new method of website tracking.
- (7) As of FY2017, the Sheriff's Office utilized a new method for reporting categories.
- (8) As of FY2019, Information Technology utilized a new method of tracking website visitors.
- (9) As of FY2018, Juvenile Detention utilized a new method of reporting.
- (10) As of FY2017, the structure of the SAT test and scoring methodology changed.
- (11) One-time increase due to circumstances unique to FY2020.

Sources: Fauquier County Adopted Budgets; Fauquier County Departments; Fauquier County School Board Superintendent's Annual Reports

^{*} Unavailable

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 (1)	
				F	Public safety (continued)
					Operations:
24,085	23,951	23,403	25,081	*	911 calls for service
5 calls	5 calls	4 calls	3 calls	*	Hazardous material response
7,705	7,980	*	*	*	Emergency Response - EMS
4,819	5,527	*	*	*	Emergency Response - Fire
-	-	9,116	9,270	*	Emergency Response - Fire and EMS (11)
				S	Sheriff (7)
9,564	7,665	5,243	7,570	*	Traffic summonses issued
1,955	1,532	1,110	1,071	*	Misdemeanor arrests
986	673	521	539	*	Felony arrests
16,065	17,032	13,081	12,351	*	Civil papers served
24,839	24,866	18,629	17,699	*	Calls for service
3,986	3,898	3,529	2,448	*	Animal control calls for service
				J	loint communications
144,712	146,111	142,850	141,277	*	Telephone calls processed
,001,636	967,744	846,844	892,344	*	Dispatch actions performed
126,864	118,019	104,723	110,181	*	Calls for service
				F	Public works
				E	Environmental services - convenience sites
19,476	19,304	18,190	18,624	*	Trash - tons
3,005	3,080	3,255	3,068	*	Recycled materials - tons (3)
584,522	581,005	603,698	608,338	*	Resident visits
				(General services
8,300	8,300	7,200	7,522	*	Facility work orders completed
930	996	895	989	*	Fleet vehicles/small engines
2,500	2,570	2,450	2,616	*	Preventive maintenance schedule
				H	Health and welfare
				(Children's Services Act (CSA)
21	26	23	17	*	Congregate care
59	62	51	27	*	Foster care - therapeutic, specialized, regular
198	198	174	44	*	Community based services
40	37	49	28	*	Special Education Day Placements
17	27	20	35	*	SPED Wraps
				S	Social services
89	93	66	102	*	Adoption assistance
122	180	153	130	*	Long term care screenings

Table 16 Page 5 of 6

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	F	iscal Year			
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Parks, recreation, and cultural					
Library					
Materials cataloged/processed	11,562	11,981	11,014	11,892	13.090
Periodicals cataloged/processed	3,455	3,336	3,387	3,208	3,154
Library patron visits	264,436	261,090	266,496	259,773	253,182
Parks and recreation		,			
Park attendance	729,807	667,485	789,325	850,526	894,230
Shelter rentals	336	357	343	356	369
Education					
Per pupil expenditures	11,746	11,920	12,173	12,097	12,141
High school completion rate	96%	97%	95%	97%	97%
SAT scores (10)	1,532	1,549	1,546	1,561	1,125
Federal subsidized meals program	23.4%	24.8%	24.3%	24.5%	24.7%
Community development					
Tourism e-newsletter distribution	22,640	39,578	44,217	50,407	54,400
Rezoning/comp plans	4	12	8	70	9
Preliminary/final subdivisions	5	20	2	1	1
Zoning, Permitting, and Inspections:					
Building permits issued	1,493	1,583	1,544	1,458	1,782
Building plans reviewed	1,288	1,446	1,312	1,490	1,898
Technical/Environmental Division:					
Land disturbing permits issued	109	111	230	281	390
Marketing response to website (6)	191,150	217,750	225,588	232,355	48,720
Other funds					
Environmental services					
Residents using the landfill	2,581	1,877	1,630	1,705	1,757
Total tons recycled	24,470	25,240	17,011	15,756	19,942
Solid waste - tons to the landfill	52,749	52,588	47,957	5,821	7,994
Solid waste - tons to the transfer station (4)	-	-	-	44,962	43,635
Recycling rate	43%	43%	40%	43%	41%
Fleet maintenance					
Internal service fund county users	40	42	46	46	45
Internal service fund non-county users	12	12	12	15	13
Total vehicles serviced	5,471	6,000	6,031	6,500	6,073

