ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

-	Board of Supervisors Paul Hudgins, Chair Jackie Ingram, Vice-Chair	
Dave Jones	Dr. Rev. Melissa Mason	Mike Walls
	School Board	
	Linda G. Hodges, Chair Desmond A. Smith, Vice-Chair	
Robert A. Dobson	D. Lorraine Forrest	John L. Priest
	Department of Social Services Board	
	Kevin Hogge, Chair Mary E. Sampson, Vice-Chair	
Dr. Rev. Melissa Mason Arlene Armentor		Janice Phillips

Other Officials

County Administrator	Ramona Wilson
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Angela C. Ingram
County Attorney	Andrea Erard
Commissioner of the Revenue	Leslie Hall
Treasurer	Wendy Stewart
Sheriff	L. Mark Barrick
Superintendent of Schools	Nancy B. Welch
Director of Social Services	Tiffany Gordon
Judge of the Circuit Court	Jeffrey W. Shaw
Commonwealth's Attorney	Thompson C. Bowen, III
Judge of the General District Court	Stephanie M. Revere
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Brian J. Smalls

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Mathews Mathews, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Mathews, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Mathews, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Mathews, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 87, *Leases* and 92, *Omnibus*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (Continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Mathews, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Mathews, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Mathews, Virginia 's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal* Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2022, on our consideration of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Mathews, Virginia's control over financial reporting and compliance.

PATIK-

Richmond, Virginia December 12, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Mathews County County of Mathews, Virginia

As management of the County of Mathews, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

< The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,357,564 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of (\$20,884) (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$9,283,405 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$9,132,668, a decrease of \$20,884 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$7,128,249, or 31% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- < The combined long-term obligations decreased \$34,479 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required supplementary and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all County assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Mathews, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district and economic development authority for which the County of Mathews, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Mathews Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Governmental funds</u> - *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds - the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's fiduciary funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All County fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Fiduciary funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress. Other supplementary information consists of the presentation of combining financial statements for the agency funds, discretely presented component unit - School Board and the Economic Development Authority. Neither the School Board nor the Economic Development Authority issue separate financial statements.

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Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$18,357,564 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Mathews,	virgin			
		Governmer	ntal	
		2022		2021
Current and other assets	\$	19,319,821	\$	17,753,936
Capital assets	_	11,025,034		10,967,085
Total assets	\$_	30,344,855	\$	28,721,021
Deferred outflows of resources	\$_	696,897	\$	828,696
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	2,448,251	\$	2,364,051
outstanding	_	2,996,637		3,031,116
Total liabilities	\$_	5,444,888	\$	5,395,167
Deferred inflows of resources	\$_	7,239,300	\$	5,572,931
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	8,958,100	\$	9,738,739
Restricted		2,467,476		1,008,129
Unrestricted		6,931,988		7,834,751
Total net position	\$_	18,357,564	\$	18,581,619

County of Mathews, Virginia's Net Position

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Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$224,055 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

		Governmen	tal	Activities
	-	2022		2021
evenues:				
harges for services	\$	250,608	\$	161,504
perating grants and				
contributions		3,782,355		5,403,931
apital grants and				
contributions		420,954		-
eneral property taxes		14,346,281		13,391,361
her local taxes		2,171,108		2,049,899
ants and other contri-				
butions not restricted		1,400,264		1,402,555
her general revenues	-	125,821		73,210
Total revenues	\$	22,497,391	\$	22,482,460
penses:				
eneral government				
Iministration	\$	2,149,575	\$	1,993,310
icial administration		773,212		714,757
olic safety		3,806,236		4,145,769
olic works		1,570,076		1,419,514
alth and welfare		2,283,681		2,127,174
ucation		9,290,675		8,754,458
rks, recreation, and				
ıltural		427,821		611,567
mmunity development		2,399,447		934,167
erest and other fiscal				
arges	-	20,723		21,206
Total expenses	\$	22,721,446	\$	20,721,922
ange in net position	\$	(224,055)	\$	1,760,538
et position, beginning of year		18,581,619		16,821,081
et position, end of year	Ś	18,357,564	s	18,581,619

County of Mathews, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$9,132,668, a decrease of \$20,884 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 78% of the reported fund balance constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues and other financing sources exceeded budgetary estimates by \$2,137,393 and expenditures and other financing uses were less than budgetary estimates by \$100,733, resulting in an overall positive variance of \$2,238,126.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$11,025,034 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$2,030,261. Of this amount, \$53,370 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., lease/revenue bonds).

The County's total debt increased by \$875,261 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Mathews, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

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Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2023 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2023 budget increased by approximately 10% due to the projected expenditures of new state and federal grant funds and included no increases in tax rates.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Mathews, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box 839, Mathews, Virginia 23109.

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities Component Units Activities School Board EDA AssETS Cash and cash equivalents 5 10,793,468 \$ 654,374 \$ 406,812 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable 6,259,158 - <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Primary overnment</th><th>-</th><th>Compon</th><th>nnt l</th><th>Inite</th></t<>			Primary overnment	-	Compon	nnt l	Inite
ASSETS S 10,793,468 S 654,374 S 406,812 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable 93,576 5,725 - Accounts receivable 93,576 5,725 - Notes receivable 35,134 - - Due from other governmental units 7,472,407 7,922,509 - Inventories 2,657,663 46,172 - Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land and improvements 7,472,487 7,922,509 - Equipment 13,226 - - - Leased improvements 40,466 55,657 - - Leased equipment 13,226 - - - Total assets \$ 503,344,855 \$ 11,070,153 \$ 406,812 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - - - - - Pension related items \$ 513,012 \$ 7,6132 \$ - Accrued interest payable \$				<u> </u>		enti	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 10,793,468 \$ 654,374 \$ 406,812 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable 93,576 5,725 - Accounts receivable 93,576 5,725 - - Notes receivable 93,576 5,725 - - Note proor there governmental units 714,209 1,424,276 - - Inventories - 5,052 - - Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): - - - - - Leased equipment 777,132 905,552 - - - Leased equipment 13,266 - - - - Leased equipment 5 30,344,855 \$ 11,070,153 \$ 406,812 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Fealated items \$ 593,990 \$ 3,467,530 - Costruction in progress 5 513,012 \$ 7,6132 \$ -			Activities	5			
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	ASSETS						
Taxes receivable 6,259,158 - - Accounts receivable 93,576 5,725 - Due from other governmental units 714,209 1,420,112 - Net pension asset 1,424,276 - - Inventories - 5,052 - Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): - - - Land and improvements 7,472,487 7,922,509 - Equipment 13,286 - - Leased equipment 13,286 - - Construction in progress 68,000 55,000 - Total assets \$ 503,344,855 \$ 11,070,153 \$ 406,812 DeFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 593,990 \$ 3,467,530 \$ - OPEB related items 102,907 451,707 - - - - OPEB related items 102,907 451,707 - - - - - OPEB related items 1,329,217 \$ -	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,793,468	\$	654,374	\$	406,812
Accounts receivable 93,576 5,725 Notes receivable 35,134 Note from other governmental units 1,420,9112 Net pension asset 1,424,276 Inventories 5,052 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land and improvements 7,472,487 7,922,509 Equipment 773,132 905,552 Leased equipment 13,286 Construction in progress 68,000 55,000 Total assets \$<593,990	Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Notes receivable 35,134 - - Due form other governmental units 714,209 1,420,112 - Net pension asset 1,424,276 - - Inventories 5,052 - - Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): - 5,052 - Land and improvements 2,657,663 46,172 - Buildings and improvements 7,472,487 7,922,509 - Leased equipment 13,286 - - Construction in progress 68,000 55,000 - Total assets \$ 30,344,855 \$ 11,070,153 \$ 406,812 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - <td>Taxes receivable</td> <td></td> <td>6,259,158</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Taxes receivable		6,259,158		-		-
Due from other governmental units 714,209 1,420,112 . Net pension asset 1,424,276 . . Inventories 5,052 . Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): . 5,052 . Buildings and improvements 2,657,663 46,172 . Buildings and improvements 7,472,487 7,922,509 . Leased improvements 40,466 55,657 . Leased quipment 13,286 . . Construction in progress 68,000 55,000 . Total assets S 30,344,855 S 11,070,153 S 406,812 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES .	Accounts receivable		93,576		5,725		-
Net pension asset 1,424,276 - - Inventories - 5,052 - Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 2,657,663 46,172 - Buildings and improvements 2,657,663 46,172 - Equipment 773,132 905,552 - Leased improvements 40,466 55,657 - Leased equipment 13,286 - - Total assets \$ 30,344,855 \$ 11,070,153 \$ 406,812 DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ \$593,990 \$ 3,467,530 \$ - DPEB related items 102,907 451,707 - - - 1,372,631 - - Construction in progress \$ 513,012 \$ 76,132 \$ - - DPEE related items 102,907 451,707 -	Notes receivable		35,134		-		-
Inventories - 5,052 - Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land and improvements 2,657,663 46,172 - Buildings and improvements 7,472,487 7,922,509 - - Equipment 773,132 905,552 - - Leased equipment 13,286 - - - Construction in progress 68,000 55,000 - - Total assets \$ 30,344,855 \$ 11,070,153 \$ 406,812 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - - - - - OPEB related items 102,907 451,707 - - - - Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 513,012 \$ - - - LIABILITIES - 1,372,631 - - - - - Accrued liabilities 5 513,012 \$ - - - - - - - <td>Due from other governmental units</td> <td></td> <td>714,209</td> <td></td> <td>1,420,112</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Due from other governmental units		714,209		1,420,112		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): $2,657,663$ $46,172$ - Buildings and improvements $7,472,487$ $7,922,509$ - Equipment $773,132$ $905,552$ - Leased improvements $40,466$ $55,657$ - Leased equipment $13,286$ - - Construction in progress $68,000$ $55,000$ - Total assets 5 $30,344,855$ $$$ $11,070,153$ $$$ $406,812$ DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items $102,907$ $451,707$ - - Total deferred outflows of resources $$$ $696,897$ $$$ $3,919,237$ $$$ - LIABILITIES - - $1,372,631$ - - - Accrued liabilities - $1,329,922$ $32,000$ - - - Due to ther governmental units $574,849$ - - - - Unearder revenue $1,329,922$ $32,000$ - - - Due to ther governmental u	Net pension asset		1,424,276		-		-
Land and improvements 2,657,663 46,172 - Buildings and improvements 7,472,487 7,922,509 - Equipment 773,132 905,552 - Leased equipment 13,286 - - Construction in progress 68,000 55,000 - Total assets \$ 30,344,855 \$ 11,070,153 \$ 406,812 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 593,990 \$ 3,467,530 \$ - OPEB related items 102,907 451,707 - - Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 696,897 \$ 3,919,237 \$ - LIABILITIES - 1,372,631 - - Accrued litems 574,849 - - - Due to other governmental units 574,849 - - - Due within one year 919,280 50,215 - - Due within one year 2,077,357 9,677,172 - - Due within one year 3,847 - - <td>Inventories</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>5,052</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Inventories		-		5,052		-
Buildings and improvements 7,472,487 7,922,509 - Equipment 773,132 905,552 - Leased quipment 13,286 - - Construction in progress 68,000 55,000 - Total assets \$ 30,344,855 \$ 11,070,153 \$ 406,812 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - - Pension related items \$ 593,990 \$ 3,467,530 \$ - OPEB related items 102,907 451,707 - Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 696,897 \$ 3,919,237 \$ - LIABILITIES - - 1,372,631 - Accrued liabilities - - 1,372,631 - Due to ther governmental units 574,849 - - - Due to ther governmental units 574,849 - - - Due within one year 919,280 50,215 - - Due within one year 2,077,357 9,677,172 - Deferred revenue -	Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
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DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 593,990 \$ 3,467,530 \$ - Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 696,897 \$ 3,919,237 \$ - LIABILITIES \$ 513,012 \$ 76,132 \$ - Accrued liabilities - Accrued interest payable \$ 513,012 \$ 76,132 \$ - Luce to ther governmental units 574,849 - Unearned revenue 1,322,922 32,000 - Long-term liabilities: - Due to ther governmental units 5,5444,888 \$ 11,208,150 \$ - Due within one year 2,077,357 9,677,172 - Total liabilities \$ 5,286,869 \$ - Deferend revenue - property taxes \$ 5,286,869 \$ - Lease deferrals 3,847 - Pension related items 1,814,610 5,667,023 - OPEB related items 133,974 371,552 - Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 7,239,300 \$ 6,038,575 \$ - NET POSITION \$ - Net investment in capital assets \$ 8,958,100 \$ \$ 8,928,415 \$ - Pension plans 1,424,276 - - Other 1,043,200 5,052 - - Unrestricted (deficit) 6,931,988 (11,1	Construction in progress		68,000		55,000		-
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Pension related items \$ $593,990$ \$ $3,467,530$ \$ - OPEB related items 102,907 451,707 -							
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Accounts payable \$ 513,012 \$ 76,132 \$ - Accrued liabilities - 1,372,631 - - Due to other governmental units 574,849 - - - Unearned revenue 1,329,922 32,000 - - Long-term liabilities: - - - - Due within one year 919,280 50,215 - - Due in more than one year 2,077,357 9,677,172 - - Total liabilities \$ 5,444,888 \$ 11,208,150 \$ - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
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OPEB related items 133,974 371,552 - Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 7,239,300 \$ 6,038,575 \$ - NET POSITION \$ 8,958,100 \$ 8,928,415 \$ - Net investment in capital assets \$ 8,958,100 \$ 8,928,415 \$ - Restricted: - - - - Other 1,424,276 - - - Unrestricted (deficit) 6,931,988 (11,190,802) 406,812					-		-
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Pension plans 1,424,276 - - Other 1,043,200 5,052 - Unrestricted (deficit) 6,931,988 (11,190,802) 406,812	Net investment in capital assets	\$	8,958,100	\$	8,928,415	\$	-
Other 1,043,200 5,052 - Unrestricted (deficit) 6,931,988 (11,190,802) 406,812	Restricted:						
Unrestricted (deficit) 6,931,988 (11,190,802) 406,812	Pension plans				-		-
							-
Total net position \$ 18,357,564 \$ (2,257,335) \$ 406,812							,
	Total net position	\$	18,357,564	\$	(2,257,335)	\$	406,812

