

Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Board of Supervisors

David Felts, Chairperson

Dexter Jones Todd Robinson Shaun Weyant, Vice Chairperson Joseph Easter IV

Department of Social Services Administrative Board

A. Taylor Harvie, III

County School Board

Bonnie Vega, Chairperson

David Geraghty Robyn Whittington Sarah Tanner, Vice Chairperson Mike Neller

Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	Paul W. Cella
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Marilyn L. Wilson
Commonwealth's Attorney	Lee R. Harrison
Commissioner of the Revenue	Laura M. Walsh
Treasurer	Stephanie G. Coleman
Sheriff	Rick L. Walker
Director of Social Services	Martha A. Pullen
County Administrator	A. Taylor Harvie, III
Judge of the General District Court	Thomas Stark IV
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Phillip T. DiStanislao
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Lori Harper

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Amelia, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Amelia, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Amelia, Virginia, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County of Amelia, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County of Amelia, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Amelia, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Amelia, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2025, on our consideration of County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Jarmen, Cox Associatas

Charlottesville, Virginia January 22, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Amelia County County of Amelia, Virginia

As management of the County of Amelia, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

< The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$31,714,737 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues and other financing sources of \$728,722 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$6,008,536 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$19,855,835, a decrease of \$728,722 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,267,914, or 22% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- < The combined long-term obligations decreased \$303,626 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's nets position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Amelia, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district and Industrial development authority for which the County of Amelia, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Amelia, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds – the General Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business.

The Sanitary District Fund provides a centralized source for water / sewer services to County residents.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's custodial funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and schedules of pension and OPEB funding and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board and statements for the component unit – Industrial Development Authority. The School Board and Industrial Development Authority do not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$36,215,196 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Amelia, Virginia's Net Position								
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Totals				
	2024	2023	2024 2023	2024 2023				
Constant and all succession	¢ 24 200 054 ¢ 2			¢ 24 550 020 ¢ 24 502 020				
Current and other assets		4,553,167 \$	267,176 \$ 29,653	\$ 24,558,030 \$ 24,582,820				
Net pension asset	,	1,019,456	12,575 14,579 5 787 124 5 007 604	775,075 1,034,035				
Capital assets	11,272,544	8,415,627	5,787,134 5,997,694	17,059,678 14,413,321				
Total assets	\$ 36,325,898 \$ 3	3,988,250 \$	6,066,885 \$ 6,041,926	\$ 42,392,783 \$ 40,030,176				
Deferred outflows								
of resources	\$690,713 \$	698,709 \$	11,212 \$ 20,797	\$ 701,925 \$ 719,506				
Current liabilities	\$ 3,844,673 \$	3,385,469 \$	180,484 \$ 270,776	\$ 4,025,157 \$ 3,656,245				
Long-term liabilities outstanding	1,039,450	1,501,350	1,382,686 1,535,609	2,422,136 3,036,959				
U		<u> </u>						
Total liabilities	\$ 4,884,123 \$	4,886,819 \$	1,563,170 \$ 1,806,385	\$ 6,447,293 \$ 6,693,204				
Deferred inflows								
of resources	\$ 417,751 \$	771,881 \$	14,468 \$ 21,297	\$ 432,219 \$ 793,178				
Net investment in								
capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 10,386,482 \$	7,442,494 \$	4,261,825 \$ 4,325,064	\$ 14,648,307 \$ 11,767,558				
Net pension asset	762,500	1,019,456	12,575 14,579	775,075 1,034,035				
Landfill	,	1,423,661		1,152,878 1,423,661				
Cash proffers	169,081	905,716		169,081 905,716				
Indoor plumbing	34,702	32,642		34,702 32,642				
Asset forfeiture	22,577	21,855		22,577 21,855				
Opioid settlement	193,669	122,256		193,669 122,256				
Unrestricted	18,992,848 1	8,060,179	226,059 (104,602)	19,218,907 17,955,577				
Total net position	\$ <u>31,714,737</u> \$ <u>2</u>	<u>9,028,259</u> \$	4,500,459 \$ 4,235,041	\$ _36,215,196 \$ _33,263,300				

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Governmental and business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$2,951,896 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

		Governmen	Governmental Activities		Business-t	ype	e Activities		Tota	als
		2024		2023	2024	_	2023		2024	2023
Revenues:								-		
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	3,668,064	\$	3,687,623 \$	568,906	\$	445,442	\$	4,236,970 \$	4,133,065
Operating grants and										
contributions		4,340,006		4,236,561	-		-		4,340,006	4,236,561
Capital grants and										
contributions		1,794,079		-	-		-		1,794,079	-
General revenues:										
General property taxes		12,186,089		10,973,580	-		-		12,186,089	10,973,580
Other local taxes		2,859,602		2,847,564	-		-		2,859,602	2,847,564
Grants and other contri-										
butions not restricted		1,284,067		2,717,997	-		-		1,284,067	2,717,997
Other general revenues		2,117,566		1,575,425	-		-		2,117,566	1,575,425
Transfers		-			450,234		340,870		450,234	340,870
Total revenues	\$	28,249,473	\$	26,038,750 \$	1,019,140	\$	786,312	\$	29,268,613 \$	26,825,062
Expenses:										
General government										
administration	\$	3,354,074	\$	3,360,864 \$	-	\$	-	\$	3,354,074 \$	3,360,864
Judicial administration		220,838	·	829,495	-		-	·	220,838	829,495
Public safety		9,013,354		7,425,680	-		-		9,013,354	7,425,680
Public works		1,649,512		1,371,044	753,722		800,237		2,403,234	2,171,281
Health and welfare		2,544,620		2,694,403	-		-		2,544,620	2,694,403
Education		6,769,523		7,473,423	-		-		6,769,523	7,473,423
Parks, recreation, and										
cultural		1,143,136		912,689	-		-		1,143,136	912,689
Community development		319,642		314,329	-		-		319,642	314,329
Interest and other fiscal										
charges		98,062		62,391	-		-		98,062	62,391
Transfers		450,234		340,870	-		-		450,234	340,870
Total expenses	\$	25,562,995	\$	24,785,188 \$	753,722	- ·	800,237	\$	26,316,717 \$	25,585,425
·										
Change in net position	Ş	2,686,478	Ş	1,253,562 \$	265,418	Ş	(13,925)	Ş	2,951,890 \$	1,239,637
Beginning of year		29,028,259		27,774,697	4,235,041		4,248,966		33,263,300	32,023,663
			-					-		

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (Continued)

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$19,855,835, a decrease of \$728,722 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 26% of the reported fund balance constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year was \$226,059. The total increase in net position was \$265,418. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues of the General Fund were more than budgetary estimates by \$227,419. Expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$1,911,059 resulting in a positive variance of \$2,138,478.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024 was \$10,386,482 and its net investment in capital assets for its proprietary operations was \$4,261,825 (both net of accumulated depreciation and related long-term debt). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$1,452,762. Of this amount, \$854,720 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue and lease/revenue bonds).

The County's bonded debt decreased by \$70,000 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Amelia, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in the notes of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Amelia County, VA's unemployment rate was 3.20% as of June 30, 2024. This was slightly higher than Virginia's rate of 2.7% but remained lower than the U.S. average of 4.1%. The relatively low unemployment rate demonstrates a stable local economy, albeit with some factors unique to Amelia County influencing the variance compared to the state average.

This economic context played a critical role in shaping the County's FY2025 budget. The FY2024 budget experienced a notable 22.0% increase compared to the prior year, driven primarily by significant allocations to capital projects. This growth underscores the County's commitment to infrastructure and long-term investments, aiming to address both current and future needs of its residents.

Taxation and Revenue Insights

The County's tax rates and their allocations provide a clear picture of fiscal responsibility and resource distribution. The accompanying table outlines the various tax rates, offering insights into how revenues are generated and utilized to sustain government operations. Additionally, a graphical representation of where each tax dollar is spent offers transparency and aids in understanding expenditure priorities.

Population Trends and Workforce Analysis

An analysis of Amelia County's population over the last two decades (2000-2023) revealed a steady but modest average annual growth rate of less than 1%. Despite this slow population growth, the County has maintained a focus on efficient public service delivery. In FY2025, the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) employees decreased from 129 to 125. However, the County continued to uphold its commitment to service quality, achieving a ratio of one employee per 108 residents for a population of 13,480.

Tax Base Composition and Stability

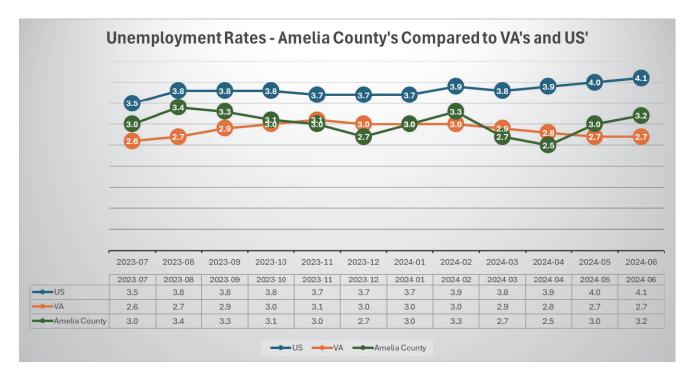
The months of August and September marked the critical tax billing and collection period. The tables included in this section detail the composition of real estate properties, breaking them down into categories such as taxable versus tax-exempt, residential versus non-residential, and geographic classifications. These insights highlight the stability of taxes as the primary funding source for government operations, emphasizing their critical role in financial sustainability.

FY2024 Performance Highlights

To evaluate local performance in FY2024, additional tax base data provide valuable context. Key metrics such as the distribution of top taxpayers and property classifications contribute to a comprehensive understanding of the County's financial position and its capacity to support ongoing operations. These findings reinforce the importance of strategic financial planning in maintaining long-term viability.

Conclusion

The 22.0% increase in the FY2024 budget reflects a proactive approach to addressing Amelia County's needs through targeted investments in capital projects. Coupled with stable unemployment rates, a steady population, and a well-managed tax base, the County remains positioned to achieve its financial and operational goals for FY2025.



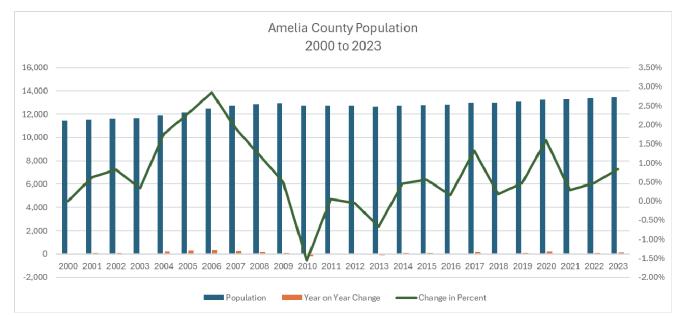
This factor was considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2025 fiscal year. The fiscal year 2024 budget increased by approximately 22.0%. This was mostly due to a significant increase in expenditure budgeted for capital projects. See the table below for all tax rates.

Tax Rates Per \$100 Valuation							
Source	FY2024	FY2025					
Real Estate	\$0.38	\$0.46					
Mobile Homes	\$0.38	\$0.46					
Personal Property	\$4.15	\$4.35					
Machinery & Tools	\$1.00	\$1.50					
Fire & Rescue	\$0.50	\$0.50					
Public Services - RE	\$0.38	\$0.46					
Public Services - PP	\$4.15	\$4.35					

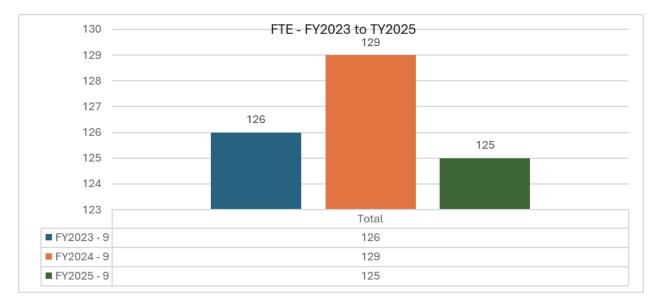
The dollar image below shows where your tax dollar goes.



An analysis of the Amelia County population (approximately ranging from 12000 to less than 14000) of the last ten years from 2000 to 2023 showed an average yearly growth of less than one percent.

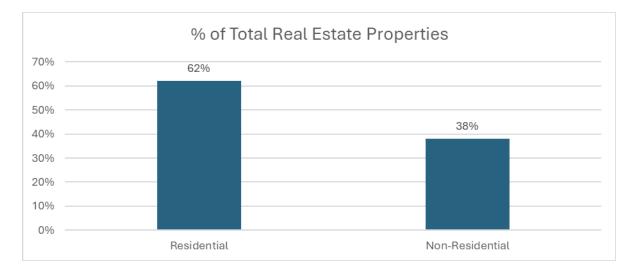


While the County population growth has been steady, the county FTE dropped from 129 to 125 in FY2025. Nonetheless, the County strived to upkeep with the public service. For the population of 13,480, the public service is provided at a ratio of one employee to 108 residents.



August to September were tax billing and collection months. The tables below provide some insights on real estate property composition (taxable vs. tax exempt, residential vs. non-residential, geography / location vs. state class, top ten taxpayers, etc.). Taxes are the most stable and major source of funds for governmental operations. This information helps explain tax collections, financial sustainability, and operation ongoing concerns.

Below are additional tax base data for consideration when reviewing how the County performed locally in FY2024.





Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Amelia, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box A, Amelia, Virginia 23002.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

		Р	rimary Governm	nent			
	-	Governmental	Business-type			Component	Units
	_	Activities	Activities		Total	School Board	IDA
ACCETC							
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,140,165 \$	183,042) ć	5,323,207 \$	1,190,580 \$	
Investments	Ş	4,919,877	5 105,042	د <u>د</u>	4,919,877	1,190,380 \$	- 542,290
Certificate of deposit		10,305,688		_	10,305,688	_	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		10,505,088			10,303,000		
Taxes receivable		1,114,662			1,114,662	-	-
Accounts receivable		575,737	84,134	Ļ	659,871	6,209	-
Lease receivable			- , -		-	-	287,526
Due from primary government		-			-	472,096	-
Due from other governmental units		1,139,336		-	1,139,336	1,293,602	-
Restricted assets:							
Landfill funds held with trustee		1,095,389			1,095,389	-	-
Net pension asset		762,500	12,575	5	775,075	668,671	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):							
Land and land improvements		1,174,532	29,463	3	1,203,995	367,715	1,800,402
Buildings and improvements		3,667,653		-	3,667,653	6,895,949	1,062,363
Utility plant in service		-	5,021,828		5,021,828	-	-
Machinery and equipment		3,469,187	76,476		3,545,663	2,790,708	35,762
Intangible assets		-	105,850)	105,850	-	-
Infrastructure		-			-	79,829	-
Lease equipment		1,134	553,517	7	554,651	-	-
Construction in progress	÷ -	2,960,038	<u> </u>		2,960,038		
Total assets	\$_	36,325,898 \$	6,066,885		42,392,783 \$	13,765,359 \$	3,728,343
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension related items	\$	586,404 \$	9,637	, ¢	596,041 \$	3,284,121 \$	_
OPEB related items	Ŷ	104,309	1,575		105,884	1,653,572	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	690,713 \$			701,925 \$	4,937,693 \$	-
	· -				+	.,	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	1,905,430 \$; ·	· \$	1,905,430 \$	448,905 \$	-
Accrued liabilities		2,440		-	2,440	1,240,339	-
Accrued interest payable		18,789	31,776)	50,565	-	-
Due to component unit		472,096		-	472,096	-	-
Unearned revenue		1,032,606		-	1,032,606	-	-
Long-term liabilities:		442 242	1 40 70		562,020	24.274	
Due within one year		413,312	148,708		562,020	24,374	-
Due in more than one year Total liabilities	ś.	1,039,450 4,884,123 \$	1,382,686	_	2,422,136 6,447,293 \$	18,762,836	-
Total habilities	ې _	4,004,125	1,505,170	<u> </u>	0,447,295 \$	20,476,454 \$	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	19,905 \$; .	- \$	19,905 \$	- \$	-
Items related to the measurement of:							
Lease related items		-		-	-	-	283,336
Pension related items		347,541	13,750)	361,291	1,348,060	-
OPEB related items		50,305	718	3	51,023	4,841,797	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	417,751 \$	14,468	3\$	432,219 \$	6,189,857 \$	283,336
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	10,386,482 \$	4,261,825	; ¢	14,648,307 \$	10,134,201 \$	3,063,277
Restricted:	Ş	10,360,462	4,201,823	ς α	14,040,507 5	10,134,201 Ş	5,005,277
Net pension asset		762,500	12,575		775,075	668,671	-
Landfill funds held by trustees		1,152,878	12,575	-	1,152,878		_
Cash proffers		169,081		-	169,081	_	-
Indoor plumbing		34,702		-	34,702	_	-
Asset forfeiture		22,577		-	22,577	-	_
Opioid settlement		193,669			193,669	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)		18,992,848	226,059)	19,218,907	(18,766,131)	381,730
Total net position	\$	31,714,737 \$			36,215,196 \$	(7,963,259) \$	3,445,007
	Ý =	<u> </u>	.,500,450		00,220,200 0	(.,::::::::::;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	5, 15,007

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Program Revenues	;
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	_				
Governmental activities:					
General government administration	\$	3,354,074	\$ - <u>\$</u>	402,045 \$	1,419,079
Judicial administration	Ŷ	220,838	118,522	496,117	375,000
Public safety		9,013,354	279,896	1,329,035	-
Public works		1,649,512	3,037,450	24,012	-
Health and welfare		2,544,620	-	1,734,184	-
Education		6,769,523	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,143,136	232,196	294,097	-
Community development		319,642	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt		98,062	-	60,516	-
Total governmental activities	\$	25,112,761	\$ 3,668,064	4,340,006 \$	1,794,079
Business-type activities:					
Sanitary District	\$	753,722	\$ 568,906 \$	- \$	-
Total business-type activities	\$	753,722	\$ 568,906 \$	s - \$	-
Total primary government	\$	25,866,483	\$ 4,236,970	4,340,006 \$	1,794,079
COMPONENT UNITS:					
School Board	\$	24,221,284	\$ 20,160 \$	18,958,360 \$	-
Industrial Development Authority		79,913	130,646	-	-
Total component units	\$	24,301,197		18,958,360 \$	-

