COLONIAL BEHAVIORAL HEALTH Williamsburg, Virginia FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Table of Contents

_	Page
Board of Directors and Principal Management Team	i
Organization Chart	ii
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-6
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	8
Statement of Cash Flows	9
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	10
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	11
Notes to Financial Statements	12-49
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios	50-51
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plan	52
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plan	53
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Medical and Dental Plan	54
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Medical and Dental Plan	55
Schedule of Investment Returns - Medical and Dental Plan	56
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Medical and Dental Plan	57
Schedule of Changes in CBH's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios -	
Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	58
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	59
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	60
Schedule of CBH's Share of Net OPEB Liability - Group Life Insurance Plan	61
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Group Life Insurance Plan	62
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Group Life Insurance Plan	63
Other Supplementary Information:	
Combining Financial Statements:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	64
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	65
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	66
Compliance:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and	
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	67-68
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	69-71
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	72
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	73
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	74

BOARD OF DIRECTORS At June 30, 2022

Dr. Alfred Brassel, Jr., Chairperson Rebecca Vinroot, Vice-Chairman Ryan Ashe, Treasurer Sheri Newcomb, Secretary

Hazel Braxton June Hagee Crystal Howser
Reynaldo Carpio John Collins Wendy Evans
Donyale Wells Kristen Nelson Sherry Wharton
Roy C. Witham Steven Miller

PRINCIPAL MANAGEMENT TEAM

David Coe Executive Director

Keith German Director of Administrative Services

Dan Longo Director of Behavioral Services

Marsha Obremski Director of Child & Adolescent Services

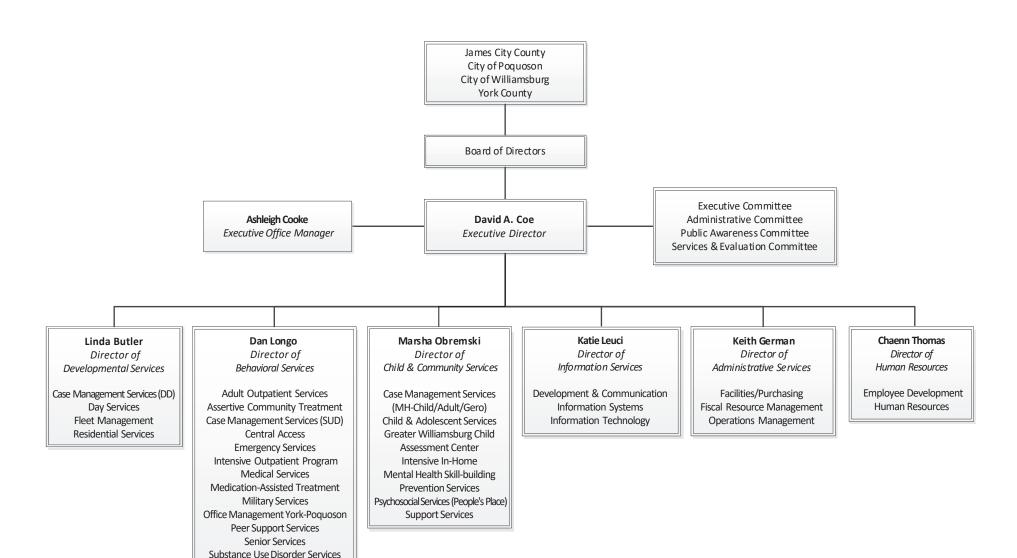
Linda Butler Director of Developmental Services

Chaenn Thomas Director of Human Resources

Katie Leuci Director of Information Systems

Organizational Chart







ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Colonial Behavioral Health Williamsburg, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colonial Behavioral Health as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Colonial Behavioral Health's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colonial Behavioral Health, as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Colonial Behavioral Health, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2022, Colonial Behavioral Health adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 87, *Leases*, and 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Colonial Behavioral Health's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Colonial Behavioral Health's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about Colonial Behavioral Health's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Colonial Behavioral Health's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Colonial Behavioral Health's 2021 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated November 2, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2022, on our consideration of Colonial Behavioral Health's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Colonial Behavioral Health's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Colonial Behavioral Health's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson Faven Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia November 22, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to be objective and easily readable information that will supplement the basic financial statements. It represents an opportunity for Colonial Behavioral Health (CBH) management to present an examination of the entity's short- and long-term financial condition. This analysis will emphasize current year transactions and results, in comparison with the prior year, and is based on facts, decisions, and conditions that were known as of the date of the auditors' report.

FISCAL YEAR 2022 HIGHLIGHTS

- In FY22 we experienced either the actual retirements or retirement announcements of five senior and long tenured staff. Those staff represented 192 years of combined experience at CBH.
- Along with the many of organizations CBH experienced significant staffing shortages during this year.
 These shortages forced CBH to temporarily close one of its DD Residential Homes.
- The net pension liability/asset had a huge swing this year mostly due to the net investment income within the plan

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CBH's annual financial report consists of three basic financial statements: a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. For ease of presentation, all statements are in a condensed format.

CBH maintains a non-profit corporation, Colonial Community Services, Inc. (CCSI), as a component unit for the purpose of acquiring and holding real property for use by the CBH. All condensed statements are combined, including the values and amounts for CBH and CCSI.

Financial Position. The Statement of Net Position represents, as of the last day of the fiscal year, the assets (cash and other property) owned and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities (debt and other obligations) owed and deferred inflows of resources by CBH. The difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources defines the net position (equity), which is generally perceived as a measure of financial solvency.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

A summary of CBH's Combined Statement of Net Position for 2022 and 2021 is presented below:

Condensed Combined Statement of Net Position

		2022	_	2021
Assets				
Current assets	\$	7,246,759	\$	6,466,818
Other assets		4,956,435		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		4,971,557	_	5,210,773
Total assets	\$	17,174,751	\$_	11,677,591
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,203,278	\$	1,771,223
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$	3,093,653	\$	3,137,142
Long-term liabilities		3,321,451	. <u> </u>	4,266,879
Total liabilities	\$	6,415,104	\$_	7,404,021
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$_	7,480,609	\$_	3,718,095
Net Position	\$	4,482,316	\$	2,326,698

CBH continues to present a strong balance sheet, with a Current Ratio of 2.34:1. The increase in current assets of \$779,941, along with the decrease in current liabilities of \$43,489 led to the current ratio increase from the FY 2021 Current Ratio of 2.06:1.

Changes in net position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is a presentation of the amount of income generated (revenues) and resources consumed (expenses) during the fiscal year. The net difference between revenues and expenses represents the amount by which Net Position increased or decreased for the year.