Frogram Revenues Changes in Operating Changes in Contributions Changes in Contrib							Net (Expe	Net (Expense) Revenue and	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			Pro	ogram Revenues			Change	s in Net Position	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				Operating	Capital	Prima	ry Government	Component Units	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Functions/Programs		Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Grants and Contributions	<u>ප</u>	overnmental <u>Activities</u>	School Board	EDA
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overnment administration 5 78,711 5 5 (1,56,864) 5 5 5 5 5 5 1,570,055 5	Governmental activities:								
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	General government administration	2,149,575			\$	ŝ		, S	
ety $3.86,236$ $190,076$ $822,643$ \cdot $(2,793,517)$ \cdot etx $1,750,076$ \cdot $1,453,075$ \cdot $(1,570,076)$ \cdot of welfare $2,290,675$ \cdot $1,443,025$ \cdot $(1,706,513)$ \cdot of welfare $2,390,473$ $3,271$ $90,240$ \cdot $(1,706,513)$ \cdot of wordsment $2,399,473$ $3,271$ $90,240$ $(1,706,513)$ \cdot onorphermental ctrivites $2,372,525$ $2,372,525$ $420,954$ $(1,706,579)$ \cdot onorphermental ctrivites $2,27,7144$ 5 $220,753$ 5 $(1,706,579)$ \cdot operamental ctrivites $2,27,71445$ $2,27,163$ $8,082,678$ 5 $(1,706,573)$ \cdot operamental ctrivites $2,27,71445$ $2,27,163$ $8,082,678$ $(20,723)$ 5 $(1,36,772)$ operamental ctrivites $2,27,713,345$ $8,082,678$ 5 $(1,36,273)$ 5 $(1,36,273)$ 5	Judicial administration		10,906	407,044			(355,262)		
Its 1,570,076 · · (1,570,076) · d weifare 2,280,675 · · (1,370,076) · reaction, and cultural 9,296,675 · · (1,323,310) · reaction, and cultural 2,37,821 3,271 90,240 · (1,706,571) · reaction, and cultural 2,399,477 46,355 225,625 400,954 (1,706,571) · governmental activities 2 22,271,446 5 23,771,395 5 (0,2073) · governmental activities 2 22,271,446 5 236,608 3,372,355 5 (0,2073) · governmental activities 2 22,771,446 5 227,143 5 (8,81,970) governmental activities 2 22,771,446 5 2002,678 5 (8,81,970) center 2 7,191,831 5 227,148 5 (8,81,970) dot 7 7,191,831 2 227,143<	Public safety	3,806,236	190,076	822,643			(2, 793, 517)		•
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Public works	1,570,076			•		(1,570,076)		•
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Health and welfare	2,283,681		1,454,092	•		(829,589)		'
reation, and cultural $427, 821$ $3,271$ $90,240$ \cdots $(334,310)$ \cdots γ development $2,394,47$ $4,355$ $22,665$ $40,954$ $(1,706,513)$ \cdots γ governmental activities $2,302,447$ $4,355$ $22,751,465$ $2,372,355$ $4,0954$ $(1,706,513)$ \cdots γ governmental activities 5 $22,771,446$ 5 $3,782,355$ $4,20,954$ 5 $(18,267,529)$ 5 5 $8,81,970$ γ units 2 $2,771,446$ 5 $23,782,355$ $420,954$ 5 $(18,267,529)$ 5 $6,881,970$ γ units 2 $17,191,831$ 5 $2062,678$ 5 5 $6,881,970$ γ evolution thatbody 2 $17,273,845$ 2 2 $8,81,970$ γ evolution thatbody 2 $17,273,845$ 2 $8,81,970$ 1 γ evolution thatbody 2 2 $8,082,678$ 5 $14,346,281$ 1 <	Education	9,290,675			•		(9,290,675)		•
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Parks, recreation, and cultural	427,821	3,271	90,240	•		(334,310)		'
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Community development	2,399,447	46,355	225,625	420,954		(1,706,513)		•
sportmental activities 5 22,721,446 5 230,954 5 (18,267,529) 5 - / governmental activities 5 22,771,446 5 250,608 5 3,782,355 5 20,954 5 (18,267,529) 5 - 5 (8,81,970) UNITS: 5 17,191,831 5 2002,678 5 - 5 (18,267,529) 5 - 5 (8,81,970) velopment Authority 46,015 - <	Interest on long-term debt	20,723		•	•		(20,723)		
r government 5 22,721,446 5 250,608 5 3,782,355 5 420,954 5 (18,267,529) 5	Total governmental activities		250,608			ş		\$	•
UNTS: 5 17,191,831 5 227,183 5 8,082,678 5 5 5 6,881,970 relopment Authority -	Total primary government		250,608			Ş		,	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	COMPONENT UNITS:								
t Authority $46,015$. .	School Board	17,191,831	227,183		\$ '	Ŷ	۲	(8,881,970) \$	•
5 17,237,846 5 227,183 5 8,082,678 5 6,881,970) General revenues: General revenues: 5 14,346,281 5 (8,81,970) General revenues: General property taxes 5 14,346,281 5 6 General property taxes Local sales and use taxes 825,922 5 6 6 Consumer's utility tax Motor vehicle licenses 825,922 5 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 <t< td=""><td>Economic Development Authority</td><td>46,015</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(46,015)</td></t<>	Economic Development Authority	46,015							(46,015)
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total component units	,237,846	227,183		\$	Ş	۲		(46,015)
es $\frac{5}{14,34,281}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{-2}{25}$ $\frac{825,922}{260}$ $\frac{-2}{295,260}$ $\frac{154,548}{226,559}$ $\frac{-2}{295,260}$ $\frac{-1}{132,659}$ $\frac{132,659}{206,627}$ $\frac{-1}{36,791}$ $\frac{132,659}{36,791}$ $\frac{-2}{36,791}$ $\frac{-2}{36,791}$ $\frac{-2}{123,158}$ $\frac{505,740}{505,740}$ $\frac{-2}{5}$ $\frac{-2}{5,740}$ $\frac{-2}{5}$ $\frac{-2}{5,740}$ $\frac{-2}{5}$ $\frac{-2}{5,740}$ $\frac{-2}{5}$ $\frac{-2}{5,740}$ $\frac{-2}{5}$ $\frac{-2}{5,740}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7740}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7740}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7740}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7740}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7740}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7740}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7740}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7740}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7750}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7750}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7750}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7750}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7750}$ $\frac{-2}{5,7750}$ \frac									
the set of money is contracted to specific programs $1,40,281$ $5,5,12$ $-1,54,548$ $-1,54,548$ $-1,54,548$ $-1,54,548$ $-1,54,548$ $-1,54,548$ $-1,54,548$ $-1,53,569$ $-1,53,569$ $-1,53,569$ $-1,53,569$ $-1,53,569$ $-1,53,569$ $-1,53,569$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,5740$ $-1,56,575$ $-1,50,5740$ $-1,56,575$ $-1,50,5740$ $-1,56,575$ $-1,50,5740$ $-1,56,575$ $-1,50,5740$ $-1,556,575$ $-1,50,502$ $-1,556,556$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,5566$ $-1,556,566$ $-1,5566$ $-1,5566$ $-1,5566$ $-1,5566$ $-1,5566$ $-1,5566$ $-1,5566,566$ $-1,5566,566$ $-1,5566,566$ $-1,5566,566$ $-1,556$		General revenues:				4			
the formula to the f		General property taxes				ጉ		~	•
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			£				023,722 454 540		•
and wills 29, 260 - 29, 260 - 188, 312 - 188, 312 - 132, 659 - 206, 627 - 206, 627 - 330, 989 - 330, 989 - 330, 989 - 36, 791 - 36, 791 - 2, 663 8, 897 - 36, 791 - 2, 663 8, 897 - 2, 663 - 8, 897 - 3, 605, 740 - 2, 9, 798, 979 - 2, 9, 798, 979 - 2, 9, 798, 945 - 2, 9, 798, 945 - 2, 9, 798, 945 - 2, 9, 798, 945 - 2, 9, 798, 942 - 2, 9, 708, 942 - 2, 9, 708, 942 - 2, 9, 708, 942 - 2, 9, 703, 942 - 2, 9, 703, 942 - 2, 9, 703, 942 - 2, 9, 703, 942 - 2, 9, 703, 942 - 2, 9, 703, 944 - 2, 9, 703, 944 - 2, 9, 703, 944 - 2, 9, 703, 944 - 2, 9, 703, 940 - 7, 9, 703, 940 - 7, 9, 703, 940 - 7, 700, 740 - 7, 700, 740 - 7, 700, 740 - 7, 700, 740 - 7, 700, 740 - 7, 700, 740 - 7, 700, 740 -		Consumer's utility tax					154,548		'
18, 312 - 132, 659 - 132, 659 - 132, 659 - 330, 989 - 330, 989 - 330, 989 - 760 use of money 2,663 8,897 123, 158 2,663 8,897 123, 158 505,740 - 5 18,043,474 9,283,405 5 18,043,474 9,283,405 5 18,043,474 9,173,407 5 18,581,619 (3,173,407)		Motor vehicle licenses					295,260		•
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Business license taxes					188,312		'
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Bank stock taxes					132,659		•
330,989 330,989 - 701 36,791 - 36,791 2,663 8,897 123,158 505,740 - ns not restricted to specific programs 1,400,264 - s county 5 18,043,474 9,283,405 5 18,043,474 5 9,798,042 5 18,043,474 5 916,072 18,581,619 (3,173,407) 173,407)		Taxes on recordation a	nd wills				206,627		
from use of money $36,791$ $36,791$ $8,897$ $2,663$ $8,897$ $123,158$ $505,740$ $123,158$ $505,740$ $1,400,264$ $9,283,405$ 5 county 5 $18,043,474$ 5 $9,798,042$ 5 200012 5 $18,043,474$ 5 $9,798,042$ 5 $18,043,474$ 5 $9,798,042$ $18,581,619$ $(3,173,407)$		Meals tax					330,989		•
from use of money 2,663 8,897 123,158 505,740 ns not restricted to specific programs 1,400,264 9,283,405 5 043,474 5 9,798,042 5 (224,055) 5 916,072 18,581,619 (3,173,407)		Other local taxes					36,791		•
123,158 505,740 ns not restricted to specific programs to county to county to county to conty to conty		Unrestricted revenues	from use of mon	ey			2,663	8,897	48
ns not restricted to specific programs 1,400,264 9,283,405 5 County 5 18,043,474 5 9,798,042 5 (224,055) 5 916,072 18,581,619 (3,173,407)		Miscellaneous					123,158	505,740	12,008
s County - 9,283,405 5 18,043,474 5 9,798,042 5 (224,055) 5 916,072 18,581,619 (3,173,407)		Grants and contributio	ns not restricted	to specific progra	ms		1,400,264		•
\$ 18,043,474 \$ 9,798,042 5 916,072 5 916,072 7 18,581,619 (3,173,407) 173,407) 173,407 173,407 173,407 173,407 173,407 18,581,512 18,581,512 18,581,512 18,581,512 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,581,502 18,582,502 18,582,502 18,582,502 18,582,502 18,582,502 18,582,502 18,552,502		Payment from Mathew:	s County					9,283,405	•
\$ (224,055) \$ 916,072 18,581,619 (3,173,407)		Total general revenues				Ş			12,056
18,581,619		Change in net position				Ş			(33,959)
		Net position - beginning					18,581,619	(3,173,407)	440,771

Exhibit 2

County of Mathews, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		General <u>Fund</u>		Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,625,235	\$	1,168,233	\$	10,793,468
Receivables (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		6,224,905		34,253		6,259,158
Accounts receivable		93,576		-		93,576
Notes receivable		-		35,134		35,134
Due from other governmental units		483,404		230,805		714,209
Total assets	\$	16,427,120	\$	1,468,425	\$	17,895,545
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	134,154	\$	378,858	\$	513,012
Due to other governmental units	'	574,849	•	-	1	574,849
Unearned revenue		1,329,922		-		1,329,922
Total liabilities	\$	2,038,925	\$	378,858	\$	2,417,783
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	6,341,247	\$	-	\$	6,341,247
Lease deferrals	Ŷ	3,847	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	3,847
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	6,345,094	\$	-	\$	6,345,094
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	\$		Ś	1,043,200	ć	1 042 200
	Ş	-	Ş		Ş	1,043,200
Committed		914,852		46,367		961,219
Unassigned	<u> </u>	7,128,249	<u>,</u>	-	<u>,</u>	7,128,249
Total fund balances	\$	8,043,101	\$	1,089,567	\$	9,132,668
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	~	4/ 407 400	~	4 4/0 405	÷	
and fund balances	\$	16,427,120	Ş	1,468,425	Ş	17,895,545

County of Mathews, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	9,132,668
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 19,342,210 (8,317,176)	-	11,025,034
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.			
Net pension asset Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 1,424,276 1,054,378	-	2,478,654
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items OPEB related items	\$ 593,990 102,907	-	696,897
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and leases, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:			
Lease revenue bonds Lease liabilities Issuance premium on refunded bonds Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Accrued interest, payable	\$ (1,976,891) (53,370) (36,673) (314,610) (615,093) (30,468)		(3,027,105)
Accrued interest payable Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (30,468)	-	(3,027,103)
Pension related items OPEB related items	\$ (1,814,610) (133,974)		(1,948,584)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	18,357,564

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$ 14,248,446	\$ -	Ś	14,248,446
Other local taxes	1,840,119	330,989	Ŷ	2,171,108
Permits, privilege fees,	1,010,117	550,707		2,171,100
and regulatory licenses	83,157			83,157
Fines and forfeitures	68,729	130		68,859
Revenue from the use of	00,727	150		00,037
money and property	48,505	383		48,888
Charges for services	52,367	505		52,367
Miscellaneous		-		
	123,158	-		123,158
Recovered costs	71,001	-		71,001
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	3,651,542	474,653		4,126,195
Federal	1,297,394	179,984		1,477,378
Total revenues	\$ 21,484,418	\$ 986,139	\$	22,470,557
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government administration	\$ 2,167,240	\$-	\$	2,167,240
Judicial administration	668,691	-		668,691
Public safety	3,878,221	7,577		3,885,798
Public works	1,656,920	-		1,656,920
Health and welfare	2,367,457	-		2,367,457
Education	9,122,675	168,000		9,290,675
Parks, recreation, and cultural	546,477	-		546,477
Community development	456,907	-		456,907
Capital projects	1,589,750	686,680		2,276,430
Debt service:	.,,	,		_, , _,
Principal retirement	591,955	-		591,955
Interest and other fiscal charges	39,799	-		39,799
Total expenditures	\$ 23,086,092	\$ 862,257	\$	23,948,349
rotat expenditares	\$ 23,000,072	\$ 002,237	Ŷ	23,710,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	\$ (1,601,674)	\$ 123,882	s	(1,477,792)
(under) expenditures	\$ (1,001,074)	Ş 125,002	Ļ	(1,4/7,7/2)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	ć 420.000	¢ 247.472	÷	
Transfers in	\$ 130,000	\$ 217,472		347,472
Transfers out	(217,472)	(130,000)		(347,472)
Issuance of lease revenue bonds	1,391,891	-		1,391,891
Issuance of leased assets	65,017	-		65,017
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 1,369,436	\$ 87,472	\$	1,456,908
Not change in fund balances	\$ (232,238)	¢ 244 254	ć	(20 00 1)
Net change in fund balances	1 (=) = =)		\$	(20,884)
Fund balances - beginning	8,275,339	878,213	ŕ	9,153,552
Fund balances - ending	\$ 8,043,101	\$ 1,089,567	\$	9,132,668

County of Mathews, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(20,884)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:			
Capital asset additions	\$ 646,0		
Depreciation expense	(598,4	9)	47,641
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes			97,835
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premium, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:			
Principal retirement on lease revenue bonds Principal retirement on lease liabilities	\$ 570,00 21,99		
Issuance of lease	(65,0		(0/ / 052)
Issuance of lease revenue bond	(1,391,89	<u>)1)</u>	(864,953)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences OPEB expense Pension expense (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest	\$ (3,5 26,0 474,6 (17,5	90 58	
Amortization of issuance premium	36,6	<u>′3</u> \$	516,306
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(224,055)

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Cust	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	131,673	
Receivables: Other receivables		2 220	
Total assets	5	2,239	
NET POSITION Restricted for:			
Individuals	\$	86,374	
Organizations		47,538	
Total net position	\$	133,912	

Exhibit 8

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Donations	\$	89,529
Investment earnings:		
Interest and dividends		10,336
Total additions	\$	99,865
DEDUCTIONS Recipient payments Purchases for supplies	\$	60,232 45,898
Total deductions	\$	106,130
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(6,265)
Net position, beginning	\$	140,177
Net position, ending	\$	133,912

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Mathews, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection; sanitation services; recreational activities; cultural events; education; and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Mathews, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all government activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the original budget, the final budget, and the actual activity of the major governmental funds.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Mathews, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units on June 30, 2022.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Mathews County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County can approve its budget and any amendments. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The Mathews County Economic Development Authority (EDA) was created by the Board of Supervisors to administer the issuance of industrial development revenue bonds and provide economic development activities for the County. The Authority may also acquire property and issue debt in its own name and may also enter lease/purchase arrangements with the County. The County appoints all the members of the Authority's Board of Directors. The County may significantly influence the fiscal affairs of the Authority. The financial statements of the Mathews County Economic Development Authority are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

Notes to Finan	icial St	atements
As of June 30,	2022	(Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, postemployment benefits, and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real estate and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized based on funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The County reports the Special Revenue Fund as a major fund.

 <u>Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Custodial Funds)</u> - Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Custodial Funds which consists of the Special Welfare Fund, the Tour de Chesapeake Fund, and the Market Days Fund. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

F. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. The County has no investments as of June 30, 2022.

G. <u>Receivables and payables</u>

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to \$31,267 on June 30, 2022 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5/June 5	December 5/June5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

For infrastructure asset the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of two years), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$50,000 are reported as capital assets.

As the County and Component Unit School Board constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets), the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Furniture, Vehicles, Office and Computer Equipment	5-20
Leased improvements	10-20
Leased equipment	5-10
Buses	10

J. <u>Leases</u>

The County leases various assets requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases.

Lessee

The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (leased equipment) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The leased equipment is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

J. Leases (Continued)

Lessor

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The School Board uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee) or lease receivable (lessor).

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The County will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease receivable.

K. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to received sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/ amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, Teacher HIC and Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2022	(Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

P. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after sevente as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

R. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance". County's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external
 resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be
 changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

R. Fund Balance (Continued)

- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only
 reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund
 types is reported as unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment, which does not lapse at year end, is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the County Administrator, who has been given the delegated authority to assign amounts by the Board of Supervisors.

In the general fund, the County strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unforeseen emergencies of an amount equal to or greater than 10% of general fund expenditures.

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Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

R. Fund Balance (Continued)

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

Fund Balances:	_	General		Special Revenue	_	Total
Restricted: C/V grants Wetlands violations Wetlands compensation Meals tax Hazard mitigation Forfeited assets VA telecommunications Community development Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ s —	- - - - - - -	\$ - s -	36,128 8,533 24,916 874,398 16,285 20,394 42,095 20,451 1,043,200	\$ s	36,128 8,533 24,916 874,398 16,285 20,394 42,095 20,451 1,043,200
Committed: Historic courthouse renovations Main street improvements Public access to waterways Drainage improvements Reassessment Infrastructure maintenance Employee accumulated leave New Point nature preserve New Point comfort lighthouse Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ \$	335,867 150,000 101,851 103,335 33,376 158,924 31,499 - - - 914,852	\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$_	335,867 150,000 101,851 103,335 33,376 158,924 31,499 10,149 36,218 961,219
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	\$	7,128,249 8,043,101	\$ \$	- 1,089,567	\$_ \$_	7,128,249 9,132,668

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting: (Continued)

- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each fund can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds of the primary government and the School Operating Fund, School Cafeteria Fund, School Textbook, and School Thrifty Spot Fund of the School Board.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget at June 30. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year end because they were not included in the original budget.
- 9. <u>Expenditures and Appropriations</u> Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the School Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 3–Deposits:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits more than the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

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Note 4–Due from/Due to Other Governments:

On June 30, 2022, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Other Local Governments:		
County of Mathews	\$ - \$	574,849
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	141,308	-
Welfare	31,792	-
Wireless service board funds	8,935	-
State Sales Tax	-	232,096
Constitutional officer reimbursements	103,635	-
Auto rental tax	20	-
Children's services act	38,466	-
Victim witness	8,283	-
Communications tax	51,270	-
School construction	-	159,847
Erate	1,241	-
Port authority	52,676	-
Federal Government:		
School fund grants	-	439,512
School cafeteria fund grants	-	13,808
VDOT enhancement	178,130	-
Victim witness	19,327	-
Welfare	65,084	-
Justice assistance	14,042	
Total due from other governments	\$ 714,209 \$	1,420,112

At June 30, 2022, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

Other Local Governments:		
Mathews County School Board	\$ 574,849 \$	-

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 5–Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

Governmental Activities:	-	Balance July 1, 2021	_	Adjustments	 Adjusted Balance July 1, 2021		Additions	_	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land and land improvements Construction in progress	\$	2,571,902 976,484	\$	-	\$ 2,571,902 976,484	\$	85,761 184,395	\$	- \$ 1,092,879	2,657,663 68,000
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	3,548,386	\$	-	\$ 3,548,386	\$	270,156	\$	1,092,879 \$_	2,725,663
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Buildings and improvements Leased improvements Equipment Leased equipment	\$	11,999,080 - 3,117,219 -	\$	- - 10,308	\$ 11,999,080 - 3,117,219 10,308	\$	1,108,837 57,128 294,929 7,889	\$	- \$ (21,157)	13,107,917 57,128 3,433,305 18,197
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	15,116,299	\$	10,308	\$ 15,126,607	\$_	1,468,783	\$_	(21,157) \$	16,616,547
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Leased improvements Equipment Leased equipment	\$	5,303,345 - 2,394,255 -	\$	- - -	\$ 5,303,345 - 2,394,255 -	\$	- 332,085 16,662 244,761 4,911	\$	- \$ - (21,157) -	5,635,430 16,662 2,660,173 4,911
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	7,697,600	\$	-	\$ 7,697,600	\$_	598,419	\$	(21,157) \$	8,317,176
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net Governmental activities	\$_	7,418,699	\$	10,308	\$ 7,429,007	\$_	870,364	\$_	<u> </u>	8,299,371
capital activities, net, as restated	\$	10,967,085	\$	10,308	\$ 10,977,393	\$	1,140,520	\$	1,092,879 \$	11,025,034

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 5-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit-School Board:	_	Balance July 1, 2021	 Adjustments	5	Adjusted Balance July 1, 2021		Additions		Transfers/ Deletions	 Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land and land improvements Construction in progress	\$	46,172 18,000	\$ -	\$	46,172 18,000	\$	- 37,000	\$	-	\$ 46,172 55,000
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	64,172	\$ -	\$	64,172	\$_	37,000	\$_	-	\$ 101,172
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Equipment Buildings and improvements Leased building	\$	3,473,251 18,244,938 -	\$ - - 65,693	\$	3,473,251 18,244,938 65,693	\$	389,389 - -	\$	21,157 - -	\$ 3,841,483 18,244,938 65,693
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	21,718,189	\$ 65,693	\$	21,783,882	\$	389,389	\$_	21,157	\$ 22,152,114
Accumulated depreciation: Equipment Buildings and improvements Leased building	\$	2,747,077 9,864,316 -	\$ -	\$	2,747,077 9,864,316 -	\$	210,011 458,113 10,036	\$	21,157	\$ 2,935,931 10,322,429 10,036
Total accumulated depreciation	Ş	12,611,393	\$ -	\$	12,611,393	\$	678,160	\$	21,157	\$ 13,268,396
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$_		 65,693	\$	9,172,489	\$_	(288,771)	\$_	-	\$ 8,883,718
Net capital assets Component Unit- School Board, as restated	\$	9,170,968	\$ 65,693	\$	9,236,661	\$	(251,771)	\$	-	\$ 8,984,890

