ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

County of Pulaski, Virginia Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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	Board of Supervisors	
Charles R. Bopp, Vice Chairman	Andy McCready, Chair	Joseph Guthrie
Ranny E. O'Dell	Gena Hanks, Clerk	Dean K. Pratt
	County School Board	
Timothy Hurst, Vice Chair Dr. Paige Cash	Michael Barbour, Chair	Bill Benson
	Heather Freeman, Clerk	Beckie Cox
	Social Services Board	
Charles Bopp	Rev. Vicki Houk, Chair	Rev. Randy Winn
Joseph L. Sheffey	Faith Chumbley, Clerk	Faye Powell
	Library Board	
Laura Walters, Vice Chair	John Freeman, Chair	Robert Bopp
Nancy Hudson Hattie Haulsee	Parks Lanier	Meagan Pratt Margaret Spradlin

Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	Brett L. Geisler
Judge of the Circuit Court	Josiah T. Showalter Jr
Judge of the Circuit Court	Robert M. D. Turk
Judge of the Circuit Court	Bradley Finch
Judge of the Circuit Court	H. Lee Harrell
Judge of the Circuit Court	Marcus H. Long Jr
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Maetta H. Crewe
Judge of the General District Court	Erin J. DeHart
Judge of the General District Court	Randal J. Duncan
Judge of the General District Court	J.D. Bolt
Judge of the General District Court	Gino W. Williams
Clerk of the General District Court	Sharon Collins
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	H. Lee Chitwood
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Robert C. Viar, Jr
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Monica D. Cox
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Bradley G. Dalton
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Stephanie M. Shortt
Clerk of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Anne Helms
Commonwealth's Attorney	K. Mike Fleenor
Commissioner of the Revenue	Trina Rupe
Treasurer	Melinda Worrell
Sheriff	James A. Davis
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Kevin Siers
Director of Social Services	Guy Smith
County Administrator	Peter M. Huber
County Attorney	Timothy Kirtner



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 19 to the financial statements, in 2016, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants and 82 Pension Issues - and amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 6-14, 85, and 86-90 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Robinson, Farmer, lox associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 12, 2017 on our consideration of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia January 12, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The discussion and analysis of the Pulaski County finances for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 (FY16) is offered as a way to broaden understanding of the County finances and the impact of those finances on services provided to Pulaski County residents. This report should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section. In accordance with GASB 34 accounting standards, this report includes all County government functions including the Board of Supervisors and the Discretely Presented Component Units School Board, Pulaski County Public Service Authority (PSA), and Industrial Development Authority of Pulaski County (IDA).

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2015-16

- Total net position value of the primary government was \$40.2 million at the end of FY 16 based on total assets of \$83.2 million, total liabilities of \$35.4 million, deferred outflows of resources of \$1.5 million, and deferred inflows of resources of \$9.1 million (Exhibit 1). As noted in Exhibit 1, liabilities include total payout of long-term debt associated with school construction and remodeling, lease purchase agreements, landfill post-closure monitoring costs, compensated absences, pension liabilities, and other post employment benefits while the total assets reflect the depreciated value of existing county owned facilities.
- For FY 16 combined program and general revenues of \$50.6 million exceeded general expenditures of \$46.1 million by approximately \$4.5 million (Exhibit 2). The increase in net position is explained further in the Statement of Activities analysis of the Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole section below.
- As described in Exhibit 11, total general fund revenues were \$3.1 million or 5.7% less than the budgeted \$53.4 million revenue estimate while expenditures were \$2.4 million, or 4.1% less than the \$57.1 million budgeted expenditures (including transfers). The net change in fund balance was a decrease of \$2.0 million.
- The County's total outstanding debt for school improvements, school construction, economic
 development, compensated absences, landfill monitoring, net pension liability, and other
 postemployment benefits showed a net increase of \$1.83 million from \$29.76 million on July 1,
 2015 to \$31.59 million on June 30, 2016, due, in part, to the issuance of literary loans of \$4.98
 million.
- As described in Note 17, the unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2016 for the general fund was \$11.1 million, or 10.74% of budgeted FY 16 total County General fund, other governmental funds and Component Unit, School Board operating expenditures in the amount of \$103.75 million. The Board of Supervisors has historically tried to maintain a reserve of the general fund balance of at least 10% of general, special revenue and component unit fund expenditures in order to ensure adequate cash flow throughout the budget cycle and in accordance with good management practices.
- As described in Exhibit 5, the general fund balance increased by approximately \$1.1 million. That amount is explained further in the Analysis of the County Funds section below.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Pulaski's basic financial statements which are comprised of three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County is improving or deteriorating when considering both financial condition and physical assets.

The statement of activities shows how the government's net position changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for items that will result in financial changes in the present and future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks, recreation and cultural, and community development. Business-type activities include the operation of the water, sewer, and refuse services by the Public Service Authority; and leasing of industrial buildings by the Industrial Development Authority.

The government-wide financial statements include the County (known as the *primary government*), as well as funds of the Pulaski County School Board, the Pulaski County Public Service Authority, and the Industrial Development Authority of Pulaski County (known as the *component units*). Financial information for component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find this portion of the audit report more familiar. The focus of this section of the audit report is on the County's most significant funds, and the fund financial statements provide more information about these funds – not the County as a whole.

The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements report financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided in separate exhibits (4&6) that explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – When the County charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported utilizing the full accrual accounting method as are all activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The County's proprietary funds consist of two internal service funds, the Health Insurance Premiums Fund and the Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund. The assets, deferred outflows of

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds are reported in the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County's fiduciary funds include Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and the Employee Flexible Benefits.

<u>Notes to the basic financial statements</u> - The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Required supplementary information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary comparisons and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

A comparative analysis of government-wide information is as follows:

Summary of Net Position:

Details in the government-wide financial statements for FY 16 can be found in Exhibit 1. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions) comparing FY 15 to FY 16.

Summary of Net Position:

	Total Primary Government					Component Unit School Board			
	2	<u>2016</u>	2	2015		<u> 2016</u>	2	<u> 2015</u>	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$	32.2 51.0	\$	29.5 48.9	\$	5.5 8.7	\$	5.7 7.9	
Total assets	\$	83.2	\$	78.4	\$	14.2	\$	13.6	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1.5	\$	1.4	\$	3.2	\$	3.3	
Other liabilities Long term liabilities	\$	3.9 31.6	\$	4.2 29.8	\$	4.4 39.7	\$	4.3 39.4	
Total liabilities	\$	35.5	\$	34.0	\$	44.1	\$	43.7	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	9.1	\$	10.4	\$	5.0	\$	6.7	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	25.6 0.8 13.7	\$	25.0 (0.4) 10.9	\$	8.7 0.0 (40.4)	\$	7.9 0.0 (41.4)	
Total net position	\$	40.1	\$	35.5	\$	(31.7)	\$	(33.5)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

The County's combined net position increased from \$35.5 million to \$40.1 million, as explained in the Statement of Activities section below. Unrestricted net position, the portion of net position that can be used to finance the day-to-day activities of the County, totaled \$13.7 million. The County's net investment in capital assets represents the amount of capital assets owned by the County totaling \$25.6 million. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints on asset use are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, regulators, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For example, seized asset funds are restricted so that they can be used for specific law enforcement purposes. The Component Unit School Board net position increased by \$1.8 million, from \$(33.5) million in FY15 to (\$31.7) million in FY 16. The School Board net investment in capital assets totaled \$8.7 million.

Capital Assets

The following tables display the County's and School Board's (Component Unit) capital assets at June 30, 2016, as well as the change in capital assets for FY 16 in millions of dollars:

Capital Assets:

	Total Primary Government					Component Unit School Board						
	<u>2016</u> <u>2015</u>				<u>2016</u> <u>2015</u> <u>2016</u>				<u>2016</u>			2015
Non-Depreciable Assets:												
Land	\$	2.5	\$	2.5	\$	0.5	\$	0.5				
Construction in Progress		4.7		3.5		0.5		0.6				
Other Capital Assets:												
Buildings and systems		57.1		55.2		20.9		19.9				
Machinery and Equipment		14.4		13.6		9.2		8.6				
Accumulated Depreciation		(27.7)		(25.9)		(22.4)		(21.7)				
Totals	\$	51.0	\$	48.9	\$	8.7	\$	7.9				

Primary Government: Changes in Capital Assets:

Non-Depreciable Assets:	Ju	lance, ne 30, <u>2015</u>	Add	<u>ditions</u>	<u>Del</u>	etions	Ju	lance, ne 30, 2016
Land	\$	2.5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2.5
Construction in Progress		3.5		3.1		(1.9)		4.7
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and systems		55.2		1.9		0.0		57.1
Machinery and Equipment		13.6		1.2		(0.4)		14.4
Accumulated Depreciation		(25.9)		(2.2)		0.4		(27.7)
Totals	\$	48.9	\$	4.0	\$	(1.9)	\$	51.0

Component Unit-School Board Changes in Capital Assets:

	Ju	llance, ne 30, 2 <u>015</u>	Add	ditions	<u>Del</u>	<u>etions</u>	Ju	lance, ne 30, 2 <u>016</u>
Non-Depreciable Assets:	Φ	0.5	Φ		Φ		ф	0.5
Land	\$	0.5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.5
Construction in Progress		0.6		0.4		(0.5)		0.5
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and systems		19.9		1.1		(0.1)		20.9
Machinery and Equipment		8.6		0.7		(0.1)		9.2
Accumulated Depreciation		(21.7)		(0.9)		0.2		(22.4)
Totals	\$	7.9	\$	1.3	\$	(0.5)	\$	8.7

These amounts include School Board assets presented as part of the Primary Government's capital assets because they are financed through long-term debt. Additional detailed capital asset information can be found in Note 11 in the "Notes to Financial Statements" section of the report.

Long-Term Obligations

The following table displays the County and Component Unit – School Board's outstanding long-term obligations at June 30, 2016, in millions of dollars:

		Prir	nary		Component Unit			
		Gover	nmen	t		d		
	2	<u>2016</u> <u>2015</u>			2	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	10.5	\$	11.5	\$	-	\$	-
Literary Loans		5.0		-		-		-
Lease Revenue Note		9.6		12.1		-		-
Notes Payable		0.2		0.2		-		-
Unamortized Bond Premium		0.4		0.4		-		-
Landfill Post Closure Liability		0.3		0.3		-		-
Net OPEB Obligation		0.4		0.4		1.2		1.0
Net Pension Liability		4.2		3.8		36.9		36.9
Compensated Absences		1.0		1.0		1.6		1.5
Total	\$	31.6	\$	29.7	\$	39.7	\$	39.4

Long-term obligations decreased by \$2.1 million in FY16. Additional detailed information on long-term obligations activity can be found in Note 6, Note 7, Note 8, and Note 9 in the "Notes to Financial Statements".

Statement of Activities:

The following comparative table shows the revenues and expenses of the governmental activities for FY16 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 (FY15) (in millions) as show in Exhibit 2:

	Total Primary Government				 Component Unit School Board		
	2	<u>2016</u>	2	2015	 <u> 2016</u>	2	2015
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	0.7	\$	8.0	\$ 1.3	\$	1.6
Operating grants and contributions		12.0		12.7	30.7		30.9
Capital grants and contributions		1.3		0.1	-		-
General Revenues:							
General property taxes		26.0		25.6	-		-
Other local taxes		7.2		7.1	-		-
Other		0.7		0.7	-		-
Payments from County		-		-	14.0		13.6
Total Revenues	\$	47.9	\$	47.0	\$ 46.0	\$	46.1
Expenses:							
General government	\$	2.3	\$	2.3	\$ -	\$	-
Judicial administration	·	1.8		1.8	-		-
Public safety		9.1		8.9	-		-
Public works		2.2		3.3	-		-
Health and welfare		10.8		10.1	-		-
Education		15.1		15.0	44.8		44.7
Parks, recreation and cultural		1.5		1.6	-		-
Community development		2.4		5.2	-		-
Interest on long term debt		0.9		8.0	-		-
Total Expenses	\$	46.1	\$	49.0	\$ 44.8	\$	44.7
Grants and Contributions (Not related to specific programs)	\$	2.6	\$	2.6	\$ 0.6	\$	-
Transfers		-		-	- (00.5)		- (0.4.0)
Net Position, Beginning of Year		35.7		35.1	 (33.5)		(34.9)
Net Position, End of Year	\$	40.1	\$	35.7	\$ (31.7)	\$	(33.5)

Revenues

For FY16, revenues from governmental funds totaled \$48.0 million. General property tax revenues, the County's largest revenue source, were \$26.0 million, an increase of \$0.4 million. Other local taxes (including local sales tax, communications tax, hotel and motel room taxes, and meals tax) were \$7.2 million, an increase of approximately \$0.1 million over FY15.

The Component Unit School Board revenues totaled \$46.0 million for FY16, a decrease of \$0.1 million from June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016. Component Unit School Board state and federal revenues decreased by \$0.2 million, while charges for services decreased by \$0.3 million which resulted in an increase of local government transfer of \$0.4 million.

Expenses

For FY 16, expenses for primary governmental activities totaled \$46.1 million, a decrease of \$2.9 million over the prior year.

Education is a very high priority in Pulaski County; consequently the Board of Supervisors contributed \$14.0 million to the operation of the Pulaski County schools excluding debt service costs. This accounts for approximately 28% of the County's total budgeted expenditures. It should also be noted that the Board of Supervisors has carried over any unused portion of the FY16 contribution to FY17 to use towards School capital improvements in the amount of \$600,958.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

For FY16, the general fund reflects a fund balance of \$14.5 million, an increase of \$1 million from FY15. The following table shows a comparison of revenues and expenditures between the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 amounts for the General Fund as shown in Exhibit 5.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

			Gei	neral Fund	l	
		2016		2015	(Change
Revenues:						
General Property Taxes	\$	25.7	\$	25.2	\$	0.5
Other Local Taxes		7.2		7.1		0.1
Permits, Fees and Licences		0.1		0.1		-
Fines and Forfeitures		0.1		0.1		-
Revenue from Use of Money/Property		0.3		0.3		-
Charges for Services		0.6		0.6		-
Miscellaneous		0.1		0.4		(0.3)
Recovered Costs		0.9		0.9		-
Revenue from Commonwealth		11.1		11.1		-
Revenue from Federal Government		4.2		3.5		0.7
Total Revenues	\$	50.3	\$	49.3	\$	1.0
Expenditures:						
General Government Administration	\$	2.4	\$	2.5	\$	(0.1)
Judicial Administration	*	1.9	•	1.9	*	-
Public Safety		8.8		8.6		0.2
Public Works		1.9		1.7		0.2
Health and Welfare		10.9		10.1		0.8
Education		13.6		13.6		-
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1.4		1.5		(0.1)
Community Development		2.3		5.1		(2.8)
Non-Departmental		0.1		0.1		-
Principal		7.1		2.1		5.0
Interest		0.9		0.9		-
Total Expenditures	\$	51.3	\$	48.1	\$	3.2
Excess	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$	(2)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Ψ	2.0	Ψ	(3.5)	Ψ	5.5
N. (0)		4.00		(0.00)		0.00
Net Change in Fund Balance		1.00		(2.30)		3.30
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		13.5	_	15.8		(2.3)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	14.5	\$	13.5	\$	1.0

The General Fund local revenues remained fairly constant from FY15 to FY16 with an overall increase of \$0.3 million due mainly to an increase in the real estate tax collections. There were no increases in property tax rates during FY16.

The General Fund expenditures were increased by \$3.2 million due largely to the refunding of debt. Overall, other expenditure categories remained fairly consistent in FY16 with FY15 figures, aside from a decrease in community development costs resulting from large expenditures in FY15 to increase development in Pulaski County.

All capital and school board unused appropriations from the 2015 fiscal year were carried over by the Board of Supervisors for use in FY 2016 for School capital improvements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following table presents revenues and expenditures for the General Fund only for FY 16 (in millions):

		Original	Amended	A of col	\/arianaa
Revenues:		Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
	\$	240 €	25.0 \$	25.7 \$	0.7
1 7	Ф	24.9 \$		•	• • • •
Other Local Taxes		7.2	7.3	7.2	(0.1)
Permits, Fees and Licenses		0.2	0.2	0.1	(0.1)
Fines and Forfeitures		0.1	0.1	0.1	- (0.4)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		0.4	0.4	0.3	(0.1)
Charges for Services		0.5	0.5	0.6	0.1
Miscellaneous		0.1	0.1	0.1	-
Recovered Costs		1.4	1.6	0.9	(0.7)
Intergovermental		16.6	18.2	15.3	(2.9)
Other		0.0	0.0	5.1	5.1
Total	\$	51.4 \$	53.4 \$	55.4 \$	2.0
Expenditures and transfers:					
General Government Administration	\$	2.2 \$	2.4 \$	2.4 \$	0.0
Judicial Administration		1.9	2.3	1.9	0.4
Public Safety		9.2	9.7	8.8	0.9
Public Works		1.9	2.1	1.9	0.2
Health and Welfare		13.1	13.4	10.9	2.5
Education		13.9	14.2	13.6	0.6
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1.3	1.4	1.4	0.0
Community Development		1.3	2.2	2.3	-0.1
Non-departmental		0.5	0.1	0.1	0.0
Debt Service		3.7	3.7	8.0	-4.3
Transfers		2.4	5.6	3.1	2.5
Total	\$	51.4 \$	57.1 \$	54.4 \$	2.7

It should be noted that this schedule is shown on the budgetary basis. In comparing the original budget to the amended budget both revenues and expenditures increased with the amended budget. Most of this change can be attributed to carry-over appropriations for County construction projects, economic development projects, and unused FY15 local funding for the Component Unit – School Board. This trend will continue until building space needs are met by the renovation of County facilities.

Economic Factors and Future Budgets

The primary factors affecting the financial viability of Pulaski are limited options for revenue increases, continued fluctuations in state and federal revenues, and continued slow recovery in the national economy.

<u>Limited Revenue Options</u> - Community needs and inflationary pressures require that revenues or governmental efficiencies continue to increase in order to maintain and improve the quality of public services currently enjoyed by county residents. Locally generated revenues have historically increased at a rate of approximately 3%. During FY16, the rate of increase in local revenues was 3. There are legal limits placed by the General Assembly on how counties can raise revenue to meet community needs. An analysis of options indicates that the primary remaining options for raising needed revenue are limited to real estate taxes and personal property taxes.

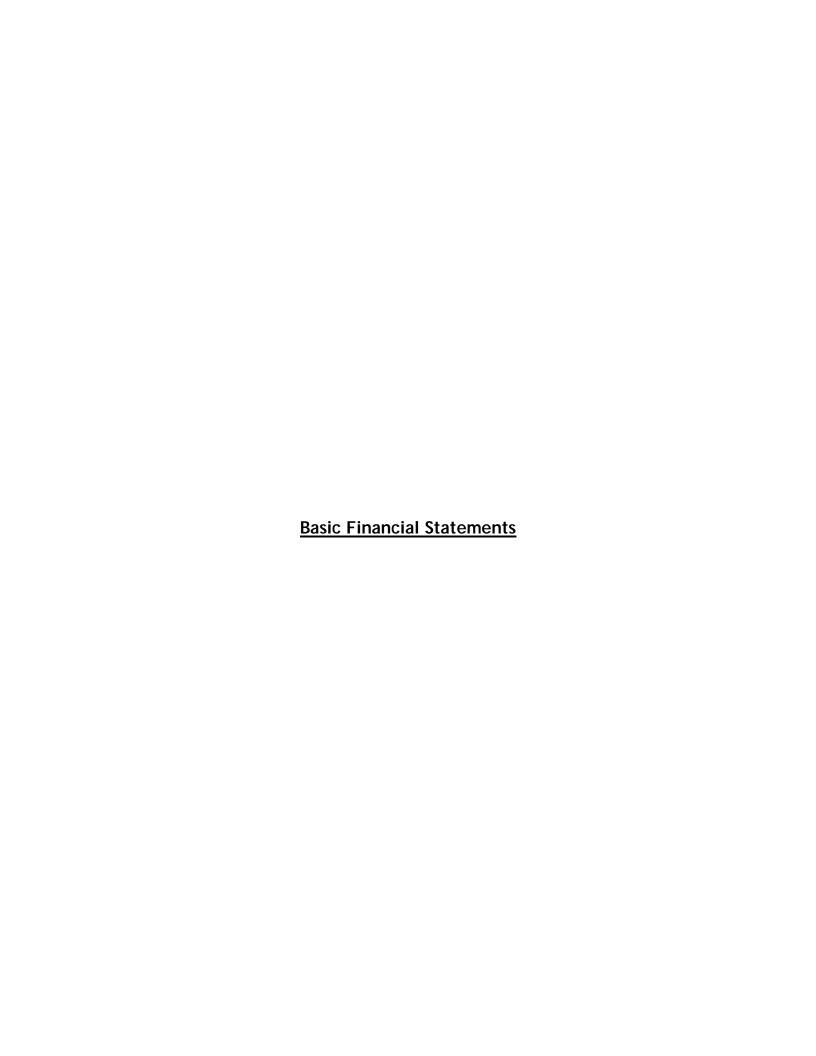
State Revenues - Currently, state funding is projected to account for 35%, or \$39.4million, of the County and Component Unit School Board FY 2017 total budget, while local real estate taxes account for 38% percent of total County general fund revenues. A one percent change in state revenue results in a \$0.39 million change in the local budget, or the equivalent of a \$0.014 cent change on the real estate tax rate. Changes in State revenue have a direct impact on the financial picture of the County and on its ability to meet the needs of County residents.

