County of Carroll, Virginia

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023





CARROLL COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL CENTER

COUNTY OF CARROLL, VIRGINIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

COUNTY OF CARROLL, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Tracy Moore, Chair Rex Hill Ronnie Collins Joey Dickson, Vice Chair Robert L. "Robbie" McGraw Joseph Early

SCHOOL BOARD

Brian Spencer, Chair

William "Bill" Sturgill, Vice Chair Phillip Berrier Ralph "Bob" Martin Jennifer Sowers

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Susan Clark, Chair Roger Cooley Janice Crotts Lisa Gardner Jody Early Fred Bobbitt

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Gerald R. Goad
Commonwealth's Attorney	Roger D. Brooks
Commissioner of the Revenue	Fran A Zimmerman
Treasurer	Bonita M. Williams
Sheriff	Kevin A. Kemp
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Mark Burnette
County Administrator	Michael Watson
County Attorney	Steven V. Durbin

FINANCIAL SECTION



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Carroll, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Carroll, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Carroll, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Carroll, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 26 to the financial statements, in 2023, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (Continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Carroll, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Carroll, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Carroll, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and the schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Carroll, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal* Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedules and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2024, on our consideration of County of Carroll, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Carroll, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Carroll, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Prolinan Farrer, lop associates

Blacksburg, Virginia January 19, 2024 **Basic Financial Statements**

County of Carroll, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Primary Government		(Component Units			
		Governmental		School		Public Service	Economic Development	
		Activities		Board		Authority		uthority
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,767,250	\$	6,466,749	\$	1,164,310	\$	1,183,439
Cash held at schools		-		854,142		-		-
Investments		4,185,715		-		-		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		23,553,829		-		-		-
Interest receivable		-		-		-		134,788
Accounts receivable		417,346		587,329		462,662		5,655
Other local taxes receivable		315,101		-		-		-
Opioid settlement		401,827		-		-		-
Note receivable		134,543		-		315,935		2,270,012
Lease receivable		-		-		-		271,276
Due from primary government		-		-		-		27,000
Due from component units		2,516,190				-		•
Due from other governmental units		1,816,426		2,949,439		-		•
Prepaid items		165,881		453,053		38,425		184
Net pension asset		-		436,028		-		-
Lease purchase receivable		-		-		-		9,733,853
Assets held for resale:								
Industrial sites				-		-		979,308
Restricted assets:						07. 5 . 5		
Cash and cash equivalents		-		1,941,341		871,842		308,938
Investments		-		7,939,948		-		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization):								
Land		3,253,102		1,343,900		264,837		96,500
Lease land rights		65,550		-		-		-
Buildings and improvements		19,902,253		26,017,624		-		643,058
Improvements other than buildings		-		85,428		-		-
Machinery and equipment		3,705,936		2,825,345		420,751		•
Lease machinery and equipment		14,584						
Subscription asset		300,108		-		-		-
Infrastructure		-		-		33,655,059		-
Construction in progress		1,699,376		3,424,953		-		63,464
Total assets	\$	92,215,017	\$	55,325,279	\$	37,193,821	\$	15,717,475
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related items	\$	1,740,254	\$	6,392,426	\$	90,245	\$	-
OPEB related items		107,048		1,408,449		-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,847,302	\$	7,800,875	\$	90,245	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	410,911	\$	1,461,907	Ş	147,278	\$	8,268
Retainage Payable		-		129,050		-		-
Salaries payable		917,985		2,481,698		-		-
Accrued interest payable		80,258		-		52,404		81,074
Customer deposits payable		-		-		129,235		-
Due to other governmental units		46,841		-		-		-
Due to primary government		-		2,398,864		117,725		-
Due to component unit		27,000		-				
Unearned revenue		-		10,538,956		-		-
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		2,555,202		724,104		842,525		676,351
Due in more than one year		18,686,081		32,313,126		20,741,062		9,396,397
Total liabilities	\$	22,724,278	\$	50,047,705	\$	22,030,229	\$	10,162,090
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	16,445,039	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Pension related items		1,624,595		6,283,869		182,087		-
OPEB related items		130,391		2,653,178		-		-
Lease related item				-		-		240,121
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	18,200,025	\$	8,937,047	\$	182,087	\$	240,121
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	13,980,186	\$	33,697,250	\$	13,367,186	\$	475,813
Restricted:			·					
Asset forfeiture		71,030		-		-		-
Opioid settlement		532,985		-		-		-
School cafeterias		-		1,941,341		-		-
School activity fund		-		854,142		-		_
-						-		-
Net pension asset		-		436,028		-		-
Debt service and bond covenants		-		-		742,607		308,938
Unrestricted	-	38,553,815	-	(32,787,359)	ć	961,957	ć	4,530,513
Total net position	Ş	53,138,016	Ş	4,141,402	Ş	15,071,750	Ş	5,315,264

County of Carroll, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

								(Expense) Reven		
			Program Revenue	25	Drin	nary Government	Ch	anges in Net Pos	omponent Units	
			Operating	Capital		nary oovernment			Public	Economic
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental		School	Service	Development
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities		Board	Authority	Authority
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 2,676,30	35-	\$ 870,909	s -	\$	(1,805,399)				
Judicial administration	1,427,26	5 16,713	1,045,949	- -		(364,603)				
Public safety	10,326,17		4,191,517	-		(3,566,552)				
Public works	1,361,43		48,609	-		(1,283,362)				
Health and welfare	8,653,15		6,714,750	-		(1,912,229)				
Education	21,935,98		-	-		(21,935,982)				
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,149,634		109,981	50,000		(763,306)				
Community development	2,340,69		45,000	-		(2,275,974)				
Interest on long-term debt	983,27		639,160	-		(344,115)				
Total governmental activities	\$ 50,853,928		\$ 13,665,875	\$ 50,000	\$	(34,251,522)				
	÷ 50,000,72	2,000,001	¢ .0,000,070	<i> </i>	<u> </u>	(0.1,20.1,022)				
Total primary government	\$ 50,853,92	\$\$ 2,886,531	\$ 13,665,875	\$ 50,000	\$	(34,251,522)				
COMPONENT UNITS:										
School Board	\$ 47,610,23			Ş -			\$	(1,180,044)		
Public Service Authority	5,138,940		500	-					(1,499,557)	
Economic Development Authority	616,570	,	-	-	-					(395,603)
Total component units	\$ 53,365,74	9 \$ 6,203,688	\$ 44,086,857	\$ -	=		\$	(1,180,044)	\$ (1,499,557)	\$ (395,603)
	General revenu	es:								
	General prope	rty taxes			\$	25,751,345	\$	-	s -	s -
	Local sales an	d use taxes				2,897,830		-	-	-
	Consumer's ut	ility tax				760,172		-	-	-
	Motor vehicle	•				93,959		-	-	-
	Restaurant fo	od taxes				676,601		-	-	-
	Hotel and mo	el room taxes				534,990				
	Other local ta					339,032		-	-	-
			of money and propert	v		309,734		72,986	17,426	188,641
	Miscellaneous			9		190,950		252,468	111,975	-
		n Primary Governm	ent			-		21,264,474	1,273,000	144,000
	-	-	tricted to specific pro	ograms		1,995,232		-	-	-
	Lease purchase		checed to specific pre	Sidilis		-		-	-	139,599
	Total general				\$	33,549,845	\$	21,589,928		\$ 472,240
	Change in net p				\$	(701,677)	\$	20,409,884		
	Net position - b				ç	53,839,693	Ļ	(16,268,482)	15,168,906	5,238,627
	Net position - e				\$	53,138,016	\$	1 1 1		\$ 5,315,264
	net position - e	10115			Ŷ	55,150,010	-	-, 1-1,-102	÷ 13,071,730	÷ 3,313,204

County of Carroll, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		<u>General</u>		County <u>CIP</u>	School <u>Construction</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,217,795	\$	6,549,455	ş -	\$	29,767,250
Investments		4,185,715		-	-	·	4,185,715
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		, ,					, ,
Taxes receivable		23,553,829		-	-		23,553,829
Accounts receivable		417,346		-	-		417,346
Other local taxes receivable		315,101		-	-		315,101
Opioid settlement		401,827		-	-		401,827
Note receivable		134,543		-	-		134,543
Due from component unit		2,516,190		-	-		2,516,190
Due from other governmental units		1,816,426		-	-		1,816,426
Prepaid items		96,581		69,300	-		165,881
Total assets	\$	56,655,353	\$	6,618,755	\$ -	Ś	63,274,108
	<u>,</u>	30,033,333	7	0,010,755	2	Ţ	05,274,100
Liabilities:	ć	200 574	ċ	20.247	¢	ć	440.044
Accounts payable	\$	390,564	Ş	20,347	ş -	\$	410,911
Salaries payable		917,985		-	-		917,985
Due to other governmental units		46,841		-	-		46,841
Due to component unit	~	27,000	~	-	-	~	27,000
Total liabilities	\$	1,382,390	\$	20,347	\$-	\$	1,402,737
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	22,259,061	\$	-	Ş -	\$	22,259,061
Deferred revenue - opioid settlement		401,827		-	-		401,827
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	22,660,888	\$	-	\$-	\$	22,660,888
FUND BALANCES							
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items	\$	96,581	ċ	69,300	¢	\$	165,881
Note receivable	ç	134,543	ç	09,500	- ڊ	ç	
Restricted:		154,545		-	-		134,543
		71 020					71 020
Asset forfeiture		71,030		-	-		71,030
Opioid settlement		131,158		-	-		131,158
Committed:		F4 480					F 4 490
Narcotics funds		54,189		-	-		54,189
Law Library		15,984		-	-		15,984
Redistributed ARPA Revenue		3,418,840		-	-		3,418,840
Construction		-		6,529,108	-		6,529,108
Assigned:							
Sheriff funds		60,809		-	-		60,809
County CIP		2,725,000		-	-		2,725,000
School Accrual Carry-over		2,398,864		-	-		2,398,864
Unassigned		23,505,077		-	-		23,505,077
Total fund balances	\$	32,612,075	\$	6,598,408	<u>\$</u> -	\$	39,210,483
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	56,655,353	\$	6,618,755	\$ -	\$	63,274,108

County of Carroll, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	39,210,483
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources			
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$ 3,253,102		
Lease land rights	65,550		
Buildings and improvements	19,902,253		
Machinery and equipment	3,705,936		
Lease machinery and equipment	14,584		
Subscription asset	300,108		
Construction in progress	 1,699,376	_	28,940,909
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, are unavailable in the funds.			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 5,814,022		
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	 401,827	_	6,215,849
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures			
and, therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$ 1,740,254		
OPEB related items	 107,048	_	1,847,302
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
General obligation bonds	\$ (5,000,000)		
Lease liabilities	(83,998)		
Subscription liabilities	(186,550)		
Loans payable	(422,550)		
Lease revenue bonds	(9,311,300)		
Unamortized discounts	43,675		
Accrued interest payable	(80,258)		
Compensated absences	(955,505)		
Net pension liability	(4,927,203)		
Net OPEB liability	 (397,852)	_	(21,321,541)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds			
Pension related items	\$ (1,624,595)		
OPEB related items	 (130,391)	_	(1,754,986)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	53,138,016

County of Carroll, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES	<u>General</u>		County <u>CIP</u>	<u>Co</u>	School nstruction	<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$ 24,917,446	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 24,917,446
Other local taxes	5,302,584	-	-	-	-	5,302,584
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	162,904		-		-	162,904
Fines and forfeitures	1,073,504		-		-	1,073,504
Revenue from the use of money and property	335,912		-		-	335,912
Charges for services	1,623,945		-		-	1,623,945
Miscellaneous	286,324		-		-	286,324
Recovered costs	2,465,283		196,822		-	2,662,105
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth	8,765,686		-		-	8,765,686
Federal	6,945,421		-		-	6,945,421
Total revenues	\$	\$	196,822	\$	-	\$ 52,075,831
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	\$ 2,918,890	\$	112,096	\$	-	\$ 3,030,986
Judicial administration	1,594,005		-		-	1,594,005
Public safety	10,332,062		57,753		-	10,389,815
Public works	2,361,056		71,835		-	2,432,891
Health and welfare	8,809,977		-		-	8,809,977
Education	9,926,736		-		14,027	9,940,763
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,327,820		489,640		-	1,817,460
Community development	2,493,128		-		-	2,493,128
Nondepartmental	307,148		-		-	307,148
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	2,963,895		-		-	2,963,895
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,015,985		-		-	1,015,985
Total expenditures	\$ 44,050,702	\$	731,324	\$	14,027	\$ 44,796,053
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	\$ 7,828,307	\$	(534,502)	\$	(14,027)	\$ 7,279,778
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$ -	\$	3,752,771	\$	-	\$ 3,752,771
Transfers out	(3,752,771)		-		-	(3,752,771)
Issuance of SBITA	229,735		-		-	229,735
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (3,523,036)	\$	3,752,771	\$	-	\$ 229,735
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,305,271	\$	3,218,269	\$	(14,027)	\$ 7,509,513
Fund balances - beginning	28,306,804		3,380,139		14,027	31,700,970
Fund balances - ending	\$ 32,612,075	\$	6,598,408	\$	-	\$ 39,210,483

County of Carroll, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		ç	7,509,513
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortzation expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment: Capital outlays School reversion of capital assets	\$	1,573,805 (11,386,643) (4,059,270)	(44 774 400)
Depreciation/amortization expense		(1,958,270)	(11,771,108)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes	\$	833,899	
Opioid settlement	Ŷ	(95,374)	738,525
opiou settement		(75,571)	750,525
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items. <u>Issuance of Long-term Debt</u>			
Issuance of SBITA	\$	(229,735)	
Principal Payments			
General obligation bonds		2,360,000	
Lease revenue bonds		436,800	
Leases liabilities		47,723	
Subscription liabilities		43,185	
Loans payable		76,187	2,734,160
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences	\$	(105,616)	
Change in accrued interest payable		33,189	
Amortization of bond premium		6,834	
Amortization of bond discount		(7,313)	
Change in pension related items		114,291	
Change in OPEB related items		45,848	87,233
Change in net position of governmental activities		ç	6 (701,677)

County of Carroll, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>			
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	201,680		
Total assets	\$	201,680		
NET POSITION Restricted:				
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	121,926		
Amounts held for performance bonds		35,000		
Amounts held for School Board employees		39,281		
Amounts held for County employees		5,473		
Total net position	\$	201,680		

County of Carroll, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	С	ustodial <u>Funds</u>
ADDITIONS		
Interest income	\$	6
Special welfare collections		114,148
Performance bond payment		30,000
Employee FSA contributions		76,515
Total additions	\$	220,669
DEDUCTIONS		
Special welfare payments	\$	46,273
Performance bond withdrawal		52,443
FSA distributions		72,369
Total deductions	\$	171,085
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	49,584
Net position, beginning of year		152,096
Net position, end of year	\$	201,680

COUNTY OF CARROLL, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Carroll, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Carroll, Virginia ("the County") is a political subdivision governed by an elected sixmember Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units- The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. The component units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The <u>Carroll County School Board</u> operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are elected by popular vote. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The <u>Carroll County Public Service Authority</u> provides water and sewer service to County residents. The Public Service Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County significantly funds Authority operations. In addition, the County Board appoints the Public Service Authority's Board. A copy of the Public Service Authority's report can be obtained from the Public Service Authority.

The <u>Carroll County Economic Development Authority</u> promotes industrial development in the County. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. In addition, the Authority's Board is appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. A copy of the Economic Development Authority's report can be obtained from the Economic Development Authority.

Related Organizations - The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Jointly Governed Organizations:

The County along with the Counties of Wythe, Bland, Grayson, Smyth and the City of Galax participate in supporting the Mt. Rogers Community Services Board. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the County contributed \$130,500 to the Community Services Board.

