

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2024

County of Cumberland, Virginia Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024



County of Cumberland, Virginia

Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

John Newman, Chair Eurika Tyree, Vice-Chair Bryan Hamlet Paul Stimpson, III Robert Saunders, Jr.

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Ginger Sanderson, Chair

Yvonne Earvin Latesha Anderson Everleane R. Randolph Leigh McCrea

OTHER OFFICIALS

Chief Circuit Court Judge
Clerk of the Circuit Court
Judge of the General District Court
Judge of the Juvenile Domestic Relations Court
Commonwealth's Attorney
Commissioner of the Revenue
Treasurer
Sheriff
Superintendent of Schools
Director of Social Services
County Administrator

Donald C. Blessing
Deidre Martin
Calvin S. Spencer, Jr.
Marvin H. Dunkum, Jr.
Wendy Hannah
Julie A. Phillips
L.O. Pfeiffer, Jr.
Darrell Hodges
Chip Jones
Jessica Ownby
Derek Stamey



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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Cumberland Cumberland, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Cumberland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Cumberland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Cumberland, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (Continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Cumberland, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Cumberland, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Cumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2024, on our consideration of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Cumberland County County of Cumberland, Virginia

As management of the County of Cumberland, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

• The net position of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,047,942 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures and other financing (uses) in excess of revenues and other financing sources by \$673,926 (Exhibit 5). General Fund contributions to the School Board totaled \$4,445,463 for the current fiscal year.

- As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$13,245,247 a decrease of \$673,926 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$10,825,774 or 51.00% of total general fund expenditures.
- Governmental term obligations decreased \$2,578,250 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>—The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private—sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred outflows of resources with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business—type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Cumberland, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district and a service authority for which the County of Cumberland, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>—A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Cumberland, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds—Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds—the General Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>—Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business.

The Water and Sewer Fund provides a centralized source for water and sewer services to County residents.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>—The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u>—The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information—In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component units - School Board and IDA. The School Board and IDA do not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$18,047,942 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

County of Cumborland's Not Desition

		County	of C	Cumberland's	s N	et Position						
		Governmental Activities					-type ties		Totals			
	-	2024		2023		2024	 2023		2024		2023	
Current assets	\$	19,441,710	\$	17,740,960	\$	44,903	\$ 8,538	\$	19,486,613	\$	17,749,498	
Deferred outflows of resources		544,814		893,166		32,299	44,363		577,113		937,529	
Noncurrent assets	_	19,541,644		23,353,246		6,161,626	 6,376,235		25,703,270		29,729,481	
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$_	39,528,168	\$	41,987,372	\$	6,238,828	\$ 6,429,136	\$_	45,766,996	\$	48,416,508	
Long-term liabilities												
outstanding	\$	20,219,401	\$	22,797,651	\$	1,711,039	\$ 1,810,155	\$	21,930,440	\$	24,607,806	
Deferred inflows of resources		4,438,036		4,585,701		14,623	22,455		4,452,659		4,608,156	
Current liabilities	-	1,314,558		1,344,480		21,397	 11,221		1,335,955		1,355,701	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	\$_	25,971,995	\$	28,727,832	\$_	1,747,059	\$ 1,843,831	\$_	27,719,054	\$_	30,571,663	
Net position:												
Net investment in												
capital assets	\$	1,113,847	\$	190,639	\$	4,338,872	\$ 4,474,053	\$	5,452,719	\$	4,664,692	
Restricted		70,486		72,515		166,441	157,786		236,927		230,301	
Unrestricted	-	12,371,840		12,996,386		(13,544)	 (46,534)		12,358,296		12,949,852	
Total net position	\$_	13,556,173	\$	13,259,540	\$	4,491,769	\$ 4,585,305	\$	18,047,942	\$	17,844,845	

Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

The County's net position increased by \$203,097. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

County of Cumberland, Virginia's Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		Governmen	nta	l Activities		Business-ty	рe	Activities	To	ls	
	_	2024		2023		2024		2023	2024		2023
Revenues:	_										
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	938,360	\$	690,224	\$	421,924	\$	417,119 \$	1,360,284	\$	1,107,343
Operating grants											
and contributions		4,584,373		4,264,863		-		-	4,584,373		4,264,863
Capital grants and											
contributions		1,131,900		1,131,900		97,051		-	1,228,951		1,131,900
General revenues:											
General property taxes		11,758,633		11,514,584		-		-	11,758,633		11,514,584
Other local taxes		1,584,646		1,488,916		-		-	1,584,646		1,488,916
Grants and other contri-											
butions not restricted		1,214,670		1,280,251		-		-	1,214,670		1,280,251
Other general revenues	_	1,068,137	_	963,771		10,689		7,375	1,078,826		971,146
Total revenues	\$_	22,280,719	\$	21,334,509	\$	529,664	\$_	424,494 \$	22,810,383	\$_	21,759,003
Expenses:											
General government											
administration	\$	2,026,997	¢	2,290,426	¢	_	\$	- \$	2,026,997	¢	2,290,426
Judicial administration	Ţ	920,561	٠	736,927	۲	_	Y	-	920,561	Y	736,927
Public safety		5,195,418		4,284,393		_		_	5,195,418		4,284,393
Public works		3,171,602		2,493,041		_		_	3,173,410		2,493,041
Health and welfare		2,615,399		2,247,631		_		_	2,615,399		2,247,631
Education		6,277,814		4,319,347		_		_	6,277,814		4,319,347
Parks, recreation,		0,277,014		4,317,347					0,277,014		4,317,347
and cultural		96,095		264,401					96,095		264,401
Community development		849,394		338,490		_		-	849,394		338,490
Interest and other		047,374		330,470		_		-	047,374		330,470
fiscal charges		505,564		578,651		_		_	505,564		578,651
Water and sewer		303,304		370,031		948,442		845,449	948,442		845,449
water and sewer	-	<u>-</u>	_			740,442		043,449	740,442		043,449
Total expenses	\$_	21,658,844	\$	17,553,307	\$	948,442	\$	845,449 \$	22,607,286	\$_	18,398,756
Increase(decrease) in net											
position before transfers	\$	621,875	\$	3,781,202	\$	(418,778)	\$	(420,955) \$	203,097	\$	3,360,247
Transfers	_	(325,242)	_	(142,343)	<u> </u>	325,242		142,343	-		
Change in net position	\$	296,633	\$	3,638,859	\$	(93,536)	\$	(278,612) \$	203,097	\$	3,360,247
Net position, beginning	_	13,259,540	_	9,620,681		4,585,305		4,863,917	17,844,845	_	14,484,598
Net position, ending	\$_	13,556,173	\$	13,259,540	\$	4,491,769	\$	4,585,305 \$	18,047,942	\$_	17,844,845

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u>—The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near—term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$13,245,247, a decrease of \$673,926 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 81.73% of this total amount constitutes unassigned undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is segregated to indicate that is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

Proprietary funds

The County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$3,094,179 and can be mostly summarized as follows:

- \$1,440,647 increase in public safety
- \$525,013 increase in public works
- \$920,135 increase in education

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

• <u>Capital assets</u>—The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and enterprise operations as of June 30, 2024 totals \$25,536,829 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u>—At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$17,482,194 which is backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). The County's total debt decreased \$2,203,091 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Cumberland, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for the County was 4.2 percent in June 2024.

Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

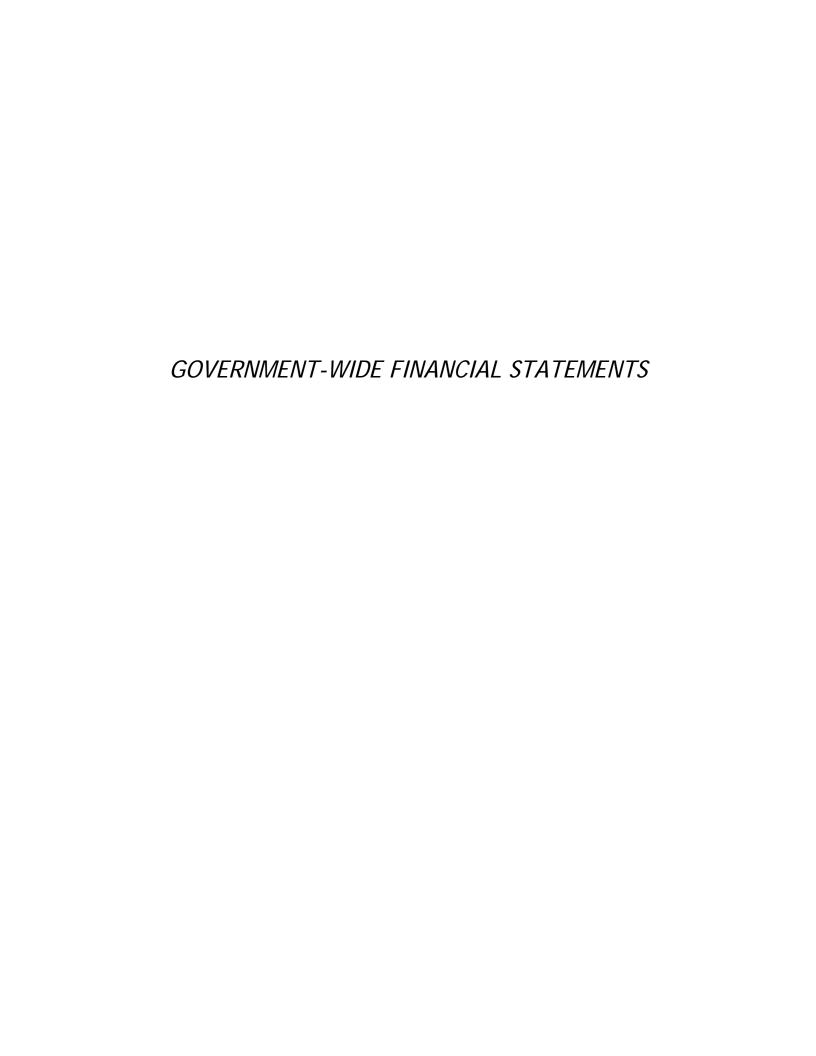
All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2025 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Cumberland, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box 110, Cumberland, Virginia 23040.









	_	Prim	ary Governmer	nt	Component Units			
		Govern-	Business -					
		mental Activities	type	Total	School Board	IDA		
ASSETS	_	Activities	Activities	TOLAI	DOGIU	IDA		
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for	\$	13,230,720 \$	78,623 \$	13,309,343 \$	1,585,238 \$	8,285		
uncollectibles):								
Property taxes Accounts receivable		4,852,998 249,943	36,280	4,852,998 286,223	104,245	-		
Interest receivable		-	-	-	104,243	328		
Prepaid items		-	-	-	75,627			
Lease receivable, current portion		-	-	-	-	13,327		
Due from component units		291,316	-	291,316	-	-		
Due from Primary Government Due from other governments		- 746,733	-	746,733	274,884 653,388			
Inventory held for resale		-	-	-	-	804,005		
Internal balances		70,000	(70,000)	-	-	-		
Total Current Assets	\$_	19,441,710 \$	44,903 \$	19,486,613 \$	2,693,382 \$	825,945		
Noncurrent Assets:								
Net pension asset	\$	- \$	- \$ 166,441	- \$ 166,441	849,963 \$	107,912		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Lease receivable, net of current portion		- -	100,441	100,441	-	133,449		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						,		
Land		326,594	22,458	349,052	121,421	535,846		
Construction in progress		305,075	-	305,075	-	146,249		
Equipment Lease equipment		1,139,389 33,576	183,678	1,323,067 33,576	2,103,257 38,920	-		
Subscription assets		19,231	- -	19,231	30,920	-		
Infrastructure		-	5,573,105	5,573,105	-	-		
Buildings and improvements		3,742,455	215,944	3,958,399	3,908,301	1,556,653		
Lease buildings		1,971	-	1,971	-	-		
Jointly owned assets		13,973,353	c	13,973,353	9,553,290	2 490 400		
Total Noncurrent Assets	٠ -	19,541,644 \$	6,161,626 \$	25,703,270 \$	16,575,152 \$	2,480,109		
Total Assets	\$_	38,983,354 \$	6,206,529 \$	45,189,883 \$	19,268,534 \$	3,306,054		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related items	\$	482,601 \$	30,796 \$	513,397 \$	2,871,959 \$	-		
OPEB related items		62,213	1,503	63,716	310,125	-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$_	544,814 \$	32,299 \$	577,113 \$	3,182,084 \$	-		
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:					4			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	362,204 \$	19,170 \$	381,374 \$	59,672 \$ 841,210	2,662		
Due to primary government		-	-	-	-	291,316		
Due to component units		274,884	-	274,884	-			
Customer deposits		-	2,227	2,227	-	-		
Accrued interest payable		275,458	-	275,458	-	-		
Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities:		402,012	-	402,012	949,822	-		
Due within one year		2,550,877	91,160	2,642,037	61,396	66,000		
Due in more than one year		17,668,524	1,619,879	19,288,403	11,293,413	1,528,000		
Total Liabilities	\$	21,533,959 \$	1,732,436 \$	23,266,395 \$	13,205,513 \$	1,887,978		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related items	\$	359,290 \$	13,999 \$	373,289 \$	1,105,868 \$	-		
OPEB related items		35,465	624	36,089	193,183	-		
Lease deferrals Deferred revenue - property tax		4,043,281	-	4,043,281	-	136,256		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	4,438,036 \$	14,623 \$	4,452,659 \$	1,299,051 \$	136,256		
NET POSITION	_	·						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,113,847 \$	4,338,872 \$	5,452,719 \$	15,682,152 \$	644,748		
Restricted:	•	. , , ,	. , •		• • • •	,		
Debt Service		70,486	166,441	236,927	-	-		
Net pension asset		-	- (43 540)	42 250 201	849,963	- (27.070		
Unrestricted	_	12,371,840	(13,544)	12,358,296	(8,586,061)	637,072		
Total Net Position	\$_	13,556,173 \$	4,491,769 \$	18,047,942 \$	7,946,054 \$	1,281,820		

		_		es			
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$ 2,026,997	\$	9,660	\$	321,333	\$	-
Judicial administration	920,561		144,935		577,126		-
Public safety	5,195,418		746,993		1,879,359		-
Public works	3,171,602		1,837		12,513		1,131,900
Health and welfare	2,615,399		-		1,794,042		-
Education	6,277,814		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	96,095		11,710		-		-
Community development	849,394		23,225		-		-
Interest on long-term debt	505,564		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	\$ 21,658,844	\$	938,360	\$	4,584,373	\$	1,131,900
Business-type activities:							
Water and Sewer	\$ 948,442	\$	421,924	\$	-	\$	97,051
Total business-type activities	\$ 948,442	\$_	421,924	\$	-	\$	97,051
Total primary government	\$ 22,607,286	\$ <u>_</u>	1,360,284	\$	4,584,373	\$	1,228,951
COMPONENT UNITS:							
School Board	\$ 23,081,745	\$	54,351	\$	18,134,123	\$	-
IDA	154,507		-		579,606		-
Total component units	\$ 23,236,252	\$_	54,351	\$	18,713,729	\$	-

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use taxes

Consumers' utility taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Business license taxes

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

County contribution to School Board

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Changes in Net Position

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			mary Governmer		Component Units						
	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities	_	Total	_	School Board		IDA		
\$	(1,696,004) (198,500) (2,569,066) (2,025,352) (821,357)	\$	- ; - - -	\$	(1,696,004) (198,500) (2,569,066) (2,025,352) (821,357)	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -		
\$	(6,277,814) (84,385) (826,169) (505,564) (15,004,211)	\$	- - - -	\$ ⁻	(6,277,814) (84,385) (826,169) (505,564) (15,004,211)	\$ ⁻	- - -	\$	- - - -		
\$ \$	-	\$ \$	(429,467) (429,467) (429,467)	\$_ \$_	(429,467) (429,467) (15,433,678)	\$_ \$_	-	\$ \$	<u>-</u>		
\$	(13,004,211)	\$	- : -	\$	-	\$	(4,893,271)	\$	425,099		
\$	11,758,633 833,069	\$		\$ <u>=</u> \$	11,758,633 833,069	\$ = \$	(4,893,271)	\$ <u>=</u> \$	425,099		
	184,489 252,275 155,237 159,576				184,489 252,275 155,237 159,576		- - -		- - - -		
	543,875 524,262 1,214,670 - (325,242)		10,689 - - - - 325,242		554,564 524,262 1,214,670 -		921,840 - 5,640,414		54,256 - - - -		
\$ \$ \$	15,300,844 296,633 13,259,540 13,556,173	\$	335,931 (93,536) 4,585,305 4,491,769	\$	15,636,775 203,097 17,844,845 18,047,942	\$ _	6,562,254 1,668,983 6,277,071 7,946,054	\$	54,256 479,355 802,465 1,281,820		







Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

				Nonma		
				County	Sheriff's	Total
		C		Capital	Forfeiture	Governmental
ACCETC	_	General		Projects	Fund	Funds
ASSETS					70.275	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,778,245	\$	2,382,210 \$	70,265	\$ 13,230,720
Receivables (Net of allowance for uncollectibles):		4 052 000				4 052 000
Property taxes, including penalties Accounts receivable		4,852,998		-	-	4,852,998
Due from component units		249,943 291,316		-	-	249,943 291,316
Due from other funds		70,000		-	-	70,000
Due from other governmental units		746,512		_	221	746,733
Total assets	\$ \$	16,989,014		2,382,210 \$		
Total assets	= ۲	10,909,014	^ې =	2,362,210	70,460	19,441,710
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	328,981	\$	33,223 \$	- !	\$ 362,204
Due to component units	*	274,884	•	-	<u>-</u>	274,884
Unearned revenue		402,012		_	-	402,012
	_	·		22.222.6		
Total liabilities	\$_	1,005,877	- ۶_	33,223 \$	- '	\$ 1,039,100
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property tax	\$	4,993,503	\$	- \$	- !	\$ 4,993,503
Opioid settlement	7	163,860	7		_	163,860
opiola settlement	-	103,000				103,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	5,157,363	\$_	\$		\$ 5,157,363
FUND BALANCES						
Assigned:						
Capital projects	\$	-	\$	2,348,987		\$ 2,348,987
Assigned:						
Asset forfeiture		-		-	70,486	70,486
Unassigned	_	10,825,774	_			10,825,774
Total fund balances	\$_	10,825,774	\$	2,348,987 \$	70,486	\$ 13,245,247

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Primary Government
			Governmental
			Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	1		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	13,245,247
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$	326,594	
Construction in progress		305,075	
Equipment		1,139,389	
Lease equipment		33,576	
Subscription assets		19,231	
Buildings and improvements		3,742,455	
Lease buildings		1,971	
Jointly owned assets	_	13,973,353	19,541,644
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	950,222	
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	_	163,860	1,114,082
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$	482,601	
OPEB related items	_	62,213	544,814
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences	\$	(361,245)	
Lease liabilities		(38,502)	
Subscription liability		(15,683)	
Equipment purchase agreements		(1,942,000)	
Landfill closure and post-closure		(12,006)	
General obligation bonds		(13,186,352)	
VACO/VML direct loan program		(1,852,529)	
Bond premiums		(605,731)	
Net pension liability		(1,206,564)	
Net OPEB liability		(211,789)	
State literary fund loans		(787,000)	
Accrued interest payable	_	(275,458)	(20,494,859)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$	(359,290)	
OPEB related items	_	(35,465)	(394,755)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	13,556,173

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			_	Nonmajor			
	_	General		County Capital Projects	Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	\$	44 700 227	۲			\$	44 700 227
General property taxes Other local taxes	Ş	11,788,326 1,584,646	Ş	- \$	-	Ş	11,788,326 1,584,646
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		450,014		_	_		450,014
Fines and forfeitures		91,477		_	_		91,477
Revenue from use of money and property		536,636		7,204	35		543,875
Charges for services		396,869			-		396,869
Miscellaneous		452,849		_	_		452,849
Intergovernmental:		.52,6 .7					132,017
Local government		1,131,900		_	_		1,131,900
Commonwealth		4,247,384		_	6,414		4,253,798
Federal		1,545,245		_	-		1,545,245
Total revenues	\$	22,225,346	 \$	7,204 \$	6,449	\$	22,238,999
Expenditures:	· -	, ,	-			• •	, ,
Current:							
General government administration	\$	2,027,227	Ś	- \$	-	\$	2,027,227
Judicial administration	•	829,546	•	- '	_	•	829,546
Public safety		5,326,261		-	8,478		5,334,739
Public works		2,239,447		932,771	, -		3,172,218
Health and welfare		2,593,821		-	-		2,593,821
Education		4,456,056		-	-		4,456,056
Parks, recreation, and cultural		295,771		-	-		295,771
Community development		406,646		436,201	-		842,847
Nondepartmental Debt service:		13,669		· -	-		13,669
Principal retirement		2,288,363		8,271	_		2,296,634
Interest and other fiscal charges		749,109		-	_		749,109
Total expenditures	\$	21,225,916	 S	1,377,243 \$	8,478	\$	22,611,637
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	٠-		- * -			٠,	
over (under) expenditures	\$_	999,430	\$_	(1,370,039)	(2,029)	\$	(372,638)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of subscription liability	\$	-	\$	23,954 \$	-	\$	23,954
Transfers in		-		1,433,116	-		1,433,116
Transfers (out)	_	(1,758,358)	_	<u> </u>			(1,758,358)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(1,758,358)	\$_	1,457,070 \$	<u> </u>	\$	(301,288)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(758,928)	\$	87,031 \$	(2,029)	\$	(673,926)
Fund balances at beginning of year		11,584,702		2,261,956	72,515		13,919,173
Fund balances at end of year	\$	10,825,774	\$	•		\$	13,245,247
•	· =	. ,	=			: :	. ,

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Primary Government Governmental
			Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(673,926)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period. Capital outlay	\$	1,019,700	
Depreciation expense		(1,259,834)	(4.425.005)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit School Board from Primary Government	_	(1,194,951)	(1,435,085)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			(93,541)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes Opioid settlement	\$	(29,693)	41 720
Opiola settlement	_	71,413	41,720
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net postion. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal retired on general obligation bonds	\$	1,766,612	
Principal retired on state literary fund loans		36,000	
Principal retired on equipment purchase agreements		78,000	
Principal retired on VACO/VML direct loan program		312,396	
Principal retired on lease liabilities Principal retired on subscription liability		76,208 8,271	
Issuance of subscription liability		(23,954)	2,253,533
issuance of subscripton habitity	_	(23,734)	2,233,333
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absenses	\$	(17,345)	
Pension expense		(38,305)	
OPEB expense		16,160	
Amortization of bond premiums		198,301	
Change in landfill closure and post-closure		(123)	202.022
Change in accrued interest payable	_	45,244	203,932
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	296,633

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

		Water and Sewer Fund
ASSETS		_
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	78,623
Accounts receivable, net	_	36,280
Total current assets	\$_	114,903
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	166,441
Capital Assets:		
Land		22,458
Equipment, net of depreciation		183,678
Infrastructure, net of depreciation		5,573,105
Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation	_	215,944
Total noncurrent assets	\$_	6,161,626
Total assets	\$	6,276,529
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related items	\$	30,796
OPEB related items	_	1,503
Total deferred outlows of resources	\$_	32,299
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	19,170
Customer deposits		2,227
Due to other funds		70,000
Long-term obligations, current portion	_	91,160
Total current liabilities	\$_	182,557
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term obligations, noncurrent portion	\$_	1,619,879
Total liabilities	\$_	1,802,436
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related items	\$	13,999
OPEB related items	_	624
Total deferred inlows of resources	\$_	14,623
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,338,872
Restricted:		
Debt Service		166,441
Unrestricted assets	_	(13,544)
Total Net Position	\$ <u>_</u>	4,491,769

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Water and Sewer Fund
Operating revenues:		
Water	\$	139,567
Sewer		255,636
Other charges for services	•	26,721
Total operating revenues	\$_	421,924
Operating expenses:		
Salaries	\$	159,874
Fringe benefits		83,329
Contracted services		45,236
Other operating expenses		229,106
Depreciation		384,891
Total operating expenses	\$_	902,436
Operating income (loss)	\$	(480,512)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	\$	10,689
Interest expense		(46,006)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	(35,317)
Net income (loss) before transfers and capital contributions	\$	(515,829)
Transfers in		325,242
Capital contributions		97,051
	-	,,,,,,,,
Total transfers and capital contributions	\$	422,293
Change in net position	\$	(93,536)
Net position, beginning of year		4,585,305
Net position, end of year	\$	4,491,769

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Water and Sewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments for salaries and fringe benefits Payments for operating activities	\$	421,796 (250,004) (264,166)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(92,374)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Retirement of indebtedness Capital contributions Purchase of capital assets Transfer from County for capital projects Interest paid on loans	\$	(88,083) 97,051 (161,627) 325,242 (46,006)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income	\$ \$	126,577
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	10,689
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,892
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - (including restricted amounts)		200,172
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - (including restricted amounts)	\$	245,064
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation	\$	(480,512) 384,891
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		304,071
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable (Increase)/decrease in deferred outflows of resources Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable Increase/(decrease) in deferred inflows of resources Increase/(decrease) in net pension liability Increase/(decrease) in net OPEB liability Increase/(decrease) in compensated absenses		(128) 12,064 10,176 (7,832) (5,152) 127 (6,008)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(92,374)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

		Custodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid items	\$ _	1,250,162 4,667
Total assets	\$_	1,254,829
LIABILITIES		
Accrued payroll Unearned revenue	\$	58,230 87,500
Total liabilities	\$_	145,730
NET POSITION		
Restricted for: IndIndividuals, organizations, and other governments	\$_	1,109,099
Total net position	\$_	1,109,099

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June $30,\,2024$

	 Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	\$ 23,529
Investment earnings:	40.020
Interest and dividends	18,030
Miscellaneous	20,599
Tuition payments	431,727
Revenue from the Commonwealth	 761,473
Total additions	\$ 1,255,358
DEDUCTIONS	
Recipient payments	\$ 19,343
Salaries and wages	742,438
Fringe benefits Materials and supplies	278,244 27,351
Purchased services	44,703
Miscallaneous	53,731
Capital outlay	 1,855
Total deductions	\$ 1,167,665
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	87,693
Net position, beginning	1,021,406
Net position, ending	\$ 1,109,099

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Cumberland, Virginia was formed in 1749 and it is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection; sanitation services; recreational activities; cultural events; education and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Cumberland, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>—The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, effects of interfund activity have been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u>—The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets-in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories-1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u>—The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u>—Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the original budget, the final budget, and the actual activity of the major governmental funds.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Cumberland, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Units—The County has no blended component units to be included for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Discretely Presented Component Units

<u>Cumberland County School Board</u> The School Board members are elected and are responsible for the operations of the County's School System. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report and does not have separate taxing powers. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

<u>Cumberland County Industrial Development Authority</u> The IDA Board members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors and are responsible for the industrial development in the County. The IDA is fiscally dependent on the County. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The IDA does not issue a separate financial report and does not have separate taxing powers. The financial statements of the IDA are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Other Related Organizations

The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the board of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointment.

Included in the County's Annual Financial Report

None

Excluded from the County's Annual Financial Report

<u>Crossroads Community Services Board</u>

The Board was created by resolution pursuant to state statute and is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The board's service area includes the counties of Amelia, Buckingham, Charlotte, Cumberland, Lunenburg, and Nottoway. The Board is governed by a 15-member Board of Directors. One elected official and one consumer appointed by the County Board of Supervisors represents each County. The 15th member rotates between the Counties. Amelia County serves as the fiscal agent for the Board. The County cannot impose its will on the Board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Board. The Board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

Piedmont Regional Jail Board

The Board was created in 1986 to develop, construct, operate and maintain the regional jail known as the Piedmont Regional Jail. The Jail's service area includes the counties of Amelia, Buckingham, Cumberland, Lunenburg, Nottoway, and Prince Edward. The Board is governed by a Board of Directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of each of the involved counties. The Board of Directors has appointed the Treasurer of the County of Nottoway to serve as fiscal agent. The Board is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The County cannot impose its will on the Board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Board. The Board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, and postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for services, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

b. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County Capital Projects Fund is considered a nonmajor fund.

c. Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The only special revenue fund is the Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund, which is considered a nonmajor fund.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>The Water and Sewer Fund</u>—This fund is used to account for the water system and the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems as well as the water distribution system.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds (Custodial Funds)</u> account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include amounts held for Special Welfare and the Governor's School of Southside Virginia.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and School Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year-end.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget at June 30.
- 9. Excess of expenditures over appropriations: Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at June 30, 2024.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash consists of reserve accounts established as required by Rural Development bond covenants.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

F. <u>Investments</u>

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

H. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$212,539 at June 30, 2024 and is comprised of property taxes in the amount of \$170,744 and utility accounts in the amount of \$41,795.

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are due in two installments, the first on June 15th and the second on November 15th. Personal property taxes are payable November 15th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, lease, subscription, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For infrastructure asset the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of two years), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$50,000 are reported as capital assets.

As the County and Component Unit School Board constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, subscription assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	20-40
Lease buildings	1-5
Vehicles	5
Lease equipment	1-5
Infrastructure	40
Office and computer equipment	5
Buses	12

J. Leases

The County has various lease assets requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership or leases of assets that are investments.

Lessee

The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate, in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lessor

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

J. Leases (Continued)

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease terms include the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease receivable (lessor) or lease liability (lessee).

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The County will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor) or the lease asset and liability (lessee) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable or lease liability.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net asssets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, leases, and opiod are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

N. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance". The County's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance / resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment, which does not lapse at year end, is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

P. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Q. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/ amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

R. Upcoming Pronouncements

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 2—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

State statutes require that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following: Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Investor's Service. Corporate notes, negotiable Certificates of Deposit and bank deposit notes maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investor Service. Notes having a maturity of greater than one year must be rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investor Service. The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2024 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's Rate Debt Investments' Values

		Fair Quality Ratings
Rated Debt Investments	_	AAAm
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	4,247,442
Virginia Investment Pool		4,423,037
Total	\$	8,670,479

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 2—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

	Fair Value Measurement		
Investment Type	Balance June 30, 202		
Investments measured at NAV: Virginia Investment Pool	\$	4,423,037	
Total investments measured at NAV	\$	4,423,037	
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	4,423,037	

As of June 30, 2024, there were no withdraw limitations association with investments held by the Virginia Investment Pool.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. If certain investments in any one issuer represent 5% of total investments, there must be a disclosure for the amount and issuer. At June 30, 2024, there is no portion of the County's portfolio, excluding the LGIP that exceed 5% of the total portfolio. At present the County does not have a policy related to custodial credit risk.

