

Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

COUNTY OF RICHMOND, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



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Clerk of the Circuit Court	Cheryl B. Pierson
Judge of the General District Court	John S. Martin
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court .	William L. Lewis
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Commissioner of the Revenue	Jennifer W. Delano
Treasurer	Kristie S. Brann
Sheriff	Stephan B. Smith
Superintendent of Schools	. Bernard S. "Trey" Davis III, Ed.D.
Director of Social Services	Vanessa Livingstone
County Administrator	R. Morgan Quicke



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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Richmond Warsaw, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Richmond, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Richmond, Virginia, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County restated beginning balances to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-10, 89-91, and 92-112 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Richmond, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and the statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures

Supplementary and Other Information (Continued)

applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2021, on our consideration of County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia November 26, 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Richmond County County of Richmond, Virginia

As management of the County of Richmond, Virginia, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,165,166 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other financing sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses of \$1,763,129 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$4,797,384 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$3,467,187, an increase of \$1,763,129 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,057,529, or 10.84% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations increased by \$530,497 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Richmond, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district, and industrial development authority and for which the County of Richmond, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Richmond, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has three major governmental funds – the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund and the Sheriff's Fund.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's custodial funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Custodial funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component units - School Board, and Industrial Development Authority. The Component Units do not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$7,165,166 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net position:

County of Richmond, Virginia's Net Position

		Governmental Activities						
		2021		2020				
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	5,778,812 21,296,579	\$	4,233,082 22,451,846				
Total assets	\$_	27,075,391	\$	26,684,928				
Deferred outflows of resources	\$_	1,449,195	\$_	723,798				
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$	2,168,318 19,098,708	\$	2,335,976 18,568,211				
Total liabilities	\$_	21,267,026	\$	20,904,187				
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	92,394	\$	453,923				
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	4,790,079 218,121	\$	5,200,557				
Unrestricted		2,156,966		850,059				
Total net position	\$_	7,165,166	\$	6,050,616				

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

The County's net position increased by \$1,114,550 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities.

County of Richmond, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	_	2021		2020			
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions General property taxes Other local taxes Contributions from Richmond County IDA	\$	508,706 5,242,855 9,016,703 1,976,648	\$	440,318 4,689,466 8,518,390 1,813,034 10,000			
Grants and other contributions not restricted Other general revenues		1,246,390 352,176		1,196,507 434,857			
Total revenues	\$_	18,343,478	\$_	17,102,572			
General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Interest and other fiscal charges	\$ 	2,612,721 780,515 3,459,679 1,168,914 1,596,157 5,331,834 162,210 1,423,998 692,900	\$	1,615,192 737,081 2,966,810 1,155,898 1,514,695 5,210,228 158,884 2,158,471 692,599			
Total expenses	\$_	17,228,928	\$_	16,209,858			
Change in net position	\$	1,114,550	\$	892,714			
Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year	\$ <u></u>	6,050,616 7,165,166	\$_	5,157,902 6,050,616			

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$3,467,187, an increase of \$1,763,129 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 59.3% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, budgetary estimates exceeded revenues and other sources by \$242,392. Budgetary estimates exceeded expenditures and other uses by \$1,537,290 resulting in a positive variance of \$1,294,898 for net change in fund balance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

< <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$21,296,579 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$15,903,320. Of this amount, \$13,017,992 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., lease/revenue bonds, capital leases and notes).

The County's total debt decreased by \$1,105,688 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Richmond, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in the notes of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

< Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indexes.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2022 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2022 budget increased by approximately 4.2% and tax rates for all property taxes remained the same.

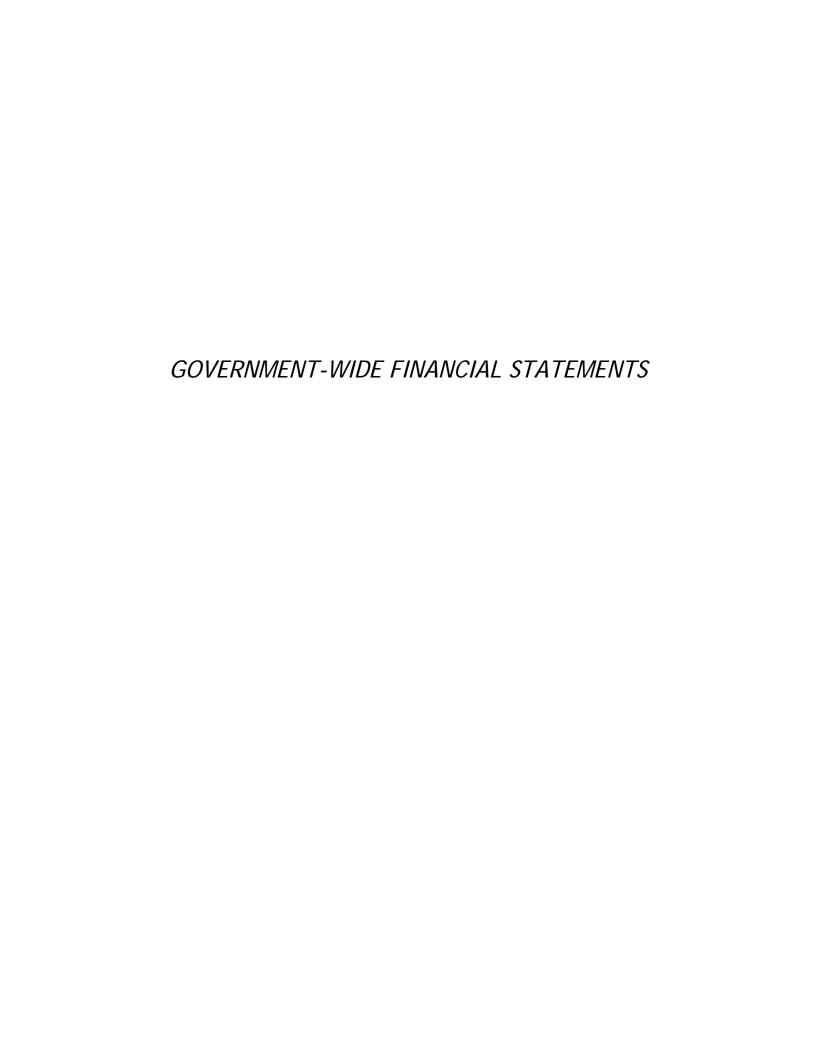
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Richmond, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box 1000, Warsaw, Virginia 22572.











County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Primary Government					
	Governmental			Compon	ent U	Inits
		<u>Activities</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>chool Board</u>		<u>IDA</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,772,716	\$	739,052	\$	43,930
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		325,956		-		-
Accounts receivable		101,289		35,817		-
Due from other governmental units		578,851		783,588		-
Net pension asset		-		23,196		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land		1,117,575		28,062		149,907
Buildings and improvements		19,294,900		5,263,836		261,969
Improvements other than buildings		-		-		-
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		859,608		938,132		5,033
Construction in progress		24,496		-		-
Total assets	\$	27,075,391	\$	7,855,809	\$	460,839
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	1,211,954	\$	3,205,861	\$	_
OPEB related items	7	237,241	7	504,266	7	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,449,195	\$	3,710,127	\$	
Total deferred outriows of resources	-	1,447,173	٠	3,710,127	٠	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	316,256	\$	109,069	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		687,867		-
Accrued interest payable		164,579		-		-
Bonds held for others		141,138		-		-
Due to other governmental units		323,639		-		-
Unearned revenue		1,222,706		-		-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		1,124,903		57,318		-
Due in more than one year		17,973,805		14,918,083		-
Total liabilities	\$	21,267,026	\$	15,772,337	\$	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	53,848	\$	-	\$	-
Pension related items		2,336		914,730		-
OPEB related items		36,210		190,161		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	92,394	\$	1,104,891	\$	-
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,790,079	\$	6,118,367	\$	416,909
Restricted for:	ڔ	4,730,079	ڔ	0,110,307	ب	710,709
Net pension asset				23,196		-
Debt service reserve		218,121		23,170		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		2,156,966		(11,452,855)		43,930
Total net position	\$	7,165,166	\$	(5,311,292)	Ċ	460,839
Total liet position	٠	7,103,100	ڔ	(3,311,292)	ب	700,037

			Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
								Primary		_				
			-			Operating		overnment		Componen	t U	nits		
		_		harges for		Grants and		vernmental	_					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		<u>Services</u>		Contributions		<u>Activities</u>	<u>S</u>	chool Board		<u>IDA</u>		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:														
Governmental activities:														
General government administration	\$	2,612,721	\$	6,951	\$	234,093	\$	(2,371,677)						
Judicial administration		780,515		4,566		355,333		(420,616)						
Public safety		3,459,679		497,189		2,092,866		(869,624)						
Public works		1,168,914		-		-		(1,168,914)						
Health and welfare		1,596,157		-		1,009,475		(586,682)						
Education		5,331,834		-		-		(5,331,834)						
Parks, recreation, and cultural		162,210		-		-		(162,210)						
Community development		1,423,998		-		1,330,330		(93,668)						
Interest on long-term debt		692,900		-		220,758		(472,142)						
Total governmental activities	\$	17,228,928	\$	508,706	\$	5,242,855	\$	(11,477,367)						
Total primary government	\$	17,228,928	\$	508,706	\$	5,242,855								
COMPONENT UNITS:														
School Board	\$	16,900,061	\$	4,430	\$	11,857,128			\$	(5,038,503)	\$	-		
IDA		43,551		14,400		-				-		(29,151)		
Total component units	\$	16,943,612	\$	18,830	\$	11,857,128		•	\$	(5,038,503)	\$	(29,151)		
	Ger	neral revenues:												
	G	eneral property	tax	es			\$	9,016,703	\$	-	\$	-		
	0	ther local taxes	::											
		Local sales and	use	taxes				1,694,045		-		-		
		Other local tax						282,603		-		-		
	U	nrestricted reve	enue	es from use o	of m	oney and property		39,202		26		5		
	M	iscellaneous						312,974		453,538		20,742		
	G	rants and contr	ibut	ions not rest	rict	ed to specific progra	l	1,246,390		-		-		
		ontributions fro			unty	1		-		5,292,088		-		
		tal general rev					\$	12,591,917	\$		\$	20,747		
		nge in net posi					\$	1,114,550	\$	•	\$	(8,404)		
		position - begi		g, as restate	ed			6,050,616		(6,018,441)		469,243		
1	Net	position - endi	ng				\$	7,165,166	\$	(5,311,292)	\$	460,839		





County of Richmond, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		General <u>Fund</u>		Sheriff's <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,751,101	\$	21,615	\$	4,772,716
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		325,956		-		325,956
Accounts receivable		101,289		-		101,289
Due from other governmental units		578,851		-		578,851
Total assets	\$	5,757,197	\$	21,615	\$	5,778,812
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	316,256	\$	_	\$	316,256
Bonds held for others	·	141,138		-	·	141,138
Due to other governmental units		323,639		-		323,639
Unearned revenue		1,222,706		-		1,222,706
Total liabilities	\$	2,003,739	\$	-	\$	2,003,739
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	Ś	307,886	\$	_	\$	307,886
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	307,886	\$	-	\$	307,886
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	\$	218,121	\$	21,615	\$	239,736
Committed	ڔ	15,834	Ą	21,013	۲	15,834
Assigned		1,154,088		_		1,154,088
Unassigned		2,057,529		_		2,057,529
Total fund balances	\$	3,445,572	\$	21,615	\$	3,467,187
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		3, 113,372	-	21,013	٠	3, 107, 107
resources and fund balances	\$	5,757,197	\$	21,615	\$	5,778,812

County of Richmond, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of het position are different by	ecause.	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 3,467,187
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets, cost	\$ 33,670,204	
Accumulated depreciation	(12,373,625)	21,296,579
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		254,038
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items	\$ 1,211,954	
OPEB related items	237,241	1,449,195
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current		
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of		
items supporting this adjustment:		
Lease revenue bonds	\$ (2,565,000)	
General obligations bonds	(13,017,992)	
Capital lease	(216,000)	
USDA loan	(104,328)	
Compensated absences	(176,248)	
Deferred issuance premium	(603,180)	
Net OPEB liabilities	(607,496)	
Net pension liability	(1,808,464)	
Accrued interest payable	(164,579)	(19,263,287)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,		
are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items	\$ (2,336)	
OPEB related items	(36,210)	(38,546)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 7,165,166

County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		Workforce nvestment <u>Act Fund</u>		Sheriff's <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$	9,080,147	\$	_	\$	_	\$	9,080,147
Other local taxes	•	1,976,648	·	-	•	-	·	1,976,648
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		71,301		-		-		71,301
Fines and forfeitures		48,578		-		-		48,578
Revenue from the use of money and property		39,202		-		-		39,202
Charges for services		388,827		-		-		388,827
Miscellaneous		312,974		-		-		312,974
Recovered costs		1,331,936		-		-		1,331,936
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		3,075,143		-		-		3,075,143
Federal		2,123,772		1,290,330		-		3,414,102
Total revenues	\$	18,448,528	\$	1,290,330	\$	-	\$	19,738,858
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government administration	\$	2,530,108	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,530,108
Judicial administration	,	643,211	•	_	•	-	•	643,211
Public safety		3,179,485		_		1,899		3,181,384
Public works		1,128,221		-		· -		1,128,221
Health and welfare		2,408,671		-		-		2,408,671
Education		4,827,276		-		-		4,827,276
Parks, recreation, and cultural		161,520		-		-		161,520
Community development		244,231		1,290,330		-		1,534,561
Nondepartmental		111,441		-		-		111,441
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		3,020,688		-		-		3,020,688
Interest and other fiscal charges		719,689		-		-		719,689
Total expenditures	\$	18,974,541	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,899	\$	20,266,770
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	(526,013)	\$	-	\$	(1,899)	\$	(527,912)
								<u> </u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of lease revenue bond	\$	1,880,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,880,000
Issuance of USDA loan		35,000		-		-		35,000
Premium on bond issuance		376,041		-		-		376,041
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	2,291,041	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,291,041
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,765,028	\$	_	\$	(1,899)	ς	1,763,129
Fund balances - beginning	7	1,680,544	ų		Ţ	23,514	J	1,704,058
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	3,445,572	\$		\$	21,615	\$	3,467,187
i and batanees chains		J, 77J, J/ L	7		7	21,013	٠	3,707,107