- (1) Operating indicators for the current year-end will not be available until the publication of the subsequent year's budget. Therefore, FY2022 information is not available.
- (2) Circuit court data based on calendar year.
- (3) Updated Recycled Materials Tons rate in FY2016 to reflect correct statistic.
- (4) Transfer station operations began in FY2016.
- (5) As of FY2016, County Attorney revised reporting categories.
- (6) As of FY2017, Information Technology utilized a new method of website tracking.
- (7) As of FY2017, the Sheriff's Office utilized a new method for reporting categories.
- (8) As of FY2019, Information Technology utilized a new method of tracking website visitors.
- (9) As of FY2018, Juvenile Detention utilized a new method of reporting.
- (10) As of FY2017, the structure of the SAT test and scoring methodology changed.
- (11) One-time increase due to circumstances unique to FY2020.

Sources: Fauquier County Adopted Budgets; Fauquier County Departments; Fauquier County School Board Superintendent's Annual Reports

^{*} Unavailable

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 (1)	
					Parks, recreation, and cultural
					Library
11,325	10,039	8,736	8,136	*	Materials cataloged/processed
2,982	2,825	2,513	2,076	*	Periodicals cataloged/processed
237,201	218,062	148,265	58,454	*	Library patron visits
- , -	-,	-,	, -		Parks and recreation
783,884	987,052	818,830	1,051,555	*	Park attendance
356	357	198	418	*	Shelter rentals
					Education
12,394	13,342	13,092	14,368	*	Per pupil expenditures
97%	96%	98%	97	*	High school completion rate
1,092	1,101	1,095	1,120	*	SAT scores (10)
26.6%	26.9%	27.4%	-	*	Federal subsidized meals program
					Community development
57,120	16,150	16,240	16,190	*	Tourism e-newsletter distribution
12	10	7	5	*	Rezoning/comp plans
-	3	-	-	*	Preliminary/final subdivisions
					Zoning, Permitting, and Inspections:
2,110	2,046	1,813	2,294	*	Building permits issued
1,594	1,361	1,335	1,703	*	Building plans reviewed
					Technical/Environmental Division:
402	258	297	302	*	Land disturbing permits issued
33,326	39,725	44,177	35,750	*	Marketing response to website (6)
					Other funds
					Environmental services
3,108	5,057	5,500	7,689	*	Residents using the landfill
19,921	10,617	7,967	5,596	*	Total tons recycled
10,931	1,309	1,340	1,833	*	Solid waste - tons to the landfill
44,643	50,759	49,362	49,215	*	Solid waste - tons to the transfer station (4)
39%	36%	29%	35%	*	Recycling rate
					Fleet maintenance
46	58	75	46	*	Internal service fund county users
15	8	6	8	*	Internal service fund non-county users
6,500	6,442	6,080	6,500	*	Total vehicles serviced