External Investment Pools

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

investment Maturities (in years)				
Investment Type		Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	
Local Government Investment Pool Virginia Investment Pool	\$	4,247,442 \$ 4,423,037	4,247,442 4,423,037	
Total	Ş_	8,670,479 \$		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 2—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2024 are comprised of the following:

	<u>P</u>	Primary Government Business-type Activities		Component Unit IDA
Debt service reserves	\$_	166,441	\$	107,912
Total	\$_	166,441	\$	107,912

Note 3—Due from Other Governmental Units

At June 30, 2024, the County and School Board had receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
State sales taxes	\$ - \$	310,999
Local sales taxes	136,569	-
Communication taxes	39,247	-
Public assistance	48,505	-
Comprehensive services	77,360	-
Shared expenses	129,273	-
Mobile home titling taxes	12,342	-
Rental tax	370	-
E-911 wireless	8,881	-
Payments in lieu of taxes	40,943	-
School resource officer	28,086	-
Victim/witness program	4,261	-
Other	4,504	-
Federal Government:		
School funds	-	342,389
Victim/witness program	8,946	-
ARPA Sheriff grant	131,463	-
Public assistance	75,983	
Total	\$ 746,733 \$	653,388

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 4—Interfund Obligations/Due to/From Primary Government/Component Units:

Primary Government:

Fund		Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable
General Water and Sewer	\$	70,000	\$	70,000
Total	\$_	70,000	\$_	70,000

Details of obligations between the primary government and its component units as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	(e from Primary Government/ omponent Unit	Due to Primary Government/ Component Unit	
Primary Government:				
General	\$	291,316 \$	274,884	
Component Unit-IDA		-	291,316	
Component Unit-School Board:				
School Operating		274,884		
Total	\$	566,200 \$	566,200	

Note 5—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Fund		Transfers In		Transfers Out
General	\$	-	\$	1,758,358
County Capital Projects		1,433,116		-
Water and Sewer		325,242		-
School Operating		-		1,090,545
School Cafeteria	_	1,090,545	_	
Total	\$	2,848,903	\$	2,848,903

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

		Balance				Balance			
		July 1, 2023		Additions	_	Deletions	_	June 30, 2024	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		201 - 201							
Land	\$	326,594	\$	-	\$	-	\$	326,594	
Construction in progress	_	204,106	_	321,720		220,751		305,075	
Total capital assets not being									
depreciated	\$	530,700	\$	321,720	\$	220,751	\$	631,669	
Capital assets being depreciated:	-		_				- ' -		
Buildings and improvements	\$	7,494,894	Ċ	396,640	Ċ	_	\$	7,891,534	
Lease buildings	Ş	72,902	Ş	370,040	Ş	_	Ş	72,902	
Equipment		2,931,191		496,450		99,301		3,328,340	
Lease equipment		252,808		.,,,,,,,		142,787		110,021	
Subscription asset		,		25,641		-		25,641	
Jointly owned assets	_	26,298,384		-	_	1,991,973		24,306,411	
Total capital assets being									
depreciated	\$_	37,050,179	\$_	918,731	\$_	2,234,061	\$_	35,734,849	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements	Ś	3,962,271	Ś	186,808	Ś	-	\$	4,149,079	
Lease buildings	•	47,288	•	23,643	•	-	•	70,931	
Equipment		1,814,989		379,722		5,760		2,188,951	
Lease equipment		163,641		55,591		142,787		76,445	
Subscription asset		-		6,410		-		6,410	
Jointly owned assets	_	10,522,420		607,660		797,022		10,333,058	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	16,510,609	\$_	1,259,834	\$_	945,569	_\$_	16,824,874	
Total capital assets being									
depreciated, net	\$_	20,539,570	\$_	(341,103)	\$_	1,288,492	\$_	18,909,975	
Governmental activities capital									
assets, net	\$_	21,070,270	\$_	(19,383)	\$_	1,509,243	\$_	19,541,644	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in enterprise capital assets during the year:

	_	Balance July 1, 2023		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2024
Primary Government: Business-type Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$_	22,458	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	22,458
Capital assets being depreciated:	\$	220.707	Ļ	4/4 /27	¢		¢	402 222
Equipment Infrastructure	þ	320,706 11,494,836	Þ	161,627	Þ	-	\$	482,333 11,494,836
Buildings and improvements		1,511,814		-		-		1,511,814
bullatings and improvements	-	1,311,014		-		<u> </u>	-	1,311,614
Total capital assets being								
depreciated	\$ __	13,327,356	_\$_	161,627	_\$_	-	\$	13,488,983
Accumulated depreciation:								
Equipment	\$	251,700	\$	46,955	\$	-	\$	•
Infrastructure		5,634,189		287,542		-		5,921,731
Buildings and improvements	_	1,245,476		50,394		-	_	1,295,870
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	7,131,365	\$_	384,891	\$_	-	\$	7,516,256
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$	6,195,991	\$_	(223,264)	\$_	-	\$	5,972,727
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$	6,218,449	\$	(223, 264)	\$	-	\$	5,995,185
	=						=	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capita	l Assets: ((Continued)
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Component Unit - School Board:		Balance July 1, 2023	Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2024				
Governmental Activities:	_										
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	121,421	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	121,421			
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	121,421	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	121,421			
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Lease equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	8,089,582 4,977,311 70,251 14,625,814	\$	297,843 416,973 155,576	\$	- - 70,251 (1,991,973)	•	8,387,425 5,394,284 155,576 16,617,787			
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	27,762,958	\$	870,392	\$_	(1,921,722)	\$	30,555,072			
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment Lease equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	4,180,215 2,737,776 46,834 5,852,030	\$	298,909 553,251 140,073 415,445	\$	- - 70,251 (797,022)	•	4,479,124 3,291,027 116,656 7,064,497			
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	12,816,855	\$	1,407,678	\$	(726,771)	\$	14,951,304			
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	14,946,103	\$	(537,286)	\$	(1,194,951)	\$	15,603,768			
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	15,067,524	\$	(537,286)	\$	(1,194,951)	\$	15,725,189			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capita	l Assets: ((Continued)
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Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority:	_	Balance July 1, 2023		Additions	<u> </u>	Deletions	 Balance June 30, 2024
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$_	535,846 146,249	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 535,846 146,249
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	682,095	\$_	-	\$	-	\$ 682,095
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	\$	1,705,691	\$	457,176	\$	-	\$ 2,162,867
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements	_	552,142		54,072		-	 606,214
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	1,153,549	\$_	403,104	\$	-	\$ 1,556,653
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	1,835,644	\$	403,104	\$	-	\$ 2,238,748

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Primary Government:		
Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	110,252
Judicial administration		88,736
Public safety		402,132
Public works		27,528
Health and welfare		4,740
Education		607,660
Parks, recreation and cultural		17,007
Community development	_	1,779
Total	\$_	1,259,834
Business-type activities:		-
Water and Sewer Fund	\$_	384,891
Component Unit-School Board:	_	
Depreciation expense	\$	992,233
Depreciation expense - joint tenancy assets	·	415,445
Total	\$	1,407,678
Component Unit-Industrial		
Development Authority	\$	54,072

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 7—Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Deferred/unavailable revenue represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred. Unearned/unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

		Government-wide Statements	Balance Sheet	
		Governmental		Governmental
	_	Activities	-	Funds
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of				
current expenditures.	\$	-	\$	950,222
2nd half assessments due in December 2024		3,606,140		3,606,140
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2024, but paid in				
advance by the taxpayers.		437,141	-	437,141
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	4,043,281	\$	4,993,503

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

Governmental Activities:		Balance July 1, 2023	Issuances / Increases		Retirements / Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	343,900	ċ	51,735	ċ	34,390 \$	361,245	ċ	36,125
Landfill closure and post-closure	Ç	11,883	Ç	123	ڔ	3 4 ,390 \$	12,006	Ç	30,123
Net pension liability		1,357,650		1,729,500		1,880,586	1,206,564		_
Net OPEB liability		204,587		97,981		90,779	211,789		_
Lease liabilities		114,710		-		76,208	38,502		38,502
Subscription liability		-		23,954		8,271	15,683		7,702
Equipment purchase agreements		2,020,000		-		78,000	1,942,000		75,000
Direct borrowings and placements:		, ,				,	, ,		,
General obligations bonds		14,952,964		-		1,766,612	13,186,352		1,865,584
General obligations bond premiums		804,032		-		198,301	605,731		172,310
VACO/VML direct loan program		2,164,925		-		312,396	1,852,529		319,654
State literary fund loans		823,000	_	-	_	36,000	787,000		36,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	22,797,651	\$	1,903,293	\$	4,481,543 \$	20,219,401	\$	2,550,877
	_	Balance July 1, 2023		Issuances / Increases	ı	Retirements / Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024		Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities:									
Water and Sewer Fund:									
Compensated absences	\$	15,391	\$	-	\$	6,008 \$	9,383	\$	938
Net pension liability		46,767		59,706		64,858	41,615		-
Net OPEB liability		3,601		1,725		1,598	3,728		-
Direct borrowing and placements:		·		•		·	·		
Revenue bonds		1,744,396		-		88,083	1,656,313		90,222
Total Business-type Activities	\$ <u>_</u>	1,810,155	\$	61,431	\$	160,547 \$		\$	
Total primary government	\$_	24,607,806	\$	1,964,724	\$	4,642,090 \$	21,930,440	\$	2,642,037

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligation and related interest are as follows:

Year	Gener	al	Sta	te	Direct Borro			ription	Equipment	Purchase	VACO/	VMI
Ending	Obligation		Literary Fu		Liabi			oility	Agreem		Loan Pr	
une 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interes
2025 6	4 0/5 504 6	E4.4.2.40¢	24 000	ć 240 7 0	ć 20 F02	·	7 700	ć 5/0 ć	75 000 6	F0 (44 A	240 (54)	40.05
2025 \$	1,865,584 \$	514,349 \$	36,000		\$ 38,502	\$ 555 \$		\$ 569 \$ 290	75,000 \$			
2026	1,965,548	417,270	35,000	22,959	-	-	7,981		73,000	57,295	327,081	33,53
2027	2,076,556	314,854	32,000	21,910	-	-	-	-	65,000	55,135	334,680	25,93
2028	2,343,664	218,930	8,000	21,284	-	-	-	-	18,000	53,836	342,455	18,15
2029	2,425,000	138,636	6,000	21,065	-	-	-	-	16,000	53,304	350,412	10,20
2030	2,510,000	50,828	6,000	20,877	-	-	-	-	16,000	52,803	178,247	2,05
2031	-	-	664,000	10,390	-	-	-	-	1,679,000	26,276	-	
2032	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2034	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2035	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2037	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2038	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2039	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2041	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2042	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2043	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2045	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2046	-	-	-	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	
2047	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	
2048	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	
2049	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	
2050	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	
2051	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	
2052	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
2053	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Governmental Activities:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date Issued	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	Gov	Balance ernmental ctivities	Du	Amount e Within ne Year
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)					\$	361,245	\$	36,125
Net OPEB liability (payable from the General Fund)					\$	211,789	\$	-
Net pension liability (payable from the General Fund)					\$ 1	1,206,564	\$	-
Lease liabilities: DSS office space	1.00%	07/01/21	07/31/24	72,902	\$	1,998	\$	1,998
Equipment rental for solid waste collection	4.02%		02/01/25	102,125		33,885		33,885
Equipment rental for solid waste collection	4.02%	02/01/23	02/01/25	7,893		2,619		2,619
Total lease liabilities					\$	38,502	\$	38,502
Subscription liabilities:								
Software	3.63%	07/01/23	06/30/26	23,954	\$	15,683	\$	7,702
Total subscription liabilities					\$	15,683	\$	7,702
Landfill closure and post-closure					\$	12,006	\$	-
Equipment purchase agreements:								
Radio equipment loan	3.13%	06/24/22	10/01/30	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 1	1,942,000	\$	75,000
Total equipment purchase agreements					\$ 1	1,942,000	\$	75,000
Total long-term obligations incurred by the County					\$ 3	3,787,789	\$	157,329
Direct borrowings and placements: General Obligation Bonds:								
VPSA Bond outstanding \$10,360,000 plus unamortized premium of \$605,731.	3.05% through 5.5% 3.00%	11/01/16	07/25/29	\$ 17,301,562	\$ 10	0,965,731	\$1	,362,310
General Obligation Bond outstanding	through 5.10%	11/08/07	07/25/27	11,620,646	2	2,826,352		675,584
Total General Obligation Bonds					\$ 13	3,792,083	\$2	,037,894
Other Long-Term Debt:								
State Literary Fund Loan	3.13%	06/24/22	10/01/30	860,000	\$	787,000	\$	36,000
VACO/VML Direct Loan	3.40%	11/02/09	11/01/29	5,000,000	1	1,852,529		319,654
Total Other Long-Term Debt					\$ 2	2,639,529	\$	355,654
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements						6,431,612	\$2	,393,548
Total long-term obligations incurred by the County						3,644,133	\$	355,779
Total long-term obligations incurred by School Board, 1	payable fr	om the Gei	neral Fund			6,575,268	\$2	,195,098
Total long-term obligations - governmental activities					\$ 20	0,219,401	\$2	,550,877

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date Issued	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	Balance Isiness-Type Activities	Du	amount e Within ne Year
Compensated absences (payable from the Enterprise Fund)					\$ 9,383	\$	938
Net OPEB liability (payable from the Enterprise Fund)					\$ 3,728	\$	
Net pension liability (payable from the Enterprise Fund)					\$ 41,615	\$	-
Direct borrowings and placements: Revenue Bonds:							
Series 2022 Sewer Revenue Bonds	3.28%	06/24/22	10/31/35	\$ 1,044,000	\$ 902,000	\$	70,000
Series 2012 Sewer Revenue Bonds	2.00%	06/01/12	06/01/52	939,000	754,313		20,222
Total Revenue Bonds					\$ 1,656,313	\$	90,222
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements					\$ 1,656,313	\$	90,222
Total long-term obligations - business-type activit	ies				\$ 1,711,039	\$	91,160

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligation and related interest are as follows:

_	Business-type Activities						
_	Direct Borrowings and						
	Direct Placements						
Year -							
Ending	Revenue Bonds						
June 30,	Principal	Interest					
	•						
2025 \$	90,222	\$ 43,603					
2026	93,636	40,844					
2027	96,059	37,994					
2028	99,452	35,092					
2029	101,929	32,024					
2030	106,378	28,886					
2031	108,836	25,640					
2032	113,270	22,319					
2033	115,779	18,825					
2034	119,266	15,271					
2035	93,763	12,085					
2036	35,242	10,311					
2037	25,786	9,602					
2038	26,314	9,074					
2039	26,852	8,536					
2040	27,380	8,008					
2041	27,963	7,426					
2042	28,535	6,853					
2043	29,119	6,269					
2044	29,700	5,688					
2045	30,323	5,065					
2046	30,943	4,445					
2047	31,577	3,811					
2048	32,215	3,173					
2049	32,882	2,506					
2050	33,555	1,833					
2051	34,242	1,146					
2052	34,942	446					
2053	153	2,795					
Total \$	1,656,313	\$ <u>409,570</u>					

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Component Units:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

		Balance at	Issuances /	ļ	Retirements /		Balance at		Amounts Due Within
	_	July 1, 2023	 Increases		Decreases	_ :	June 30, 2024	_	One Year
School Board:									
Compensated absences	\$	453,759	\$ 39,845	\$	45,376	\$	448,228	\$	44,823
Lease liability		23,631	85,451		66,045		43,037		16,573
Net pension liability		8,724,177	4,150,986		3,672,803		9,202,360		-
Net OPEB liabilities		1,753,322	428,878		521,016		1,661,184		-
Direct borrowing and placements:									
Ameresco performance contract	_	62,684	 -		62,684		-	_	-
Total School Board	\$_	11,017,573	\$ 4,705,160	\$	4,367,924	\$	11,354,809	\$_	61,396
Industrial Development Authority:									
Direct borrowing and placements:									
Rural development loan	\$_	1,657,000	\$ -	\$	63,000	\$	1,594,000	\$_	66,000

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Component Units: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	 Schoo	ol Boa	rd		IDA		
Year Ending	Lease	Liabi	lity	_	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements Rural Development Loan		
June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2025	\$ 16,573	\$	2,728	\$	66,000	\$	52,606
2026	8,320		2,004		68,000		50,348
2027	9,084		1,240		70,000		48,023
2028	9,060		404		72,000		45,630
2029	-		-		75,000		43,153
2030	-		-		77,000		40,592
2031	-		-		80,000		37,946
2032	-		-		83,000		35,200
2033	-		-		86,000		32,352
2034	-		-		89,000		29,403
2035	-		-		92,000		26,353
2036	-		-		95,000		23,202
2037	-		-		98,000		19,950
2038	-		-		101,000		16,597
2039	-		-		105,000		13,126
2040	-		-		109,000		9,520
2041	-		-		112,000		5,796
2042	 -		-		116,000	_	1,956
Total	\$ 43,037	\$	6,376	\$	1,594,000	\$	531,753