The County along with the City of Galax participates in supporting the Galax-Carroll Regional Library. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the County contributed \$337,129 to the Library.

The County along with the County of Grayson and the City of Galax participate in supporting the Carroll-Grayson-Galax Regional Solid Waste Authority through user charges. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions.

The County along with the County of Grayson and the City of Galax participate in supporting the Twin Counties E-911 Program. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. Payments to the program totaled \$450,597 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The County along with the Counties of Bland, Floyd, Giles, Grayson, and Wythe and the City of Radford participate in supporting the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority. The monthly payment made by the County to the Regional Jail is based on the number of prisoners housed for the County. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County paid \$1,994,142 for the confinement of prisoners.

The County, long with the County of Grayson and City of Galax, participate in The Wired Road Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The primary purpose of the Authority is to develop and construct broadband infrastructure in the participating localities and then lease that infrastructure to third parties. The organization's activities are to be primarily supported by lease revenue.

The County, long with the County of Grayson and City of Galax participate in The Twin County Airport Commission. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The Commission is charged with operating the Twin County Regional Airport. During the current year, the County contributed \$62,960 to the Commission.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Jointly Governed Organizations: (continued)

Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority (BRCEDA) is the regional industrial facilities authority that represents the Counties of Carroll and Grayson and the City of Galax. Each jurisdiction appoints two members and an alternate member. A moral obligation for debt service is currently in place for a regional project known as Wildwood. Contributions to BRCEDA during the current year were \$157,800. It is the hope of BRCEDA that this park project will be a catalyst for economic development in the region.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases and subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. Certain funds have been merged with the general fund for financial reporting purposes only.

The *County CIP Fund* is the County's only major capital projects fund. It accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities of the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The School Construction Fund is the County's only nonmajor capital projects fund. It accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities of the school board.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Special Welfare, Performance Bond Escrow, County Flexible Spending Arrangement and School Board Flexible Spending Arrangement Funds are reported as custodial funds.

The School Board reports the following major funds:

The School Operating Fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from appropriations from the County and state and federal grants.

The School Activity Fund accounts for and reports all funds received from extracurricular school activities, such as entertainment, athletic contest, club dues, fundraisers, etc., and from any and all activities of the individual schools.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

Additionally, the School Board reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Funds consist of the Self-health Insurance Fund.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance:
 - 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as shortterm investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

2. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on June 20th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$1,209,798 at June 30, 2023 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, lease, subscription and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of the donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset's life are not capitalized.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Capital assets	
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20-40
Improvements other than buildings	20
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30
Lease land rights	5-25
Lease machinery and equipment	4-30
Subscription assets	3-5

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes and opioid settlement receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid on installments due after year-end and are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, leases, and opioid settlement are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measurement the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County and School Board's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported to by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In addition to the VRS related OPEB, the School Board allows their retirees to stay on the health insurance plan after retirement. The retiree is required to pay the blended premium cost creating an implicit subsidy OPEB liability. In addition, retirees receive a monthly stipend towards their health insurance cost until the retiree is Medicare eligible.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 12. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

13. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

14. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are
 placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or
 enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 14. Net Position (continued)

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

15. Fund Balance

The following classifications of fund balance describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do
 not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing
 body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike
 commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional
 action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as
 discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

The Board of Supervisors is the County's highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is an action by the Board of Supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 15. Fund Balance (continued)

The County has designated unassigned fund balance into four categories. Unassigned for fiscal stability/liquidity purposes fund balance represents the funds designated for fiscal cash liquidity purposes (i.e. fiscal reserve) that will provide for sufficient cash flow to minimize the potential of short term tax anticipation borrowing. This amount shall be equal to but not less than 16.7% of the combined budgeted expenditures of the County General fund and the Carroll County School Board Operating Fund, net of the County's local share contribution to the School Board. In the event that unforeseen and unusual circumstances cause this category to fall below 16.7%, a plan must be approved to replenish amounts over the next three subsequent fiscal years prior to any obligation of funds. Unassigned for revenue stabilization represents funds designated for unforeseen, emergency expenditures or unplanned/unforeseen declines in revenues. This amount shall be equal to but not less than 3% of the combined budgeted expenditures of the County General fund and the Carroll County School Board Operating Fund, net of the County's local share contribution to the School Board. Unassigned for capital improvement/reserve fund represents funds designated for capital improvements. This amount shall be approximately 2.0% of the combined budgeted expenditures of the County General Fund and the Carroll County School Board Operating Fund, net of the County's local share contribution to the School Board. The County may use these funds for one-time capital improvement needs or to offset targeted debt service peaks in a given year as part of a comprehensive multi-year plan of finance for capital needs. Unassigned fund balance-no specification represents the funds available for increasing committed fund balances, assigning fund balances, increasing the unassigned balances as noted above, purchase of capital items, or for use as beginning cash balance in support of the annual budget.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

16. Leases

The County has various lease assets and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs) requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

16. Leases (Continued)

Lessee

The County recognized lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorted of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Subscriptions

The County recognizes intangible right-to-use subscription assets (subscription assets) and corresponding subscription liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription, the subscription liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription liability term (less any contract incentives). The subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is measured at the initial amount of the subscription liability payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription asset is amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

Key Estimates and Judgements

Lease and subscription-based IT arrangement accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease and subscription payments to present value, (2) lease and subscription term, and (3) lease and subscription payments.

- The County uses the interest rate stated in lease or subscription contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and subscriptions.
- The lease and subscription terms include the noncancellable period of the lease or subscription and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease or subscription is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease or subscription incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee) or subscription liability.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 16. Leases (Continued)

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases and subscriptions. The County will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or subscription liability.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1st, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All non-fiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the General Capital Projects Funds. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

B. Expenditures in excess of appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, there were no functions with expenditures in excess of appropriations.

C. Deficit fund balance

At June 30, 2023, there were no funds with deficit fund balance.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities:

The County's policy to reduce credit risk is as follows: Limit investment to the safest types of securities; Pre-qualify the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisers with which the County will do business; Diversifying the investment portfolio so the potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2023 were rated by Standard and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values			
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings		
	AAAm		
		AAAIII	

Concentration of Credit Risk:

At June 30, 2023, the County did not have any investments requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

External Investment Pools:

The fair value of the position in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Interest Rate Risk:

The County's policy to minimize interest rate risk is as follows: Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ingoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing funds needed to meet operating expenses and capital project needs primarily in the shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools.

Investment Maturities (in years)						
		Fair Value	Les	s than 1 year		
LGIP	\$	12,125,663	\$	12,125,663		

Note 4-Note Receivable:

On June 29, 2014, the County issued a note receivable to the Carroll County Economic Development Authority (formerly the Carroll County Industrial Development Authority) for \$1,000,000 for economic development activities. Repayment terms called for monthly payments in the amount of \$10,606, payable over 10 years at 5% per annum. As of June 30, 2023, the balance was \$134,543.

Note 5-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary overnment	ponent Unit hool Board
Local Governments:	 	
Carroll-Grayson-Galax Solid Waste Authority	\$ 106,765	\$ -
SBDC	48,229	-
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	566,402	-
State sales tax	-	801,370
Categorical aid-shared expenses	247,927	-
Noncategorical aid	184,327	-
Virginia public assistance funds	117,332	-
Comprehensive services act	282,933	-
Federal Government:		
Virginia public assistance funds	181,348	-
Other categorical aid	81,163	-
School grants	 -	 2,148,069
Totals	\$ 1,816,426	\$ 2,949,439

Note 6-Interfund Transfers and Balances:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In			Transfers Out			
Primary Government:							
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,752,771			
CIP Fund		3,752,771		-			
School Operating Fund		53,343		333,716			
School Activity Fund		333,716		53,343			
Total	\$	4,139,830	\$	4,139,830			

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 7-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

Fund	Gov	to Primary /ernment/ ponent Unit	Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit		
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$	27,000	\$	2,516,190	
Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund		2,398,864		-	
Component Unit - Public Service Authority:					
PSA		117,326		-	
Component Unit - Economic Development Authority:					
EDA		-		27,000	
Totals	\$	2,543,190	\$	2,543,190	

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Note 8-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2022		Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2023
Direct Borrowings and Placements								
General obligation bonds	\$	7,360,000	\$	-	\$	(2,360,000)	\$	5,000,000
Unamortized bond premium		6,834		-		(6,834)		-
Unamortized bond discount		(50,988)		7,313		-		(43,675)
Finance purchases		498,737		-		(76,187)		422,550
Lease revenue bonds		9,748,100		-		(436,800)		9,311,300
Total Direct Borrowings								
and Placements	\$	17,562,683	\$	7,313	\$	(2,879,821)	\$	14,690,175
Lease liabilities		131,721		-		(47,723)		83,998
Subscription liabilities		-		229,735		(43,185)		186,550
Compensated absences		849,889		743,033		(637,417)		955,505
Net OPEB liability		362,031		277,155		(241,334)		397,852
Net pension liability		2,887,109		3,859,153		(1,819,059)		4,927,203
Total	\$	21,793,433 \$	\$	5,116,389	\$	(5,668,539)	\$	21,241,283

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Di	rect Borrowing	s and	Placements	Lease Liabilities					Subscriptio	n Liabili	1 Liabilities		
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Р	Principal Inter		Interest		it Principal		nterest		
2024	\$	1,782,814	\$	955,592	\$	18,547	\$	2,712	\$	44,525	\$	5,783		
2025		1,800,013		939,043		6,904		1,959		45,904		4,403		
2026		1,798,576		922,029		5,782		1,756		47,327		2,980		
2027		1,774,045		905,786		6,181		1,583		48,794		1,513		
2028		540,454		214,532		6,599		1,398		-		-		
2029-2033		2,963,809		810,331		39,985		3,744		-		-		
2034-2038		2,493,139		357,237		-		-		-		-		
2039-2043		1,581,000		105,703		-		-		-		-		
Totals	\$	14,733,850	\$	5,210,253	\$	83,998	\$	13,152	\$	186,550	\$	14,679		

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

			Final	Amount of	E	Balance		Amount
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Original	Governmental		Due Within	
	Rates	Issued	Date	lssue	<u>A</u>	ctivities	0	ne Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements								
General Obligation Bonds*								
VPSA (QSCB) general obligation bond	4.50%	2011	2027	\$ 15,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	1,250,000
Total General Obligation Bonds					\$	5,000,000	\$	1,250,000
Lease Revenue Bonds								
County Complex Revenue Bond	3.42%	2017	2036	\$ 5,200,000	\$	4,060,300	\$	252,300
Public Facilities Series 2022	2.62%	2022	2043	5,444,000		5,251,000		202,000
Total Lease Revenue Bonds					\$	9,311,300	\$	454,300
Finance Purchases								
Bus Lease	3.13%	2016	2027	\$ 490,023	\$	152,530	\$	55,082
Fire Truck Lease	2.75%	2018	2034	375,000		270,020		23,432
Total Finance Purchases					\$	422,550	\$	78,514
Subtotal Direct Borrowings and Placements	5				\$ ´	14,733,850	\$	1,782,814
Less:								
Unamortized Discount						(43,675)		(7,313)
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements					\$ <i>`</i>	14,690,175	\$	1,775,501
Lease Liabilities								
Leases - Land	3.00%	2009	2032	\$ 114,010	\$	68,982	\$	5,035
Leases - Machinery and Equipment	9.21% - 10.28%	2018 - 2020	2023 - 2025	12,436 - 57,260		15,016		13,512
Total Leases					\$	83,998	\$	18,547
Subscription Liphilitos								
Subscription Liabilites	3.10%	2023	2027	ć 220.725	ć	494 550	ć	44 525
Subscription - Financial Software	3.10%	2023	2027	\$ 229,735		186,550	\$	44,525
Total Leases					\$	186,550	\$	44,525
Other Long-term Obligations								
Compensated absences						955,505		716,629
Net OPEB liability						397,852		-
Net pension liability						4,927,203		-
Total Other Long-term Obligations					\$	6,280,560	\$	716,629
Total Long-term Obligations					\$ 2	21,241,283	\$	2,555,202

*VPSA (Virginia Public School Authority), QSCB (ARRA-Qualified School Construction Bond)

The County's general obligation bonds/literary loans are subject to the State Aid Intercept Program. Under terms of the program, the County state aid is redirected to bond holders to cure any event(s) of default.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (continued)

If an event of default occurs with the lease revenue bonds, the principal of the bond(s) may be declared immediately due and payable to the registered owner of the bond(s) by written notice to the County.

Collateral for leases and finance purchases is the underlying assets. Default provisions for leases include repossession of the asset.

The 2011 issuance of the ARRA funded Qualified School Construction Bond contains a face interest rate of 4.50%. However, it contains a federal tax credit resulting in federal revenue to offset the entire interest payment. Therefore, the effective interest rate is 0.00%. However, for fiscal year 2023, the sequester reduction rate was 5.70%.

For financial reporting purposes the lease purchase agreements are treated as revenue bonds of the County as title to the property has passed to the County. The Economic Development Authority acts as a conduit for these obligations and does not retain the asset or related liability.

Note 9-Long-term Obligations-Component Unit School Board:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Ju	Balance ıly 1, 2022	 Increases	 Decreases	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2023
Net OPEB liabilities Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$	8,811,201 1,024,331 19,080,917	\$ 1,974,656 709,389 18,522,794	\$ (2,248,067) (768,248) (14,069,743)	\$	8,537,790 965,472 23,533,968
Total	\$	28,916,449	\$ 21,206,839	\$ (17,086,058)	\$	33,037,230

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Yea		
Other Obligations:				
Net OPEB liabilities	\$ 8,537,790	\$	-	
Compensated absences	965,472		724,104	
Net pension liability	23,533,968		-	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 33,037,230	\$	724,104	

Note 10-Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through County of Carroll, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Benefit Structures (Continued)

c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation is the average final compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 15.35% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,167,973 and \$938,885 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

The Component Unit Public Service Authority's (PSA) contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 15.35% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit PSA were \$60,947 and \$45,719 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$4,927,203 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Contributions as of June 30, 2022 were used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the County's proportions were 89.8169% and 88.6775%, respectively.

At June 30, 2023, the Authority reported a liability of \$239,929 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The Authority's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The Authority's proportionate share of the same was calculated using creditable compensation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 as a basis for allocation. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority's proportions were 4.3736% and 5.0741%, respectively.