COUNTY OF FAUQUIER, VIRGINIA

Table 17

Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year										
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
Judicial administration											
Detention center capacities	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	
Public safety											
Fire and rescue companies	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	9	
Public works (1)											
Active vehicles	270	277	454	494	362	386	413	426	452	393	
County owned buildings	57	57	57	57	64	66	69	71	71	75	
Sq. ft. in buildings	396,744	396,744	455,883	540,986	422,325	436,067	456,244	467,913	467,913	488,663	
Parks, recreation, and cultural											
Libraries	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Volumes	208,691	210,698	210,356	210,933	207,989	210,181	204,321	198,473	196,814	190,392	
Parks and recreation facilities	35	35	35	36	35	38	40	40	46	54	
Land acres	932	932	886	890	892	909	1,109	1,085	1,139	1,139	
Water acres	110	110	115	115	115	116	116	115	116	116	
Trails (miles)	14	20	20	20	20	25	26	26	26	25	
Fields	58	58	57	57	57	57	57	58	58	74	
Boats	35	36	34	34	34	40	42	42	42	41	
Shelters	21	21	19	19	18	19	19	19	20	15	
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Education											
Elementary schools											
Buildings	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	
Sq. ft. in buildings	717,016	717,016	717,016	717,016	717,016	717,016	717,016	717,016	717,016	717,016	
Capacity	6,095	6,176	6,176	6,176	6,176	6,176	6,176	6,176	6,176	6,176	
Middle schools											
Buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Sq. ft. in buildings	514,110	514,110	514,110	514,110	514,110	514,110	514,110	514,110	514,110	514,110	
Capacity	3,183	3,045	3,194	3,194	3,194	3,194	3,194	3,194	3,194	3,194	
High schools											
Buildings	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Sq. ft. in buildings	817,163	834,710	848,210	848,210	848,210	848,210	848,210	848,210	848,210	848,210	
Capacity	4,554	4,342	4,342	4,342	4,342	4,364	4,364	4,364	4,364	4,342	
Alternative schools											
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Sq. ft. in buildings	19,563	19,563	19,563	19,563	19,563	19,563	19,563	19,563	19,563	19,563	
Capacity	191	191	191	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	
Number of school buses	181	182	170	179	179	173	159	163	178	180	
Airport											
Miles of runways	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	
Number of hangars	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	6	

Sources: Fauquier County Administration; Fauquier County Fleet Operations; Fauquier County Parks & Recreation; Fauquier County
General Services; Fauquier County Department of Fire, Rescue and Emergency Management; Fauquier County Public Schools

⁽¹⁾ The County implemented a new methodology for better calculating public works statistical data in FY2017.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Fauquier, Virginia Warrenton, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Fauquier, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Fauquier, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Fauquier, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Fauquier, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Fauquier, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Fauquier, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fredericksburg, Virginia

Robinson Farmer, Cox Associares

December 15, 2022



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Fauquier, Virginia Warrenton, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Fauquier, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Fauquier, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30 2022. County of Fauquier, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, County of Fauquier, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Fauquier, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Fauquier, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Fauquier, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Fauquier, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Fauquier, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of Fauquier, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Fauquier, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Fauquier, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fredericksburg, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associases



Page 1 of 4

		Pass- Through		Amounts	Totals by
doral Granting Agency/Pace Through Agency/Crant Program	ALN	Agency Identifying	Federal	Provided to	Totals by
deral Granting Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Grant Program	Number	Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Agency
imary Government:					
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:					
Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Department of Social Services:					
SNAP Cluster:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the					
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	10120,40120	\$ 915,311 \$	-	
Total SNAP Cluster			915,311	-	
Total Department of Agriculture					915,
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:					
Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Department of Social Services:					
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	950119	534		
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	950119	5,898		
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families	33.472	930119	3,636	_	
Program	93.556	950119	34,797	_	
COVID-19 MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and	JJ.JJ0	550115	34,737	-	
Stable Families Program	93.556	CVS-19-057-A-14	4,204	_	
Stanic Latillies Flogigili	Total 93.556	Cv3-13-03/-A-14	39,001	-	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	400120	210,941	-	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	CVS-19-057-A-14	56,800		
	Total 93.558		267,741	-	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/					
Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	500120	845	_	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	600420	29,658	_	
,	30.300	000 120	23,030		
CCDF Cluster:					
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the					
Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	760120	48,611		
Total CCDF Cluster			48,611	-	
Community Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.590		417	-	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services					
Program	93.645	900119	538	-	
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	1100120	428,677	=	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120120	797,102	-	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000120	219,743	_	
		1000120		_	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	CVC 10 0F7 A 14	27,876	-	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	CVS-19-057-A-14	5,752		
	Total 93.667		253,371	-	
Family Violence Prevention and Services /					
Domestic Violence Shelter and Supportive					
Services	93.671	CVS-19-057-A-14	57,546		
Scrittees	93.071	CV3-13-037-A-14	37,340	_	
COVID-19 Family Violence Prevention and					
Services/Domestic Violence Shelter and					
Supportive Services	93.671	CVS-19-057-A-14	4,956	-	
••	Total 93.671		62,502	_	
Jahra III Chafaa Faata Co. Co. Co. Co.	. 0.0. 55.071		32,302		
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful	02.674	0450040	2.072		
Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150019	3,072	-	
COVID-19 John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for					
Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	CVS-19-057-A-14	9,181		
	Total 93.674		12,253		
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	CVS-19-057-A-14	6,717	-	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	540120	4,967	-	
Medicaid Cluster:			.,55.		
	93,778	1200120	478.665	_	
Medical Assistance Program Total Medicaid Cluster	93.778	1200120	478,665 478,665	-	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit For the Period Ended June 30, 2022

