COUNTY OF PITTSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

COUNTY OF PITTSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Dogr
List of Elected and Appointed Officials		<u>Page</u> 1
INANCIAL SECTION		
		Page
Independent Auditors' Report		2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis		5-14
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page
Government-wide Financial Statements:	<u></u>	<u></u>
Statement of Net Position	1	15
Statement of Activities	2	16
Fund Financial Statements:	-	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3	17
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Government-wide	5	
Statement of Net Position	4	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	5	10
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental	5	
Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities	6	20
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	7	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	8	22
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	9	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	10	23
Notes to Financial Statements	10	25-8
Dequired Supplementary Information:		
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund	11	90
	12	90 91
Special Revenue Fund - Industrial Development Special Revenue Fund - Workforce Investment Act	12	91
Schedule of OPEB Funding		92
	14	95
Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:	45	0.4
Primary Government	15	94
Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional)	16	95
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability - VRS Teacher Retirement Plan	17	96
Schedule of Employer Contributions Notes to Required Supplementary Information	18 19	97 98
	17	70
Other Supplementary Information:		
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual:	20	00
Capital Projects Fund - School Capital Improvements Fund	20	99 100
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	21	100
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	22	101
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund	23	102
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: Nonmajor Debt Service Reserve Fund	24	103
Combining Statement of Net Position - Internal Service Funds	25	104
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Internal Service Funds	26	105
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds	27	105
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	28	100
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	20	108

COUNTY OF PITTSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

Other Supplementary Information: (continued)	Exhibit	Pag
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:		
Balance Sheet	30	109
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	31	110
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	32	111
Supporting Schedules:	Schedule	Pag
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	1	112-1
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	2	118-1
Other Statistical Information:	<u>Table</u>	Pag
Government-wide Information:		
Government-wide Expenses by Function	1	123
Government-wide Revenues	2	124
Fund Information:		
General Governmental Expenditures by Function	3	125
General Governmental Revenues by Source	4	126
Property Tax Levies and Collections	5	127
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	6	128
Property Tax Rates	7	129
Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita	8	130
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General		
Governmental Expenditures	9	131
Assessed Valuation of Top Ten Taxpayers	10	132

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	133-134
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	135-136
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	137-138
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	139-140

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COUNTY OF PITTSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Jessie L. Barksdale, Chair

Elton W. Blackstock, Vice Chair Joe Davis Ronald Scearce Jerry A. Hagerman Tim R. Barber Robert Warren

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Calvin D. Doss, Chair

W. Neal Oakes, Vice Chair George Henderson Don C. Moon J. Samuel Burton Charles H. Miller, Jr. R. Todd Sanders

Janet Hancock, Clerk

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Rev. Stedman Payne, Sr., Chairperson

Earl C. Hodnett, Vice Chairperson Jessie L. Barksdale Diane D. McMahon James B. Williams Susan Paynter Gracie Mayes Andrea Johnson

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Mark W. Scarce
Commonwealth's Attorney	Robert "Bryan" Haskins
Commissioner of the Revenue	Shirley Y. Hammock
Treasurer	Vincent E. Shorter
Sheriff	Michael W. Taylor
Superintendent of Schools	Mark R. Jones
Director of Social Services	Sherry R. Flanagan
County Administrator	Clarence C. Monday
County Attorney	J. Vaden Hunt
County Finance Director	. Kimberly G. Van Der Hyde

FINANCIAL SECTION

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Chatham, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component unit-School Board, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Pittsylvania, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County, Virginia or the Pittsylvania County Service Authority. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County, Virginia and the Pittsylvania County Service Authority is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit-School Board, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 22 to the financial statements, in 2016, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application, 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, 82 Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 5-14, 90-92, and 93-98 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (Continued)

The other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and other statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2016, on our consideration of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kohimson, Farmer, la associates

Blacksburg, Virginia November 24, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following is a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The purpose of this Management Discussion and Analysis is to provide an overview of the County's financial activity, to assist the reader in understanding significant financial issues and to provide information concerning changes in the County's financial position. This narrative provides additional information that should be read in conjunction with reviewing the County's Financial Statements.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

The governmental activities assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$62,476,622 (net position). Of this amount, \$22,014,800 is unrestricted, or may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to creditors and citizens. Information concerning net position for the County, its business-type activities and its component units is located on Exhibit 1. The business-type activities include the Landfill Enterprise Fund. The business-type activities' liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$44,521. Of this amount, \$(3,198,169) is unrestricted. The component units include the School Board's net position totaling \$(49,973,527) of which \$(66,547,486) is unrestricted, the Industrial Development Authority's net position totaling \$2,180,056 all of which is unrestricted and Pittsylvania County Service Authority's net position totaling \$35,270,465 of which \$2,812,753 is unrestricted. (See Exhibit 1.) This exhibit provides insight into the future by using a full accrual accounting method. This model considers all factors when showing the financial position of the County.

The County's governmental activities net position increased by \$2,309,427. In addition, the School Board's net position increased by \$2,128,965 and the IDA's net position decreased by \$7,805 and the PCSA's net position decreased by \$340,289 (after restatement - Note 23). Business-type activities' net position increased by \$644,408. (See Exhibit 2.)

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements which use a full accrual accounting approach, the Fund Financial Statements use a modified accrual method of accounting. This method differs from the full accrual method by showing a picture of the County's financial position at the present time. A reconciliation of the two methods is provided in Exhibit 4 and Exhibit 6. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$28,727,228 or 38 percent of total general fund expenditures. (See Exhibit 3.) This amount includes taxes, accounts and notes receivable reflected in the fiscal year 2016 budget as well as funds allocated to the School Board (fund balance re-appropriated) and County Capital Improvement Projects for fiscal year 2017.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,544,474, a decrease of \$3,193,367 from last year. Approximately 91 percent of this total amount, or \$32,476,388 (which includes committed, assigned and unassigned funds), is available for spending at the government's discretion. This unrestricted balance has three parts, (1) committed funds which represents \$1,648,703, (2) assigned funds which represent \$2,100,457 and (3) unassigned funds which represents \$28,727,228. (See Exhibit 3.)

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and compliance.

- The *introductory section* provides a listing of principal officers for 2015-2016.
- The *financial section* has three component parts managements' discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements which include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, and required supplemental information.
- The *statistical section* includes selected financial and demographic data related to the County, generally presented on a multi-year basis.
- The compliance section is required under the provisions of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Local government accounting and financial reporting originally focused on funds which were designed to enhance and demonstrate fiscal accountability. Now to be accompanied by government-wide financial statements, the objective of operational accountability will also be met. These objectives will provide financial statement users with both justification from the government that public monies have been used to comply with public decisions and as to whether operating objectives have been met efficiently and effectively and can continued to be met in the future.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide financial statement users with a general overview of County finances. The statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All current year revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Both the financial overview and accrual accounting factors are used in the reporting of a private-sector business. Two financial statements are used to present this information: 1) the statement of net position and 2) the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents all of the County's permanent accounts, or assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The difference between assets (and deferred outflows of resources) and liabilities (and deferred inflows of resources) is reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors will also need to be considered to determine the overall financial position of the County.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. The statement is focused on the gross and net cost of various government functions which are supported by general tax and other revenue. The statement of activities presents expenses before revenues, emphasizing that in government revenues are generated for the express purpose of providing services rather than as an end in themselves.

Both government-wide financial statements separate governmental activities and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. They include general government administration; judicial administration; public safety; public works; health and welfare; parks, recreation and cultural; and community development. Business-type activities recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The County currently has one business-type activity which is the Landfill Enterprise Fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (continued)

The government-wide financial statements include, in addition to the primary government or County, three component units: 1) the Pittsylvania County School Board, 2) Industrial Development Authority and 3) Pittsylvania County Service Authority. Although these component units are legally separate entities, the County is accountable or financially accountable for them. A primary government is accountable for an organization if the primary government appoints a majority of the organization's governing body. A primary government is financially accountable if, in addition, either the government is able to impose its will on the organization or the organization is capable of imposing specific financial burdens on the primary government. For example, the primary government may approve debt issuances, rate structures and/or provide significant funding for operations of the component units.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements will be more familiar to past financial statement users. The only difference from prior year presentation of the fund statements is that only major, or significant, funds will be presented. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds:

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions, or services, reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, reconciliations between the two methods are presented in exhibits 4 and 6 of the financial section of this report.

Proprietary funds:

There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds which are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and internal service funds which account for the delivery of goods and services to other departments or agencies of the government. Proprietary funds use accrual basis accounting, similar to private sector business.

The County of Pittsylvania has one enterprise fund, which is the Landfill Enterprise Fund and two internal service funds: the Central Stores Fund and the Self-Insurance Fund. The Central Stores Fund accounts for the government's consolidated purchasing of office supplies and telephone charges. The Self-Insurance Fund accounts for insurance premiums paid by the County and School Board for all departments. Both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government as a trustee or agent for another organization or individual. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the funds are not available to support the County's own activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is needed to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Governmental Activities

As previously noted, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Again, the full accrual accounting method is used to derive these figures. For the County, the governmental activities assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$62,476,622 at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's net position is divided into three categories: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted; and (3) unrestricted.

County of	Pittsy	Ivania's Net Posi	tion	
-	-	2016		2015
		Governmental		Governmental
		Activities		Activities
	-			
Current and other assets	\$	65,266,596	\$	67,708,621
Capital assets		120,381,903		124,145,295
Total assets	\$	185,648,499	\$	191,853,916
	=		_	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	5,913,843	\$	1,694,565
Long-term liabilities	\$	104,694,921	\$	107,804,643
Other liabilities		4,975,372		5,108,612
Total liabilities	\$	109,670,293	\$	112,913,255
	=		_	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	19,415,427	\$	20,468,031
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	33,554,887	\$	26,122,377
Restricted		6,906,935		6,957,948
Unrestricted	_	22,014,800		27,086,870
Total net position	\$	62,476,622	\$	60,167,195

For the County, investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), net of related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, represents 54 percent of total net position. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These assets include funds restricted for grants, law library, courthouse maintenance and courthouse security. Also included in these restricted assets are assets seized by the Sheriff's Department and can only be used for law enforcement. The County's restricted net position accounts for 11 percent of the total net position.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, which is \$22,014,800 or 35 percent of total net position, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

The government's net position increased by \$2,309,427 during the current fiscal year. The majority of this increase was due to the large reduction in long-term debt during FY 2016, which in turn also increased the net investment in capital assets.

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$2,309,427. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Revenues:		2016 Business-type Activities		2016 Governmental Activities		2015 Business-type Activities		2015 Governmental Activities
Program revenues:		4 4 2 2 . 0 2 4	~	725 244			~	(22.507
Charges for services	Ş	1,132,094	Ş	735,316	Ş	1,954,518	Ş	632,587
Operating grants and contributions		-		17,849,640		-		16,442,410
Capital grants and contributions		-		25,446		-		884,983
General revenues:				24 527 444				
General property taxes		-		36,527,161		-		34,348,146
Other local taxes		-		6,985,878		-		6,929,692
Use of money and property		-		760,917		-		729,073
Miscellaneous		9,675		688,752		13,814		259,499
Grants and contributions not spec.		-		6,580,065		-	-	6,647,166
Total Revenues	Ş	1,141,769	\$	70,153,175	Ş	1,968,332	Ş	66,873,556
Expenses:								
General government	Ş	-	Ş	3,120,093	Ş	-	Ş	2,761,239
Judicial administration		-		1,630,364		-		1,570,133
Public safety		-		17,388,780		-		15,971,461
Public works		2,085,129		889,643		2,729,495		1,478,254
Health and welfare		-		13,295,781		-		11,762,632
Education		-		20,654,247		-		20,144,745
Parks, recreation, and cultural		-		1,625,932		-		1,653,432
Community development		-		3,050,989		-		4,328,561
Interest on long-term debt		-		4,600,151		-		4,156,131
Total Expenses	Ş	2,085,129	Ş	66,255,980	Ş	2,729,495	Ş	63,826,588
Transfers in/(out)	Ş	1,587,768	Ş	(1,587,768)	Ş	1,444,798	Ş	(1,444,798)
Increase/(Decrease) in net position	\$	644,408	Ş	2,309,427	Ş	683,635	Ş	1,602,170
Net position, beginning	Ş	(688,929)	Ş	60,167,195	\$	(1,372,564)	Ş	58,565,025
Net position, ending	\$	(44,521)	\$	62,476,622	\$	(688,929)	\$	60,167,195
	:							

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of financial resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,544,474. Approximately 81 percent of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is legally restricted for a specific purpose.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. As of June 30, 2016, total fund balance of the general fund was \$31,593,965 of which \$28,727,228 was unassigned. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 38 percent of total general fund expenditures, which includes transfers to and expenses on behalf of the School Board component unit of \$14,446,410.

An analysis of the supporting schedules (modified accrual) for fiscal year 2016 and 2015 reveals:

- Revenues: Real property taxes experienced an increase of 2%, public service corps experienced an increase of 7% and personal property taxes experienced an increase of 4%. These increases were due to expected growth in the County. No new tax rate increases were included in FY 2016.
- Revenues: Other local taxes experienced an overall increase of 1% from FY2015 with both increases and decreases in various categories. Increases in other local tax revenues occurred in the following categories: Local Sales and Use Tax (7%), Meals Tax (6%) and Taxes on Recordation and Wills (13%). Decreases in other local tax revenues occurred in the following categories: Consumers' Utility Tax (8%), Consumption Tax (13%), Franchise License Tax (5%), Business License Tax (79%), Motor Vehicle Licenses (1%) and Bank Stock Tax (9%).
- Expenses: Overall primary government expenditures increased by 43% from FY2015. This increase was due primarily from an increase in debt service of \$27,639,205, which included current refunding principal payments of \$22,588,848 (including issuance costs) and additional \$4,946,648 paid toward principal from fund balance. Also included in this overall increase is a school energy project totaling \$2,720,682, which is being funded by Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (QECBs).
- Expenses: Education decreased 2% from FY2015. Decreased expenditures occurred in the following educational categories: Instructional Costs (2%), Pupil Transportation (12%) and Operation and Maintenance of School Plant (4%). Increases occurred in the following educational categories: Administration and health services (5%), Technology (less than 1%) and Food service and non-instructional (5%).
- Expenses: Industrial Development decreased by 54%. Planning and Community Development expenditures decreased because construction on the Berry Hill Project was delayed due to the process involved in receiving a permit from the Corp of Engineers regarding environmental issues.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (continued)

Governmental funds (continued)

The Following is a reconciliation of the Treasurer's books to the Audited Financial Statements.

		<i>Per Treasurer 6/30/2016</i>		Per Treasurer 6/30/2015
		Cash Balance		Cash Balance
General Fund	\$	27,447,454	\$	30,483,583
Animal Friendly Plates Revenue Fund		2,843		2,411
Debt Reserve - Human Services Fund		60,942		107,532
Jail Inmate Management Fund		218,991		104,392
Bond Fund		2,400		2,400
Grants Fund		899,786		687,086
Capital Improvements Fund		510,421		353,834
Rural Roads Fund		239,522		194,674
Courthouse Security Fund		752,016		696,022
Jail Processing Fee Fund		13,193		9,433
Library Gifts Fund		9,755		1,219
Courthouse Maintenance Fund		37,048		24,167
Law Library Fund		15,771		20,362
Rescue Billing Fund	_	88,529	_	120,205
Total cash per Treasurer	\$	30,298,671	\$	32,807,320
Audit Adjustments to Cash:				
Adjustment for interest paid by schools due for debt	\$	70,586	\$	-
Reversion of School Salaries Payable Fund	_	2,323,999	_	2,496,314
Total cash as adjusted	\$	32,693,256	\$	35,303,634
Other Adjustments:				
Taxes and fees receivable	\$	(2,797,691)	\$	(950, 374)
Accounts receivables		455,630		569,747
Due from other funds		216,141		216,141
Due from the other governments		3,351,016		2,200,989
Accounts payables		(1,598,710)		(1,287,636)
Salaries payable		(47,221)		(37,522)
Due to other funds		(88,529)		(120,205)
Due to the School Board		(589,927)		(422,996)
Total accrual adjustments	\$	(1,099,291)	\$	168,144
Ending General Fund - Fund Balance	\$	31,593,965	\$	35,471,778

The fund balance of the County's general fund decreased by \$3,877,813 during the current fiscal year. The majority of the decrease in the General Fund Balance can be attributed to the pay down of debt in the amount of \$4,946,648.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budgeted appropriations and the final amended budgeted appropriations were net increase of \$17,341,308. This increase occurred because of various budget increases/reductions that occurred after the 2016 budget process was complete. There were also increases that were made to the 2016 budget because of unforeseen events that occurred during the year. Significant budgetary supplements are included below:

- During the budget process, an estimate is made for carryover funds not expended in the prior year. These estimates are adjusted at July 1 to accurately show the true amount that remained in these funds at 6/30 of that year. Budgeted carryovers were increased by \$2,768,246 during FY 2016.
- Grant Funds increased the budget during FY 2016. New grants received during the year totaled \$1,603,618.
- Unexpected expenditures appropriated from undesignated fund balance totaled \$8,347,840, which included an appropriation to pay down debt in the amount of \$4.9 million along with a total of \$978,377 to purchase property for a new animal shelter and provide funds for architectural and engineering services and hiring a new animal shelter manager. In addition to these amounts, a total of \$1,896,482 was requested in new carryover amounts.
- A new appropriation was included to cover the School Energy Project in the amount of \$3,313,595.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2016 is \$120,381,903 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land buildings and system, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of Property for new Animal Shelter, \$606,396
- New Animal Shelter Construction (A&E Services), \$247,292
- Moses Building Security Upgrade, \$24,322
- Moses Building Restroom Renovations, \$38,525
- CAD/RMS Server, \$99,419

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

		1 01	uepreciation)		
	 2016 Governmental activities		2016 Business-type activities	2015 Governmental activities	2015 Business-type activities
Land Buildings and system Machinery and	\$ 5,510,544 100,772,249	\$	95,000	\$ 4,904,148 104,230,348	\$ 95,000
equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress	13,752,399 346,711		819,341 4,989,450 6,500	14,975,907 34,892	792,869 4,885,931 136,268
Total	\$ 120,381,903	\$	5,910,291	\$ 124,145,295	\$ 5,910,068

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (continued)

Capital assets (continued)

School Board Assets financed with debt are considered assets of the General government until debt on these assets has been defeased. As such, the above listed assets include School Board Assets net of related depreciation of \$95,024,383. Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt

At the end of the fiscal year the County had the following outstanding debt:

	2016 Business-	2016	2015 Business-	2015
	type	Governmental	type	Governmental
	 activities	activities	activities	activities
General obligation bonds Lease Revenue Notes Deferred Amounts:	\$ 2,569,999	73,256,763 926,400	\$ 3,184,999	84,416,941 1,405,668
Bond Premium	193,592	6,974,513	228,790	1,113,280
On Refunding				
Bond Discounts		-		(120,253)
Landfill closure/post-			2 442 940	
closure	2,962,576	-	3,412,860	-
Capital leases		11,273,192		12,905,295
QECB Revenue Bond		3,313,595		
Net pension liability	240,767	5,491,769	197,543	4,505,850
Net OPEB Obligation		1,081,000		977,000
Compensated absences	24,789	1,127,689	27,187	1,100,862
Contingency for CSA	·	1,250,000		1,500,000
Total	\$ 5,991,723	104,694,921	\$ 7,051,379	107,804,643

County of Pittsylvania's Outstanding Debt

Legislations enacted in fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 requires that debt historically reported by the School Board has been assumed by the Primary Government. The legislation affects the reporting of local school capital assets as well.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The remainder of this page is left blank intentionally.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- At June 30, 2016, the unemployment rate for the County was 4.5 percent, which is a decrease from the rate of 6.0 percent a year ago. This compares unfavorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 3.7 percent and unfavorably to the national average rate of 4.9 percent.
- Pittsylvania County continues to work jointly with the City of Danville through a joint authority known as the Danville-Pittsylvania County Regional Facilities Authority. This authority works to attract industry and business to Southside Virginia.
- Pittsylvania County has a median household income of \$39,531 compared to the State median household income of \$66,262.
- Pittsylvania County's population was estimated at 62,194 in 2015 compared with 63,506 based on US Census Bureau information from 2010.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

Appropriations for County funds lapse at fiscal year end, with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund, therefore, it is not anticipated that fund balance will be used to finance daily operations for the 2017 budget year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide readers with a general overview of the County of Pittsylvania's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Office, P.O. Box 426, Chatham, Virginia 24531. The County's website at <u>www.pittgov.org</u> may also be visited to obtain valuable information about the County.

Information relative to the Pittsylvania County Public Service Authority and the Pittsylvania County Industrial Development Authority financial statements may be obtained from those organizations directly. **Basic Financial Statements**

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Prim	nary Government	_		Component Uni	
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	School Board	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>	Pittsylvania County Service <u>Authority</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,349,991	\$-	\$ 39,349,991	\$ 712,760	\$ 538,232	\$ 765,089
Investments	36,467	-	36,467	-	-	21,122
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable	19,273,057	-	19,273,057	-	-	-
Accounts receivable Notes receivable	1,643,926	357,286	2,001,212	62,244	358,699	341,297
Capital lease receivable	-	-	-			18,850
Due from primary government		-	-	589,927	-	
Due from other governmental units	4,116,535	-	4,116,535	2,465,813	-	-
Inventories	7,555	-	7,555	-	-	30,774
Assets held for resale - Industrial sites	-	-	-	-	987,700	-
Internal balances	216,141	(216,141)	-	-	-	-
Prepaid items	-	-	-	1,034,089	-	56,999
Restricted assets:	(22.02.4		(22.02.(25 207		
Cash and cash equivalents	622,924	-	622,924	35,287	-	-
Investments Noncurrent assets:	-	-	-	-	-	2,254,455
Notes receivable	_	-			5,894,031	-
Capital lease receivable	-	-	-	-		217,675
Net OPEB asset	-	-	-	337,000	-	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):				,		
Land	5,510,544	95,000	5,605,544	2,709,971	-	
Buildings and improvements	100,772,249	-	100,772,249	9,255,745	-	-
Machinery and equipment	13,752,399	819,341	14,571,740	3,307,603	-	-
Infrastructure	-	4,989,450	4,989,450	-	-	-
Utility plant in service	-	-	-	-	-	32,613,002
Construction in progress	346,711	6,500	353,211	567,411	-	-
Total assets	185,648,499	6,051,436	191,699,935	21,077,850	7,778,662	36,319,263
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	4,704,453	6,948	4,711,401	-	-	
Change in proportionate share of net pension liability		-	-	1,885,000	-	-
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	1,209,390	51,961	1,261,351	5,892,740	-	73,630
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,913,843	58,909	5,972,752	7,777,740	-	73,630
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	1,861,734	37,603	1,899,337	774,133	-	254,783
Salaries payable	47,221	6,216	53,437	2,358,669	-	5,977
Customer deposits	1,206,700	-	- 1,206,700	-	-	162,766
Estimate of incurred but unreported health claims Accrued interest payable	1,181,261	27,395	1,208,656			2,735
Amounts held for rescue squads	88,529	-	88,529	-	-	2,755
Due to component unit	589,927	-	589,927	-	-	
Unearned revenue	, -	22,500	22,500	-	-	68,639
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	9,067,473	1,208,790	10,276,263	1,184,491	290,380	115,185
Due in more than one year	95,627,448	4,782,933	100,410,381	69,060,352	5,308,226	417,431
Total liabilities	109,670,293	6,085,437	115,755,730	73,377,645	5,598,606	1,027,516
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	17 001 701		17 004 704			
Deferred revenue - property taxes	17,831,796	-	17,831,796	-	-	-
Items related to measurement of net pension liability Total deferred inflows of resources	1,583,631	69,429 69,429	1,653,060 19,484,856	5,451,472 5,451,472		94,912 94,912
Total deferred intows of resources	17,415,427	07,427	17,404,030	5,451,472		74,712
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	33,554,887	3,153,648	36,708,535	15,840,730	-	32,457,712
Restricted:		,,	,,	,,		, - , -
Construction	473,495	-	473,495	-	-	-
Grant funds	1,590,889	-	1,590,889	-	-	-
Asset forfeiture funds	933,116	-	933,116	-	-	-
Debt service	70,586	-	70,586	-	-	-
Health Insurance	3,838,849	-	3,838,849	-	-	-
School Cafeteria	-	-	-	733,229	-	-
Unrestricted	22,014,800	(3,198,169)	18,816,631	(66,547,486)	2,180,056	2,812,753
Total net position	\$ 62,476,622	\$ (44,521)	\$ 62,432,101	\$ (49,973,527)	\$ 2,180,056	\$ 35,270,465

	ue and ition	Component Units	Industrial Pittsylvania Development County Service School Board Authority Authority		s						• • •	•	1 1 1		- (288,380) - (451,389)	(16,890,205) (288,360) (451,389)		•				280,555 10	1,302,881 - 4,834 17 227 250			280,555	(7,805)	(32,102,492) 2,187,581 33,510,746 (49,973,527) \$ 2,180,056 \$ 35,270,465
	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		Total		\$ (2,558,056) \$ (470,025)	(470,022) (12,022,082)	(806,633)	(2,789,569) (20.654.247)	(1,391,716)	(2,353,099)	(47,645,578)	(953,035)	(48,598,613)	1)		5		36,527,161	2,247,171	1,172,910	2,203,323 1.362,472		698,427	6.580.065	-			c) 29,478,200 (2) (3) (4) (5) (4) (5) (4) (5) (4) (5) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7
		Primary Government	Business-type <u>Activities</u>		\$ \$							(953,035)	(953,035)							•			9,675		1,587,768	1,597,443	644,408	(688,929) \$ (44,521)
ila, Virginia ctivities une 30, 2016			Governmental <u>Activities</u>		\$ (2,558,056) (470,025)	(470,022) (12,022,082)	(806,633)	(2,789,569)	(1,391,716)	(2,353,099)	(47,645,578)		(47,645,578)					36,527,161	2,247,171	1,172,910	1.362.472	760,917	688,752	- 6.580.065	(1,587,768)	49,955,005	2,309,427	60,16/,193 \$ 62,476,622
County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016			Capital Grants and <u>Contributions</u>		\$ S	- 25,446					25,446	ſ	\$ 25,446	, ,	- 569,640	\$ 569,640								v				
	Program Revenues		Operating Grants and <u>Contributions</u>		\$ 407,339 1148 245	4,866,292	68,951	10,506,212	154,711	697,890	17,849,640	·	\$ 17,849,640	\$ 67,093,640		\$ 67,093,640						ney and property		Fayments from the county of Pitcsytvania Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs				
			Charges for <u>Services</u>		\$ 154,698 12 004	474,960	14,059		79,505		- 735,316		\$ 1,867,410	\$ 1,873,412	2,636,603	\$ 4,510,015		taxes	use taxes	cy taxes	cellaes S	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	Miscellaneous	le county or Pictsyrva butions not restricted		Total general revenues and transfers	tion	nning, as restated ng
			Expenses		\$ 3,120,093 1 630 364	17,388,780	889,643	13,295,781 20 654 247	1,625,932	3,050,989	4,000,131 66,255,980		\$ 68,341,109	\$ 85,857,257	288,360 3,657,632	\$ 89,803,249	General revenues:	General property taxes Other local taxes:	Local sales and use taxes	Consumers' utility taxes	Other local taxes	Unrestricted reve	Miscellaneous	Grants and contri	Transfers	Total general rev	Change in net position	Net position - beginning, as restated Net position - ending
			Functions/Programs	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:	General government administration	Juurciat autimistration Public safety	Public works	Health and welfare Education	Parks, recreation, and cultural	Community development	Interest on tong-term debt Total governmental activities	Business-type activities: Landfill	Total primary government	COMPONENT UNITS: School Board	Industrial Development Authority Pittsylvania County Service Authority	Total component units												