\$ 1,114,550

County of Richmond, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,763,129
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital outlay Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit School Board from Primary Government	\$ 192,748 (853,311) (494,704)	(1,155,267)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are		
not reported as revenues in the funds.		42 440
Property taxes		(63,444)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Principal retirement on lease revenue bonds Principal retirement on general obligation bonds Principal retirement on uscapital lease Principal retirement on USDA loans Issuance of lease revenue bond Issuance of bond premium	\$ 2,065,000 854,559 76,713 24,416 (1,880,000) (35,000) (376,041)	729,647
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Amortization of bond premium Pension expense OPEB expense Change in compensated absences	\$ 15,142 (166,206) (20,770) 672	
Change in accrued interest payable	11,647	(159,515)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds									
	F	Richmond			N	orthern Neck		Regional		
		County				Regional		Special		
		Public		Special		Technical		Education		
		<u>Library</u>		<u>Welfare</u>		<u>Center</u>		<u>Program</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,570	\$	26,089	\$	376,104	\$	711,408	\$	1,126,171
Total assets	\$	12,570	\$	26,089	\$	376,104	\$	711,408	\$	1,126,171
NET POSITION										
Restricted for:										
IndIndividuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	12,570	\$	26,089	\$	376,104	\$	711,408	\$	1,126,171
Total net position	\$	12,570	\$	26,089	\$	376,104	\$	711,408	\$	1,126,171

County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds									
ADDITIONS	Richmond County Public <u>Library</u>		Special <u>Welfare</u>		Northern Neck Regional Technical <u>Center</u>		Northern Neck Regional Special Education <u>Program</u>			<u>Total</u>
Contributions Investment earnings:	\$	120,840	\$	15,838	\$	1,874,660	\$	1,296,251	\$	3,307,589
Interest and dividends		3		-		243		855		1,101
Miscellaneous		-		-		124,488		263,169		387,657
Revenue from the Commonwealth		31,187		-		365,193		-		396,380
Total additions	\$	152,030	\$	15,838	\$	2,364,584	\$	1,560,275	\$	4,092,727
DEDUCTIONS										
Recipient payments	\$	-	\$	4,374	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,374
Operations		152,687		-		2,322,560		1,591,308		4,066,555
Total deductions	\$	152,687	\$	4,374	\$	2,322,560	\$	1,591,308	\$	4,070,929
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(657)	\$	11,464	\$	42,024	\$	(31,033)	\$	21,798
Net position, beginning, as restated		13,227		14,625		334,080		742,441		1,104,373
Net position, ending	\$	12,570	\$	26,089	\$	376,104	\$	711,408	\$	1,126,171

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Richmond, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police, refuse disposal, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Richmond, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the original budget, the final budget, and the actual activity of the governmental funds.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Richmond (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit.

The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2021.

Discretely Presented Component Units.

The Richmond County School Board members are appointed by the Richmond County School Board Selection Commission. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The Richmond County Industrial Development Authority is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Board of Supervisors appoints the Authority board members. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the following governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund.

b. Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The only two special revenue funds are the Sheriff's Fund and the Workforce Investment Act Fund, which are considered major funds.

2. Fiduciary Fund - (Custodial Fund)

Fiduciary Fund (Custodial Fund) accounts for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. This fund includes amounts held for Special Welfare, Richmond County Public Library, Northern Neck Regional Technical Center, and Northern Neck Regional Special Education Program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash consists of reserve accounts established as required by Rural Development bond covenants.

F. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$59,384 at June 30, 2021 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	50
Vehicles	5
Buses	10
Equipment	10

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, Teacher HIC and Health Insurance Credit (School Board nonprofessional) OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

N. Long-term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

O. Fund Balance

The following classifications of fund balance describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments general only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Fund Balance (Continued)

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

	Sheriff's								
	<u>General</u>			<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>			
Fund balances:									
Restricted:									
Drug seizure	\$	-	\$	21,615	\$	21,615			
Debt service reserve		218,121		-		218,121			
Total restricted fund balance	\$	218,121	\$	21,615	\$	239,736			
Committed:									
Courthouse maintenance	\$	15,834	\$	-	\$	15,834			
Total committed fund balance	\$	15,834	\$	-	\$	15,834			
Assigned:									
Reassessment fund	\$	51,847	\$	-	\$	51,847			
Asset forfeiture		16		-		16			
Bond holding fund		141,138		-		141,138			
Central accounting system		111,839		-		111,839			
Capital improvement fund		588,879		-		588,879			
Ambulance fund		140,000		-		140,000			
RCPS CIP fund		120,369		-		120,369			
Total assigned fund balance	\$	1,154,088	\$	-	\$	1,154,088			
Unassigned	\$	2,057,529	\$	-	\$	2,057,529			
Total fund balances	\$	3,445,572	\$	21,615	\$	3,467,187			

P. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liability and contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liabilities measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and prepaid amounts on next year's taxes and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on the next year's taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Expenditures and Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Sheriff's Fund by \$1,899 at June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2021 were rated by <u>Standard & Poor's</u> and the ratings are presented below using <u>Standard & Poor's</u> rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Q	Fair Quality Rating					
		AAAm					
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	21,603					
Virginia Investment Pool		63,266					
Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Pool		215,403					
U.S. Government Obligations		2,718					
Total	\$	302,990					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	_		1	ess Than	
	F	air Value	1 Year		
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	21,603	\$	21,603	
Virginia Investment Pool		63,266		63,266	
Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Pool		215,403		215,403	
U.S. Government Obligations		2,718		2,718	
Total	\$	302,990	\$	302,990	

External Investment Pools

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of pool shares. As LGIP and SNAP are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the VML/VACO Investment Pool investment at the net asset value (NAV).

Redemption Restrictions

VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool allows the authority to have the option to have access to withdrawal funds twice a month with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 4—Due from/to Other Governments:

At June 30, 2021, amounts due from other governments are as follows:

	Primary Government	omponent Unit nool Board
Other Local Governments: County of Richmond, Virginia	\$ -	\$ 323,639
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Mobile home titling tax	75	-
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	18,713	-
Rolling stock tax	256	-
Welfare	28,573	-
State sales Tax	-	183,566
Local sales tax	260,800	-
Constitutional officer reimbursements	106,479	-
Victim witness	3,665	-
Comprehensive services act	35,399	-
Communications tax	35,311	-
Wireless grant	7,501	-
Games of skill	4,608	-
Other state funds	6,560	-
Federal Government:		
School fund grants	-	276,383
Victim witness	10,996	-
Ground transportation safety grant	3,090	-
CDBG broadband grant	11,250	-
Welfare	45,575	
Total due from other governments	\$ 578,851	\$ 783,588

At June 30, 2021, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

	Primary vernment	Compon Unit School B	
Other Local Governments: Richmond County School Board	\$ 323,639	\$	-
	\$ 323,639	\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance						Balance	
	July 1, 2020 Additions		Deletions		Jι	ıne 30, 2021		
Primary Government:								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$	1,117,575	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,117,575
Construction in Progress		<u> </u>		24,496				24,496
Total capital access not subject								
Total capital assets not subject	÷	4 447 575	÷	24.407	÷		ċ	4 442 074
to depreciation	\$	1,117,575	\$	24,496	\$		\$	1,142,071
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	9,091,456	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,091,456
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		3,343,782		168,252		-		3,512,034
Jointly owned assets		20,681,811		-		757,168		19,924,643
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	33,117,049	\$	168,252	\$	757,168	\$	32,528,133
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	2,595,141	\$	219,407	\$	-	\$	2,814,548
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		2,378,378		274,048		-		2,652,426
Jointly owned assets		6,809,259		359,856		262,464		6,906,651
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	11,782,778	\$	853,311	\$	262,464	\$	12,373,625
Total capital access subject to								
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	Ċ	21,334,271	Ś	(685,059)	\$	494,704	\$	20,154,508
depreciation, net	<u> </u>	Δ1,33 4 ,Δ/1	<u> </u>	(003,037)	<u> </u>	474,/04	<u> </u>	20,134,300
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	22,451,846	\$	(660,563)	\$	494,704	\$	21,296,579
							_	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit-School Board:	Balance July 1, 2020		 Additions	Deletions		Ju	Balance ine 30, 2021
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:							
Land	\$	28,062	\$ -	\$	-	\$	28,062
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	28,062	\$ 	\$		\$	28,062
Capital assets subject to depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	768,002	\$ 517,820	\$	9,800	\$	1,276,022
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		3,894,625	84,624		272,353		3,706,896
Jointly owned assets		5,566,934	 -		(757,168)		6,324,102
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	10,229,561	\$ 602,444	\$	(475,015)	\$	11,307,020
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	100,365	\$ 53,547	\$	9,800	\$	144,112
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		2,777,442	263,675		272,353		2,768,764
Jointly owned assets		1,832,850	96,862		(262,464)		2,192,176
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	4,710,657	\$ 414,084	\$	19,689	\$	5,105,052
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$	5,518,904	\$ 188,360	\$	(494,704)	\$	6,201,968
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	5,546,966	\$ 188,360	\$	(494,704)	\$	6,230,030

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

	Balance ly 1, 2020	 additions	Dele	etions	Balance June 30, 2021	
Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority: Capital assets not subject to depreciation:						
Land	\$ 149,907	\$ -	\$	-	\$	149,907
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 149,907	\$ 	\$	-	\$	149,907
Capital assets subject to depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$ 598,470	\$ -	\$	-	\$	598,470
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	27,285	-				27,285
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 625,755	\$ 	\$		\$	625,755
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$ 324,531	\$ 11,970	\$	-	\$	336,501
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	 16,794	5,458				22,252
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 341,325	\$ 17,428	\$		\$	358,753
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$ 284,430	\$ (17,428)	\$	-	\$	267,002
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 434,337	\$ (17,428)	\$		\$	416,909

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government: Governmental activities: General government administration \$ 25,599 Judicial administration 134,954 Public safety 276,592 Public works 39,852 Health and welfare 14,135 Education 359,854 Community development 2,325 Total Governmental activities \$ 853,311 Component Unit - School Board \$ 414,084 Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority \$ 17,428

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

					Amounts
	Balance at	Issuances/	Retirements/	Balance at	Due Within
	July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021	One Year
Governmental Activities Obligations: Incurred by County: Compensated absences Lease revenue bonds Add deferred amounts: Issuance premium	\$ 176,920 2,750,000	\$ 17,020 1,880,000 376,041	\$ 17,692 2,065,000	\$ 176,248 2,565,000 376,041	\$ 17,625 142,000
Direct borrowings:		37 3,0		370,011	
USDA loans	93,744	35,000	24,416	104,328	25,719
Capital leases	292,713	-	76,713	216,000	70,000
Net pension liability	733,983	1,794,847	720,366	1,808,464	-
Net OPEB liabilities	406,019	290,413	88,936	607,496	
Total incurred by County	\$ 4,453,379	\$ 4,393,321	\$ 2,993,123	\$ 5,853,577	\$ 255,344
Incurred by School Board:					
General obligation bonds Add deferred amounts:	\$ 13,872,551	\$ -	\$ 854,559	\$ 13,017,992	\$ 869,559
Issuance premium	242,281	-	15,142	227,139	-
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 14,114,832	\$ -	\$ 869,701	\$ 13,245,131	\$ 869,559
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$ 18,568,211	\$ 4,393,321	\$ 3,862,824	\$ 19,098,708	\$ 1,124,903

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

County Obligations

						5					
				Direct Bor					rowi	ings	
Year Ending		Lease Reve	Revenue Bonds				USD	Loan			
June 30		Principal		Interest	_	Р	rincipal			Interest	
2022	\$	142,000	\$	97,674		\$	25,719		\$	2,223	
2023	,	149,000	•	91,628		,	26,520		•	1,581	
2024		151,000		85,393			20,828			999	
2025		169,000		78,698			14,409			737	
2026		176,000		71,413			6,022			449	
2027		183,000		63,812			5,599			269	
2028		246,000		54,468			5,231			91	
2029		258,000		43,255			-			-	
2030		271,000		31,453			-			-	
2031		195,000		20,403			-			-	
2032		200,000		12,281			-			-	
2033		425,000		4,578			-			-	
Total	\$	2,565,000	\$	655,056	\$	\$	104,328	\$	\$	6,349	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

	School Obligations					
Year Ending		General Obl	igatio	n Bonds		
June 30		Principal		Interest		
2022	\$	869,559	\$	463,086		
2023		884,558		447,312		
2024		899,558		434,481		
2025		900,526		424,226		
2026		910,526		414,324		
2027		920,526		403,629		
2028		883,467		386,478		
2029		903,467		365,583		
2030		923,467		346,979		
2031		943,467		327,763		
2032		963,467		307,939		
2033		983,467		287,503		
2034		1,003,467		266,459		
2035		1,028,470		127,891		
Total	\$	13,017,992	\$	5,003,653		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations:		Total Amount
Incurred by County:		
Lease Revenue Bonds:		
\$1,880,000 lease revenue bond issued November 12, 2020, due in annual principal installments through April 1, 2033, interest payable semi-annually at 5.125%.	\$	1,880,000
\$750,000 lease revenue bond issued July 2, 2019, due in annual principal installments through July 15, 2029, interest payable monthy at 3.05%.		685,000
Total Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	2,565,000
Bond issuance premium	\$	376,041
<u>Direct Borrowings:</u> <u>USDA Loans:</u> \$50,000 USDA loan issued May 8, 2018, due in monthly installments of \$489 through		
May 8, 2028 with interest due at 3.25%.	\$	36,253
\$35,000 USDA loan issued August 21, 2018, due in monthly installments of \$634 through August 21, 2023 with interest due at 3.25%.		15,803
\$35,000 USDA loan issued July 29, 2019, due in monthly installments of \$637 through September 11, 2024 with interest due at 3.50%.		23,413
\$35,000 USDA loan issued July 27, 2020, due in monthly installments of \$618 through July 23, 2025 with interest due at 2.25%.		28,859
Total Direct Borrowings	\$	104,328
<u>Capital Lease:</u> \$350,000 capital lease issued July 1, 2018, due in varying annual installments through July 1, 2023. Interest at 3.13%.	\$	216,000
Total Capital Leases		216,000
Compensated absences (payable by General Fund)	\$ \$ \$ \$	176,248
Net pension liability	\$	1,808,464
Net OPEB liabilities (payable by General Fund)	Ś	607,496
Total incurred by County	- Ş	5,853,577
		 _