A summary of CBH's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for 2022 and 2021 is presented below:

Condensed Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	_	2022	_	2021
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$	4,939,767 15,878,068	\$	4,872,282 16,738,655
Operating income (loss)	\$	(10,938,301)	\$	(11,866,373)
Net nonoperating income	_	13,093,919		12,370,544
Change in net position	\$	2,155,618	\$	504,171

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Operating revenues increased by \$67,485 or 1.39% from 2021 to 2022, and operating expenses decreased by \$860,587 or 5.14%. Nonoperating income increased by 5.85%. The resulting Change in Net Position was \$2,155,618.

Cash Flows. The statement of Cash Flows indicates the net increase or decrease of cash resources for CBH during the year and the activities that produced the increase or decrease. The statement concludes with a reconciliation tying the beginning cash balance and results for the year to the ending balance.

A summary of CBH's Statement of Cash Flows for 2022 and 2021 is presented below:

Condensed Combined Statement of Cash Flows

	 2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ (12,069,497) \$	(11,102,817)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Cash flows from capital and related	13,127,846	12,413,230
financing activities	(320,713)	(228,834)
Cash flows from investing activities	9,248	5,148
Net cash increase (decrease)	\$ 746,884 \$	1,086,727

CBH's Combined Statement of Cash Flows increased by \$746,884 in 2022. The primary factor for the increased cash position is attributable to the increase in governmental grants and contributions.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets as shown on the Condensed Combined Statement of Net Position total \$4,971,557. Over 95% of this value (\$4,742,106) consists of the value of building and property held by CCSI for use by CBH. The remainder consists of vehicles and office equipment used by CBH. Decreases from FY 2021 amounts represent depreciation expense of \$390,720.

There was no new long-term debt issued during FY2022. Long-term balances decreased by \$188,000 for the year ended June 30, 2022. For more information see note 10 for the financial statements.

For more information on capital assets and debt administration, see Notes to Financial Statements numbers 4 and 10.



Statement of Net Position At June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for 2021)

	_	2022	_	2021
ASSETS			_	
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, less allowance for uncollectibles Prepaid items	\$	6,534,337 687,048 25,374	\$	5,787,453 655,065 24,300
Total current assets	\$	7,246,759	\$	6,466,818
Capital Assets: Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation	\$_	4,971,557	\$_	5,210,773
Other Assets:				
Net pension asset	\$_	4,956,435	\$ -	-
Total assets	\$_	17,174,751	\$_	11,677,591
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related items OPEB related items	\$ 	985,769 217,509	\$ -	1,535,200 236,023
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$_	1,203,278	\$_	1,771,223
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated absences, current portion Lease liability Revenue bond, current portion Unearned revenue	\$	1,280,510 423,750 61,966 193,000 1,134,427	\$	2,047,936 588,499 - 188,000 312,707
Total current liabilities	\$_	3,093,653	\$	3,137,142
Long-Term Liabilities: Compensated absences, less current portion Net OPEB liabilities Net pension liability Revenue bond, less current portion	\$	823,433 1,437,018 - 1,061,000	\$	869,649 1,829,189 314,041 1,254,000
Total long-term liabilities	\$	3,321,451	\$	4,266,879
Total liabilities	\$	6,415,104	\$	7,404,021
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_			
Pension related items OPEB related items		4,265,266 3,215,343	\$ -	83,048 3,635,047
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	7,480,609	\$_	3,718,095
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for unspent grant proceeds Unrestricted (deficit)	\$	3,655,591 - 826,725	\$	3,768,773 312,707 (1,754,782)
om escricted (deriete)				

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for 2021)

2022 2021 Operating revenues: \$ Net patient service revenue 4,939,767 4,872,282 Operating expenses: \$ \$ Salaries and benefits 12,032,671 13,201,273 Staff development 92,746 39,196 **Facility** 559,671 720,022 **Supplies** 637,278 686,181 Travel 161,136 40,784 Contractual and consulting 1,887,751 1,576,671 Depreciation 390,720 343,232 Other 116,095 131,296 Total operating expenses 15,878,068 \$ 16,738,655 \$ Operating income (loss) (10,938,301)(11,866,373)Nonoperating income (expenses): Appropriations: \$ Commonwealth of Virginia 7,190,244 \$ 7,041,570 Federal government 1,292,761 1,191,068 Local governments 3,289,000 3,081,000 1,355,841 1,099,592 Other Interest income 9,248 5,148 Interest expense (43,175)(47,834)Net nonoperating income (expenses) 13,093,919 \$ 12,370,544 \$ \$ Change in net position 2,155,618 504,171 Net position, beginning of year 2,326,698 1,822,527 Net position, end of year 4,482,316 \$ 2,326,698

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for 2021)

		2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to and for employees	\$	5,729,504 \$ (4,223,177) (13,575,824)	4,450,747 (2,213,636) (13,339,928)
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(12,069,497) \$	(11,102,817)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Government grants Other	\$	11,772,005 \$ 1,355,841	11,313,638 1,099,592
Net cash flows provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$_	13,127,846 \$	12,413,230
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Interest payments on loans	\$	(43,175) \$	(47,834)
Principal payments on loans Payments on lease liability Net cash flows provided by (used for) capital and related	_	(188,000) (89,538)	(181,000)
financing activities	\$_	(320,713) \$	(228,834)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income	\$_	9,248 \$	5,148
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	746,884 \$	1,086,727
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	5,787,453	4,700,726
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	6,534,337 \$	5,787,453
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$	(10,938,301) \$	(11,866,373)
Depreciation Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:		390,720	343,232
Accounts receivable Prepaid items Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources		(31,983) (1,074) (4,956,435) 567,945	(78,184) (21,635) 1,047,016 (660,581)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated absences Net OPEB liabilities Net pension liability		(767,426) (210,965) (392,171) (314,041)	1,002,149 60,415 (549,133) 314,041
Unearned revenue Deferred inflows of resources		821,720 3,762,514	(343,351) (350,413)
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(12,069,497) \$	(11,102,817)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds At June 30, 2022

	_	Trust Funds
ASSETS Investments designated for postemployment benefits other than pensions: VACO/VML Pooled OPEB Trust Portfolio I	\$_	414,580
NET POSITION Net position restricted for postemployment benefits other than pensions	\$_	414,580

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Trust Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	248,664
Total contributions	\$	248,664
Investment Earnings:		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	(32,514)
Total investment earnings	\$	(32,514)
Total additions	\$_	216,150
DEDUCTIONS		
Retirement and disability benefits	\$	48,664
Administrative expenses		835
Total deductions	\$	49,499
Change in fiduciary net position	\$	166,651
Net position, beginning of the year		247,929
Net position, ending of the year	\$	414,580

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

A. Description and Purpose of Organization:

Colonial Behavioral Health (CBH) operates as an agent for the Counties of York and James City, and the Cities of Poquoson and Williamsburg in the establishment and operation of community mental health, intellectual disabilities and substance use disorder programs as provided for in Chapter 10 of Title 37.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), relating to the Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. In addition, CBH provides a system of community mental health, intellectual disabilities and substance use disorder services which relate to and are integrated with existing and planned programs.

