

FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

County of Brunswick, Virginia Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024



Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Relations Court Jacqueline R. Waymack
Clerk of the School Board Amy Clary





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Brunswick, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Brunswick, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Brunswick, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Brunswick, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Brunswick, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Brunswick, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of County of Brunswick, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Brunswick, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We and other auditors do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Brunswick, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2025, on our consideration of County of Brunswick, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Brunswick, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering County of Brunswick, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia

Robinson, Farm, Cex Association

March 13, 2025

COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Citizens of Brunswick, County County of Brunswick, Virginia

As management of County of Brunswick, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

 On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the County exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$25,612,108 (net position), an increase of \$2,975,826 over the prior year.

Fund Financial Statements

In the Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, expenditures and other financing uses exceeded revenues and other financing sources by \$7,222,543 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$7,302,976 to the School Board.

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$67,936,853 a decrease of \$7,222,543 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$16,800,895 or 55% of total general fund expenditures.
- Combined long-term obligations for the governmental funds decreased \$1,737,861 during the current fiscal year. Debt balances decreased by \$1,412,794.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Overview of the Financial Statements: (Continued)

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only County of Brunswick, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which County of Brunswick, Virginia is financially accountable and a legally separate industrial development authority for which the County appoints a majority of its board members. Financial information for these component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. County of Brunswick, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation between the two methods is provided following the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County's major funds are the General Fund, the Virginia Public Assistance Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the County Capital Improvements Fund.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. The County has no Proprietary Funds.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's custodial funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Custodial funds are used to provide accountability of various monies for which the County is custodian.

Overview of the Financial Statements: (Continued)

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules, funding schedules for the Virginia Retirement System and other postemployment benefits. Other supplementary information presented includes various combining financial statements for the County's non-major funds and the discretely presented component unit - School Board, supporting schedules, and statistical information. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements. The Component Unit IDA's statements can be obtained by contacting the Authority's Executive Director, 116 West Hicks Street, Lawrenceville, VA 23868.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County's governmental activities, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$25,612,108 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

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	Governme	nta	al Activities
	2024		2023
Current and other assets	\$ 85,275,384	\$	89,991,329
Capital assets	30,594,094		22,421,777
Total assets	\$ 115,869,478	\$	112,413,106
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,030,296	\$	2,218,307
Current liabilities	\$ 7,091,085	\$	5,731,173
Long-term liabilities	74,679,474		76,417,335
Total liabilities	\$ 81,770,559	\$	82,148,508
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 10,517,107	\$	9,846,623
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 20,940,239	\$	11,127,203
Restricted	425,897		400,137
Unrestricted	4,245,972		11,108,942
Total net position	\$ 25,612,108	\$	22,636,282

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's net investment in capital assets was \$20,940,239. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens: therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$2,975,826.

Summary Statement of Change in Net Position

	Governme	nta	l Activities	
	_	2024		2023
Revenues:	_			
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	3,750,914	\$	3,542,994
Operating grants and contributions		8,281,130		6,456,350
Capital grants and contributions		757,886		267,629
General revenues:				
General property taxes		20,219,192		21,126,888
Other local taxes		1,940,973		1,936,674
Grants and other contributions				
not restricted		1,746,357		1,826,341
Use of money		3,138,827		2,139,218
Miscellaneous	_	419,317		201,665
Total revenues	\$_	40,254,596	\$_	37,497,759
Expenses:				
General government administration	\$	2,027,655	\$	2,944,988
Judicial administration		2,271,865		2,258,775
Public safety		11,827,860		10,125,878
Public works		3,653,316		3,648,395
Health and welfare		4,456,115		3,784,328
Education		8,061,401		7,431,240
Parks, recreation, and cultural		485,358		637,625
Community development		2,010,889		1,205,121
Interest on long-term debt	_	2,484,311		2,426,711
Total expenses	\$_	37,278,770	\$_	34,463,061
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$_	2,975,826	\$_	3,034,698
Net position, July 1	\$	22,636,282	\$	19,601,584
Net position, June 30	\$_	25,612,108	\$	22,636,282

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$67,936,853, a decrease of \$7,222,543 from the prior year. Approximately 25% of the total fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is segregated to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed or assigned.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, budgetary estimates exceeded revenues and other financing sources by \$76,982. Budgetary estimates exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$3,354,317. The combination of the two resulted in a positive variance of \$3,277,335.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$30,594,094 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, leased equipment, leased infrastructure, and machinery and equipment. The County's capital assets increased by \$9,216,264 during the current fiscal year, while accumulated depreciation increased by \$1,043,947, resulting in a net increase of \$8,172,317.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 7 of this report.

<u>Long-term debt and other obligations</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term debt and other obligations outstanding of \$74,679,474 for its governmental operations. Of this amount \$66,769,541 comprises obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt for governmental operations (\$7,909,933) represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

The County's total debt and other long-term obligations outstanding decreased by \$2,076,530 during the current fiscal year. Required payments made on outstanding principal balances were offset by the changes in pension and OPEB liabilities.

Additional information on County of Brunswick, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County is currently 4.40 percent, which is an increase from a rate of 4.30 percent a year ago. This is slightly higher than the state's average unemployment rate of 2.70 percent and the national average rate of 4.1 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2025 fiscal year.

The County's fiscal year 2025 budget amounted to \$85,913,575 (net of interfund transfers and transfers to the Component Unit School Board and does not include expenditures of the Component Unit School Board).

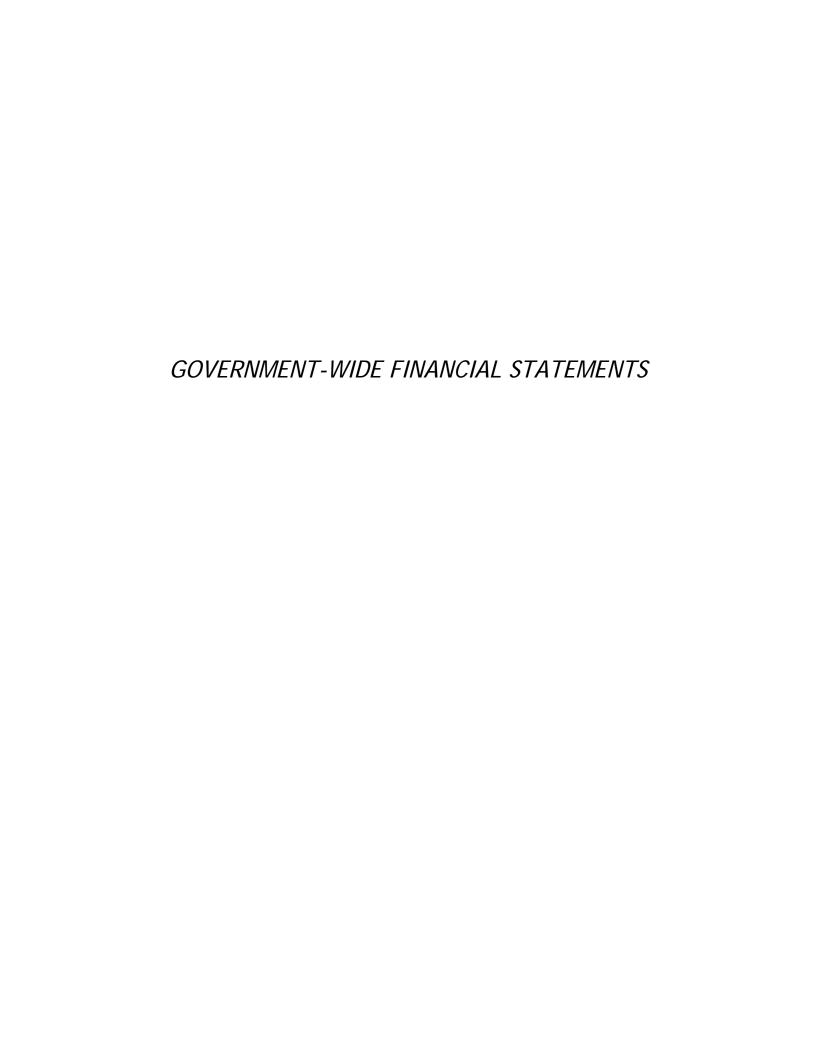
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Brunswick, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 228 North Main Street, P.O. Box 399, Lawrenceville, Virginia 23868.











		Primary Government		Componen	t Units
		Governmental	_	School	ID.4
ASSETS		Activities	_	Board	IDA
Cash and cash equivalents	<u> </u>	18,741,010	\$	- \$	1,931,185
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	·	-, ,		·	,,
Taxes receivable		11,233,332		-	-
Accounts receivable		555,016		27,899	487
Lease receivable		118,478		-	-
Opioid receivable		164,609		-	-
Due from primary government		-		1,127,080	-
Due from other governmental units		1,086,941		3,184,776	-
Prepaid items		26,753		-	-
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		53,349,245		-	-
Other assets:					2 420 407
Land and improvements held for sale		-		-	3,428,486
Investment in industrial assets Notes receivable		-		-	6,842,256
Net pension asset		-		315,460	656,564 202,500
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		-		313,400	202,300
Land		4,268,265		25,822	275,572
Buildings and improvements		9,034,625		7,265,279	£1 J, J1 £
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		2,997,852		1,230,802	20,690
Lease equipment		26,600		-	20,070
Lease infrastructure		1,867,727		-	-
Intangibles		90,585		-	-
Construction in progress		12,308,440		-	-
Total assets	\$	115,869,478	\$	13,177,118 \$	13,357,740
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	<u> </u>	
Deferred charge on refunding	s	246,801	ς	- \$	_
Pension related items	*	1,539,781	*	2,655,213	10,834
OPEB related items		243,714		288,311	4,566
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	2,030,296	· \$ _	2,943,524 \$	15,400
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	<u> </u>	2,783,114	¢	742,230 \$	_
Accrued liabilities	J	2,703,114	٠	979,346	
Escrow accounts		_		-	750
Accrued interest payable		1,131,001		-	-
Due to component unit		1,127,080		_	
Unearned revenue		2,049,890		-	-
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year		2,505,071		99,633	-
Due in more than one year		72,174,403		11,356,797	10,434
Total liabilities	\$	81,770,559	\$	13,178,006 \$	11,184
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred revenue-property taxes	s	9,803,707	Ś	- \$	-
Lease related items	,	114,654	*	-	-
Pension related items		397,330		2,381,911	117,025
OPEB related items		201,416		705,727	2,039
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	10,517,107	\$	3,087,638 \$	119,064
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			_		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	20,940,239	\$	8,192,479 \$	7,138,518
Restricted:					
Anti-litter		651		-	-
Electronic summons		151,661		-	-
Emergency Services		95,628		-	-
Law library		27,340		-	
Drug enforcement		39,348		-	-
Courthouse maintenance		108,288		-	-
Employee benefits - sheriff		2,981		-	
School activity funds		-		92,340	
Pension asset		-		315,460	202,500
Unrestricted (deficit)		4,245,972	- , —	(8,745,281)	5,901,874
Total net position (deficit)	\$	25,612,108	\$	(145,002) \$	13,242,892