The County's outstanding direct borrowings related to governmental activities of \$104,328 contain a provision that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the County is unable to make payment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Incurred by School Board:

General Obligation Bonds:		
\$2,500,000 School bonds issued September 1, 2010, due in annual principal installments	_	
of \$147,059 through September 1, 2026. This bond is interest-free.	\$	882,352
\$6,085,183 School bonds issued October 31, 2012, due in varying annual installments of principal and interest through December 1, 2034, interest payable semi-annually at the		
rate of 3.84% per annum.		4,485,640
\$8,770,000 School bonds issued November 15, 2012, due in varying annual installments of principal and interest throught July 15, 2034, interest payable semi-annually ranges		
from 2.05% to 5.05%.		7,650,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	13,017,992
Bond issuance premium	\$	227,139
Total incurred by School Board	\$	13,245,131
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary Government	\$	19,098,708

Component Unit-School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

		alance at ly 1, 2020		ncreases	 Decreases	_	alance at ne 30, 2021	Dι	mounts le Within ne Year
Component Unit-School Board:									
Compensated absences	\$	182,305	\$	50,384	\$ 18,231	\$	214,458	\$	21,446
Capital leases		195,204		-	83,541		111,663	·	35,872
Net pension liabilities	1	1,050,930		4,530,386	3,440,060	1	2,141,256		-
Net OPEB liabilities		2,263,782		631,095	386,853		2,508,024		-
T. 16	<u> </u>	2 (02 224	<u></u>	5 244 045	 2 020 (05	<u> </u>	1.1.075101		F7 240
Total Component Unit-School Board	Ş 1	3,692,221	\$	5,211,865	\$ 3,928,685	<u>\$</u>	14,975,401	\$	57,318

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit-School Board: (Continued)

<u>Details of Long-Term Obligations:</u>

	Total Amount
Incurred by School Board:	
<u>Capital Lease:</u> \$185,690 capital lease (payable from the School Fund) issued July 15, 2019, due in annual installments of \$40,026 through August 15, 2023. Interest at 3.72%.	\$ 111,663
Total Capital Leases	\$ 111,663
Compensated absences	\$ 214,458
Net pension liability	\$ 12,141,256
Net OPEB liabilities	\$ 2,508,024
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 14,975,401

Note 7—Capital Leases:

The government has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of voting machines, public service equipment (E-911 radios), school buses, and computers. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Government Covernment		oonent Unit ool Board
\$	451,455	\$	-
	-		185,690
<u> </u>	(90,291)		(37,138)
\$	361,164	\$	148,552
		\$ 451,455 - (90,291)	Government Sch \$ 451,455 \$ - (90,291)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 7—Capital Leases: (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30		Primary vernment	Component Unit School Board		
2022	\$ 76,761		\$	40,026	
2023		76,570		40,026	
2024		76,316		40,026	
Total minimum lease payments Less: amount representing interest	\$	229,647 (13,647)	\$	120,078 (8,415)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	216,000	\$	111,663	

Note 8—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future reporting periods are deferred. Unearned and unavailable/deferred revenue is comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$254,038 at June 30, 2021.

<u>Unavailable Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2021 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$53,848 at June 30, 2021.

Note 9—Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 10—Litigation:

At June 30, 2021, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 11—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the VACO Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays VACO contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Note 12-Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Benefit Structures (Continued)

- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	45	7
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	12	1
Non-vested inactive members	20	5
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	49	2
Total inactive members	81	8
Active members	66	2
Total covered employees	192	17

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 12.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$390,697 and \$307,373 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 2.67% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$2,282 and \$566 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) (NPL(A)) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) were measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return*	7.14%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Primary Government						
		Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	14,731,905	\$_	13,997,922	\$	733,983		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	440,289	\$	-	\$	440,289		
Interest		967,490		-		967,490		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		377,564		-		377,564		
Contributions - employer		-		307,494		(307,494)		
Contributions - employee		-		147,098		(147,098)		
Net investment income		-		265,774		(265,774)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(797,428)		(797,428)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(9,190)		9,190		
Other changes		-		(314)		314		
Net changes	\$_	987,915	\$	(86,566)	\$	1,074,481		
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	15,719,820	\$_	13,911,356	\$	1,808,464		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Balances at June 30, 2020

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Component School Board (nonprofessional) Increase (Decrease) Total Plan Net **Pension Fiduciary** Pension Liability **Net Position** Liability (Asset) (a) - (b) (a) Balances at June 30, 2019 768,966 \$ 848,025 (79,059)Changes for the year: Service cost \$ 7,642 \$ \$ 7,642 Interest 50,477 50,477 Differences between expected and actual experience 17,385 17,385 Contributions - employer 576 (576)Contributions - employee 3,642 (3,642)Net investment income 16,010 (16,010)Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (42,311)(42,311)Administrative expenses (568)568 Other changes (19)19 Net changes 33,193 S (22,670) \$ 55,863

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

802,159 \$

825,355 S

(23,196)

		Rate					
	_	1% Decrease		Current Discount	1% Increase		
	_	(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)		
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	3,712,796	\$	1,808,464 \$	227,310		
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	59,155	\$	(23,196) \$	(92,826)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$557,024 and \$25,277 respectively. At June 30, 2021, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Government				Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	283,972	\$	2,336	\$	-	\$	-	
Change of assumptions		122,225		-		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		415,060		-		24,464		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	390,697		-	• ,	2,282		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$_	1,211,954	\$	2,336	\$	26,746	\$	-	

\$390,697 and \$2,282 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of (increase to) the Net Pension Liability (Asset) in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30		Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2022	, -	202 109	- خ	119
	Ş	303,108	\$	
2023		240,895		7,812
2024		141,479		8,546
2025		133,439		7,987
Thereafter		-		-

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each School Division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$1,186,096 and \$1,108,639 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$12,141,256 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion was 0.08340% as compared to 0.08397% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,352,397. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 711,664
Change of assumptions		828,793	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		923,477	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		240,749	203,066
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,186,096	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$	3,179,115	\$ 914,730

\$1,186,096 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30		
2022	\$	11,596
2023		327,688
2024		428,033
2025		328,167
2026		(17,195)
	2022 2023 2024 2025	2022 \$ 2023 2024 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	51,001,855
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		36,449,229
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	14,552,626
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability		71.47%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Rate				
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.7	75%)	
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher					
Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 17,813,949	\$ 12,14	11,256 \$	7,449,221	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

	Primary Government					Component Unit School Board									
					Net Pension			Net Pension							
	Deferred		Deferred		Liability		Pension		Deferred		Deferred		Liability		Pension
_	Outflows		Inflows	_	(Asset)	_	Expense	_	Outflows		Inflows	_	(Asset)		Expense
\$	1,211,954	\$	2,336	\$	1,808,464	\$	557,024	\$	- \$,	-	\$	- \$;	-
	-		-		-		-		26,746		-		(23,196)		25,277
	-		-		-		-		3,179,115		914,730		12,141,256		1,352,397
\$	1,211,954	\$	2,336	\$	1,808,464	\$	557,024	\$	3,205,861 \$		914,730	\$	12,118,060 \$; <u> </u>	1,377,674
	- \$ \$_	Outflows \$ 1,211,954		Deferred Outflows \$ 1,211,954 \$ 2,336	Deferred Deferred Inflows	Deferred Deferred Liability (Asset) \$ 1,211,954 \$ 2,336 \$ 1,808,464	Net Pension Deferred Deferred Liability Outflows Inflows (Asset) \$ 1,211,954 \$ 2,336 \$ 1,808,464 \$	Deferred Deferred Outflows Inflows	Net Pension	Net Pension Deferred Deferred Liability Pension Deferred Outflows Expense Outflows	Net Pension Deferred Liability Pension Deferred Outflows Inflows (Asset) Expense Outflows	Net Pension Deferred Deferred Liability Pension Expense Outflows Deferred Inflows Net Pension Deferred Deferred Deferred Inflows Net Pension Net Pension Deferred Deferred Inflows Net Pension Net Pension Deferred Deferred Inflows Net Pension Net Pension Net Pension Deferred Deferred Inflows Net Pension N	Net Pension Deferred Deferred Liability Pension Expense Outflows Inflows Inflows Net Pension Deferred Deferred Deferred Inflows Inflows Outflows Inflows Section Section	Net Pension Deferred Deferred Liability Pension Outflows Inflows Net Pension Liability Pension Outflows Inflows Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Net Pension Deferred Deferred Liability Pension Outflows Inflows Net Pension Liability Pension Outflows Inflows Net Pension Liability (Asset)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI P{lan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,616 as of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the County were \$17,304 and \$15,707 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Contributions to the GLI Plan from the Component Unit School Board professional group were \$39,634 and \$37,628 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group were \$462 and \$385 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$244,985 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups reported liabilities of \$586,763 and \$6,008, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.01470% as compared to 0.01501% at June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2020, the Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups' proportion were 0.03520% and 0.00040%, respectively as compared to 0.03573% and 0.00041%, respectively at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$9,851. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Component Unit School Board professional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$23,185. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$288. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

		Primary Government			•	School Board ssional)	Component School Board (nonprofessional)		
		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	•	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,714 \$	2,201	\$	37,635	\$ 5,270	\$ 385	\$ 53	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments		7,359	-		17,626	-	180	-	
Change of assumptions		12,252	5,115		29,345	12,252	300	125	
Changes in proportionate share		6,282	7,679		15,567	16,696	759	638	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	;	17,304		_	39,634		462		
Total	\$	58,911 \$	14,995	\$_	139,807	\$ 34,218	\$ 2,086	\$ 816	

\$17,304, \$39,634 and \$462, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County, Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional group's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (professional)	 Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2022	4,199 \$	9,648	\$ 150
2023	6,277	14,625	201
2024	8,174	18,178	247
2025	7,104	19,300	249
2026	905	4,187	(15)
Thereafter	(47)	17	(24)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teachers3.50%-5.95%Locality - General employees3.50%-5.35%Locality - Hazardous Duty employees3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,523,937
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,855,102
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,668,835
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	52.64%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return*	7.14%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
		1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	322,052	\$	244,985	\$	182,400
Component School Board (professional)'s proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	771,345	\$	586,763	\$	436,865
Component School Board (nonprofessional)'s proportionate share of the GLI Plan	ć	7 000	ć	4 000	¢	4 472
Net OPEB Liability	\$	7,898	\$	6,008	\$	4,473

GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Plan Description

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Active members	2
Total covered employees	2

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.61% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board to the HIC Plan were \$521 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The School Board's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investement Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	tic nominal return*	7.14%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	Component L	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
		Increase (Decrea	se)		
	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2019 \$		\$\$			
Changes for the year:					
Benefit changes \$	7,366	\$ - \$	7,366		
Net changes \$	7,366	\$\$	7,366		
Balances at June 30, 2020 \$	7,366	\$ <u> </u>	7,366		

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Board's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

			Rate		
		1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase	
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
Component School Board					
(nonprofessional):					
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	7,943 \$	7,366 \$	6,854	

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$7,366. At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board's HIC Plan from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 521	\$
Total	\$ 521	\$

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB: Continued)

\$521 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$88,811 and \$86,833 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$1,076,748 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC was 0.08254% as compared to 0.08834% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$88,490. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- 9	\$	14,380
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		4,772		-
Change of assumptions		21,286		5,883
Change in proportionate share		24,054		26,334
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	88,811		
Total	\$_	138,923	\$_	46,597

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$88,811 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2022	\$ 311
2023	784
2024	626
2025	571
2026	1,588
Thereafter	(365)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation	2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation: 3.50%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,448,676
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		144,160
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ _	1,304,516
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		9.95%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability (Continued)

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*					
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%					
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%					
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%					
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%					
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%					
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%					
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%					
Total	100.00%		4.64%					
		Inflation	2.50%					
	Expected arithmet	Expected arithmetic nominal return*						

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 15-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Rate											
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase							
	 (5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)							
School division's proportionate					_							
share of the VRS Teacher												
Employee HIC OPEB Plan												
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 1,205,307	\$	1,076,748	\$	967,482							

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan):

County and School Board

Plan Description

In addition to the pension and OPEB benefits described in Notes 12-14, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The County of Richmond Postretirement Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

In addition to the pension and OPEB benefits described in Notes 12-15, the Component Unit School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Richmond County Public Schools Postretirement Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the School Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible County retirees include medical and dental insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the County who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits.

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible School Board retirees include medical and dental insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the School Board who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2021 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Total active employees with coverage	69	146
Total retirees and spouses with coverage	4	3
Total	73	149

Contributions

The County nor the School Board pre-funds benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County or School Board. The amounts paid by the County and the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$18,390 and \$28,799, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

County and School Board: (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The County and School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary Increases The salary increase rate was 3.50% to 5.35% per annum for general

employees and 3.50% to 4.75% per annum for public safety employees.

Discount Rate 2.16% based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond GO Index

Healthcare Trend Data

The healthcare trend assumption used in this valuation (which covers

medical, dental, and vision) is based on long-term healthcare trend

rates generated by the Getzen Trend Model.

Mortality rates for the County were based on the following actuarial assumptions:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 General Employee Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB with Males and Females setback 1 year.

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Public Safety Employer Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB with Females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement: RP-2014 General Employees Mortality Tables project to 2020 using Scale BB with females setback 1 year.

Post Retirement: RP-2014 Public Safety Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB with males set forward 2 year and females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement: RP-2014 General Employee Disabled Life Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB.

Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Public Safety Employees Disabled Life Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB with males set forward 2 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

County and School Board: Continued)

Mortality rates for the School Board were based on the following actuarial assumptions:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 General Employee Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB with Males and Females setback 1 year.

Post-Retirement: RP-2014 General Employees Mortality Tables project to 2020 using Scale BB with females setback 1 year.