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Carroll County's Retirement Plan and the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment
	expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

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Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardo	us Duty:
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment
	expenses, including inflation

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Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality			
	Improvement Scale MP-2020			
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed			
	final retirement age from 65 to 70			
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age			
	and service to rates based on service only to better fit			
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals			
	Largest 10 Hazardous Duty			
Disability Rates	No change			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	No change			
Discount Rate	No change			

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
**Expec	ted arithmet	ic nominal return	7.83%

* The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's and Component Unit PSA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's and Component Unit PSA's proportionate shares of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit PSA's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate				
	-	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	Ş	10,069,972	Ş	4,927,203	\$	729,050
Component Unit Public Service Authority's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	490,354	\$	239,929	\$	(35,500)

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County and Component Unit PSA recognized pension expense of \$1,053,682 and \$3,659 respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2023, the County and Component Unit PSA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Government			Component U Service Au			
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	54,137	\$	631,907	\$ 3,679	\$	33,027	
Change in proportionate share		70,404		-	-		82,252	
Change in assumptions		447,740		-	25,619		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		992,688	-		66,808	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,167,973		-	 60,947		-	
Total	\$_	1,740,254	\$	1,624,595	\$ 90,245	\$	182,087	

\$1,167,973 and \$60,947 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit PSA's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	 Primary Government	Component Unit Public Service Authority
2024	\$ (299,720) \$	(68,524)
2025	(517,589)	(56,880)
2026	(710,289)	(50,531)
2027	475,284	23,146
Thereafter	-	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	97
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	12
Non-vested inactive members	15
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	24
Total inactive members	51
Active members	85
Total covered employees	233

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 5.29% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$96,464 and \$97,823 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</u> (continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Component School Board (nonprofessional)					
	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	<u> </u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	11,627,886	\$	12,739,206 \$	(1,111,320)	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	180,139	\$	- \$	180,139	
Interest		774,080		-	774,080	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(104,576)		-	(104,576)	
Contributions - employer		-		94,752	(94,752)	
Contributions - employee		-		94,142	(94,142)	
Net investment income		-		(6,792)	6,792	
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(680,349)		(680, 349)	-	
Administrative expenses		-		(8,038)	8,038	
Other changes		-		287	(287)	
Net changes	\$	169,294	\$	(505,998) \$	675,292	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	11,797,180	\$	12,233,208 \$	(436,028)	

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</u> (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 880,227	\$ (436,028)	\$ (1,529,100)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$(6,054). At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School			
	Board (nor	pr	rofessional)	
	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,353	\$	58,709	
Changes of assumptions	78,398		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		379,603	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	96,464		-	
Total	\$ 182,215	\$	438,312	

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$96,464 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability (asset) in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
	(
2024	\$ (105,050)
2025	(164,762)
2026	(252,717)
2027	169,968
Thereafter	-

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Additional information regarding the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward retirement. Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$3,857,648 and \$3,672,227 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$44.4 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional)</u> (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported a liability of \$23,533,968 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion was 0.24719% as compared to 0.24579% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the school division recognized pension expense of \$666,182. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30,2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	5 - 9	5 1,622,760
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	3,068,337
Change of assumptions	2,218,779	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	133,784	1,154,460
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,857,648	
Total	6,210,211	5,845,557

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional)</u> (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$3,857,648 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Component Unit School Board
Year ended June 30	_	(professional)
2024	\$	(1,355,218)
2025		(1,370,539)
2026		(2,184,939)
2027		1,417,702
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment
	expenses, including inflation

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2022, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	-	Feacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ \$ [_]	54,732,329 45,211,731 9,520,598
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percent	-	<u>, , ,</u>

of the Total Pension Liability 82.61%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	 (5.75%)	 (6.75%)	 (7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 42,033,468	\$ 23,533,968	\$ 8,471,306

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 11-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

Plan Description

The Schools administer a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, the Carroll County Public Schools Other Postemployment Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the Schools' pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2022 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	511
Total retirees with coverage	16
Total	527

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits are provided to eligible retirees and includes Medical. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses, and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the School Board who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. In addition, the School Board provides a fixed basic death benefit for all retirees.

Contributions

The School Board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly form general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the School Board. The amount paid by the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$75,000.

<u>Note 11-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:</u> (continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The Schools' total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age actuarial cost method					
Salary Increases	2.50%					
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.75% for fiscal year end 2023,					
	decreasing 0.25% per year to a					
	ultimate rate of 5.00%					
Discount Rate	3.69%					
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62					

Mortality rates for healthy inactive members were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Discount Rate

The discount rate has been set equal to 3.69% and represents the Municipal GO AA 20-year yield curve rate as of the measurement date.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Component Unit School Board Total OPEB Liability		
Balances at July 1, 2021	\$	4,086,000	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		197,000	
Interest		82,000	
Difference between expected and actual experience		116,000	
Assumption changes		(584,000)	
Contributions - employer		(75,000)	
Net changes	\$	(264,000)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	3,822,000	

<u>Note 11-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:</u> (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the Total OPEB liability of the Schools, as well as what the Schools' Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (2.69%) or one-percentage point higher (4.69%) than the current discount rate:

		Rate	
-	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(2.69%)	Rate (3.69%)	(4.69%)
_			
\$	4,155,000	\$ 3,822,000	\$ 3,515,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the Schools, as well as what the Schools' Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage point lower (5.75%) or one-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Rate	
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
_	(5.75%)	 (6.75%)	 (7.75%)
\$	3,424,000	\$ 3,822,000	\$ 4,282,000

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Schools will recognize OPEB expense in the amount of \$(273,000).

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	94,000	\$ 1,345,000
Change of assumptions	419,000	510,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	75,000	
Total \$	588,000	\$ 1,855,000

<u>Note 11-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:</u> (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Component Unit School Board
2024	\$ (559,000)
2025	(382,000)
2026	(285,000)
2027	(88,000)
2028	(28,000)
Thereafter	-

Additional disclosures on changes in Schools total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,984 as of June 30, 2023.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of</u> <u>Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% ($1.34\% \times 60\%$) and the employer component was 0.54% ($1.34\% \times 40\%$). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the GLI Program from the County were \$42,714 and \$38,813 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Contributions to the GLI Program from the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) were \$11,525 and \$11,177 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Contributions to the GLI Program from the Component Unit-School Board (professional) were \$128,532 and \$121,923 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$397,852 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) reported a liability of \$114,630 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) reported a liability of \$1,249,852 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.0367% as compared to 0.0350% at June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2022, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) proportion was 0.0095% as compared to 0.0098% at June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2022, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) proportion was 0.1038% as compared to 0.1033% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$121. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component-Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$(7,309). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component-Unit School Board (professional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$17,666. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2023, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

		_	Component-Unit	School Board	Component-Unit School Board (Professional)		
	Primary Go	vernment	(Nonprofe	ssional)			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience $\$	31,505	\$ 15,961	\$ 9,077 \$	4,599 \$	5 98,973 \$	50,141	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	-	24,860		7,163	-	78,097	
Change in assumptions	14,839	38,753	4,276	11,165	46,618	121,741	
Changes in proportion	17,990	50,817	-	15,490	10,319	84,250	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	42,714	<u> </u>	11,525		128,532	-	
Total \$	107,048	\$ 130,391	\$\$	38,417	284,442 \$	334,229	

Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (continued)

\$42,714, \$11,525, and \$128,532 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County's, Component-Unit School Board (Nonprofessional), and Component-Unit School Board (Professional), respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

			Component Unit-	Component Unit-		
Year Ended Primary		School Board	School Board			
June 30	_	Government		(Nonprofessional)	(Professional)	
	_		-			
2024	\$	(18,560)	\$	(9,519) \$	(49,715)	
2025		(17,549)		(5,594)	(46,179)	
2026		(30,056)		(8,029)	(76,571)	
2027		(458)		(441)	2,351	
2028		566		(1,481)	(8,205)	
Thereafter		-		-	-	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Informational for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.					
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality					
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality					
	Improvement Scale MP-2020					
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to beter fit experience and changed fin					
	retirement age from 65 to 70					
	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and					
Withdrawal Rates	service to rates based on service only to better fit					
Withdrawat Nates	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10					
	Hazardous Duty					
Disability Rates	No change					
Salary Scale	No change					
Line of Duty Disability	No change					
Discount Rate	No change					

Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	GLI OPEB Plan		
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,672,085		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,467,989		
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,204,096		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	67.21%		

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

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Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expecte	7.83%		

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Note 12-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Rate				
 1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
 (5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
\$ 578,921	\$	397,852	\$	251,523
\$ 166,800	\$	114,630	\$	72,469
\$ 1,818,681	\$	1,249,852	\$	790,160
Ş	(5.75%) \$ 578,921 \$ 166,800	(5.75%) \$ 578,921 \$ \$ 166,800 \$	1% Decrease Current Discount (5.75%) (6.75%) \$ 578,921 \$ 397,852 \$ 166,800 \$ 114,630	1% Decrease Current Discount (5.75%) (6.75%) \$ 578,921 \$ 397,852 \$ \$ 166,800 \$ 114,630 \$

Group Life Insurance Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of</u> Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death. The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Component Unit - School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	53
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	2
Total inactive members	55
Active members	85
Total covered employees	140

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The Component Unit - School Board's (Nonprofessional) contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 2.48% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Component Unit - School board (Nonprofessional) to the HIC Plan were \$52,928 and \$50,938 for the year ended June 30, 2022, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation: Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019.

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (continued)

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability - Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expecte	ed arithmetic	nominal return**	7.83%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability - Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional)

Discount Rate (continued)

	Increase (Decrease)				
	 Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 314,916 \$	1,960	\$	312,956	
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$ 2,991 \$	-	\$	2,991	
Interest	20,538	-		20,538	
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	(5,790)	-		(5,790)	
Assumption changes	52,762	-		52,762	
Contributions - employer	-	50,938		(50,938)	
Net investment income	-	(637)		637	
Benefit payments	(27,275)	(27,275)		-	
Administrative expenses	-	(60)		60	
Other changes	 -	5,975	_	(5,975)	
Net changes	\$ 43,226 \$	28,941	\$	14,285	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 358,142 \$	30,901	\$	327,241	

Sensitivity of the Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional) HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
	1% Decrease		Current Discount	1% Increase
	 (5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) Net HIC OPEB				
Liability	\$ 359,016	\$	327,241	299,593

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$5,707. At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional) HIC Plan from the following sources:

		Component-Unit School Board (Non- professional)			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	Ş	47	Ş	88,744	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		28		-	
Change in assumptions		55,111		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		52,928		-	
Total	\$	108,114	\$	88,744	

\$52,928 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

_	Year Ended June 30	 Component Unit- School Board (Non-professional)
	2024	\$ (17,381)
	2025	(26,431)
	2026	9,899
	2027	355
	Thereafter	-

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 14-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

Note 14-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$287,952 and \$273,033 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$12 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported a liability of \$3,024,067 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employers. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employees. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employees. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employees. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year employee HIC Program was 0.24211% as compared to 0.24116% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$194,431. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and difference between actual and expected contributions.

Note 14-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB from the following sources:

	[Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- 4	\$ 123,266
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		-	3,035
Change in assumptions		88,348	7,722
Change in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions		26,715	202,765
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	287,952	
Total	\$_	403,015	\$336,788

\$287,952 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	Component Unit- School Board (Professional)
2024	÷	
2024	Ş	(52,476)
2025		(54,843)
2026		(53,989)
2027		(26,481)
2028		(22,895)
Thereafter		(11,041)

Note 14-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation: Teacher employees	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

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Note 14-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,470,891
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		221,845
Teacher Employee Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$_	1,249,046
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		

of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	15.08%
--	--------

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 14-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expecte	ed arithmetic	nominal return**	7.83%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 14-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate									
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase					
	 (5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)					
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan										
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 3,408,158	\$	3,024,067	\$	2,698,482					

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS website Annual VRS Report may be downloaded from the at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 15-Summary of Pension Related Items

	Primary Government					Component Unit School Board												
	Deferred	Deferred Deferred Net Pension Pension			Deferred Deferred Net Pension Pension			Deferred Deferred			Net Pension			ension				
	Outflows	Inflows	Liability	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	L	iability	Ex	pense	Outflows	flows Inflows		Liability (Asset)		E	Expense	
VRS Pension Plans (Note 10):																		
County	\$1,740,254	\$1,624,595	\$4,927,203	\$1,053,682	ş -	ş -	\$	-	\$	-	ş -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Public Service Authority	-	-	-	-	90,245	182,087		239,929		3,659	-		-		-		-	
School Board Nonprofessional	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	182,215		438,312		(436,028)		(6,054)	
School Board Professional	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	6,210,211		5,845,557		23,533,968		666,182	
Totals	\$1,740,254	\$1,624,595	\$4,927,203	\$1,053,682	\$ 90,245	\$ 182,087	\$	239,929	\$	3,659	\$6,392,426	\$	6,283,869	\$	23,097,940	\$	660,128	

Note 16-Summary of OPEB Related Items

		Primary Government								Component Unit School Board							
	_	Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB		Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB	OPE	В	
	_	Outflows	_	Inflows		Liability		Expense	-	Outflows	_	Inflows	_	Liability	Expen	ise	
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 11)	Ş	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	588,000	\$	1,855,000	\$	3,822,000 \$	(273,0	000)	
VRS OPEB Plans:																	
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 12):																	
County		107,048		130,391		397,852		121		-		-		-		-	
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-		-		24,878		38,417		114,630	(7,	309)	
School Board Professional		-		-		-		-		284,442		334,229		1,249,852	17,6	666	
School Board (nonprofessional) Health Insurance																	
Credit Plan (Note 13)		-		-		-		-		108,114		88,744		327,241	5,7	707	
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 14)		-		-		-		-		403,015		336,788		3,024,067	198,4	431	
Totals	\$	107,048	\$	130,391	\$	397,852	\$	121	\$	1,408,449	\$_	2,653,178	\$	8,537,790	(58,	505)	

Note 17 - Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$62,297.

Note 18-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,228,102	\$ 25,000	Ş -	\$ 3,253,102
Construction in progress	1,197,336	502,040	-	1,699,376
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 4,425,438	\$ 527,040	\$-	\$ 4,952,478
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 57,414,723	\$ 65,100	\$ (20,661,818)	\$ 36,818,005
Machinery and equipment	14,040,665	681,393	(146,470)	14,575,588
Lease land	78,024	-	-	78,024
Lease machinery and equipment	98,917	-	(33,231)	65,686
Subscription assets	-	300,272	-	300,272
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 71,632,329	\$ 1,046,765	\$ (20,841,519)	\$ 51,837,575
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (25,116,574)	\$ (1,074,353)	\$ 9,275,175	\$ (16,915,752)
Machinery and equipment	(10,180,031)	(836,091)	146,470	(10,869,652)
Lease land	(6,237)	(6,237)	-	(12,474)
Lease machinery and equipment	(42,908)	(41,425)	33,231	(51,102)
Subscription assets	-	(164)	-	(164)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (35,345,750)	\$ (1,958,270)	\$ 9,454,876	\$ (27,849,144)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 36,286,579	\$ (911,505)	\$ (11,386,643)	\$ 23,988,431
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 40,712,017	\$ (384,465)	\$ (11,386,643)	\$ 28,940,909

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 200,412
Judicial administration	5,467
Public safety	638,538
Public works	347,889
Health and welfare	13,733
Education	690,453
Parks, recreation, and cultural	45,265
Community development	16,513
Total depreciation/amortization governmental activities	\$ 1,958,270

Note 18-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,343,900	Ş -	\$ -	\$ 1,343,900
Construction in progress	3,165,659	3,527,615	(3,268,321)	3,424,953
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 4,509,559	\$ 3,527,615	\$ (3,268,321)	\$ 4,768,853
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 31,299,440	\$ 23,993,005	Ş -	\$ 55,292,445
Improvement other than buildings	153,754	-	-	153,754
Machinery and equipment	8,991,137	1,067,975	(185,641)	9,873,471
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 40,444,331	\$ 25,060,980	\$ (185,641)	\$ 65,319,670
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (18,685,559)	\$ (10,589,262)	\$-	\$ (29,274,821)
Improvement other than buildings	(60,638)	(7,688)	-	(68,326)
Machinery and equipment	(6,396,443)	(833,097)	181,414	(7,048,126)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (25,142,640)	\$ (11,430,047)	\$ 181,414	\$ (36,391,273)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 15,301,691	\$ 13,630,933	\$ (4,227)	\$ 28,928,397
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 19,811,250	\$ 17,158,548	\$ (3,272,548)	\$ 33,697,250

Note 19-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the VACO Insurance Program. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit - School Board pay the program contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 20-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 21-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
Gerald R. Goad, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	1,525,000
Bonita Williams, Treasurer		400,000
Fran Zimmerman, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Kevin A. Kemp, Sheriff		30,000

Note 22-Payroll Expenses:

All full-time employees of the Component Unit - Public Service Authority are paid through the County and the Authority reimburses the County for these expenses. Part-time employees are paid by the Public Service Authority along with any overtime pay that the Public Service Authority Board approves.