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	<u>General</u>	Industrial Development	Workforce Investment Act	School Capital <u>Improvements</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,586,203	\$ 1,657,858	\$ -	\$ 25,355	\$ 1,137,284	\$ 35,406,700
Investments	36,467	-	-	-	-	36,467
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable	19,273,057	-	-	-	-	19,273,057
Accounts receivable	455,630	-	128,480	-	-	584,110
Due from other funds	216,141	-	-	-	-	216,141
Due from other governmental units	3,351,016	-	765,519	-	-	4,116,535
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	70,586	-	-	552,338	-	622,924
Total assets	55,989,100	1,657,858	893,999	577,693	1,137,284	60,255,934
LIABILITIES						
Reconciled overdraft	-	-	76,178	-	-	76,178
Accounts payable	1,598,710	9,155	126,718	104,198	76	1,838,857
Salaries payable	47,221	-	-	-	-	47,221
Amounts held for rescue squads	88,529	-	-	-	-	88,529
Due to component unit	589,927	-	-	-	-	589,927
Total liabilities	2,324,387	9,155	202,896	104,198	76	2,640,712
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	22,070,748	-	-		-	22,070,748
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
Construction	-	-	-	473,495	-	473,495
Grant funds	899,786	-	691,103	-	-	1,590,889
Asset Forfeiture Fund	-	-	-	-	933,116	933,116
Debt service	70,586	-	-	-	-	70,586
Committed:						
Special revenue funds	-	1,648,703	-	-	-	1,648,703
Assigned:						
Veterinary Expense Fund	2,483	-	-	-	-	2,483
Law Library Fund	15,771	-	-	-	-	15,771
Library Gifts Fund	9,755	-	-	-	-	9,755
Capital Outlay Fund	647,463	-	-	-	-	647,463
Jail Inmate Management Fund	115,771	-	-	-	-	115,771
Courthouse Maintenance Fund	37,048	-	-	-	-	37,048
Courthouse Security Fund	752,016	-	-	-	-	752,016
Jail Processing Fund	13,193	-	-	-	-	13,193
Rural Road Addition Fund	239,523	-	-	-	-	239,523
Debt Service Reserve Fund	-	-	-	-	204,092	204,092
Social Services Bond Fund	60,942	-	-	-	-	60,942
Schools Bond Fund	2,400	-	-	-	-	2,400
Jnassigned	28,727,228	-	-	-	-	28,727,228
Total fund balances	31,593,965	1,648,703	691,103	473,495	1,137,208	35,544,474
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and fund balances	\$ 55,989,100	\$ 1,657,858	\$ 893,999	\$ 577,693	\$ 1,137,284	\$ 60,255,934

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 35,544,474
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Jointly owned assets are included in the total capital assets.		
Land	\$ 5,510,544	
Buildings and improvements	100,772,249	
Machinery and equipment	13,752,399	
Construction in progress	346,711	120,381,903
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 4,238,952	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	(1,583,631)	2,655,321
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to		
the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		1,209,390
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities,		
such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and		
liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net position.		3,857,263
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current		
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds	\$ (73,256,763)	
Lease revenue notes QECB bond	(926,400) (3,313,595)	
Capital leases	(11,273,192)	
Unamortized premiums	(6,974,513)	
Deferred charges on refundings	4,704,453	
Accrued interest payable	(1,181,261)	
Net OPEB obligation	(1,081,000)	
Net pension liability	(5,491,769)	
Compensated absences	(1,127,689)	
Due to the Commonwealth - CSA	(1,250,000)	(101,171,729)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 62,476,622
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES		<u>General</u>	<u>D</u>	Industrial evelopment		Vorkforce avestment <u>Act</u>	<u>lr</u>	School Capital nprovements	Go	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$	35,693,771	¢		\$	-	,	5 -	\$	-	\$ 35,693,771
Other local taxes	Ļ	6,985,878	Ļ		Ļ			-	Ļ	-	6,985,878
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		157,941						-			157,941
Fines and forfeitures		207,431						_		-	207,431
Revenue from the use of money and property		415,971				344,592		-		354	760,917
Charges for services		369,944				544,572		-			369,944
Miscellaneous		649,599				1,732		-		37,421	688,752
Recovered costs		1,010,137				1,752		_		57,421	1,010,137
Intergovernmental:		1,010,157		-		-		-		-	1,010,137
Commonwealth		17,698,041		692,640		72,596				197,103	18,660,380
Federal				092,040		-		-		-	
		2,583,133				2,936,192		-		25,446	5,544,771
Total revenues		65,771,846		692,640		3,355,112		-		260,324	70,079,922
EXPENDITURES Current:											
General government administration		3,274,249		-		-				-	3,274,249
Judicial administration		1,629,683		-						-	1,629,683
Public safety		15,314,937				_				720,429	16,035,366
Public works		1,467,351		-						, 20, 42,	1,467,351
Health and welfare		10,497,888				2,729,759				-	13,227,647
Education		14,455,415		_		2,727,757		_		-	14,455,415
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,606,150						_		_	1,606,150
Community development		1,943,481		494,403				-		-	2,437,884
Capital projects		975,594		650,383				2,720,682			4,346,659
Debt service:		775,574		050,505				2,720,002			ч, 3ч0, 037
Principal retirement		19,766,549				-		15,000,000			34,766,549
Bond issuance costs		345,282						298,009			643,291
		4,070,647		-		-		54,839		-	4,125,486
Interest and other fiscal charges				1 144 796							
Total expenditures		75,347,226		1,144,786		2,729,759		18,073,530		720,429	98,015,730
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures		(9,575,380)		(452,146)		625,353		(18,073,530)		(460,105)	(27,935,808)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		499,310		-		1,461		(1,461)	499,310
Transfers out		(2,087,078)		-		-		-		-	(2,087,078)
Issuance of general obligation bond		-		-		-		13,275,000		-	13,275,000
Proceeds of QECB bond		-		-		-		3,313,595		-	3,313,595
Premium on issuance		4,131,629		-		-		1,956,969		-	6,088,598
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(34,006,984)		-		-		-		-	(34,006,984)
Proceeds from advance refunding of bonds		37,660,000		-		-		-		-	37,660,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,697,567		499,310		-		18,547,025		(1,461)	24,742,441
Net change in fund balances		(2 877 042)		AT 16 A		675 252		472 40F		(161 664)	(2 102 247)
		(3,877,813)		47,164		625,353		473,495		(461,566)	(3,193,367)
Fund balances - beginning	ć	35,471,778	ć	1,601,539	ć	65,750		-	ć	1,598,774	38,737,841
Fund balances - ending	\$	31,593,965	\$	1,648,703	\$	691,103		\$ 473,495	\$	1,137,208	\$ 35,544,474

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

······································		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (3,193,367)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of		
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported		
as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded		
depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlays	\$ 1,725,730	
Depreciation expense	(5,474,032)	(3,748,302)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and		(45,000)
donations) is to increase net assets.		(15,090)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are		
not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	\$ 833,390	
Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability	1,620,286	2,453,676
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes		
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has		
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums,		
discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts		
are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect		
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Debt logical or logistade		
Debt Issued or Incurred: Issuance of general obligation current refunding bonds	\$ (13,275,000)	
Issuance of QECB bond	(3,313,595)	
Issuance of general obligation advanced refunding bonds	(37,660,000)	
Premium on refunding bonds	(6,088,598)	
Principal Payments	(0,000,070)	
General obligation bonds	32,655,178	
Lease revenue notes	479,268	
Capital leases	1,632,103	
Payment to escrow agent for refunding - principal	29,440,000	
Payment to escrow agent for refunding - interest	4,566,984	
Due to Commonwealth - CSA	250,000	8,686,340
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences	\$ (26,827)	
Change in accrued interest payable	445,572	
Change in net OPEB obligation	(104,000)	
Change in net pension liability	(985,919)	
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions	36,352	
Amortization of bond premium	227,365	
Amortization of bond discount	(120,253)	
Amortization of loss on refunding	(384,058)	(911,768)
Internal convice funds are used by management to charge the sects of contain activities and a		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain		
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(962,062)
		(702,002)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,309,427

Exhibit 7

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

June 30, 2016		
	Enterprise	
	Fund	Internal
	Landfill	Service
	Fund	Funds
A00570		
ASSETS		
Current assets:	Ċ.	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles	\$	\$ 4,019,469 1,059,816
Inventories	557,200	7,555
Total current assets	357,286	5,086,840
Noncurrent assets:	557,200	3,000,040
Capital assets: (net of related depreciation)		
Land	95,000	-
Machinery and equipment	819,341	-
Infrastructure	4,989,450	-
Construction in progress	6,500	-
Total capital assets	5,910,291	
Total noncurrent assets	5,910,291	-
Total assets	6,267,577	5,086,840
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred charge on refunding	6,948	-
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	51,961	-
	58,909	-
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	37,603	22,877
Estimate of incurred but unreported health claims	57,005	1,206,700
Accrued salaries	6,216	1,200,700
Due to other funds	216,141	_
Interest payable	27,395	-
Unearned revenue	22,500	-
Compensated absences - current portion	18,592	-
Bonds payable - current portion	1,190,198	-
Total current liabilities	1,518,645	1,229,577
		, ,,-
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Landfill closure/postclosure liability	2,962,576	-
Bonds payable - net of current portion	1,573,393	-
Compensated absences - net of current portion	6,197	-
Net pension liability	240,767	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,782,933	-
Total liabilities	6,301,578	1,229,577
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Items related to measurement of net pension liability	69,429	-
tens retated to measurement or net pension flability	07,427	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	3,153,648	-
Restricted for health insurance claims	-	3,838,849
Unrestricted	(2 109 160)	18,414
Unrestricted	(3,198,169)	10,414

Exhibit 8

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

EnterpriseFund Internal ServiceCharges for services: Materials and supplies\$\$\$\$298,384 Insurance premiumsInsurance premiums\$<	For the Year Ended June 30,	2016	
Landfill FundService FundsOPERATING REVENUES Charges for services: Materials and supplies\$ <td< td=""><td></td><td>Enterprise</td><td></td></td<>		Enterprise	
FundFundsOPERATING REVENUESCharges for services: Materials and supplies\$ <td< td=""><td></td><td>Fund</td><td>Internal</td></td<>		Fund	Internal
OPERATING REVENUESCharges for services:Materials and supplies\$\$\$ 298,384Insurance premiums4,228-Solid waste collections1,069,236-Penatties and interest\$ 8,630-Miscellaneous9,675-Total operating revenues1,141,76911,634,952OPERATING EXPENSES-12,309,610Supplies, insurance and telephone-287,404Insurance claims and expenses-12,309,610Salaries655,425-Fringes230,514-Contractual services446,424-Utilities35,867-Insurance20,055-Fuel147,228-Supplies174,119-Landfill monitoring126,221-Miscellaneous108,734-Depreciation479,855-Total operating expenses2,424,44212,597,014Change in Net Position(1,282,673)(962,062)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)339,313-Income before transfers(943,360)(962,062)Transfers in1,587,768-Change in Net Position644,408(962,062)Transfers in1,587,768-Change in Net Position644,408(962,062)Total net position - beginning(688,929)4,819,325		Landfill	Service
Charges for services: Materials and supplies\$ </td <td></td> <td><u>Fund</u></td> <td>Funds</td>		<u>Fund</u>	Funds
Charges for services: Materials and supplies\$ </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Materials and supplies \$			
Insurance premiums - 11,336,568 Recycling 4,228 - Solid waste collections 1,069,236 - Penalties and interest 58,630 - Miscellaneous 9,675 - Total operating revenues 1,141,769 11,634,952 OPERATING EXPENSES - 12,309,610 Salaries 655,425 - Fringes 230,514 - Contractual services 446,424 - Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 12,62,11 - Inscredianeous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 339,313 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Income before transfers (943,360)	-	¢ (200.204
Recycling 4,228 - Solid waste collections 1,069,236 - Penalties and interest 58,630 - Miscellaneous 9,675 - Total operating revenues 1,141,769 11,634,952 OPERATING EXPENSES - 287,404 Insurance claims and expenses - 12,309,610 Salaries 655,425 - Fringes 230,514 - Contractual services 446,424 - Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) - - Recovered costs 423,037		\$ - ;	-
Solid waste collections 1,069,236 - Penalties and interest 58,630 - Miscellaneous 9,675 - Total operating revenues 1,141,769 11,634,952 OPERATING EXPENSES - 287,404 Insurance claims and expenses - 12,309,610 Salaries 655,425 - Fringes 230,514 - Contractual services 446,424 - Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 433,724 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in	-	-	11,336,568
Penalties and interest $58,630$ \cdot Miscellaneous $9,675$ \cdot Total operating revenues $11,141,769$ $11,634,952$ OPERATING EXPENSESSupplies, insurance and telephone \cdot $287,404$ Insurance claims and expenses \cdot $12,309,610$ Salaries $655,425$ $-$ Fringes $230,514$ $-$ Contractual services $446,424$ $-$ Utilities $35,867$ $-$ Insurance $20,055$ $-$ Fuel $147,228$ $-$ Supplies $174,119$ $-$ Landfill monitoring $126,221$ $-$ Miscellaneous $108,734$ $-$ Depreciation $479,855$ $-$ Total operating expenses $2,424,442$ $12,597,014$ Change in Net Position $(1,282,673)$ $(962,062)$ NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) $339,313$ $-$ Income before transfers $(943,360)$ $(962,062)$ Transfers in $1,587,768$ $-$ Change in Net Position $644,408$ $(962,062)$ Total net position - beginning $(688,929)$ $4,819,325$			-
Miscellaneous Total operating revenues 9,675 - OPERATING EXPENSES 11,141,769 11,634,952 Supplies, insurance and telephone - 287,404 Insurance claims and expenses - 12,309,610 Salaries 655,425 - Fringes 230,514 - Contractual services 446,424 - Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Insurance 12,209,610 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 423,037 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></tr<>			-
Total operating revenues 1,141,769 11,634,952 OPERATING EXPENSES 5 287,404 Insurance claims and expenses - 12,309,610 Salaries 655,425 - Fringes 230,514 - Contractual services 446,424 - Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 88,724) - Recovered costs 433,360) (962,062) Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 688,929 4,819,325			-
OPERATING EXPENSES Supplies, insurance and telephone - 287,404 Insurance claims and expenses - 12,309,610 Salaries 655,425 - Fringes 230,514 - Contractual services 446,424 - Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 423,037 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768			-
Supplies, insurance and telephone . 287,404 Insurance claims and expenses . 12,309,610 Salaries . 55,425 . Fringes . 230,514 . Contractual services . 446,424 . Utilities . 35,867 . Insurance . . 20,055 . Fuel . 147,228 . Supplies . . 12,597,014 . Landfill monitoring . 126,221 . . Miscellaneous . . 12,597,014 . Depreciation Total operating expenses NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Income before transfers Interest expense <	Total operating revenues	1,141,769	11,634,952
Insurance claims and expenses - 12,309,610 Salaries 655,425 - Fringes 230,514 - Contractual services 446,424 - Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) - - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries 655,425 - Fringes 230,514 - Contractual services 446,424 - Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) - - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Supplies, insurance and telephone	-	287,404
Tringes 230,514 Contractual services 446,424 Utilities 35,867 Insurance 20,055 Fuel 147,228 Supplies 174,119 Landfill monitoring 126,221 Miscellaneous 108,734 Depreciation 479,855 Total operating expenses 2,424,442 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8 Recovered costs 423,037 Interest expense (83,724) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Transfers in 1,687,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062)	Insurance claims and expenses	-	12,309,610
Contractual services 446,424 - Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Salaries	655,425	-
Utilities 35,867 - Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Fringes	230,514	-
Insurance 20,055 - Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 423,037 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Contractual services	446,424	-
Fuel 147,228 - Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 423,037 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Utilities	35,867	-
Supplies 174,119 - Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 423,037 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Insurance	20,055	-
Landfill monitoring 126,221 - Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 423,037 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Fuel	147,228	-
Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 423,037 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Supplies	174,119	-
Miscellaneous 108,734 - Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 423,037 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Landfill monitoring	126,221	-
Depreciation 479,855 - Total operating expenses 2,424,442 12,597,014 Change in Net Position (1,282,673) (962,062) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 423,037 - Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	-		-
Total operating expenses2,424,44212,597,014Change in Net Position(1,282,673)(962,062)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)423,037-Recovered costs423,037-Interest expense(83,724)-Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)339,313-Income before transfers(943,360)(962,062)Transfers in Change in Net Position1,587,768-Total net position - beginning(688,929)4,819,325	Depreciation	479,855	-
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Recovered costs423,037Interest expense(83,724)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)339,313Income before transfers(943,360)Income before transfers(943,360)Transfers in Change in Net Position1,587,768Total net position - beginning(688,929)4,819,325			12,597,014
Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Change in Net Position	(1,282,673)	(962,062)
Recovered costs 423,037 - Interest expense (83,724) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	NONOPERATING REVENILES (EXPENSES)		
Interest expense(83,724)-Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)339,313-Income before transfers(943,360)(962,062)Transfers in Change in Net Position1,587,768-Change in Net Position644,408(962,062)Total net position - beginning(688,929)4,819,325		∆ 23 037	_
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 339,313 - Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325			_
Income before transfers (943,360) (962,062) Transfers in Change in Net Position 1,587,768 - Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	•		
Transfers in 1,587,768 - Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	rotat honoperating revenues (expenses)		
Change in Net Position 644,408 (962,062) Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Income before transfers	(943,360)	(962,062)
Total net position - beginning (688,929) 4,819,325	Transfers in	1,587,768	
	Change in Net Position	644,408	(962,062)
	Total net position - beginning	(688,929)	4,819,325

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise	
	Fund	Internal
	Landfill	Service
	Fund	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢ , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,163,671 \$	
Receipts for materials and supplies	-	286,942
Receipts for insurance premiums	-	11,314,558
Payments to suppliers	(1,631,788)	(298,655)
Payments to employees	(914,320)	-
Payments for insurance premiums	-	(12,083,310)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(1,382,437)	(780,465)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	1,587,768	-
	1,507,700	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of utility plant	(491,103)	-
Principal payments on bonds	(615,000)	-
Interest expense	(118,555)	-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related	(110,000)	
financing activities	(1,224,658)	_
mancing activities	(1,224,038)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,019,327)	(780,465)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	596,290	4,799,934
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ (423,037) \$	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,282,673) \$	(962,062)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	479,855	-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	230,648	(33,452)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	-	5,649
(Increase) decrease in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	(533)	-,-
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries	2,361	-
Increase (decrease) in closure/postclosure liability	(450,284)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(122,856)	209,400
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(122,030)	207,400
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		-
	(208,746)	-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	43,224	
Increase (decrease) items related to measurement of net pension liability	(71,035)	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	-	-
Total adjustments	(99,764)	181,597
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (1,382,437) \$	(780,465)
Noncash investing capital and financing activities:		
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Prior year retainage payable	\$ 11,025 \$	

Exhibit 10

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

		Agency <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	339,812	
Cash in custody of others		79,128	
Total assets	\$	418,940	
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients	\$	7,247	
Amounts held for developers	Ç	332,565	
Amounts held for land sales		59,895	
Amounts held for inmates		19,233	
Total liabilities	\$	418,940	

COUNTY OF PITTSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Pittsylvania, Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected sevenmember Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units.

The Pittsylvania County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type and does not issue a separate financial statement.

The Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County (IDA) encourages and provides financing for industrial development in Pittsylvania County. The County has executed a support agreement with the IDA to provide funding sufficient to meet principal and interest payments on the Authority's \$2,000,000 revenue bond dated August 1, 2005. As such, the IDA is fiscally dependent upon the County. The IDA's fiscal year end is December 31st and financial data presented herewith for the Authority is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. The IDA issues separate financial statements that may be obtained from the County of Pittsylvania, 21 North Main Street, Chatham, Virginia 24531.

The Pittsylvania County Service Authority (Service Authority) provides water and sewer service to residents of Pittsylvania County. The County has executed two support agreements with the Service Authority to provide funding sufficient to meet principal and interest payments on the Service Authority's Series 2006 and 2007 Revenue Notes in the amount of \$622,117 and \$660,000, respectively. As such, the Service Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. The Service Authority's fiscal year end is December 31st and financial data presented herewith for the Service Authority is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. The Service Authority issues separate financial statements that may be obtained from the County of Pittsylvania, 21 North Main Street, Chatham, Virginia 24531.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County, in conjunction with the City of Danville, participates in supporting the Danville-Pittsylvania Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$267,194 to the Community Services Board.

The County in conjunction with the City of Danville participates in supporting the Regional Industrial Facilities Authority.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the activities of the Social Services, Debt Reserve, Bond, Zoning, Grants, CIP, Jail Operations, Rural Roads, Building Code Academy, Courthouse Security, Jail Inmate Management, Landfill Bond, Library Gifts, Courthouse Maintenance, Law Library, Animal Friendly Plates, and Jail Processing Funds. The aforementioned Funds have been merged with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

The Industrial Development and Workforce Investment Act Funds serve as the County's major *Special Revenue Funds*. The Industrial Development Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for industrial and community development benefiting the County. The Industrial Development Fund includes the activities of the cyclical and non-cyclical industrial development funds. The Workforce Investment Act Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for administering programs to improve the workforce of Pittsylvania County and surrounding jurisdictions.

The School Capital Improvements Fund is the County's capital projects fund related to school improvements.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The government reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The Forfeited Assets is a Special Revenue Fund that accounts for and reports financial resources to be used in connection with the Sheriff and Commonwealth Attorney's asset forfeiture funds.

The Debt Service Reserve Fund is the County's only *Debt Service Fund*. It accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the payment of debt of the County as well as jointly governed organizations.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

The *Landfill Fund* accounts for activities of the landfill, including charges for services, expenses, assets, and related debts.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Funds consist of the Central Stores and Self Insurance Funds.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Special Welfare, Cash Bond, Land Sales, and Sheriff's Inmate Trust and Canteen Account Funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Funds are charges to departments for sales and health insurance. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance:
 - 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and Collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act").

2. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1st. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Real estate taxes are payable in installments on June 6th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible in installments on June 6th and December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$923,150 at June 30, 2016 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the Component Unit - School Board, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability. These include changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions and contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset or liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset or liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

10. Long-term Obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

11. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

13. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid expenditures) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board of Supervisors is the County's highest level of decision-making authority and a resolution is required prior to the last day of the fiscal year in order to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance in accordance with the County's fund balance policy.

The County will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 10% of expenditures/revenues. The County considers a balance of less than 10% to be cause for concern, barring unusual, or deliberate circumstances.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

14. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

15. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All Funds of the County have legally adopted budgets with the exception of Agency Funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund) and the School Capital Projects Funds. The School Operating Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

- B. Budgetary Information (continued)
 - 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
 - 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
 - 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- A. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

At June 30, 2016, no departments had expenditures in excess of its appropriations.

B. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2016, no funds had deficit fund equity.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

<u>Deposits</u>

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County has not adopted an investment policy for credit risk.