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Units: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Coi	Balance mponent Unit Activities	Du	Amount e Within ne Year
Component Unit School Board:	Naces	133464	Date	<u>1330C</u>		Activities	<u> </u>	ne rear
Compensated absences (payable from the School Fund)					\$	448,228	\$	44,823
Net OPEB liability (payable from the School Fund)					\$	9,202,360	\$	-
Lease liability: Vehicle Fleet Management equipment	1.00%	07/01/21	06/30/24	70,251	\$	43,037	\$	16,573
Net pension liability (payable from the School Fund)					\$	1,661,184	\$	
Total outstanding debt - component unit - School Component Unit IDA:	. Board				\$	11,354,809	\$	61,396
Direct borrowings and placements: Notes payable:								
Rural Development loan	3.37%	06/24/22	10/01/41	\$ 2,000,000	\$	1,594,000	\$	66,000
Total outstanding debt - component unit - IDA					\$	1,594,000	\$	66,000

Note 9-Leases Receivable:

The Component Unit - IDA leases a tower and parking spaces to tenants under the following lease contracts. In fiscal year 2024, the Component Unit IDA recognized lease revenue and interest revenue in the amount of \$45,063 and \$4,174, respectively. A description of the leases are as follows:

			Payment	Discount	Receivable
Lease Description	Start Date	End Date	Frequency	Rate	Balance
Tower	7/1/2021	10/1/2041	Monthly	0.98%	\$ 137,602
Parking spaces	7/1/2021	12/1/2024	Monthly	1.17%	1,998
Parking spaces	7/1/2021	7/1/2024	Monthly	1.00%	7,176
Total					\$ 146,776

Note 10-Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Plan Description

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, and 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, and 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	57	34
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	12	8
Non-vested inactive members	21	20
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	54	13
Total inactive members	87	41
Active members	86	31
Total covered employees	230	106

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 11.26% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$490,139 and \$457,172 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Contributions (Contributions)

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.00% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$0 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
retirement healthy, and disabled)	For future mortality improvements, replace load
	with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1;
	set separate rates based on experience for Plan
	2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age
	and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.				
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future				
	mortality improvements, replace load with a				
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020				
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed				
	final retirement age from 65 to 70				
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on				
	age and service to rates based on service only to				
Disability Dates					
Disability Rates	No change				
Salary Scale	No change				
	-				

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expecte	ed arithmetic	nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Primary Government						
	-	Increase (Decrease)						
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	19,224,953	\$_	17,820,536	\$	1,404,417		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	479,113	\$	-	\$	479,113		
Interest		1,298,566		-		1,298,566		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		(141,488)		-		(141,488)		
Contributions - employer		-		457,150		(457, 150)		
Contributions - employee		-		200,070		(200,070)		
Net investment income		-		1,146,218		(1,146,218)		
Benefit payments, including refund	S							
of employee contributions		(932,107)		(932,107)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(11,471)		11,471		
Other changes		-		462		(462)		
Net changes	\$_	704,084	\$	860,322	\$_	(156,238)		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	19,929,037	\$ <u></u> \$	18,680,858	\$ <u></u>	1,248,179		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)							
		Increase (Decrease)							
		Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension (Asset) Liability			
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	3,350,560	\$_	4,197,854	\$	(847,294)			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	\$	68,102	\$	-	\$	68,102			
Interest		223,874		-		223,874			
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		3,174		-		3,174			
Contributions - employer		-		-		-			
Contributions - employee		-		33,825		(33,825)			
Net investment income		-		266,640		(266,640)			
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(204,022)		(204,022)		-			
Administrative expenses		-		(2,747)		2,747			
Other changes		-		101		(101)			
Net changes	\$	91,128	\$_	93,797	\$	(2,669)			
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ <u></u>	3,441,688	\$_	4,291,651	\$	(849,963)			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

			Rate	
	_	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	3,908,494 \$	1,248,179 \$	(977,022)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(462,457) \$	(849,963) \$	(1,190,356)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$527,940 and (\$51,596), respectively. At June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Component Unit School

						Component	נ ע	init 2cnool	
		Primary Government				Board (nonprofessional)			
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,106	\$	90,593	\$	1,440	\$	5	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		268,544		-		67,148	
Change in proportionate share		14,152		14,152		-		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	490,139		-			_		
Total	\$_	513,397	\$	373,289	\$	1,440	\$_	67,153	

\$490,139 and \$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Government	School Board (nonprofessional)
2025	\$ (240,635)	\$ (46,762)
2026	(374,560)	(81,395)
2027	255,761	60,266
2028	9,403	2,178
Thereafter	-	-

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plana: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Al full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$1,503,071 and \$1,437,191 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs of the financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$9,202,360 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.09768% as compared to 0.09831% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$976,605. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	•	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	790,491	\$	359,116
Change in assumptions		417,175		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		598,339
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		159,782		81,260
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,503,071	•	
Total	\$_	2,870,519	\$	1,038,715

\$1,503,071 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June	9 30	
2025	\$	(107,020)
2026		(496, 149)
2027		762,265
2028		169,637
2029		, -

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the standard rates

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	57,574,609
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		47,467,405
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,107,204
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	e	
of the Total Pension Liability		82.45%

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School division's proportionate \$ share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	16,312,502 \$	9,202,360 \$	3,357,239

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Aggregate Pension Information

	Primary Government					Component Unit School Board								
	_	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Net Pension Liability	 Pension Expense	 Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		Net Pension Asset		Net Pension Liability	Pension Expense
VRS Pension Plans:														
Primary Government	\$	513,397	\$	373,289	\$	1,248,179	\$ 527,940	\$ - \$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-	-	1,440	67,153		849,963		-	(51,596)
School Board Professional		-		-		-	-	2,870,519	1,038,715		-		9,202,360	976,605
Totals	\$	513,397	\$	373,289	\$	1,248,179	\$ 527,940	\$ 2,871,959 \$	1,105,868	\$	849,963	\$	9,202,360 \$	925,009
	-		-							_				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 11—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Note 12—Litigation:

At June 30, 2024, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 13—Surety Bond Information:

		Amount
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety		
Deidre Martin, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	25,000
L.O. Pfeiffer, Jr., Treasurer	•	300,000
Julie Phillips, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Darrell Hodges, Sheriff		30,000
All Treasurer's office employees - blanket bond		50,000
Chip Jones, Superintendent of Schools		10,000
Clerk of the School Board		10,000
Board of Supervisors		10,000

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the County were \$24,634 and \$22,854 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Contributions to the GLI Plan from the Component Unit School Board professional group were \$50,788 and \$48,375 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group were \$4,338 and \$3,943 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entity's proportionate share is reflected in the grants and contributions note restricted to specific programs of the financial statements.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$215,517 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups reported liabilities of \$456,138 and \$37,179, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.01797% as compared to 0.01730% at June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups' proportion was 0.04094% and 0.00310%, respectively as compared to 0.04200% and 0.00310%, respectively at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$9,985. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board professional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$15,895. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of (\$441). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary G	overnment	•	School Board ssional)	Component School Board (nonprofessional)			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	21,525	\$ 6,542	\$ 45,557	13,846	\$ 3,713 \$	1,129		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	-	8,661	-	18,330	-	1,494		
Change in assumptions	4,607	14,932	9,750	31,603	795	2,576		
Changes in proportionate share	12,950	5,954	9,900	14,797	758	3,937		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	24,634		50,788		4,338			
Total \$	63,716	\$ 36,089	\$ 115,995	78,576	\$ 9,604 \$	9,136		

\$24,634, \$50,788 and \$4,338, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County, Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional group's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

			Component Unit	Component Unit
		Primary	School Board	School Board
		Government	(professional)	(nonprofessional)
Year Ended	-			
June 30	_			
2025	\$	(1,246) \$	(4,989) \$	(1,496)
2026		(7,911)	(18,111)	(2,515)
2027		6,451	7,088	(309)
2028		2,153	270	(18)
2029		3,546	2,373	468
Thereafter		-	-	-

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teachers 3.50%-5.95% Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality
retirement healthy, and disabled)	tables. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for
	Plan 1; set separate rates based on
	experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service decrement through 9
	years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	tables. Increased disability life expectancy.			
	For future mortality improvements, replace			
	load with a modified Mortality Improvement			
	Scale MP-2020			
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and			
	changed final retirement age from 65 to 70			
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates			
	based on age and service to rates based on			
	service only to better fit experience and to			
	be more consistent with Locals Top 10			
	Hazardous Duty			
Disability Rates	No change			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	No change			
Discount Rate	No change			

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		GLI OPEB
		Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,907,052
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,707,739
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,199,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	:	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		69.30%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expecte	ed arithmetic	nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

^{**} On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	 1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
County's proportionate			
share of the GLI Plan			
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 319,463	\$ 215,517 \$	131,475
Component School Board			
(professional)'s proportionate			
share of the GLI Plan			
Net OPEB Liability	676,139	456,138	278,266
Component School Board			
(nonprofessional)'s proportionate			
share of the GLI Plan			
Net OPEB Liability	55,110	37,179	22,681

GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	9
Active members	44
Total covered employees	53

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.41% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board to the HIC Plan were \$11,328 and \$10,202 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The School Board's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality
retirement healthy, and disabled)	tables. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for
	Plan 1; set separate rates based on
	experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at
	each age and service decrement through 9
	years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality
retirement healthy, and disabled)	tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For
	future mortality improvements, replace load with
	a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and
	changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based
	on age and service to rates based on service only
	to better fit experience and to be more
	consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expe	cted arithmetic	nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**} On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)				
	_	Total		Plan		Net
		HIC OPEB		Fiduciary		HIC OPEB
		Liability		Net Position		Liability (Asset)
	_	(a)	-	(b)	-	(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	114,966	\$	12,940	\$	102,026
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	1,210	\$	-	\$	1,210
Interest		7,710		-		7,710
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(25,691)		-		(25,691)
Assumption changes		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		10,201		(10,201)
Net investment income		-		1,096		(1,096)
Benefit payments		(3,905)		(3,905)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(29)		29
Other changes		-		7		(7)
Net changes	\$	(20,676)	\$	7,370	\$	(28,046)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	94,290	\$	20,310	\$	73,980

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Board's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	1% Decrease	1% Increase	
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School Board's			
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 83,643 \$	73,980 \$	65,692

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$3,553. At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board's HIC Plan from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	19,374
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		7,760		-
Change in assumptions		157		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	11,328	\$	
Total	\$	19,245	\$	19,374

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

\$11,328 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30		
	_	
2025	\$	(4,304)
2026		(4,391)
2027		(2,759)
2028		(3)
2029		-
Thereafter		_

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$114,311 and \$108,943 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$4 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs of the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$1,093,887 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC was 0.09670% as compared to 0.09812% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$81,823. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experier \$	- 5	\$ 48,147
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments	549	-
Change of assumptions	25,464	1,103
Change in proportionate share and difference between actual and expected contributions	24,957	36,847
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	114,311	
Total \$	165,281	\$ 86,097

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$114,311 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30

2025	\$ (13,280)
2026	(8,648)
2027	572
2028	(4,856)
2029	(5,176)
Thereafter	(3,739)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

2 50%

iii acion	2.30%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Inflation

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
retirement healthy, and disabled)	For future mortality improvements, replace load
	with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1;
	set separate rates based on experience for Plan
	2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to
	80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age
	and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	1,475,471 264,054
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,211,417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	.y	17.90%

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability (Continued)

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expect	8.25%		

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Rate						
1% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount (6.75%)		1% Increase (7.75%)		
\$	1,237,308	\$	1,093,887	\$	972,351	
	\$	(5.75%)	(5.75%)	(5.75%) (6.75%)	1% Decrease Current Discount (5.75%) (6.75%)	

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023 VRS -annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 17 - Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17 - Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits): (Continued)

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$11,135.

Note 18—Summary of Other Postemployment Benefit Plans:

Aggregate OPEB Information

	-	Deferred Outflows	_	Deferred Inflows	_	Net OPEB Liability	 OPEB Expense
VRS OPEB Plans:							
Group Life Insurance Program (Note 14):							
County	\$	63,716	\$	36,089	\$	215,517	\$ 9,985
School Board Nonprofessional		9,604		9,136		37,179	441
School Board Professional		115,995		78,576		456,138	15,895
Health Insurance Credit Program (Note 15)		19,245		19,374		73,980	3,553
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program (Note 16)		165,281		86,097		1,093,887	81,823
Totals	\$	373,841	\$	229,272	\$	1,876,701	\$ 111,697

Note 19—Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfills when closed and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites after closure. The County will also incur the estimated total closure and post closure cost of \$12,006 over the next six years. All amounts recognized are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care at year-end. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation. If these estimates are inadequate or additional post closure requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or regulations, for example), this cost may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or taxpayers. The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 20—Commitments and Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.





Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund				
	_	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance With Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: General property taxes Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Intergovernmental: Henrico County Commonwealth Federal	\$	11,309,258 \$ 1,445,500 381,500 80,000 180,000 281,860 1,398,189 1,131,900 4,559,336 1,030,863	11,709,877 \$ 1,568,889 442,450 95,800 528,773 387,600 3,296,007 1,131,900 4,943,870 1,941,370	11,788,326 \$ 1,584,646 450,014 91,477 536,636 396,869 452,849 1,131,900 4,247,384 1,545,245	78,449 15,757 7,564 (4,323) 7,863 9,269 (2,843,158) - (696,486) (396,125)
Total revenues	 \$	21,798,406 \$	26,046,536 \$	22,225,346 \$	(3,821,190)
Expenditures: Current: General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Nondepartmental Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total expenditures	\$	1,971,163 \$ 738,547 4,362,019 1,791,127 3,380,446 5,376,114 261,426 373,840 20,500 2,255,694 748,944 21,279,820 \$	2,030,199 \$ 845,198 5,802,666 2,316,140 3,373,046 6,296,249 296,199 392,790 16,874 2,255,694 748,944 24,373,999 \$	2,027,227 \$ 829,546 5,326,261 2,239,447 2,593,821 4,456,056 295,771 406,646 13,669 2,288,363 749,109 21,225,916 \$	2,972 15,652 476,405 76,693 779,225 1,840,193 428 (13,856) 3,205 (32,669) (165) 3,148,083
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	518,586 \$	1,672,537 \$	999,430 \$	(673,107)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out)	\$	(518,586) \$	(1,712,202) \$	(1,758,358) \$	(46,156)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(518,586) \$	(1,712,202) \$	(1,758,358) \$	(46,156)
Net change in fund balance	\$	- \$	(39,665) \$	(758,928) \$	(719,263)
Fund balance at beginning of year			39,665	11,584,702	11,545,037
Fund balance at end of year	\$	- \$	<u> </u> \$	10,825,774 \$	10,825,774

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Primary Government

Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020
Total pension liability	_				
Service cost	\$	479,113 \$	389,896 \$	383,350 \$	401,805
Interest		1,298,566	1,235,481	1,069,698	1,043,129
Changes of assumptions		-	-	552,188	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(141,488)	36,290	731,341	(407,486)
Benefit payments		(932,107)	(700,480)	(640,363)	(647,308)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	704,084 \$	961,187 \$	2,096,214 \$	390,140
Total pension liability - beginning		19,224,953	18,263,766	16,167,552	15,777,412
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	19,929,037 \$	19,224,953 \$	18,263,766 \$	16,167,552
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	457,150 \$	338,371 \$	320,646 \$	267,758
Contributions - employee		200,070	177,736	168,545	180,459
Net investment income		1,146,218	(20,894)	3,911,937	272,792
Benefit payments		(932, 107)	(700,480)	(640,363)	(647,308)
Administrator charges		(11,471)	(11,204)	(9,618)	(9,198)
Other		462	419	370	(322)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	860,322 \$	(216,052) \$	3,751,517 \$	64,181
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		17,820,536	18,036,588	14,285,071	14,220,890
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$_	18,680,858 \$	17,820,536 \$	18,036,588 \$	14,285,071
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,248,179 \$	1,404,417 \$	227,178 \$	1,882,481
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.74%	92.69%	98.76%	88.36%
Covered payroll	\$	4,225,917 \$	3,750,402 \$	3,548,797 \$	3,387,618
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		29.54%	37.45%	6.40%	55.57%