B. Financial Reporting Entity:

CBH includes all organizations which exclusively benefit the entity. All component units included in these financial statements have years which end on June 30.

Blended Component Units:

Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the CBH's operations, and so data from these units are combined with data of CBH. CBH has the following blended component units.

Colonial Community Services, Inc. is a property holding organization for the CBH and is exempt from taxation under Federal Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3).

C. Basis of Accounting:

CBH is funded by federal, state and local funds and fees. Its accounting policies are governed by applicable provisions of these grants and applicable pronouncements and publications of the grantors. CBH utilizes the accrual basis of accounting where revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when due.

D. Financial Statement Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated for the combining statements.

E. Enterprise Fund Accounting:

CBH is a governmental health care entity and is required to follow the accounting and reporting practices of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. For financial reporting purposes, CBH utilizes the enterprise fund method of accounting whereby revenue and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. Substantially all revenues and expenses are subject to accrual.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

F. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

CBH maintains cash accounts with financial institutions in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The Act requires financial institutions to meet specific collateralization requirements. Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of acquisition.

H. Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

I. Leases

CBH leases various computer equipment requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases.

Lessee

CBH recognizes a lease liability and intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

I. <u>Leases (Continued)</u>

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- CBH uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the
 implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Authority uses its estimated incremental borrowing
 rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by
 options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions
 varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee).

CBH monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The Authority will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

J. Net Client Service Revenue:

Net client service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from residents, third-party payers, and others for services rendered. Revenue under third-party payer agreements is subject to audit and retroactive adjustment. Retroactive adjustments are reported in operations in the year of settlement.

K. Financial Assistance:

CBH is required to collect the cost of services from third party sources and those individuals who are able to pay. However, the payment of amounts charged is based on individual circumstances and unpaid balances are pursued to the extent of the client's ability to pay. CBH has established procedures for granting financial assistance in cases of hardship. The granting of financial assistance results in a substantial reduction and/or elimination of charges to individual clients. Because CBH does not pursue the collection of amounts determined to qualify for financial assistance, those charges are not reported as revenue.

The vast majority of fees collected result from Medicaid billings.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

L. Capital Assets:

Capital assets acquired are recorded at cost, except for intangible right to use lease assets (lease assets), the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of each class of depreciable assets ranging from 5 to 40 years and is computed using the straight-line method. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the time of the gift. Lease assets are amortized using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives. All capital asset purchases of \$5,000 or more are capitalized.

M. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Colonial Behavioral Health has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Colonial Behavioral Health has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

N. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Colonial Behavioral Health's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Colonial Behavioral Health's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI and HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

P. Compensated Absences:

Employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based upon length of employment. Sick leave vests with the employee and is recorded as an expense when earned. Up to 25% of accumulated sick leave will be paid upon termination of service with CBH. Vacation and certain other compensated absences also vest with the employee. A provision for the estimated liability for these compensated absences has been recorded in the financial statements.

Q. Budgetary Accounting:

CBH follows these procedures in establishing its budgets:

- 1. In response to Letters of Notification received from the Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (the Department), CBH submits a Performance Contract to the Department. This application contains complete budgets for all Core Services.
- 2. CBH's performance reports are filed with the Department during the fiscal year, 45 working days after the end of the second and fourth quarters. The final quarterly report is due by August 31 following the end of the fiscal year, unless extended.
- 3. If any changes are made during the fiscal year in state or federal block grants or local match funds, CBH submits Performance Contract revisions which reflect these changes in time to be received by the Department by required deadlines.

R. Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues and expenses are defined as those items which result from providing services, and include all transactions and events which are not capital and related financing, noncapital or investing activities. Nonoperating revenues consist of grants, investment and other income. Nonoperating expenses are defined as capital and noncapital related financing and other expenses.

S. Comparative Totals:

Comparative totals are presented for informational purposes only. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

T. Net Position:

The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

T. Net Position: (Continued)

- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

U. Net Position Flow Assumption:

CBH may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is CBH's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted or used before unrestricted net position is applied.

V. Adoption of Accounting Principles:

CBH implemented the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 87, Leases, and 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. No restatement of beginning net position was required as a result of this implementation. Using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the year of implementation, the following balances were recognized as of July 1, 2021 related to the leases:

	Ві	Business-Type Activities		
Lessee activity:				
Lease asset	\$	151,504		
Lease liability	\$	151,504		

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

CBH's primary operating bank account is in the custody of the County of York, Virginia pursuant to fiscal agent and related agreements with the County.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Investments:

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end. CBH's investments are also in the custody of the County of York, Virginia pursuant to fiscal agent and related agreements with the County.

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments):

CBH has adopted the County of York guidelines for its investments.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities:

CBH's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2022 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor's rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quality Ratings
		AAAm
Virginia Local Government	_	
Investment Pool	\$_	3,332,357
Total	\$	3,332,357

Concentration of Credit Risk:

At June 30, 2022 CBH's investment policy regarding the concentration of credit risk was the same as the County of York.

Interest Rate Risk:

CBH has adopted the County of York policy that addresses interest rate risk. The following details the entity's interest rate risk at June 30, 2022.