The County's rated debt investments for LGIP and Government Obligations were rated by Standard and Poor's and Moody's, respectively, as of June 30, 2016 and the ratings are presented below using the respective rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Qu	uality Ratings
		AAAm
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	36,467

External Investment Pool

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Interest Rate Risk

Investment Type	Fair '	Value	Less than 1 yr		
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	36,467	\$	36,467	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:	-		
Local sales tax	\$	391,772	\$ -
Communication sales tax		358,888	-
State sales tax		-	1,737,543
Non-categorical aid		123,270	-
Categorical aid-shared expenses		476,405	-
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		99,151	-
Categorical aid-other		110,188	38,297
Categorical aid-Comprehensive Services Act funds		1,569,975	-
Federal Government:			
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		200,889	-
Categorical aid-Workforce Investment Act funds		765,519	-
Categorical aid-other	-	20,478	 689,973
Total Amount Due from Other Governmental Units	\$_	4,116,535	\$ 2,465,813

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

Fund	Due to Primary Government/ Component Unit	Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit
Primary Government: General Fund	\$ 589,927	\$
Component Unit - School Board: School Fund	\$ 	\$ 589,927

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations: (continued)

Interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Fund	Due to	Due from			
Primary Government: Major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$ 216,141	\$-			
Enterprise Funds:					
Landfill fund	-	216,141			
Total	\$ 216,141	\$ 216,141			

All balances are the results of time lag between dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. The County expects all balances to be repaid within one year.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfe	rs In	Transfers Out			
Primary Government:						
Major Governmental Funds:						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	(2,087,078)		
Industrial Development Fund	499	,310		-		
School Capital Improvements Fund	1	,461		-		
Enterprise Funds:						
Landfill fund	1,587	,768		-		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:						
Debt Service Reserve Fund		-	_	(1,461)		
Total	\$ 2,088	,539	\$	(2,088,539)		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	 Balance July 1, 2015		Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements		Balance June 30, 2016
General obligation bonds	\$ 84,416,941	\$	50,935,000	\$	(62,095,178)	\$	73,256,763
Lease revenue notes	1,405,668		-		(479,268)		926,400
Unamortized bond premiums	1,113,280		6,081,067		(219,834)		6,974,513
Unamortized bond discounts	(120,253)		-		120,253		-
Capital leases	12,905,295		-		(1,632,103)		11,273,192
QECB Revenue Bond	-		3,313,595		-		3,313,595
Net pension liability	4,505,850		5,413,362		(4,427,443)		5,491,769
Net OPEB obligation	977,000		165,000		(61,000)		1,081,000
Compensated absences	1,100,862		852,474		(825,647)		1,127,689
Due to Commonwealth (CSA)	 1,500,000	-	-		(250,000)	_	1,250,000
Total	\$ 107,804,643	\$_	66,760,498	\$	(69,870,220)	\$_	104,694,921

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		General Obli	gatio	n Bonds	C	ECB Energy R	Revenue Bond			
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2017	\$	5,859,955	\$	3,124,156	\$	216,581	\$	128,077		
2018		5,191,821		2,856,112		217,941		107,466		
2019		5,419,830		2,611,657		218,440		99,904		
2020		5,649,045		2,358,693		218,941		92,324		
2021		5,899,907		2,085,304		219,442		84,727		
2022-2026		27,281,205		6,144,207		1,104,771		309,065		
2027-2031		17,955,000		1,524,550		1,117,479		116,506		
								,		
Totals	\$	73,256,763	\$	20,704,679	\$	3,313,595	\$	938,069		
	١	ear Ending		Lease Reve	nue N	lotes				
		June 30,		Principal Interest						
		2017	\$	243,000	\$	32,116				
		2018		252,700		22,226				
		2019		262,700		11,944				
		2020		168,000		3,352				
		Totals	\$	926,400	\$	69,638				

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Installment <u>Amounts</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>		Balance overnmental <u>Activities</u>		Amount Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds: General Obligation Bond (2) General Obligation Bond (1) General Obligation Bond (1) General Obligation Bond General Obligation Bond (1) General Obligation Bond Total GO Bonds	3.00-5.00% 3.00-5.00% 4.10-5.60% 3.50-5.75% 3.00% 2.00-5.00%	8/21/2015 6/2/2016 11/10/2004 10/30/2008 5/21/2009 4/22/2010	2/1/2030 6/15/2031 7/15/2024 2/1/2030 3/1/2017 3/1/2023	\$625,000-3,600,000 a+ \$605,000-1,150,000 a+ \$999,906-1,010,000 a+ \$2,330,368-3,574,906 a+ \$132,575-918,575 a+ \$1,189,963-1,414,500 a+	\$ 37,660,000 13,275,000 15,735,749 40,000,000 1,612,500 12,485,000	\$ \$	37,035,000 13,275,000 8,081,763 5,510,000 905,000 8,450,000 73,256,763	\$ \$	735,000 605,000 809,955 1,750,000 905,000 1,055,000 5,859,955
Lease Revenue Notes: Revenue Bond - SSB QECB Energy Revenue Bond:	3.99%	4/27/2006	7/15/2019	\$244,017-271,292 a+	\$ 2,900,000	\$	926,400	\$	243,000
QECB Energy Revenue Bond:	3.47%	1/20/2016	3/1/2031	\$216,581-224,519 a+	3,313,595	Ş	3,313,595	\$	216,581
Deferred amounts: Plus: Unamortized Premium						\$	6,974,513	\$	266,177
Other Obligations: Capital Leases (Note 7) Net OPEB Obligation Net Pension Liability Compensated Absences CSA-Due to Commonwealth (No	to 12)					\$	11,273,192 1,081,000 5,491,769 1,127,689 1,250,000	\$	1,385,993 - 845,767 250,000
Total Other Obligations	ite 13)					\$	20,223,650	\$	2,481,760
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	104,694,921	\$	9,067,473

(1) Refunding bond

(2) Advanced refunding bond

(a+) - annual principal installments shown, does not include semi-annual interest installments

The County issued a \$37,660,000 general obligation refunding bond with a premium of \$4,131,629 and an interest rate of 3.00-5.00%. The bond was used to advance refund a portion of the 2008 general obligation bond in the amount of \$29,440,000 and current refund a 2007 general obligation bond in the amount of \$7,236,000. The net proceeds, along with other funds, were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for future debt service payments on the advance refunded bond. As a result, the refunded portion of the 2008 general obligation bond is considered defeased, and the County has removed the liability from the statement of net position. The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 14 years by \$4,359,624. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present values on the old and new debt) of \$3,692,549.

The County also issued a general obligation refunding bond in the amount of \$13,275,000 with a premium of \$1,956,969 and an interest rate of 3.00%-5.00%. The County used \$15,000,000 of this issuance to refund an outstanding loan anticipation note. The net proceeds, along with \$4,945,000 of County funds, were used to pay off the 2012 loan anticipation note.

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	_	Balance July 1, 2015	 Increases/ Issuances	 Decreases/ Retirements	-	Balance June 30, 2016
General obligation bonds Unamortized bond premiums Net pension liability Landfill closure/postclosure Compensated absences	\$ _	3,184,999 228,790 197,543 3,412,860 27,187	\$ - 237,329 - 17,992	\$ (615,000) (35,198) (194,105) (450,284) (20,390)	\$	2,569,999 193,592 240,767 2,962,576 24,789
Total	\$_	7,051,379	\$ 255,321	\$ (1,314,977)	\$	5,991,723

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds							
June 30,	Principal	Interest						
2017	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 82,803						
2018	260,000	57,784						
2019	270,000	46,426						
2020	280,000	35,157						
2021	295,000	22,422						
2022	309,999	7,944						
Totals	\$ 2,569,999	\$ 252,536						

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

			Final		Amount of	Balance	Amount
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Installment	Original	Business-type	Due Within
	<u>Rates</u>	Issued	Date	<u>Amount</u>	Issue	<u>Activities</u>	<u>One Year</u>
General Obligation Bonds: General Obligation Bond General Obligation Bond (1) Total GO Bonds	2.125-5.125% 3.00%	11/16/2011 5/21/2009	11/1/2021 3/1/2017	\$268,616-317,944 a+ \$110,000-905,000 a+	\$ 2,555,000 1,612,500	\$ 1,665,000 904,999 \$ 2,569,999	\$ 250,000 905,000 \$ 1,155,000
Deferred amounts: Plus: Unamortized Premium						\$ 193,592	\$ 35,198
<u>Other Obligations</u> : Net Pension Liability Landfill Closure/Postclosure L Compensated Absences	iability					\$ 240,767 2,962,576 24,789	\$ - - 18,592
Total Other Obligations						\$ 3,228,132	\$ 18,592
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$ 5,991,723	\$ 1,208,790

(1) Refunding Bond

a+ - annual principal installments shown, does not include semi-annual interest payments

sa - semiannual installments, includes interest as applicable

Note 7-Capital Leases:

Primary Government

The School Board issued a lease purchase agreement to pay for supplies and non-capitalized equipment used to implement an energy savings plan and to purchase school buses. The County entered into a capital lease agreement to upgrade its E-911 equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their minimum lease payments at the date of inception.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	E - 911 Equipment		School Buses
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	13,310,986 (2,689,576)	\$ 672,610 (129,362)
Net capital assets	\$_	10,621,410	\$ 543,248

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		School Buses	 Energy Savings Lease	-	E - 911 Equipment Lease	 Total
2017 2018 2019 2020	\$	226,861 - - -	\$ 324,043 324,043 324,043	\$	1,415,540 1,415,535 1,415,534 1,415,539	\$ 1,966,444 1,739,578 1,739,577 1,415,539
2021 2022-2024		-	 -	_	1,415,540 4,246,614	 1,415,540 4,246,614
Subtotal Less, amount	\$	226,861	\$ 972,129	\$	11,324,302	\$ 12,523,292
representing interest	_	(2,668)	 (72,730)	-	(1,174,702)	 (1,250,100)
Present Value of Lease Agreement	\$_	224,193	\$ 899,399	\$	10,149,600	\$ 11,273,192

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations-Component Unit School Board:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	_	Balance July 1, 2015	 Increases		Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016
Net pension liability Compensated absences	\$	64,357,928 1,565,989	\$ 17,919,870 1,187,824	\$	(13,612,276) \$ (1,174,492)	68,665,522 1,579,321
Total	\$	65,923,917	\$ 19,107,694	\$_	(14,786,768) \$	70,244,843

Details of long-term indebtedness:

<u></u> -		Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Year
Other Obligations:			
Net pension liability	\$	68,665,522	\$ -
Compensated absences	_	1,579,321	 1,184,491
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	70,244,843	\$ 1,184,491

Note 9-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	 About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.				

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREA	AENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CON	ITINUED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
		 In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	 Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: Political subdivision employees* Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. *Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREN	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.					
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.					

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Creditable Service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. <u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.				

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contributions from the defined contributions that they make.					

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREM	NENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CON	ITINUED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	 Vesting (Cont.) <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.				
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.				
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non- hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.				

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 1 PLAN 2					
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.				
duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.				
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.				
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.				
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.				

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.) Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.) Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.) Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.					
five years of creditable service.		Defined ContributionComponent:Members are eligible to receivedistributionsuponleavingemployment,subjecttorestrictions.					
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. <u>Eligibility:</u> For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. <u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.					

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)							
PLAN 1	PLAN 1 PLAN 2						
	,	NTINUED) HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.					
 separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. 							

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.				
VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.	VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.				
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	 Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable. 				

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans administered by VRS. A copy recent report may be obtained from VRS of the most the website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	195	167
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	29	12
Non-vested inactive members	65	41
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	93	11
Total inactive members	187	64
Active members	343	161
Total covered employees	725	392

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 11.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. However, during 2016, the County paid a reduced, certified rate approved by the VRS of 9.20% of covered employee compensation.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions (continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,261,351 and \$1,217,249 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 10.74% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$295,656 and \$283,578 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (continued)

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Primary Government									
		Increase (Decrease)							
	_	Total	Plan	Net					
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension					
		Liability	Net Position	Liability					
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)					
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	59,257,539 \$	54,554,146 \$	4,703,393					
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	\$	1,561,447 \$	- \$	1,561,447					
Interest		4,054,448	-	4,054,448					
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		(255,709)	-	(255,709)					
Contributions - employer		-	1,217,249	(1,217,249)					
Contributions - employee		-	666,219	(666,219)					
Net investment income		-	2,482,371	(2,482,371)					
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(2,673,712)	(2,673,712)	-					
Administrative expenses		-	(34,270)	34,270					
Other changes		-	(526)	526					
Net changes	\$	2,686,474 \$	1,657,331 \$	1,029,143					
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	61,944,013 \$	56,211,477 \$	5,732,536					

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (continued)

	Component Unit School Board (nonprof					
		Inc				
		Total	Plan		Net	
		Pension	Fiduciary		Pension	
		Liability	Net Position		Liability	
		(a)	(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	13,954,815 \$	12,725,887	\$	1,228,928	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	346,582 \$	-	\$	346,582	
Interest		944,972	-		944,972	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(93,323)	-		(93,323)	
Contributions - employer		-	283,578		(283,578)	
Contributions - employee		-	132,471		(132,471)	
Net investment income		-	570,904		(570,904)	
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(910,435)	(910,435)		-	
Administrative expenses		-	(8,196)		8,196	
Other changes		-	(120)		120	
Net changes	\$	287,796 \$	68,202	\$	219,594	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	14,242,611 \$	12,794,089	\$	1,448,522	

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate			
	 (6.00%)	 (7.00%)	(8.00%)		
Pittsylvania County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 13,551,345	\$ 5,732,536	\$	(791,624)	
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,075,717	\$ 1,448,522	\$	74,011	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$555,071 and \$124,205, respectively. At June 30, 2016, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Government				Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
		DeferredDeferredOutflows ofInflows ofResourcesResources			Deferred Outflows of Resources	. <u>-</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	190,808	\$	-	\$	59,993	
Change in assumptions		-		-		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,462,252		-		349,479	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,261,351		-		295,656		-	
Total	\$	1,261,351	Ş	1,653,060	Ş	295,656	Ş	409,472	

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$1,261,351 and \$295,656 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Covernment	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
Teal ended Julie 30	 Primary Government	Board (nonprofessional)
2017	\$ (639,487) \$	(169,977)
2018	(639,487)	(163,310)
2019	(635,593)	(136,646)
2020	261,507	60,461
Thereafter	-	-

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

COUNTY OF PITTSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 adjusted for the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%, however, it was reduced to 17.64% as a result of the transfer. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$5,597,084 and \$5,715,044 for the years ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported a liability of \$67,217,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the school division's proportion was 0.53405% as compared to 0.52239% at June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the school division recognized pension expense of \$5,366,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

The remainder of this page left blank intentionally.

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional)</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	926,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				4,116,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,885,000		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	5,597,084	_	-
Total	\$_	7,482,084	\$	5,042,000

\$5,597,084 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2017	\$ (1,379,000)
2018	(1,379,000)
2019	(1,379,000)
2020	940,000
Thereafter	40,000

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Note 9–Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
•	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
School division's proprotionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 98,364,000	\$ 67,217,000	\$ 41,574,000			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 10-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Primary Government:

		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:	_				. –			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	4,904,148	\$	606,396	\$	-	\$	5,510,544
Construction in progress		34,892		346,711		(34,892)		346,711
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	4,939,040	\$	953,107	\$	(34,892)	\$	5,857,255
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	141,731,378	\$	62,847	\$	-	\$	141,794,225
Machinery and equipment		30,376,041		744,668		(948,089)		30,172,620
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	172,107,419	\$	807,515	\$	(948,089)	\$	171,966,845
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(37,501,030)	\$	(3,520,946)	\$	-	\$	(41,021,976)
Machinery and equipment		(15,400,134)		(1,953,086)		932,999		(16,420,221)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(52,901,164)	\$	(5,474,032)	\$	932,999	\$	(57,442,197)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	119,206,255	\$_	(4,666,517)	\$	(15,090)	\$_	114,524,648
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	124,145,295	\$	(3,713,410)	\$	(49,982)	\$_	120,381,903

The remainder of this page left blank intentionally.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 10-Capital Assets: (continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

		Beginning					Ending
		Balance		Increases	Decreases		Balance
Business-type Activities:	_		_				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	95,000	\$	-	\$ - \$	5	95,000
Construction in progress		136,268		298,661	(428,429)		6,500
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	231,268	\$	298,661	\$ (428,429) \$	-	101,500
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	\$	7,349,972	\$	443,105	\$ - \$	5	7,793,077
Machinery and equipment		4,211,958		166,741	(24,936)		4,353,763
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	11,561,930	\$	609,846	\$ (24,936) \$	-	12,146,840
Accumulated depreciation:							
Infrastructure	\$	(2,464,041)	\$	(339,586)	\$ - \$	5	(2,803,627)
Machinery and equipment		(3,419,089)		(140,269)	24,936		(3,534,422)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(5,883,130)	\$	(479,855)	\$ 24,936 \$	5_	(6,338,049)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	5,678,800	\$	129,991	\$ \$	5_	5,808,791
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	5,910,068	\$	428,652	\$ (428,429) \$	5	5,910,291

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General governmental administration	\$ 91,213
Judicial administration	17,880
Public safety	1,693,400
Public works	262,073
Health and welfare	70,732
Education	3,221,249
Parks, recreation, and cultural	49,023
Community development	68,462
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 5,474,032
Business-type activities:	
Public works	\$ 479,855

Note 10-Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

	Beginning Balance Increases Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		
Land	\$ 2,709,971 \$ - \$ - \$	2,709,971
Construction in progress	- 567,411 -	567,411
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 2,709,971 \$ 567,411 \$ - 5	3,277,382
Capital assets, being depreciated:		
Buildings and improvements	\$ 22,920,567 \$ - \$ - \$	5 22,920,567
Machinery and equipment	16,422,049 874,181 (7,630)	17,288,600
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 39,342,616 \$ 874,181 \$ (7,630) \$	40,209,167
Accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings and improvements	\$ (13,328,644) \$ (336,178) \$ - \$	6 (13,664,822)
Machinery and equipment	(13,227,610) (761,017) 7,630	(13,980,997)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (26,556,254) \$ (1,097,195) \$ 7,630 \$	(27,645,819)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 12,786,362 \$ (223,014) \$ - 5	5 12,563,348
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 15,496,333 \$ 344,397 \$ - 5	5 15,840,730

Note 11-Risk Management:

The County and its Component Unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of each of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays the Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its Component Unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County participates were audited in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 13-Comprehensive Services Act-Amount Due to Commonwealth:

In an Order entered December 16, 2011, the State Executive Council ("SEC") found that Pittsylvania County is liable for \$7,699,933 in reimbursement for CSA funds used for ineligible students and services based on an audit conducted by the Auditor of Public Accounts. The SEC agreed to allow the CPMB to pay the Commonwealth of Virginia \$250,000 per year for a ten (10) year period, and if the CPMB abides by several probationary actions during the ten (10) year period, the SEC will forgo requiring the CPMB to repay the balance of the amount due and owing. At the December 20, 2011, Pittsylvania County Board of Supervisors' ("BOS") meeting, the BOS objected to the findings in the SEC's Order, but agreed to its disposition of the matter, i.e. repayment of \$2.5 million dollars over a ten (10) year period with probationary measures.

Note 14-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
Mark Scarce, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	25,000
Vincent Shorter, Treasurer		750,000
Shirley Y. Hammock, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Michael W. Taylor, Sheriff		30,000
All constitutional officers' employees: blanket bond		50,000
VACo Insurance Programs:	_	
All County employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000
National Grange Mutual Insurance Company:	_	
All Social Services employees - blanket bond	\$	100,000

Note 15-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. \$4,711,733 is the total estimated closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2016. This represents the cumulative amount based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill and is based on what it would cost to perform all remaining closure and postclosure in 2016. The liability on the statement of net position of \$2,962,576 is based on the County's estimate that the landfill has reached 100% of Phase I and 31% of Phase II of capacity with a remaining useful life of 20 years for phase II. Actual costs for closure and postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 16-Self Health Insurance:

The County of Pittsylvania, Virginia established a limited risk management program for health insurance. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the County and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2016, a total of \$12,309,610 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the County is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type (Keycare, Bluecare, etc.). Incurred but not reported claims of \$1,206,700 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as quasi-external interfund transactions. Changes in the claims liability during fiscal year 2016 and the two previous years were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Fiscal Year
2015-16 \$	980,400 \$	12,535,910 \$	(12,309,610) \$	1,206,700
2014-15	767,795	11,397,425	(11,184,820)	980,400
2013-15	844,286	10,016,187	(10,092,678)	767,795

The remainder of this page left blank intentionally.

Note 17- Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

Unavailable

Delinquent property taxes receivable-2nd half 2016 Prepaid taxes	\$	14,179,625 3,652,171
Total unavailable revenue for governmental activities	\$	17,831,796
Taxes receivable due prior to June 30, 2016, not collected within 60 days Total unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$ \$	4,238,952 22,070,748

Note 18-Commitments and Contingencies:

The Board of Supervisors approved moral obligation support agreements with the Pittsylvania County Service Authority, whereby the County will provide funding (subject to annual appropriations), if necessary, to repay the Service Authority's Series 2006 and 2007 Revenue Notes. The County contributed \$158,474 towards these agreements in fiscal year 2016.

The Board of Supervisors of Pittsylvania County and the City Council of the City of Danville, Virginia approved support agreements with the Danville-Pittsylvania Regional Industrial Facility Authority to provide funding (subject to annual appropriations) sufficient to meet principal and interest payments on the Authority's \$7,300,000 revenue bonds. The County contributed \$648,199 towards these agreements in fiscal year 2016.

The County has obligated funds for the projects described below as of June 30, 2016:

	Original		Amount Paid			Remaining
		Contract	As o	of 6/30/2016	Cor	ntract Amount
Animal Shelter Consultants	\$	270,450	\$	197,000	\$	73,450
Mega Park Water System		1,006,200		983,400		22,800
Paving Engineering and Design		9,000		6,500		2,500
School energy improvements		3,181,050		2,719,081		461,969
Total Contracts	\$	4,466,700	\$	3,905,981	\$	560,719

Note 18-Commitments and Contingencies: (continued)

The County has also obligated funds for the development of projects initiated by the Regional Industrial Facilities Authority. The County's share of the projects as described below was 50% as of June 30, 2016:

	Service		Contract	Paid as	C	Contract
Contractor	Provided	Project	Total	of 6/30/2016	Re	emaining
Dewberry	Engineering	Berry Hill Industrial Park	\$ 2,640,836	\$ 2,069,132	\$	571,704
Dewberry	Engineering	Cane Creek Park	71,881	22,479		49,402
Wetland Studies & Solutions	Consulting	Berry Hill Permit Assistance	141,996	76,966		65,030
Totals			\$ 2,854,713	\$ 2,168,577	\$	686,136
County's 50% obligation			\$ 1,427,357	\$ 1,084,289	\$	343,068

School Board Early Retirement Incentive Program:

The Component Unit - School Board administers an early retirement incentive program for School Board employees. Early retirement is available to those employees with a minimum of twenty years of service in the Pittsylvania School System, including the five consecutive years immediately preceding the effective date of retirement. In addition, employees must be at least 55 years of age and less than 65 years of age to be eligible for the program. To participate, the employee must be a vested member of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). In addition, employees may not work for any other agency covered under the VRS during their tenure in the program. The program allows for payment of 20% of an employee's final contracted salary, earned before the effective date of retirement, for a period of 7 years or until the participant reaches the age of sixty-five. The School Board reserves the right to amend or terminate the program. Employees are required to work twenty days per year to receive their payment. At June 30, 2016 the commitment related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program was \$6,573,153.

The remainder of this page left blank intentionally.

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of postemployment health care benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in future years when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2009, the County recognizes the cost of postemployment health care in the year when the employee services are rendered, reports the accumulating liability, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the County's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

A. Plan Description

The County of Pittsylvania and Pittsylvania County's Component Unit - School Board administers a singleemployer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to County and School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the County and School Board. Any County eligible retiree may receive this benefit until death. Any School Board eligible retiree may receive this benefit until he/she has reached sixty five years of age.

To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet at least one of the following criteria: attained age 50 and 10 years of service, attained age 55 and five years of service, or disabled with no age or service requirements. In addition, the School System has and Early Retirement Incentive Program that allows retirees to continue working and receive special benefits for five years if they retire after age 55 with 20 years as a participant of the Virginia Retirement System and have a minimum of 20 years of full-time employment with Pittsylvania County School System. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the Board of Supervisors and the School Board and can be amended through the Board of Supervisors and the School Board action respectively. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The County and School Board currently pay for the post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-yougo basis. The County and School Board currently have 340 and 1,039 employees that are eligible, respectively, for the program. In addition, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree.

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents.

Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the County and School Board. The rates are as follows:

Medical & Dental	KeyCare 500	Key Care 30	Dental Basic	Dental Comprehensive
Employee Only	552.31	496.08	23.96	41.00
Employee & Spouse	1,219.95	1,096.16	47.04	81.84
Employee & Child	847.18	761.14	39.76	69.16
Family	1,653.89	1,486.26	78.76	118.70

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

B. Funding Policy (continued)

The County eligible retirees may continue to receive the benefit past the age of 65. The rates for this group are as follows:

Medical & Dental	KeyCare 500	Key Care 30	Dental Basic	Dental Comprehensive
Employee Only	496.70	446.06	23.96	41.00
Employee & Spouse	993.40	892.12	47.04	81.84
Employee & Child	NA	NA	39.76	69.16
Family	NA	NA	78.76	118.70

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	174,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		39,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(41,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		172,000
Contributions made		(62,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		110,000
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		983,000
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ -	1,093,000

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Percentage of						
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB				
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation				
6/30/2014 \$	169,000	37% \$	868,000				
6/30/2015	165,000	30%	983,000				
6/30/2016	172,000	36%	1,093,000				

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

For 2016, the School Board's annual OPEB cost (expense) of \$653,000 was not equal to the ARC of \$652,000. The obligation calculation is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	652,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		(10,000)
Adjustment to annual required contribution		11,000
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	-	653,000
Contributions made		(737,000)
Increase (Decrease) in net OPEB obligation	_	(84,000)
Net OPEB asset - beginning of year		(253,000)
Net OPEB asset - end of year	\$ [–]	(337,000)

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation (asset) for 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of	Net OPEB	
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Obligation	
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	(Asset)	
6/30/2014 \$	680,000	125% \$	(134,000)	
6/30/2015	642,000	119%	(253,000)	
6/30/2016	653,000	113%	(337,000)	

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan for the County as of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,681,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,681,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 12,573,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	13.37%

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

The funded status of the Plan for the School Board as of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 6,947,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 6,947,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 47,030,511
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	14.77%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: inflations at 2.5 percent, and investments rate of return at 4.00 percent, and a health care trend rate of 8.33 percent graded to 5.00 percent over 10 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2014 was 30 years.

