

**FINANCIAL REPORT**

**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED**

**JUNE 30, 2025**

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

**FINANCIAL REPORT**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

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### Board of Supervisors

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Victor (Bill) Jenkins, Chair  
E. Harrison Jones, Vice-Chair

Pattie Cooper-Jones  
Llew W. Gilliam, Jr.  
Jerry R. Townsend

Odessa H. Pride  
J. David Emert  
Cannon Watson

### Board of Social Services

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Pamela Snead, Chair  
Theresa Clark, Ph.D., Vice-Chair

Pattie Cooper-Jones  
Karen Schinabeck  
Carol Stiff

### School Board

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Lucy Carson, Chair  
Susan Kimbrough, Vice-Chair

Dr. James Arieti  
Dr. Timothy W. Corbett, Sr.  
Doug Farley

Elzora G. Stiff  
James Tackett  
Cainan Townsend

### Other Officials

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Judge of Circuit Court  
Clerk of Circuit Court  
Judge of General District Court  
Judge of the Juvenile & Domestic Relations District Court  
Commonwealth's Attorney  
Commissioner of the Revenue  
Treasurer  
Sheriff  
Superintendent of Schools  
Director of Social Services  
County Administrator

Donald C. Blessing  
D. Lynnette Coe  
Jody H. Fariss  
Marvin H. Dunkum, Jr.  
Megan L. Clark  
Crystal Hensley  
Donna B. Nunnally  
L.A. "Tony" Epps  
Donald "Chip" Jones, Jr., Ed.D.  
Kimberley Allen  
Douglas P. Stanley

COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Financial Report  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

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**Independent Auditors' Report**

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**To the Honorable Members of  
Board of Supervisors  
County of Prince Edward, Virginia**

**Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Prince Edward, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Prince Edward's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Prince Edward, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Prince Edward, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

***Change in Accounting Principle***

As described in Note 23 to the financial statements, in 2025, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

***Restatement and Adjustment of Beginning Balances***

As described in Note 23 to the financial statements, in 2025, the County restated beginning balances to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Prince Edward, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### ***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Prince Edward, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Prince Edward, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Prince Edward, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### ***Other Information***

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2026, on our consideration of County of Prince Edward, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Prince Edward, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Prince Edward, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Robinson, Farmer, Cox, Associates*

Charlottesville, Virginia

January 8, 2026

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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### **To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of the County of Prince Edward, Virginia**

The management of the County of Prince Edward, Virginia, presents this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. We encourage you to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the accompanying auditor's opinion on internal controls, the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

### **Financial Highlights**

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County's Primary Government accounts exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$46,167,021 (total net position). This was an increase of \$8,829,459 or 23.65% compared to the restated ending amount of \$37,337,562 on June 30, 2024. \$23,830,171 of the net position is unrestricted and may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Governmental activities net position was \$47,930,203 of the County's total, an increase of \$6,824,070 or 16.60% in comparison with restated net position of \$41,106,133 at June 30, 2024. Cash and cash equivalents for the Governmental Activities increased from \$37,541,142 in FY24 to \$46,314,122 at the end of FY25.
- The School Board's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$210,906, an increase of \$1,346,449 when compared to the restated amount on June 30, 2024. \$13,611,958 of this amount reflects the School Board's net investment in capital assets. (\$14,280,999) of net assets are in unrestricted assets available to meet ongoing obligations. This is an increase of \$1,346,449 in the School Board's unrestricted net position for the fiscal year.
- In 2009, the County began operating its own utility system. The system consists of water and sewer lines and a sewer pump station purchased from the Town of Farmville. The County also started operating the landfill in 2018. Business-Type Activities net position was (\$1,763,182) which was an increase of \$2,005,389. Unrestricted net position of Business-Type Activities decreased \$80,720 during the year ending with a balance of (\$6,658,396) on June 30, 2025, compared to a balance of (\$6,577,676) on June 30, 2024.
- The combining long-term governmental obligations increased \$15,086,698 during the current fiscal year. Details of this increase can be found under the long-term debt section of the management discussion and analysis and in Note 7 of the report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues exceeded expenditures by \$7,134,608 (Exhibit 5) before Other Financing Sources (Uses) and after making direct contributions totaling \$5,559,431 to the School Board.

- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$45,475,471 which is an increase of \$7,134,608 or 18.61% in comparison with the prior fiscal year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$35,818,994 or 78.77% of total general fund expenditures excluding capital projects.

## Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. These financial statements are comprised of three (3) components:

1. Government-wide financial statements.
2. Fund financial statements.
3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other information to supplement the basic financial statements. Local governmental accounting and financial reporting originally focused on funds which were designed to enhance and demonstrate fiscal accountability. Now to be accompanied by government-wide financial statements, the objective of operational accountability will also be met. These objectives will provide the public with both justification from the government that public monies have been used to comply with the desires of the elected officials and whether operating objectives have been met efficiently and effectively and can continue to be met in the future.

**Government-wide financial statements** - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. Both the financial overview and accrual accounting factors are used in the reporting of private-sector business. Government-wide financial reporting consists of two statements: (1) The Statement of Net position and (2) The Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position (exhibit one) presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Net position is presented in three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (exhibit two) presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items which result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement is focused on the gross and net cost of various government functions which are supported by general tax and other revenues. The statement of activities presents expenses before revenues, emphasizing that in government revenues are generated for the express purpose of providing services to the public.

The Statement of Net Position and The Statement of Activities are both divided into two types of activities:

1. Governmental Activities – Most of the County's basic services are reported in this column to include: General Administration, Courts, Social Services, Economic Development, and Capital Projects. Governmental activities are supported primarily by taxes, state and federal grants.
2. Business-Type Activities – The County has three business-type activities: Water, Sewer, and Landfill. It is the intent of the County to recover all or a significant portion of the costs associated with providing these services through user fees and charges to customers receiving these services.
3. Component Unit – The County has two component units, the Prince Edward County Public Schools and the Industrial Development Authority. While the Component Units are legally separate entities, the County of Prince Edward is financially accountable for them. A primary government is accountable for an organization if the primary government appoints the majority of the organization's governing body. Financial information for the component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

## Overview of the Financial Statements: (Continued)

**Fund financial statements** - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of these funds can be placed in either of three (3) categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – A *governmental fund* is used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting while governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Thus, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating the County's ability to satisfy near-term financing requirements. Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, reconciliation between the two methods is provided in exhibits 4 and 6, respectively. By comparing the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions.

The County has three funds considered major governmental funds - the *General Fund, Landfill Construction Fund, and School Debt Service Fund*. In addition, the County has one fund considered non-major – the *Recreation Fund*. Information on these funds is contained in exhibits eleven and fourteen through seventeen. This data is then displayed in the governmental fund balance sheet (exhibit 3) and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance (exhibit 5).

**Proprietary funds** – *Proprietary funds* consist of enterprise funds which are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the public. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private businesses. The County has two proprietary funds (Water and Sewer) at this time.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Water and Sewer Funds are presented on the statements as major funds (Exhibits 7 – 9). Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business. The intent of the governing body is to finance these services primarily through user charges and fees.

**Fiduciary funds** – *Fiduciary funds* account for assets held by the government as a trustee or agent for another organization. The County is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements since the funds are not available to support County activities. Information on these funds is contained in exhibits eighteen and nineteen.

**Notes to the financial statements** - Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information** - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required information supplements including budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

## Government-wide Financial Analysis

As stated earlier in this discussion, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a County's financial position over time. For the County in FY2025, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$46,167,021 at the close of the fiscal year as presented in the Table below. This was an increase of \$8,829,459 or 23% over the FY2024 restated ending amount of \$37,337,562.

### County of Prince Edward, Virginia

#### Schedule of Assets Liabilities and Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Current and other assets	\$ 62,238,746	\$ 52,496,687	\$ 103,163	\$ 90,034	\$ 62,341,909	\$ 52,586,721
Capital assets	33,591,150	19,060,836	7,028,401	5,383,994	40,619,551	24,444,830
Total assets	\$ 95,829,896	\$ 71,557,523	\$ 7,131,564	\$ 5,474,028	\$ 102,961,460	\$ 77,031,551
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,039,614	\$ 1,003,695	\$ 94,625	\$ 47,926	\$ 2,134,239	\$ 1,051,621
Current liabilities	\$ 6,477,835	\$ 3,504,054	\$ 42,090	\$ 171,436	\$ 6,519,925	\$ 3,675,490
Long-term liabilities outstanding	34,168,104	18,034,377	8,907,593	9,079,367	43,075,697	27,113,744
Total liabilities	\$ 40,645,939	\$ 21,538,431	\$ 8,949,683	\$ 9,250,803	\$ 49,595,622	\$ 30,789,234
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 9,293,368	\$ 9,381,155	\$ 39,688	\$ 23,035	\$ 9,333,056	\$ 9,404,190
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 17,318,234	\$ 2,787,920	\$ 4,895,214	\$ 2,903,077	\$ 22,213,448	\$ 5,690,997
Restricted	123,402	135,207	-	-	123,402	135,207
Unrestricted	30,488,567	38,718,505	(6,658,396)	(6,654,961)	23,830,171	32,063,544
Total net position	\$ 47,930,203	\$ 41,641,632	\$ (1,763,182)	\$ (3,751,884)	\$ 46,167,021	\$ 37,889,748

At the end of FY2025, the County's net investment in capital assets is \$2,563,403. These capital assets are used to deliver services to County residents and business; and accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the important and needed investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay such debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The County had restricted net position at the end of the fiscal year of \$123,402 for the use of Community Development Authority and forfeited assets. The remaining balance of net position in the amount of \$45,243,398 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations. While the unrestricted net position amount is \$45,243,398, Prince Edward County has more than \$46 million in cash and cash equivalents that are unrestricted and are available to meet current obligations. The difference between the two amounts is due to the inclusion of capital assets and long-term liabilities in the net position amount.

**Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)**

**Governmental Activities** - Governmental activities increased Prince Edward County's net position by \$6,824,070. The key elements of this increase are found in exhibit 2 and 6 and the table below. Revenues increased from the previous year by \$462,141 and expenses increased \$1,626,025. The net effect was an increase in net position of \$6,824,070.

**County of Prince Edward, Virginia**

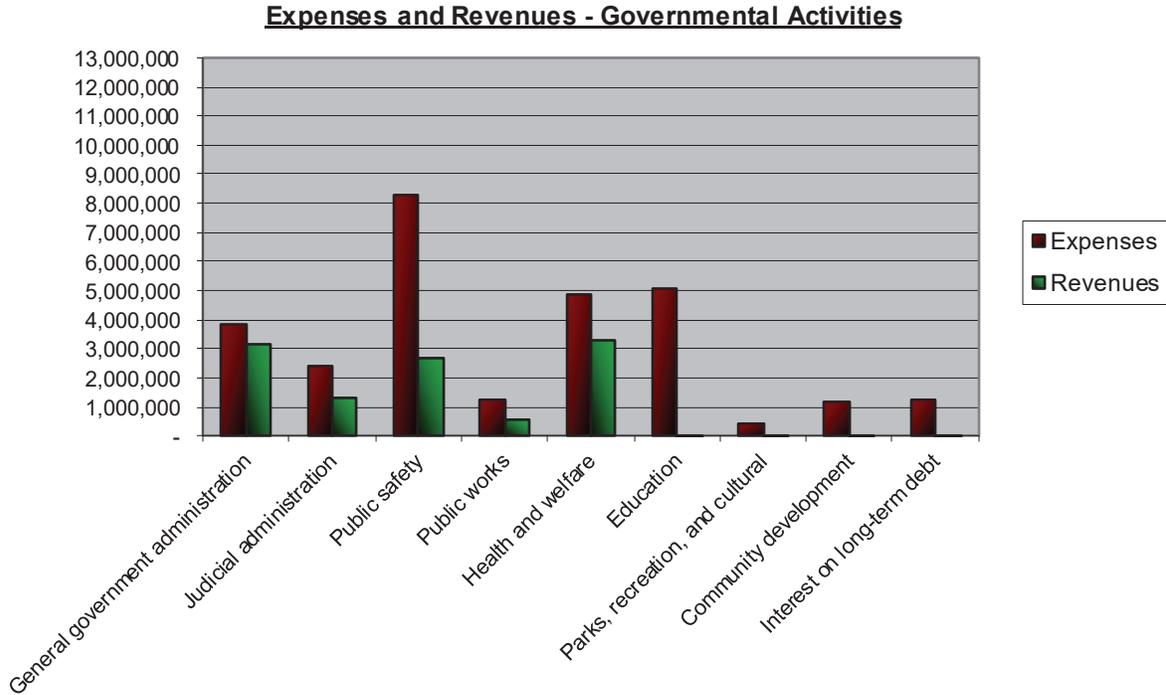
**Changes in Net Position  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024**

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		<b>Business-type Activities</b>		<b>Total</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 2,575,333	\$ 2,460,634	\$ 679,725	\$ 688,114	\$ 3,255,058	\$ 3,148,748
Operating grants and contributions	8,401,374	8,053,711	-	-	8,401,374	8,053,711
General revenues:						
General property taxes	18,461,581	18,532,668	-	-	18,461,581	18,532,668
Other local taxes	5,554,045	5,365,881	-	-	5,554,045	5,365,881
Commonwealth non-categorical aid	1,635,000	2,225,287	-	-	1,635,000	2,225,287
Other general revenues	2,637,915	2,164,926	183	-	2,638,098	2,164,926
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ 39,265,248</b>	<b>\$ 38,803,107</b>	<b>\$ 679,908</b>	<b>\$ 688,114</b>	<b>\$ 39,945,156</b>	<b>\$ 39,491,221</b>
Expenses:						
General government administration	\$ 3,856,223	\$ 3,930,180	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,856,223	\$ 3,930,180
Judicial administration	2,376,069	2,284,805	-	-	2,376,069	2,284,805
Public safety	8,307,572	8,131,179	-	-	8,307,572	8,131,179
Public works	1,245,627	1,237,470	-	-	1,245,627	1,237,470
Health and welfare	4,884,862	4,402,147	-	-	4,884,862	4,402,147
Education	5,061,842	8,144,675	-	-	5,061,842	8,144,675
Parks, recreation, and cultural	445,170	404,866	-	-	445,170	404,866
Community development	1,186,342	1,484,028	-	-	1,186,342	1,484,028
Interest on long-term debt	1,251,284	221,666	-	-	1,251,284	221,666
Water fund	-	-	112,414	157,653	112,414	157,653
Sewer fund	-	-	44,488	43,723	44,488	43,723
Landfill fund	-	-	2,343,804	2,313,693	2,343,804	2,313,693
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>\$ 28,614,991</b>	<b>\$ 30,241,016</b>	<b>\$ 2,500,706</b>	<b>\$ 2,515,069</b>	<b>\$ 31,115,697</b>	<b>\$ 32,756,085</b>
Transfers	\$ (3,826,187)	\$ (1,833,091)	\$ 3,826,187	\$ 1,833,091	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Increase (decrease) in net position</b>	<b>\$ 6,824,070</b>	<b>\$ 6,729,000</b>	<b>\$ 2,005,389</b>	<b>\$ 6,136</b>	<b>\$ 8,829,459</b>	<b>\$ 6,735,136</b>
Net position - beginning, as restated	41,106,133	34,912,632	(3,768,571)	(3,758,020)	37,337,562	31,154,612
<b>Net position - ending</b>	<b>\$ 47,930,203</b>	<b>\$ 41,641,632</b>	<b>\$ (1,763,182)</b>	<b>\$ (3,751,884)</b>	<b>\$ 46,167,021</b>	<b>\$ 37,889,748</b>

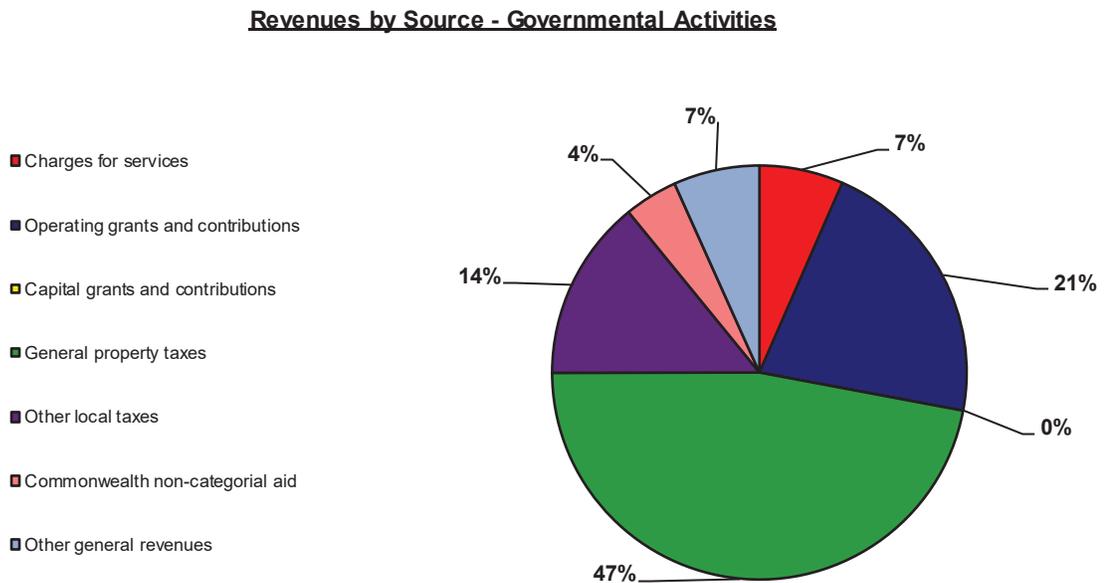
Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$39,265,248 with general property taxes (47%), operating grants and contributions (11%), and other local taxes (14%) comprising 72% of the County's revenues. Expenses for education (18%), health and welfare (17%), and public safety (29%) account for 54% of total governmental expenses of \$28,614,991.

**Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)**

The chart below compares the revenues and expenses by program for governmental activities. In every category expenses outpace the revenues generated. This is common throughout the Commonwealth because most of the programs are not able to generate revenue. For those programs that can generate revenue (Recreation, Building Inspections etc.) the County has traditionally followed a policy of maintaining associated charges at a minimal level and funding the expenses from other revenue sources.



The Chart below portrays the Sources of Revenue for the Governmental Activities of the County.



## Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds** - The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances at the end of the fiscal year can be used to measure net resources available for expenditure. Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$45,475,471, an increase of \$7,134,608 when compared to the prior year. Approximately 79 percent (\$35,818,994) of the combined governmental fund balance is unassigned. The remaining 21% (\$9,656,477) of the combined fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to show it is not available for spending because it has been committed for future capital projects or debt service. Cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$46,881,037 comprise 103% of the fund balance of the Governmental Funds. For the fiscal year cash and cash equivalents increased \$9,526,111 or 26%.

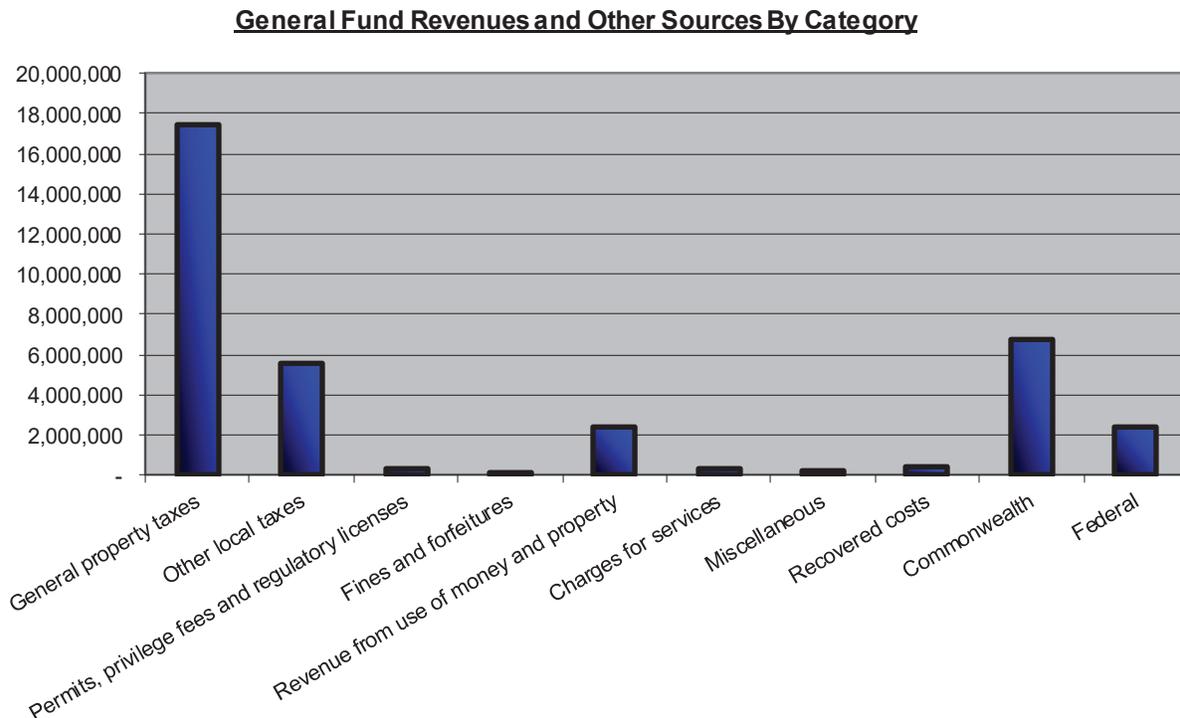
The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. The General Fund reports a fund balance at June 30, 2025 of \$35,818,994. This is an increase from the prior year of \$7,771,382.

The Landfill Construction Fund is used to pay expenses associated with the opening and closing of landfill cells. On June 30, 2025 the Landfill Construction Fund had a fund balance of \$2,991,372, a decrease of \$992,858. This decrease was the result of a transfer out of the fund.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 137% of General Fund expenditures excluding capital projects. Total fund balance represents approximately the same percentage due to the minimal amount of reserved fund balance reported.

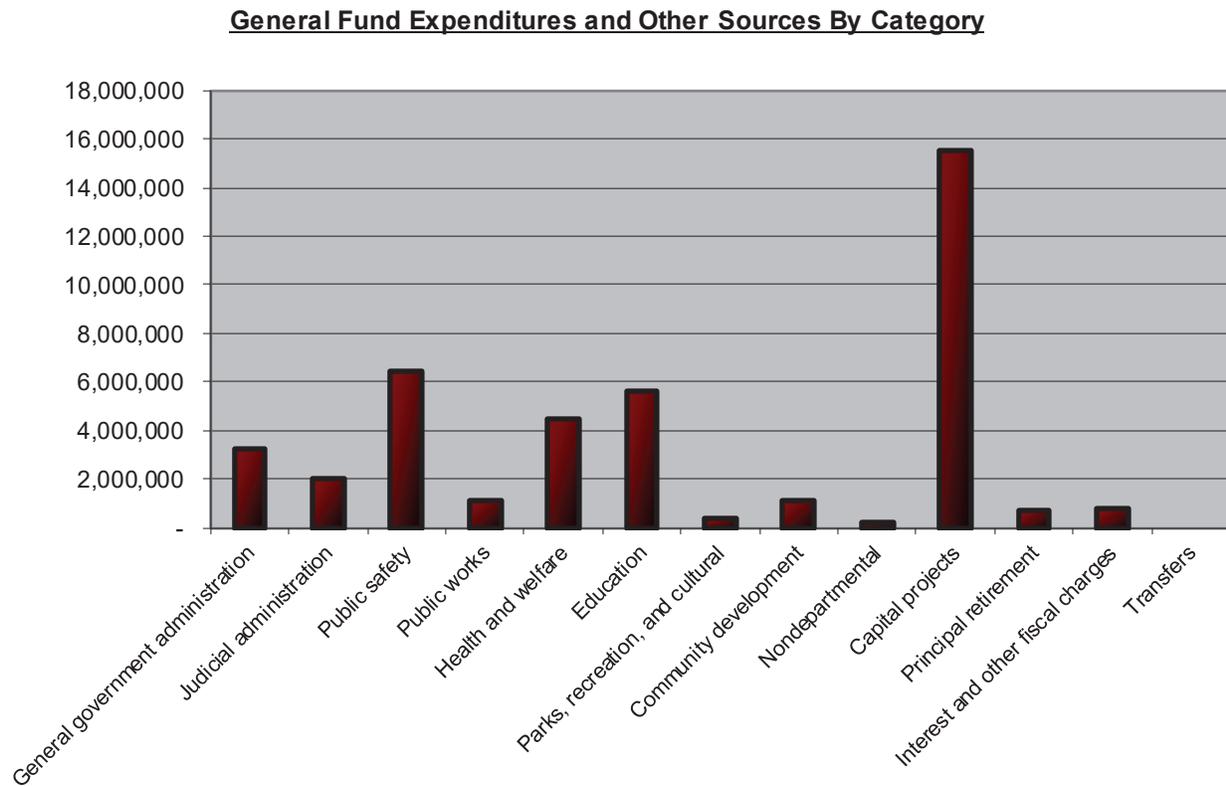
### General Fund Revenues and Other Sources by Category

The following graph depicts General Fund revenues and other sources by categories. Total revenues and other sources are \$53,730,251.