Other factors that are expected to impact future budgets include:

- 1.
- 2. Future anticipated GASB Statement #45 increases for currently unfunded other post employment benefits.
- 3. Future anticipated GASB Statement #68 increases in County and School pension liability through the Virginia Retirement System.
- 4. Funding for the Capital Improvement Plan will need to address office space needs, funding of joint services, and equipment replacement.
- 5. The ability to maintain increasing operational costs will be dependent on revenue growth from business activity in the County and/or finding better ways of providing community services through joint services and other innovations.
- 6. Funding of increasing healthcare costs and additional healthcare requirements in future budgets with the Affordable Care Act.
- 7. Funding of continually increasing costs for the regional jail, social services, and State mandated comprehensive services provided to certain County youth.
- 8. The County will need to invest in additional economic development initiatives including the purchase of the next industrial park and conceptualization of future "shell" buildings making possible rapid response to business and industrial needs for new facilities.
- 9. There remains a long-term need for reducing operational costs through joint services, initiatives in the provision of public safety services, tax bill collections, and improved property maintenance.
- 10. The condition of the local, regional, state, and national economies and a resulting increase in demand for services should economic conditions continue their slow improvement.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the resources it receives and their uses. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the County Administrator or the Finance Director at 143 Third Street, NW, Pulaski, Virginia 24301, telephone (540) 980-7705. The County's website address is www.pulaskicounty.org. We welcome the opportunity to present the financial status of the County to citizens, community groups, and state agencies in which the resources of the County have a direct effect on the ability to improve the quality of life, while addressing nationwide economic and social changes impacting the community.



County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

		June 30, 2016	<u>'</u>		Component	
		Primary Government			Units	
		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		School <u>Board</u>	Public Service Authority	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
ASSETS	_					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,465,457	\$	1,411,011 \$	2,048,861 \$	308,306
Investments		161,706		-	-	-
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):		10 522 /25				
Taxes		10,533,635		-	- 1 0E7 441	- 10.028
Accounts Receivable		369,489		-	1,857,441	10,928
Other Local Taxes and Fees		4,304		-	-	7,909,835
Capital Lease Receivable Note Receivable		222 (42		-	1,321,031	, ,
Rent Receivable		233,613		-	1,321,031	16,138,823 56,193
Prepaid Items		•		249,624	-	30,173
Due from Primary Government				2,258,138	-	-
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,507,473		1,508,523		_
Due from Component Units		135,345		1,300,323		_
Advances to Component Units		500,000		_		_
Restricted Assets:		300,000				
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Held for Others)		286,070		_	1,056,559	793,796
Cash and Cash Equivalents (in Custody of Others)		109,612		_	1,030,337	773,770
Organization Expense (Net of Accumulated Amortization)		107,012		_	1,206	_
Capital Assets:					1,200	
Land		2,483,711		528,360	209,854	1,236,827
Buildings and Improvements		40,136,604		4,882,286	271,101	9,241,983
Machinery and Equipment		3,585,586		2,792,995	1,593,800	24,906
Infrastructure		-		-,,,,,,,	22,924,743	2.,,,,,,
Construction in Progress		4,697,373		513,755	412,444	-
Total Assets	\$	83,209,978	\$	14,144,692 \$	31,697,040 \$	35,721,597
			-	,, +	21,011,010 4	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Charges on Refunding	\$	377,727	\$	- \$	- \$	-
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		1,099,960		3,218,138	169,248	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,477,687	\$	3,218,138 \$	169,248 \$	-
LIADULTICO						
LIABILITIES	,	040 553	^	7F(430 ¢	//2 0F7 ¢	404 227
Accounts Payable	\$	918,552	\$	756,130 \$	663,857 \$	101,327
Amounts Held for Others		-			-	793,796
Accrued Wages		-		3,636,060	120 402	-
Customer Deposits		202.252		-	139,483	37.004
Accrued Interest Payable		302,252		-	16,258	27,094
Due to Component Units		2,258,138		-	-	135,345
Due to Primary Government Advances Due to Primary Government		-		-	-	500,000
Unearned Revenue		70,000		-	-	14,594
Other liabilities		258,713		-	-	14,394
Long-Term Liabilities:		230,713		-	-	-
Due Within One Year		3,193,466		1,162,506	577,346	1,482,697
Due in More Than One Year		28,395,613		38,491,875	11,152,743	14,847,525
Total Liabilities	\$	35,396,734	•	44,046,571 \$	12,549,687 \$	17,902,378
Total Elabilities	7	33,370,734	,	ל 17,040,571	12,547,007 \$	17,702,370
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	8,055,773	\$	- \$	- \$	-
Items Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability		1,074,705		5,027,552	181,145	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	9,130,478	\$	5,027,552 \$	181,145 \$	-
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	25,634,489	\$	8,717,396 \$	14,580,317 \$	10,503,716
Restricted		827,308		-	1,056,559	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	13,698,656	_	(40,428,689)	3,498,580	7,315,503
Total Net Position	\$	40,160,453	\$	(31,711,293) \$	19,135,456 \$	17,819,219

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			_	Program Revenue				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	venue and Position	
		l	i	Operating	Capital	Primary Government			ent Units	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges <u>for Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		School P Board	Public Service In <u>Authority</u>	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:										
General Government Administration	s	2,271,956 \$	473 \$	299,176 \$	\$.	(1,972,307)	\$	\$	\$	
Judicial Administration		1,839,512	47,052	1,619,083		(173,377)				
Public Safety		9,084,993	250,199	2,268,927	•	(6, 565, 867)		•		
Public Works		2,248,209	62,051	12,971		(2,173,187)				
Health and Welfare		10,7/8,762	•	7,643,239		(3,135,523)				•
Education		15,078,566	- 28. 636	- 167 063		(15,078,566)			•	•
Farks, Recreation and Cultural		1,4/4,1/0	302,304	107,003		(444,729)				
Community Development		2,444,344			1,364,931	(1,079,413)				
Total Briman, Collorania	v	074,370	722 150 ¢	12 010 459 ¢	1 364 021 ¢	(075,470)	U			
lotat Fillialy Government	n		¢ 601,777	¢ 40+010,71	¢ 164,430,1	(100,114,10)	n	٠	٠	
Component Units:										
School Board	s	44,844,662 \$	1,324,322 \$	31,241,588 \$	\$.	•	\$	(12,278,752) \$	\$	i
Public Service Authority		9,602,636	9,552,235	200,187	•	•			149,786	
Industrial Development Authority		3,028,602	572,733		708,510	•				(1,747,359)
Total Component Units	s	57,475,900 \$	11,449,290 \$	31,441,775 \$	708,510 \$		\$	(12,278,752) \$	149,786 \$	(1,747,359)
	Gener	General Revenues:								
	Ger	General Property Taxes	Se		S	25,966,779	s	\$.	\$.	
	Oth	Other Local Taxes			-		-	-	-	
	_	Local Sales and Use Taxes	e Taxes			3,190,573				
	Ū	Consumers' Utility Taxes	Taxes			648,190			•	i
	_	Business Licenses				709,493				
	_	Franchise License Taxes	laxes			96,496				
	•	Consumption Taxes				107,604				
	_	Motor Vehicle Licenses	ıses			556,581			•	
	_	Bank Stock Taxes				8,360				
	•	Taxes on Recordation and Wills	ion and Wills			168,309				
	_	Hotel and Motel Room Taxes	om Taxes			377,703				
	_	Restaurant Food Taxes	ixes			1,474,568		•		
	U	estricted Revenue:	Unrestricted Revenues from Use of Money and Property	and Property		306,940		12,497	36,686	1,411
	Misc	Miscellaneous				363,247		8,422	116,748	632,670
	Pay	Payments from Primary Government	ry Government					14,027,497	481,989	369,626
	Gra	ints and Contributi	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	o Specific Programs		2,582,112			•	•
	•	Total General Revenues	unes		S	36,466,955	\$	14,048,416 \$	635,423 \$	1,003,707
	Chang	Change in Net Position			\$	4,489,588	ş	1,769,664 \$	785,209 \$	(743,652)
	Net P	Net Position - Beginning, as restated	, as restated			35,670,865		(33,480,957)	18,350,247	18,562,871
	Net P	Net Position - Ending			S	40,160,453	s	(31,711,293) \$	19,135,456 \$	17,819,219

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

ASSETS	otal 240,188 286,070 161,706
	286,070
	286,070
	161,706
Investments 108,123 53,583	
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	,
	533,635
· ·	369,489
Accounts 4,304 -	4,304
Loans 233,613 -	233,613
Due from Other Funds - 181,564	181,564
Due from Other Governmental Units 2,036,754 470,719 2,	507,473
	135,345
	500,000
	153,387
<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable \$ 140,905 \$ 204,240 \$	345,145
	220,890
Due to Component Units 2,258,138 - 2,	258,138
Accrued liabilities 55,624 -	55,624
Due to Other Governmental Units 203,089 -	203,089
Unearned Revenue - 70,000	70,000
Total Liabilities \$ 2,878,646 \$ 274,240 \$ 3,	152,886
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes \$ 10,488,096 \$ - \$ 10,	488,096
Unavailable Revenue - Loans 233,613 -	233,613
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 10,721,709 \$ - \$ 10,	721,709
FUND BALANCE	
Nonspendable \$ 500,000 \$ - \$	500,000
Restricted 109,612 717,696	827,308
Committed - 78,292	78,292
Assigned 3,225,536 - 3,	225,536
Unassigned 10,647,656 - 10,	647,656
	278,792
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances \$ 28,083,159 \$ 1,070,228 \$ 29,	153,387

County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		;	\$	15,278,792
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	,	2 402 744		
Land	\$	2,483,711		
Building and Improvements Machinery and Equipment		40,136,604 3,585,586		
Construction in Progress		4,697,373		50,903,274
Construction in Progress		4,077,373		30,903,274
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	2,432,323		
Loans Receivable		233,613		
Items Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability (excludes \$39,216 in Internal				
Service Fund items related to measurement of net pension liability)		(1,035,489)		1,630,447
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain				
activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds.				
The assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of the internal				
service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.				2,649,254
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net				
pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds				
(excludes \$42,649 in Internal Service Fund pension contributions subsequent to measurement	:			
date).				1,057,311
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the				
current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds (excludes \$154,979 in Internal				
Service Fund net pension liability).				
General Obligation Bonds	\$	(10,474,967)		
Literary Loans		(4,987,173)		
Lease Revenue Notes		(9,619,802)		
Note Payable		(186,843)		
Unamortized Bond Premiums		(389,236)		
Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring Costs		(262,032)		
Net Pension Liability		(4,092,143)		
Net OPEB Obligation		(464,200)		
Deferred Charges on Refunding		377,727		
Compensated Absences		(957,704)		/a./ a=a /c=:
Accrued Interest Payable		(302,252)		(31,358,625)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		!	\$ <u> </u>	40,160,453

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total
REVENUES						
General Property Taxes	\$	25,713,685	\$	-	\$	25,713,685
Other Local Taxes		7,247,877		-		7,247,877
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		128,556		-		128,556
Fines and Forfeitures		30,051		-		30,051
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		306,714		226		306,940
Charges for Services		563,552		-		563,552
Miscellaneous		113,692		15,942		129,634
Recovered Costs		856,917		-		856,917
Intergovernmental		15,337,049		620,453		15,957,502
Total Revenues	\$	50,298,093	\$	636,621	\$	50,934,714
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General Government Administration	\$	2,414,784	\$	241,377	\$	2,656,161
Judicial Administration	•	1,936,077	•	-	•	1,936,077
Public Safety		8,783,196		689,250		9,472,446
Public Works		1,926,432		472,704		2,399,136
Health and Welfare		10,962,428		639,449		11,601,877
Education		13,555,288		487,805		14,043,093
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,457,510		113,758		1,571,268
Community Development		2,317,420		128,483		2,445,903
Non-Departmental		11,203		, -		11,203
Capital Projects		, -		2,386,637		2,386,637
Debt Service:				, ,		, ,
Principal Retirement		7,095,430		-		7,095,430
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		873,626		-		873,626
Total Expenditures	\$	51,333,394	\$	5,159,463	\$	56,492,857
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$	(1,035,301)	\$	(4,522,842)	\$	(5,558,143)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	\$	127,487	Ś	2,289,622	\$	2,417,109
Transfers Out	•	(3,126,450)	•	(127,487)	•	(3,253,937)
Issuance of refunding bonds		5,003,114		3,443,000		8,446,114
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	2,004,151	\$	5,605,135	\$	7,609,286
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	968,850	\$	1,082,293	\$	2,051,143
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	7	13,513,954	Y	(286,305)	7	13,227,649
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	14,482,804	\$	795,988	\$	15,278,792

County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds Statement of Michigan (1988) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays Depreciation expenses Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - tons (1988) (Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net periodical of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Nelther transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds. Nelther transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds. Nelther transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds. Nelther transaction, however, has any effect on the position. Also, governmental funds. Lease Revenue Note Lease revenue notes Decrease in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred: Lease Revenue Note Lease revenue notes Decrease in the statement of Activities on the require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not r			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful tives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays percentation expenses (2,226,883) (2,236,883) (,		
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays Depreciation expenses Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - loans (Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$40,081) The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt its used or incurred: Literary Loan Lease Revenue Note Landfill post-closure monitoring costs Ceneral obligation bonds Lease revenue notes Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(516,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-S22,166) Increase) Decrease in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-S22,166) Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent t	Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds	!	\$ 2,051,143
are not reported as revenues in the funds. Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - loans (Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$40,081) The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred: Literary Loan Lease Revenue Note Landfill post-closure monitoring costs General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes Seneral obligation bonds Lease revenue notes Note payable Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net open in being itability (excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of bond premiums Mandia activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain inter	Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays	\$ 	1,990,659
Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - loans (Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability (excludes internal Service Fund-540,081) The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred: Literary Loan Lease Revenue Note Landfill post-closure monitoring costs General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net open contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-522,166) Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-522,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums (417,807) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	·		
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred: Literary Loan Lease Revenue Note Literary Loan Lease Revenue Note Ceneral obligation bonds Lease revenue notes General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes Special sear evenue notes (a) (4,987,173) (b) (09,098 Come expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net oPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - loans (Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the	\$ 233,613	1 525 000
financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred: Literary Loan Lease Revenue Note Landfill post-closure monitoring costs General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes S, 966,375 Note payable Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net ope obligation (Increase) Decrease in net ope of our pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	net pension (lability (excludes internal Service Fund-\$40,081)	1,049,193	1,535,900
Literary Loan Lease Revenue Note Landfill post-closure monitoring costs Principal repayments: General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes Lease revenue notes Note payable Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (482,714)	financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs Principal repayments: General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net operation is in the special in the pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		\$ (4,987,173)	
Principal repayments: General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes Note payable Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 682,714			
General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes Note payable Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	•	(2,337)	
Lease revenue notes Note payable Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in net pension iniability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	, , ,	4 0/0 000	
Note payable 59,957 (1,353,021) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences \$ 2,656 (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (61,100) (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable 12,277 Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] (437,862) Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) 59,271 Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding (34,337) Amortization of bond premiums (417,807) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	<u> </u>		
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable 12,277 Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			(1.353.021)
current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	note pulluste	37,737	(1,333,021)
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (A17,807)	current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in		
(Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 12,277 (437,862) (437,862) 159,271 (34,337) 41,288 (417,807) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	•	\$ 2,656	
Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability [excludes Internal Service Fund-(\$16,583)] (437,862) Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) 59,271 Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding (34,337) Amortization of bond premiums 41,288 (417,807) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 682,714			
Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$22,166) Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. [682,714]			
Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums (34,337) 41,288 (417,807) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (682,714	Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		
Amortization of bond premiums 41,288 (417,807) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 682,714			
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 682,714	, ,		(417.807)
activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 682,714	Amortization of pond premiums	71,200	(417,007)
governmental activities. 682,714	activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The		
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 4,489,588			682,714
	Change in net position of governmental activities	!	\$ 4,489,588

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2016

ASSETS	Н	ealth Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>		Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,334,881	\$	-
Investments				
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Accounts Receivable				E2 727
Due from Other Funds		- -		53,737 39,326
Total Assets	\$	3,334,881	\$	93,063
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	ć		~	42 (40
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$	-	\$	42,649
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	561,578	\$	65,566
Net Pension Liability Total Liabilities	, —	- E/1 E70	<u> </u>	154,979
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	561,578	\$	220,545
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Items Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability	\$		\$	39,216
NET DOCITION				
NET POSITION Unrestricted	\$	2,773,303	ς	(124,049)
Total Net Position	\$	2,773,303	\$	(124,049)
		· ·		` , ,

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

OPERATING REVENUES	Не	alth Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>		Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund
Charges for Services:				
Information Technology Charges	\$	-	\$	234,334
Garage Charges		-		873,125
Communication Charges		-		121,589
Other Revenues:				
Miscellaneous				23,534
Insurance Premiums		7,902,943		-
Total Operating Revenues	\$	7,902,943	\$	1,252,582
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Information Technology	\$	-	\$	607,678
Central Garage	•	_	,	1,316,373
Communications		_		128,177
Insurance Claims and Expenses		7,257,411		, -
Total Operating Expenses	\$	7,257,411	\$	2,052,228
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	645,532	\$	(799,646)
Transfer In	\$		\$	836,828
Change in Net Position	\$	645,532	\$	37,182
Net Position - Beginning		2,127,771		(161,231)
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,773,303	\$	(124,049)

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Charges to County Department and other organizations Other receipts (payments) Other receipts (payments) Other receipts (payments) Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to suppliers for goods and services Receipts for insurance premiums Receipts for insurance premiums Payments for insurance premiums Payments for insurance premiums Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds Transfers from other funds Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss) Operating Income (Loss) Provided by (used for) Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Reconciled Overdaft Total Adjustments S 91,279 S 37,581	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		alth Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>	С	Information Technology, Garage, and ommunication Service Fund
Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees for services Receipts for insurance premiums 7,902,943 Payments for insurance premiums 7,902,943 Payments for insurance premiums 7,166,132 Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds 8 Transfers from other funds 8 Transfers from other funds 8 Transfers from other funds 9 Total Cash and Cash Equivalents Payments Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning 10 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending 10 Total Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability 10 Total Adjustments to Reconciled Overdraft 10 Total Adjustments 1	, ,	\$	-	\$, ,
Payments to employees for services Receipts for insurance premiums Payments for insurance premiums Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Symbol Symb	. ,, ,		-		,
Receipts for insurance premiums Payments for insurance premiums Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Sanda Cash Equivalents - Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Decrease (Increase) Dec	, , , , , ,		-		, , , ,
Payments for insurance premiums			7 902 943		(606,740)
Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ 736,811 \$ (836,828) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$, ,		- -
ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds \$	· ·	\$		\$	(836,828)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 736,811 \$ - Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning \$ 2,598,070 \$ - Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending \$ 3,334,881 \$ - RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft Total Adjustments \$ 91,279 \$ (37,182)					
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft Total Adjustments \$ 2,598,070 \$	Transfers from other funds	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	836,828
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending \$ 3,334,881 \$ RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss) \$ 645,532 \$ (799,646) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable \$ 91,279 \$ 25,001 Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability - 16,583 Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources - (40,081) (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - (22,166) (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable - (53,737) (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds - (5,840) Total Adjustments \$ 91,279 \$ (37,182)	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	736,811	\$	<u>-</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Recounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft Total Adjustments \$ 91,279 \$ (37,182)	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	\$	2,598,070	\$	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) In Reconciled Overdraft Total Adjustments \$ 91,279 \$ (799,646) \$ 25,001 \$ 16,583 \$ 16,583 \$ 16,583 \$ 16,583 \$ 16,583 \$ 16,5840 \$ 10,081 \$ 1	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	3,334,881	\$	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft Total Adjustments Adjustments S 91,279 S (37,182)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Provided by (used for) Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft Total Adjustments \$ 91,279 \$ 25,001 16,583 16,583 110,583 110,782 110,783 11	Operating Income (Loss)	\$	645,532	\$	(799,646)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability - 16,583 Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources - (40,081) (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - (22,166) (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable - (53,737) (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds - 43,058 Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft - (5,840) Total Adjustments \$ 91,279 \$ (37,182)			_		
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft Total Adjustments - (44,081) (22,166) (53,737) (53,737) (10,702		\$	91,279	\$,
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources-(22,166)(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable-(53,737)(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds-43,058Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft-(5,840)Total Adjustments\$ 91,279\$ (37,182)			-		,
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable-(53,737)(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds-43,058Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft-(5,840)Total Adjustments\$ 91,279\$ (37,182)			-		` , ,
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds-43,058Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft-(5,840)Total Adjustments\$ 91,279\$ (37,182)	,		-		` , ,
Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft Total Adjustments - (5,840) \$ 91,279 \$ (37,182)	(-		. , ,
Total Adjustments \$ 91,279 \$ (37,182)	()		-		
<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	91.279	5	
	Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	736,811	\$	(836,828)

Exhibit 10

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

ASSETS		Agency <u>Funds</u>
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	151,127
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Amounts Held for Others:		
Social Services Clients Contractors County Employees	\$	13,184 53,313 84,630
Total amounts held for others	Ś	151,127
Total Liabilities	\$	151,127

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity:

County of Pulaski, Virginia is a political subdivision governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities, for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations.

Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. The component units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The <u>Pulaski County School Board</u> operates the elementary and secondary schools in the County. School Board members are elected by popular vote. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue a separate report.

The <u>Pulaski County Public Service Authority</u> provides water, sewer, and garbage service to County residents. The Public Service Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County has issued several bonds payable by the Authority. In addition, the County Board of Supervisors appoints the Board of Directors. A copy of the Public Service Authority's report can be obtained from the Public Service Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (continued)

The <u>Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority</u> encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the County. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. In addition, the Authority's Board is appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. A copy of the Industrial Development Authority's report can be obtained from the Industrial Development Authority.

Related Organizations - The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary comparison schedules demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. It is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Virginia Public Assistance, Prepaid Taxes, Comprehensive Services Act funds, and Debt Service funds for both the County and School Board.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than those dedicated for debt service or major capital projects. The Tornado Relief Fund and Highway Maintenance Fund are reported as a nonmajor special revenue funds.

The School CIP fund is reported as one of the County's nonmajor *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major school capital projects.

The County CIP fund is reported as another of the County's nonmajor *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major County capital projects as well as acquisitions of other types of capital assets.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds (Proprietary funds) account for and report the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service funds consist of the Information Technology, Garage, and Communications Service Fund and the Health Insurance Premiums Fund.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and Employee Flexible Benefit Funds are reported as agency funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Pulaski County School Board reports the following major fund:

The School Operating Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from County of Pulaski, Virginia and state and federal grants.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/ Fund Balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

3. Receivables and Payables (continued)

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year if they remain unpaid. Real estate taxes are payable on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on October 15th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$714,440 at June 30, 2016 and is comprised solely of real estate taxes delinquent for 20 years and personal property taxes delinquent for 5 years.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather that when purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	20-40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and Equipment	4-30

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on this item, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and the change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

10. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

12. Fund Balance

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that have been committed (establish, modify, or rescind) by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the County considers to be the Board of Directors.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County considers this level of authority to be the Board of Directors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> - this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The County's highest decision making level is the Board of Supervisors. Action from the Board of Supervisors is required to commit or release funds from commitment.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved within the County fund balance policy.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

13. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

14. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1st, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All non-fiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

A. Budgetary Information: (continued)

- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the functional level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's subcategories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and the General Capital Projects Fund. The School Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis.
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations:

Parks, Recreation and Cultural and Community Development had expenditures in excess of appropriated amounts in the General Fund during fiscal year 2016.

C. Deficit Fund Balance:

At June 30, 2016, there were no funds that had a deficit fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 3- Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board.

Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Interest Rate Risk:

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

Investment	Maturities	(in vears)
IIIA62HIIGHI	Maturities	(III veals)

Investment Type	Fa	air Value	1 Year
LGIP	\$	108,123	\$ 108,123
SNAP		53,583	53,583
Total	\$	161,706	\$ 161,706

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments):

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2016 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Ratings				
		Aaam			
LGIP	\$	108,123			
SNAP		53,583			
Total	\$	161,706			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 3- Deposits and Investments: (continued)

External Investment Pools:

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In May 2016, the Board voted to convert the SNAP fund to an LGIP structure, which would be managed in conformance with GASB 79. On October 3, 2016, the Prime Series became a government money market fund and the name was changed to Government Select Series. The Government Select Series has a policy of investing at least 99.5% of its assets in cash, U.S. government securities (including securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities) and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully.

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Note 4- Due From Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government		•	onent Unit- ool Board
Local governments				
Town of Dublin	\$	48,896	\$	-
Pulaski County IDA		74,877		-
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
State sales tax		565,146		828,816
Communication sales tax		130,196		-
Other taxes		24,813		-
Categorical aid-shared expenses		271,805		-
Categorical aid-other		30,243		-
Categorical aid-VPA funds		141,203		-
Categorical aid-CSA funds		472,173		-
Federal Government:				
Categorical aid-VPA funds		229,845		-
Categorical aid-other		518,276		679,707
Totals		2,507,473		1,508,523

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 5- Interfund Balances and Transfers:

Fund	Due to			Due from
Primary Government:		_		
General Fund	\$	2,479,028	\$	135,345
County CIP Fund		-		68,380
School CIP Fund		-		113,184
Information Technology, Garage, and				
Communication Service Fund		-		39,326
Component Units:				
School Fund		-		2,258,138
Industrial Development Authority		135,345		-
Total	\$	2,614,373	\$	2,614,373
	Т	ransfers in	Tr	ansfers out
Primary Government:			-	
General Fund	\$	127,487	\$	3,126,450
County CIP Fund		2,289,622		-
School CIP Fund		-		127,487
Information Technology, Garage, and				
Communication Service Fund		836,828		-
Total	\$	3,253,937	\$	3,253,937

Details of advances to component unit amounts are as follows:

Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority:

During fiscal year 1990-91, \$500,000 was advanced to the Authority for construction of a building for Renfro, Inc. This advance was made with no repayment terms.

Remaining portion of this page left blank intentionally.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government- Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2016.

	_	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2016
General obligation bonds	\$	11,544,065 \$	-	\$	(1,069,098) \$	10,474,967
Literary loans		-	4,987,173		-	4,987,173
Lease revenue notes		12,127,236	3,458,941		(5,966,375)	9,619,802
Note payable		246,800	-		(59,957)	186,843
Unamortized bond premiums		430,524	-		(41,288)	389,236
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs		259,695	2,337		-	262,032
Net OPEB obligation		403,100	89,800		(28,700)	464,200
Net pension liability		3,792,677	3,706,562		(3,252,117)	4,247,122
Compensated absences		960,360	717,614		(720,270)	957,704
Total	\$	29,764,457 \$	12,962,427	\$	(11,137,805) \$	31,589,079

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		General Obliga	tion Bonds		Lease Revenue Notes		Literary Loans				Note payable				
June 30,	_	Principal	Interest	_	Principal		Interest	F	Principal		Interest	Pı	incipal	I	nterest
2017	\$	1,082,882	394,752	\$	881,105	\$	316,113	\$	408,809	\$	99,743	\$	61,105	\$	3,116
2018		1,101,761	350,728		899,178		290,014		419,585		91,567		62,273		1,947
2019		1,115,737	306,194		912,549		263,188		425,914		83,176		63,465		755
2020		1,125,049	261,723		930,964		235,633		436,378		74,657		-		-
2021		959,538	220,082		944,553		207,346		446,410		65,930		-		-
2022-2026		3,145,000	621,718		3,207,415		676,938		2,350,970		192,871		-		-
2027-2030		1,945,000	159,176		1,844,038		102,144		499,107		9,982		-		-
Totals	\$	10,474,967 \$	2,314,373	\$	9,619,802	\$	2,091,376 \$		4,987,173 \$	_	617,926 \$		186,843 \$		5,818

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

-	Interest	Issue	Final Maturity	Amount of Original	Balance Governmental	Amount Due Within
Conoral obligation bonds:	Rates	Date	<u>Date</u>	Issue	Activities	One Year
General obligation bonds: GO bond	4.975-5.85%	11/16/2000	2021 \$	754,241	\$ 214,146 \$	41,204
VPSA GO bond	2.35-5.1%	11/7/2002	2023	10,915,000	3,815,000	545,000
GO bond	3.175-4.05%	1/13/2010	2030	7,465,000	5,745,000	325,000
GO bond	1.81%	4/16/2014	2020	1,035,536	700,821	171,678
Subtotal GO bonds				, ,	\$ 10,474,967 \$	
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	11/7/2002	2023	436,841	152,895	21,842
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	1/13/2010	2030	40,136	27,091	2,007
Total general obligation bonds					\$ 10,654,953 \$	1,106,731
Lease revenue notes:						
School lease revenue note	5.10%	5/15/2008	2029	5,255,000		•
Lease revenue note	2.47-3.25%	12/6/2013	2027	321,054	293,900	23,542
Lease revenue note	2.37%	6/15/2016	2028	3,443,000	3,443,000	251,000
School lease revenue note	2.05%	12/6/2013	2021	2,680,534	1,897,902	386,563
Subtotal lease revenue notes					\$ 9,619,802 \$	881,105
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	5/15/2008	2029	348,754	209,250	17,438
Total lease revenue notes					\$ 9,829,052 \$	898,543
Literary loans:						
Literary loan	2.00%	5/2/2016	2027	4,987,173	\$ 4,987,173 \$	408,809
Total literary loans					\$4,987,173_\$	408,809
Note Payable						
Note Payable	1.900%	4/30/2012	2019 \$	420,000	\$ 186,843 \$	61,105
Total Notes Payable					\$186,843_\$	61,105
Other obligations:						
Landfill post-closure						
monitoring costs	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 262,032 \$	-
Net OPEB obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	464,200	-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4,247,122	-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	957,704	718,278
Total other obligations					\$ 5,931,058 \$	718,278
Totals					\$ 31,589,079 \$	3,193,466

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 7- Long-Term Obligations- Component Unit School Board:

Discretely Presented Component Unit- School Board-Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2016.

	 Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016			
Net OPEB obligation Net pension liability Compensated absences	\$ 1,034,500 \$ 36,919,465 1,444,861	249,700 9,238,120 1,188,793	(119,100) \$ (9,218,312) (1,083,646)	1,165,100 36,939,273 1,550,008			
Total	\$ 39,398,826 \$	10,676,613 \$	(10,421,058) \$	39,654,381			

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Issue	Governmental Activites		Due Within One Year	
Other obligations:								
Net OPEB obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	1,165,100	\$	-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		36,939,273		-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		1,550,008		1,162,506
Total other obligations					\$	39,654,381	\$	1,162,506

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County, the Component Unit - Pulaski County Public Service Authority ("PSA"), and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through the County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS									
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN							
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as	benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see							

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
		About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.	
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered	
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.	
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding		Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 1 PLAN 2		
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
		Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.	
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.	
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents:	
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.	
duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.	
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)		
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.		
five years of creditable service.		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related			
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	disability benefits. Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans administered by VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County of Pulaski and the PSA's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 12.09% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan were \$1,099,960 and \$1,018,523 for the County and \$169,248 and \$166,881 for the PSA for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2016, the County and PSA reported liabilities of \$4,247,122 and \$688,791 for their proportionate shares of the net pension liability. The County and PSA's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County and PSA are required to determine their proportionate shares of the net pension liability. Creditable compensation as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County and PSA's proportionate shares of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the County's proportion was 81.3919%. At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the PSA's proportion was 13.2000%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County of Pulaski and PSA's Retirement Plan and the Pulaski County Public Schools Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County of Pulaski's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Pulaski County and PSA Retirement Plan, Pulaski County Public Schools Retirement Plan, and the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County and PSA's Proportionate Shares of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County and PSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County and PSA's proportionate shares of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	9,422,773	\$	4,247,122	\$	(68,110)
PSA's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,528,169	\$	688,791	\$	(11,046)

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County and PSA recognized pension expenses of \$376,935 and \$60,160, respectively. At June 30, 2016, the County and PSA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

					Component Unit		
	Primary Government				Pulaski County PSA		
	Deferred Deferred		_	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of
	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	125,881	\$	- Ç	\$	20,415
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		948,824		-		160,730
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,099,960	_	-	_	169,248		
Total	\$ 1,099,960	\$_	1,074,705	\$	169,248	\$_	181,145

\$1,074,705 and \$169,248 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County and PSA contributions subsequent to the measurement date, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	_	Primary Government	_	Component Unit Pulaski County PSA
2017	\$	(422,391)	\$	(70,787)
2018	•	(422,391)	·	(70,787)
2019		(400,175)		(67,182)
2020		170,252		27,611
Total	\$	(1,074,705)	\$	(181,145)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board
	Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	73
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	14
Non-vested inactive members	57
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	14_
Total inactive members	85
Active members	114
Total covered employees	272

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 9.00% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (continued)

Contributions (continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$205,179 and \$218,739 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

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	Component School Board (nonprofessional)					
	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total		Plan		Net
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	9,987,824	\$_	9,345,359	\$	642,465
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	265,386	\$	-	\$	265,386
Interest		680,732		-		680,732
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(89,812)		-		(89,812)
Contributions - employer		-		218,738		(218,738)
Contributions - employee		-		121,343		(121, 343)
Net investment income		-		424,421		(424, 421)
Benefit payments, including refunds				•		, , ,
of employee contributions		(526, 169)		(526, 169)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(5,914)		5,914
Other changes		_		(90)		90
Net changes	\$	330,137	\$_	232,329	\$	97,808
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	10,317,961	\$	9,577,688	\$	740,273

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		_				
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,021,600	\$	740,273	\$	(331,731)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$56,332. At June 30, 2016, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)				
	D	eferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of		Inflows of		
	Re	esources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	60,652	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plension plan investments		-		248,900	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		205,179			
Total	\$	205,179	\$	309,552	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$205,179 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		School Board
Year ended June 30	_	(nonprofessional)
2017	\$	(126,995)
2018		(126,995)
2019		(100, 169)
2020	_	44,607
	_	
Total	\$	(309,552)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.06% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 adjusted for the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%, however, it was reduced to 17.64% as a result of the transfer. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$3,012,959 and \$3,092,245 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported a liability of \$36,199,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the school division's proportion was 0.28761% as compared to 0.30019% at June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,162,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (professional)				
	-	Deferred	Deferred		
	_	utflows of	Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	498,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plension plan investments		-		2,217,000	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		2,003,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,012,959		-	
Total	\$	3,012,959	\$	4,718,000	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$3,012,959 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	School Board
Year ended June 30	(professional)
2017	\$ (1,471,000)
2018	(1,471,000)
2019	(1,471,000)
2020	(102,000)
Thereafter	 (203,000)
Total	\$ (4,718,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

1......

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

3 E0/

innation	2.3%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Kate					
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
School division's proportionate share of the VRS						
Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net						
Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	52,975,000	\$	36,199,000	\$22,390,000	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The Pulaski Post-Retirement Medical Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the County. The Plan provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for immediate retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be age 50 with 10 years of service or permanently, totally disabled and injured in the line of duty. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement or disability. The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by the County and can be amended through County action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The County establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will be partially funded or fully funded in the upcoming fiscal year.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the County. For fiscal year 2016, the County and School Board contributed (implicit subsidy) \$28,700 and \$119,100, respectively, for current costs of the Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

B. Funding Policy (continued)

For retirees of both the County and School Board, 100 percent of premiums for both the employee and spouse are the responsibility of the retiree. Coverage under the plan ceases when the employee reaches age 65. Premiums under the Plan are shown below:

		County		School Board				
	POS	PPO	Dental	POS	PPO	Dental		
Employee Only	\$ 581	\$ 767	\$ 22	\$ 583	\$ 801	\$ 22		
Employee and Spouse	1,157	1,680	37	1,191	1,614	37		
Employee and Child	1,123	1,534	42	1,136	1,568	42		
Family	1,609	22,215	67	1,632	2,249	67		

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's and School Board's net OPEB obligation:

	County		Sc	hool Board	Total	
Annual required contribution	\$	90,500	\$	251,400	\$	341,900
Interest on net OPEB obligation		16,100		41,400		57,500
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(16,800)		(43,100)		(59,900)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		89,800		249,700		339,500
Contributions made (implicit subsidy)		(28,700)		(119,100)		(147,800)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		61,100		130,600		191,700
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		403,100		1,034,500		1,437,600
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	464,200	\$	1,165,100	\$	1,629,300

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

			Percentage of			
Fiscal		Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	N	let OPEB	
Year Ended	OPEB Cost		Contributed	Obligation		
County:						
6/30/2016	\$	89,800	32%	\$	464,200	
6/30/2015		84,100	26%		403,100	
6/30/2014		78,600	43%		341,200	
School Board:						
6/30/2016		249,700	48%	•	1,165,100	
6/30/2015		241,100	46%	•	1,034,500	
6/30/2014		324,000	69%		903,600	

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan (County and School Board combined) as of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

	County	School Board	Total
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,008,800 \$	2,694,800 \$	3,703,600
Actuarial value of plan assets	 <u>-</u>		-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,008,800 \$	2,694,800 \$	3,703,600
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 8,554,101 \$	22,850,508 \$	31,404,609
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	11.79%	11.79%	11.79%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return per annum. An annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8 percent initially, reduced by decrements of 0.5 percent until an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent is reached. Dental costs are assumed to increase 8 percent initially, decreasing by 0.5 percent yearly until and ultimate rate of 4.5 percent is reached. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2014, was 30 years.

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit:

County:

A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

County: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to \$51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 8.

B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate was 0.23% of covered payroll.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The locality is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2016, the County's contribution of \$11,355 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years is as follows:

	/	Annual	Percentage	Net
	Ol	PEB Cost	of APC	OPEB
Fiscal Year Ending	(APC)		Contributed	Obligation
County:				_
June 30, 2014	\$	10,252	100%	-
June 30, 2015		9,841	100%	-
June 30, 2016		11,355	100%	-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

County: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

	 County
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 231,660
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 147,303
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 84,357
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	63.59%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 4,852,430
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	1.74%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at July 1, 2015 was 19-28 years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.06% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$227,151, \$226,548, and \$244,147, respectively and equaled the required contributions.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 11- Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

, , ,	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,483,711	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,483,711
Construction in progress	3,482,436	3,117,284	(1,902,347)	4,697,373
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 5,966,147	\$ 3,117,284	\$ (1,902,347)	\$ 7,181,084
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 55,191,362	\$ 1,864,675	\$ -	\$ 57,056,037
Machinery and equipment	13,639,429	1,137,930	(405,437)	14,371,922
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 68,830,791	\$ 3,002,605	\$ (405,437)	\$ 71,427,959
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (16, 133, 753)	\$ (785,680)	\$ -	\$ (16,919,433)
Machinery and equipment	(9,750,570)	(1,441,203)	405,437	(10,786,336)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (25,884,323)	\$ (2,226,883)	\$ 405,437	\$ (27,705,769)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 42,946,468	\$ 775,722	\$ -	\$ 43,722,190
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 48,912,615	\$ 3,893,006	\$ (1,902,347)	\$ 50,903,274

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government administration	\$	85,716
Judicial administration		1,299
Public safety		783,841
Public works		203,156
Health and welfare		13,611
Education		994,423
Parks, recreation and cultural		126,239
Community development	_	18,598
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	2,226,883

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 11- Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Component Unit:			_		_		
School Board:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	528,360	\$	-	\$	- \$	528,360
Construction in progress	_	622,936	_	377,370		(486,551)	513,755
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	\$_	1,151,296	\$_	377,370	_\$_	(486,551) \$	1,042,115
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	19,887,342	Ś	1,058,979	Ś	(117,784) \$	20,828,537
Machinery and equipment	•	8,623,880	•	774,883	•	(125,858)	9,272,905
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	28,511,222	\$_	1,833,862	\$	(243,642) \$	30,101,442
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(15,746,640)	\$	(317, 395)	\$	117,784 \$	(15,946,251)
Machinery and equipment		(6,034,758)		(571,010)		125,858	(6,479,910)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(21,781,398)	\$_	(888,405)	\$	243,642 \$	(22,426,161)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$_	6,729,824	\$_	945,457	\$_	\$_	7,675,281
School Board capital							
assets, net	\$_	7,881,120	\$_	1,322,827	\$	(486,551) \$	8,717,396

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 12- Risk Management:

The County and its component unit- School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit- School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties (VACO). Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit- School Board pay the VACO contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit- School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13- Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirement for Federal* Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 14- Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety		
Maetta H. Crewe, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	145,000
Melinda Worrell, Treasurer		500,000
Trina Rupe, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
James A. Davis, Sheriff		30,000
The above constitutional officers' employees - blanket bond		50,000
All Social Services employees - blanket bond		100,000
VACo Risk Management Programs		
All County employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000
United States Fidelty and Guaranty		
Peter M. Huber, County Administrator	\$	2,000
Componenet Unit - School Board:		
VACo Risk Management Programs	_	
All School Board employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000