Post-Disablement: RP-2014 General Employee Disabled Life Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Go Index as of June 30, 2020.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board			
	_	Total OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability			
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	161,766	\$ 584,686			
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		15,527	48,507			
Interest		3,716	13,678			
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		171,699	87,180			
Changes of assumptions		28,193	125,887			
Benefit payments		(18,390)	(28,799)			
Net changes	\$	200,745	\$ 246,453			
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	362,511	\$ 831,139			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

County and School Board: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

	_	Rate											
		1% Decrease (1.16%)		Current Discount Rate (2.16%)		1% Increase (3.16%)							
Primary Government: Total OPEB liability	\$	393,518	\$	362,511	\$	334,029							
Component Unit School B	oard:												
Total OPEB liability	\$	897,777	\$	831,139	\$	768,054							

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Rates										
		Healthcare Cost										
	_	1% Decrease	Trend	1% Increase								
Primary Government: Total OPEB liability	\$	322,331	\$	362,511	\$	410,140						
Component Unit School B	Board:											
Total OPEB liability	\$	729,882	\$	831,139	\$	953,525						

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

County and School Board: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County and the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$46,651 and \$67,151. At June 30, 2021, the County and the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Primary (Gove	rnment	_	Component Unit School Board									
	_	Deferred Deferred Outflows Inflows				Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows							
	-	of Resouces		of Resources	_	of Resouces	-	of Resources							
Differences between expected and actual															
experience	\$	144,871	\$	3,809	\$	76,676	\$	37,525							
Changes in assumptions		33,459		17,406		146,253		71,005							
Total	\$	178,330	\$	21,215	\$	222,929	\$	108,530							

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Primary Government	_	Component Unit School Board
2022	\$ 27,408	\$	4,966
2023	27,408		4,966
2024	28,190		4,966
2025	30,382		14,789
2026	31,233		25,671
Thereafter	12,494		59,041

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17—Summary of Other Postemployment Benefit Plans:

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

	Primary Government									Component Unit School Board						
	1	Deferred		Deferred Deferred Net OPEB OPEB		•	Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB			
	_(Outflows		Inflows		Liabilities	_	Expense	_	Outflows		Inflows		Liabilities		Expense
VRS OPEB Plans:																
Group Life Insurance Program (Note 13):																
County	\$	58,911	\$	14,995	\$	244,985 \$	5	9,851	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-		-		2,086		816		6,008		288
School Board Professional		-		-		-		-		139,807		34,218		586,763		23,185
Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 14)		-		-		-		-		521		-		7,366		7,366
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 15)		-		-		-		-		138,923		46,597		1,076,748		88,490
Line of Duty Act Program (Note 20)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		19,373
County Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)		178,330		21,215		362,511		46,651		-		-		-		-
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)		-		-		-		-		222,929		108,530		831,139		67,151
Totals	\$	237,241	\$	36,210	\$	607,496 \$;	56,502	\$	504,266	\$	190,161	\$	2,508,024	\$	205,853

Note 18-Surety Bonds:

	Amount
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety:	
Cheryl B. Pierson, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 103,000
Kristie S. Brann, Treasurer	300,000
Jennifer W. Delano, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Stephan B. Smith, Sheriff	30,000
The above constitutional officer's employee - blanket bond	50,000
The Cincinnati Insurance Company - Surety:	
John David Parr, Supervisor	2,000
William C. Herbert, II, Supervisor	2,000
Richard E. Thomas, Sr., Supervisor	2,000
Robert B. Pemberton, Supervisor	2,000
F. Lee Sanders, Supervisor	2,000
Bernard S. "Trey" Davis, III, Ed.D., Superintendent of Schools	10,000
Susan Johns, Director of Finance, School Board	10,000
Janet B. Rice, Assistant Director of Finance, School Board	10,000
All Department of Social Services Employees-blanket bond	100,000
ote 19-Postclosure Costs:	

Old County Landfill

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for postclosure care and corrective action costs, if any, through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code. In addition, the County closed its landfill in August 1996 and is liable for the postclosure monitoring for a period of ten years. The County's tenyear period has expired but they are still required to complete an annual landfill assurance calculation. The amount reported as landfill postclosure liability on June 30, 2021 represents the estimated liability for postclosure monitoring of \$0 over a period of one year. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2021. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$19,373.

Note 21—Fair Value Measurements:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The County maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a
 government can access at a measurement date
- Level 2. Directly or indirectly observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the asset or liability

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 21-Fair Value Measurements: (Continued)

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

	Fair Value Measurement Using								
			Q	uoted Prices in		Significant	S	ignificant	
			1	Active Markets	Otl	ner Observable	Unobservab		
	В	Balance for Identical Assets				Inputs	Inputs		
Investment type	June	30, 2021		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Primary Government									
Debt Securities:									
U.S Government Obligations	\$	2,718	\$	2,718	\$	-	\$	-	
	\$	2,718	\$	2,718	\$	-	\$	-	

Note 22-Adoption of Accounting Principles:

The County implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The implementation of this Statement resulted in the following restatement of net position:

			F	und Balance				
		Component Unit			Custodial Funds			
		School Board	Richmond County Public Library	Special Welfare	Northern Neck Regional Technical Center	Northern Neck Regional Special Education Program		School Activity Funds
Balance, July 1, 2020, as previously stated	\$	(6,382,736)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Implementation of GASB 84: Record custodial funds Record school activity funds	_	- 364,295	13,227	14,625	334,080	742,441	. <u>-</u>	- 364,295
Balance, July 1, 2020, as restated	\$_	(6,018,441)	\$ 13,227	\$ 14,625	\$ 334,080	\$ 742,441	\$	364,295

Note 23-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 23-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics such as leases, assets related to pension and postemployment benefits, and reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. The effective dates differ by topic, ranging from January 2020 to periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement, except for removal of London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as an appropriate benchmark interest rate and the requirements related to lease modifications, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All requirements related to lease modifications in this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability of Payment Arrangements*, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement. No 32, (1) increases consistency and comparability related to reporting of fiduciary component units in certain circumstances; (2) mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from June 2020 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 24-COVID-19 Pandemic Funding and Subsequent Events:

The COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on operations continues to evolve. Specific to the County, COVID-19 impacted various parts of its 2021 operations and financial results including, but not limited to, costs for emergency preparedness and shortages of personnel. Federal relief has been received through various programs. Management believes the County is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. The extent to which COVID-19 may impact operations in subsequent years remains uncertain, and management is unable to estimate the effects on future results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

CARES Act Funding

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was passed by the federal government to alleviate some of the effects of the sharp economic downturn due to the COVID-19 pandemic, which included direct aid for state and local governments from the federal Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF).

Each locality received its CRF allocations based on population in two equal payments, with the second and final round of funding being received during fiscal year 2021. The County received total CRF funding of \$1,574,444. In addition, the School Board received CRF funding from the Virginia Department of Education in the amount of \$213,693. As a condition of receiving CRF funds, any funds unexpended as of December 31, 2021 will be returned to the federal government. Unspent CRF funds in the amount of \$325,000 are reported as unearned revenue as of June 30.

ARPA Funding

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act of 2021 was passed by the federal government. A primary component of the ARPA was the establishment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF). Local governments are to receive funds in two tranches, with 50% provided beginning in May 2021 and the balance delivered approximately 12 months later.

On June 30, 2021, the County received its share of the first half of the CSLFRF funds. As a condition of receiving CSLFRF funds, any funds unobligated by December 31, 2024, and unexpended by December 31, 2026, will be returned to the federal government. Unspent funds in the amount of \$876,306 from the initial allocation are reported as unearned revenue as of June 30.

ESF Funding

The CARES Act also established the Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) and allocated \$30.75 billion to the U.S. Department of Education. The ESF is composed of three primary emergency relief funds: (1) a Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund, (2) an Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund, and (3) a Higher Education Emergency Relief (HEER) Fund. The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA Act) was signed into law on December 27, 2020 and added \$81.9 billion to the ESF. In March 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARP Act), in support of ongoing state and institutional COVID-19 recovery efforts, added more than \$170 billion to the ESF. The School Board is receiving this funding from the Virginia Department of Education on a reimbursement basis.





County of Richmond, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget -	
						Actual		Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	8,357,500	\$	8,956,557	\$, ,	\$	123,590
Other local taxes		1,442,000		2,007,000		1,976,648		(30,352)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		44,600		50,000		71,301		21,301
Fines and forfeitures		35,000		35,000		48,578		13,578
Revenue from the use of money and property		53,000		35,000		39,202		4,202
Charges for services		366,500		341,500		388,827		47,327
Miscellaneous		40,000		478,198		312,974		(165,224)
Recovered costs		917,750		1,380,832		1,331,936		(48,896)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		3,389,322		3,443,522		3,075,143		(368,379)
Federal		683,247		2,339,352		2,123,772		(215,580)
Total revenues	\$	15,328,919	\$	19,066,961	\$	18,448,528	\$	(618,433)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,258,115	\$	2,484,160	\$	2,530,108	\$	(45,948)
Judicial administration	*	651,323	~	668,364	7	643,211	~	25,153
Public safety		2,946,223		3,191,057		3,179,485		11,572
Public works		1,008,323		1,123,190		1,128,221		(5,031)
Health and welfare		2,515,419		2,515,419		2,408,671		106,748
Education		4,786,869		5,980,614		4,827,276		1,153,338
Parks, recreation, and cultural		165,154		166,520		161,520		5,000
Community development		295,451		415,838		244,231		171,607
Nondepartmental		269,042		232,669		111,441		121,228
Debt service:		207,012		232,007		,		121,220
Principal retirement		1,767,000		3,020,688		3,020,688		_
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,707,000		713,312		719,689		(6,377)
Total expenditures	\$	15,662,919	\$	20,511,831	ς	18,974,541	\$	1,537,290
rotat experiated es		13,002,717	7	20,311,031	7	10,774,341	7	1,337,270
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(334,000)	\$	(1,444,870)	\$	(526,013)	\$	918,857
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of lease revenue bond	\$	-	\$	1,880,000	\$	1,880,000	\$	_
Issuance of USDA loan	•	35,000	•	35,000	•	35,000	•	_
Premium on bonds issued		- ,		-		376,041		376,041
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	35,000	\$	1,915,000	\$		\$	376,041
					_	. =		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(299,000)	\$	470,130	\$	1,765,028	\$	1,294,898
Fund balances - beginning		299,000		(470,130)		1,680,544		2,150,674
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,445,572	\$	3,445,572

County of Richmond, Virginia Sheriff's Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	B	udgeted An	nounts			Variance with Final Budget -		
	Orig	<u>inal</u>	<u>Final</u>	_	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	-	Positive <u>legative)</u>	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,899	\$	(1,899)	
Total expenditures	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,899	\$	(1,899)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	-	\$	(1,899)	\$	(1,899)	
Fund balances - beginning		-	-		23,514		23,514	
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$	21,615	\$	21,615	

County of Richmond, Virginia Workforce Investment Act Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget Original	ted	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance Final Bud Positi (Negat	lget - ve
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental:								
Federal	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,290,330	\$	-
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,290,330	\$	-
EXPENDITURES Current:			•	4 200 220	*	4 200 220		
Community development	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	<u></u> \$	1,290,330	\$	-
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,290,330	\$	-
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- -
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=	\$	-

County of Richmond, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Primary Government
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

		2020	2019
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$	440,289 \$	403,911
Interest		967,490	926,566
Changes in benefit terms		-	-
Changes of assumptions		-	403,203
Differences between expected and actual experience		377,564	131,371
Benefit payments		(797,428)	(739,603)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	987,915 \$	1,125,448
Total pension liability - beginning		14,731,905	13,606,457
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	15,719,820 \$	14,731,905
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments Administrator charges Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ - \$	307,494 \$ 147,098 265,774 (797,428) (9,190) (314) (86,566) \$	293,415 140,056 888,497 (739,603) (8,905) (559) 572,901
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	13,997,922	13,425,021
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$_	13,911,356 \$	13,997,922
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,808,464 \$	733,983
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		88.50%	95.02%
Covered payroll	\$	3,020,649 \$	2,941,892
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		59.87%	24.95%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	382,865 \$	373,373 \$	310,165 \$	312,395 \$	312,258
	934,448	895,648	863,095	823,735	785,883
	-	160,091	-	-	-
	-	(107,924)	-	-	-
	(703,238)	(29,684)	37,278	72,953	-
	(713,742)	(760,700)	(730,291)	(563,297)	(551,499)
\$	(99,667) \$	530,804 \$	480,247 \$	645,786 \$	546,642
	13,706,124	13,175,320	12,695,073	12,049,287	11,502,645
\$	13,606,457 \$	13,706,124 \$	13,175,320 \$	12,695,073 \$	12,049,287
\$	305,935 \$	283,832 \$	279,196 \$	286,796 \$	295,531
	143,277	132,401	127,498	131,462	129,721
	940,117	1,407,834	198,131	524,724	1,575,513
	(713,742)	(760,700)	(730,291)	(563,297)	(551,499)
	(8,182)	(8,296)	(7,489)	(7,222)	(8,508)
	(833)	(1,247)	(86)	(115)	83
\$	666,572 \$	1,053,824 \$	(133,041) \$	372,348 \$	1,440,841
_	12,758,449	11,704,625	11,837,666	11,465,318	10,024,477
\$_	13,425,021 \$	12,758,449 \$	11,704,625 \$	11,837,666 \$	11,465,318
\$	181,436 \$	947,675 \$	1,470,695 \$	857,407 \$	583,969
	98.67%	93.09%	88.84%	93.25%	95.15%
\$	2,914,636 \$	2,693,648 \$	2,602,804 \$	2,663,210 \$	2,597,287
	6.22%	35.18%	56.50%	32.19%	22.48%