## General Fund Expenditures and Other Sources by Category

The graph below displays General Fund expenditures and other uses by category. Total expenditures and uses are \$41,552,505 including transfers out of the fund of \$4,359,586.



## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final amended General Fund budget saw revenues increased by \$972,080 over the original budgeted amount. The final expenditure budget reflected an increase of \$3,040,998 when compared to the original budget. The revenue increases (decreases) were as follows:

- \$ 290,589 in local revenues from miscellaneous
- \$ 611,581 in intergovernmental revenues from the Commonwealth of Virginia
- \$ 38,143 in intergovernmental revenues from the Federal government

The Expenditure amendments were as follows:

- \$ 163,753 increase in General administration
- \$ 52,232 increase in Judicial administration
- \$ 658,835 increase in Public safety
- \$ 15,728 increase in Public works
- \$ 50,235 increase in Health and welfare
- \$ 650,890 increase in Community development
- \$ 1,565,224 increase in Capital projects

The increase in Public Safety and Capital Projects accounted for the majority of the increase in the budgeted expenditures.

**Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets – The County’s investment in capital assets for its governmental and enterprise operations as of June 30, 2025, is \$40,619,551 (net of accumulated depreciation) as listed below. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

**County of Prince Edward, Virginia  
Capital Assets  
June 30, 2025 and 2024**

	<b>Governmental</b>		<b>Business-type</b>		<b>Total</b>	
	<b>Activities</b>		<b>Activities</b>			
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Land	\$ 1,276,554	\$ 1,276,554	\$ 244,000	\$ 244,000	\$ 1,520,554	\$ 1,520,554
Buildings	11,823,210	12,327,098	-	-	11,823,210	12,327,098
Improvements other than buildings	2,719,725	2,872,970	3,122,652	1,185,872	5,842,377	4,058,842
Equipment	1,960,192	1,968,951	609,155	774,186	2,569,347	2,743,137
Utility plant in service	-	-	3,022,514	3,118,436	3,022,514	3,118,436
Construction in progress	15,811,469	615,263	30,080	61,500	15,841,549	676,763
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 33,591,150</u>	<u>\$ 19,060,836</u>	<u>\$ 7,028,401</u>	<u>\$ 5,383,994</u>	<u>\$ 40,619,551</u>	<u>\$ 24,444,830</u>

Additional information on Prince Edward County’s capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-term debt – At the close of FY2025, Prince Edward County had total outstanding obligations of \$43,075,697. Of this amount, \$31,027,047 comprises note payable and bonds payable of the County. The remainder of the County’s debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources, i.e., revenue bonds, retirement note obligation, compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB obligation.

During the fiscal year the County’s long-term obligations increased by \$16,133,727.

Additional information on the Prince Edward County’s long-term obligations can be found in Note 7 of this report.

**Economic Factors Influencing FY2025 Budgets and Tax Rates**

One of the highest priorities of the Board of Supervisors is to maintain the lowest possible tax rates while providing a high quality of life for our citizens. The County remains focused on expanding its tax base and creating jobs through collaboration with community partners to strengthen, enlarge, and diversify our economy.

In October 2021, the Board of Supervisors approved the County’s first 5-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The plan includes 14 projects totaling \$55,186,214 of proposed investment. Projects range from the renovation of the Prince Edward County Elementary School, upgrades to County’s Convenience Sites, the replacement of the chiller at the Courthouse, and the upgrade of the public safety radio communications system. In 2023, the County completed a number of projects including the Rice Convenience Site renovation. In addition, Moseley Architects completed the design of the Elementary School renovations and the plans were put out to bid in Fall 2024. A contract was awarded to English Construction in October 2024, and the project is expected to be completed in Spring 2027. In 2025, the County will complete renovation of the Worsham Convenience Site (Project #3 on the updated CIP) and continue development of a replacement Animal Shelter (Project #1).

**Economic Factors Influencing FY2025 Budgets and Tax Rates: (Continued)**

Construction and home improvements show moderate increases in the County and continued steady growth is anticipated. Economic development is expected to generate additional tax revenues to offset expenditures stemming from growing service demands. Both of these factors will assist in mitigating tax increases that could create additional burdens on our citizens.

Population growth has been relatively flat since the 2010 Census, which showed the County’s population at 21,849. This reflects a decrease of 1,519 people (6.5%). Staff believes the smaller student bodies at Hampden-Sydney College and Longwood University, and the potential that students were undercounted, accounts for much of the drop. Given that the census count was taken in the spring of 2020 during the middle of the COVID-19 pandemic, many students had left campus. This is particularly true given the increase in new home construction over the decade.

The County’s unemployment rate in August 2025 was 5.7%, slightly higher than the 5.6% in August 2024. This local rate was also significantly higher than the unemployment rate of 4.3% for Virginia and the national average of 4.3%. This provides an indication that Prince Edward County is not faring as well as peer localities in the Commonwealth and the Nation. Overall, employment in 2025 reached 10,274, up significantly from 9,813 recorded in 2024 which shows an improving job market.

Longwood University and Hampden Sydney College have a tremendous and sustainable impact on the Prince Edward County economy. This impact is realized through the creation of jobs, as well as, student spending in the local community. The following is a breakdown of college enrollment and employment over the past five years:

	Longwood			Hampden-Sydney		
	Enrollment	Employment		Enrollment	Employment	
		Full-Time	Part-Time		Full-Time	Part-Time
<b>2017-2018</b>	5,080	798	158	1,046	-	-
<b>2018-2019</b>	4,917	806	175	1,072	-	-
<b>2019-2020</b>	4,493	792	152	993	-	-
<b>2020-2021</b>	4,773	753	133	881	-	-
<b>2021-2022</b>	4,611	709	132	851	299	24
<b>2022-2023</b>	4,358	690	149	851	307	36
<b>2023-2024</b>	4,467	696	152	876	312	43
<b>2024-2025</b>	4,613	706	154	946	319	65
<b>2025-2026</b>	5,024	703	159	924	339	67

Increasing the industrial/commercial tax base remains a priority for the County. To that end, the County purchased, is developing and is marketing a 280+ acre data center site. The site, the Heartland Innovative Technology Park, is located just northeast of the Town of Farmville. The County is working with Dominion Energy and Mid-Atlantic Broadband Communities Corporation to market to industry representatives. In 2022, the Governor announced a grant award of \$640,000 to cover the engineering costs for water and sewer improvements for the site, and in May of 2023, the County received a grant award of \$530,100 from the Tobacco Commission for additional infrastructure improvements. These are significant steps forward in our efforts to improve the marketability, and will help us advance the path to raising the site to Tier 4 status. The County continues to seek grants to help fund infrastructure improvements to get water and sewer to the site.

**Economic Factors Influencing FY2025 Budgets and Tax Rates: (Continued)**

In September 2023, the County completed a 0.28-mile industrial access road project off Commerce Road (Route 628) to open up additional land in the Prince Edward County Business Park. The road was necessary to gain access to 100+ acres of land within the Business Park that were previously landlocked. Construction included 1,500 feet of roadway built to state standards for acceptance into the VDOT road system. The project also included the extension municipal water. Costing \$2.8 million, the project was funded through a combination of grants from the VDOT Industrial Access program, the Tobacco Commission, and County contributions.

Residential building permit activity continued to remain strong over the past year. The following table shows total new home and mobile home starts for that period:

	<u>County</u>			<u>Town</u>					<u>Total County/Town</u>		
	<u>One &amp; Two Family Dwellings</u>		<u>Mobile Homes</u>	<u>Subtotal</u>	<u>Single Family</u>		<u>Duplex</u>	<u>Multi Family</u>		<u>Mobile Homes</u>	
<b>2016</b>	37	31	68	35	0	3	0	38	106		
<b>2017</b>	24	26	50	62	8	1	0	71	121		
<b>2018</b>	33	27	60	50	8	1	0	59	119		
<b>2019</b>	38	21	59	12	3	0	11	26	85		
<b>2020</b>	45	49	94	18	1	4	2	25	119		
<b>2021</b>	49	29	78	14	1	9	15	39	117		
<b>2022</b>	45	32	77	7	0	0	17	24	101		
<b>2023</b>	46	26	72	5	1	0	3	9	81		
<b>2024</b>	49	24	73	4	1	0	0	5	78		
<b>2025</b>	28	14	42	20	1	10	1	32	74		

In summary, the Prince Edward County economy remained strong and vibrant through the COVID-19 Pandemic, in large part due to the stability provided by Longwood University and Hampden-Sydney College, as well as its three State Parks, Green Front Furniture and its 900,000+ SF of shopping opportunities, and Centra Southside Community Hospital.

The County continues to market itself and invest in economic development opportunities to grow the tax base and provide job opportunities for its citizens. In 2025, the County began to see this investment pay off with the completion of a new Wawa, Harbor Freight, Flagstop Car Wash, and 5 Pillars Meats processing facility that opened in 2025. The County also continues to market the Prince Edward Business Park, with the completion of the new access road which opened up 100+ acres for development. The County continues to see significant interest in the Heartland Innovative Technology (HIT) Park, which was placed under contract with AVAIO in the first quarter of 2025. AVAIO announced up to \$5 billion in investment in the site, pending confirmation of power availability from Dominion Energy.

## **Basic Financial Statements**

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

Statement of Net Position  
June 30, 2025

	Primary Government			Component Unit	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board	Industrial Development Authority
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,813,793	\$ -	\$ 46,813,793	\$ 3,301,588	\$ 1,486,634
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes receivable	10,130,514	-	10,130,514	-	-
Accounts receivable	488,462	103,163	591,625	-	-
Loan receivable	-	-	-	-	198,637
Leases receivable	879,127	-	879,127	-	-
Due from primary government	-	-	-	920,121	-
Due from component unit	2,481,898	-	2,481,898	-	-
Due from other governmental units	1,394,119	-	1,394,119	954,127	-
Prepaid items	50,833	-	50,833	212,969	-
Net pension asset	-	-	-	458,135	-
Industrial assets	-	-	-	-	2,247,385
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Land	1,276,554	244,000	1,520,554	99,952	-
Buildings and improvements	11,823,210	-	11,823,210	6,933,724	-
Improvements other than buildings	2,719,725	3,122,652	5,842,377	141,127	-
Equipment	1,960,192	609,155	2,569,347	4,438,792	-
Utility plant in service	-	3,022,514	3,022,514	-	-
Construction in progress	15,811,469	30,080	15,841,549	1,998,363	-
Total assets	\$ 95,829,896	\$ 7,131,564	\$ 102,961,460	\$ 19,458,898	\$ 3,932,656
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>					
Pension related items	\$ 1,626,616	\$ 86,793	\$ 1,713,409	\$ 3,668,777	\$ -
OPEB related items	184,270	7,832	192,102	430,684	-
Deferred amount on bond refunding	228,728	-	228,728	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,039,614	\$ 94,625	\$ 2,134,239	\$ 4,099,461	\$ -
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,589,066	\$ 22,328	\$ 2,611,394	\$ 1,320,923	\$ -
Retainage payable	-	-	-	569,308	-
Accrued interest payable	447,850	19,762	467,612	-	-
Due to other governmental units	920,121	-	920,121	-	-
Due to primary government	-	-	-	2,481,898	-
Unearned revenue	2,520,798	-	2,520,798	587,187	-
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	1,653,050	368,856	2,021,906	162,770	-
Due in more than one year	32,515,054	8,538,737	41,053,791	14,384,878	-
Total liabilities	\$ 40,645,939	\$ 8,949,683	\$ 49,595,622	\$ 19,506,964	\$ -
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>					
Pension related items	\$ 862,933	\$ 37,480	\$ 900,413	\$ 2,990,227	\$ -
OPEB related items	146,293	2,208	148,501	1,221,574	-
Deferred revenue - property taxes	7,456,436	-	7,456,436	-	-
Lease related items	827,706	-	827,706	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 9,293,368	\$ 39,688	\$ 9,333,056	\$ 4,211,801	\$ -
<b>NET POSITION</b>					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,563,403	\$ 4,895,214	\$ 7,458,617	\$ 13,611,958	\$ -
Restricted:					
Pension asset	-	-	-	458,135	-
Community Development Authority	88,508	-	88,508	-	-
Forfeited assets	34,894	-	34,894	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	45,243,398	(6,658,396)	38,585,002	(14,230,499)	3,932,656
Total net position	\$ 47,930,203	\$ (1,763,182)	\$ 46,167,021	\$ (160,406)	\$ 3,932,656

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
<b>PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:</b>				
Governmental activities:				
General government administration	\$ 3,856,223	\$ 1,668,547	\$ 1,446,371	\$ -
Judicial administration	2,376,069	207,296	1,077,441	-
Public safety	8,307,572	164,401	2,521,370	-
Public works	1,245,627	535,089	27,054	-
Health and welfare	4,884,862	-	3,319,661	-
Education	5,061,842	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	445,170	-	-	-
Community development	1,186,342	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	1,251,284	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	\$ 28,614,991	\$ 2,575,333	\$ 8,391,897	\$ -
Business-type activities:				
Water	\$ 112,414	\$ 1,271	\$ -	\$ -
Sewer	44,488	2,386	-	-
Landfill	2,343,804	676,068	-	-
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,500,706	\$ 679,725	\$ -	\$ -
Total primary government	\$ 31,115,697	\$ 3,255,058	\$ 8,391,897	\$ -
<b>COMPONENT UNITS:</b>				
School Board	\$ 31,140,708	\$ 355,971	\$ 26,744,099	\$ -
Industrial Development Authority	261,671	-	251,700	-
Total component units	\$ 31,402,379	\$ 355,971	\$ 26,995,799	\$ -

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Functions/Programs	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
	Primary Government			Component Unit	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board	Industrial Development Authority
<b>PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:</b>					
Governmental activities:					
General government administration	\$ (741,305)	\$ -	\$ (741,305)	\$ -	\$ -
Judicial administration	(1,091,332)	-	(1,091,332)	-	-
Public safety	(5,621,801)	-	(5,621,801)	-	-
Public works	(683,484)	-	(683,484)	-	-
Health and welfare	(1,565,201)	-	(1,565,201)	-	-
Education	(5,061,842)	-	(5,061,842)	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	(445,170)	-	(445,170)	-	-
Community development	(1,186,342)	-	(1,186,342)	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	(1,251,284)	-	(1,251,284)	-	-
Total governmental activities	\$ (17,647,761)	\$ -	\$ (17,647,761)	\$ -	\$ -
Business-type activities:					
Water	\$ -	\$ (111,143)	\$ (111,143)	\$ -	\$ -
Sewer	-	(42,102)	(42,102)	-	-
Landfill	-	(1,667,736)	(1,667,736)	-	-
Total business-type activities	\$ -	\$ (1,820,981)	\$ (1,820,981)	\$ -	\$ -
Total primary government	\$ (17,647,761)	\$ (1,820,981)	\$ (19,468,742)	\$ -	\$ -
<b>COMPONENT UNITS:</b>					
School Board	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,040,638)	\$ -
Industrial Development Authority	-	-	-	-	\$ (9,971)
Total component units	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,040,638)	\$ (9,971)
General revenues:					
General property taxes	\$ 18,461,581	\$ -	\$ 18,461,581	\$ -	\$ -
Other local taxes:					
Local sales and use taxes	4,181,859	-	4,181,859	-	-
Consumers' utility taxes	311,570	-	311,570	-	-
Motor vehicle licenses	550,085	-	550,085	-	-
Taxes on recordation and wills	227,250	-	227,250	-	-
Other local taxes	283,281	-	283,281	-	-
Unrestricted revenues from use of money	2,409,536	-	2,409,536	76,112	266,314
Miscellaneous	228,379	183	228,562	304,493	54,639
Contributions from the County of Prince Edward, Virginia	-	-	-	5,056,982	22,787
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	1,644,477	-	1,644,477	-	-
Transfers	(3,826,187)	3,826,187	-	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers	\$ 24,471,831	\$ 3,826,370	\$ 28,298,201	\$ 5,437,587	\$ 343,740
Change in net position	\$ 6,824,070	\$ 2,005,389	\$ 8,829,459	\$ 1,396,949	\$ 333,769
Net position (deficit), beginning of year, as previously reported	\$ 41,641,632	\$ (3,751,884)	\$ 37,889,748	\$ (102,095)	\$ 3,598,887
Restatements	(535,499)	(16,687)	(552,186)	(1,455,260)	-
Net position (deficit), beginning of year, as restated	\$ 41,106,133	\$ (3,768,571)	\$ 37,337,562	\$ (1,557,355)	\$ 3,598,887
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 47,930,203	\$ (1,763,182)	\$ 46,167,021	\$ (160,406)	\$ 3,932,656

## **Fund Financial Statements**

Balance Sheet  
 Governmental Funds  
 June 30, 2025

	General	Special Projects	Landfill Construction	County ARPA Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
<b>ASSETS</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,736,713	\$ 4,657,711	\$ 2,920,146	\$ 2,253,359	\$ 1,313,108	\$ 46,881,037
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable	10,130,514	-	-	-	-	10,130,514
Accounts receivable	417,236	-	71,226	-	-	488,462
Leases receivable	879,127	-	-	-	-	879,127
Due from component unit	2,481,898	-	-	-	-	2,481,898
Due from other governmental units	1,394,119	-	-	-	-	1,394,119
Prepaid items	50,833	-	-	-	-	50,833
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 51,090,440</b>	<b>\$ 4,657,711</b>	<b>\$ 2,991,372</b>	<b>\$ 2,253,359</b>	<b>\$ 1,313,108</b>	<b>\$ 62,305,990</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>						
Accounts payable	\$ 2,383,388	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,235	\$ 2,390,623
Accrued liabilities	152,542	-	-	-	-	152,542
Due to component unit	920,121	-	-	-	-	920,121
Unearned revenues	267,439	-	-	2,253,359	-	2,520,798
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 3,723,490</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 2,253,359</b>	<b>\$ 7,235</b>	<b>\$ 5,984,084</b>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$ 10,018,729	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,018,729
Lease related items	827,706	-	-	-	-	827,706
<b>Total deferred inflows of resources</b>	<b>\$ 10,846,435</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 10,846,435</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	\$ 50,833	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,833
Restricted:						
Community Development Authority	88,508	-	-	-	-	88,508
Forfeited assets	34,894	-	-	-	-	34,894
Committed:						
Economic Development	527,286	-	-	-	-	527,286
Special projects	-	4,657,711	-	-	-	4,657,711
Assigned:						
Landfill construction	-	-	2,991,372	-	-	2,991,372
Recreation capital projects	-	-	-	-	9,877	9,877
Special revenue	-	-	-	-	1,295,996	1,295,996
Unassigned	35,818,994	-	-	-	-	35,818,994
<b>Total fund balances</b>	<b>\$ 36,520,515</b>	<b>\$ 4,657,711</b>	<b>\$ 2,991,372</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,305,873</b>	<b>\$ 45,475,471</b>
<b>Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances</b>	<b>\$ 51,090,440</b>	<b>\$ 4,657,711</b>	<b>\$ 2,991,372</b>	<b>\$ 2,253,359</b>	<b>\$ 1,313,108</b>	<b>\$ 62,305,990</b>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds  
 To the Statement of Net Position  
 June 30, 2024

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$	45,475,471
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Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets, cost	\$ 46,393,679	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(12,802,529)</u>	33,591,150

Internal services funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health and dental insurance benefits to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. The internal service fund net position is:		(113,145)
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Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Unavailable property taxes		2,562,293
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Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Pension related items	\$ 1,626,616	
OPEB related items	184,270	
Deferred amount on bond refunding	<u>228,728</u>	2,039,614

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Bonds and loans payable, including premium on bonds	\$ (31,027,747)	
Accrued interest payable	(447,850)	
Compensated absences	(1,224,348)	
Net pension liability	(1,072,374)	
Net OPEB liabilities	<u>(843,635)</u>	(34,615,954)

Deferred inflows of resources are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Pension related items	\$ (862,933)	
OPEB related items	<u>(146,293)</u>	<u>(1,009,226)</u>

Net position of governmental activities	\$	<u><u>47,930,203</u></u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances  
 Governmental Funds  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General	Special Projects	Landfill Construction Fund	County ARPA Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
<b>REVENUES</b>						
General property taxes	\$ 17,488,061	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	365,078	\$ 17,853,139
Other local taxes	5,554,045	-	-	-	-	5,554,045
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	378,430	-	-	-	-	378,430
Fines and forfeitures	77,615	-	-	-	-	77,615
Revenue from the use of money and property	2,370,255	-	130,034	-	5,640	2,505,929
Charges for services	287,721	-	535,089	-	20,911	843,721
Miscellaneous	228,379	-	-	-	-	228,379
Recovered costs	381,152	-	-	-	-	381,152
Intergovernmental:						
Local government - component unit school board	1,616,701	-	-	-	-	1,616,701
Commonwealth	6,735,304	-	-	-	816,072	7,551,376
Federal	2,359,251	-	-	125,747	-	2,484,998
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ 37,476,914</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 665,123</b>	<b>\$ 125,747</b>	<b>\$ 1,207,701</b>	<b>\$ 39,475,485</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>						
Current:						
General government administration	\$ 3,199,327	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 3,299,327
Judicial administration	2,047,917	-	-	-	-	2,047,917
Public safety	6,423,697	-	-	-	1,085,808	7,509,505
Public works	1,136,782	-	-	-	-	1,136,782
Health and welfare	4,446,179	-	-	-	-	4,446,179
Education	7,189,781	-	-	-	-	7,189,781
Parks, recreation, and cultural	412,554	-	-	-	-	412,554
Community development	1,096,067	-	-	-	-	1,096,067
Nondepartmental	192,841	-	-	-	-	192,841
Capital projects	15,503,513	-	-	-	-	15,503,513
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	1,124,470	-	-	-	32,023	1,156,493
Interest and other fiscal charges	396,078	-	-	-	3,977	400,055
<b>Total expenditures</b>	<b>\$ 43,169,206</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 100,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,121,808</b>	<b>\$ 44,391,014</b>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (5,692,292)	\$ -	\$ 665,123	\$ 25,747	\$ 85,893	\$ (4,915,529)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>						
Transfers in	\$ 1,993,714	\$ 1,985,185	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,978,899
Transfers out	(4,359,586)	(1,761,772)	(1,657,981)	(25,747)	-	(7,805,086)
Issuance of general obligation bonds	14,795,000	-	-	-	-	14,795,000
Premium on refunding bonds	1,081,324	-	-	-	-	1,081,324
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	<b>\$ 13,510,452</b>	<b>\$ 223,413</b>	<b>\$ (1,657,981)</b>	<b>\$ (25,747)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 12,050,137</b>
Net change in fund balances	\$ 7,818,160	\$ 223,413	\$ (992,858)	\$ -	\$ 85,893	\$ 7,134,608
Fund balances - beginning	28,702,355	4,434,298	3,984,230	-	1,219,980	38,340,863
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 36,520,515</u>	<u>\$ 4,657,711</u>	<u>\$ 2,991,372</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,305,873</u>	<u>\$ 45,475,471</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues,  
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds  
To the Statement of Activities  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	7,134,608	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital asset additions	\$	15,711,799	
Net transfer of joint tenancy assets		68,625	
Depreciation expense		<u>(1,245,248)</u>	14,535,176
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			
			(4,862)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Unavailable property tax revenue			608,442
The issuance of long-term notes receivable consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the receipt of repayment of the principal of long-term notes receivable provides current financial resources to governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term notes receivable.			
			(96,393)
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of health and dental insurance benefits to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.			
			(266,203)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.			
Issuance of long-term debt including premiums	\$	(15,911,324)	
Principal payments and premium amortization		<u>1,156,493</u>	(14,754,831)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	\$	(362,490)	
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences		(80,685)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred amount on refunding		(46,126)	
Pension expense		129,371	
OPEB expense		<u>28,063</u>	(331,867)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$		<u><u>6,824,070</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Net Position  
 Proprietary Funds  
 June 30, 2025