Note 15- Landfill Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County closed its landfill at Cloyd's Mountain in 1989. At June 30, 2016, the total post-closure care liability (which represents the 3 years remaining) was \$262,032 representing what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in fiscal year 2016. Actual costs for both post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of environmental Quality in accordance with section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 16- Unavailable Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unavailable revenue totaling \$10,721,709 is comprised of the following:

	Government-wide Statements	Balance Sheet
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Funds
uncollected loans receivable not available for funding current expenditures	\$ - \$	233,613
Unavailable property tax revneue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures	-	2,432,323
2nd half assessments due in December 2016	7,877,054	7,877,054
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2016 but paid in advance by taxpayers	178,719	178,719
	\$ 8,055,773 \$	10,488,096

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 17- Fund Balance Classifications:

	Ge	eneral Fund		ornado Relief Fund	Mai	ighway ntenance Fund		ol CIP und		nty CIP und
Nonspendable: Advances to Component Units	\$	500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted: Commonwealth Attorney Seized Assets, State & Federal Sheriff Seized Assets Community Corrections Admin Fees School Construction County Construction Total Restricted	\$	24,774 8,893 75,945 - - 109,612	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -		- - 2,837 - 2,837		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Committed: Tornado cleanup and assistance NRCC Entrance Total Committed	\$	- - -		16,645 - 16,645	\$	- 61,647 61,647	\$	- -	\$	- - -
Assigned: Outstanding Encumbrances 06/30/16 - Various Departments E-911 GIS Mapping Equipment Court Services Unit CE Richardson Grant Sheriff Equipment Fire Department Equipment Emergency Management Equipment Office on Youth Kids Fishing Day Visitor Center Tourism Grant Transfer to County CIP Fund Transfer to Internal Service Fund Total Assigned	\$	469,383 29,090 1,074 29,304 17,851 3,313 4,946 19,032 2,571,343 80,200 3,225,536	\$	- - - - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - - - -
Unassigned: 10% (Original FY 2017 Budget) Reserve Fund Unassigned Total Unassigned	\$ ^	1,588,511 10,647,656	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
Total Fund Balance	\	14,482,804	<u> </u>	16,645	<u>\$</u>	61,647	\$ 45	2,837	\$ 26	4,859

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 18 - Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance/Net Position:

			Tori	nado Relief
	G	eneral Fund		Fund
Ending fund balance, as previously reported	\$	13,289,151	\$	59,518
To remove duplication of investment amounts		(108,124)		-
To increase prior year CSA accrual		290,054		-
To correct interfund balances		42,873		(42,873)
Ending fund balance, as restated	\$	13,513,954	\$	16,645
	Go	overnmental		
		Activities		
Ending net position, as previously reported	\$	35,488,935		
Adjustments noted above		181,930		
Ending net position, as restated	\$	35,670,865		

Note 19 - Adoption of Accounting Principles:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants

The County implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. There was no material impact on the County's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 79. All required disclosures are located in Note 3.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 19 - Adoption of Accounting Principles: (continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*

The County early implemented provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

Note 20 - Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 20 - Upcoming Pronouncements: (continued)

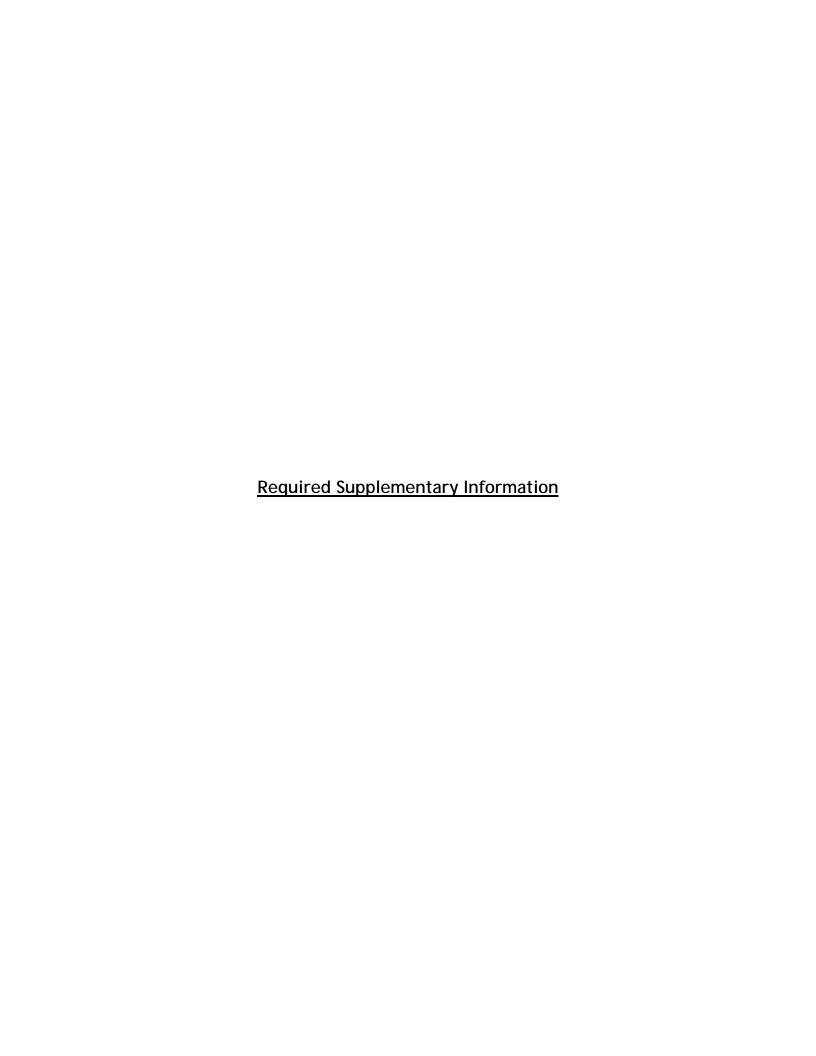
Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, improves financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Pulaski, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES Final Actual Amounts (Pos (Neg) Pec (Neg) Pec (Neg) Pec (Neg) General Property Taxes \$ 24,945,000 \$ 25,018,730 \$ 25,713,685 \$ 694,955 Other Local Taxes 7,208,500 7,309,500 7,247,877 (61,623) Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 155,700 156,600 128,556 (28,044) Fines and Forfeitures 101,700 414,514 30,051 (11,463) Revenue from Use of Money and Property 385,100 414,000 306,714 (107,286) Charges for Services 466,970 512,379 563,552 51,173 Miscellaneous 88,952 120,101 113,692 (6,409) Recovered Costs 1,468,566 1,606,004 86,917 (749,087) Intergovernmental: 12,384,424 12,568,639 11,088,902 (1,479,737) Federal Government Administration 12,234,917 5,606,732 4,248,147 (1,358,585) Current: Current: Current: Current: Current: 4,244,919 4,24,739 Judicial Adm			Budget /	Amo	unts	_	A . I I		Variance with
General Property Taxes \$ 24,945,000 \$ 25,018,730 \$ 25,713,685 \$ 694,955 Other Local Taxes 7,208,500 7,309,500 7,247,877 (61,623) Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 155,700 156,600 128,556 (28,044) Fines and Forfeitures 101,700 41,514 30,051 (11,463) Revenue from Use of Money and Property 385,100 414,000 306,714 (107,268) Charges for Services 466,970 512,379 563,552 51,173 Miscellaneous 88,952 120,010 113,692 (6,409) Recovered Costs 1,468,566 1,606,004 856,917 (749,087) Intergovernmental: 1 12,384,424 12,568,639 11,088,902 (1,479,737) Federal Government 4,307,667 5,606,732 4,248,147 (1,358,585) Total Revenues 5 51,512,579 5,3354,199 5,0298,093 5 3,056,106,104 EXPENDITURES: Current: Current: Current: Current: 2,441,478 <th></th> <th></th> <th><u>Original</u></th> <th></th> <th><u>Final</u></th> <th></th> <th>Actual <u>Amounts</u></th> <th></th> <th>Final Budget Pos (Neg)</th>			<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budget Pos (Neg)
Other Local Taxes 7,208,500 7,309,500 7,247,877 (61,623) Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 155,700 156,600 128,556 (28,044) Fines and Forfeitures 101,700 41,514 30,051 (11,463) Revenue from Use of Money and Property 385,100 414,000 306,714 (107,286) Charges for Services 466,970 512,379 563,552 51,173 Miscellaneous 88,952 120,101 113,692 (6,409) Recovered Costs 1,68,566 1,606,004 856,917 (749,087) Intergovernmental: 1 2,568,639 11,088,902 (1,479,737) Federal Government 4,307,667 5,606,732 4,248,147 (1,388,885) Total Revenues 51,512,579 53,354,199 50,298,093 3,056,106 EXPENDITURES: Current: 6 2,246,917 2,2439,523 5,2414,784 4,239 Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Works <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 155,700 156,600 128,556 (28,044) Fines and Forfeitures 101,700 41,514 30,051 (11,463) Revenue from Use of Money and Property 385,100 414,000 306,714 (107,286) Charges for Services 466,970 512,379 563,552 51,173 Miscellaneous 8,8952 120,101 113,692 (6,409) Recovered Costs 1,468,566 1,606,004 856,917 (749,087) Intergovernmental: 200 51,512,579 53,354,199 11,088,902 (1,479,737) Federal Government 4,307,667 5,606,732 4,248,147 (1,358,585) Total Revenues 51,512,579 53,354,199 50,298,093 30,505,100 EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Administration 1,853,774 2,243,9523 \$2,414,784 24,739 Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Safety	· ·	\$		\$		\$		\$,
Fines and Forfeitures 101,700									
Revenue from Use of Money and Property			,		,		,		
Miscellaneous									
Miscellaneous 88,952 120,101 113,692 (6,409) Recovered Costs 1,468,566 1,606,004 856,917 (749,087) Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 12,384,424 12,568,639 11,088,902 (1,479,737) Federal Government 4,307,667 5,606,732 4,248,147 (1,358,585) Total Revenues 51,512,579 53,354,199 50,298,093 3,056,106 EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Administration 1,853,774 2,243,9523 2,241,784 24,739 Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Safety 9,237,744 9,735,428 8,783,196 952,232 Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 125,412 Health and Welfare 13,173,691 13,460,553 1,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,974,772 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 <	Revenue from Use of Money and Property								
Recovered Costs 1,468,566	Charges for Services				512,379		563,552		51,173
Name	Miscellaneous		88,952		120,101		113,692		(6,409)
Commonwealth 12,384,424 12,568,639 11,088,902 (1,479,737) Federal Government 4,307,667 5,606,732 4,248,147 (1,358,585) Total Revenues \$ 51,512,579 \$ 53,354,199 \$ 50,298,093 \$ (1,379,737) EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,246,917 \$ 2,439,523 \$ 2,414,784 \$ 24,739 Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Safety 9,237,744 9,735,228 8,783,196 952,232 Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 125,412 Health and Welfare 13,123,691 13,460,553 10,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,394,777 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 3,817,261 Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625	Recovered Costs		1,468,566		1,606,004		856,917		(749,087)
Federal Government Total Revenues 4,307,667 5,606,732 4,248,147 (1,358,585) Total Revenues \$ 15,151,579 \$ 53,354,199 \$ 50,298,093 \$ (3,056,106) EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,246,917 \$ 2,449,523 \$ 2,414,784 \$ 24,739 Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Safety 9,237,744 9,735,428 8,783,196 952,232 Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 1,249,121 Health and Welfare 13,123,691 13,460,533 10,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,278,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (12,976) Non-Departmental 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest service: 403,625 403,625<	Intergovernmental:								
Total Revenues	Commonwealth		12,384,424		12,568,639		11,088,902		(1,479,737)
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,246,917 \$ 2,439,523 \$ 2,414,784 \$ 24,739 Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Safety 9,237,744 9,735,428 8,783,196 952,232 Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 125,412 Health and Welfare 13,123,691 13,460,553 10,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,974,772 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Fransfers Out (2,379,344) (5,623,555) (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds	Federal Government		4,307,667		5,606,732		4,248,147		(1,358,585)
Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,246,917 \$ 2,439,523 \$ 2,414,784 \$ 24,739 Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Safety 9,237,744 9,735,428 8,783,196 952,232 Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 125,412 Health and Welfare 13,123,691 13,460,553 10,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,974,772 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	Total Revenues	\$	51,512,579	\$	53,354,199	\$	50,298,093	\$	(3,056,106)
Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,246,917 \$ 2,439,523 \$ 2,414,784 \$ 24,739 Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Safety 9,237,744 9,735,428 8,783,196 952,232 Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 125,412 Health and Welfare 13,123,691 13,460,553 10,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,974,772 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	EVDENDITI IDES:								
General Government Administration \$ 2,246,917 \$ 2,439,523 \$ 2,414,784 \$ 24,739 Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Safety 9,237,744 9,735,428 8,783,196 952,232 Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 125,412 Health and Welfare 13,123,691 13,460,553 10,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,974,772 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057)									
Judicial Administration 1,853,774 2,274,597 1,936,077 338,520 Public Safety 9,237,744 9,735,428 8,783,196 952,232 Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 125,412 Health and Welfare 13,123,691 13,460,553 10,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,974,772 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057)		\$	2.246.917	Ś	2,439,523	Ś	2.414.784	Ś	24.739
Public Safety Public Works 9,237,744 9,735,428 8,783,196 952,232 Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 125,412 Health and Welfare 13,123,691 13,460,553 10,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,974,772 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 <td></td> <td>*</td> <td></td> <td>Τ.</td> <td></td> <td>~</td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td></td>		*		Τ.		~		*	
Public Works 1,906,335 2,051,844 1,926,432 125,412 Health and Welfare 13,123,691 13,460,553 10,962,428 2,498,125 Education 13,974,772 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Transfers Out \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ (3,126,450) 2,4									
Health and Welfare	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Education 13,974,772 14,156,246 13,555,288 600,958 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,379,344 \$ (5,623,555) \$ (3,726,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds \$ 2,379,344 \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ 2,379,344 \$ (5,623									
Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,326,105 1,418,240 1,457,510 (39,270) Community Development 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,379,344 \$ (5,623,555) \$ (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds \$ 2,379,344 \$ (5,623,555) \$ (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds \$ 2,379,344 \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			, ,						
Community Development Non-Departmental 1,259,629 2,187,653 2,317,420 (129,767) Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges Total Expenditures 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,379,344 \$ (5,623,555) \$ (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds \$ 2,379,344 \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ 2,379,344 \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated \$ 3,736,799 \$ 3,513,954 9,777,155			, ,						
Non-Departmental 522,474 61,565 11,203 50,362 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In \$ 5 \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 Transfers Out (2,379,344) (5,623,555) (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds - - - 5,003,114 5,003,114 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155									
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ - \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 Transfers Out (2,379,344) (5,623,555) (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds 5,003,114 5,003,114 5,003,114 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155									
Principal Retirement 3,278,169 3,278,169 7,095,430 (3,817,261) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 403,625 403,625 873,626 (470,001) Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ - \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 Transfers In \$ - \$ 5 - \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 Transfers Out \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ (3,126,450) \$ 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds 5 5,003,114 5,003,114 5,003,114 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155	·		322,474		01,303		11,203		30,362
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges			2 270 4/0		2 270 440		7 005 430		(2.047.274)
Total Expenditures \$ 49,133,235 \$ 51,467,443 \$ 51,333,394 \$ 134,049 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ - \$ - \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 Transfers In Transfers Out Issuance of Refunding Bonds Issuance of Refunding Bonds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ (3,126,450) \$ 2,497,105 Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated \$ 3,736,799 \$ 13,513,954 9,777,155	•						, ,		(, , ,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out Issuance of Refunding Bonds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) \$ (2,922,057) \$ (2,922,057) \$ (2,922,057) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ (3,126,450) \$ 2,497,105 \$ (3,126,450) \$ 2,497,105 \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 \$ (3,736,799) \$ 13,513,954 \$ 9,777,155		_						_	
Expenditures \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 Transfers Out (2,379,344) (5,623,555) (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds 5,003,114 5,003,114 5,003,114 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155	Total Expenditures	\$	49,133,235	\$	51,467,443	\$	51,333,394	\$	134,049
Expenditures \$ 2,379,344 \$ 1,886,756 \$ (1,035,301) \$ (2,922,057) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 Transfers Out (2,379,344) (5,623,555) (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds 5,003,114 5,003,114 5,003,114 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 Transfers Out (2,379,344) (5,623,555) (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds 5,003,114 5,003,114 5,003,114 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$	2,379,344	\$	1,886,756	\$	(1,035,301)	\$	(2,922,057)
Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ 127,487 \$ 127,487 Transfers Out (2,379,344) (5,623,555) (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds 5,003,114 5,003,114 5,003,114 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out (2,379,344) (5,623,555) (3,126,450) 2,497,105 Issuance of Refunding Bonds - - 5,003,114 5,003,114 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 \$ 13,513,954 9,777,155		¢		Ċ		Ċ	127 /87	Ċ	127 /127
Issuance of Refunding Bonds - - 5,003,114 5,003,114 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155		٠	(2 270 244)	ڔ	(5 422 555)	ڔ		ڔ	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,379,344) \$ (5,623,555) \$ 2,004,151 \$ 7,627,706 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155			(2,3/9,344)		(3,023,333)				
Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (3,736,799) \$ 968,850 \$ 4,705,649 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155		Ċ	(2 270 244)	Ċ	(5 422 555)	Ċ		Ċ	
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>	(2,379,344)	Ş	(5,623,555)	Ş	2,004,131	Ş	7,027,700
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated - 3,736,799 13,513,954 9,777,155	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(3,736,799)	\$	968,850	\$	4,705,649
		•	-	•		•	,	•	
		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of OPEB Funding For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Primary Government: Post-Retirement Medical Plan

_	Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	V	ctuarial alue of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (3)	Ur	funded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	(2)	ed Ratio)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	% of	AL as a Covered II (4) / (6) (7)
	July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$ 1,008,800	\$	1,008,800		0.00%	\$ 8,554,101		11.79%
	July 1, 2012		-	944,000		944,000		0.00%	7,018,201		13.45%
	July 1, 2010		-	1,557,770		1,557,770		0.00%	8,082,191		19.27%

School Board: Post-Retirement Medical Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
July 1, 2014 July 1, 2012	\$ - -	\$ 2,694,800 3,900,000	\$ 2,694,800 3,900,000	0.00% 0.00%	\$ 22,850,508 29,736,727	11.79% 13.12%
July 1, 2010	-	4,338,412	4,338,412	0.00%	22,509,012	19.27%

Primary Government: Virginia Retirement System - Health Insurance Credit

Actuarial Valuation Date		Actuarial Value of Assets	ļ	ctuarial Accrued bility (AAL)	(unded AAL (UAAL) 3) - (2)	Funded R (2)/(3)			Covered Pavroll	% of C	L as a overed (4) / (6)
 (1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)		-	(6)		7)
June 30, 2015	\$	147,303	\$	231,660	\$	84,357	63	3.59%	\$	4,852,430		1.74%
June 30, 2014		146,600		224,000		77,400	65	.45%		4,537,070		1.71%
June 30, 2013		137,189		224,512		87,323	61	.11%		4,327,776		2.02%

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2016

Date (1)	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) (2)	Proportionate Share of the NPL (3)	С	overed Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
Primary Government -	County of Retirement I	Plan				
2015	81.3919%	\$ 4,247,122	\$	8,486,988	50.04%	89.62%
2014	81.2400%	3,792,677		8,225,333	46.11%	90.36%
Component Unit Publi	c Service Authority					
2015	13.2000%	\$ 688,791	\$	1,380,323	49.90%	89.62%
2014	13.2000%	615,090		1,341,630	45.85%	90.36%
Component Unit School	ol Board (professional)					
2015	0.2876%	\$ 36,199,000	\$	21,994,717	164.58%	70.68%
2014	0.3002%	36,277,000		21,994,717	164.94%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be inlcuded as they become available.