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
_						
\$	369,121 \$	362,667 \$	363,229 \$	367,059 \$	357,908 \$	352,993
	981,023	933,127	911,967	857,886	795,647	755,446
	465,961	-	16,935	-	-	-
	201,760	(57,125)	(436,805)	58,650	239,099	-
	(510,132)	(598,750)	(507,340)	(514,676)	(492,362)	(575,920)
\$	1,507,733 \$	639,919 \$	347,986 \$	768,919 \$	900,292 \$	532,519
	14,269,679	13,629,760	13,281,774	12,512,855	11,612,563	11,080,044
\$	15,777,412 \$	14,269,679 \$	13,629,760 \$	13,281,774 \$	12,512,855 \$	11,612,563
=						· · ·
\$	270,220 \$	317,501 \$	305,607 \$	306,917 \$	303,955 \$	341,947
	163,250	164,944	166,588	158,417	156,837	152,078
	898,241	928,489	1,375,517	196,283	489,630	1,460,970
	(510,132)	(598,750)	(507,340)	(514,676)	(492,362)	(575,920)
	(8,720)	(7,934)	(7,803)	(6,872)	(6,637)	(7,868)
	(568)	(832)	(1,232)	(83)	(103)	77
\$	812,291 \$	803,418 \$	1,331,337 \$	139,986 \$	451,320 \$	1,371,284
	13,408,599	12,605,181	11,273,844	11,133,858	10,682,538	9,311,254
\$	14,220,890 \$	13,408,599 \$	12,605,181 \$	11,273,844 \$	11,133,858 \$	10,682,538
=						
\$	1,556,522 \$	861,080 \$	1,024,579 \$	2,007,930 \$	1,378,997 \$	930,025
	90.13%	93.97%	92.48%	84.88%	88.98%	91.99%
\$	3,366,412 \$	3,386,248 \$	3,241,811 \$	3,183,996 \$	3,132,238 \$	3,034,140
	46.24%	25.43%	31.61%	63.06%	44.03%	30.65%

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	68,102 \$	61,961 \$	69,519
Interest		223,874	215,903	197,712
Changes of assumptions		-	-	96,205
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,174	(143)	(35,454)
Benefit payments		(204,022)	(127,523)	(113,386)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	91,128 \$	150,198 \$	214,596
Total pension liability - beginning		3,350,560	3,200,362	2,985,766
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	3,441,688 \$	3,350,560 \$	3,200,362
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	- \$	2,705 \$	2,636
Contributions - employee	•	33,825	31,195	30,725
Net investment income		266,640	(3,612)	937,875
Benefit payments		(204,022)	(127,523)	(113,386)
Administrator charges		(2,747)	(2,690)	(2,349)
Other		101	99	88
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	93,797 \$	(99,826) \$	855,589
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,197,854	4,297,680	3,442,091
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	4,291,651 \$	4,197,854 \$	4,297,680
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(849,963) \$	(847,294) \$	(1,097,318)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		124.70%	125.29%	134.29%
Covered payroll	\$	723,554 \$	655,523 \$	648,279
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-117.47%	-129.25%	-169.27%

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	75,126 \$	70,391 \$	68,704 \$	74,760 \$	75,961 \$	80,101 \$	82,791
	191,500	190,940	181,168	172,661	169,820	159,638	150,317
	-	78,663	-	(11,480)	-	-	-
	(57,234)	(109,281)	530	(18,587)	(109,876)	5,173	-
_	(121,335)	(121,444)	(100,141)	(91,510)	(99,132)	(99,786)	(100,104)
\$	88,057 \$	109,269 \$	150,261 \$	125,844 \$	36,773 \$	145,126 \$	133,004
	2,897,709	2,788,440	2,638,179	2,512,335	2,475,562	2,330,436	2,197,432
\$	2,985,766 \$	2,897,709 \$	2,788,440 \$	2,638,179 \$	2,512,335 \$	2,475,562 \$	2,330,436
\$	7,657 \$	7,572 \$	17,078 \$	17,630 \$	38,186 \$	38,806 \$	38,406
	34,392	32,738	33,113	33,609	33,819	34,418	34,781
	64,734	219,878	231,556	345,385	49,420	124,689	374,177
	(121,335)	(121,444)	(100,141)	(91,510)	(99,132)	(99,786)	(100,104)
	(2,278)	(2,207)	(2,001)	(1,994)	(1,754)	(1,709)	(2,023)
	(78)	(138)	(206)	(307)	(21)	(25)	19
\$	(16,908) \$	136,399 \$	179,399 \$	302,813 \$	20,518 \$	96,393 \$	345,256
	3,458,999	3,322,600	3,143,201	2,840,388	2,819,870	2,723,477	2,378,221
\$	3,442,091 \$	3,458,999 \$	3,322,600 \$	3,143,201 \$	2,840,388 \$	2,819,870 \$	2,723,477
\$	(456,325) \$	(561,290) \$	(534,160) \$	(505,022) \$	(328,053) \$	(344,308) \$	(393,041)
	115.28%	119.37%	119.16%	119.14%	113.06%	113.91%	116.87%
\$	717,411 \$	676,392 \$	683,891 \$	690,599 \$	693,284 \$	696,646 \$	695,620
	-63.61%	-82.98%	-78.11%	-73.13%	-47.32%	-49.42%	-56.50%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

	Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (6)
_	2023	0.09768%			102.72%	82.45%
	2022	0.09831%	8,724,177	8,495,741	102.69%	82.61%
	2021	0.09676%	7,001,537	7,926,296	88.33%	85.46%
	2020	0.09730%	13,196,905	7,899,423	167.06%	71.47%
	2019	0.09530%	11,547,440	7,493,922	154.09%	73.51%
	2018	0.09593%	10,456,093	7,082,218	147.64%	74.81%
	2017	0.10205%	11,632,195	7,514,491	154.80%	72.92%
	2016	10.21000%	13,267,119	7,834,253	169.35%	68.28%
	2015	0.10414%	12,299,670	7,538,428	163.16%	70.68%
	2014	0.09699%	11,721,000	7,075,901	165.65%	70.88%

Schedule of Employer Contributions -Pension Plans For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)*	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*	-	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gov	ernmen	it							
2024	\$	490,139	\$	490,139	\$	-	\$	4,558,622	10.75%
2023		457,172		457,172		-		4,225,917	10.82%
2022		338,372		338,372		-		3,750,402	9.02%
2021		320,646		320,646		-		3,548,797	9.04%
2020		269,354		269,354		-		3,387,618	7.95%
2019		270,178		270,178		-		3,366,412	8.03%
2018		317,500		317,500		-		3,386,248	9.38%
2017		305,607		305,607		-		3,241,811	9.43%
2016		310,440		310,440		-		3,183,996	9.75%
2015		305,393		305,393		-		3,132,238	9.75%
Component	Unit Sch	nool Board (no	nnroi	fessional)					
2024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	803,424	0.00%
2023	,	_	•	-	•	_	•	723,554	0.00%
2022		681		681		-		655,523	0.10%
2021		351		351		_		648,279	0.05%
2020		6,993		6,993		_		717,411	0.97%
2019		7,231		7,231		_		676,392	1.07%
2018		17,079		17,079		_		683,891	2.50%
2017		17,630		17,630		_		690,599	2.55%
2016		39,032		39,032		_		693,284	5.63%
2015		39,221		39,221		-		696,646	5.63%
Component	Unit Sch	nool Board (pro	ofess	ional)					
2024	\$	1,503,071	\$	1,503,071	\$	-	\$	9,405,185	15.98%
2023		1,437,191		1,437,191		-		8,958,333	16.04%
2022		1,361,280		1,361,280		-		8,495,741	16.02%
2021		1,275,993		1,275,993		-		7,926,296	16.10%
2020		1,190,332		1,190,332		-		7,899,423	15.07%
2019		1,124,004		1,124,004		-		7,493,922	15.00%
2018		1,155,818		1,155,818		-		7,082,218	16.32%
2017		1,101,624		1,101,624		-		7,514,491	14.66%
2016		1,101,496		1,101,496		-		7,834,253	14.06%
2015		1,093,072		1,093,072		-		7,538,428	14.50%

^{*} Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution of the Hybrid Plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

	112 112
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability -Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Prima	ry Government:				
2023	0.01797%	\$ 215,517	\$ 4,232,261	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.01730%	208,188	3,760,964	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.01720%	200,254	3,551,494	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.01656%	276,359	3,408,087	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.01738%	282,818	3,406,576	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.01781%	271,000	3,386,248	8.00%	51.22%
2017	0.01773%	267,000	3,241,811	8.24%	48.86%
Comp 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	0.00310% 0.00310% 0.00310% 0.00310% 0.00350% 0.00345% 0.00360% 0.00374%	, .	*	5.09% 5.54% 5.64% 8.12% 8.30% 8.04% 8.11%	69.30% 67.21% 67.45% 52.64% 52.00% 51.22% 48.86%
Comp	onent Unit School Boa	ard (professional):			
2023	0.04094%	\$ 456,138	\$ 8,958,333	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.04200%	470,262	8,495,741	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.04130%	446,921	7,926,296	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.04140%	642,619	7,899,423	8.14%	52.64%
2019	0.04081%	615,011	7,454,473	8.25%	52.00%
2018	0.04069%	575,791	7,082,218	8.13%	51.22%
2017	0.04364%	612,127	7,514,491	8.15%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions -Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For The Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

				Contributions in				
				Relation to				Contributions
	Co	ontractually		Contractually	Contribution		Employer's	as a % of
		Required		Required	Deficiency		Covered	Covered
	C	ontribution		Contribution	(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)	 (3)	_	(4)	(5)
Primary C		nent:						
2024	\$	24,634	\$	24,634	\$ -	\$	4,561,794	0.54%
2023		22,854		22,854	-		4,232,261	0.54%
2022		20,309		20,309	-		3,760,964	0.54%
2021		19,178		19,178	-		3,551,494	0.54%
2020		17,722		17,722	-		3,408,087	0.52%
2019		17,714		17,714	-		3,406,576	0.52%
2018		17,608		17,608	-		3,386,248	0.52%
2017		17,003		17,003	-		3,241,811	0.52%
Compone	nt Unit	School Board	(no	nprofessional):				
2024	\$	4,338	\$	4,338	\$ -	\$	803,424	0.54%
2023		3,943		3,943	-		730,227	0.54%
2022		3,578		3,578	-		662,536	0.54%
2021		3,501		3,501	-		648,279	0.54%
2020		3,731		3,731	-		717,411	0.52%
2019		3,517		3,517	-		676,392	0.52%
2018		3,556		3,556	-		683,891	0.52%
2017		3,591		3,591	-		690,599	0.52%
Compone	nt Unit	School Board	(pro	ofessional):				
2024	\$	50,788	\$	50,788	\$ -	\$	9,405,185	0.54%
2023		48,375		48,375	-		8,958,333	0.54%
2022		45,877		45,877	-		8,495,741	0.54%
2021		42,802		42,802	-		7,926,296	0.54%
2020		41,077		41,077	-		7,899,423	0.52%
2019		38,736		38,736	-		7,454,473	0.52%
2018		38,265		38,265	-		7,082,218	0.54%
2017		38,200		38,200	-		7,514,491	0.51%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020					
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70					
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty					
Disability Rates	No change					
Salary Scale	No change					
Line of Duty Disability	No change					
Discount Rate	No change					

Schedule of Changes in the School Board's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Measurement Date of June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 1,210 \$	1,530 \$	1,623 \$	-
Interest	7,710	6,629	6,029	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	89,327
Differences between expected and actual experience	(25,691)	(1,830)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	13,566	1,314	-
Benefit payments	 (3,905)	(3,222)	<u> </u>	-
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ (20,676) \$	16,673 \$	8,966 \$	89,327
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	 114,966	98,293	89,327	-
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 94,290 \$	114,966 \$	98,293 \$	89,327
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 10,201 \$	7,621 \$	7,520 \$	-
Net investment income	1,096	(96)	1,074	-
Benefit payments	(3,905)	(3,222)	-	-
Administrator charges	(29)	(25)	(34)	-
Other	7	102	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 7,370 \$	4,380 \$	8,560 \$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	12,940	8,560	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 20,310 \$	12,940 \$	8,560 \$	-
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 73,980 \$	102,026 \$	89,733 \$	89,327
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	21.54%	11.26%	8.71%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 723,554 \$	655,523 \$	648,279 \$	-
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	10.22%	15.56%	13.84%	0.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2020 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions
Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2024

	Contractually Required Contribution			Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	
Date		(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	
2024	\$	11,328	\$	11,328	\$	-	\$	803,424	1.41%	
2023		10,202		10,202		-		723,554	1.41%	
2022		7,604		7,604		-		655,523	1.16%	
2021		7,520		7,520		-		648,279	1.16%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. However, the program was not utilized until the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020					
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all					
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service					
Disability Rates	No change					
Salary Scale	No change					
Line of Duty Disability	No change					
Discount Rate	No change					

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

	, , ,					
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020					
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70					
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty					
Disability Rates	No change					
Salary Scale	No change					
Line of Duty Disability	No change					
Discount Rate	No change					

Schedule of County School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability -Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

				Employer's	
				Proportionate Share	
		Employer's		of the Net HIC OPEB	
	Employer's	Proportionate		Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary
	Proportion of the	Share of the	Employer's	as a Percentage of	Net Position as a
	Net HIC OPEB	Net HIC OPEB	Covered	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Total
Date	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)	Payroll	(3)/(4)	HIC OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2023	0.09670% \$	1,093,887	\$ 9,003,554	12.15%	17.90%
2022	0.09812%	1,144,309	8,538,760	13.40%	15.08%
2021	0.09647%	1,156,162	7,966,364	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.09730%	1,185,140	7,854,333	15.09%	9.95%
2019	0.09539%	1,149,847	7,405,667	15.53%	8.97%
2018	0.09568%	1,124,604	7,082,218	15.88%	8.08%
2017	0.10200%	1,197,726	7,514,491	15.94%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions -Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

		Contributions in Relation to			Contributions
Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	\$ 114,311	\$ 114,311	\$ -	\$ 9,447,190	1.21%
2023	108,943	108,943	-	9,003,554	1.21%
2022	103,319	103,319	-	8,538,760	1.21%
2021	96,393	96,393	-	7,966,364	1.21%
2020	94,252	94,252	-	7,854,333	1.20%
2019	88,858	88,858	-	7,405,667	1.20%
2018	88,661	88,661	-	7,082,218	1.25%
2017	82,378	82,378	-	7,514,491	1.10%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change







COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



Combining Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024 $\,$

	<u>-</u>	Water		Sewer		Water and Sewer Fund
ASSETS Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	76,513	\$	2,110	\$	78,623
Accounts receivable, net	_	12,812		23,468		36,280
Total current assets	\$_	89,325	\$_	25,578	\$	114,903
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents Capital Assets:	\$	21,192	\$	145,249	\$	166,441
Land		-		22,458		22,458
Equipment, net of depreciation		-		183,678		183,678
Infrastructure, net of depreciation		3,605,028		1,968,077		5,573,105
Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation	=	-		215,944		215,944
Total noncurrent assets	\$_	3,626,220	\$_	2,535,406	\$	6,161,626
Total assets	\$	3,715,545	\$	2,560,984	\$	6,276,529
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items OPEB related items	\$	16,680 814	\$	14,116 689	\$	30,796 1,503
Total deferred outlows of resources	\$	17,494	\$	14,805	\$	32,299
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits Due to other funds Long-term obligations, current portion	\$	8,285 1,113 35,000 508	\$	10,885 1,114 35,000 90,652	\$	19,170 2,227 70,000 91,160
Total current liabilities	\$	44,906	\$	137,651	\$	182,557
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term obligations, noncurrent portion	\$_	29,133	\$	1,590,746	\$	1,619,879
Total liabilities	\$	74,039	Ś	1,728,397	s	1,802,436
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items OPEB related items	\$ -	7,582 338		6,417 286	-	13,999
Total deferred inlows of resources	\$	7,920	\$	6,703	\$	14,623
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	\$	3,605,028	\$	733,844	\$	4,338,872
Debt Service		21,192		145,249		166,441
Unrestricted assets	=	24,860	_	(38,404)	-	(13,544)
Total Net Position	\$ __	3,651,080	\$	840,689	\$	4,491,769