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Landfill	Total	Activities Internal Service Fund
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts receivables	-	-	103,163	103,163	-
Total current assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,163	\$ 103,163	\$ -
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land	\$ -	\$ -	244,000	244,000	\$ -
Utility plant in service	3,689,018	1,241,000	4,555,017	9,485,035	-
Machinery and equipment	-	-	2,030,509	2,030,509	-
Accumulated depreciation	(927,427)	(397,120)	(3,436,676)	(4,761,223)	-
Construction in progress	-	-	30,080	30,080	-
Total capital assets	\$ 2,761,591	\$ 843,880	\$ 3,422,930	\$ 7,028,401	\$ -
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 2,761,591	\$ 843,880	\$ 3,422,930	\$ 7,028,401	\$ -
Total assets	\$ 2,761,591	\$ 843,880	\$ 3,526,093	\$ 7,131,564	\$ -
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>					
Pension related items	\$ -	\$ -	86,793	86,793	\$ -
OPEB related items	-	-	7,832	7,832	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,625	\$ 94,625	\$ -
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
Current liabilities:					
Reconciled overdraft	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	67,244
Accounts payable	689	399	21,240	22,328	45,901
Accrued interest payable	14,391	5,371	-	19,762	-
Compensated absences - current portion	-	-	4,621	4,621	-
Bonds payable - current portion	199,022	74,273	90,940	364,235	-
Total current liabilities	\$ 214,102	\$ 80,043	\$ 116,801	\$ 410,946	\$ 113,145
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$ 1,184,596	\$ 440,358	\$ 143,998	\$ 1,768,952	\$ -
Landfill closure liability	-	-	6,614,404	6,614,404	-
Net pension liability	-	-	47,566	47,566	-
Net OPEB liability	-	-	66,231	66,231	-
Compensated absences - net of current portion	-	-	41,584	41,584	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 1,184,596	\$ 440,358	\$ 6,913,783	\$ 8,538,737	\$ -
Total liabilities	\$ 1,398,698	\$ 520,401	\$ 7,030,584	\$ 8,949,683	\$ 113,145
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>					
Pension related items	\$ -	\$ -	37,480	37,480	\$ -
OPEB related items	-	-	2,208	2,208	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,688	\$ 39,688	\$ -
<b>NET POSITION</b>					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,377,973	\$ 329,249	\$ 3,187,992	\$ 4,895,214	\$ -
Unrestricted	(15,080)	(5,770)	(6,637,546)	(6,658,396)	(113,145)
Total net position	\$ 1,362,893	\$ 323,479	\$ (3,449,554)	\$ (1,763,182)	\$ (113,145)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position  
 Proprietary Funds  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Landfill	Total	Internal Service Fund
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>					
Charges for services:					
Water revenues	\$ 1,271	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,271	\$ -
Sewer revenues	-	2,386	-	2,386	-
Landfill revenues	-	-	676,068	676,068	-
Insurance premiums	-	-	-	-	1,275,567
Miscellaneous	-	-	183	183	-
Total operating revenues	\$ 1,271	\$ 2,386	\$ 676,251	\$ 679,908	\$ 1,275,567
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>					
Supplies	\$ 2,179	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,179	\$ -
Repairs and maintenance	-	2,920	-	2,920	-
Utilities	-	1,194	-	1,194	-
Insurance	796	796	-	1,592	1,541,770
Collections	-	-	753,773	753,773	-
Landfill operations	-	-	997,590	997,590	-
Depreciation	69,902	24,820	573,513	668,235	-
Total operating expenses	\$ 72,877	\$ 29,730	\$ 2,324,876	\$ 2,427,483	\$ 1,541,770
Operating income (loss)	\$ (71,606)	\$ (27,344)	\$ (1,648,625)	\$ (1,747,575)	\$ (266,203)
Interest expense	\$ (39,537)	\$ (14,758)	\$ (18,928)	\$ (73,223)	\$ -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ (39,537)	\$ (14,758)	\$ (18,928)	\$ (73,223)	\$ -
Income before transfers	\$ (111,143)	\$ (42,102)	\$ (1,667,553)	\$ (1,820,798)	\$ (266,203)
Transfers in	\$ 814,353	\$ 88,558	\$ 3,076,276	\$ 3,979,187	\$ -
Transfers out	-	-	(153,000)	(153,000)	-
Change in net position	\$ 703,210	\$ 46,456	\$ 1,255,723	\$ 2,005,389	\$ (266,203)
Total net position - beginning, original	659,683	277,023	(4,688,590)	(3,751,884)	153,058
Restatement	-	-	(16,687)	(16,687)	-
Total net position - beginning, as restated	659,683	277,023	(4,705,277)	(3,768,571)	153,058
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,362,893	\$ 323,479	\$ (3,449,554)	\$ (1,763,182)	\$ (113,145)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows  
 Proprietary Funds  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Landfill	Total	Internal Service Fund
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,271	\$ 2,386	\$ 663,122	\$ 666,779	\$ 1,275,567
Payments to suppliers	(2,353)	(4,542)	(1,891,876)	(1,898,771)	(1,461,783)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (1,082)	\$ (2,156)	\$ (1,228,754)	\$ (1,231,992)	\$ (186,216)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Advances from other funds	\$ 814,353	\$ 88,558	\$ 2,923,276	\$ 3,826,187	\$ -
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$ 814,353	\$ 88,558	\$ 2,923,276	\$ 3,826,187	\$ -
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Additions to capital assets	\$ (581,757)	\$ -	\$ (1,730,885)	\$ (2,312,642)	\$ -
Principal payments on bonds	(189,804)	(70,833)	(87,093)	(347,730)	-
Additions to landfill closure liability	-	-	142,384	142,384	-
Interest payments	(41,710)	(15,569)	(18,928)	(76,207)	-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$ (813,271)	\$ (86,402)	\$ (1,694,522)	\$ (2,594,195)	\$ -
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (186,216)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	-	-	-	-	186,216
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:</b>					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (71,606)	\$ (27,344)	\$ (1,648,625)	\$ (1,747,575)	\$ (266,203)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation	\$ 69,902	\$ 24,820	\$ 573,513	\$ 668,235	\$ -
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	-	-	(13,129)	(13,129)	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - pension	-	-	(47,687)	(47,687)	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - OPEB	-	-	988	988	-
Increase (decrease) in overdraft	-	-	(87,209)	(87,209)	67,244
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	622	368	(40,143)	(39,153)	12,743
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	-	-	(7,465)	(7,465)	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pension	-	-	26,276	26,276	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - OPEB	-	-	(9,623)	(9,623)	-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	-	-	25,640	25,640	-
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	-	-	(1,290)	(1,290)	-
Total adjustments	\$ 70,524	\$ 25,188	\$ 419,871	\$ 515,583	\$ 79,987
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (1,082)	\$ (2,156)	\$ (1,228,754)	\$ (1,231,992)	\$ (186,216)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

### Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2025

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#### **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

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##### Financial Statement Presentation

Management’s Discussion and Analysis – The financial statements are accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government’s financial activities in the form of “management’s discussion and analysis” (MD&A).

##### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government’s activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense-the cost of “using up” capital assets-in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government’s functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

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Budgetary comparison schedules - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget, final budget, and actual results.

#### **A. Financial Reporting Entity**

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for general purpose financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organizations governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Prince Edward, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

#### **B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures**

Blended Component Units - The County has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the combined financial statements include the financial data of the County's component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The Prince Edward County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are elected by the citizens of the County of Prince Edward, Virginia. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools, since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The Prince Edward County School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Prince Edward County Industrial Development Authority was created as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of Prince Edward County on October 21, 1971 pursuant to the provisions of the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act (Chapter 33, Section 15.2-4900), et. seq., of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended. The Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds; acquire, own, lease and dispose of properties to the end that such activities may promote industry and develop trade inducing enterprise to locate and remain in Virginia. The Authority is governed by seven directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Prince Edward County. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County. Complete financial statements of the Authority may be obtained at the Authority's administrative office.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

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#### **C. Jointly Governed Organizations**

The County, in conjunction with other localities, has created the Central Virginia Regional Library, the Piedmont Regional Jail, the Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center, and Crossroads Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$316,118 to the regional library, \$114,245 to the juvenile detention center, and \$100,000 to the Crossroads Community Services Board.

#### **D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues; (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, postemployment benefits, and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

**Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

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**D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)**

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues are used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

b. Special Revenue Fund

The Piedmont Court Services Fund is considered a nonmajor fund. The EMS District Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the EMS tax district. The EMS District Fund is considered a nonmajor fund. The ARPA fund is considered a major fund and it accounts for revenues and expenditure related to federal ARPA Grant Funds.

c. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Landfill Construction Fund is considered a major fund. The Recreation Fund is considered a nonmajor fund.

d. Special Projects Fund

The Special Projects Fund is considered a major fund. The fund accounts for and reports restricted projects of the County.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

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#### **D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)**

##### 2. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds)

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Custodial Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Proprietary Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

##### 3. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds account for activities similar to those found in the private business sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

##### Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the County is that the cost of providing services to the general public be financed or recovered through user charges. Currently the County's Water, Sewer and Landfill Funds are accounted for as enterprise funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees and facility fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### **E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:**

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

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#### **E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting: (Continued)**

4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or category level. The total appropriation can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments and between County departments (excluding the Constitutional Officers); however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Recreation Fund, Landfill Construction Fund, Piedmont Court Service Fund and the Water Sewer and Landfill Funds of the primary government and the School Operating Fund, School Cafeteria Fund and School Capital Projects Fund of the School Board.
6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all county units.
8. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements includes the original and legally amended budgets at June 30. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year end because they were not included in the original budget.
9. Excess of expenditures over appropriations: None at the Fund level, although expenditures in certain functions exceeded appropriations.

#### **F. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of reporting cash flows for proprietary-type funds, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The County maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Interest is distributed monthly based on average monthly balances. The majority of funds in the County's accounts are invested at all times.

#### **G. Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balance between funds are reported as "advance to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$626,613 at June 30, 2025 and is comprised solely of property taxes. Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

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**H. Capital Assets**

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For infrastructure asset the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of two years), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$50,000 are reported as capital assets.

As the County and Component Unit School Board constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets), the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset’s capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Structures, lines & accessories	50
Utility plant in service	50
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20-40
Equipment	5

**I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. It is also comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

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#### **I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources: (Continued)**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup> and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup> and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, opioid settlement and and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

#### **J. Compensated Absences**

Vested or accumulated vacation leave are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the statement of net position. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

#### **K. Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financials statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **L. Fund Balance**

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

**Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

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**L. Fund Balance: (Continued)**

- Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance – amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by formal Board action. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment, which does not lapse at year end, is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

**M. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

**N. Restricted Assets**

The County has no restricted assets as of June 30, 2025.

**Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

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**O. Net Position**

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

**P. Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Q. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

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#### R. Leases

The County leases various assets requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases.

##### *Lessor*

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

##### Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The Authority will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

### Note 2—Deposits and Investments:

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#### Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 2—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)**

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**Investments**

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, “prime quality” commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor’s; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker’s acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer’s Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The County has no formal investment policy addressing the various risks related to investments.

**Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

The County’s rated debt investments as of June 30, 2025 were rated by Standard & Poor’s and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor’s rating scale.

<b>County's Rated Debt Investments Values</b>	
<b><u>Rated Debt Investments</u></b>	<b><u>Fair Quality Ratings</u></b>
	<b><u>AAAm</u></b>
Virginia Investment Pool - Stable NAV Liquidity Pool	\$ <u>5,244,733</u>
Total	\$ <u><u>5,244,733</u></u>

**Redemption Restrictions**

The County has the option to have access to withdrawal funds twice a month, with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

**Fair Value Measurements**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above VML/VACO Investment Pool investment at the net asset value (NAV).

**Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government’s investment in a single issuer. If certain investments in any one issuer represent 5% of total investments, there must be a disclosure for the amount and issuer. At June 30, 2025, there is no portion of the County’s portfolio, that exceeds 5% of the total portfolio. At present the County does not have a policy related to custodial credit risk.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 2—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)**

**Interest Rate Risk**

The County does not have a policy related to interest rate risk.

**County's Debt Investments Values**

<b>Debt Investments</b>	<b>Balance</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2025</b>	<b>Less than 1 year</b>
Virginia Investment Pool - Stable NAV Liquidity Pool	\$ 5,244,733	\$ 5,244,733
Total	\$ 5,244,733	\$ 5,244,733

**Note 3—Due From Other Governmental Units:**

Amounts due from other governments are detailed as follows:

	<b>Primary Government</b>	<b>Component Unit School Board</b>
Commonwealth of Virginia		
State sales taxes	\$ -	\$ 720,405
Local sales tax	694,992	-
Communication tax	32,237	-
Shared expenses	227,293	-
Social services funds	75,098	-
Comprehensive services	233,763	-
Other	13,631	-
Federal Government:		
School funds	-	233,722
Social services funds	115,180	-
	1,925	-
	\$ 1,394,119	\$ 954,127

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 4—Capital Assets:**

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2025</u>
<b>Primary Government:</b>				
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,276,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,276,554
Construction in progress	615,263	16,167,903	971,697	15,811,469
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>\$ 1,891,817</u>	<u>\$ 16,167,903</u>	<u>\$ 971,697</u>	<u>\$ 17,088,023</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 20,484,571	\$ 111,665	\$ -	\$ 20,596,236
Improvements other than buildings	3,531,867	-	-	3,531,867
Equipment	4,755,303	472,553	50,304	5,177,552
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 28,771,741</u>	<u>\$ 584,218</u>	<u>\$ 50,304</u>	<u>\$ 29,305,655</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 8,157,473	\$ 615,553	\$ -	\$ 8,773,026
Improvements other than buildings	658,897	153,245	-	812,142
Equipment	2,786,352	476,450	45,442	3,217,360
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 11,602,722</u>	<u>\$ 1,245,248</u>	<u>\$ 45,442</u>	<u>\$ 12,802,528</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 17,169,019</u>	<u>\$ (661,030)</u>	<u>\$ 4,862</u>	<u>\$ 16,503,127</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 19,060,836</u>	<u>\$ 15,506,873</u>	<u>\$ 976,559</u>	<u>\$ 33,591,150</u>
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 244,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 244,000
Construction in progress	61,500	1,684,986	1,716,406	30,080
Totals	<u>\$ 305,500</u>	<u>\$ 1,684,986</u>	<u>\$ 1,716,406</u>	<u>\$ 274,080</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,984,609	\$ 45,900	\$ -	\$ 2,030,509
Improvements other than buildings	2,838,612	2,298,162	-	5,136,774
Utility plant in service	4,348,261	-	-	4,348,261
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 9,171,482</u>	<u>\$ 2,344,062</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,515,544</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,210,424	\$ 210,930	\$ -	\$ 1,421,354
Improvements other than buildings	1,652,739	361,383	-	2,014,122
Utility plant in service	1,229,825	95,922	-	1,325,747
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 4,092,988</u>	<u>\$ 668,235</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,761,223</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 5,078,494</u>	<u>\$ 1,675,827</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,754,321</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,383,994</u>	<u>\$ 3,360,813</u>	<u>\$ 1,716,406</u>	<u>\$ 7,028,401</u>

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 4—Capital Assets: (Continued)**

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2025</u>
<b>Component Unit-School Board:</b>				
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 99,952	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,952
Construction in progress	<u>1,616,792</u>	<u>381,571</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,998,363</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 1,716,744</u>	<u>\$ 381,571</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,098,315</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 25,463,518	\$ 155,851	\$ 90,000	\$ 25,529,369
Improvements other than buildings	441,592	-	-	441,592
Equipment	<u>8,221,493</u>	<u>1,197,916</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,419,409</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 34,126,603</u>	<u>\$ 1,353,767</u>	<u>\$ 90,000</u>	<u>\$ 35,390,370</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 18,101,797	\$ 515,223	\$ 21,375	\$ 18,595,645
Improvements other than buildings	290,440	10,025	-	300,465
Equipment	<u>3,820,194</u>	<u>1,160,423</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,980,617</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 22,212,431</u>	<u>\$ 1,685,671</u>	<u>\$ 21,375</u>	<u>\$ 23,876,727</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 11,914,172</u>	<u>\$ (331,904)</u>	<u>\$ 68,625</u>	<u>\$ 11,513,643</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 13,630,916</u>	<u>\$ 49,667</u>	<u>\$ 68,625</u>	<u>\$ 13,611,958</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Primary Government	
Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 595,384
Judicial administration	179,550
Public safety	267,241
Public works	37,784
Health and Welfare	162,789
Community development	<u>2,500</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,245,248</u>
Business type activities	<u>\$ 668,235</u>
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 1,913,483</u>
Component Unit-School Board	<u>\$ 1,685,671</u>

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### Note 5—Pension Plan:

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#### *Plan Description*

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

#### *Benefit Structures*

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 – April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equal 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

***Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier***

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee’s average final compensation multiplied by the employee’s total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee’s 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.7% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee’s 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee’s 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

***Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits***

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

***Employees Covered by Benefit Terms***

As of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	<b>Primary Government</b>	<b>Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional</b>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	111	39
Inactive members:		
Vested inactive members	28	7
Non-vested inactive members	48	11
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	93	8
Total inactive members	169	26
Active members	125	29
Total covered employees	405	94

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

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#### ***Contributions***

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025 was 10.14% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$713,906 and \$604,344 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2025 was 3.46% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$30,916 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively.

The defined contributions component of the Hybrid plan includes member and employer mandatory and voluntary contributions. The Hybrid plan member must contribute a mandatory rate of 1% of their covered payroll. The employer must also contribute a mandatory rate of 1% of this covered payroll, which totaled \$31,895 and \$1,843 for the County and School Board, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2025. Hybrid plan members may also elect to contribute an additional voluntary rate of up to 4% of their covered payroll; which would require the employer a mandatory additional contribution rate of up to 2.5%. This additional employer mandatory contribution totaled \$127,632 and \$7,465 for the County and School Board, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2025. The total Hybrid plan participant covered payroll totaled \$3,189,478 and \$184,322 for the County and School Board, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2025.

#### ***Net Pension Liability (Asset)***

The net pension liability (asset) (NPA) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2024. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension assets were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

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***Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees***

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County’s and Component Unit School Board’s (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% – 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

**Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits**

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County’s Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% – 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

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**Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)**

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

***Long-Term Expected Rate of Return***

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<b>Asset Class (Strategy)</b>	<b>Long-Term Target Asset Allocation</b>	<b>Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</b>	<b>Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*</b>
Public Equity	32.00%	6.70%	2.14%
Fixed Income	16.00%	5.40%	0.86%
Credit Strategies	16.00%	8.10%	1.30%
Real Assets	15.00%	7.20%	1.08%
Private Equity	15.00%	8.70%	1.31%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	1.00%	8.00%	0.08%
Diversifying Strategies	6.00%	5.80%	0.35%
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.06%
Leverage	-3.00%	3.50%	-0.11%
Total	100.00%		7.07%
		**Expected arithmetic nominal return	7.07%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.07% (includes 2.50% inflation assumption). However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.10%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

\*\*On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the employer contribution rate was 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuations. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2024 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)**

	<b>Primary Government</b>		
	<b>Increase (Decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total Pension Liability (a)</b>	<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)</b>	<b>Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)</b>
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 29,603,244	\$ 29,211,029	\$ 392,215
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 772,529	\$ -	\$ 772,529
Interest	1,990,265	-	1,990,265
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,672,279	-	1,672,279
Contributions - employer	-	604,345	(604,345)
Contributions - employee	-	311,700	(311,700)
Net investment income	-	2,809,892	(2,809,892)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,780,744)	(1,780,744)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(19,149)	19,149
Other changes	-	560	(560)
Net changes	\$ 2,654,329	\$ 1,926,604	\$ 727,725
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 32,257,573	\$ 31,137,633	\$ 1,119,940

COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

	<b>Component School Board (nonprofessional)</b>		
	<b>Increase (Decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total Pension Liability (a)</b>	<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)</b>	<b>Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)</b>
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 4,417,710	\$ 4,852,469	\$ (434,759)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 73,403	\$ -	\$ 73,403
Interest	296,410	-	296,410
Differences between expected and actual experience	111,518	-	111,518
Contributions - employer	-	-	-
Contributions - employee	-	42,062	(42,062)
Net investment income	-	465,763	(465,763)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(199,709)	(199,709)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(3,209)	3,209
Other changes	-	91	(91)
Net changes	\$ 281,622	\$ 304,998	\$ (23,376)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 4,699,332	\$ 5,157,467	\$ (458,135)

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

The following presents the net pension liability of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	<b>Rate</b>		
	<b>1% Decrease</b>	<b>Current Discount</b>	<b>1% Increase</b>
	<b>(5.75%)</b>	<b>(6.75%)</b>	<b>(7.75%)</b>
County's			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,885,108	\$ 1,119,940	\$ (1,995,549)
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional)			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 8,290	\$ (458,135)	\$ (858,519)

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

***Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$588,765 and \$41,525, respectively. At June 30, 2025, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 997,973	\$ 74,372	\$ 50,244	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	824,511	-	138,108
Proportionate share	1,530	1,530	-	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	713,906	-	30,916	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,713,409</b>	<b>\$ 900,413</b>	<b>\$ 81,160</b>	<b>\$ 138,108</b>

\$713,906 and \$30,916 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County’s and Component Unit School Board’s (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2026	\$ (122,257)	\$ (72,470)
2027	554,111	39,447
2028	(159,173)	(26,110)
2029	(173,591)	(28,731)
Thereafter	-	-

***Pension Plan Data***

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2024 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2024-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System’s Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

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#### **Component Unit School Board (professional)**

##### ***Plan Description***

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

##### ***Contributions***

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025 was 14.21% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$1,594,713 and \$1,867,470 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively.

The defined contributions component of the Hybrid plan includes member and employer mandatory and voluntary contributions. The Hybrid plan member must contribute a mandatory rate of 1% of their covered payroll. The employer must also contribute a mandatory rate of 1% of this covered payroll, which totaled \$51,583 for the year ended June 30, 2025. Hybrid plan members may also elect to contribute an additional voluntary rate of up to 4% of their covered payroll; which would require the employer a mandatory additional contribution rate of up to 2.5%. This additional employer mandatory contribution totaled \$209,409 for the year ended June 30, 2025. The total Hybrid plan participant covered payroll totaled \$5,158,341 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

##### ***Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

At June 30, 2025, the school division reported a liability of \$10,393,214 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2024 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2024 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2024, the school division's proportion was .11072% as compared to .11344% at June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the school division recognized pension expense of \$276,809. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expenses calculation.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

**Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)**

***Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)***

At June 30, 2025, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,803,076	\$ 214,004
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,430,632
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,177	1,207,483
Changes in assumptions	188,651	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,594,713</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,587,617</u>	<u>\$ 2,852,119</u>

\$1,594,713 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division’s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30</u>	
2026	\$ (1,206,579)
2027	502,826
2028	8,100
2029	(163,562)
2030	-

***Actuarial Assumptions***

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

**Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)**

***Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)***

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% – 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

**Mortality rates:**

**Pre-Retirement:**

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

**Post-Retirement:**

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

**Post-Disablement:**

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

**Beneficiaries and Survivors:**

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

**Mortality Improvement:**

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

**Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)**

**Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system’s total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system’s fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2024, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		<u>Teacher Employee Retirement Plan</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$	60,622,260
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		51,235,326
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	<u>9,386,934</u>
 Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		 84.52%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System’s actuary, and each plan’s fiduciary net position is reported in the System’s financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System’s notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

***Sensitivity of the School Division’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate***

The following presents the school division’s proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	<u>Rate</u>		
	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
	<u>(5.75%)</u>	<u>(6.75%)</u>	<u>(7.75%)</u>
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 19,308,554	\$ 10,393,214	\$ 3,091,834

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 5—Pension Plan: (Continued)**

***Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position***

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan’s Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2024 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2024-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System’s Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

**Primary Government and Component Unit School Board**

***Aggregate Pension Information***

	<b>VRS Pension Plans</b>			
	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows</b>	<b>Net Pension Liability (Asset)</b>	<b>Pension Expense</b>
<b>Primary Government</b>				
Primary Government	\$ 1,713,409	\$ 900,413	\$ 1,119,940	\$ 588,765
Totals	<u>\$ 1,713,409</u>	<u>\$ 900,413</u>	<u>\$ 1,119,940</u>	<u>\$ 588,765</u>
<b>Component Unit School Board</b>				
School Board Nonprofessional	\$ 81,160	\$ 138,108	\$ (458,135)	\$ 41,525
School Board Professional	3,587,617	2,852,119	10,393,214	276,809
Totals	<u>\$ 3,668,777</u>	<u>\$ 2,990,227</u>	<u>\$ 9,935,079</u>	<u>\$ 318,334</u>

**Note 6—Compensated Absences:**

The County has accrued the liability arising from compensated absences.