Note 20-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

County:

A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the Code of Virginia. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to \$51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 9.

B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2015 was 0.19% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The remainder of this page left blank intentionally.

Note 20–Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

<u>County:</u> (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

For 2016, the County's contribution of \$26,314 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years are as follows:

	Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net
	Year	OPEB	of ARC	OPEB
Primary Government:	Ending	Cost (ARC)	Contributed	Obligation
County	6/30/2014 \$	16,805	100.00%	\$ -
	6/30/2015	25,285	100.00%	-
	6/30/2016	26,314	100.00%	-

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 580,341
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 349,145
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 231,196
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL	60.16%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 13,165,911
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	1.76%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

The remainder of this page left blank intentionally.

Note 20–Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

<u>County:</u> (continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payrolls on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2015 was 19-28 years.

Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.06% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$424,684 and equaled the required contributions.

Note 21-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2016, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should an court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 22-Adoption of Accounting Principles:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application

The County implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Statement generally requires investments to be measured at fair value. The Statement requires the County to use valuation techniques which are appropriate under the circumstances and are either a market approach, a cost approach or an income approach. The Statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value. There was no material impact on the County's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 72.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants

The County implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. There was no material impact on the County's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 79. All required disclosures are located in Note 3.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73

The County early implemented provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68.* Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

Note 23-Restatement of Beginning Balances:

The Pittsylvania County Service Authority, a discretely presented component unit of the County, restated beginning net position from \$35,729,297 to \$35,610,754 as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement 68. For more information see their separately issued audit report.

Note 24—Significant Change in Revenue Structure:

Effective January 1, 2016, the County did not charge the solid waste fee generating a significant portion of the revenue in the Landfill fund. At this time, it is anticipated the Landfill fund will be merged into the General fund.

Note 25–Subsequent Events:

On July 5, 2016, the County entered into a construction contract in the amount of \$120,891 for a compactor site paving.

On August 17, 2016, the County entered into a construction contract in the amount of \$3,243,000 for the construction of the new animal shelter.

On September 29, 2016, the School Board agreed to the terms of a school bus capital lease in the amount of \$972,924 with an annual interest rate of 1.12%. The lease will consist of three annual payments beginning September 29, 2016.

Note 26–Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans*. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans*, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures,* will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Note 26–Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*, addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*, improves financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.* The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Required Supplementary Information

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted	ΙΔr	mounts			riance with nal Budget -
	 Original		<u>Final</u>	-	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
General property taxes	\$ 35,022,749	\$	35,022,749	\$	35,693,771	\$ 671,022
Other local taxes	6,871,600		6,871,600		6,985,878	114,278
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	177,900		177,900		157,941	(19,959)
Fines and forfeitures	245,200		245,200		207,431	(37,769)
Revenue from the use of money and property	450,000		449,997		415,971	(34,026)
Charges for services	252,500		252,500		369,944	117,444
Miscellaneous	153,400		614,612		649,599	34,987
Recovered costs	774,904		961,471		1,010,137	48,666
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth	18,274,770		18,964,888		17,698,041	(1,266,847)
Federal	2,785,536		2,783,530		2,583,133	(200,397)
Total revenues	 65,008,559		66,344,447		65,771,846	(572,601)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	3,334,154		3,454,045		3,274,249	179,796
Judicial administration	1,656,755		1,697,999		1,629,683	68,316
Public safety	16,142,208		16,742,895		15,314,937	1,427,958
Public works	1,440,624		1,510,657		1,467,351	43,306
Health and welfare	10,596,526		11,394,772		10,497,888	896,884
Education	16,047,813		17,231,969		14,455,415	2,776,554
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,760,898		1,817,821		1,606,150	211,671
Community development	2,559,695		2,547,005		1,943,481	603,524
Capital projects	391,011		2,031,214		975,594	1,055,620
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	9,635,813		13,677,813		19,766,549	(6,088,736)
Bond issuance costs	-		-		345,282	(345,282)
Interest and other fiscal charges	2,152,680		3,055,680		4,070,647	(1,014,967)
Total expenditures	 65,718,177		75,161,870		75,347,226	(185,356)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (709,618)		(8,817,423)		(9,575,380)	(757,957)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-		115,975		-	(115,975)
Transfers out	(1,744,538)		(2,233,673)		(2,087,078)	146,595
Bond premium	-		-		4,131,629	4,131,629
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-		(34,006,984)	(34,006,984)
Proceeds from advance refunding of bonds	-		-		37,660,000	37,660,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,744,538)		(2,117,698)		5,697,567	7,815,265
Net change in fund balances	(2,454,156)		(10,935,121)		(3,877,813)	7,057,308
Fund balances - beginning	2,454,156		10,935,121		35,471,778	24,536,657
Fund balances - ending	\$	\$		\$	31,593,965	\$ 31,593,965

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Industrial Development Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive
REVENUES	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>(Negative)</u>
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	\$ 7,284,991	\$ 6,022,138	\$ 692,640	\$ (5,329,498)
Total revenues	7,284,991	6,022,138	692,640	
Total revenues	7,204,991	0,022,130	092,040	(5,329,498)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Community development	8,237,633	7,422,475	494,403	6,928,072
Capital projects	774,639	767,047	650,383	116,664
Total expenditures	9,012,272	8,189,522	1,144,786	7,044,736
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,727,281)	(2,167,384)	(452,146)	1,715,238
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	499,310	499,310	499,310	-
Net change in fund balances	(1,227,971)	(1,668,074)	47,164	1,715,238
Fund balances - beginning	1,227,971	1,668,074	1,601,539	(66,535)
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,648,703	\$ 1,648,703

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Workforce Investment Act Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	l Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$-	\$ 248,864	\$ 344,592	\$ 95,728
Miscellaneous	-	423	1,732	1,309
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	-	23,540	72,596	49,056
Federal	2,208,188	5,222,261	2,936,192	(2,286,069)
Total revenues	2,208,188	5,495,088	3,355,112	(2,139,976)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Health and welfare	2,208,188	5,496,729	2,729,759	2,766,970
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,641)	625,353	626,994
Net change in fund balances	-	(1,641)	625,353	626,994
Fund balances - beginning	-	1,641	65,750	64,109
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 691,103	\$ 691,103

Primary Government

County VRS Health Insurance Credit Plan:

Actuarial Valuation as of (1)	-	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	A	ctuarial Accrued hility (AAL) (3)	AA	nfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
June 30, 2015 June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013	\$	349,145 340,360 307,513	\$	580,341 556,224 537,319	\$	231,196 215,864 229,806	60.16% 61.19% 57.23%	\$ 13,165,911 12,956,893 12,657,967	1.76% 1.67% 1.82%

County Healthcare Plan:

Actuarial Valuation as of (1)	Actuaria Value o Assets (2)		Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) (3)	Infunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
July 1, 2014 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2010	\$	- -	\$ 1,681,000 1,532,000 2,009,000	\$ 1,681,000 1,532,000 2,009,000	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 12,573,000 12,781,000 12,354,518	13.37% 11.99% 16.26%

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

School Board Healthcare Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of (1)	Val As	uarial ue of sets (2)	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$ 6,947,000	\$ 6,947,000	0.00%	\$ 47,030,511	14.77%
July 1, 2012		-	7,559,000	7,559,000	0.00%	40,344,647	18.74%
July 1, 2010		-	8,562,000	8,562,000	0.00%	46,278,550	18.50%

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2015		2014
Total pension liability		-	
Service cost \$	1,561,447	\$	1,597,926
Interest	4,054,448		3,853,717
Changes of benefit terms	-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(255,709)		-
Changes in assumptions	-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,673,712)		(2,494,405)
Net change in total pension liability \$	2,686,474	\$	2,957,238
Total pension liability - beginning	59,257,539		56,300,301
Total pension liability - ending (a) \$	61,944,013	\$	59,257,539
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer \$	1,217,249	Ś	1,162,861
Contributions - employee	666,219	Ŷ	649,664
Net investment income	2,482,371		7,499,569
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,673,712)		(2,494,405)
Administrative expense	(34,270)		(40,586)
Other	(526)		396
Net change in plan fiduciary net position \$	1,657,331	\$	6,777,499
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	54,554,146	Ŧ	47,776,647
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) \$	56,211,477	\$	54,554,146
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) \$	5,732,536	\$	4,703,393
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	90.75%		92.06%
Covered payroll \$	13,230,967	\$	12,928,614
County's net pension liability as a percentage of			
covered payroll	43.33%		36.38%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2015	2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$ 346,582	\$ 331,124
Interest	944,972	918,214
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(93,323)	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(910,435)	(823,734)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 287,796	\$ 425,604
Total pension liability - beginning	13,954,815	13,529,211
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 14,242,611	\$ 13,954,815
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 283,578	\$ 228,996
Contributions - employee	132,471	152,042
Net investment income	570,904	1,768,407
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(910,435)	(823,734)
Administrative expense	(8,196)	(9,813)
Other	(120)	93
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 68,202	\$ 1,315,991
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	12,725,887	11,409,896
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 12,794,089	\$ 12,725,887
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,448,522	\$ 1,228,928
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability	89.83%	91.19%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,640,391	\$ 3,045,724
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	54.86%	40.35%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	2015	_	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.53%		0.52%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	67,217,000	\$	63,129,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$	39,414,097	\$	38,164,275
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		170.54%		165.41%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		70.68%		70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

				County of Pittsyl					
				chedule of Employ	-				
				For the Year Ende	d Ju	une 30, 2016			
Date Primary Gove 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010	(Contractually Required Contribution (1) t 1,592,630 1,530,582 1,595,391 1,542,684 1,111,822 1,105,290 1,095,418	Ş	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2) 1,261,351 1,217,249 1,163,575 1,125,134 1,111,822 1,105,290 1,095,418	<u></u> \$	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)* (3) 331,279 313,333 431,816 417,550 - -	Ş	Employer's Covered Payroll (4) 13,710,337 13,230,967 12,928,614 12,501,494 12,353,575 12,280,999 12,308,072	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5) 9.20% 9.20% 9.00% 9.00% 9.00% 9.00% 8.90%
2009		1,110,605		1,110,605		-		12,478,715	8.90%
2008		886,917		886,917		-		11,857,181	7.48%
2007		834,684		834,684		-		11,158,880	7.48%
Component U 2016 2015 2014 2013	nit Sch Ş	iool Board (nd 295,656 283,578 327,415 316,132	onpr \$	rofessional) 295,656 283,578 229,343 221,440	\$	- - 98,072 94,692	\$	2,752,849 2,640,391 3,045,724 2,940,764	10.74% 10.74% 7.53% 7.53%
2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007		201,188 208,691 210,680 214,411 241,494 240,170		201,188 208,691 210,680 214,411 241,494 240,170				2,980,557 3,091,713 3,135,115 3,190,647 3,014,911 2,998,383	6.75% 6.75% 6.72% 6.72% 8.01% 8.01%
Component U 2016	nit Sch \$	ool Board (pi 5,597,084	rofe \$	ssional) 5,597,084	\$	_	\$	39,808,563	14.06%
2010 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009	Ţ	5,715,044 5,430,544 6,167,731 4,383,891 3,499,380 4,716,692 5,824,975	Ļ	5,715,044 5,430,544 6,167,731 4,383,891 3,499,380 4,716,692 5,824,975	Ļ	-	Ļ	39,808,303 39,414,097 38,164,275 37,015,327 38,692,772 39,186,784 41,857,232 42,179,399	14.50% 14.23% 16.66% 11.33% 8.93% 11.27% 13.81%
2008		6,201,218		6,201,218		-		40,530,837	15.30%

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia

*The difference relates to the County using an agreed upon reduced rate from the VRS. This amount will impact the calculation of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.

5,640,287

2007

5,640,287

Current year contributions are from County and School Board records. All School Board professional contributions are from School Board records. All other prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuations performed each year.

39,720,332

-

14.20%

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

In 2015, Covered Employee Payroll (as defined by GASB 68) included the total payroll for employees covered under the pension plan whether that payroll is subject to pension coverage or not. This definition was modified in GASB Statement No. 82 and now is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. The ratios presented use the same measure.

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 is not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Other Supplementary Information

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Capital Projects Fund - School Capital Improvements Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	School Capital Improvements								
	B	udgeted Ar	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	<u>Orig</u>	<u>inal</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)				
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Capital projects	\$	- \$	3,122,343	\$ 2,720,682	\$ 401,661				
Debt service:				. , ,	. ,				
Principal retirement		-	-	15,000,000	(15,000,000)				
Bond issuance costs		-	298,009	298,009	-				
Interest and other fiscal charges		-	62,500	54,839	7,661				
Total expenditures		-	3,482,852	18,073,530	(14,590,678)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures		-	(3,482,852)	(18,073,530)	(14,590,678)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-	-	1,461	1,461				
Issuance of general obligation bonds		-	169,257	13,275,000	13,105,743				
Premium on issuance		-	-	1,956,969	1,956,969				
Proceeds of QECB bond		-	3,313,595	3,313,595	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	3,482,852	18,547,025	15,064,173				
Net change in fund balances		-	-	473,495	473,495				
Fund balances - beginning		-	-	-	-				
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$ 473,495	\$ 473,495				

Exhibit 21

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	Forfeited Assets <u>Fund</u>		Debt Service Reserve <u>Fund</u>		Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	933,192	\$	204,092	\$	1,137,284
Total assets		933,192		204,092		1,137,284
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		76				76
Accounts payable Total liabilities		76				76
Fund balances: Committed:		/0				70
Forfeited Assets Fund		933,116		-		933,116
Assigned:				204 002		204 002
Debt service		-		204,092		204,092
Total fund balances		933,116		204,092		1,137,208
Total liabilities and fund balances	Ş	933,192	\$	204,092	Ş	1,137,284

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Debt Service Reserve <u>Fund</u>		Total Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Ş		Ş	- Ş	354
	37,421		-	37,421
	•		-	197,103
	25,446		-	25,446
2	260,324		-	260,324
			-	720,429 720,429
(4	460,105)		-	(460,105)
	-	(1,46	1)	(1,461)
(4	60,105)	(1,46	1)	(461,566)
1,3	893,221	205,55	3	1,598,774
\$ 9	933,116	\$ 204,09	2\$	1,137,208
	<u>Fun</u> \$ 1 7 7 7 (2 (2) (4)	37,421 197,103 25,446 260,324 720,429 720,429 (460,105) (460,105) 1,393,221	Forfeited Assets Service Reserve Fund Fund \$ 354 \$ 37,421 197,103 25,446 260,324 720,429 (460,105) (460,105) (1,46 (460,105) (1,46 1,393,221 205,55	Forfeited Assets Service Reserve Go Fund Fun

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Forfeited Assets Fund										
		Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive								
	<u>C</u>)riginal		Final	-	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(</u>]	legative)			
REVENUES											
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	300	\$	300	\$	354	\$	54			
Miscellaneous		-		-		37,421		37,421			
Intergovernmental:											
Commonwealth		5,000		5,000		197,103		192,103			
Federal		10,000		10,000		25,446		15,446			
Total revenues		15,300		15,300		260,324		245,024			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Public safety		185,091		819,669		720,429		99,240			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)											
expenditures		(169,791)		(804,369)		(460,105)		344,264			
Net change in fund balances		(169,791)		(804,369)		(460,105)		344,264			
Fund balances - beginning		169,791		804,369		1,393,221		588,852			
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	933,116	\$	933,116			

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Debt Service Reserve Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	E	Budgeted Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	<u>Orig</u>	inal	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	\$	- \$	-	\$ (1,461)	\$ (1,461)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning		-	-	(1,461) 205,553	(1,461) 205,553
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$ 204,092	\$ 204,092

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2016

	Central Stores <u>Fund</u>		Self- Insurance <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,270	\$	4,015,199	\$ 4,019,469
Accounts receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles	29,466		1,030,350	1,059,816
Inventories	7,555		-	7,555
Total assets	 41,291		5,045,549	5,086,840
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Estimate of incurred but unreported health claims Total liabilities	 22,877 - 22,877		- 1,206,700 1,206,700	22,877 1,206,700 1,229,577
NET POSITION Restricted for health insurance claims	-		3,838,849	3,838,849
Unrestricted	18,414		-	18,414
Total net position	\$ 18,414	\$	3,838,849	\$ 3,857,263

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Central Stores <u>Fund</u>	Self- Insurance <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services:			
Materials and supplies	\$ 298,384	\$ -	\$ 298,384
Insurance premiums	-	11,336,568	11,336,568
Total operating revenues	 298,384	11,336,568	11,634,952
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Supplies, insurance and telephone	287,404	-	287,404
Insurance claims and expenses	-	12,309,610	12,309,610
Total operating expenses	 287,404	12,309,610	12,597,014
Operating income (loss)	 10,980	(973,042)	(962,062)
Total net position - beginning	7,434	4,811,891	4,819,325
Total net position - ending	\$ 18,414	\$ 3,838,849	\$ 3,857,263

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Central Stores	Self- Insurance	
	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts for materials and supplies	\$ 286,942	ş -	\$ 286,942
Receipts for insurance premiums	-	11,314,558	11,314,558
Payments to suppliers	(298,655)	-	(298,655)
Payments for premiums	-	(12,083,310)	(12,083,310)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(11,713)	(768,752)	(780,465)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(11,713)	(768,752)	(780,465)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	15,983	4,783,951	4,799,934
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 4,270	\$ 4,015,199	\$ 4,019,469
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 10,980	\$ (973,042)	\$ (962,062)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(11,442)	(22,010)	(33,452)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	5,649	-	5,649
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(16,900)	226,300	209,400
Total adjustments	(22,693)	204,290	181,597
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (11,713)	\$ (768,752)	\$ (780,465)

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

			Agency	/ Fu	nds			_	
							Sheriff's		
							nate Trust		
			Cash		Land		d Canteen		
		Special	Bond		Sales	4	Account		
	V	<u>Velfare</u>	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,247	\$ 332,565	\$	-	\$	-	\$	339,812
Cash in custody of others		-	-		59,895		19,233		79,128
Total assets		7,247	332,565		59,895		19,233		418,940
LIABILITIES									
Amounts held for social services clients		7,247	-		-		-		7,247
Amounts held for developers		-	332,565		-		-		332,565
Amounts held for land sales		-	-		59,895		-		59,895
Amounts held for inmates		-	-		-		19,233		19,233
Total liabilities	\$	7,247	\$ 332,565	\$	59,895	\$	19,233	\$	418,940

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2016

	Agency Funds										
	Beginning <u>Balance</u>		<u>A</u>	<u>Additions</u>		eletions		Ending Balance			
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents:											
Special Welfare Fund	\$	21,478	\$	69,907	\$	84,138	\$	7,247			
Cash Bond Fund		332,565		-		-		332,565			
Land Sales Fund		147,357		193,936		281,398		59,895			
Cash in Custody of Others:											
Sheriff Inmate Trust Fund		6,251		154,569		152,127		8,693			
Sheriff Canteen Fund		1,074		61,306		51,840		10,540			
Total assets		508,725		479,718		569,503		418,940			
LIABILITIES											
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	21,478	\$	69,907	\$	84,138	\$	7,247			
Amounts held for developers		332,565		-		-		332,565			
Amounts held for land sales		147,357		193,936		281,398		59,895			
Amounts held for inmates		7,325		215,875		203,967		19,233			
Total liabilities	\$	508,725	\$	479,718	\$	569,503	\$	418,940			

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2016

		School Operating Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 712,760
Receivables (net of allowance		
for uncollectibles):		
Accounts receivable		62,244
Due from primary government		589,927
Due from other governmental units		2,465,813
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		35,287
Total assets	=	3,866,031
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		774,133
Salaries payable		2,358,669
Total liabilities	_	3,132,802
Fund balances:		
Restricted:		
School cafeteria	_	733,229
Total fund balances	_	733,229
Total liabilities and fund balances	=	\$ 3,866,031
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different	because:	
Total fund balances per above		\$ 733,229
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 2,709,971	
Construction in progress	567,411	
Buildings and improvements	9,255,745	
Machinery and equipment	3,307,603	15,840,730
Machinely and equipment	3,307,003	13,040,730
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Items related to the measurement of the net pension liability		(5,451,472)
The net OPEB asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		337,000
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and, therefore are		
reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Prepaid items		1,034,089
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to		
the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		5,892,740
Long-term liabilities, including early retirement incentives, are not due and payable in the current		
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability	\$ (68,665,522)	
Items related to the measurement of the net pension liability	1,885,000	
Compensated absences	(1,579,321)	(68,359,843)
Net position of governmental activities	-	\$ (49,973,527)

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		School Operating Fund
REVENUES		
Revenue from the use of money and property		\$ 48,630
Charges for services		1,873,412
Miscellaneous		1,302,881
Recovered costs		556,798
Intergovernmental:		
Local government		14,446,410
Commonwealth		58,045,899
Federal	_	8,017,741
Total revenues	-	84,291,771
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Education	-	84,191,718
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		
expenditures	-	100,053
Net change in fund balances		100,053
Fund balances - beginning		633,176
Fund balances - ending	=	\$ 733,229
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above		\$ 100,053
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported		
· ·		
as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital assets additions exceeded		
depreciation in the current period.	\$ 1,441,592	
Capital asset additions	(1,097,195)	344,397
Depreciation in current year	(1,097,195)	544,577
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are		
not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability	\$ 4,705,967 1,030,000	5,735,967
One-time payment to VRS Teacher Pension Plan from Virginia Literary Fund	1,030,000	J,73J, 9 07
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	\$ (13,332)	
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	(5,337,594)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	1,053,410	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB asset	84,000	(4,213,516)
Certain items reported as expenditures in the fund statements are deferred and shown as assets on		
the statement of net position.		
Increase (decrease) in prepaid items		162,064
Change in net position of governmental activities	-	\$ 2,128,965
	=	

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	School Operating Fund									
				Variance with						
				Final Budget						
	Budgete	d Amounts	_	Positive						
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Negative)</u>						
REVENUES										
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 36,950	\$ 36,950	\$ 48,630	\$ 11,680						
Charges for services	5,210,635	5,281,766	1,873,412	(3,408,354)						
Miscellaneous	1,041,372	1,041,372	1,302,881	261,509						
Recovered costs	329,878	388,985	556,798	167,813						
Intergovernmental:										
Local government	16,038,808	17,222,964	14,446,410	(2,776,554)						
Commonwealth	58,068,741	58,068,741	58,045,899	(22,842)						
Federal	8,005,134	8,005,134	8,017,741	12,607						
Total revenues	88,731,518	90,045,912	84,291,771	(5,754,141)						
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Education	88,731,518	90,045,912	84,191,718	5,854,194						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures		-	100,053	100,053						
Net change in fund balances	-	-	100,053	100,053						
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	633,176	633,176						
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$-	\$ 733,229	\$ 733,229						