Note 23-Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

	Government-wide Statements	Balance Sheet	
Unavailable/deferred revenue Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not	Governmental Activities	-	Governmental Funds
available for the funding of current expenditures	\$ -	\$	5,814,022
Tax assessments due after June 30	15,254,749		15,254,749
Prepaid property taxes due after June 30 but paid in advance by taxpayers	1,190,290	_	1,190,290
Total unavailable/deferred revenue	\$ 16,445,039	\$	22,259,061

Note 24-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2023, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 25-Self Health Insurance:

During fiscal year 2023, the Carroll County School Board established a limited risk management program for health insurance for School Board employees. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the School Board and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2023, a total of \$3,624,878 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the School Board is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type. Incurred but not reported claims of \$356,000 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as quasi-external interfund transactions. Changes in the claims liability during fiscal year 2023 were as follows:

			Current Year		
		Balance at	Claims and		Balance at
		Beginning of	Changes in	Claim	End of
Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	Estimates	Payments	Fiscal Year
	-				
2022-23	\$	-	\$ 3,980,878	\$ (3,624,878) \$	356,000

Note 26-Adoption of Accounting Principles:

The County implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Statement No. 96, SBITAs requires recognition of certain subscription assets and liabilities for certain contracts that convey control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. No restatement of beginning net position was required as a result of this implementation.

Note 27-Commitments and Contingencies:

The School Board has obligated funds for the project described below as of June 30, 2023:

	Amount of				
	Amount of	Contract	Accounts	Retainage	
Project	Contract	Outstanding	Payable	Payable	
Component Unit-School Board:					
HVAC replacement - CCMS	\$ 294,631	\$ 232,876	\$ 15,250	Ş -	
HVAC replacement - CCMS	742,000	556,571	168,558	9,272	
Renovation - CCHS	430,374	150,882	279,492	-	
Renovation - CCHS - gym addition	7,077,475	4,681,821	829,230	119,778	

Note 28-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, addresses (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from April 2022 to for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, provides more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability for accounting changes and error corrections. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, *Implementation Guidance Update*-2021, with dates ranging from reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2023-1, *Implementation Guidance Update*-2023, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Required Supplementary Information

County of Carroll, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l An	nounts				ariance with nal Budget -
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	÷		÷		÷	24.047.444	÷	4 0 40 0 44
General property taxes	\$	22,968,500	Ş	22,968,500	Ş	24,917,446	Ş	1,948,946
Other local taxes		4,725,000		4,835,275		5,302,584		467,309
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		106,500		106,500		162,904		56,404
Fines and forfeitures		925,863		1,046,863		1,073,504		26,641
Revenue from the use of money and property		187,900		187,900		335,912		148,012
Charges for services		1,681,375		1,681,375		1,623,945		(57,430)
Miscellaneous		112,650		113,166		286,324		173,158
Recovered costs		2,178,004		2,529,028		2,465,283		(63,745)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		9,993,106		10,255,286		8,765,686		(1,489,600)
Federal		3,159,567		3,282,651		6,945,421		3,662,770
Total revenues	\$	46,038,465	\$	47,006,544	\$	51,879,009	\$	4,872,465
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	2,858,561	\$	3,282,574	\$	2,918,890	\$	363,684
Judicial administration	·	1,756,592	•	1,841,290	•	1,594,005		247,285
Public safety		10,949,291		11,586,000		10,332,062		1,253,938
Public works		2,478,139		2,518,748		2,361,056		157,692
Health and welfare		9,753,415		9,761,315		8,809,977		951,338
Education		10,494,123		10,513,123		9,926,736		586,387
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,396,606		1,402,122		1,327,820		74,302
Community development		1,559,961		3,738,086		2,493,128		1,244,958
Nondepartmental				285,500		307,148		(21,648)
Debt service:				205,500		507,140		(21,040)
Principal retirement		2,799,684		2,799,684		2,963,895		(164,211)
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,017,093		1,017,093		1,015,985		1,108
Total expenditures	\$		¢		\$	44,050,702	\$	4,694,833
Total experiatures	<u> </u>	J,005,405	Ļ		Ļ	++,030,70Z	ç	4,074,055
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	975,000	\$	(1,738,991)	\$	7,828,307	\$	9,567,298
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(975,000)	\$	(3,752,771)	\$	(3,752,771)	\$	-
Issuance of SBITA	•	-		-	,	229,735	•	229,735
Total other financing sources (uses)	Ş	(975,000)	Ś	(3,752,771)	Ś	(3,523,036)	Ś	229,735
	<u> </u>	() = (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7	(-,,)	т	(-,,,)	7	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(5,491,762)	\$	4,305,271	\$	9,797,033
Fund balances - beginning		-	_	5,491,762		28,306,804		22,815,042
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,612,075	\$	32,612,075

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2022

Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	Proportionate Share of the NPL	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Primary Governmen	nt - County Retirement Plan				
2022	89.8169%	4,927,203	\$ 7,178,189	68.64%	87.45%
2021	88.6775%	2,887,109	6,414,137	45.01%	92.33%
2020	88.1158%	7,900,060	6,766,101	116.76%	77.93%
2019	87.1068%	6,009,532	6,985,410	86.03%	82.42%
2018	86.9945%	4,586,342	6,835,376	67.10%	85.46%
2017	86.2947%	5,086,211	6,436,392	79.02%	83.27%
2016	86.2946%	6,694,678	6,380,074	104.93%	77.51%
2015	86.5376%	5,285,062	6,286,487	84.07%	81.30%
2014	86.5376%	4,226,206	6,057,711	69.77%	83.61%
Component Unit Pul	blic Service Authority				
2022	4.3736%	239,929	\$ 349,539	68.64%	87.45%
2021	5.0741%	165,196	367,015	45.01%	92.33%
2020	5.9886%	536,910	459,951	116.73%	77.93%
2019	7.3889%	509,765	593,273	85.92%	82.49%
2018	7.5591%	398,515	598,505	66.59%	85.46%
2017	8.2637%	487,063	654,293	74.44%	83.27%
2016	8.2637%	641,092	630,530	101.68%	122.99%
2015	8.2813%	505,758	621,183	81.42%	434.88%
2014	8.2813%	417,602	598,577	69.77%	510.11%
Component Unit Sch	nool Board (professional)				
2022	0.2472%	23,533,968	\$ 22,564,671	104.30%	82.61%
2021	0.2458%	19,080,917	21,327,825	89.46%	85.46%
2020	0.2525%	36,752,658	21,812,692	168.49%	71.47%
2019	0.2544%	33,475,221	21,095,339	158.69%	73.51%
2018	0.2664%	31,333,000	21,324,377	146.94%	74.81%
2017	0.2743%	33,728,000	21,481,554	157.01%	72.92%
2016	0.2663%	37,312,000	20,292,867	183.87%	68.28%
2015	0.2721%	34,245,000	20,216,777	169.39%	70.68%
2014	0.2746%	33,182,000	20,079,764	165.25%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2014, the PSA's information was consolidated in the County's totals and presented in the County report. Therefore, sufficient information to allocate the prior year balances is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2022

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	180,139 \$	211,135 \$	207,924 \$	209,826 \$	221,654 \$	266,275 \$	270,954 \$	272,694 \$	282,837
Interest		774,080	713,752	706,699	710,318	712,918	711,451	685,916	678,210	650,702
Differences between expected and actual experience		(104,576)	40,033	(158,321)	(226,345)	(335,847)	(194,378)	24,401	(276,046)	-
Changes of assumptions		-	426,836		267,717	-	(120,248)	-	-	-
Benefit payments		(680,349)	(675,935)	(627,713)	(650,875)	(620,860)	(639,723)	(569,530)	(559,995)	(521,158)
Refund of contributions		-	-		-	-	(23,716)		-	-
Net change in total pension liability	\$	169,294 \$	715,821 \$	128,589 \$	310,641 \$	(22,135) \$	(339) \$	411,741 \$	114,863 \$	412,381
Total pension liability - beginning		11,627,886	10,912,065	10,783,476	10,472,835	10,494,970	10,495,309	10,083,568	9,968,705	9,556,324
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	11,797,180 \$	11,627,886 \$	10,912,065 \$	10,783,476 \$	10,472,835 \$	10,494,970 \$	10,495,309 \$	10,083,568 \$	9,968,705
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	Ş	94,752 \$	95,270 \$	114,129 \$	113,830 \$	150,251 \$	156,370 \$	240,176 \$	239,595 \$	259,093
Contributions - employee		94,142	93,362	96,800	95,557	97,709	102,599	122,474	122,507	123,499
Net investment income		(6,792)	2,800,948	200,951	679,146	735,374	1,119,816	160,748	418,458	1,264,799
Benefit payments		(680,349)	(675,935)	(627,713)	(650,875)	(620,860)	(639,723)	(569,530)	(559,995)	(521,158)
Refund of contributions		-	-	-			(23,716)	-		-
Administrator charges		(8,038)	(7,248)	(7,083)	(7,034)	(6,533)	(6,738)	(5,902)	(5,839)	(6,876)
Other		287	261	(238)	(425)	(647)	(984)	(69)	(88)	67
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(505,998) \$	2,306,658 \$	(223,154) \$	230,199 \$	355,294 \$	707,624 \$	(52,103) \$	214,638 \$	1,119,424
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		12,739,206	10,432,548	10,655,702	10,425,503	10,070,209	9,362,585	9,414,688	9,200,050	8,080,626
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	12,233,208 \$	12,739,206 \$	10,432,548 \$	10,655,702 \$	10,425,503 \$	10,070,209 \$	9,362,585 \$	9,414,688 \$	9,200,050
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(436,028) \$	(1,111,320) \$	479,517 \$	127,774 \$	47,332 \$	424,761 \$	1,132,724 \$	668,880 \$	768,655
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability		103.70%	109.56%	95.61%	98.82%	99.55%	95.95%	89.21%	93.37%	92.29%
Covered payroll	\$	2,053,944 \$	2,000,063 \$	2,051,945 \$	2,014,862 \$	2,039,840 \$	2,093,296 \$	2,483,064 \$	2,463,253 \$	2,469,959
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of										

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)*		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary	Gover	nment							
2023	\$	1,167,973	\$	1,167,973	\$	-	\$	7,899,507	14.79%
2022	•	938,885	•	938,885	Ŧ	-	*	7,178,189	13.08%
2021		729,439		729,439		-		6,414,137	11.37%
2020		653,879		653,879		-		6,766,101	9.66%
2019		679,392		679,392		-		6,985,410	9.73%
2018		749,414		749,414		-		6,835,376	10.96%
2017		742,577		742,577		-		6,436,392	11.54%
2016		770,617		770,617		-		6,380,074	12.08%
2015		762,325		762,325		-		6,286,487	12.13%
Compon	ont I li	nit Public Serv	ico	Authority					
2023	Ş	60,947		60,947	\$	-	\$	412,206	14.79%
2022	Ŷ	45,719	Ŷ	45,719	Ŷ	-	7	349,539	13.08%
2021		41,738		41,738		-		367,015	11.37%
2020		44,439		44,439		-		459,951	9.66%
2019		57,630		57,630		-		593,273	9.71%
2018		65,117		65,117		-		598,505	10.88%
2017		71,110		71,110		-		654,293	10.87%
2016		76,159		76,159		-		630,530	12.08%
2015		75,339		75,339		-		621,183	12.13%
Compon	ont I li	nit School Boa	rd (nonprofessional)					
2023	\$	96,464		96,464	\$		\$	2,134,182	4.52%
2022	Ŧ	97,823	Ŧ	97,823	Ŧ	-	÷	2,053,944	4.76%
2021		105,962		105,962		-		2,000,063	5.30%
2020		114,668		114,668		-		2,051,945	5.59%
2019		113,832		113,832		-		2,014,862	5.65%
2018		150,253		150,253		-		2,039,840	7.37%
2017		160,137		160,137		-		2,093,296	7.65%
2016		241,165		241,165		-		2,483,064	9.71%
2015		239,595		239,595		-		2,463,253	9.73%
2014		259,099		259,099		-		2,469,959	10.49%
Compon	ont I li	nit School Boai	rd (professional)					
2023	\$	3,857,648	\$	3,857,648	\$		\$	23,979,706	16.09%
2022	Ŷ	3,672,227	Ŷ	3,672,227	Ŷ	-	7	22,564,671	16.27%
2022		3,477,251		3,477,251		-		21,327,825	16.30%
2021		3,356,000		3,356,000		-		21,812,692	15.39%
2019		3,257,343		3,257,343		-		21,095,339	15.44%
2018		3,445,000		3,445,000		-		21,324,377	16.16%
2017		3,136,000		3,136,000		-		21,481,554	14.60%
2016		2,844,000		2,844,000		-		20,292,867	14.01%
2015		2,933,000		2,933,000		-		20,216,777	14.51%
2014		2,341,300		2,341,300		-		20,079,764	11.66%

 $^{\ast}\textsc{Excludes}$ contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015, the PSA's information was consolidated in the County's totals and presented in the County report. Therefore, sufficient information to allocate the prior year balances is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Carroll, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load
healthy, and disabled)	with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates bsed on experience for Plan
	2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

(
	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazarous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- <u></u>	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	t Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load
healthy, and disabled)	with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board For the Measurement Dates July 1, 2017 through July 1, 2022

		-	· · ·	• •			
	_	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$	197,000 \$	175,000 \$	242,000 \$	232,000 \$	224,000 \$	219,000
Interest		82,000	97,000	149,000	164,000	202,000	190,000
Differences between expected and actual experience		116,000	(363,000)	(1,361,000)	(377,000)	(1,397,000)	-
Assumption changes		(584,000)	353,000	230,000	188,000	-	-
Employer contributions		-	43,000	3,000	-	-	-
Benefit payments		(75,000)	-	-	-	-	(126,000)
Other changes		-	-	-	-	(176,000)	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(264,000) \$	305,000 \$	(737,000) \$	207,000 \$	(1,147,000) \$	283,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,086,000	3,781,000	4,518,000	4,311,000	5,458,000	5,175,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	3,822,000 \$	4,086,000 \$	3,781,000 \$	4,518,000 \$	4,311,000 \$	5,458,000
Covered-employee payroll	\$	23,861,000 \$	21,532,000 \$	21,532,000 \$	21,669,000 \$	21,669,000 \$	23,677,000
Component Unit School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as							
a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.02%	18.98%	17.56%	20.85%	19.89%	23.05%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Carroll, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Component Unit School Board OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Valuation Date:	7/1/2022
Measurement Date:	7/1/2022

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age actuarial cost method
Salary Increases	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.75% for fiscal year end 2023, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%
Discount Rate	3.69%
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generatinal with base layer 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Employers's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary G	overnment				
2022	0.0367% \$	397,852	\$ 7,121,652	5.59%	67.21%
2021	0.0350%	362,031	6,420,317	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.0374%	549,849	6,781,524	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.0410%	581,018	6,999,464	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.0417%	550,675	6,898,061	7.98%	51.22%
2017	0.0417%	541,068	6,633,359	8.16%	48.86%
Componen	t Unit School Board (nonpr	ofessional)			
2022	0.0095% \$	114,630	\$ 2,069,816	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.0098%	113,982	2,021,808	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.0100%	166,550	2,054,395	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.0103%	167,283	2,016,295	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.0108%	164,000	2,050,489	8.00%	51.22%
2017	0.0115%	172,000	2,113,450	8.14%	48.86%
Componen	t Unit School Board (profe	ssional)			
2022	0.1038% \$	1,249,852	\$ 22,578,251	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.1033%	1,202,808	21,329,930	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.1062%	1,771,637	21,848,331	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.1078%	1,753,705	21,127,457	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.1123%	1,706,000	21,360,927	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.1169%	1,759,000	21,562,338	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Exhibit 17