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				ense) Revenue an es in Net Position	d	
	-	Pr	imary Government		Component Ur	nits
	_	Governmental	Business-type			
Functions/Programs	_	Activities	Activities	Total	School Board	IDA
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:						
Governmental activities:						
General government administration	\$	(1,532,950)	\$	(1,532,950)		
Judicial administration		768,801		768,801		
Public safety		(7,404,423)		(7,404,423)		
, Public works		1,411,950		1,411,950		
Health and welfare		(810,436)		(810,436)		
Education		(6,769,523)		(6,769,523)		
Parks, recreation, and cultural		(616,843)		(616,843)		
Community development		(319,642)		(319,642)		
Interest on long-term debt		(37,546)		(37,546)		
Total governmental activities	\$	(15,310,612)	\$	(15,310,612)		
	Ý _	(13,310,012)	Ý	(15,510,012)		
Business-type activities:						
Sanitary District		\$	(184,816) \$	(184,816)		
Total business-type activities		\$	(184,816) \$	(184,816)		
Total primary government			\$	(15,495,428)		
COMPONENT UNITS:						
School Board				\$	(5,242,764) \$	-
Industrial Development Authority					-	50,733
Total component units				\$	(5,242,764) \$	50,733
General revenues and transfers:						
General property taxes	\$	12,186,089 \$	-	12,186,089 \$	- \$	-
Other local taxes:						
Local sales and use taxes		1,463,486	-	1,463,486	-	-
Consumers' utility taxes		210,376	-	210,376	-	-
Motor vehicle licenses		429,972	-	429,972	_	-
Business license taxes		438,290	-	438,290	-	-
Other local taxes		317,478	-	317,478	-	-
Unrestricted revenues from use of money		724,102	-	724,102	1,061	32,543
Miscellaneous		1,393,464	_	1,393,464	734,910	
Payments from Amelia County		-	-		6,301,086	_
Grants and contributions not restricted to					0,301,000	
specific programs		1,284,067	_	1,284,067	_	_
Transfers		(450,234)	450,234	1,204,007	_	-
Total general revenues	_ د	17,997,090 \$	450,234 \$	- 18,447,324 \$	7,037,057 \$	32,543
	ې د	2,686,478 \$	450,234\$ 265,418_\$	2,951,896 \$		
Change in net position Net position - beginning	Ş					83,276
	<u> </u>	29,028,259	4,235,041	33,263,300	(9,757,552)	3,361,731
Net position - ending	\$_	31,714,737 \$	4,500,459 \$	36,215,196 \$	(7,963,259) \$	3,445,007

Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	General	County Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 564,460 \$	4,350,414 \$	225,291 \$	5,140,165
Investments	2,582,459	2,281,081	56,337	4,919,877
Certificates of deposit	2,417,177	7,888,511	-	10,305,688
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes receivable	1,114,662	-	-	1,114,662
Accounts receivable	348,165	227,572	-	575,737
Due from other governmental units	1,139,336	-	-	1,139,336
Restricted assets:				
Landfill funds held with trustee	1,095,389	-	-	1,095,389
Total assets	\$ 9,261,648 \$	14,747,578 \$	281,628 \$	24,290,854
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 311,267 \$	1,594,163 \$	- \$	1,905,430
Accrued liabilities	2,440	-	-	2,440
Due to component unit	472,096	-	-	472,096
Unearned revenue	1,032,606	-	-	1,032,606
Total liabilities	\$ 1,818,409 \$	1,594,163 \$	- \$	3,412,572
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 858,587 \$	- \$	- \$	858,587
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	163,860	-	-	163,860
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,022,447 \$	- \$	- \$	1,022,447
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	\$ 1,152,878 \$	- \$	226,360 \$	1,379,238
Committed	-	13,153,415	55,268	13,208,683
Unassigned	5,267,914	-	-	5,267,914
Total fund balances	\$ 6,420,792 \$	13,153,415 \$	281,628 \$	19,855,835
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$ 9,261,648 \$	14,747,578 \$	281,628 \$	24,290,854

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Net Position

June	30,	2024
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$	19,855,835
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 24,147,790 (12,875,246)	11,272,544
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	\$ 838,682 163,860	1,002,542
The net pension asset in governmental activities is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		
Net pension asset		762,500
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items OPEB related items	\$ 586,404 104,309	690,713
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
General obligation bonds Bond issuance premium Accrued interest payable Net OPEB liability - group life insurance Net OPEB liability - health insurance credit Lease liabilities Compensated absences	\$ (854,720) (30,174) (18,789) (280,939) (36,547) (1,168) (249,214)	(1,471,551)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items OPEB related items	\$ (347,541) (50,305)	(397,846)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	31,714,737

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	General	County Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES					
General property taxes	\$	12,217,054 \$	- \$	- \$	12,217,054
Other local taxes		2,859,602	-	-	2,859,602
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		239,999	-	-	239,999
Fines and forfeitures		112,588	-	-	112,588
Revenue from the use of money and property		657,698	62,491	3,913	724,102
Charges for services		240,018	3,037,450	38,009	3,315,477
Miscellaneous		1,198,794	-	123,256	1,322,050
Recovered costs		354,063	-	-	354,063
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth		4,591,395	-	-	4,591,395
Federal		2,826,757	-	-	2,826,757
Total revenues	\$	25,297,968 \$	3,099,941 \$	165,178 \$	28,563,087
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$	2,184,103 \$	- \$	- \$	2,184,103
Judicial administration		987,759	-	-	987,759
Public safety		8,178,873	-	-	8,178,873
Public works		1,524,456	-	-	1,524,456
Health and welfare		2,945,303	-	-	2,945,303
Education		6,009,686	-	-	6,009,686
Parks, recreation, and cultural		992,575	-	-	992,575
Community development		322,680	-	-	322,680
Capital projects		-	5,217,455	-	5,217,455
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		379,170	-	-	379,170
Interest and other fiscal charges		99,515	-	-	99,515
Total expenditures	\$	23,624,120 \$	5,217,455 \$	- \$	28,841,575
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	\$	1,673,848 \$	(2,117,514) \$	165,178 \$	(278,488)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$	462,637 \$	578,106 \$	- \$	1,040,743
Transfers out		(528,305)	(63,504)	(899,168)	(1,490,977)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(65,668) \$	514,602 \$	(899,168) \$	(450,234)
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,608,180 \$	(1,602,912) \$	(733,990) \$	(728,722)
Fund balances - beginning	,	4,812,612	14,756,327	1,015,618	20,584,557
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,420,792 \$	13,153,415 \$	281,628 \$	19,855,835
	× —	<i>,,</i>			

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(728,722)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Capital asset additions	\$ 3,981,997	
Depreciation expense	(832,530)	
Activity related to joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government	 (292,550)	2,856,917
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	\$ (30,965)	
Opioid settlement	 71,413	40,448
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Principal retirement on school general obligation bonds Repayment of lease liabilities	\$ 377,188 1,983	379,171
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Bond issuance premium amortization	\$ 15,088	
Change in compensated absences	63,760	
Change in pension related items	59,382	
Change in OPEB related items	14,069	
Change in accrued interest payable	 (13,635)	138,664
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ <u> </u>	2,686,478

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	Enterprise Fund Sanitary District
ASSETS Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents \$	183,042
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	84,134
Total current assets	
Noncurrent assets:	
Net pension asset \$	12,575
Capital assets:	
Land and improvements \$	29,463
Utility plant in service	9,819,288
Machinery and equipment	455,258
Lease equipment	575,657
Intangible assets	113,000
Accumulated depreciation	(5,205,532)
Total capital assets \$ Total noncurrent assets \$	
fotal honcurrent assets	5,799,709
Total assets \$	6,066,885
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related items \$	9,637
OPEB related items	1,575
Total deferred outflows of resources \$	11,212
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accrued interest payable \$	31,776
Bonds payable - current portion	144,537
Compensated absences - current portion	154
Lease liabilities - current portion Total current liabilities \$	4,017
fotal current habilities \$	180,484
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Net OPEB liabilities \$	4,541
Bonds payable - net of current portion	825,444
Compensated absences - net of current portion	1,390
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	551,311
Total noncurrent liabilities \$	
Total liabilities \$	1,563,170
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related items \$	13,750
OPEB related items	718
Total deferred inflows of resources \$	14,468
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets \$	
Restricted for net pension asset	12,575
Unrestricted	226,059
Total net position \$	4,500,459

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services: Water and sewer revenues \$ 562,034 Penalties 6,872 Total operating revenues \$ 568,906 OPERATING EXPENSES \$ Water \$ 115,527 Sewer 383,935 Depreciation 210,560 Total operating expenses \$ 710,022 Operating income (loss) \$ (141,116) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ (143,700) Interest expense \$ (43,700) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (43,700) Income (loss) before transfers \$ (184,816) Transfers in \$ 450,234 Change in net position \$ 265,418 Total net position - beginning \$ 4,235,041 Total net position - ending \$ 4,500,459		-	Enterprise Fund Sanitary District
Charges for services: Water and sewer revenues Total operating revenues S568,906 OPERATING EXPENSES Water Sewer Depreciation Total operating expenses Operating income (loss) Total operating revenues (141,116) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before transfers Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) S(43,700) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) S(43,700) Transfers in Change in net position - beginning Y225,041	OPERATING REVENUES		
Water and sewer revenues\$ 562,034Penalties6,872Total operating revenues\$ 568,906OPERATING EXPENSES\$Water\$ 115,527Sewer383,935Depreciation210,560Total operating expenses\$ 710,022Operating income (loss)\$ (141,116)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)\$Interest expense\$ (43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$ (43,700)Income (loss) before transfers\$ (184,816)Transfers in\$ 265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041			
Total operating revenues\$568,906OPERATING EXPENSES%115,527Water\$115,527Sewer383,935210,560Depreciation210,560210,560Total operating expenses\$710,022Operating income (loss)\$(141,116)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)\$(43,700)Interest expense\$(43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$(43,700)Income (loss) before transfers\$(184,816)Transfers in\$450,234Change in net position\$265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041		\$	562,034
OPERATING EXPENSESWater\$ 115,527Sewer383,935Depreciation210,560Total operating expenses\$ 710,022Operating income (loss)\$ (141,116)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)\$ (43,700)Interest expense\$ (43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$ (43,700)Income (loss) before transfers\$ (184,816)Transfers in\$ 450,234Change in net position\$ 265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041	Penalties		6,872
Water\$115,527Sewer383,935210,560Depreciation210,560Total operating expenses\$710,022Operating income (loss)\$(141,116)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Interest expense\$(43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$(43,700)Income (loss) before transfers\$(184,816)Transfers in\$450,234Change in net position\$265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041	Total operating revenues	\$	568,906
Water\$115,527Sewer383,935210,560Depreciation210,560Total operating expenses\$710,022Operating income (loss)\$(141,116)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Interest expense\$(43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$(43,700)Income (loss) before transfers\$(184,816)Transfers in\$450,234Change in net position\$265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041	OPERATING EXPENSES		
Sewer383,935Depreciation210,560Total operating expenses\$Operating income (loss)\$(141,116)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Interest expense\$(43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$(184,816)Transfers in\$Association - beginning\$Total net position - beginning\$4,235,041		Ś	115.527
Total operating expenses\$710,022Operating income (loss)\$(141,116)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)\$(43,700)Interest expense\$(43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$(43,700)Income (loss) before transfers\$(184,816)Transfers in\$450,234Change in net position\$265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041	Sewer		
Total operating expenses\$710,022Operating income (loss)\$(141,116)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)\$(43,700)Interest expense\$(43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$(43,700)Income (loss) before transfers\$(184,816)Transfers in\$450,234Change in net position\$265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041	Depreciation		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Interest expense\$ (43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$ (43,700)Income (loss) before transfers\$ (184,816)Transfers in\$ 450,234Change in net position\$ 265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041	Total operating expenses	\$	710,022
Interest expense\$(43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before transfers\$(43,700)Transfers in\$(184,816)Transfers in\$450,234Change in net position\$265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041	Operating income (loss)	\$ _	(141,116)
Interest expense\$(43,700)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before transfers\$(43,700)Transfers in\$(184,816)Transfers in\$450,234Change in net position\$265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Income (loss) before transfers\$ (184,816)Transfers in\$ 450,234Change in net position\$ 265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041		\$	(43,700)
Income (loss) before transfers\$ (184,816)Transfers in\$ 450,234Change in net position\$ 265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	Ś	(43,700)
Change in net position\$265,418Total net position - beginning4,235,041		\$	
Total net position - beginning 4,235,041	Transfers in	\$ _	450,234
	Change in net position	\$	265,418
	Total net position - beginning		4,235,041
		\$	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	-	Enterprise Fund Sanitary District
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	514,425
Payments to suppliers		(422,661)
Payments to employees		(176,346)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(84,582)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal payments on bonds and leases	\$	(147,321)
Interest payments		(35,289)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	267,624
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	183,042
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	_	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	183,042
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(141,116)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	\$	210,560
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(54,481)
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset		2,004
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		9,585
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(99,868)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(2,644)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities		(1,793)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	_	(6,829)
Total adjustments	\$	56,534
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ <mark>=</mark>	(84,582)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	_	Private Purpose Trust Funds	 Custodial Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 36,706
Investments		4,272	-
Total assets	\$	4,272	\$ 36,706
NET POSITION			
Restricted for:			
Special welfare	\$	-	\$ 18,262
A.M. Radio Partners		-	11,068
Project Lifesaver		-	7,376
Held in trust for scholarships		4,272	-
Total net position	\$	4,272	\$ 36,706

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS			
Special welfare collections	\$	- \$	24,162
Collections for Project Lifesaver		-	150
Interest income		227	342
Gain/loss on investments	_	(13,167)	
Total additions	\$	(12,940) \$	24,654
DEDUCTIONS Welfare costs	\$	- \$	28,282
Transfer to community foundation	ç	248,620	20,202
Total deductions	\$	248,620 \$	28,282
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(261,560) \$	(3,628)
Net position, beginning of year	\$_	265,832_\$	40,334
Net position, end of year	\$_	4,272 \$	36,706

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

County of Amelia, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of County of Amelia, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> – The financial statements are required to be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including a requirement to report the government's original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Amelia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2024.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Amelia County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

The Industrial Development Authority of Amelia County is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of seven members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Industrial Development Authority does not issue a separate report.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Notes to Finar	ncial St	atements
As of June 30,	2024 ((Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a selfbalancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund as major governmental funds.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The County Special Revenue Fund reports the operations of the proffers, IPR program, Courthouse security, Amelia County clean-up program, special library and forfeited assets funds transactions.

2. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> – account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The County's Enterprise Funds consist of the Sanitary District.

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds – (Trust and Custodial Funds)</u> – account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Custodial Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The County's Custodial Funds include amounts held for others in fiduciary capacity, which include the Special Welfare, Project Lifesaver, and A.M. Radio Partners funds. The County's Private Purpose Trust Funds include the following funds: Harris Scholarship, Arnold Scholarship, Black Scholarship and N.S. Montague Scholarship.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end. Investments in custody of others include unspent bond proceeds and accumulated interest that the County intends to use for the new government complex.

G. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$151,464 at June 30, 2024 and is comprised of \$148,634 for property taxes and \$2,830 related to proprietary revenue.

G. <u>Receivables and Payables: (Continued)</u>

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or businesstype activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets), the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Sewer System	50
Buildings and Improvements	40
Sewage Treatment Plant	25
Furniture, Vehicles, and Office Equipment	5-20
Buses	10
Lease Equipment	2-15
Machinery and Equipment	3-5

Notes to Financial Statements	
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)	

I. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." County's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of
 decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the
 government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment, which does not lapse at year end, is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Notes to Financial Statements	
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)	

K. Fund Balance: (Continued)

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

			Major Capital	Nonmajor Special		
			Project Fund	Revenue Fund		
			County	County		
		General	Capital	Special Revenue		
	_	Fund	Projects Fund	Fund	_	Total
Fund Balances:						
Restricted:						
Cash Proffers	\$	- 9	\$-\$	5 169,081	\$	169,081
Indoor Plumbing		-	-	34,702		34,702
Asset forfeiture		-	-	22,577		22,577
Landfill funds held by trustees		1,095,389	-	-		1,095,389
Opioid settlement		57,489	-	-		57,489
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	1,152,878	\$	226,360	\$_	1,379,238
Committed:						
Capital Improvements	\$	- 9	\$ 13,147,811 \$	-	\$	13,147,811
Special Library		-	-	31,307		31,307
Amelia County Clean-up Program		-	-	23,961		23,961
Hindle Building Bell Fund		-	5,604	-		5,604
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$		\$ 13,153,415	55,268	\$	13,208,683
Unassigned	\$	5,267,914	\$\$		\$_	5,267,914
Total Fund Balances	\$	6,420,792	\$ 13,153,415	281,628	\$	19,855,835

L. Net Position

The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Notes to Financial Sta	atements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

L. Net Position: (Continued)

 Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

M. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Group Life Insurance

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The GLI Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net GLI Plan OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB, and GLI OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI Plan OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS GLI OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

Political Subdivision and Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The County and Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plans were established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Programs' OPEB, and the related OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the County and VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plans; and the additions to/deductions from the County and VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Medical, Dental, and Disability Insurance - Pay-as-you-Go

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the plan actuary. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

P. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Notes to Financial Sta	atements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources: (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid on next year's taxes and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on next year's taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, opioid settlement, and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

R. Leases

A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases.

Lessee

The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lessor

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Key Estimates and Judgements

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

• The County uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

Notes to Financial Statements	
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)	

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

R. Leases: (Continued)

Key Estimates and Judgements: (Continued)

- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee) or lease receivable (lessor).
- The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The County will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease receivable.

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2024 were rated by <u>Standard & Poor's</u> and the ratings are presented below using the <u>Standard & Poor's</u> rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments values			
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings		
	_	AAAm	AA+
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	2,618,681 \$	-
Virginia Investment Pool - Stable NAV Liquidity Pool		1,188,054	-
U.S. Treasury Securities		-	1,034,160
U.S. Agency Securities	_	-	78,982
Total	\$	3,806,735 \$	1,113,142

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Investment Maturities (in years)									
Investment Type		Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year						
Local Government Investment Pool Virginia Investment Pool - Stable NAV Liquidity Pool U.S. Treasury Securities U.S. Agency Securities	\$	2,618,681 \$ 1,188,054 1,034,160 78,982	2,618,681 1,188,054 1,034,160 78,982						
Total	\$	4,919,877 \$	4,919,877						

External Investment Pools

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury (LGIP). LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Redemption Restrictions

VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool allows the County to have the option to have access to withdrawal funds twice a month, with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disaster, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, etc.).

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above VML/VACO Investment Pool investment at the net asset value (NAV).