Schedule 1 Page 1 of 6

	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General property taxes: Real Property Tax \$2,3,28,078 \$2,3,28,078 \$2,3,28,078 \$2,2,6,273 \$2,902,396 \$2,6,123 Personal Property Tax $6,724,161$ $6,724,171$ $8,1271$ $8,1271$ Macchancy and property taxes $5,35,022,749$ $5,35,002,749$ $5,35,002,749$ $5,35,002,749$ $5,35,002,749$ $5,35,002,749$ $5,35,002,749$ $5,35,002,749$ $5,35,002,749$ $7,771$ $5,671,002$ Other local taxes: Local Sales and Use Tax $2,050,000$ $5,2,274,171$ $5,771,071,771,771,071,771,071,071,070,000 7,052,276,65,225 7,020,272,27,000 7,079,771,27,471,771,771,771,771,771,771,771,771,77$	General Fund:					
Real Property Tax \$ 23,328,078 \$ 23,226,073 \$ 253,226,073 \$ 253,226,073 \$ 250,2336 Personal Property Tax 6,724,161 6,754,461 6,752,463 31,302 Mobile Home Tax 264,040 264,040 264,040 255,586 (8,454) Machinery and Tools Tax 1,638,614 1,603,614 1,603,614 1,603,614 1,603,614 1,603,614 30,000 371,871 31,271 Merchants Capital 263,983 263,983 532,032,774 \$ 35,093,771 \$ 6,71,022 Other local taxes: 22,000 22,247,171 \$ 197,171 Consumption Taxes 1,190,000 1,179,000 1,77,90 (7,090) Consumption Taxes 1,750,000 \$ 2,247,171 \$ 197,172 \$ 177,000 \$ 179,000 \$ 17,720 <td>Revenue from local sources:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Revenue from local sources:					
Real and Personal PSC Tax2,236,2732,236,2732,502,396266,123Personal Property Tax6,724,1616,724,1616,724,1616,755,46331,302Mobile Home Tax246,400255,586(8,654)Machinery and Tools Tax1,638,6141,638,6141,603,93251,778Merchants Capital23,983532,032268,050Penalties340,600340,600340,600371,87131,271Interest227,000227,000440,230213,230Total general property taxes\$ 2,050,000\$ 2,247,171\$ 197,171Consumers Utility Tax1,190,0001,772,010177,971Consumers Utility Tax2,0002,000\$ 2,247,171\$ 197,171Consumers Tax2,0002,0002,0002,0002,000Motor Vehicle Licenses2,0002,0002,0002,0002,000Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:22	General property taxes:					
Personal Property Tax 6,724,161 6,724,161 6,755,463 31,302 Mobile Home Tax 264,040 264,040 255,586 (8,454) Merchants Capital 263,983 263,983 552,033 266,050 Penalties 340,600 337,1871 31,271 Interest 227,000 227,000 440,230 213,230 Other local taxes: 5 35,022,749 \$35,603,771 \$671,022 Other local taxes: 5 2,050,000 \$2,247,171 \$197,171 Consumer's Utility Tax 1,190,000 1,172,910 (17,090) Consumption Taxes 2,600 2,600 50 (1990) Consumption Taxes 2,600 2,885,000 2,203,325 (18,1657) Bank Stock Tax 70,000 70,000 765,225 65,225 Motor Vehicle Licenses 2,385,000 2,23,325 (18,1657) Bank Stock Tax 71,000 71,000 59,969 (1,19,19) Taxat other local taxes \$6,871,600 \$12,000 \$119	Real Property Tax	\$ 23,328,078	\$ 23,328,078	\$ 23,145,800	\$	(182,278)
Mobile Home Tax 264,040 264,040 255,586 (8,454) Machinery and Tools Tax 1,638,614	Real and Personal PSC Tax	2,236,273	2,236,273	2,502,396		266,123
Machinery and Tools Tax 1,638,614 1	Personal Property Tax	6,724,161	6,724,161	6,755,463		31,302
Merchants Capital 263,983 263,983 522,033 268,050 Penalties 340,600 371,871 31,271 Interest 227,000 227,000 240,230 213,230 Total general property taxes \$ 35,022,749 \$ 35,022,749 \$ 35,022,749 \$ 35,022,749 \$ 5,059,771 \$ 6,71,022 Other local taxes: Local Sales and Use Tax \$ 2,050,000 \$ 2,247,171 \$ 197,171 \$ 197,171 Consumption Taxes 175,000 1,72,900 \$ 1,72,910 \$ 177,204 \$ 37,264 Business License Tax 2,600 2,600 6500 (1,675) Motor Vehicle Licenses 2,383,000 2,383,000 2,203,325 (18,675) Bank Stock Tax 700,000 700,000 700,000 700,000 700,000 19,044 (956) Animal licenses 2 2,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 70,009 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: 2 20,000 2,000 20,000 7,009 5 112,000	Mobile Home Tax	264,040	264,040	255,586		(8,454)
Penalties Interest 340,600 340,600 371,871 31,271 Total general property taxes \$ 35,027,749 \$ 35,693,771 \$ 671,022 Other local taxes: Local Sales and Use Tax \$ 2,050,000 \$ 2,274,97 \$ 35,693,771 \$ 671,022 Consumer's Utility Tax \$ 2,050,000 \$ 2,247,171 \$ 197,171 \$ 1,770,000 \$ 1,770,000 \$ 1,770,000 \$ 1,770,900 \$ 1,771,900 \$ 1,471 \$ 1,471 Taxes on Recordation and Wills 278,000 2,885,000 2,285,000 2,285,200 \$ 2,980,2722 \$ (4,174) Total other local taxes \$ 112,000 \$ 112,000 \$ 114,273 \$ 114,273 \$ 114,273 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses \$ 112,000 \$ 112,000 <td>Machinery and Tools Tax</td> <td>1,638,614</td> <td>1,638,614</td> <td>1,690,392</td> <td></td> <td>51,778</td>	Machinery and Tools Tax	1,638,614	1,638,614	1,690,392		51,778
Interest Total general property taxes 227,000 227,000 440,230 213,230 Other local taxes:: Local Sales and Use Tax \$ 35,022,749 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,264 \$ 37,145 \$ 114,270	Merchants Capital	263,983	263,983	532,033		268,050
Total general property taxes $$$	Penalties	340,600	340,600	371,871		31,271
Other local taxes: Local Sales and Use Tax S 2,050,000 S 2,247,171 S 197,171 Consumers' Utility Tax 1,190,000 1,172,910 (17,090) Consumption Taxes 175,000 179,702 4,712 Franchise License Tax 2,600 2,600 650 (1950) Meals Tax 700,000 700,000 765,225 65,225 Motor Vehicle Licenses 2,385,000 2,385,000 2,385,000 2,03,325 (11,64) Taxes on Recordation and Wills 298,000 298,000 309,962 11,962 Total other local taxes 5 6,871,600 5 6,985,878 5 114,278 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: Building permits 5 112,000 5 90,166 5 (21,834) Cellular tower fees 21,000 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 249,997 5 27,7431	Interest	 227,000	227,000	440,230		213,230
Local Sales and Use Tax \$ 2,050,000 \$ 2,247,171 \$ 197,171 Consumers Utility Tax 1,190,000 1,172,910 (17,090) Consumption Taxes 175,000 175,000 1,72,910 (17,090) Consumption Taxes - - 37,264 37,264 Business License Tax 2,600 700,000 765,225 65,225 Motor Vehicle Licenses 2,385,000 2,385,000 2,385,000 2,303,09,962 11,341 Taxes on Recordation and Wills 298,000 298,000 309,962 11,962 Total other local taxes \$ 6,871,600 \$ 6,871,600 \$ 6,878,878 \$ 114,278 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: 21,000 \$ 112,000 \$ 90,166 \$ (21,834) Cellular tower fees 20,000 21,000 \$ 117,900 \$ 117,900 \$ 117,900 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: 21,000 \$ 117,900 \$ 117,900 \$ 117,900 Portints and other licenses \$ 24,900 24,900 20,000 19,044 (956) Cour	Total general property taxes	\$ 35,022,749	\$ 35,022,749	\$ 35,693,771	\$	671,022
Consumers' Utility Tax 1,190,000 1,190,000 1,192,010 (17,090) Consumption Taxes 175,000 175,000 179,712 4,712 Franchise License Tax 2,600 2,600 650 (1,950) Meals Tax 700,000 700,000 765,225 65,225 Motor Vehicle Licenses 2,385,000 2,385,000 2,203,325 (181,675) Bain Stock Tax 710,000 71,000 69,659 (1,341) Taxes on Recordation and Wills 298,000 298,000 298,000 309,962 114,278 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: 5 6,871,600 5 6,985,878 5 114,278 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: 20,000 20,000 19,044 (956) Animal licenses 21,000 21,000 21,000 21,000 21,009 7,099 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: 5 177,900 5 157,941 5 (19,959) Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures: 5 249,000 249,997 5 272,934 5 <td< td=""><td>Other local taxes:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Other local taxes:					
Consumption Taxes 175,000 175,000 179,712 4,712 Franchise License Tax 37,264 37,264 37,264 Business License Tax 2,600 2,600 650 (1,950) Meals Tax 700,000 700,000 765,225 65,225 Motor Vehicle Licenses 2,385,000 2,203,325 (181,675) Bank Stock Tax 71,000 71,000 69,659 (1,341) Taxes on Recordation and Wills 298,000 298,000 298,000 298,000 119,604 (956) Total other local taxes 5 6,871,600 5 6,985,878 5 114,278 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: Building permits 5 112,000 2 90,166 5 (21,834) Cellular tower fees 21,000 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,900 24,	Local Sales and Use Tax	\$ 2,050,000	\$ 2,050,000	\$ 2,247,171	\$	197,171
Franchise License Tax37,26437,26437,26437,26437,26437,264BBusiness License Tax2,6002,6006,50(1,950)Meals Tax700,000700,000765,22565,225Motor Vehicle Licenses2,385,0002,203,325(181,675)Bank Stock Tax71,00071,00069,659(1,341)Taxes on Recordation and Wills298,000298,000309,96211,962Total other local taxes\$6,871,600\$6,985,878\$114,278Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:Building permits\$112,000\$90,166\$(21,834)Cellular tower fees20,00020,00019,044(956)Animal licenses21,00021,00028,0097,009Permits and other licenses21,00024,90020,722(4,178)Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses\$177,900\$157,941\$(19,959)Fines and forfeitures:Court fines and forfeitures\$2250,000\$249,997\$207,221(4,178)Court fines and forfeitures\$250,000\$249,997\$272,934\$(2,937)Revenue from use of money and property:\$250,000\$449,997\$415,971\$(3,026)Charges for services:Charges for administration50,000\$5,0	Consumers' Utility Tax	1,190,000	1,190,000	1,172,910		(17,090)
Business License Tax $2,600$ $2,600$ 650 $(1,950)$ Meals Tax $700,000$ $700,000$ $765,225$ $65,225$ Motor Vehicle Licenses $2,385,000$ $2,203,325$ $(181,675)$ Bank Stock Tax $71,000$ $71,000$ $96,659$ $(1,341)$ Taxes on Recordation and Wills $298,000$ $309,962$ $11,962$ Total other local taxes 5 $6,871,600$ 5 $6,985,878$ 5 $114,278$ Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: $20,000$ $20,000$ $19,044$ (956) Animal licenses $24,900$ $24,900$ $24,900$ $24,900$ $20,722$ $(4,178)$ Permits and other licenses $24,900$ $24,900$ $20,722$ $(4,178)$ $(1,9,959)$ Fines and forfeitures:Court fines and forfeitures 5 $245,200$ 5 $207,431$ 5 $(37,769)$ Revenue from use of money and property:Revenue from use of money and property 5 $250,000$ 5 $249,997$ 5 $272,934$ 5 $22,937$ Revenue from use of money and property 5 $450,000$ 5 $449,997$ 5 $415,971$ 5 $(3,06)$ Charges for services: 5 $75,000$ 5 $71,494$ 5 $(3,506)$ Charges for administration $50,000$ $50,000$ $50,000$ $49,889$ (111) Charges for daministration $44,500$ $44,429$ (71) Charges for dibrary $22,000$ $22,000$ $22,000$ <	Consumption Taxes	175,000	175,000	179,712		4,712
Meals Tax700,000705,22565,225Motor Vehicle Licenses2,385,0002,203,325(181,675)Bank Stock Tax71,00071,00069,659(1,341)Taxes on Recordation and Wills298,000298,000298,000309,96211,962Total other local taxes\$6,871,600\$6,985,878\$114,278Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:20,00020,00019,044(956)Animal licenses21,000\$112,000\$90,166\$(21,834)Cellular tower fees20,00020,00019,044(956)Animal licenses21,000\$177,900\$157,941\$(19,959)Fines and forfeitures:Court fines and forfeitures:\$24,90024,90020,722(4,178)Court fines and forfeitures:\$245,200\$207,431\$(37,769)Revenue from use of money and property:\$220,000\$200,000143,037(56,963)Total revenue from use of money and property\$250,000\$249,997\$272,934\$22,937Revenue from use of money and property\$250,000\$249,997\$272,934\$(3,506)Charges for services:\$\$75,000\$75,000\$71,494\$(3,506)Charges for services:\$\$\$75,000\$75,000\$71,494\$(3,506)<	Franchise License Tax	-	-	37,264		37,264
Motor Vehicle Licenses 2,385,000 2,385,000 2,203,325 (181,675) Bank Stock Tax 71,000 71,000 69,659 (1,341) Taxes on Recordation and Wills 298,000 298,000 309,962 11,962 Total other local taxes \$ 6,871,600 \$ 6,871,600 \$ 6,871,600 \$ 6,985,878 \$ 114,278 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: Building permits \$ 112,000 \$ 112,000 \$ 990,166 \$ (21,834) Cellular tower fees 20,000 24,900 24,000 28,009 7,009 Permits and other licenses 21,000 \$ 17,900 \$ 177,900 \$ 177,900 \$ 157,941 \$ (19,959) 7,009 Fines and forfeitures: \$ 245,200 \$ 249,097 \$ 207,431 \$ (37,769) \$ (37,769) Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money \$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 \$ (34,026) Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (35,663) \$ (34,026) \$ (34,026) Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (35,663) \$ (34,026) \$ (34,026) Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (35,066) \$ (34,026) \$ (34,026) Charges for ipali inmates<	Business License Tax	2,600	2,600	650		(1,950)
Bank Stock Tax71,00071,00069,659(1,341)Taxes on Recordation and Wills298,000309,96211,962Total other local taxes\$6,871,600\$6,985,878\$114,278Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: $$112,000$ \$90,166\$(21,834)Building permits\$12,000\$90,166\$(21,834)Cellular tower fees $$20,000$ $$20,000$ $$19,044$ Animal licenses $$21,000$ $$24,900$ $$20,722$ Permits and other licenses $$24,900$ $$24,900$ $$20,722$ Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses $$177,900$ $$177,900$ $$157,941$ $$(19,959)$ Fines and forfeitures:Court fines and forfeitures $$$245,200$ $$$247,200$ $$$207,431$ $$$(37,769)$ Revenue from use of money and property:Revenue from use of money and property $$$250,000$ $$$249,997$ $$$272,934$ $$$22,937$ Revenue from use of property $$$250,000$ $$$449,997$ $$$415,971$ $$(34,026)$ Charges for services:Charges for courthouse security $$$75,000$ $$$71,494$ $$$(3,506)$ Charges for jail inmates $$24,700$ $$24,700$ $$449,997$ $$$15,971$ $$$(3,506)$ Charges for jail inmates $$24,700$ $$24,700$ $$449,29$ $$(71)$ Charges for courthouse maintenance $$$2,000$ $$$249,997$ $$$71,494$ $$$$(3,506)$ Charges for courthouse maintenance $$$2,000$ $$$249,997$ $$$71,494$ $$$$(3,506)$ Charg	Meals Tax	700,000	700,000	765,225		65,225
Taxes on Recordation and Wills Total other local taxes $298,000$ $298,000$ $309,962$ $11,962$ Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: 5 $6,871,600$ 5 $6,871,600$ 5 $6,985,878$ 5 $114,278$ Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: 5 $112,000$ 5 $990,166$ 5 $(21,834)$ Cellular tower fees $20,000$ $20,000$ $19,044$ (956) Animal licenses $21,000$ $21,000$ $28,009$ $7,009$ Permits and other licenses $21,000$ $21,000$ $20,722$ $(4,178)$ Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 5 $245,200$ 5 $207,431$ 5 $(19,959)$ Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures 5 $245,200$ 5 $207,431$ 5 $(37,769)$ Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money and property 5 $450,000$ 5 $449,997$ 5 $415,971$ 5 $(34,026)$ Charges for courthouse security 5 $75,000$ 5 $71,494$ <t< td=""><td>Motor Vehicle Licenses</td><td>2,385,000</td><td>2,385,000</td><td>2,203,325</td><td></td><td>(181,675)</td></t<>	Motor Vehicle Licenses	2,385,000	2,385,000	2,203,325		(181,675)
Total other local taxes \$ 6,871,600 \$ 6,871,600 \$ 6,985,878 \$ 114,278 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: Building permits \$ 112,000 \$ 112,000 \$ 90,166 \$ (21,834) Cellular tower fees 20,000 20,000 19,044 (956) Animal licenses 21,000 21,000 28,009 7,009 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses \$ 177,900 \$ 177,900 \$ 157,941 \$ (19,959) Fines and other licenses \$ 245,200 \$ 245,200 \$ 207,431 \$ (37,769) Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 450,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026) Charges for services: \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (35,06) Charges for parks and recreation \$ 0,000 \$ 50,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026) Charges for jail inmates 24,700 24,700 64,72 41,772 Charges for jail inmates 24,700 24,700 64,72 41,772 Charges for courthouse maintenance \$ 22,000 22,000 29,616 7,616	Bank Stock Tax	71,000	71,000	69,659		(1,341)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: Building permits \$ 112,000 \$ 112,000 \$ 90,166 \$ (21,834) Cellular tower fees 20,000 20,000 19,044 (956) Animal licenses 21,000 24,900 20,722 (4,178) Permits and other licenses 24,900 24,900 20,722 (4,178) Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses \$ 177,900 \$ 177,900 \$ 157,941 \$ (19,959) Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures \$ 245,200 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ (37,769) Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money and property \$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 Revenue from use of money and property \$ 450,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026) Charges for services: \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) Charges for parks and recreation 50,000 \$ 00,000 49,889 (111) Charges for jail inmates 24,700 24,700 66,472 41,772 Charges for jail inmates 24,700 24,700 66,472 41,772 Charges for ibrary 22,000 22,00	Taxes on Recordation and Wills	298,000	298,000	309,962		11,962
Building permits\$ $112,000$ \$ $90,166$ \$ $(21,834)$ Cellular tower fees $20,000$ $20,000$ $19,044$ (956) Animal licenses $21,000$ $21,000$ $28,009$ $7,009$ Permits and other licenses $24,900$ $24,900$ $20,722$ $(4,178)$ Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses\$ $177,900$ \$ $157,941$ \$ $(19,959)$ Fines and forfeitures:Court fines and forfeitures\$ $245,200$ \$ $207,431$ \$ $(37,769)$ Revenue from use of money and property:Revenue from use of money and property\$ $250,000$ \$ $249,997$ \$ $272,934$ \$ $22,937$ Revenue from use of property $5200,000$ $200,000$ $143,037$ $(56,963)$ $200,000$ $143,037$ $(56,963)$ Total revenue from use of money and property\$ $450,000$ \$ $449,997$ \$ $415,971$ \$ $(3,506)$ Charges for courthouse security\$ $75,000$ \$ $75,000$ \$ $71,494$ \$ $(3,506)$ Charges for jail inmates $24,700$ $24,700$ $66,472$ $41,772$ Charges for ibinary $22,000$ $22,000$ $22,000$ $22,000$ $22,000$ $22,000$ Charges for courthouse maintenance $ 14,059$ $14,059$	Total other local taxes	\$ 6,871,600	\$ 6,871,600	\$ 6,985,878	\$	114,278
Cellular tower fees20,00020,00019,044(956)Animal licenses21,00021,00028,0097,009Permits and other licenses $24,900$ $24,900$ $20,722$ $(4,178)$ Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses\$ 177,900 \$ 177,900 \$ 157,941 \$ (19,959) $(19,959)$ Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures\$ 245,200 \$ 249,000\$ 200,431 \$ (37,769)Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money Total revenue from use of money and property\$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937Revenue from use of property Total revenue from use of money and property\$ 250,000 \$ 200,000143,037Charges for services: Charges for parks and recreation\$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506)Charges for jail inmates24,70024,70066,472Charges for ibinary Charges for courthouse maintenance24,70024,50044,429Charges for courthouse maintenance14,059	Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:					
Animal licenses $21,000$ $21,000$ $28,009$ $7,009$ Permits and other licenses $24,900$ $24,900$ $20,722$ $(4,178)$ Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses\$ 177,900 \$ 177,900 \$ 157,941 \$ (19,959)Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures\$ 245,200 \$ 245,200 \$ 207,431 \$ (37,769)Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money and property\$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937Revenue from use of property\$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937Total revenue from use of money and property\$ 450,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026)Charges for services: Charges for courthouse security Charges for jail inmates\$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506)Charges for administration $24,700$ $24,700$ $24,700$ $66,472$ $41,772$ Charges for courthouse maintenance $24,000$ $22,000$ $22,000$ $29,616$ $7,616$ Charges for courthouse maintenance $22,000$ $22,000$ $22,000$ $29,616 7,616$	Building permits	\$ 112,000	\$ 112,000	\$ 90,166	\$	(21,834)
Permits and other licenses $24,900$ $20,722$ $(4,178)$ Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses\$ 177,900 \$ 177,900 \$ 157,941 \$ (19,959)Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures\$ 245,200 \$ 245,200 \$ 245,200 \$ 207,431 \$ (37,769)Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money Total revenue from use of money and property\$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 200,000 200,000 143,037 (56,963)Charges for services: Charges for services: Charges for jail inmates\$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) 50,000 49,889 (111) Charges for administration\$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) (111) 24,700 24,700 66,472 41,772 (27,000 22,000 22,000 29,616 7,616 (24,000 24,00	Cellular tower fees	20,000	20,000	19,044		(956)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses $$$ $177,900$ $$$ $157,941$ $$$ $(19,959)$ Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures $$$ $245,200$ $$$ $207,431$ $$$ $(37,769)$ Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money Total revenue from use of money and property $$$ $250,000$ $$$ $249,997$ $$$ $272,934$ $$$ $22,937$ Revenue from use of property Total revenue from use of money and property $$$ $250,000$ $$$ $249,997$ $$$ $272,934$ $$$ $22,937$ Charges for services: Charges for services: Charges for parks and recreation Charges for administration Charges for administration $$$ $75,000$ $$$ $71,494$ $$$ $(3,506)$ Charges for courthouse security Charges for administration Charges for courthouse maintenance $$$ $75,000$ $$$ $71,494$ $$$ $(3,506)$ Charges for courthouse maintenance $$$ $22,000$ $$$ $24,700$ $$$ $44,429$ (71)	Animal licenses	21,000	21,000	28,009		7,009
Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures\$ $245,200$ \$ $207,431$ \$ $(37,769)$ Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money Revenue from use of property\$ $250,000$ \$ $249,997$ \$ $272,934$ \$ $22,937$ Revenue from use of property Total revenue from use of money and property\$ $250,000$ \$ $249,997$ \$ $272,934$ \$ $22,937$ Revenue from use of property Total revenue from use of money and property\$ $250,000$ \$ $249,997$ \$ $415,971$ \$ $(34,026)$ Charges for services: Charges for parks and recreation Charges for jail inmates\$ $75,000$ \$ $71,494$ \$ $(3,506)$ Charges for administration Charges for library Charges for courthouse maintenance\$ $75,000$ \$ $71,494$ \$ $(3,506)$ Charges for courthouse maintenance\$ $75,000$ \$ $71,494$ \$ $(3,506)$ Charges for jail inmates Charges for administration Charges for library Charges for courthouse maintenance $24,700$ $24,700$ $24,700$ $24,616$ $7,616$	Permits and other licenses	24,900	24,900	20,722		(4,178)
Court fines and forfeitures \$ 245,200 \$ 245,200 \$ 207,431 \$ (37,769) Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money \$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 Revenue from use of property \$ 200,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 450,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026) Charges for services: \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 449,889 (111) Charges for jail inmates \$ 24,700 \$ 24,700 \$ 66,472 \$ 41,772 Charges for administration \$ 44,500 \$ 44,500 \$ 44,429 \$ (71) Charges for courthouse maintenance \$ 22,000 \$ 22,000 \$ 29,616 \$ 7,616	Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$ 177,900	\$ 177,900	\$ 157,941	\$	(19,959)
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money \$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 Revenue from use of property 200,000 200,000 143,037 (56,963) Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 450,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026) Charges for services: \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) Charges for parks and recreation \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 \$ 49,889 (111) Charges for jail inmates \$ 24,700 \$ 24,700 \$ 66,472 \$ 41,772 Charges for ibrary \$ 22,000 \$ 22,000 \$ 22,000 \$ 29,616 \$ 7,616 Charges for courthouse maintenance \$ 14,059 \$ 14,059	Fines and forfeitures:					
Revenue from use of money \$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 Revenue from use of property Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 450,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 213,037 (56,963) Charges for services: \$ 450,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026) Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) Charges for parks and recreation 50,000 50,000 44,9889 (111) Charges for administration 24,700 24,700 66,472 41,772 Charges for courthouse maintenance - - 14,059 14,059	Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 245,200	\$ 245,200	\$ 207,431	\$	(37,769)
Revenue from use of money \$ 250,000 \$ 249,997 \$ 272,934 \$ 22,937 Revenue from use of property 200,000 200,000 143,037 (56,963) Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 450,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026) Charges for services: Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) Charges for parks and recreation 50,000 50,000 49,889 (111) Charges for administration 24,700 24,700 24,700 44,429 (71) Charges for courthouse maintenance - - 140,059 140,059	Revenue from use of money and property:					
Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 450,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026) Charges for services: Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) Charges for parks and recreation 50,000 50,000 49,889 (111) Charges for administration 24,700 24,700 66,472 41,772 Charges for library 22,000 22,000 22,000 29,616 7,616 Charges for courthouse maintenance - 14,059 14,059	Revenue from use of money	\$ 250,000	\$ 249,997	\$ 272,934	\$	22,937
Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 450,000 \$ 449,997 \$ 415,971 \$ (34,026) Charges for services: Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) Charges for parks and recreation 50,000 50,000 49,889 (111) Charges for administration 24,700 24,700 66,472 41,772 Charges for library 22,000 22,000 29,616 7,616 Charges for courthouse maintenance - - 14,059 14,059			200,000			
Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) Charges for parks and recreation 50,000 50,000 \$0,000 49,889 (111) Charges for jail inmates 24,700 24,700 \$ 44,429 (71) Charges for administration 44,500 44,500 44,429 (71) Charges for courthouse maintenance - - 14,059 14,059	Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 450,000	\$ 449,997	\$ 415,971	\$	
Charges for courthouse security \$ 75,000 \$ 71,494 \$ (3,506) Charges for parks and recreation 50,000 50,000 49,889 (111) Charges for jail inmates 24,700 24,700 66,472 41,772 Charges for administration 44,500 44,500 44,429 (71) Charges for courthouse maintenance - - 14,059 14,059	Charges for services:					
Charges for parks and recreation 50,000 50,000 49,889 (111) Charges for jail inmates 24,700 24,700 66,472 41,772 Charges for administration 44,500 44,500 44,429 (71) Charges for library 22,000 22,000 29,616 7,616 Charges for courthouse maintenance - - 14,059 14,059		\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 71,494	\$	(3,506)
Charges for jail inmates 24,700 24,700 66,472 41,772 Charges for administration 44,500 44,500 44,429 (71) Charges for library 22,000 22,000 29,616 7,616 Charges for courthouse maintenance - - 14,059 14,059						
Charges for administration 44,500 44,429 (71) Charges for library 22,000 22,000 29,616 7,616 Charges for courthouse maintenance - - 14,059 14,059						
Charges for library 22,000 22,000 29,616 7,616 Charges for courthouse maintenance - - 14,059 14,059						
Charges for law library 16,000 16,000 8,111 (7,889)	Charges for courthouse maintenance	-	-	14,059		14,059
	Charges for law library	16,000	16,000	8,111		(7,889)