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	vern	ment					
2023	\$	42,714	\$	42,714	\$ -	\$ 7,909,960	0.54%
2022		38,813		38,813	-	7,121,652	0.54%
2021		34,669		34,669	-	6,420,317	0.54%
2020		35,264		35,264	-	6,781,524	0.52%
2019		36,394		36,394	-	6,999,464	0.52%
2018		35,870		35,870	-	6,898,061	0.52%
2017		34,492		34,492	-	6,633,359	0.52%
Component	t Uni	t School Board ((no	nprofessional)			
2023	\$	11,525	\$	11,525	\$ -	\$ 2,134,182	0.54%
2022		11,177		11,177	-	2,069,816	0.54%
2021		10,918		10,918	-	2,021,808	0.54%
2020		10,683		10,683	-	2,054,395	0.52%
2019		10,485		10,485	-	2,016,295	0.52%
2018		10,663		10,663	-	2,050,489	0.52%
2017		10,990		10,990	-	2,113,450	0.52%
2016		11,942		11,942	-	2,487,819	0.48%
2015		11,830		11,830	-	2,464,516	0.48%
2014		11,868		11,868	-	2,472,414	0.48%
Component	t Uni	t School Board ((pro	ofessional)			
2023	\$	128,532	\$	128,532	\$ -	\$ 23,802,149	0.54%
2022		121,923		121,923	-	22,578,251	0.54%
2021		115,182		115,182	-	21,329,930	0.54%
2020		113,611		113,611	-	21,848,331	0.52%
2019		109,834		109,834	-	21,127,457	0.52%
2018		111,096		111,096	-	21,360,927	0.52%
2017		112,124		112,124	-	21,562,338	0.52%
2016		97,624		97,624	-	20,338,243	0.48%
2015		97,389		97,389	-	20,289,461	0.48%
2014		96,929		96,929	-	20,193,471	0.48%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2017, the PSA's information was consolidated in the County's totals and presented in the County report. Therefore, sufficient information to allocate the prior year balances is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Carroll, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
	improvements, replace toad with a modified Mortality improvement scale Mir-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retiremen	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality
healthy, and disabled)	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life
healthy, and disabled)	expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65
	to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based
	on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top
	10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional) Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

	 2022	 2021	2020		2019	_	2018	 2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability	 	 						
Service cost	\$ 2,991	\$ 4,170 \$	7,499	Ş	7,116	\$	8,000	\$ 12,000
Interest	20,538	30,343	14,119		14,429		14,000	13,000
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	6,983		-			-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(5,790)	(162,760)	(14,596)		19,019		(28,000)	-
Changes of assumptions	52,762	6,551	57,324		15,698			(29,000
Benefit payments	(27,275)	(25,838)	(24,561)		(23,028)		(23,000)	(21,000
Other changes	 -	 -	-		448		(4,000)	 (1,000
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ 43,226	\$ (147,534) \$	46,768	\$	33,682	\$	(33,000)	\$ (26,000
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	 314,916	 462,450	415,682		382,000		415,000	 441,000
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 358,142	\$ 314,916 \$	462,450	\$	415,682	\$	382,000	\$ 415,000
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 50,938	\$ 49,602 \$	25,650	\$	25,185	\$	20,000	\$ 21,000
Net investment income	(637)	62	-		-		-	-
Benefit payments	(27,275)	(25,838)	(24,561)		(23,028)		(23,000)	(21,000
Administrative expense	(60)							-
Other	5,975	(8)			896			(1,000
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 28,941	\$ 23,818 \$	1,089	Ş	3,053	\$	(3,000)	\$ (1,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,960	(21,858)	(22,947)		(26,000)		(23,000)	(22,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 30,901	\$ 1,960 \$	(21,858)	\$	(22,947)	\$	(26,000)	\$ (23,000
Employer's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 327,241	\$ 312,956 \$	484,308	\$	438,629	\$	408,000	\$ 438,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								
HIC OPEB liability	8.63%	0.62%	-4.73%		-5.52%		-6.81%	-5.54%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,053,944	\$ 2,000,063 \$	2,051,945	\$	2,014,862	\$	2,039,840	\$ 2,093,296
Employer's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of								

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Exhibit 20

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

<u>Date</u> Component	 Contractually Required Contribution (1) - School Board (Contribut Relatio Contrac Requi Contrib (2)	on to tually ired oution	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2023	\$ 52,928	• •		\$ -	\$ 2,134,182	2.48%
2022	50,938	E	50,938	-	2,053,944	2.48%
2021	49,602	4	49,602	-	2,000,063	2.48%
2020	25,649	2	25,649	-	2,051,945	1.25%
2019	25,185	2	25,185	-	2,014,862	1.25%
2018	20,000	2	20,000	-	2,039,840	0.98%
2017	21,000	2	21,000	-	2,093,296	1.00%
2016	20,858	2	20,858	-	2,483,064	0.84%
2015	20,691	2	20,691	-	2,463,253	0.84%
2014	12,597	1	12,597	-	2,469,959	0.51%

County of Carroll, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality
healthy, and disabled)	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)		
2022	0.2421% \$	3,024,067	5 22,564,671	13.40%	15.08%		
2021	0.2412%	3,095,455	21,327,825	14.51%	13.15%		
2020	0.2488%	3,245,767	21,812,692	14.88%	9.95%		
2019	0.2515%	3,292,380	21,095,339	15.61%	8.97%		
2018	0.2637%	3,348,000	21,324,808	15.70%	8.08%		
2017	0.2722%	3,453,000	21,483,066	16.07%	7.04%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Date	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2023	\$ 287,952 \$	287,952	\$ -	\$ 23,797,706	1.21%
2022	273,033	273,033	-	22,564,671	1.21%
2021	258,067	258,067	-	21,327,825	1.21%
2020	261,752	261,752	-	21,812,692	1.20%
2019	253,077	253,077	-	21,095,339	1.20%
2018	262,289	262,289	-	21,324,808	1.23%
2017	238,462	238,462	-	21,483,066	1.11%
2016	215,188	215,188	-	20,300,779	1.06%
2015	214,427	214,427	-	20,228,959	1.06%
2014	222,889	222,889	-	20,080,130	1.11%

County of Carroll, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
Retirement Rates	Improvement Scale MP-2020 Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Other Supplementary Information

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual County CIP Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		County CIP Fund												
		udgeted Am	Astrol	F	riance with inal Budget Positive									
REVENUES	<u>Orig</u>	<u>inal</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)								
Recovered costs	\$	- \$	- \$	196,822	\$	196,822								
Total revenues	\$	- \$	- \$	196,822		196,822								
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General government administration	\$	- \$	1,298,400 \$	112,096	\$	1,186,304								
Public safety		-	759,530	57,753		701,777								
Public works		-	535,500	71,835		463,665								
Education		-	300,000	-		300,000								
Parks, recreation, and cultural		-	926,875	489,640		437,235								
Total expenditures	\$	- \$	3,820,305 \$	731,324	\$	3,088,981								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)														
expenditures	\$	- \$	(3,820,305) \$	(534,502)	\$	(2,892,159)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers in	\$	- \$	- \$	3,752,771	\$	3,752,771								
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	- \$	- \$	3,752,771	\$	3,752,771								
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	(3,820,305) \$	3,218,269	\$	860,612								
Fund balances - beginning		-	3,820,305	3,380,139		(440,166)								
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	6,598,408	\$	420,446								

County of Carroll, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds											
	Special Welfare		Per	formance		School						
				Bond		Board		County				
		<u>Fund</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Escrow</u>		<u>FSA</u>	<u>FSA</u>			<u>Total</u>		
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121,926	\$	35,000	\$	39,281	\$	5,473	\$	201,680		
Total assets	\$	121,926	\$	35,000	\$	39,281	\$	5,473	\$	201,680		
NET POSITION												
Restricted:												
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	121,926	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	121,926		
Amounts held for performance bonds		-		35,000		-		-		35,000		
Amounts held for School Board employees		-		-		39,281		-		39,281		
Amounts held for County employees		-		-		-		5,473		5,473		
Total net position	\$	121,926	\$	35,000	\$	39,281	\$	5,473	\$	201,680		

County of Carroll, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds										
		Special Welfare <u>Fund</u>	Pe	erformance Bond <u>Escrow</u>		School Board <u>FSA</u>		County <u>FSA</u>		<u>Total</u>	
ADDITIONS											
Interest income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4	\$	2.00	\$	6	
Special welfare collections		114,148		-		-		-		114,148	
Performance bond payment		-		30,000		-		-		30,000	
Employee FSA contributions		-		-		58,115		18,400		76,515	
Total additions	\$	114,148	\$	30,000	\$	58,119	\$	18,402	\$	220,669	
DEDUCTIONS											
Special welfare payments	\$	46,273	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,273	
Performance bond withdrawal		-		52,443		-		-		52,443	
Loss on investments		-		-		-		-		-	
FSA distributions		-		-		54,649		17,720		72,369	
Total deductions	\$	46,273	\$	52,443.00	\$	54,649	\$	17,720	\$	171,085	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	67,875	\$	(22,443)	\$	3,470	\$	682	\$	49,584	
Net position, beginning of year		54,051		57,443		35,811		4,791		152,096	
Net position, end of year	\$	121,926	\$	35,000	\$	39,281	\$	5,473	\$	201,680	

County of Carroll, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2023

	School Operating <u>Fund</u>	School Activity <u>Fund</u>		Total School <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,042,019		\$	5,042,019
Cash held at schools	-	854,142		854,142
Receivables (net of allowance)				
for uncollectibles):				
Accounts receivable	587,329	-		587,329
Due from other governmental units	2,949,439	-		2,949,439
Prepaid items Restricted assets:	453,053	-		453,053
Temporarily restricted:				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,941,341			1,941,341
Investments	7,939,948			7,939,948
Total assets	\$ 18,913,129	\$ 854,142	\$	19,767,271
	+,	* ••• •,• ·=	<u> </u>	,
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,461,907	s -	\$	1,461,907
Accrued liabilities	2,125,698	-	÷	2,125,698
Retainage payable	129,050	-		129,050
Due to primary government	2,398,864	-		2,398,864
Unearned revenue	10,538,956	-		10,538,956
Total liabilities	\$ 16,654,475	ş -	\$	16,654,475
			<u> </u>	.,,
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid items	\$ 453,053	ş -	Ş	453,053
Restricted:				-
Cafeteria operations	1,941,341			1,941,341
School activity fund	-	854,142		854,142
Electric bus grant	40,768	-		40,768
Committed:				
Textbook purchases	262,518	-		262,518
Construction	14,027	-		14,027
Unassigned:	(453,053)	-		(453,053)
Total fund balances	\$ 2,258,654	\$ 854,142	\$	3,112,796
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 18,913,129	\$ 854,142	\$	19,767,271
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Total fund balances per above			Ş	3,112,796
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Land		\$ 1,343,900		
Buildings and improvements		26,017,624		
Improvement other than buildings		85,428		
Machinery and equipment		2,825,345		22 (07 250
Construction in progress		3,424,953		33,697,250
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore,				
are deferred in the funds. Net pension asset				436,028
Net perision asset				430,028
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items		\$ 6,392,426		
OPEB related items		1,408,449		7,800,875
		.,,		.,,
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and				
liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.				1,068,730
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current				
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Net OPEB liabilities		\$ (8,537,790)		
Compensated absences		(965,472)		
Net pension liability		(23,533,968)		(33,037,230)
		(20,000,000)		(33,337,230)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,				
are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items		¢ ((202 0(0)		
OPEB related items		5 (6.283.869)		
		\$ (6,283,869) (2,653,178)		(8,937.047)
		\$ (6,283,869) (2,653,178)		(8,937,047)
Net position of governmental activities			ş	(8,937,047)

County of Carroll, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	(School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund*</u>		Total School <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES						
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	72,935	\$	-	\$	72,935
Charges for services		1,183,581		1,160,257		2,343,838
Miscellaneous		252,468		-		252,468
Recovered costs		810,023		-		810,023
Intergovernmental:						
Local government		9,877,831		-		9,877,831
Commonwealth		32,001,467		-		32,001,467
Federal		10,927,731		-		10,927,731
Total revenues	\$	55,126,036	\$	1,160,257	\$	56,286,293
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	Ś	54,612,789	Ś	1,378,631	\$	55,991,420
Total expenditures		54,612,789		1,378,631	\$	55,991,420
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	513,247	\$	(218,374)	\$	294,873
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	53,343	¢	333,716	\$	387,059
Transfers out	Ļ	(333,716)	ç	-	Ļ	-
	ć		ć	(53,343)	ć	(387,059)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(280,373)	Ş	280,373	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	232,874	\$	61,999	\$	294,873
Fund balances - beginning		2,025,780		792,143		2,817,923
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,258,654	\$	854,142	\$	3,112,796
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different be	ecaus	e:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above					\$	294,873
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment: Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Reversion of capital assets back to School Board				4,658,456 (2,154,872) 11,386,643		13,890,227
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and						
donations) is to decrease net position.						
Loss on disposal of asset						(4,227)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resoruces are not reporte as revenues in the funds.	d					
State non-employer contribution to the pension plan			\$	1,093,497		
State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan				63,662		1,157,159
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences			\$	58,859 3,290,914		
Change in pension related items Change in OPEB related items				653,349		4,003,122
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain						
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.						1,068,730
Change in net position of governmental activities					\$	20,409,884

*The School Activity Fund does not require a legally adopted budget.