Investment Type	_	Value	Less Than One Year
Virginia Local Government Investment Pool	\$	3,332,357 \$	3,332,357

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

External Investment Pool:

The value of the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents:

		2022	2022 2021	
Cash:	_		-	
Petty cash	\$	370	\$	370
Checking	_	3,201,610	_	2,463,348
Total cash	\$	3,201,980	\$	2,463,718
Investments	_	3,332,357	_	3,323,735
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,534,337	\$	5,787,453

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:

Client Accounts Receivable:

At June 30, 2022 and 2021 CBH had client accounts receivable due, net of estimated uncollectibles of \$681,289 (2022) and \$824,604 (2021) from the following primary sources:

	_	2022		2021
Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services (Medicaid)	\$	501,553	\$	487,881
Direct client and third party		163,462		146,337
Other		22,033	_	20,847
-	_	407.040	_	455.045
Total	\$ <u></u>	687,048	\$ -	655,065

Other than the amounts due for Medicaid charges, there are no other individually significant sources of client fee receivables.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital assets consist of the following:

	_	Beginning Balances	_	GASB 87 Adjustments	_	Increases	_	Decreases		Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$_	959,412	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	959,412
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	959,412	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	959,412
Capital assets being depreciated: Building and improvements Leased equipment Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles	\$	6,841,965 - 283,209 1,095,852	\$	- 151,504 - -	\$	- - - -	\$	29,107 39,810	\$	6,841,965 151,504 254,102 1,056,042
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	8,221,026	\$	151,504	\$	-	\$	68,917	\$_	8,303,613
Accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements Leased equipment Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles	\$	2,901,472 - 194,300 873,893	\$	- - - -	\$	169,386 87,498 13,365 120,471	\$	- - 29,107 39,810	\$	3,070,858 87,498 178,558 954,554
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	3,969,665	\$	-	\$	390,720	\$	68,917	\$	4,291,468
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$_	4,251,361	\$	151,504	\$	(390,720)	\$	-	\$_	4,012,145
Net capital assets	\$_	5,210,773	\$	151,504	\$	(390,720)	\$	-	\$	4,971,557

Total depreciation expense was \$390,720 for 2022 and \$343,232 for 2021.

NOTE 5 - CLAIMS AND COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

CBH has accrued the liability arising from compensated absences.

CBH employees earn vacation and sick leave based on length of service. CBH has outstanding accrued leave pay totaling \$1,247,183 at June 30, 2022 and \$1,458,148 at June 30, 2021. Upon termination of employment employees are paid their accumulated annual leave up to certain limits.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Board are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	94
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	57
Non-vested inactive members	115
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	57
Total inactive members	229
Active members	164
Total covered employees	487

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 4.58% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$371,770 and \$370,356 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Net Pension Asset

The net pension asset (NPA) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For the Board, the net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Board's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees: (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	7.39%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the Board was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2021 on, participating

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate: (Continued)

employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Asset

		Increase (Decrease)							
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	31,082,662	\$_	30,768,621	\$	314,041			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	\$	872,473	\$	-	\$	872,473			
Interest		2,045,002		-		2,045,002			
Changes of assumptions		1,089,968		-		1,089,968			
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		(115,799)		-		(115,799)			
Contributions - employer		-		367,795		(367,795)			
Contributions - employee		-		431,633		(431,633)			
Net investment income		-		8,382,979		(8,382,979)			
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(1,572,683)		(1,572,683)		-			
Administrative expenses		-		(21,074)		21,074			
Other changes		-		787		(787)			
Net changes	\$	2,318,961	\$_	7,589,437	\$	(5,270,476)			
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	33,401,623	\$_	38,358,058	\$	(4,956,435)			

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension asset of the Board using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Board's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate						
	_	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase				
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)				
Net Pension Asset	\$	(810,256) \$	(4,956,435) \$	(8,408,373)				

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Board recognized pension expense of (\$169,618). At June 30, 2022, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	88,788	
Change of assumptions		613,999		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		4,176,478	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	371,770	_		
Total	\$	985,769	\$	4,265,266	

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

\$371,770 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	_	
	_	
2023	\$	(577,713)
2024		(833,763)
2025		(973,216)
2026		(1,266,575)
2027		-
Thereafter		-

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

NOTE 7 - UNEARNED REVENUE:

Unearned revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Unearned revenue is comprised of the following:

Unearned Revenue		2022		2021
Advanced payment of local private grants	\$	-	\$	449
Unexpended state grant funds		568,513		75,000
Unexpended federal grant funds	_	565,914	_	237,258
Total	\$_	1,134,427	\$_	312,707

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

CBH participates in the Commonwealth of Virginia Risk Management Pool for professional liability, and director and officer's liability coverage which have \$2,100,000 and \$1,000,000 coverage limits, respectively. Other insurance coverage for property, workers compensation, crime, dishonesty and related coverage are purchased from a commercial insurance carrier. Coverage for these items varies from stated property values to \$5,000,000. There are no surety bonds for directors. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage for the past three years. The primary risks of loss are generally confined to co-insurance and deductible amounts.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

Changes in Long-Term Obligations:

	_	Balance July 1, 2021	GASB 87 Adjustments	Additions/ Issuances	Deletions/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2022	Amount Due In One Year
General obligation bonds:							
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:							
Revenue bond	\$	1,442,000	\$ - 9	- \$	188,000	\$ 1,254,000	\$ 193,000
Compensated absences		1,458,148	-	-	210,965	1,247,183	423,750
Lease liability		-	151,504	-	89,538	61,966	61,966
Net pension liability		314,041	-	-	314,041	-	-
Net OPEB liability - group life insurance		761,156	-	174,183	411,999	523,340	-
Net OPEB liability - health insurance credit		113,422	-	39,919	115,514	37,827	-
Net OPEB liability - health insurance	_	954,611	-	169,904	248,664	875,851	-
Total	\$_	5,043,378	\$ 151,504	384,006 \$	1,578,721	\$ 4,000,167	\$ 678,716

General Obligation Bond:

Revenue Bond:

Colonial Behavioral Health has a revenue bond payable which was used to retire debt existing at June 30, 2014, and to provide funding for the acquisition of property, construction of three Medicaid Waiver group homes, and other projects. Details of the bond are as follows:

	Balance	_	Current Portion
\$2,750,000 qualified non-profit revenue and refunding bond, issued through the Economic Development Authority of the County of York, Virginia dated July 19, 2013, annual principal payments ranging from \$145,000 to \$226,000, interest at 2.99% payable semiannually each June 1 and December 1,			
maturing June 1, 2028.	\$ 1,254,000	\$_	193,000

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt existing at June 30, 2022 at current interest rates are as follows:

Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

		2				
Year Ending	_	Revenue Bond		-	Lease Lia	bility
June 30,		Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest
2023	\$	193,000 \$	37,495	\$	61,966 \$	1,050
2024		199,000	31,724		-	-
2025		205,000	25,774		-	-
2026		213,000	19,644		-	-
2027		218,000	13,276		-	-
2028		226,000	6,757		-	-
Total	\$	1,254,000 \$	134,670	\$	61,966 \$	1,050

CBH has no federal arbitrage liability.