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2024, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

	Prima Governn	•	Component Unit School Board
Other Local Governments:			
County of Amelia	\$	- \$	472,096
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
Local sales tax	245	5,364	-
Welfare	36	5,862	-
Comprehensive services act	180),410	-
Rolling stock tax	31	L,720	-
State Sales Tax		-	407,770
Constitutional officer reimbursements	150),725	-
Mobile home titling tax	27	7,434	-
E-911 wireless	8	3,523	-
Communications tax	26	5,043	-
School fund grants		-	267,731
Other	146	5,494	
Federal Government:			
School fund grants		-	618,101
Criminal justice assistance grants	58	3,970	-
Body-worn camera grant	20),749	-
USDA grant	131	, 1,332	-
Welfare		i,710	-
Total due from other governments	\$1,139	9,336_\$	1,765,698

At June 30, 2024, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

Other Local Governments:
Amelia County School Board

\$ 472,096 \$ -

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

		Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities:	-				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:					
Land and land improvements	\$	1,174,532 \$	- \$	- \$	1,174,532
Construction in progress	-	100,261	2,859,777	-	2,960,038
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	1,274,793 \$	2,859,777 \$	\$	4,134,570
Capital assats subject to depreciation:					
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Buildings and improvements	\$	7,343,261 \$	- \$	- Ś	7,343,261
Machinery and Equipment	Ş	9,356,900	ڊ - 1,122,220	- >	10,479,120
Lease equipment		9,330,900 7,047	1,122,220	-	7,047
Jointly owned assets		2,911,723	-	- 727,931	2,183,792
Jointly Owned assets	-	2,911,723		727,931	2,103,792
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	19,618,931 \$	1,122,220 \$	727,931 \$	20,013,220
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	4,231,544 \$	211,800 \$	- \$	4,443,344
Machinery and Equipment	•	6,391,174	618,759	-	7,009,933
Lease equipment		3,942	1,971	-	5,913
Jointly owned assets		1,851,437	13,562	448,943	1,416,056
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	12,478,097 \$	846,092 \$	448,943 \$	12,875,246
Total capital assets subject to					
depreciation, net	\$	7,140,834 \$	276,128 \$	278,988 \$	7,137,974
	7	, -, - +	<u>-, -, </u> T	-,+	, - ,
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	8,415,627 \$	3,135,905 \$	278,988 \$	11,272,544

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

		Balance	6	Deletiene	Balance
Pusiness tune activities	-	July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024
<i>Business-type activities:</i> Capital assets not subject to depreciation:					
Land and land improvements	\$	29,463 \$	- \$	- \$	29,463
	ې -	29,403 Ş	<u> </u>	>	29,405
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	29,463 \$	\$	<u> </u>	29,463
Capital assets subject to depreciation:					
Utility plant in service	\$	9,819,288 \$	- \$	- \$	9,819,288
Machinery and equipment		455,258	-	-	455,258
Lease equipment		575,657	-	-	575,657
Intangible assets	_	113,000	-	-	113,000
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$_	10,963,203 \$	- \$	\$	10,963,203
Accumulated depreciation:					
Utility plant in service	Ś	4,609,475 \$	187,985 \$	- \$	4,797,460
Machinery and equipment	Ŷ	365,017	13,765	ب -	378,782
Lease equipment		14,760	7,380	-	22,140
Intangible assets		5,720	1,430	-	7,150
0	-				
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	4,994,972 \$	210,560 \$	\$	5,205,532
Total capital assets subject to					
depreciation, net	\$_	5,968,231 \$	(210,560) \$	- \$	5,757,671
Business-type activities capital assets, net	ć	5,997,694 \$	(210,560) \$	- \$	5,787,134
business-type activities capital assets, life	د -	ڊ برر زردر ((210,300) \$	ڊ <u>-</u> ې	5,767,134

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	-	Balance July 1, 2023		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:							
Land and land improvements	\$_	367,715	\$	-	\$_	\$	367,715
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	367,715	\$	-	\$_	<u> </u>	367,715
Capital assets subject to depreciation:							
Infrastructure	\$	140,729	\$	-	\$	- \$	140,729
Machinery and Equipment		6,466,395		501,320		-	6,967,715
Jointly owned assets	-	17,562,763		1,016,431		-	18,579,194
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$_	24,169,887	\$	1,517,751	\$_	\$	25,687,638
Accumulated depreciation:							
Infrastructure	\$	51,518	\$	9,382	\$	- \$	60,900
Machinery and Equipment		3,708,887		468,120		-	4,177,007
Jointly owned assets	_	11,080,951		602,294		-	11,683,245
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	14,841,356	\$_	1,079,796	\$_	\$	15,921,152
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	Ś	9,328,531	Ś	437,955	Ś	- Ś	9,766,486
· · ·			- · _		• • -	'	<u> </u>
Component unit school board capital assets, net	\$_	9,696,246	\$	437,955	\$	\$	10,134,201

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 110,023
Judicial administration	28,953
Public safety	570,594
Public works	39,732
Education	13,562
Parks, recreation and cultural	54,598
Capital improvement	 28,630
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 846,092
Business-type activities:	
Sanitary District Fund	\$ 210,560
Total depreciation expense - primary government	\$ 1,056,652
Component Unit School Board	\$ 1,079,796

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024:

		Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land and land improvements	\$	1,800,402	\$ -	\$ - \$	1,800,402
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	1,800,402	\$ -	\$ - \$	1,800,402
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$	1,352,464 107,290	\$ -	\$ - \$ 	1,352,464 107,290
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	1,459,754	\$ -	\$ - \$	1,459,754
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$	256,289 64,376	\$ 33,812 7,152	\$ - \$ -	290,101 71,528
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	320,665	\$ 40,964	\$ - \$	361,629
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$	1,139,089	\$ (40,964)	\$ \$	1,098,125
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	2,939,491	\$ (40,964)	\$ - \$	2,898,527

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

								Amounts
		Balance		Issuances/	Retirements/	Balance		Due Within
	_	July 1, 2023	_	Increases	 Decreases	 June 30, 2024		One Year
Primary Government Obligations:								
Governmental Activities Obligations:								
Incurred by County:								
Compensated absences	\$	312,975	\$	62,595	\$ 126,356	\$ 249,214	\$	24,921
Net OPEB liabilities		318,521		161,453	162,488	317,486		-
Lease liabilities	-	3,151	_	-	 1,983	 1,168		1,168
Total incurred by County	\$	634,647	\$_	224,048	\$ 290,827	\$ 567,868	\$	26,089
Incurred by School Board:								
Direct borrowings and placements:								
General obligation bonds	\$	924,720	\$	-	\$ 70,000	\$ 854,720	\$	387,223
Add deferred amounts:								
Bond Issuance premium	_	45,262	_	-	 15,088	 30,174		-
Total incurred by School Board	\$_	969,982	\$_	-	\$ 85,088	\$ 884,894	\$_	387,223
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$_	1,604,629	\$_	224,048	\$ 375,915	\$ 1,452,762	\$	413,312
Business-type Activites Obligations:								
Direct borrowings and placements:								
Revenue bonds	\$	1,113,322	\$	-	\$ 143,341	\$ 969,981	\$	144,537
Compensated absences		4,188		838	3,482	1,544		154
Net OPEB liabilities		6,334		2,293	4,086	4,541		-
Lease liabilities	_	559,308	_	-	 3,980	 555,328		4,017
Total Business-type Activities Obligations	\$_	1,683,152	\$_	3,131	\$ 154,889	\$ 1,531,394	\$	148,708
Total Primary Government								
Obligations	\$_	3,287,781	\$_	227,179	\$ 530,804	\$ 2,984,156	\$	562,020

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—*Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)*

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	-	Business-type Activities Obligations					
	_	Direct Borrowi	ngs	and Placements			
Year Ending	_	Rever	านส	e Bonds			
June 30		Principal		Interest			
2025	\$	144,537	\$	32,855			
2026		150,863		29,054			
2027		37,761		25,024			
2028		38,889		23,896			
2029		40,068		22,717			
2030		41,302		21,483			
2031		42,592		20,193			
2032		43,942		18,843			
2033		45,354		17,431			
2034		46,830		15,955			
2035		35,162		14,410			
2036		36,777		12,795			
2037		38,467		1,106			
2038		40,234		9,338			
2039		42,082		7,490			
2040		44,015		5,557			
2041		46,037		3,535			
2042	_	55,069		-			
Total	\$_	969,981	\$	281,682			

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities					
	Direct Borrowin	igs an	d Placements			
	School Fun	d Ob	ligations			
Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds					
June 30	 Principal		Interest			
2025	\$ 387,223	\$	86,162			
2026	392,497		71,288			
2027	 75,000		63,986			
Total	\$ 854,720	\$	221,436			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize lease liabilities and related interest are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending		Lease Liabilities						
June 30		Principal		Interest				
2025	\$	1,168	\$	5				
Total	\$	1,168	\$	5				

Annual requirements to amortize lease liabilities and related interest are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending		Lease Liabilities					
June 30	_	Principal	Interest				
	_						
2025	\$	4,017 \$	8,327				
2026		4,101	8,265				
2027		4,163	8,202				
2028		4,226	8,161				
2029		4,267	8,074				
2030		4,354	8,008				
2031		4,420	7,942				
2032		4,487	7,896				
2033-2042		48,699	74,826				
2043-2052		56,602	66,843				
2053-2062		65,745	57,528				
2063-2072		76,402	46,739				
2073-2082		88,754	34,178				
2083-2092		103,128	19,603				
2093-2099		81,963	3,798				
Total	\$	555,328 \$	368,390				

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Lease liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Description	Fiscal Year Lease Ends	Discount Rate	Payment Frequency		Balance
Davis Well Leases	2099	1.50%	annually	\$	555,328
Copier - US Bank Lease	2025	1.20%	monthly		1,168
Total				\$_	556,496
Details of Long-Term Obligations:					
					Total Amount
<u>Governmental Activities:</u> Incurred by County:					
Net OPEB liabilities				\$	317,486
Compensated absences (payable from	m General Fund)				249,214
Lease liabilities					1,168
Total Incurred by County				\$_	567,868
<u>Direct Borrowings and Placements:</u> <u>Incurred by School Board:</u> <u>General Obligation Bonds:</u>					
\$5,471,508 School Bonds 2005 Ser installments of varying amounts th 4.057%.			•	\$	629,720
\$1,205,000 Qualified School Construins th 5.31%.			• .		225,000
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$	854,720
Bond Issuance premium				_	30,174
Total incurred by School Board				\$	884,894
Total Long-Term Obligations, Govern	mental Activities			\$_	1,452,762

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)	
Details of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)	
Business-type Activities:	
Direct Borrowings and Placements:	
Revenue Bonds:	
2000 Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund, Ioan commitment of \$1,368,299, interest at 0.50%, \$29,701 due semi-annually through March 1, 2026.	\$ 118,066
2004 Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund, Ioan commitment of \$396,385, non-interest bearing, \$6,606 due semi-annually through June 1, 2034.	132,128
\$900,000 Tax Revenue bond issued November 7, 2002, interest payable at 4.50%, \$4,131 due monthly through June 7, 2042.	614,787
2006 Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund, loan commitment of \$700,000, varying interest rate from 4.7% to 4.96%, varying payments due semi-annually through November	
1, 2026.	 105,000
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 969,981
Compensated absences (payable from Enterprise Fund)	\$ 1,544
Net OPEB liabilities	\$ 4,541
Lease liabilities	\$ 555,328
Total Long-Term Obligations, Business-type Activities	\$ 1,531,394
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary Government	\$ 2,984,156

Direct Borrowings and Placements:

In the event of default for any general obligation bond, the Commonwealth of Virginia may withhold state aid from the locality until such time that the event of default is cured in accordance with Section 15.2-2659 of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended.

Revenue bonds totaling \$969,981 contain a provision that, in the event of default, the Lender may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit – School Board:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

	_	Balance at July 1, 2023	 Increases	 Decreases	-	Balance at June 30, 2024	_	Amounts Due Within One Year
Component Unit-School Board:								
Compensated absences	\$	220,511	\$ 74,620	\$ 51,393	\$	243,738	\$	24,374
Net pension liability		9,738,620	4,729,230	4,249,466		10,218,384		-
Net OPEB liabilities	_	8,369,511	 1,028,515	 1,072,938	-	8,325,088	_	-
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$_	18,328,642	\$ 5,832,365	\$ 5,373,797	\$	18,787,210	\$_	24,374

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

	_	Total Amount
Net pension liability	\$	10,218,384
Net OPEB liabilities	\$	8,325,088
Compensated absences (payable from General Fund)	\$	243,738
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$	18,787,210

Moral Obligation:

If the Piedmont Regional Jail Authority lacks sufficient funds to pay scheduled Debt Service on the Bonds and Notes, or to pay any debt service reserve funding requirements, the Authority will promptly notify the Member Jurisdictions of the amount of such insufficiency. Upon such notification, the Member Jurisdictions each agree to pay, subject to certain conditions, an equal portion of such deficit. Any such payment will be subject to the appropriation of funds by the governing body of each Member Jurisdiction and shall constitute a moral non-binding payment obligation. The obligations of the Members shall expire only upon the payment of the Bonds and Notes or such earlier date provided therefore, if any, in the documents under which the bonds and notes are issued. In no event shall the obligation of any Member Jurisdiction be deemed to constitute a debt within the meaning of the Constitution of Virginia.

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 7—Closure and Postclosure Costs:

Maplewood Landfill:

The currently operating solid waste landfill located in the County is owned and operated by a private company, pursuant to an agreement between the County and such company. In accordance with provisions of such an agreement, the company has agreed to comply with the financial security requirements of the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Waste Management as to the cost of closure and maintenance of such landfill for a period of 20 years following closure. Also under such landfill agreement the company is required to deposit with a third party specific funds to pay for mitigation and remediation as may be reasonably necessary as a result of its operation of the landfill. At June 30, 2024, such funds in the amount of \$1,095,389 are presented in the accompanying financial statements as "Landfill funds held with trustee."

Note 8—Unearned/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred. Deferred/unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

<u>Unearned CSLFRF Revenue</u> – Unearned revenue representing CSLFRF funds not yet spent totaled \$1,032,606 at June 30, 2024.

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$821,920 at June 30, 2024.

<u>Unavailable/Deferred Prepaid Property Taxes</u> – Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2024 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$36,667 at June 30, 2024.

<u>Unavailable Opioid Settlement Revenue</u> - Unavailable revenue representing opioid settlement funds not yet received totaled \$163,860 at June 30, 2024.

Note 9—Lease Receivable:

The IDA leases a building to Genesis Décor, LLC under a lease contract. In fiscal year 2023, the IDA recognized lease and interest revenue in the amount of \$119,149 and \$6,985, respectively. The lease term ends in October 2026 and payments of \$10,523 are made monthly. The balance of the lease receivable at June 30, 2023 with a discount rate of 1.50% was \$287,526. Expected future payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest
2025	Ś	122,776	Ś	3,354
2026	Ŷ	124,630	Ŷ	1,497
2027	,	40,120		82
Total	\$	287,526	\$	4,933

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 10—Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 11—Litigation:

At June 30, 2024, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 12—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Note 13—Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans:

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	69	47
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	12	12
Non-vested inactive members	32	26
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	44	20
Total inactive members	88	58
Active members	103	30
Total covered employees	260	135

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 7.46% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$415,025 and \$375,854 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Notes to Financial St	tatements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Contributions: (Continued)

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 2.19% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$9,531 and \$9,625 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities (assets) were measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities (assets) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% – 5.35%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment
	expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees: (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified	
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020	
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate	
	rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final	
	retirement age	
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service	
	decrement through 9 years of service	
Disability Rates	No change	
Salary Scale	No change	
Line of Duty Disability	No change	
Discount Rate	No change	

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% – 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithm	netic nominal return**	8.25%

* The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

** On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate: (Continued)

fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Primary Government Increase (Decrease)			
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	20,155,921	\$	21,189,957 \$	(1,034,036)
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$	615,414	\$	- \$	615,414
Interest		1,367,302		-	1,367,302
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		264,888		-	264,888
Contributions - employer		-		375,827	(375,827)
Contributions - employee		-		264,236	(264,236)
Net investment income		-		1,361,623	(1,361,623)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,030,023)		(1,030,023)	-
Administrative expenses		-		(13,591)	13,591
Other changes		-		548	(548)
Net changes	\$	1,217,581	\$	958,620 \$	258,961
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	21,373,502	\$	22,148,577 \$	(775,075)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset): (Continued)

	 Component School Board (nonprofessional)					
	 Increase (Decrease)					
	Total		Plan		Net	
	Pension		Fiduciary		Pension	
	Liability		Net Position		Liability (Asset)	
	 (a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 4,163,629	\$	4,696,049	\$	(532,420)	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$ 58,969	\$	-	\$	58,969	
Interest	276,898		-		276,898	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	(131,445)		-		(131,445)	
Contributions - employer	-		11,202		(11,202)	
Contributions - employee	-		35,281		(35,281)	
Net investment income	-		297,128		(297,128)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(240,800)		(240,800)		-	
Administrative expenses	-		(3,057)		3,057	
Other changes	 -		119		(119)	
Net changes	\$ (36,378)	\$	99,873	\$	(136,251)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 4,127,251	\$	4,795,922	\$	(668,671)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	_	Rate				
	-	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)		
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,986,837 \$	(775,075) \$	(2,992,124)		
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(230,219) \$	(668,671) \$	(1,030,333)		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$360,607 and (\$258,239), respectively. At June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Go	vernment	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	178,885 \$	34,206	\$ - \$	37,556	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	324,954	-	79,770	
Changes in proportion		2,131	2,131	-	-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	415,025	-	9,531		
Total	\$	596,041 \$	361,291	\$\$	117,326	

\$415,025 and \$9,531 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2025	\$ (187,309) \$	(93,547)
2026	(315,033)	(94,237)
2027	311,049	67,820
2028	11,018	2,638
2029	-	-
Thereafter	-	-

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023 or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (Professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$1,699,143 and \$1,595,853 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the Statement of Activity.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$10,218,384 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.10110% as compared to 0.10229% at June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional): (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$926,136. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2023 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	877,768	\$ 398,765
Changes of assumptions		463,235	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			664,401
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		234,444	167,568
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,699,143	
Total	\$	3,274,590	\$ 1,230,734

\$1,699,143 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ (146,152)
2026	(492,053)
2027	803,493
2028	179,425
2029	-

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% – 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the standard rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional): (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
retirement healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates
	based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement
	age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service
	decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Teacher Employee	
	_	Retirement Plan	
Total Pension Liability	\$	57,574,609	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	47,467,405	
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,107,204	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of the Total Pension Liability		82.45%	

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
		1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School division's proportionate				
share of the VRS Teacher				
Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	18,113,550	\$ 10,218,384 \$	3,727,908

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

		Primary Government			
	_	Net Pension			
	_	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Liability (Asset)	Pension Expense
VRS Pension Plans:	<u> </u>				200.007
Primary Government	\$_	596,041 \$	361,291 \$	(775,075) \$	360,607
			Component Unit	School Board	
	_			Net Pension	
		Deferred	Deferred	Liability	Pension
	_	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense
VRS Pension Plans:					
School Board Nonprofessional	\$	9,531 \$	117,326 \$	(668,671) \$	(258,239)
School Board Professional		3,274,590	1,230,734	10,218,384	926,136
	\$	3,284,121 \$	1,348,060 \$	9,549,713 \$	667,897

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the Group Life Insurance Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Contributions: (Continued)

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan were \$33,812 and \$30,226 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for the County; \$4,509 and \$4,291 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for the component unit school board (nonprofessional); and \$58,122 and \$54,490 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for the component unit school board (Professional).

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, liabilities of \$284,957, \$40,417, and \$513,786 were reported for the County, component unit school board (nonprofessional), and component unit school board (Professional), respectively, for the proportionate shares of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the participating employers' proportion was 0.02376%, 0.00337%, and 0.04284% as compared to 0.02410%, 0.00330%, and 0.04400% at June 30, 2022, for the County, component unit school board (nonprofessional), and component unit school board (Professional), respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the participating employers recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$18,066, \$(1,547), and \$14,283 for the County, component unit school board (nonprofessional), and component unit school board (Professional), respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the employers reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		Component Unit Schoo Board (professional)	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 28,460 \$	8,650 \$	4,037 \$	1,227 \$	51,315 \$	15,596
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-	11,451	-	1,624	-	20,647
Change in assumptions	6,091	19,743	864	2,800	10,982	35,597
Changes in proportion	16,668	4,469	1,196	8,778	14,943	23,427
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	33,812	-	4,509		58,122	
Total	\$ 85,031 \$	44,313 \$	10,606 \$	14,429 \$	135,362 \$	95,267

Notes to Financial Statements			
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)			

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB: (Continued)

\$33,812, \$4,509, and \$58,122, for the County, component unit school board (nonprofessional), and component unit school board (Professional), respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employers' contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	Component Unit School Board (professional)
2025	\$ 2,698 \$	(3,350) \$	(9,799)
2026	(7,729)	(4,363)	(20,692)
2027	8,959	(1,302)	11,003
2028	848	50	(1,257)
2029	2,130	633	2,718
Thereafter	-	-	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be references in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Teachers: (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Plan represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ \$	3,907,052 2,707,739 1,199,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		69.30%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements				
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)				

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected a	rithmetic nominal return**	8.25%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employers' Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employers' proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employers' proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	_	Rate				
		1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	422,395	\$	284,957	\$	173,837
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	59,910	\$	40,417	\$	24,656
Component Unit School Board (professional) proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	761,591	\$	513,786	\$	313,434

Group Life Insurance Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of</u> <u>Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Notes to Financial State	ements
As of June 30, 2024 (Co	ntinued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16	8
Inactive members:		
Vested inactive members	1	4
Total inactive members	17	12
Active members	59	50
Total covered employees	76	62

Notes to Financial State	ements
As of June 30, 2024 (Co	ntinued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402€ of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County's and School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.22% and 1.05%, respectively, of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the HIC Plan were \$4,723 and \$4,239 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for the County; and \$8,578 and \$8,129 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for the component unit school board (nonprofessional).