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Water and	
	_	Water	Sewer	Fund	
Operating revenues:					
Water	\$	139,567 \$	-	\$ 13	9,567
Sewer		-	255,636	25	5,636
Other charges for services		7,638	19,083	2	.6,721
Total operating revenues	\$_	147,205	274,719	\$\$	1,924
Operating expenses:					
Salaries	\$	86,593 \$	73,281	\$ 15	9,874
Fringe benefits		69,822	13,507	8	3,329
Contracted services		28,527	16,709	4	5,236
Other operating expenses		65,563	163,543	22	9,106
Depreciation	_	146,651	238,240	38	34,891
Total operating expenses	\$_	397,156	505,280	\$ 90	2,436
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(249,951)	(230,561)	\$(48	30,512)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income	\$	2,959 \$	7,730	\$ 1	0,689
Interest expense	_	(15,305)	(30,701)	(4	6,006)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	(12,346)	(22,971)	\$(3	35,317)
Net income (loss) before transfers and capital contributions	s \$	(262,297) \$	(253,532)	\$ (51	5,829)
Transfers in		176,162	149,080	32	5,242
Capital contributions	_	-	97,051	9	7,051
Total transfers and capital contributions	\$_	176,162	246,131	\$\$	2,293
Change in net position	\$	(86,135) \$	(7,401)	\$ (9	3,536)
Net position, beginning of year	_	3,737,215	848,090	4,58	35,305
Net position, end of year	\$_	3,651,080	840,689	\$ 4,49	1,769

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024 $\,$

ASSETS	_	Special Welfare Fund		Custodial Funds The Governor's School of Southside Virginia	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid items	\$ 	37,651 -	\$	1,212,511 4,667	\$ 1,250,162 4,667
Total assets	\$	37,651	\$_	1,217,178	\$ 1,254,829
LIABILITIES					
Accrued payroll Unearned revenue	\$	-	\$	58,230 87,500	\$ 58,230 87,500
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	145,730	\$ 145,730
NET POSITION					
Restricted for: IndIndividuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	37,651	\$_	1,071,448	\$ 1,109,099
Total net position	\$	37,651	\$	1,071,448	\$ 1,109,099

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	_	Custodial Funds					
		Special Welfare		The Governor's School of Southside			
4 PRITIONS		Fund		Virginia		Total	
ADDITIONS							
Contributions	\$	23,529	\$	-	\$	23,529	
Investment earnings:							
Interest and dividends		-		18,030		18,030	
Miscellaneous		-		20,599		20,599	
Tuition payments		-		431,727		431,727	
Revenue from the Commonwealth	_	-		761,473		761,473	
Total additions	\$	23,529	\$_	1,231,829	\$	1,255,358	
DEDUCTIONS							
Recipient payments	\$	19,343	Ş	-	Ş	19,343	
Salaries and wages	·	-		742,438		742,438	
Fringe benefits		-		278,244		278,244	
Materials and supplies Purchased services		-		27,351 44,703		27,351 44,703	
Miscallaneous		-		53,731		53,731	
Capital outlay	_	-		1,855		1,855	
Total deductions	\$	19,343	\$_	1,148,322	\$	1,167,665	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		4,186		83,507		87,693	
Net position, beginning		33,465		987,941		1,021,406	
Net position, ending	\$	37,651	\$	1,071,448	\$	1,109,099	

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Combining Balance Sheet -

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

June 30, 2024

		School Operating		School Cafeteria		School Activity Funds		Total
ASSETS	-	<u> </u>	_		-		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	822,143	\$	443,925	\$	319,170	\$	1,585,238
Accounts receivable		104,245		-		-		104,245
Prepaid items		75,627		-		-		75,627
Due from other funds		-		28,819		-		28,819
Due from Primary Government		274,884		-		-		274,884
Due from other governmental units	_	653,388	_	- 472 744		240.470	_	653,388
Total assets	\$_	1,930,287	۵=	472,744	- ^{>} =	319,170	^{>} =	2,722,201
LIABILITIES	,	F2 0 7 /	,		÷	F 70/	÷	F0 (72
Accounts payable	\$	53,876	\$		\$	5,796	\$	59,672
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue		822,143		19,067		-		841,210
Due to other funds		949,822 28,819		-		-		949,822 28,819
	- \$		<u> </u>	10.067		5 704	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total liabilities	٦_	1,854,660		19,067	- ^ې -	5,796	۰ ^২	1,879,523
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	75,627	ς	_	\$	-	ς	75,627
Restricted:	7	73,027	7		Y		7	73,027
Special Revenue	_	-	_	453,677		313,374	_	767,051
Total fund balances	\$_	75,627	\$	453,677	\$	313,374	\$	842,678
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stater different because:	nen	t of net posit	ion	(Exhibit 1) are			_	
Total fund balnaces per above							\$	842,678
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not final not reported in the funds.	ncia	al resources a	nd,	therefore, are				
Capital assets, cost					\$	30,676,493		
Accumulated deprecaition					-	(14,951,304)		15,725,189
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current therefore are deferred in the funds:	-per	riod expenditi	ıres	and,				
Net pension asset								849,963
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for therefore, are not reported in the funds.	cur	rent-period e	xpe	nditures and,				
Pension related items					\$	2,871,959		
OPEB related items					_	310,125		3,182,084
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the curre reported in the funds.	ent	period and,	ther	efore, are not				
Compensated absences					\$	(448,228)		
Lease liability						(43,037)		
Net pension liability						(9,202,360)		
Net OPEB liabilities					-	(1,661,184)		(11,354,809)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in thare not reported in the funds.	ne c	urrent period	anc	l, therefore,				
Pension related items					\$	(1,105,868)		
OPEB related items						(193,183)	_	(1,299,051)
Net position of General Government Activities							\$_	7,946,054

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Operating	School Cafeteria	School Activity Funds		Total
Revenues:	_					
Charges for services	\$	- \$	54,351	\$ -	\$	54,351
Miscellaneous		472,667	7,919	397,717		878,303
Intergovernmental:						
County contribution to School Board		4,445,463	-	-		4,445,463
Commonwealth		14,394,481	-	-		14,394,481
Federal	_	3,550,384	45,222			3,595,606
Total revenues	\$_	22,862,995 \$	107,492	\$ 397,717	\$_	23,368,204
Expenditures:						
Education	\$	21,755,801 \$	1,189,361	\$ 348,015	\$	23,293,177
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		66,045	-	-		66,045
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	3,944	-	-		3,944
Total expenditures	\$_	21,825,790 \$	1,189,361	\$ 348,015	\$	23,363,166
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$_	1,037,205 \$	(1,081,869)	\$ 49,702	_\$_	5,038
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of leases	S	85,451 S	-	S -	S	85,451
Transfers in		· -	1,090,545	-		1,090,545
Transfers (out)	_	(1,090,545)	<u>-</u>			(1,090,545)
Total other financing sources (uses)	S_	(1,005,094) S	1,090,545	S	_ S _	85,451
Net change in fund balances	\$	32,111 \$	8,676	\$ 49,702	\$	90,489
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	43,516	445,001	263,672		752,189
Fund balance at end of year	\$_	75,627 \$	453,677	\$313,374	\$	842,678

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances To the Statement of Activities -Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			_	Component Unit School Board
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	90,489
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.				
Capital outlay	\$	870,392		
Depreciation expense		(1,407,678)		
Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit School Board from Primary Government	_	1,194,951	-	657,665
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retired on Ameresco performance contract Principal retired on lease liability				62,684 66,045
Issuance of lease liability				(85,451)
Special contributions received from the Commonwealth for the teacher cost sharing pool are not reported in the governmental funds				144,036
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Pension expense	\$	634,592		
OPEB expense		93,392		
Change in compensated absences	_	5,531	_	733,515
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$_	1,668,983

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	School Operating Fund						
	_	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance With Amended Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Miscellaneous	\$	153,258 \$	153,258 \$	472,667 \$	319,409		
Intergovernmental:							
County contribution to School Board		5,371,367	5,371,367	4,445,463	(925,904)		
Commonwealth		14,699,342	14,699,342	14,394,481	(304,861)		
Federal		3,670,742	3,670,742	3,550,384	(120,358)		
Total revenues	\$_	23,894,709 \$	23,894,709 \$	22,862,995 \$	(1,031,714)		
Expenditures:							
Education	\$	22,886,110 \$	22,886,110 \$	21,755,801 \$	1,130,309		
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		-	-	66,045	(66,045)		
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	-	- -	3,944	(3,944)		
Total expenditures	\$_	22,886,110 \$	22,886,110 \$	21,825,790 \$	1,060,320		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$_	1,008,599 \$	1,008,599 \$	1,037,205 \$	28,606		
Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of leases	\$	- \$	- \$	85,451 \$	85,451		
Transfers (out)	_	(1,008,599)	(1,008,599)	(1,090,545)	(81,946)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(1,008,599) \$	(1,008,599) \$	(1,005,094) \$	3,505		
Net change in fund balance	\$	- \$	- \$	32,111 \$	32,111		
Fund balance at beginning of year	_			43,516	<u>-</u>		
Fund balance at end of year	\$_	\$	<u> </u>	75,627 \$			

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



Statement of Net Position

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Discretely Presented Component Unit - IDA
ASSETS Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,285
Lease interest receivable	7	328
Lease recievable, current portion		13,327
Inventory held for resale		804,005
	-	
Total current assets	\$_	825,945
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets	\$	107,912
Lease receivable, net of current portion		133,449
Capital Assets:		E3E 944
Land Construction in progress		535,846 146,249
Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation		1,556,653
Total noncurrent assets	ς	2,480,109
Total Homeument assets	٠-	2, 100, 107
Total Assets	\$	3,306,054
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	2,662
Due to primary government		291,316
Long-term obligations, current portion	_	66,000
Total current liabilities	\$_	359,978
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term obligations, noncurrent portion	\$ <u>_</u>	1,528,000
Total Liabilities	\$_	1,887,978
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Lease deferrals	\$	136,256
	-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$_	136,256
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted assets	\$	644,748 637,072
Total Net Position	\$_	1,281,820
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	3,306,054
	=	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Discretely Presented Component Unit - IDA
Operating revenues:		
Operating revenues: Lease revenue	\$	45,230
Lease revenue	٠,	73,230
Total operating revenues	\$	45,230
	•	
Operating expenses:	_	
Depreciation	\$	54,072
Other operating expenses		45,656
Total operating expenses	\$	99,728
Operating income (loss)	\$	(54,498)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	\$	9,026
Interest expense	•	(54,779)
Contribution from County of Cumberland		579,606
Contribution from County of Cumbertand	•	379,000
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	533,853
	•	
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	479,355
Net position, beginning of year		802,465
Net position, end of year	\$	1,281,820
	٠,	.,==.,==3

Statement of Cash Flows -

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Discretely Presented Component Unit - IDA
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	42,162
Payments for operating activities	_	(44,246)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	(2,084)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Contribution from County of Cumberland	\$_	579,606
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$_	579,606
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Retirement of indebtedness	\$	(63,000)
Purchase of capital assets		(457,176)
Interest paid on loans	_	(54,779)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$_	(574,955)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest income	\$_	9,026
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$_	9,026
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,593
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	104,604
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$_	116,197
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by		
(used for) operating activities:		(E4 409)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(54,498)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation		54,072
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in lease interest receivable		44
(Increase) decrease in lease receivable		41,951
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		(45,063)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	_	1,410
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	(2,084)







Governmental Funds -Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Original		Budget As				Variance From Amended Budget Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Budget		Amended	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	Ś	7,015,758	Ś	7,216,758	Ś	7,272,183	Ś	55,425
Real and personal public service corporation	•	,,		, -,	,	, , ,	'	,
property taxes		734,000		761,000		761,173		173
Personal property taxes		3,016,500		3,164,119		3,177,369		13,250
Mobile homes		30,000		30,000		32,956		2,956
Airplane taxes		5,000		5,000		5,887		887
Machinery and tools taxes		205,000		205,000		204,621		(379)
Penalties		130,000		155,000		168,000		13,000
Interest		173,000		173,000	_	166,137		(6,863)
Total general property taxes	\$_	11,309,258	\$_	11,709,877	\$_	11,788,326	\$	78,449
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	775,000	ċ	832,000	ċ	833,069	ċ	1,069
Consumers' utility taxes	Ş	181,000	Ş	192,700	Ş	184,489	Ş	(8,211)
Business license taxes		120,000		154,000		155,237		1,237
Bank franchise tax		16,000		21,600		21,623		23
Motor vehicle licenses		238,000		238,000		252,275		14,275
Tax on deeds				,		32,165		4,179
Taxes on recordation and wills		24,000 91,500		27,986 102,603		105,788		3,185
Taxes on recordation and witts	_	91,300		102,003		103,766	_	3,103
Total other local taxes	\$_	1,445,500	\$_	1,568,889	\$_	1,584,646	\$	15,757
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	3,225	\$	(775)
Building and related permits		372,100		433,050		439,377		6,327
Transfer fees		400		400		552		152
Land use and other general government fees		2,500		2,500		4,560		2,060
Zoning and other fees	_	2,500		2,500		2,300	_	(200)
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	\$_	381,500	\$_	442,450	\$_	450,014	\$	7,564
Fines and Forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	80,000	Ś	95,800	Ś	91,477	Ś	(4,323)
esare rines and refreiences	~ _	00,000	_ ~ _	75,000	-~-	71,177	-	(1,323)
Total fines and forfeitures	\$_	80,000	\$_	95,800	\$_	91,477	\$	(4,323)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	170,000	\$	518,773	\$	532,648	\$	13,875
Revenue from use of property	_	10,000		10,000		3,988	_	(6,012)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	180,000	\$_	528,773	\$_	536,636	\$	7,863
	· <u></u>	·		·				

Governmental Funds -Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from local sources: (continued)							
Charges for services:							
Sheriff's and other public safety fees	\$	360	Ś	13,360	Ś	14,697 \$	1,337
Law library fees	•	1,400	•	1,400	•	2,029	629
DNA analysis fees		100		100		141	41
Courthouse maintenance fees		3,500		3,500		4,777	1,277
Jail admission fee		800		800		746	(54)
Courthouse security		27,000		27,000		42,396	15,396
Document reproduction fees		3,000		3,485		5,100	1,615
Court appointed attorney		200		200		287	87
Court clerks		1,000		1,000		1,773	773
Commonwealth attorney fees		500		500		1,644	1,144
Ambulance and rescue service fees		220,000		298,405		288,807	(9,598)
Sanitation and waste removal fees		1,000		1,000		1,837	837
Recreation fees		21,000		21,000		11,710	(9,290)
Planning and community development	_	2,000		15,850	_	20,925	5,075
Total charges for services	\$_	281,860	\$_	387,600	\$_	396,869 \$	9,269
Miscellaneous:							
Miscellaneous	\$	1,398,189	S	3,296,007	s	452,849 \$	(2,843,158)
	-	.,070,.07	- ~ -	3,270,007	Ť	.02,017	(2,0 .0, .00)
Total miscellaneous	\$_	1,398,189	\$_	3,296,007	\$	452,849 \$	(2,843,158)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	15,076,307	\$_	18,029,396	\$_	15,300,817 \$	(2,728,579)
Intergovernmental:							
Local government:							
Henrico County - reservoir operation	\$_	1,131,900	\$_	1,131,900	\$	1,131,900 \$	
Total local government	\$_	1,131,900	\$_	1,131,900	\$_	1,131,900 \$	-
D							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:	,	F0 000	,	40 500	_	10.012.6	(27 557)
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$_	50,000	_\$_	68,500	۵	40,943 \$	(27,557)
Noncategorical aid:							
Rental tax	\$	3,000	ς	3,000	ς	1,532 \$	(1,468)
Mobile home titling taxes	7	35,000	~	53,800	~	49,637	(4,163)
Tax on deeds		-		-		1,097	1,097
Communication taxes		260,000		260,000		249,513	(10,487)
Animal friendly plates		_30,000				212	212
PPTRA	_	871,735		871,735	_	871,736	1
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,169,735	\$	1,188,535	\$	1,173,727 \$	(14,808)