NOTE 10 - PARTICIPANT LOCALITY CONTRIBUTIONS:

The participating localities appropriated the following amounts to CBH:

	_	2022		2021
County of Vork	Ċ	0.40, 000	¢	000 000
County of York	Ş	940,000	Ş	900,000
County of James City		1,900,000		1,732,000
City of Williamsburg		259,000		259,000
City of Poquoson		190,000		190,000
Total	\$	3,289,000	\$	3,081,000

NOTE 11 - NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE SOURCES:

Net patient service revenues were from the following sources:

	 2022	2021
Medicaid	\$ 4,206,103	\$ 4,080,748
Direct client and third party	539,559	590,757
Other	194,105	200,777
Total	\$ 4,939,767	\$ 4,872,282

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

CBH participates in federal assistance programs which are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. CBH believes that it is in compliance with applicable grant requirements, and any disallowances of costs by grantor agencies would not be significant.

NOTE 13 - MEDICAL AND DENTAL INSURANCE - (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, the Colonial Behavioral Health administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Plan Administration

Management of the Plan is vested in Plan Trustees, which consist of Board members of Colonial Behavioral Health.

Benefits Provided

The Colonial Behavioral Health has established an irrevocable trust pursuant to Section 15.2-1544 of the Code of Virginia, as amended for the purpose of accumulating and investing assets to fund Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) and to participate in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund and has established a Local Finance Board to become a Participating Employer in the Trust Fund. The Trust Fund provides administrative, custodial and investment services to the Participating Employers in the Trust Fund. The Board participates in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund, an irrevocable trust established for the purpose of accumulating assets to fund postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Trust Fund issues a separate report, which can be obtained by requesting a copy from the plan administrator, Virginia Municipal League (VML) at P.O. Box 12164, Richmond, Virginia 23241.

Postemployment benefits which are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Life insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the Board who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. Retirees are reimbursed for the allowable portion of premiums paid. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2022 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Total
Total active employees with coverage Total retirees with coverage	137 7
Spouses of retirees	2
Total	146

Contributions

The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Board's average contribution rate was 3.17% percent of covered payroll. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Board contributed \$248,664 to the Plan. Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan.

Investment Policy

The Board's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2022:

Asset Class	Target Percentage
US Core Fixed Income	21.00%
US Large Cap US Equities	26.00%
US Small Cap US Equities	10.00%
Foreign Developed Equities	13.00%
Emerging Market Equities	5.00%
Private Real Estate Property	7.00%
Private Equities	5.00%
Commodities	3.00%
Hedge FOF Strategic	10.00%
Total	100.00%

Concentrations

The Trust does not hold investment in any one organization that represent five percent or more of the OPEB Trust's Fiduciary Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 13 - MEDICAL AND DENTAL INSURANCE - (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was -9.35 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Schedule of Investment Returns

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense 6/30/2022 -9.35%

0/30/2022	-7.33/0
6/30/2021	30.14%
6/30/2020	-6.11%

The chart is intended to show information for 10 years. More data will be added as it becomes available.

Net OPEB Liability

The Board's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.00%
Discount Rate	6.50%
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study at July 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of The Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate
Asset Class	of Return
US Core Fixed Income US Large Cap US Equities US Small Cap US Equities Foreign Developed Equities Emerging Market Equities Private Real Estate Property Private Equities Commodities Hedge FOF Strategic	1.39% 4.94% 6.73% 6.27% 8.82% 4.61% 10.36% 1.99% 3.58%
Assumed Inflation	2.40%
Portfolio Real Mean Return	4.76%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return	7.16%
Portfolio Standard Deviation	12.28%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	6.50%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)				
	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (a)-(b)	
Balances at June 30, 2021 Changes for the year:	\$_	1,202,540	\$_	247,929	\$	954,611
Service cost	\$	56,288	\$	-	\$	56,288
Interest on total OPEB liability Contributions - employer		80,267 -		- 248,664		80,267 (248,664)
Net investment income		-		(32,514)		32,514
Administrative expenses		-		(835)		835
Benefit payments		(48,664)		(48,664)		-
Net changes	\$	87,891	\$	166,651	\$	(78,760)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	1,290,431	\$	414,580	\$	875,851

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the net OPEB liability of the Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current discount rate:

			Rate		
	1% Decrease (5.50%)		Current Discount (6.50%)		1% Increase (7.50%)
\$ _	1,047,664	\$	875,851	\$	733,559

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Board, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.40%) or one percentage point higher (6.40%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Rates	
		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease (4.40%)	Trend (5.40%)	1% Increase (6.40%)
\$	674,829	\$ 875,851	\$ 1,127,224

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of (\$506,956). At June 30, 2022, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	rred Outflows f Resouces	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$ 22,333	-	
Change in assumptions	-	2,390,312	
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	535,280	
Total	\$ 22,333	2,925,592	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (621,860)
2024	(616,759)
2025	(572,169)
2026	(564,075)
2027	(421,429)
Thereafter	(106,967)

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

NOTE 14 - HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Plan Description

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	34
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	6
Total inactive members	40
Active members	164
Total covered employees	204

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was .17% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Board to the HIC Plan were \$15,999 and \$15,732 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

During the 2020 session, House Bill 1513 was enacted. This bill required the addition of Health Insurance Credit benefits for non-teacher employees effective July 1, 2021. While benefit payments became effective July 1, 2021, employers were required to pre-fund the benefits beginning July 1, 2020. The bill impacted 95 employers and resulted in approximately \$2.5 million of additional employer contributions in FY 2021.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The Board's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NOTE 14 - HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investement Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	7.39%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

NOTE 14 - HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)								
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)						
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	323,140 \$	209,718 \$	113,422						
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	\$	7,832 \$	- \$	7,832						
Interest		21,223	-	21,223						
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		(37,538)	-	(37,538)						
Assumption changes		2,770	-	2,770						
Contributions - employer		-	15,752	(15,752)						
Net investment income		-	54,778	(54,778)						
Benefit payments		(17,450)	(17,450)	-						
Administrative expenses		-	(648)	648						
Net changes	\$	(23,163) \$	52,432 \$	(75,595)						
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	299,977 \$	262,150 \$	37,827						

Sensitivity of the Board's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Board's HIC Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Board's			
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 68,447 \$	37,827 \$	11,656

NOTE 14 - HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$5,477. At June 30, 2022, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Board's HIC Plan from the following sources:

	D	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	19,749	\$ 34,195		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		-	26,279		
Change in assumptions		5,599	1,507		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	te	15,999			
Total	\$	41,347	\$ 61,981		

\$15,999 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (8,647)
2024	(7,433)
2025	(7,224)
2026	(10,051)
2027	(3,278)
Thereafter	-

HIC Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTE 15 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,722 as of June 30, 2022.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of