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at various rates. The County had outstanding compensated absences as follows:

Primary Government	\$ <u>1,270,553</u>
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**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:**

Primary Government:

Governmental Activities:

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Implementation of GASB 101	Restated Balance at July 1, 2024	Issuances/ Additions	Retirements/ Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2025	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
Direct Borrowings or Placements:							
General obligation bonds (VPSA)	\$ 135,000	\$ -	\$ 135,000	\$ 14,795,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 14,885,000	\$ 45,000
General obligation bonds	4,730,000	-	4,730,000	-	330,000	4,400,000	350,000
Notes payable	276,151	-	276,151	-	25,747	250,404	40,849
Loans payable	4,949,000	-	4,949,000	35,000	-	4,984,000	265,000
General lease purchase bonds	4,896,549	-	4,896,549	-	624,319	4,272,230	655,237
Premium on bond issuance	1,286,216	-	1,286,216	1,081,324	131,427	2,236,113	174,529
Net pension liability	370,289	-	370,289	4,224,131	3,522,046	1,072,374	-
Net OPEB liabilities	783,008	-	783,008	237,619	176,992	843,635	-
Compensated absences	608,164	535,499	1,143,663	80,685	-	1,224,348	122,435
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>18,034,377</u>	\$ <u>535,499</u>	\$ <u>18,569,876</u>	\$ <u>20,453,759</u>	\$ <u>4,855,531</u>	\$ <u>34,168,104</u>	\$ <u>1,653,050</u>

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year	Loans Payable		Bonds and Notes Payable (1)	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 265,000	\$ 214,447	\$ 1,091,086	\$ 1,168,458
2027	277,000	202,762	1,142,750	959,021
2028	289,000	190,554	1,152,661	914,890
2029	302,000	177,823	1,200,912	870,273
2030	315,000	164,503	1,257,469	824,738
2031-2035	1,792,000	602,072	5,282,756	3,403,778
2036-2040	1,744,000	175,425	3,325,000	2,369,587
2041-2045	-	-	4,200,000	1,487,162
2046-2050	-	-	5,155,000	538,549
	\$ <u>4,984,000</u>	\$ <u>1,727,586</u>	\$ <u>23,807,634</u>	\$ <u>12,536,456</u>

(1) Excludes annual payment to debt service sinking fund for the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

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Primary Government: (Continued)

Governmental Activities: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

General obligation bonds:

\$1,000,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds issued May 11, 2006, maturing annually through July 15, 2026 with interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.1% to 5.1%.	\$	90,000
\$14,795,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds issued on September 30, 2024, maturing annually in July 2049, with interest payable semi-annually at rate of 5.05%.	\$	14,795,000
\$5,123,382 Series 2015 Lease purchase issued June 17, 2015, maturing annually through June 17, 2030 with interest payable annually at a rate of 2.35%		2,630,872
Plus: Premium on issuance		1,196,615
\$2,391,777 lease purchase dated August 2, 2017, maturing annually through November 1, 2031 with interest payable semi-annually at a variable rate.		1,641,358
Plus: Premium on issuance		261,853
\$5,900,000 general obligation bond issued July 24, 2019, maturing annually through April 2035 with interest payable semi-annually at varying interest rates of 4.513% to 5.125%.		4,400,000
Plus: Premium on issuance		<u>777,645</u>
Total general obligation bonds	\$	<u>25,793,343</u>

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

Primary Government: (Continued)

Governmental Activities: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations: (Continued)

Notes Payable:

\$467,000 note payable issued January 2023, due in annual principal and semi-annual interest payments at 5.65%, maturing June 2038	\$ <u>250,404</u>
Total notes payable	\$ <u>250,404</u>

Loans Payable:

\$4,984,000 loan payable issued April 2024, due in annual principal and semi-annual interest payments at 5.65%, maturing June 2038	\$ <u>4,984,000</u>
Total notes payable	\$ <u>4,984,000</u>

Other long-term obligations:

Compensated absences	\$ 1,224,348
Net pension liability	1,072,374
Net OPEB liabilities	<u>843,635</u>
Total other long-term obligations	\$ <u>3,140,357</u>
Total Governmental Activities long-term obligations	\$ <u><u>34,168,104</u></u>

Business-type Activities:

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the Business-type Activities for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Implementation</u>	<u>Restated</u>	<u>Issuances/</u>	<u>Retirements/</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Due Within</u>
	<u>July 1, 2024</u>	<u>of GASB 101</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>June 30, 2025</u>	<u>One Year</u>
Business-type Activities:							
Lease revenue bonds	\$ 1,916,547	-	1,916,547	\$ -	\$ 232,898	\$ 1,683,649	\$ 245,556
Premium on bond issuance	242,339	-	242,339	-	27,739	214,600	27,739
Loan payable	322,031	-	322,031	-	87,093	234,938	90,940
Landfill closure and postclosure care liability	6,010,770	-	6,010,770	132,237	-	6,143,007	-
Landfill corrective action plan	461,250	-	461,250	10,147	-	471,397	-
Compensated Absences	36,983	16,687	53,670	-	7,465	46,205	4,621
Net pension liability	21,926	-	21,926	231,621	205,981	47,566	-
Net OPEB liabilities	67,521	-	67,521	15,049	16,339	66,231	-
Total Business-type Activities	\$ <u>9,079,367</u>	<u>16,687</u>	<u>9,096,054</u>	\$ <u>389,054</u>	\$ <u>577,515</u>	\$ <u>8,907,593</u>	\$ <u>368,856</u>

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year	Lease Revenue Bond		Loan Payable	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 245,556	\$ 73,491	\$ 90,940	\$ 9,284
2027	258,213	61,316	94,958	5,266
2028	273,402	47,693	49,040	1,072
2029	286,059	33,800	-	-
2030	301,249	20,390	-	-
2031	313,906	7,025	-	-
2032	5,264	92	-	-
	<u>\$ 1,683,649</u>	<u>\$ 243,807</u>	<u>\$ 234,938</u>	<u>\$ 15,622</u>

Revenue bonds (payable from Enterprise Fund):

\$2,407,652 lease revenue bond dated August 2, 2017, maturing annually through November 1, 2031 with interest payable semi-annually at a variable rate.	\$ 1,683,649
Plus: Premium on issuance	<u>214,600</u>
Total revenue bonds	<u>\$ 1,898,249</u>

Loans payable (payable from Enterprise Fund):

\$446,606 loan payable dated December 16, 2022, maturing annually through June 30, 2028 with interest payable semi-annually at a variable rate.	<u>\$ 234,938</u>
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Other long-term obligations:

Landfill closure and postclosure care liability	\$ 6,143,007
Landfill corrective action plan liability	471,397
Compensated absences	46,205
Net pension liability	47,566
Net OPEB liabilities	<u>66,231</u>
Total other long-term obligations	<u>\$ 6,774,406</u>
Total business-type activities long-term obligations	<u>\$ 8,907,593</u>

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

Component Unit – School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the Component Unit- School Board for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2024</u>	<u>Implementation</u> <u>of GASB 101</u>	<u>Restated</u> <u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2024</u>	<u>Addition</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2025</u>	<u>Payable</u> <u>Due Within</u> <u>One Year</u>
Net OPEB liabilities	\$ 3,057,709	\$ -	\$ 3,057,709	\$ 788,297	\$ 1,319,275	\$ 2,526,731	\$ -
Net pension liability	11,465,613	-	11,465,613	5,153,502	6,225,901	10,393,214	-
Compensated absences	-	1,455,260	1,455,260	172,443	-	1,627,703	162,770
Total	<u>\$ 14,523,322</u>	<u>\$ 1,455,260</u>	<u>\$ 15,978,582</u>	<u>\$ 6,114,242</u>	<u>\$ 7,545,176</u>	<u>\$ 14,547,648</u>	<u>\$ 162,770</u>

**Note 8—Litigation:**

At June 30, 2025, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

**Note 9—Contingent Liabilities:**

Federal programs in which the County and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

**Note 10—Surety Bonds:**

	<u>Amount</u>
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety D. Lynnette Coe, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 360,000
Donna B. Nunnally, Treasurer	400,000
Crystal M. Hensley, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
L.A. "Tony" Epps, Sheriff	30,000
United State Fidelity and Guaranty Company - Surety Clerk and Deputy Clerk of the School Board	50,000
Aetna Casualty and Surety Company - Surety Kimberley Allen, Director of Social Services	100,000
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety County Administrator	2,000

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 11—Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:**

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State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County records a portion of this closure and postclosure care liability in each period based on landfill capacity as of each balance sheet date. The County opened a new cell in 2008. The amounts reported as closure and postclosure care liabilities at June 30, 2025 were \$3,955,493 and \$2,187,514, respectively. Furthermore, the County reports \$471,398 as corrective action liability. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2025. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulation. During fiscal year 2017 the County started construction on a new cell.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code. The County intends to fund these costs from accumulated funds held in the general fund.

### **Note 12—Risk Management:**

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The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and natural disasters. The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage for the past three years.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 13—Interfund Transfers:**

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Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2025 consisted of the following:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
General Fund	\$ 1,993,714	\$ 4,359,586
Special Projects Fund	1,985,185	1,761,772
Landfill Construction Fund	-	1,657,981
School ARPA Fund	-	25,747
Water Fund	814,353	-
Sewer Fund	88,558	-
Landfill Fund	3,076,276	153,000
Total	\$ <u>7,958,086</u>	\$ <u>7,958,086</u>

Transfers were made for operational expenditures.

**Note 14—Unavailable/Deferred Revenue:**

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Unavailable/deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

Unavailable Property Tax Revenue – Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$10,018,729 (including 2<sup>nd</sup> half billings of \$7,351,566 not due until December 5) at June 30, 2025.

Prepaid Property Taxes – Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2024 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$104,970 at June 30, 2025.

**Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):**

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***Plan Description***

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

***Eligible Employees***

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

***Benefit Amounts***

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

**Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

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***HIC Plan Notes***

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

***Contributions***

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$135,116 and \$142,854 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively.

***Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB***

At June 30, 2025, the school division reported a liability of \$1,273,524 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2024 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2024 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2024, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was .11020% as compared to .11320% at June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$23,166. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion ate share and difference between actual and expected contributions.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

***Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)***

At June 30, 2025, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 60,337
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments	-	4,530
Assumption changes	21,939	-
Change in proportionate share	1,300	237,725
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>135,116</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 158,355</u>	<u>\$ 302,592</u>

\$135,116 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division’s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	
2026	\$ (76,723)
2027	(66,759)
2028	(57,389)
2029	(46,184)
2030	(25,558)
Thereafter	(6,740)

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

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***Actuarial Assumptions***

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

**Mortality Rates – Teachers**

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)**

**Mortality Rates – Teachers: (Continued)**

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan’s total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2024, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		<b>Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan</b>
		<u>                    </u>
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,478,105
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		322,457
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	<u>1,155,648</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		21.82%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System’s actuary, and the plan’s fiduciary net position is reported in the System’s financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System’s notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	32.00%	6.70%	2.14%
Fixed Income	16.00%	5.40%	0.86%
Credit Strategies	16.00%	8.10%	1.30%
Real Assets	15.00%	7.20%	1.08%
Private Equity	15.00%	8.70%	1.31%
PIP - Private Investment Partnerships	1.00%	8.00%	0.08%
Diversifying Strategies	6.00%	5.80%	0.35%
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.06%
Leverage	-3.00%	3.50%	-0.11%
Total	100.00%		7.07%
		**Expected arithmetic nominal return	7.07%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.07% (includes 2.50% inflation assumption). However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.10%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

\*\*On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

***Discount Rate***

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2024 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

***Sensitivity of the School Division’s Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate***

The following presents the school division’s proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division’s proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	<b>Rate</b>		
	<b>1% Decrease</b>	<b>Current Discount</b>	<b>1% Increase</b>
	<b>(5.75%)</b>	<b>(6.75%)</b>	<b>(7.75%)</b>
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan			
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 1,448,315	\$ 1,273,524	\$ 1,125,373

***Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position***

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program’s Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2024 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2024-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System’s Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

**Note 16—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):**

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***Plan Description***

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

***Eligible Employees***

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

***Benefit Amounts***

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,532 as of June 30, 2025.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 16—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

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#### ***Contributions***

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.71% (1.18% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.47% (1.18% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025 was 0.47% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the entity were \$33,108 and \$36,799 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively, for the County; \$4,461 and \$4,968 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively, for the School Board (nonprofessional); \$52,905 and \$63,979 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively, for the School Board (professional).

#### ***GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB***

At June 30, 2025, the entity reported a liability of \$296,166 for the County; \$39,950 for the School Board (nonprofessional); and \$514,886 for the School Board (professional) for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2024 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2024, the participating employer's proportion was .02654% as compared to .02781% at June 30, 2023 for the County. At June 30, 2024, the participating employer's proportion was .00358% as compared to .00335% at June 30, 2023 for the School Board (nonprofessional). At June 30, 2024, the participating employer's proportion was .04614% as compared to .04794% at June 30, 2023 for the School Board (professional).

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$5,719 (County), (\$27,361) (School Board – nonprofessional), and \$1,910 (School Board – professional). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 16—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

***GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB: (Continued)***

At June 30, 2025, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
<b>Primary Government</b>		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 46,712	\$ 7,234
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-	24,964
Assumption changes	1,688	14,677
Changes in proportionate share	7,394	16,126
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	33,108	-
Total	<u>\$ 88,902</u>	<u>\$ 63,001</u>
<b>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</b>		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 6,301	\$ 976
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-	3,367
Assumption changes	228	1,980
Changes in proportionate share	6,027	2,558
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,461	-
Total	<u>\$ 17,017</u>	<u>\$ 8,881</u>
<b>Component Unit School Board (professional)</b>		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 81,209	\$ 12,577
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-	43,400
Assumption changes	2,935	25,517
Changes in proportionate share	-	98,496
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	52,905	-
Total	<u>\$ 137,049</u>	<u>\$ 179,990</u>

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 16—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

***GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB (Continued)***

\$33,108 (County); \$4,461 (School Board nonprofessional), and \$52,905 (School Board professional) were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer’s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>Primary Government</u>	<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</u>	<u>Component Unit School Board (professional)</u>
2026	\$ (14,371)	\$ (1,295)	\$ (57,624)
2027	4,656	1,078	(17,206)
2028	71	1,095	(18,585)
2029	135	1,758	(7,167)
2030	2,303	1,039	4,736
Thereafter	-	-	-

***Actuarial Assumptions***

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

**Mortality Rates – Teachers**

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 16—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

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**Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)**

**Mortality Rates – Teachers: (Continued)**

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees**

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 16—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

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**Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)**

**Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees: (Continued)**

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees**

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 16—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)**

**Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)**

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**NET GLI OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan’s total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2024, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	<b>GLI OPEB Plan</b>
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 4,196,055
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	3,080,133
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	<u>\$ 1,115,922</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	73.41%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System’s actuary, and each plan’s fiduciary net position is reported in the System’s financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System’s notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 16—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

***Long-Term Expected Rate of Return***

The long-term expected rate of return on the System’s investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System’s investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<b>Asset Class (Strategy)</b>	<b>Long-Term Target Asset Allocation</b>	<b>Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return</b>	<b>Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*</b>
Public Equity	32.00%	6.70%	2.14%
Fixed Income	16.00%	5.40%	0.86%
Credit Strategies	16.00%	8.10%	1.30%
Real Assets	15.00%	7.20%	1.08%
Private Equity	15.00%	8.70%	1.31%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	1.00%	8.00%	0.08%
Diversifying Strategies	6.00%	5.80%	0.35%
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.06%
Leverage	-3.00%	3.50%	-0.11%
Total	100.00%		7.07%
		**Expected arithmetic nominal return	7.07%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.07% (includes 2.50% inflation assumption). However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.10%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

\*\*On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 16—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

***Discount Rate***

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2024 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

***Sensitivity of the Employer’s Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate***

The following presents the employer’s proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer’s proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability	\$ 460,576	\$ 296,166	\$ 163,344
School Board (nonprofessional)'s proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability	\$ 62,127	\$ 39,950	\$ 22,034
School Board (professional)'s proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability	\$ 800,715	\$ 514,886	\$ 283,974

***GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position***

Detailed information about the GLI Plan’s Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2024 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2024-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System’s Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan):**

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**County**

***Plan Description***

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 5, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County’s pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

***Benefits Provided***

Postemployment benefits are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Vision insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the County who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. In addition, the County provides a fixed basic death benefit for all retirees.

***Plan Membership***

At July 1, 2024 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	111
Total retirees with coverage	<u>1</u>
Total	<u><u>112</u></u>

***Contributions***

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County Board. The amount paid by the County for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$0.

***Total OPEB Liability***

The County’s total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2024. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2024.

***Actuarial Assumptions***

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50% per year as of July 1, 2024
Salary Increases	2.50% per year for general salary inflations as of July 1, 2024
Discount Rate	4.09% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2024
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.75% for fiscal year ending June 30, 2025

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**County: (Continued)**

**Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)**

Mortality rates for Active employees and healthy retirees were based on a RP-2014 Mortality Table fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate has been set equal to 4.09% and represents GO AA 20-year yield curve rate as of June 30, 2024.

**Changes in Total OPEB Liability**

		<b>Primary Government Total OPEB Liability</b>
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	517,000
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		17,600
Interest		20,000
Changes in experience		80,100
Contributions - employer		(31,600)
Assumption changes		(9,600)
Other charges		20,200
Net changes		<u>96,700</u>
Balance at June 30, 2025*	\$	<u><u>613,700</u></u>

\* Measurement date of July 1, 2024

**Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.09%) or one percentage point higher (5.09%) than the current discount rate:

<b>Rate</b>		
<b>1% Decrease (3.09%)</b>	<b>Current Discount Rate (4.09%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (5.09%)</b>
\$ 687,200	\$ 613,700	\$ 548,800

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**County: (Continued)**

***Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates***

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing by 0.25% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing by 0.25% annually to an ultimate rate of 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Rates		
1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing to 4.00%)	Healthcare Cost Trend (6.75% decreasing to 5.00%)	1% Increase (7.75% decreasing to 6.00%)
\$ 537,300	\$ 613,700	\$ 705,400

***OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources***

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the County recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$27,300.

At June 30, 2025 the County had deferred outflows of resources of \$103,200; deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan were \$85,500.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 90,700	\$ -
Assumption changes	12,500	85,500
Total	\$ 103,200	\$ 85,500

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

\$0 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2026	\$ (41,600)
2027	13,600
2028	13,600
2029	13,600
2030	13,400
Thereafter	5,100

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

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**School Board**

***Plan Description***

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 5, the School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the School Board’s pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

***Benefits Provided***

Postemployment benefits are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Vision insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the School Board who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. In addition, the School Board provides a fixed basic death benefit for all retirees.

***Plan Membership***

At July 1, 2024 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	209
Total retirees with coverage	<u>3</u>
Total	<u><u>212</u></u>

***Contributions***

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the School Board. The amount paid by the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$50,500.

***Total OPEB Liability***

The School Board’s total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2024. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2024.

***Actuarial Assumptions***

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50% per year as of July 1, 2024
Salary Increases	2.50% per year for general salary inflations as of July 1, 2024
Discount Rate	4.09% for accounting and funding disclosures as of July 1, 2024
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.75% for fiscal year ending June 30, 2025

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**School Board: (Continued)**

Mortality rates for Active employees and healthy retirees were based on a RP-2014 Mortality Table fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

***Discount Rate***

The discount rate has been set equal to 4.09% and represents the Municipal GO-AA 20-year yield curve rate as of June 30, 2024.

***Changes in Total OPEB Liability***

	<b>School Board</b>	
	<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>	
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	1,024,300
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		53,500
Interest		40,600
Changes in experience		(402,100)
Contributions - employer		(50,500)
Assumption changes		(3,300)
Net changes		<u>(361,800)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2025	\$	<u><u>662,500</u></u>

\* Measurement date of July 1, 2024

***Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate***

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.09%) or one percentage point higher (5.09%) than the current discount rate:

			<b>Rate</b>		
<b>1% Decrease</b>		<b>Current Discount</b>		<b>1% Increase</b>	
<b>(3.09%)</b>		<b>Rate (4.09%)</b>		<b>(5.09%)</b>	
\$	710,400	\$	662,500	\$	617,400

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 17—Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance – Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**School Board: (Continued)**

***Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates***

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing by 0.25% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing by 0.25% annually to an ultimate rate of 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

<b>Rates</b>		
<b>1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing to 4.00%)</b>	<b>Healthcare Cost Trend (6.75% decreasing to 5.00%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (7.75% decreasing to 6.00%)</b>
\$ 600,700	\$ 662,500	\$ 733,200

***OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources***

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of (\$206,500). At June 30, 2025, the School Board had deferred outflows of resources of \$103,200; deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan were \$704,900.

	<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 635,100
Assumption changes	52,700	69,800
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	50,500	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 103,200</b>	<b>\$ 704,900</b>

\$0 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<b>Year Ended June 30</b>	
2026	\$ (237,300)
2027	(161,700)
2028	(123,100)
2029	(94,400)
2030	(35,700)
Thereafter	-

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

## COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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### **Note 18—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):**

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#### ***Plan Description***

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

#### ***Eligible Employees***

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

#### ***Benefit Amounts***

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

#### ***HIC Plan Notes***

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 18—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

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***Employees Covered by Benefit Terms***

As of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	<u>Number</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	6
Total inactive members	14
Active members	29
Total covered employees	<u><u>43</u></u>

***Contributions***

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board’s contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025 was 1.25% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board to the HIC Plan were \$11,755 and \$11,501 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively.

***Net HIC OPEB Liability***

The School Board’s net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2025.

***Actuarial Assumptions***

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 18—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees**

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 18—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

***Long-Term Expected Rate of Return***

The long-term expected rate of return on the System’s investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System’s investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<b>Asset Class (Strategy)</b>	<b>Long-term Target Asset Allocation</b>	<b>Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return</b>	<b>Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*</b>
Public Equity	32.00%	6.70%	2.14%
Fixed Income	16.00%	5.40%	0.86%
Credit Strategies	16.00%	8.10%	1.30%
Real Assets	15.00%	7.20%	1.08%
Private Equity	15.00%	8.70%	1.31%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	1.00%	8.00%	0.08%
Diversifying Strategies	6.00%	5.80%	0.35%
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.06%
Leverage	-3.00%	3.50%	-0.11%
Total	100.00%		7.07%
		Expected arithmetic nominal return**	7.07%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.07% (includes 2.50% inflation assumption). However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.10%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

\*\*On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 18—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2024 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

**Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 68,846	\$ 22,132	\$ 46,714
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 799	\$ -	\$ 799
Interest	4,631	-	4,631
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,181)	-	(2,181)
Contributions - employer	-	11,501	(11,501)
Net investment income	-	2,631	(2,631)
Benefit payments	(2,088)	(2,088)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(40)	40
Net changes	\$ 1,161	\$ 12,004	\$ (10,843)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 70,007	\$ 34,136	\$ 35,871

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 18—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

***Sensitivity of the School Board’s HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate***

The following presents the School Board’s HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board’s net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
County's Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 42,419	\$ 35,871	\$ 30,210

***HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB***

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of (\$7,806). At June 30, 2025, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board’s HIC Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 24,763
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments	-	448
Change in assumptions	3,308	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 11,755	\$ -
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 15,063</b>	<b>\$ 25,211</b>

\$11,755 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board’s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2026	\$ (12,140)
2027	(8,935)
2028	(663)
2029	(165)
2030	-
Thereafter	-

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 18—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)**

**HIC Plan Data**

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2024 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2024-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System’s Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

**Note 19—Summary of Net OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources:**

	<b>OPEB PLANS</b>			
	<u>Deferred Outflows</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows</u>	<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>	<u>OPEB Expense</u>
<b>Primary Government</b>				
VRS OPEB Plans:				
Group Life Insurance Program (Note 17):				
County	\$ 88,902	\$ 63,001	\$ 296,166	\$ 5,719
County Stand-Alone Plan (Note 18)	103,200	85,500	613,700	27,300
Totals	<u>\$ 192,102</u>	<u>\$ 148,501</u>	<u>\$ 909,866</u>	<u>\$ 33,019</u>
<b>Component Unit School Board</b>				
VRS OPEB Plans:				
Group Life Insurance Program (Note 17):				
School Board Nonprofessional	\$ 17,017	\$ 8,881	\$ 39,950	\$ 1,910
School Board Professional	137,049	179,990	514,886	(27,361)
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program (Note 16)	158,355	302,592	1,273,524	23,166
School Board Health Insurance Plan (Note 19)	15,063	25,211	35,871	(7,806)
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 18)	103,200	704,900	662,500	(206,500)
Totals	<u>\$ 430,684</u>	<u>\$ 1,221,574</u>	<u>\$ 2,526,731</u>	<u>\$ (216,591)</u>

**Note 20—Leases**

Lessor

The County owns three parcels of real estate in Prince Edward County. The County leases portions of the sites and structures under three separate leases. The first lease is to STEPS, Inc, with an initial term of ten year, beginning in March 2018, with monthly rent charge is \$2,900. The second lease is with USDA Rural Development with an initial term of three years, with monthly rent due of \$9,216. The third lease is with YakAttack for an initial term of five years, with monthly rent due of \$11,179.