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	School Operating Fund													
						ariance with								
							F	inal Budget						
		Budgeted	Am					Positive						
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)							
REVENUES														
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	32,000	\$,	\$	72,935	\$	40,935						
Charges for services		828,500		828,500		1,183,581		355,081						
Miscellaneous		161,250		689,370		252,468		(436,902)						
Recovered costs		342,273		342,273		810,023		467,750						
Intergovernmental:														
Local government		10,450,000		10,450,000		9,877,831		(572,169)						
Commonwealth		31,145,178		31,438,632		32,001,467		562,835						
Federal		16,494,634		17,028,208		10,927,731		(6,100,477)						
Total revenues	\$	59,453,835	\$	60,808,983	\$	55,126,036	\$	(5,682,947)						
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
Education	\$	59,453,835	\$	61,057,594	\$	54,612,789	\$	6,444,805						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)														
expenditures	\$	-	\$	(248,611)	\$	513,247	\$	761,858						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	_	\$	53,343	Ś	53,343						
Transfers out	Ŷ	-	÷	_	Ŷ	(333,716)	Ŧ	(333,716)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(280,373)	\$	(280,373)						
					•	(, -)	•	· · · · ·						
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(248,611)	\$	232,874	\$	481,485						
Fund balances - beginning		-		248,611		2,025,780		1,777,169						
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,258,654	\$	2,258,654						
-														

County of Carroll, Virginia Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

	h	Self- nsurance <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,424,730
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Claims and judgments	\$	356,000
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	\$	1,068,730
Total net position	\$	1,068,730

County of Carroll, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	lı	Self- nsurance <u>Fund</u>
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Insurance premiums	\$	4,693,557
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Insurance claims and expenses	\$	3,624,878
Operating income (loss)		1,068,679
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings	\$	51
Change in net position		1,068,730
		.,
Total net position - beginning		-
Total net position - ending	\$	1,068,730

County of Carroll, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Self- Insurance <u>Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts for insurance premiums	\$ 4,693,557
Payments for premiums	(3,268,878)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,424,679
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends received	\$ 51
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,424,730
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 1,424,730
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,068,679
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	356,000
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,424,679

Supporting Schedules

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	14,555,000	\$	14,555,000	\$	14,752,831	\$	197,831
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		920,000		920,000		831,130		(88,870)
Personal property taxes		5,589,500		5,589,500		6,780,339		1,190,839
Mobile home taxes		74,000		74,000		83,148		9,148
Machinery and tools taxes		1,110,000		1,110,000		1,492,375		382,375
Merchant's capital taxes		220,000		220,000		222,343		2,343
Penalties		500,000		500,000		316,002		(183,998)
Interest		-		-		439,278		439,278
Total general property taxes	\$	22,968,500	\$	22,968,500	\$	24,917,446	\$	1,948,946
Others level to see								
Other local taxes: Local sales and use taxes	ć	2 250 000	ć	2 2/0 275	ć		ć	
	\$	2,250,000	Ş	2,360,275	Ş	2,897,830	Ş	537,555
Consumers' utility taxes- electric		685,000		685,000		705,452		20,452
Consumers' utility taxes- telephone		40,000		40,000		54,720		14,720
Consumption taxes		90,000		90,000		98,490		8,490
Recordation taxes		192,500		192,500		224,222		31,722
Motor vehicle licenses		720,000		720,000		93,959		(626,041)
Bank stock taxes		17,500		17,500		16,320		(1,180)
Hotel and motel room taxes		260,000		260,000		534,990		274,990
Restaurant food taxes Total other local taxes	Ś	470,000	Ś	470,000 4,835,275	\$	676,601 5,302,584	\$	206,601 467,309
	<u> </u>	, ,,,,,,		,, -	,	-,,		- ,
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Building permits	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	135,049	\$	45,049
Animal licenses		9,500		9,500		8,373		(1,127)
Other permits and licenses		7,000		7,000		19,482		12,482
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	106,500	\$	106,500	\$	162,904	\$	56,404
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	Ś	925,863	\$	1,046,863	\$	1,073,504	\$	26,641
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	925,863	\$	1,046,863	\$	1,073,504		26,641
Revenue from use of money and property:						200 72 /		
Revenue from use of money	\$		\$	162,000	Ş	309,734	Ş	147,734
Revenue from use of property		25,900	_	25,900	-	26,178		278
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	187,900	\$	187,900	\$	335,912	\$	148,012
Charges for services:								
Charges for EMS	\$	1,150,000	\$	1,150,000	\$	1,043,202	\$	(106,798)
Charges for farmer's market		250,000		250,000		193,904		(56,096)
Charges for courthouse security		220,000		220,000		279,225		59,225
Charges for parks and recreation		7,000		7,000		19,965		12,965
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		500		500		1,680		1,180
Charges for courthouse maintenance		25,000		25,000		27,785		2,785
Charges for cannery		11,500		11,500		12,478		978

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)							
Charges for services: (Continued)							
Charges for circuit court copies	\$ 7,000	\$	7,000	\$	7,603	\$	603
Charges for commonwealth's attorney	5,000		5,000		6,016		1,016
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	5,175		5,175		28,754		23,579
Charges for law library	-		-		3,094		3,094
Other charges for services	 200		200		239		39
Total charges for services	\$ 1,681,375	\$	1,681,375	\$	1,623,945	\$	(57,430)
Miscellaneous:							
Miscellaneous	\$ 112,650	Ş	113,166	Ş	173,058	Ş	59,892
Opioid settlement funds	 -		-		113,266		113,266
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ 112,650	\$	113,166	\$	286,324	\$	173,158
Recovered costs:							
Solid Waste Authority	\$ 632,646	\$	634,646	\$	641,709	\$	7,063
BRECEDA	165,394		165,394		134,890		(30,504)
Public Service Authority	756,464		756,464		715,203		(41,261)
Industrial Development Authority	50,000		50,000		-		(50,000)
City of Galax-shared expenses	265,000		265,000		265,000		-
Social services	158,000		158,000		74,902		(83,098)
School resource officer	50,000		50,000		200,498		150,498
Other recovered costs	 100,500		449,524		433,081		(16,443)
Total recovered costs	\$ 2,178,004	\$	2,529,028	\$	2,465,283	\$	(63,745)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 32,885,792	\$	33,468,607	\$	36,167,902	\$	2,699,295
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Noncategorical aid:							
Mobile home titling taxes	\$ 30,000	\$	30,000	\$	124,787	\$	94,787
Motor vehicle rental taxes	6,500		6,500		7,117		617
Telecommunications taxes	725,000		725,000		701,805		(23,195)
Rolling stock taxes	1,000		1,000		853		(147)
State recordation taxes	55,000		55,000		73,772		18,772
Personal property tax relief funds	1,051,552		1,051,552		1,051,552		-
Games of skill	 10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,879,052	\$	1,879,052	\$	1,959,886	\$	80,834
Categorical aid:							
Shared expenses:							
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 611,968	\$	611,968	Ş	510,616	Ş	(101,352)
Sheriff	1,704,031		1,704,031		1,626,438		(77,593)
Commissioner of revenue	147,327		147,327		176,152		28,825
Treasurer	140,320		140,320		137,883		(2,437)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental: (Continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)						
Categorical aid: (Continued)						
Shared expenses: (Continued)						
Registrar/electoral board	\$	43,050	\$ 43,050	\$ 74,731	\$	31,681
Clerk of the Circuit Court		393,955	393,955	409,085		15,130
Total shared expenses	\$	3,040,651	\$ 3,040,651	\$ 2,934,905	\$	(105,746)
Other categorical aid:						
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	2,783,367	\$ 2,783,367	\$ 2,097,285	\$	(686,082)
Comprehensive Services Act		1,999,636	1,999,636	1,515,426		(484,210)
Animal friendly plates		400	805	427		(378)
Fire program		111,000	111,000	105,402		(5,598)
Litter control grant		10,000	15,525	15,525		-
Emergency and medical services grant		29,000	29,000	-		(29,000)
Records preservation grant		-	-	32,490		32,490
School Resource Officer		50,000	175,000	-		(175,000)
Victim witness		90,000	90,000	28,129		(61,871)
Asset forfeiture		-	-	16,076		16,076
Agriculture and consumer service grant		-	-	50,000		50,000
Arts grant		-	-	500		500
Other categorical aid		-	131,250	9,635		(121,615)
Total other categorical aid	\$	5,073,403	\$ 5,335,583	\$ 3,870,895	\$	(1,464,688)
Total categorical aid	\$	8,114,054	\$ 8,376,234	\$ 6,805,800	\$	(1,570,434)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	9,993,106	\$ 10,255,286	\$ 8,765,686	\$	(1,489,600)
Revenue from the federal government:						
Noncategorical aid:		~~ ~~~	~~~~~	25.244		12.244
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 35,346	Ş	13,346
Categorical aid:						
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	2,783,367	\$ 2,783,367	\$ 3,102,039	\$	318,672
QSCB interest		318,000	318,000	639,160		321,160
Victim witness		-	-	65,629		65,629
Emergency management preparedness grants		-	-	7,229		7,229
Federal justice assistance grants		1,200	1,200	-		(1,200)
High intensity drug trafficking grant		35,000	35,000	24,657		(10,343)
Coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds	<u> </u>	-	 123,084	 3,071,361		2,948,277
Total categorical aid	\$	3,137,567	\$ 3,260,651	\$ 6,910,075	\$	3,649,424
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	3,159,567	\$ 3,282,651	\$ 6,945,421	\$	3,662,770
Total General Fund	\$	46,038,465	\$ 47,006,544	\$ 51,879,009	\$	4,872,465

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	nriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
County CIP Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Recovered costs:							
Other recovered costs	\$ -	\$	-	\$	196,822	\$	196,822
Total recovered costs	\$ -	\$	-	\$	196,822	\$	196,822
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$	-	\$	196,822	\$	196,822
Total County CIP Fund	\$ -	\$	-	\$	196,822	\$	196,822
Total Primary Government	\$ 46,038,465	\$	47,006,544	\$	52,075,831	\$	5,069,287
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$	-	\$	40,768	\$	40,768
Revenue from the use of property	32,000	·	32,000	·	32,167	·	167
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 32,000	\$	32,000	\$	72,935	\$	40,935
Charges for services:							
Tuition from summer school							
Fees from pupils	\$ 15,000	\$	15,000	\$	16,755	\$	1,755
Tuition from other localities	1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Cafeteria sales	-		-		-		-
Transportation of pupils	5,000		5,000		3,193		(1,807)
Other payments from other localities	 807,500		807,500		1,163,633		356,133
Total charges for services	\$ 828,500	\$	828,500	\$	1,183,581	\$	355,081
Miscellaneous:							
E-rate	\$ 120,000	\$	120,000	\$	75,840	\$	(44,160)
Other miscellaneous	 41,250		569,370		176,628		(392,742)
Total miscellaneous	\$ 161,250	\$	689,370	\$	252,468	\$	(436,902)
Recovered costs:							
Insurance recoveries and rebates	\$ 342,273	\$	342,273	\$	810,023	\$ ^	467,750
Total recovered costs	\$ 342,273	\$	342,273	\$	810,023	\$	467,750
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 1,364,023	\$	1,892,143	\$	2,319,007	\$	426,864
Intergovernmental:							
Revenues from local governments:							
Contribution from County of Carroll, Virginia	\$ 10,450,000	\$	10,450,000	\$	9,877,831	\$	(572,169)
Total revenues from local governments	\$ 10,450,000	\$	10,450,000	\$	9,877,831	\$	(572,169)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Share of state sales tax	\$ 4,578,518	\$	4,578,518	\$	5,242,195	\$	663,677
Basic school aid	13,558,352		13,558,352		13,049,624		(508,728)
Remedial summer education	139,910		139,910		203,466		63,556
Regular foster care	30,190		30,190		27,094		(3,096)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Gifted and talented	\$	133,170	\$	133,170	\$	132,535	\$	(635)
Remedial education		585,949		585,949		583,152		(2,797)
Alternative education		206,498		206,498		203,219		(3,279)
Special education		1,481,821		1,481,821		1,474,749		(7,072)
Textbook payment		320,529		320,529		318,999		(1,530)
Vocational standards of quality payments		532,681		532,681		530,139		(2,542)
Vocational education - equipment		38,812		38,812		-		(38,812)
Social security fringe benefits		832,919		832,919		845,812		12,893
Retirement fringe benefits		1,944,285		1,944,285		1,971,152		26,867
Group life insurance instructional		58,111		58,111		60,243		2,132
State lottery payments		974,923		974,923		973,505		(1,418)
Homebound education		20,416		20,416		15,032		(5,384)
School nutrition		69,049		69,049		54,331		(14,718)
Special education - foster children		-		-		17,671		17,671
Special education - regional		157,591		157,591		170,412		12,821
Salary supplement		927,188		927,188		856,596		(70,592)
At risk payments		1,679,432		1,679,432		1,967,256		287,824
Early reading intervention		212,890		212,890		155,573		(57,317)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		77,547		77,547		74,826		(2,721)
Primary class size		571,954		571,954		526,671		(45,283)
Breakfast after the Bell Initiative		26,567		26,567		14,613		(11,954)
Mentor teacher program		1,155		1,155		1,011		(144)
ISAEP		16,465		16,465		16,405		(60)
Jobs for VA grads		50,000		60,000		60,000		(00)
CTE industry credentials		19,500		19,500		37,628		18,128
JROTC		336,000		336,000		310,000		(26,000)
English as a second language		154,512		154,512		146,731		(20,000)
Project graduation						8,255		(7,781)
Virginia preschool initiative		8,255 610,541		8,255 610,541		781,493		170,952
Hold harmless for rebench		607,752		607,752		610,938		3,186
Compensation supplement		178,296		178,296		295,727		117,431
Other state funds		2,500		178,290		178,886		(6,078)
Total categorical aid	¢	31,145,178	\$	31,438,632	\$	32,001,467	ċ	562,835
	<u>د</u>	51,145,170	ڔ	51,450,052	Ļ	52,001,407	ڔ	502,055
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	31,145,178	\$	31,438,632	\$	32,001,467	\$	562,835
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Forest reserve	\$	6,890	s	6,890	s	8,757	Ś	1,867
Title I	Ŷ	1,109,420	Ŷ	1,109,420	~	1,271,316	4	161,896
Title VI-B, flow-through		1,065,072		1,065,072		1,050,834		(14,238)
Title VI-B, preschool		28,665		28,665		42,659		13,994
Title VI-B, rural and low income		- 20,005		20,005		9,698		9,698
		-		-		7,070		7,070

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	nriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental: (Continued)					
Revenue from the federal government: (Continued)					
Categorical aid: (Continued)					
Vocational education	\$ 84,754	\$ 84,754	\$ 70,382	\$	(14,372)
Teacher quality	185,228	185,228	164,995		(20,233)
SNP equipment	-	25,695	53,093		27,398
Migrant education	59,523	59,523	49,748		(9,775)
School breakfast program	658,509	658,509	819,071		160,562
National school lunch program	1,607,760	1,607,760	2,311,442		703,682
Other school nutrition funds	-	24,450	24,213		(237)
Summer feeding program	-	-	1,109		1,109
Title III	15,017	15,017	26,042		11,025
Title IV, Part A	84,203	84,203	120,053		35,850
ESSER	11,589,593	11,589,593	4,043,066		(7,546,527)
ARPA funds	-	357,775	732,464		374,689
Other federal funds	-	125,654	128,789		3,135
Total categorical aid	\$ 16,494,634	\$ 17,028,208	\$ 10,927,731	\$	(6,100,477)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 16,494,634	\$ 17,028,208	\$ 10,927,731	\$	(6,100,477)
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 59,453,835	\$ 60,808,983	\$ 55,126,036	\$	(5,682,947)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
General Fund:					
General government administration:					
Legislative:					
Board of supervisors	\$ 383,389	\$ 383,389	\$ 309,206	\$	74,183
General and financial administration:					
County administrator	\$ 383,352	\$ 397,365	\$ 387,678	\$	9,687
Central purchasing	700	700	2,104		(1,404)
County attorney	75,000	85,000	90,315		(5,315)
Commissioner of revenue	490,684	490,684	439,681		51,003
Treasurer	509,586	509,586	428,614		80,972
Finance	302,761	702,761	600,889		101,872
Management information systems	346,440	346,440	330,937		15,503
Mapping	19,860	19,860	8,784		11,076
Human resources	9,294	9,294	8,074		1,220
Total general and financial administration	\$ 2,137,677	\$ 2,561,690	\$ 2,297,076	\$	264,614
Board of elections:					
Electoral board and officials	\$ 141,792	\$ 141,792	\$ 138,420	\$	3,372
Registrar	195,703	195,703	174,188		21,515
Total board of elections	\$ 337,495	\$ 337,495	\$ 312,608	\$	24,887
Total general government administration	\$ 2,858,561	\$ 3,282,574	\$ 2,918,890	\$	363,684
Judicial administration:					
Courts:					
Circuit court	\$ 74,202	\$ 74,202	\$ 77,160	\$	(2,958)
General district court	15,865	17,665	17,700		(35)
Juvenile court	9,500	10,700	11,312		(612)
Special magistrates	3,365	3,365	3,476		(111)
Victim witness	99,298	99,298	97,678		1,620
Clerk of the circuit court	617,148	617,148	607,823		9,325
Law library	1,000	1,000	267		733
Town E-Summons	-	81,698	62,586		19,112
Total courts	\$ 820,378	\$ 905,076	\$ 878,002	\$	27,074
Commonwealth's attorney:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 936,214	\$ 936,214	\$ 716,003	\$	220,211
					<u> </u>
Total judicial administration	\$ 1,756,592	\$ 1,841,290	\$ 1,594,005	\$	247,285
Public safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control:					
Sheriff	\$ 2,885,319	\$ 3,114,510	\$ 3,041,702	\$	72,808
Courtroom Security	 426,266	426,266	400,741		25,525
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 3,311,585	\$ 3,540,776	\$ 3,442,443	\$	98,333