NOTE 15 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Contributions

the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the entity were \$50,952 and \$50,116 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the entity reported a liability of \$523,340 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the participating employer's proportion was .04490% as compared to .04560% at June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$23,870. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2022, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	•	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 59,689	\$	3,988
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-		124,910
Change in assumptions	28,852		71,604
Changes in proportion	14,336		27,268
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	50,952		
Total	\$ 153,829	\$	227,770

NOTE 15 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$50,952 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (23,352)
2024	(22,984)
2025	(27,174)
2026	(42,371)
2027	(9,012)
Thereafter	_

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

NOTE 15 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2021, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		GLI OPEB Plan			
Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ - \$_	3,577,346 2,413,074 1,164,272			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	_	67.45%			

NOTE 15 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

NET GLI OPEB Liability (Continued)

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	7.39%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTE 15 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate						
1% Decrease Cur			Current Discount		1% Increase			
(5.75%)		_	(6.75%)		(7.75%)			
Board's proportionate share of the GLI	_		-					
Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	764,618	\$	523,340 \$	\$	328,496		

GLI Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTE 16 - AGGREGATE OPEB INFORMATION

		Board						
	_	Deferred	Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB	
	_	Outflows	Inflows		Liability		Expense	
VRS OPEB Plans:								
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 15)	\$	153,829 \$	227,770	\$	523,340	\$	23,870	
Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 14)		41,347	61,981		37,827		5,477	
Stand-Alone Plan (Note 13)		22,333	2,925,592		875,851		(506,956)	
Totals	\$	217,509 \$	3,215,343	\$	1,437,018	\$	(477,609)	

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 17 - RESERVATION OF NET POSITION:

Unrestricted net position has been reserved for:

Contingencies	\$ 300,000
Board designation	333,184
Total	\$ 633,184

NOTE 18 - UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, addresses (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from April 2022 to for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, provides more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability for accounting changes and error corrections. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Pension Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total pension liability	-				
Service cost	\$	872,473 \$	883,371 \$	874,993 \$	881,695
Interest		2,045,002	1,954,126	1,860,061	1,759,464
Changes in assumptions		1,089,968	-	824,488	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(115,799)	(109,218)	(56,811)	(167,205)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions	_	(1,572,683)	(1,191,259)	(1,058,775)	(1,014,939)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	2,318,961 \$	1,537,020 \$	2,443,956 \$	1,459,015
Total pension liability - beginning	_	31,082,662	29,545,642	27,101,686	25,642,671
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	33,401,623 \$	31,082,662 \$	29,545,642 \$	27,101,686
	_				
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	367,795 \$	364,637 \$	360,680 \$	444,990
Contributions - employee		431,633	438,664	448,323	443,165
Net investment income		8,382,979	584,419	1,935,048	2,002,020
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions		(1,572,683)	(1,191,259)	(1,058,775)	(1,014,939)
Administrative expense		(21,074)	(19,804)	(18,921)	(17,075)
Other	_	787	(694)	(1,221)	(1,795)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	7,589,437 \$	175,963 \$	1,665,134 \$	1,856,366
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	30,768,621	30,592,658	28,927,524	27,071,158
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$_	38,358,058 \$	30,768,621 \$	30,592,658 \$	28,927,524
	_		_		
CBH's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	(4,956,435) \$	314,041 \$	(1,047,016) \$	(1,825,838)
	_				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	al				
pension liability		114.84%	98.99%	103.54%	106.74%
Covered payroll	\$	9,265,599 \$	9,361,000 \$	8,994,220 \$	9,067,190
CBH's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage					
of covered payroll		-53.49%	3.35%	-11.64%	-20.14%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Pension Plan (Continued) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	_				
Service cost	\$	854,699 \$	795,788 \$	768,126 \$	800,602
Interest		1,688,257	1,617,582	1,516,141	1,416,803
Changes in assumptions		(164,526)	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(389,490)	(491,830)	(3,556)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(029, 444)	(80E 303)	(747 924)	(020 722)
Net change in total pension liability	ċ-	(928,466) 1,060,474 \$	(895,303) 1,026,237 \$	(767,826) 1,512,885 \$	(828,733) 1,388,672
Total pension liability - beginning	Ş	24,582,197	23,555,960	22,043,075	20,654,403
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	ς-	25,642,671 \$			22,043,075
Total perision hability - ending (a)	· =	23,042,071	27,302,177	23,333,700	22,043,073
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	436,666 \$	606,799 \$	560,643 \$	651,201
Contributions - employee		421,943	398,577	355,647	363,855
Net investment income		2,959,960	424,830	1,040,717	3,068,218
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions		(928,466)	(895,303)	(767,826)	(828,733)
Administrative expense		(16,815)	(14,527)	(13,907)	(16,235)
Other	_	(2,646)	(177)	(221)	161
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,870,642 \$	520,199 \$	1,175,053 \$	3,238,467
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	24,200,516	23,680,317	22,505,264	19,266,797
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$_	27,071,158 \$	24,200,516 \$	23,680,317 \$	22,505,264
CBH's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	(1,428,487) \$	381,681 \$	(124,357) \$	(462,189)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the tot	al				
pension liability		105.57%	98.45%	100.53%	102.10%
Covered payroll	\$	8,817,048 \$	7,940,954 \$	7,219,337 \$	7,020,849
CBH's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage					
of covered payroll		-16.20%	4.81%	-1.72%	-6.58%

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2022

Date	_	Contractually Required Contribution (1)*	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	-	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2022	\$	371,770	\$	371,770	\$ -	\$	9,411,429	3.95%
2021		370,356		370,356	-		9,265,599	4.00%
2020		372,113		372,113	-		9,361,000	3.98%
2019		360,680		360,680	-		8,994,220	4.01%
2018		444,990		444,990	-		9,067,190	4.91%
2017		467,304		467,304	-		8,817,048	5.30%
2016		622,571		622,571	-		7,940,954	7.84%
2015		565,996		565,996	-		7,219,337	7.84%
2014		651,535		651,535	-		7,020,849	9.28%
2013		628,377		628,377	-		6,771,303	9.28%

^{*} Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Medical and Dental Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2022