In fiscal year 2025, the Authority recognized \$273,423 of lease revenue and \$54,368 of interest revenue under these leases.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

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**Note 21—Committed Fund Balance-Special Projects Fund:**

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	<u>Amount</u>
Construction projects	\$ 966,804
Assessor	77,685
County administration vehicles	15,000
Radio Project	16,050
Regional Jail	184,487
CSA reserves	300,000
County recreation	32,776
Worsham Clerk	16,300
Economic Development	5,000
Tourism	189,867
Registrar	48,171
PECPS capital improvements	400,000
Other vehicles	34,759
Building Department vehicles	5,000
Mary E. Branch Community Center	8,500
Sandy River Project	1,621,042
Solid Waste	285,209
Opioid Remediation	129,239
Sheriff	138,716
Cannery	5,424
Information Technology	50,000
Regional Development	32,682
Rescue Squad capital equipment	95,000
Total Special Projects Fund	<u>\$ 4,657,711</u>

**Note 22—Upcoming Pronouncements:**

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Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, requires certain types of assets (lease assets, subscription assets, intangible right-to-use assets, and other intangible assets) to be disclosed separately in the capital asset note disclosures by major class of underlying asset. It also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Implementation Guide No. 2025-1, *Implementation Guidance Update—2025*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Financial Statements  
As of June 30, 2025 (Continued)

**Note 23—Adoption of Accounting Principle and Restatement of Beginning Balances:**

During the current year, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. In addition to the value of unused vacation time owed to employees upon separation of employment, the County now recognizes an estimated amount of leave earned as of year-end that will be used by employees as time off in future years as part of the liability for compensated absences. The change resulted in the following restatements of net position:

	<b>Net Position</b>		
	<b>Primary Government</b>		<b>Component Unit</b>
	<b>Governmental Activities</b>	<b>Business-type Activities</b>	<b>School Board</b>
Balance, July 1, 2024, as previously stated	\$ 41,641,632	\$ (3,751,884)	\$ (102,095)
Restatement:			
Implementation of GASB 101	<u>(535,499)</u>	<u>(16,687)</u>	<u>(1,455,260)</u>
Balance, as restated and adjusted at July 1, 2024	<u>\$ 41,106,133</u>	<u>\$ (3,768,571)</u>	<u>\$ (1,557,355)</u>

## **Required Supplementary Information**

General Fund  
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
<b>REVENUES</b>				
General property taxes	\$ 18,080,000	\$ 18,080,000	\$ 17,488,061	\$ (591,939)
Other local taxes	5,825,000	5,825,000	5,554,045	(270,955)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	262,500	262,500	378,430	115,930
Fines and forfeitures	180,000	180,698	77,615	(103,083)
Revenue from the use of money and property	1,429,250	1,429,250	2,370,255	941,005
Charges for services	294,221	294,221	287,721	(6,500)
Miscellaneous	66,100	356,689	228,379	(128,310)
Recovered costs	103,300	134,369	381,152	246,783
Intergovernmental:				
Local government	-	-	1,616,701	1,616,701
Commonwealth	6,668,395	7,279,976	6,735,304	(544,672)
Federal	1,913,216	1,951,359	2,359,251	407,892
Total revenues	\$ 34,821,982	\$ 35,794,062	\$ 37,476,914	\$ 1,682,852
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current:				
General government administration	\$ 3,147,523	\$ 3,311,276	\$ 3,199,327	\$ 111,949
Judicial administration	2,390,937	2,443,169	2,047,917	395,252
Public safety	6,492,936	7,151,771	6,423,697	728,074
Public works	1,166,178	1,181,906	1,136,782	45,124
Health and welfare	4,762,962	4,813,197	4,446,179	367,018
Education	11,525,270	11,525,270	7,189,781	4,335,489
Parks, recreation, and cultural	392,618	412,554	412,554	-
Community development	970,724	1,621,614	1,096,067	525,547
Nondepartmental	369,414	173,943	192,841	(18,898)
Capital projects	1,576,508	3,141,732	15,503,513	(12,361,781)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	499,630	543,318	1,124,470	(581,152)
Interest and other fiscal charges	282,528	298,476	396,078	(97,602)
Total expenditures	\$ 33,577,228	\$ 36,618,226	\$ 43,169,206	\$ (6,550,980)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 1,244,754	\$ (824,164)	\$ (5,692,292)	\$ (4,868,128)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Transfers in	\$ 451,033	\$ 451,033	\$ 1,993,714	\$ 1,542,681
Transfers out	(2,729,603)	(2,729,603)	(4,359,586)	(1,629,983)
Issuance of bonds payable	-	-	14,795,000	14,795,000
Premium on refunding bonds	-	-	1,081,324	1,081,324
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (2,278,570)	\$ (2,278,570)	\$ 13,510,452	\$ 15,789,022
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,033,816)	\$ (3,102,734)	\$ 7,818,160	\$ 10,920,894
Fund balances - beginning	1,033,816	3,102,734	28,702,355	25,599,621
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,520,515	\$ 36,520,515

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios  
Primary Government  
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<b>Total pension liability</b>					
Service cost	\$ 772,529	\$ 720,288	\$ 664,142	\$ 624,573	\$ 605,485
Interest	1,990,265	1,942,673	1,867,752	1,687,706	1,659,609
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,672,279	(326,484)	66,321	114,953	(481,105)
Assumption changes	-	-	-	987,652	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,780,744)	(1,586,564)	(1,502,285)	(1,321,077)	(1,414,393)
<b>Net change in total pension liability</b>	\$ 2,654,329	\$ 749,913	\$ 1,095,930	\$ 2,093,807	\$ 369,596
<b>Total pension liability - beginning</b>	29,603,244	28,853,331	27,757,401	25,663,594	25,293,998
<b>Total pension liability - ending (a)</b>	<u>\$ 32,257,573</u>	<u>\$ 29,603,244</u>	<u>\$ 28,853,331</u>	<u>\$ 27,757,401</u>	<u>\$ 25,663,594</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position</b>					
Contributions - employer	\$ 604,345	\$ 583,187	\$ 483,899	\$ 445,232	\$ 427,990
Contributions - employee	311,700	317,644	293,252	259,911	262,435
Net investment income	2,809,892	1,801,762	(23,823)	6,308,002	455,083
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,780,744)	(1,586,564)	(1,502,285)	(1,321,077)	(1,414,393)
Administrative expense	(19,149)	(18,157)	(18,067)	(15,875)	(15,557)
Other	560	723	661	593	(523)
<b>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</b>	\$ 1,926,604	\$ 1,098,595	\$ (766,363)	\$ 5,676,786	\$ (284,965)
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - beginning</b>	29,211,029	28,112,434	28,878,797	23,202,011	23,486,976
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)</b>	<u>\$ 31,137,633</u>	<u>\$ 29,211,029</u>	<u>\$ 28,112,434</u>	<u>\$ 28,878,797</u>	<u>\$ 23,202,011</u>
<b>County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)</b>	\$ 1,119,940	\$ 392,215	\$ 740,897	\$ (1,121,396)	\$ 2,461,583
<b>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</b>	96.53%	98.68%	97.43%	104.04%	90.41%
<b>Covered payroll</b>	\$ 6,814,592	\$ 6,541,052	\$ 6,098,407	\$ 5,539,722	\$ 5,514,677
<b>County's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll</b>	16.43%	6.00%	12.15%	-20.24%	44.64%

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios  
Primary Government  
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
<b>Total pension liability</b>					
Service cost	\$ 568,188	\$ 586,171	\$ 608,923	\$ 583,283	\$ 545,827
Interest	1,607,590	1,581,656	1,517,955	1,509,879	1,462,131
Differences between expected and actual experience	46,873	(693,470)	(219,828)	(1,025,111)	(446,242)
Changes in assumptions	703,479	-	7,334	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,195,417)	(1,012,324)	(996,413)	(908,946)	(850,241)
<b>Net change in total pension liability</b>	<u>\$ 1,730,713</u>	<u>\$ 462,033</u>	<u>\$ 917,971</u>	<u>\$ 159,105</u>	<u>\$ 711,475</u>
<b>Total pension liability - beginning</b>	<u>23,563,285</u>	<u>23,101,252</u>	<u>22,183,281</u>	<u>22,024,176</u>	<u>21,312,701</u>
<b>Total pension liability - ending (a)</b>	<u><u>\$ 25,293,998</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 23,563,285</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 23,101,252</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 22,183,281</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 22,024,176</u></u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position</b>					
Contributions - employer	\$ 406,538	\$ 446,611	\$ 437,632	\$ 555,222	\$ 567,774
Contributions - employee	250,656	250,026	265,479	241,585	248,130
Net investment income	1,490,390	1,575,307	2,341,406	333,781	841,567
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,195,417)	(1,012,324)	(996,413)	(908,946)	(850,241)
Administrative expense	(14,960)	(13,613)	(13,544)	(11,833)	(11,394)
Other	(938)	(1,400)	(2,082)	(141)	(176)
<b>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</b>	<u>\$ 936,269</u>	<u>\$ 1,244,607</u>	<u>\$ 2,032,478</u>	<u>\$ 209,668</u>	<u>\$ 795,660</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - beginning</b>	<u>22,550,707</u>	<u>21,306,100</u>	<u>19,273,622</u>	<u>19,063,954</u>	<u>18,268,294</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)</b>	<u><u>\$ 23,486,976</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 22,550,707</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 21,306,100</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 19,273,622</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 19,063,954</u></u>
<b>County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)</b>	\$ 1,807,022	\$ 1,012,578	\$ 1,795,152	\$ 2,909,659	\$ 2,960,222
<b>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</b>	92.86%	95.70%	92.23%	86.88%	86.56%
<b>Covered payroll</b>	\$ 5,327,164	\$ 5,191,889	\$ 5,030,792	\$ 5,034,064	\$ 4,994,453
<b>County's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll</b>	33.92%	19.50%	35.68%	57.80%	59.27%

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios  
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)  
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<b>Total pension liability</b>					
Service cost	\$ 73,403	\$ 55,440	\$ 51,594	\$ 56,620	\$ 54,566
Interest	296,410	278,095	282,225	274,966	272,080
Differences between expected and actual experience	111,518	124,174	(192,539)	(206,460)	(42,813)
Assumption changes	-	-	-	159,320	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(199,709)	(208,969)	(203,669)	(253,323)	(228,817)
<b>Net change in total pension liability</b>	<u>\$ 281,622</u>	<u>\$ 248,740</u>	<u>\$ (62,389)</u>	<u>\$ 31,123</u>	<u>\$ 55,016</u>
<b>Total pension liability - beginning</b>	<u>4,417,710</u>	<u>4,168,970</u>	<u>4,231,359</u>	<u>4,200,236</u>	<u>4,145,220</u>
<b>Total pension liability - ending (a)</b>	<u>\$ 4,699,332</u>	<u>\$ 4,417,710</u>	<u>\$ 4,168,970</u>	<u>\$ 4,231,359</u>	<u>\$ 4,200,236</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position</b>					
Contributions - employer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,747	\$ 23,808	\$ 27,106
Contributions - employee	42,062	36,446	29,661	29,579	32,202
Net investment income	465,763	300,108	(3,263)	1,074,788	78,153
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(199,709)	(208,969)	(203,669)	(253,323)	(228,817)
Administrative expense	(3,209)	(3,069)	(3,069)	(2,796)	(2,734)
Other	91	114	111	100	(90)
<b>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</b>	<u>\$ 304,998</u>	<u>\$ 124,630</u>	<u>\$ (156,482)</u>	<u>\$ 872,156</u>	<u>\$ (94,180)</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - beginning</b>	<u>4,852,469</u>	<u>4,727,839</u>	<u>4,884,321</u>	<u>4,012,165</u>	<u>4,106,345</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)</b>	<u>\$ 5,157,467</u>	<u>\$ 4,852,469</u>	<u>\$ 4,727,839</u>	<u>\$ 4,884,321</u>	<u>\$ 4,012,165</u>
<b>School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)</b>	\$ (458,135)	\$ (434,759)	\$ (558,869)	\$ (652,962)	\$ 188,071
<b>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</b>	109.75%	109.84%	113.41%	115.43%	95.52%
<b>Covered payroll</b>	\$ 920,057	\$ 789,895	\$ 641,745	\$ 637,762	\$ 692,516
<b>School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll</b>	-49.79%	-55.04%	-87.09%	-102.38%	27.16%

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios  
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)  
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
<b>Total pension liability</b>					
Service cost	\$ 51,726	\$ 54,086	\$ 54,550	\$ 53,998	\$ 50,122
Interest	265,030	270,765	279,919	266,348	266,930
Differences between expected and actual experience	51,402	(196,710)	(251,147)	74,389	(119,719)
Changes in assumptions	100,471	-	(14,912)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(219,090)	(201,063)	(197,298)	(204,429)	(206,875)
<b>Net change in total pension liability</b>	<u>\$ 249,539</u>	<u>\$ (72,922)</u>	<u>\$ (128,888)</u>	<u>\$ 190,306</u>	<u>\$ (9,542)</u>
<b>Total pension liability - beginning</b>	3,895,681	3,968,603	4,097,491	3,907,185	3,916,727
<b>Total pension liability - ending (a)</b>	<u>\$ 4,145,220</u>	<u>\$ 3,895,681</u>	<u>\$ 3,968,603</u>	<u>\$ 4,097,491</u>	<u>\$ 3,907,185</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position</b>					
Contributions - employer	\$ 27,199	\$ 54,735	\$ 52,589	\$ 55,387	\$ 56,512
Contributions - employee	31,466	29,348	27,717	30,165	30,842
Net investment income	261,426	281,847	425,863	60,144	160,116
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(219,090)	(201,063)	(197,298)	(204,429)	(206,875)
Administrative expense	(2,697)	(2,481)	(2,524)	(2,277)	(2,280)
Other	(164)	(249)	(376)	(26)	(33)
<b>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</b>	<u>\$ 98,140</u>	<u>\$ 162,137</u>	<u>\$ 305,971</u>	<u>\$ (61,036)</u>	<u>\$ 38,282</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - beginning</b>	4,008,205	3,846,068	3,540,097	3,601,133	3,562,851
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)</b>	<u>\$ 4,106,345</u>	<u>\$ 4,008,205</u>	<u>\$ 3,846,068</u>	<u>\$ 3,540,097</u>	<u>\$ 3,601,133</u>
<b>School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)</b>	\$ 38,875	\$ (112,524)	\$ 122,535	\$ 557,394	\$ 306,052
<b>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</b>	99.06%	102.89%	96.91%	86.40%	92.17%
<b>Covered payroll</b>	\$ 670,157	\$ 590,719	\$ 582,130	\$ 607,723	\$ 602,654
<b>School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll</b>	5.80%	-19.05%	21.05%	91.72%	50.78%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) VRS Teacher Retirement Plan  
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.11%	0.11%	0.12%	0.13%	0.13%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 10,393,214	\$ 11,465,613	\$ 11,608,466	\$ 9,971,698	\$ 19,411,748
Employer's Covered Payroll	11,806,122	11,289,416	11,310,624	11,392,850	11,734,702
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	88.03%	101.56%	102.63%	87.53%	165.42%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	84.52%	82.45%	82.61%	85.46%	71.47%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) VRS Teacher Retirement Plan  
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.14%	0.15%	0.14%	0.15%	0.16%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 18,335,303	\$ 17,294,000	\$ 17,958,000	\$ 21,669,000	\$ 20,311,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	11,697,847	11,995,057	11,604,550	11,760,526	11,745,639
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	156.74%	144.18%	154.75%	184.25%	172.92%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	73.51%	74.81%	72.92%	68.28%	70.68%

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plan  
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2025

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
<b>Primary Government</b>					
2025	\$ 713,906	\$ 713,906	\$ -	\$ 7,040,498	10.14%
2024	604,344	604,344	-	6,814,592	8.87%
2023	583,224	583,224	-	6,541,052	8.92%
2022	483,902	483,902	-	6,098,407	7.93%
2021	445,233	445,233	-	5,539,722	8.04%
2020	419,937	419,937	-	5,514,677	7.61%
2019	414,591	414,591	-	5,327,164	7.78%
2018	475,366	475,366	-	5,191,889	9.16%
2017	448,244	448,244	-	5,030,792	8.91%
2016	573,883	573,883	-	5,034,064	11.40%
<b>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</b>					
2025	\$ 30,916	\$ 30,916	\$ -	\$ 937,645	3.30%
2024	-	-	-	920,057	0.00%
2023	-	-	-	789,895	0.00%
2022	23,749	23,749	-	641,745	3.70%
2021	23,856	23,856	-	637,762	3.74%
2020	27,150	27,150	-	692,516	3.92%
2019	27,198	27,198	-	670,157	4.06%
2018	56,736	56,736	-	590,719	9.60%
2017	55,128	55,128	-	582,130	9.47%
2016	55,607	55,607	-	607,723	9.15%
<b>Component Unit School Board (professional)</b>					
2025	\$ 1,594,713	\$ 1,594,713	\$ -	\$ 11,233,058	14.20%
2024	1,867,470	1,867,470	-	11,806,122	15.82%
2023	1,790,686	1,790,686	-	11,289,416	15.86%
2022	1,811,417	1,811,417	-	11,310,624	16.02%
2021	1,817,171	1,817,171	-	11,392,850	15.95%
2020	1,772,572	1,772,572	-	11,734,702	15.11%
2019	1,785,470	1,785,470	-	11,697,847	15.26%
2018	1,879,993	1,879,993	-	11,995,057	15.67%
2017	1,657,572	1,657,572	-	11,604,550	14.28%
2016	1,728,178	1,728,178	-	11,760,526	14.69%

\*Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plan  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability  
 Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan  
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

<b>Date (1)</b>	<b>Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)</b>	<b>Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)</b>	<b>Employer's Covered Payroll (4)</b>	<b>Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)</b>	<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)</b>
2024	0.11020%	\$ 1,273,524	\$ 11,806,122	10.79%	21.82%
2023	0.11322%	1,371,567	11,289,416	12.15%	17.90%
2022	0.12136%	1,515,843	11,310,624	13.40%	15.08%
2021	0.12882%	1,653,493	11,392,850	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.13385%	1,746,095	11,734,702	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.13987%	1,831,034	11,731,764	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.14829%	1,882,000	11,992,549	15.69%	8.08%
2017	0.14698%	1,865,000	11,599,639	16.08%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions  
 Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan  
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2025

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<u>Date</u>	<u>Contractually Required Contribution</u>	<u>Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution</u>	<u>Contribution Deficiency (Excess)</u>	<u>Employer's Covered Payroll</u>	<u>Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll</u>
2025	\$ 135,116	\$ 135,116	\$ -	\$ 11,233,058	1.21%
2024	142,854	142,854	-	11,806,122	1.21%
2023	136,602	136,602	-	11,289,416	1.21%
2022	136,859	136,859	-	11,310,624	1.21%
2021	137,853	137,853	-	11,392,850	1.21%
2020	140,816	140,816	-	11,734,702	1.20%
2019	140,781	140,781	-	11,731,764	1.20%
2018	146,208	146,208	-	11,992,549	1.22%
2017	128,756	128,756	-	11,599,639	1.11%
2016	124,966	124,966	-	11,789,274	1.06%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information  
 Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

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**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of County and School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability  
 Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan  
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
<b>Primary Government</b>					
2024	0.02654%	\$ 296,166	\$ 6,814,592	4.35%	73.41%
2023	0.02781%	333,529	6,550,994	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.02805%	337,749	6,101,721	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.02700%	314,353	5,574,178	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.02700%	450,753	5,558,999	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.02728%	443,918	5,347,838	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.02739%	416,000	5,207,704	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.02738%	412,000	5,051,155	8.16%	48.86%
<b>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</b>					
2024	0.00358%	\$ 39,950	\$ 920,057	4.34%	73.41%
2023	0.00335%	40,177	789,895	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.00295%	35,521	641,745	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.00310%	36,208	642,691	5.63%	67.45%
2020	0.00340%	56,073	692,516	8.10%	52.64%
2019	0.00342%	55,652	670,157	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.00314%	48,000	598,180	8.02%	51.22%
2017	0.00316%	48,000	582,130	8.25%	48.86%
<b>Component Unit School Board (professional)</b>					
2024	0.04614%	\$ 514,886	\$ 11,847,900	4.35%	73.41%
2023	0.04794%	574,951	11,292,241	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.05232%	629,983	11,380,993	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.05520%	642,562	11,395,795	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.05720%	954,909	11,775,151	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.06026%	980,591	11,813,390	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.06344%	963,000	12,063,055	7.98%	51.22%
2017	0.06312%	950,000	11,642,450	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions  
 Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan  
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2025

<u>Date</u>	<u>Contractually Required Contribution</u>	<u>Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution</u>	<u>Contribution Deficiency (Excess)</u>	<u>Employer's Covered Payroll</u>	<u>Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll</u>
<b>Primary Government</b>					
2025	\$ 33,108	\$ 33,108	\$ -	\$ 7,044,141	0.47%
2024	36,799	36,799	-	6,814,592	0.54%
2023	35,375	35,375	-	6,550,994	0.54%
2022	32,949	32,949	-	6,101,721	0.54%
2021	30,101	30,101	-	5,574,178	0.54%
2020	28,907	28,907	-	5,558,999	0.52%
2019	27,809	27,809	-	5,347,838	0.52%
2018	27,288	27,288	-	5,207,704	0.52%
2017	26,266	26,266	-	5,051,155	0.52%
2016	24,175	24,175	-	5,036,405	0.48%
<b>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</b>					
2025	\$ 4,461	\$ 4,461	\$ -	\$ 941,048	0.47%
2024	4,968	4,968	-	920,057	0.54%
2023	4,265	4,265	-	789,895	0.54%
2022	3,465	3,465	-	641,745	0.54%
2021	3,471	3,471	-	642,691	0.54%
2020	3,601	3,601	-	692,516	0.52%
2019	3,485	3,485	-	670,157	0.52%
2018	3,112	3,112	-	598,180	0.52%
2017	3,027	3,027	-	582,130	0.52%
2016	2,917	2,917	-	607,723	0.48%
2015	2,893	2,893	-	602,654	0.48%
<b>Component Unit School Board (professional)</b>					
2025	\$ 52,905	\$ 52,905	\$ -	\$ 11,243,430	0.47%
2024	63,979	63,979	-	11,847,900	0.54%
2023	60,978	60,978	-	11,292,241	0.54%
2022	61,457	61,457	-	11,380,993	0.54%
2021	61,537	61,537	-	11,395,795	0.54%
2020	61,231	61,231	-	11,775,151	0.52%
2019	61,430	61,430	-	11,813,390	0.52%
2018	63,014	63,014	-	12,063,055	0.52%
2017	60,541	60,541	-	11,642,450	0.52%
2016	56,945	56,945	-	11,863,594	0.48%
2015	57,789	57,789	-	12,039,575	0.48%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information  
 Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

**Teachers**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios  
 Primary Government  
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
<b>Total OPEB liability</b>								
Service cost	\$ 17,600	\$ 17,400	\$ 28,700	\$ 25,800	\$ 22,200	\$ 20,500	\$ 22,800	\$ 22,200
Interest	20,000	18,600	14,500	18,200	20,400	23,500	23,600	22,400
Differences between expected and actual experience	80,100	1,200	91,800	(6,600)	46,000	(49,300)	(14,900)	-
Benefit payments	(31,600)	(47,900)	(58,800)	(77,400)	(38,900)	(12,500)	(9,700)	(14,500)
Assumption changes	(9,600)	17,500	(321,900)	42,400	53,600	32,100	(30,000)	-
Other charges	20,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Net change in total OPEB liability</b>	\$ 96,700	\$ 6,800	\$ (245,700)	\$ 2,400	\$ 103,300	\$ 14,300	\$ (8,200)	\$ 30,100
<b>Total OPEB liability - beginning</b>	<u>517,000</u>	<u>510,200</u>	<u>755,900</u>	<u>753,500</u>	<u>650,200</u>	<u>635,900</u>	<u>644,100</u>	<u>614,000</u>
<b>Total OPEB liability - ending</b>	<u>\$ 613,700</u>	<u>\$ 517,000</u>	<u>\$ 510,200</u>	<u>\$ 755,900</u>	<u>\$ 753,500</u>	<u>\$ 650,200</u>	<u>\$ 635,900</u>	<u>\$ 644,100</u>
<b>Covered-employee payroll</b>	\$ 6,589,600	\$ 6,478,300	\$ 6,478,300	\$ 5,427,100	\$ 5,427,100	\$ 5,103,500	\$ 5,103,500	\$ 4,870,600
<b>County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll</b>	9.31%	7.98%	7.88%	13.93%	13.88%	12.74%	12.46%	13.22%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County OPEB  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Valuation Date: 7/1/2024  
 Measurement Date: 7/1/2024

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

*Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:*

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	4.09% as of July 1, 2024
Salary Scale	2.50% as of July 1, 2024
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.75% for fiscal year 2025, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%
Retirement Age	At least age 60 with at least 30 years of service
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios  
 Component Unit - School Board  
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>Total OPEB liability</b>								
Service cost	\$ 53,500	\$ 58,800	\$ 95,800	\$ 92,800	\$ 102,100	\$ 103,000	\$ 127,600	\$ 124,500
Interest	40,600	41,600	27,100	35,200	57,600	73,900	103,500	98,000
Differences between expected and actual experience	(402,100)	(158,500)	(162,700)	(133,700)	(578,500)	(526,700)	(968,800)	-
Assumption changes	(3,300)	36,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(50,500)	(43,200)	(72,800)	(88,000)	(7,500)	(9,300)	(9,400)	(129,900)
Other charges	-	-	(147,500)	56,200	73,200	155,700	(93,400)	-
<b>Net change in total OPEB liability</b>	\$ (361,800)	\$ (65,300)	\$ (260,100)	\$ (37,500)	\$ (353,100)	\$ (203,400)	\$ (840,500)	\$ 92,600
<b>Total OPEB liability - beginning</b>	<u>1,024,300</u>	<u>1,089,600</u>	<u>1,349,700</u>	<u>1,387,200</u>	<u>1,740,300</u>	<u>1,943,700</u>	<u>2,784,200</u>	<u>2,691,600</u>
<b>Total OPEB liability - ending</b>	<u>\$ 662,500</u>	<u>\$ 1,024,300</u>	<u>\$ 1,089,600</u>	<u>\$ 1,349,700</u>	<u>\$ 1,387,200</u>	<u>\$ 1,740,300</u>	<u>\$ 1,943,700</u>	<u>\$ 2,784,200</u>
<b>Covered-employee payroll</b>	\$ 10,850,700	\$ 10,339,900	\$ 10,302,800	\$ 11,666,900	\$ 11,666,900	\$ 12,388,700	\$ 12,388,700	\$ 10,339,900
<b>School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll</b>	6.11%	9.91%	10.58%	11.57%	11.89%	14.05%	15.69%	26.93%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - School Board OPEB  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Valuation Date: 7/1/2024  
 Measurement Date: 7/1/2024