County of Pulaski, Virginia

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2015		2014
Total pension liability	' <u></u>			
Service cost	\$	265,386	\$	259,384
Interest		680,732		653,059
Differences between expected and actual experience		(89,812)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(526, 169)		(508,058)
Net change in total pension liability	ş 	330,137	\$	404,385
Total pension liability - beginning		9,987,824		9,583,439
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	10,317,961	\$	9,987,824
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	218,738	\$	245,465
Contributions - employee		121,343		123,727
Net investment income		424,421		1,281,760
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(526, 169)		(508,058)
Administrative expense		(5,914)		(6,966)
Other		(90)		68
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	ş 	232,329	\$ 	1,135,996
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	•	9,345,359	-	8,209,363
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	9,577,688	\$	9,345,359
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	740,273	\$	642,465
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		92.83%		93.57%
Covered payroll	\$	2,434,851	\$	2,474,506
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		30.40%		25.96%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Date Primary Gov		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2016	\$	1,099,960	¢	1,099,960	¢	_	\$	9,046,509	12.16%
2015	Ļ	1,018,523	ڔ	1,018,523	ڔ	-	Ļ	8,486,988	12.00%
Component	Unit P	ublic Service Au	ıtho	ority					
2016	\$	169,248		169,248	\$	-	\$	1,399,901	12.09%
2015	·	166,881		166,881	•	-		1,380,323	12.09%
Component	Unit S	chool Board (no	npr	ofessional)					
2016	\$	205,179	\$	205,179	\$	-	\$	2,279,771	9.00%
2015		219,137		219,137		-		2,434,851	9.00%
2014		245,471		245,471		-		2,474,506	9.92%
2013		238,765		238,765		-		2,406,908	9.92%
2012		164,102		164,102		-		2,304,799	7.12%
2011		155,834		155,834		-		2,188,681	7.12%
2010		145,637		145,637		-		2,322,755	6.27%
2009		147,617		147,617		-		2,354,337	6.27%
2008		157,695		157,695		-		2,259,237	6.98%
2007		148,533		148,533		-		2,127,980	6.98%
Component	Unit S	chool Board (pro	ofes	sional)					
2016	\$	3,012,959	\$	3,012,959	\$	-	\$	21,429,302	14.06%
2015		3,092,245		3,092,245		-		21,994,717	14.06%
2014		2,564,584		2,564,584		-		21,994,717	11.66%
2013		2,567,054		2,567,054		-		22,015,901	11.66%
2012		1,342,616		1,342,616		-		21,210,363	6.33%
2011		818,957		818,957		-		20,838,601	3.93%
2010		1,398,761		1,398,761		-		15,876,969	8.81%
2009		1,987,019		1,987,019		-		22,554,132	8.81%
2008		2,290,609		2,290,609		-		22,238,922	10.30%
2007		1,073,705		1,073,705		-		11,670,707	9.20%

Current year contributions are from County, PSA, and School Board records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015 the County information reported in the County's report included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2016

In 2015, Covered Employee Payroll (as defined by GASB 68) included the total payroll for employees covered under the pension plan whether that payroll is subject to pension coverage or not. This definition was modified in GASB Statement No. 82 and now is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. The ratios presented use the same measure.

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 are not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year



County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2016

	Special Rev		Capital Pr	ojec	ts Funds				
	Tornado Relief Fund	1	Highway Maintenance Fund	_	School CIP Fund		County CIP Fund	•	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				,					70.000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,645	\$	61,647	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78,292
Cash held by others	-		-		286,070		-		286,070
Investments	-		-		53,583		-		53,583
Due from Other Funds	-		-		113,184		68,380		181,564
Due from Other Governmental Units	 -		-		-		470,719		470,719
Total Assets	\$ 16,645	Ş	61,647	\$	452,837	Ş	539,099	\$	1,070,228
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	204,240	\$	204,240
Deferred Revenue	-		-		-		70,000		70,000
Total Liabilities	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	274,240	\$	274,240
Fund Balances: Restricted:									
Construction	\$ -	\$	-	\$	452,837	\$	264,859	\$	717,696
Committed:									
Tornado cleanup and assistance	16,645		-		-		-		16,645
NRCC Entrance	-		61,647		-		-		61,647
Total Fund Balances	\$ 16,645	\$	61,647	\$	452,837	\$	264,859	\$	795,988
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 16,645	\$	61,647	\$	452,837	\$	539,099	\$	1,070,228

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Special Reve	enu	e Funds		Capital Pro	ject	ts Funds		
REVENUES		Tornado Relief Fund	N	Highway Maintenance		School CIP Fund		County CIP Fund		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES Revenue from Use of Money and Property Miscellaneous Intergovernmental:	\$	- \$;	27	\$	199	\$	- 15,942	\$	226 15,942
Commonwealth Federal Government		- -		-				79,495 540,958		79,495 540,958
Total Revenues	\$	- \$,	27	\$	199	\$	636,395	\$	636,621
EXPENDITURES: Current:										
General Government Administration	\$	- \$,	-	\$	- :	\$	241,377	\$	241,377
Public Safety		-		-		-		689,250		689,250
Public Works		-		160,463		-		312,241		472,704
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		639,449		639,449
Education		-		-		-		487,805		487,805
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		-		-				113,758		113,758
Community Development		-		-		40,983		87,500		128,483
Capital Projects	_	- ,		-		2,386,637	_	-	,	2,386,637
Total Expenditures	\$	- \$	•	160,463	\$	2,427,620	\$	2,571,380	>	5,159,463
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	¢	- \$		(160,436)	Ś	(2,427,421)	¢	(1,934,985)	¢	(4,522,842)
Experiorcules	٠,	٠ ٠		(100,430)	٠,	(2,427,421)	Ų	(1,734,703)	٠	(4,322,042)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	\$	- \$.	-	\$		\$	2,289,622	\$	2,289,622
Transfers Out		-		-		(127,487)		-		(127,487)
Issuance of refunding bonds		-		-		3,443,000		-		3,443,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	- \$,	-	\$	3,315,513	\$	2,289,622	\$	5,605,135
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	\$	- \$ 16,645	;	(160,436) 222,083	\$	888,092 (435,255)	\$	354,637 (89,778)	\$	1,082,293 (286,305)
Fund Balance - Ending	S	16,645 \$;	61,647	S		S	264,859	S	795,988
·	<u> </u>	: 0,0 : 0 +		27,017	-	.52,007	т	_3.,007	т	3,700

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Tornado Relief Fund	lief Fund				Highway Maintenance Fund	nance Fund		l		Total	al	
		Budget Amounts	unts		Variance with		Budget Amounts	unts		Variance with		Budget Amounts	ounts		Variance with
PEVENIES		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)	J.	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES Revenue from Use of Money and Property	s	\$ -	\$	\$ -		s	\$ -	\$ -	27 \$	77	s	\$ -	\$.	27 \$	77
EXPENDITURES:															
Public Works	s	\$	\$	\$	•	s	\$	222,084 \$	160,463 \$	61,621	\$	s.	222,084 \$	160,463 \$	61,621
Health and Welfare			16,645		16,645								16,645		16,645
	S	\$.	16,645 \$	\$.	16,645	s	\$ -	222,084 \$	160,463 \$	61,621	S	\$ -	238,729 \$	160,463 \$	78,266
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	v	,	(16 645) \$,	16 645	v	,	(222 ()84) \$	(160 436) \$	61 648	v	,	\$ (928 226)	(160 436) \$	78 293
Experiences	•	7	¢ (cto,o1)	7	25,61	•	•	¢ (L00,222)	¢ (001,001)	25,10	٠	7	(230,127)	¢ (00t,001)	10,273
Net Change in Fund Balance	s	\$	(16,645) \$	\$ -	16,645	s	\$ -	(222,084) \$	(160,436) \$	61,648	s	\$	(238,729) \$	(160,436) \$	78,293
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated			16,645	16,645	•			222,084	222,083	E			238,729	238,728	<u>(E</u>)
Fund Balance - Ending	S	s ·	S -	16,645 \$	16,645	S	s -	s ·	61,647 \$	61,647	S	S -	S -	78,292 S	78.292

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund-School CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budget Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	<u>0</u>	<u> Priginal</u> <u>Final</u>		Amounts	Pos (Neg)	
REVENUES						
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	- \$	- \$	199 \$	199	
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Community Development	\$	- \$	- \$	40,983 \$	(40,983)	
Capital Projects		-	3,400,000	2,386,637	1,013,363	
Total Expenditures	\$	- \$	3,400,000 \$	2,427,620 \$	972,380	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Ś	- \$	(3,400,000) \$	(2,427,421) \$	972,579	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	· ·	(5) 100) 000) 4	(=) :=: , := : , ∓		
Transfers Out	\$	- \$	- \$	(127,487) \$	(127,487)	
Issuance of Refunding Bonds	•	-	3,400,000	3,443,000	43,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	- \$	3,400,000 \$	3,315,513 \$	(84,487)	
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning	\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	888,092 \$ (435,255)	888,092 (435,255)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	- \$	- \$	452,837 \$	452,837	

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund-County CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts							Variance with
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES						15.040		45.040
Miscellaneous	\$	- :	\$	-	\$	15,942	\$	15,942
Intergovernmental:				444 704		70 405		(2(2,204)
Commonwealth		-		441,701		79,495		(362,206)
Federal Government	_	-		1,479,774		540,958		(938,816)
Total Revenues	\$	- :	\$	1,921,475	\$	636,395	\$	(1,285,080)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
General Government Administration	\$	531,888	¢	1,373,230	Ś	241,377	¢	1,131,853
Public Safety	Ţ	318,000	Y	2,179,201	Ţ	689,250	7	1,489,951
Public Works		3,000		1,225,541		312,241		913,300
Health and Welfare		-		878,037		639,449		238,588
Education		489,250		489,250		487,805		1,445
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		126,000		242,761		113,758		129,003
Community Development		143,500		337,810		87,500		250,310
Total Expenditures	Ś		Ś	6,725,830	Ś	2,571,380	Ś	4,154,450
Total Exponential of		.,,	-	0,7 20,000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	.,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(1,611,638)	\$	(4,804,355)	\$	(1,934,985)	\$	2,869,370
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	1,611,638	\$	4,804,355	\$	2,289,622	\$	(2,514,733)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	- 9	\$	-	\$	354,637	\$	354,637
Fund Balance - Beginning		-		-		(89,778)		(89,778)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	- 9	\$	-	\$	264,859	\$	264,859

County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

		Agency Funds		
ASSETS	Special <u>Welfare</u>	Performance <u>Bond</u>	Employee Flexible <u>Benefits</u>	<u>Total</u>
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,184	\$ 53,313	\$ 84,630	\$ 151,127
Total Assets	\$ 13,184	\$ 53,313	\$ 84,630	\$ 151,127
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Amounts Held for Others:				
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 13,184	\$ =	\$ =	\$ 13,184
Performance Bond Fund	-	53,313	-	53,313
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	-	-	84,630	84,630
Total amounts held for others	\$ 13,184	\$ 53,313	\$ 84,630	\$ 151,127
Total Liabilities	\$ 13,184	\$ 53,313	\$ 84,630	\$ 151,127

County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

ASSETS		Balance July 1, 2015		Additions		<u>Deletions</u>		Balance June 30, 2016
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents: Special Welfare Fund	Ś	16,813	Ś	53,273	ς	56,902	Ś	13,184
Performance Bond Fund	7	53,113	Ÿ	200	7	-	Ţ	53,313
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund		82,470		47,464		45,304		84,630
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	152,396	\$	100,937	\$	102,206	\$	151,127
Total Assets	\$	152,396	\$	100,937	\$	102,206	\$	151,127
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Amounts Held for Others:								
Special Welfare Fund	\$	16,813	\$	53,273	\$	56,902	\$	13,184
Performance Bond Fund		53,113		200		-		53,313
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund		82,470		47,464		45,304		84,630
Total amounts held for others	\$	152,396	\$	100,937	\$	102,206	\$	151,127
Total Liabilities	\$	152,396	\$	100,937	\$	102,206	\$	151,127

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT- SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund of the County. The Cafeteria and Governor's School Funds have been merged for reporting purposes.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Balance Sheet June 30, 2016

		Ор	School erating Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Prepaid items Due from Primary Government		\$	1,411,011 249,624 2,258,138
Due from Other Governmental Units Total Assets		\$	1,508,523 5,427,296
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages		\$	756,130 3,636,060
Total Liabilities		\$	4,392,190
Fund Balances Nonspendable		\$	249,624
Committed Total Fund Balances		\$	785,482 1,035,106
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		\$	5,427,296
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:			
Total fund balances - per above		\$	1,035,106
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land Building and System	\$ 528,360 4,882,286		
Machinery and Equipment Construction in Progress	 2,792,995 513,755	-	8,717,396
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.			
Items related to the measurement of the net pension liability			(5,027,552)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			3,218,138
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences and net OPEB obligation are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated Absences	\$ (1,550,008)		
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Obligation	 (36,939,273) (1,165,100)	_	(39,654,381)
Net position of governmental activities - component unit school board		\$	(31,711,293)

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			School Operating Fund
REVENUES Revenue from Use of Money and Property Charges for Services Miscellaneous		\$	12,497 1,324,322 8,422
Recovered Costs Intergovernmental: Local Government			813,694 14,027,497
Commonwealth Federal Government			25,929,140 4,757,448
Total Revenues		\$	46,873,020
EXPENDITURES:			
Current: Education		\$	47,257,445
Total Expenditures		\$	47,257,445
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			(22.1.425)
Expenditures		\$	(384,425)
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning		\$	(384,425) 1,419,531
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending		\$	1,035,106
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:			
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds - per above		\$	(384,425)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital Outlay Depreciation	\$ 1,724,681 (888,405)	-	836,276
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
(Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability One-time payment to VRS Teacher Plan from Virginia Literary Fund	\$ 1,666,214 555,000	_	2,221,214
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.			
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation Increase (Decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments	\$ (105,147) (574,808) (130,600)		
subsequent to measurement date	 (92,846)	-	(903,401)
Change in net position of governmental funds - component unit school board		\$	1,769,664

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts							Variance with
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budget Pos (Neg)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	Ś	17,200	Ś	17,200	Ś	12,497	ς	(4,703)
Charges for Services	7	1,618,372	7	1,618,372	7	1,324,322	Ţ	(294,050)
Miscellaneous		131,250		218,446		8,422		(210,024)
Recovered Costs		776,532		815,713		813,694		(2,019)
Intergovernmental:		,		,		,		() ,
Local Government		13,959,176		14,140,650		14,027,497		(113,153)
Commonwealth		26,011,266		25,523,263		25,929,140		405,877
Federal Government		5,726,766		6,345,690		4,757,448		(1,588,242)
Total Revenues	\$	48,240,562	\$	48,679,334	\$	46,873,020	\$	(1,806,314)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Education	\$	48,240,562	\$	49,056,704	\$	47,257,445	\$	1,799,259
Total Expenditures	\$	48,240,562	\$	49,056,704	\$	47,257,445	\$	1,799,259
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	(377,370)	\$	(384,425)	\$	(7,055)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	-	\$	377,370	\$	377,370	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(384,425)	\$	(384,425)
Fund Balance - Beginning		-		-		1,419,531		1,419,531
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,035,106	\$	1,035,106

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: General Fund:								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
General Property Taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	15,460,000	\$	15,474,000	\$	15,849,485	\$	375,485
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		790,000		790,000		931,426		141,426
Personal property taxes		4,720,000		4,779,730		4,969,610		189,880
Mobile home taxes		40,000		40,000		36,683		(3,317)
Machinery and tools taxes		3,500,000		3,500,000		3,372,366		(127,634)
Airplane taxes		25,000		25,000		10,005		(14,995)
Penalties		170,000		170,000		235,644		65,644
Interest		170,000		170,000		231,183		61,183
Collection fees Total General Property Taxes		70,000 24,945,000	Ś	70,000 25,018,730	Ś	77,283 25,713,685	\$	7,283 694,955
Total General Property Taxes	-	24,943,000	ş	23,016,730	Ş	25,715,005	Ş	094,900
Other Local Taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	3,300,000	\$	3,300,000	\$	3,190,573	\$	(109,427)
Consumers' utility taxes	·	653,000		653,000		648,190	·	(4,810)
Business licenses		610,000		704,500		709,493		4,993
E-911 telephone taxes		-		6,500		6,496		(4)
Consumption taxes		105,500		105,500		107,604		2,104
Motor vehicle licenses		550,000		550,000		556,581		6,581
Bank stock taxes		25,000		25,000		8,360		(16,640)
Taxes on recordation and wills		190,000		190,000		168,309		(21,691)
Hotel and motel room taxes		375,000		375,000		377,703		2,703
Restaurant food taxes		1,400,000	,	1,400,000	ć	1,474,568	,	74,568
Total Other Local Taxes	_ \$	7,208,500	\$	7,309,500	\$	7,247,877	\$	(61,623)
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	20,000	\$	20,900	\$	25,629	\$	4,729
Land use application fees		400		400		718		318
Transfer fees		1,000		1,000		1,106		106
Zoning and subdivision permits		7,800		7,800		7,850		50
Erosion and sediment control permits		1,500		1,500		200		(1,300)
Building permits		125,000		125,000		93,053		(31,947)
Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	\$	155,700	\$	156,600	\$	128,556	\$	(28,044)
Fines and Forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	97,000	\$	36,814	\$	26,199	\$	(10,615)
Interest on local fines	,	4,700	•	4,700		3,852	•	(848)
Total Fines and Forfeitures	\$	101,700	\$	41,514	\$	30,051	\$	(11,463)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	249,577	\$	(100,423)
Revenue from use of property Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property		35,100 385,100	Ś	64,000 414,000	Ś	57,137 306,714	Ś	(6,863)
rotal Revenue from ose of Money and Property	\$	363,100	ş	414,000	ş	306,714	Ş	(107,286)
Charges for Services:								
Charges for clerk copies	\$	8,300	\$	9,525	\$	10,625	\$	1,100
Charges for courthouse maintenance		20,000		20,000		19,020		(980)
Charges for courthouse security		80,000		80,000		84,159		4,159
Fees of Sheriff		3,500		4,430		4,846		416
Share of seized property		-		2,459		4,050		1,591
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		5,000		5,000		6,376		1,376
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees		5,000		5,000		6,692		1,692
Concealed handgun permits		10,000		10,000		13,880		3,880
Charges for parks and recreation		252,500		292,420		339,334		46,914
Sale of maps and publications		470		470		3		3
Town tax book preparation		470 8,000		470 8 000		470 8 016		- 1/
Charges for animal pound Charges for landfill		52,000		8,000 52,000		8,016 43,031		16 (8,969)
Charges for library		22,200		23,075		23,050		(25)
Total Charges for Services	\$	466,970	\$	512,379	\$	563,552	\$	51,173
. State Stranges (St. Services)		,,,,	~	3.2,3,7	~	333,332	~	31,173

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Revenue from Local Sources: (continued)								
Miscellaneous:								
Local contributions	\$	15,000	\$	15,451	\$	12,256	\$	(3,195)
Miscellaneous		73,952		104,650		101,436		(3,214)
Total Miscellaneous	\$	88,952	\$	120,101	\$	113,692	\$	(6,409)
Descripted Costs								
Recovered Costs:	\$	99 000	\$	99 000	ċ	102 217	ċ	4F 247
Administrative fees Airport recoveries	Ş	88,000 188,778	Þ	88,000 188,778	\$	103,317 173,001	\$	15,317 (15,777)
Juror costs		9,000		12,120		13,650		1,530
Circuit court secretary		12,250		12,120		12,250		1,550
CSA recoveries		12,230		12,230		133,693		133,693
Insurance recoveries				8,273		8,273		133,073
Parks and recreation		30,000		83,000		73,712		(9,288)
Public safety recoveries		464,916		470,266		252,013		(218,253)
Health department recoveries		7,500		7,500		232,013		(7,500)
Pulaski IDA reimbursements		650,000		650,000		_		(650,000)
Other recoveries		18,122		85,817		87,008		1,191
Total Recovered Costs	<u> </u>	1,468,566	\$	1,606,004	\$	856,917	\$	(749,087)
Total Recovered Costs		1,400,300		1,000,004	-	030,717	-	(747,007)
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$	34,820,488	\$	35,178,828	\$	34,961,044	\$	(217,784)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical Aid:								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	_	\$	(50,000)
Mobile home titling tax	7	20,000	7	46,800	7	69,411	7	22,611
Motor vehicle rental tax		3,500		5,022		5,015		(7)
Grantor's tax		125,000		125,000		44,802		(80,198)
State recordation tax				-		38,946		38,946
Telecommunication taxes		830,000		830,000		797,073		(32,927)
Personal property tax relief funds		1,594,000		1,594,530		1,594,529		(1)
Total Noncategorical Aid	\$	2,622,500	Ś	2,651,352	Ś	2,549,776	\$	(101,576)
· ·								· / /
Categorical Aid:								
Shared Expenses:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	649,343	\$	649,343	\$	642,189	\$	(7,154)
Sheriff		1,790,046		1,791,719		1,781,665		(10,054)
Commissioner of the Revenue		140,443		140,443		140,723		280
Treasurer		109,486		109,486		109,396		(90)
Registrar/Electoral Board		57,685		57,685		48,965		(8,720)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		347,660		361,560		360,458		(1,102)
Total Shared Expenses	_ \$	3,094,663	\$	3,110,236	\$	3,083,396	\$	(26,840)
Other Categorical Aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,815,834	\$	1,845,834	\$	1,941,871	\$	96,037
Comprehensive Services Act (CSA)	Ş	3,600,497	ş	3,600,497	ş	2,565,815	Ą	(1,034,682)
DMV animal friendly plates		20		797		777		(20)
Commission on the arts		5,000		5,000				(5,000)
Victim's assistance grant		122,813		126,497		31,624		(94,873)
Litter control grant		12,834		12,834		12,971		137
Library grant		128,943		129,095		129,095		137
Pretrial services grant		812,212		821,435		616,436		(204,999)
Fire programs		60,000		60,000		-		(60,000)
Virginia Juvenile Commission Crime Control		28,608		28,608		21,321		(7,287)
Domestic violence DCJS grant		40,000		45,000		45,000		(7,207)
Public safety answer grant		40,000		64,052		44,489		(19,563)
DEQ grant		500		500		92		(408)
VDEM Derecho Reimbursement		-		1,239		1,239		(100)
DCJS School Resource Officer		-		62,606		1,237		(62,606)
Other categorical aid		-		3,057		_		(3,057)
VA Tourism Corp Grants		_		3,037		5,000		5,000
CDBG		_		-		40,000		40,000
Total Other Categorical Aid	\$	6,667,261	\$	6,807,051	\$	5,455,730	\$	(1,351,321)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	12,384,424	\$	12,568,639	\$	11,088,902	\$	(1,479,737)
						,,		