		_		Р	rogram Revenues		
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	. <u>-</u>	Charges for Services	. <u>-</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	• ,	Capital Grants and Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$ 2,027,655	\$	55,239	\$	1,344,751	\$	-
Judicial administration	2,271,865		2,112,022		732,706		-
Public safety	11,827,860		293,295		1,851,652		-
Public works	3,653,316		1,197,703		800,000		-
Health and welfare	4,456,115		-		3,259,739		-
Education	8,061,401		-		-		61,499
Parks, recreation, and cultural	485,358		-		288,054		-
Community development	2,010,889		92,655		4,228		696,387
Interest on long-term debt	2,484,311		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	\$ 37,278,770	\$	3,750,914	\$	8,281,130	\$	757,886
COMPONENT UNITS:							
School Board	\$ 29,694,167	\$	70,886	\$	22,522,530	\$	-
Industrial Development Authority	872,626		16,164		615,761		206,237
Total component units	\$ 30,566,793	\$	87,050	\$	23,138,291	\$	206,237

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use tax

Consumer's utility taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Other local taxes

Payment from County of Brunswick

Unrestricted revenues from use of money

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position (deficit) - beginning

Net position (deficit) - ending

_	Net (Expense) I	٩e١	enue and Change:	in	Net Position
	Primary				
_	Government		Compo	ner	nt Units
•	Governmental		School		
	Activities		Board		IDA
•					
\$	(627,665)				
Y	572,863				
	(9,682,913)				
	(1,655,613)				
	(1,196,376)				
	(7,999,902)				
	(197,304)				
	(1,217,619)				
	(2,484,311)				
\$	(24,488,840)				
•	, , , ,				
		\$	(7,100,751)	\$	-
					(34,464)
		\$	(7,100,751)	\$	(34,464)
\$	20,219,192	\$	_	\$	_
Y	1,120,835	7	_	Y	_
	242,115		_		-
	381,669		_		_
	196,354		_		-
	-		7,577,185		-
	3,138,827		400		25,971
	419,317		789,795		170,659
	1,746,357		-		-
	-		-		261,750
\$	27,464,666	\$	8,367,380	\$	458,380
•	2,975,826		1,266,629		423,916
	22,636,282		(1,411,631)		12,818,976
\$	25,612,108	\$	(145,002)	\$	13,242,892







Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General	Virginia Public Assistance		School Debt Service	County Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS	_								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	19,200,498 \$	5,783	\$	- !	\$ -	\$ 21,920	\$	19,228,201
Taxes receivable Accounts receivable		11,233,332 555,016	-		-	-	-		11,233,332 555,016
Lease receivable		118,478	-		-	-	-		118,478
Opioid receivable		164,609	-		_	-	-		164,609
Due from other funds		273,252	-		-	-	-		273,252
Due from other governmental units		563,429	195,819		-	202,917	124,776		1,086,941
Prepaid items Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:		16,010	4,740		-	-	6,003		26,753
Cash and cash equivalents		-	-		-	53,349,245	-		53,349,245
Total assets	\$	32,124,624 \$	206,342	\$	-	\$ 53,552,162	\$ 152,699	\$	86,035,827
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	324,815 \$	-	\$	- 1	\$ 2,383,111	\$ 75,188	\$	2,783,114
Overdraft		-	-		67,438	416,129	3,624		487,191
Unearned revenue		2,049,890	-		-	-	-		2,049,890
Due to other funds		-	206,342		-	-	66,910		273,252
Due to component unit	_	1,127,080	-						1,127,080
Total liabilities	\$_	3,501,785 \$	206,342	\$ <u>_</u>	67,438	\$ 2,799,240	\$ 145,722	\$_	6,720,527
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	11,099,184 \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	11,099,184
Opioid Lease related items		164,609	-		-	-	-		164,609
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	114,654 11,378,447		_		-	-	_	114,654 11,378,447
FUND BALANCES	_		_						
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items	\$	16,010 \$	4,740	\$	- :	\$ -	\$ 6,003	\$	26,753
Restricted:		, ,	,				,		,
Anti-litter		651	-		-	-	-		651
Electronic summons		151,661	-		-	-	-		151,661
Emergency Services		95,628	-		-	-	-		95,628
Law library		27,340	-		-	-	-		27,340
Drug enforcement		39,348	-		-	-	-		39,348
Courthouse maintenance		108,288	-		-	-	-		108,288
Employee benefits - sheriff		-	-		-	-	2,981		2,981
Assigned:									
DMV Select		4,571	-		-	-	-		4,571
Other capital projects Unassigned:		-	-		-	50,752,922	-		50,752,922
General fund		16,800,895	-		-	-	-		16,800,895
Special revenue funds		-	(4,740)		-	-	(2,007)		(6,747)
Debt service funds		-	-		(67,438)	-	-		(67,438)
Total fund balances	\$	17,244,392 \$	-	\$	(67,438)	\$ 50,752,922	\$ 6,977	\$	67,936,853
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	Ś	32,124,624 \$	206,342	ċ	- :	\$ 53,552,162	\$ 152,699	ċ	86,035,827

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land \$ 4,268,265 Construction in progress 12,308,440 Buildings and improvements 9,034,625 Machinery, equipment, and vehicles 2,997,852 Leased equipment 26,600 Leased infrastructure 1,887,777 Intangibles 90,585 30,594 Machinery, equipment, and vehicles 2,997,852 Leased equipment 26,600 Leased infrastructure 1,887,777 Intangibles 90,585 30,594 Machinery, equipment, and vehicles 2,997,852 Leased equipment 26,600 Leased infrastructure 1,887,777 Intangibles 90,585 30,594 Machinery, equipment, and vehicles 1,887,777 Intangibles 90,585 30,594 Machinery, equipment 36,600 Leased infrastructure 1,887,777 Unavailable revenue - property taxes 9,1,295,477 Unavailable revenue - property taxes 9,1,295,477 Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement 164,609 1,460 Machinery 164,609	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Land \$ 4,268,265 Construction in progress 12,308,440 Buildings and improvements 9,034,625 Machinery, equipment, and vehicles 2,997,852 Leased equipment 26,600 Leased infrastructure 1,867,777 90,585 30,594 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement 164,609 1,460 1,46	Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	67,936,853
therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement The deferred charge on refunding is to be amortized as interest expense over the life of the debt. Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items S 1,539,781 OPEB related items S 1,539,781 OPEB related items Lease revenue bonds Fues: (Premium) discount on issuance General obligation bonds Plus: (Premium on issuance General obligation bonds Plus: Premium on issuance (2,558,874) Brodnax sewer capacity agreement Lease liabilities (2,021,905) Arbitrage liabilities (2,021,905) Arbitrage liability Compensated absences (825,968) Landfill closure/postclosure liability (772,025) Net OPEB liabilities (1,337,205) Net OPEB liabilities (1,131,001) Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	are not reported in the funds. Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment, and vehicles Leased equipment Leased infrastructure	\$	12,308,440 9,034,625 2,997,852 26,600 1,867,727	_	30,594,094
the debt. 246 Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items \$ 1,539,781 OPEB related items \$ 243,714 1,783 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Lease revenue bonds \$ (7,650,000) Plus: (Premium) discount on issuance (259,933) General obligation bonds (54,253,389) Plus: Premium on issuance (2,558,874) Brodnax sewer capacity agreement (96,096) Lease liabilities (2,021,905) Arbitrage liability (129,704) Compensated absences (825,968) Landfill closure/postclosure liability (772,025) Net OPEB liabilities (1,337,205) Net pension liability (4,774,375) Accrued interest payable (1,131,001) (75,816) Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items \$ (397,330)	therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ -		_	1,460,086
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items OPEB related items Cong-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Lease revenue bonds Lease revenue bonds Plus: (Premium) discount on issuance General obligation bonds General obligation bonds Flus: Premium on issuance (259,933) General obligation bonds (54,253,389) Plus: Premium on issuance (2,558,874) Brodnax sewer capacity agreement (96,096) Lease liabilities (2,021,905) Arbitrage liability Compensated absences (825,968) Landfill closure/postclosure liability (772,025) Net OPEB liabilities (1,337,205) Net pension liability Accrued interest payable Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items \$ (397,330)					246,801
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Lease revenue bonds Plus: (Premium) discount on issuance (259,933) General obligation bonds (54,253,389) Plus: Premium on issuance (2,558,874) Brodnax sewer capacity agreement (96,096) Lease liabilities (2,021,905) Arbitrage liability (129,704) Compensated absences (825,968) Landfill closure/postclosure liability (772,025) Net OPEB liabilities (1,337,205) Net pension liability (4,774,375) Accrued interest payable Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items \$ (397,330)	therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items			_	1,783,495
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items \$ (397,330)	period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Lease revenue bonds Plus: (Premium) discount on issuance General obligation bonds Plus: Premium on issuance Brodnax sewer capacity agreement Lease liabilities Arbitrage liability Compensated absences Landfill closure/postclosure liability Net OPEB liabilities Net pension liability	\$	(259,933) (54,253,389) (2,558,874) (96,096) (2,021,905) (129,704) (825,968) (772,025) (1,337,205) (4,774,375)))))))	(75,810,475)
OPEB related items (201,416) (598)	therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items	\$			
Net position of governmental activities \$ 25,612		-	(201,416)		(598,746)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	General	Virginia Public Assistance	School Debt Service	County Capital Improve- ments	Other Govern- mental Funds	Total
REVENUES	_						
General property taxes Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees,	\$	17,984,087 \$ 1,940,973	- \$ -	- \$ -	2,175,428 \$	- \$ -	20,159,515 1,940,973
and regulatory licenses		70,547	_	_		_	70,547
Fines and forfeitures		1,560,009	_	_	_	_	1,560,009
Revenue from the use of		1,300,007					1,300,007
money and property		257,241	-	-	2,973,309	-	3,230,550
Charges for services		2,028,635	-	-	-	-	2,028,635
Miscellaneous		153,032	17,156	-	238,701	10,428	419,317
Recovered costs		1,395,348	-	-	, -	· -	1,395,348
Intergovernmental:		, ,					, ,
Commonwealth		5,645,922	847,214	-	24,922	796,327	7,314,385
Federal		1,186,290	1,405,192	61,499	671,465	80,852	3,405,298
Total revenues	\$	32,222,084 \$	2,269,562 \$	61,499 \$		887,607 \$	41,524,577
EXPENDITURES		_		_		_	
Current:							
General government administration	\$	2,866,578 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	2,866,578
Judicial administration	Ÿ	2,195,712	-	-	-	-	2,195,712
Public safety		11,411,485	_	_		9,216	11,420,701
Public works		3,521,688	_	_		33,658	3,555,346
Health and welfare		354,722	2,771,504	_	_	1,224,254	4,350,480
Education		7,475,321	-,,	_	-	-	7,475,321
Parks, recreation, and cultural		457,218	-	_	-	-	457,218
Community development		1,309,825	-	-	-	-	1,309,825
Capital projects		7,500	-	-	10,276,337	-	10,283,837
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		741,005	-	512,794	900,000	-	2,153,799
Interest and other fiscal charges		281,697	-	124,381	2,272,225	-	2,678,303
Total expenditures	\$	30,622,751 \$	2,771,504 \$	637,175 \$	13,448,562 \$	1,267,128 \$	48,747,120
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	\$	1,599,333 \$	(501,942) \$	(575,676) \$	(7,364,737) \$	(379,521) \$	(7,222,543)
	- ۲	1,377,333 3	(301,742) \$	(373,070) \$	(7,304,737)	(377,321) 3	(7,222,343)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_						
Transfers in	\$	- \$	501,942 \$	576,639 \$	219,066 \$	380,733 \$	1,678,380
Transfers out	·	(1,678,380)	-	,	-	-	(1,678,380)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(1,678,380) \$	501,942 \$	576,639 \$	219,066 \$	380,733 \$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(79,047) \$	- \$	963 \$	(7,145,671) \$	1,212 \$	(7,222,543)
Fund balances - beginning	Ş	17,323,439	- \$	(68,401)	57,898,593	5,765	75,159,396
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	ς-	17,323,439		(67,438) \$		6,977 \$	67,936,853
Tana batanees ename	= ۲	17,277,372	, 	(07,730)	30,732,722	۶	37,730,033