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

*Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:*

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	4.09% as of July 1, 2024
Salary Scale	2.50% as of July 1, 2024
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.75% for fiscal year 2025, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%
Retirement Age	At least age 60 with at least 30 years of service
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021

Schedule of Changes in the School Board's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios  
 Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan  
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2024

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<b>Total HIC OPEB Liability</b>					
Service cost	\$ 799	\$ 768	\$ 936	\$ 1,122	\$ -
Interest	4,631	7,089	6,770	6,109	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	90,498
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,181)	(42,241)	(12,209)	1	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	11,573	2,792	-
Benefit payments	(2,088)	(2,036)	(2,326)	-	-
<b>Net change in total HIC OPEB liability</b>	<u>\$ 1,161</u>	<u>\$ (36,420)</u>	<u>\$ 4,744</u>	<u>\$ 10,024</u>	<u>\$ 90,498</u>
<b>Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning</b>	68,846	105,266	100,522	90,498	-
<b>Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)</b>	<u>\$ 70,007</u>	<u>\$ 68,846</u>	<u>\$ 105,266</u>	<u>\$ 100,522</u>	<u>\$ 90,498</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position</b>					
Contributions - employer	\$ 11,501	\$ 9,874	\$ 7,252	\$ 7,206	\$ -
Net investment income	2,631	1,136	(128)	954	-
Benefit payments	(2,088)	(2,036)	(2,326)	-	-
Administrator charges	(40)	(32)	(24)	(32)	-
Other	-	15	273	-	-
<b>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</b>	<u>\$ 12,004</u>	<u>\$ 8,957</u>	<u>\$ 5,047</u>	<u>\$ 8,128</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - beginning</b>	22,132	13,175	8,128	-	-
<b>Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)</b>	<u>\$ 34,136</u>	<u>\$ 22,132</u>	<u>\$ 13,175</u>	<u>\$ 8,128</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>School Board's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)</b>	\$ 35,871	\$ 46,714	\$ 92,091	\$ 92,394	\$ 90,498
<b>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability</b>	48.76%	32.15%	12.52%	8.09%	0.00%
<b>Covered payroll</b>	\$ 920,057	\$ 789,895	\$ 641,745	\$ 637,762	\$ 692,516
<b>School Board's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll</b>	3.90%	5.91%	14.35%	14.49%	13.07%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2020 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions  
 Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan  
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2025

<u>Date</u>	<u>Contractually Required Contribution</u>	<u>Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution</u>	<u>Contribution Deficiency (Excess)</u>	<u>Employer's Covered Payroll</u>	<u>Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll</u>
2025	\$ 11,755	\$ 11,755	\$ -	\$ 937,645	1.25%
2024	11,501	11,501	-	920,057	1.25%
2023	9,874	9,874	-	789,895	1.25%
2022	7,252	7,252	-	641,745	1.13%
2021	7,207	7,207	-	637,762	1.13%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Plan was not active before 2021. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information  
 Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

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**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

**Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## **Other Supplementary Information**

## **Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules**

Capital Projects Fund - Landfill Construction Fund  
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 130,034	\$ 90,034
Charges for services	500,000	500,000	535,089	35,089
Total revenues	<u>\$ 540,000</u>	<u>\$ 540,000</u>	<u>\$ 665,123</u>	<u>\$ 125,123</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ 540,000</u>	<u>\$ 540,000</u>	<u>\$ 665,123</u>	<u>\$ 125,123</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Transfers out	<u>\$ (636,048)</u>	<u>\$ (636,048)</u>	<u>\$ (1,657,981)</u>	<u>\$ (1,021,933)</u>
Total other financing sources and uses	<u>\$ (636,048)</u>	<u>\$ (636,048)</u>	<u>\$ (1,657,981)</u>	<u>\$ (1,021,933)</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$ (96,048)	\$ (96,048)	\$ (992,858)	\$ (896,810)
Fund balances - beginning	<u>96,048</u>	<u>96,048</u>	<u>3,984,230</u>	<u>3,888,182</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,991,372</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,991,372</u></u>

County ARPA Act Fund  
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 125,747	\$ 125,747
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 125,747	\$ 125,747
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current:				
General government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ (100,000)
Total expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ (100,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,747	\$ 25,747
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Transfers out	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (25,747)	\$ (25,747)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (25,747)	\$ (25,747)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	-	-
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Combining Balance Sheet  
 Nonmajor Governmental Funds  
 June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects	Total
	Piedmont Court Services	EMS District	Recreation Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 559,896	\$ 743,335	\$ 9,877	\$ 1,313,108
Total assets	\$ 559,896	\$ 743,335	\$ 9,877	\$ 1,313,108
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
Accounts payable	\$ 4,848	\$ 2,387	\$ -	\$ 7,235
Total liabilities	\$ 4,848	\$ 2,387	\$ -	\$ 7,235
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>				
Assigned:				
Recreation capital projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,877	\$ 9,877
Special revenue	555,048	740,948	-	1,295,996
Total fund balances	\$ 555,048	\$ 740,948	\$ 9,877	\$ 1,305,873
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 559,896	\$ 743,335	\$ 9,877	\$ 1,313,108

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances  
 Nonmajor Governmental Funds  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital	Total
	Piedmont Court Services	EMS District	Projects Funds Recreation Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
<b>REVENUES</b>				
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ 365,078	\$ -	\$ 365,078
Revenue from the use of money and property	5,372	-	268	5,640
Charges for services	20,911	-	-	20,911
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	816,072	-	-	816,072
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ 842,355</b>	<b>\$ 365,078</b>	<b>\$ 268</b>	<b>\$ 1,207,701</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Public Safety	\$ 675,641	\$ 410,167	\$ -	\$ 1,085,808
Debt service				
Lease principal	32,023	-	-	32,023
Lease interest	3,977	-	-	3,977
<b>Total expenditures</b>	<b>\$ 711,641</b>	<b>\$ 410,167</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,121,808</b>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 130,714	\$ (45,089)	\$ 268	\$ 85,893
Net change in fund balances	\$ 130,714	\$ (45,089)	\$ 268	\$ 85,893
Fund balances - beginning	424,334	786,037	9,609	1,219,980
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 555,048</u>	<u>\$ 740,948</u>	<u>\$ 9,877</u>	<u>\$ 1,305,873</u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual  
Nonmajor Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Capital Projects Funds			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Recreation Fund			
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	
Original	Final			
<b>REVENUES</b>				
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
Revenue from the use of money and property	-	-	268	268
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268	\$ 268
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Public safety	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268	\$ 268
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268	\$ 268
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	9,609	9,609
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,877	\$ 9,877

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual  
Nonmajor Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds				Special Revenue Funds			
	Piedmont Court Services				EMS District			
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual		Original	Final	Actual	
<b>REVENUES</b>								
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 335,500	\$ 335,500	\$ 365,078	\$ 29,578
Revenue from the use of money and property	150	150	5,372	5,222	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	35,000	35,000	20,911	(14,089)	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth	851,954	851,954	816,072	-35,882	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	\$ 887,104	\$ 887,104	\$ 842,355	\$ (44,749)	\$ 335,500	\$ 335,500	\$ 365,078	\$ 29,578
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>								
Public safety	\$ 887,104	\$ 887,104	\$ 675,641	\$ 211,463	\$ 335,500	\$ 1,112,581	\$ 410,167	\$ 702,414
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-	32,023	(32,023)	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	3,977	(3,977)	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	\$ 887,104	\$ 887,104	\$ 711,641	\$ 175,463	\$ 335,500	\$ 1,112,581	\$ 410,167	\$ 702,414
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,714	\$ 130,714	\$ -	\$ (777,081)	\$ (45,089)	\$ 731,992
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,714	\$ 130,714	\$ -	\$ (777,081)	\$ (45,089)	\$ 731,992
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	424,334	424,334	-	777,081	786,037	8,956
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 555,048	\$ 555,048	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 740,948	\$ 740,948

Combining Balance Sheet  
 Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board  
 June 30, 2025

	<u>School Operating Fund</u>	<u>School Cafeteria Fund</u>	<u>School CARES Fund</u>	<u>Underground Storage Tank Fund</u>	<u>School Activity Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 321,860	\$ 156,491	\$ 2,481,898	\$ 22,870	\$ 318,469	\$ 3,301,588
Due from primary government	920,121	-	-	-	-	920,121
Due from other governmental units	946,022	8,105	-	-	-	954,127
Prepaid items	212,969	-	-	-	-	212,969
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,400,972</u>	<u>\$ 164,596</u>	<u>\$ 2,481,898</u>	<u>\$ 22,870</u>	<u>\$ 318,469</u>	<u>\$ 5,388,805</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>						
Accounts payable	\$ 87,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,100
Accrued liabilities	1,157,377	76,446	-	-	-	1,233,823
Retainage payable	569,308	-	-	-	-	569,308
Due to primary government	-	-	2,481,898	-	-	2,481,898
Deferred revenue	587,187	-	-	-	-	587,187
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 2,400,972</u>	<u>\$ 76,446</u>	<u>\$ 2,481,898</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,959,316</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>						
Assigned:						
Cafeteria	\$ -	\$ 88,150	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,150
Underground storage	-	-	-	22,870	-	22,870
School activity	-	-	-	-	318,469	318,469
Total fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 88,150</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 22,870</u>	<u>\$ 318,469</u>	<u>\$ 429,489</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 2,400,972</u>	<u>\$ 164,596</u>	<u>\$ 2,481,898</u>	<u>\$ 22,870</u>	<u>\$ 318,469</u>	<u>\$ 5,388,805</u>

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Total fund balances per above	\$ 429,489
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Capital assets	37,488,685
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(23,876,727)</u>
	13,611,958
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds	458,135
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Pension related items	3,668,777
OPEB related items	<u>430,684</u>
	4,099,461
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension liability	(10,393,214)
Net OPEB liability	(2,526,731)
Compensated absences	<u>(1,627,703)</u>
	(14,547,648)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current-period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Pension related items	(2,990,227)
OPEB related items	<u>(1,221,574)</u>
	(4,211,801)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ (160,406)</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances  
 Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	School CARES Fund	Underground Storage Tank Fund	School Activity Fund	Total Governmental Funds
<b>REVENUES</b>						
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 75,790	\$ 322	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,112
Charges for services	270,721	85,250	-	-	-	355,971
Miscellaneous	93,484	-	-	-	211,009	304,493
Recovered costs	27,073	-	-	-	-	27,073
Intergovernmental:						
Local government	7,176,132	-	-	-	-	7,176,132
Commonwealth	19,197,340	56,155	-	-	-	19,253,495
Federal	2,537,220	1,689,134	3,264,250	-	-	7,490,604
Total revenues	<u>\$ 29,377,760</u>	<u>\$ 1,830,861</u>	<u>\$ 3,264,250</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 211,009</u>	<u>\$ 34,683,880</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>						
Current:						
Education	\$ 28,798,470	\$ 2,096,252	\$ 1,647,549	\$ -	\$ 192,692	\$ 32,734,963
Contribution to local government	-	-	1,616,701	-	-	1,616,701
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	502,449	-	-	-	-	502,449
Interest and other fiscal charges	76,841	-	-	-	-	76,841
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 29,377,760</u>	<u>\$ 2,096,252</u>	<u>\$ 3,264,250</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 192,692</u>	<u>\$ 34,930,954</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ (265,391)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,317	\$ (247,074)
Fund balances - beginning	-	353,541	-	22,870	300,152	676,563
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 88,150</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 22,870</u>	<u>\$ 318,469</u>	<u>\$ 429,489</u>

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above	\$ (247,074)
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Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital asset additions	1,713,963	
Net transfer of joint tenancy assets	(68,625)	
Depreciation expense	<u>(1,664,296)</u>	(18,958)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in compensated absences	(172,443)	
Pension expense	1,307,295	
OPEB expense	<u>528,129</u>	1,662,981
Change in net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 1,396,949</u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual  
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>School Operating Fund</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Revenue from the use of				
money and property	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 75,790	\$ 65,790
Charges for services	46,978	46,978	270,721	223,743
Miscellaneous	22,000	22,000	93,484	71,484
Recovered costs	208,543	208,543	27,073	(181,470)
Intergovernmental:				
Local government	11,511,621	11,511,621	7,176,132	(4,335,489)
Commonwealth	17,834,752	17,834,752	19,197,340	1,362,588
Federal	2,123,818	2,123,818	2,537,220	413,402
Total revenues	<u>\$ 31,757,712</u>	<u>\$ 31,757,712</u>	<u>\$ 29,377,760</u>	<u>\$ (2,379,952)</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current:				
Education	\$ 31,235,433	\$ 31,772,742	\$ 28,798,470	\$ 2,974,272
Contribution to local government	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	445,438	445,438	502,449	(57,011)
Interest and other fiscal charges	76,841	76,841	76,841	-
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 31,757,712</u>	<u>\$ 32,295,021</u>	<u>\$ 29,377,760</u>	<u>\$ 2,917,261</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ (537,309)	\$ -	\$ 537,309
Fund balances - beginning	-	537,309	-	(537,309)
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual  
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	School CARES Fund				School Cafeteria Fund			
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final			Original	Final		
<b>REVENUES</b>								
Revenue from the use of								
money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 322	\$ 322
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	289,000	289,000	85,250	(203,750)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recovered costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:								
Local government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commonwealth	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,155	56,155
Federal	-	-	3,264,250	3,264,250	1,665,000	1,665,000	1,689,134	24,134
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,264,250	\$ 3,264,250	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 1,830,861	\$ (123,139)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>								
Current:								
Education	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,647,549	\$ (1,647,549)	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 2,096,252	\$ (142,252)
Contribution to local government	-	-	1,616,701	(1,616,701)	-	-	-	-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,264,250	\$ (3,264,250)	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 2,096,252	\$ (142,252)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (265,391)	\$ (265,391)
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	-	-	-	-	353,541	353,541
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,150	\$ 88,150

## Supporting Schedules

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual  
Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>General Fund:</b>				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	\$ 9,870,000	\$ 9,870,000	\$ 9,539,857	\$ (330,143)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	620,000	620,000	588,833	(31,167)
Personal property taxes	6,550,000	6,550,000	6,312,208	(237,792)
Mobile home taxes	65,000	65,000	73,072	8,072
Machinery and tools taxes	100,000	100,000	161,729	61,729
Merchants' capital taxes	425,000	425,000	393,202	(31,798)
Penalties	250,000	250,000	246,199	(3,801)
Interest	200,000	200,000	172,961	(27,039)
Total general property taxes	<u>\$ 18,080,000</u>	<u>\$ 18,080,000</u>	<u>\$ 17,488,061</u>	<u>\$ (591,939)</u>
Other local taxes:				
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 4,200,000	\$ 4,200,000	\$ 4,165,137	\$ (34,863)
Moped and ATV sales and use taxes	10,000	10,000	16,722	6,722
Consumers' utility taxes	370,000	370,000	311,570	(58,430)
Gross receipts tax	60,000	60,000	58,285	(1,715)
Lodging taxes	75,000	75,000	72,474	(2,526)
Motor vehicle licenses	575,000	575,000	550,085	(24,915)
Taxes on recordation and wills	335,000	335,000	227,250	(107,750)
Restaurant food taxes	200,000	200,000	152,522	(47,478)
Total other local taxes	<u>\$ 5,825,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,825,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,554,045</u>	<u>\$ (270,955)</u>
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:				
Animal licenses	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 3,765	\$ (1,235)
Permits and other licenses	257,500	257,500	374,665	117,165
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	<u>\$ 262,500</u>	<u>\$ 262,500</u>	<u>\$ 378,430</u>	<u>\$ 115,930</u>
Fines and forfeitures:				
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,698	\$ 77,615	\$ (103,083)
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	\$ 956,104	\$ 956,104	\$ 1,862,311	\$ 906,207
Revenue from use of property	473,146	473,146	507,944	34,798
Total revenue from use of money and property	<u>\$ 1,429,250</u>	<u>\$ 1,429,250</u>	<u>\$ 2,370,255</u>	<u>\$ 941,005</u>
Charges for services:				
Court costs	\$ 104,000	\$ 104,000	\$ 93,643	\$ (10,357)
Charges for law library	7,000	7,000	7,173	173
Charges for courthouse maintenance	10,000	10,000	7,954	(2,046)
Charges for cannery	23,500	23,500	18,315	(5,185)
Charges for other protection	149,721	149,721	160,636	10,915
Total charges for services	<u>\$ 294,221</u>	<u>\$ 294,221</u>	<u>\$ 287,721</u>	<u>\$ (6,500)</u>
Miscellaneous:				
Expenditure refunds	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 7,000
Opioid settlement	-	36,276	39,254	2,978
Miscellaneous	65,100	319,413	181,125	(138,288)
Total miscellaneous	<u>\$ 66,100</u>	<u>\$ 356,689</u>	<u>\$ 228,379</u>	<u>\$ (128,310)</u>

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual  
 Governmental Funds  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>General Fund: (Continued)</b>				
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)				
Recovered costs:				
Other recovered costs	\$ 103,300	\$ 134,369	\$ 337,182	\$ 202,813
Circuit court judge	-	-	43,970	43,970
Total recovered costs	\$ 103,300	\$ 134,369	\$ 381,152	\$ 246,783
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 26,240,371	\$ 26,562,727	\$ 26,765,658	\$ 202,931
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from local government:				
Contribution from School Board	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,616,701	\$ 1,616,701
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 72,181	\$ 7,181
Mobile home titling tax	65,000	65,000	49,846	(15,154)
Motor vehicle rental tax	-	-	87	87
State recordation tax	40,000	40,000	-	(40,000)
Communications tax	540,000	540,000	202,013	(337,987)
Personal property tax relief funds	1,305,350	1,305,350	1,305,350	-
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 2,015,350	\$ 2,015,350	\$ 1,629,477	\$ (385,873)
Categorical aid:				
Shared expenses:				
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 550,729	\$ 550,729	\$ 560,985	\$ 10,256
Sheriff	1,495,345	1,495,345	1,485,417	(9,928)
Commissioner of revenue	142,510	142,510	142,408	(102)
Treasurer	167,078	167,078	166,905	(173)
Registrar/electoral board	78,934	78,934	80,146	1,212
Clerk of the Circuit Court	410,013	410,013	404,252	(5,761)
Total shared expenses	\$ 2,844,609	\$ 2,844,609	\$ 2,840,113	\$ (4,496)
Other categorical aid:				
Welfare administration and assistance	\$ 960,000	\$ 960,000	\$ 957,374	\$ (2,626)
Litter control grant	7,000	7,000	13,020	6,020
Sheriff - jails	-	5,612	7,537	1,925
Comprehensive services act	830,000	830,000	775,119	(54,881)
Tobacco commission grant	-	-	72,391	72,391
Victim-witness grant	-	-	30,709	30,709
Fire program funds	-	66,974	76,233	9,259
Forfeited assets	-	-	1,349	1,349
VDOT grant	-	27,054	27,054	-
Other categorical	11,436	523,377	304,928	(218,449)
Total other categorical aid	\$ 1,808,436	\$ 2,420,017	\$ 2,265,714	\$ (154,303)
Total categorical aid	\$ 4,653,045	\$ 5,264,626	\$ 5,105,827	\$ (158,799)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 6,668,395	\$ 7,279,976	\$ 6,735,304	\$ (544,672)

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual  
 Governmental Funds  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>General Fund: (Continued)</b>				
Intergovernmental: (Continued)				
Revenue from the federal government:				
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 65,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 15,000	\$ (65,000)
Categorical aid:				
Welfare administration and assistance	\$ 1,775,692	\$ 1,775,692	\$ 1,587,168	\$ (188,524)
Emergency management performance grant	72,524	75,724	136,111	60,387
ARPA funds	-	-	47,000	47,000
Other federal revenue	-	19,943	573,972	554,029
Total categorical aid	\$ 1,848,216	\$ 1,871,359	\$ 2,344,251	\$ 472,892
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 1,913,216	\$ 1,951,359	\$ 2,359,251	\$ 407,892
Total General Fund	\$ 34,821,982	\$ 35,794,062	\$ 37,476,914	\$ 1,682,852
<b>Capital Projects Funds:</b>				
<b>Landfill Construction Fund:</b>				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 130,034	\$ 90,034
Charges for services:				
Tipping fees - non-county users	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 535,089	\$ 35,089
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 540,000	\$ 540,000	\$ 665,123	\$ 125,123
Total Landfill Construction Fund	\$ 540,000	\$ 540,000	\$ 665,123	\$ 125,123
<b>Recreation Fund:</b>				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268	\$ 268
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268	\$ 268
Total Recreation Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268	\$ 268

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual  
Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)</b>				
<b>Piedmont Court Services Fund:</b>				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 150	\$ 150	\$ 5,372	\$ 5,222
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 150	\$ 150	\$ 5,372	\$ 5,222
Charges for services:				
Other charges for services	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 20,911	\$ (14,089)
Total charges for services	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 20,911	\$ (14,089)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 35,150	\$ 35,150	\$ 26,283	\$ (8,867)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid				
DCJS - community corrections	\$ 851,954	\$ 851,954	\$ 816,072	\$ (35,882)
Total categorical aid	\$ 851,954	\$ 851,954	\$ 816,072	\$ (35,882)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 851,954	\$ 851,954	\$ 816,072	\$ (35,882)
Total Piedmont Court Services Fund	\$ 887,104	\$ 887,104	\$ 842,355	\$ (44,749)
<b>EMS District Fund:</b>				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,000	\$ 190,935	\$ 10,935
Personal property taxes	150,000	150,000	163,207	13,207
Mobile home taxes	-	-	1,368	1,368
Penalties	3,500	3,500	5,740	2,240
Interest	2,000	2,000	3,828	1,828
Total general property taxes	\$ 335,500	\$ 335,500	\$ 365,078	\$ 29,578
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 335,500	\$ 335,500	\$ 365,078	\$ 29,578
Total EMS District Fund	\$ 335,500	\$ 335,500	\$ 365,078	\$ 29,578

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual  
Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:</b>				
<b>School Operating Fund:</b>				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 71,643	\$ 61,643
Revenue from the use of property	-	-	4,147	4,147
Total revenue from use of money and property	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 75,790</u>	<u>\$ 65,790</u>
Charges for services:				
Charges for education	\$ 46,978	\$ 46,978	\$ 270,721	\$ 223,743
Miscellaneous:				
Other miscellaneous	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 93,484	\$ 71,484
Recovered costs:				
Other recovered costs	\$ 208,543	\$ 208,543	\$ 27,073	\$ (181,470)
Total revenue from local sources	<u>\$ 287,521</u>	<u>\$ 287,521</u>	<u>\$ 467,068</u>	<u>\$ 179,547</u>
Intergovernmental:				
Revenues from local governments:				
Contribution from County of Prince Edward, Virginia	\$ 11,511,621	\$ 11,511,621	\$ 7,176,132	\$ (4,335,489)
Total revenues from local governments	<u>\$ 11,511,621</u>	<u>\$ 11,511,621</u>	<u>\$ 7,176,132</u>	<u>\$ (4,335,489)</u>
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Share of state sales tax	\$ 3,203,379	\$ 3,203,379	\$ 3,203,379	-
Basic school aid	6,771,826	6,771,826	6,771,826	-
Other state funds	7,859,547	7,859,547	9,222,135	1,362,588
Total categorical aid	<u>\$ 17,834,752</u>	<u>\$ 17,834,752</u>	<u>\$ 19,197,340</u>	<u>\$ 1,362,588</u>
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	<u>\$ 17,834,752</u>	<u>\$ 17,834,752</u>	<u>\$ 19,197,340</u>	<u>\$ 1,362,588</u>
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Title I	\$ 1,069,746	\$ 1,069,746	\$ 1,134,634	\$ 64,888
Title I, neglected and delinquent children	-	-	3,746	3,746
Title II	131,601	131,601	101,642	(29,959)
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	-	-	852,213	852,213
Title VI-B, pre-school	21,435	21,435	13,448	(7,987)
Title IV, Part A	-	-	68,801	68,801
Other federal funds	58,058	58,058	362,736	304,678
Total categorical aid	<u>\$ 2,123,818</u>	<u>\$ 2,123,818</u>	<u>\$ 2,537,220</u>	<u>\$ 413,402</u>
Total School Operating Fund	<u>\$ 31,757,712</u>	<u>\$ 31,757,712</u>	<u>\$ 29,377,760</u>	<u>\$ (2,379,952)</u>

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual  
Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)</b>				
<b>Special Revenue Fund:</b>				
<b>School Cafeteria Fund:</b>				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 322	\$ 322
Charges for services:				
Cafeteria sales	\$ 289,000	\$ 289,000	\$ 85,250	\$ (203,750)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 289,000	\$ 289,000	\$ 85,572	\$ (203,428)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
School food program grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,155	\$ 56,155
Total categorical aid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,155	\$ 56,155
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,155	\$ 56,155
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
School nutrition program	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 1,689,134	\$ 24,134
Total categorical aid	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 1,689,134	\$ 24,134
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 1,830,861	\$ (123,139)
<b>Special Revenue Funds:</b>				
<b>CARES Act Fund:</b>				
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
CARES Act	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,264,250	\$ 3,264,250
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,264,250	\$ 3,264,250
Total CARES Act Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,264,250	\$ 3,264,250