For the Fis	scai year Ende	a June 30, 20	16					
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued) General Fund: (continued) Intergovernmental: (continued) Revenue from the Federal Government:								
Noncategorical Aid:								
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	32,336	\$	12,336
Categorical Aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	4,220,763	\$	4,462,763	\$	3,135,553	\$	(1,327,210)
CDBG grants		-		559,235		434,282		(124,953)
Emergency management preparedness grant		16,904		16,904 54,427		76,026 14,529		59,122
State and community highway safety Crime task force		-		4,000		522		(39,898) (3,478)
Drug court		_		345,617		58,223		(287,394)
Farmer's market promotion		-		57,000		32,968		(24,032)
USDA rural development central utilities grant		50,000		50,000		-		(50,000)
Victim witness		-		-		113,848		113,848
ARC Grant - Shae Dawn		-				349,860		349,860
Local law enforcement block grant		-		16,799		-		(16,799)
Other categorical aid		4,287,667	Ċ	19,987 5,586,732	-	4,215,811	ċ	(19,987)
Total Categorical Aid	\$_	4,207,007	\$	3,360,732	\$	4,213,011	\$	(1,370,921)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$	4,307,667	\$	5,606,732	\$	4,248,147	\$	(1,358,585)
Total General Fund	\$	51,512,579	\$	53,354,199	\$	50,298,093	\$	(3,056,106)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:								
Highway Maintenance Fund								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27	\$	27
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:								
School Construction Fund:								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	199	\$	199
5								
County CIP Fund: Revenue from Local Sources:								
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	_	\$	_	\$	15,942	\$	15,942
						•		•
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Other Categorical Aid:				=		- 0 .00		(200 000)
VDOT grants	\$		\$	401,701 40,000	\$	79,403 92	\$	(322,298)
Other categorical aid		-		40,000		92		(39,908)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	441,701	\$	79,495	\$	(362,206)
Revenue from the Federal Government:								
Categorical Aid:								
FEMA	\$	-	\$	604,455	\$	169	\$	(604,286)
CDBG	•	-	•	675,319	·	540,789	·	(134,530)
Rural Development Funds		-		200,000		-		(200,000)
Total Categorical Aid	\$	-	\$	1,479,774	\$	540,958	\$	(938,816)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$	_	\$	1 470 774	ċ	E40 0E9	\$	(020 014)
rotat Revenue from the rederat dovernment		-	ڔ	1,479,774	\$	540,958	٠,	(938,816)
Total County CIP Fund	\$	-	\$	1,921,475	\$	636,395	\$	(1,285,080)
Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	\$	-	\$	1,921,475	\$	636,594	\$	(1,284,881)
, , ,								
Total Primary Government	\$	51,512,579	\$	55,275,674	\$	50,934,714	\$	(4,340,960)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:					_			
Revenue from use of money	\$	14,800	\$	14,800	\$	10,097	\$	(4,703
Revenue from use of property		2,400	,	2,400	,	2,400		(4.703
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	17,200	\$	17,200	\$	12,497	\$	(4,703
Charges for Services:								
Charges for education	\$	144,500	\$	144,500	\$	200,246	\$	55.746
Cafeteria sales	•	1,031,122	•	1,031,122	*	670,613	7	(360,509
Tuition and payments from other divisions		442,750		442,750		453,463		10,71
Total Charges for Services	\$	1,618,372	\$	1,618,372	\$	1,324,322	\$	(294,050
-								
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	131,250	\$	218,446	\$	8,422	\$	(210,024
Recovered Costs:								
Medicaid reimbursements	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	9,770	\$	(50,230
Insurance recoveries	*	-	7	24,098	~	29,101	7	5,00
Joint services reimbursements		242,532		242,532		254,134		11,60
Salary reimbursements		87,500		87,500		141,052		53,55
School activity reimbursements		125,000		125,000		14,125		(110,87
Title I indirect costs		-				1,245		1,24
Governor's school reimbursements		18,000		18,000				(18,00
Other recoveries		243,500		258,583		364,267		105,68
Total Recovered Costs	\$	776,532	\$	815,713	\$	813,694	\$	(2,019
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$	2,543,354	\$	2,669,731	\$	2,158,935	\$	(510,796
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from Local Governments:		12.050.474	_	4 4 4 4 0 4 5 0		4 4 007 407		(442.45)
Contribution from County of Pulaski, Virginia-General Fund	\$	13,959,176	\$	14,140,650	\$	14,027,497	\$	(113,15
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical Aid:								
At risk four-year olds	\$	314,048	\$	314,048	\$	314,047	\$	(
At risk payments	7	483,338	7	476,894	7	475,551	7	(1,34
Basic school aid		13,055,026		12,463,185		12,811,359		348,17
						7,213		(36,86
				44.073				(30,00
Career technology education		44,073		44,073 87,346				
Career technology education Early reading intervention		44,073 87,346		87,346		87,346		3.84
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language		44,073 87,346 13,682		87,346 13,682		87,346 17,530		
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893		87,346 13,682 136,079		87,346 17,530 135,730		(34
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982		(34 ⁻ (13
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734		(34 (13 (26,91
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School Homebound education		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646 30,178		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646 30,178		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734 40,246		(34 (13 (26,91
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School Homebound education ISAEP		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646 30,178 15,717		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646 30,178 15,717		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734 40,246 15,717		(34 (13 (26,91 10,06
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School Homebound education ISAEP Mentor teaching program		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734 40,246 15,717 5,622		(34) (13) (26,91) 10,060
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School Homebound education ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646 30,178 15,717		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646 30,178 15,717		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734 40,246 15,717 5,622 1,682		(34) (13) (26,91) 10,06) 1,33((8,43)
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School Homebound education ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail National board certified teacher bonus		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734 40,246 15,717 5,622 1,682 2,500		(34' (13. (26,91: 10,06' 1,33' (8,43. 2,50'
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School Homebound education ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail National board certified teacher bonus Preschool social services		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292 10,115		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292 10,115		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734 40,246 15,717 5,622 1,682 2,500 7,249		(34' (13: (26,91: 10,06i 1,33((8,43: 2,50) 7,24'
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School Homebound education ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail National board certified teacher bonus Preschool social services Primary class size		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734 40,246 15,717 5,622 1,682 2,500 7,249 631,003		(34' (13' (26,91' 10,06' 1,33' (8,43' 2,50' 7,24' (4,46'
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School Homebound education ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail National board certified teacher bonus Preschool social services Primary class size Project graduation		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292 10,115		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292 10,115		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734 40,246 15,717 5,622 1,682 2,500 7,249 631,003 37,975		(34' (13: (26,91: 10,06) (1,33) (8,43: 2,50) (7,24' (4,46) 37,97!
Career technology education Early reading intervention English as a second language Gifted and talented GLI instructional Governor's School Homebound education ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail National board certified teacher bonus Preschool social services Primary class size		44,073 87,346 13,682 137,893 52,810 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292 10,115		87,346 13,682 136,079 52,115 388,646 30,178 15,717 4,292 10,115		87,346 17,530 135,730 51,982 361,734 40,246 15,717 5,622 1,682 2,500 7,249 631,003		3,846 (349 (133) (26,912) 10,066 1,330 (8,433) 2,500 7,249 (4,466) 37,975 (1,388) (9,980)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued)								
School Operating Fund: (continued)								
Intergovernmental: (continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)								
Categorical Aid: (continued)								
School food	\$	42,025	\$	42,025	\$	44,823	\$	2,798
Share of state sales tax		4,712,796		4,712,796		4,720,329		7,533
Social security		830,293		819,368		817,267		(2,101)
Special education		1,880,628		1,855,884		1,851,125		(4,759)
Special education - foster care		15,581		15,581		17,832		2,251
Standards of learning algebra readiness		60,604		60,604		53,724		(6,880)
Textbook payment		-		-		277,871		277,871
Vocational education-equipment		-		-		7,822		7,822
Vocational occupational preparedness		-		-		34,436		34,436
Vocational standards of quality payments		352,068		347,435		346,544		(891)
VPSA technology grant		284,000		284,000		26,000		(258,000)
PBIS grant		-		25,000		25,000		-
State cybercamp program		-		62,500		62,500		-
VTSF Virginia tobacco settlement		59,100		59,100		51,055		(8,045)
VA workplace readiness skills		-		-		1,221		1,221
Race to GED grant		-		44,351		44,259		(92)
Plugged in VA grant		-		50,000		48,133		(1,867)
Math and science teacher recruitment		-		-		41,000		41,000
Compensation supplement		229,961		229,961		226,407		(3,554)
Total Categorical Aid	\$	26,011,266	\$	25,523,263	\$	25,929,140	\$	405,877
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	26,011,266	\$	25,523,263	\$	25,929,140	\$	405,877
Revenue from the Federal Government:								
Categorical Aid:								
Forest reserve funds	\$	_	\$	_	\$	20,908	\$	20,908
Gear up access Virginia	7	_	7	97,600	7	58,436	7	(39,164)
Title I		1,428,650		1,428,650		911,070		(517,580)
Title VI-B, special education		1,548,195		1,520,648		1,009,033		(511,615)
Title VI-B, pre-school - ARRA		37,532		37,532		42,422		4,890
Vocational education		75,492		75,492		75,597		105
Title III, LEP		2,475		2,475				(2,475)
Title II, Part A-Teacher quality grant		327,318		327,318		239,627		(87,691)
Title IV, Part 21		149,987		698,858		532,091		(166,767)
School food		1,436,052		1,436,052		1,627,111		191,059
School food-Summer program		-, 100,002		-, .50,052		55,867		55,867
Project aware		679,604		679,604		177,250		(502,354)
Other		41,461		41,461		8,036		(33,425)
Total Categorical Aid	\$	5,726,766	\$	6,345,690	\$	4,757,448	\$	(1,588,242)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$	5,726,766	\$	6,345,690	\$	4,757,448	\$	(1,588,242)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$	48,240,562	\$	48,679,334	\$	46,873,020	\$	(1,806,314)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
General Government Administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of Supervisors	\$	120,926	\$	189,145	\$	182,614	\$	6,531
General and Financial Administration:								
County Administrator	\$	282,360	\$	326,359	\$	353,093	\$	(26,734)
Assistant County Administrator		117,552		123,325		123,465		(140)
County Attorney		33,600		33,600		25,769		7,831
Operations		· -		, ·		27		(27)
Independent Auditor		73,000		73,000		66,029		6,971
Commissioner of the Revenue		448,651		449,791		439,353		10,438
Treasurer		510,872		513,141		498,129		15,012
Management Services		166,952		166,952		178,107		(11,155)
Director of Finance		153,461		189,735		178,135		11,600
Other General and Financial Administration		162,723		175,223		169,501		5,722
Total General and Financial Administration	\$	1,949,171	\$	2,051,126	\$	2,031,608	\$	19,518
Board of Elections:								
Electoral Board	\$	74,430	Ċ	95,735	¢	98,499	ċ	(2,764)
Registrar	ş	102,390	ş	103,517	Ş	102,063	Ş	1,454
Total Board of Elections	\$	176,820	\$	199,252	\$	200,562	\$	(1,310)
Total board of Elections		170,020	-	177,232	7	200,302	7	(1,310)
Total General Government Administration	\$	2,246,917	\$	2,439,523	\$	2,414,784	\$	24,739
Judicial Administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit Court	\$	62,529	\$	69,273	\$	73,372	\$	(4,099)
General District Court		4,350		4,627		5,315		(688)
Magistrate		350		350		150		200
Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court		5,792		10,424		5,057		5,367
Clerk of the Circuit Court		640,004		653,904		630,712		23,192
Law Library		9,000		9,000		6,024		2,976
Victim's Witness Assistance		148,788		152,472		171,167		(18,695)
Domestic Relations Legal Services		40,000		400,617		101,025		299,592
Women's Resource Victims Assistance		22,889		22,889		22,889		-
Total Courts	\$	933,702	\$	1,323,556	\$	1,015,711	\$	307,845
Commonwealth's Attorney:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	_\$	920,072	\$	951,041	\$	920,366	\$	30,675
Total Judicial Administration	\$	1,853,774	\$	2,274,597	\$	1,936,077	\$	338,520
Public Safety								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Sheriff	\$	3,612,789	\$	3,801,730	\$	3,529,616	\$	272,114
Fire and Rescue Services:								
E-911	\$	1,149,135	\$	1,270,693	\$	1,223,913	\$	46,780
Wireless E-911		22,000		22,000		3,625		18,375
Forest Fire Protection		9,212		9,212		8,661		551
Fire Department		14,000		14,000		14,135		(135)
Volunteer Fire Departments		306,193		313,353		268,996		44,357
Western Virginia EMS		7,352		7,352		9,673		(2,321)
Contribution to REMSI		148,781		266,362		148,781		117,581
Total Fire and Rescue Services	\$	1,656,673	\$	1,902,972	\$	1,677,784	ς	225,188