2,975,826

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation Adjustment for jointly owned assets Depreciation adjustment for jointly owned assets Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation Adjustment for jointly owned assets Depreciation adjustment for jointly owned assets Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	3)
Depreciation adjustment for jointly owned assets 238,585 8,172,317 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	-,
\cdot	7
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Increase (decrease) in property taxes \$ 59,677	
Increase (decrease) in opioid settlement 65,690 125,367	7
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items. Amortization of premium (discount) on issuance Principal retired on lease liabilities Principal retired on sewer capacity agreement Principal retired on bonds 2,384,985	5
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Decrease (increase) in compensated absences \$ (80,552) Pension expense (276,719) OPEB expense (65,172) Decrease (increase) in landfill closure/postclosure care liability (24,663) Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (68,463)	
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest payable 31,269 (484,300	<u>)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	_	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$_ \$_	34,061 34,061	
LIABILITIES			
Escrow deposits payable Total liabilities	\$_ \$_	31,920 31,920	
NET POSITION			
Restricted for: Special welfare Total net position	\$_ \$_	2,141 2,141	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS			
Special welfare collections	\$	4,467	
Sheriff fees		1,901	
Total additions	\$	6,368	
DEDUCTIONS			
Welfare costs	\$	6,294	
Sheriff fees remitted to State		1,901	
Total deductions	\$	8,195	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(1,827)	
Net position - beginning	_	3,968	
Net position - ending	\$	2,141	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

County of Brunswick, Virginia was formed in 1720 and is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection; sanitation services; recreational activities; cultural events; education and social services.

The financial statements of County of Brunswick, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for general purpose financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present County of Brunswick, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

C. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units to be included for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Brunswick County and are responsible for the operations of the County's School System. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Individual Component Unit Disclosures: (Continued)

The Brunswick County Industrial Development Authority assists in promoting Brunswick County for Industrial Development. The Authority is comprised of members that are appointed by the County's Board of Supervisors. Accordingly, the Authority is considered a component unit of the County and is included as a discrete presentation in the County's financial report. A complete set of financial statements for the Industrial Development Authority is available from the Authority.

D. Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Report: None

Excluded from the County's Financial Report:

Jointly Governed Organizations

Jointly governed organizations are regional governments or other multi-governmental arrangements that are governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organizations, and the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the organization.

The financial activities of the following organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements for the reasons indicated:

Meherrin Regional Library

The Meherrin Regional Library is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The Counties of Brunswick, Greensville and the City of Emporia provide the financial support for the Library and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. The County appoints five (5) of the ten (10) members of the Board. The County provided \$212,885 in operating funds to the Library in 2024.

Southside Community Services Board

The Board, created by resolution pursuant to state statute, is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The County appoints two of the board members; however, the County cannot impose its will on the Board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Board. The Board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements. Brunswick County contributed \$94,660 as operating grants to the Southside Community Services Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Other Related Organizations: (Continued)

Excluded from the County's Financial Report: (Continued)

Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority

The Authority, created by resolution pursuant to state statute, is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The Counties of Brunswick, Dinwiddie, and Mecklenburg participate in the Authority. The County Administrator and Sheriff of each participating locality serve on the Authority; however, the Authority is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the participating localities. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements. The regional jail bills each participating locality a per diem rate based upon the number of inmates housed at the facility. The per diem rates include components for both operating and debt service expenses. Brunswick County paid \$2,298,110 to the Jail for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Obtaining of Financial Statements for Jointly Governed Organizations

Complete financial statements of the jointly governed organizations may be obtained by contacting the County of Brunswick, Virginia, County Administrator, P.O. Box 399, 228 North Main Street, Lawrenceville, VA 23868.

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

E. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

F. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County of Brunswick, Virginia's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

F. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

G. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, postemployment benefits, and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases and subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for services, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues are used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

b. Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The special revenue funds consist of the Virginia Public Assistance Fund, the Airport Commission Fund, the Sheriff's Employee Fund, and the Comprehensive Services Act Fund. The Virginia Public Assistance Fund is the only special revenue fund considered to be a major fund at June 30, 2024.

c. Capital Projects Fund

The County Capital Improvements Fund account for and report all financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County Capital Improvements Fund is considered a major fund.

d. Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should also be used to report financial resources being accumulated for future debt service. The School Debt Service Fund is considered a major fund.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

2. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds)

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Custodial Funds consisting of the Special Welfare fund, Sheriff Funds, and the Bond Escrow Fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

3. <u>Component Unit:</u>

The Brunswick County School Board has the following funds:

Governmental Funds:

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Brunswick and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>School Cafeteria Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's food service program. Financing is provided primarily by food and beverage sales and state and federal grants. This fund is considered a major fund.

<u>School Activity Fund</u> - This fund accounts for and reports funds collected at the schools in connection with student athletics, clubs, various fundraising activities, and private donations. This fund is considered a nonmajor fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: Capital projects funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. This fund is considered a major fund.

H. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided or fines imposed by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

I. Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Budgetary comparison information is included in the annual report, including the government's original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

J. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Comprehensive Services Act Fund, VPA Fund, Airport Fund, the General Capital Projects Fund and the School Debt Service Fund of the primary government and the School Operating Fund, School Cafeteria Fund and School Capital Projects Fund of the School Board.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all county units.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget at June 30. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year end because they were not included in the original budget.
- 9. The expenditure budget is enacted through an annual appropriations ordinance. Appropriations are made at the departmental level for the primary government and at the function level for the School Board. State law requires that if budget amendments exceed 1% of the original adopted budget the Board of Supervisors may legally amend the budget only by following the procedures used in the adoption of the original budget. There were budget amendments during the year that exceeded the 1% limitation, for which a public hearing was held to approve the purchase of property and a building. The Board of Supervisors must approve all appropriations and transfers of appropriated amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

J. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)</u>

10. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the School Operating Fund at June 30, 2024.

K Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition by the government.

L. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

M. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$242,598 at June 30, 2024 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

N. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

O. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, lease, subscriptions, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For infrastructure asset the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of two years), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$50,000 are reported as capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Capital Assets (Continued)

As the County and Component Unit School Board constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, subscription assets and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building improvements	20-40
Buildings	40
Buses	8
Intangibles	35-40
Lease equipment	2-5
Lease infrastructure	22
Subscription assets	2
Office and computer equipment	5
Police vehicles	3
Vehicles	5

P. <u>Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements</u>

The County has various lease assets and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs) requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

Lessee

The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate, in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

P. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (Continued)

Lessor

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Subscriptions

The County recognizes intangible right-to-use subscription assets (subscription assets) and corresponding subscription liabilities with an initial value of \$5,000, in individually or in the aggregate, in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription, the subscription liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription liability term (less any contract incentives). The subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is measured at the initial amount of the subscription liability payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. The subscription asset is amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease and subscription-based IT arrangement accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease and subscription payments to present value, (2) lease and subscription term, and (3) lease and subscription payments.

- The County uses the interest rate stated in lease or subscription contracts. When the interest rate is not
 provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental
 borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and subscriptions.
- The lease and subscription terms include the noncancellable period of the lease or subscription and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease or subscription is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease or subscription incentives and certain other
 payments are included in the measurement of the lease receivable (lessor), lease liability (lessee) or
 subscription liability.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases and subscriptions. The County will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor), the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable, lease liability or subscription liability.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Q. Compensated Absences

Vacation

The County's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Sick Leave

Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of the County and, upon separation from service, limited monetary obligation exists. Generally, sick leave payout is capped at 25% or \$5,000 for County employees and \$25 per day for 125 days for School Board employees.

An estimate of ten percent of the liability has been classified as current in the government-wide financial statements.

R. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

S. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." The County's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external
 resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be
 changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the
 adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors
 prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in
 place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another
 ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

S. Fund Balance (Continued)

- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the
 criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or
 body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally
 only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the
 removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either
 remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is generally the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance/resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment, which does not lapse at year end, is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes) or other official to which the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts including but limited to the County Administrator and the Director of Finance.

T. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

U. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

U. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and prepaid amounts and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. On the accrual basis, real estate taxes levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and prepaid amounts are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, opioid, and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on the pension and OPEB related items, reference the related notes.

V. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

W. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

X. Net Position

For government-wide reporting, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization
 and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the
 acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred
 inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those
 assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

X. Net Position

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Y. Upcoming Pronouncements

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Note 2-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 2-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

The County's investments at June 30, 2024 were held in the County's name by the County's custodial banks.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's policy stipulates that investments in prime quality institutions must be rated no lower than A-1 by <u>Standard & Poor's Inc.</u>, no lower than AA by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., and no lower than Aa by Moody's. Investments in high quality corporate notes must be rated no lower than AA by <u>Standard & Poor's</u> and no lower than Aa by Moody's.

The County's and IDA's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2024 were rated by <u>Standard & Poor's</u> and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the <u>Standard & Poor's</u> rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	_	Ratings
		AAAm
Governmental Activities:		
Local government investment pool	\$	4,196
		AAAm
Component Unit Industrial Development Authority:		
Local government investment pool	\$	429,648

Interest Rate Risk

The County's investment policy concerning interest rate risk stipulates that unless matched to a specific cash flow, the County will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase. Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding 5 years if the maturity of such investments is made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of funds.

Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	 Value	Less Than 1 Year
Governmental Activities: Local government investment pool	\$ 4,196 \$	4,196
Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Local government investment pool	\$ 429,648 \$	429,648

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 2-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

External Investment Pool

The value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Note 3-Property Taxes:

Real property taxes are assessed on property values as of January 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date levied by the Board of Supervisors. Personal property taxes are assessed based on ownership as of January 1.

Real estate and personal property taxes are due on December 5.

A ten percent penalty is levied on all taxes not collected on or before their due date. An interest charge of ten percent per annum is also levied on such taxes beginning on their due date.

Property taxes for calendar year 2024 were levied by the County Board of Supervisors in August 2023, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2023.

Property taxes levied in the prior year have been recorded as receivables as of the date the County has the legal right to receive payments thereon. The receivables collected during the fiscal year and during the first 60 days of the succeeding fiscal year are recognized as revenues in the current fiscal year. Taxes receivable as of the end of the year (June 30) and not collected until the succeeding year are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 4-Receivables:

Receivables at June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

	Primary Gov		Compone	ent Units
	Governmental	Activities		
	General	Total	School Board	IDA
Property taxes	\$ 11,394,365 \$	11,394,365 \$	- \$	-
Allowance for uncollectibles	(242,598)	(242,598)	-	-
Net taxes receivable	\$ 11,151,767 \$	11,151,767 \$	- \$	-
Accounts receivable:				
Landfill host fees	\$ 233,013 \$	233,013 \$	- \$	-
Landfill inspection costs	47,543	47,543	-	-
Utility and consumption taxes	23,963	23,963	-	-
Courthouse security	33,624	33,624	-	-
Court fines	133,401	133,401	-	-
Transport billing services	7,314	7,314	-	-
Insurance proceeds	6,178	6,178	-	-
Recordation tax	4,287	4,287	-	-
Expenditure refunds	-	-	16,705	-
Electronic summons	7,323	7,323	-	-
Other	58,370	58,370	11,194	487
Total accounts receivable	\$ 555,016 \$	555,016 \$	27,899 \$	487
Notes receivable:				
304 Hicks Street	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	50,509
319 N. Main Street	-	-	-	8,831
315 & 319 N. Main Street	-	-	-	377,028
139 Hicks Street	-	-	-	214,131
Others	-	-	-	6,065
Total notes receivable	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	656,564

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 5-Due from Other Governmental Units:

At June 30, 2024, the County had receivables from other governments as follows:

			Component Unit			
	_		Special	Capital		School
		General	Revenue	Projects	Total	Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:	_					
Local sales taxes	\$	197,964	\$ - \$	- \$	197,964 \$	-
State sales taxes		-	-	-	-	386,186
Communication sales taxes		42,943	-	-	42,943	-
Public assistance		-	77,722	-	77,722	-
Comprehensive services		-	123,113	-	123,113	-
Shared expenses and grants		188,126	-	-	188,126	-
Wireless E911 revenues		13,640	-	-	13,640	-
Mobile home taxes		12,834	-	-	12,834	-
Victim witness		8,047	-	-	8,047	-
E-Rate		-	-	-	-	20,160
DMV commission		3,169	-	-	3,169	-
Other		50,571	1,663	-	52,234	13,020
Federal government:						
Victim witness		17,378	-	-	17,378	-
Public assistance		-	118,097	-	118,097	-
CDBG funds		-	-	202,917	202,917	-
Criminal justice		28,757	-	-	28,757	-
Title I		-	-	-	-	112,442
Title VI-B		-	-	-	-	138,777
Education stabilization		-	-	-	-	2,129,618
American rescue plan act		-	-	-	-	276,114
Vocational education		-	-	-	-	5,866
Nutrition		-	-	-	-	14,478
Other	_	-			<u> </u>	88,115
Total	\$_	563,429	\$ <u>320,595</u> \$	202,917 \$	1,086,941 \$	3,184,776

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6-Leases Receivable

The county leases building space to a tenant under a lease contract. In fiscal year 2024, the County recognized lease and interest revenue in the amount of \$92,241 and \$936, respectively. A description of the lease is as follows:

	Start	End	Payment	Discount	Receivable	Amounts Owed Within
Lease Description	Date	Date	Frequency	Rate	Balance	One Year
Fiberbright Building Lease	October 2021	December 2025	Monthly	0.555% \$	118,478	\$ 94,622

There are no variable payment for the lease receivable above.

Year Ending	Governmental Activities								
June 30,	Р	Principal	Int	terest	Total				
2025	\$	94,622	\$	418	\$	95,040			
2026		23,856		22	-	23,878			
Total	\$	118,478	\$	440	\$	118,918			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 7-Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets during the year:

Primary Government:

Triniary Government.	_	Balance July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land Construction in Progress	\$ _	4,268,265 \$ 3,406,374	- \$ 8,902,066	- \$ -	4,268,265 12,308,440
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	7,674,639 \$	8,902,066 \$	- \$	16,576,705
Other capital assets: Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and vehicles Intangibles Lease equipment Lease infrastructure Jointly owned assets	\$	16,010,986 \$ 11,265,217 344,214 68,798 2,162,632 2,166,183	247,404 \$ 711,279	- \$ 119,842 - 11,849 - 512,794	16,258,390 11,856,654 344,214 56,949 2,162,632 1,653,389
Total other capital assets	\$_	32,018,030 \$	958,683 \$	644,485 \$	32,332,228
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and vehicles Intangibles Lease equipment Lease infrastructure Jointly owned assets	\$	7,623,964 \$ 8,174,448 244,571 28,530 196,603 1,002,776	433,415 \$ 804,196 9,058 13,668 98,302 55,584	- \$ 119,842 - 11,849 - 238,585	8,057,379 8,858,802 253,629 30,349 294,905 819,775
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	17,270,892 \$	1,414,223 \$	370,276 \$	18,314,839
Other capital assets, net Net capital assets	\$_ \$_	14,747,138 \$ 22,421,777 \$	(455,540) \$ 8,446,526 \$	274,209 \$ 274,209 \$	14,017,389 30,594,094
Depreciation is allocated to: General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks and recreation Community Development Total		\$ _ \$_	262,106 27,247 793,132 178,229 19,843 55,584 71,053 7,029		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 7-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit-School Board:

		Balance July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$_	25,822 \$	- \$	- \$	25,822
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	25,822 \$	- \$	\$_	25,822
Other capital assets: Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and vehicles Subscription assets Jointly owned assets	\$	11,726,494 \$ 6,837,545 20,899 7,904,231	- \$ 376,041 - -	- \$ 6,000 - (512,794)	11,726,494 7,207,586 20,899 8,417,025
Total other capital assets	\$_	26,489,169 \$	376,041 \$	(506,794) \$	27,372,004
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and vehicles Subscription assets Jointly owned assets	\$	8,561,588 \$ 5,396,292 17,913 3,667,906	175,735 \$ 584,092 2,986 234,426	- \$ 3,600 - (238,585)	8,737,323 5,976,784 20,899 4,140,917
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	17,643,699 \$	997,239 \$	(234,985) \$	18,875,923
Other capital assets, net	\$_	8,845,470 \$	(621,198) \$	(271,809) \$	8,496,081
Net capital assets	\$_	8,871,292 \$	(621,198) \$	(271,809) \$	8,521,903
Depreciation is allocated to education		\$	997,239		

1) Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, has changed the reporting of local capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments "on-behalf" of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the law, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Brunswick, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2024, is that school financed assets in the amount of \$833,614 net are reported in the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 7-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:

		Balance July 1, 2023	Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	13,194 \$	262,378	\$	-	\$	275,572
Other capital assets: Machinery, equipment and vehicles	\$	49,434 \$_	13,000	\$	6,719	\$_	55,715
Total other capital assets	\$	49,434 \$	13,000	\$	6,719	\$_	55,715
Accumulated depreciation: Machinery, equipment and vehicles	\$	35,113 \$	6,631	\$	6,719	\$_	35,025
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	35,113 \$	6,631	\$	6,719	\$_	35,025
Other capital assets, net	\$	14,321 \$_	6,369	\$.	-	\$_	20,690
Net capital assets	\$	27,515 \$	268,747	\$	-	\$_	296,262
Depreciation is allocated to the Industria	l De	velopment Aut	hority	\$	6,631	<u> </u>	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8-Unearned and Unavailable Revenue:

The government's unearned and unavailable revenue consist of the following at June 30, 2024:

	_	Statement of Net Position		Balance Sheet
	_	Governmental Activities	-	Governmental Funds
Primary Government:	-			
Unearned revenue:				
This amount represents the amount of unspent CARES Act funding at year-end.	\$	2,049,890	\$	2,049,890
Unavailable property tax revenue:				
Unavailable revenue representing uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria has not been met. The uncollected				
tax billings are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	\$	-	\$	1,295,477
Taxes levied during the fiscal year due in December 2024		9,767,402		9,767,402
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2024, but paid in advance by				
the taxpayers	_	36,305		36,305
Total deferred revenue/unavailable revenue	\$	9,803,707	\$	11,099,184

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 9-Long-Term Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the County for the year ended June 30, 2024.

				Issuances/ Increases	Retirements/ Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Primary Government:						
Bonds payable (direct borrowings and direct placer	nent	s):				
Lease revenue bonds	\$	8,305,000	\$	- \$	655,000 \$	7,650,000
Premium on issuance		334,878		-	68,463	266,415
Discount on issuance		(7,692)		-	(1,210)	(6,482)
General obligation bonds:						
School		55,666,183		-	1,412,794	54,253,389
Premium on issuance		2,722,807			163,933	2,558,874
Total bonds payable	\$	67,021,176	\$	- \$, , ,	· ·
Sewer capacity agreement		104,832		-	8,736	96,096
Lease liabilities		2,099,174		-	77,269	2,021,905
Arbitrage liability		129,704		-	-	129,704
Compensated absences		745,416		155,094	74,542	825,968
Landfill closure/postclosure liability		747,362		24,663	-	772,025
Net OPEB liabilities		1,311,097		326,879	300,771	1,337,205
Net pension liability	_	4,258,574		3,410,549	2,894,748	4,774,375
Total obligations from governmental						
activities	\$_	76,417,335	\$_	3,917,185	5,655,046 \$	74,679,474
Component Units:						
School Board						
Equipment loans - buses	\$	339,387	\$	116,889 \$	126,852 \$	329,424
Compensated absences		146,495		36,135	14,650	167,980
Net OPEB liabilities		2,320,540		661,980	972,413	2,010,107
Net pension liability		8,837,972		4,736,778	4,625,831	8,948,919
Total payable from School Board	\$	11,644,394	_\$_	5,551,782	5,739,746 \$	11,456,430
Industrial Development Authority:						
Net OPEB liability	\$_	10,716	\$_	7,872	8,154 \$	10,434
Total obligations from component units	\$_	11,655,110	\$_	5,559,654	5,747,900 \$	11,466,864
Total long-term obligations	\$	88,072,445	\$_	9,476,839	11,402,946 \$	86,146,338

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 9-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Direct Borrowings Year Ending and Placements		Sewer Ag	reement	Lease Liabilities		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044	2,337,044 2,399,072 2,471,145 2,163,516 2,240,976 11,368,683 9,023,315 10,772,025	\$ 2,554,777 \$ 2,468,385 2,377,185 2,289,777 2,206,239 9,445,090 7,264,350 5,477,119	8,736 8,736 8,736 8,736 8,736 43,680 8,736	\$ - \$ - - - - - -	76,695 5 77,202 70,533 68,580 84,775 463,860 597,699 582,561	\$ 34,333 33,070 31,811 30,607 29,291 123,578 77,855 20,845
2045-2049 2050-2054	12,942,249	3,145,230 554,344	-		-	-
Total	64,722,196	\$ 37,782,496 \$	96,096	\$ <u>-</u> \$_	2,021,905	\$ 381,390

Note: The above includes long-term obligations, deferred charges and premiums. Compensated absences, pension, OPEB and landfill closure/postclosure liability are not included.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 9-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Federal Arbitrage Regulations:

The County is in compliance with federal arbitrage regulations. As of June 30, 2024, the County reported an arbitrage liability of \$129,704.