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leral Granting Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Grant Program	ALN Number	Pass- Through Agency Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients	Totals by Agency
			,		<u> </u>
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:					
Direct payments:					
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	07.003	Net Applicable	ć 701 401		
response (SAFER)	97.083	Not Applicable	\$ 781,401	-	
Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Department of Emergency Management:					
COVID-19 Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA-4512-DR-VA	344,295	=	
Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Department of Emergency Services:					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMP-2021-EP-00004	17,678	-	
Total Department of Homeland Security					1,143,3
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:					
Direct payments:					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	Not Applicable	7,412	=	
Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Department of Criminal Justice Services:					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assitance Grant	16.738	2019-MU-BX-0026	3,269	-	
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	21-B3423VP19	181,400	-	
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental					
Funding Program	16.034	20-A5070CE20	1,700	-	
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental					
Funding Program	16.034	10698	34,920	<u> </u>	
	Total 16.034		36,620		
Total Department of Justice					228,7
·					
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:					
Direct payments:					
COVID-19 Airport Improvement Program	20.106	Not Applicable	194,542	-	
Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Department of Transportation:					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	UPC 91227	2,156,674	-	
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			2,156,674	-	
Highway Safety Cluster:					
Passed through DriveSmart Virginia:					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Unknown	1,180	-	
Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Department of Motor Vehicles:					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	FSC-2021-501108-21108	6,241	-	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	FSC-2022-52055-22055	1,717	<u> </u>	
	Total 20.600		9,138	-	
Total Highway Safety Cluster			9,138		
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2021-51058-21058	306	-	
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2022-52115-22115	5,754		
•	Total 20.607		6,061	-	
Total Department of Transportation				_	2,366,4
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY:					
Direct Payments:					
Secret Service Task Force	21.000	Not Applicable	572	-	
Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia:		P.P. 1122212	3.2		
Department of the Treasury:					
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Not Available	240,959	_	
COVID-19 Coronovirus State and Local Fiscal	21.019	INUL AVAIIADIE	240,959	-	
Recovery Funds	21.027	Not Available	1,002,814	58,432	
,	21.02/		1,002,017	30,432	
<u>Department of Criminal Justice Services:</u> Coronovirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	22 424224000	CO 3EC		
Coronovirus state and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027 Total 21.027	22-A3423ARRF	60,356 1,063,170	-	
	10td1 21.U2/		1,005,170		
				58,432 \$	1,304,7

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit For the Period Ended June 30, 2022