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The County's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arith	metic nominal return**	8.25%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total HIC OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)			
Primary Government		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2022	_ \$	59,661 \$	24,873 \$	34,788			
	Ŧ						
Changes for the year:	~	040 ¢	¢.	0.40			
Service cost	\$	948 \$	- \$	948			
Interest		3,996	-	3,996			
Benefit changes		-	-	-			
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		3,116	-	3,116			
Changes of assumptions		-	-	-			
Contributions - employer		-	4,240	(4,240)			
Net investment income		-	1,463	(1,463)			
Benefit payments		(2,812)	(2,812)	-			
Administrative expenses		-	(34)	34			
Other changes		-	109	(109)			
Net changes	\$	5,248 \$	2,966 \$	2,282			
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	64,909 \$	27,839 \$	37,070			
Component School Board (nonprofessional)	_						
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	92,046 \$	8,643 \$	83,403			
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	780 \$	- \$	780			
Interest		6,140	-	6,140			
Benefit changes		-	-	-			
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(18,125)	-	(18,125)			
Changes of assumptions		(10,123)	_	(10,120)			
Contributions - employer		-	8,239	(8,239)			
Net investment income		_	745	(745)			
Benefit payments		- (דרד כ)		(745)			
Administrative expenses		(3,727)	(3,727) (21)	- 21			
•		-	(21)	21			
Other changes	Å	- (14.022) 6	- 	-			
Net changes	\$	(14,932) \$	5,236 \$	(20,168)			
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	77,114 \$	13,879 \$	63,235			

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase	
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
County Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 44,278 \$	37,070 \$	31,000	
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 71,237 \$	63,235 \$	56,433	

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$6,787 and the component unit school board (nonprofessional) recognized \$2,432. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County's HIC Plan from the following sources:

		Primary Government				Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		
		DeferredDeferredOutflows ofInflows ofof Resourcesof Resources		Deferred Outflows of of Resources	Deferred Inflows of of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,728	\$	6,697	\$	- \$	13,237	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		-		13		70	-	
Change in assumptions		13,402		-		7,525	-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	4,723		-	_	8,578	<u> </u>	
Total	\$	20,853	\$	6,710	\$	16,173 \$	13,237	

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

\$4,723 and \$8,578 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from contributions from the County and the component unit school board (nonprofessional), respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Primary Government	 Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2025	\$ 2,820	\$ (3,774)
2026	3,143	(3,588)
2027	3,264	1,722
2028	193	(2)
2029	-	-
Thereafter	-	-

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023 VRS Annual Report or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (Professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Notes to Fina	ncial St	atements
As of June 30	, 2024	(Continued)

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (Professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$130,236 and \$121,734 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$4 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the Statement of Activities.

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$1,222,320 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was 0.10090% as compared to 0.10241% at June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$82,577. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	53,800	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		613		-	
Change in assumptions		28,454		1,232	
Change in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions		35,526		57,421	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		130,236		-	
Total	\$	194,829	\$	112,453	

\$130,236 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2025	\$	(18,168)
2026		(15,289)
2027		(1,436)
2028		(883)
2029		(7,376)
Thereafter		(4,708)

Notes to Financial Statements				
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)			

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Teachers: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,475,471
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		264,054
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,211,417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		17.90%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial St	atements
As of June 30, 2024	(Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arith	metic nominal return**	8.25%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

			Rate	
		1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan	_			
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,382,581 \$	1,222,320 \$	1,086,513

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Disability Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan):

Component Unit School Board

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 13, Amelia County Public Schools administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the school board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Disability insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the School Board who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. The retiree pays 100% of all premiums. Medical and dental coverage stops at age 65 or when eligible for Medicare. Disability coverage changes to a carve-out class at eligibility for Medicare and stops at age 65.

Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Disability Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2024 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	193
Total retirees with coverage	45
Total	238

Contributions

The School Board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the School Board. The amount paid by the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$153,139.

Total OPEB Liability

The School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	5.35% for 1-2 years of service with a decrease in the rate for each year of service thereafter to 3.50%
Discount Rate	3.93%

Mortality rates for Active employees and healthy retirees were based on a RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Table using scale BB to 2020 while mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on a RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table using scale BB to 2021.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Discount Rate

The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.93% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the School Board will continue paying the pay-go cost.

Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Disability Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	 Component Unit School Board Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 6,438,264
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	264,677
Interest	241,887
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(306,359)
Benefit payments	 (153,139)
Net changes	47,066
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 6,485,330

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.93)% or one percentage point higher (4.93%) than the current discount rate:

Rate							
	1% Decrease (2.93%)		Current Discount Rate (3.93%)		1% Increase (4.93%)		
\$	7,674,018	\$	6,485,330	\$	5,532,985		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Rates							
Healthcare Cost								
_	1% Decrease	_	Trend	_	1% Increase			
\$	5,275,238	\$	6,485,330	\$	8,096,403			

Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Disability Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$24,641. At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows			
	_	of Resouces	-	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	2,605,449		
Changes in assumptions	_	1,296,602		2,000,962		
Total	\$	1,296,602	\$	4,606,411		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30		
	_	(
2025	\$	(481,923)
2026		(425,168)
2027		(410,975)
2028		(410,975)
2029		(397,378)
Thereafter		(1,183,390)

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate OPEB Information

	_	Primary Government							
		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Net OPEB Liability		OPEB Expense	
VRS OPEB Plans:	_								
Group Life Insurance Program (Note 13):									
County	\$	85,031	\$	44,313	\$	284,957	\$	18,066	
Health Insurance Credit Program (Note 14)		20,853		6,710		37,070		6,787	
Totals	\$	105,884	\$	51,023	\$	322,027	\$	24,853	

Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Disability Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Aggregate OPEB Information: (Continued)

		Component Unit School Board						
		Net/Total						
		Deferred		Deferred		OPEB	OPEB	
	_	Outflows		Inflows		Liability	Expense	
VRS OPEB Plans:								
Group Life Insurance Program (Note 13):								
School Board Nonprofessional	\$	10,606	\$	14,429	\$	40,417 \$	(1,547)	
School Board Professional		135,362		95,267		513,786	14,283	
Health Insurance Credit Program:								
School Board Nonprofessional (Note 14)		16,173		13,237		63,235	2,432	
School Board Professional (Note 15)		194,829		112,453		1,222,320	82,577	
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)		1,296,602		4,606,411		6,485,330	24,641	
Totals	\$	1,653,572	\$	4,841,797	\$	8,325,088 \$	122,386	

Note 18—Surety Bonds:

The County of Amelia holds the following Surety Bonds:

	 Amount
Division of Risk Management Surety Bond:	
Commonwealth Funds	
Marilyn L. Wilson, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 1,110,000
Stephanie Coleman, Treasurer	300,000
Laura M. Walsh, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Rick Walker, Sheriff	30,000
Zurich Insurance Company - Surety:	
School Board Clerk and Deputy Clerk	10,000
Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company:	
All Social Services Employees	100,000
Travelers Insurance Company:	
County Board of Supervisors	250,000

Notes to Financial Statements	
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)	

Note 19—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Fund		Transfers In	 Transfers Out
Primary Government: General Fund County Capital Projects Fund County Special Revenue Fund Sanitary District Fund	\$	462,637 578,106 - 450,234	\$ 528,305 63,504 899,168 -
Total	\$_	1,490,977	\$ 1,490,977
Grand Total	\$_	1,490,977	\$ 1,490,977

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 20—Fair Value Measurements:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The County maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at a measurement date
- Level 2. Directly or indirectly observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the asset or liability

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk.

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 20—Fair Value Measurements: (Continued)

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

				Fair Value Measurement Using							
Investment type		Balance June 30, 2024	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)					
Primary Government Debt Securities:		June 00, 2024					(2000)				
U.S. Treasury Securities U.S. Agency Securities	\$ -	1,034,160 78,982	\$	1,034,160 78,982	\$	- \$ 	-				
	\$	1,113,142	\$	1,113,142	\$	<u> </u>					

Note 21—Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Actual Positive Original Final Amounts (Negative) REVENUES Original Final Amounts (Negative) General property taxes \$ 14,397,944 \$ 14,397,944 \$ 12,217,054 \$ (2,180,890) (2,180,890) (2,180,890) Other local taxes 2,855,008 2,855,008 2,855,008 2,855,008 (2,859,602 4,594) (2,180,890) (2,6321) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 213,051 123,051 123,051 213,051 224,058 (17,127) Revenue from the use of money and property 128,000 128,000 657,698 529,698 (2,832,00) 153,4824 Nicellaneous 806,980 843,970 1,198,974 354,824 826,980 843,970 1,198,974 354,824 826,980 843,970 1,198,974 354,824 Recovered costs 346,488 346,488 346,488 354,063 7,575 (184,640) Federal 774,007 1,114,007 2,826,757 1,72,750 (184,640) Federal 774,007 1,114,007 1,214,873 61,998 (2,297,968 \$ 227,419 (184,983) (126,971) Lourent: General government administration \$ 1.997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1.997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) J24,454,50 31 87,997 (5,409) (2,64,503) \$		_	Budgeted Ar	mounts		Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES			Original	Final	Actual	Positive
General property taxes \$ 14,397,944 \$ 12,217,054 \$ (2,180,890) Other local taxes 2,855,008 2,855,008 2,855,008 2,859,602 4,594 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 129,715 129,715 112,588 (17,127) Revenue from the use of money and property 128,000 128,000 657,698 529,698 Charges for services 230,511 213,051 240,018 25,977 Miscellaneous 806,980 843,970 1,198,794 354,824 Recovered costs 346,488 346,488 346,480 7,750 Intergovernmental: 1114,007 2,826,757 1,712,750 5 Current: General government administration \$ 1,997,895 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$	REVENHES	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Other local taxes 2,855,008 2,855,008 2,855,008 2,859,602 4,594 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 2266,331 2266,331 239,999 (26,332) Fines and forfeitures 129,715 112,588 (17,127) Revenue from the use of money and property 128,000 657,698 529,698 Charges for services 213,051 213,051 240,018 26,967 Miscellaneous 806,980 843,970 1,198,794 354,824 Recovered costs 346,488 346,648 354,063 7,575 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 4,537,308 4,776,035 4,591,395 (184,640) Federal 774,007 1,114,007 2,826,757 1,712,750 154 Current: General government administration \$ 1.997,895 2,057,132 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1.997,895 2,057,132 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1.997,895 1.588		Ś	14 397 944 ዓ	14 397 944 S	12 217 054 Ś	(2 180 890)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 266,331 266,331 239,999 (26,332) Fines and forfeitures 129,715 112,808 (17,127) Revenue from the use of money and property 128,000 128,000 657,698 529,698 Charges for services 213,051 213,051 240,018 269,677 Miscellaneous 806,980 843,970 1,198,794 354,824 Recovered costs 346,488 346,488 354,063 7,575 Intergovernmental: 0 774,007 1,114,007 2,282,6757 1,712,790 Total revenues \$ 2,44,54,832 \$ 25,070,549 \$ 227,419 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,997,895 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 1,524,956 64,501 \$ 25,435 <	,	Ŷ			, , ,	
Fines and forfeitures 129,715 129,715 112,588 (17,127) Revenue from the use of money and property 128,000 657,698 529,698 Charges for services 806,980 843,970 1,198,794 354,824 Recovered costs 346,488 344,6488 354,063 7,575 Intergovernmental: 774,007 1,114,007 2,826,757 1,712,750 Total revenues \$ 24,454,832 \$ 25,070,549 \$ 227,419 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,303 139,997 Location 7,045,107 7,045,107 6,09,686 1,0035,421 He						
Revenue from the use of money and property 128,000 128,000 657,698 529,698 Charges for services 213,051 240,018 26,967 Miscellaneous 806,980 843,970 1,198,794 354,824 Recovered costs 346,488 344,648 354,063 7,575 Intergovernmental: 774,007 1,114,007 2,826,757 1,712,776 Total revenues \$ 24,454,832 \$ 25,070,549 \$ 227,419 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial diministration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial didministration \$ 1,5						
Charges for services 213,051 213,051 240,018 26,967 Miscellaneous 806,980 843,970 1,198,794 354,824 Recovered costs 346,488 344,648 354,063 7,575 Intergovernmental: 774,007 1,114,007 2,826,757 1,712,750 Total revenues \$ 24,454,832 \$ 25,070,549 \$ 227,419 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,997,895 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 1,588,957 1,524,456 64,501 Hea					,	
Miscellaneous 806,980 843,970 1,198,794 354,824 Recovered costs 346,488 346,488 354,063 7,575 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 4,537,308 4,776,035 4,591,395 (184,640) Federal 774,007 1,114,007 2,826,757 1,712,750 Total revenues \$ 24,454,832 \$ 25,070,549 \$ 225,297,968 \$ 227,419 EXPENDITURES Image: Common administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 1,588,957 1,524,456 64,501 Health and welfare 3,017,404 3,133,030 2,945,303 187,997 Education 7,045,107 7,045,107 6,009,686 1,035,421 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,071,948 1,104,818 992,575 112,243 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Recovered costs 346,488 346,488 354,063 7,575 Intergovernmental: 4,537,308 4,776,035 4,591,395 (184,640) Commonwealth 4,537,308 4,776,035 4,591,395 (184,640) Federal 774,007 1,114,007 2,826,757 1,712,750 Total revenues \$ 24,454,832 \$ 25,070,549 \$ 227,419 EXPENDITURES General government administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Public safety 8,133,443 8,789,859 8,178,873 610,986 64,501 Health and welfare 3,017,404 3,133,300 2,945,303 187,997 Education 7,045,107 7,045,107 309,170	-			,		
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$						
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Commonwealth} & 4,537,308 & 4,776,035 & 4,591,395 & (184,640) \\ \mbox{Federal} & 774,007 & 1,114,007 & 2,826,757 & 1,712,750 \\ \mbox{Total revenues} & $ 24,454,832 $ 25,070,549 $ 25,297,968 $ 227,419 \\ \hline \mbox{EXPENDITURES} & $ 24,454,832 $ 25,070,549 $ 25,297,968 $ 227,419 \\ \hline \mbox{EXPENDITURES} & $ 2,057,132 $ 2,184,103 $ (126,971) \\ \mbox{Judicial administration} & $ 1,997,895 $ 2,057,132 $ 2,184,103 $ (126,971) \\ \mbox{Judicial administration} & $ 1,997,895 $ 2,057,132 $ 2,184,103 $ (126,971) \\ \mbox{Judicial administration} & $ 891,188 & 982,350 & 987,759 & (5,409) \\ \mbox{Public safety} & $ 8,133,443 & $,789,859 & $,178,873 & 610,986 \\ \mbox{Public works} & $ 1,588,957 & 1,584,957 & 1,524,456 & 64,501 \\ \mbox{Health and welfare} & $ 3,017,404 & 3,133,300 & 2,945,303 & 187,997 \\ \mbox{Education} & 7,045,107 & 7,045,107 & 6,009,686 & 1,035,421 \\ \mbox{Parks, recreation, and cultural} & $ 1,071,948 & 1,104,818 & 992,575 & 112,243 \\ \mbox{Community development} & $ 344,670 & 344,670 & 322,680 & 21,990 \\ \mbox{Debt service:} & $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $.,
Federal Total revenues 774,007 1,114,007 2,826,757 1,712,750 Total revenues \$ 24,454,832 \$ 25,070,549 \$ 227,419 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 1,588,957 1,588,957 1,524,456 64,501 1,0386 1,035,421 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,071,948 1,104,618 992,575 112,2433	6		4.537.308	4.776.035	4.591.395	(184.640)
Total revenues \$ 24,454,832 \$ 25,070,549 \$ 25,297,968 \$ 227,419 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration Judicial administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration \$ 891,188 \$ 982,350 \$ 987,759 \$ (5,409) Public safety \$ 8,133,443 \$ 8,789,859 \$ 1,524,456 \$ 64,501 Health and welfare 3,017,404 \$ 3,133,300 \$ 2,945,303 \$ 187,997 Education 7,045,107 \$ 7,045,107 \$ 6,009,686 \$ 1,035,421 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,071,948 \$ 1,104,818 \$ 992,575 \$ 112,243 Community development 344,670 \$ 344,670 \$ 322,680 \$ 21,990 Debt service: Principal retirement Principal retirement 379,170 \$ 379,170 \$ 379,170 \$ -10,301 Interest and other fiscal charges 109,816 \$ 109,816 \$ 99,515 \$ 10,301 Total expenditures \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 1,24,766 \$ \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (112,363) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning - \$ \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$						
EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration 891,188 982,350 987,759 (5,409) Public safety 8,133,443 8,789,859 8,178,873 610,986 Public works 1,588,957 1,524,456 64,501 Health and welfare 3,017,404 3,133,300 2,945,303 187,997 Education 7,045,107 7,045,107 6,009,686 1,035,421 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,071,948 1,104,818 992,575 112,243 Community development 344,670 344,670 322,680 21,990 Debt service: Principal retirement 379,170 379,170 - Interest and other fiscal charges 109,816 109,816 99,515 10,301 Total expenditures \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (152,637 \$ (112,363) \$ Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363)<	Total revenues	\$				
Current: General government administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration 891,188 982,350 987,759 (5,409) Public safety 8,133,443 8,789,859 8,178,873 610,986 Public works 1,588,957 1,528,957 1,524,456 64,501 Health and welfare 3,017,404 3,133,300 2,945,303 187,997 Education 7,045,107 7,045,107 6,009,686 1,035,421 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,071,948 1,104,818 992,575 112,243 Community development 344,670 344,670 322,680 21,990 Debt service: - - - - - - Principal retirement 379,170 379,170 - - - notal expenditures \$ 24,579,598 25,535,179 \$ 23,624,120 \$ 1,911,059 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 - - - expenditures \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) - - - - - <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						
General government administration \$ 1,997,895 \$ 2,057,132 \$ 2,184,103 \$ (126,971) Judicial administration 891,188 982,350 987,759 (5,409) Public safety 8,133,443 8,789,859 8,178,873 610,986 Public works 1,588,957 1,588,957 1,524,456 64,501 Health and welfare 3,017,404 3,133,300 2,945,303 187,997 Education 7,045,107 7,045,107 6,009,686 1,035,421 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,071,948 1,104,818 992,575 112,243 Community development 344,670 344,670 322,680 21,990 Debt service: 9 Principal retirement 379,170 379,170 379,170 - Interest and other fiscal charges 109,816 109,816 99,515 10,301 Total expenditures \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (450,234) (450,234) (528,305) (78,071) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ (528,305) (78,071) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (112,363) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ (528,305) (78,071) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning - \$ (339,864) \$ 4,812,61	EXPENDITURES					
Judicial administration 891,188 982,350 987,759 (5,409) Public safety 8,133,443 8,789,859 8,178,873 610,986 Public works 1,588,957 1,524,456 64,501 Health and welfare 3,017,404 3,133,300 2,945,303 187,997 Education 7,045,107 7,045,107 6,009,686 1,035,421 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,071,948 1,104,818 992,575 112,243 Community development 344,670 322,680 21,990 Debt service: 109,816 99,515 10,301 Total expenditures \$ 24,579,598 \$ 25,535,179 \$ 23,624,120 \$ 1,911,059 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 1,24,766 \$ (450,234) (528,305) (78,071) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out	Current:					
Public safety $8,133,443$ $8,789,859$ $8,178,873$ $610,986$ Public works $1,588,957$ $1,524,456$ $64,501$ Health and welfare $3,017,404$ $3,133,300$ $2,945,303$ $187,997$ Education $7,045,107$ $7,045,107$ $6,009,686$ $1,035,421$ Parks, recreation, and cultural $1,071,948$ $1,104,818$ $992,575$ $112,243$ Community development $344,670$ $344,670$ $322,680$ $21,990$ Debt service: $Principal retirement$ $379,170$ $379,170$ $-$ Interest and other fiscal charges $109,816$ $99,515$ $10,301$ Total expenditures\$ $24,579,598$ \$ $25,535,179$ \$Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) $expenditures$ \$ $(124,766)$ \$ $(464,630)$ \$ $1,673,848$ \$ $2,138,478$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in\$ $575,000$ \$ $462,637$ \$ $(112,363)$ Transfers out $(450,234)$ $(450,234)$ $(528,305)$ $(78,071)$ Total other financing sources (uses)\$ $124,766$ $(24,766$ \$ $(65,668)$ $(190,434)$ Net change in fund balances\$-\$ $(339,864)$ $4,812,612$ $4,472,748$	General government administration	\$	1,997,895 \$	2,057,132 \$	2,184,103 \$	(126,971)
Public works $1,588,957$ $1,588,957$ $1,524,456$ $64,501$ Health and welfare $3,017,404$ $3,133,300$ $2,945,303$ $187,997$ Education $7,045,107$ $7,045,107$ $6,009,686$ $1,035,421$ Parks, recreation, and cultural $1,071,948$ $1,104,818$ $992,575$ $112,243$ Community development $344,670$ $344,670$ $322,680$ $21,990$ Debt service: 7 $7,9170$ $379,170$ $379,170$ -1 Interest and other fiscal charges $109,816$ $99,515$ $10,301$ Total expenditures $$ 24,579,598 $ 25,535,179 $ 23,624,120 $ 1,911,059$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) $$ (124,766) $ (464,630) $ 1,673,848 $ 2,138,478$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $$ (124,766) $ (450,234) $ (450,234) $ (528,305) $ (78,071) $ (78,071) $ 124,766 $ (124,766 $ 124,766 $ (65,668) $ (190,434) $ 124,766 $ (124,766 $ 124,766 $ (65,668) $ (190,434) $ 1.948,044 $ 1.948,044 $ 1.948,044 $ 4.812,612 $ 4.472,748Net change in fund balances$ - $ $ (339,864) $ 1,608,180 $ 1,948,044 $ 1.948,044 $ 1.948,044 $ 4.812,612 $ 4.472,748$	Judicial administration		891,188	982,350	987,759	(5,409)
Health and welfare $3,017,404$ $3,133,300$ $2,945,303$ $187,997$ Education $7,045,107$ $7,045,107$ $6,009,686$ $1,035,421$ Parks, recreation, and cultural $1,071,948$ $1,104,818$ $992,575$ $112,243$ Community development $344,670$ $344,670$ $322,680$ $21,990$ Debt service: 7 $379,170$ $379,170$ $379,170$ $-$ Interest and other fiscal charges $109,816$ $109,816$ $99,515$ $10,301$ Total expenditures $$ 24,579,598$ $$ 25,535,179$ $$ 23,624,120$ $$ 1,911,059$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) $$ (124,766)$ $$ (464,630)$ $$ 1,673,848$ $$ 2,138,478$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in $$ 575,000$ $$ 575,000$ $$ 462,637$ $$ (112,363)$ Transfers out $$ (450,234)$ $$ (528,305)$ $$ (78,071)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $$ 124,766$ $$ 1,608,180$ $$ 1,948,044$ Fund balances $$ - $ (339,864)$ $$ 4,812,612$ $$ 4,472,748$	Public safety		8,133,443	8,789,859	8,178,873	610,986
Education7,045,1077,045,1076,009,6861,035,421Parks, recreation, and cultural1,071,9481,104,818992,575112,243Community development344,670344,670322,68021,990Debt service: $379,170$ $379,170$ $379,170$ $-$ Interest and other fiscal charges $109,816$ $109,816$ $99,515$ $10,301$ Total expenditures\$ $24,579,598$ $25,535,179$ \$ $23,624,120$ \$Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)* $(450,234)$ $(464,630)$ \$ $1,673,848$ \$ $2,138,478$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in\$\$ $575,000$ \$ $575,000$ \$ $462,637$ \$ $(112,363)$ Transfers out $(450,234)$ $(450,234)$ $(450,234)$ $(528,305)$ $(78,071)$ Total other financing sources (uses)\$ $124,766$ \$ $124,766$ \$ $(190,434)$ Net change in fund balances\$-\$ $339,864$ $4,812,612$ $4,472,748$	Public works		1,588,957	1,588,957	1,524,456	64,501
Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,071,948 1,104,818 992,575 112,243 Community development 344,670 344,670 322,680 21,990 Debt service: 7 379,170 379,170 379,170 - Interest and other fiscal charges 109,816 109,816 99,515 10,301 Total expenditures \$ 24,579,598 25,535,179 \$ 23,624,120 \$ 1,911,059 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) * (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) (528,305) (78,071) (78,071) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning	Health and welfare		3,017,404	3,133,300	2,945,303	187,997
Community development 344,670 344,670 322,680 21,990 Debt service: 7 379,170 379,170 379,170 - Interest and other fiscal charges 109,816 109,816 99,515 10,301 Total expenditures \$ 24,579,598 25,535,179 \$ 23,624,120 \$ 1,911,059 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) * (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) (528,305) (78,071) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ (124,766 \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ 339,864 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning - - \$ 339,864 4,812,612 4,472,748	Education		7,045,107	7,045,107	6,009,686	1,035,421
Debt service:Principal retirement $379,170$ $379,170$ $379,170$ Interest and other fiscal charges $109,816$ $99,515$ $10,301$ Total expenditures\$ $24,579,598$ $25,535,179$ \$ $23,624,120$ \$ $1,911,059$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)\$ $(124,766)$ \$ $(464,630)$ \$ $1,673,848$ \$ $2,138,478$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in\$ $575,000$ \$ $575,000$ \$ $462,637$ \$ $(112,363)$ Transfers out $(450,234)$ $(450,234)$ $(528,305)$ $(78,071)$ Total other financing sources (uses)\$ $124,766$ \$ $124,766$ \$ $(65,668)$ \$ $(190,434)$ Net change in fund balances\$ $-$ \$ $(339,864)$ \$ $1,608,180$ \$ $1,948,044$ Fund balances - beginning $ 339,864$ $4,812,612$ $4,472,748$	Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,071,948	1,104,818	992,575	112,243
Principal retirement $379,170$ $379,170$ $379,170$ $-$ Interest and other fiscal charges $109,816$ $109,816$ $99,515$ $10,301$ Total expenditures\$ $24,579,598$ $225,535,179$ $23,624,120$ \$ $1,911,059$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)\$ $(124,766)$ \$ $(464,630)$ \$ $1,673,848$ \$ $2,138,478$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in\$ $575,000$ \$ $575,000$ \$ $462,637$ \$ $(112,363)$ Transfers out $(450,234)$ $(450,234)$ $(528,305)$ $(78,071)$ Total other financing sources (uses)\$ $124,766$ \$ $(25,668)$ \$ $(190,434)$ Net change in fund balances\$-\$ $(339,864)$ \$ $1,608,180$ \$ $1,948,044$ Fund balances - beginning $339,864$ $4,812,612$ $4,472,748$	Community development		344,670	344,670	322,680	21,990
Interest and other fiscal charges109,816109,81699,51510,301Total expenditures\$ $24,579,598$ $25,535,179$ \$ $23,624,120$ \$ $1,911,059$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures\$ $(124,766)$ \$ $(464,630)$ \$ $1,673,848$ \$ $2,138,478$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)\$ $575,000$ \$ $575,000$ \$ $462,637$ \$ $(112,363)$ Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning\$ $-$ \$ $(339,864)$ \$ $1,608,180$ \$ $1,948,044$	Debt service:					
Total expenditures \$ 24,579,598 \$ 25,535,179 \$ 23,624,120 \$ 1,911,059 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) (528,305) (78,071) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 4,812,612 4,472,748	Principal retirement		379,170	379,170	379,170	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) (528,305) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 4,812,612 4,472,748	Interest and other fiscal charges		109,816	109,816	99,515	10,301
expenditures \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044	Total expenditures	\$	24,579,598 \$	25,535,179 \$	23,624,120 \$	1,911,059
expenditures \$ (124,766) \$ (464,630) \$ 1,673,848 \$ 2,138,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning - 339,864 4,812,612 4,472,748						
Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) (528,305) (78,071) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning - 339,864 4,812,612 4,472,748	expenditures	\$	(124,766) \$	(464,630) \$	1,673,848 \$	2,138,478
Transfers in \$ 575,000 \$ 575,000 \$ 462,637 \$ (112,363) Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) (528,305) (78,071) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning - 339,864 4,812,612 4,472,748	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out (450,234) (450,234) (528,305) (78,071) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning - 339,864 4,812,612 4,472,748		\$	575,000 \$	575,000 \$	462,637 \$	(112,363)
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 124,766 \$ (65,668) \$ (190,434) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (339,864) \$ 1,608,180 \$ 1,948,044 Fund balances - beginning - 339,864 4,812,612 4,472,748	Transfers out			(450,234)		
Fund balances - beginning - 339,864 4,812,612 4,472,748	Total other financing sources (uses)	\$				
Fund balances - beginning - 339,864 4,812,612 4,472,748						
	Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	(339,864) \$	1,608,180 \$	1,948,044
Fund balances - ending \$ - \$ 6,420,792 \$ 6,420,792	Fund balances - beginning	_	-	339,864	4,812,612	4,472,748
	Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	6,420,792 \$	6,420,792