Schedule 1 Page 2 of 6

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Vegative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Charges for services: (Continued)					
Charges for fire prevention	\$ 4,500	\$ 4,500	\$ 3,985	\$	(515)
Charges for commonwealth's attorney	3,200	3,200	3,983		783
Charges for law enforcement	5,000	5,000	4,808		(192)
Charges for animal control	3,500	3,500	2,595		(905)
Other charges for services	 4,100	4,100	70,503		66,403
Total charges for services	\$ 252,500	\$ 252,500	\$ 369,944	\$	117,444
Miscellaneous:					
Tax sales	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,646	\$	24,646
Miscellaneous other	93,400	141,242	208,643		67,401
Recreation grants	-	225,965	172,557		(53,408)
Danville regional foundation	-	150,000	150,000		-
Gifts and donations	20,000	57,405	48,385		(9,020)
City of Danville, Virginia revenue sharing	40,000	40,000	45,368		5,368
Total miscellaneous	\$ 153,400	\$ 614,612	\$ 649,599	\$	34,987
Recovered costs:					
Jail reimbursements	\$ 205,000	\$ 205,000	\$ 284,843	\$	79,843
Sheriffs extra duty	125,000	125,000	120,834		(4,166)
Soil and water conservation district	122,542	122,542	97,385		(25,157)
School resource officer	95,000	95,000	98,706		3,706
City of Danville, Virginia	65,000	65,000	40,593		(24,407)
Health department	60,000	60,000	73,187		13,187
Social Services	52,000	52,000	48,967		(3,033)
Other recovered costs	50,362	236,929	245,622		8,693
Total recovered costs	\$ 774,904	\$ 961,471	\$ 1,010,137	\$	48,666
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 43,948,253	\$ 44,596,029	\$ 45,490,672	\$	894,643
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Motor vehicles carriers' tax	\$ 102,970	\$ 102,970	\$ 89,930	\$	(13,040)
Mobile home titling tax	45,000	45,000	70,336		25,336
Motor vehicle rental tax	5,000	5,000	4,773		(227)
State recordation tax	87,863	87,863	78,598		(9,265)
State communications tax	2,335,000	2,335,000	2,197,151		(137,849)
Personal property tax relief act funds	4,139,276	4,139,276	4,139,277		1
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 6,715,109	\$ 6,715,109	\$ 6,580,065	\$	(135,044)

Schedule 1 Page 3 of 6

Paye	З	0I	0

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	561,112	\$	561,112	\$	568,264	\$	7,152
Sheriff		4,091,500		4,091,500		4,120,953		29,453
Commissioner of Revenue		161,133		161,133		159,667		(1,466)
Treasurer		168,628		168,628		169,244		616
Registrar/electoral board		46,336		46,336		78,428		32,092
Clerk of the Circuit Court		413,879		423,692		429,489		5,797
Circuit Court		65,000		65,000		75,564		10,564
Total Shared Expenses	\$	5,507,588	\$	5,517,401	\$	5,601,609	\$	84,208
Other categorical aid:								
Victim witness grant	\$	18,206	¢	20,937	¢	17,405	¢	(3,532)
VJCCA grant	Ļ	41,765	Ļ	41,765	Ŷ	41,765	Ŷ	(3,352)
Records preservation grant		5,000		5,000				(5,000)
Law enforcement grants		3,440		3,440		-		(3,440)
E-911 grants		192,220		192,220		60,758		(131,462)
Criminal history grants		11,000		11,000		-		(11,000)
VDOT revenue sharing grants		-		-		47,898		47,898
EMS grants		75,000		75,000		65,962		(9,038)
Fire program funds		190,000		190,700		189,804		(896)
Library grants		149,442		154,711		154,711		-
Litter control grants		30,000		30,000		21,053		(8,947)
Public assistance		2,002,533		2,146,988		1,165,903		(981,085)
Children's Services Act		3,205,887		3,725,887		3,594,788		(131,099)
Babycare grant		-		-		10,208		10,208
School resource officer		102,580		102,580		140,862		38,282
Other state grants		25,000		32,150		5,250		(26,900)
Total other categorical aid	\$	6,052,073	\$	6,732,378	\$	5,516,367	\$ (1,216,011)
-								
Total categorical aid	\$	11,559,661	\$	12,249,779	\$	11,117,976	\$ (1,131,803)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	Ş	18,274,770	Ş	18,964,888	Ş	17,698,041	Ş (1,266,847)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Transportation enhancement grant	\$	118,687	s	118,687	s	-	\$	(118,687)
DMV grants	Ŷ	50,000	Ŷ	50,000	~	-	Ŷ	(50,000)
Emergency management preparedness		22,803		22,803		22,803		-
Law enforcement block grants		103,000		92,801		26,282		(66,519)
Crime victim assistance		54,618		62,811		57,523		(5,288)
Public assistance		2,436,428		2,436,428		2,476,525		40,097
Total categorical aid	\$	2,785,536	\$	2,783,530	\$	2,583,133	\$	(200,397)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	Ŧ	,	Ŧ		•	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,785,536	\$	2,783,530	\$	2,583,133	\$	(200,397)
	~	(5 000 555	~		~	(F 33) 0 / -	~	(F TO (O))
Total General Fund	Ş	65,008,559	Ş	66,344,447	Ş	65,771,846	Ş	(572,601)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fina I	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u>
Special Revenue Funds:					
Industrial Development Fund:					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Tobacco indemnification funds	\$ 7,284,991	\$ 6,022,138	\$ 692,640	\$ (5,329,498)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 7,284,991	\$ 6,022,138	\$ 692,640	\$ (5,329,498)
Total Industrial Development Fund	\$ 7,284,991	\$ 6,022,138	\$ 692,640	\$ (5,329,498)
Workforce Investment Act Fund:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of property	\$ -	\$ 248,864	\$ 344,592	\$	95,728
Miscellaneous:					
Other miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 423	\$ 1,732	\$	1,309
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Other categorical aid	\$ -	\$ 23,540	\$ 72,596	\$	49,056
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:					
WIA adult programs, youth activities, and dislocated workers	\$ 2,208,188	\$ 5,222,261	2,936,192	\$ (2,286,069)
Total Workforce Investment Act Fund	\$ 2,208,188	\$ 5,495,088	\$ 3,355,112	\$ (2,139,976)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Forfeited Assets Fund: Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 354	\$	54
Miscellaneous:					
Other miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,421	\$	37,421
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 37,775	\$	37,475

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u>
Forfeited Assets Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Asset forfeiture funds	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	197,103	\$	192,103
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Asset forfeiture funds	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	25,446	\$	15,446
Total Forfeited Assets Fund	\$	15,300	\$	15,300	\$	260,324	\$	245,024
Total Primary Government	\$	74,517,038	\$	77,876,973	\$	70,079,922	\$(7,797,051)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	ć		~		~	F 4F	÷	F 4F
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	545	\$	545
Revenue from the use of property	-	36,950	~	36,950	~	48,085	~	11,135
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	36,950	\$	36,950	\$	48,630	\$	11,680
Charges for services:								
School food	\$	5,104,005	\$	5,175,136	\$	1,744,551	\$(3,430,585)
Tuition and payments from other divisions	,	106,630	•	106,630	•	128,861		22,231
Total charges for services	\$	5,210,635	\$	5,281,766	\$	1,873,412	\$ (3,408,354)
Nissellanaava								
Miscellaneous: Other miscellaneous	Ś	1 0 41 272	ć	1 0 41 272	ć	1,302,881	ć	261 500
Other miscettaneous	\$	1,041,372	Ş	1,041,372	Ş	1,302,001	Ş	261,509
Recovered costs:								
Other recovered costs	\$	329,878	\$	388,985	\$	556,798	\$	167,813
Total revenue from local sources	\$	6,618,835	\$	6,749,073	\$	3,781,721	\$ (2,967,352)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Pittsylvania, Virginia	\$	16,038,808	\$	17,222,964	\$	14,446,410	\$ (2,776,554)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	9,638,784	\$	9,638,784	\$	9,696,608	\$	57,824
Basic Aid		29,040,346		29,040,346		29,055,833		15,487
Remedial summer education		257,681		257,681		254,062		(3,619)
Regular foster care		52,747		52,747		14,339		(38,408)
Gifted and talented		311,809		311,809		311,738		(71)
Remedial education		1,180,892		1,180,892		1,180,624		(268)
Special education		3,947,365		3,947,365		3,946,469		(896)
Textbook payment		638,346		638,346		638,200		(146)
						, -		. ,

Schedule 1 Page 6 of 6

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Alternative education	\$	192,240	\$	192,240	\$	191,853	\$	(387)
Algebra readiness		158,247		158,247		153,615		(4,632)
Mentor teacher program		4,292		4,292		5,882		1,590
Social security fringe benefits		1,870,852		1,870,852		1,870,427		(425)
Group life		119,416		119,416		119,389		(27)
Retirement fringe benefits		3,701,899		3,701,899		3,701,058		(841)
Governor's school		17,630		17,630		17,630		-
Early reading intervention		201,943		201,943		201,943		-
Homebound education		105,999		105,999		118,434		12,435
Vocation education		1,182,830		1,182,830		1,162,143		(20,687)
Salary Supplement		513,710		513,710		513,642		(68)
JROTC		273,122		273,122		248,879		(24,243)
Special education - foster children		-		-		46,199		46,199
At risk payments		1,214,850		1,214,850		1,214,544		(306)
Primary class size		1,432,916		1,432,916		1,420,973		(11,943)
Technology		712,400		712,400		544,214		(168,186)
At risk four-year olds		1,070,000		1,070,000		1,070,000		-
School Food		93,545		93,545		89,595		(3,950)
English as a second language		106,993		106,993		110,715		3,722
Extended Summer School						62,500		62,500
Other state funds		4,311		4,311		51,185		46,874
GED prep program		23,576		23,576		23,576		
Project Graduation						9,630		9,630
Total categorical aid	Ś	58,068,741	\$	58,068,741	\$	58,045,899	\$	(22,842)
	Ļ	50,000,741	Ļ	50,000,741	ڔ	50,045,077	ç	(22,042)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	58,068,741	\$	58,068,741	\$	58,045,899	\$	(22,842)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Title I	\$	2,328,469	\$	2,328,469	\$	1,938,502	\$	(389,967)
Special Education	Ŷ	1,940,650	Ŷ	1,940,650	Ŷ	1,862,469	7	(78,181)
Title VI-B, preschool		23,137		23,137		32,493		9,356
Vocational education		153,296		153,296		155,173		1,877
School food program		3,025,022		3,025,022		3,528,199		503,177
Adult Education		131,074		131,074		117,549		(13,525)
Title II		340,390		340,390		365,680		25,290
Title IV Part B-21		540,570		540,570		280		23,290
		15,096		15,096		17,396		2,300
Language acquisition Other federal funds						17,390		
	ć	48,000	ć	48,000	ć	9 017 744	ć	(48,000)
Total categorical aid	\$	8,005,134	Ş	8,005,134	Ş	8,017,741	\$	12,607
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	8,005,134	\$	8,005,134	\$	8,017,741	\$	12,607
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	88,731,518	\$	90,045,912	\$	84,291,771	\$ (5,754,141)

General Fund: Exercised government administration: Legislatervices S 167,399 S 198,233 S 181,923 S 161,923 S 163,909 S 283,089 S 7,899 L23,209 S 283,089 S 7,998 L23,209 S 283,089 S 284,087 S 150,921 S 160,813 S 160,813 S 160,813 S 120,821 S 160,813 S 284,087 S 132,717 S 130,826 S 130,719 S 132,717 S	Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Legislative: Board of supervisors S 167,399 S 198,233 S 181,923 S 163,100 General and financial administration: County administrator S 287,165 S 290,979 S 283,089 S 7,890 Legal services 107,989 104,000 100,101 5,899 104,000 5,899 104,000 5,292 7,939 25,528 Commissioner of revenue 629,849 651,779 627,122 64,979 8,470 Management information systems 386,154 399,483 394,247 5,238 6,166 Central accounting 386,154 399,483 394,247 5,238 6,166 Genral and financial administration 5 2,851,169 5 2,803,507 5 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board 5 159,821 5 163,821 5 128,071 5 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board 5 159,821 5 163,821 5 312,709	General Fund:								
Board of supervisors S 167,399 S 198,233 S 181,923 S 163,10 General and financial administration: County administrator S 287,165 S 290,979 S 283,089 S 7,890 Legal services 166,309 196,000 190,010 5,889 167,399 223,327 97,739 25,288 Commissioner of revenue 629,849 651,779 627,122 24,657 7,789 223,327 637,592 41,700 Central and financial administration 326,154 399,483 394,247 5,238 6,166 Grants administration 78,814 76,059 2,775 Total general and financial administration 5 159,821 153,821 5 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board 5 159,821 5 136,708 15,057 Total general government administration 5 3,334,154 5 3,484,045 5 12,711 5 136,719 Judicial administration: 5 3,334,	General government administration:								
General and financial administration: S 287,165 \$ 290,979 \$ 283,089 \$ 7,890 Legal services 186,309 190,101 5,899 100,590 72,592 7,998 Human Resources 107,989 123,327 97,399 25,928 4,797 Commissioner of revenue 629,849 651,779 627,122 24,657 Treasurer 658,227 681,292 639,992 41,700 Central accounting 320,960 121,009 312,539 8,474 Management information systems 386,154 394,483 394,247 5,226 Grants administration 5 2,86,1169 5 2,40,226 5 163,821 5 12,171 \$ 117,023 110,857 6,160 Board of elections: Electoral board \$ 159,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 12,711 \$ 11,776 Total general government administration \$ 33,34,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 <t< td=""><td>Legislative:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Legislative:								
County administrator S 287,165 S 290,979 S 283,089 S 7,890 Legal services 186,309 199,101 5,899 Independent auditor 80,500 80,500 80,500 27,502 7,998 Human Resources 107,989 123,372 97,399 25,528 Commissioner of revenue 658,227 681,292 639,592 41,700 Central accounting 320,960 321,009 312,539 8,747 Management information systems 386,154 399,483 399,437 5,235 Central purchasing 115,576 110,857 6,166 Grants administration 78,804 5 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board 5 159,875 5 163,819 5 136,708 Judicial administration: Courts 5 3,34,154 5 3,274,249 5 179,796 Judicial administration: Courts 5 140,075 141,247 5 130,826	Board of supervisors	\$	167,399	\$	198,233	\$	181,923	\$	16,310
Legal services 186,309 196,000 190,101 5,899 Independent auditor 80,500 80,500 72,502 7,798 Human Resources 107,989 123,327 97,399 25,928 24,657 Treasurer 658,227 681,292 631,592 41,700 Central accounting 320,660 321,009 312,539 8,770 Management information systems 386,154 399,483 394,247 5,236 Central purchasing 78,080 78,834 76,059 2,775 Total general and financial administration 5 159,821 \$ 163,826 \$ 186,708 152,707 \$ 136,708 152,707 \$ 136,708 152,077 \$ 136,708 152,077 \$ 136,708 152,077 \$ 136,708 152,077 \$ 136,708 152,077 \$ 136,708 15,057 \$ 136,708 15,057 \$ 136,708 15,057 \$ 3,734,154 \$ 3,742,249 \$	General and financial administration:								
Independent auditor 80,500 80,500 72,502 7,998 Human Resources 107,989 123,227 97,399 225,928 Commissioner of revenue 269,849 651,779 627,122 24,657 Treasurer 658,227 681,292 639,592 41,700 Central accounting 320,960 321,253 8,470 Management information systems 386,154 399,483 394,247 5,236 Central purchasing 115,936 117,023 110,857 6,166 Grants administration \$ 2,881,169 \$ 2,901,207 \$ 136,708 136,708 Electoral board \$ 159,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 152,111 \$ 11,710 Registrar 135,756 \$ 315,586 \$ 2,88,819 \$ 2,6707 Total board of elections \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 Grants administration: \$ 20,950 20,950 214,806 6,144 S	County administrator	\$	287,165	\$	290,979	\$	283,089	\$	7,890
Human Resources 107,989 123,327 97,399 25,928 Commissioner of revenue 629,849 661,779 667,122 24,657 Treasurer 58,227 681,292 643,129 24,657 Central accounting 320,960 321,009 312,539 8,470 Management information systems 386,154 399,4247 5,236 Central purchasing 78,880 78,834 76,059 2,775 Total general and financial administration 78,880 78,834 76,059 2,775 Total general and financial administration 5 159,821 5 163,821 5 152,111 5 11,706 Board of elections: Electoral board 5 315,586 5 328,819 5 26,677 Total general government administration: 5 3,334,154 5 3,719 781 Judicial administration: Courts: 5 140,105 5 141,247 5 3,032,6 5 10,421 General district court	Legal services		186,309		196,000		190,101		5,899
Commissioner of revenue 629,849 651,779 627,122 24,657 Treasurer 638,227 638,222 639,592 41,700 Central accounting 320,960 321,009 312,539 8,470 Management information systems 366,154 399,483 394,247 5,236 Central purchasing Total general and financial administration 78,060 78,834 76,059 2,775 Total general and financial administration \$ 2,981,169 \$ 2,940,226 \$ 2,803,507 \$ 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board \$ 159,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 152,111 \$ 11,707 Total general government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 <t< td=""><td>Independent auditor</td><td></td><td>80,500</td><td></td><td>80,500</td><td></td><td>72,502</td><td></td><td>7,998</td></t<>	Independent auditor		80,500		80,500		72,502		7,998
Treasurer 658,227 681,292 639,592 41,700 Central accounting 320,960 321,090 312,539 8,747 Management information systems 366,154 399,483 394,247 5,236 Central purchasing 115,936 117,023 110,857 6,166 Grants administration 78,834 76,059 2,775 Total general and financial administration 5 2,851,169 5 2,803,507 5 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board 5 159,821 5 163,821 5 152,111 5 117,703 Total general district court 5 315,586 5 315,586 5 3,254,045 5 3,274,249 5 179,796 Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit court 5 140,105 5 141,247 5 130,826 5 0,421 General district court 11,706 11,706 10,088 1,618 1,618 1,618 1,618 1,618 1,618 1,618 1,618 1,618 1,618 1,618 1	Human Resources		107,989		123,327		97,399		25,928
Central accounting 320,960 321,009 312,339 8,470 Management information systems 386,154 399,483 394,247 5,286 Central purchasing 115,936 117,023 110,857 6,166 Grants administration \$ 2,851,169 \$ 2,803,169 \$ 2,803,507 \$ 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board \$ 159,821 \$ 153,821 \$ 152,111 \$ 117,700 Registrar 155,765 151,765 136,708 150,057 \$ 136,708 150,057 Total general government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 Circuit court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 Law library \$ 2,820 20,950 14,806 6,144	Commissioner of revenue		629,849		651,779		627,122		24,657
Central accounting 320,960 321,009 312,339 8,470 Management information systems 386,154 399,483 394,247 5,286 Central purchasing 115,936 117,023 110,857 6,166 Grants administration \$ 2,851,169 \$ 2,803,169 \$ 2,803,507 \$ 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board \$ 159,821 \$ 153,821 \$ 152,111 \$ 117,700 Registrar 155,765 151,765 136,708 150,057 \$ 136,708 150,057 Total general government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 Circuit court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 Law library \$ 2,820 20,950 14,806 6,144	Treasurer		658,227		681,292		639,592		41,700
Management information systems 386,154 399,483 394,247 5,236 Central purchasing 115,936 117,023 110,857 6,166 Grants administration \$ 2,851,169 \$ 2,840,226 \$ 2,803,907 \$ 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board \$ 159,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 152,111 \$ 11,710 Registrar	Central accounting		320,960		321,009		312,539		8,470
Central purchasing Grants administration 115,936 117,023 110,857 6,166 78,080 78,834 76,059 2,775 Total general and financial administration \$ 2,851,169 \$ 2,940,226 \$ 2,803,507 \$ 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board \$ 159,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 152,111 \$ 117,003 Registrar 155,765 151,765 136,708 150,077 Total general government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 Guental magistrates 4,500 4,3709 781 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court \$ 140,05 \$ 927,608 \$ 920,930 \$ 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court \$ 14,806 \$ 1,480 \$ 1,280 \$ 1,850	-		386,154		399,483		394,247		5,236
Grants administration 78,080 78,834 76,059 2,775 Total general and financial administration \$2,851,169 \$2,940,226 \$2,803,507 \$136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board \$159,821 \$163,821 \$152,111 \$11,710 Registrar \$155,765 \$151,765 \$151,765 \$157,765 \$157,765 \$157,765 \$157,765 \$157,765 \$177,766 Total board of elections \$3,334,154 \$3,454,045 \$3,274,249 \$179,796 \$179,796 Judicial administration: Courts: \$140,105 \$141,247 \$130,826 \$10,421 General district court \$140,105 \$141,247 \$130,826 \$10,421 General district court \$140,105 \$141,247 \$130,826 \$10,421 General district court \$20,950 \$14,806 \$144 \$1,638 \$1,648 Juvenile and domestic relations court \$20,950 \$20,950 \$14,806 \$144 Clerk of the circuit court \$23,804 \$25,800 \$21,516 \$4,284									-
Total general and financial administration \$ 2,851,169 \$ 2,940,226 \$ 2,803,507 \$ 136,719 Board of elections: Electoral board Registrar Total board of elections \$ 159,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 152,111 \$ 11,710 155,765 151,765 136,708 15,057 Total general government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 11,706 11,706 10,088 1,618 \$ 0,6144 Special magistrates Juvenile and domestic relations court \$ 140,005 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 11,706 10,088 1,618 \$ 0,500 3,719 781 Juvenile and domestic relations court \$ 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 (Library Library \$ 23,800 27,5800 27,516 4,824 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 709,390 \$ 22,788 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff ' grants \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,766,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 437,555 \$ 646,407 375,911 \$ 270,496									
Electoral board \$ 159,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 162,111 \$ 17,10 Registrar 155,765 151,765 136,708 15,007 Total board of elections \$ 315,586 \$ 315,586 \$ 288,819 \$ 26,767 Total general government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Courts: \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 11,706 \$ 11,706 \$ 11,706 \$ 11,088 \$ 1,618 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 \$ 14,806 \$ 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 \$ 676,020 \$ 664,411 \$ 11,609 Law Library \$ 25,800 \$ 21,516 \$ 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 \$ 83,748 \$ 74,927 \$ 8,821 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff - grants \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants \$ 9,685 \$ 99,685 \$ 42,453 \$ 17,232	Total general and financial administration	\$	2,851,169	\$	2,940,226	\$	2,803,507	\$	136,719
Electoral board \$ 159,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 163,821 \$ 162,111 \$ 17,10 Registrar 155,765 151,765 136,708 15,007 Total board of elections \$ 315,586 \$ 315,586 \$ 288,819 \$ 26,767 Total general government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Courts: \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 11,706 \$ 11,706 \$ 11,706 \$ 11,088 \$ 1,618 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 \$ 14,806 \$ 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 \$ 676,020 \$ 664,411 \$ 11,609 Law Library \$ 25,800 \$ 21,516 \$ 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 \$ 83,748 \$ 74,927 \$ 8,821 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff - grants \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants \$ 9,685 \$ 99,685 \$ 42,453 \$ 17,232	Board of elections:								
Registrar 155,765 151,765 136,708 15,067 Total board of elections \$ 315,586 \$ 288,819 \$ 26,767 Total general government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 Juvenile and bomestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 25,800 25,180 21,516 4,252 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 927,608 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,68		s	159.821	Ś	163.821	Ś	152,111	s	11.710
Total board of elections \$ 315,586 \$ 315,586 \$ 288,819 \$ 26,767 Total general government administration \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: \$ 3,334,154 \$ 3,454,045 \$ 3,274,249 \$ 179,796 Judicial administration: \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 25,800 21,516 4,224 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: \$ 437,555 646,407 375,911 \$ 270,496 Sheriff - grants \$ 343,555 646,407 375,911 \$ 270,496 Sheriff - grants \$ 96,685 59,685 4 2,453 17,232		Ť	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	,	Ŧ	
Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court 11,706 11,706 10,088 1,618 Special magistrates 4,500 4,500 3,719 781 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 25,800 21,516 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 - 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff - igants \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - igants \$ 437,555 \$ 646,407 \$ 375,911 \$ 270,496 Sheriff - igants \$ 59,685 \$ 59,685 \$ 42,453 \$ 17,232	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Courts: \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court 11,706 11,706 10,088 1,618 Special magistrates 4,500 4,500 3,719 781 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 25,800 21,516 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - gants \$ 437,555 \$ 646,40	Total general government administration	\$	3,334,154	\$	3,454,045	\$	3,274,249	\$	179,796
Courts: \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court 11,706 11,706 10,088 1,618 Special magistrates 4,500 4,500 3,719 781 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 25,800 21,516 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - gants \$ 437,555 \$ 646,40	Judicial administration:								
Circuit court \$ 140,105 \$ 141,247 \$ 130,826 \$ 10,421 General district court 111,706 111,706 111,706 10,088 1,618 Special magistrates 4,500 4,500 3,719 781 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 21,516 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$	Courts:								
General district court 11,706 11,706 10,088 1,618 Special magistrates 4,500 4,500 3,719 781 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 21,516 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants \$ 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system \$ 99,685 59,685 42,453 17		Ś	140,105	Ś	141,247	Ś	130,826	s	10,421
Special magistrates 4,500 4,500 3,719 781 Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 25,800 21,516 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 59,685 42,453			,		-			·	
Juvenile and domestic relations court 20,950 20,950 14,806 6,144 Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 25,800 21,516 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232			-		-				
Clerk of the circuit court 649,873 676,020 664,411 11,609 Law Library 25,800 25,800 21,516 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232					-				
Law Library 25,800 25,800 21,516 4,284 Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Commonwealth's attorney \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: \$ 437,555 646,407 375,911 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants \$ 437,555 646,407 375,911 \$ 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system \$ 99,685 59,685 42,453 17,232			-		-				
Victim and witness assistance 72,824 83,748 74,927 8,821 Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 1,850 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232	Law Library		-				-		
Commissioner of accounts 1,850 1,850 - 1,850 Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants \$ 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system \$ 99,685 59,685 42,453 17,232	-		-						
Total courts \$ 927,608 \$ 965,821 \$ 920,293 \$ 45,528 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants \$ 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system \$ 90,885 59,685 42,453 17,232					-		-		-
Commonwealth's attorney \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system \$ 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232		\$		\$		\$	920,293	\$	
Commonwealth's attorney \$ 729,147 \$ 732,178 \$ 709,390 \$ 22,788 Total judicial administration \$ 1,656,755 \$ 1,697,999 \$ 1,629,683 \$ 68,316 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system \$ 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232	Commonwealth's attorney:								
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232	Commonwealth's attorney	\$	729,147	\$	732,178	\$	709,390	\$	22,788
Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232	Total judicial administration	\$	1,656,755	\$	1,697,999	\$	1,629,683	\$	68,316
Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 6,583,651 \$ 6,768,951 \$ 6,494,691 \$ 274,260 Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232	Public safety:								
Sheriff - grants 437,555 646,407 375,911 270,496 Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232	Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232	Sheriff - law enforcement	\$	6,583,651	\$	6,768,951	\$	6,494,691	\$	274,260
Sheriff - E911 system 59,685 59,685 42,453 17,232	Sheriff - grants		437,555						
	-		59,685				-		
		\$		\$		\$		\$	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire marshall	\$	93,511	\$	94,817	\$	85,232	\$	9,585
Volunteer fire department		1,996,650		2,167,491		1,768,470		399,021
Ambulance and rescue services		110,000		110,000		62,620		47,380
Total fire and rescue services	\$	2,200,161	\$	2,372,308	\$	1,916,322	\$	455,986
Correction and detention:								
Sheriff - correction and detention	\$	4,486,184	\$	4,497,489	\$	4,270,883	\$	226,606
Court services unit		425,300		428,755		394,174		34,581
Other correction and detention		26,100		26,100		19,679		6,421
Total correction and detention	\$	4,937,584	\$	4,952,344	\$	4,684,736	\$	267,608
Inspections:								
Building inspections	\$	310,692	\$	313,731	\$	305,049	\$	8,682
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	274,268	\$	301,135	\$	299,038	\$	2,097
Medical examiner		2,500		2,500		680		1,820
E911 System		1,313,309		1,303,031		1,179,280		123,751
Emergency management		22,803		22,803		16,777		6,026
Total other protection	\$	1,612,880	\$	1,629,469	\$	1,495,775	\$	133,694
Total public safety	\$	16,142,208	\$	16,742,895	\$	15,314,937	\$	1,427,958
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Public works	\$	165,420	\$	169,838	\$	166,843	\$	2,995
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:	ć	1 004 905	ć	1 110 075	ć	1 100 972	ć	10 102
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	1,096,805	Ş	1,119,975	Ş	1,100,872	Ş	19,103
Fleet management	~	178,399	~	220,844	~	199,636	~	21,208
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	1,275,204	\$	1,340,819	\$	1,300,508	\$	40,311
Total public works	\$	1,440,624	\$	1,510,657	\$	1,467,351	\$	43,306
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Local health department	\$	507,570	\$	507,570	\$	507,570	\$	-
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Mental health and mental retardation	\$	267,194	\$	267,194	\$	267,194	\$	-