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

		2020	2019
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$	7,642 \$	7,380
Interest		50,477	49,199
Changes of assumptions		-	19,420
Differences between expected and actual experience		17,385	10,731
Benefit payments		(42,311)	(41,216)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	33,193 \$	45,514
Total pension liability - beginning		768,966	723,452
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	802,159 \$	768,966
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	576 \$	294
Contributions - employee	·	3,642	3,701
Net investment income		16,010	54,086
Benefit payments		(42,311)	(41,216)
Administrator charges		(568)	(563)
Other		(19)	(34)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(22,670) \$	16,268
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		848,025	831,757
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	825,355 \$	848,025
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(23,196) \$	(79,059)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		102.89%	110.28%
			aa=
Covered payroll	\$	74,126 \$	81,627
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of			
covered payroll		-31.29%	-96.85%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	7,885 \$	10,704 \$	18,893 \$	22,347 \$	29,025
	43,248	42,697	44,386	43,291	39,965
	· -	7,790	-	-	-
	74,734	(6,389)	(13,893)	8,918	-
	(40,488)	(53,372)	(93,647)	(24,197)	(18,758)
\$	85,379 \$	1,430 \$	(44,261) \$	50,359 \$	50,232
	638,073	636,643	680,904	630,545	580,313
\$	723,452 \$	638,073 \$	636,643 \$	680,904 \$	630,545
_					
\$	20 \$	95 \$	3,660 \$	9,175 \$	19,067
	3,021	3,308	4,457	11,112	10,737
	59,097	90,633	12,840	37,184	110,415
	(40,488)	(53,372)	(93,647)	(24,197)	(18,758)
	(531)	(561)	(538)	(506)	(579)
_	(52)	(79)	(6)	(8)	6
\$	21,067 \$	40,024 \$	(73,234) \$	32,760 \$	120,888
_	810,690	770,666	843,900	811,140	690,252
\$_	831,757 \$	810,690 \$	770,666 \$	843,900 \$	811,140
\$	(108,305) \$	(172,617) \$	(134,023) \$	(162,996) \$	(180,595)
	114.97%	127.05%	121.05%	123.94%	128.64%
\$	64,888 \$	72,168 \$	94,878 \$	230,452 \$	214,727
	-166.91%	-239.19%	-141.26%	-70.73%	-84.10%

County of Richmond, Virginia
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - Component Unit School Board
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

		2020	2019
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.08340%	0.08397%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	12,141,256 \$	11,050,930
Employer's Covered Payroll		7,236,109	6,990,664
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	167.79%	158.08%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		71.47%	74.81%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Exhibit 14

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.08141%	0.08353%	0.08270%	0.08415%	0.08403%
\$ 9,574,000 \$	10,272,000 \$	11,590,000 \$	10,591,000 \$	10,155,000
6,626,525	6,599,563	6,305,596	6,256,592	6,145,391
144.48%	155.65%	183.80%	169.28%	165.25%
74.81%	72.92%	68.28%	70.68%	70.88%

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plans For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

		Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)	_	(3)	(4)	(5)
Primary Go								
2021	\$	390,697	\$	390,697	\$	- \$	3,204,359	12.19%
2020		307,373		307,373		-	3,020,649	10.18%
2019		300,679		300,679		-	2,941,892	10.22%
2018		305,935		305,935		-	2,914,636	10.50%
2017		283,832		283,832		-	2,693,648	10.54%
2016		279,196		279,196		-	2,602,804	10.73%
2015		286,796		286,796		-	2,663,210	10.77%
2014		295,831		295,831		-	2,597,287	11.39%
2013		282,363		282,363		-	2,484,208	11.37%
2012		225,169		225,169		-	2,452,821	9.18%
Component	: Unit	: School Board (nor	nprofessional)				
2021	\$	2,282		2,282	\$	- \$	85,480	2.67%
2020		566		566		-	74,126	0.76%
2019		314		314		-	81,627	0.38%
2018		212		212		-	64,888	0.33%
2017		95		95		-	72,168	0.13%
2016		3,660		3,660		-	94,878	3.86%
2015		9,175		9,175		-	230,452	3.98%
2014		19,068		19,068		-	214,727	8.88%
2013		21,196		21,196		-	238,694	8.88%
2012		20,084		20,084		-	232,992	8.62%
Component	: Unit	: School Board (pro	fessional)				
2021	\$	1,186,096	•	1,186,096	Ś	- \$	7,339,714	16.16%
2020	•	1,108,639	Τ.	1,108,639	Τ.	-	7,236,109	15.32%
2019		1,075,614		1,075,614		_	6,990,664	15.39%
2018		1,053,012		1,053,012		_	6,626,525	15.89%
2017		950,449		950,449		-	6,599,563	14.40%
2016		981,446		981,446		-	6,305,596	15.56%
2015		907,206		907,206		-	6,256,592	14.50%
2014		721,664		721,664		-	6,145,391	11.74%
2013		706,155		706,155		-	6,130,403	11.52%
2012		383,385		383,385		-	6,056,642	6.33%
20.2		303,303		303,303			3,330,012	3.33 /0

Current year contributions are from County records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

County of Richmond, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees:

Mortality Pates (pre retirement post	Undated to a more current mortality table DD 2014
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of County and Component Unit School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primar	y Government:				
2020	0.01470% \$	244,985 \$	3,020,649	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.01501%	244,253	2,941,892	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.01533%	233,000	2,914,636	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.01460%	220,000	2,693,648	8.17%	48.86%
Compo	nent Unit School Board	(nonprofessional):			
2020	0.00040% \$	6,008 \$	74,126	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.00041%	6,672	81,627	8.17%	52.00%
2018	0.00034%	6,000	64,888	9.25%	51.22%
2017	0.00039%	5,000	72,168	6.93%	48.86%
Compo	nent Unit School Board	(professional):			
2020	0.03520% \$	586,763 \$	7,236,109	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.03573%	581,422	7,003,694	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.03470%	527,000	6,598,082	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.03578%	539,000	6,599,563	8.17%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance(GLI) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary G				47.204	,		_	2 224 252	0 5 40/
2021	\$	17,304	\$	17,304	\$	-	\$	3,204,359	0.54%
2020		15,707		15,707		-		3,020,649	0.52%
2019		15,298		15,298		-		2,941,892	0.52%
2018		15,156		15,156		-		2,914,636	0.52%
2017		14,007		14,007		-		2,693,648	0.52%
2016		12,493		12,493		-		2,602,804	0.48%
2015		12,783		12,783		-		2,663,210	0.48%
2014		12,467		12,467		-		2,597,287	0.48%
2013		11,924		11,924		-		2,484,208	0.48%
2012		6,868		6,868		-		2,452,821	0.28%
Componen	ıt Uni	t School Board (n	onp	rofessional):					
2021	\$	462	\$	462	\$	-	\$	85,480	0.54%
2020		385		385		-		74,126	0.52%
2019		424		424		-		81,627	0.52%
2018		337		337		-		64,888	0.52%
2017		375		375		-		72,168	0.52%
2016		455		455		-		94,878	0.48%
2015		1,106		1,106		-		230,452	0.48%
2014		1,031		1,031		-		214,727	0.48%
2013		1,146		1,146		-		238,694	0.48%
2012		652		652		-		232,992	0.28%
Componen	ıt Ilni	t School Board (p	rofe	essional).					
2021	\$	39,634		39,634	ς	_	\$	7,339,714	0.54%
2020	7	37,628	Y	37,628	Y	_	Y	7,236,109	0.52%
2019		36,419		36,419		_		7,003,694	0.52%
2018		34,574		34,574		_		6,598,082	0.52%
2017		34,318		34,318		_		6,599,563	0.52%
2016		30,267		30,267		_		6,305,596	0.48%
2015		30,032		30,032		-		6,256,592	0.48%
2014		29,498		29,498		-		6,145,391	0.48%
2013		29,426		29,426		-		6,130,403	0.48%
2013		16,959		16,959		-		6,056,642	0.28%
2012		10,737		10,737				0,030,042	0.20/0

County of Richmond, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

ton Eargest Ten Educated Employers	seriera. Employees
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended
	final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the School Board's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Measurement Date of June 30, 2020

		2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability		
Changes in benefit terms	\$	7,366
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	7,366
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		-
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	7,366
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ <u></u>	-
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,366
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		0.00%
Covered payroll	\$	-
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2020 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Contributions in			
		Relation to			Contributions
	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution	Employer's	as a % of
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2021 \$	521 S	521 S	_ (\$ 85,480	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. However, the program was not utilized until the year ended June 30, 2021.

County of Richmond, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 though June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Component Unit School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

					Employer's Proportionate Share	
Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Employee Net HIC OPEB Co		of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)
2020	0.08254% \$	1,076,748	\$ 7	7,236,109	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.08334%	1,091,002	(6,990,664	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.08134%	1,033,000	(6,578,062	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.08362%	1,061,000	(6,599,563	16.08%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - Component Unit School Board Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

		Contributions in			
		Relation to			Contributions
	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution	Employer's	as a % of
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
 Date	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
 2020	\$ 88,811 \$	88,811 \$	- \$	7,339,714	1.21%
2020	86,833	86,833	-	7,236,109	1.20%
2019	83,888	83,888	-	6,990,664	1.20%
2018	80,910	80,910	-	6,578,062	1.23%
2017	73,255	73,255	-	6,599,563	1.11%
2016	66,839	66,839	-	6,305,596	1.06%
2015	66,320	66,320	-	6,256,592	1.06%
2014	68,214	68,214	-	6,145,391	1.11%
2013	67,224	67,224	-	6,056,216	1.11%
2012	36,340	36,340	-	6,056,642	0.60%

County of Richmond, Virginia

Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Component Unit School Board Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	•				
Service cost	\$	15,527 \$	8,311 \$	7,912 \$	9,704
Interest		3,716	5,108	6,543	6,179
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		171,699	-	(7,271)	-
Changes of assumptions		28,193	15,531	(29,129)	(6,057)
Benefit payments		(18,390)	(9,600)	(8,082)	(8,370)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	200,745 \$	19,350 \$	(30,027) \$	1,456
Total OPEB liability - beginning		161,766	142,416	172,443	170,987
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	362,511 \$	161,766 \$	142,416 \$	172,443
Covered payroll	\$	3,269,443 \$	2,985,128 \$	2,985,128 \$	2,541,300
County's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		11.09%	5.42%	4.77%	6.79%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	_				
Service cost	\$	48,507 \$	26,960 \$	32,999 \$	38,500
Interest		13,678	18,348	24,008	24,705
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		87,180	-	(68,794)	-
Changes of assumptions		125,887	55,275	(112,610)	(21,945)
Benefit payments		(28,799)	(26,076)	(42,782)	(61,983)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	246,453 \$	74,507 \$	(167,179) \$	(20,723)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		584,686	510,179	677,358	698,081
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	831,139 \$	584,686 \$	510,179 \$	677,358
	=				
Covered payroll	\$	7,150,416 \$	6,522,584 \$	6,522,584 \$	5,904,727
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset)					
as a percentage of covered payroll		11.62%	8.96%	7.82%	11.47%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Richmond, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Primary Government OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 7/1/2020 Measurement Date: 6/30/2021

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	2.16% based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond GO Index as of their respective measurement dates.
Inflation	2.50% per year
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 12.30% graded down to 4.00% over 55 years
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate was 3.50% to 5.35% per annum for non-law officers and 3.50% to 4.75% per annum for law officers.
Retirement Age	The average age of retirement is 65
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated using the RP-2014 Employee Rates projected to 2020 using Scale BB with males set back one year and females set back one year for pre-retirement, and RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at age 50 and older projected to 2020 using Scale BB with males set forward one year and females set back one year for post-retirement.

County of Richmond, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Component Unit School Board OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 7/1/2020 Measurement Date: 6/30/2021

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	2.16% based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond GO Index as of their respective measurement dates.
Inflation	2.50% per year
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 12.30% graded down to 4.00% over 55 years
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate was 3.50% to 5.35% per annum.
Retirement Age	The average age of retirement is 65
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated using the RP-2014 Employee Rates projected to 2020 using Scale BB with males set back one year and females set back one year for pre-retirement, and RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at age 50 and older projected to 2020 using Scale BB with males set forward one year and females set back one year for post-retirement.





COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



County of Richmond, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

	O	School perating <u>Fund</u>	C	School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	-	\$	375,599	\$	363,453	\$	739,052
Accounts receivable		7,164		28,653		-		35,817
Due from other governmental units		783,588		, -		-		783,588
Inventories		-		44,126		-		44,126
Total assets	\$	790,752	\$	448,378	\$	363,453	\$	1,602,583
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	102,885	\$	6,184	\$	-	\$	109,069
Accrued liabilities		687,867		-		-		687,867
Total liabilities	\$	790,752	\$	6,184	\$	-	\$	796,936
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Committed:	\$	-	\$	44,126	\$	-	\$	44,126
School Cafeteria Fund		-		398,068		-		398,068
School Activity Funds		-		-		363,453		363,453
Total fund balances	\$	-	\$	442,194	\$	363,453	\$	805,647
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	790,752	\$	448,378	\$	363,453	\$	1,602,583
Amounts reported for governmental activities	in the staten	nent of net p	ositi	on (Exhibit 1) ar	e different b	ecau	se:
Total fund balances per above							\$	805,647
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Capital assets, cost Accumlated depreciation	are not finar	ncial resource	es an	d, therefore		11,335,082 (5,105,052)	_	6,230,030
Other long-term assets are not available to p therefore, are deferred in the funds.	ay for current	-period expe	enditu	ures and,				
Net pension asset								23,196
	ble to pay for	current-per	iod e	xpenditures	and			
Deferred outflows of resources are not availa therefore, are not reported in the funds.						2 205 0/4		
					\$	3,205,861 504,266	-	3,710,127
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items		not due and	l paya	able in the c	_	504,266	-	3,710,127
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items Long-term liabilities, including compensated		not due and	l paya	able in the c	_	504,266	-	3,710,127
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items Long-term liabilities, including compensated period and, therefore, are not reported in		not due and	l paya	able in the c	urre	504,266 ent		3,710,127
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items Long-term liabilities, including compensated period and, therefore, are not reported in Compensated absences		not due and	l paya	able in the c	urre	504,266 ent (214,458)		3,710,127 (14,975,401

Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Pension related items

(914,730) OPEB related items (190,161) (1,104,891)

Net position of governmental activities (5,311,292)