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

Primary Government Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
Total pension liability	-									
Service cost	\$	615,414 \$	\$	552,483	\$	532,952	\$	510,872	\$	509,458
Interest		1,367,302		1,307,278		1,162,908		1,102,316		1,038,474
Differences between expected and actual experience		264,888		(102,616)		242,889		4,185		198,159
Changes of assumptions		-		-		430,413		-		455,530
Benefit payments	_	(1,030,023)		(831,654)	_	(734,002)	_	(705,417)	_	(707,307)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,217,581	\$	925,491	\$	1,635,160	\$	911,956	\$	1,494,314
Total pension liability - beginning	_	20,155,921		19,230,430		17,595,270		16,683,314		15,189,000
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	21,373,502	\$ 2	20,155,921	\$	19,230,430	\$	17,595,270	\$	16,683,314
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	375,827	\$	317,676	\$	300,635	\$	263,203	\$	259,611
Contributions - employee		264,236		248,750		246,547	-	254,230	-	210,495
Net investment income		1,361,623		(24,396)		4,668,338		324,163		1,066,781
Benefit payments		(1,030,023)		(831,654)		(734,002)		(705,417)		(707,307)
Administrator changes		(13,591)		(13,352)		(11,476)		(10,894)		(10,562)
Other		548		498		441		(384)		(674)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	958,620	\$	(302,478)	\$	4,470,483	\$	124,901	\$	818,344
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		21,189,957	2	21,492,435		17,021,952		16,897,051		16,078,707
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	22,148,577	\$ 2	21,189,957	\$	21,492,435	\$	17,021,952	\$	16,897,051
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(775,075) \$	\$	(1,034,036)	\$	(2,262,005)	\$	573,318	\$	(213,737)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		103.63%		105.13%		111.76%		96.74%		101.28%
Covered payroll	\$	5,597,487 \$	\$	5,241,000	\$	4,887,145	\$	4,535,694	\$	4,352,548
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-13.85%		-19.73%		-46.28%		12.64%		-4.91%

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government

Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	-					
Service cost	\$	476,376 \$	456,504 \$	465,839 \$	461,138 \$	452,456
Interest		1,003,176	995,666	963,557	932,346	874,169
Differences between expected and actual experience		(292,755)	(647,683)	(404,512)	(381,023)	-
Changes of assumptions		-	(115,572)	-	-	-
Benefit payments		(657,774)	(505,483)	(626,865)	(506,315)	(484,753)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	529,023 \$	183,432 \$	398,019 \$	506,146 \$	841,872
Total pension liability - beginning		14,659,977	14,476,545	14,078,526	13,572,380	12,730,508
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	15,189,000 \$	14,659,977 \$	14,476,545 \$	14,078,526 \$	13,572,380
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	Ś	307,662 \$	291,773 \$	410.080 Ś	401.322 \$	484,286
Contributions - employee	Ŧ	212,887	195,927	193,495	189,494	187,386
Net investment income		1,116,880	1,650,237	232,112	584,360	1,711,486
Benefit payments		(657,774)	(505,483)	(626,865)	(506,315)	(484,753)
Administrator changes		(9,564)	(9,349)	(8,174)	(7,791)	(8,981)
Other		(998)	(1,477)	(99)	(126)	90
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	969,093 \$	1,621,628 \$	200,549 \$	660,944 \$	1,889,514
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		15,109,614	13,487,986	13,287,437	12,626,493	10,736,979
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	16,078,707 \$	15,109,614 \$	13,487,986 \$	13,287,437 \$	12,626,493
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(889,707) \$	(449,637) \$	988,559 \$	791,089 \$	945,887
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		105.86%	103.07%	93.17%	94.38%	93.03%
Covered payroll	\$	4,192,868 \$	3,935,166 \$	3,921,031 \$	3,823,516 \$	3,755,658
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-21.22%	-11.43%	25.21%	20.69%	25.19%

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total pension liability		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Service cost	Ś	58.969 \$	59,472 \$	71,383 \$	78,458 \$	67,917
Interest	Ļ	276,898	286,832	264,547	257,498	256,717
Differences between expected and actual experience		(131,445)	(250,830)	38,177	(16,933)	(52,310)
Changes of assumptions		(131,443)	(250,050)	127,033	(10,555)	99,303
Benefit payments		(240,800)	(243,469)	(217,467)	(211,709)	(236,741)
Net change in total pension liability	Ś	(36,378) \$	(147,995) \$	283,673 \$	107,314 \$	134,886
Total pension liability - beginning	Ŷ	4,163,629	4,311,624	4,027,951	3,920,637	3,785,751
Total pension liability - ending (a)	Ś	4,127,251 \$	4,163,629 \$	4,311,624 \$	4,027,951 \$	3,920,637
	Ť.	.,	.)100)0 <u>1</u> 0	.,011,011	., <u>,,,,,,,,,,,</u> ,	0,020,007
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	11,202 \$	23,830 \$	23,372 \$	32,973 \$	34,779
Contributions - employee		35,281	31,769	31,919	39,168	39,909
Net investment income		297,128	(2,323)	1,073,423	77,056	257,985
Benefit payments		(240,800)	(243,469)	(217,467)	(211,709)	(236,741)
Administrator changes		(3,057)	(3,084)	(2,756)	(2,680)	(2,667)
Other		119	110	100	(90)	(162)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	99,873 \$	(193,167) \$	908,591 \$	(65,282) \$	93,103
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,696,049	4,889,216	3,980,625	4,045,907	3,952,804
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	4,795,922 \$	4,696,049 \$	4,889,216 \$	3,980,625 \$	4,045,907
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(668,671) \$	(532,420) \$	(577,592) \$	47,326 \$	(125,270)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		116.20%	112.79%	113.40%	98.83%	103.20%
Covered payroll	\$	774,198 \$	700,201 \$	697,482 \$	845,544 \$	861,560
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-86.37%	-76.04%	-82.81%	5.60%	-14.54%

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	 				
Service cost	\$ 77,273 \$	82,325 \$	89,371 \$	86,961 \$	94,280
Interest	253,517	258,111	234,908	234,130	224,266
Differences between expected and actual experience	(51,448)	(187,110)	207,349	(119,218)	-
Changes of assumptions	-	197	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(230,518)	(207,781)	(192,553)	(188,960)	(166,305)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 48,824 \$	(54,258) \$	339,075 \$	12,913 \$	152,241
Total pension liability - beginning	3,736,927	3,791,185	3,452,110	3,439,197	3,286,956
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 3,785,751 \$	3,736,927 \$	3,791,185 \$	3,452,110 \$	3,439,197
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 59,342 \$	57,873 \$	68,660 \$	65,179 \$	71,139
Contributions - employee	41,485	40,462	41,997	40,171	40,745
Net investment income	277,219	419,754	59,763	155,863	474,163
Benefit payments	(230,518)	(207,781)	(192,553)	(188,960)	(166,305)
Administrator changes	(2,453)	(2,476)	(2,202)	(2,185)	(2,580)
Other	 (245)	(372)	(26)	(33)	25
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 144,830 \$	307,460 \$	(24,361) \$	70,035 \$	417,187
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 3,807,974	3,500,514	3,524,875	3,454,840	3,037,653
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,952,804 \$	3,807,974 \$	3,500,514 \$	3,524,875 \$	3,454,840
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (167,053) \$	(71,047) \$	290,671 \$	(72,765) \$	(15,643)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	104.41%	101.90%	92.33%	102.11%	100.45%
Covered payroll	\$ 876,331 \$	844,938 \$	869,346 \$	813,650 \$	814,564
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-19.06%	-8.41%	33.44%	-8.94%	-1.92%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

Pension Plans

For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

					Employer's Proportionate Share of	
Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
(1)	(2)	-	(3)	 (4)	(5)	(6)
2023	0.10110%	\$	10,218,384	\$ 10,060,641	102%	82.45%
2022	0.10229%		9,738,620	9,545,108	102%	82.61%
2021	0.10215%		7,930,004	9,047,068	88%	85.46%
2020	0.09840%		14,324,150	8,648,053	166%	71.47%
2019	0.09762%		12,847,347	8,201,886	157%	73.51%
2018	0.10422%		12,256,000	8,832,862	139%	74.81%
2017	0.10891%		13,394,000	8,601,098	156%	72.92%
2016	0.10818%		15,160,000	8,240,228	184%	68.28%
2015	0.11039%		13,894,000	7,993,097	174%	70.68%
2014	0.10594%		12,803,000	7,806,938	164%	70.88%