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Public safety: (Continued)							
Fire and rescue services:							
Volunteer fire departments	\$ 507,815	\$	526,515	\$	477,510	\$	49,005
Rescue squads	383,657		395,645		313,856		81,789
Carroll EMS	 2,137,762		2,279,687		2,060,395		219,292
Total fire and rescue services	\$ 3,029,234	\$	3,201,847	\$	2,851,761	\$	350,086
Correction and detention:							
Payments to New River Regional Jail	\$ 2,300,000	\$	2,300,000	\$	1,994,142	\$	305,858
Juvenile probation and detention	241,900		242,400		111,306		131,094
Total correction and detention	\$ 2,541,900	\$	2,542,400	\$	2,105,448	\$	436,952
Inspections:							
Building	\$ 195,189	\$	195,189	\$	183,454	\$	11,735
Other protection:							
Animal warden	\$ 131,040	\$	196,445	\$	158,100	\$	38,345
Emergency services	287,309		335,309		265,576		69,733
E-911	450,597		450,597		450,597		-
Day reporting program	75,341		75,341		68,658		6,683
Highway safety	927,096		1,048,096		806,025		242,071
Total other protection	\$ 1,871,383	\$	2,105,788	\$	1,748,956	\$	356,832
Total public safety	\$ 10,949,291	\$	11,586,000	\$	10,332,062	\$	1,253,938
Public works:							
Sanitation and waste removal:							
Refuse collection and disposal	\$ 629,346	\$	631,346	\$	638,844	\$	(7,498)
Public Service Authority	756,464		756,464		715,452		41,012
Litter control	10,000		15,525		12,956		2,569
Coronavirus relief - distributions to Public Service Authority	-		33,084		33,084		-
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$ 1,395,810	\$	1,436,419	\$	1,400,336	\$	36,083
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:							
Governmental complex	\$ 390,550	\$	390,550	\$	314,672	\$	75,878
Cannery	28,364		28,364		14,597		13,767
Maintenance force	493,915		493,915		484,979		8,936
Maintenance of other properties	169,500		169,500		146,472		23,028
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$ 1,082,329	\$	1,082,329	\$	960,720	\$	121,609
Total public works	\$ 2,478,139	\$	2,518,748	\$	2,361,056	\$	157,692
Health and welfare:							
Health: Supplement of local health department	\$ 258,982	Ś	261,882	Ś	260,378	\$	1,504
	 ,		. ,			,	,

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Health and welfare: (Continued)					
Mental health and mental retardation:					
Community services board	\$ 130,500	\$ 130,500	\$ 130,500	\$	-
Welfare:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 9,304,217	\$ 9,304,217	\$ 8,356,807	\$	947,410
Senior citizens center	59,716	64,716	62,292		2,424
Total welfare	\$ 9,363,933	\$ 9,368,933	\$ 8,419,099	\$	949,834
Total health and welfare	\$ 9,753,415	\$ 9,761,315	\$ 8,809,977	\$	951,338
Education:					
Other instructional costs:					
Contributions to Community College	\$ 44,123	\$ 44,123	\$ 44,123	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board	10,200,000	10,200,000	9,613,804		586,196
School Board utilities	-	19,000	18,809		191
Purchase of school buses	250,000	250,000	250,000		-
Total education	\$ 10,494,123	\$ 10,513,123	\$ 9,926,736	\$	586,387
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks and recreation:					
Recreational	\$ 357,328	\$ 357,328	\$ 344,793	\$	12,535
Farmer's Market	\$ 603,757	\$ 603,757	\$ 541,527	\$	62,230
County Fair	 103,000	104,516	104,281		235
Total parks and recreation	\$ 1,064,085	\$ 1,065,601	\$ 990,601	\$	75,000
Library:					
Contribution to Carroll-Galax Regional Library	\$ 332,521	\$ 336,521	\$ 337,219	\$	(698)
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$ 1,396,606	\$ 1,402,122	\$ 1,327,820	\$	74,302
Community development:					
Planning and community development:					
Planning commission	\$ 144,881	\$ 144,881	\$ 136,627	\$	8,254
Economic development	218,476	1,218,476	167,445		1,051,031
Business development	309,052	314,052	299,399		14,653
Tourism	178,827	268,827	156,529		112,298
Contribution to Carroll Industrial Development Authority	25,000	359,250	298,000		61,250
Contribution to Public Service Authority	525,000	1,273,000	1,273,000		-
Contribution to Twin County Airport	 85,960	85,960	85,960		-
Total planning and community development	\$ 1,487,196	\$ 3,664,446	\$ 2,416,960	\$	1,247,486
Environmental management:					
Contribution to soil and water district	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	\$	-
Cooperative extension program:					
Extension office	\$ 65,265	\$ 66,140	\$ 68,668	\$	(2,528)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Community development: (Continued) Cooperative extension program:						
Total community development	\$ 1,559,961	\$ 3,738,086	\$	2,493,128	\$	1,244,958
Nondepartmental:						
Contingencies	\$ -	\$ 285,500	\$	307,148	\$	(21,648)
Total nondepartmental	\$ -	\$ 285,500	\$	307,148	\$	(21,648)
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$ 2,799,684	\$ 2,799,684	\$	2,963,895	\$	(164,211)
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,017,093	1,017,093		1,015,985		1,108
Total debt service	\$ 3,816,777	\$ 3,816,777	\$	3,979,880	\$	(163,103)
Total General Fund	\$ 45,063,465	\$ 48,745,535	\$	44,050,702	\$	4,694,833
Capital Projects Fund:						
School Construction Fund:						
Education:						
Other instructional costs:						
Contribution to County School Board	\$ -	\$ -	\$	14,027	\$	(14,027)
Total School Construction Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$	14,027	\$	(14,027)
County CIP Fund:						
General government administration:	\$ -	\$ 1,298,400	Ś	112,096	Ś	1,186,304
Public safety	-	759,530	·	57,753		701,777
Public works	-	535,500		71,835		463,665
Education	-	300,000		-		300,000
Parks, recreation, and cultural:	-	926,875		489,640		437,235
Total County CIP Fund	\$ -	\$ 3,820,305	\$	731,324	\$	3,088,981
Total Primary Government	\$ 45,063,465	\$ 52,565,840	\$	44,796,053	\$	7,769,787
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund: Education:						
Administration of schools:						
Administration, attendance and health	\$ 1,923,691	\$ 2,414,491	\$	2,016,298	\$	398,193
Instruction costs:						
Instruction	\$ 36,688,055	\$ 37,294,441	\$	38,203,983	\$	(909,542)
Operating costs:						
Pupil transportation	\$ 3,133,350	\$	\$	2,516,883	\$	1,016,467
Operation and maintenance of school plant	5,072,744	5,129,172		7,199,617		(2,070,445)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board : (Continued)					
Special revenue funds: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Education: (Continued)					
Operating costs: (Continued)					
Food services and other non-instructional costs	\$ 2,361,885	\$ 2,412,030	\$ 2,180,116	\$	231,914
Facilities	10,274,110	10,274,110	2,495,892		7,778,218
Total operating costs	\$ 20,842,089	\$ 21,348,662	\$ 14,392,508	\$	6,956,154
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 59,453,835	\$ 61,057,594	\$ 54,612,789	\$	6,444,805

Other Statistical Section

County of Carroll, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		neral mment stration	Judio Adminis		Public Safety	Public Works	F	lealth and Welfare	E	ducation (1)	Re	Parks, creation, I Cultural	ommunity velopment	Interest on Long- erm Debt	U	Gas tilities	Total
2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18 2016-17 2015-16	3,1 2,2 2,5 2,2 2,5 2,5	676,308 162,821 289,316 567,477 280,229 580,579 567,121 620,043	1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,0	27,265 09,495 57,756 13,555 47,142 34,603 05,935 77,670	10,326,176 8,463,381 10,940,758 9,789,497 9,493,344 9,850,165 9,090,573 9,096,396	\$ 1,361,436 1,079,424 1,512,193 1,147,056 1,407,677 1,428,594 1,485,311 1,319,668	\$	8,653,157 8,784,225 8,729,925 8,804,195 7,880,057 6,823,675 6,039,186 5,860,929	\$	21,935,982 15,139,848 20,579,644 12,511,100 12,845,681 13,540,065 13,443,189 13,265,166		1,149,634 496,485 872,394 1,138,528 1,577,633 1,350,707 1,399,180 852,516	\$ 2,340,695 1,312,249 1,494,809 1,521,365 1,442,217 1,507,984 1,574,700 1,794,103	\$ 983,275 1,178,791 1,153,658 1,239,444 1,350,968 1,427,439 1,535,786 1,653,289	\$	- - - - - 109,257	\$ 50,853,928 40,826,719 48,830,453 39,932,217 39,524,948 39,543,811 38,140,981 37,549,037
2014-15 2013-14	2,1	160,757 314,221	9	10,625	8,251,074 8,397,574	1,391,661 1,616,367		5,415,823 5,074,792		13,291,086 13,954,909		811,369 1,178,753	1,293,877 2,568,641	1,160,247 1,008,885		386,978 343,869	35,073,497 37,426,313

(1) For fiscal year 2020-21, capital assets in the amount of \$7,344,451 (net book value) reverted back to the Component Unit - School Board

Table 1

County of Carroll, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

		PR	OGRAM REVENL	JES				GEN	IERAL REVENUE	s						
												(Grants and			
			Operating		Capital				Unrestricted			Co	ontributions		Gain on	
	Ch	narges	Grants		Grants	General	Other	Re	evenue from Use			Nc	t Restricted		Disposal	
Fiscal		for	and		and	Property	Local		of Property			1	to Specific	(of Capital	
Year	Se	rvices	Contributions	Со	ntributions	 Taxes	Taxes		and Money	Mis	cellaneous		Programs		Asset	Total
2022-23	\$2,	,886,531	\$ 13,665,875	\$	50,000	\$ 25,751,345	\$ 4,767,594	\$	309,734	\$	190,950	\$	1,995,232	\$	-	\$ 49,617,261
2021-22	2,	,825,412	13,764,640		-	24,140,685	5,570,790		67,287		671,553		2,032,753		-	49,073,120
2020-21	2,	,784,063	15,447,925		101,699	23,942,518	5,212,645		58,709		119,632		2,031,397		-	49,698,588
2019-20 (1)	2,	,986,997	10,192,681		-	29,919,818	4,685,781		70,665		248,064		2,062,200		-	50,166,206
2018-19	3,	,965,558	9,534,242		100,000	21,504,558	4,446,707		67,896		226,016		2,101,245		-	41,946,222
2017-18	3,	,874,439	8,693,825		-	21,549,755	4,394,821		70,791		142,990		2,165,247		-	40,891,868
2016-17	3,	,503,001	7,738,471		-	20,955,919	4,298,627		114,861		320,193		2,173,636		-	39,104,708
2015-16	2,	,682,745	7,663,546		500,400	20,002,849	4,240,575		73,852		228,482		2,188,053			37,580,502
2014-15	3,	,239,583	6,644,265		25,000	18,833,801	4,028,765		73,235		348,630		2,218,368		-	35,411,647
2013-14	2,	,912,339	6,478,610		-	19,208,363	3,972,989		28,290		313,093		2,239,412		46,389	35,199,485

(1) For fiscal year 2020, the County went to twice-year collections for real estate property taxes.

County of Carroll, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General						Parks,					
Fiscal	Government	Judicial	Public	Public	Health and		Recreation,	Community	Non-	Capital	Debt	
Year	Administration	Administration	Safety	Works	Welfare	Education (2)	and Cultural	Development	departmental	Projects (3)	Service	Total
2022-23	\$ 2,918,890	\$ 1,594,005 \$	5 10,332,062 \$	2,361,056	\$ 8,809,977	\$ 56,040,325	\$ 1,327,820	\$ 2,493,128	\$ 307,148	ş -	\$ 3,979,880	\$ 90,164,291
2021-22	2,535,825	1,407,513	10,318,301	2,042,257	9,173,348	53,241,085	1,112,251	1,506,170	-	-	4,250,171	85,586,921
2020-21	2,610,084	1,337,577	11,654,184	2,215,374	8,816,470	46,484,806	822,553	1,664,321	-	-	4,813,706	80,419,075
2019-20	2,518,046	1,322,176	9,465,079	2,092,736	8,993,001	45,496,305	1,107,413	1,623,921	-	-	5,026,716	77,645,393
2018-19	2,399,059	1,293,347	10,200,017	2,451,249	8,143,696	45,064,392	1,298,381	1,593,613	-	-	5,141,130	77,584,884
2017-18	2,594,994	1,308,469	9,630,563	2,479,152	6,978,821	44,565,865	1,363,454	1,609,205	-	-	10,315,508	80,846,031
2016-17	2,899,621	1,261,171	8,890,135	2,499,126	6,143,152	43,766,570	1,384,100	1,716,409	-	-	5,290,451	73,850,735
2015-16	2,775,409	1,246,123	9,145,079	2,534,232	6,053,026	43,035,846	1,183,511	1,939,046	-	222,000	5,663,430	73,797,702
2014-15	2,769,189	1,268,976	8,204,703	2,637,210	5,544,042	41,956,209	1,103,510	2,221,814	-	-	4,082,215	69,787,868
2013-14	2,354,836	1,231,350	7,662,543	2,625,281	5,350,134	41,837,633	1,151,267	6,323,395	-	926,859	3,907,166	73,370,464

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board, excludes Capital Projects Funds.

(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

(3) Expenditures posted to capital projects department in General Fund.

Table 3

					L	.ast	: Ten Fisca	ΙY	ears						
Fiscal	General Property	Other Local	Permits, ivilege Fees, Regulatory		Fines and	n M	Revenue from the Use of loney and		Charges for			Recovered		Inter-	
Year	Taxes	Taxes	Licenses	F	Forfeitures		Property		Services	Mi	scellaneous	Costs	go	overnmental (2)	 Total
2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 (3) 2018-19 2017-18 2016-17 2016-17	\$ 24,917,446 23,909,213 24,236,738 28,997,823 21,411,096 21,534,993 20,527,734	\$ 5,302,584 5,570,790 5,212,645 4,685,781 4,446,707 4,394,821 4,298,627	\$ 162,904 184,896 183,270 133,625 99,809 100,714 102,721	\$	1,073,504 945,041 892,657 849,360 1,444,000 1,461,067 1,218,703	\$	408,847 130,828 86,069 109,913 110,166 109,982 151,005	\$	3,967,783 4,240,978 2,397,784 3,123,489 3,561,524 2,993,777 2,922,834	\$	538,792 242,200 271,487 407,435 378,723 286,173 794,857	\$ 3,275,306 2,896,282 2,705,475 2,470,093 3,171,495 3,256,496 3,121,436	\$	58,640,305 56,041,089 52,006,226 45,446,334 43,272,568 41,249,671 39,891,611	\$ 98,287,471 94,161,317 87,992,351 86,223,853 77,896,088 75,387,694 73,029,528
2015-16 2014-15 2013-14	19,809,119 19,020,352 19,017,610	4,240,575 4,028,765 3,972,989	130,250 101,352 116,399		1,009,917 1,376,217 1,103,263		106,225 106,735 63,640		2,093,922 2,180,195 2,360,739		373,656 550,751 577,957	3,464,564 4,246,706 6,678,982		39,462,068 37,448,874 36,249,264	70,690,296 69,059,947 70,140,843

County of Carroll, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board, excludes Capital Projects Funds.

(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

(3) For fiscal year 2020, the County went to twice-year collections for real estate property taxes.