County of Richmond, Virginia

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund		School Activity Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	26	\$	-	\$	26
Charges for services		-		4,430		-		4,430
Miscellaneous		124,841		53,289		275,408		453,538
Recovered costs		83,569		-		-		83,569
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		4,797,384		-		-		4,797,384
Commonwealth		9,848,999		-		-		9,848,999
Federal		1,959,874		48,255		-		2,008,129
Total revenues	\$	16,814,667	\$	106,000	\$	275,408	\$	17,196,075
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	16,126,243	\$	510,943	\$	276,250	\$	16,913,436
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		83,541		-		-		83,541
Interest and other fiscal charges		8,074		-		-		8,074
Total expenditures	\$	16,217,858	\$	510,943	\$	276,250	\$	17,005,051
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	596,809	\$	(404,943)	Ċ	(842)	Ċ	191,024
experiorcures	٠,	370,007	٠	(404,743)	٧	(042)	٠,	171,024
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	596,809	\$	-	\$	596,809
Transfers out		(596,809)		-		-		(596,809)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(596,809)	\$	596,809	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	191,866	\$	(842)	\$	191,024
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		-		250,328		364,295		614,623
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	442,194	\$	363,453	\$	805,647
Amounts reported for governmental activities in th	e statement i	of activities (Exhib	it 2) aı	re different because:				
			ic <u>-</u> , a	ic different because.			ċ	101 024
Net change in fund balances - total governmental f	-			_			\$	191,024
Governmental funds report capital outlays as exper		•						
activities the cost of those assets is allocated or				•				
as depreciation expense. This is the amount by	which capita	l outlays exceeded	depre	eciation				
in the current period.					,	(02.444		
Capital asset additions					\$	602,444		
Depreciation expense	ma llmia Cabaa	I Daguel frama Duima				(414,084)		(92.0/4
Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Compone	nt unit schoo	t Board from Prima	iry Go	vernment		494,704		683,064
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases)	provides cur	rent financial reso	urces	to				
governmental funds, while the repayment of the	e principal of	long-term debt co	nsume	es				
the current financial resources of governmental	funds. Neith	ner transaction, ho	wever	, has				
any effect on net position. Also, governmental	funds report	the effect of						
premiums, discounts, and similar items when de	ebt is first iss	ued, whereas these	e amou	unts				
are deferred and amortized in the statement of	activities. T	his amount is the r	net eff	ect				
of these differences in the treatment of long-te	rm debt and	related items.						
Principal retirement on capital lease								83,541
Same expenses reported in the statement of activity	tios do not ro	auiro tho uso of su	rront					
Some expenses reported in the statement of activit		· ·		funds				
financial resources and, therefore are not repor	teu as expen	aitures in governin	entat	runus.	ċ	(22.452)		
Change in compensated absences Pension expense					\$	(32,153) (190,164)		
OPEB expense						(28,163)		(250,480)
of LD expense						(20, 103)		(230,400)
				•				707,149

	School Operating Fund							
		Budgete	ed A	mounts				ariance with Final Budget Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Miscellaneous		183,506		183,506		124,841		(58,665)
Recovered costs		307,223		307,223		83,569		(223,654)
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		4,775,727		5,950,722		4,797,384		(1,153,338)
Commonwealth		9,143,208		9,143,208		9,848,999		705,791
Federal		1,500,138		1,500,138		1,959,874		459,736
Total revenues	\$	15,909,802	\$	17,084,797	\$	16,814,667	\$	(270,130)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	15,084,579	\$	16,259,574	\$	16,126,243	\$	133,331
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		83,541		(83,541)
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		8,074		(8,074)
Total expenditures	\$	15,084,579	\$	16,259,574	\$	16,217,858	\$	41,716
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	825,223	\$	825,223	\$	596,809	\$	(228,414)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Transfers out		(825,223)		(825,223)		(596,809)		228,414
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(825,223)	\$	(825,223)	\$	(596,809)	\$	228,414
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

School	C-6-	4	Ead
2011001	Laie	iteria	runa

			3011001	aie	teria runo		Variance with
							Final Budget
	Duda ata d	A	ounts				Positive
	Budgeted	AIII			A =41		
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)
\$	_	\$	_	\$	26	\$	26
~	_	7	_	7	4,430	~	4,430
	-		-		53,289		53,289
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		48,255		48,255		-
\$	-	\$	48,255	\$	106,000	\$	57,745
							_
\$	825,223	\$	873,478	\$	510,943	\$	362,535
	-		-		-		-
\$	825,223	\$	873,478	\$	510,943	\$	362,535
-	023,223	-	073,470	٠	310,743	٧	302,333
\$	(825,223)	\$	(825,223)	\$	(404,943)	\$	420,280
				•	· , ,		<u> </u>
\$	825,223	\$	825,223	\$	596,809	\$	(228,414)
					-		-
\$	825,223	\$	825,223	\$	596,809	\$	(228,414)
						,	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	191,866	\$	191,866
	-		-		250,328	,	250,328
\$	-	\$	-	\$	442,194	\$	442,194



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2021

	Dev	ndustrial velopment <u>uthority</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	43,930
Capital assets:		
Land		149,907
Buildings and improvements		598,470
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		27,285
Accumulated depreciation		(358,753)
Total assets	\$	460,839
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets	\$	416,909
Unrestricted		43,930
Total net position	\$	460,839

County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Dev	dustrial elopment <u>uthority</u>
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Rents	\$	14,400
Miscellaneous		20,742
Total operating revenues	\$	35,142
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Other charges	\$	26,123
Depreciation		17,428
Total operating expenses	\$	43,551
Operating income (loss)	\$	(8,409)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income	\$	5
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	5
Changes in net position	\$	(8,404)
Net position - beginning		469,243
Net position - ending	\$	460,839

County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	35,142
Other receipts (payments)	·	(26,123)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	9,019
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	\$	5
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	5
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,024
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		34,906
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	43,930
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$	(8,409)
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		17,428
Total adjustments	\$	17,428
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	9,019







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Budget Budget Actual			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	5,590,000	\$	5,750,000	\$	5,872,751	\$	122,751
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		575,000		822,000		823,194		1,194
Personal property taxes		1,988,000		2,128,000		2,115,089		(12,911)
Mobile home taxes		12,500		13,690		14,401		711
Merchant's capital taxes		59,000		75,547		75,576		29
Machinery and tools taxes		30,000		43,320		43,321		1
Penalties		67,000		80,000		91,321		11,321
Interest		36,000		44,000		44,494		494
Total general property taxes	\$	8,357,500	\$	8,956,557	\$	9,080,147	\$	123,590
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,250,000	Ś	1,750,000	\$	1,694,045	Ś	(55,955)
Consumers' utility taxes	•	122,000	•	122,000	•	125,252	•	3,252
Consumption tax		20,000		20,000		21,142		1,142
Taxes on recordation and wills		50,000		115,000		136,209		21,209
Total other local taxes	\$	1,442,000	\$	2,007,000	\$	1,976,648	\$	(30,352)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	5,000	Ś	5,000	Ś	3,100	Ś	(1,900)
Transfer fees	*	350	*	350	*	398	*	48
Permits and other licenses		39,250		44,650		67,803		23,153
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$		\$	50,000	\$	71,301	\$	21,301
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	48,578	\$	13,578
Payanua from use of manay and property								
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money	\$	30,000	ċ	12,000	ċ	14,060	ċ	2,060
Revenue from use of property	Ş		ڔ	,	ڔ		۲	,
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	23,000 53,000	\$	23,000 35,000	\$	25,142 39,202	\$	2,142 4,202
		23,000	<u> </u>	33,000	*	07,202	<u> </u>	.,
Charges for services:								
Sheriff's fees	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,354	\$	354
Charges for courthouse maintenance		4,000		4,000		3,781		(219)
Charges for courthouse security		16,000		16,000		37,532		21,532
Charges for other court costs		350		350		4,780		4,430
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		500		500		785		285
Charges for EMS billings		340,000		315,000		329,873		14,873
Charges for correction and detention		-		-		571		571
Charges for other protection		4,150		4,150		7,980		3,830
Charges for sales of publications		500		500				(500)
Charges for DMV fees		-	<u>,</u>		_	2,171		2,171
Total charges for services	\$	366,500	\$	341,500	\$	388,827	\$	47,327

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>		•			5				<u>Actual</u>	Vari Fina P <u>Actual (N</u>		
General Fund: (Continued)													
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)													
Miscellaneous:													
Miscellaneous	\$	40,000	\$	478,198	\$	312,974	\$	(165,224)					
Recovered costs:													
Streetlights	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,909	\$	1,909					
Solar project		-		113,082		120,279		7,197					
Spedial education program		-		350,000		350,000		-					
Court services unit		15,750		15,750		15,785		35					
Other recovered costs		902,000		902,000		843,963		(58,037)					
Total recovered costs	\$	917,750	\$	1,380,832	\$	1,331,936	\$	(48,896)					
Total revenue from local sources	\$	11,256,350	\$	13,284,087	\$	13,249,613	\$	(34,474)					
Intergovernmental:													
Revenue from the Commonwealth:													
Noncategorical aid:													
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)					
Mobile home titling tax		12,000		12,000		6,777		(5,223)					
Rolling stock tax		-		· -		256		256					
Motor vehicle rental tax		-		-		122,326		122,326					
State recordation tax		14,000		14,000		-		(14,000)					
Games of skill		-		· -		61,344		61,344					
Communications tax		288,000		288,000		226,390		(61,610)					
Personal property tax relief funds		803,954		803,954		803,955		1					
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,118,954	\$	1,118,954	\$	1,221,048	\$	102,094					
Categorical aid:													
Shared expenses:													
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	177,000	\$	176,400	\$	176,490	\$	90					
Sheriff		675,000		692,000		692,436		436					
Commissioner of revenue		77,000		76,800		76,875		75					
Treasurer		80,000		81,000		82,052		1,052					
Medical examiner		90		90		· -		(90)					
Registrar/electoral board		53,000		40,000		37,593		(2,407)					
Clerk of the Circuit Court		158,000		178,000		178,843		843					
Total shared expenses	\$	1,220,090	\$	1,244,290	\$	1,244,289	\$	(1)					
Other categorical aid:													
Four for life grant	\$	9,739	Ś	9,739	Ś	_	\$	(9,739)					
Fire program funds	•	19,500	,	19,500	•	30,000		10,500					
Children's services act		320,000		320,000		229,406		(90,594)					
Public assistance and welfare administration		534,019		534,019		263,078		(270,941)					
Litter control grant		6,300		6,300				(6,300)					
_		, -		, -				. , ,					

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>			<u> </u>		<u>Actual</u>				riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)										
Intergovernmental: (Continued)										
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)										
Categorical aid: (Continued)										
Other categorical aid: (Continued)										
DMV selective enforcement	\$	25,500	\$	25,500	\$	-	\$	(25,500)		
Wireless grant		40,000		40,000		44,463		4,463		
PSAP technology grant		-		-		-		-		
Court security grant		22,000		22,000		-		(22,000)		
Victim witness grant		57,000		57,000		15,113		(41,887)		
Records preservation grant		-		-		16,573		16,573		
Law enforcement grant		10,620		10,620		-		(10,620)		
Other state grants		5,600		35,600		11,173		(24,427)		
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,050,278	\$	1,080,278	\$	609,806	\$	(470,472)		
Total categorical aid	\$	2,270,368	\$	2,324,568	\$	1,854,095	\$	(470,473)		
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,389,322	\$	3,443,522	\$	3,075,143	\$	(368,379)		
Revenue from the federal government:										
Noncategorical aid:										
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	23,000	\$	23,000	\$	25,342	\$	2,342		
Categorical aid:										
Emergency management plan grant	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,922	\$	6,922		
Law enforcement grant	•	22,400	•	22,400		-,-	•	(22,400)		
State and community highway safety		-		-		20,460		20,460		
Public assistance and welfare administration		400,000		400,000		516,991		116,991		
QSCB interest rate subsidy		216,847		216,847		220,758		3,911		
Victim witness grant		, <u>-</u>		, <u>-</u>		45,340		45,340		
CARES funding		-		1,607,355		1,226,959		(380,396)		
CDBG broadbrand grant		-		48,750		40,000		(8,750)		
USDA equipment grant		21,000		21,000		21,000		-		
Total categorical aid	\$	660,247	\$	2,316,352	\$	2,098,430	\$	(217,922)		
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	683,247	\$	2,339,352	\$	2,123,772	\$	(215,580)		
Total General Fund	\$	15,328,919	\$	19,066,961	\$	18,448,528	\$	(618,433)		

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		•			•			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Special Revenue Funds:												
Workforce Investment Act Fund:												
Intergovernmental:												
Revenue from the federal government:												
Categorical aid:												
Workforce Investment Act	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,290,330	\$	-				
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,290,330	\$	<u>-</u>				
Total Workforce Investment Act Fund	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,290,330	\$	-				
Total Primary Government	\$	15,328,919	\$	20,357,291	\$	19,738,858	\$	(618,433)				
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:												
Revenue from local sources:												
Miscellaneous:												
Miscellaneous	\$	183,506	\$	183,506	\$	124,841	\$	(58,665)				
Total miscellaneous	\$	183,506	\$	183,506	\$	124,841	\$	(58,665)				
Recovered costs:												
Cafeteria funds	\$	307,223	\$	307,223	\$	-	\$	(307,223)				
Other recovered costs		-		-		83,569		83,569				
Total recovered costs	\$	307,223	\$	307,223	\$	83,569	\$	(223,654)				
Total revenue from local sources	\$	490,729	\$	490,729	\$	208,410	\$	(282,319)				
Intergovernmental:												
Revenues from local governments:												
Contribution from County of Richmond, Virginia	\$	4,775,727	\$	5,950,722	\$	4,797,384	\$	(1,153,338)				