Schedule of Employer Contributions
Pension Plans
For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)*		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
rimary Gove	ernmer	nt					
2024	\$	415,025	\$	415,025	\$ -	\$ 6,261,475	6.63%
2023		375,854		375,854	-	5,597,487	6.71%
2022		321,616		321,616	-	5,241,000	6.14%
2021		300,632		300,632	-	4,887,145	6.15%
2020		263,679		263,679	-	4,535,694	5.81%
2019		259,612		259,612	-	4,352,548	5.96%
2018		307,662		307,662	-	4,192,868	7.34%
2017		295,137		295,137	-	3,935,166	7.50%
2016		410,080		410,080	-	3,921,031	10.46%
2015		402,999		402,999	-	3,823,516	10.54%
omponent l	Jnit Scl	hool Board (non	orof	essional)			
2024	\$	9,531	\$	9,531	\$ -	\$ 816,978	1.17%
2023		9,625		9,625	-	774,198	1.24%
2022		24,323		24,323	-	700,201	3.47%
2021		24,754		24,754	-	697,482	3.55%
2020		33,216		33,216	-	845,544	3.93%
2019		34,780		34,780	-	861,560	4.04%
2018		59,342		59,342	-	876,331	6.77%
2017		60,160		60,160	-	844,938	7.12%
2016		68,660		68,660	-	869,346	7.90%
2015		65,580		65,580	-	813,650	8.06%
omponent l	Jnit Scl	hool Board (prof	essi	onal)			
2024	\$	1,699,143	\$	1,699,143	\$ -	\$ 10,763,344	15.79%
2023		1,595,853		1,595,853	-	10,060,641	15.86%
2022		1,519,581		1,519,581	-	9,545,108	15.92%
2021		1,445,168		1,445,168	-	9,047,068	15.97%
2020		1,307,931		1,307,931	-	8,648,053	15.129
2019		1,234,204		1,234,204	-	8,201,886	15.05%
2018		1,441,523		1,441,523	-	8,832,862	16.329
2017		1,260,921		1,260,921	-	8,601,098	14.66%
2016		1,158,576		1,158,576	-	8,240,228	14.06%
2015		1,158,999		1,158,999	-	7,993,097	14.50%

*Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality
retirement healthy, and disabled)	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality
retirement healthy, and disabled)	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP- 2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of the County's and School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability	 Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability
Primary Gove	rnment:				
2023	0.02376% \$	284,957	\$ 5,597,487	5.0908%	69.30%
2022	0.02410%	290,067	5,241,000	5.5346%	67.21%
2021	0.02370%	275,583	4,887,145	5.6389%	67.45%
2020	0.02205%	367,978	4,538,327	8.1082%	52.64%
2019	0.02220%	361,253	4,352,548	8.2998%	52.00%
2018	0.02214%	336,000	4,242,885	7.9191%	51.22%
2017	0.02154%	324,000	3,973,361	8.1543%	48.86%
Component U	nit School Board (nonpro	fessional):			
2023	0.00337% \$	40,417	\$ 794,683	5.0859%	69.30%
2022	0.00330%	39,254	709,079	5.5359%	67.21%
2021	0.00340%	39,352	697,482	5.6420%	67.45%
2020	0.00411%	68,589	845,544	8.1118%	52.64%
2019	0.00439%	71,437	861,560	8.2916%	52.00%
2018	0.00461%	70,000	876,331	7.9878%	51.22%
2017	0.00458%	69,000	844,938	8.1663%	48.86%
Component U	nit School Board (profess	ional):			
2023	0.04284% \$	513,786	\$ 10,090,714	5.0917%	69.30%
2022	0.04400%	529,441	9,564,038	5.5357%	67.21%
2021	0.04390%	511,231	9,066,566	5.6386%	67.45%
2020	0.04202%	701,245	8,648,053	8.1087%	52.64%
2019	0.04194%	682,475	8,221,519	8.3011%	52.00%
2018	0.04455%	677,000	8,470,094	7.9928%	51.22%
2017	0.04687%	705,000	8,644,966	8.1550%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Primary Gov	ernme	nt					
2024	\$	33,812	\$	33,812	\$ -	\$ 6,261,475	0.54%
2023		30,226		30,226	-	5,597,487	0.54%
2022		28,301		28,301	-	5,241,000	0.54%
2021		26,391		26,391	-	4,887,145	0.52%
2020		23,599		23,599	-	4,538,327	0.52%
2019		22,633		22,633	-	4,352,548	0.52%
2018		22,063		22,063	-	4,242,885	0.52%
2017		20,661		20,661	-	3,973,361	0.52%
2016		18,871		18,871	-	3,931,448	0.48%
2015		18,353		18,353	-	3,823,516	0.48%
Component	Unit Sc	hool Board (nonpi	ofess	ional)			
2023	\$	4,509	\$	4,509	\$ -	\$ 834,976	0.54%
2023		4,291		4,291	-	794,683	0.54%
2022		3,829		3,829	-	709,079	0.54%
2021		3,766		3,766	-	697,482	0.52%
2020		4,397		4,397	-	845,544	0.52%
2019		4,480		4,480	-	861,560	0.52%
2018		4,557		4,557	-	876,331	0.52%
2017		4,394		4,394	-	844,938	0.52%
2016		4,173		4,173	-	869,346	0.48%
2015		3,906		3,906	-	813,650	0.48%
Component	Unit Sc	hool Board (profe	ssiona	al)			
2023	\$	58,122	\$	58,122	\$ -	\$ 10,763,344	0.54%
2023		54,490		54,490	-	10,090,714	0.54%
2022		51,646		51,646	-	9,564,038	0.54%
2021		48,959		48,959	-	9,066,566	0.52%
2020		44,970		44,970	-	8,648,053	0.52%
2019		42,752		42,752	-	8,221,519	0.52%
2018		44,044		44,044	-	8,470,094	0.52%
2017		44,954		44,954	-	8,644,966	0.52%
2016		39,593		39,593	-	8,248,543	0.48%
2015		39,395		39,395	-	8,207,250	0.48%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service
	to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be
	more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	948	1,484 \$	1,172 \$	1,233 \$	1,209 \$	1,151 \$	1,167
Interest		3,996	2,992	2,659	2,775	3,111	2,548	2,521
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,116	(7,031)	1,195	(3,120)	(6,588)	6,263	-
Changes of assumptions		-	20,869	1,245	-	1,131	-	(1,191)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(2,812)	(2,990)	(2,664)	(2,531)	(1,858)	(1,985)	(2,236)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	5,248	15,324 \$	3,607 \$	(1,643) \$	(2,995) \$	7,977 \$	261
Total HIC OPEB liability - beginning	_	59,661	44,337	40,730	42,373	45,368	37,391	37,130
Total HIC OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	64,909	59,661 \$	44,337 \$	40,730 \$	42,373 \$	45,368 \$	37,391
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$	4,240	4,121 \$	3,745 \$	- / -	3,541 \$	2,810 \$	/
Net investment income		1,463	(4)	4,430	307	872	786	1,095
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,812)	(2,990)	(2,664)	(2,531)	(1,858)	(1,985)	(2,236)
Administrator charges		(34)	(44)	(56)	(31)	(20)	(20)	(18)
Other		109	2,042	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(1)	(54)	54
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	Ş	2,966	3,125 \$	5,455 \$, ,	, ,	1,537 \$,
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		24,873	21,748	16,293	14,977	12,443	10,906	9,426
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	ş_	27,839	24,873 \$	21,748 \$	16,293 \$	14,977 \$	12,443 \$	10,906
County's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	37,070	34,788 \$	22,589 \$	24,437 \$	27,396 \$	32,925 \$	26,485
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		42.89%	41.69%	49.05%	40.00%	35.35%	27.43%	29.17%
Covered payroll	\$	1,926,913	1,873,234 \$	1,702,490 \$	1,623,302 \$	1,609,727 \$	1,479,287 \$	1,360,680
County's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		1.92%	1.86%	1.33%	1.51%	1.70%	2.23%	1.95%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Exhibit 22

County of Amelia, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Total HIC OPEB liability	 		 	
Service cost	\$ 780	963	\$ 1,867 \$	-
Interest	6,140	5,283	4,785	-
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	70,882
Differences between expected and actual experience	(18,125)	(2,097)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	12,091	1,261	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,727)	(2,989)	-	-
Net change in total pension liability	\$ (14,932)	13,251	\$ 7,913 \$	70,882
Total HIC OPEB liability - beginning	92,046	78,795	70,882	-
Total HIC OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 77,114	92,046	\$ 78,795 \$	70,882
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 8,239	5,462	\$ 5,440 \$	-
Net investment income	745	(50)	821	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,727)	(2,989)	-	-
Administrator charges	(21)	(17)	(24)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 5,236	2,406	\$ 6,237 \$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	8,643	6,237	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 13,879	8,643	\$ 6,237 \$	-
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 63,235	83,403	\$ 72,558 \$	70,882
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	18.00%	9.39%	7.92%	0.00%
	2010070	0.0070	, 10 2 / 0	0.0070
Covered payroll	\$ 774,198	700,201	\$ 697,482 \$	N/A
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of				
covered payroll	8.17%	11.91%	10.40%	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2020 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gove	ernmer	nt					
2024	\$	4,723	\$ 4,723	3\$	- \$	2,146,955	0.22%
2023		4,239	4,239	Ð	-	1,926,913	0.22%
2022		4,121	4,123	L	-	1,873,234	0.22%
2021		3,745	3,745	5	-	1,702,490	0.22%
2020		3,571	3,572	L	-	1,623,302	0.22%
2019		3,541	3,543	L	-	1,609,727	0.22%
2018		2,810	2,810)	-	1,479,287	0.19%
2017		2,585	2,585	5	-	1,360,680	0.19%
2016		2,802	2,802	2	-	1,334,335	0.21%
2015		2,703	2,703	3	-	1,287,350	0.21%
Component L	Jnit Scl	hool Board (nonpro	ofessional)				
2024	\$	8,578	\$ 8,578	3\$	- \$	816,978	1.05%
2023		8,129	8,129	9	-	774,198	1.05%
2022		5,462	5,462	2	-	700,201	0.78%
2021		5,440	5,440)	-	697,482	0.78%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased				
healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements,				
	replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-				
	2020				
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final				
	retirement age from 65 to 70				
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service				
	to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be				
	more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty				
Disability Rates	No change				
Salary Scale	No change				
Line of Duty Disability	No change				
Discount Rate	No change				

Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2023	0.10090% \$	1,222,320	\$ 10,060,641	12.1495%	17.90%
2022	0.10241%	1,279,149	9,545,108	13.4011%	15.08%
2021	0.10230%	1,313,091	9,047,068	14.5140%	13.15%
2020	0.09865%	1,286,905	8,648,053	14.8809%	9.95%
2019	0.09763%	1,278,071	8,188,788	15.6076%	8.97%
2018	0.10429%	1,325,000	8,434,380	15.7095%	8.08%
2017	0.10896%	1,382,000	8,599,203	16.0713%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024 \$	130,236 \$	130,236 \$	- \$	10,763,344	1.21%
2023	121,734	121,734	-	10,060,641	1.21%
2022	115,496	115,496	-	9,545,108	1.21%
2021	109,470	109,470	-	9,047,068	1.20%
2020	103,777	103,777	-	8,648,053	1.20%
2019	98,265	98,265	-	8,188,788	1.20%
2018	103,743	103,743	-	8,434,380	1.23%
2017	95,451	95,451	-	8,599,203	1.11%
2016	87,435	87,435	-	8,248,543	1.06%
2015	86,997	86,997	-	8,207,250	1.06%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	-							
Service cost	\$	264,677	278,400 \$	441,192 \$	442,371 \$	344,150 \$	303,525 \$	315,854
Interest		241,887	240,449	179,298	227,589	269,134	299,257	310,628
Changes of benefit terms								
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-	(829,560)	-	(2,313,097)	-	(988,844)	-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		(306,359)	303,327	(1,823,890)	(201,417)	2,068,887	(493,141)	(581,777)
Benefit payments		(153,139)	(135,427)	(149,579)	(153,462)	(189,369)	(197,311)	(174,788)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	47,066	(142,811) \$	(1,352,979) \$	(1,998,016) \$	2,492,802 \$	(1,076,514) \$	(130,083)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		6,438,264	6,581,075	7,934,054	9,932,070	7,439,268	8,515,782	8,645,865
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	6,485,330	6,438,264 \$	6,581,075 \$	7,934,054 \$	9,932,070 \$	7,439,268 \$	8,515,782
Covered-employee payroll	\$	9,519,890	9,519,890 \$	9,180,239 \$	9,180,239 \$	9,186,932 \$	9,186,932 \$	8,986,700
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		68.12%	67.63%	71.69%	86.43%	108.11%	80.98%	94.76%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Component Unit School Board OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Valuation Date:	7/1/2022
Measurement Date:	6/30/2024

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level percent of pay					
Discount Rate	3.93%					
Inflation	2.50%					
Healthcare Trend Rate	The pre-65 healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 6.70% for					
	the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022 and gradually decreases eac					
	year to an eventual rate of 3.90%. The post-65 healthcare trend					
	rate assumption starts at 5.20% for the fiscal year beginning July 1,					
	2022 and gradually increases each year to an eventual rate of 3.90%.					
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% salary increase for 1 year					
	of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or					
	more years of service					
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62					
Mortality Rates - Pre-Retirement	RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at					
	ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback					
	1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are					
	assumed to be service related.					
Mortality Rates - Post-Retirement	RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at					
	ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set					
	forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase					
	compounded from ages 70 to 85.					
Mortality Rates - Post-Disablement	RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020;					
	males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.					

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Other Supplementary Information

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

County Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES					(110801110)
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	10,000 \$	10,000 \$	62,491 \$	52,491
Charges for services	-	2,500,000	2,500,000	3,037,450	537,450
Total revenues	\$	2,510,000 \$	2,510,000 \$	3,099,941 \$	589,941
EXPENDITURES					
Capital projects	\$	12,156,634 \$	12,156,634 \$	5,217,455 \$	6,939,179
Total expenditures	\$	12,156,634 \$	12,156,634 \$	5,217,455 \$	6,939,179
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$	(9,646,634) \$	(9,646,634) \$	(2,117,514) \$	7,529,120
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$	- \$	- \$	578,106 \$	578,106
Transfers out		-	-	(63,504)	(63,504)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	- \$	- \$	514,602 \$	514,602
Net change in fund balances	\$	(9,646,634) \$	(9,646,634) \$	(1,602,912) \$	8,043,722
Fund balances - beginning		9,646,634	9,646,634	14,756,327	5,109,693
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	13,153,415 \$	13,153,415

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Am	ounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services	\$ - \$ -	- \$ -	3,913 \$ 38,009	3,913 38,009
Miscellaneous	 		123,256	123,256
Total revenues	\$ - \$	\$	165,178 \$	165,178
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	\$ - \$	- \$	(899,168) \$	(899,168)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ - \$	- \$	(899,168) \$	(899,168)
Net change in fund balances	\$ - \$	- \$	(733,990) \$	(733,990)
Fund balances - beginning	 		1,015,618	1,015,618
Fund balances - ending	\$ <u> </u>	\$	281,628 \$	281,628

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	-		Custodia	Private Purpose Trust Funds			
	-	Special Welfare	A.M. Radio Partners	Project Lifesaver	Total	Harris Scholarship	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,262 \$	5 11,068 \$	7,376 \$	36,706 \$	- \$	-
Investments		-	-	-	-	4,272	4,272
Total assets	\$	18,262 \$	5 11,068 \$	7,376 \$	36,706 \$	4,272 \$	4,272
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Special welfare	\$	18,262 \$	- \$	- \$	18,262 \$	- \$	-
A.M. Radio Partners		-	11,068	-	11,068	-	-
Project Lifesaver		-	-	7,376	7,376	-	-
Held in trust for scholarships	_	-			-	4,272	4,272
Total net position	\$	18,262 \$	5 11,068 \$	7,376 \$	36,706 \$	4,272 \$	4,272

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	-		Custodial	Funds	Private Purpose Trust Funds			
	-	Special Welfare	A.M. Radio Partners	Project Lifesaver	Total	Harris Scholarship	Arnold Scholarship	Total
ADDITIONS								
Special welfare collections	\$	24,162 \$	- \$	- \$	24,162 \$	\$-\$	- \$	-
Collections for Project Lifesaver		-	-	150	150	-	-	-
Interest income		-	335	7	342	227	-	227
Gain/loss on investments	-	-	-	-		-	(13,167)	(13,167)
Total additions	\$	24,162 \$	335 \$	157 \$	24,654 \$	\$ <u>227</u> \$	(13,167) \$	(12,940)
DEDUCTIONS								
Welfare costs	\$	28,282 \$	- \$	\$	28,282 \$	\$-\$	- \$	-
Transfer to community foundation	-	-	-	-	-	-	248,620	248,620
Total deductions	\$_	28,282 \$	\$	<u>-</u> \$	28,282 \$	\$ <u>-</u> \$	248,620 \$	248,620
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary								
net position	\$	(4,120) \$	335 \$	<u>157</u> \$	-3,628 \$	\$ <u>227</u> \$	(261,787) \$	(261,560)
Net position, beginning of year	\$	22,382 \$	10,733 \$	7,219 \$	40,334 \$	\$ <u>4,045</u> \$	261,787 \$	265,832
Net position, end of year	\$	18,262 \$	11,068 \$	7,376 \$	36,706 \$	\$ <u>4,272</u> \$	\$	4,272

Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2024

	School Operating Fund		School Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	1,190,580 \$	1,190,580
Accounts receivable	6,050		159	6,209
Due from primary government	472,096		-	472,096
Due from other governmental units	1,176,407		117,195	1,293,602
Total assets	\$ 1,654,553	\$	1,307,934 \$	2,962,487
LIABILITIES		= -		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 422,611	Ś	26,294	448,905
Accrued liabilities	1,231,942		8,397	1,240,339
Total liabilities	\$ 1,654,553		34,691 \$	
	+	- * -		_,,_
FUND BALANCES	ć	ć	450 (22)	450.000
Committed - textbook	\$ -	\$	458,632 \$	
Committed - school activity funds Committed - school food	-		164,594 650,017	164,594
Total fund balances	- \$	\$	1,273,243	650,017
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,654,553	- ' -	1,307,934	
	\$ <u>1,034,333</u>	= ~ =	1,307,334 ç	2,302,407
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:				
Total fund balances per above			ç	5 1,273,243
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation		\$	26,055,353 (15,921,152)	10,134,201
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.				
Net pension asset			ç	668,671
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items OPEB related items		\$	3,284,121 1,653,572	4,937,693
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the curren period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:				
Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liabilities		\$	(243,738) (10,218,384) (8,325,088)	(18,787,210)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items OPEB related items		\$	(1,348,060) (4,841,797)	(6,189,857)
Net position of governmental activities		-	Ś	(7 062 250)
אבר אסונוטה טו צטיפווווובוונגו גענויוובי			÷	(7,963,259)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Operating Fund	School Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,061 \$	- \$	1,061
Charges for services		13,587	6,573	20,160
Miscellaneous		320,642	414,268	734,910
Intergovernmental:				
Local government		5,934,810	73,726	6,008,536
Commonwealth		14,922,869	157,755	15,080,624
Federal		2,600,536	1,119,392	3,719,928
Total revenues	\$	23,793,505 \$	1,771,714 \$	25,565,219
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Education	\$	23,793,505 \$	1,824,622 \$	25,618,127
Total expenditures	\$	23,793,505 \$	1,824,622 \$	25,618,127
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			/ /	/
expenditures	\$	- \$	(52,908) \$	(52,908)
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	(52,908) \$	(52,908)
Fund balances - beginning	·	-	1,326,151	1,326,151
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	1,273,243 \$	1,273,243
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are	diff	erent because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above			\$	(52,908)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Capital asset additions		Ş	789,820	
Depreciation expense		Ŷ	(644,415)	
Activity related to joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Governme	nt		292,550	437,955
			- ,	- ,
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental fu The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Change in compensated absences	ınds.	\$	(23,227)	
Pension expense			1,191,432	
OPEB expense			241,041	1,409,246
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	1,794,293