County of Carroll, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Co	Current Tax ollections (1)	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Illections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent o Total Tax Collection to Tax Lev	s	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2022-23	\$ 25,867,221	\$	23,957,777	92.62%	\$ 1,245,460	\$ 25,203,237	97.43	8%	\$ 8,859,555	34.25%
2021-22	24,706,912		23,077,405	93.40%	1,132,197	24,209,602	97.99	9%	6,187,261	25.04%
2020-21	24,489,550		23,018,221	93.99 %	1,439,482	24,457,703	99.87	%	6,233,800	25.45%
2019-20 (3)	30,377,311		27,891,896	91.82%	1,522,449	29,414,345	96.83	8%	5,759,293	18.96%
2018-19	22,244,137		20,846,566	93.72%	1,030,236	21,876,802	98.3	5%	5,366,792	24.13%
2017-18	21,830,013		20,577,677	94.26%	1,366,803	21,944,480	100.52	2%	5,165,172	23.66%
2016-17	21,738,710		19,919,233	91.63%	1,172,082	21,091,315	97.02	2%	5,490,004	25.25%
2015-16	20,961,120		19,500,727	93.03%	918,697	20,419,424	97.42	2%	5,321,466	25.39%
2014-15	20,252,227		18,746,563	92.57%	941,768	19,688,331	97.22	2%	4,721,641	23.31%
2013-14	20,053,028		18,498,334	92.25 %	1,183,665	19,681,999	98.15	5%	4,700,070	23.44%

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

(2) Does not include land redemption.

(3) For fiscal year 2020, the County went to twice-year collections for real estate property taxes.

County of Carroll, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Machinery					Public	
Fiscal	Real	Personal	and	Merchant's		Farm		Service	
Year	Estate (1)	Property	Tools (3)	Capital (3)	Eq	uipment (4)	Сс	orporations (2)	Total
2022-23	\$ 2,414,650,130	\$ 417,241,720	\$ 60,131,835	\$ 32,389,465	\$	-	\$	132,505,903	3,056,919,053
2021-22	2,395,388,314	327,009,750	55,607,740	30,998,375		-		143,109,248	2,952,113,427
2020-21	2,273,499,481	303,857,365	56,020,095	33,601,985		-		137,843,332	2,804,822,258
2019-20 (5)	3,241,667,267	297,040,170	55,356,480	33,517,105		-		137,102,552	3,764,683,574
2018-19	2,151,278,637	286,290,823	49,228,375	33,695,852		-		134,970,964	2,655,464,651
2017-18	2,144,702,296	269,900,405	51,231,145	31,299,875		-		129,718,424	2,626,852,145
2016-17	2,177,124,027	269,848,776	53,794,835	29,157,025		-		125,696,739	2,655,621,402
2015-16	2,171,983,967	260,253,329	52,156,600	29,892,051		-		118,794,393	2,633,080,340
2014-15	2,160,547,151	256,700,342	50,745,280	9,065,040		18,120,000		111,939,519	2,607,117,332
2013-14	2,144,065,417	247,561,253	50,667,085	8,741,339		17,702,676		107,848,891	2,576,586,661

(1) Real estate and personal property are assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

(3) Prior to 2015 taxes, the County assessed merchant's capital tax at 30%. The 2015 taxes were assessed at 100%.

(4) In fiscal year 2012, the County established a new class of personal property for farm equipment. In fiscal year 2016, the County stopped assessing farm equipment.

(5) For fiscal year 2020, the County went to twice-year collections for real estate property taxes.

County of Carroll, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Real		Personal		Machinery and		Merchant's		Farm
Year	Es	state (5)	Р	roperty (6)	Tools (2)		Capital (4)		Eq	uipment (3)
2022-23	\$	0.590	\$	2.30	\$	2.00	\$	0.69	\$	-
2021-22		0.640		2.30		2.00		0.69		-
2020-21		0.640		2.30		2.00		0.69		-
2019-20		0.730		1.95		1.75		0.69		-
2018-19		0.695		1.95		1.75		0.69		-
2017-18		0.695		1.95		1.75		0.69		-
2016-17		0.660		1.95		1.75		0.69		-
2015-16		0.660		1.95		1.75		0.69		-
2014-15		0.680		1.60		1.30		2.30		0.80
2013-14		0.680		1.60		1.30		2.30		0.80

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

(2) Personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(3) In fiscal year 2012, the County established a new class of personal property for farm equipment. In fiscal year 2017, the County did not tax farm equipment.

(4) Starting in fiscal year 2016, the County started assessing merchant's capital at 100%. Prior to this, it was assessed at 30%.

(5) Rate reflects amounts due in June of fiscal year.

(6) For fiscal year 2023, property qualifying for PPTR was taxed at \$2.15.

Table 8

County of Carroll, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Assessed	Gross	Net	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to	Net Bonded
Fiscal			Value (in	Bonded	Bonded	Assessed	Debt per
			``				-
Year	Population (1)	the	ousands) (2)	Debt (3)	Debt	Value	Capita
2022-23	29,155	\$	3,056,919	\$ 12,759,846	\$ 12,759,846	0.42%	438
2021-22	29,155		2,952,113	10,207,325	10,207,325	0.35%	350
2020-21	29,155		2,804,822	10,044,097	10,044,097	0.36%	345
2019-20	30,042		3,764,684	13,269,007	13,269,007	0.35%	442
2018-19	30,042		2,655,465	16,646,646	16,646,646	0.63%	554
2017-18	30,042		2,626,852	20,027,084	20,027,084	0.76%	667
2016-17	30,042		2,655,621	23,410,114	23,410,114	0.88%	779
2015-16	30,042		2,633,080	26,810,748	26,810,748	1.02%	892
2014-15	30,042		2,607,117	30,499,900	30,499,900	1.17%	1,015
2013-14	30,042		2,576,587	32,691,483	32,691,483	1.27%	1,088

(1) Bureau of the Census.

(2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Table 9

County of Carroll, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal			Total Debt	G	Total General overnmental	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental
Year	Principal	Interest	Service	Expenditures		Expenditures
2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18 (2) 2016-17 2015-16	\$	\$ 1,015,985 1,058,152 1,201,552 1,294,256 1,424,553 1,534,260 1,642,421 1,747,494	\$ 3,979,880 4,250,171 4,813,706 5,026,716 5,141,130 5,190,508 5,290,451 5,663,430	\$	90,164,291 85,586,921 80,419,075 77,645,393 77,584,884 80,846,031 73,850,735 73,797,702	4.41% 4.97% 5.99% 6.47% 6.63% 6.42% 7.16% 7.67%
2014-15 2013-14	2,987,109 2,779,993	1,095,106 1,127,173	4,082,215 3,907,166		69,787,868 73,370,464	5.85% 5.33%

(1) Includes General fund of the Primary Government and Special Revenue funds

of the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes Capital Projects Funds.

(2) Principal excludes refunding amount of \$5,125,000.

Compliance



Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Carroll, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Carroll, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Carroll, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 19, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Carroll, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Carroll, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Carroll, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Carroll, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Polinan Farer, log associates

Blacksburg, Virginia January 19, 2024



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Carroll, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Carroll, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Carroll, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. County of Carroll, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, County of Carroll, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Carroll, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Carroll, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Carroll, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Carroll, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Carroll, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of Carroll, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Carroll, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Carroll, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Prolinon, Farrer, lop associates

Blacksburg, Virginia January 19, 2024

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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0010122, 0010123, State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 0040121, 0040122 Total Department of Agriculture \$ Paps Through Payments: \$ Wirginia Department of Criminal Justice: \$ Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 C.JS99001 \$ Sas Through Payments: \$ \$ Pass Through Payments: \$ \$ Virginia Department of Education: \$ \$ Pass Through Payments: \$ \$ Virginia Department of Education: \$ \$ Pass Through Payments: \$ \$ Virginia Department of Education: \$ \$ Title I: Grants to Local Education: \$ \$ Special Education - Grants to States \$ \$ \$ Special Education - Frasts to States \$ \$ \$ \$ Rural Education - F		10.665	43841					8,757
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 0040121, 0040122 Total Department of Agriculture \$ Department of Justice: \$ Pass Through Payments: \$ Virginia Department of Criminal Justice: \$ Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 C.JS99001 \$ Security Office of the President: * * Pass Through Payments: * * Financial Commission for Appalachia HIDTA: \$ \$ High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program 95.001 Not available \$ Opeartment of Education: * * * * Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 42901 \$ \$ Migrant Education - State Grant Program 84.027 40287, 43071 \$1,050,834 42,659 \$ Special Education - Preschool Grants to States 84.048 60031 42,659 \$ 42,659 \$ 42,659 \$ 42,659 \$ 42,659 \$ 42,659 \$ 42,659 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	SNAP Cluster:		0010122, 0010123,					
Total Department of Agriculture <u>\$</u> Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Criminal Justice: Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 CJS99001 <u>\$</u> Executive Office of the President: Pass Through Payments: Financial Commission for Appalachia HIDTA: High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program 95.001 Not available <u>\$</u> Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education: Title 1: Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 42901 <u>\$</u> Migrant Education - State Grant Program 84.011 42910 Special Education - State Grant Program 84.027 40287, 43071 <u>\$</u> 1,050,834 Agencial Education Cluster: Special Education in Preschool Grants to States 84.048 60031 Rural Education - Coordination Program 84.144 61399 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.426 40019 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Program 84.426 40285, 50195, 86529 <u>\$</u> 1,005,774 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Energency Relief Fund 84.4250 40285, 50195, 86529 <u>\$</u> 1,005,774 13,682	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561						569,624
Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Criminal Justice: Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 CJ599001 <u>\$</u> Executive Office of the President: Pass Through Payments: Financial Commission for Appalachia HIDTA: High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program 95.001 Not available <u>\$</u> Department of Education: Pass Through Payments of Education: Pass Through Payments of Education: Title 1: Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 42901 <u>\$</u> Wirginia Department of Education: Special Education - State Grant Program 84.011 42910 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: Special Education in States 84.027 40287, 43071 <u>\$</u> 1,050,834 42,659 Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States 84.028 4038 4031 Rural Education English Language Acquisition State Grants Migrant Education - Coordination Program 84.144 61399 Student Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Supporting Effective Instruction Relief Fund 84.325 61480 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund 84.425C 40285, 50195, 86529 \$ \$1,005,774 13,682			,				s	3,790,444
Crime Victim Assistance16.575CJS99001SExecutive Office of the President: Pass Through Payments: Financial Commission for Appalachia HIDTA: High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program95.001Not availableSDepartment of Education: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education: Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies84.01042901\$Migrant Education - State Grant Program84.01042901\$Special Education - Grants to States84.02740287, 43071\$ 1,050,834Special Education - Grants to States84.02740287, 43071\$ 1,050,834Garceer and Technical Education: Bayer and technical Education: Bayer and technical Education: Special Education - Grants to States84.02740287, 43071\$ 1,050,834Rural Education84.3584348142,65942,65942,65942,659Migrant Education - Coordination Program84.358434815555Migrant Education - Coordination Program84.35843481555 <t< td=""><td>Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5,770,111</td></t<>	Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments:							5,770,111
Pass Through Payments: Financial Commission for Appalachia HIDTA: High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program95.001Not available\$Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education: Title 1: Grants to Local Educational Agencies84.01042901\$Migrant Education - State Grant Program84.01142910\$Special Education - Grants to States84.02740287, 43071\$1,050,834Special Education - Grants to States84.17340286, 6252142,659Career and Technical Education: Baig Grants to States84.3884348142,659Rural Education - Cordination State Grants84.388434815English Language Acquisition State Grants84.3656051242,659Migrant Education - Cordination Program84.124600195Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.424600195Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant84.3676148060019COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.42540285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.42540285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.42540285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.42540285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.42540285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774		16.575	CJS99001				\$	65,629
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program95.001Not available§Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education: Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies84.01042901\$Migrant Education - State Grant Program84.01142910\$Special Education Cluster: Special Education: A special Education: Pass Control Cluster:84.02740287, 43071\$1,050,834Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States84.0486003142,65942,659Rural Education84.358434814399434815English Language Acquisition State Grants84.1446139951,005,77451,050,774Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.3676148060195Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant84.3656019551,005,774COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.425C42256\$1,005,774COVID-19 Covernor's Emergency Education Relief Fund84.425C4227813,682	Pass Through Payments:							
Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education: Virginia Department of Educational Agencies 84.010 42901 \$ Migrant Education - State Grant Program 84.011 42910 \$ Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 40287, 43071 \$1,050,834 Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 40286, 62521 42,659 Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States 84.048 60031 42,659 Rural Education 84.358 43481 424,659 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 60512 42,659 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 60019 5 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant 84.367 61480 600512 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund 84.425 40285, 50195, 86529 \$1,005,774 COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund 84.425C 45278 13,682	High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	Not available				\$	24,657
Virginia Department of Education:Second Educational AgenciesSecond Educational AgenciesSecond Educational AgenciesSecond Educational AgenciesSecond Education - State Grant ProgramSecond Education - State Grant ProgramSecond Education - State StatesSecond Education - StatesSecond Educati								
Title I:Grants to Local Educational Agencies84.01042901\$Migrant Education - State Grant Program84.01142910\$Special Education Cluster:								
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Special Education - Preschool Grants84.17340286, 6252142,659Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States84.04860031Rural Education84.35843481English Language Acquisition State Grants84.36560512Migrant Education - Coordination Program84.14461399Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.36761480COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.42540285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund84.425C4527813,682		84.027	40287. 43071			\$ 1.050 834		
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States84.04860031Rural Education84.35843481English Language Acquisition State Grants84.36560512Migrant Education - Coordination Program84.14461399Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.42460019Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant84.36761480COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.42540285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund84.425C4527813,682	Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	40286, 62521					1,093,493
English Language Acquisition State Grants84.36560512Migrant Education - Coordination Program84.14461399Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.42460019Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant84.36761480COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.425040285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund84.425C4527813,682								70,382
Migrant Education - Coordination Program84.14461399Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.42460019Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant84.36761480COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.425040285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund84.425C4527813,682								9,698 26,042
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.42460019Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant84.36761480COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.425040285, 50195, 86529\$1,005,774COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund84.425C4527813,682								26,042
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant84.36761480COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund84.425D40285, 50195, 86529\$ 1,005,774COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund84.425C4527813,682	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	60019					120,053
COVID 19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund 84.425C 45278 13,682	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367				¢ , a		164,995
	COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund COVID-19 ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U 84.425U	45278 86529			3,023,610	\$	4,043,066
			00027				-	6,848,793

County of Carroll, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
Department of Treasury:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - Utility Relief	21.027	varies	\$ 33,084	
Virginia Department of Education:				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	60054	732,464	
Virginia Department of Social Services:				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	9122222	1,089	
Direct Payments:				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	3,038,277	3,804,914
Total Department of Treasury				\$ 3,804,914
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 17,198,646

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of County of Carroll, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Carroll, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Carroll, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

(3) The County did not elect the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursements.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

The County did not have any subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 4 -- Loans and Loan Guarantees:

The County did not have any loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	6,945,421
Less: QSCB subsidy		(639,160)
Less: Payment in lieu of taxes		(35,346)
Total primary government	\$	6,270,915
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	10,927,731
Total Component Unit School Board	Ş	10,927,731
Tatal avanditures of foderal avards and the basis financial statements	ć	17 109 646
Total expenditures of federal awards per the basic financial statements	Ş	17,198,646

County of Carroll, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified		
Internal control over financial re Material weakness(es) identif	No			
Significant deficiency(ies) ide	None reported			
Noncompliance material to finar	No			
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major prog Material weakness(es) identif	No			
Significant deficiency(ies) ide	None reported			
Type of auditors' report issued o	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that reported in accordance with 2 200.516(a)?	No			
Identification of major programs	5:			
Assistance Listing #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
10.553/10.555/10.559 21.027 84.010 84.027/84.173 84.425	Child Nutrition Cluster Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Education Stabilization Fund			
Dollar threshold used to distingu and Type B programs	\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk aud	Yes			
Section II - Financial Statement				
None				

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None