	2022		2021	2020		2019	2018
Total OPEB liability					_		
Service cost	\$ 56,288	\$	55,826	\$ 168,915	\$	340,978 \$	336,342
Interest	80,267		108,898	86,837		208,045	193,055
Economic/demographic gains or losses	-		(514,744)	-		-	-
Changes in assumptions	-		(32,677)	(877,625)		(3,207,073)	(351,886)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	-		-	-		(257,056)	-
Benefit payments	(48,664)		(67,514)	(74,397)		(55,050)	(75,007)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 87,891	\$	(450,211)	\$ (696,270)	\$	(2,970,156) \$	102,504
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,202,540		1,652,751	2,349,021	_	5,319,177	5,216,673
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,290,431	\$	1,202,540	\$ 1,652,751	\$	2,349,021 \$	5,319,177
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 248,664	\$	167,514	\$ 174,397	\$	- \$	-
Net investment income	(32,514)		52,104	(3,345)		-	-
Administrative expenses	(835)		(675)	(155)		-	-
Benefit payments	(48,664)		(67,514)	(74,397)	_	-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 166,651	\$	151,429	\$ 96,500	\$	- \$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	247,929		96,500		_		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 414,580	\$	247,929	\$ 96,500	\$	- \$	-
					_		
CBH's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 875,851	\$	954,611	\$ 1,556,251	\$	2,349,021 \$	5,319,177
					-		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of							
the total OPEB liability	32.13%)	20.62%	5.84%		0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 7,839,613	\$	7,839,613	\$ 9,163,945	\$	9,163,945 \$	8,080,700
CBH's net OPEB liability as a percentage of							
covered payroll	11.17%	,	12.18%	16.98%		25.63%	65.83%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Medical and Dental Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2022

Date	C 	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to ADC (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2022	\$	120,561	\$	248,664	\$ (128,103)	\$	7,839,613	3.17%
2021		174,159		167,514	6,645		7,839,613	2.14%
2020		161,907		174,397	(12,490)		9,163,945	1.90%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available. OPEB Trust established in December 2019.

Schedule of Investment Returns - Medical and Dental Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2022

	2020	2021	2022
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	-6.11%	30.14%	-9.35%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available. OPEB Trust established in December 2019.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Medical and Dental Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Valuation Date: 7/1/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, 2020, prior to the fiscal year in which they are reported, and have been projected to June 30, 2022 on a "no gain/no loss" basis.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Pay					
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed, 28 Years Remaining as of July 1, 2020, Amortization growth rate of 3.00%					
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value					
Inflation	2.50%					
Payroll Growth	3.00%					
Discount Rate	6.50%					
Age-Related Claims Cost	Blended premium rate for active employees and retirees under age 65					
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Getzen Trend Model; rate of 5.40% for 2020 decreasing to eventual rate of 4.10% in 2093					

Schedule of Changes in the CBH's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021

		2021		2020		2019	2018		2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability					-				
Service cost	\$	7,832	\$	8,268	\$	7,566 \$	8,915	\$	7,174
Interest		21,223		18,568		18,518	17,928		17,672
Differences between expected and actual experier	nce	(37,538)		30,009		(5,444)	(1,901)		-
Changes in assumptions		2,770		-		6,493	-		(8,182)
Benefit payments		(17,450)		(17,587)	_	(15,594)	(17,419)	_	(8,606)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	(23,163)	\$	39,258	\$	11,539 \$	7,523	\$_	8,058
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		323,140		283,882	_	272,343	264,820		256,762
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	299,977	\$	323,140	\$	283,882 \$	272,343	\$_	264,820
Plan fiduciary net position	•		-		-			_	
Contributions - employer	\$	15,752	ς	14,976	Ś	14,391 \$	15,414	ς	14,989
Net investment income	•	54,778	Τ.	4,167	Τ.	12,651	13,247	Τ.	19,056
Benefit payments		(17,450)		(17,587)		(15,594)	(17,419)		(8,606)
Administrative expense		(648)		(399)		(278)	(311)		(317)
Other		-		(2)		(15)	(1,343)		1,343
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	52,432	\$	1,155	\$	11,155 \$	9,588	\$ ⁻	26,465
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		209,718		208,563		197,408	187,820		161,355
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	262,150	\$	209,718	\$	208,563 \$	197,408	\$ ⁻	187,820
	•		•		=			_	
CBH's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	37,827	\$	113,422	\$	75,319 \$	74,935	\$	77,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	e								
total HIC OPEB liability	_	87.39%		64.90%		73.47%	72.49%		70.92%
Covered payroll	\$	9,265,599	\$	9,361,000	\$	8,994,220 \$	9,067,190	\$	8,817,048
CBH's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		0.41%		1.21%		0.84%	0.83%		0.87%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)	 Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2022	\$ 15,999	\$ 15,999	\$ -	\$ 9,411,429	0.17%
2021	15,752	15,752	-	9,265,599	0.17%
2020	14,978	14,978	-	9,361,000	0.16%
2019	14,391	14,391	-	8,994,220	0.16%
2018	15,414	15,414	-	9,067,190	0.17%
2017	14,989	14,989	-	8,817,048	0.17%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of CBH's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021

	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB		Employer's Covered	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total		
Date	Liability	Liability		Payroll	(3)/(4)	GLI OPEB Liability		
2021	0.04490% \$	523,340	\$	9,280,690	5.64%	67.45%		
2020	0.04560%	761,156		9,386,368	8.11%	52.64%		
2019	0.04589%	746,752		8,996,536	8.30%	52.00%		
2018	0.04784%	727,000		9,067,190	8.02%	51.22%		
2017	0.04797%	721,000		8,817,048	8.18%	48.86%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2022

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution	 Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	-	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2022	\$ 50,952	\$ 50,952	\$	-	\$ 9,435,566	0.54%
2021	50,116	50,116		-	9,280,690	0.54%
2020	48,809	48,809		-	9,386,368	0.52%
2019	46,782	46,782		-	8,996,536	0.52%
2018	47,664	47,664		-	9,067,190	0.53%
2017	46,008	46,008		-	8,817,048	0.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