Pledged Collateral:

The County provided a security interest in the County Government Building as collateral for the 2020 tax-exempt lease. The County Government Building also secures the County's 2018 tax-exempt lease with VRA. The County also provided a security interest in the Albertis. H. Harrison Courthouse as collateral for the 2020 taxable lease. The Albertis. H. Harrison Courthouse also secures the County's 2018 taxable lease with VRA.

Events of Default:

Upon the occurrence and continuation of an Event of Default for lease revenue bonds, the entire unpaid amount due can be demanded and with a possibility of the lender taking possession of the associated real estate and improvements.

In the event of default for any general obligation bond, the Commonwealth of Virginia may withhold state aid from the locality until such time that the event of default is cured in accordance with Section 15.2-2659 of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended.

Moral Obligations:

If the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority lacks sufficient funds to pay scheduled Debt Service on the Bonds and Notes, or to pay any debt service reserve funding requirements, the Authority will promptly notify the Member Jurisdictions of the amount of such insufficiency. Upon such notification, the Member Jurisdictions each agree to pay, subject to certain conditions, a portion of such deficit equal to its Debt Service Component percentage then in effect. Any such payment will be subject to the appropriation of funds by the governing body of each Member Jurisdiction and shall constitute a moral non-binding payment obligation. The obligations of the Members shall expire only upon the payment of the Bonds and Notes or such earlier date provided therefore, if any, in the documents under which the bonds and notes are issued. In no event shall the obligation of any Member Jurisdiction be deemed to constitute a debt within the meaning of the Constitution of Virginia.

The Member Moral Obligation of the County and other Member Jurisdictions was extended to payment of the Note on the same proportionate basis as such commitment was made to the VRA Bond and the Carter Bank Note. The balance of outstanding debt at June 30, 2024 was \$30,530,000.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 9-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Details of Long-Term Obligations:</u>

Primary Covernment: Lesser review bonds: Direct Bracements: Direct Brownings and Direct Placements: Dire	Type/ Project	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Principal Installments	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Amount Due Within One Year
Direct Dornwings and Direct Placements: Old Courthouse Renovation Refunding		Rates	Date	mstattments	Date	13300	Activities	One real
Old Courthouse Renovation Refunding								
Manortized premium on Issuance	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:							
Property Acquisition (Adrondack, Airport, Timm2, 911%-4,045% 11/14/2018 Annual 10/1/2013 2,015,000 125,000 130,0	Old Courthouse Renovation Refunding	4.443%-5.125%	11/14/2018	Annual	10/1/2030 \$	1,750,000	\$ 1,135,000 \$	145,000
Manamertzed discount on Issuance	Unamortized premium on Issuance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	245,552	82,980	21,387
Tax-exempt leser - refunding	Property Acquisition (Adirondack, Airport, Ti	mm2.911%-4.404%	11/14/2018	Annual	10/1/2033	2,015,000		125,000
Tase-exempt lease - refunding Q-143%-9.125% 11/18/2020 Annual 10/1/2032 1,645,000 1,335,000 120,000	Unamortized discount on Issuance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	(13,994)	(6,482)	(1,126)
Total lease revenue bonds	Taxable lease - refunding	.0561%-2.098%	11/18/2020	Annual	10/1/2033	3,760,000	3,720,000	350,000
Companies Comp		2.143%-5.125%	11/18/2020	Annual	10/1/2032			
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: School bonds Component Unit Industrial Development Authorits: Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: School bonds Component Unit Industrial Development Authorits: Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: School bonds Component Unit Industrial Development Unit School bonds Component Unit Industrial Development Unit School bonds Component Unit School bonds Component Unit Industrial Development Unit School Board Component Unit Industrial Development Unit School Board Component Unit Industrial Development Unit School Board Component Unit Industrial Development Authorits: Component Unit Indus	•	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	352,040		
School bonds	Total lease revenue bonds						\$ 7,909,933 \$	800,272
School bonds	General obligation school bonds:							
Anamortized premium on Issuance	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:							
School bonds	School bonds	4.225%-5.100%	11/9/2006	Annual	7/15/2016	6,009,753	\$ 1,083,389 \$	352,236
School bonds	Unamortized premium on Issuance			n/a	n/a	n/a	4,118	2,268
Net general obligation school bonds								
Cher Obligations								
Chero Obligations:	•				n/a	n/a		
Town of Broadnax sewer capacity agreement	Net general obligation school bonds	* To be refunded	by Federal Tax	Credit			56,812,263 \$	1,536,772
Alberta tower lease 1.733% 7/1/2021 Monthly 7/1/2043 772,740 713,283 23,264 Dixle Bridge tower lease 1.733% 7/1/2021 Monthly 7/1/2043 580,714 536,032 17,483 Edgerton tower lease 1.733% 7/1/2021 Monthly 7/1/2043 809,179 746,917 24,361 Copier lease - sheriff 2.29% 6/15/2022 Quarterly 6/15/2027 14,058 7,885 2,810 Equipment lease - administration 0.712% 12/6/2021 Quarterly 6/15/2027 14,058 7,885 2,810 Equipment lease - administration 0.712% 12/6/2021 Quarterly 6/15/2027 14,058 7,885 2,810 Copier lease - circuit court 0.687% 7/1/2021 Monthly 6/1/2026 6,771 2,666 1,387 Copier lease - circuit court 0.687% 7/1/2021 Monthly 6/1/2026 6,771 2,666 1,387 Copier lease - circuit court 0.687% 7/1/2021 Monthly 3/1/2026 8,799 3,174 1,900 Copier lease - planning 0.687% 8/9/2021 Monthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities	Other Obligations:							
Alberta tower lease	Town of Broadnax sewer capacity agreement	π, α			6/2035	344,214	\$ 96,096 \$	8,736
Dixie Bridge tower lease								
Edgerton tower lease						,		
Copier lease - sheriff 2.29% 6/15/2022 Quarterly 6/15/2027 14,058 7,885 2,810	3							
Equipment lease - administration 0.712% 12/6/2021 Quarterfy 12/6/2026 13,829 6,273 2,775 Copier lease - circuit court 0.687% 7/1/2021 Monthly 6/1/2026 6,771 2,666 1,387 Copier lease - commonwealth's attorney 0.687% 7/1/2021 Monthly 3/1/2026 8,799 3,174 1,900 Copier lease - planning 0.687% 8/9/2021 Monthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities 7/1/2014 Monthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities 7/1/2014 Monthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities 7/1/2014 Monthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities 7/1/2014 Monthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities 7/1/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities 7/1/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Notal Lease Liability 7/1/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Notal Lease Liability 7/1/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Notal Lease Liability 7/1/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Notal Lease Liability 7/1/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Notal Lease Liabilities 7/1/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Notal Lease Liabilities 7/1/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 13,492 7/2025 7/2025 Notal Lease Liabilities 7/1/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 13,492 12/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 12/2014 Nonthly 8/9/2026 12/2014 Nonthl	•							
Copier lease - circuit court 0.687% 7/1/2021 Monthly 6/1/2026 6,771 2,666 1,387 Copier lease - commonwealth's attorney 0.687% 7/1/2021 Monthly 3/1/2026 8,799 3,174 1,900 Copier lease - planning 0.687% 8/9/2021 Monthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities Total Lease Liabilities Total Lease Liabilities 2,021,905 76,695 Arbitrage liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 129,704 - Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 129,704 - Compensated absences n/a n/a<	·					•		
Copier lease - commonwealth's attorney 0.687% 7/1/2021 Monthly 3/1/2026 8,799 3,174 1,900 Copier lease - planning 0.687% 8/9/2021 Monthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities Total Lease Liabilities 2,021,905 76,695 Arbitrage liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 129,704 - Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 772,025 - Landfill closure/postclosure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 772,025 - Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,337,205 - Total Other Obligations Component Unit School Board: Component Unit School Board: Component Unit School Board: Component Unit School Board: Nana 1/2,608 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>						,		
Copier lease - planning 0.687% 8/9/2021 Monthly 8/9/2026 13,492 5,675 2,715 Total Lease Liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 13,492 5,675 2,715 Arbitrage liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 129,704 - Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 825,968 82,597 Landfill closure/postclosure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 772,025 - Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,337,205 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,774,375 - Total long-term obligations, Primary Government Image: Component Unit School Board: Image: Component Unit Industrial Development	·							
Total Lease Liabilities	·					,		
Arbitrage liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 129,704 - Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 825,968 82,597 Landfill closure/postclosure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 772,025 - Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,337,205 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 4,774,375 - Total Other Obligations Total long-term obligations, Primary Government Component Unit School Board: Component Unit School Board: Equipment loans - buses 3.680% 4/26/2023 Annual 5/15/2027 432,668 \$ 329,424 \$ 82,835 Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 167,980 16,798 Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,010,107 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 8,948,919 - Total long-term obligations, Component Unit School Board Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:		0.687%	8/9/2021	montnly	8/9/2026	13,492		
Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 825,968 82,597 Landfill closure/postclosure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 772,025 - Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,337,205 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,337,205 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 4,774,375 - Total Other Obligations Total long-term obligations, Primary Government		2/2	2/2	2/2	2/2	2/2		/6,695
Landfill closure/postclosure liability n/a	= -						,	92 507
Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,337,205 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 4,774,375 - Total Other Obligations \$ 9,957,278 \$ 168,028 Component Unit School Board: Other Obligations: \$ 74,679,474 \$ 2,505,072 Equipment loans - buses 3.680% 4/26/2023 Annual 5/15/2027 432,668 \$ 329,424 \$ 82,835 Compensated absences n/a	·							02,397
Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 4,774,375 - Total Other Obligations \$ 9,957,278 \$ 168,028 Component Unit School Board: Other Obligations: \$ 74,679,474 \$ 2,505,072 Equipment loans - buses 3.680% 4/26/2023 Annual 5/15/2027 432,668 \$ 329,424 \$ 82,835 Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 16,798 Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,010,107 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 99,633 Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:								-
Total Other Obligations Total long-term obligations, Primary Government Component Unit School Board: Other Obligations: Equipment loans - buses 3.680% 4/26/2023 Annual 5/15/2027 432,668 \$ 329,424 \$ 82,835 Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 167,980 16,798 Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 8,948,919 - Total long-term obligations, Component Unit School Board Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:								
Component Unit School Board: Other Obligations: Equipment loans - buses 3.680% 4/26/2023 Annual 5/15/2027 432,668 \$ 329,424 \$ 82,835 Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 167,980 16,798 Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,010,107 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 8,948,919 - Total long-term obligations, Component Unit School Board \$ 11,456,430 \$ 99,633 Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:	•	117 α	117 α	117 a	117 α	π α		168,028
Other Obligations: Equipment loans - buses 3.680% 4/26/2023 Annual 5/15/2027 432,668 \$ 329,424 \$ 82,835 Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 167,980 16,798 Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,010,107 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 8,948,919 - Total long-term obligations, Component Unit School Board \$ 11,456,430 \$ 99,633 Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:	Total long-term obligations, Primary Governmen	t					\$ 74,679,474 \$	2,505,072
Other Obligations: Equipment loans - buses 3.680% 4/26/2023 Annual 5/15/2027 432,668 \$ 329,424 \$ 82,835 Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 167,980 16,798 Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,010,107 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 8,948,919 - Total long-term obligations, Component Unit School Board \$ 11,456,430 \$ 99,633 Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:	Component Unit School Roards							
Equipment loans - buses 3.680% 4/26/2023 Annual 5/15/2027 432,668 \$ 329,424 \$ 82,835 Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 167,980 16,798 Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,010,107 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 8,948,919 - Total long-term obligations, Component Unit School Board \$ 11,456,430 \$ 99,633 Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:								
Compensated absences n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 167,980 16,798 Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,010,107 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 8,948,919 - Total long-term obligations, Component Unit School Board \$\frac{11,456,430}{5} \frac{99,633}{5}\$ Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:	_	3 680%	4/26/2023	Annual	5/15/2027	432 668	329 424 \$	82 835
Net OPEB liabilities n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,010,107 - Net pension liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 8,948,919 - Total long-term obligations, Component Unit School Board \$\frac{11,456,430}{5}\$\$ \$\frac{99,633}{99,633}\$\$ Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:	• •					,		
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Total long-term obligations, Component Unit School Board \$ 11,456,430 \$ 99,633 \$ Component Unit Industrial Development Authority: Other Obligations:								-
Other Obligations:								99,633
Other Obligations:	Component Unit Industrial Development Author	ritur						
· ·	•	nity;						
							10,434 \$	-