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget Actual</u>			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)							
School Operating Fund: (Continued)							
Intergovernmental: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Share of state sales tax	\$ 	\$ 1,331,034	\$	1,426,298	\$	95,264	
Basic school aid	4,567,038	4,567,038		4,674,113		107,075	
At risk payments	371,435	371,435		377,859		6,424	
Early reading intervention	31,796	31,796		31,796		-	
English as a second language	34,559	34,559		36,533		1,974	
Fringe benefits	886,013	886,013		900,514		14,501	
GED preparation assistance	8,386	8,386		8,387		1	
Gifted and talented	44,851	44,851		45,585		734	
Industry certification	-	-		2,883		2,883	
Learning loss	-	-		69,251		69,251	
Lottery	309,163	309,163		358,673		49,510	
Mentor teacher program	632	632		1,126		494	
Primary class size	215,532	215,532		213,115		(2,417)	
Project graduation	3,733	3,733		3,733		-	
Regular foster care	7,746	7,746		8,116		370	
Remedial education	180,249	180,249		183,199		2,950	
Remedial summer education	42,370	42,370		23,997		(18,373)	
School food	18,000	18,000		11,224		(6,776)	
School security	-	-		6,075		6,075	
Special education	463,740	463,740		471,329		7,589	
Special education - homebound	794	794		2,249		1,455	
Special education - northern neck regional SPED	-	-		276,642		276,642	
Special education - jails	5,033	5,033		202		(4,831)	
SOL algebra readiness	27,120	27,120		29,647		2,527	
Technology	102,000	102,000		102,000		-	
Textbook payment	90,945	90,945		92,434		1,489	
Vocational education	248,709	248,709		370,839		122,130	
VPSI one time grant	152,330	152,330		116,449		(35,881)	
Workforce readiness	, -	, -		970		970	
Other state funds	-	_		3,761		3,761	
Total categorical aid	\$ 9,143,208	\$ 9,143,208	\$	9,848,999	\$	705,791	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 9,143,208	\$ 9,143,208	\$	9,848,999	\$	705,791	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	\$	243,743	\$	243,743	\$	250,228	\$	6,485
Preschool		-		-		24,955		24,955
Title VI-B, rural and low income		37,501		37,501		77,722		40,221
Vocational education		24,624		24,624		49,372		24,748
Title I		336,820		336,820		357,132		20,312
Title II, Part A		45,098		45,098		129,157		84,059
JROTC		50,695		50,695		64,083		13,388
School lunch and breakfast programs		500,000		500,000		583,252		83,252
CARES funding		249,707		249,707		388,092		138,385
Other federal funds		11,950		11,950		35,881		23,931
Total categorical aid	5	1,500,138	Ś	1,500,138	Ś	1,959,874	\$	459,736
rotat categoricat aid		1,300,130	·	1,300,130	7	1,737,071	7	137,730
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,500,138	\$	1,500,138	\$	1,959,874	\$	459,736
Total School Operating Fund	\$	15,909,802	\$	17,084,797	\$	16,814,667	\$	(270,130)
Special Revenue Fund:								
School Cafeteria Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$		\$		\$	26	ċ	26
Revenue from the use of money	٠		ڔ		٠	20	٠,	
Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	ċ		\$		\$	4,430	ċ	4,430
Careteria sales	\$	-	Ş	-	Ş	4,430	\$	4,430
Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,289	\$	53,289
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,745	\$	57,745
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:	٠		ċ	40.255	ċ	40.255	,	
Commodities	\$	•	\$	48,255	\$	48,255	\$	
Total categorical aid	\$	•	\$	48,255	\$	48,255	\$	
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	-	\$	48,255	\$	106,000	\$	57,745
School Activity Funds:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Miscellaneous:	_		,		,	275 400	Ļ	275 400
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	275,408	\$	275,408
Total School Activity Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	275,408	\$	275,408
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	15,909,802	\$	17,133,052	\$	17,196,075	\$	63,023

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		riance with hal Budget - Positive Negative)	
General Fund:						
General government administration:						
Legislative:						
Board of Supervisors	\$	177,834	\$ 1,173,262	\$ 1,293,715	\$	(120,453)
General and financial administration:						
County administrator	\$	245,463	\$ 245,463	\$ 258,406	\$	(12,943)
Information technology		297,154	431,556	406,110		25,446
Commissioner of revenue		204,563	204,563	202,418		2,145
Assessor		-	32,153	2,153		30,000
Treasurer		242,046	242,046	232,781		9,265
Total general and financial administration	\$	989,226	\$ 1,155,781	\$ 1,101,868	\$	53,913
Board of elections:						
Electoral board and officials	\$	18,175	\$ 36,091	\$ 36,416	\$	(325)
Registrar		72,880	119,026	98,109		20,917
Total board of elections	\$	91,055	\$ 155,117	\$ 134,525	\$	20,592
Total general government administration	\$	1,258,115	\$ 2,484,160	\$ 2,530,108	\$	(45,948)
Judicial administration:						
Courts:						
Circuit court	\$	26,000	\$ 27,844	\$ 27,844	\$	-
General district court		6,485	6,485	1,718		4,767
Magistrate		100	100	-		100
Court services unit		33,318	33,318	29,705		3,613
Clerk of the circuit court		258,685	273,882	278,345		(4,463)
Total courts	\$	324,588	\$ 341,629	\$ 337,612	\$	4,017
Commonwealth's attorney:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	326,735	\$ 326,735	\$ 305,599	\$	21,136
Total judicial administration	\$	651,323	\$ 668,364	\$ 643,211	\$	25,153
Public safety:						
Law enforcement and traffic control:						
Sheriff	\$	1,636,738	\$ 1,719,822	\$ 1,733,020	\$	(13,198)
Fire and rescue services:						
Volunteer fire department	\$	162,000	\$ 172,500	\$ 172,500	\$	-
Volunteer rescue squad		827,052	1,016,521	989,457		27,064
Total fire and rescue services	\$	989,052	\$ 1,189,021	\$ 1,161,957	\$	27,064
Correction and detention:						
Juvenile group home	\$	12,500	\$ 12,500	\$ 12,500	\$	-

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)						
Public safety: (Continued)						
Inspections:						
Building	\$	76,206	\$ 76,206	\$ 74,767	\$	1,439
Other protection:						
Animal control	\$	115,127	\$ 76,908	\$ 77,125	\$	(217)
Medical examiner		400	400	80		320
E-911 system		116,200	116,200	120,036		(3,836)
Total other protection	\$	231,727	\$ 193,508	\$ 197,241	\$	(3,733)
Total public safety	\$	2,946,223	\$ 3,191,057	\$ 3,179,485	\$	11,572
Public works:						
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:						
Streetlights	\$	4,150	\$ 4,150	\$ 4,521	\$	(371)
Sanitation and waste removal:						
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	643,000	\$ 705,837	\$ 716,885	\$	(11,048)
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:						
General properties	\$	361,173	\$ 413,203	\$ 406,815	\$	6,388
Total public works	\$	1,008,323	\$ 1,123,190	\$ 1,128,221	\$	(5,031)
Health and welfare: Health:						
Supplement of local health department	\$	140,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 138,500	\$	1,500
Mental health and mental retardation:						
Community services board	\$	34,253	\$ 34,253	\$ 34,253	\$	-
Welfare:						
Area agency on aging	\$	7,803	\$ 7,803	\$ 7,803	\$	-
Virginia public assistance		1,860,863	1,860,863	1,863,650		(2,787)
Tax relief for the elderly		-	-	40,745		(40,745)
Children's services act		472,500	472,500	323,720		148,780
Total welfare	\$	2,341,166	\$ 2,341,166	\$ 2,235,918	\$	105,248
Total health and welfare	\$	2,515,419	\$ 2,515,419	\$ 2,408,671	\$	106,748
Education:						
Other instructional costs:						
Contributions to Rappahannock Community College	\$	11,142	\$ 29,892	\$ 29,892	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board		4,775,727	5,950,722	4,797,384		1,153,338
Total education	\$	4,786,869	\$ 5,980,614	\$ 4,827,276	\$	1,153,338

Original Final Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Budget Budget Actual	Variance wi Final Budget Positive al (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)			
Parks, recreation, and cultural:			
Parks and recreation:			
Recreational programs \$ 43,500 \$ 43,500 \$ 42,	500 \$	1,000	
Cultural enrichment:			
Richmond County museum \$ 18,129 \$ 19,495 \$ 15,	495 \$	4,000	
Library:			
Contribution to county library \$ 103,525 \$ 103,525 \$ 103,	525 \$		
Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 165,154 \$ 166,520 \$ 161,	520 \$	5,000	
Community development:			
Planning and community development:			
Planning \$ 187,517 \$ 287,904 \$ 178,	984 \$	108,920	
Economic development 38,500 58,500 10,	650	47,850	
Northern Neck planning district commission 9,500 9,500 9,	500	-	
Total planning and community development \$ 235,517 \$ 355,904 \$ 199,	134 \$	156,770	
Environmental management:			
	000 \$	-	
	208	964	
Total environmental management \$ 18,172 \$ 18,172 \$ 17,	208 \$	964	
Cooperative extension program:			
	889 \$	13,873	
Total community development \$ 295,451 \$ 415,838 \$ 244,	231 \$	171,607	
Nondepartmental:			
·	441 \$	121,228	
Debt service:			
Principal retirement \$ 1,767,000 \$ 3,020,688 \$ 3,020,	688 \$	-	
Interest and other fiscal charges - 713,312 719,	689	(6,377)	
Total debt service \$ 1,767,000 \$ 3,734,000 \$ 3,740,	377 \$	(6,377)	
Total General Fund \$ 15,662,919 \$ 20,511,831 \$ 18,974,	541 \$	1,537,290	
Special Revenue Funds:			
Sheriff's Fund:			
Public safety:			
Other protection:			
	899 \$	(1,899)	
Total other protection \$ - \$ - \$ 1,	899 \$	(1,899)	
Total public safety \$ - \$ - \$ 1,	899 \$	(1,899)	
Total Sheriff's Fund \$ - \$ - \$ 1,	899 \$	(1,899)	

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Workforce Investment Act Fund: Community development:								
Bay Consortium Workforce Investment Board								
Other protection	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,290,330	\$	<u> </u>
Total community development	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,290,330	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Workforce Investment Act Fund	\$	-	\$	1,290,330	\$	1,290,330	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Primary Government	\$ -	15,662,919	\$	21,802,161	\$	20,266,770	\$	1,535,391
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Instruction costs:								
Instructional costs	\$ ^	11,659,180	\$	12,834,175	\$	12,253,861	\$	580,314
Operating costs: Administration, attendance and health services Pupil transportation	\$	979,610 1,024,462	\$	979,610 1,024,462	\$	962,108 894,374	\$	17,502 130,088
Operation and maintenance of school plant		1,421,327		1,421,327	_	2,015,900		(594,573)
Total operating costs	\$	3,425,399	\$	3,425,399	\$	3,872,382	\$	(446,983)
Total education	\$ ^	15,084,579	\$	16,259,574	\$	16,126,243	\$	133,331
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	83,541	\$	(83,541)
Interest and other fiscal charges	*	_	*	_	~	8,074	7	(8,074)
Total debt service	\$	_	\$		\$	91,615	\$	(91,615)
Total School Operating Fund		15,084,579	•	16,259,574		16,217,858	\$	41,716
Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services: Administration of school food program	\$	825,223	Ċ	825,223	¢	462,688	Ċ	362,535
· -	۶	023,223	Ç		ڔ	•	ڔ	JUZ,JJJ
Commodities Tetal school food sorvices	Ċ	975 777	ċ	48,255	Ċ	48,255	Ċ	262 525
Total school food services	\$	825,223	\$	873,478	\$	510,943	\$	362,535
Total education	\$	825,223	\$	873,478	\$	510,943	\$	362,535
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	825,223	\$	873,478	\$	510,943	\$	362,535

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		iginal <u>ıdget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)							
School Activity Funds:							
Education:							
Instruction	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 276,250	\$	(276,250)
Total education	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 276,250	\$	(276,250)
Total School Activity Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 276,250	\$	(276,250)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 15,	909,802	\$ 17,133,0	52	\$ 17,005,051	\$	128,001







County of Richmond, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	692,900 \$ 17,228,928	16,209,858	15,846,520	15,619,982	15,572,766	15,195,803	12,691,024	13,379,650	13,323,571	12,303,792
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 692,900	692,599	612,099	676,629	546,455	583,898	589,396	575,697	666,508	306,399
Community Development	\$ 1,423,998	2,158,471	2,035,917	2,181,334	2,336,174	229,255	233,541	228,685	296,212	210,363
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 162,210	158,884	150,976	142,795	128,334	88,765	115,768	162,972	614,679	385,484
Education	5,331,834	5,210,228	5,482,484	5,093,707	5,561,858	7,274,186	5,215,355	5,642,298	5,316,656	4,888,913
Health and Welfare	\$ 1,596,157	1,514,695	1,712,735	1,655,037	1,553,210	1,630,672	1,570,764	1,690,009	1,444,859	1,480,014
Public Works	3,459,679 \$ 1,168,914	1,155,898	1,366,630	1,200,647	1,001,652	1,023,874	895,848	846,800	862,389	968,585
Public Safety	3,459,679	2,966,810	2,692,882	2,810,860	2,565,301	2,493,259	2,387,427	2,402,184	2,363,407	2,205,361
Judicial Administration	780,515 \$	737,081	676,827	702,259	679,860	670,488	672,506	710,582	685,595	701,428
General Government Administration A	5 2,612,721 \$	1,615,192	1,115,970	1,156,714	1,199,922	1,201,406	1,010,419	1,120,423	1,073,266	1,157,245
Fiscal Year A	2021 \$	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012