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government administration	\$	107,832
Judicial administration		160,481
Public safety		145,137
Public works		46,173
Health and welfare		24,894
Parks, recreation and cultural		93,872
Community development		20,030
Total Governmental activities	\$	598,419
Component Unit Cohool Board	ć	470 140
Component Unit School Board	ې	678,160

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 6—Interfund Transfers and Obligations:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$130,000	\$ 217,472
Special Revenue	217,472	130,000
Total	\$ 347,472	\$ 347,472
Component Unit-School Board:		
School Operating	\$ -	\$ 231,750
School Cafeteria	231,750	-
Total	\$231,750	\$ 231,750

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the School Operating Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 7–Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	-	Balance at July 1, 2021	 Adjustments		Adjusted Balance at July 1, 2021		lssuances/ Increases	 Retirements Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2022	 Amounts Due Within One Year
Incurred by the County:										
Compensated absences	\$	311,082	\$ -	\$	311,082	\$	34,636	\$ 31,108	\$ 314,610	\$ 31,461
Direct borrowings and placements:										
Lease revenue bonds		1,155,000	-		1,155,000		1,391,891	570,000	1,976,891	853,267
Add: issuance premium		73,346	-		73,346		-	36,673	36,673	-
Net pension liability		745,702	-		745,702		1,794,319	2,540,021	-	-
Net OPEB liabilities		745,986	-		745,986		112,949	243,842	615,093	
Lease liabilities	_	-	 10,308		10,308		65,017	 21,955	 53,370	 34,552
Total incurred by County	\$_	3,031,116	\$ 10,308	\$_	3,041,424	\$_	3,398,812	\$ 3,443,599	\$ 2,996,637	\$ 919,280
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$_	3,031,116	\$ 10,308	\$	3,041,424	\$	3,398,812	\$ 3,443,599	\$ 2,996,637	\$ 919,280

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

			Cou	nty Obligations					
Year	Dire	ct Borrowings ar	nd Direct I	Placements					
Ending		Revenu		Lease L	Liabilities				
June 30	Р	rincipal		nterest	Р	rincipal	Interest		
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$	853,267 273,230 278,285 283,433 288,676	\$	39,477 20,787 15,732 10,584 5,341	\$	34,552 16,523 2,295 - -	351 82 9 -		
	\$	1,976,891	\$	91,921	\$	53,370	<u>\$ 442</u>		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of County long-term debt obligations are as follows:

Incurred by the County:	<u>Notes</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	Balance overnmental <u>Activities</u>	Du	Amount 1e Within 1 <u>ne Year</u>
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)						\$ 314,610	\$	31,461
Net OPEB liabilities (payable from the General Fund)						\$ 615,093	\$	-
Lease liabities:								
Postage equipment lease payable		1.15%	12/1/2021	12/01/24	\$ 7,889	\$ 6,077	\$	2,410
Copier lease payable		0.75%	7/1/2021	08/01/23	3,684	2,087		1,788
Copier lease payable		1.17%	7/1/2021	01/01/25	6,444	4,668		1,790
Tower site lease payable (2)		0.86%	12/1/2021	11/01/23	57,128	 40,538		28,564
Total lease liabilities						\$ 53,370	\$	34,552
Direct borrowings and placements:								
Revenue Bonds:								
Courthouse Revenue Refunding Bond \$1,905,000 outstanding, plus unamortized premium of \$25,474	(a)	2.20% - 5.20%	5/25/2011	10/01/22	\$ 4,885,000	\$ 530,474	\$	505,000
Lease Revenue Refunding Bond \$295,000 outstanding, plus unamortized premium of \$11,199	(a)	2.279% - 5.125%	7/12/2012	10/01/22	720,000	91,199		80,000
Bank Qualified Tax Exmept Master Equipment								
Lease Purchase	(a)	1.85%	7/30/2021	07/30/26	1,391,891	 1,391,891		268,267
Total revenue bonds incurred by the County						\$ 2,013,564	\$	853,267
Total long-term oblications incurred by County - governm	nental a	ctivities				\$ 2,996,637	\$	919,280
(2) No other terms specified in the debt agreement								

(a) No other terms specified in the debt agreement

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 7–Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in School Board long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

		Balance at July 1, 2021	 Adjustments	 Adjusted Balance at July 1, 2021	 lssuances/ Increases	 Retirements/ Decreases	 Balance at June 30, 2022	Amounts Due Within One Year
Component Unit-School Board:								
Compensated absences	\$	286,266	\$ -	\$ 286,266	\$ 143,452	\$ 28,627	\$ 401,091	\$ 40,109
Net pension liability		13,796,709	-	13,796,709	3,834,129	10,377,623	7,253,215	-
Net OPEB liabilities		2,299,664	-	2,299,664	490,412	773,470	2,016,606	-
Lease liabilities		-	 65,693	 65,693	 -	 9,218	 56,475	 10,106
Total Component Unit-School Boa	ard \$	16,382,639	\$ 65,693	\$ 16,448,332	\$ 4,467,993	\$ 11,188,938	\$ 9,727,387	\$ 50,215

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	School Obligations Lease Liabilities										
June 30	Р	rincipal	In	terest							
2023	\$	10,106	\$	694							
2024		10,242		558							
2025		11,486		414							
2026		11,742		258							
2027		11,900		100							
2028		999		1							
Total	\$	56,475	\$	2,025							

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 8-Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis of accounting, assessments for future periods are deferred. The County had unavailable revenue on June 30, 2022 totaling \$6,341,247 and deferred revenue totaling \$5,286,869 comprised of the following:

	-	Government-wide Statements Governmental Activities		Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
Deferred/Unavailable revenue:				
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures	\$		\$	1,054,378
2nd half assessment - property tax		4,936,212		4,936,212
Prepaid property taxes due after June 30 but paid in advance by taxpayers	-	350,657		350,657
Total deferred/unavailable revenue	\$	5,286,869	\$	6,341,247

Note 9–Commitments / Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and discretely presented component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 10-Litigation:

On June 30, 2022, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 11-Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 11-Risk Management: (Continued)

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Program for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each program member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay, and discharge any liability. The County pays the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Program and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Program may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Note 12–Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multipleemployer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Benefit Structures (Continued)

c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service equal 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for non-hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for non-hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

Common and a limit

Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits5744Inactive members: Vested inactive members125Non-vested inactive members712Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS4317Total inactive members6234Active members6640Total covered employees185118		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
Vested inactive members125Non-vested inactive members712Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS4317Total inactive members6234Active members6640	-	57	44
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS4317Total inactive members6234Active members6640		12	5
Total inactive members6234Active members6640	Non-vested inactive members	7	12
Active members 66 40	Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	43	17
	Total inactive members	62	34
Total covered employees185118	Active members	66	40
	Total covered employees	185	118

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted because of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 8.72% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$300,823 and \$271,371 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 11.02% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$96,781 and \$89,756 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service-related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions because of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP- 2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions because of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94 %	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expec	ted arithmetic	c nominal return*	7.39%

*The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

*On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate

employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

			Р	rimary Governme	ent	
	-		lr	ncrease (Decreas	e)	
	-	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	13,540,332	\$_	12,794,630	\$	745,702
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	393,736	Ş	-	Ş	393,736
Interest		892,281		-		892,281
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(36,460)		-		(36,460)
Assumption changes		499,623		-		499,623
Contributions - employer		-		271,229		(271,229)
Contributions - employee		-		158,355		(158,355)
Net investment income		-		3,497,923		(3,497,923)
Benefit payments, including refund	ds	(642,717)		(642,717)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(8,679)		8,679
Other changes		-		330		(330)
Net changes	\$ <u></u>	1,106,463	\$	3,276,441	\$	(2,169,978)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	14,646,795	\$	16,071,071	\$	(1,424,276)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Componer	nt S	School Board (Non	pro	fessional)
	_		lr	ncrease (Decrease	e)	
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	4,345,191	\$	3,450,841	\$	894,350
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	72,588	\$	-	\$	72,588
Interest		283,439		-		283,439
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		145,523		-		145,523
Assumption changes		183,735		-		183,735
Contributions - employer		-		90,109		(90,109)
Contributions - employee		-		40,251		(40,251)
Net investment income		-		918,083		(918,083)
Benefit payments, including refun	ds	(292,184)		(292,184)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(2,372)		2,372
Other changes		-		86		(86)
Net changes	\$_	393,101	\$	753,973	\$	(360,872)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	4,738,292	\$	4,204,814	\$	533,478

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the4 net pension liability of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)
County Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$	362,119	\$ (1,424,276) \$	(2,913,539)
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability \$	1,030,928	\$ 533,478 \$	109,670

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County and Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of (\$173,987) and \$97,909, respectively. On June 30, 2022, the County and Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Government			Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)				
		Deferred Dutflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	67,788	\$ 75,222 \$	476			
Changes of assumptions		293,167		-	94,974	-			
Net difference between projected and actua earnings on pension plan investments	ι	-		1,746,822	-	451,892			
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		300,823		-	 96,781				
Total	\$_	593,990	\$	1,814,610	\$ 266,977 \$	452,368			

\$300,823 and \$96,781 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (Nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary		Component Unit School Board
Year Ended June 30		Government		(Nonprofessional)
2023	Ş	(265,580)	Ş	52,889
2024		(320,247)		(91,878)
2025		(407,264)		(105,045)
2026		(528,352)		(138,138)
2027		-		-
Thereafter		-		-

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted because of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$1,280,523 and \$1,224,543 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

In June 2021, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$61.3 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 552 of the 2021 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

On June 30, 2022, the school division reported a liability of \$6,719,737 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. On June 30, 2021, the school division's proportion was 0.08656% as compared to 0.08866% on June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the school division recognized pension expense of \$161,054. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

On June 30, 2022, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience S	5 - 5	5 572,347
Changes of assumptions	1,177,280	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	4,234,598
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	742,750	407,710
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,280,523	<u>-</u>
Total	3,200,553	5,214,655

\$1,280,523 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (774,410)
2024	(642,990)
2025	(683,285)
2026	(1,194,535)
2027	595

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions because of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP- 2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ \$	53,381,141 45,617,878 7,763,263
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	=	85.46%

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 12–Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
1% Decrease Current Discount 1% Increas				
5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)		
,968,729	6,719,737	\$ 1,579,107		
5	5.75%)	Decrease (6.75%) (6.75%)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021 Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021 Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021 Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

	Primary Government							Component U	nit School Board	
					Net Pension				Net Pension	
	Deferre	ł	Deferred		Liability	Pension	Deferred	Deferred	Liability	Pension
	Outflow	s	Inflows		(Asset)	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense
VRS Pension Plans:										
Primary Government	\$ 593,990	\$	1,814,610	\$	(1,424,276) \$	(173,987) \$	-	ş -	\$-\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional	-		-		-	-	266,977	452,368	533,478	97,909
School Board Professional	-		-		-	-	3,200,553	5,214,655	6,719,737	161,054
Totals	\$ 593,990	\$	1,814,610	\$	(1,424,276) \$	(173,987) \$	3,467,530	\$ 5,667,023	\$ 7,253,215 \$	258,963

Note 13-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,722 as of June 30, 2022.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% ($1.34\% \times 60\%$) and the employer component was 0.54% ($1.34\% \times 40\%$). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Contributions (Continued)

June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the County were \$19,811 and \$17,780 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Component Unit School Board Professional group were \$42,628 and \$41,070 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional group were \$5,147 and \$\$4,709 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

On June 30, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$185,702 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Component Unit School Board Professional and Nonprofessional groups reported liabilities of \$428,918 and \$49,132, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of performed as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. On June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.01600% as compared to 0.01540% on June 30, 2021, the Component Unit School Board Professional and Nonprofessional groups' proportion was 0.03680% and 0.00420%, respectively as compared to 0.03710% and 0.00450%, respectively on June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$12,273. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Component Unit School Board Professional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$20,019. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$2,007. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Note 13–Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB: (Continued)

On June 30, 2022, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

					Componen	t S	chool Board		Componen	t So	hool Board	
		Primary Government			(Professional)				(Nonprofessional)			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	21,180	\$	1,415	\$ 48,920	\$	3,268	\$	5,604	\$	374	
Net difference between projected an actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	nd	-		44,323			102,373		-		11,727	
Change of assumptions		10,238		25,408	23,646		58,685		2,709		6,722	
Changes in proportionate share		24,662		1,956	35,809		16,312		3,184		3,816	
Employer contributions subsequent to	D											
the measurement date	-	19,811	_	-	 42,638		-		5,147		-	
Total	\$	75,891	\$	73,102	\$ 151,013	\$	180,638	\$	16,644	\$	22,639	

\$19,811, \$42,628, and \$5,147, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County, Component Unit School Board Professional and Nonprofessional group's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (Professional)	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
2022	- ~			
2023	\$	(4,483) \$	(18,683) \$	(2,426)
2024		(1,683)	(13,923)	(1,881)
2025		(983)	(10,946)	(1,857)
2026		(9,246)	(23,983)	(3,691)
2027		(627)	(4,728)	(1,287)
Thereafter		-	-	-

Note 13–Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13–Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions because of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Note 13–Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions because of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Note 13–Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions because of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2021, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,577,346
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,413,074
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,164,272
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percenta	ge	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		67.45%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13–Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expec	ted arithmetic	: nominal return*	7.39%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

* On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions,

Note 13–Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate				
		1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	271,317	\$	185,702	\$	116,564
Component School Board (Professional)'s proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	626,665	\$	428,918	\$	269,229
Component School Board (Nonprofessional)'s proportiona share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	-	71,784		49,132		30,840
	ڔ	71,704	ç	47,132	ç	50,040

GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14–Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (non professional)
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3	15
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	-	-
Non-vested inactive members	-	-
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	-	-
Total inactive members	3	15
Active members	19	40
Total covered employees	22	55

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted because of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County and School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 0.49% and 1.06% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the County to the HIC Plan were \$4,708 and \$4,680 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively. Contributions from the School Board to the HIC Plan were \$10,040 and \$9,243 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2024 and June 30,

During the 2020 session, House Bill 1513 was enacted. This bill required the addition of Health Insurance Credit benefits for non-teacher employees effective July 1, 2021. While benefit payments became effective July 1, 2021, employers were required to pre-fund the benefits beginning July 1, 2020. The bill impacted 95 employers and resulted in approximately \$2.5 million of additional employer contributions in FY 2021.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The County and School Boards's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14–Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses,
	including inflation

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14–Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions because of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14–Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions because of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14–Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.9 4%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investement Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expec	ted arithmetic	c nominal return*	7.39%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

* On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that

Note 14–Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate (Discount Rate)

are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	Primary Government Increase (Decrease)					
		Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	., 	Net HIC OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	27,802	\$	5,059	\$	22,743
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	1,168	\$	-	\$	1,168
Interest		1,782		-		1,782
Difference between expected						
and actual experience		481		-		481
Changes of assumptions		795		-		795
Contributions - employer		-		4,680		(4,680)
Net investment income		-		1,594		(1,594)
Benefit payments		(2,800))	(2,800)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(24)	_	24
Net changes	\$	1,426	\$	3,450	\$	(2,024)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	29,228	\$	8,509	\$	20,719

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability (Continued)

	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)					
	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	100,396	\$	- \$	100,396	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	1,674	\$	- \$	1,674	
Interest		6,777		-	6,777	
Difference between expected and actual experience		1		-	1	
Changes of assumptions		1,673		-	1,673	
Contributions - employer		-		9,244	(9,244)	
Net investment income		-		1,178	(1,178)	
Administrative expenses		-		(41)	41	
Net changes	\$	10,125	\$	10,381 \$	(256)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$_	110,521	\$	10,381 \$	100,140	

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14–Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County and School Board's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County and School Board's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County and School Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate				
	_	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
Primary Government:						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	23,856	\$	20,719	\$	18,029
Component Unit School Bo (nonprofessional):	ard					
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	110,665	\$	100,140	\$	91,039

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County and School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$2,646 and \$8,384. On June 30, 2022, the County and School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County and School Board's HIC Plan from the following sources:

	Primary Go	vernment	Component Unit (nonprofe	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	5 1,465	\$ 2,657	\$1\$; -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments	-	843	-	694
Changes of assumptions	930	104	1,297	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,708	<u>-</u>	10,040	
Total	5 7,103	\$3,604	\$\$\$	694

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14–Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$4,708 and \$10,040 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the County and School Board's contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

.. .

Year Ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2023	\$ 104	\$ 203
2024	(513)	203
2025	(640)	203
2026	(160)	(5)
2027	-	-
Thereafter	-	-

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021 VRS Annual Report or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Note 15-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted because of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$95,429 and \$91,255 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 15–Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the school division reported a liability of \$1,094,627 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. On June 30, 2021, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was 0.08528% as compared to 0. 08718% on June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$90,311. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

On June 30, 2022, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred In of Resour	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	5 19	,101
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments			14	,420
Change in assumptions		29,590	4	,399
Change in proportionate share		82,231	55	,158
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		95,429		-
Total	\$_	207,250 \$	5 93	,078

Notes to Final	ncial St	atements
As of June 30	, 2022	(Continued)

Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$95,429 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Year Ended June 30					
2023	\$	(177)				
2024		(341)				
2025		764				
2026		4,472				
2027		11,912				
Thereafter		2,113				

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Note 15-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions because of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP- 2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,477,874
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		194,305
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,283,569
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilit	у	13.15%

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2022	(Continued)

Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability (Continued)

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.9 4%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expec	7.39%		

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

*On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
		1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
		(5.75%)	. –	(6.75%)		(7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan					. —	
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,232,247	\$	1,094,627	\$	978,168

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/pdf/ publications/2021-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 16-Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan):

County and School Board

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 12, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The County of Mathews Postretirement Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 12, the Component Unit School Board administers a singleemployer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Mathews County Public Schools Postretirement Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the School Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible County retirees include medical and dental insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses, and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the County who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. No benefits are provided to Medicare eligible retirees or their spouses.

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible School Board retirees include medical and dental insurance. A teacher who retires under VRS plan with at least 15 years of total credible service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of credible service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their credible service or (ii) the amount of credible service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Plan Membership

On June 30, 2022 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary	Component Unit
	Government	School Board
Total active employees with coverage	65	190
Total active employees without coverage	-	-
Total retirees with coverage	3	2
Total retirees without coverage	-	-
Total	68	192

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 16-Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

County and School Board: (Continued)

Contributions

The County nor the School Board pre-funds benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County or School Board. The amount paid by the County and the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$24,526 and \$23,365, respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

The County and School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the County and School Board actuarial valued on January 1, 2020 and January 1, 2021, respectively, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	School Board: Declining from 5.95% with 1 year of service to 3.50% with 20 or more years of service; County: Declining from 5.35% with 1 year of service to 3.50% with 20 or more years of service
Discount Rate	3.54%
Investment Rate of Return	N/A

Mortality rates for the County were based on the following actuarial assumptions:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2021; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year.

Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49; Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2021; males set forward 1 year; female's setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2021; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

These mortality assumptions were chosen to match the mortality assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Virginia Retirement System.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 16-Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

County and School Board: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates for the School Board were based on the following actuarial assumptions:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2021.

Post-Retirement: RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49; White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2021; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females setback 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2021; 115% of rates for males and females.

These mortality assumptions were chosen to match the mortality assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Virginia Retirement System.

Discount Rate

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond GO index as of June 30, 2022.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Primary Government Total OPEB Liability	Component Unit School Board Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 467,076	\$ 366,587
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	14,680	25,209
Interest	10,120	8,316
Changes in assumptions	(56,602)	(42,671)
Benefit payments	(26,602)	(13,652)
Net changes	\$ (58,404)	\$ (22,798)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 408,672	\$ 343,789

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

County and School Board: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.54%) or one percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

				Rate		
		1% Decrease (2.54%)		Current Discount Rate (3.54%)		1% Increase (4.54%)
Primary Government:						
Total OPEB liability	\$	448,537	\$	408,672	\$	374,005
Component Unit School Boar	rd:					
Total OPEB liability	\$	374,419	\$	343,789	\$	314,937
Sensitivity of the Total OP	EB Liability	to Changes in the	He	althcare Cost Trend I	Rate	?5

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rates	
			Healthcare Cost	
		1% Decrease	Trend	1% Increase
		(4.30% decreasing	(5.30% decreasing	(6.30% decreasing
		to 3.00%)	to 4.00%)	to 5.00%)
Primary Government:				
Total OPEB liability	\$	358,865 \$	408,672 \$	467,714
		1% Decrease	Trend	1% Increase
		(4.30% decreasing	(5.30% decreasing	(6.30% decreasing
		to 3.00%)	to 4.00%)	to 5.00%)
Component Unit School Boa	rd:			
Total OPEB liability	\$	297,116 \$	343,789 \$	399,583

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

County and School Board: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County and the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$10,165 and \$29,910. On June 30, 2022, the County and the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary	Primary Government				Component Unit School Board		
	Deferred Outflow of Resouces	s	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resouces		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 16,404	1\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,318	
Changes of assumptions	3,509)	57,268		65,462		35,185	
Total	\$ 19,913	3 \$	57,268		65,462	\$	74,503	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary	Component Unit
Year Ended June 30	_	Government	School Board
2023	\$	(14,760) \$	(3,615)
2024	Ŷ	(15,063)	(2,170)
2025		(7,532)	(1,204)
2026		-	(1,204)
2027		-	(848)
Thereafter		-	-

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 17-Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

Notes to Finar	ncial St	atements
As of June 30,	2022	(Continued)

Note 17-Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits): (Continued)

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$64,099.

Note 18-Aggregate OPEB Information:

Aggregate OPEB information is presented below:

	Primary Government						Component Unit School Board								
	Deferred I		d Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB		Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB
	Outflows		Inflows	-	Liability	-	Expense		Outflows		Inflows		Liability		Expense
VRS OPEB Plans:															
Group Life Insurance Program (Note 13):															
County	\$ 75,891	\$	73,102	\$	185,702	\$	12,273	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional	-		-		-		-		16,644		22,639		49,132		2,007
School Board Professional	-		-		-		-		151,013		180,638		428,918		20,019
County Health Insurance Credit Program (Note 14):															
County	7,103		3,604		20,719		2,646		-		-		-		-
School Board Nonprofessional	-		-		-		-		11,338		694		100,140		8,384
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program (Note 15)	-		-		-		-		207,250		93,078		1,094,627		90,311
County Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)	19,913		57,268		408,672		10,165		-		-		-		-
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)	-		-		-		-		65,462		74,503		343,789		29,910
Totals	\$ 102,907	\$	133,974	\$	615,093	\$	25,084	\$	451,707	\$	371,552	\$	2,016,606	\$	150,631

Note 19- Lease Receivable:

The County leases land and a building to a tenant for a restaurant under a lease contract. In fiscal year 2022, the County recognized lease and interest revenue in the amount of \$4,197 and \$56, respectively. A description of the lease is as follows:

	Interest	А	nnual	Start	End	Payment	End	ing
Lease Description	Rate	Inst	allments	Date	Date	Frequency	Bala	nce
Restaurant Site	0.75%	\$	8,100	2021	2023	Monthly	\$	-

There are no variable payments for the lease receivable above.

The 2023 lease payment was made in advance.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 20–Surety Bonds:

	_	Amount
Commonwealth of Virginia - Division of Risk Management - Surety		
Angela Ingram, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	103,000
Wendy Stewart, Treasurer		400,000
Leslie Hall, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
L. Mark Barrick, Sheriff		30,000
Selective Insurance Company - Surety		
School Board Clerk and Deputy Clerk		10,000
VMLIP - Surety		
All Social Services Employees - Blanket Bond		1,000,000
Note 21-Adoption of Accounting Principles:		

The County implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Nos. 87, *Leases* and 92, *Omnibus 2020* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Statement No. 87, *Leases* requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* addresses a variety of topics, including leases. No restatement of beginning net position was required as a result of this implementation. Using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the year of implementation, the following balances were recognized as of July 1, 2021 related to the lease(s):

	Governmental Activities		General Fund
Primary Government:		•	
Lessee activity:			
Lease assets	\$ 10,308		
Lease liabilities	\$ 10,308		
Lessor activity:			
Leases receivable	\$ 8,044	\$	8,044
Defered inflows of resources - leases	\$ 8,044	\$	8,044
Component Unit:			
Lessee activity:			
Lease assets	\$ 65,693		
Lease liabilities	\$ 65,693		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 22-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability of Payment Arrangements*, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)*, (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, enhances the comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from April 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Note 23-COVID-19 Funding and Subsequent Events:

The COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on operations continues to evolve. Specific to the County, COVID-19 impacted various parts of its 2022 operations and financial results including, but not limited to, costs for emergency preparedness and shortages of personnel. Federal relief has been received through various programs. Management believes the County is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. The extent to which COVID-19 may impact operations in subsequent years remains uncertain, and management is unable to estimate the effects on future results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 23- COVID-19 Funding and Subsequent Events: (Continued)

ARPA Funding

On March 11, 2022, the American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act of 2022 was passed by the federal government. A primary component of the ARPA was the establishment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF). Local governments are to receive funds in two tranches, with 50% provided beginning in May 2022 and the balance delivered approximately 12 months later.

On May 17, 2021, the County received its share of the first half of the CSLFRF funds, and on June 6, 2022, they received the second half. As a condition of receiving CSLFRF funds, any funds unobligated by December 31, 2024, and unexpended by December 31, 2026, will be returned to the federal government. Unspent funds in the amount of \$1,329,922 from the initial allocation are reported as unearned revenue as of June 30.

ESF Funding

The CARES Act also established the Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) and allocated \$30.75 billion to the U.S. Department of Education. The ESF is composed of three primary emergency relief funds: (1) a Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund, (2) an Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund, and (3) a Higher Education Emergency Relief (HEER) Fund. The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA Act) was signed into law on December 27, 2021 and added \$81.9 billion to the ESF. In March 2022, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARP Act), in support of ongoing state and institutional COVID-19 recovery efforts, added more than \$170 billion to the ESF. The School Board is receiving this funding from the Virginia Department of Education on a reimbursement basis.

County of Mathews, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget -		
	Outining I		5		Actual		Positive	
REVENUES	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(<u>Negative)</u>	
General property taxes	\$ 13,215,000	s	13,215,000	\$	14,248,446	\$	1,033,446	
Other local taxes	1,440,000	Ş	1,440,000	Ş	1,840,119	Ş	400,119	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	78,200		78,200		83,157		4,957	
Fines and forfeitures	50,500		50,500		68,729		18,229	
Revenue from the use of money and property	106,320		106,320		48,505		(57,815)	
Charges for services	45,300		55,318		48,303 52,367		(2,951)	
Miscellaneous	73,342		205,960		123,158		(82,802)	
Recovered costs	15,000		15,000		71,001		56,001	
Intergovernmental:	15,000		15,000		71,001		50,001	
Commonwealth	3,670,233		3,893,540		3,651,542		(241,998)	
Federal	821,516		1,686,967		1,297,394		(389,573)	
Total revenues	\$ 19,515,411	Ś	20,746,805	Ś	21,484,418	\$	737,613	
	+,	Ŧ		Ŧ	,,	Ŧ	,	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$ 2,158,914	\$	2,213,919	\$	2,167,240	\$	46,679	
Judicial administration	610,635		622,878		668,691		(45,813)	
Public safety	3,120,136		3,729,725		3,878,221		(148,496)	
Public works	1,417,807		1,417,807		1,656,920		(239,113)	
Health and welfare	2,629,601		2,639,332		2,367,457		271,875	
Education	9,066,130		9,066,130		9,122,675		(56,545)	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	559,653		580,970		546,477		34,493	
Community development	433,394		504,522		456,907		47,615	
Capital projects	1,103,625		1,980,076		1,589,750		390,326	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	595,742		595,742		591,955		3,787	
Interest and other fiscal charges	53,196		53,196		39,799		13,397	
Total expenditures	\$ 21,748,833	\$	23,404,297	\$	23,086,092	\$	318,205	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$ (2,233,422)	Ş	(2,657,492)	Ş	(1,601,674)	Ş	1,055,818	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	ć 120.000	ć	120,000	ć	120,000	ć		
Transfers in	\$ 130,000	\$	130,000	\$	-	\$	-	
Transfers out	-		-		(217,472) 1,391,891		(217,472)	
Issuance of lease revenue bonds	-		- E7 130				1,391,891	
Issuance of assets under lease	- <u> </u>	ć	57,128	ć	65,017	ć	7,889	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 130,000	\$	187,128	\$	1,369,436	Ş	1,182,308	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,103,422)	ς	(2,470,364)	٢	(232,238)	ς	2,238,126	
Fund balances - beginning	2,103,422	Ŷ	2,470,364	Ļ	8,275,339	4	5,804,975	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	_, 0,001	\$	8,043,101	\$	8,043,101	
. and saturdes chang	Ŷ	Ŷ		Ŷ	0,013,101	Ŷ	5,515,101	

County of Mathews, Virginia Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted Original	Am	nounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>	
REVENUES	<u>,</u>	2 (2 222		2 (2 222				
Other local taxes	\$	348,000	\$	348,000	\$	330,989	\$	(17,011)
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		130		130
Revenue from the use of money and property		-		-		383		383
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		-		5,701,235		474,653		(5,226,582)
Federal		-		-		179,984		179,984
Total revenues	\$	348,000	\$	6,049,235	\$	986,139	\$	(5,063,096)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	-	\$	33,331	\$	7,577	Ś	25,754
Education	4	168,000	Ŷ	168,000	Ŷ	168,000	Ŷ	-
Capital projects		50,000		6,233,635		686,680		5,546,955
Total expenditures	\$		\$		\$	862,257	\$	5,572,709
rotat expenditures	<u>,</u>	210,000	Ŷ	0,434,700	Ļ	002,257	Ļ	3,372,707
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	130,000	\$	(385,731)	\$	123,882	\$	509,613
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	482,400	Ś	217,472	Ś	(264,928)
Transfers out	Ŧ	(130,000)	Ŧ	(130,000)	Ŧ	(130,000)	Ŧ	(_0 ., / _0)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(130,000)	\$	352,400	\$	87,472	\$	(264,928)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(33,331)	\$	211,354	\$	244,685
Fund balances - beginning		-		33,331		878,213		844,882
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,089,567	\$	1,089,567

County of Mathews, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$	393,736 \$	379,187
Interest		892,281	866,692
Differences between expected and actual experience		(36,460)	(201,042)
Changes of assumptions		499,623	-
Benefit payments	_	(642,717)	(688,770)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,106,463 \$	356,067
Total pension liability - beginning	_	13,540,332	13,184,265
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	14,646,795 \$	13,540,332
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	Ş	271,229 \$	463,143
Contributions - employee	Ŧ	158,355	151,298
Net investment income		3,497,923	244,481
Benefit payments		(642,717)	(688,770)
Administrator charges		(8,679)	(8,168)
Other		330	(288)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	3,276,441 \$	161,696
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		12,794,630	12,632,934
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	16,071,071 \$	12,794,630
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(1,424,276) \$	745,702
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		109.72%	94.49 %
Covered payroll	\$	3,292,682 \$	3,158,445
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-43.26%	23.61%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	332,918 \$	335,841 \$	341,149 \$	341,912 \$	325,686 \$	314,784
	877,257	846,691	820,550	814,884	776,569	746,615
	(621,810)	(156,562)	(221,497)	(477,032)	55,210	-
	352,267	-	28,789	-	-	-
	(577,214)	(601,411)	(589,703)	(607,919)	(612,313)	(654,652)
\$	363,418 \$	424,559 \$	379,288 \$	71,845 \$	545,152 \$	406,747
	12,820,847	12,396,288	12,017,000	11,945,155	11,400,003	10,993,256
\$	13,184,265 \$	12,820,847 \$	12,396,288 \$	12,017,000 \$	11,945,155 \$	11,400,003
\$	312,617 \$	300,305 \$	291,224 \$	336,672 \$	324,933 \$	292,841
	136,946	127,864	142,834	122,964	120,639	121,410
	799,919	835,422	1,245,206	176,143	453,401	1,373,984
	(577,214)	(601,411)	(589,703)	(607,919)	(612,313)	(654,652)
	(7,848)	(7,225)	(7,210)	(6,381)	(6,272)	(7,532)
	(504)	(743)	(1,106)	(75)	(92)	72
\$	663,916 \$	654,212 \$	1,081,245 \$	21,404 \$	280,296 \$	1,126,123
	11,969,018	11,314,806	10,233,561	10,212,157	9,931,861	8,805,738
\$	12,632,934 \$	11,969,018 \$	11,314,806 \$	10,233,561 \$	10,212,157 \$	9,931,861
Ş	551,331 \$	851,829 \$	1,081,482 \$	1,783,439 \$	1,732,998 \$	1,468,142
	95.82%	93.36%	91.28%	85.16%	85.49%	87.12%
\$	2,843,189 \$	2,561,268 \$	2,473,088 \$	2,488,196 \$	2,390,708 \$	2,428,191
	19.39%	33.26%	43.73%	71.68%	72.49%	60.46%

County of Mathews, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020
Total pension liability	_		
Service cost	\$	72,588 \$	70,199
Interest		283,439	280,978
Differences between expected and actual experience		145,523	(48,018)
Changes of assumptions		183,735	-
Benefit payments		(292,184)	(241,221)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	393,101 \$	61,938
Total pension liability - beginning		4,345,191	4,283,253
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	4,738,292 \$	4,345,191
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	Ş	90,109 \$	92,649
Contributions - employee	Ŧ	40,251	43,159
Net investment income		918,083	66,621
Benefit payments		(292,184)	(241,221)
Administrator charges		(2,372)	(2,289)
Other		86	(356)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	753,973 \$	(41,437)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,450,841	3,492,278
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	4,204,814 \$	3,450,841
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	533,478 \$	894,350
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		88.74%	79.42%
Covered payroll	\$	871,982 \$	931,723
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		61.18%	95.99%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
5	71,191 \$	69,992 \$	73,000 \$	79,674 \$	72,755 \$	71,109
	272,250	263,746	257,328	248,469	236,376	227,108
	68,635	8,670	(15,559)	(33,775)	31,237	-
	98,438	-	(28,897)	-	-	-
	(233,097)	(208,740)	(179,650)	(155,958)	(179,276)	(152,332)
	277,417 \$	133,668 \$	106,222 \$	138,410 \$	161,092 \$	145,885
	4,005,836	3,872,168	3,765,946	3,627,536	3,466,444	3,320,559
_	4,283,253 \$	4,005,836 \$	3,872,168 \$	3,765,946 \$	3,627,536 \$	3,466,444
5	84,461 \$	86,813 \$	86,945 \$	92,400 \$	91,599 \$	91,604
	39,237	37,850	38,209	37,029	36,827	35,038
	222,618	236,587	354,888	50,708	127,992	387,986
	(233,097)	(208,740)	(179,650)	(155,958)	(179,276)	(152,332)
	(2,250)	(2,072)	(2,060)	(1,797)	(1,781)	(2,096)
	(139)	(210)	(316)	(22)	(26)	20
; _	110,830 \$	150,228 \$	298,016 \$	22,360 \$	75,335 \$	360,220
	3,381,448	3,231,220	2,933,204	2,910,844	2,835,509	2,475,289
	3,492,278 \$	3,381,448 \$	3,231,220 \$	2,933,204 \$	2,910,844 \$	2,835,509
5	790,975 \$	624,388 \$	640,948 \$	832,742 \$	716,692 \$	630,935
	81.53%	84.41%	83.45%	77.89%	80.24%	81.80%
	837,028 \$	799,884 \$	789,923 \$	747,964 \$	738,188 \$	696,679
	94.50%	78.06%	81.14%	111.33%	97.09%	90.56%

	_	2021	2020
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.08656%	0.08866%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	6,719,737 \$	12,902,359
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$	7,605,554 \$	7,642,707
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		88.35%	168.82%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		85.46%	71.47%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	0.07939%	0.08037%	0.08373%	0.08388%	0.08549%	0.08647%
\$	10,448,175 \$	9,451,000 \$	10,297,000 \$	11,755,000 \$	10,760,000 \$	10,449,000
\$	6,672,478 \$	6,453,601 \$	6,560,355 \$	6,391,686 \$	6,356,097 \$	6,323,731
	156.59%	146.45%	156.96%	183.91%	169.29%	165.23%
	73.51%	74.81%	72.92%	68.28%	70.68%	70.88%

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2022

Date		Contractually Required Contribution* (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution* (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	verni			. ,	-		-		
2022	\$	300,823	\$	300,823	\$	-	\$	3,668,679	8.20%
2021		271,371		271,371		-		3,292,682	8.24%
2020		343,794		343,794		-		3,158,445	10.88%
2019		312,722		312,722		-		2,843,189	11.00%
2018		300,373		300,373		-		2,561,268	11.73%
2017		295,039		295,039		-		2,473,088	11.93%
2016		336,672		336,672		-		2,488,196	13.53%
2015		324,933		324,933		-		2,390,708	13.59%
2014		292,840		292,840		-		2,428,191	12.06%
2013		290,470		290,470		-		2,408,541	12.06%
Component	Unit	School Board (non	professional)					
2022	\$	96,781	\$	96,781	\$	-	\$	947,163	10.22%
2021		89,756		89,756		-		871,982	10.29%
2020		93,149		93,149		-		931,723	10.00%
2019		84,712		84,712		-		837,028	10.12%
2018		86,813		86,813		-		799,884	10.85%
2017		88,392		88,392		-		789,923	11.19%
2016		92,400		92,400		-		747,964	12.35%
2015		91,599		91,599		-		738,188	12.41%
2014		91,265		91,265		-		696,679	13.10%
2013		89,935		89,935		-		686,525	13.10%
Component	Unit	School Board (pro	fessional)					
2022	\$	1,280,523	\$	1,280,523	\$	-	\$	7,886,718	16.24%
2021		1,224,543		1,224,543		-		7,605,554	16.10%
2020		1,178,080		1,178,080		-		7,642,707	15.41%
2019		1,018,412		1,018,412		-		6,672,478	15.26%
2018		1,039,399		1,039,399		-		6,453,601	16.11%
2017		961,748		961,748		-		6,560,355	14.66%
2016		898,671		898,671		-		6,391,686	14.06%
2015		921,634		921,634		-		6,356,097	11.66%
2014		737,347		737,347		-		6,323,731	11.66%
2013		711,170		711,170		-		11,234,913	6.33%

*Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021

Date (1)	Employer'sEmployer'sProportionateProportion of theShare of theNet GLI OPEBNet GLI OPEBLiabilityLiability(2)(3)		 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)	
Primary Go	vernment:					
2021	0.01600% \$	185,702	\$ 3,292,682	5.64%	67.45%	
2020	0.01540%	256,167	3,158,445	8.11%	52.64%	
2019	0.01450%	235,954	2,843,189	8.30%	52.00%	
2018	0.01348%	205,000	2,562,615	8.00%	51.22%	
2017	0.01341%	202,000	2,473,088	8.17%	48.86%	
Component	: Unit School Board (Nonpr	ofessional):				
2021	0.00420% \$	49,132	\$ 871,982	5.63%	67.45%	
2020	0.00450%	75,598	931,923	8.11%	52.64%	
2019	0.00427%	69,484	837,028	8.30%	52.00%	
2018	0.00421%	64,000	799,884	8.00%	51.22%	
2017	0.00428%	64,000	789,923	8.10%	48.86%	
Component	: Unit School Board (Profes	sional):				
2021	0.03680% \$	428,918	\$ 7,605,554	5.64%	67.45%	
2020	0.03710%	619,806	7,642,707	8.11%	52.64%	
2019	0.03367%	547,900	6,601,091	8.30%	52.00%	
2018	0.03391%	515,000	6,447,209	7.99%	51.22%	
2017	0.03564%	537,000	6,572,851	8.17%	48.86%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance Program (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2022

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	vern	ment	-				
2022	\$	19,811	\$	19,811	\$ -	\$ 3,668,679	0.54%
2021		17,780		17,780	-	3,292,682	0.54%
2020		16,424		16,424	-	3,158,445	0.52%
2019		14,785		14,785	-	2,843,189	0.52%
2018		13,326		13,326	-	2,562,615	0.52%
2017		12,860		12,860	-	2,473,088	0.52%
2016		11,943		11,943	-	2,488,196	0.48%
2015		11,502		11,502	-	2,396,305	0.48%
2014		11,655		11,655	-	2,428,191	0.48%
2013		11,561		11,561	-	2,408,541	0.48%
Component	t Uni	t School Board	(No	nprofessional)			
2022	\$	5,147	\$	5,147	\$ -	\$ 953,116	0.54%
2021		4,709		4,709	-	871,982	0.54%
2020		4,846		4,846	-	931,923	0.52%
2019		4,353		4,353	-	837,028	0.52%
2018		4,159		4,159	-	799,884	0.52%
2017		4,108		4,108	-	789,923	0.52%
2016		3,590		3,590	-	747,964	0.48%
2015		3,543		3,543	-	738,188	0.48%
2014		3,364		3,364	-	700,739	0.48%
2013		3,295		3,295	-	686,525	0.48%
Component	t Uni	t School Board	(Pro	ofessional)			
2022	\$	42,638	\$	42,638	\$ -	\$ 7,895,962	0.54%
2021		41,070		41,070	-	7,605,554	0.54%
2020		39,742		39,742	-	7,642,707	0.52%
2019		34,326		34,326	-	6,601,091	0.52%
2018		33,525		33,525	-	6,447,209	0.52%
2017		34,179		34,179	-	6,572,851	0.52%
2016		30,698		30,698	-	6,395,480	0.48%
2015		30,509		30,509	-	6,356,095	0.48%
2014		30,354		30,354	-	6,323,729	0.48%
2013		29,276		29,276	-	6,099,228	0.48%

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Primary Government For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 though 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	1,168 \$	869 \$	766 \$	1,075 \$	878
Interest		1,782	2,014	2,064	1,655	1,641
Differences between expected and actual experience		481	(3,611)	(1,026)	4,695	-
Changes of assumptions		795	-	710	-	(744)
Benefit payments		(2,800)	(2,620)	(1,687)	(1,497)	(1,629)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	1,426 \$	(3,348) \$	827 \$	5,928 \$	146
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		27,802	31,150	30,323	24,395	24,249
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	29,228 \$	27,802 \$	31,150 \$	30,323 \$	24,395
Plan fiduciary net position	_					
Contributions - employer	\$	4,680 \$	4,314 \$	3,730 \$	2,281 \$	2,142
Net investment income		1,594	80	175	41	24
Benefit payments		(2,800)	(2,620)	(1,687)	(1,497)	(1,629)
Administrator charges		(24)	(10)	(5)	(2)	(1)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	3,450 \$	1,764 \$	2,213 \$	823 \$	536
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		5,059	3,295	1,082	259	(277)
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	8,509 \$	5,059 \$	3,295 \$	1,082 \$	259
County's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	20,719 \$	22,743 \$	27,855 \$	29,241 \$	24,136
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		29.11%	18.20%	10.58%	3.57%	1.06%
Covered payroll	\$	955,104 \$	880,372 \$	761,198 \$	600,277 \$	563,617
County's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		2.17%	2.58%	3.66%	4.87%	4.28%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan School Board Component Unit (nonprofessional) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

		2021	2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability	-		
Service cost	\$	1,674 \$	-
Interest		6,777	-
Changes in benefit terms		-	100,396
Differences between expected and actual experience		1	-
Changes of assumptions		1,673	-
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	10,125 \$	100,396
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		100,396	-
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	110,521 \$	100,396
	-		
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	9,244 \$	-
Net investment income		1,178	-
Administrator charges		(41)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	10,381 \$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	10,381 \$	-
	-		
County's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	100,140 \$	100,396
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
HIC OPEB liability		9.39%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$	871,982 \$	-
County's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of			
covered payroll		11.48%	0.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2020 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2022

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	vernn	nent					
2022	\$	4,708	\$	4,708	\$ -	\$ 960,855	0.49%
2021		4,680		4,680	-	955,104	0.49%
2020		4,314		4,314	-	880,372	0.49%
2019		3,730		3,730	-	761,198	0.49%
2018		2,281		2,281	-	600,277	0.38%
2017		2,142		2,142	-	563,617	0.38%
2016		927		927	-	617,765	0.15%
2015		580		580	-	386,705	0.15%
Component	t Unit	School Board (nor	nprofessional):			
2022	\$	10,040	\$	10,040	\$ -	\$ 947,163	1.06%
2021		9,243		9,243	-	871,982	1.06%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The County enrolled in the Health Insurance Credit Program in 2015 and the School Board (nonprofessional) enrolled in 2021. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Mathews, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of County School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2021

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
Compone	nt Unit School Board (P	rofessional)			
2021	0.08528% \$	1,094,627	\$ 7,541,742	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.08718%	1,137,277	7,642,707	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.07847%	1,027,249	6,581,476	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.07972%	1,012,000	6,447,209	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.08304%	1,053,000	6,553,639	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2022

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Component	Unit	t School Board	(Pro	ofessional)			
2022	\$	95,429	\$	95,429	\$ -	\$ 7,886,718	1.21%
2021		91,255		91,255	-	7,541,742	1.21%
2020		91,712		91,712	-	7,642,707	1.20%
2019		78,978		78,978	-	6,581,476	1.20%
2018		79,301		79,301	-	6,447,209	1.23%
2017		72,745		72,745	-	6,553,639	1.11%
2016		67,792		67,792	-	6,395,480	1.06%
2015		67,375		67,375	-	6,356,095	1.06%
2014		70,193		70,193	-	6,323,729	1.11%
2013		67,701		67,701	-	6,099,228	1.11%
2012		40,119		40,119	-	6,686,516	0.60%

County of Mathews, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			,			
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	-					
Service cost	\$	14,680 \$	14,139 \$	8,786 \$	5,829 \$	5,997
Interest		10,120	10,315	16,008	17,365	16,945
Changes of assumptions		(56,602)	2,326	(32,831)	14,877	(15,599)
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	-	36,087	-	-
Benefit payments		(26,602)	(24,526)	(23,365)	(41,335)	(43,844)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(58,404) \$	2,254 \$	4,685 \$	(3,264) \$	(36,501)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		467,076	464,822	460,137	463,401	499,902
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	408,672 \$	467,076 \$	464,822 \$	460,137 \$	463,401
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,360,921 \$	3,360,921 \$	3,092,760 \$	2,557,695 \$	2,557,695
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.16%	13.90%	15.03%	17.99%	18.12%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Compenent Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2020	2019	2018
3 \$ 22,396	\$ 16,751 \$	18,496
2 10,069	10,664	11,661
2 16,800	2,946	(8,194)
7) -	(36,585)	-
9) (18,841)	(28,757)	(53,556)
1 \$ 30,424	\$ (34,981) \$	(31,593)
6 274,642	309,623	341,216
7 \$ 305,066	\$ 274,642 \$	309,623
5 \$ 8,668,823	\$ 7,469,666 \$	7,381,700
		4.19%
۲	4% 3.52%	44% 3.52% 3.68%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Mathews, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Valuation Date:	1/1/2020
Measurement Date:	6/30/2022

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.54%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 5.30% in 2022, then gradually declines to 4.00% over 52 years
Mortality Rates	Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85. Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

County of Mathews, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Valuation Date:	1/1/2021
Measurement Date:	6/30/2022

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.54%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 5.30% in 2022 and gradually declines to 4.00% by the year 2073
Salary Increase Rates	5.35% for 1-2 years of service, 4.75% for 3 years of service, then grading to an ultimate rate of 3.50% for 20+ years
Mortality Rates	Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; 5% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females setback 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2% increse compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

County of Mathews, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Special	Tour de			Market	-	
	Welfare	C	hesapeake		Days		
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	86,374		31,407		13,892	\$	131,673
Receivables:	·						-
Other receivables	-				2,239		2,239
Total assets	\$ 86,374	\$	31,407	\$	16,131	\$	133,912
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Individuals	\$ 86,374	\$	-	\$	-	\$	86,374
Organizations	-		31,407		16,131		47,538
Total net position	\$ 86,374	\$	31,407	\$	16,131	\$	133,912

County of Mathews, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Cu						
		Special	1	Four de		Market	-	
		Welfare	Ch	esapeake		Days		
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ADDITIONS								
Contributions:								
Donations	\$	47,602	\$	28,326	\$	13,601	\$	89,529
Investment earnings:								
Interest and dividends		10,063		226		47		10,336
Total additions	\$	57,665	\$	28,552	\$	13,648	\$	99,865
DEDUCTIONS								
Recipient payments		60,232	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,232
Purchases for supplies		-		34,675		11,223		45,898
Total deductions	Ş	60,232	Ş	34,675	Ş	11,223	Ş	106,130
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(2,567)	\$	(6,123)	\$	2,425	\$	(6,265)
Net position, beginning		88,941		37,530		13,706	\$	140,177
Net position, ending	Ş	86,374	Ş	31,407	Ş	16,131	\$	133,912

County of Mathews, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

	Ju	ne 30, 2022							
	School Operating <u>Fund</u>	School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Textl <u>Fu</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>		Thrifty Spot <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$-	\$ 355,455	\$2	20,075	\$ 267,579	\$	11,265	\$	654,374
Accounts receivable	5,725	-		-	-		-		5,725
Due from other governmental units	1,406,304	13,808		-	-		-		1,420,112
Inventories	-	5,052		-	-		-		5,052
Total assets	\$ 1,412,029	\$ 374,315	\$2	20,075	\$ 267,579	\$	11,265	\$	2,085,263
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$ 58,952	\$ 16,553	\$	-	\$-	\$	627	\$	76,132
Accrued liabilities	1,321,077	46,634		-	-		4,920		1,372,631
Unearned revenue	32,000	-		-	-		-		32,000
Total liabilities	\$ 1,412,029	\$ 63,187	\$	-	\$-	\$	5,547	\$	1,480,763
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable:									
Inventories	\$ -	\$ 5,052	\$	-		\$	-	\$	5,052
Committed	-	306,076	2	20,075	267,579		5,718		599,448
Total fund balances	\$ -	\$ 311,128	\$2	20,075	\$ 267,579	\$	5,718	\$	604,500
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,412,029	\$ 374,315	\$2	20,075	\$ 267,579	\$	11,265	\$	2,085,263
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Capital assets, cost	are not financial	resources an	d, there	efore,		ç ·	22,253,286		
Less: accumulated depreciation							13,268,396)	-	8,984,890
Deferred outflows of resources are not available therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items	ble to pay for curr	ent-period e	xpenditu	ures an	d,	\$	3,467,530 451,707	-	3,919,237
Long-term liabilities, including compensated a period and, therefore, are not reported in supporting this adjustment:									
Compensated absences						\$	(401,091)		
Lease liability Net pension liability							(56,475) (7,253,215)		
Net OPEB liability							(2,016,606)		(9,727,387)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and are not reported in the funds.	payable in the cu	urrent period	and, th	erefore	2,				
Pension related items OPEB related items						\$	(5,667,023) (371,552)		(6,038,575)
Net position of governmental activities								\$	(2,257,335)

County of Mathews, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	т	extbook <u>Fund</u>	School Activity <u>Fund</u>			Thrifty Spot <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmenta <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	7,939	ċ	87	Ś	21	\$		\$	850	\$	8,897
Charges for services	ç	15,400	ç	157,945	ç	21	ç	_	ç	53,838	ç	227,183
Miscellaneous		44,676		-		_		461,064				505,740
Recovered costs		125,576				_				-		125,576
Intergovernmental:		125,570										125,570
Local government		9,283,405		-		-		-		-		9,283,405
Commonwealth		5,899,437		6,769		-		-		-		5,906,206
Federal		1,340,701		782,671		-		-		-		2,123,372
Total revenues	\$		\$	947,472	\$	21	\$	461,064	\$	54,688	\$	18,180,379
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Education	\$	16,475,485	\$	1,021,252	\$	100,535	\$	431,900	\$	57,460	\$	18,086,632
Principal retirement		9,218		-		-		-		-		9,218
Interest and other fiscal charges		681		-		-		-		-		681
Total expenditures	\$	16,485,384	\$	1,021,252	\$	100,535	\$	431,900	\$	57,460	\$	18,096,531
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	\$	231,750	\$	(73,780)	\$	(100,514)	\$	29,164	\$	(2,772)	\$	83,848
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	231,750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	231,750
Transfers out		(231,750)		-		-		-		-		(231,750
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(231,750)	\$	231,750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	157,970	\$	(100,514)	\$	29,164	\$	(2,772)	\$	83,848
Fund balances - beginning		-		153,158		120,589		238,415		8,490		520,652
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	311,128	\$	20,075	\$	267,579	\$	5,718	\$	604,500
Amounts reported for governmental activities ir	the s	statement of	acti	ivities (Exhib	it 2)	are differe	nt t	ecause:				
Net change in fund balances - total government	- 1 6		_								\$	83,848

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Capital asset additions Depreciation expense	\$ 426,389 (678,160)	(251,771)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes		
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has		
any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs,		
premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts		
are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect		
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Principal retirement on assets under lease		9,218
Special contributions received from the Commonwealth for the teacher cost sharing pool are not		
reported in the governmental funds.		53,100
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences	\$ (114,825)	
Pension expense	1,119,957	
OPEB expense	16,545	1,021,677
Change in net position of governmental activities	-	\$ 916,072

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual School Operating Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	School Operating Fund									
		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				riance with nal Budget Positive		
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)		
REVENUES										
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	7,939	\$	939		
Charges for services		28,000		28,000		15,400		(12,600)		
Miscellaneous		76,900		76,900		44,676		(32,224)		
Recovered costs		86,000		86,000		125,576		39,576		
Intergovernmental:										
Local government		9,226,860		9,226,860		9,283,405		56,545		
Commonwealth		5,901,611		6,074,650		5,899,437		(175,213)		
Federal		523,800		523,800		1,340,701		816,901		
Total revenues	\$	15,850,171	\$	16,023,210	\$	16,717,134	\$	693,924		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Education	\$	15,657,696	\$	15,745,735	\$	16,475,485	\$	(729,750)		
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		-		9,218		(9,218)		
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		681		(681)		
Total expenditures	\$	15,657,696	\$	15,745,735	\$	16,485,384	\$	(739,649)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	\$	192,475	\$	277,475	\$	231,750	\$	(45,725)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers out	\$	(192,475)		(277,475)		(231,750)		45,725		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(192,475)	\$	(277,475)	\$	(231,750)	\$	45,725		
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-	•	-		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

County of Mathews, Virginia

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		School Cafeteria Fund							Textbook Fund							
		Budgeted	l An	nounts			Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive		Budgeted	An	nounts			Fii	iance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	-	Actual ((Negative)		•		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES	-						<u> </u>								<u>.</u>	<u> </u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	42,000	\$	42,000	\$	87	\$	(41,913)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21	\$	21
Charges for services		484,928		484,928		157,945		(326,983)		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental:																
Commonwealth		11,518		11,518		6,769		(4,749)		-		-		-		-
Federal		400,000		400,000		782,671		382,671		-		-		-		-
Total revenues	\$	938,446	\$	938,446	\$	947,472	\$	9,026	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21	\$	21
EXPENDITURES																
Current:																
Education	Ś	938,446	\$	1,023,446	Ś	1,021,252	Ś	2,194	\$	105,725	\$	105,725	\$	100,535	Ś	5,190
Total expenditures	\$	938,446	\$			1,021,252			\$		\$		\$	100,535		5,190
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)																
expenditures	\$	-	\$	(85,000)	\$	(73,780)	\$	11,220	\$	(105,725)	\$	(105,725)	\$	(100,514)	\$	5,211
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Transfers in	ć		ć	85,000	\$	231,750	ć	146,750	ċ	105,725	ċ	105,725	ć		ċ	(105,725)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	85,000	ډ \$	231,750	-	146,750			ې \$	105,725		-	\$ \$	(105,725)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>ې</u>	-	Ş	65,000	Ş	231,750	Ş	140,750	Ş	105,725	Ş	105,725	Ş	-	Ş	(105,725)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	157,970	\$	157,970	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(100,514)	\$	(100,514)
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		153,158		153,158		-		-		120,589		120,589
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	311,128	\$	311,128	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,075	\$	20,075