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10-Compensated Absences:

The County has accrued the liability arising from outstanding compensated absences.

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at various rates. See Note 9 for details of changes in compensated absences balances.

Note 11-Commitments and Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of Uniform Guidance, all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance test which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 12-Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County joined together with other local governments in Virginia to form the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Management Program, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating local governments. The County pays an annual premium to the association for its workers compensation insurance, and general liability insurance.

In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13-Litigation:

At June 30, 2024, there were no significant matters of litigation pending involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 14-Brunswick County School Bus Drivers and School Bus Aides Employer Contribution 401(a) Plan:

The School Board contributed \$19,500 to a 401(a) plan on behalf of the County's school bus drivers. \$500 per driver and bus aide was contributed during fiscal year 2024. The County has the responsibility of a prudent investor in regard to the plan but is not liable for losses arising from the plan and thus the value of the plan assets is not recorded in the County's financial report.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This agent multiple-employer plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	92	45
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	16	5
Non-vested inactive members	43	21
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	54	10
Total inactive members	113	36
Active members	136	30
Total covered employees	341	111

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 12.87% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$957,249 and \$895,461 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 2.22% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$17,684 and \$16,656 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability and (asset) were measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability and (asset) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service-related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non- Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020					
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70					
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty					
Disability Rates	No change					
Salary Scale	No change					
Line of Duty Disability	No change					
Discount Rate	No change					

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmetic	8.25%	

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Primary Government					
	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	29,864,880	\$_	25,606,306	\$_	4,258,574
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	861,119	\$	-	\$	861,119
Interest		2,025,408		-		2,025,408
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		507,721		-		507,721
Contributions - employer		-		895,429		(895,429)
Contributions - employee		-		340,846		(340,846)
Net investment income		-		1,657,798		(1,657,798)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(1,439,921)		(1,439,921)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(16,301)		16,301
Other changes		-		675		(675)
Net changes	\$	1,954,327	\$	1,438,526	\$	515,801
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	31,819,207	\$	27,044,832	\$_	4,774,375

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset): (Continued)

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)						
			In	crease (Decrease)			
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	5,943,434	\$_	6,503,731	\$	(560,297)		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	89,994	\$	-	\$	89,994		
Interest		396,278		-		396,278		
Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions - employer		234,679		- 17,359		234,679 (17,359)		
Contributions - employee		-		50,987		(50,987)		
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds		-		411,830		(411,830)		
of employee contributions		(325,300)		(325,300)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(4,227)		4,227		
Other changes		-		165		(165)		
Net changes	\$	395,651	\$	150,814	\$	244,837		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	6,339,085	\$	6,654,545	\$	(315,460)		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
		_	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
County Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,274,374 \$	4,774,375 \$	1,148,381
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 376,121 \$	(315,460) \$	(894,767)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$1,233,936 and \$94,770 respectively. At June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Component Unit School

					Component Unit School				
	Primary Government				Board (nonprofessional)				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 451,751	\$	-	\$	92,449	\$	6,176		
Changes of assumptions	130,781		-		-		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		397,330		-		111,506		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	957,249		-	<u>.</u>	17,684	. ,			
Total	\$ 1,539,781	\$	397,330	\$	110,133	\$	117,682		

\$957,249 and \$17,684 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	 Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2025	\$ 90,814	\$	8,574
2026	(326,042)		(131,400)
2027	407,786		93,922
2028	12,644		3,671
Thereafter	-		-

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$1,369,451 and \$1,397,659 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs of the financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$8,948,919 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.08854% as compared to 0.09283% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$176,061. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2023 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	768,720	\$ 349,225
Change of assumptions		405,686	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	581,860
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,223	1,333,144
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,369,451	
Total	\$	2,545,080	\$ 2,264,229

\$1,369,451 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2025	\$ (700,361)
2026	(959,870)
2027	468,438
2028	103,193
2029	-

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the standard rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	57,574,609 47,467,405
Employers' Net Pension Liability	\$ _	10,107,204
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.45%

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Rate						
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase		
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)		
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,863,242	\$	8,948,919	\$	3,264,777		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

	_	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pension Expense
Primary Government:							
VRS Pension Plans	\$_	1,539,781	\$_	397,330	\$	4,774,375 \$	1,233,936
Component Unit School Board: VRS Pension Plans: School Board Nonprofessional	Ś	110,133	Ś	117,682	Ś	(315,460) \$	94,770
School Board Professional	*	2,545,080	*	2,264,229	*	8,948,919	176,061
Totals	\$	2,655,213	\$	2,381,911	\$	8,633,459 \$	270,831

Note 16-Deferred Compensation Plan:

The County and School Board offer their employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits employees to defer the payment of a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred, including the investments and earnings thereon, vest with the employee and are not subject to the claims of the County's and School Board's general creditors.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans:

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans:

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information for GLI Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the County, Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional), and Component Unit School Board (professional) were \$42,799, \$6,783 and \$46,651, and \$39,634, \$6,066 and \$47,691 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entity's proportionate share is reflected in the grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs of the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the County, Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional), and Component Unit School Board (professional) reported a liability of \$373,706, \$57,207, and \$449,623, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the County's Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional), and Component Unit School Board (professional) proportion was 0.03116%, 0.00477%, and 0.03749%, respectively as compared to 0.03110%, 0.00530%, and 0.03960%, at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County, Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional), and Component Unit School Board (professional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$30,971, (\$653), and (\$16,785), respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Primary Government			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 37,324	\$	11,344
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	-		15,018
Change of assumptions	7,988		25,892
Changes in proportionate share	18,364		1,789
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	42,799		
Total	\$ 106,475	\$	54,043
School Board - Nonprofessional		-	_
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,714	\$	1,737
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	-		2,299
Change of assumptions	1,223		3,964
Changes in proportionate share	1,088		10,282
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,783		
Total	\$ 14,808	\$	18,282
School Board - Professional		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 44,906	\$	13,648
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	-		18,068
Change of assumptions	9,611		31,152
Changes in proportionate share	-		88,656
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	46,651	_	-
Total	\$ 101,168	\$	151,524

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$42,799, \$6,783, and \$46,651 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County, Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional), and Component Unit School Board (professional)'s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Primary Government	School Board (nonprofessional)	School Board (professional)		
2025	\$ 7,044 \$	(3,287) \$	(34,047)		
2026	(11,699)	(4,334)	(40,857)		
2027	8,581	(1,039)	(11,261)		
2028	1,918	(1,138)	(10,931)		
2029	3,789	(459)	89		
Thereafter	-	-	-		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,907,052
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,707,739
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,199,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	69.30%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$104,533 and \$106,546 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$4 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs of the financial statements.