Governmental Funds -Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)						
General Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental: (Continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)						
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:			_			
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	201,204	\$	201,204 \$,
Sheriff		783,032		806,932	814,649	7,717
Commissioner of the Revenue		161,856		161,856	126,202	(35,654)
Treasurer		141,848		141,848	124,620	(17,228)
Registrar/electoral board		57,494		70,511	70,511	-
Clerk of the Circuit Court		240,600		254,944	256,759	1,815
DMV	-	36,000	-	36,000	38,225	2,225
Total shared expenses	\$_	1,622,034	\$_	1,673,295 \$	1,635,127	(38,168)
Other categorical aid:						
Litter control	\$	-	\$	12,513 \$	12,513 \$	-
Fire programs grant		-		-	41,215	41,215
Victim/witness program		62,614		62,614	16,784	(45,830)
E-911 wireless		45,150		45,150	52,563	7,413
Records preservant grant - courts		-		118,566	63,037	(55,529)
Peer to peer vehicle sharing		100		100	-	(100)
Emergency medical services		-		66,326	66,327	1
VITA grant		-		86,068	86,069	1
School resource officer grant		145,120		145,120	110,948	(34,172)
Comprehensive Services Act		575,000		575,000	438,417	(136,583)
Public assistance and welfare		889,583		889,583	491,361	(398,222)
Other categorical aid	_	-	_	12,500	18,353	5,853
Total other categorical aid	\$_	1,717,567	\$	2,013,540 \$	1,397,587	(615,953)
Total categorical aid	\$_	3,339,601	\$	3,686,835 \$	3,032,714	(654,121)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	4,559,336	\$_	4,943,870 \$	4,247,384	(696,486)
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid:						
Public assistance and welfare	\$	1,003,863	¢	1,003,863 \$	829,668	(174,195)
Victim/witness program	~		~		36,385	36,385
Law enforcement block grant		_		_	4,637	4,637
Social services cost allocation reimbursement		27,000		27,000	34,596	7,596
ARPA Sheriff grant		_,,ccc		153,495	284,959	131,464
American Rescue Plan Act		-		757,012	355,000	(402,012)
Total categorical aid	\$_	1,030,863	\$	1,941,370 \$		
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$_	1,030,863	\$	1,941,370 \$	1,545,245	(396,125)
Total General Fund	\$_	21,798,406	\$	26,046,536 \$		
	=		_			

Governmental Funds -

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)					
County Capital Projects Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:		<u></u>		7 204 6	7 204
Revenue from use of money	\$_	\$	\$_	7,204 \$	7,204
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$ <u>_</u>	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u> \$	7,204 \$	7,204
Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of money	\$_	- \$	- \$	35 \$	35
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Other categorical aid:					
Asset forfeiture funds	\$	30,000 \$	30,000 \$	6,414 \$	(23,586)
Asset forfeiture funds		<u> </u>	30,000 3	0,414_3_	(23,360)
Total Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund	\$ <u>_</u>	30,000 \$	30,000 \$	6,449 \$	(23,551)
Total Revenues Primary Government	\$ <u>_</u>	21,828,406 \$	26,076,536 \$	22,238,999 \$	(3,837,537)
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	153,258 \$	153,258 \$	472,667 \$	319,409
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	153,258 \$	153,258 \$	472,667 \$	319,409
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from local governments:					
County contribution to School Board	\$	5,371,367 \$	5,371,367 \$	4,445,463 \$	(925,904)
Total revenue from local governments	\$_	5,371,367 \$	5,371,367 \$	4,445,463 \$	(925,904)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:					
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,886,131 \$	1,886,131 \$	1,815,300 \$	(70,831)
Basic school aid		5,415,266	5,415,266	5,195,540	(219,726)
Special education		588,386	588,386	637,277	48,891
FICA - instructional		315,698	315,698	293,774	(21,924)
VRS - instructional		736,342	736,342	685,205	(51,137)
Group life - instructional		22,366 285,591	22,366	20,812	(1,554)
Remedial education Textbook payments		113,875	285,591 113,875	265,757 105,967	(19,834) (7,908)
Vocational education		300,214	300,214	282,887	(17,327)
State lottery		345,580	345,580	324,127	(21,453)
At risk		1,870,632	1,870,632	1,994,889	124,257
Reduced K-3		555,238	555,238	494,100	(61,138)
Technology		154,000	154,000	128,000	(26,000)
Compensation supplement		757,831	757,831	793,008	35,177
Remedial summer		104,566	104,566	97,271	(7,295)
Hold harmless		347,266	347,266	347,266	- 12 0/4
Other state funds	_	900,360	900,360	913,301	12,941
Total categorical aid	\$_	14,699,342 \$	14,699,342 \$	14,394,481 \$	(304,861)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	14,699,342 \$	14,699,342 \$	14,394,481 \$	(304,861)

Governmental Funds -Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Component Unit School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid: Title I Title VI-B Special Education School food ESSER ARPA Other federal funds	\$	469,523 \$ 340,612 789,232 1,700,000 - 371,375	469,523 \$ 340,612 789,232 1,700,000 - 371,375	513,603 \$ 421,254 1,062,928 807,389 5,000 740,210	44,080 80,642 273,696 (892,611) 5,000 368,835
Total categorical aid	\$	3,670,742 \$	3,670,742 \$	3,550,384 \$	(120,358)
Total revenue from the federal government	۰ <u>۰</u> ۶	3,670,742 \$	3,670,742 \$	3,550,384 \$	(120,358)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	23,894,709 \$		22,862,995 \$	(1,031,714)
Special Revenue Funds: School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$	57,636 \$	57,636 \$	54,351 \$	(3,285)
Total charges for services	\$	57,636 \$	57,636 \$	54,351 \$	(3,285)
Miscellaneous Miscellaneous	\$_ \$_	\$_	<u>-</u> \$_	7,919 \$	7,919
Total miscellaneous	\$_	\$_	\$	7,919 \$	7,919
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	57,636 \$	57,636 \$	62,270 \$	4,634
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: School food commodities	\$_	\$_	<u> </u> \$_	45,222 \$_	45,222
Total categorical aid	\$_	- \$	<u> </u>	45,222 \$	45,222
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	\$	- \$	45,222 \$	45,222
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ <u>_</u>	57,636 \$	57,636 \$	107,492 \$	49,856
School Activity Funds: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous:					
Miscettaneous	\$	- \$	- \$	397,717 \$	397,717
Total School Activity Funds	\$_ \$_	- \$	*_ \$		397,717
Total Revenues Component Unit School Board	\$ <u>_</u>	23,952,345 \$	23,952,345 \$	23,368,204 \$	(584,141)

Governmental Funds -

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget	. <u>-</u>	Budget As Amended	<u> </u>	Actual	_	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$_	51,003	\$_	58,603	\$_	58,523	\$_	80
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	266,943	\$	287,943	\$	287,857	\$	86
Legal services		51,425		65,725		65,696		29
Independent Auditor		87,000		90,000		89,951		49
Commissioner of the revenue		297,937		302,437		302,366		71
Assessor		163,700		96,536		96,535		1
Equilization board		1,200		1,200		1,190		10
Treasurer		388,573		388,573		387,978		595
Accounting		236,321		236,321		235,095		1,226
Data Processing	_	263,117	_	319,117		318,362	_	755
Total general and financial administration	\$_	1,756,216	\$_	1,787,852	\$	1,785,030	\$_	2,822
Board of Elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	34,329	\$	45,929	\$	45,879	\$	50
Registrar	_	129,615	_	137,815		137,795		20
Total board of elections	\$_	163,944	\$_	183,744	\$_	183,674	\$_	70
Total general government administration	\$_	1,971,163	\$_	2,030,199	\$_	2,027,227	\$_	2,972
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	18,590	\$	18,590	\$	17,095	\$	1,495
General district court		5,229		5,229		4,236		993
Special magistrates		730		730		242		488
Law library		1,200		1,200		800		400
Victim / witness		68,335		68,335		56,852		11,483
Clerk of the circuit court	_	367,200	_	472,251		471,461	_	790
Total courts	\$_	461,284	\$_	566,335	\$_	550,686	\$_	15,649
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$_	277,263	\$_	278,863	\$	278,860	\$_	3
Total judicial administration	\$_	738,547	\$_	845,198	\$_	829,546	\$_	15,652

Governmental Funds -Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget	Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government: (Continued)						
General Fund: (Continued)						
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control:						
Sheriff and other law enforcement	\$	2,155,325 \$	2,222,120	\$	2,193,318 \$	28,802
School resource officer	_	145,119	135,119		134,348	771
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$_	2,300,444 \$	2,357,239	\$_	2,327,666 \$	29,573
Fire and rescue services:						
Fire and rescue services	\$_	1,224,716 \$	2,230,763	\$_	1,790,725 \$	440,038
Total fire and rescue services	\$_	1,224,716 \$	2,230,763	\$_	1,790,725 \$	440,038
Correction and detention:						
Correction and detention	\$_	389,000 \$	744,000	\$_	743,810 \$	190
Total correction and detention	\$_	389,000 \$	744,000	\$_	743,810 \$	190
Inspections:						
Building	\$_	155,613 \$	162,418	\$_	162,415 \$	3
Total inspections	\$_	155,613 \$	162,418	\$_	162,415 \$	3
Other protection:						
Animal control	\$	176,296 \$	192,296	\$	192,260 \$	36
E-911 Probation office		114,350 1,400	114,350 1,400		109,066 239	5,284 1,161
Medical examiner (coroner)		200	200		80	1,161
Total other protection	\$	292,246 \$	308,246	\$	301,645 \$	6,601
Total public safety	\$	4,362,019 \$	5,802,666	\$	5,326,261 \$	476,405
Public works: Sanitation and waste removal:						
Refuse disposal	\$_	835,166 \$	1,038,679	\$	987,331 \$	51,348
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	835,166 \$	1,038,679	\$	987,331 \$	51,348

Governmental Funds -Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued) Public works: (Continued) Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:		255 244					25.245
General properties	\$_	955,961	\$	1,277,461	Ş_	1,252,116 \$	25,345
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$_	955,961	\$_	1,277,461	\$_	1,252,116 \$	25,345
Total public works	\$_	1,791,127	\$_	2,316,140	\$_	2,239,447 \$	76,693
Health and welfare: Health:							
Supplement of local health department	\$	133,379	\$	125,979	\$	125,970 \$	9
Contributions to area agencies	_	23,523	_	23,523		23,523	
Total health	\$_	156,902	\$_	149,502	\$_	149,493 \$	9
Mental health and mental retardation: Chapter X board	\$_	35,137	\$_	35,137	\$_	35,137 \$	
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$_	35,137	\$_	35,137	\$_	35,137 \$	
Welfare:							
Welfare administration & public assistance	\$	2,393,582	\$	2,393,582	\$	1,779,601 \$	613,981
CSA - management		19,825		19,825	-	18,902	923
CSA - at risk youth		775,000		775,000		610,688	164,312
Total welfare	\$_	3,188,407	\$_	3,188,407	\$_	2,409,191 \$	779,216
Total health and welfare	\$_	3,380,446	\$_	3,373,046	\$_	2,593,821 \$	779,225
Education:							
Contributions to community colleges	\$	4,748	\$	10,648	\$	10,593 \$	55
Contributions to school board component unit		5,371,366	_	6,285,601		4,445,463	1,840,138
Total education	\$_	5,376,114	\$_	6,296,249	\$_	4,456,056 \$	1,840,193
Parks, recreation and cultural: Parks and recreation							
Recreation centers and playgrounds	\$	141,889	\$	168,889	\$	168,461 \$	428
Library:							
Local library	\$_	119,537	\$_	127,310	\$_	127,310 \$	-
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$_	261,426	\$_	296,199	\$	295,771 \$	428

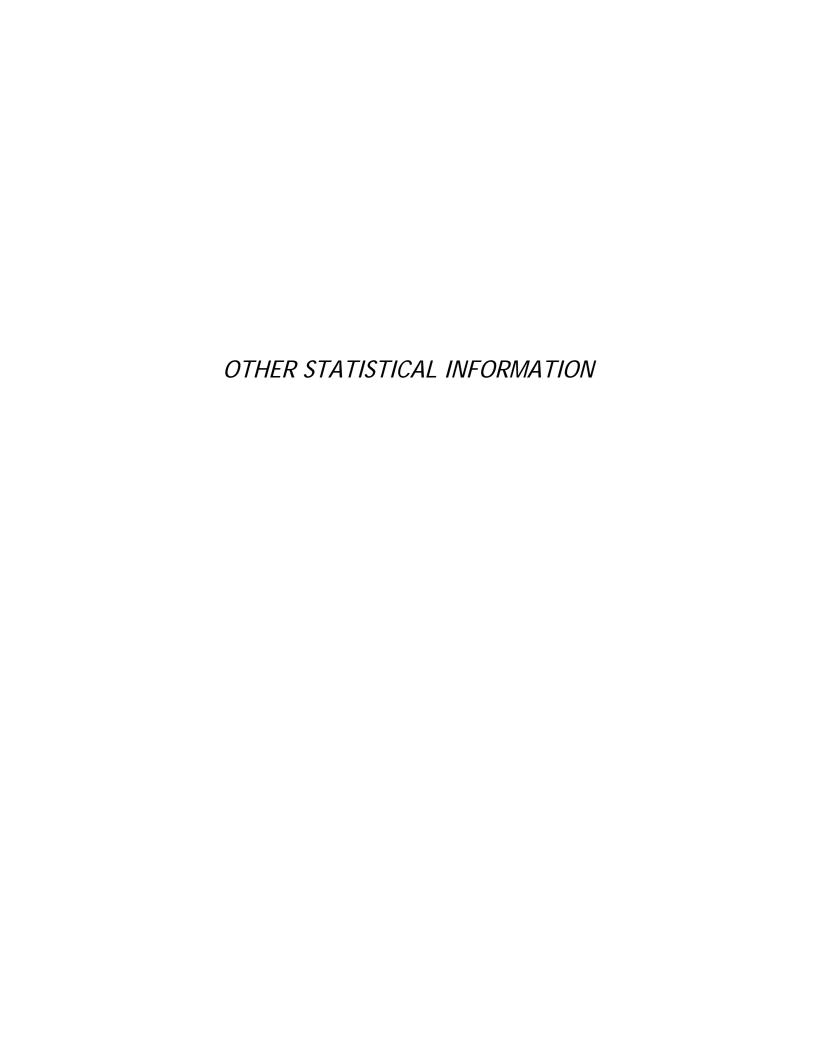
Governmental Funds -

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued)							
Community development: Planning and community development: Planning	\$	138,157	\$	131,007	\$	125,462 \$	5,545
Contribution to IDA Other community development	_	107,030 62,595		122,430 81,095		143,405 79,595	(20,975) 1,500
Total planning and community development	\$_	307,782	\$_	334,532	\$_	348,462 \$	(13,930)
Environmental management: Cooperative extension program	\$_	66,058	\$_	58,258	\$_	58,184 \$	74
Total environmental management	\$_	66,058	\$_	58,258	\$_	58,184 \$	74
Total community development	\$_	373,840	\$_	392,790	\$_	406,646 \$	(13,856)
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	\$_	20,500	\$	16,874	\$_	13,669 \$	3,205
Total nondepartmental	\$_	20,500	\$_	16,874	\$	13,669 \$	3,205
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	\$	2,255,694 748,944	\$	2,255,694 748,944	\$	2,288,363 \$ 749,109	(32,669) (165)
Total debt service	\$_	3,004,638	\$_	3,004,638	\$_	3,037,472 \$	(32,834)
Total General Fund	\$ <u></u>	21,279,820	\$ _	24,373,999	\$_	21,225,916 \$	3,148,083
County Capital Projects Fund: Public Works:							
Equipment purchases	\$_	255,000	\$_	3,436,204	\$_	932,771 \$	2,503,433
Community development: Planning and community development: Contribution to IDA	\$	- !	\$	-	\$	436,201 \$	(436,201)
Debt service: Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,271 \$	(8,271)
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$ <u></u>	255,000	\$ _	3,436,204	\$	1,377,243 \$	2,058,961
Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund: Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control:							
Asset forfeiture	\$_	30,000	\$_	30,000	\$_	8,478 \$	21,522
Total Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund	\$_	30,000	\$_	30,000	\$_	8,478 \$	21,522
Total Expenditures Primary Government	\$_	21,564,820	\$_	27,840,203	\$	22,611,637 \$	5,228,566