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		School Ac	tivit	y Fund						Thrifty	y Sp	ot Fund			
						riance with								ance with	
					Fi	nal Budget							Fina	al Budget	
В	Budgeted An	ounts				Positive	E	Budgeted	l An	nounts	_		Positive		
<u>Ori</u>	<u>ginal</u>	<u>Final</u>	_	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)	<u>c</u>	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Negative)</u>		
\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	850	\$	-	
	-	-		-		-		63,557		63,557		53,838		(9,719)	
	-	-		461,064		461,064		-		-		-		-	
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
\$	- \$	-	\$	461,064	\$	461,064	\$	63,557	\$	63,557	\$	54,688	\$	(9,719)	
\$	- \$	-	\$	431,900	\$	(431,900)	\$	63,557	\$	63,557	\$	57,460	\$	6,097	
\$	- \$	-	\$	431,900	\$	(431,900)	\$	63,557	\$	63,557	\$	57,460	\$	6,097	
\$	- \$	-	\$	29,164	\$	29,164	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,772)	\$	(3,622)	
	- \$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	_	\$		
, 5	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	ہ \$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	
1	ڊ ب		Ŷ		Ŷ		Ŷ		Ŷ		Ŷ		~		
5	- \$	-	\$	29,164	\$	29,164	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,772)	\$	(3,622	
	-	-		238,415		238,415		-		-		8,490		8,490	
\$	- \$	-	\$	267,579	\$	267,579	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,718	\$	4,868	

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County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board June 30, 2022

	L	_ewis		Orell	Whit	e-Hudgins	
	Scholarship		Sch	nolarship	Sch	nolarship	
	<u> </u>	Fund		Fund		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,364	\$	16,587	\$	29,063	\$ 49,014
Total assets		3,364		16,587		29,063	49,014
NET POSITION							
Restricted:							
Held in trust for scholarships	Ş	3,364	\$	16,587	Ş	29,063	\$ 49,014
Total Net Position	\$	3,364	\$	16,587	\$	29,063	\$ 49,014

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Custo	dial Funds			
	I	_ewis		Orell	Whit	e-Hudgins	
	Scholarship		Sch	nolarship	Sch	nolarship	
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ADDITIONS							
Contributions:							
Interest earned	\$	-	\$	5		11	\$ 16
Donations		-		-		20,000	20,000
Total additions	\$	-	\$	5	\$	20,011	\$ 20,016
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefits							
Refunds of contributions							
Administrative expenses	\$	89	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 89
Scholarships		250		1,000		21,748	22,998
Total deductions	\$	339	\$	1,000	\$	21,748	\$ 23,087
Change in net position		(339)		(995)		(1,737)	\$ (3,071)
Net position - beginning		3,703		17,582		30,800	52,085
Net position - ending	\$	3,364	\$	16,587	\$	29,063	\$ 49,014

Exhibit 38

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit-Economic Development Authority June 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 406,812
Total current assets	\$ 406,812
Total assets	\$ 406,812
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 406,812
Total net position	\$ 406,812

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit-Economic Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES	
Miscellaneous	\$ 12,008
Total operating revenues	\$ 12,008
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other supplies and expenses	\$ 46,015
Total operating expenses	\$ 46,015
Operating income (loss)	\$ (34,007)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	\$ 48
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 48
Change in net position	\$ (33,959)
Total net position - beginning	440,771
Total net position - ending	\$ 406,812

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Unit-Economic Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts for miscellaneous items	\$ 12,008
Payments for operating activities	(46,015)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (34,007)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends received	\$ 48
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$ 48
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (33,959)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	440,771
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 406,812
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	
provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (34,007)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (34,007)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
General Fund:									
Revenue from local sources:									
General property taxes:									
Real property taxes	\$	10,400,000	\$	10,400,000	\$	10,587,209	\$	187,209	
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		240,000		240,000		158,214		(81,786)	
Personal property taxes		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,770,770		770,770	
Mobile home taxes		30,000		30,000		36,477		6,477	
Boat taxes		260,000		260,000		304,125		44,125	
Machinery and tools taxes		160,000		160,000		210,659		50,659	
Penalties		80,000		80,000		94,760		14,760	
Interest		45,000		45,000		86,232		41,232	
Total general property taxes	\$	13,215,000	\$	13,215,000	\$	14,248,446	\$	1,033,446	
Other local taxes:									
Local sales and use taxes	\$	625,000	\$	625,000	\$	825,922	\$	200,922	
Consumers' utility taxes		150,000	•	150,000	·	154,548	•	4,548	
Consumption tax		35,000		35,000		36,791		1,791	
Business license taxes		150,000		150,000		188,312		38,312	
Motor vehicle licenses		285,000		285,000		295,260		10,260	
Bank stock taxes		95,000		95,000		132,659		37,659	
Taxes on recordation and wills		100,000		100,000		206,627		106,627	
Total other local taxes	\$	1,440,000	\$	1,440,000	\$	1,840,119	\$	400,119	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:									
Animal licenses	\$	2,100	\$	2,100	\$	1,633	\$	(467)	
Transfer fees	÷	500	Ŧ	500	Ŷ	706	Ŧ	206	
Permits and other licenses		75,600		75,600		80,818		5,218	
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	78,200	\$	78,200	\$	83,157	\$	4,957	
Fines and forfeitures:									
Court fines and forfeitures	Ś	50,500	ς	50,500	\$	68,729	ς	18,229	
Total fines and forfeitures	<u>-</u>	50,500	\$	50,500	\$	68,729	\$	18,229	
	<u> </u>	50,500	7	50,500	~		Ŷ	10,227	
Revenue from use of money and property:									
Revenue from use of money	\$	55,000	\$	55,000	\$	2,280	\$	(52,720)	
Revenue from use of property		51,320		51,320		46,225		(5,095)	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	106,320	\$	106,320	\$	48,505	\$	(57,815)	
Charges for services:									
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	13,800	\$	23,818	\$	8,149	\$	(15,669)	
Charges for courthouse maintenance		2,000		2,000		5,416		3,416	
Charges for court costs		100		100		-		(100)	
Courthouse security fees		11,500		11,500		22,268		10,768	
Circuit court- document reproduction		4,000		4,000		5,102		1,102	
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		600		600		388		(212)	
Charges for other protection		8,300		8,300		7,773		(527)	
Charges for library		5,000		5,000		3,271		(1,729)	
Total charges for services	\$	45,300	\$	55,318	\$	52,367	\$	(2,951)	
-	<u> </u>	,			-	,	-	· · /	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	73,342	\$	205,960	\$	123,158	\$	(82,802)
Total miscellaneous	\$	73,342	\$	205,960	\$	123,158	\$	(82,802)
Recovered costs:								
DMV License agent	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	71,001	\$	56,001
Total recovered costs	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	Ŝ	71,001	\$	56,001
	<u> </u>	13,000	Ŷ	13,000	Ŷ	, 1,001	Ŷ	30,001
Total revenue from local sources	\$	15,023,662	\$	15,166,298	\$	16,535,482	\$	1,369,184
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Mobile home titling tax	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	12,264	\$	11,264
State recordation tax		61,000		61,000	•	67,111		6,111
Game of skill tax		-		-		288		288
Personal property tax relief funds		1,000,083		1,000,083		1,000,083		-
Communications tax		370,000		370,000		320,518		(49,482)
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,432,083	\$	1,432,083	\$	1,400,264	\$	(31,819)
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	166,407	\$	166,407	\$	182,047	\$	15,640
Sheriff		592,703		619,703		648,165		28,462
Commissioner of revenue		141,137		141,137		106,504		(34,633)
Treasurer		126,971		126,971		101,705		(25,266)
Registrar/electoral board		72,270		72,270		55,860		(16,410)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		153,306		153,306		207,914		54,608
Total shared expenses	\$	1,252,794	\$	1,279,794	\$	1,302,195	\$	22,401
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	440,120	\$	449,851	\$	402,350	\$	(47,501)
Emergency medical services - two for life		7,000		7,000		-		(7,000)
Children's Services Act		300,787		300,787		189,043		(111,744)
Litter control		4,500		4,500		7,981		3,481
Library grant		103,146		103,146		85,740		(17,406)
Wireless board funds		42,997		42,997		54,603		11,606
Commission for the arts grant		4,500		4,500		4,500		-
Victim-witness grant		57,256		58,280		17,083		(41,197)
Library of Virginia grant		-		11,214		-		(11,214)
Fire programs fund		25,000		36,338		36,338		-

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with aal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)								
Wireless services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	150,000	\$	150,000
Emergency services		-		7,500		-		(7,500)
Other state aid		50		155,550		1,445		(154,105)
Total other categorical aid	\$	985,356	\$	1,181,663	\$	949,083	\$	(232,580)
Total categorical aid	\$	2,238,150	\$	2,461,457	\$	2,251,278	\$	(210,179)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,670,233	\$	3,893,540	\$	3,651,542	\$	(241,998)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	821,516	\$	821,516	\$	862,699	\$	41,183
Victim-witness grant		-		-		39,860		39,860
Emergency management		-		7,500		7,500		-
American Rescue Plan Act		-		857,951		352,181		(505,770)
Justice assistance		-		-		14,541		14,541
COVID-19 CARES Act		-		-		10,916		10,916
Ground transport safety		-		-		9,697		9,697
Total categorical aid	\$	821,516	\$	1,686,967	\$	1,297,394	\$	(389,573)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	821,516	\$	1,686,967	\$	1,297,394	\$	(389,573)
Total General Fund	\$	19,515,411	\$	20,746,805	\$	21,484,418	\$	737,613
Special Revenue Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes:								
Meals tax	\$	348,000	\$	348,000	\$	330,989		(17,011)
Total other local taxes	\$	348,000	\$	348,000	\$	330,989	\$	(17,011)
Fines and forfeitures:	L				×			
Wetland fines	<u></u>	-	\$	-	\$	130	\$	130
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	130	\$	130
Revenue from use of money and property:	*		*					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	383	\$	383
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	383	\$	383
Total revenue from local sources	\$	348,000	\$	348,000	\$	331,502	\$	(16,498)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Forfeited assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,023	\$	1,023
VA Port Authority grant	-	1,500,000	52,676		(1,447,324)
VA telecommunication grant	-	4,201,235	420,954		(3,780,281)
Total categorical aid	\$ -	\$ 5,701,235	\$ 474,653	\$	(5,226,582)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	\$ 5,701,235	\$ 474,653	\$	(5,226,582)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
VDOT enhancement grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 148,684	\$	148,684
COVID-19 CARES Act	-	-	15,016		15,016
Hazard mitigation grant	-	-	16,284		16,284
Total categorical aid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 179,984	\$	179,984
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 179,984	\$	179,984
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$ 348,000	\$ 6,049,235	\$ 986,139	\$	(5,063,096)
Total Primary Government	\$ 19,863,411	\$ 26,796,040	\$ 22,470,557	\$	(4,325,483)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of property	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,939	\$	939
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,939	\$	939
Charges for services:					
Tuition and payments from other divisions	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 15,400	\$	(12,600)
Total charges for services	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 15,400	\$	(12,600)
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 76,900	\$ 76,900	\$ 44,676	\$	(32,224)
Total miscellaneous	\$ 76,900	\$ 76,900	\$ 44,676	\$	(32,224)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)										
School Operating Fund: (Continued)										
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)										
Recovered costs:										
E-rate	\$	21,000	s	21,000	s	24,717	s	3,717		
Medicaid reimbursements	÷	65,000	Ŧ	65,000	Ŧ	100,859	Ŧ	35,859		
Total recovered costs	\$	86,000	\$	86,000	\$	125,576	\$	39,576		
	<u>,</u>	00,000	Ļ	00,000	Ŷ	125,570	Ŷ	57,570		
Total revenue from local sources	\$	197,900	\$	197,900	\$	193,591	\$	(4,309)		
Intergovernmental:										
Revenues from local governments:										
Contribution from County of Mathews, Virginia	\$	9,226,860	\$	9,226,860	\$	9,283,405	\$	56,545		
Total revenues from local governments	\$	9,226,860	\$	9,226,860	\$	9,283,405	\$	56,545		
Revenue from the Commonwealth:										
Categorical aid:										
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,236,492	¢	1,409,531	\$	1,672,413	¢	262,882		
Basic school aid	Ļ	2,767,098	ç	2,767,098	ç	2,279,099	Ļ	(487,999)		
Remedial summer education										
		17,402		17,402		44,297		26,895		
Regular foster care		531		531		339		(192)		
Gifted and talented		25,641		25,641		22,001		(3,640)		
Lottery proceeds		213,062		213,062		205,380		(7,682)		
Special education		382,686		382,686		377,771		(4,915)		
Textbook payment		51,994		51,994		45,470		(6,524)		
Project graduation		-		-		3,615		3,615		
Vocational education		152,881		152,881		133,697		(19,184)		
School fringes		569,433		569,433		498,826		(70,607)		
Compensation supplement		15,190		15,190		64,768		49,578		
ISAEP		8,386		8,386		8,233		(153)		
Early reading intervention		15,479		15,479		37,838		22,359		
Homebound		3,286		3,286		5,147		1,861		
At risk payments		128,285		128,285		127,163		(1,122)		
Remediation assistance - SOL		77,892		77,892		68,118		(9,774)		
Technology		128,000		128,000		-		(128,000)		
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		10,424		10,424		10,420		(4)		
Class size reduction		85,285		85,285		77,607		(7,678)		
Mentor teacher program		1,053		1,053		198		(855)		
English as a second language		5,555		5,555		6,249		694		
Industry certification costs		1,608		1,608		1,308		(300)		
Preschool						34,448		34,448		
Miscellaneous		3,948		3,948		175,032		171,084		
Total categorical aid	Ś	5,901,611	\$	6,074,650	\$	5,899,437	Ś	(175,213)		
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	 ¢									
rotat revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	5,901,611	\$	6,074,650	Ş	5,899,437	Ş	(175,213)		

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)	
School Operating Funds (Continued)	
School Operating Fund: (Continued)	
Intergovernmental: (Continued)	
Revenue from the federal government:	
Categorical aid:	
	\$ 23,068
Title VI-B, special education flow-through252,952252,952243,160	(9,792)
Carl Perkins 17,981 17,981 16,899	(1,082)
Title VI-B, special education pre-school10,02710,0273,511	(6,516)
Title III 1,981 1,981 1,431	(550)
CARES grant 806,263	806,263
Title II - Part A 33,165 33,165 49,709	16,544
CARES CRF funding 2,674	2,674
Total categorical aid \$ 523,800 \$ 523,800 \$ 1,340,701	\$ 816,901
Total revenue from the federal government \$ 523,800 \$ 523,800 \$ 1,340,701	\$ 816,901
Total School Operating Fund \$ 15,850,171 \$ 16,023,210 \$ 16,717,134	\$ 693,924
Special Revenue Funds:	
School Cafeteria Fund:	
Revenue from local sources:	
Revenue from use of money and property:	
Revenue from the use of money \$ 42,000 \$ 42,000 \$ 87	\$ (41,913)
Revenue from the use of property	-
Total revenue from use of money and property\$ 42,000\$ 42,000\$ 87	\$ (41,913)
Charges for services:	
-	\$ (326,983)
	\$ (326,983)
Total revenue from local sources \$ 526,928 \$ 526,928 \$ 158,032	\$ (368,896)
Intergovernmental:	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:	
Categorical aid:	
	\$ (4,749)
Total categorical aid \$ 11,518 \$ 11,518 \$ 6,769	\$ (4,749)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 11,518 \$ 11,518 \$ 6,769	\$ (4,749)
Revenue from the federal government:	
Categorical aid:	
School food program grant \$ 400,000 \$ 325,988 \$ 708,659	\$ 382,671
Commodities - 74,012 74,012	-
Total categorical aid \$ 400,000 \$ 400,000 \$ 782,671	\$ 382,671
Total revenue from the federal government \$ 400,000 \$ 400,000 \$ 782,671	\$ 382,671
Total School Cafeteria Fund \$ 938,446 \$ 947,472	\$ 9,026

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)								
Textbook Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21	\$	21
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21	\$	21
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21	\$	21
Total Textbook Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21	\$	21
School Activity Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	461,064	\$	461,064
Total miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	461,064	\$	461,064
Total School Activity Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	461,064	\$	461,064
Thrifty Spot Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	850	\$	850
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	850	\$	850
Charges for services:								
Other charges for services	\$	63,557	\$	63,557	\$	53,838	\$	(9,719)
Total charges for services	\$	63,557	\$	63,557		53,838	\$	(9,719)
Total Thrifty Spot Fund	\$	63,557	\$	63,557	\$	54,688	\$	(8,869)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	16,852,174	\$	17,025,213	\$	18,180,379	\$	1,155,166

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	417,436	\$	417,436	\$	365,624	\$	51,812
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	588,499	\$	588,499	\$	560,391	\$	28,108
Legal services		60,000		60,000	-	60,000		-
Commissioner of revenue		233,563		266,939		305,163		(38,224)
Independent Auditor		55,000		55,000		47,660		7,340
Treasurer		310,789		310,789		344,658		(33,869)
Information Technology		277,530		277,530		313,585		(36,055)
Total general and financial administration	\$		\$	1,558,757	\$	1,631,457	\$	(72,700)
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	65,695	ς	87,954	s	47,590	Ś	40,364
Registrar	Ŷ	150,402	Ŷ	149,772	Ŷ	122,569	7	27,203
Total board of elections	\$	216,097	\$	237,726	\$	170,159	\$	67,567
Total general government administration	\$	2,158,914	\$	2,213,919	\$	2,167,240	\$	46,679
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	24,345	\$	24,345	\$	26,802	\$	(2,457)
General district court		15,250		15,250		8,811	·	6,439
Juvenile and domestic relations court		3,100		3,100		1,726		1,374
Victim witness		56,227		57,256		56,943		313
Clerk of the circuit court		233,651		244,865		292,076		(47,211)
Total courts	\$	332,573	\$	344,816	\$	386,358	\$	(41,542)
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	278.062	s	278,062	Ś	282,333	\$	(4,271)
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	278,062	1	278,062		282,333		(4,271)
Total judicial administration	\$	610,635	\$	622,878	\$	668,691	\$	(45,813)
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	1,225,958	Ś	1,419,591	Ś	1,857,615	Ś	(438,024)
E-911	Ŧ	452,502	Ŧ	677,433	Ŧ	283,709	Ŧ	393,724
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,678,460	\$	2,097,024	\$	2,141,324	\$	(44,300)
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	202,300	¢	307,238	¢	305,435	¢	1,803
Ambulance and rescue services	ç	304,024	ڔ	336,008	Ļ	329,499	Ļ	6,509
Total fire and rescue services	¢	506,324	Ċ	643,246	ċ	634,934	Ċ	8,312
וטנמנ וווד מווע ובזכעב זבו עונצג	ډ	500,524	ډ	043,240	ډ	054,754	ډ	0,312