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$1,069,803 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was 0.08830% as compared to 0.09231% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$19,178. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 47,087
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		537	-
Change of assumptions		24,903	1,078
Changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions		-	223,218
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	104,533	
Total	\$	129,973	\$ 271,383

\$104,533 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ (67,240)
2026	(59,269)
2027	(42,364)
2028	(38,499)
2029	(28,088)
Thereafter	(10,463)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,475,471
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		264,054
Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ _	1,211,417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		17.90%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmetic	c nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Virginia Retirement System Cost-Sharing Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI and Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB and by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's and Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI and Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
Proportionate Share of GLI	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
Plan Net OPEB Liability	 (5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Primary Government	\$ 553,949 \$	373,706 \$	227,978
School Board (nonprofessional)	84,799	57,207	34,899
School Board (professional)	666,481	449,623	274,291
		Rate	
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan			
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,210,066 \$	1,069,803 \$	950,941

GLI and HIC Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI and HIC Plans' Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan:

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan: (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	17
Vested inactive members	2
Active members	40
Total covered employees	59

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.56% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board to the HIC Plan were \$7,034 and \$6,276 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The School Board's net Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation: Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmetic	c nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

^{**} On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	 Increase (Decrease)								
	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)				
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 124,189	\$_	62,968	\$	61,221				
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	\$ 776	\$	-	\$	776				
Interest	8,170		-		8,170				
Differences between expected									
and actual experience	(14,676)		-		(14,676)				
Contributions - employer	-		6,276		(6,276)				
Net investment income	-		3,801		(3,801)				
Benefit payments	(7,850)		(7,850)		-				
Administrative expenses	-		(93)		93				
Other changes	 -		1		(1)				
Net changes	\$ (13,580)	\$	2,135	\$	(15,715)				
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 110,609	\$	65,103	\$	45,506				

Sensitivity of the School Board's Health Insurance Credit Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate							
	_	1% Decrease		rrent Discount		1% Increase		
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)		
School Board's				_				
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	55,642	\$	45,506	\$	36,763		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan: (Continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$1,522. At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board's HIC Plan from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,862	\$ 10,196
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		-	743
Change of assumptions		6,129	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	7,034	
Total	\$	15,025	\$ 10,939

\$7,034 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	-	
2025	\$	(1,778)
2026		(2,285)
2027		1,038
2028		77

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance and LODA:

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 15 and other postemployment benefits described in Notes 17 and 18, the County and School Board provide post-retirement health care insurance benefits for employees who are eligible for retirement benefits. There are age and service requirements for eligibility for each VRS plan. Employees who do not participate in VRS must attain the age of 50 with at least 10 years of service with the County Schools to receive benefits offered by the School Board. The plans do not issue a publicly available financial report.

Health benefits include medical, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses. Retirees under the age of 65 may elect among several Key Advantage plans or a High Deductible Health Plan medical option. Health benefits are offered until the earlier of the retiree's death or the retiree attaining age 65. Health benefits for the spouse of the retiree are offered until the earlier of the spouse's death, the retiree's death, or the spouse attaining age 65. If the retiree predeceases the spouse, the spouse may continue coverage through COBRA only. There are no age or service requirements for disabled individuals. They are eligible for the same benefit as other retirees.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary Government	School Board
Total active employees with coverage Total retirees with coverage	147 3	192 -
Total	150	192

Funding Policy

The County and School Board establish employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County and School Board also determine how the plans will be funded each year, whether they will partially fund the plans or fully fund the plans. The plans are not currently pre-funded; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The retiree and spouse must pay the entire premium. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65 or upon death, if earlier. Disability benefits end when the retiree is eligible for Medicare. The amount paid by the County and School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$29,572 and \$5,388, respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

The County and School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance and LODA: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary Increases The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% salary increase for 1 year of

service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service for County and nonprofessional School Board employees. The rate for professional School Board employees starts at

5.95% and gradually declines to 3.50%.

Discount Rate 3.93% as of June 30, 2024 and 3.65% as of June 30, 2023

For the County, the following mortality rates were used:

- For active employees, RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related.
- For healthy retirees, RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.
- For disabled retirees, RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

For the School Board, the following mortality rates were used:

- For active employees, RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020. 5% of deaths are assumed to be service related.
- For healthy retirees, RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females setback 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.
- For disabled retirees, RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

Significant assumptions were based on the most recent experience study performed by VRS which examined actual VRS experience over the four-year period ending June 30, 2016.

Brunswick County and the School Board have not set aside assets specifically for funding OPEB, so benefits are paid from the County's and School's general pool of assets. To estimate the rate of return on these assets, a discount rate assumption similar to yields implied by theoretical 20-year general obligation bond indices as of June 30, 2024 was selected.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance and LODA: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rates are based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index as of their respective measurement dates. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.93% as of the end of the fiscal year.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Primary Government Total OPEB Liability	School Board Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 936,503 \$	566,408
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	\$ 56,437 \$	33,646
Interest	35,707	21,805
Difference between expected		
and actual experience	62,671	(230, 366)
Changes in assumptions	(98,247)	1,863
Benefit payments	(29,572)	(5,388)
Net changes	\$ 26,996 \$	(178,440)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 963,499 \$	387,968

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.93%) or one percentage point higher (4.93%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.93%)		Current Discount Rate (3.93%)	_	1% Increase (4.93%)
Primary Government School Board	\$ 1,049,987 411,775	\$	963,499 387,968	\$	885,278 364,872

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance and LODA: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 2.90% - County and 5.60% increasing to an ultimate rate of 2.90% - School Board) or one percentage point higher (6.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.90% - County and 7.60% increasing to an ultimate rate of 4.90% - School Board) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (5.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.90% - County and 6.60% increasing to 3.90% and then decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00% - School Board):

			Rates	
			Healthcare Cost	
	 1% Decrease		Trend	 1% Increase
Primary Government	\$ 853,893	\$	963,499	\$ 1,091,539
School Board	347,631		387,968	434,069

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$109,733 and (\$2,638), respectively. At June 30, 2024, the County and School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Primary G	rnment	_	School Board				
		Deferred	Deferred		_	Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resouces		Resouces		Resouces	Resouces		
Differences between expected									
and actual experience	\$	98,785	\$	-	\$	-	\$	232,487	
Changes of assumptions		38,454	_	147,373		27,337		21,112	
Total	\$	137,239	\$	147,373	\$	27,337	\$	253,599	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance and LODA: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Primary	
Year Ended June 30	 Government	School Board
2025	\$ 17,588	\$ (59,669)
2026	(8,169)	(73,851)
2027	(8,169)	(58,711)
2028	(7,013)	(34,031)
2029	(4,371)	-
Thereafter	-	-

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Line of Duty Act (LODA)

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the Code of Virginia. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer.

The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$44,348.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance and LODA: (Continued)

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate OPEB Information

					Net OPEB		
		Deferred		Deferred	Liabilities		OPEB
	_	Outflows	_	Inflows	 (Asset)	_	Expense
OPEB Plans:							
Primary Government:							
GLI	\$	106,475	\$	54,043	\$ 373,706	\$	30,971
Retiree Medical		137,239		147,373	 963,499		109,733
Totals	\$	243,714	\$	201,416	\$ 1,337,205	\$	140,704
Component Unit School Board:	•					•	
GLI	\$	14,808	\$	18,282	\$ 57,207	\$	(653)
Teacher GLI		101,168		151,524	449,623		(16,785)
HIC		15,025		10,939	45,506		1,522
Teacher HIC		129,973		271,383	1,069,803		19,178
Retiree Medical		27,337		253,599	 387,968		(2,638)
Totals	\$	288,311	\$	705,727	\$ 2,010,107	\$	624

Note 20-Surety Bond Information:

	_	Amount
Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of General Services, Division of Risk Management-Faithful Performance of Duty Bond		
Jacqueline Seward Morgan, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	300,000
Jacqueline Mangrum, Treasurer		400,000
Camilla Clayton-Bright, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Brian K. Roberts, Sheriff		30,000
Virginia Association of Counties (VACo) Risk Management Programs: County and School Board:		
Faithful performance blanket position coverage		250,000

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 21-Interfund Balances and Transfers:

Interfund balances and transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

		Due To		Due From	_	Net		
Primary Government:								
General Fund	\$	-	\$	273,252	\$	(273,252)		
VPA Fund		206,342		-		206,342		
CSA Fund		66,910	_	-	_	66,910		
Total Primary Government	\$	273,252	\$	273,252	\$_	-		

	_	Transfers In		Transfers Out	_	Net
Primary Government:						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,678,380	\$	(1,678,380)
VPA Fund		501,942		-		501,942
Debt Service Fund		576,639		-		576,639
Capital Projects Fund		219,066		-		219,066
Airport Fund		29,430		-		29,430
CSA Fund	_	351,303	_	-	_	351,303
Total Primary Government	\$	1,678,380	\$	1,678,380	\$	-

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 22-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

The County of Brunswick, Virginia owns a landfill which it no longer operates, however the County is responsible for the landfill closure and postclosure costs. The landfill was closed on September 1, 1994. The County hauls trash to a private landfill in the County.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used at each balance sheet date. The \$772,025 reported as landfill postclosure care liability at June 30, 2024 represents the estimated remaining amount of postclosure monitoring costs required, including corrective action costs of \$433,926 required by the Department of Environmental Quality. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County intends to fund future costs from funds accumulated for this purpose in the General Fund.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.