General Fund: (Continued) Health and Welfare: (Continued) Welfare administration \$ 4,153,821 \$ 4,348,776 \$ 3,867,016 \$ 481,760 Public sistance \$ 1,20,000 \$ 1,114,500 \$ 66,473 \$ 468,027 Children's Services Act 4,502,941 \$ 5,156,732 \$ 2,209,633 \$ (22,903) Family preservation grant \$ 9,821,762 \$ 10,620,008 \$ 9,723,124 \$ 896,884 Education: Total health and welfare \$ 10,596,526 \$ 11,394,772 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Education: Other instructional costs: Contribution to local school board \$ 16,047,813 \$ 17,221,964 \$ 14,446,410 \$ 2,776,554 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation \$ 16,047,813 \$ 17,221,969 \$ 14,445,415 \$ 2,776,554 Parks and recreation: \$ 33,600 \$ 33,600 \$ 33,600 \$ 33,521 \$ 79 \$ 143,484 State Forestry \$ 516,209 \$ 50,023 \$ 376,460 \$ 143,563 \$ 143,563 Library: Library administration \$ 1,724,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, necreation, and cultural \$ 1,740,689 \$ 1,207,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, necreation, and cultural \$ 1,740,689 \$ 1,217,7798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Library: Library: Library: Library: Community development: \$ 1,227,728 \$ 1,727,798 \$ 1,227,04 \$ 2,005 \$ 2,20,790	Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Welfare: S 4,153,821 S 4,348,776 S 3,867,016 S 441,760 Public assistance 1,120,000 1,114,500 646,473 468,027 Children's Services Act 4,502,941 5,155,722 5,209,635 (52,903) Total welfare: 5 9,821,762 5 10,402,008 5 9,723,124 5 886,884 Education: Other instructional costs: Contribution to local school board 5 10,396,526 5 11,344,772 5 10,497,888 5 896,884 Education: Other instructional costs: Contributions to community college 5 16,038,808 5 17,223,964 5 14,446,410 5 2,776,554 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks, recreation: Administration 5 16,047,813 5 14,246,410 5 2,776,554 Ubrary: Library: Library: Library 5 14,246,82 5 1,297,798 5 1,299,690 5 68,108	General Fund: (Continued)								
Wetfare administration \$ 4,153,821 \$ 4,348,776 \$ 3,867,016 \$ 481,760 Public assistance 1,120,000 1,114,500 646,473 486,027 Childrein Services Act 3,000 - - - Total wetfare \$ 9,821,762 \$ 10,620,008 \$ 9,723,124 \$ 896,884 Total wetfare \$ 10,596,526 \$ 11,394,772 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Education: Other instructional costs: Contribution to local school board \$ 16,038,808 \$ 17,222,964 \$ 14,446,410 \$ 2,776,554 Contribution to local school board \$ 16,038,808 \$ 17,221,969 \$ 14,445,415 \$ 2,776,554 Parks, recreation: Administration \$ 16,038,808 \$ 17,221,969 \$ 14,455,415 \$ 2,776,554 Parks, recreation: Administration \$ 12,246,689 \$ 12,297,998 \$ 143,963 \$ 33,600 \$ 33,521 79 Total parks and recreation \$ 316,009 \$ 33,640 \$ 143,963 \$ 143,963 \$ 12,29,690 \$ 68,108 Library: Library: Library administration									
Public assistance 1,120,000 1,114,500 646,473 468,027 Children's Services Act 4,502,941 5,156,732 5,209,635 (22,003) Family preservation grant 5 9,821,762 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Total welfare \$ 10,596,526 \$ 11,394,772 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Education: Other instructional costs: Contributions to community college \$ 16,038,808 \$ 17,222,964 \$ 14,446,410 \$ 2,776,554 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation \$ 16,047,813 \$ 17,220,964 \$ 14,446,410 \$ 2,776,554 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation \$ 482,609 \$ 486,423 \$ 342,939 \$ 143,484 State Forestry \$ 33,600 33,521 79 \$ 5 16,209 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Library: Library: Library administration \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,270,925 \$ 2,1,615 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Children's Services Act 4.502, 941 5,156,732 5,209,635 (52,903) Family preservation grant 5 9.821,762 5 10,596,526 5 11,394,772 5 10,497,888 5 896,884 Education: Other instructional costs: Contribution to local school board 5 16,038,808 5 17,222,964 5 14,446,410 5 2,776,554 Contribution to local school board Contributions to community college 9,005 9,005 9,005 .		Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş	
Family preservation grant Total weffare 45,000 10,20,008 \$ 9,723,124 \$ 896,884 Total health and welfare \$ 10,596,526 \$ 11,394,772 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Education: Other instructional costs: Contribution to local school board Contributions to community college \$ 16,038,808 \$ 17,222,964 \$ 14,446,410 \$ 2,776,554 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Administration of parks and recreation \$ 482,609 \$ 486,423 \$ 342,939 \$ 143,864 State Forestry Total parks, necreation, and cultural \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,227,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Library: Library: Library: Library administration \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,227,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 1,760,898 \$ 1,817,821 \$ 1,606,150 \$ 2,11,671 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning and community development \$ 1,227,922 \$ 1,11,117,117,1150 \$ 2,075,524,533,205,223,530,203,53,205,224,5390,205,204,5390,205,154,255,2390,205,224,5390,205,295,544,255,292,234,442 \$ 114,363,55,539,769 Environmental management: Solia and water conservation district Other environmental management \$ 1,227,922,21,152,5,145,55,033,300,154,558,952,25,240,55,390,250,255,242,56,390,256,252,26,390,256,250,200,256,262,500,200,276,255,242,55,393,2769,55,276,255,276,							-		
Total welfare \$ 9,821,762 \$ 10,620,008 \$ 9,723,124 \$ 896,884 Total health and welfare \$ 10,596,526 \$ 11,394,772 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Education: Other instructional costs: \$ 10,596,526 \$ 11,394,772 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Education: Other instructional costs: \$ 10,596,526 \$ 11,394,772 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Contribution to local school board \$ 10,596,526 \$ 11,394,772 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Parks; recreation and cultural: \$ 10,607,813 \$ 17,222,964 \$ 14,446,410 \$ 2,776,554 Parks; recreation; and cultural: \$ 16,047,813 \$ 17,231,969 \$ 14,445,415 \$ 2,776,554 Parks; recreation; administration of parks and recreation \$ 486,609 \$ 486,423 \$ 342,939 \$ 143,484 State Forestry \$ 516,209 \$ 520,023 \$ 376,460 \$ 143,563 Library: Library administration \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 1,760,898 \$ 1,817,821 \$ 1,606,150 \$ 211,671 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning and community development: Planning and community development \$ 1,227,922 \$ 1,151,187 \$ 173,519 \$ 174,778 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development: Planning and community development: \$ 12,279,292 \$ 1,41,313 \$ 5,397,690 Environmental management \$ 12,27,92 \$ 1,41,313 \$ 5,397,292 <td></td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td>5,156,732</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(52,903)</td>			, ,		5,156,732				(52,903)
Total health and welfare \$ 10,596,526 \$ 11,394,772 \$ 10,497,888 \$ 896,884 Education: Other instructional costs: Contributions to local school board \$ 16,038,808 \$ 17,222,964 \$ 14,446,410 \$ 2,276,554 Contributions to community college \$ 16,038,808 \$ 17,222,964 \$ 14,446,410 \$ 2,276,554 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: \$ 482,609 \$ 486,423 \$ 342,939 \$ 143,484 State Forestry \$ 516,209 \$ 220,023 \$ 376,460 \$ 143,563 Library: Library: Library: Library: Library: 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 17,519 \$ 17,4778 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 \$ 2,075 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning and community development \$ 1,227,222 \$ 1,817,821 \$ 1,606,150 \$ 2,211,671 Community development: Planning and community development \$ 2,276,554 \$ 2,390 \$ 483,205 \$ 226,390 \$ 2,075 \$ 683,205 \$ 226,390 Environmental management: \$ 1,227,922 \$ 1,151,187 \$ 1,747,78 \$ 1,727,03 \$ 2,075 \$ 2,075 \$ 2,075 \$ 2,070 \$ 2,52,90 \$ 2,075 \$ 2,075 \$ 2,283,592 \$ 234,442 \$ 11,150 Cooperative extension program \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 9,750 \$ 2,26,390 \$ 2,075 \$ 2,26,390 Cooperative extension program: \$ 122,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 5 399,769 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>~</td> <td>-</td> <td>~</td> <td></td> <td>~</td> <td>-</td>				~	-	~		~	-
Education: Other instructional costs: Contribution to local school board Contribution to local school board Contribution to local school board Contribution to community college Total education\$ 16,038,808 \$ 17,222,964 \$ 14,446,410 \$ 2,776,554 9,005 9,005 9,005 2,776,554Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Administration of parks and recreation\$ 482,609 \$ 486,423 \$ 342,939 \$ 143,484 33,600 33,600 \$ 33,521 79 \$ 516,029 \$ 520,023 \$ 376,460 \$ 143,563Library: Library: Library administration\$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108Total parks, recreation, and cultural\$ 1,760,898 \$ 1,817,821 \$ 1,606,150 \$ 211,671Community development: Planning commusity development: Planning and community development\$ 173,519 \$ 174,778 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 \$ 680,209 709,595 483,205 226,390 243,633 245,592 234,442 11,150 8 2,325,283 \$ 2,2281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 300,154 \$ 5 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 \$ 30,000 \$ 61,441 \$ 27,529 \$ 33,912 \$ 5 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program:\$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Total welfare	\$	9,821,762	Ş	10,620,008	Ş	9,723,124	Ş	896,884
Other instructional costs: Contribution to local school board Contribution to local school board Contributions to community college Total education 5 $16,038,808$ 5 $17,222,964$ 5 $14,446,410$ 5 $2,776,554$ Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Administration of parks and recreation 5 $482,609$ 5 $486,423$ 5 $342,939$ 5 $143,484$ State Forestry Total parks and recreation 5 $482,609$ 5 $486,423$ 5 $342,939$ 5 $143,484$ Library: Library: Library administration 5 $1,224,689$ 5 $1,227,798$ 5 $1,229,690$ 5 $68,108$ Community development: Planning commission Community development 5 $1,760,898$ 5 $1,817,821$ 5 $1,606,150$ 5 $211,671$ Community development: Planning commission Community development 5 $173,519$ 5 $174,778$ 5 $172,703$ 5 $2,075$ Community development Daning commission 5 $173,519$ 5 $174,778$ 5 $172,703$ 5 $2,075$ Community development Daning and community development $2,235,283$ 5 $2,275,292$ $23,4442$ $11,150$ Environmental management Soil and water conservation district Other environmental management 5 $122,542$ 5 $122,542$ 5 $97,502$ 5 $25,040$ Other environmental management Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program: <b< td=""><td>Total health and welfare</td><td>\$</td><td>10,596,526</td><td>\$</td><td>11,394,772</td><td>\$</td><td>10,497,888</td><td>\$</td><td>896,884</td></b<>	Total health and welfare	\$	10,596,526	\$	11,394,772	\$	10,497,888	\$	896,884
$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Contribution to local school board \\ \mbox{Contributions to community college \\ Total education \\ \hline \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \\ \mbox{Total education } \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \\ \mbox{Total education } \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \\ \mbox{Parks and recreation } \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \\ \mbox{Parks and recreation of parks and recreation } \\ \mbox{Administration of parks and recreation } \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \\ \mbox{Total parks and recreation } \end{tabular} $	Education:								
Contributions to community college Total education $9,005$ $9,005$ $9,005$ $9,005$ $14,455,415$ 5 $2,776,554$ Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Administration of parks and recreation $$$ $482,609$ $$$ $486,423$ $$$ $342,939$ $$$ $143,484$ State Forestry Total parks, and recreation $$$ $482,609$ $$$ $486,423$ $$$ $342,939$ $$$ $143,484$ Library: Library: Library administration $$$ $1,224,689$ $$$ $1,227,798$ $$$ $1,229,690$ $$$ $68,108$ Total parks, recreation, and cultural $$$ $1,244,689$ $$$ $1,297,798$ $$$ $1,229,690$ $$$ $68,108$ Community development: Planning and community development $$$ $1,760,898$ $$$ $1,817,821$ $$$ $1,606,150$ $$$ $$$ Planning and community development $$$	Other instructional costs:								
Total education \$ 16,047,813 \$ \$ 17,231,969 \$ 14,455,415 \$ \$ 2,776,554 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Administration of parks and recreation \$ 482,609 \$ 486,423 \$ 342,939 \$ 143,484 State Forestry Total parks and recreation \$ 12,24,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Library: Library: S 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Community development: Planning commission \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,817,821 \$ 1,606,150 \$ 2,017.51 Community development: Planning community development: Planning community development \$ 1,227,922 \$ 1,151,187 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development \$ 1,227,922 \$ 1,151,187 \$ 851,033 300,154 \$ 2,075 Total planning and community development \$ 1,227,922 \$ 1,151,187 \$ 81,033 300,154 \$ 2,226,390 \$ 5 2,264,402 \$ 11,150 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 558,952 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Contribution to local school board	\$	16,038,808	\$	17,222,964	\$	14,446,410	\$	2,776,554
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Administration of parks and recreationS $482,609$ S $486,423$ S $342,939$ S $143,484$ State Forestry33,600 $33,600$ $33,600$ $33,600$ $33,521$ 79Total parks and recreationS $5516,209$ S $520,023$ S $376,460$ S $143,464$ Library: Library: Library administrationS $1,244,689$ S $1,297,798$ S $1,229,690$ S $68,108$ Total parks, recreation, and culturalS $1,760,898$ S $1,817,821$ S $1,606,150$ S $211,671$ Community development: Planning and community developmentS $173,519$ S $174,778$ S $172,703$ S $2,075$ Community developmentS $173,519$ S $174,778$ S $172,703$ S $2,075$ Community developmentS $173,519$ S $174,778$ S $172,703$ S $2,075$ Conomic developmentS $1,227,922$ $1,151,187$ 851,033 $300,154$ Total planning and community developmentS $2,325,283$ $2,281,152$ S $1,741,383$ S $539,769$ Environmental management: Soil and water conservation districtS $122,542$ S $122,542$ S $125,031$ S $58,952$ Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program:S $81,870$ S $77,067$ S $4,803$	Contributions to community college		9,005		9,005		9,005		-
Parks and recreation: Administration of parks and recreation\$ $482,609$ \$ $486,423$ \$ $342,939$ \$ $143,484$ State Forestry33,60033,60033,60033,52179Total parks and recreation\$ $516,209$ \$ $520,023$ \$ $376,460$ \$ $143,563$ Library: Library: Library administration\$ $1,244,689$ \$ $1,297,798$ \$ $1,229,690$ \$ $68,108$ Total parks, recreation, and cultural\$ $1,760,898$ \$ $1,817,821$ \$ $1,606,150$ \$ $211,671$ Community development: Planning and community development\$ $1,73,519$ \$ $1,74,778$ \$ $172,703$ \$ $2,075$ Community development\$ $243,633$ $245,592$ $234,442$ $11,150$ Economic development $1,227,922$ $1,151,187$ $851,033$ $300,154$ Total planning and community development\$ $2,325,283$ $2,2281,152$ \$ $1,74,1383$ \$ $539,769$ Environmental management: Soil and water conservation district Other environmental management\$ $122,542$ \$ $183,983$ \$ $125,031$ \$ $58,952$ Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program:\$ $81,870$ \$ $81,870$ \$ $77,067$ \$ $4,803$	Total education	\$	16,047,813	\$	17,231,969	\$	14,455,415	\$	2,776,554
Administration of parks and recreation\$ $482,609$ \$ $486,423$ \$ $342,939$ \$ $143,484$ State Forestry $\overline{5}$ $516,209$ \$ $520,023$ \$ $376,460$ \$ $143,563$ Library:Library administration\$ $1,244,689$ \$ $1,297,798$ \$ $1,229,690$ \$ $68,108$ Total parks, recreation, and cultural\$ $1,760,898$ \$ $1,817,821$ \$ $1,606,150$ \$ $211,671$ Community development:Planning and community development:Planning commission\$ $173,519$ \$ $174,778$ \$ $172,703$ \$ $2,075$ Community developmentDaring board $243,633$ $245,592$ $234,442$ $11,150$ Environmental management:Soil and water conservation district\$ $1227,922$ \$ $1,227,528$ \$ $97,502$ \$ $25,040$ Other environmental management:Cooperative extension program:\$ $81,870$ \$ $81,870$ \$ $77,067$ \$ $4,803$	Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
State Forestry $33,600$ $33,521$ 79 Total parks and recreation $5516,209$ $5520,023$ $5376,460$ $5143,563$ Library: Library administration $516,209$ $516,209$ $520,023$ $51,229,690$ $568,108$ Total parks, recreation, and cultural $51,224,689$ $51,229,798$ $51,229,690$ $568,108$ Community development: Planning commission $51,760,898$ $51,747,778$ $5172,703$ $52,075$ Planning commission $5173,519$ $5174,778$ $5172,703$ $52,075$ $226,390$ Community development: Planning commission $5173,519$ $5174,778$ $5172,703$ $52,075$ $226,390$ Zoning board $52,325,283$ $22,281,152$ $51,723,33$ $300,154$ $11,227,922$ $1,151,187$ $851,033$ $300,154$ Environmental management: 501 and water conservation district $5122,542$ $5122,542$ $97,502$ $52,5040$ Other environmental management $5152,542$ $5183,983$ $5122,031$ $558,952$ Cooperative extension program: $581,870$ $577,067$ $4,803$	Parks and recreation:								
Total parks and recreation \$ 516,209 \$ 520,023 \$ 376,460 \$ 143,563 Library: Library administration \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Community development: \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 211,671 Community development: \$ 1,760,898 \$ 1,817,821 \$ 1,606,150 \$ 211,671 Community development: \$ 173,519 \$ 174,778 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development 680,209 709,595 483,205 226,390 Zoning board 243,633 245,592 234,442 11,150 Economic development 1,227,922 1,151,187 851,033 300,154 Total planning and community development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Soil and water conservation district \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Administration of parks and recreation	\$	482,609	\$	486,423	\$	342,939	\$	143,484
Library: Library administration \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 1,760,898 \$ 1,817,821 \$ 1,606,150 \$ 211,671 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning and community development \$ 173,519 \$ 174,778 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development \$ 1,227,922 \$ 1,167,178 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development \$ 2,075 \$ 680,209 \$ 709,595 \$ 483,205 \$ 226,390 Zoning board \$ 1,227,922 \$ 1,151,187 \$ 851,033 \$ 300,154 Total planning and community development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 122,503 \$ 539,769 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	State Forestry		33,600		33,600		33,521		79
Library administration \$ 1,244,689 \$ 1,297,798 \$ 1,229,690 \$ 68,108 Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 1,760,898 \$ 1,817,821 \$ 1,606,150 \$ 211,671 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning commission \$ 173,519 \$ 174,778 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development \$ 680,209 709,595 483,205 226,390 Zoning board \$ 243,633 245,592 234,442 11,150 Economic development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Total planning and community development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management \$ 30,000 \$ 61,441 \$ 27,529 \$ 33,912 Total environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Total parks and recreation	\$	516,209	\$	520,023	\$	376,460	\$	143,563
Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 1,760,898 \$ 1,817,821 \$ 1,606,150 \$ 211,671 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning commission \$ 173,519 \$ 174,778 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development 680,209 709,595 483,205 226,390 Zoning board 243,633 245,592 234,442 11,150 Economic development 1,227,922 1,151,187 851,033 300,154 Total planning and community development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Total environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Library:								
Community development: Planning and community development: Planning commission \$ 173,519 \$ 174,778 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development 680,209 709,595 483,205 226,390 Zoning board 243,633 245,592 234,442 11,150 Economic development 1,227,922 1,151,187 851,033 300,154 Total planning and community development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Soil and water conservation district \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management 30,000 61,441 27,529 33,912 Total environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Library administration	\$	1,244,689	\$	1,297,798	\$	1,229,690	\$	68,108
Planning and community development: \$ 173,519 \$ 174,778 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development \$ 680,209 709,595 483,205 226,390 Zoning board 243,633 245,592 234,442 11,150 Economic development 1,227,922 1,151,187 851,033 300,154 Total planning and community development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	1,760,898	\$	1,817,821	\$	1,606,150	\$	211,671
Planning commission \$ 173,519 \$ 174,778 \$ 172,703 \$ 2,075 Community development 680,209 709,595 483,205 226,390 Zoning board 243,633 245,592 234,442 11,150 Economic development 1,227,922 1,151,187 851,033 300,154 Total planning and community development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management 30,000 61,441 27,529 33,912 Total environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952 58,952 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Community development:								
Community development 680,209 709,595 483,205 226,390 Zoning board 243,633 245,592 234,442 11,150 Economic development 1,227,922 1,151,187 851,033 300,154 Total planning and community development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management 30,000 61,441 27,529 33,912 Total environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Planning and community development:								
Zoning board $243,633$ $245,592$ $234,442$ $11,150$ Economic development $1,227,922$ $1,151,187$ $851,033$ $300,154$ Total planning and community development $$2,325,283$ $$2,281,152$ $$1,741,383$ $$539,769$ Environmental management: Soil and water conservation district $$122,542$ $$122,542$ $$97,502$ $$25,040$ Other environmental management $$30,000$ $61,441$ $27,529$ $33,912$ Total environmental management $$152,542$ $$183,983$ $$125,031$ $$58,952$ Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program $$81,870$ $$77,067$ $$4,803$	Planning commission	\$	173,519	\$	174,778	\$	172,703	\$	2,075
Economic development 1,227,922 1,151,187 851,033 300,154 Total planning and community development \$ 2,325,283 \$ 2,281,152 \$ 1,741,383 \$ 539,769 Environmental management: \$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 Other environmental management \$ 30,000 61,441 27,529 33,912 Total environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952 Cooperative extension program: \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Community development		680,209		709,595		483,205		226,390
Total planning and community development $$ 2,325,283 $ 2,281,152 $ 1,741,383 $ 539,769$ Environmental management: Soil and water conservation district $$ 122,542 $ 122,542 $ 97,502 $ 25,040$ Other environmental managementTotal environmental management $$ 30,000 $ 61,441 $ 27,529 $ 33,912$ $$ 152,542 $ 183,983 $ 125,031 $ 58,952$ Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program $$ 81,870 $ 81,870 $ 77,067 $ 4,803$	Zoning board		-		245,592		234,442		11,150
Environmental management: Soil and water conservation district\$ 122,542 \$ 122,542 \$ 97,502 \$ 25,040 30,000Other environmental management30,00061,44127,52933,912 33,912Total environmental management\$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program\$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Economic development								
Soil and water conservation district\$122,542\$97,502\$25,040Other environmental management30,00061,44127,52933,912Total environmental management\$152,542\$183,983\$125,031\$58,952Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program\$81,870\$77,067\$4,803	Total planning and community development	\$	2,325,283	\$	2,281,152	\$	1,741,383	\$	539,769
Other environmental management 30,000 61,441 27,529 33,912 Total environmental management \$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952 Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Environmental management:								
Total environmental management\$ 152,542 \$ 183,983 \$ 125,031 \$ 58,952Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program\$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Soil and water conservation district	\$	122,542	\$	122,542	\$	97,502	\$	25,040
Cooperative extension program: Cooperative extension program \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Other environmental management		30,000		61,441		27,529		33,912
Cooperative extension program \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Total environmental management	\$	152,542	\$	183,983	\$	125,031	\$	58,952
Cooperative extension program \$ 81,870 \$ 81,870 \$ 77,067 \$ 4,803	Cooperative extension program:								
Total community development \$ 2,559,695 \$ 2,547,005 \$ 1,943,481 \$ 603,524		\$	81,870	\$	81,870	\$	77,067	\$	4,803
	Total community development	\$	2,559,695	\$	2,547,005	\$	1,943,481	\$	603,524