General Fund: (Continued) Public safety: (Continued) Correction and detention: Regional jail 5 591,479 \$ 5791,479 \$ 578,203 \$ (86,724) Juvenile probation and detention $56,336$ $56,336$ $56,336$ \$ 571,416 \$ 174,416 \$ 174,416 \$ 164,056 \$ 10,360 Inspections: Building \$ 174,416 \$ 174,416 \$ 164,056 \$ 10,360 Other protection: \$ 100 100 180 (80) \$ 100 100 180 (80) Total other protection \$ 104,121 \$ 158,224 \$ 207,558 \$ (49,33) Modical examiner 100 100 180 (80) \$ 148,496) Public works: \$ 3,120,136 \$ 3,729,725 \$ 3,878,221 \$ (148,496) Public works: \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 <th>Fund, Function, Activity and Element</th> <th>Original <u>Budget</u></th> <th>Final <u>Budget</u></th> <th><u>Actual</u></th> <th>Fin</th> <th>iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)</th>	Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
$ \begin{array}{c c} Correction and detention: Regional jall Science (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2$	General Fund: (Continued)					
Regional jail S 591,479 S 678,203 S (86,724) Juvenile probation and detention 5 650,336 653,36 5 730,349 S (86,724) Inspections: Building 5 174,416 S 174,416 S 164,056 S 103,60 Other protection: Animal control S 104,021 S 158,124 S 207,378 S (49,254) Medical examiner 5 104,021 S 158,124 S 207,378 S (49,254) Medical examiner 5 104,021 S 158,124 S 207,578 S (49,334) Total public safety S 3,120,136 S 3,729,725 S 3,878,221 S (48,496) Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: S 18,000 S 18,000 S - S 18,000 Sanitation and waste removal: S 730,316 S 7	Public safety: (Continued)					
Juvenile probation and detention $65,336$ $65,336$ $52,146$ $13,190$ Total correction and detention\$ $656,815$ \$ $730,349$ \$ $(72,534)$ Inspections: Building Total inspections\$ $174,416$ \$ $174,416$ \$ $164,056$ \$ $10,360$ Other protection: Animal control\$ $174,416$ \$ $174,416$ \$ $164,056$ \$ $10,360$ Other protection: Animal control\$ $104,021$ \$ $158,124$ \$ $207,378$ \$ $(49,254)$ Medical examiner Total turbic safety\$ $104,021$ \$ $158,124$ \$ $207,378$ \$ $(49,254)$ Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Streetlights Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Streetlights Total sanitation and waste removal: Refuse disposal\$ $730,316$ \$ $730,316$ \$ $730,316$ \$ $730,316$ \$ -5 $18,000$ Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties\$ $669,491$ \$ $669,491$ \$ $926,604$ \$ $(257,113)$ Health and welfare: Health: Supplement of local health department 	Correction and detention:					
Total correction and detention 5 656,815 \$ 730,349 \$ (73,534) Inspections: Building Total inspections 5 174,416 \$ 174,416 \$ 164,056 \$ 10,360 Other protection: Animal control Medical examiner \$ 104,021 \$ 158,124 \$ 207,378 \$ (49,254) Medical examiner 100 100 100 180 (80) (80) Total other protection 5 104,121 \$ 158,124 \$ 207,378 \$ (49,254) Medical examiner 100 100 180 (80) (80) Total other protection \$ 104,021 \$ 158,124 \$ 207,378 \$ (49,254) Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: \$ 1100,00 \$ \$ 118,000 \$ \$ 18,000 \$ \$ 18,000 \$ \$ 18,000 \$ \$ \$ 18,000 \$ \$ \$	Regional jail	\$ 591,479	\$ 591,479	\$ 678,203	\$	(86,724)
Inspections: Building \$ 174,416 \$ 174,416 \$ 164,056 \$ 10,360 Other protection: Animal control \$ 174,416 \$ 174,416 \$ 164,056 \$ 10,360 Other protection: Animal control \$ 104,021 \$ 158,124 \$ 207,378 \$ (49,254) Medical examiner 100 100 100 180 (80) \$ (49,334) Total public safety \$ 3,120,136 \$ 3,729,725 \$ 3,878,221 \$ (148,496) Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 </td <td>Juvenile probation and detention</td> <td> 65,336</td> <td>65,336</td> <td>52,146</td> <td></td> <td>13,190</td>	Juvenile probation and detention	 65,336	65,336	52,146		13,190
Building Total inspections S 174,416 S 174,416 S 164,056 S 10,360 Other protection: Animal control S 104,021 S 158,124 S 207,378 S (49,254) Medical examiner 100 100 180 (80) Total other protection S 104,121 S 158,124 S 207,378 S (49,254) Medical examiner 100 100 180 (80) (80) (80) Total other protection S 104,121 S 158,124 S 207,558 S (49,334) Total public safety S 3,120,136 S 3,729,725 S 3,878,221 S (148,496) Public works: S 18,000 S 18,000 S - S 18,000 </td <td>Total correction and detention</td> <td>\$ 656,815</td> <td>\$ 656,815</td> <td>\$ 730,349</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(73,534)</td>	Total correction and detention	\$ 656,815	\$ 656,815	\$ 730,349	\$	(73,534)
Total inspections \$ 174,416 \$ 164,056 \$ 10,300 Other protection: Animal control \$ 104,021 \$ 158,124 \$ 207,378 \$ (49,254) Medical examiner 100 100 100 180 (80) Total other protection \$ 104,121 \$ 158,224 \$ 207,358 \$ (49,234) Total other protection \$ 3,120,136 \$ 3,729,725 \$ 3,878,221 \$ (148,496) Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000 \$ - - - - - - <td>Inspections:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Inspections:					
Other protection: Animal controlAnimal control\$ 104,021 \$ 158,124 \$ 207,378 \$ (49,254) 100 100 180 (80) Total other protectionTotal other protection\$ 104,121 \$ 158,224 \$ 207,578 \$ (49,234)Total other protection\$ 3,120,136 \$ 3,729,725 \$ 3,878,221 \$ (148,496)Public works:Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: StreetlightsStreetlights\$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ \$ 18,000 \$ \$ 18,000Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: StreetlightsSanitation and waste removal: Refuse disposal Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General propertiesGeneral properties Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General propertiesGeneral properties Total maintenance of local health department Total healthS 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Total healthMental health and mental retardation: Gloucester-Mathews free clinic Community services board and Puller CenterS 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 3,010 \$ 148,000 \$ S 1,651,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850	Building	\$ 174,416	\$ 174,416	\$ 164,056	\$	10,360
Animal control \$ 104,021 \$ 158,124 \$ 207,378 \$ (49,254) Medical examiner 100 100 180 (80) Total other protection \$ 104,121 \$ 158,224 \$ 207,558 \$ (49,334) Total public safety \$ 3,120,136 \$ 3,729,725 \$ 3,878,221 \$ (148,496) Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Streetlights \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ \$ 18,000 Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse disposal Total sanitation and waste removal: General properties General properties Total public works Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties Total public works Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: S 164,9491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) Total public works S 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mealth and wetfare: Health Supplement of local health department S 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mental health and mental retardation: Gloucester-Mathews free clinic S 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 148,2	Total inspections	\$ 174,416	\$ 174,416	\$ 164,056	\$	10,360
Medical examiner 100 100 180 (80) Total other protection 5 $104,121$ \$ $158,224$ \$ $207,558$ \$ $(49,334)$ Total public safety \$ $3,120,136$ \$ $3,729,725$ \$ $3,878,221$ \$ $(148,496)$ Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $18,000$ \$ $ 5$ $18,000$ \$ $ 5$ $18,000$ \$ $ 5$ $18,000$ \$ $730,316$ \$	Other protection:					
Total other protection $$ 104,121 $ 158,224 $ 207,558 $ (49,334)$ Total public safety $$ 3,120,136 $ 3,729,725 $ 3,878,221 $ (148,496)$ Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Streetlights $$ 18,000 $ 18,000 $ - $ 140,010 $ - $$	Animal control	\$ 104,021	\$ 158,124	\$ 207,378	\$	(49,254)
Total public safety\$ 3,120,136 \$ 3,729,725 \$ 3,878,221 \$ (148,496)Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Streetlights\$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Streetlights\$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ - \$ 18,000Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse disposal Total sanitation and waste removal:\$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ - \$ 18,000Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties\$ 669,491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,656,920 \$ (239,113)Health and welfare: Health: Supplement of local health department Total health\$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850Mental health and mental retardation: Gloucester-Mathews free clinic Community services board and Puller Center\$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 3,8,130		 100	100	180		(80)
Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Streetlights Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks $$ 18,000$ $$ 18,000$ $$ - $ 18,000$ Sanitation and waste removal: 	Total other protection	\$ 104,121	\$ 158,224	\$ 207,558	\$	(49,334)
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Streetlights Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks $\frac{5}{5}$ $18,000$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $18,000$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{18,000}{5}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{5}{18,000}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{18,000}{5}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{-5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{-5}{730$	Total public safety	\$ 3,120,136	\$ 3,729,725	\$ 3,878,221	\$	(148,496)
Streetlights Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks $\frac{5}{5}$ $18,000$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $18,000$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{18,000}{5}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{730,316}{5}$ $\frac{5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{-5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{-5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{-5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{-5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{-5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{730,316}{5}$ $\frac{5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{-5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{730,316}{5}$ $\frac{5}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{25}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{25}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{25}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{25}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{25}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{25}{730,316}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ <	Public works:					
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks $$$ $18,000$ $$$ $18,000$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$18,000$ Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse disposal Total sanitation and waste removal $$$ $730,316$ $$$ $730,316$ $$$ $730,316$ $$$ $730,316$ $$$ $ $$ Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds $$$ $$669,491$ $$$ $926,604$ $$$ $(257,113)$ Total public works $$$ $$1,417,807$ $$$ $1,656,920$ $$$ $(223,113)$ Health and welfare: Health: Total health $$$ $$167,133$ $$$ $$148,283$ $$$ $$18,850$ Mental health and mental retardation: Gloucester-Mathews free clinic Community services board and Puller Center $$$ $$0,000$ <td>Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:					
Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse disposal Total sanitation and waste removal $$$ $730,316$ $$$ $730,316$ $$$ $730,316$ $$$ $-$ Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds: Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds $$$ $669,491$ $$$ $669,491$ $$$ $926,604$ $$$ $(257,113)$ Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds $$$ $669,491$ $$$ $926,604$ $$$ $(257,113)$ Total public works $$$ $1,417,807$ $$$ $1,417,807$ $$$ $1,656,920$ $$$ $(239,113)$ Health and welfare: Health: Supplement of local health department Total health $$$ $167,133$ $$$ $148,283$ $$$ $18,850$ Mental health and mental retardation: Gloucester-Mathews free clinic Community services board and Puller Center $$$ $8,000$ $$$ $8,000$ $$$ $8,000$ $$$ $-$	Streetlights	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	\$ -	\$	18,000
Refuse disposal \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ - Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ - Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ - General properties \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 669,491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) Total public works \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,656,920 \$ (239,113) Health and welfare: \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mental health department \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mental health and mental retardation: \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ \$ 8,000 \$ - Gloucester-Mathews free clinic \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ - Community services board and Puller Center \$ 8,130 38,130 38,130 -	Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	\$ -	\$	18,000
Total sanitation and waste removal\$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$ 730,316 \$Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds\$ $669,491 $ 926,604 $ (257,113)$ Solution of the properties Total public works\$ $669,491 $ 669,491 $ 926,604 $ (257,113)$ Health and welfare: Health: Total health\$ $1,417,807 $ 1,417,807 $ 1,656,920 $ (239,113)$ Health: Total health\$ $167,133 $ 167,133 $ 148,283 $ 18,850$ Mental health and mental retardation: Gloucester-Mathews free clinic Community services board and Puller Center\$ $8,000 $ $ 8,000 $ $ 8,000 $38,130 38,130$	Sanitation and waste removal:					
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:General properties\$ 669,491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113)Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds\$ 669,491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113)Total public works\$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,656,920 \$ (239,113)Health and welfare:\$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,656,920 \$ (239,113)Health:\$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850Supplement of local health department\$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850Total health\$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850Mental health and mental retardation:\$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ - 0,000 \$ 0,000	Refuse disposal	\$ 730,316	\$ 730,316	\$ 730,316	\$	-
General properties \$ 669,491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 669,491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) Total public works \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,656,920 \$ (239,113) Health and welfare: \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Total health \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mental health and mental retardation: \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Gloucester-Mathews free clinic \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ - 0,000 \$	Total sanitation and waste removal	\$ 730,316	\$ 730,316	\$ 730,316	\$	-
General properties \$ 669,491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 669,491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) Total public works \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,656,920 \$ (239,113) Health and welfare: \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Total health \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mental health and mental retardation: \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Gloucester-Mathews free clinic \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ - 0,000 \$	Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:					
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 669,491 \$ 669,491 \$ 926,604 \$ (257,113) Total public works \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,417,807 \$ 1,656,920 \$ (239,113) Health and welfare: \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Supplement of local health department \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Total health \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mental health and mental retardation: \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$. Gloucester-Mathews free clinic \$ 8,000 \$. Community services board and Puller Center \$ 8,000 \$.		\$ 669,491	\$ 669,491	\$ 926,604	\$	(257,113)
Health and welfare: Health: Supplement of local health department Total health Total health Mental health and mental retardation: Gloucester-Mathews free clinic Supplement of local health Health: Supplement of local health Total health Supplement of local health department Supplement of local health Gloucester-Mathews free clinic Supplement of local health Supplement of local health Supplement of local health Health Supplement of local health Building Supplement of local health Health Health Supplement of local health Health Supplement of local health Gloucester-Mathews free clinic Supplement of local health Health Health Health Supplement of local health Health Health Health Health Health Health Health	Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$ 669,491	\$ 669,491	\$		(257,113)
Health: Supplement of local health department \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Total health \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mental health and mental retardation: \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Gloucester-Mathews free clinic \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 18,000 \$ - Community services board and Puller Center \$ 38,130 \$ 38,130 \$ -	Total public works	\$ 1,417,807	\$ 1,417,807	\$ 1,656,920	\$	(239,113)
Supplement of local health department \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Total health \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mental health and mental retardation: \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Gloucester-Mathews free clinic \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ - Community services board and Puller Center \$ 38,130 \$ 38,130 -	Health and welfare:					
Total health \$ 167,133 \$ 167,133 \$ 148,283 \$ 18,850 Mental health and mental retardation: Gloucester-Mathews free clinic \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ - Community services board and Puller Center 38,130 38,130 38,130 -						
Mental health and mental retardation:Gloucester-Mathews free clinic\$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ -Community services board and Puller Center38,130 38,130 -		\$				
Gloucester-Mathews free clinic\$8,000\$8,000\$-Community services board and Puller Center38,13038,13038,130-	Total health	\$ 167,133	\$ 167,133	\$ 148,283	\$	18,850
Community services board and Puller Center 38,130 38,130 -	Mental health and mental retardation:					
	Gloucester-Mathews free clinic	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$	-
Total mental health and mental retardation\$ 46,130 \$ 46,130 \$ 46,130 \$ -	Community services board and Puller Center	38,130	38,130	38,130		-
	Total mental health and mental retardation	\$ 46,130	\$ 46,130	\$ 46,130	\$	-

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Health and welfare: (Continued)								
Welfare:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	Ş	1,816,546	Ş	1,826,277	Ş	1,659,615	Ş	166,662
Area agency on aging		58,023		58,023		58,023		-
Children's Services Act		541,769		541,769		306,219		235,550
Tax relief for the elderly	<u></u>	-	~	-	~	149,187	~	(149,187)
Total welfare	\$	2,416,338	\$	2,426,069	\$	2,173,044	Ş	253,025
Total health and welfare	\$	2,629,601	\$	2,639,332	\$	2,367,457	\$	271,875
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to Rappahannock Community College	\$	7,270	\$	7,270	\$	7,270	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board		9,058,860		9,058,860		9,115,405		(56,545)
Total education	\$	9,066,130	\$	9,066,130	\$	9,122,675	\$	(56,545)
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	104,000	\$	104,000	\$	104,000	\$	-
Total parks and recreation	\$	104,000	\$	104,000	\$	104,000		-
Liker of the second								
Library: Contribution to county library	ć	455,653	ċ	476,970	ċ	442 477	\$	24 402
Total library	\$	455,653	\$ \$	476,970	ې S	442,477 442,477	ډ \$	34,493 34,493
	¢	455,055	ڊ	470,970	ç	442,477	ڔ	54,475
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	559,653	\$	580,970	\$	546,477	\$	34,493
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning and zoning	\$	314,151	\$	385,279	\$	342,004	\$	43,275
Planning and zoning boards		5,306		5,306		2,176		3,130
Middle Peninsula planning district commission		22,757		22,757		24,186		(1,429)
Wetlands board		1,815		1,815		754		1,061
Economic development		41,000		41,000		38,500		2,500
Total planning and community development	\$	385,029	\$	456,157	\$	407,620	\$	48,537
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	-
Litter control program		5,608		5,608		7,981		(2,373)
Total environmental management	\$	11,608	\$	11,608	\$	13,981	\$	(2,373)
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	36,757	\$	36,757	\$	35,306	\$	1,451
Total cooperative extension program	\$	36,757	\$		\$	35,306	\$	1,451
Total community development	\$	433,394	\$	504,522	\$	456,907	\$	47,615

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with aal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Capital projects:					
CARES Act capital projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,500	\$	(7,500)
Broadband project - ARPA	-	857,951	271,519		586,432
Infrastructure maintenance	341,000	341,000	1,109,013		(768,013)
Technology purchases	695,125	695,125	186,339		508,786
Other capital projects	 67,500	86,000	15,379		70,621
Total capital projects	\$ 1,103,625	\$ 1,980,076	\$ 1,589,750	\$	390,326
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$ 595,742	\$ 595,742	\$ 591,955	\$	3,787
Interest and other fiscal charges	53,196	53,196	39,799		13,397
Total debt service	\$ 648,938	\$ 648,938	\$ 631,754	\$	17,184
Total General Fund	\$ 21,748,833	\$ 23,404,297	\$ 23,086,092	\$	318,205
Special Revenue Fund:					
Public Safety:					
Other protection:					
Forfeited assets	\$ -	\$ 33,331	7,577		25,754
Total other protection	\$ -	\$ 33,331	\$ 7,577	\$	25,754
Total public safety	\$ -	\$ 33,331	\$ 7,577	\$	25,754
Education:					
Other instructional costs:					
Contribution to County School Board	\$ 168,000	168,000	168,000		-
Total other instructional costs:	\$ 168,000	\$ 168,000	\$ 168,000	\$	-
Total Education	\$ 168,000	\$ 168,000	\$ 168,000	\$	-
Capital projects:					
Main street improvements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 190,130	\$	(190,130)
Bohannon fire station	50,000	50,000	50,000		-
VA telecommunications	-	4,683,635	378,858		4,304,777
Port Authority dredging	-	1,500,000	52,676		1,447,324
Broadband	 -	-	15,016		(15,016)
Total capital projects	\$ 50,000	\$ 6,233,635	\$ 686,680	\$	5,546,955
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$ 218,000	\$ 6,434,966	\$ 862,257	\$	5,572,709
Total Primary Government	\$ 21,966,833	\$ 29,839,263	\$ 23,948,349	\$	5,890,914