Primary Government: Contribued) Grapha Primary Government: Contribued) Grapha Graph	FOI THE FISCAL TE	ai Ellueu J	une 30, 2016	1					
Primary Government: (continued) General Fund: (continued)			Original		Final				
Center C	Fund, Function, Activity and Element		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Pos (Neg)
Center C	Primary Government: (continued)								
Public Safety (continued)									
Regional Juli Payments									
Regional Jail Payments \$ 2,301,264 \$ 2,075,255 \$ 277,73 Cour SerVices 7,100 36,959 26,235 78,301 NPV Juvenile Detention Home 100,027 361,809 283,898 78,301 Community Corrections 5,21,813 3,30,072 3,285,255 77,411 Total Correction and Detention 3,25,1813 3,30,072 3,272,00 77,418 Inspections: 180,311 180,338 71,20 5 8,181 Community Corrections 71,883 71,883 73,00 11,449 Doll dileg Inspections: 252,179 3,220,417 3,245,23 7,00 Other Protection: 253,197,77 3,220,417 3,245,23 7,00 Other Protection: 3,319,777 3,220,417 3,243,23 1,149,23 Total Public Safety 5,237,44 9,735,42 3,873,14 9,00 9,02,23 Public Works: 3,317,864 3,22,27 3,182,27 3,12,27 1,16,20 1,16,20 Clean Community Councii 3,317,864									
Court Services		\$	2 301 294	\$	2 301 294	ς	2 027 557	ς	273 737
Pretrial Services Grant 315,762 361,890 283,599 73,01 NRV Juvenile Detention Home 106,207 106,207 453,067 453,062 77,411 Total Correction and Detention 321,891 3,309,021 2,877,893 431,168 Inspections 8 180,311 180,381 170,205 8,181 Code Enforcement 71,883 171,803 77,007 (1,144) Total Inspections 319,772 32,047 5245,233 7,007 Other Protection: 319,772 32,047 5245,233 7,007 Other Protection: 319,772 32,047 5245,233 7,007 Animal Control \$319,772 \$30,041 319,333 1,000 Emergency Management 143,503 148,003 137,337 10,686 Total Sublic Safety \$9,237,744 \$9,735,428 \$8,783,196 \$952,232 Public Works: \$10,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000		7		7		7		Ţ	,
NRV Juvenile Detention Home 106,207 106,207 105,207 105,207 77,411 Total Correction and Detention \$ 3,251,813 \$ 3,309,021 \$ 2,877,853 \$ 431,168 Inspections: \$ 180,311 \$ 180,387 \$ 172,206 \$ 8,181 Code Enforcement 77,888 71,883 73,027 (1,144) Total Inspections \$ 232,778 \$ 272,779 7,077 Other Protection: \$ 319,772 \$ 230,412 \$ 314,933 \$ 5,479 Alminal Control \$ 319,772 \$ 200,412 \$ 314,933 \$ 5,479 Miller Comming Control \$ 464,275 \$ 466,325 \$ 487,303 \$ 137,337 10,686 Emergency Management \$ 143,503 \$ 148,023 \$ 137,337 \$ 16,875 Total Dublic Safety \$ 9,237,744 \$ 9,735,428 \$ 8,783,109 \$ 9,232,22 Public Works: \$ 317,864 \$ 322,977 \$ 318,207 \$ 4,765 Caneral Engineering \$ 317,864 \$ 322,972 \$ 318,207 \$ 4,765 Landfull \$ 43,249 \$ 33									
Community Corrections 521,195 53,073 453,262 77,411 Inspections: Inspections \$ 180,311 \$ 180,337 \$ 172,206 \$ 8,181 Code Enforcement 77,883 71,883 73,027 \$ 11,140 Total Inspections \$ 180,311 \$ 180,337 \$ 73,027 \$ 1,141 Total Inspections \$ 252,194 \$ 252,270 \$ 245,333 \$ 7,037 Other Protection: Animal Control \$ 319,772 \$ 320,412 \$ 314,933 \$ 5,479 Medical Examiner 1,000 1,000 404 500 Medical Examiner 1,100 1,400 50,00 5,479 Total Other Protection \$ 461,275 \$ 493,315 \$ 313,337 \$ 16,80 Total Public Konter \$ 2,237,744 \$ 9,735,428 \$ 8,783,196 \$ 952,225 Total Chier Protection \$ 317,864 \$ 312,972 \$ 318,007 \$ 4,755 Total Public Konter \$ 317,864 \$ 322,707 \$ 318,007 \$ 4,755 Landfull \$ 31									70,301
Total Correction and Detention									77 411
Inspections: Building Inspections Building Inspections S				_		,		ć	
Bullding Inspections \$ 180,311 \$ 180,387 \$ 172,005 \$ 181 70,037 (1,144) Total Inspections \$ 252,194 \$ 252,194 \$ 252,270 \$ 245,233 \$ 7,037 Other Protection: \$ 319,777 \$ 320,412 \$ 314,933 \$ 5,479 Medical Examiner 143,503 148,023 137,337 10,686 Medical Examiner 143,503 148,023 137,337 10,686 Total Other Protection \$ 464,275 \$ 469,435 \$ 457,710 \$ 16,725 Total Public Safety \$ 317,864 \$ 332,972 \$ 318,207 \$ 45,725 Bulk Works: \$ 317,864 \$ 332,972 \$ 318,207 \$ 4,755 Sanitation and Waste Removal: \$ 317,864 \$ 33,340 \$ 21,739 \$ 12,261 Clean Community Council \$ 406,371 \$ 52,888 \$ 947,215 \$ 4,853 Landfill \$ 406,371 \$ 52,888 \$ 947,215 \$ 4,853 Clean Community Council \$ 406,371 \$ 52,888 \$ 97,216 \$ 9,814 Clean Community Council \$ 26,	Total Correction and Detention	<u> </u>	3,231,613	Ş	3,309,021	>	2,077,003	Ş	431,100
Bullding Inspections \$ 180,311 \$ 180,387 \$ 172,005 \$ 181 70,037 (1,144) Total Inspections \$ 252,194 \$ 252,194 \$ 252,270 \$ 245,233 \$ 7,037 Other Protection: \$ 319,777 \$ 320,412 \$ 314,933 \$ 5,479 Medical Examiner 143,503 148,023 137,337 10,686 Medical Examiner 143,503 148,023 137,337 10,686 Total Other Protection \$ 464,275 \$ 469,435 \$ 457,710 \$ 16,725 Total Public Safety \$ 317,864 \$ 332,972 \$ 318,207 \$ 45,725 Bulk Works: \$ 317,864 \$ 332,972 \$ 318,207 \$ 4,755 Sanitation and Waste Removal: \$ 317,864 \$ 33,340 \$ 21,739 \$ 12,261 Clean Community Council \$ 406,371 \$ 52,888 \$ 947,215 \$ 4,853 Landfill \$ 406,371 \$ 52,888 \$ 947,215 \$ 4,853 Clean Community Council \$ 406,371 \$ 52,888 \$ 97,216 \$ 9,814 Clean Community Council \$ 26,	Inspections:								
Code Enforcement 71,883 71,883 73,027 (1,144) Total Inspections \$ 252,194 \$ 252,276 \$ 245,233 \$ 7,037 Other Protection: \$ 319,772 \$ 314,973 \$ 314,933 \$ 5,479 Medical Examiner 1,000 1,000 440 \$ 50 Emergency Management 143,503 148,023 137,373 10,686 Total Public Safety \$ 9,237,744 \$ 9,735,428 \$ 8,783,196 \$ 952,232 Public Works: Santation and Waste Removal: Santation and Waste Removal: General Engineering \$ 317,864 \$ 322,972 \$ 318,207 \$ 4,655 Landfill 5 40,637 \$ 522,808 \$ 442,275 \$ 4,655 Clean Community Council \$ 34,840 3,434 3,434 3,434 3,434 3,440 3,442 \$ 4,653 3,247 \$ 4,653 \$ 2,676 \$ 4,653 \$ 2,72,208 \$ 977,266 \$ 9,814 \$ 6,533 \$ 2,72,208 \$ 977,266 \$ 9,814 \$ 6,533 \$ 2,67,	·	\$	180.311	Ś	180.387	Ś	172,206	Ś	8.181
Total Inspections	• •	•		•		*		•	
Other Protection: 319,772 320,412 314,933 5,479 Medical Examiner 1,000 1,000 440 560 Emergency Management 143,503 148,023 137,337 10,686 Total Other Protection 546,4275 \$469,435 \$452,710 \$16,725 Total Public Safety \$2,237,744 \$9,735,428 \$8,783,196 \$952,232 Public Works: Sanitation and Waste Removal: Sanitation and Waste Removal: \$317,864 \$322,972 \$318,207 \$4,765 Landfill 54,167 165,496 131,239 12,207 Clean Community Council 34,340 34,340 214,269 31,227 Clean Community Council 34,360 \$406,371 \$522,808 \$474,215 \$4,659 Maintenance of General Building and Grounds: \$99,323 \$987,080 \$977,266 \$9,814 Cleaning Services 207,200 207,200 188,709 188,709 NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement 188,778 188,788 188,778 188,788 188,778		5	•	ς		ς		ς	
Maintaclontrol S 319,772 S 210,412 S 114,933 S 5,479 Medical Examiner 143,503 148,023 317,337 10,686 Total Other Protection S 464,275 469,435 S 452,710 S 16,725 Total Public Safety S 9,337,74 S 9,735,428 S 8,783,196 S 952,232 Public Works: S	Total Inspections		232,174	7	232,270	7	2-13,233	7	7,037
Medical Examiner	Other Protection:								
Medical Examiner		Ś	319.772	Ś	320.412	Ś	314.933	S	5.479
Emergency Management		*	,	*	,	~		~	,
Total Other Protection									
Public Works:		<u> </u>		¢		Ċ		Ċ	
Public Works: Sanitation and Waste Removal: Sanitation Remova: Sanitatio	Total Other Protection		707,273	7	707,733	-	732,710	7	10,723
Sanitation and Waste Removal: General Engineering	Total Public Safety	\$	9,237,744	\$	9,735,428	\$	8,783,196	\$	952,232
Sanitation and Waste Removal: General Engineering	·								
General Engineering \$ 317, 864 \$ 322, 97 \$ 318, 207 \$ 4,765 Landfill 54,167 154,346 134,269 31,227 Clean Community Council 34,343 34,340 21,739 12,601 Total Sanitation and Waste Removal \$ 406,371 \$ 522,808 \$ 7474,215 \$ 48,593 Maintenance of General Building and Grounds: \$ 959,323 \$ 987,080 \$ 977,266 \$ 9,814 Cleaning Services 207,200 207,200 188,700 \$ 18,500 NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement 188,778 94,663 267,665 18,570 NRV Aiprort Maintenance Contribution 94,663 94,663 267,665 327,700 NRV Aiprort Maintenance General Buildings and Grounds \$ 1,999,964 \$ 1,529,036 \$ 1,452,217 \$ 76,819 Total Public Works \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 1,254,122 Health and Welfare: \$ 1,906,335 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 1,254,122 Welfare \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 3,2									
Landfill									
Clean Community Council 34,340 34,340 21,739 12,601 Total Sanitation and Waste Removal \$ 406,371 \$ 522,808 \$ 474,215 \$ 8,593 Maintenance of General Building and Grounds: \$ 959,323 \$ 987,080 \$ 977,266 \$ 9,814 Clearing Services 207,200 207,200 188,708 188,708 NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement 188,778 188,778 188,778 NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution 94,663 94,663 267,665 (173,002) Property cleanup 50,000 51,315 18,508 32,729 Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 125,412 Health and Welfare: \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 125,412 Mental health and mental Retardation: \$ 325,563 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 2,541 Welfare: \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 2,66,800 Welfare Administration \$ 1,625 76,693 43,572 33,121	General Engineering	\$	317,864	\$	322,972	\$	318,207	\$	
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds: General Properties \$ 959,323 \$ 987,080 \$ 977,266 \$ 9,814 Cleaning Services 207,200 207,200 188,700 185,000 NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement 188,778 188,778 188,778 NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution 94,663 94,663 267,665 (173,002) Property Cleanup 50,000 51,315 18,566 32,779 Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds 5 1,499,964 5 1,529,036 5 1,452,217 5 76,819 Total Public Works 5 1,906,335 5 2,051,844 5 1,926,432 5 125,412 Health and Welfare: Health: Supplement of Local Health Department 5 325,563 5 339,922 5 339,922 5 -	Landfill		54,167		165,496		134,269		31,227
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds: General Properties \$ 959,323 \$ 987,080 \$ 977,266 \$ 9,814 Cleaning Services 207,200 207,200 188,700 18,500 NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement 188,778 188,778 - 188,778 NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution 94,663 94,663 267,665 (173,002) Property cleanup 50,000 51,315 18,586 32,729 Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 125,412 Health and Welfare: Health: Supplement of Local Health Department \$ 325,563 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 1,25,412 Mental health and mental Retardation: Community Services Board \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ -0 Welfare: Public Assistance \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,563 \$ 2,668,800 Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121	Clean Community Council		34,340		34,340		21,739		12,601
General Properties \$ 959,323 \$ 987,080 \$ 977,266 \$ 9,814 Cleaning Services 207,200 207,200 188,700 188,700 NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement 188,778 188,778 188,778 NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution 94,663 94,663 267,665 (173,002) Property cleanup 50,000 51,315 18,386 32,729 Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 76,819 Total Public Works \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 125,412 Health and Welfare: Health and mental Retardation: Community Services Board \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489	Total Sanitation and Waste Removal	\$	406,371	\$	522,808	\$	474,215	\$	48,593
General Properties \$ 959,323 \$ 987,080 \$ 977,266 \$ 9,814 Cleaning Services 207,200 207,200 188,700 188,700 NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement 188,778 188,778 188,778 NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution 94,663 94,663 267,665 (173,002) Property cleanup 50,000 51,315 18,386 32,729 Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 76,819 Total Public Works \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 125,412 Health and Welfare: Health and mental Retardation: Community Services Board \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 90,489									
Cleaning Services 207,200 207,200 188,700 18,500 NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement 188,778 188,778 188,778 188,778 NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution 94,663 267,665 (173,002) Property cleanup 50,000 51,315 18,586 32,729 Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 125,412 Health and Public Works \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 125,412 Health and Welfare: Health: Supplement of Local Health Department \$ 325,563 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 5.04,122 Mental health and mental Retardation: Community Services Board \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 2,356,663 \$ 2,356,663 \$ 2,668,000 Welfare: Public Assistance \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,653 \$ 266,800 Welfare: Public Assistance \$ 2,356,639									
NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement 188,778 188,788 32,722 28,781 32,721 32,712 Health 180 \$ 2,95,335 \$ 3,95,432 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 <	General Properties	\$	959,323	\$		\$	977,266	\$	
NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution 94,663 94,663 267,665 (173,002) Property cleanup 50,000 51,315 18,586 32,729 Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds \$ 1,499,964 \$ 1,529,036 \$ 1,452,217 \$ 76,819 Total Public Works \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 125,412 Health and Welfare: Health: \$ 325,563 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ 5 Mental health and mental Retardation: \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 5 Welfare: Public Assistance \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,563 \$ 266,800 Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 6 6 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 <td< td=""><td>Cleaning Services</td><td></td><td>207,200</td><td></td><td>207,200</td><td></td><td>188,700</td><td></td><td>18,500</td></td<>	Cleaning Services		207,200		207,200		188,700		18,500
Property cleanup			188,778		188,778		-		188,778
Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds \$ 1,499,964 \$ 1,529,036 \$ 1,452,217 \$ 76,819	NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution		94,663		94,663		267,665		(173,002)
Total Public Works \$ 1,906,335 \$ 2,051,844 \$ 1,926,432 \$ 125,412	Property cleanup		50,000		51,315		18,586		32,729
Health and Welfare: Health: Supplement of Local Health Department \$ 325,563 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ - Mental health and mental Retardation: Community Services Board \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ - Welfare: Public Assistance \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,563 \$ 266,800 Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 - Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Se	Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds	\$	1,499,964	\$	1,529,036	\$	1,452,217	\$	76,819
Health and Welfare: Health: Supplement of Local Health Department \$ 325,563 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ - Mental health and mental Retardation: Community Services Board \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ - Welfare: Public Assistance \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,563 \$ 266,800 Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 - Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Se	Total Public Works	\$	1,906,335	\$	2,051,844	\$	1,926,432	\$	125,412
Health: Supplement of Local Health Department \$ 325,563 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$									•
Supplement of Local Health Department \$ 325,563 \$ 339,922 \$ 339,922 \$ - Mental health and mental Retardation: Community Services Board \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 0,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 0,49									
Welfare: Public Assistance \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ \$ Welfare Administration \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,563 \$ 266,800 \$ Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 \$ Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 \$ Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 \$ Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 16,546 Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) \$ Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 62,000 New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 54,285 NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 12,645 Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,907 88,907 88,907 88,907 Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000			205 5/2		222 222		222 222		
Welfare: \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 0,489 \$ \$ 0. Public Assistance \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,563 \$ 266,800 \$ 0. Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 \$ 0. Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 \$ 0. Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 \$ 0. Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 16,546 16,546 \$ 0. Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) \$ 0. Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 \$ 0. New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 54,285 54,285 \$ 0. NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 12,645 12,645 \$ 0. Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 88,097 \$ 8,097 \$ 0. Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 \$ 0.	Supplement of Local Health Department	\$	325,563	\$	339,922	\$	339,922	\$	-
Welfare: \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ 90,489 \$ \$ 0,489 \$ \$ 0. Public Assistance \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,563 \$ 266,800 \$ 0. Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 \$ 0. Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 \$ 0. Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 \$ 0. Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 16,546 16,546 \$ 0. Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) \$ 0. Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 \$ 0. New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 54,285 54,285 \$ 0. NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 12,645 12,645 \$ 0. Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 88,097 \$ 8,097 \$ 0. Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 \$ 0.	Mental health and mental Retardation:								
Welfare: Public Assistance \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,563 \$ 266,800 Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 16,546 - Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 -		S	90,489	Ś	90,489	Ś	90,489	Ś	-
Public Assistance \$ 2,351,363 \$ 2,623,363 \$ 2,356,563 \$ 266,800 Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 - Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 - <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>			,		,		,		
Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 - Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -	Welfare:								
Welfare Administration 61,625 76,693 43,572 33,121 Comprehensive Services Act-Administration 4,595,234 4,595,234 3,558,771 1,036,463 Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 - Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -	Public Assistance	\$	2,351,363	\$	2,623,363	\$	2,356,563	\$	266,800
Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 - Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -	Welfare Administration		61,625		76,693		43,572		33,121
Comprehensive Services Act 5,004,167 5,004,170 3,825,535 1,178,635 Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 - Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -	Comprehensive Services Act-Administration								
Area Agency on Aging 16,546 16,546 16,546 - Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -	•								
Office on Youth 112,174 125,417 145,432 (20,015) Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -			, ,						-,,
Feeding America 1,500 1,500 1,500 - Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -									(20.015)
Pulaski Area Transit 62,000 62,000 62,000 - New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -					,				(20,013)
New River Community Action 54,285 54,285 - NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -									-
NRV Disability Services 12,645 12,645 12,645 - Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -									-
Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime 69,868 74,768 75,639 (871) Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 2,000 -	•								-
Fairview District Home 88,097 88,097 88,097 - Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 -									-
Brain Injury Services of SWVa 2,000 2,000 -									(871)
									-
RSVP Program 13,530 16,327 -									-
	RSVP Program		13,530		16,327		16,327		-

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Health and Welfare: (continued)								
Welfare: (continued)								
Beans and Rice	\$	11,500	\$	11,500	\$	11,500	\$	-
NRV Cares		683		683		683		-
Free Clinic of Pulaski County		53,000		53,000		53,000		-
Literacy Volunteers of America		1,000		1,000		1,000		-
Commission on Children and Families		155,672		163,764		159,772		3,992
Contributions to Other Local Organizations		40,750		47,150		47,150		-
Total Welfare	_\$	12,707,639	\$	13,030,142	\$	10,532,017	\$	2,498,125
Total Health and Welfare	\$	13,123,691	\$	13,460,553	\$	10,962,428	\$	2,498,125
Education:								
Other Instructional Costs:								
Contribution to New River Community College	\$	15,596	\$	15,596	\$	15,596	\$	-
Contribution to Pulaski County School Board		13,959,176		14,140,650		13,539,692		600,958
Total Education	\$	13,974,772	\$	14,156,246	\$	13,555,288	\$	600,958
Parks, Recreational and Cultural: Parks and Recreation:								
Parks	\$	20,784	Ċ	22,071	¢	17,610	ċ	4,461
Recreation	Ş	380,998	Ą	399,113	٦	385,048	ڔ	14,065
Friends of Claytor Lake		37,335		105,322		125,911		(20,589
Randolph Park		196,999		200,237		238,320		(38,083
Claytor Lake Celebration		10,000		10,000		7,475		2,525
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	646,116	\$	736,743	\$	774,364	\$	(37,621)
Cultural Enrichment:								
Fine Arts Center	\$	15,000	ς	15,000	ς	15,000	ς	_
Historical Landmarks	*	6,000	~	6,000	7	6,000	~	-
Friends of the Pulaski Theater		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Round the Mountain		7,616		7,616		7,616		-
Commemorative Items		20		20		20		-
Total Cultural Enrichment	\$	33,636	\$	33,636	\$	33,636	\$	-
Library:								
Library Administration	\$	517,410	\$	518,766	\$	519,246	\$	(480)
Library State Aid		128,943		129,095		130,264		(1,169)
Total Library	_\$	646,353	\$	647,861	\$	649,510	\$	(1,649)
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$	1,326,105	\$	1,418,240	\$	1,457,510	\$	(39,270)
Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development:								
Community Development	\$	-	\$	11,950	\$	18,418	\$	(6,468
Economic Development		231,815		251,065		554,369		(303,304)
Chamber of Commerce		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Industrial Park Maintenance		635		635		123		512
Visitors' Center		95,894		172,257		123,333		48,924
Planning and Zoning		223,994		223,994		186,159		37,835
NRV Planning District Commission		29,530		29,530		29,530		-
Baskerville Housing Project		9 700		133,483		73,192		60,291
NR Highland		8,700		8,800		5,800 38,001		3,000 3,578
NRV Competitiveness Center I 81 Corridor Coalition		41,358 5,000		41,579 5,000		30,001		5,000
Contribution to Pulaski County IDA		365,297		695,270		678,503		16,767
Contribution to Pulaski County PSA		125,262		481,946		481,989		(43
Total Planning and Community Development	\$	1,137,485	\$	2,065,509	\$	2,199,417	\$	(133,908)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Environmental Management:	.	42.047	,	12.014	^	12.017	,	
Contribution to Soil and Water District	\$	13,016	\$	13,016	\$	13,016	\$	-
Cooperative Extension Program:								
Extension Office	\$	109,128	Ś	109,128	\$	104,987	\$	4,141
			<u> </u>					
Total Community Development	\$	1,259,629	\$	2,187,653	\$	2,317,420	\$	(129,767)
Non-Departmental:								
Other Non-Departmental	\$	460,474	Ś	60,815	Ś	8,138	\$	52,677
Revenue Refunds		62,000		750		3,065		(2,315)
Total Non-Departmental	\$	522,474	\$	61,565	\$	11,203	\$	50,362
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement	\$	3,278,169	Ś	3,278,169	Ś	7,095,430	Ś	(3,817,261)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	·	403,625	·	403,625		873,626	·	(470,001)
Total Debt Service	\$	3,681,794	\$	3,681,794	\$	7,969,056	\$	(4,287,262)
Total General Fund	\$	49,133,235	\$	51,467,443	\$	51,333,394	\$	134,049
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Tornado Relief Fund: Health and Welfare: Welfare:	•							
Tornado relief cleanup	\$	-	\$	16,645	\$	-	\$	16,645
Total Tornado Relief Fund	\$	-	\$	16,645	\$	-	\$	16,645
Highway Maintenance Fund: Public Works: Streets and Highways: Engineering & Architectual	\$	-	\$	222,084	\$	160,463	\$	61,621
Total Highway Maintenance Fund	\$	-	\$	222,084	\$	160,463	\$	61,621
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$	-	\$	238,729	\$	160,463	\$	78,266
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds: School Construction Fund: Community Development: Planning and Community Development:								
Contribution to the IDA	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,983	\$	(40,983)
Capital Projects: Dublin Elementary School Middle Schools Miscellaneous	\$	- - -	\$	3,400,000		2,372,117 14,021 499	\$	1,027,883 (14,021) (499)
Total Capital Projects	\$	-	\$	3,400,000	\$	2,386,637	\$	1,013,363
Total School Construction Fund	\$	-	\$	3,400,000	\$	2,427,620	\$	972,380

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Primary Government: (continued)								
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds: (continued)								
County CIP Fund:								
General Government Administration:								
General and Financial Administration:	¢	4E 000	ć	E0 000	ć	E4 430 1	ċ	(6, 620)
County Administrator	\$	45,000	þ	50,000	\$	56,630	>	(6,630)
Treasurer Information Technology		421,888		9,469 730,769		108,801		9,469 621,968
Communications		65,000		154,692		75,946		78,746
Commissioner of Revenue		05,000		428,300		73,740		428,300
Total General Government Administration	\$	531,888	\$	1,373,230	\$	241,377	\$	1,131,853
Public Safety								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Sheriff	\$	114,000	\$	236,513	\$	289,262	\$	(52,749)
Fire and Rescue Services:								
Volunteer Fire Departments	\$	204,000	\$	1,862,688	\$	368,717	\$	1,493,971
Inspections:								
Building Inspection	\$	-	\$	70,000	\$	31,271	\$	38,729
Other Protection:								
Animal Control	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	- !	\$	10,000
Total Public Safety	\$	318,000	\$	2,179,201	\$	689,250	\$	1,489,951
Public Works:								
Sanitation and Waste Removal:								
General Engineering	\$	-	\$	44,238	\$	42,093	\$	2,145
Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks:								
Maintenance	\$	-	\$	358,737	\$	21,740	\$	336,997
Maintanance of Canaral Building and Craunder								
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds: General Properties	\$	3,000	\$	822,566	ċ	248,408	ċ	574,158
General Properties	<u> </u>	3,000	Ş	622,300	Ç	240,400	Ş	574,136
Total Public Works	\$	3,000	\$	1,225,541	\$	312,241	\$	913,300
Health and Welfare:								
Welfare:	•			070 027	•	(20, 440, 4	_	220 500
Public Assistance	\$	-	\$	878,037	\$	639,449	\$	238,588
Education:								
Contribution to Pulaski County School Board:								
School Buses	\$	489,250	\$	489,250	\$	487,805	\$	1,445
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Parks	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	26,163	\$	(16,163)
Recreation		40,000		118,871		33,943		84,928
Loving field		55,000		67,482		1,116		66,366
NRV Fair		31,000		31,000		42,800		(11,800)
Historical landmarks		- 424 000	,	1,258	,	404.022	ċ	1,258
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	126,000	\$	228,611	\$	104,022	\$	124,589
Cultural Enrichment:	_		ć	44.450	ć	0.734	_	
Library	\$	•	\$	14,150	>	9,736	>	4,414
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$	126,000	\$	242,761	\$	113,758	\$	129,003