County of Richmond, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

		PROGRAM REVENUES	RE	/ENUES					GENERAL REVENUES	REVE	:NUES				
												Grants and			
				Operating								Contributions			
		Charges		Grants	General	eral	Other	j	Unrestricted			Not Restricted Contributions	J Co	ntributions	
Fiscal		for		and	Property	erty	Local	<u>=</u>	Investment			to Specific from Richmond	fron	n Richmond	
Year		Services	ŭ	Contributions	Taxes	es	Taxes		Earnings	Misc	Miscellaneous	Programs		IDA	Total
2021	S	508,706	S	5,242,855	\$ 9,01	6,703 \$	9,016,703 \$ 1,976,648	S	39,202	S	312,974	312,974 \$ 1,246,390	S	ب	\$ 18,343,478
2020		440,318		4,689,466	8,51	8,518,390	1,813,034		95,099		339,758	1,196,507		10,000	17,102,572
2019		502,285		4,597,607	8,47	8,475,342	1,712,840		95,241		56,022	1,133,335			16,572,672
2018		496,099		4,946,946	8,29	8,298,459	1,504,943		46,929		165,675	1,145,684		•	16,604,735
2017		464,313		4,775,138	8,09	8,097,044	1,595,454		22,904		80,301	1,118,371		•	16,153,525
2016		436,188		2,933,962	7,68	7,682,309	1,508,226		16,539		149,040	1,144,085		•	13,870,349
2015		413,529		2,600,508	7,36	7,360,601	1,323,118		31,078		184,290	1,204,750		75,000	13,192,874
2014		421,007		3,055,840	7,15	7,157,053	1,491,479		232,585		119,088	1,146,354			13,623,406
2013		434,520		2,353,317	7,17	7,171,701	1,368,449		62,614		59,131	1,151,877			12,601,609
2012		475,971		1,977,184	7,09	7,099,394	1,274,484		37,213		78,501	1,156,517			12,099,264

County of Richmond, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	32,474,437	28,614,714	27,764,250	27,123,879	26,465,174	24,400,062	23,287,186	23,323,140	22,004,496	23,688,094
Debt	Service	\$ 3,831,992 \$ 32,474,437	1,845,363	1,810,162	1,808,739	1,718,644	1,633,827	1,597,674	1,474,862	1,057,085	3,686,465
Non-	departmental	\$ 111,441	81,861	68,228	49,128	67,957	66,227	43,544	68,970	168,483	124,402
Community		\$ 1,534,561		2,045,011	2,177,947	2,334,403	217,722	242,690	228,823	267,170	238,211
Parks, Recreation,	and Cultural	\$ 161,520 \$	159,179	152,620	142,532	128,386	167,886	146,032	141,032	140,886	141,132
	Education (2)	\$ 16,943,328	15,848,844	15,250,992	14,751,040	14,691,720	14,466,568	13,961,741	13,857,177	13,279,129	12,603,436
Health and	Welfare	\$ 2,408,671	2,304,703	2,546,282	2,505,914	2,174,990	2,222,780	2,170,967	2,390,932	2,060,587	1,897,136
Public	Works	\$ 1,128,221	1,127,992	1,029,423	1,034,255		$\overline{}$			864,220	902,538
Public	Safety	\$ 3,181,384	2,987,688	3,137,698	3,006,303	2,661,534	2,732,816	2,564,027	2,590,816	2,540,282	2,351,954
Judicial	dministration	643,211	623,833	594,757	571,533	557,419	629,439	654,643	632,107	606,017	634,017
General Government	Year Administration Administration	\$ 2,530,108 \$	1,477,139	1,129,077	1,076,488	1,138,798	1,221,390	1,001,344	1,090,274	1,020,637	1,108,803
Fiscal	Year	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012

(1) Includes general and special revenue funds of the Primary Government, and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board; excludes capital projects expenditures.

County of Richmond, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	18,346,373 \$ 32,137,549	29,037,719	28,007,833	27,905,911	26,770,946	24,165,362	23,088,629	22,709,706	21,593,833	20,812,429
Inter- governmental (2)	18,346,373 \$	16,844,920	16,080,401	16,069,022	15,389,005	13,047,621	12,554,441	12,205,371	11,059,627	10,752,740
Recovered Costs go	\$ 1,415,505 \$	908,436	904,762	992,723	688,818	829,382	946,669	1,002,971	1,186,869	904,951
Miscellaneous	5 766,512	477,651	222,081	336,932	302,813	555,726	275,897	152,141	206,356	235,248
Charges for Services	393,257	372,732	438,830	455,063	472,121	460,271	436,648	447,874	478,419	577,097
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	39,228 \$	95,126	99,632	47,622	37,418	20,598	25,025	207,402	28,612	25,029
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 48,578 \$	25,433	42,323	50,298	42,184	41,110	37,152	29,785	26,108	21,860
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	5 71,301	74,400	57,859	80,149	46,744	54,875	58,390	53,928	55,131	48,535
Other F Local Taxes	\$ 1,976,648 \$	1,813,034	1,712,840	1,504,943	1,595,454	1,508,226	1,323,118	1,491,479	1,368,449	1,274,484
General Property Taxes	\$ 9,080,147 \$ 1,976,648	8,425,987	8,449,105	8,369,159	8,196,389	7,647,553	7,431,289	7,118,755	7,184,262	6,972,485
Fiscal Year	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012

(1) Includes general and special revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board; excludes capital projects funds.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Richmond, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent	Taxes to	Tax Levy	2.98%	3.66%	2.93%	2.83%	3.32%	4.92%	4.74%	2.56%	4.62%	4.85%
Outstanding	Delinquent	Taxes (1, 2)	281,200	335,685	267,301	254,106	292,770	410,884	385,381	443,024	362,749	379,082
Percent of Total Tax	Collections	to Tax Levy	103.42% \$	89.86	98.77%	100.25%	99.74%	98.59%	99.23%	98.12%	100.26%	98.23%
Total	Тах	Collections	9,748,288	9,053,589	9,019,760	8,987,670	8,785,635	8,240,110	8,066,924	7,822,401	7,870,603	7,672,480
Delinquent	Тах	Collections (1,2)	446,688	187,327	203,967	248,563	358,576	244,771	294,468	223,201	240,504	186,686
Percent	of Levy	Collected Co	\$ %69.86	96.64%	96.53%	97.47%	92.67%	92.67%	95.61%	95.32%	97.20%	95.84%
Current	Тах	Collections (1)	9,425,511 \$ 9,301,600	8,866,262	8,815,793	8,739,107	8,427,059	7,995,339	7,772,456	7,599,200	7,630,099	7,485,794
Total	Тах	Levy (1)	9,425,511	9,174,934	9,132,382	8,965,692	8,808,383	8,357,577	8,129,588	7,972,187	7,850,271	7,811,023
	Fiscal	Year	2021 \$	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest. (2) Delinquent tax collections are exclusive of land redemptions.

County of Richmond, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	994.828.162	960,606,104	957,880,056	950,466,370	930,946,974	919,204,892	911,157,323	903,538,599	901,216,394	891,985,036
(2)	Personal	Property	2.010.857 \$	1,556,117	1,686,879	1,786,937	1,614,273	1,499,177	1,384,915	1,530,251	1,478,343	1,157,333
Public Utility (2)	Real	Estate	75.161.362 \$	69,092,906	75,657,362	73,189,440	63,132,163	59,110,301	61,611,846	53,094,641	54,904,120	45,720,172
	Merchant's	Capital	2.264.830 \$	1,990,350	1,947,780	1,879,500	1,827,220	1,798,680	1,769,910	1,736,997	1,626,543	1,645,530
	Machinery	and Tools	11.370.210 \$	10,771,210	4,721,940	4,711,590	4,049,620	3,405,019	3,317,151	3,485,854	3,316,309	2,419,874
Personal Property	and Mobile	Homes	77.798.108 \$	70,823,970	70,041,071	66,559,619	64,488,034	61,822,591	60,970,573	59,139,690	56,013,615	56,928,760
	Real	Estate (1)	826.222.795 \$	806,371,551	803,825,024	802,339,284	795,835,664	791,569,124	782,102,928	784,551,166	783,877,464	784,113,367
	Fiscal	Year	2021 \$	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012

(1) Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

County of Richmond, Virginia Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Public	Utili	ity
Fiscal		Real	Pe	rsonal	Ma	chinery	Μ	erchant's	Real	Р	ersonal
Year	E	state	Pro	perty	an	d Tools		Capital	Estate	Р	roperty
											_
2021	\$	0.70	\$	3.75	\$	0.40	\$	3.50	\$ 0.70	\$	3.75
2020		0.70		3.75		0.40		3.50	0.70		3.75
2019		0.70		3.75		0.40		3.50	0.70		3.75
2018		0.70		3.75		0.40		3.50	0.70		3.75
2017		0.70		3.75		0.40		3.50	0.70		3.75
2016		0.67		3.75		0.40		3.50	0.67		3.75
2015		0.67		3.50		0.01		3.50	0.67		3.50
2014		0.67		3.50		0.01		3.50	0.67		3.50
2013		0.67		3.50		0.01		3.50	0.67		3.50
2012		0.67		3.50		0.01		3.50	0.67		3.50

County of Richmond, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	(in	Assessed Value thousands)(2)	Gross and Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2021	8,923	\$	994,828	\$ 13,017,992	1.31% \$	1,459
2020	9,254		960,606	13,872,551	1.44%	1,499
2019	9,254		957,880	14,433,868	1.51%	1,560
2018	9,254		950,466	14,987,305	1.58%	1,620
2017	9,254		930,947	15,528,235	1.67%	1,678
2016	9,254		919,205	16,061,983	1.75%	1,736
2015	9,254		911,157	16,588,442	1.82%	1,793
2014	9,254		903,539	17,107,931	1.89%	1,849
2013	9,254		901,216	17,564,950	1.95%	1,898
2012	9,254		891,985	2,959,216	0.33%	320

- (1) Center for Weldon Cooper Public Service at the University of Virginia from 2010 and 2020 census.
- (2) From Table 6.
- (3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.







ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Richmond Warsaw, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Richmond, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the County of Richmond, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Richmond, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia November 26, 2021

Robinson, Farmer Cox Associates



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Richmond Warsaw, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Richmond, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Richmond, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. County of Richmond, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Richmond, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Richmond, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Richmond, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Richmond, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Richmond, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia November 26, 2021

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Federal Assistance	Pass-Through Entity	Pass-Through		
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/	Listing	Identifying	to		Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients		Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass-Through Payments:					
Department of Social Services:					
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0950119/0950120			\$ 8,295
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400119/0400120			115,226
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee					
Administered Programs	93.566	0500119/0500120			176
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600419/0600420			12,650
CCDF Cluster:					
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child					
Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760119/0760120			16,847
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603	1130116/1130117			1,555
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900119/0900120			43
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100119/1100120			43,335
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120119/1120120			21,789
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000119/1000120			59,949
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition					
to Adulthood	93.674	9150119/9150120			797
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540119/0540120			1,450
Medicaid Cluster:	02.770	1200110 (1200120			115 (12
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200119/1200120			115,643
Total Department of Health and Human Services					\$ 397,755
Department of Homeland Security:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Emergency Management:	07.042	7750400 53740			ć (000
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	7750100-52740			\$ 6,922
Department of Agriculture:					
Direct Payments:					
Community, Facilities, Loans and Grants Cluster:	10.7//	11/4			ć 54.000
Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766	N/A			\$ 56,000
Pass-Through Payments:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution	10.555	17901-45707		\$ 48,255	
ו טטע טוגנו וטענוטוו	10.555	17901-43707		\$ 40,233	
Department of Health:					
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	17901		497,695	
COVID-19 - Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	17901		78,433	-
				\$ 576,128	624,383
Department of Agriculture:					
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	10.558	17901-70027			7,124
Department of Social Services:					
SNAP Cluster:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the					
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010119/0010120			155,118
Total Department of Agriculture					\$ 842,625
					, 0.2,023
Department of Labor: Pass Through Payments:					
Virginia Community College System:					
WIOA Cluster:					
WIOA Cluster. WIOA Adult Program	17.258	Not Available	\$ 511,877	\$ 511,877	
WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	Not Available	344,425	344,425	
WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	Not Available	402,516		\$ 1,258,818
				,5.0	-
WIOA National Dislocated Worker Grants / WIA National Emergency Grants	17.277	Not Available	31,511		31,511
Total Department of Labor					\$ 1,290,329

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Year Ended	June 30, 2021					
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Pass-Through to Subrecipients			ederal enditures
Department of Justice:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Criminal Justice Services:						
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	390002-501431			\$	45,340
Total Department of Justice					\$	45,340
Department of Transportation:						
Pass-Through Payments:						
Department of Motor Vehicles:						
Highway Safety Cluster:						
	20.600	60507			\$	12,960
State and Community Highway Safety Alcohol Open Container Requirements					Ş	
Accord Open Container Requirements	20.607	60507			-	7,500
Total Department of Transportation					\$	20,460
Department of Housing and Urban Development:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Housing and Community Development:						
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement						
Grants in Hawaii	14.228	53005-HCD50790			\$	40,000
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development					\$	40,000
U.S. Election Assistance Commission:						
Pass-Through Payments:						
State Board of Elections:						
COVID-19 - 2020 Supplemental COVID-19 Election Security Grants	90.404	Not Available			\$	28,183
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission					\$	28,183
Department of Education:						
Pass-Through Payments:						
Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901			\$	336,141
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071		\$ 250,228		
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	17901-62501		24,955		275,183
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095			-	49,372
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481				77,722
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	17901-61480				129,157
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	17901-60019				20,991
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	17901-70037		\$ 36,565		20,771
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	17901-60177		137,834		
COVID-17 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Retief (ESSER) Fund	04.4230	17701-00177		\$ 174,399	-	174,399
Total Department of Education					\$ 1	,062,965
Department of Treasury:						
Pass-Through Payments:						
Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF)	21.019	10110-728021	\$ 135,194		Ş 1	,412,469
Department of Defense:						
Direct Payments:						
Junior ROTC	12.U01	N/A			\$	64,083
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,425,523	-	ς :	5,211,131
'			, 1,723,323	=		,,411,131
See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.						

County of Richmond, Virginia Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Richmond, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Richmond, Virginia, it is not intended to be and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Richmond, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 2,123,772
Special Revenue Funds:	
Workforce Investment Act Fund	1,290,330
Total primary government	\$ 3,414,102
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 1,959,874
School Cafeteria Fund	48,255
Total Component Unit School Board	\$ 2,008,129
Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements	\$ 5,422,231
Add: USDA loan proceeds	\$ 35,000
Less: Federal interest subsidy	(220,758)
Less: Payment in Lieu of Taxes	 (25,342)
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 5,211,131

Note 5 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 6 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes✓ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes✓ no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes √ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesnone reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>unmodified</u>
Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	yes✓ no
Identification of major programs:	
Assistance Listing Number(s) 21.019	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Coronavirus Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yesno
Section II-Financial Statement Findings	
None	
Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Co	<u>osts</u>
None	

County of Richmond, Virginia Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no prior year findings.