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Operating Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Budgete	ed An		_	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES							()
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,100	Ş	1,100	Ş	1,061 \$. ,
Charges for services		8,000		8,000		13,587	5,587
Miscellaneous		378,222		413,162		320,642	(92,520)
Intergovernmental:							
Local government		6,968,297		7,355,231		5,934,810	(1,420,421)
Commonwealth		15,487,489		16,323,623		14,922,869	(1,400,754)
Federal		941,545		3,485,899		2,600,536	(885,363)
Total revenues	\$	23,784,653	\$	27,587,015	\$	23,793,505 \$	(3,793,510)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	\$	23,784,653	\$	27,587,015	\$	23,793,505 \$	3,793,510
Total expenditures	\$	23,784,653	\$	27,587,015	\$	23,793,505 \$	3,793,510
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-	-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	School Special Revenue Fund							
		Budgeted A				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	Final		Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	12,000 \$	12,000	\$	6,573 \$	(5,427)		
Miscellaneous		32,120	473,306		414,268	(59,038)		
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		75,660	73,726		73,726	-		
Commonwealth		143,573	140,212		157,755	17,543		
Federal		1,052,535	1,409,772		1,119,392	(290,380)		
Total revenues	\$	1,315,888 \$	2,109,016	\$	1,771,714 \$	(337,302)		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	1,315,888 \$	2,109,016	\$	1,824,622 \$	284,394		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	- \$	-	\$	(52,908) \$	(52,908)		
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	-	\$	(52,908) \$	(52,908)		
Fund balances - beginning		-	-		1,326,151	1,326,151		
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,273,243 \$	1,273,243		

Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2024

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Investments	\$	542,290
Lease recievable - current portion	_	122,776
Total current assets	\$	665,066
Noncurrent assets:		
Lease recievable - net of current portion	\$	164,750
Capital assets:		
Land and land improvements	\$	1,800,402
Buildings		1,352,464
Equipment		107,290
Accumulated depreciation		(361,629)
Total noncurrent assets	\$	3,063,277
Total assets	\$	3,728,343
	=	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Lease related	\$	283,336
	-	
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets	\$	3,063,277
Unrestricted		381,730
Total net position	\$	3,445,007
	=	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services:		
Rental income	\$	9,216
Lease income		121,430
Total operating revenues	\$	130,646
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Other supplies and expenses	\$	38,949
Depreciation		40,964
Total operating expenses	\$	79,913
Operating income (loss)	\$	50,733
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income	\$	32,543
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	32,543
	·	,
Income (loss)	\$	83,276
Change in net position	\$	83,276
Total net position - beginning		3,361,731
Total net position - ending	\$	3,445,007

Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	131,996
Payments for operating activities		(38,949)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	93,047
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Sale (purchase) of investments		(125,590)
Interest and dividends received		32,543
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$	(93,047)
	<u> </u>	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	-
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	-
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	50,733
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	\$	40,964
(Increase) decrease in lease receivable		122,779
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		(121,429)
Total adjustments		42,314
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	93,047

Supporting Schedules

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
General property taxes:					
Real property taxes	\$	7,203,781 \$	7,203,781 \$	6,591,756 \$	(612,025)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	Ŷ	193,840	193,840	224,164	30,324
Personal property taxes		6,540,069	6,540,069	4,899,139	(1,640,930)
Mobile home taxes		14,358	14,358	14,750	392
Machinery and tools taxes		195,758	195,758	225,688	29,930
Penalties		250,138	250,138	186,060	(64,078)
Interest		-	-	75,497	75,497
Total general property taxes	\$	14,397,944 \$	14,397,944 \$	12,217,054 \$	(2,180,890)
	_				
Other local taxes:	1	4 400			
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,439,170 \$	1,439,170 \$	1,463,486 \$	24,316
Consumers' utility taxes		268,136	268,136	210,376	(57,760)
Consumption tax		-	-	77,004	77,004
Business license taxes		433,347	433,347	438,290	4,943
Motor vehicle licenses		424,112	424,112	429,972	5,860
Bank stock taxes		61,704	61,704	94,810	33,106
Taxes on recordation and wills	. –	228,539	228,539	145,664	(82,875)
Total other local taxes	\$	2,855,008 \$	2,855,008 \$	2,859,602 \$	4,594
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:					
Animal licenses	\$	10,365 \$	10,365 \$	10,164 \$	(201)
Land use application fees		584	584	3,171	2,587
Transfer fees		522	522	510	(12)
Permits and other licenses	_	254,860	254,860	226,154	(28,706)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	266,331 \$	266,331 \$	239,999 \$	(26,332)
Fines and forfeitures:					
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	129,715 \$	129,715 \$	112,588 \$	(17,127)
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of money	\$	108,000 \$	108,000 \$	639,908 \$	531,908
Revenue from use of property		20,000	20,000	17,790	(2,210)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	128,000 \$	128,000 \$	657,698 \$	529,698
Charges for services:					
Sheriff's fees	\$	2,416 \$	2,416 \$	1,768 \$	(648)
Court costs		4,964	4,964	4,720	(244)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,631	1,631	1,214	(417)
Charges for other protection		603	603	120	(483)
Charges for parks and recreation		179,273	179,273	223,223	43,950
Charges for library		24,164	24,164	8,973	(15,191)
Total charges for services	\$	213,051 \$	213,051 \$	240,018 \$	26,967
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	806,980 \$	843,970 \$	1,198,794 \$	354,824
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	806,980 \$	843,970 \$	1,198,794 \$	354,824

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Recovered costs:					
Social Services reimbursement	\$	320,892 \$	320,892 \$	335,602 \$	14,710
Other recovered costs		25,596	25,596	18,461	(7,135)
Total recovered costs	\$	346,488 \$	346,488 \$	354,063 \$	7,575
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	19,143,517 \$	19,180,507 \$	17,879,816 \$	(1,300,691)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Mobile home titling tax	\$	42,000 \$	42,000 \$	65,047	23,047
Communications tax		215,000	215,000	165,565	(49,435)
Rolling stock tax		30,000	30,000	32,391	2,391
Auto rental tax		800	800	1,851	1,051
State recordation tax		26,000	26,000	-	(26,000)
Games of skill		60,000	60,000	-	(60,000)
Personal property tax relief funds	_	1,019,213	1,019,213	1,019,213	-
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,393,013 \$	1,393,013 \$	1,284,067 \$	(108,946)
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	268,594 \$	281,649 \$	276,358 \$	(5,291)
Sheriff		924,937	945,302	966,042	20,740
Commissioner of revenue		197,223	200,873	143,265	(57,608)
Treasurer		131,056	134,833	133,457	(1,376)
Registrar/electoral board		78,892	80,702	82,171	1,469
Clerk of the Circuit Court	_	242,246	251,257	219,759	(31,498)
Total shared expenses	\$	1,842,948 \$	1,894,616 \$	1,821,052 \$	(73,564)
Other categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	475,563 \$	475,563 \$	410,076 \$	(65,487)
Juvenile confinement		10,210	10,210	9,913	(297)
Litter control		7,725	7,725	16,552	8,827
Children's Services Act		291,000	291,000	438,516	147,516
Wireless grant		49,440	49,440	52,563	3,123
Virginia information technology grant		260,299	260,299	-	(260,299)
Library		80,000	168,506	294,097	125,591
Victim-witness grant		22,380	22,380	10,022	(12,358)
Fire programs DMV Select		53,560	53,560	59,725	6,165
RAD grant		50,470 700	50,470 700	43,152	(7,318) (700)
Other state funds		700	98,553	- 151,660	53,107
Total other categorical aid	s_	1,301,347 \$	1,488,406 \$	1,486,276 \$	
	ې د د			1,400,270 Ş	(2,130)
Total categorical aid	\$	3,144,295 \$	3,383,022 \$	3,307,328 \$	(75,694)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	4,537,308 \$	4,776,035 \$	4,591,395 \$	(184,640)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from the federal government:					
Other categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	664,282 \$	664,282 \$	885,592 \$	221,310
Local emergency management performance grant		12,240	12,240	-	(12,240)
DMV grant		15,000	15,000	14,650	(350)
Victim witness		51,712	51,712	43,711	(8,001)
Energy efficiency loan interest		30,773	30,773	60,516	29,743
Coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds		-	340,000	1,419,079	1,079,079
Body worn camera policy and implementation		-	-	20,749	20,749
Community facilities grant		-	-	375,000	375,000
Emergency management performance grants		-	-	7,460	7,460
Total other categorical aid	\$	774,007 \$	1,114,007 \$	2,826,757 \$	1,712,750
Total categorical aid	_	774,007	1,114,007	2,826,757	1,712,750
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	774,007 \$	1,114,007 \$	2,826,757 \$	1,712,750
Total General Fund	\$	24,454,832 \$	25,070,549 \$	25,297,968 \$	227,419
County Special Revenue Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	- \$	\$	3,913 \$	3,913
Charges for services:					
Courthouse security fees	\$	\$	\$	38,009 \$	38,009
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	- Ś	- \$	123,256 \$	123,256
	· <u> </u>	*	· _		
Total revenue from local sources	\$	\$	\$	165,178 \$	165,178
Total County Special Revenue Fund	\$ =	- \$	\$	165,178 \$	165,178
Capital Projects Fund:					
County Capital Projects Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	10,000 \$	10,000 \$	62,491 \$	52,491
Charges for services:					
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	\$	2,500,000 \$	2,500,000 \$	3,037,450 \$	537,450
Total charges for services	\$	2,500,000 \$	2,500,000 \$	3,037,450 \$	537,450
Total revenue from local sources	\$	2,510,000 \$	2,510,000 \$	3,099,941 \$	589,941
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$	2,510,000 \$	2,510,000 \$	3,099,941 \$	589,941
Total Revenues - Primary Government	\$	26,964,832 \$	27,580,549 \$	28,563,087 \$	982,538

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Component Unit - School Board:				
School Operating Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of property	\$ 1,100 \$	1,100 \$	1,061 \$	(39)
Charges for services:				
Drivers education	\$ 8,000 \$	8,000 \$	13,587 \$	5,587
Miscellaneous:				
Miscellaneous	\$ 378,222 \$	413,162 \$	320,642 \$	(92,520)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 387,322 \$	422,262 \$	335,290 \$	(86,972)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenues from local governments:				
Contribution from County of Amelia	\$ 6,968,297 \$	7,355,231 \$	5,934,810 \$	(1,420,421)
Total revenues from local governments	\$ 6,968,297 \$	7,355,231 \$	5,934,810 \$	(1,420,421)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Share of state sales tax	\$ 2,607,497 \$	2,607,497 \$	2,856,662 \$	249,165
Basic school aid	5,777,360	5,735,174	5,459,995	(275,179)
Regular foster care	-	-	35,112	35,112
Gifted and talented	54,640	53,244	52,881	(363)
Special education - SOQ	735,162	716,372	711,496	(4,876)
GED funding	8,203	8,203	8,173	(30)
Vocational education - SOQ	183,790	179,093	177,874	(1,219)
School fringes	1,149,435	1,113,281	1,105,704	(7,577)
Compensation supplement	960,298	871,911	866,524	(5,387)
Lottery	259,886	259,886	-	(259,886)
Reduced K-3	280,056	280,056	282,388	2,332
Early reading intervention	85,396	85,396	64,047	(21,349)
English as a second language	64,729	64,729	69,559	4,830
Homebound	6,790	6,790	5,545	(1,245)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)					
Categorical aid: (Continued) CTE equipment	\$	6,958 \$	7,062 \$	8,369 \$	1,307
At risk	ç	701,952	698,537	698,786	249
SOL algebra readiness		31,218	31,218	26,526	(4,692)
Remedial education - summer school		113,071	113,071	56,350	(56,721)
Remedial education		205,647	200,390	199,027	(1,363)
Mentor teacher program		1,095	1,095	827	(1,303)
Infrastructure operations		1,792,524	1,781,918	389,322	(1,392,596)
Preschool initiative		-	-	254,702	254,702
All in Virginia		-	723,243	723,243	
Hold harmless		198,604	198,604	198,604	-
VPSA Technology grant		128,000	128,000	101,381	(26,619)
Security grant		-	327,779	402,657	74,878
Other state aid		135,178	131,074	167,115	36,041
Total categorical aid	\$	15,487,489 \$	16,323,623 \$	14,922,869 \$	(1,400,754)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	15,487,489 \$	16,323,623 \$	14,922,869 \$	(1,400,754)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Title I grants to local educational agencies	\$	340,441 \$	490,793 \$	371,889 \$	(118,904)
Special education - grants to states		469,327	501,779	495,909	(5,870)
Vocational education - basic grants to states		31,908	31,908	38,264	6,356
Special education - preschool grants		14,388	14,681	14,681	-
Improving teacher quality state grants		57,711	57,711	80,402	22,691
Title III		6,083	6,083	7,380	1,297
Student support and academic enrichment		21,687	26,695	26,079	(616)
Education stabilization fund			1,898,195	1,375,417	(522,778)
School safety		-	436,554	190,515	(246,039)
Other federal aid		-	21,500	-	(21,500)
Total categorical aid	\$	941,545 \$	3,485,899 \$	2,600,536 \$	(885,363)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	941,545 \$	3,485,899 \$	2,600,536 \$	(885,363)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	23,784,653 \$		23,793,505 \$	(3,793,510)
School Special Revenue Fund:	=				
Revenue from local sources:					
Charges for services:					
Cafeteria sales	\$	12,000 \$	12,000 \$	6,573 \$	(5,427)
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	32,120 \$	473,306 \$	414,268 \$	(59,038)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	44,120 \$	485,306 \$	420,841 \$	(64,465)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenues from local governments:					
Contribution from County of Amelia	\$	75,660 \$	73,726 \$	73,726 \$	-
Total revenues from local governments	\$	75,660 \$	73,726 \$	73,726 \$	-

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
School Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
School food program grant	\$	12,059 \$	12,059 \$	30,474 \$	18,415
Textbook payments		131,514 \$	128,153 \$	127,281	(872)
Total categorical aid	\$	143,573 \$	140,212 \$	157,755 \$	17,543
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	143,573 \$	140,212 \$	157,755 \$	17,543
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
School food program grant	\$	1,052,535 \$	1,409,772 \$	1,051,709 \$	(358,063)
Commodities		-		67,683	67,683
Total categorical aid	\$	1,052,535 \$	1,409,772 \$	1,119,392 \$	(290,380)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,052,535 \$	1,409,772 \$	1,119,392 \$	(290,380)
Total School Special Revenue Fund	\$_	1,315,888 \$	2,109,016 \$	1,771,714 \$	(337,302)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	25,100,541 \$	29,696,031 \$	25,565,219 \$	(4,130,812)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:				
General government administration:				
Legislative:				
Board of supervisors	\$ 105,534 \$	155,534 \$	112,581 \$	42,953
General and financial administration:				
County administrator	\$ 260,710 \$	260,710 \$	348,596 \$	(87,886)
Reassessment	-	-	14,585	(14,585)
Legal services	97,526	97,526	97,527	(1)
Commissioner of revenue	313,505	317,155	306,570	10,585
Independent Auditor	61,500	61,500	61,500	-
Treasurer	398,398	402,175	398,804	3,371
Finance	199,522	199,522	192,185	7,337
Information technology	110,650	110,650	149,504	(38,854)
Other general and financial administration	219,183	219,183	298,853	(79,670)
Total general and financial administration	\$ 1,660,994 \$	1,668,421 \$	1,868,124 \$	(199,703)
Board of elections:				
Electoral board and officials	\$ 54,275 \$	54,275 \$	63,910 \$	(9,635)
Registrar	177,092	178,902	139,488	39,414
Total board of elections	\$ 231,367 \$	233,177 \$	203,398 \$	29,779
Total general government administration	\$ 1,997,895 \$	2,057,132 \$	2,184,103 \$	(126,971)
Judicial administration:				
Courts:				
Circuit court	\$ 10,000 \$	10,000 \$	9 <i>,</i> 873 \$	127
General district court	20,060	20,060	18,236	1,824
Special Magistrates	200	200	181	19
Sheriff - court services unit	19,774	19,774	9,937	9,837
Victim and witness assistance	78,061	78,061	71,575	6,486
Law library	4,378	4,378	3,710	668
Clerk of the circuit court	 376,109	454,216	509,557	(55,341)
Total courts	\$ 508,582 \$	586,689 \$	623,069 \$	(36,380)
Commonwealth's attorney:				
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 382,606 \$	395,661 \$	364,690 \$	30,971
Total judicial administration	\$ 891,188 \$	982,350 \$	987,759 \$	(5,409)
Public safety:				
Law enforcement and traffic control:				
Sheriff	\$ 4,452,620 \$	4,903,601 \$	4,328,776 \$	574,825
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 4,452,620 \$	4,903,601 \$	4,328,776 \$	574,825
Fire and rescue services:				
Fire department	\$ 1,826,271 \$	2,031,706 \$	1,947,747 \$	83 <i>,</i> 959
Ambulance and rescue services	 128,660	128,660	453,102	(324,442)
Total fire and rescue services	\$ 1,954,931 \$	2,160,366 \$	2,400,849 \$	(240,483)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Public safety: (Continued)					
Correction and detention:					
Payments to Regional Jail	\$	1,032,331 \$	1,032,331 \$	783,306 \$	249,025
Payments to Juvenile Detention Center		36,210	36,210	13,000	23,210
Outside monitored care	. —	7,600	7,600	14,006	(6,406)
Total correction and detention	\$	1,076,141 \$	1,076,141 \$	810,312 \$	265,829
Inspections:					
Building	\$	176,523 \$	176,523 \$	177,017 \$	(494)
Other protection:					
Animal control	\$	214,054 \$	214,054 \$	191,537 \$	22,517
Emergency services		258,974	258,974	267,842	(8,868)
Medical examiner		200	200	2,540	(2,340)
Total other protection	\$	473,228 \$	473,228 \$	461,919 \$	11,309
Total public safety	\$	8,133,443 \$	8,789,859 \$	8,178,873 \$	610,986
Public works:					
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:					
Streetlights	\$	6,000 \$	6,000 \$	3,440 \$	2,560
Sanitation and waste removal:					
Refuse disposal	\$	184,781 \$	184,781 \$	170,690 \$	14,091
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:					
General properties	\$	1,398,176 \$	1,398,176 \$	1,350,326 \$	47,850
Total public works	\$	1,588,957 \$	1,588,957 \$	1,524,456 \$	64,501
Health and welfare:					
Health: Supplement of local health department	\$	154,852 \$	154,852 \$	174,722 \$	(19,870)
suppement of local nearth department	Ŷ	Ţ		Ţ	(15,670)
Mental health and mental retardation:					
Crossroads	\$	29,965 \$	29,965 \$	37,456 \$	(7,491)
Welfare:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	2,272,614 \$	2,272,614 \$	1,911,013 \$	361,601
Area agency on aging		14,643	14,643	14,643	-
Children's services act		485,000	600,896	769,470	(168,574)
Social services board		1,618	1,618	1,299	319
Regional organizations	. —	58,712	58,712	36,700	22,012
Total welfare	\$	2,832,587 \$	2,948,483 \$	2,733,125 \$	215,358