- Other Supplementary Information - Combining Financial Statements

Combining Statement of Net Position At June 30, 2022

		Colonial Behavioral Health		Colonial Community Services Inc.	Inter- Company Eliminations		Total
ASSETS	-		-			_	
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, less	 \$	6,378,086	\$	156,251	\$ - \$		6,534,337
allowance for uncollectibles Prepaid items	_	710,617 25,374		-	 (23,569)		687,048 25,374
Total current assets	\$	7,114,077	\$_	156,251	\$ (23,569) \$		7,246,759
Capital Assets: Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation	\$	229,451	\$	4,742,106	\$ - \$		4,971,557
Other Assets: Net pension asset	\$	4,956,435	\$	-	\$ - \$		4,956,435
Total other assets	\$	4,956,435	, \$	-	\$ - \$		4,956,435
Total assets	\$	12,299,963	\$	4,898,357	\$ (23,569) \$		17,174,751
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			Ī				
Pension related items OPEB related items	_ \$ _	985,769 217,509	\$ _	- -	\$ - \$ -	_	985,769 217,509
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$_	1,203,278	\$_	-	\$ - \$	_	1,203,278
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated absences, current portion Lease liability Revenue bond, current portion	\$	1,271,566 423,750 61,966	\$	8,944 - - 193,000	\$ - \$ - -		1,280,510 423,750 61,966 193,000
Unearned revenue	_	1,134,427		23,569	 (23,569)	_	1,134,427
Total current liabilities	\$_	2,891,709	\$_	225,513	\$ (23,569) \$	_	3,093,653
Long-Term Liabilities: Compensated absences, less current portion Net OPEB liabilities Revenue bond, less current portion	\$	823,433 1,437,018	\$_	- - 1,061,000	\$ - \$ - -		823,433 1,437,018 1,061,000
Total long-term liabilities	\$	2,260,451	\$	1,061,000	\$ - \$		3,321,451
Total liabilities	\$_	5,152,160	\$_	1,286,513	\$ (23,569) \$		6,415,104
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension related items OPEB related items	— \$ -	4,265,266 3,215,343	\$ -	-	\$ - \$ 	_	4,265,266 3,215,343
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	7,480,609	\$_	-	\$ <u> </u>	_	7,480,609
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 	167,485 702,987	\$ _	3,488,106 123,738	\$ - \$ 	_	3,655,591 826,725
Total net position	\$ <u>_</u>	870,472	\$ =	3,611,844	\$ <u> </u>	_	4,482,316

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Colonial Behavioral Health		Colonial Community Services Inc.	Inter- Company Eliminations		Total
Operating revenues:							
Net patient service revenue	\$_	4,939,767	\$.	-	\$ 	\$_	4,939,767
Operating expenses:							
Salaries and benefits	\$	12,032,671	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12,032,671
Staff development		92,746		-	-		92,746
Facility		818,563		25,765	(284,657)		559,671
Supplies		637,278		-	-		637,278
Travel		161,136		-	-		161,136
Contractual and consulting		1,887,751		-	-		1,887,751
Depreciation		218,782		171,938	-		390,720
Other	_	112,505		3,590	 -	_	116,095
Total operating expenses	\$_	15,961,432	\$.	201,293	\$ (284,657)	\$_	15,878,068
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(11,021,665)	\$	(201,293)	\$ 284,657	\$_	(10,938,301)
Nonoperating income (expenses):							
Appropriations:							
Commonwealth of Virginia	\$	7,190,244	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,190,244
Federal government		1,292,761		-	-		1,292,761
Local governments		3,289,000		-	-		3,289,000
Other		1,355,841		284,657	(284,657)		1,355,841
Interest income		9,248		-	-		9,248
Interest expense		-		(43,175)	-	_	(43,175)
Net nonoperating income (expenses)	\$_	13,137,094	\$	241,482	\$ (284,657)	\$_	13,093,919
Change in net position	\$	2,115,429	\$	40,189	\$ -	\$	2,155,618
Net position, beginning of year	_	(1,244,957)		3,571,655	-	_	2,326,698
Net position, end of year	\$	870,472	\$	3,611,844	\$ -	\$_	4,482,316

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Colonial Behavioral Health	Colonial Community Services Inc.	Inter- Company Eliminations	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Receipts from customers	\$	5,729,504	\$ - :	\$ - \$	5,729,504
Payments to suppliers		(4,480,268)	(27,566)	284,657	(4,223,177)
Payments to and for employees		(13,575,824)	-	-	(13,575,824)
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(12,326,588)	\$ (27,566)	\$ 284,657	(12,069,497)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	_				
Government grants	\$	11,772,005	\$ - :	\$ - \$	11,772,005
Other		1,355,841	284,657	(284,657)	1,355,841
Net cash flows provided by (used for) noncapital	_				
financial activities	\$_	13,127,846	\$ 284,657	\$ (284,657)	13,127,846
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Interest payments on loans	\$	- 9	\$ (43,175)	\$ - \$	(43,175)
Principal payments on loans		-	(188,000)	-	(188,000)
Payments on lease liability		(89,538)	-	-	(89,538)
Net cash flows provided by (used for) capital and	_				
related financing activities	\$	(89,538)	\$ (231,175)	\$ - \$	(320,713)
Cash flows from investing activities:	_				
Interest income	\$	9,248	\$ - :	\$ - \$	9,248
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	720,968	\$ 25,916	ş <u>-</u> ş	746,884
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		5,657,118	130,335	-	5,787,453
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	6,378,086	\$ 156,251	ş <u> </u>	6,534,337
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$	(11,021,665)	\$ (201,293)	\$ 284,657 \$	(10,938,301)
Depreciation		218,782	171,938	-	390,720
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:		(24,002)			
Accounts receivable		(31,983)	-	-	(31,983)
Prepaid items		(1,813)	739	-	(1,074)
Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources		(4,956,435) 567,945	-	-	(4,956,435) 567,945
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(768,476)	1,050	-	(767,426)
Compensated absences		(210,965)	1,050	_	(210,965)
Net OPEB liabilities		(392,171)	_	_	(392,171)
Net pension liability		(314,041)	-		(314,041)
Unearned revenue		821,720	-	_	821,720
Deferred inflows of resources		3,762,514		_	3,762,514
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	(12,326,588)	(27,566)	\$ 284,657	





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors Colonial Behavioral Health Williamsburg, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities*, *Boards*, and *Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colonial Behavioral Health, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Colonial Behavioral Health's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Colonial Behavioral Health's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Colonial Behavioral Health's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Colonial Behavioral Health's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Colonial Behavioral Health's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson Faven Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia November 22, 2022



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Directors Colonial Behavioral Health Williamsburg, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Colonial Behavioral Health's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Colonial Behavioral Health's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Colonial Behavioral Health's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Colonial Behavioral Health complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Colonial Behavioral Health and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Colonial Behavioral Health's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Colonial Behavioral Health's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Colonial Behavioral Health's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Colonial Behavioral Health's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Colonial Behavioral Health's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Colonial Behavioral Health's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Colonial Behavioral Health's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson Faven Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia November 22, 2022

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	E	xpenditures
Department of Treasury: Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Not available	\$	12,590
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services: Opioid STR	93.788	5H79TI080220		354,151
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services	93.958	2B09SM010053		88,154
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	2B08TI010053		485,240
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	927,545
Department of Education: Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services:				
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	Not available	\$	352,626
Total Department of Education			\$	352,626
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	1,292,761

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Colonial Behavioral Health under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Colonial Behavioral Health, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Colonial Behavioral Health.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note C - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note D - De Minimis Cost Rate

The Board did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate under Uniform Guidance.

Note E - Loan Balances

The Board has no loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

Assistance

<u>Listing</u> Name of Federal Program or Cluster

93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no prior year findings.