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Federal Granting Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Grant Program	ALN Number	Pass-Through Agency Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients	Totals by Agency
THE INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES: Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia: Library of Virginia:					
COVID- 19 Grants to States	45.310	LVA-ARPA-016	\$ 15,464	-	
Total Institute of Museum and Library Services					15,464
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY: Passed through the Stare of Maryland: Chesapeake Bay Program	66.466	Not Available	3,000		
Total Environmental Protection Agency					3,000
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Prima	ry Government				8,414,462
Component Unit - School Board:					
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia: Department of Education:					
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited	10.649	DOE865560	3,063	-	
Availability	10.579	DOE868040	11,040	-	
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	APE40253	1,507,264	-	
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	Not Available	5,803,997	-	
National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555	Not Available	460,928		
	Total 10.555		6,264,925	-	
		APE60175,60176, 60302,			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	60303	120,423		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			7,892,612	-	
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	APE70027	341,221		
Total Department of Agriculture				-	8,247,936
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Direct Payments:					
Junior ROTC Program	12.000	Not Applicable	63,834	-	
Passed through the University of Maryland:					
Language Grant Program	12.900	Not Available	87,521		
Total Department of Defense				-	\$ 151,355

Federal Granting Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Grant Program	ALN Number	Pass-Through Agency Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients	Totals by Agency
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:	<u>-</u>				
Passed through the Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	APE42901	\$ 1,104,182	_	
		ADEC00410 C0170	, , , , ,		
		APE600410, 60170,			
ESSER-American Rescue Plan -Elementary and		60173, 60172 70037, 60041, 60042, 60170,			
Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425	U 70037, 50175	774,407	_	
ESF-SEA-Education Stabilization Fund-State	04.423	0 70037, 30173	774,407		
Education Agency	84.425	A APE50195	1,957,001	_	
ESSER-Elementary and Secondary School	84.425		_,,		
Emergency Relief Fund		U APE43071, APE61110	1,567,687	-	
GEER - Governor's Emergency Education Relief		APE70037	1,507,007		
Fund	84.425	C	61,283	_	
ESSER-Elementary and Secondary School		APE60177, 60170, 60172,	,		
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425	D 60173	259,987	-	
	Total 84.425		4,620,365	-	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):					
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	APE43071, APE61110	1,773,871	-	
COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States	84.027	APE50175	188,513		
001110 40 0 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Total 84.027		1,962,384	-	
COVID-19 Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	DOE86537	9,840	-	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	APE62521	58,717		
T. 10 (151) (151)	Total 84.173	3	68,557	-	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			2,030,941	-	
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to	84.048				
States		APE60031, APE61095	153,027	-	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	APE60512	66,881	-	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	APE61480	112,448	-	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	APE60281	29,236		
Total Department of Education				-	8,117,080
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISION Direct Payments:					
Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	Not Applicable	382,715	-	
Total Federal Communications Commission					382,715
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Compo	onent Unit - Sch	ool Board			16,899,086
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Rep	orting Entity			Ş	25,313,548

COUNTY OF FAUQUIER, VIRGINIA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Fauquier, Virginia under programs of the Federal Government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200 (2 CFR 200)). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the County of Fauquier, Virginia, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Fauquier, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200 (2 CFR 200), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable, or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues, and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:		
Primary government: General Fund	\$	2 500 217
	Ş	3,560,217
Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund		2,156,674 400,775
Fire and Rescue Fund		799,079
American Rescue Plan Fund		1,159,807
Other Governmental Funds		612,954
Airport Fund		,
Airport Fund		130,245
Total primary government		8,819,751
Component Unit – School Board:		
School General Fund		8,651,150
School Nutrition Fund		8,236,896
Total component unit school board		16,888,046
Total federal revenues per basic financial statements		25,707,797
Reconcile Federal revenues to expenditures		
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes		(3,014)
Less: Social Security incentive payments		(1,500)
Less: Federal Tax Credit Subsidy on QSCB Bond		(400,775)
Add: FY2021 expenditures in ALN 10.579-Child Nutrition		
Discretionary Grants Limited Availability that were not reported		
in FY21 and identified as federal funding when reimbursed.		11,040
Total reconciling items		(394,249)
Total expenditures reimbursed by federal revenues		25,313,548
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	25,313,548

COUNTY OF FAUQUIER, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in acccordance with

2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
21.027	COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	
84.425A/84.425C/84.425D/84.425U	COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	
10.561	SNAP Cluster	
93.659	Adoption Assistance	
97.083	Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$759,406
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Prior Year Findings

There are no prior year findings to report.