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Education:					
Other instructional costs:					
Contributions to Community Colleges	\$	1,150 \$	1,150 \$	1,150 \$	-
Contribution to County School Board	-	7,043,957	7,043,957	6,008,536	1,035,421
Total education	\$_	7,045,107 \$	7,045,107 \$	6,009,686 \$	1,035,421
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks and recreation:					
Supervision of parks and recreation	\$_	588,775 \$	592,635 \$	522,390 \$	70,245
Library:					
Library administration	\$_	483,173 \$	512,183 \$	470,185 \$	41,998
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$_	1,071,948_\$	1,104,818 \$	992,575 \$	112,243
Community development:					
Planning and community development:					
Planning and zoning	\$	217,210 \$	217,210 \$	184,097 \$	33,113
Board of zoning appeals		100	100	-	100
Economic development	_	26,250	26,250	38,985	(12,735)
Total planning and community development	\$_	243,560 \$	243,560 \$	223,082 \$	20,478
Environmental management:					
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	12,900 \$	12,900 \$		-
Flood and erosion control		-	-	20	(20)
Total environmental management	\$_	12,900 \$	12,900 \$	12,920 \$	(20)
Cooperative extension program:					
Extension office	\$_	88,210 \$	88,210 \$	86,678 \$	1,532
Total community development	\$_	344,670 \$	344,670 \$	322,680 \$	21,990
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$	379,170 \$	379,170 \$		
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	109,816	109,816	99,515	10,301
Total debt service	\$_	488,986 \$	488,986 \$	478,685 \$	10,301
Total General Fund	\$_	24,579,598 \$	25,535,179 \$	23,624,120 \$	1,911,059

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Fund:					
County Capital Projects Fund:					
Capital projects:					
School projects	\$	8,100,000 \$	8,100,000 \$	467,287 \$	7,632,713
County capital projects		4,056,634	4,056,634	4,750,168	(693,534)
Total capital projects	\$	12,156,634 \$	12,156,634 \$	5,217,455 \$	6,939,179
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$	12,156,634 \$	12,156,634 \$	5,217,455 \$	6,939,179
Total Primary Government	\$	36,736,232 \$	37,691,813 \$	28,841,575 \$	8,850,238
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:					
Administration, health, and attendance	\$	2,664,295 \$	3,051,244 \$	1,999,211 \$	1,052,033
Instruction costs		17,174,316	18,728,894	15,552,194	3,176,700
Pupil transportation		1,876,232	1,938,320	1,919,018	19,302
Operation and maintenance of school plant	-	2,069,810	3,868,557	4,323,082	(454,525)
Total education	\$	23,784,653 \$	27,587,015 \$	23,793,505 \$	3,793,510
Total School Operating Fund	\$	23,784,653 \$	27,587,015 \$	23,793,505 \$	3,793,510
Special Revenue Funds: School Special Revenue Fund: Education:					
School food services	Ś	1,108,714 \$	1,398,268 \$	1,138,872 \$	259,396
School activity funds		-	-	424,939	(424,939)
Purchase of textbooks		207,174	643,065	193,128	449,937
Commodities	-		67,683	67,683	
Total School Special Revenue Fund	\$	1,315,888 \$	2,109,016 \$	1,824,622 \$	284,394
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	25,100,541 \$	29,696,031 \$	25,618,127 \$	4,077,904

Statistical Information

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Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	15,741,791	15,506,365	16,842,871	15,512,960	15,854,107	17,325,526	22,777,673	22,154,248	25,244,555	25,866,483
Sanitary District	791,653 \$	632,679	624,085	693,409	657,896	781,188	731,875	774,224	800,237	753,722
Interest on Long- Term Debt	220,003 \$	194,995	198,423	165,250	150,915	136,256	87,235	137,671	62,391	98,062
Community Development	444,668 \$	1,345,342	819,585	233,201	228,313	242,251	291,211	259,697	314,329	319,642
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	577,018 \$	611,931	609,538	652,166	763,750	653,553	820,524	1,001,528	912,689	1,143,136
Education	5,317,680 \$	5,662,665	5,719,068	5,173,199	4,937,793	5,355,122	8,351,069	7,711,213	7,473,423	6,769,523
Health and Welfare	1,642,741 \$	1,724,362	1,730,950	1,650,447	1,672,541	1,900,101	2,165,976	2,264,439	2,694,403	2,544,620
Public Works	1,201,005 \$	(331,120)	1,027,901	1,070,773	1,184,379	1,067,092	1,182,420	1,345,915	1,371,044	1,649,512
Public Safety	3,275,948 \$	3,231,655	3,405,773	3,367,969	3,755,251	4,435,159	5,615,584	5,988,704	7,425,680	9,013,354
Judicial Administration	752,482 \$	755,646	842,795	742,841	756,388	854,298	899,652	786,289	829,495	220,838
General Government Administration	1,518,593 \$	1,678,210	1,864,753	1,763,705	1,746,881	1,900,506	2,632,127	1,884,568	3,360,864	3,354,074
Fiscal (Year A	2015 \$	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

Virginia
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Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Grants and	
lecei	Ċ	Charges	Grants	Grants	General	Other	Unrestricted		Vontributions Not Restricted	
rıscai Year	Se	Tor Services	and Contributions	and Contributions	горепу Тахеs	госа Тахеs	Earnings	Miscellaneous	to specific Programs	Total
2014	Ş 1	1,661,511 \$	2,838,861 \$	103,938 \$	7,052,795 \$	1,567,240 \$	57,246 \$	238,788 \$	1,389,791 \$	14,910,170
2015	-	1,652,357	3,008,010	191,780	7,497,455	1,677,527	47,228	110,589	1,361,766	15,546,712
2016	. 1	2,936,985	3,023,800	234,084	7,956,608	1,699,701	59,212	202,108	1,350,044	17,462,542
2017	ч	4,351,835	3,086,136	13,626	8,384,347	1,799,598	96,222	177,977	1,352,298	19,262,039
2018		1,157,624	3,028,519		8,575,221	1,930,607	115,672	260,100	1,316,173	16,383,916
2019		1,565,994	3,150,575		8,912,161	1,980,398	148,979	255,514	1,440,014	17,453,635
2020	(7)	3,412,325	3,264,519	ı	9,368,372	2,171,747	156,900	296,699	1,743,486	20,414,048
2021	(7)	3,960,721	3,290,610		10,191,958	2,469,131	120,108	590,156	3,359,221	23,981,905
2022	(7)	3,833,323	3,596,151		11,134,279	2,694,108	74,433	369,927	1,317,371	23,019,592
20203	(7)	3,687,623	4,236,561		10,973,580	2,847,564	298,806	1,276,619	2,717,997	26,038,750
2023	(1)	3,668,064	4.340.006	1.794.079	12.186.089	2,859,602	724.102	1.393.464	1.284.067	28,249,473

						Parks,			
Judicial		Public	Public	Health and		Recreation,	Community	Debt	
Administration		Safety	Works	Welfare	Education (2)	and Cultural	Development	Service	Total
706,901 \$		3,153,371 \$	935,226 \$	1,798,811 \$	17,131,226 \$	567,652 \$	223,118 \$	554,937 \$	26,503,724
763,447		3,139,165	1,002,190	1,900,931	17,611,787	589,512	1,295,868	607,267	28,419,621
834,848		3,583,688	998,133	1,866,444	18,972,667	601,687	791,192	689,640	29,899,486
779,193		3,655,549	1,016,035	1,972,400	18,152,728	611,598	243,364	536,135	28,746,305
802,016		4,073,339	1,064,406	2,061,643	18,226,736	621,677	239,761	526,611	29,457,707
	•	4,283,081	1,053,875	2,182,272	18,470,449	627,408	244,798	517,012	30,231,722
860,533		5,851,115	1,121,985	2,391,689	21,753,368	737,511	300,343	517,012	36,540,188
785,938		5,696,235	1,171,604	2,609,034	22,294,578	810,965	263,124	497,186	36,109,431
818,171		6,770,450	1,400,232	3,099,557	25,170,347	817,111	315,844	488,287	42,040,988
987,759		8,178,873	1,524,456	2,945,303	25,618,127	992,575	322,680	478,685	43,232,561

Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
 Excludes Capital projects funds.

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1,3)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

County of Amelia, Virginia

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General Governmental Revenues by Source (1,3) Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Total	27,067,157	26,832,906	27,875,144	28,587,320	30,643,686	31,790,291	36,169,720	35,823,569	40,029,881	45,019,829			
			Inter-	governmental (2)	16,208,569 \$	16,275,329	16,885,239	16,872,602	17,896,334	18,066,239	20,624,568	20,171,385	22,426,419	26,218,704			
			Recovered	Costs	130,771 \$	125,121	123,971	218,596	277,798	449,168	302,849	288,249	368,174	354,063			
				Miscellaneous	459,292 \$	202,108	107,588	260,100	648,533	762,415	1,643,031	967,117	2,525,587	2,056,960			
		Charges	for	Services	664,087 \$	365,454	355,175	370,304	563,469	537,671	426,117	194,843	306,596	298,187			
Revenue	from the	Use of	Money and	Property	48,466 \$	57,932	92,763	107,827	137,886	145,995	119,055	72,760	259,119	662,672			
		Fines	and	Forfeitures	183,743 \$	134,292	151,839	130,925	81,469	56,746	58,694	69,486	139,836	112,588			
	Permits,	Privilege Fees,	Regulatory	Licenses	126,237 \$	129,241	136,636	179,026	169,966	167,423	189,142	311,185	232,691	239,999			
		Other P		Local			Taxes	1,677,527 \$	1,699,701	1,799,598	1,930,607	1,980,398	2,171,747	2,469,131	2,694,108	2,847,564	2,859,602
		General	Property	Taxes	7,568,465 \$	7,843,728	8,222,335	8,517,333	8,887,833	9,432,887	10,337,133	11,054,436	10,923,895	12,217,054			
			Fiscal	Year	2015 \$	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024			

Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
 Excludes Capital projects funds.

Table 4

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	7.75%	8.04%	8.30%	8.53%	8.58%	8.23%	7.46%	7.61%	8.00%	7.52%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	678,119	738,748	811,191	842,084	879,365	877,347	861,101	950,609	986,324	1,031,343
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	99.81% \$	98.72%	98.25%	100.30%	100.42%	98.85%	87.52%	86.75%	86.87%	87.23%
Total Tax Collections	8,732,396	9,071,907	9,601,466	9,905,949	10,286,033	10,542,883	10,101,653	10,835,428	10,703,493	11,955,497
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	263,113 \$	365,879	807,872	875,346	982,773	550,626	525,831	735,080	764,945	512,988
Percent of Levy Collected	96.80% \$	94.74%	89.98%	91.43%	90.82%	93.69%	82.96%	80.87%	80.66%	83.49%
Current Tax Collections (1)	8,469,283	8,706,028	8,793,594	9,030,603	9,303,260	9,992,257	9,575,822	10,100,348	9,938,548	11,442,509
Total Tax Levy (1)	8,749,109 \$	9,189,117	9,772,547	9,876,702	10,243,156	10,665,769	11,542,517	12,490,231	12,321,651	13,706,008
	Ŷ									
Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2023

Property Tax Levies and Collections

County of Amelia, Virginia

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Exclusive of penalties, interest and land redemptions.
 Includes three years of taxes.

Table 5

						Public Utility (2)	ity (2)	
Fiscal Year		Real Estate (1)	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Mobile Homes	Real Estate	Personal Property	Total
301 E	- -	2 COJ COV VIO P	עב בבז סבב ל		1 702 JEO ¢	ς τη του του για του του		1 1 2 0 1 1 7 0 0 E
CTU2	ሱ	¢ 20C,264,410,1	¢ 000'70c'c/	¢ C20,206,2	4,/35,2JU	40,233,022 Ş	¢ 056'07	L, 138, 127, 299
2016		1,022,222,257	78,539,493	3,862,375	4,832,600	41,166,610	90,867	1,150,714,202
2017		1,075,290,535	84,393,931	3,962,550	4,750,200	42,741,541	150,893	1,211,289,650
2018		1,074,586,500	89,446,739	4,892,200	4,669,500	50,025,114	111,356	1,223,731,409
2019		1,199,412,900	94,764,479	5,415,900	3,529,600	59,143,037	105,169	1,362,371,085
2020		1,218,808,000	99,488,272	6,391,875	3,545,600	59,027,952	120,418	1,387,382,117
2021		1,245,496,900	107,878,931	8,005,025	3,734,200	55,453,125	86,404	1,420,654,585
2022		1,265,944,700	126,391,542	13,578,875	3,775,900	47,370,249	68,050	1,457,129,316
2023		1,268,707,200	172,058,299	19,191,980	3,704,275	47,747,164	57,852	1,511,466,770
2024		1,763,364,400	166,533,021	21,958,831	3,789,325	57,848,668	122,780	2,013,617,025

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

County of Amelia, Virginia

Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.
 Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

County of Amelia, Virginia

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Mobile Homes	0.49	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.50	0.50	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.38
Machinery and Tools	1.00 \$	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Personal Property	4.15 \$	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.15	4.15	2.91	4.15
Real Estate	0.49 \$	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.47	0.48	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.38
	Ŷ									
Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

Virginia
Amelia,
of
County

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	320	294	267	239	212	184	132	121	70	64
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	0.36%	0.32%	0.28%	0.25%	0.20%	0.17%	0.12%	0.11%	0.06%	0.04%
Net Bonded Debt	4,064,444	3,726,591	3,384,571	3,038,167	2,687,148	2,331,273	1,673,928	1,603,928	924,720	854,720
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	4,064,444 \$	3,726,591	3,384,571	3,038,167	2,687,148	2,331,273	1,673,928	1,603,928	924,720	854,720
Assessed Value (2)	1,138,127,995 \$	1,150,714,202	1,211,289,650	1,223,731,409	1,362,371,085	1,387,382,117	1,420,654,585	1,457,129,316	1,511,466,770	2,013,617,025
Population (1)	12,690 \$	12,690	12,690	12,690	12,690	12,690	12,690	13,265	13,265	13,265
Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

(1) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service and United States Census Bureau. Census data updated every 10 years. (2) From Table 6.

Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences. (3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans.

Table 8

Compliance



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Amelia, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Amelia, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise County of Amelia, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item (2024-001) that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Amelia, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Amelia, Virginia's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County of Amelia, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Amelia, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no such opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Jarmen, Cox associatas

Charlottesville, Virginia January 22, 2025



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Amelia, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Amelia, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Amelia, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. County of Amelia, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County of Amelia, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County of Amelia, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Amelia, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County of Amelia, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County of Amelia, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County of Amelia, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County of Amelia, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance: (Continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Jarmen, Cox associatas

Charlottesville, Virginia January 22, 2025

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	E	Federal xpenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:				-
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	1110124	\$	205
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	1140124		2,794
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400124		120,113
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0950123		2,575
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee				
Administered Programs	93.566	0500124		530
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600424		27,287
CCDF Cluster:				
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and				
Development Fund	93.596	0760124		28,420
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900123		134
Foster care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100124		66,400
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120124		13,894
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000124		113,126
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition				
to Adulthood	93.674	9150123		1,252
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540124		2,394
Medicaid Cluster:				
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200124		215,184
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	594,308
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Emergency Management:				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMP-2022-EP-00006		7,460
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$	7,460
Department of Treasury:				
Direct Payments:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	\$	1,132,022
Pass Through Payments:			·	
Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	122373	\$	287,057
Department of Social Services:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	9122222		8,098
Total AL# 21.027			\$	295,155
Total Department of Treasury			\$	1,427,177
Department of Agriculture:				
Direct Payments:				
Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766	N/A	\$	375,000
Pass Through Payments:		,	·	,
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	APE40254	\$	751,477
School Breakfast Program	10.553	APE40253		321,114
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	APE60302/APE60303		41,743
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		,	\$	1,114,334
			ې	1,114,334

Page 2 of 2

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
Department of Agriculture: (Continued)				
Pass Through Payments: (Continued)				
Department of Education: (Continued)				
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	Unavailable	\$	1,802
COVID-19 Pandemic (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	Unavailable		3,256
Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental				
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010124/0040124	_	283,186
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	1,777,578
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	24-01262VW20	\$	43,711
Body Worn Camera Policy and Implementation	16.835	Unknown		20,749
Total Department of Justice			\$	64,460
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Highway Safety Cluster:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	BSC-23-53335 / BPT-2024-54226	\$	14,650
Total Department of Transportation			\$	14,650
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education Cluster:	84.010	APE42901	\$	371,889
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	APE43071		495,909
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	APE62521		14,681
Total Special Education Cluster			\$	510,590
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	APE61095	\$	38,264
School Safety National Archives	84.184	S184H220101		190,515
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	Unknown		7,380
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A220044		80,402
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant Program	84.424	APE60281		26,079
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D210008		119,459
COVID-19 - ARPA Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210008		1,255,958
Total AL# 84.425				1,375,417
Total Department of Education			\$	2,600,536
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	6,486,169

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of County of Amelia, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Amelia, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Amelia, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received or disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 2,826,757
Total primary government	\$ 2,826,757
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 2,600,536
School Special Revenue Fund	1,119,392
Total Component Unit School Board	\$ 3,719,928
Total federal expenditures per basic financial	
statements	\$ 6,546,685
Less: Federal interest rate subsidy not included in Schedule of	
Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ (60,516)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures	
of Federal Awards	\$ 6,486,169

Note 5 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note 6 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 7 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

County of Amelia, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements						
Type of auditors' report issued:			<u>!</u>	unmodif	ied	
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	-		yes	✓	no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	_	\checkmark	yes		none re	eported
Noncompliance material to financial statements n	oted?		yes	✓	no	
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weakness(es) identified?				yes	✓	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		-		yes	✓	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance						
for major programs:					<u>unmodified</u>	<u>I</u>
Any findings disclosed that are required to be						
reported in accordance with 2 CFR						
section 200.516(a)?		-		yes	✓	no
Identification of major programs:						
Assistance Listing Number(s)		Name	e of Feder	ral Progr	ram or Clust	ter
10.766		Comm	unity Fac	ilities Lo	ans and Gra	ants
21.027	COVID-19 -	- Corona	avirus Sta	ite and L	ocal Fiscal I	Recovery Funds
84.425		COVID-	19 - Educ	cation St	ablization F	und
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type	A					
and type B programs:			\$	5750,000)	

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

yes <u>√</u>no

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

2024-001 – Material Audit Adjustments Proposed by Auditor

Criteria:	County management is responsible for developing and maintaining an effective system of internal controls over financial closing and reporting that provides reasonable assurance for the reliability of the reported financial information. Identification of material adjustments to the financial statements not detected by the County's system of internal controls indicates that a material weakness may exist.
Condition:	The financial statements did not include necessary adjustments to ensure such statements were in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).
Cause:	The County did not have proper controls in place to detect and correct errors in the financial reporting process.
Effect:	There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the County's system of internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	We recommend the County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2024 and develop a plan to ensure the financial statements are materially correct in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
Management's Response:	The County of Amelia's Management has received and reviewed the Schedule of Findings provided by Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates and have developed a corrective action plan in response to those findings. A copy of our detailed plan has been made available to the County Board of Supervisors and the auditors.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS:

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

2023-001 – Material Audit Adjustments Proposed by Auditor

Condition:	The financial statements did not include necessary adjustments to ensure such statements were in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).
Recommendation:	We recommend the County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2023 and develop a plan to ensure the financial statements are materially correct in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
Current Status:	The County made considerable effort to improve from prior year audits and improvements were made. However, due to the volume and dollar amount of journal entries proposed as part of the FY2024 audit process, the audit finding is repeated for FY2024