Governmental Funds -Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget	Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund:						
Education:						
Instruction - general	\$	17,437,892 \$	17,437,892	\$	15,148,289 \$	2,289,603
Administration, attendance and health	·	1,460,838	1,460,838		1,554,090	(93,252)
Pupil transportation services		1,703,217	1,703,217		1,759,905	(56,688)
Operation and maintenance services		1,798,985	1,798,985		2,881,036	(1,082,051)
Technology	_	485,178	485,178		412,481	72,697
Total education	\$_	22,886,110 \$	22,886,110	\$_	21,755,801 \$	1,130,309
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$	- \$	-	\$	66,045 \$	(66,045)
Interest and fiscal charges	_	<u> </u>	-		3,944	(3,944)
Total debt service	\$_	- \$	-	\$_	69,989 \$	(69,989)
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	22,886,110 \$	22,886,110	\$_	21,825,790 \$	1,060,320
Special Revenue Funds:						
School Cafeteria Fund:						
Education:						
School food services	\$_	1,066,235 \$	1,066,235	\$_	1,189,361 \$	(123,126)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	1,066,235 \$	1,066,235	\$_	1,189,361 \$	(123,126)
School Activity Funds:						
Education:						
School activity funds	\$_	- \$	-	\$_	348,015 \$	(348,015)
Total School Activity Funds	\$_	\$	-	\$_	348,015 \$	(348,015)
Total ExpendituresComponent Unit						
School Board	\$_	23,952,345 \$	23,952,345	\$_	23,363,166 \$	589,179





COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	17,396,855	16,709,681	19,136,301	16,261,276	18,716,958	17,396,855	18,479,244	17,633,447	18,398,756	22,607,286
Water & Sewer	730,577 \$	751,153	733,133	758,193	744,703	657,608	826,530	813,517	845,449	948,442
Interest on Debt	297,632 \$ 1,374,340 \$	1,273,467	1,262,892	931,241	906,410	830,854	681,651	721,336	578,651	505,564
ommunity Develop- ment	297,632 \$	344,232	183,331	294,050	264,624	298,486	580,618	308,676	338,490	849,394
Recreation Community and Develop- Cultural ment	204,057 \$	189,675	164,143	183,975	183,441	170,359	161,249	200,813	264,401	96,095
R Education	7,070,705 \$ 204,057 \$	6,149,408	8,217,856	5,291,812	5,223,117	5,168,754	5,475,875	5,292,241	4,319,347	6,277,814
Health and Welfare	1,932,796 \$	2,206,638	2,265,269	2,391,382	3,117,946	2,679,781	2,342,261	2,091,999	2,247,631	2,615,399
Public Works	1,464,246 \$	1,342,077	1,398,307	1,478,367	1,569,264	1,774,395	1,854,140	1,693,714	2,493,041	3,171,602
Public Safety	2,554,065 \$	2,475,680	2,790,135	2,915,478	3,140,217	2,999,562	4,225,169	4,139,086	4,284,393	5,195,418
Judicial Admini- stration	554,421 \$	511,441	611,572	538,262	577,704	564,236	653,309	701,593	736,927	920,561
General Government Admini- stration	2014-15 \$ 1,214,016 \$	1,465,910	1,509,663	1,478,516	2,989,532	1,884,084	1,678,442	1,670,472	2,290,426	2,026,997
G Fiscal Year	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	五 2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Total	17,881,734	15,692,085	16,437,920	17,245,399	18,748,633	18,624,776	19,925,876	19,945,777	21,759,003	22,810,383
				Miscellaneous	74,365 \$	110,326	31,230	55,768	187,497	49,328	81,294	450,076	575,612	524,262
venues	Revenues	rrom tne Use of	Money &	Property	81,536 \$	84,321	71,587	968'66	93,916	90,399	51,762	37,116	395,534	554,564
General Revenues	Grants and	Contributions Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	1,370,941 \$	1,316,056	1,289,257	1,369,472	1,330,076	1,493,418	2,907,677	1,409,502	1,280,251	1,214,670
		Other	Local	Taxes	984,107 \$	978,723	1,036,014	1,138,808	1,201,850	1,268,451	1,409,015	1,580,619	1,488,916	1,584,646
		General	Property	Taxes	8,338,761 \$	8,616,541	9,270,856	9,432,189	9,729,665	9,888,246	10,324,189	10,855,355	11,514,584	11,758,633
		Capital	Grants and	Contributions	1,138,700 \$	1,131,900	1,131,900	1,131,900	1,131,900	1,131,900	1,131,900	1,131,900	1,131,900	1,228,951
Program Revenues		Operating	Grants and	Contributions	2,700,794 \$	2,802,462	2,887,084	3,139,010	3,478,097	3,495,902	3,159,038	3,532,559	4,264,863	4,584,373
Pr		Charges	for	Services	3,192,530 \$	651,756	719,992	878,356	1,595,632	1,207,132	861,001	948,650	1,107,343	1,360,284
			Fiscal	Year	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

General Government Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	29,459,576	26,999,330	27,629,266	28,141,715	30,628,123	30,765,760	33,427,936	34,748,440	41,378,533	41,154,536
Inter- govern-	mental	693,876 \$ 16,360,294 \$	16,289,560	16,363,309	16,519,805	17,838,743	17,901,041	20,424,003	20,563,315	25,896,333	24,921,030
	ا ام	\$									
:	Miscellaneous		602,095	429,620	421,306	550,214	679,813	733,528	1,084,584	1,314,130	1,331,152
Charges for	Services	81,272 \$ 2,833,525 \$	350,882	364,036	319,046	1,070,139	674,506	275,279	367,780	497,712	451,220
Revenues from the Use of Money &	Property	81,272 \$	83,689	71,328	69,266	92,365	86,762	51,482	36,192	386,935	536,671
Fines &	Forfeitures	147,655 \$	102,033	121,288	147,244	117,394	81,157	64,232	77,933	81,991	91,477
Permit Privilege Fees & Regulatory	Licenses	61,476 \$	53,823	54,021	102,103	72,881	98,319	78,074	92,894	180,175	450,014
Other Local	Taxes	984,107 \$	978,723	1,036,014	1,138,808	1,201,850	1,268,451	1,409,015	1,580,619	1,488,916	1,584,646
General Property	Taxes	8,297,371 \$	8,535,525	9,189,650	9,393,834	9,684,537	9,975,711	10,392,323	10,945,123	11,532,341	11,788,326
Fiscal	Year	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

General Government Expenditures by Function (1) (2)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	14,324 \$ 29,075,884	27,923,729	43,963,987	27,992,266	31,157,082	32,445,164	31,889,483	33,163,009	38,371,062	40,082,108
Non- Depart- mental	14,324 \$	10,842	9,870	8,070	1,307,586	179,932	8,326	13,288	14,145	13,669
Debt Service	3,830,264 \$	3,799,866	19,597,731	3,093,828	3,102,756	6,182,711	3,123,499	4,098,537	3,217,594	3,037,472
Community Develop- ment	300,431 \$	347,466	175,965	295,323	264,727	297,371	576,229	308,925	333,687	406,646
Recreation C and Cultural	203,446 \$	193,257	161,631	184,439	183,870	168,712	159,684	197,265	265,369	295,771
R Education	16,879,087 \$	15,672,638	15,537,401	15,391,420	16,097,741	16,068,576	17,424,460	18,660,484	22,571,085	23,303,770
Health and Welfare	1,960,970 \$	2,223,773	2,263,105	2,419,759	3,095,439	2,669,642	2,333,604	2,047,779	2,229,440	2,593,821
Public Works	2014-15 \$ 1,392,027 \$ 474,705 \$ 2,595,776 \$ 1,439,178 \$ 1,90	1,340,675	1,342,372	1,441,125	1,799,939	1,717,501	1,721,556	1,572,341	2,033,617	2,239,447
Public Safety	2,595,776 \$	2,452,995	2,867,416	3,140,058	3,079,674	3,057,596	4,294,998	4,008,749	5,089,459	5,334,739
Judicial Adminis- tration	474,705 \$	426,292	516,789	462,981	511,135	470,031	552,203	621,709	652,427	829,546
General Adminis- tration	1,392,027 \$	1,455,925	1,491,707	1,555,263	1,714,215	1,633,092	1,694,924	1,633,932	1,964,239	2,027,227
Fiscal Year	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

⁽²⁾ Does not include nondepartmental expenditures and contributions from the Primary Government to the Component Unit School Board.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total (1) Tax Levy	Current Tax (1) Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	(1) Tax (2) Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding (1,3) Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2014-15 \$	8,978,881 \$	8,670,652 \$	%26	\$ 390,400 \$	9,061,052 \$	101% \$	1,012,552	11%
	9,273,465	8,907,664	%96	321,394		100%	1,099,043	12%
2016-17	9,755,229	9,342,283	%96	333,592	9,061,063	101%	1,216,729	11%
2017-18	9,990,333	9,661,505	%26	338,316	9,999,821	100%	1,197,911	12%
2018-19	10,133,475	9,887,658	%86	315,597	10,203,255	101%	1,243,039	12%
	10,481,679	10,072,765	%96	400,489	10,473,254	100%	1,155,574	11%
	9,891,003	10,546,321	107%	397,680	10,944,001	111%	1,087,439	11%
2021-22	10,567,837	11,035,016	104%	432,894	11,467,910	109%	997,673	%6
	11,200,443	11,634,608	104%	431,419	12,066,027	108%	979,915	%6
	11,505,585	11.549.317	100%	776,608	12,325,925	107%	950,222	%8

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

⁽²⁾ Does not include land redemptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes personal and real property

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	910,111,258	922,488,606	936,209,902	952,268,784	969,516,730	1,014,477,492	1,065,792,587	1,118,525,299	1,164,153,101	1,306,684,063
Machinery & Tools	,282,000 \$ 2,607,358 \$	3,548,241	4,289,336	4,258,997	7,356,394	6,306,924	6,244,312	5,757,301	5,941,446	5,446,718
Airplane	1,282,000 \$	989,730	986,126	954,838	989,886	739,243	685,900	465,900	1,584,600	1,122,590
Public Service	89,308,219 \$	99,504,783	103,601,117	113,931,238	121,991,999	117,466,679	120,792,910	127,645,052	119,920,065	113,369,180
Mobile Homes	5,097,583 \$	5,141,805	5,221,031	5,284,455	5,472,864	5,643,297	3,884,726	4,063,794	4,184,576	4,225,264
Personal Property	57,654,972 \$	57,656,604	62,781,046	64,737,067	64,743,501	67,196,108	67,987,956	75,959,688	86,253,061	89,709,947
Real Estate	754,161,126 \$	755,647,443	759,331,246	763,102,189	768,962,086	817,125,241	866,196,783	904,633,564	946,269,353	1,092,810,364
Fiscal Year	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

Kates	Years
א אם צ	Fiscal
Property	Ten
5	Last

Machinery & Tools	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75
	 	-								
Airplane	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
	ا ا	-								
Public Service	0.68/0.74	0.74/0.78	0.78/0.78	0.78/0.78	0.78/0.78	0.78/0.77	0.77/0.75	0.75/0.75	0.75/0.75	0.75/0.60
	 	-								
Personal Property	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
	∾	-								
Real Estate	0.68/0.74	0.74/0.78	0.78/0.78	0.78/0.78	0.78/0.78	0.78/0.77	0.77/0.75	0.75/0.75	0.75/0.75	0.75/0.60
	 ∽	-								
Fiscal Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
	1									

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	3,715	3,471	3,115	2,954	2,772	2,580	2,468	2,253	2,035	1,807
Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value	0.0410 \$	0.0378	0.0334	0.0312	0.0287	0.0256	0.0224	0.0195	0.0169	0.0134
Net Bonded Debt	37,344,422 \$	34,889,571	31,309,519	29,692,266	27,859,529	25,938,223	23,882,055	21,798,202	19,685,285	17,482,194
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	37,344,422 \$	34,889,571	31,309,519	29,692,266	27,859,529	25,938,223	23,882,055	21,798,202	19,685,285	17,482,194
Assessed Value (2)	910,111,258 \$	922,488,606	936,209,902	952,268,784	969,516,730	1,014,477,492	1,065,792,587	1,118,525,299	1,164,153,101	1,306,684,063
Population (1)	10,052 \$	10,052	10,052	10,052	10,052	10,052	9,675	9,675	9,675	9,675
Fiscal Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

(2) From Table 6

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and Literary Fund Loans.

Excludes capital leases, and compensated absences.









ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Cumberland Cumberland, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Cumberland, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Cumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associated

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Cumberland, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Cumberland Cumberland, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Cumberland, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Cumberland, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. County of Cumberland, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, County of Cumberland, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Cumberland, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Cumberland, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Cumberland, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Cumberland, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Cumberland, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test
 basis, evidence regarding County of Cumberland, Virginia's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in
 the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates
Richmond, Virginia

December 23, 2024

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assisance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Exp	enditures
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:				
Pass through payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	39001-10220	\$	36,385
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	Unknown		4,637
Total Department of Justice			\$	41,022
DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY:				
Pass through payments:				
Department of Accounts:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF)	21.027	Unknown	\$	645,363
Total Department of Treasury			\$	645,363
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Pass through payments:				
Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0040111	\$	239,737
Department of Agriculture:				
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	10.558	Unknown	\$	10,199
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	Unknown		3,256
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Food distribution - National School Lunch Program	10.555	Unknown	45,222	
Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	406230	721,251	
	Total 10.555			766,473
School Breakfast Program	10.553	405910		328,222
•		Total Child Nutrition Clust	er	1,094,695
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	1,347,887
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Social Services:	03 470	4440400		2 52 4
Title VI-E Prevention Program	93.472	1140123 1110123	\$	2,521
Guardianship Assistance	93.090			178
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.556 93.566	0950123 0500123		1,487 518
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600423		26,678
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Service Programs	93.645	0900123		121
Foster Care Title IV - E	93.658	1100123		67,561
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120123		78,628
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000123		102,944
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150123		1,805
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	8000223		2,167
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540123		2,150
Medicaid Cluster:	03 770	4200422		100 271
Medical Assistance Program Tomporary Assistance for Neody Families	93.778	1200123		188,371
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CCDF Cluster:	93.558	0400123		122,236
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care				
and Development Fund	93.596	0760123		26,758
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	624,123

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Exp	enditures
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
Pass through payments:				
Virgina Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	429010	\$	504,407
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				•
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	430710, 871380		421,254
Special Education - Preschool grants	84.173	625210		7,988
Ψ	Total Sr	pecial Education Cluste	r (IDFA)·	429,242
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	610950, 866470	. (1027).	36,256
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving	01.010	010750, 000170		30,230
Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	614800		77,239
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	605650		535,265
Rural Education	84.358	434810		29,968
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	S424A170048		41,955
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	60177, 50195, 60041	\$ 7,227	,,,,,
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School	0.1.1202	30111, 30113, 30011	, ,==.	
Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	50193	796,134	
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School	0.1.1200	30.73	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Emergency Relief -Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	Unknown	4,029	
and general received and read.	Total 84.425	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.,027	807,390
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	605120		7,212
33334		****	-	.,
Total Department of Education			\$_	2,468,934
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:				
Direct payments:				
ROTC Language and Culture Training Grants	12.357	n/a	\$_	13,522
Total Department of Defense			\$_	13,522
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	5,140,851

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards. \\

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Cumberland, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the reporting requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Cumberland, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County of Cumberland, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note 5 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 6 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note 7 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 1,545,245
Total primary government	\$ 1,545,245
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 3,550,384
School Cafeteria Fund	45,222
Total Component Unit School Board	\$ 3,595,606
Total federal expenditures per basic financial	
statements	\$ 5,140,851
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures	
of Federal Awards	\$ 5,140,851

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficienc(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

_	Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
	21.027	COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF)	
	84.425	Education Stabilization Fund	
	10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster	

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

and Type B programs: \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Prior Year Findings

There are no findings from the prior year.