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Education:								
Administration, health, and attendance		1,051,123	\$	1,051,123	\$		\$	26,171
Instruction costs		11,909,334		11,997,373		12,301,543		(304,170)
Pupil transportation		1,137,765		1,137,765		1,424,483		(286,718)
Operation and maintenance of school plant		1,559,474		1,559,474		1,724,507		(165,033)
Total education	\$	15,657,696	\$	15,745,735	\$	16,475,485	\$	(729,750)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,218	Ś	(9,218)
Interest and other fiscal charges	,	-	'	-		681	'	(681)
Total debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,899	\$	(9,899)
	<u> </u>		Ŧ		Ŧ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+	(7,077)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	15,657,696	\$	15,745,735	\$	16,485,384	\$	(739,649)
Special Revenue Funds:								
School Cafeteria Fund:								
Education:								
School food services:								
Administration of school food program	\$	938,446	Ś	949,434	Ś	947,240	s	2,194
Commodities	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	74,012	Ŷ	74,012		
Total school food services	\$	938,446	\$	1,023,446	\$	1,021,252		2,194
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	938,446	\$	1,023,446	\$	1,021,252	\$	2,194
Textbook Fund:								
Education:								
Purchase of textbooks	Ş	105,725	¢	105,725	\$	100,535	¢	5,190
Total education	\$	105,725	ې \$	105,725	ڊ S	100,535	ډ \$	5,190
	ڊ	105,725	Ş	105,725	ç	100,555	ç	5,190
Total Textbook Fund	\$	105,725	\$	105,725	\$	100,535	\$	5,190
School Activity Fund:								
Education:								
School activity funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	431,900	\$	(431,900)
Total Education	\$	-	\$	-	\$	431,900	\$	(431,900)
Total School Activity Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	431,900	\$	(431,900)
Thrifty Spot Fund:								
Education:					,			
Administration	<u>Ş</u>	63,557		63,557		57,460		6,097
Total Administration	\$	63,557	\$	63,557	\$	57,460	\$	6,097
Total Thrifty Spot Fund	\$	63,557	\$	63,557	\$	57,460	\$	6,097
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	16,765,424	\$	16,938,463	\$	18,096,531	\$	(1,158,068)

Table 1

County of Mathews, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	15,365,607	15,850,234	16,730,790	18,105,730	18,199,945	19,593,836	18,158,767	19,387,804	20,721,922	22,721,446
Interest on Long- Term Debt	390,314	357,502	245,912	201,364	190,491	128,430	92,460	50,842	21,206	20.723
Community Development	614,138	973,727	782,253	2,046,275	3,006,530	3,071,375	895,448	533,182	934,167	2.399.447
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	613,639	540,323	618,910	646,223	203,087	510,214	653,065	543,009	611,567	427.821
Education	6,764,109	6,737,939	7,550,860	7,300,079	7,097,225	7,648,766	7,887,125	9,119,754	8,754,458	9.290.675
Health and Welfare	1,740,409	1,795,146	1,965,530	1,975,002	1,794,958	1,935,505	2,272,755	2,398,408	2,127,174	2.283.681
Public Works	1,105,587	1,036,856	1,064,290	1,164,093	1,191,113	1,387,017	1,463,335	1,317,894	1,419,514	1.570.076
Public Safety	2,297,325	2,506,931	2,621,490	2,697,008	2,582,338	2,858,519	3,023,971	2,885,141	4,145,769	3,806,236
Judicial Administration	656,328	662,127	653,308	690,064	693,402	632,505	716,749	720,527	714,757	773,212
General Government Administration	1,183,758	1,239,683	1,228,237	1,385,622	1,440,801	1,421,505	1,153,859	1,819,047	1,993,310	2,149,575
Fiscal Year	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

Table 2

County of Mathews, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

		PRO	JGR	PROGRAM REVENUES	ŝ			บี	ENER	GENERAL REVENUES	ES				
													Grants and		
			0	Operating		Capital							Contributions		
		Charges		Grants		Grants	General	Other	Unr	Unrestricted			Not Restricted		
Fiscal		for		and		and	Property	Local	۲	Investment			to Specific		
Year		Services	S	Contributions Contribution	Cor	ntributions	Taxes	Taxes	ш	Earnings	Misc	Miscellaneous	Programs		Total
	ł		ر	ררא רטר ר	۰.	007 872	0 (T3)TC 01 J	CYC 07 C 7	ر		ł	0000	¢ 1 180 770	۰.	CCC COV 77
¢ 51-7107	ሱ	100,011	ሱ	د 2,3U3,422 د 10). 112,U01 د د	ሱ	110,129	2 10,3/0,3/3 2 1,240,302	2 1,240,302	ሱ	07,030	ሱ	84,330	04,330 \$ 1,409,720 \$ 10,403,233	ሱ	10,403,233
2013-14		139,527		2,747,853		465,119	10,711,645	1,248,603		65,357		122,854	1,523,833		17,024,791
2014-15		143,326		3,044,668		32,973	11,351,848	1,234,607		63,858		119,972	1,494,299		17,485,551
2015-16		153,117		4,322,751		6,227	11,503,713	1,299,711		67,593		314,643	1,509,598		19,177,353
2016-17		177,396		4,916,062		2,376	12,154,544	1,467,082		72,981		161,285	1,498,151		20,449,877
2017-18		183,147		5,145,326		115,960	12,014,049	1,545,883		79,942		128,687	1,485,618		20,698,612
2018-19		190,875		2,888,971			12,685,626	1,658,861		85,509		273,653	1,457,195		19,240,690
2019-20		160,365		3,146,185		•	13,594,047	1,761,888		117,406		86,876	1,426,322		20,293,089
2020-21		161,504		5,403,931			13,391,361	2,049,899		50,284		22,926	1,402,555		22,482,460
2021-22		208,580		3,782,355		420,954	14,346,281	2,171,108		44,691		123,158	1,400,264		22,497,391

County of Mathews, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total		.9 \$ 22,111,795	4 24,048,315	7 23,137,504	8 24,489,395	25,006,669	7 25,378,372	0 25,373,692	6 26,723,740	4 27,945,594	4 30.475.146
	Dept	Service		2	3,281,174	1,518,47	1,171,898	1,195,484	1,170,557	1,108,590	1,101,736	599,274	631.754
	-uon-	epartmental		5,172	32,565	84,120	46,238	110,095	•	•	•	•	'
	Community	Education (2) and Cultural Development departmental		\$ 611,682 \$	930,009	747,862	2,047,135	2,238,228	1,888,573	414, 392	386,138	716,016	456.907
Paarks,	Kecreation, Community	and Cultural		\$ 3/2,81/	413,453	393,315	508,237	433,791	437,507	564,295	454,598	523,066	546.477
		Education (2)		\$ 12,031,391 \$ 3/2,81/	12,447,268	13,020,661	13,040,998	13,401,128	13,920,862	14,698,375	15,956,912	16,349,890	18.093.902
	Health and	Welfare		\$ 1,//2/,435	1,779,809	1,922,852	1,960,991	1,767,509	1,901,680	2,234,166	2,339,464	2,213,478	2.367.457
	Public	Works	9	440	1,008,411	1,058,084	1,138,343	1,178,431	1,174,436	1,303,415	1,264,875	1,493,607	1.656.920
0.415.C	Public	Safety		2,238,160 \$ 1,0/6,	2,436,679	2,644,582	2,640,999	2,730,324	2,900,458	2,925,352	2,878,985	3,342,462	3.885.798
	Judicial	Administration		ሩ 520,993 ሩ	508,241	516,125	552,249	554,889	527,875	587,202	604,080	585,474	668.691
General	GOVERNMENT	Administration Administration		\$ 1,151,3/6 \$	1,210,706	1,231,426	1,382,307	1,396,790	1,456,424	1,537,905	1,736,952	2,122,327	2.167.240
	FISCAL	Year		2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

Table 3

County of Mathews, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	22,531,325	23,175,529	23,974,885	25,636,046	27,307,037	27,491,358	26,625,926	27,418,680	30,389,058	31,367,531
Inter-	governmental (2)	10,175,515 \$	10,318,091	10,521,974	11,734,138	12,722,160	13,046,134	11,132,896	11,385,271	13,893,792	13,633,151
Recovered		99,394 \$	116,990	101,316	71,345	159,272	128,000	127,821	172,295	260,260	196,577
<u> </u>	Miscellaneous	115,517 \$	152,951	147,650	373,577	209,560	160,654	328,941	134,255	348,022	628,898
Charges for	SS	429,422 \$	405,895	457,233	392,198	446,838	408,460	446,255	368,207	284,308	279,550
Revenue from the Use of Monev and		71,421 \$	73,479	68,413	73,942	79,887	89,114	98,639	127,652	53,979	57,785
F Fines and	res	30,604 \$	41,708	40,085	39,146	46,665	51,240	58,263	44,280	46,164	68,859 57,78
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatorv		56,410 \$	66,100	75,064	83,127	94,182	84,989	87,209	73,570	76,096	83,157
l Other Priv Local R		1,248,362 \$	1,248,603	1,234,607	1,299,711	1,467,082	1,545,883	1,658,861	1,761,888	2,049,899	2,171,108
General Propertv	Taxes	10,304,680 \$	10,751,712	11,328,543	11,568,862	12,081,391	11,976,884	12,687,041	13,351,262	13,376,538	14,248,446
Fiscal		2012-13 \$	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

Table 4

Ľ	2
0	U
4	2
ĥ	0

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Mathews, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to	Tax Levy	7.45%	5.19%	5.12%	5.28%	5.18%	7.15%	7.23%	7.64%	7.91%	8.01%
Outstanding Delinquent	Taxes (1,2)	\$ 822,854	633,988	624,990	652,513	665,125	925,783	1,006,594	1,123,139	1,171,384	1,186,532
Percent of Total Tax Collections	to Tax Levy	101.33%	96.05%	100.89%	100.52%	100.65%	98.84%	96.99%	96.77%	95.97%	101.76%
Total Tax	Collections	\$ 11,184,153	11,742,084	12,319,615	12,431,598	12,917,402	12,795,379	13,511,122	14,218,342	14,216,499	15,067,537
Delinquent Tax	Collections (1)	\$ 286,351	266,290	215,566	271,688	476,210	261,154	370,923	250,246	311,621	483,160
Percent of Levy	Collected	98.73% \$	93.87%	99.13%	98.32%	96.94%	96.82%	94.32%	95.06%	93.86%	98.50%
Current Tax	Collections (1)	\$ 10,897,802	11,475,794	12,104,049	12,159,910	12,441,192	12,534,225	13,140,199	13,968,096	13,904,878	14,584,377
Total Tax	Levy (1)	\$ 11,037,711 \$ 10,897,802	12,224,814	12,210,356	12,367,129	12,834,564	12,946,067	13,930,829	14,693,508	14,814,088	14,807,141
Fiscal	Year	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.(2) Includes three most current delinquent tax years and first half of current tax year.

Table 6

Assessed Value of Taxable Property **County of Mathews, Virginia** Last Ten Fiscal Years

Personal

		Total	107 OCC OC0 7 J	280,236 2 1,820,339,402	1,816,858,147	1,820,491,080	1,826,972,441	1,836,898,828	1,769,130,997	1,766,818,316	1,782,495,923	1,798,988,924	1,821,384,892
y (2)	Personal	Property		280,000	5,216	18,398	1,751	1,751		16,228	15,871	1,003	1,014
Public Utility (2)	Real	Estate		19,419,119 \$	22,828,636	23,494,058	24,090,612	24,090,612	26,187,429	24,266,079	24,571,965	24,248,498	24,248,498
Machinery	and	Tools	1E / 0E 110 C	¢ 611,000,01	15,856,646	17,021,474	17,435,500	18,267,027	17,455,495	17,455,495			
Property	and Mobile	Homes (1)	J 8CC 077 E0	91,409,230 \$	101,579,544	100,052,698	103,965,707	110,215,374	121,572,095	121,572,095	136,344,003	140,690,570	156,895,394
	Real	Estate (1)	J 010 101 101 1	ζ 1,68/,483,3/U ζ	1,676,588,104	1,679,904,453	1,681,478,871	1,684,324,064	1,603,915,978	1,603,508,419	1,621,564,084	1,634,048,853	1,640,239,986
	Fiscal	Year		¢ 51-7107	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19(3)	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22

(1) Real estate and personal property are assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.(3) FY19 assessed values for personal property, mobile homes and machinery and tools not available.

Table 7

County of Mathews, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

							Machinery			
Fiscal				Mobile			and			
Year	Rea	Real Estate		Homes		Property		Tools		
2012-13	\$	0.47	\$	0.47	\$	3.65	\$	2.14		
2013-14		0.54		0.47		3.65		2.14		
2014-15		0.54		0.54		3.70		2.14		
2015-16		0.54		0.54		3.70		2.14		
2016-17		0.575		0.575		3.70		2.14		
2017-18		0.575		0.575		3.70		2.14		
2018-19		0.645		0.580		3.70		2.14		
2019-20		0.645		0.645		3.70		n/a		
2020-21		0.645		0.645		3.70		n/a		
2021-22		0.640		0.645		3.70		n/a		

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

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County of Mathews, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Net	Bonded	Debt per	Capita	423	370	279	224	167	108	56	•	•		
Ratio of	Net Bonded	Debt to Bo	Assessed De	Value C	0.21% \$	0.18%	0.14%	0.11%	0.08%	0.05%	0.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
		Net	Bonded	Debt	3,794,038	3,318,830	2,505,852	2,009,277	1,498,002	971,900	491,600			•	
Less:	Debt	Assumed	by Other	Localities (4)	\$ - \$									I	
Le	Debt	Service	Monies	Available	- \$									•	
	I	Gross	Bonded	Debt (3)	3,794,038	3,318,830	2,505,852	2,009,277	1,498,002	971,900	491,600				
		Assessed	Value (in	thousands) (2)	\$ 1,820,339 \$		1,820,491	1,826,972	C	C	1,766,818	1,782,496	1,798,989	1,821,385	
				Population (1) thousands	8,978 \$	8,978	8,978	8,978	8,978	8,978	8,704	8,704	8,704	8,704	
			Fiscal	Year	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2020-21	

(1) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.

(2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value from Table 6.

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans.

Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences. (4) In accordance with the provisions of annexation settlements.

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Mathews Mathews, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Mathews Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Mathews, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Mathews Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Mathews, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PATICK-

Richmond, Virginia December 12, 2022



Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Mathews Mathews, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Mathews, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Mathews, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. County of Mathews, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, County of Mathews, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Mathews, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Mathews, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Mathews, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Mathews, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Mathews, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of Mathews, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

RATICK-

Richmond, Virginia December 12, 2022

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/	Assitance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Federal	Expenditures Passed Through
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	to Subrecipients
Pepartment of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0950121/0950122	\$ 16,831	\$
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400121/0400122	82,646	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	0500121/0500122	400	
Low-income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600421/0600422	15,265	
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and				
Development Fund (CCDF Cluster)	93.596	0760121/0760122	18,782	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900121/0900122	204	
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100121/1100122	86,723	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120121/1120122	137,240	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000121/1000122	94,311	
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	1110121/1110122	136	
Title IV-E Prevention Services	93.472	1140122	1,726	
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.472	9150121/9150122	794	
Adult Protective Services	93.674 93.747	8000221/8000321	794 7,429	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540121/0540122	1,285	
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster)	93.778	1200121/1200122	139,782	
otal Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 603,554	\$
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Emergency Management:				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	775001-52740	\$ 7,500	S
Disaster grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	77602-155	16,284	•
otal Department of Homeland Security			\$ 23,784	¢
			\$ 25,704	Ļ
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Food Distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	179001-45707	\$ 74,012	Ş
Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	179001-45707	536,856	
Sub-total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			\$ 610,868	\$
Department of Education:				
School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.553	179001-40591	\$ 165,229	\$
Sub-total Assistance Listing Number 10.553			\$ 165,229	\$
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559	10559-301-10	\$ 5,960	\$
Total Summer Food Service			\$ 5,960	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$ 782,057	\$
COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	10649-301-10	\$ 614	
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental				
Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP Cluster)	10.561	0010121/0010122	259,145	
otal Department of Agriculture			\$ 1,041,816	s
lepartment of Justice:			. ,,	
Pass Through Payments:				
Compensation Board:	14 E7F	2000100 10220	¢ 20.070	¢
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	3900100-10220	\$ 39,860	Ş
Educard Dumon Management Institute Assistances Court: D	47 700	2000400 04400		
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	3900100-81100	14,542	

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assitance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	Federal penditures	Expenditures Passed Through to Subrecipients	
Department of Transportation:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Motor Vehicles: State and Community Highway Safety (Highway Safety Cluster)	20.600	60507-50287	\$	9,696	¢ .	
Virginia Department of Transportation:	20.000	00007-00287	ç	9,090	, -	
Highway Planning and Construction (Highway Planning and						
Construction Cluster)	20.205	60302-0		148,684	-	
Total Department of Transportation			\$	158,380	\$-	
Department of Treasury:						
Direct Payments:						
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	\$	305,966	\$-	
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Accounts:	24.027	140442		25 405		
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Sub-total Assistance Listing Number 21.027	21.027	VA0113	Ś	35,405 341,371	- \$ -	
Department of Accounts:			ç	341,371	- ,	
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	10110-728021	s	25,932	s -	
Department of Education:				- ,	•	
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	10110-728021		2,674	-	
Sub-total Assistance Listing Number 21.019			\$	28,606	ş -	
Total Department of Treasury			\$	369,977	\$-	
Department of Education:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Virginia Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	179001-42901-42999	\$	217,054	ş -	
Special Education Grants to States (Special Education Cluster)	84.027	179001-43071-61234		243,160	-	
Special Education - Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster)	84.173	179001-62521	~	3,511	-	
Total Special Education Cluster			\$	246,671	\$-	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	not available		1,431	-	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	179001-61095		16,899	-	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving						
Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	179001-61480		34,384	-	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	S424A180048		15,325	-	
COVID-19 - American Rescuse Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425U	84425-197-10		381,749	-	
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	84425-197-10		424,514	-	
Total Education Stabilization Fund			\$	806,263	\$-	
Total Department of Education			\$	1,338,027	\$-	
The Institute of Museum and Library Services: Direct Payments:						
COVID-19 Grants to States	45.310	N/A	\$	10,810	\$-	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				3,600,750		

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

County of Mathews, Virginia

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Mathews, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Mathews, Virginia, it is not intended to be and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Mathews, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	1,297,394
Special Revenue Fund		179,984
Total primary government	\$	1,477,378
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	1,340,701
School Cafeteria Fund		782,671
Total component unit school board	\$ [_]	2,123,372
Total federal expenditures per basic financial	_	
statements	\$	3,600,750
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards	\$	3,600,750

Note 5 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 6 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued:		<u>unmodified</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>√</u> no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	none repo	rted
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	no	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>√</u> no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes		orted
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance			
for major programs:		unmodified	
Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)	?yes	no	
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Prog	ram or Cluster	
State Admi	inistrative Matching Gr	ants for the Supplem	ental
10.561	Nutrition Assistance	e Program	
84.425	Education Stabiliz	ation Fund	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A			
and type B programs:	\$750,00	0	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	no	
Section II-Financial	Statement Findings		
None			
Section III-Federal Award Fi	indings and Question	ed Costs	

None

County of Mathews, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no prior year findings.