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
Nonmajor Capital Project Fund: (continued)								
County CIP Fund: (continued)								
Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development:	¢		ċ	24 442	¢		ċ	24 442
Planning and Zoning County building improvements	\$	- E4 000	\$	21,142 219,168	>	-	\$	21,142 219,168
Other community development		56,000		10,000		-		10,000
Contribution to REMSI		87,500		87,500		87,500		-
Total Community Development	\$	143,500	\$	337,810	\$	87,500	\$	250,310
, '						,		
Total County CIP Fund	\$	1,611,638	\$	6,725,830	\$	2,571,380	\$	4,154,450
Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	\$	1,611,638	\$	10,125,830	\$	4,999,000	\$	5,126,830
Total Primary Government	\$	50,744,873	\$	61,832,002	\$	56,492,857	\$	5,339,145
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Administration of schools:								
Administration, health and attendance	\$	2,105,043	\$	2,202,322	\$	2,145,686	\$	56,636
Instructional:								
Instruction	\$	33,926,606	\$	34,066,395	\$	31,974,430	\$	2,091,965
Other operating costs:								
Pupil transportation	\$	2,376,743	\$	2,299,373	\$	2,622,070	\$	(322,697)
Operation and maintenance of school plant		5,283,754		5,282,354		5,153,065		129,289
Food services		2,561,199		2,561,199		2,544,473		16,726
Technical resources		1,987,217		1,988,617		1,819,196		169,421
Facilities		-		656,444		998,525		(342,081)
Total other operating costs	\$	12,208,913	\$	12,787,987	\$	13,137,329	\$	(349,342)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$	48,240,562	\$	49,056,704	\$	47,257,445	\$	1,799,259



County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	46,074,916 49,288,243	45,687,525	44,545,906	49,993,168	43,622,241	42,618,125	42,266,192	37,239,130	33,593,494
Interest on Long- Term Debt	854,398 \$ 780,400	1,210,907	1,135,681	1,145,941	938,678	1,661,533	1,289,490	1,378,323	764,711
Community Development	2,444,344 \$ 5,180,699	3,023,726	1,872,699	7,503,176	4,730,543	5,006,587	3,808,164	1,642,552	963,542
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	3 1,474,176 \$ 1,581,597	1,424,232	1,676,018	1,457,169	1,461,399	1,345,770	1,411,956	1,405,132	1,411,041
Education	15,078,566 \$ 14,981,310	14,300,540	12,845,614	14,686,128	12,492,540	10,321,494	13,587,527	12,024,573	10,531,127
Health and Welfare	10,778,762 \$ 10,387,390	11,482,125	11,585,645	11,078,762	10,646,521	11,030,808	10,201,396	9,705,772	8,562,139
Public Works	2,248,209 \$ 3,355,036	1,601,211	2,457,115	1,701,286	1,631,480	1,480,384	1,426,527	208,747	682,855
Public Safety	9,084,993 \$ 8,960,435	8,526,040	8,279,912	8,092,547	7,767,882	7,995,638	6,411,555	7,349,363	7,335,947
Judicial Administration	1,839,512 \$ 1,763,999	1,444,538	1,663,626	1,594,599	1,598,836	1,548,396	1,483,884	1,292,617	1,238,375
General Government Administration	2,271,956 \$ 2,297,377	2,674,206	3,029,596	2,733,560	2,354,362	2,227,515	2,645,693	2,232,051	2,103,757
Fiscal Year	2015-16 \$ 2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Total	50,564,504	49,670,191	48,159,285	47,305,818	45,113,221	43,871,773	46,387,726	43,266,070	41,565,045	39,547,185
				s									
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	2,582,112	2,637,132	2,651,916	3,572,616	2,514,364	1,040,960	2,631,288	2,143,390	1,863,623	1,868,491
				\$									
			Miscellaneous	363,247	352,115	127,828	118,247	391,985	394,290	208,630	526,812	18,634	57,658
es				s									
General Revenues	Ilprestricted	Investment	Earnings	306,940	268,759	405,155	433,446	379,141	329,563	297,227	540,453	1,498,977	1,167,434
				Ş									
	Other	Local	Taxes	7,247,877	7,120,592	6,839,403	6,581,448	6,523,924	5,617,664	5,171,842	6,565,919	6,775,619	6,580,583
				Ş									
	General	Property	Taxes	25,966,779	25, 590, 142	24,368,213	23,279,472	21,993,777	21,623,192	21,173,271	20,175,233	19,521,565	18,839,172
				s									
	Canital	Grants and	Contributions	1,364,931	106,529	268,452	366,974	72,633	1,766,976	3,682,304			81,476
				Ş									
Program Revenues	Onerating	Grants and	Contributions	12,010,459	12,748,161	12,782,630	12,238,191	12,511,682	11,842,138	12,010,339	12,077,362	11,410,564	10,311,656
Pro				\$									
	Charges	for	Services	722,159	846,761	715,688	715,424	725,715	1,256,990	1,212,825	1,236,901	476,063	640,715
				ب									
		Fiscal	Year	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 87,336,168	85,003,816	85,190,338	81,540,515	84,054,023	78,029,226	89,146,884	78,552,409	73,698,115	70,112,516
Debt Service (3)	\$ 7,969,056	3,013,268	3,235,756	3,392,643	3,366,806	3,185,949	11,032,436	3,293,977	2,634,931	2,003,993
Non- Departmental	\$ 11,203	149,816	62,946	48,676				11,203		
Community Development	\$ 2,445,903	5,233,090	3,350,445	1,987,979	7,635,743	4,840,124	5,571,584	2,445,903	1,596,685	1,025,802
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 1,571,268	1,550,851	1,825,172	1,779,669	1,604,803	1,547,452	1,397,056	1,571,268	1,399,957	1,336,274
Education (2)	\$ 47,273,041	46,858,303	46,534,079	46,184,157	46,334,107	44,568,538	47,643,617	48,062,018	46,646,147	45,176,749
Health and Welfare	\$ 11,601,877	10,417,669	11,523,164	11,833,951	11,360,061	10,859,550	11,192,888	10,394,049	9,669,237	8,532,401
Public Works	\$ 2,399,136	3,541,420	3,190,606	2,945,057	1,812,147	1,542,354	1,408,091	1,468,888	1,268,510	1,142,631
Public Safety	\$ 9,472,446	9,701,372	10,944,572	8,687,200	8,029,761	7,775,675	7,370,735	7,241,921	7,030,814	7,521,231
Judicial Administration	\$ 1,936,077	1,855,350	1,763,092	1,658,842	1,620,149	1,581,628	1,547,625	1,479,967	1,330,527	1,270,573
General Government Administration	\$ 2,656,161	2,682,677	2,760,506	3,022,341	2,290,446	2,127,956	1,982,852	2,583,215	2,121,307	2,102,862
Fiscal Year	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
(3) Debt service increased in fiscal year 2009-10 due to repayment of the IDA lease revenue note in the amount of \$7,735,000.

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 67,822,536 83,511,101 82,289,717 82,953,591 80,114,614 78,044,227 83,647,907 80,803,971 77,172,571 74,841,403
Inter- overnmental (2)	30,686,588 46,388,682 46,426,984 47,237,838 47,272,325 45,719,285 52,933,326 46,144,874 45,088,763
oß	v
Recovered Costs	\$ 1,670,611 1,694,079 2,064,141 3,557,119 1,853,759 1,947,692 1,558,694 1,219,985 1,523,869
liscellaneous	138,056 361,530 188,158 130,309 430,075 529,614 222,348 536,379 26,151 337,750
2	5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Charges for Services	\$ 1,887,874 2,198,388 1,477,261 1,618,580 1,706,348 1,594,988 1,528,819 1,551,254 1,567,349 1,571,533
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	319,238 287,464 420,047 445,996 398,689 340,570 311,542 562,575 1,540,511 804,624
Reve th Mo	w
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 30,051 120,427 97,337 72,758 35,874 37,738 31,439 24,895 34,685 46,158
Permits, rivilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	128,556 147,521 137,443 135,413 129,393 692,279 664,789 708,997 704,918
Priv Re	v,
Other Local Taxes	\$ 7,247,877 7,120,592 6,839,403 6,581,448 6,523,924 5,617,664 5,171,842 6,565,919 6,775,619
General Property Taxes	\$ 25,713,685 25,192,418 24,638,943 23,174,130 21,788,104 21,658,330 20,836,110 20,112,490 19,158,479 18,762,559
Fiscal Year	2015-16 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

rcent of	Delinquent	axes to	Tax Levy	11.73%	12.82%	11.71%	9.72%	10.88%	12.76%	10.76%	11.95%	12.19%	11.45%
Pe	Outstanding De		Taxes (1) T	\$ 3,232,106	3,428,552	2,978,078	2,434,494	2,612,718	2,970,797	2,468,936	2,571,593	2,400,211	2,356,776
Percent of	Total Tax	Collections	to Tax Levy	97.45%	98.53%	101.03%	97.23%	97.14%	97.10%	96.43%	88.86	96.02%	97.40%
	Total	Тах	Collections	\$ 26,847,622	26,348,279	25,686,316	24,351,615	23,322,705	22,611,815	22,119,536	21,280,960	18,899,756	20,055,980
	Delinquent	Tax	Collections (1)	\$ 1,173,681	1,404,834	1,332,766	160,657	761,290	540,891	82,243	120,144	80,471	629,228
	Percent	of Levy	Collected	93.19%	93.27%	95.79%	96.59%	93.97%	94.78%	%20.96	98.33%	95.61%	94.34%
	Current	Тах	Collections (1)	\$ 25,673,941	24,943,445	24,353,550	24,190,958	22,561,415	22,070,924	22,037,293	21,160,816	18,819,285	19,426,752
	Total	Тах	Levy (1)	\$ 27,548,852	26,742,150	25,423,667	25,044,163	24,009,139	23,286,597	22,938,080	21,519,644	19,683,092	20,591,949
		Fiscal	Year	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

(1) Includes penalty and interest.

Assessed Value (1) of Taxable Property County of Pulaski, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 3,205,360,722	3,249,254,941	3,401,343,071	3,486,548,688	3,338,064,909	3,203,389,711	3,225,183,793	2,817,068,574	2,548,425,287	2,474,426,378
Public Service (2)	\$ 144,390,827	141,855,487	132,601,989	134,148,506	132,152,095	132,610,234	129,791,012	91,287,377	95,857,158	104,176,431
Merchants' Capital (3)	· \$	•			•	•			5,330,647	5,089,159
Machinery and Tools	\$ 228,505,168	208,708,502	187,946,761	187,946,761	173,603,157	186,011,482	182,554,833	127,627,258	174,231,700	177,909,011
Personal Property and Mobile Home	\$ 308,155,852	299,330,652	309,328,321	309,328,321	283,251,757	277,054,341	285,048,023	311,944,879	288,718,297	273,746,922
Real Estate	\$ 2,524,308,875	2,599,360,300	2,771,466,000	2,855,125,100	2,749,057,900	2,607,713,654	2,627,789,925	2,286,209,060	1,984,287,485	1,913,504,855
Fiscal Year	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

Assessments at 100% of fair market value.
 Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.
 The County stopped collecting merchants' capital taxes in fiscal year 2008-09.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Mobile Homes	0.64	0.64	0.59	0.59	0.54	0.54	0.50	0.50	0.62	0.62
	\$									
Merchants' Capital (6)	ı		•	•	•	•		•	4.80	4.80
20	\$									
Machinery and Tools	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
	\$									
Personal Property	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.00	2.00
	\$									
Real Estate	0.64	0.59/0.64	0.59	0.54/0.59	0.54	0.54	0.50/0.54	0.62/0.50	0.62	0.62
	\$									
Fiscal Year	2015-16	2014-15 (5)	2013-14	2012-13 (4)	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10 (3)	2008-09 (2)	2007-08	2006-07

Real estate rates decreased from \$0.62 to \$0.50 beginning with the first half 2009.

Real estate rates increased from \$0.50 to \$0.54 beginning with the first half 2010. Real estate rates increased from \$0.54 to \$.59 beginning with the first half 2013 Real estate rates increased from \$0.59 to \$.64 beginning with the first half 2015 (1) Per \$100 of assessed value.
 (2) Real estate rates decreased fr
 (3) Real estate rates increased fr
 (4) Real estate rates increased fr
 (5) Real estate rates of increased fr
 (6) The County stopped collecting

The County stopped collecting merchants' capital taxes in fiscal year 2008-09.

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita County of Pulaski, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	576	629	738	69/	829	889	940	1,005	1,053	898
B Bo	\$									
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	0.63%	0.73%	0.76%	0.77%	0.87%	0.97%	1.02%	1.25%	1.45%	1.23%
Net Bonded Debt	\$ 20,094,769	23,671,302	25,721,676	26,807,252	28,919,439	30,994,428	33,006,407	35,315,701	36,984,070	30,478,933
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	\$ 20,094,769	23,671,302	25,721,676	26,807,252	28,919,439	30,994,428	33,006,407	35,315,701	36,984,070	30,478,933
Assessed Value (in Thousands) (2)	\$ 3,205,361	3,249,255	3,401,343	3,486,549	3,338,065	3,203,390	3,225,184	2,817,069	2,548,425	2,474,426
Population (1)	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	35,127	35,127	35,127	35,127
Fiscal Year	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

(1) Bureau of the Census.(2) Assessments at 100% of fair market value.

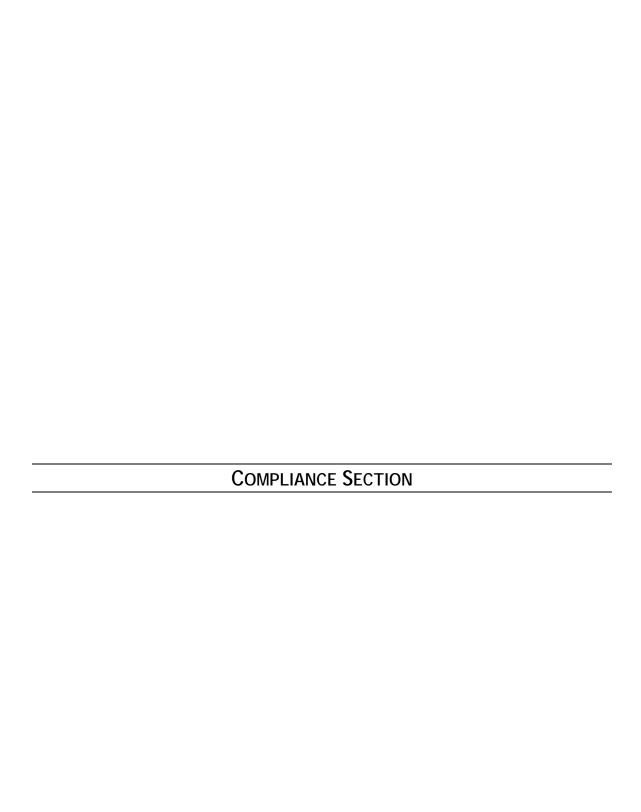
(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill post-closure monitoring, capital lease and compensated absences.

Table 9

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental County of Pulaski, Virginia Expenditures (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	9.12% 3.71% 3.71% 4.16%	4.01% 4.08% 12.38% 4.19% 3.58% 3.30%
Total General Governmental Expenditures	\$ 87,336,168 85,003,816 85,190,338 81,540,515	84,054,023 78,029,226 89,146,884 78,552,409 73,698,115 70,112,516 69,616,418
Total Debt Service	\$ 7,969,056 3,157,011 3,157,011 3,392,643	3,366,806 3,185,949 11,032,436 3,294,568 2,634,931 2,003,993 2,295,970
Interest	\$ 873,626 904,063 1,114,718 1,222,812	1,291,818 1,091,238 1,590,316 1,536,795 1,365,481 805,564 722,096
Principal	\$ 7,095,430 2,109,205 2,042,293 2,169,831	2,074,988 2,094,711 9,442,120 1,757,773 1,269,450 1,198,429 1,573,874
Fiscal	2015-16 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13	2011-12 2010-11 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07 2005-06

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 12, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. (2016-001)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Pulaski, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Pulaski, Virginia's Response to Findings

Robinson, Farmer, lox associates

County of Pulaski, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Pulaski, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia January 12, 2017

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Pulaski, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Pulaski, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia January 12, 2017

Robinson, Farmer, lox associates

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number			Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Suprecipients
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass through Payments:						
Department of Social Services:						
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:						
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	770116		\$ (225)		
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care						
and Development Fund	93.596	760115/760116		79,563		
Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster					5 79,338	
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	950114/950115			27,137	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	400115/400116			452,058	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	500115/500116			492	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568 93.645	600415/600416			53,049 2,371	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	900115/900116			528,039	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1100115/1100116 1120115/1120116			606,192	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000115/1000116			313,177	
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150115/9150116			5,768	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	540115/540116			19,426	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200115/1200116			587,261	
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160114/9160115			3,018	
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services-Projects of Regional	75.577	710011177100115			3,0.0	
and National Significance	93.243	50324			185,286	
				=		•
Total Department of Health and Human Services				<u>-</u>	2,862,612	
Department of Agriculture:						
Direct Payments: Farmers' Market and Local Food Promotion Program	10.168	Not applicable		:	\$ 32,968	
Pass through Payments:						
Department of Agriculture:						
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	40593			1,185	
Child Nutrition Cluster:	10.377	40373			1,103	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not available		\$ 55,867		
National School Lunch Program (Note 3)	10.555	40623	\$ 174,453	\$ 55,007		
Department of Education:			, , , , , ,			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	1,100,731	1,275,184		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40253/40591		325,457		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			•		1,656,508	
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	40599/40251/40252			25,285	
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	Not available			20,908	
Department of Social Services:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental		10115/10116				
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	40115/10116		:	\$ 458,227	
Total Department of Agriculture				<u>:</u>	\$ 2,195,081	•
Department of Justice:						
Pass through Payments:						
Department of Criminal Justice Services:						
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	14VAGX0051/15VAGX0043			\$ 113,848	
Crime Task Force	16.XXX	Not available			522	
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	16.585	Not available		-	58,223	
Total Department of Justice				<u>.</u>	172,593	
Department of Transportation:						
Pass-through payments:						
Department of Motor Vehicles:	_					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	Not available		:	349,860	\$ 349,860
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	86851		_	14,529	
Total Department of Transportation					24 200	
Total Department of Transportation				_	\$ 364,389	

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Suprecipients
Department of Education: Pass through Payments:					
Department of Education: Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies Special Education Cluster:	84.010	86600	\$	911,070	
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	430710	\$ 1,009,033		
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	625210	42,422		
Total Special Education Cluster				1,051,455	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	86665		75,597	
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	86784/86787/86788		532,091	
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	Not available		58,436	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	86730/86732	_	239,627	
Total Department of Education			<u>s</u>	2,868,276	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	Not available	<u>s</u>	975,071	\$ 356,683
Department of Labor: Pass through Payments: Virginia Community College System: WIA/WIOA Cluster: WIA/WIOA Adult Program WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants WIA/WIOA Youth Activities Total WIA/WIOA Cluster Total Department of Labor	17.258 17.278 17.259	86630 86632 Not available	\$ 750,390 643,859 931,199 \$	2,325,448	\$ 2,325,448
Department of Homeland Security: Pass through Payments: Department of Emergency Management: Emergency Management Performance Grants Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.042 97.044	Not available Not available	\$ -	76,026 169	
Total Department of Homeland Security			<u>\$</u>	76,195	
Total Federal Expenditures			<u>\$</u>	11,839,665	\$ 3,031,991

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Pulaski, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Pulaski, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Pulaski, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 -- Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2016, the County had no food commodities in inventory.

Note 4 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows

 $Intergovernmental\ federal\ revenues\ per\ the\ basic\ financial\ statements:$

Other Governmental Funds Less: Payments from Commonwealth Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Regional Commission Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes Total Primary Government Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 7 7 7 7	Primary Government:	
Less: Payments from Commonwealth Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Regional Commission Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes Total Primary Government Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund (11,1 2,3 (5,7,0 5,7,0 5,7,0 5,7,0 5,7,0 5,7,0 5,7,0 5,7,0 5,7,0 5,7,0 5,7,0	General Fund	\$ 15,337,049
Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Regional Commission Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes Total Primary Government Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund 2,3 () 7,0 4,7	Other Governmental Funds	620,453
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes Total Primary Government Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund (\$ 7,0	Less: Payments from Commonwealth	(11,168,397)
Total Primary Government \$ 7,0 Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund \$ 4,7	Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Regional Commission	2,325,448
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund \$ 4,7	Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes	(32,336)
School Operating Fund \$ 4,7	Total Primary Government	\$ 7,082,217
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Component Unit School Board:	
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards \$ 11.8	School Operating Fund	\$ 4,757,448
<u> </u>	Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 11,839,665

County of Pulaski, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR section, 200.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2016-001

Criteria: Per auditing standards, an auditee should have sufficient expertise in the selection and

application of accounting principles used in the preparation of the annual financial report.

Condition: The County's trial balance and government-wide supporting schedules required significant

adjustments that were proposed by the auditors.

Cause of Condition: The County failed to identify all year end accounting adjustments necessary for the financial

statements to be prepared in accordance with current reporting standards. The County does not have proper controls in place to detect and record adjustments in clsoing their year end fianncial

information.

Effect of Condition: There is more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements

will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.

Recommendation: Management should continue to implement and follow review procedures in order to make

adjustments in an accurate and timely manner.

Management's Response: Management is dedicated to complying with the concepts set forth by auditing standards and will

make efforts in the future to eliminate material errors from its adjusted trial balance and government-wide supporting schedules. Additionally, a consultant has been hired to assist with this process and, as the consultant becomes more familiar with the County, management expects

that significant audit adjustments will not be necessary.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.