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual  
 Governmental Funds  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>General Fund:</b>				
General government administration:				
Legislative:				
Board of supervisors	\$ 235,097	\$ 231,897	\$ 219,531	\$ 12,366
General and financial administration:				
County administrator	\$ 854,101	\$ 849,801	\$ 838,144	\$ 11,657
Legal services	107,225	251,107	251,106	1
Commissioner of revenue	464,560	454,560	421,263	33,297
Treasurer	569,387	569,387	522,978	46,409
Independent Auditor	125,000	96,453	96,453	-
Assessor	200,000	219,530	219,530	-
Other general and financial administration	244,060	244,060	243,889	171
Total general and financial administration	\$ 2,564,333	\$ 2,684,898	\$ 2,593,363	\$ 91,535
Board of elections:				
Electoral board and officials	\$ 96,934	\$ 109,244	\$ 108,233	\$ 1,011
Registrar	251,159	285,237	278,200	7,037
Total board of elections	\$ 348,093	\$ 394,481	\$ 386,433	\$ 8,048
Total general government administration	\$ 3,147,523	\$ 3,311,276	\$ 3,199,327	\$ 111,949
Judicial administration:				
Courts:				
Circuit court	\$ 81,790	\$ 81,790	\$ 68,103	\$ 13,687
General district court	13,600	13,600	7,222	6,378
Office of the magistrates	3,425	3,425	2,125	1,300
Juvenile and domestic court	10,440	10,440	5,423	5,017
Clerk of the circuit court	650,229	680,219	634,329	45,890
Law library	7,600	7,600	5,624	1,976
Sheriff - courts	739,507	739,507	460,234	279,273
Drug court	-	22,242	22,242	-
Victim and witness assistance	88,691	88,691	85,609	3,082
Total courts	\$ 1,595,282	\$ 1,647,514	\$ 1,290,911	\$ 356,603
Commonwealth's attorney:				
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 795,655	\$ 795,655	\$ 757,006	\$ 38,649
Total judicial administration	\$ 2,390,937	\$ 2,443,169	\$ 2,047,917	\$ 395,252
Public safety:				
Law enforcement and traffic control:				
Sheriff	\$ 3,396,524	\$ 3,441,756	\$ 3,296,514	\$ 145,242
Emergency services	57,086	51,416	44,525	6,891
Line of Duty Act payments	15,500	21,170	21,169	1
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 3,469,110	\$ 3,514,342	\$ 3,362,208	\$ 152,134
Fire and rescue services:				
Fire department	\$ 673,000	\$ 1,160,626	\$ 626,827	\$ 533,799
Ambulance and rescue services	163,000	143,000	136,429	6,571
Forestry service	11,716	11,716	11,026	690
Total fire and rescue services	\$ 847,716	\$ 1,315,342	\$ 774,282	\$ 541,060

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual  
 Governmental Funds  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>General Fund: (Continued)</b>				
Public safety: (Continued)				
Correction and detention:				
Regional jail and juvenile detention	\$ 1,599,930	\$ 1,665,443	\$ 1,665,442	\$ 1
Inspections:				
Building	\$ 261,150	\$ 261,150	\$ 254,069	\$ 7,081
Other protection:				
Animal control	\$ 298,330	\$ 360,957	\$ 336,866	\$ 24,091
Other protection	16,500	34,337	30,730	3,607
Medical examiner (coroner)	200	200	100	100
Total other protection	\$ 315,030	\$ 395,494	\$ 367,696	\$ 27,798
Total public safety	\$ 6,492,936	\$ 7,151,771	\$ 6,423,697	\$ 728,074
Public works:				
Sanitation and waste removal:				
Litter control	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 22,351	\$ (15,351)
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 22,351	\$ (15,351)
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:				
General properties	\$ 1,159,178	\$ 1,174,906	\$ 1,114,431	\$ 60,475
Total public works	\$ 1,166,178	\$ 1,181,906	\$ 1,136,782	\$ 45,124
Health and welfare:				
Health:				
Supplement of local health department	\$ 178,000	\$ 178,000	\$ 178,000	\$ -
Mental health and mental retardation:				
Crossroads Community Services Board	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -
Welfare:				
Welfare administration and assistance	\$ 127,591	\$ 177,826	\$ 188,844	\$ (11,018)
Tax relief for the elderly	-	-	144,922	(144,922)
Comprehensive services act	1,001,000	1,001,000	1,016,160	(15,160)
Other welfare programs	3,356,371	3,356,371	2,818,253	538,118
Total welfare	\$ 4,484,962	\$ 4,535,197	\$ 4,168,179	\$ 367,018
Total health and welfare	\$ 4,762,962	\$ 4,813,197	\$ 4,446,179	\$ 367,018
Education:				
Other instructional costs:				
Contributions to community college	\$ 13,649	\$ 13,649	\$ 13,649	\$ -
Contribution to County School Board	11,511,621	11,511,621	7,176,132	4,335,489
Total education	\$ 11,525,270	\$ 11,525,270	\$ 7,189,781	\$ 4,335,489

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual  
Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>General Fund: (Continued)</b>				
Parks, recreation, and cultural:				
Parks and recreation:				
Supervision of parks and recreation	\$ 68,000	\$ 83,036	\$ 83,036	\$ -
Cultural enrichment:				
Museums	\$ 8,500	\$ 13,400	\$ 13,400	\$ -
Contribution to regional library	\$ 316,118	\$ 316,118	\$ 316,118	\$ -
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$ 392,618	\$ 412,554	\$ 412,554	\$ -
Community development:				
Planning and community development:				
Planning	\$ 348,987	\$ 548,809	\$ 504,571	\$ 44,238
Community development	40,900	40,900	40,900	-
Contribution to Industrial Development Auth.	-	484,587	22,787	461,800
Economic development	189,634	179,452	167,349	12,103
Tourism	189,572	171,659	179,699	(8,040)
Total planning and community development	\$ 769,093	\$ 1,425,407	\$ 915,306	\$ 510,101
Environmental management:				
Soil and water conservation	\$ 19,840	\$ 19,840	\$ 21,360	\$ (1,520)
Cooperative extension program:				
Cooperative extension program	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 58,432	\$ 16,568
Cannery	106,791	101,367	100,969	398
Total cooperative extension program	\$ 181,791	\$ 176,367	\$ 159,401	\$ 16,966
Total community development	\$ 970,724	\$ 1,621,614	\$ 1,096,067	\$ 525,547
Nondepartmental:				
Other nondepartmental	\$ 369,414	\$ 173,943	\$ 192,841	\$ (18,898)
Total nondepartmental	\$ 369,414	\$ 173,943	\$ 192,841	\$ (18,898)
Capital projects:				
Computer system	\$ 115,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 60,141	\$ 4,859
Sandy River reservoir project	750,000	58,249	-	58,249
Schools	650,000	2,513,084	14,795,000	(12,281,916)
Other capital projects	61,508	505,399	648,372	(142,973)
Total capital projects	\$ 1,576,508	\$ 3,141,732	\$ 15,503,513	\$ (12,361,781)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	\$ 499,630	\$ 543,318	\$ 1,124,470	\$ (581,152)
Interest and other fiscal charges	282,528	298,476	396,078	(97,602)
Total debt service	\$ 782,158	\$ 841,794	\$ 1,520,548	\$ (678,754)
Total General Fund	\$ 33,577,228	\$ 36,618,226	\$ 43,169,206	\$ (6,550,980)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual  
Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>Special Revenue Fund:</b>				
<b>Piedmont Court Services Fund:</b>				
Public safety:				
Correction and detention:				
Piedmont Court Services	\$ 887,104	\$ 887,104	\$ 675,641	\$ 211,463
Total other protection	\$ 887,104	\$ 887,104	\$ 675,641	\$ 211,463
Total public safety	\$ 887,104	\$ 887,104	\$ 675,641	\$ 211,463
Debt service:				
Lease principal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,023	\$ (32,023)
Lease interest	-	-	3,977	(3,977)
Total debt service	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,000	(36,000)
Total Piedmont Court Services Fund	\$ 887,104	\$ 887,104	\$ 711,641	\$ 175,463
<b>EMS District Fund:</b>				
Public safety:				
Fire and rescue:				
EMS District fire and rescue	\$ 335,500	\$ 1,112,581	\$ 410,167	\$ 702,414
Total public safety	\$ 335,500	\$ 1,112,581	\$ 410,167	\$ 702,414
Total EMS District Fund	\$ 335,500	\$ 1,112,581	\$ 410,167	\$ 702,414
<b>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board</b>				
<b>School Operating Fund:</b>				
Education:				
Instruction	\$ 23,507,822	\$ 24,045,131	\$ 20,978,718	\$ 3,066,413
Administration, attendance, and health	1,975,691	1,975,691	1,912,822	62,869
Pupil transportation services	2,168,880	2,168,880	1,775,433	393,447
Operation and maintenance services	1,983,842	1,983,842	2,492,088	(508,246)
Technology	1,449,198	1,449,198	1,124,782	324,416
Facilities	150,000	150,000	514,627	(364,627)
Total education	\$ 31,235,433	\$ 31,772,742	\$ 28,798,470	\$ 2,974,272
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	\$ 445,438	\$ 445,438	\$ 502,449	\$ (57,011)
Interest and other fiscal charges	76,841	76,841	76,841	-
Total debt service	\$ 522,279	\$ 522,279	\$ 579,290	\$ (57,011)
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 31,757,712	\$ 32,295,021	\$ 29,377,760	\$ 2,917,261
<b>Special Revenue Funds:</b>				
<b>School CARES Fund:</b>				
Education:				
School food services:				
Instruction	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,647,549	\$ (1,647,549)
Total school food services	-	-	1,647,549	(1,647,549)
Contribution to local government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,616,701	\$ (1,616,701)
Total education	-	-	3,264,250	(3,264,250)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,264,250	\$ (3,264,250)
<b>Special Revenue Funds:</b>				
<b>School Cafeteria Fund:</b>				
Education:				
School food services:				
Administration of school food program	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 2,096,252	\$ (142,252)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 1,954,000	\$ 2,096,252	\$ (142,252)

## Statistical Section

### Contents

### Tables

#### Financial Trends

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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#### Revenue Capacity

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.

7 - 10

#### Debt Capacity

These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.

11 - 12

#### Demographic and Economic Information

This table offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

13

#### Operating Information

These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

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*Sources:* Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,858,573	\$ 228,916	\$ 1,288,819	\$ 7,558,474	\$ 3,113,156
Restricted	95,258	87,685	88,483	88,482	1,855,737
Unrestricted	<u>(105,149)</u>	<u>4,521,689</u>	<u>5,032,824</u>	<u>3,660,161</u>	<u>12,210,851</u>
Total governmental activities net position	<u>\$ 1,848,682</u>	<u>\$ 4,838,290</u>	<u>\$ 6,410,126</u>	<u>\$ 11,307,117</u>	<u>\$ 17,179,744</u>
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (191,305)	\$ (97,927)	\$ 334,066	\$ 586,262	\$ 2,205,097
Unrestricted	<u>(642,461)</u>	<u>(963,915)</u>	<u>(39,272)</u>	<u>(1,064,618)</u>	<u>(5,654,630)</u>
Total business-type activities net position	<u>\$ (833,766)</u>	<u>\$ (1,061,842)</u>	<u>\$ 294,794</u>	<u>\$ (478,356)</u>	<u>\$ (3,449,533)</u>
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,667,268	\$ 130,989	\$ 1,622,885	\$ 8,144,736	\$ 5,318,253
Restricted	95,258	87,685	88,483	88,482	1,855,737
Unrestricted	<u>(747,610)</u>	<u>3,557,774</u>	<u>4,993,552</u>	<u>2,595,543</u>	<u>6,556,221</u>
Total primary government net position	<u>\$ 1,014,916</u>	<u>\$ 3,776,448</u>	<u>\$ 6,704,920</u>	<u>\$ 10,828,761</u>	<u>\$ 13,730,211</u>

Net Position by Component  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(*accrual basis of accounting*)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>
<b>Governmental activities</b>					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,043,524	\$ 2,342,665	\$ 7,237,005	\$ 2,787,920	\$ 2,563,403
Restricted	942,213	2,091,793	130,760	135,207	123,402
Unrestricted	<u>20,015,818</u>	<u>23,987,919</u>	<u>28,309,995</u>	<u>38,718,505</u>	<u>45,243,398</u>
<b>Total governmental activities net position</b>	<u>\$ 25,001,555</u>	<u>\$ 28,422,377</u>	<u>\$ 35,677,760</u>	<u>\$ 41,641,632</u>	<u>\$ 47,930,203</u>
<b>Business-type activities</b>					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,329,416	\$ 1,952,932	\$ 2,529,378	\$ 2,903,077	\$ 4,895,214
Unrestricted	<u>(7,151,237)</u>	<u>(5,838,590)</u>	<u>(6,287,398)</u>	<u>(6,654,961)</u>	<u>(6,658,396)</u>
<b>Total business-type activities net position</b>	<u>\$ (4,821,821)</u>	<u>\$ (3,885,658)</u>	<u>\$ (3,758,020)</u>	<u>\$ (3,751,884)</u>	<u>\$ (1,763,182)</u>
<b>Primary government</b>					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,372,940	\$ 4,295,597	\$ 9,766,383	\$ 5,690,997	\$ 7,458,617
Restricted	942,213	2,091,793	130,760	135,207	123,402
Unrestricted	<u>12,864,581</u>	<u>18,149,329</u>	<u>22,022,597</u>	<u>32,063,544</u>	<u>38,585,002</u>
<b>Total primary government net position</b>	<u>\$ 20,179,734</u>	<u>\$ 24,536,719</u>	<u>\$ 31,919,740</u>	<u>\$ 37,889,748</u>	<u>\$ 46,167,021</u>

Changes in Net Position  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
<b>Expenses</b>					
Governmental activities:					
General government administration	\$ 1,978,261	\$ 1,879,121	\$ 2,042,261	\$ 2,202,773	\$ 2,418,085
Judicial administration	2,183,197	1,230,677	1,315,062	1,150,670	1,355,074
Public safety	4,988,608	4,676,477	4,886,784	5,392,741	5,679,796
Public works	1,783,830	1,900,935	1,798,146	1,081,261	1,065,039
Health and welfare	4,200,104	4,488,190	4,261,484	4,012,545	5,210,055
Education	8,197,715	9,217,509	7,669,358	7,853,856	6,731,628
Parks, recreation and cultural	315,351	278,804	282,598	299,078	327,380
Community development	660,282	450,083	638,456	590,515	2,438,879
Interest on long-term debt	380,944	236,844	387,718	304,047	648,421
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 24,688,292	\$ 24,358,640	\$ 23,281,867	\$ 22,887,486	\$ 25,874,357
Business-type activities:					
Water	\$ 170,631	\$ 167,039	\$ 121,832	\$ 102,939	\$ 138,240
Sewer	65,993	63,639	46,855	41,587	54,302
Landfill	-	-	366,017	1,173,888	1,536,492
Total business-type activities expenses	\$ 236,624	\$ 230,678	\$ 534,704	\$ 1,318,414	\$ 1,729,034
Total primary government expenses	\$ 24,924,916	\$ 24,589,318	\$ 23,816,571	\$ 24,205,900	\$ 27,603,391
<b>Program Revenues</b>					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government administration	\$ -	\$ 77,574	\$ 922,028	\$ 933,900	\$ 1,025,046
Judicial administration	148,791	220,831	230,047	222,815	228,057
Public safety	187,308	179,619	223,106	291,622	254,168
Public works	583,490	717,693	339,844	356,559	390,181
Community development	13,985	13,096	11,591	9,944	17,282
Operating grants and contributions	5,813,572	5,991,324	5,923,691	5,718,072	6,298,691
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 6,747,146	\$ 7,200,137	\$ 7,650,307	\$ 7,532,912	\$ 8,213,425
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Water	\$ 1,063	\$ 862	\$ 778	\$ 834	\$ 680
Sewer	1,588	1,740	1,516	1,841	2,380
Landfill	-	-	646,512	729,047	726,586
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$ 2,651	\$ 2,602	\$ 648,806	\$ 731,722	\$ 729,646
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 6,749,797	\$ 7,202,739	\$ 8,299,113	\$ 8,264,634	\$ 8,943,071
Net (expense) / revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (17,941,146)	\$ (17,158,503)	\$ (15,631,560)	\$ (15,354,574)	\$ (17,660,932)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (18,175,119)	\$ (17,386,579)	\$ (15,517,458)	\$ (15,941,266)	\$ (18,660,320)
<b>General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position</b>					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 11,867,596	\$ 12,934,371	\$ 13,232,616	\$ 13,842,076	\$ 15,110,342
Local sales and use taxes	2,714,379	2,807,361	2,864,176	2,986,074	3,076,209
Taxes on recordation and wills	205,362	203,446	205,308	156,349	183,848
Motor vehicle licenses taxes	417,138	492,489	483,347	547,162	579,777
Consumer utility taxes	307,536	309,779	313,830	316,994	306,609
Other local taxes	65,589	64,690	64,408	78,914	92,052
Unrestricted grants and contributions	1,774,380	1,756,921	1,728,039	1,712,077	1,792,821
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	331,892	336,954	832,179	348,973	636,557
Miscellaneous	198,298	42,697	187,120	76,488	182,355
Transfers	-	-	(1,242,534)	-	(1,463,230)
Total governmental activities	\$ 17,882,170	\$ 18,948,708	\$ 18,668,489	\$ 20,065,107	\$ 20,497,340
Business-type activities:					
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers	-	-	1,242,534	-	1,463,230
Total business-type activities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,242,534	\$ -	\$ 1,463,230
Total primary government	\$ 17,882,170	\$ 18,948,708	\$ 19,911,023	\$ 20,065,107	\$ 21,960,570
<b>Change in Net Position</b>					
Governmental activities	\$ (58,976)	\$ 1,790,205	\$ 3,036,929	\$ 4,710,533	\$ 2,836,408
Business-type activities	(233,973)	(228,076)	1,356,636	(586,692)	463,842
Total primary government	\$ (292,949)	\$ 1,562,129	\$ 4,393,565	\$ 4,123,841	\$ 3,300,250

Changes in Net Position  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
<b>Expenses</b>					
Governmental activities:					
General government administration	\$ 4,521,214	\$ 3,935,124	\$ 3,382,876	\$ 3,930,180	\$ 3,856,223
Judicial administration	1,935,600	1,628,677	2,209,008	2,284,805	2,376,069
Public safety	7,511,966	6,394,093	8,287,187	8,131,179	8,307,572
Public works	1,076,927	1,235,951	1,187,177	1,237,470	1,245,627
Health and welfare	4,433,939	3,945,533	4,209,245	4,402,147	4,884,862
Education	5,455,100	6,969,938	6,009,662	8,144,675	5,061,842
Parks, recreation and cultural	326,430	326,930	376,550	404,866	445,170
Community development	1,085,266	732,791	781,675	1,484,028	1,186,342
Interest on long-term debt	465,242	414,042	252,888	221,666	1,251,284
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 26,811,684	\$ 25,583,079	\$ 26,696,268	\$ 30,241,016	\$ 28,614,991
Business-type activities:					
Water	\$ 144,849	\$ 126,068	\$ 121,488	\$ 157,653	\$ 112,414
Sewer	52,368	49,391	56,435	43,723	44,488
Landfill	1,449,227	1,971,115	2,410,857	2,313,693	2,343,804
Total business-type activities expenses	\$ 1,646,444	\$ 2,146,574	\$ 2,588,780	\$ 2,515,069	\$ 2,500,706
Total primary government expenses	\$ 28,458,128	\$ 27,729,653	\$ 29,285,048	\$ 32,756,085	\$ 31,115,697
<b>Program Revenues</b>					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government administration	\$ 962,928	\$ 1,001,989	\$ 1,504,618	\$ 1,534,144	\$ 1,668,547
Judicial administration	198,881	197,404	254,565	258,921	207,296
Public safety	204,925	353,416	111,028	128,035	164,401
Public works	683,643	437,373	481,427	539,534	535,089
Community development	20,849	26,466	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	10,505,705	7,055,826	7,133,563	8,053,711	8,401,374
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 12,576,931	\$ 9,072,474	\$ 9,485,201	\$ 10,514,345	\$ 10,976,707
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Water	\$ 515	\$ 244	\$ 596	\$ 821	\$ 1,271
Sewer	896	950	4,261	2,091	2,386
Landfill	272,745	700,620	635,620	685,202	676,068
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$ 274,156	\$ 701,814	\$ 640,477	\$ 688,114	\$ 679,725
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 12,851,087	\$ 9,774,288	\$ 10,125,678	\$ 11,202,459	\$ 11,656,432
Net (expense) / revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (14,234,753)	\$ (16,510,605)	\$ (17,211,067)	\$ (19,726,671)	\$ (17,638,284)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (15,607,041)	\$ (17,955,365)	\$ (19,159,370)	\$ (21,553,626)	\$ (19,459,265)
<b>General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position</b>					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 14,774,168	\$ 15,865,574	\$ 17,876,894	\$ 18,532,668	\$ 18,461,581
Local sales and use taxes	3,515,613	3,657,477	3,880,738	4,026,733	4,181,859
Taxes on recordation and wills	237,440	335,712	244,386	250,453	227,250
Motor vehicle licenses taxes	546,871	580,993	540,667	547,311	550,085
Consumer utility taxes	294,311	350,703	324,534	311,396	311,570
Other local taxes	66,582	85,340	154,049	229,988	283,281
Unrestricted grants and contributions	1,746,252	2,002,050	2,180,638	2,225,287	1,635,000
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	569,800	597,348	708,356	1,707,852	2,409,536
Miscellaneous	305,196	201,494	500,933	457,074	228,379
Transfers	-	(1,118,527)	(2,075,932)	(1,833,091)	(3,826,187)
Total governmental activities	\$ 22,056,233	\$ 22,558,164	\$ 24,335,263	\$ 26,455,671	\$ 24,462,354
Business-type activities:					
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property					
Transfers	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9	\$ -	\$ 183
Total business-type activities	\$ -	\$ 1,118,527	\$ 2,075,941	\$ 1,833,091	\$ 3,826,370
Total primary government	\$ 22,056,233	\$ 23,676,691	\$ 26,411,204	\$ 28,288,762	\$ 28,288,724
<b>Change in Net Position</b>					
Governmental activities	\$ 7,821,480	\$ 6,047,559	\$ 7,124,196	\$ 6,729,000	\$ 6,824,070
Business-type activities	(1,372,288)	(326,233)	127,638	6,136	2,005,389
Total primary government	\$ 6,449,192	\$ 5,721,326	\$ 7,251,834	\$ 6,735,136	\$ 8,829,459

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years  
 (accrual basis of accounting)

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Property Tax</b>	<b>Local sales and use Tax</b>	<b>Consumer Utility Tax</b>	<b>Motor Vehicle License Tax</b>	<b>Recordation and Wills Tax</b>	<b>Total</b>
2025	\$ 18,461,581	\$ 4,181,859	\$ 311,570	\$ 550,085	\$ 227,250	\$ 23,732,345
2024	18,461,581	4,181,859	311,570	550,085	227,250	23,732,345
2023	17,876,894	3,880,738	324,534	540,667	244,386	22,867,219
2022	15,865,574	3,657,477	350,703	580,993	335,712	20,790,459
2021	15,055,989	3,515,613	294,311	546,871	237,440	19,650,224
2020	15,042,742	3,095,612	306,609	579,777	183,848	19,208,588
2019	13,842,076	2,999,634	316,994	547,162	156,349	17,862,215
2018	13,311,281	2,864,176	313,830	483,347	205,308	17,177,942
2017	12,934,371	2,807,361	309,779	492,489	203,446	16,747,446
2016	11,867,596	2,714,379	307,536	417,138	205,362	15,512,011

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
General fund					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	41,890
Restricted for:					
Community Development Authority	95,258	87,685	88,483	88,482	88,482
Forfeited assets	-	-	-	-	9,233
Committed:					
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	315,697
Unassigned	<u>9,672,556</u>	<u>12,112,059</u>	<u>12,832,402</u>	<u>9,940,731</u>	<u>12,928,470</u>
Total general fund	<u>\$ 9,767,814</u>	<u>\$ 12,199,744</u>	<u>\$ 12,920,885</u>	<u>\$ 10,029,213</u>	<u>\$ 13,383,772</u>
All other governmental funds					
Restricted:					
Debt service	\$ 1,179,675	\$ 1,319,176	\$ 1,461,991	\$ 1,608,189	\$ 1,758,022
Committed:					
Special projects	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned:					
Landfill construction	1,278,266	1,203,394	1,536,362	1,885,520	2,269,885
Recreation capital projects	14,038	8,085	8,146	8,214	9,234
Special revenue	<u>290,950</u>	<u>306,612</u>	<u>332,111</u>	<u>400,302</u>	<u>432,736</u>
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 2,762,929</u>	<u>\$ 2,837,267</u>	<u>\$ 3,338,610</u>	<u>\$ 3,902,225</u>	<u>\$ 4,469,877</u>