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Capital projects:								
Other capital projects	\$	391,011	\$	1,009,431	\$	136,099	\$	873,332
Animal shelter		-		1,021,783		839,495		182,288
Total capital projects	\$	391,011	\$	2,031,214	\$	975,594	\$	1,055,620
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	9,635,813	\$	13,677,813	\$	19,766,549	\$	(6,088,736)
Bond issuance costs		-		-		345,282		(345,282)
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,152,680		3,055,680		4,070,647		(1,014,967)
Total debt service	\$	11,788,493	\$	16,733,493	\$	24,182,478	\$	(7,448,985)
Total General Fund	\$	65,718,177	\$	75,161,870	\$	75,347,226	\$	(185,356)
Special Revenue Funds:								
Industrial Development Fund:								
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Industrial development	\$	976,654	\$	1,476,485	\$	423,729	\$	1,052,756
Berry Hill Projects		7,260,979		5,870,835		70,674		5,800,161
Hurt Klopman Mills water and sewer improvements		-		75,155		-		75,155
Total planning and community development	\$	8,237,633	\$	7,422,475	\$	494,403	\$	6,928,072
Carital anniantes								
Capital projects:	ć	774 620	ć	767 047	ċ	450 202	ć	116 664
Capital Projects	Ş	774,639	Ş	767,047	\$	650,383	Ş	116,664
Total Industrial Development Fund	\$	9,012,272	\$	8,189,522	\$	1,144,786	\$	7,044,736
Workforce Investment Act Fund:								
Health and welfare:								
Welfare:								
Workforce investment act		2,208,188		5,496,729		2,729,759	\$	2,766,970
Total Workforce Investment Act Fund	\$	2,208,188	Ş	5,496,729	\$	2,729,759	\$	2,766,970
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Forfeited Assets Fund: Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	185,091	s	819,669	S	720,429	s	99,240
	<u>,</u>	105,071	Ļ	017,007	Ļ	720,727	Ļ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Forfeited Asset Fund	\$	185,091	\$	819,669	\$	720,429	\$	99,240

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Funds:								
School Capital Improvements Fund:								
Capital projects expenditures:	<i>.</i>		~	2 4 2 2 2 4 2		a 7 00 (00	~	101.111
School energy project	\$	-	\$	3,122,343	Ş	2,720,682	Ş	401,661
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,000,000	\$	(15,000,000)
Bond issuance costs		-		298,009		298,009		-
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		62,500		54,839		7,661
Total debt service	\$	-	\$	360,509	\$	15,352,848	\$	(14,992,339)
Total School Capital Improvements Fund	\$	-	\$	3,482,852	\$	18,073,530	\$	(14,590,678)
Total Primary Government	\$	77,123,728	\$	93,150,642	\$	98,015,730	\$	(4,865,088)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund:								
Education:								
Administration of schools: Administration and health services	Ś	3,416,946	ċ	3,614,271	ć	3,366,210	ċ	248,061
Administration and health services	Ş	3,410,940	Ş	3,014,271	Ş	3,300,210	Ş	240,001
Instruction costs:								
Instructional costs	\$	59,730,684	\$	59,515,136	\$	58,697,208	\$	817,928
Technology		2,557,955		2,435,132		2,611,412		(176,280)
Total instruction costs	\$	62,288,639	\$	61,950,268	\$	61,308,620	\$	641,648
Operating costs:								
Pupil transportation	\$	6,069,946	\$	6,243,525	\$	6,000,951	\$	242,574
Operation and maintenance of school plant		8,412,060		9,438,974		7,919,793		1,519,181
Food service and non-instructional		8,543,927		8,798,874		5,596,144		3,202,730
Total operating costs	\$	23,025,933	\$	24,481,373	\$	19,516,888	\$	4,964,485
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total education	\$	88,731,518	\$	90,045,912	\$	84,191,718	\$	5,854,194
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	88,731,518	\$	90,045,912	\$	84,191,718	\$	5,854,194

Other Statistical Information

	Total	וטנמו	68,341,109	66,556,083	61,746,369	60,705,474	63,215,310	65,888,028	66,839,486	63,825,890	63,292,605	60.490.090
	(<i>C</i>) ihdde	רמווחו ווו (ד)	\$ 4,600,151 \$ 2,085,129 \$ 68,341,109	2,729,495	2,610,768	(355,066)	3,192,265					
Interest	on Long- Term Deht		\$ 4,600,151	4,156,131	4,462,480	5,044,241	4,852,814	5,052,047	5,658,339	4,706,088	2,799,504	2.677.642
	Non- departmental	חבלימו נווובוונמו	۔ \$									
	Community Non- Development departmental	הפאפוטאווופוור	\$ 3,050,989	4,328,560	3,595,993	4,541,281	5,297,007	6,009,715	5,879,792	6,642,658	7,041,212	6.967.075
Parks,	Recreation,	מווח כעונעומו	\$ 1,625,932	1,653,432	1,544,778	1,519,663	1,389,794	1,212,790	1,179,959	1,163,559	1,170,737	938.209
	Education (1)		\$ 20,654,247	20,144,745	17,456,021	17,610,398	17,483,731	16,068,919	11,601,833	13,030,727	15,904,724	14.808.363
	Health and Walfare	אכוומוב	889,643 \$ 13,295,781 \$ 20,654,247 \$ 1,625,932 \$ 3,050,989	11,762,632	11,203,241	11,742,309	11,725,859	15,013,208	18,784,848	15,855,096	15,780,009	16.364.479
	Public Works (2)		\$ 889,643	1,478,254	1,065,750	1,722,616	1,312,173	5,199,400	5,552,474	4,495,239	4,416,883	3.420.748
	Public Safety	שובוץ	1,630,364 \$ 17,388,780	15,971,461	15,412,321	14,150,804	14,004,881	13,492,424	13,884,135	13,399,420	12,356,590	11.577.156
	Judicial	מוווווווזרו מרוחו	1,630,364	1,570,134	1,616,010	1,577,467	1,604,516	1,521,622	1,289,615	1,579,879	1,554,911	1.464.735
General	Government Administration A		\$ 3,120,093 \$	2,761,239	2,779,007	3,151,761	2,352,270	2,317,903	3,008,491	2,953,224	2,268,035	2.271.683
	Fiscal Voar	וכמו	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

of debt.
÷
-
ance
sal
defeas
lef
Ē
hon
dn p
Boar
E
ğ
School
the
5
ð
erred
fe
ansf
tr
ē
s ar
assets
isse.
jce(
anced
fin
÷
beb
Ξ

This amounts includes assets (net of related depreciation) that were transferred to the School Board during the fiscal year. (2) In FY 2012, the County implemented a Landfill Fund which decreased the Public Works expenses.

Table 1

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 2

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia **Government-Wide Revenues** Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	71,294,944	68,841,888	66,951,660	66,405,301	64,901,930	64,021,334	68,308,482	67,851,002	63,891,170	76, 394, 798
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted	to Specific Programs (1)	\$ 6,580,065 \$ 71,294,944	6,647,166	6,674,699	6,781,594	6,698,703	6,760,306	6,748,918	4,483,640	4,523,327	13,480,047
ES		Miscellaneous	\$ 698,427	273,313	303,887	449,990	409,617	673,095	758,424	272,379	512,564	494,659
GENERAL REVENUES	Unrestricted	Investment Earnings A	\$ 760,917	729,073	817,859	640,925	651,947	646,849	1,174,002	1,520,387	1,708,824	1,477,238
GENI	Other	Local Taxes (1)	\$ 6,985,878	6,929,692	7,058,150	6,759,321	6,805,947	6,696,327	6,414,085	8,304,925	7,748,448	5,932,477
	General	Property Taxes	\$ 36,527,161 \$ 6,985,878 \$ 760,917 \$ 698,427	34,348,146	32,312,752	31,959,232	31,373,406	28,781,337	27,907,392	29,680,376	24,012,434	39,379,257
S	Capital Grants	and Contributions	25,446	884,983	234,754	I	2,405,211	3,564,213	3,006,599			
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating Grants	for and and and Services (2) Contributions	\$ 1,867,410 \$ 17,849,640 \$	16,442,410	16,833,132	16,862,088	15,633,076	16,037,575	21,413,814	22,813,227	24,461,459	14,801,890
PR(Charges	for Services (2)	\$ 1,867,410	2,587,105	2,716,427	2,952,151	924,023	861,632	885,248	776,068	924,114	829,230
		Fiscal Year	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

Communication sales tax reported as non-categorical aid for first time in fiscal year 2009-10 instead of other local taxes.
 The Landfill fund created in fiscal year 2012 started billings in fiscal year 2013.

	General						Parks,					
ĝ	Government	Judicial	Public	Public	Health and		Recreation,	Community	Capital	- noN	Debt	
ър	inistration	Administration Administration	Safety	Works (3)	Welfare	Education (2)	and Cultural	and Cultural Development	Projects	departmental	Service	Total
	3,274,249	\$ 1,629,683	\$ 16,035,366	Ş	\$ 13,227,647	1,467,351 \$ 13,227,647 \$ 84,200,723	\$ 1,606,150) \$ 2,437,884 \$ 4,	\$ 4,346,659	' \$	\$ 17,299,326	; 17,299,326 \$ 145,525,038
	3,165,000		15,181,758		11,818,253	86,172,273	1,635,900	4,456,982	939,715		11,896,121	138,212,120
	3,294,816	1,575,143	15,788,738		11,225,531	84,740,262	1,497,279	3,842,302	4,840,641	•	11,946,638	¢-
	3,495,374		14,763,371		11,927,840	84,680,673	1,509,918		5,794,131		9,450,033	
	2,768,169		14,222,860	1,215,984	11,862,939	85,983,611	1,384,918		3,705,766		9,948,658	138,199,584
	2,784,289		13,806,655		12,690,342	82,087,870	1,178,396	6,502,580	398,872		9,436,325	133,624,177
	3,149,941		14,173,636		18,836,521		1,116,757			8,342	10,609,182	141,653,503
	3,138,333		14,046,712		16,044,417	~	1,101,641			14,414	9,655,047	146,147,618
	2,540,697		12,980,722	3,474,763	15,680,679	80,580,365	1,117,971	8,628,219		10,123	8,428,853	135,006,121
	2,410,245		11,716,463	3,258,613	17,740,409	79,929,753	1,059,877	7,240,548		17,966	7,985,324	132,816,610

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia	General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1)	Last Ten Fiscal Years
----------------------------------	---	-----------------------

Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes Capital Projects fund.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.
 In FY 2012, the County implemented a Landfill Fund which decreased the Public Works expenditures.
 Refunding debt excluded from Debt Service.

Table 3

4
Ð
q
Ч

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	139,925,283	138,039,543	136,803,233	137,897,009	134,506,239	135,162,593	142,822,138	144,123,668	135,793,267	142,981,202
Inter-	governmental (2,3)	\$ 90,268,791 \$	89,836,994	87,106,346	87,096,527	88,822,247	88,957,513	100,511,627	97,486,830	93,065,615	91,314,513
Recovered	Costs	\$ 1,566,935	1,959,553	4,932,637	7,523,537	4,672,806	5,320,326	1,779,199	5,608,484	2,865,162	2,930,935
:	Miscellaneous	\$ 1,991,633 \$ 1,566,935	1,530,400	1,385,352	1,250,731	1,270,149	1,173,698	981,228	413,763	752,137	928,174
	Services (4)		2,079,998	2,076,001	2,509,379	2,393,242	2,877,131	2,801,689	2,778,471	2,807,395	2,664,912
Revenue from the Use of Money and	Property	\$ 809,547	771,975	858,598	638,443	670,207	688,107	740,864	728,070	1,617,807	1,502,448
Fines	Forfeitures	\$ 207,431	174,184	224,057	197,581	173,265	170,237	166,937	76,900	59,939	59,261
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory	Licenses	157,941	153,455	175,564	188,607	162,287	178,650	179,480	187,789	228, 189	190,647
	Taxes (4)	\$ 6,985,878 \$	6,929,692	7,058,150	6,759,321	6,805,947	6,696,327	6,414,085	8,304,925	7,748,448	5,932,477
General Property	Taxes	\$ 35,693,771 \$ 6,985,878	34,603,292	32,986,528	31,732,883	29,536,089	29,100,604	29,247,029	28,538,436	26,648,575	37,457,835
Fiscal			2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes Capital Projects fund.

(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.
(3) Communication sales tax reported as non-categorical aid for first time in fiscal year 2009-10 instead of other local taxes.
(4) In fiscal year 2011-2012 the County implemented a Landfill fund and charges for those services were included in that fund.

	Total	Current	Percent	Delinquent	Total	Percent of Total Tax	Outstanding	Percent of Delinquent
Fiscal	Tax	Тах	of Levy	Tax	Tax	Collections	Delinquent	Taxes to
Year	Levy (1,2)	Collections (1)	Collected	Collections (1)	Collections (2)	to Tax Levy	Taxes (1)	Tax Levy
2015-16	\$ 39,880,759	\$ 38,231,862	95.87%	\$ 1,601,186	\$ 39,833,048	99.88% \$	4,842,100	12.14%
2014-15	38,263,674	35,807,738	93.58%	2,291,993	38,099,731	99.57%	5,987,436	15.65%
2013-14	38,160,477	35,105,305	91.99%	1,417,570	36,522,875	95.71%	5,996,958	15.72%
2012-13	35,706,993	34,265,018	95.96%	908,882	35,173,900	98.51%	4,969,523	13.92%
2011-12	34,990,189	32,026,677	91.53%	1,158,500	33,185,177	94.84%	4,388,377	12.54%
2010-11	32,592,883	31,183,881	95.68%	1,432,717	32,616,598	100.07%	4,024,379	12.35%
2009-10	31,940,215	30,753,521	96.28%	2,000,871	32,754,392	102.55%	4,372,838	13.69%
2008-09	32,080,815	31,031,751	96.73%	1,055,873	32,087,624	100.02%	6,093,598	18.99%
2007-08	30,622,788	29,287,616	95.64%	995,228	30,282,844	98.89%	5,162,664	16.86%
2006-07	42,906,728	40,904,736	95.33%	1,372,240	42,276,976	98.53%	5,442,012	12.68%

Exclusive of penalties and interest.
 Includes amount received under the Personal Property Tax Relief Act.

Table 6

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	\$ 4,567,696,945	4,511,203,886	4,452,118,525	4,319,846,056	4,226,274,620	4,233,128,772	4,158,705,604	3,929,612,342	3,867,841,143	3,825,064,019
Public	Service (2)	44,879,870 \$ 399,383,840 \$	374,927,366	355,616,806	338,873,822	316,586,962	326,907,505	302,840,801	279,532,952	303,006,203	319,260,819
Mobile	Homes		44,465,390	44,322,009	47,871,206	46,913,277	47,038,600	46,670,090	53,850,620	53,156,985	52,996,310
Merchant's	Capital	18,824,710 \$	11,472,330	9,880,649	8,899,321	8,856,290	8,580,130	8,358,600	10,958,360	14,075,345	14,007,680
2	Tools	30,643,700 \$	33,048,510	39,320,240	39,087,600	35,378,260	34,298,350	30,661,670	27,960,420	30,406,175	31,212,500
	Property	Ŷ	123,687,595	122,969,818	119,660,633	116,972,188	112,839,901	111,212,898	116,284,250	126,995,535	124,122,610
Real	Estate (1) PI	2015-16 \$ 3,944,880,745 \$ 129,084,080	3,923,602,695 12	3,880,009,003 12	3,765,453,474 1	3,701,567,643 1	3,703,464,286 1	3,658,961,545 1	3,441,025,740 1	3,340,200,900 13	3,283,464,100 12
Fiscal R	Year Esta	015-16 \$ 3,94	2014-15 3,92	2013-14 3,88	2012-13 3,76	2011-12 3,70	2010-11 3,70	2009-10 3,65	2008-09 3,44	2007-08 3,34	2006-07 3,28

(1) Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission-includes all property types.

Table 7

			Co	Pro	of Pittsylvania, operty Tax Rates ist Ten Fiscal Ye	(1)	nia		
Fiscal	Real	Per	sonal		Machinery		Merchant's	Mobile	Generating
Year	Estate	Pro	perty		& Tools		Capital	Homes	Equipment (2)
2015-16	\$ 0.59	\$	8.75	\$	4.50	\$	2.75	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.59
2014-15	0.59		8.75		4.50		2.75	0.59	0.59
2013-14	0.56/0.59		8.75		4.50		2.75	0.56/0.59	0.56/0.59
2012-13	0.56		8.75		4.50		2.75	0.56	0.50
2011-12	0.52/0.56		8.75		4.50		2.75	0.52/0.56	0.52/0.56
2010-11	0.52		8.50		4.50		2.75	0.52	0.52
2009-10	0.56/0.52		8.50		4.50		2.75	0.56/0.52	0.56/0.52
2008-09	0.53/0.56	7	.75/8.50		4.50		2.75	0.53/0.56	0.53/0.56
2007-08	0.53		7.75		4.50		2.75	0.53	0.5
2006-07	0.50		7.75		4.50		2.75	0.50	0.4

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value. Property taxes are assessed on January 1 of each year and therefore, the rates for amounts due on December 5th, may be different from the rates for amounts due on June 5th.

(2) Included as part of Public Service Corporations in other schedules

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)		Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2015 14	(2,50(¢ 4 511 204	ć	76 752 462	76 752 162	1 70%	ć 1.200
2015-16	63,506	\$ 4,511,204	Ş	76,753,162	76,753,162	1.70%	. ,
2014-15	63,506	4,452,119		89,007,609	89,007,609	2.00%	1,402
2013-14	63,506	4,319,846		95,451,194	95,451,194	2.21%	1,503
2012-13	63,506	4,319,846		101,616,973	101,616,973	2.35%	1,600
2011-12	63,506	4,226,275		107,562,022	107,562,022	2.55%	1,694
2010-11	63,506	4,233,129		110,332,166	110,332,166	2.61%	1,737
2009-10	61,745	4,158,706		114,021,227	114,021,227	2.74%	1,847
2008-09	61,745	3,929,612		116,514,098	116,514,098	2.97%	1,887
2007-08	61,745	3,867,841		60,326,400	60,326,400	1.56%	977
2006-07	61,745	3,825,064		54,194,748	54,194,748	1.42%	878

(1) Bureau of the Census.

(2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absen

Table 9

Ratio of	Annı	ual Debt Servi	ce I	Expenditures for Ge	eneral Bonded
Deb	t to ⁻	Total General	Gov	vernmental Expend	itures (1)
		Last T	en	Fiscal Years	
					Ratio of
				Total	Debt Service
		Total		General	to General
Fiscal		Debt		Governmental	Governmental
Year		Service		Expenditures	Expenditures
2015-16 (2)	\$	17,299,326	\$	145,525,038	11.89%
2014-15		11,896,121		138,212,120	8.61%
2012-13 (2)		9,450,033		142,075,279	6.65%
2011-12		9,948,658		138,199,584	7.20%
2010-11		9,436,325		133,624,177	7.06%
2009-10 (2)		10,992,554		141,653,503	7.76%
2008-09		9,587,217		146,147,618	6.56%
2007-08		8,428,853		135,006,121	6.24%
2006-07		7,985,324		132,816,610	6.01%

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia 4 ... **с** л

(1) Includes all governmental funds of the Primary Government and Special Revenue funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

(2) Excludes refunding debt.

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Assessed Valuation of Top Ten Taxpayers Fiscal Year 2016

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2016	Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Virginia Electric & Power	Electric Utility	\$	132,420,916	2.90%
Appalachian Power Company	Electric Utility	Ŷ	74,184,029	1.62%
Transcontinental Gas Pipeline	Gas Utility		54,079,426	1.18%
Swedwood	Manufacturer		32,676,050	0.72%
Colonial Pipeline	Gas Utility		26,867,590	0.59%
Mecklenburg Electric Coop, Inc.	Electric Utility		23,640,678	0.52%
Norfolk Southern	Rail Road		23,040,218	0.50%
Intertape Polymer Corp	Electric Utility		21,423,350	0.47%
IKEA	Manufacturer		7,078,920	0.15%
R V Outlet USA Inc.	Manufacturer		3,256,100	0.07%
Total		\$	398,667,277	8.73%
All Others		\$	4,169,029,668	91.27%
Total Assessed Valuation		\$	4,567,696,945	100.00%

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Supervisors County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Chatham, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit-School Board, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2016. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Pittsylvania County Service Authority and Pittsylvania, Virginia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness (2016-001).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's Response to Finding

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kohimson, Farmer, la associates

Blacksburg, Virginia November 24, 2016 Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Supervisors County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Chatham, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Pittsylvania, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Pittsylvania, Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Pittsylvania, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kohimson, Farmer, la associates

Blacksburg, Virginia November 24, 2016

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures	Subrecipient Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Social Services: Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0050114 0050115		\$ 18,710	
-	93.558	0950114, 0950115 0400115, 0400116		\$ 18,710	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500115, 0500116		527	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600415, 0600416		56,886	
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:	/51500	0000110,0000110		50,000	
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	0770116	\$ (727)		
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760115, 0760116	79,447		
Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster			· · · · ·	78,720	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900115, 0900116		2,741	
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100115, 1100116		253,028	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120115, 1120116		59,234	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000115, 1000116		346,736	
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150115, 9150116		4,651	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540115, 0540116		22,874	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200115, 1200116		657,790	
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$ 1,993,431	
Department of Agriculture:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services:					
Food Distribution-Schools (Note C)	10.555	Not applicable	\$ 354,231		
Department of Education:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	2,514,144 \$ 2,868,375		
Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services:					
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Note C)	10.559	Not applicable	1,583		
Department of Education:					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591	606,080		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ 3,476,038	
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	40593		22,708	
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	40601		29,453	
Department of Social Services:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010115, 0010116, 0030115, 0030116, 0040115, 0040116, 0050115, 0050116		\$ 480,332	
Pilot Projects to Reduce Dependency and Increase Work Requirements and Work Effort Under					
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	10.596	0060115		\$ 2,762	
Total Department of Agriculture				\$ 4,011,293	
Department of Justice:					
Direct payments:					
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	Not applicable		\$ 451,380	
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Criminal Justice Services:					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	16-H1225LO15		897	
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	15VAGX0043		57,523	
Total Department of Justice				\$ 509,800	
Department of Transportation:					
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments:					
Pass Through Payments:	20.601	K8-2015-55228-5967		\$ 19,795	
Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles:	20.601	K8-2015-55228-5967 K8-2016-56308-6508		\$ 19,795	
Department of Motor Vehicles:	20.601 20.600			\$	
Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I		K8-2016-56308-6508			

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 Pass-through Federal Entity Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ CFDA Identifying Federal Subrecipient Program or Cluster Title Numbe Numbe Expenditures Expenditures Department of Labor: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Community College System: Workforce Investment Act Cluster: Workforce Investment Act Adult Program 17.258 53427 \$ 1,131,658 Ś 1.018.492 Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Worker Formula Grants 499.044 17.278 53427 449,140 873,795 Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities 53427 970,883 17.259 Total Workforce Investment Act Cluster 2,601,585 Workforce Investment Act National Emergency Grants 17.277 53427 260,736 Workforce Innovation Fund 53427 17.283 73,871 Total Department of Labor 2,936,192 Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education: 117,549 Adult Education - Basic Grants to States 84.002 42801 \$ Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 42901 1,938,502 84.010 Special Education Cluster: Special Education: Grants to States 84.027 43071 \$ 1,862,469 Special Education: Preschool Grants 84.173 62521 32,493 Total Special Education Cluster 1,894,962 Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States 84.048 61095 155,173 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 60565 280 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 60512 17,396 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant 84.367 61480 365,680 Total Department of Education 4,489,542 Ś Department of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments: Department of Emergency Management: Emergency Management Performance Grants 97.042 62744 22,803 Total Expenditures of Federal Awards 13,988,446 \$ 2,341,427

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia

Notes to the Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Pittsylvania, Virginia and its discretely presented component unit -School Board under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Note B -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

(3) The County did not elect an indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.

Note C -- Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2016, The Pittsylvania County School Board had food commodities totaling \$0 in inventory.

Note D -- Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues, and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 2,583,133
Workforce Investment Act Fund	2,936,192
Forfeited Assets Fund	25,446
Plus: Use of federal Forfeited Assets fund balance	425,934
Total primary government:	\$ 5,970,705
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund	\$ 8,017,741
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 13,988,446

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial re Material weakness(es) identifi		Yes
Significant deficiency(ies) ider	None reported	
Noncompliance material to finan	No	
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major progr Material weakness(es) identifi	No	
Significant deficiency(ies) ider	None reported	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?		No
Identification of major programs	:	
CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster	

84.173/84.027	Special Education Program Cluster
84.367	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

County of Pittsylvania, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2016-001	
Criteria:	Per Statement on Auditing Standards 115, an auditee should have sufficient controls in place to produce financial statements in accordance with applicable standards. Furthermore, reliance on the auditor to propose <i>adjustments</i> necessary to comply with reporting standards is not a component of such controls.
Condition:	The financial statements as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements.
Cause of Condition:	The reversion of the School Board contribution at year end has been more complicated as a result of the CSA transactions. In addition, the County experienced difficult debt related transactions.
Effect of Condition:	There is more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	The County now has implemented a reconciliation schedule to process the annual reversion of the school contribution and we recommend staff continue to gain an understanding of the debt related transactions.
Management's Response:	Management agrees with this finding and will continue to work toward having the financial statements more accurate for audit.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings or questioned costs.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no prior year audit findings related to federal programs.