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>
General fund					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ -	\$ 1,529	\$ 1,529	\$ 62,378	\$ 50,833
Restricted for:					
Community Development Authority	88,508	88,508	88,508	90,818	88,508
Forfeited assets	33,156	39,575	42,252	44,389	34,894
Committed:					
Economic Development	292,027	457,786	457,786	457,188	527,286
Unassigned	<u>19,415,912</u>	<u>17,476,443</u>	<u>18,492,153</u>	<u>28,047,612</u>	<u>35,818,994</u>
Total general fund	<u>\$ 19,829,603</u>	<u>\$ 18,063,841</u>	<u>\$ 19,082,228</u>	<u>\$ 28,702,385</u>	<u>\$ 36,520,515</u>
All other governmental funds					
Restricted:					
Debt service	\$ 820,549	\$ 879,660	\$ -	\$ -	-
Committed:					
Special projects	-	4,417,265	4,769,903	4,434,298	4,657,711
Assigned:					
Landfill construction	2,639,693	3,090,270	3,576,845	3,984,230	2,991,372
Recreation capital projects	9,272	9,288	9,303	9,609	9,877
Special revenue	<u>417,983</u>	<u>878,833</u>	<u>1,033,642</u>	<u>1,210,371</u>	<u>1,295,996</u>
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 3,887,497</u>	<u>\$ 9,275,316</u>	<u>\$ 9,389,693</u>	<u>\$ 9,638,508</u>	<u>\$ 8,954,956</u>

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
<b>Revenues</b>					
General property taxes	\$ 11,988,352	\$ 12,659,333	\$ 13,311,281	\$ 14,078,027	\$ 15,042,742
Other local taxes	3,710,005	3,877,548	3,930,605	4,085,494	4,238,495
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	98,002	73,445	84,435	96,743	87,525
Fines and forfeitures	120,200	192,680	201,017	192,265	198,232
Revenue from use of money and property	331,891	374,453	416,291	427,671	710,353
Charges for services	715,374	865,332	519,598	592,033	604,186
Miscellaneous	198,298	143,516	171,290	76,488	156,811
Recovered costs	124,292	79,193	98,397	130,236	136,102
Intergovernmental:					
Local - Component Unit	-	-	-	-	-
Commonwealth	6,087,230	6,131,076	5,978,835	5,774,580	5,948,595
Federal	1,500,721	1,617,169	1,697,047	1,655,569	2,144,124
Total revenues	<u>\$ 24,874,365</u>	<u>\$ 26,013,745</u>	<u>\$ 26,408,796</u>	<u>\$ 27,109,106</u>	<u>\$ 29,267,165</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>					
General government administration	\$ 1,564,514	\$ 1,626,463	\$ 1,612,576	\$ 1,596,311	\$ 1,833,581
Judicial administration	1,645,993	1,607,932	1,580,707	1,627,710	1,687,924
Public safety	4,780,666	4,470,112	4,470,448	4,796,629	5,406,213
Public works	1,875,840	1,763,373	1,462,747	763,086	808,615
Health and welfare	4,304,800	4,487,585	4,274,895	4,019,977	4,223,046
Education	8,303,927	7,393,077	8,068,635	8,272,402	7,224,947
Parks, recreation and cultural	319,851	282,804	280,598	299,078	327,380
Community development	650,874	478,395	661,489	841,366	2,545,274
Capital projects	1,308,827	486,154	535,553	6,458,113	7,509,744
Nondepartmental	67,188	32,560	104,186	91,379	30,968
Debt service					
Principal	587,247	607,248	648,407	471,528	813,215
Interest and other fiscal charges	298,427	271,774	265,038	199,584	220,978
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 25,708,154</u>	<u>\$ 23,507,477</u>	<u>\$ 23,965,279</u>	<u>\$ 29,437,163</u>	<u>\$ 32,631,885</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ (833,789)</u>	<u>\$ 2,506,268</u>	<u>\$ 2,443,517</u>	<u>\$ (2,328,057)</u>	<u>\$ (3,364,720)</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>					
Transfers in	\$ 110,153	\$ 110,153	\$ 110,153	\$ 110,153	\$ 452,546
Transfers out	(110,153)	(110,153)	(1,352,687)	(110,153)	(1,915,776)
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	2,391,777	-	-
General obligation refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	5,900,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	390,793	-	1,268,789
Issuance of note payable	-	-	-	-	-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(2,761,069)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,221,033)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,705,559</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ (833,789)</u>	<u>\$ 2,506,268</u>	<u>\$ 1,222,484</u>	<u>\$ (2,328,057)</u>	<u>\$ 2,340,839</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.63%	3.82%	3.98%	2.36%	3.27%

Note: Does not include discretely presented component unit.

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>
<b>Revenues</b>					
General property taxes	\$ 15,055,989	\$ 15,899,565	17,303,417	18,263,120	17,853,139
Other local taxes	4,660,817	5,010,225	5,144,374	5,365,881	5,554,045
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	96,349	122,539	297,065	234,630	378,430
Fines and forfeitures	177,992	171,718	130,931	115,966	77,615
Revenue from use of money and property	729,754	739,724	902,556	1,858,945	2,505,929
Charges for services	833,702	720,596	731,579	824,651	843,721
Miscellaneous	266,080	175,013	500,933	457,074	228,379
Recovered costs	647,896	96,164	152,488	132,653	381,152
Intergovernmental:					
Local - Component Unit	-	-	99,991	-	-
Commonwealth	5,850,558	5,995,091	6,549,598	7,732,540	7,551,376
Federal	6,397,964	3,063,593	2,764,603	2,546,458	2,484,998
Total revenues	<u>\$ 34,717,101</u>	<u>\$ 31,994,228</u>	<u>34,577,535</u>	<u>37,531,918</u>	<u>37,858,784</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>					
General government administration	\$ 6,757,573	\$ 2,069,352	2,877,092	3,325,425	3,299,327
Judicial administration	1,686,592	1,733,643	1,937,660	2,004,901	2,047,917
Public safety	5,156,683	5,368,163	7,553,372	7,597,953	7,509,505
Public works	846,712	1,002,192	1,096,825	1,155,122	1,136,782
Health and welfare	4,332,351	3,848,593	3,801,558	3,929,336	4,446,179
Education	6,020,389	7,398,518	6,516,760	8,545,966	5,573,080
Parks, recreation and cultural	326,430	326,930	353,972	378,396	412,554
Community development	759,903	718,653	732,111	1,384,391	1,096,067
Capital projects	432,441	1,676,929	4,645,280	202,102	15,503,513
Nondepartmental	219,081	433,318	210,324	1,125,262	192,841
Debt service					
Principal	1,660,717	784,418	2,020,875	908,834	754,745
Interest and other fiscal charges	654,749	408,233	221,197	221,197	801,803
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 28,853,621</u>	<u>\$ 25,768,942</u>	<u>31,967,026</u>	<u>30,778,885</u>	<u>42,774,313</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ 5,863,480</u>	<u>\$ 6,225,286</u>	<u>2,610,509</u>	<u>6,753,033</u>	<u>(4,915,529)</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>					
Transfers in	\$ 149,333	\$ 4,466,993	1,104,704	3,128,684	3,978,899
Transfers out	(149,333)	(5,585,520)	(3,180,636)	(4,961,775)	(7,805,086)
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-
General obligation refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	14,795,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	1,081,324
Issuance of note payable	-	-	467,000	4,949,000	-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,118,527)</u>	<u>(1,608,932)</u>	<u>3,115,909</u>	<u>12,050,137</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ 5,863,480</u>	<u>\$ 5,106,759</u>	<u>1,001,577</u>	<u>9,868,942</u>	<u>7,134,608</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.32%	4.82%	7.25%	3.80%	3.73%

Note: Does not include discretely presented component unit.

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years  
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Local sales and use Tax	Consumer Utility Tax	Motor Vehicle License Tax	Recordation and Wills Tax	Gross Receipts Tax	Total
2025	\$ 17,853,139	\$ 4,165,137	\$ 311,570	\$ 550,085	\$ 227,250	\$ 152,522	23,259,703
2024	18,263,120	4,013,247	311,396	547,311	250,453	42,742	23,428,269
2023	16,920,542	3,880,738	324,534	540,667	244,386	54,091	21,964,958
2022	15,899,565	3,670,212	350,703	580,993	335,712	56,823	20,894,008
2021	15,055,989	3,528,918	294,311	546,871	237,440	53,277	19,716,806
2020	15,042,742	3,095,612	306,609	579,777	183,848	72,649	19,281,237
2019	14,078,027	2,999,634	316,994	547,162	156,349	65,355	18,163,521
2018	13,311,281	2,864,176	313,830	483,347	205,308	63,944	17,241,886
2017	12,659,333	2,807,361	309,779	492,489	203,446	64,473	16,536,881
2016	11,988,352	2,714,379	307,536	417,138	205,362	65,590	15,698,357

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Real Estate (1)</b>	<b>Personal Property (1)</b>	<b>Mobile Homes</b>	<b>Machinery and Tools</b>	<b>Merchants' Capital</b>
2025	\$ 1,848,793,364	\$ 172,020,647	\$ 14,644,900	\$ 13,827,050	55,934,400
2024	1,852,258,364	178,626,010	13,452,880	2,335,700	58,323,095
2023	1,836,360,764	208,584,922	12,073,448	2,148,900	44,341,500
2022	1,836,924,083	124,215,964	9,699,625	1,364,850	57,199,550
2021	1,546,903,214	145,373,327	8,531,925	1,374,000	62,627,050
2020	1,544,953,850	147,670,586	8,000,650	1,198,870	57,016,125
2019	1,531,213,900	127,082,800	7,743,810	727,550	57,081,500
2018	1,518,645,315	122,819,551	7,578,860	1,047,631	66,188,415
2017	1,501,993,440	119,922,383	7,460,730	1,067,695	58,950,650
2016	1,476,787,676	109,881,928	7,201,680	909,060	55,491,150

(1) Real estate and personal property are assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Source: Commissioner of Revenue

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Public Service (2)</b>	<b>Total Taxable Assessed Value</b>	<b>Estimated Actual Taxable Value</b>	<b>Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value</b>
2025	\$ 107,711,167	\$ 2,212,933,553	\$ 2,212,933,553	100.00%
2024	106,604,479	2,211,602,552	2,211,602,552	100.00%
2023	120,046,991	2,223,558,548	2,223,558,548	100.00%
2022	124,215,964	2,153,622,058	2,153,622,058	100.00%
2021	113,821,736	1,878,633,273	1,878,633,273	100.00%
2020	113,383,476	1,872,225,577	1,872,225,577	100.00%
2019	100,876,583	1,824,728,162	1,824,728,162	100.00%
2018	98,806,317	1,815,088,107	1,815,088,107	100.00%
2017	103,798,120	1,793,195,035	1,793,195,035	100.00%
2016	94,692,680	1,744,966,190	1,744,966,190	100.00%

(1) Real estate and personal property are assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Source: Commissioner of Revenue

Property Tax Rates (1)  
 Direct Governments  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years	Direct Rates				
	Real Estate	Personal Property	Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Merchants' Capital
2025	\$ 0.51	\$ 4.50	\$ 0.51	\$ 4.20	\$ 0.70
2024	0.51	4.50	0.51	4.20	0.70
2023	0.51	4.50	0.51	4.20	0.70
2022	0.48	4.50	0.48	4.20	0.70
2021	0.51	4.50	0.51	4.20	0.70
2020	0.51	4.50	0.51	4.20	0.70
2019	0.51	4.50	0.51	4.20	0.70
2018	0.51	4.50	0.51	4.20	0.70
2017	0.51	4.50	0.51	4.20	0.70
2016	0.49	4.50	0.49	4.20	0.70

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value

Property Tax Levies and Collections  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
		Collections (1)	Percent of Levy					
2025	\$ 18,632,973	\$ 16,137,775	86.61%	\$ 1,350,286	\$ 17,488,061	93.86%	\$ 3,394,472	18.22%
2024	18,511,512	16,702,520	90.23%	1,560,600	18,263,120	98.66%	2,840,914	15.35%
2023	18,199,097	16,007,113	87.96%	913,429	16,920,542	92.97%	2,552,654	14.03%
2022	16,275,014	14,787,388	90.86%	1,112,177	15,899,565	97.69%	2,016,529	12.39%
2021	14,638,826	13,495,245	92.19%	1,258,987	14,754,232	100.79%	2,071,541	14.15%
2020	14,683,717	13,575,909	92.46%	785,972	14,361,881	97.81%	2,214,777	15.08%
2019	14,538,363	12,389,344	85.22%	1,229,767	13,619,111	93.68%	1,568,994	10.79%
2018	14,313,148	12,408,274	86.69%	903,007	13,311,281	93.00%	1,779,771	12.43%
2017	14,091,430	12,061,789	85.60%	597,544	12,659,333	89.84%	2,610,641	18.53%
2016	13,088,275	12,372,851	94.53%	612,200	12,985,051	99.21%	2,333,711	17.83%

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. Includes personal property tax relief funds.

(2) Includes twenty years real estate and four years personal property taxes.

Principal Property Taxpayers  
 Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior

Taxpayer	Fiscal Year 2025		Fiscal Year 2016	
	2024 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation	2015 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
ICA, LLC	\$ 24,561,500	0.96%	\$ 13,248,900	0.69%
DSP Farmville Apts, LLC	21,766,000	0.85%	-	0.00%
2003 Cobb St SNF Real Estate, LLC	14,257,600	0.56%	-	0.00%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	13,757,400	0.54%	14,312,000	0.74%
Shoppes at College Park, LLC	8,862,100	0.35%	8,246,700	0.43%
Lowes Home Centers, Inc	8,737,000	0.34%	6,594,200	0.34%
Bailey & Associates, Inc	8,185,100	0.32%	-	0.00%
Tri-Boro Shelving, Inc	7,289,200	0.29%	5,582,800	0.29%
Longwood Midtown CRE, LLC	7,240,500	0.28%	-	0.00%
Farmville-Parkview Gardens, LLC	6,977,000	0.27%	-	0.00%
Poplar Forest, LLC	6,366,700	0.25%	534,600	0.03%
Prince Edward Hotel Partners, LLC	6,154,200	0.24%	-	0.00%
Ascend Hotel Weyanoke, LLC	5,794,300	0.23%	-	0.00%
	<u>\$ 139,948,600</u>	<u>5.48%</u>	<u>\$ 48,519,200</u>	<u>2.52%</u>

Source: Commissioner of Revenue

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Types  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
	General Obligation Bonds	Other Notes/ Bonds	General Lease Purchases	Other Notes/ Bonds				
2025	\$ 21,521,113	\$ 5,234,404	\$ 4,272,230	\$ 2,133,187	\$ 33,160,934	3.47%	1,470	
2024	6,151,216	5,225,151	4,896,549	2,480,916	18,753,832	2.16%	851	
2023	6,863,442	317,000	5,493,145	2,814,835	15,488,422	1.79%	706	
2022	7,550,097	1,000,000	6,065,183	2,652,314	17,267,594	2.47%	787	
2021	8,287,585	1,208,989	6,425,740	2,886,231	18,808,545	2.70%	832	
2020	9,001,089	2,529,387	6,767,984	3,108,089	21,406,549	3.07%	935	
2019	2,266,949	2,741,295	7,095,020	3,323,579	15,426,843	2.21%	672	
2018	2,630,870	2,949,582	7,407,445	3,589,760	16,577,657	2.38%	730	
2017	4,366,506	4,599,074	5,103,197	3,825,118	17,893,895	2.56%	773	
2016	5,117,798	4,798,254	5,123,382	4,005,461	19,044,895	2.73%	815	

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 13

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to  
Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Gross Bonded Debt</b>	<b>Less: Amounts Reserved for Debt Service</b>	<b>Net Bonded Debt (3)</b>	<b>Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (2)</b>	<b>Net Bonded Debt per Capita (1)</b>
2025	\$ 19,285,000	\$ -	\$ 19,285,000	0.87%	875
2024	4,730,000	-	4,730,000	0.21%	216
2023	5,265,647	-	5,265,647	0.24%	240
2022	5,775,572	879,660	4,895,912	0.26%	217
2021	6,336,181	820,549	5,515,632	0.29%	241
2020	6,872,634	1,758,022	5,114,612	0.28%	223
2019	2,579,387	460,208	2,119,179	0.12%	92
2018	3,039,595	610,689	2,428,906	0.13%	107
2017	6,312,723	858,439	5,454,284	0.30%	236
2016	7,151,195	858,657	6,292,538	0.36%	269

(1) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 13

(2) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Table 7

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, and Literary Fund Loans; excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, OPEB liability, landfill closure liabilities, early retirement obligation, notes payable, and compensated absences.

Demographic and Economic Statistics  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Population</b>	<b>Personal Income (1)</b>	<b>Per Capita Personal Income (1)</b>	<b>Median Age (1)</b>	<b>School Enrollment (2)</b>	<b>Unemployment Rate</b>
2025	22,554	\$ 954,778,482	\$ 42,333	32.4	1,816	6.20%
2024	22,049	866,655,000	39,306	32.2	1,887	5.10%
2023	21,927	866,655,000	39,525	32.2	1,883	4.50%
2022	21,932	697,704,000	31,812	32.1	1,886	3.90%
2021	22,594	697,704,000	30,880	31.5	1,849	5.70%
2020	22,905	697,704,000	30,461	31.5	1,921	8.00%
2019	22,950	697,704,000	30,401	30.8	2,059	4.40%
2018	22,703	697,704,000	30,732	30.0	2,043	3.40%
2017	23,142	697,704,000	30,149	30.0	2,005	5.70%
2016	23,368	697,704,000	29,857	30.0	2,086	6.30%

Source: Virginia Employment Commission, Annual school report - prepared by the School Board, [www.fedstats.gov](http://www.fedstats.gov)

- (1) Information is not updated annually
- (2) School enrollment includes pre-K

Full-time Equivalent Government Employees by Function  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
General government administration	17.0	16.5	17.0	17.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	26.0	26.0
Judicial administration	23.0	24.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	26.0	26.0	27.0	26.0	26.0
Public safety										
Sheriffs department	32.0	32.0	34.0	34.0	46.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	41.0
Animal control	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Building official	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0
Public works										
General maintenance	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	9.0	11.0
Refuse Collection & Disposal	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	19.0	18.0	18.0	19.0	21.0	20.0
Landfill	-	-	5.0	7.0	6.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	10.0
Health and welfare										
Department of social services	32.0	34.0	36.0	36.0	29.0	30.0	30.0	33.0	24.0	30.0
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-
Community development										
Planning	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
Economic Development	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	4.0	4.0
Cannery	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Extension	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Totals	<u>131.0</u>	<u>132.5</u>	<u>143.0</u>	<u>148.0</u>	<u>164.0</u>	<u>162.0</u>	<u>162.0</u>	<u>167.0</u>	<u>168.0</u>	<u>179.0</u>

Source: Individual County departments

Operating Indicators by Function  
Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Function	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Public safety										
Sheriffs department:										
Physical arrests	483.0	113.0	95.0	814.0	337.0	399.0	478.0	403.0	419.0	383.0
Civil papers	8,298.0	7,910.0	8,717.0	8,395.0	5,942.0	5,858.0	7,364.0	5,943.0	5,405.0	6,116.0
Building inspections:										
Permits issued (2)	596.0	457.0	591.0	697.0	783.0	766.0	971.0	900.0	779.0	692.0
Public works										
Landfill:										
Refuse collected (tons/day)	41.7	77.7	106.0	97.4	108.9	112.0	116.0	128.0	126.8	119.4
Recycling (tons/day)	6.5	8.5	7.5	9.8	9.7	10.0	6.2	11.4	11.7	8.1
Health and welfare										
Department of Social Services:										
Caseload	11,097.0	10,206.0	11,305.0	10,580.0	10,353.0	7,791.0	7,710.0	8,204.0	8,729.0	8,363.0
Community development										
Planning:										
Zoning permits issued	79.0	63.0	83.0	80.0	148.0	159.0	184.0	212.0	197.0	198.0
Component Unit - School Board										
Education:										
Number of teachers	206.4	202.5	196.0	195.3	168.8	157.0	192.6	188.0	163.5	163.5
Local expenditures per pupil	4,030.0	3,284.0	4,088.0	4,339.0	4,639.0	4,101.0	3,419.0	4,097.0	4,430.0	4,430.0

Source: Individual County departments

(1) Information has been reported where available.

## Compliance



**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on  
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements  
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

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**To the Honorable Members of  
Board of Supervisors  
County of Prince Edward, Virginia**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Prince Edward, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Prince Edward, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2026.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Prince Edward, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Prince Edward, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Prince Edward, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

## Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Prince Edward, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Robinson, Farmer, Cox, Associates*

Charlottesville, Virginia

January 8, 2026



**Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on  
Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

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**To the Honorable Members of  
Board of Supervisors  
County of Prince Edward, Virginia**

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited the County of Prince Edward, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Prince Edward, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. County of Prince Edward, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, County of Prince Edward, Virginia compiled, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Prince Edward, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Prince Edward, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Prince Edward, Virginia's federal programs.

## ***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Prince Edward, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Prince Edward, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of Prince Edward, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Prince Edward, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Prince Edward, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Robinson, Farmer, Cox, Associates*

Charlottesville, Virginia  
January 8, 2026

COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Social Services:			
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	0950125/0950124	\$ 295
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	1140125/1140124	6,402
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0950124/0950125	25,533
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	93.558	0400124/0400125	227,077
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	0500124/0500125	695
Low-income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600424/0600425	46,565
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF Cluster)	93.596	0760124/0760125	45,575
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Programs	93.645	0900124/0900123	788
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100124/1100125	105,743
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120124/1120125	185,245
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000124/1000125	199,354
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150124/9150125	3,002
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	80000224	1,651
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540124/0540125	4,031
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster)	93.778	1200124/1200125	<u>331,751</u>
Total Department of Health and Human Services-pass through			\$ <u>1,183,707</u>
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ <u>1,183,707</u>
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Agriculture:			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	Unknown	\$ 2,397
Virginia Department of Agriculture: Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.582	2025IL160341/2025IL160341	62,999
Virginia Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	Unknown	\$ 141,036
Virginia Department of Education: National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	2024IN109941/2025IN109941	<u>968,601</u> 1,109,637
Virginia Department of Education: School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.553	2024IN109941/2025IN109941	<u>464,101</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$ <u>1,636,737</u>
Virginia Department of Education: Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	Unknown	\$ <u>50,000</u>
Virginia Department of Social Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP Cluster)	10.561	0010124/0010123/0040124/0040123	\$ <u>403,461</u>
Total Department of Agriculture - pass-through payments			\$ <u>2,092,595</u>
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ <u>2,092,595</u>
Department of Justice:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:			
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	Unknown	\$ 44,441
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	Unknown	<u>7,537</u>
Total Department of Justice			\$ <u>51,978</u>

COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of the Treasury:			
Pass through payments:			
Virginia Department of Education:			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Unknown	\$ 71,898
Virginia Department of Accounts:			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Unknown	<u>88,164</u> 160,062
Department of Homeland Security			
Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Homeland Security:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	Unknown	\$ 409,967
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	Unknown	<u>162,465</u>
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$ <u>572,432</u>
Department of Commerce:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment Program	11.035	Unknown	\$ <u>170,256</u>
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Education:			
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S101A250046/S010A240046	\$ 1,134,634
Special Education-Grants to States (Special Education Cluster)	84.027	H027A250107/H027A240107	\$ 852,213
Special Education-Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster)	84.173	H173A250112/H173A240112	<u>3,819</u> 856,032
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children and Youth	84.013	Unknown	3,746
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A250046	94,135
Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371	Unknown	39,960
Rural Education	84.358	S358B250046	62,267
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A250044/S367A240044	101,642
School Improvement Grants	84.377	Unknown	166,373
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	S424A250048/S424A220048	68,801
COVID-19-Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	Unknown	<u>3,201,982</u>
Total Department of Education			\$ <u>5,729,572</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ <u><u>9,960,602</u></u>

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

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Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Prince Edward, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Prince Edward, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Prince Edward, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at fair value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note 5 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 15-percent de minimis indirect cost rate under Uniform Guidance.

Note 6 - Loan Balances

The County has no loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note 7 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:

General Fund	\$	2,359,251
ARPA Fund		<u>125,747</u>

Less: Amounts not recorded on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		
Payment in Lieu of Taxes		<u>(15,000)</u>

Total primary government	\$	<u>2,469,998</u>
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Component Unit School Board:

School Operating Fund	\$	2,537,220
School Cafeteria Fund		1,689,134
School CARES Fund		<u>3,264,250</u>

Total Component Unit School Board	\$	<u>7,490,604</u>
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Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements	\$	<u>9,960,602</u>
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Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	<u><u>9,960,602</u></u>
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**COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA**

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

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**Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results**

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)? No

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553 / 10.555 84.425	Child Nutrition Cluster COVID-19 Education Stabilization Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

**Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

None

**Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

None

**Section IV - Commonwealth of Virginia Findings**

None

COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD, VIRGINIA

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

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**Commonwealth of Virginia Findings**

**2024-001 Compliance Finding - Annual School Report**

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Condition:

The School Board did not file the Annual School Report by the September 15 deadline.

Recommendation:

We recommended the School files the Annual School Report by the deadline of September 15th.

Management's response:

The School Board has put controls in place for timely filing of the annual school report.

Status of finding:

The School Board submitted the Annual School Report timely for the year ended June 30, 2025.