General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Prince P		_	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget-	
General property taxes		_	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Other local taxes 1,750,000 1,750,000 1,940,973 190,973 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 70,600 70,600 70,547 (53) Fines and forfettures 1,616,614 1,616,614 1,560,009 (56,605) Revenue from the use of money and property 69,927 69,927 257,241 187,314 Charges for services 867,750 869,100 2,028,635 1,159,733 Miscellanceus 440,000 490,340 13,302 (337,308) Recovered costs 333,245 388,755 1,395,348 1,006,593 Intergovernmentati: 1 3,188,217 3,206,295 1,186,290 (2,020,005) Total revenues 5 30,280,438 32,299,066 \$ 32,222,084 \$ (76,982) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) Judicial administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) <td col<="" th=""><th>REVENUES</th><th>_</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td>	<th>REVENUES</th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	REVENUES	_				
Other local taxes 1,750,000 1,750,000 1,940,973 190,973 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 70,600 70,600 70,547 (53) Fines and forfettures 1,616,614 1,616,614 1,560,009 (56,605) Revenue from the use of money and property 69,927 69,927 257,241 187,314 Charges for services 867,750 869,100 2,028,635 1,159,135 Miscellanceus 440,000 490,340 13,302 (337,308) Recovered costs 333,245 388,755 1,395,348 1,006,593 Intergovernmentati: 1 3,188,217 3,206,295 1,186,290 (2,020,005) Total revenues 5 30,280,438 32,299,066 \$ 32,222,084 \$ (76,982) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) Judicial administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) <td col<="" td=""><td>General property taxes</td><td>\$</td><td>17,809,845 \$</td><td>17,809,845 \$</td><td>17,984,087 \$</td><td>174,242</td></td>	<td>General property taxes</td> <td>\$</td> <td>17,809,845 \$</td> <td>17,809,845 \$</td> <td>17,984,087 \$</td> <td>174,242</td>	General property taxes	\$	17,809,845 \$	17,809,845 \$	17,984,087 \$	174,242
Fines and forfeitures		•					
Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services 69,927 69,927 257,241 187,314 Charges for services 867,750 869,100 2,028,635 1,159,535 Miscellaneous 44,000 490,340 153,032 (3373,089) Recovered costs 333,245 388,755 1,395,348 1,006,593 Intergovernmental: 1,006,593 1,159,548 1,006,593 Commonwealth 4,530,240 6,027,590 5,645,922 (381,668) Federal 3,188,217 3,206,295 1,186,290 (2,020,005) Total revenues 5 30,280,438 \$ 32,299,066 \$ 32,222,084 \$ (76,982) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (76,982) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) Judicial administration \$ 2,486,875 3,514,317 </td <td>Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses</td> <td></td> <td>70,600</td> <td>70,600</td> <td>70,547</td> <td>(53)</td>	Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		70,600	70,600	70,547	(53)	
Charges for services 867,750 869,100 2,028,635 1,159,535 Miscellaneous 44,000 490,340 153,032 (337,308) Recovered costs 333,245 388,755 1,395,348 1,006,593 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 4,530,240 6,027,590 5,645,922 (381,668) Federal 3,188,217 3,206,295 1,186,290 (2,020,005) Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) Judicial administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) Judicial administration \$ 2,484,1126 2,305,435 2,195,712 109,723 Public safety 11,186,876 11,754,433 11,411,485 342,968 Public works 2,496,087 3,514,374 3,521,688 (7,314) Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507	Fines and forfeitures		1,616,614	1,616,614	1,560,009	(56,605)	
Miscellaneous 44,000 490,340 153,032 (337,308) Recovered costs 333,245 338,755 1,395,348 1,006,593 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 4,530,240 6,027,590 5,645,922 (381,668) Federal 3,188,217 3,206,295 1,186,290 (2,020,005) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) Judicial administration \$ 2,481,126 2,305,435 2,195,712 109,723 Public safety 11,186,876 11,754,453 11,411,485 342,968 Public works 2,496,087 3,514,374 3,521,688 (7,314) Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 39,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309	Revenue from the use of money and property		69,927	69,927	257,241	187,314	
Recovered costs 1,395,348 1,006,593 Intergovernmental:	Charges for services		867,750	869,100	2,028,635	1,159,535	
New Parks	Miscellaneous		44,000	490,340	153,032	(337,308)	
Commonwealth Federal 4,530,240 6,027,590 5,645,922 (381,668) Federal 3,188,217 3,206,295 1,186,290 (2,020,005) Total revenues \$ 30,280,438 \$ 32,299,066 \$ 32,222,084 \$ (76,982) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) Judicial administration \$ 2,341,126 2,305,435 2,195,712 109,723 Public works \$ 2,466,087 3,514,374 3,521,688 (7,314) Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 <td col<="" td=""><td>Recovered costs</td><td></td><td>333,245</td><td>388,755</td><td>1,395,348</td><td>1,006,593</td></td>	<td>Recovered costs</td> <td></td> <td>333,245</td> <td>388,755</td> <td>1,395,348</td> <td>1,006,593</td>	Recovered costs		333,245	388,755	1,395,348	1,006,593
Total revenues 3,188,217 3,206,295 1,186,290 (2,020,005) Total revenues \$ 30,280,438 \$ 32,299,066 \$ 32,222,084 \$ (76,982) EXPENDITURES	Intergovernmental:						
Total revenues \$ 30,280,438 \$ 32,299,066 \$ 32,222,084 \$ (76,982)							
Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) Judicial administration 2,341,126 2,305,435 2,195,712 109,723 Public safety 11,186,876 11,754,453 11,411,485 342,968 Public works 2,496,087 3,514,374 354,722 37,382 Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 444,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 7.500 Debt service: Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Substitute S,276,5198 \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Substitute S,276,5198 \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 \$ 3,356,382 \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Substitute S,276,5198 \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Substitute S,276,5198		_					
Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ 109,762) Judicial administration 2,341,126 2,305,435 2,195,712 109,723 Public safety 11,186,876 11,754,453 11,411,485 342,968 Public works 2,496,087 3,514,374 3,521,688 (7,314) Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 7 Debt service: 7 Principal retirement 663,736 63,736 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,700 7,700 Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,76) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965	Total revenues	\$_	30,280,438 \$	32,299,066 \$	32,222,084 \$	(76,982)	
Current: General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ 109,762) Judicial administration 2,341,126 2,305,435 2,195,712 109,723 Public safety 11,186,876 11,754,453 11,411,485 342,968 Public works 2,496,087 3,514,374 3,521,688 (7,314) Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 7 Debt service: 7 Principal retirement 663,736 63,736 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,700 7,700 Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,76) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965	FYDENDITLIBES						
General government administration \$ 2,688,954 \$ 2,767,216 \$ 2,866,578 \$ (99,362) Judicial administration 2,341,126 2,305,435 2,195,712 109,723 Public safety 11,186,876 11,754,453 11,411,485 342,968 Public works 2,496,087 3,514,374 3,521,688 (7,314) Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 33,211,533 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) (1,377,639) (1,612,200) 1,599,333 3,211,533 Transfers out <t< td=""><td>EAF ENDITORES</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	EAF ENDITORES	-					
Judicial administration 2,341,126 2,305,435 2,195,712 109,723 Public safety 11,186,876 11,754,453 11,411,485 342,968 Public works 2,496,087 3,514,374 3,521,688 (7,314) Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ (1,377,639) (1,612,200) 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) (1,744,182) (1,678,380) 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,	Current:						
Public safety 11,186,876 11,754,453 11,411,485 342,968 Public works 2,496,087 3,514,374 3,521,688 (7,314) Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Debt service: Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 <tr< td=""><td>General government administration</td><td>\$</td><td>2,688,954 \$</td><td>2,767,216 \$</td><td>2,866,578 \$</td><td>(99,362)</td></tr<>	General government administration	\$	2,688,954 \$	2,767,216 \$	2,866,578 \$	(99,362)	
Public works 2,496,087 3,514,374 3,521,688 (7,314) Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Debt service: Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) <td< td=""><td>Judicial administration</td><td></td><td>2,341,126</td><td>2,305,435</td><td>2,195,712</td><td>109,723</td></td<>	Judicial administration		2,341,126	2,305,435	2,195,712	109,723	
Health and welfare 219,360 317,340 354,722 (37,382) Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Debt service: 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net chan	Public safety		11,186,876	11,754,453	11,411,485	342,968	
Education 7,699,507 8,014,969 7,475,321 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Debt service: Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Public works		2,496,087	3,514,374	3,521,688	(7,314)	
Parks, recreation, and cultural 460,275 501,819 457,218 44,601 Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Debt service: Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Health and welfare		219,360	317,340	354,722	(37,382)	
Community development 3,648,535 3,818,303 1,309,825 2,508,478 Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Debt service: Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Education		7,699,507	8,014,969	7,475,321	539,648	
Capital projects 7,500 7,500 7,500 - Debt service: Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Parks, recreation, and cultural		460,275	501,819	457,218	44,601	
Debt service: Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Community development		3,648,535	3,818,303	1,309,825	2,508,478	
Principal retirement 663,736 663,736 741,005 (77,269) Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Capital projects		7,500	7,500	7,500	-	
Interest and other fiscal charges 246,121 246,121 281,697 (35,576) Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057							
Total expenditures \$ 31,658,077 \$ 33,911,266 \$ 30,622,751 \$ 3,288,515 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 \$ 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	•						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	_	. –					
expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Total expenditures	\$_	31,658,077 \$	33,911,266 \$	30,622,751 \$	3,288,515	
expenditures \$ (1,377,639) \$ (1,612,200) \$ 1,599,333 \$ 3,211,533 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057		ς	(1 377 639) \$	(1 612 200) \$	1 500 333 \$	3 211 533	
Transfers out \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	expenditures		(1,377,037)	(1,012,200)	1,377,333	3,211,333	
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_					
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,587,559) \$ (1,744,182) \$ (1,678,380) \$ 65,802 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057							
Net change in fund balances \$ (2,965,198) \$ (3,356,382) \$ (79,047) \$ 3,277,335 Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057		\$_					
Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(1,58/,559) \$	(1,/44,182) \$	(1,6/8,380) \$	65,802	
Fund balances - beginning 2,965,198 3,356,382 17,323,439 13,967,057	Net change in fund halances	ς	(2 965 198) ¢	(3 356 382) \$	(79 ∩47) ¢	3 277 335	
		ب					
	Fund balances - ending	ş [_]	- \$	- \$	17,244,392 \$	17,244,392	

Virginia Public Assistance Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Budgete	ed A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget -
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_		_			
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 17,156	\$ 17,156
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth		953,659		970,610	847,214	(123,396)
Federal		1,326,827		1,326,827	1,405,192	78,365
Total revenues	\$	2,280,486	\$	2,297,437	\$ 2,269,562	\$ (27,875)
EXPENDITURES	_					
Current:						
Health and welfare	\$	2,838,503	\$	2,858,926	\$ 2,771,504	\$ 87,422
Total expenditures	\$	2,838,503	\$	2,858,926	\$ 2,771,504	\$ 87,422
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$_	(558,017)	\$	(561,489)	\$ (501,942)	\$ 59,547
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_					
Transfers in	\$	558,017	\$	561,489	\$ 501,942	\$ (59,547)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	558,017	\$	561,489	\$ 501,942	\$ (59,547)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balances - beginning		-		-	-	-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021
Total pension liability	_			
Service cost	\$	861,119 \$	792,150 \$	650,163
Interest		2,025,408	1,933,639	1,689,810
Differences between expected and actual experience		507,721	38,514	691,217
Changes of assumptions		-	-	1,087,721
Benefit payments		(1,439,921)	(1,507,555)	(1,090,011)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,954,327 \$	1,256,748 \$	3,028,900
Total pension liability - beginning		29,864,880	28,608,132	25,579,232
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	31,819,207 \$	29,864,880 \$	28,608,132
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	895,429 \$	695,354 \$	650,025
Contributions - employee		340,846	441,645	296,044
Net investment income		1,657,798	(23,068)	5,641,537
Benefit payments		(1,439,921)	(1,507,555)	(1,090,011)
Administrator charges		(16,301)	(16,247)	(13,802)
Other		675	602	534
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	1,438,526 \$	(409,269) \$	5,484,327
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		25,606,306	26,015,575	20,531,248
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	27,044,832 \$	25,606,306 \$	26,015,575
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,774,375 \$	4,258,574 \$	2,592,557
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		85.00%	85.74%	90.94%
Covered payroll	\$	7,339,631 \$	6,767,626 \$	6,330,077
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		65.05%	62.93%	40.96%

_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	646,361 \$	549,592 \$	508,828 \$	502,660 \$	484,174 \$	473,347 \$	467,394
	1,621,979	1,527,260	1,487,495	1,409,855	1,386,660	1,328,062	1,269,942
	(102,942)	419,663	(578,884)	146,436	(562,777)	(69,392)	-
	-	756,466	-	(31,974)	-	-	-
	(1,230,977)	(852,327)	(846,407)	(989,263)	(964,149)	(825,649)	(988,461)
\$	934,421 \$	2,400,654 \$	571,032 \$	1,037,714 \$	343,908 \$	906,368 \$	748,875
	24,644,811	22,244,157	21,673,125	20,635,411	20,291,503	19,385,135	18,636,260
\$	25,579,232 \$	24,644,811 \$	22,244,157 \$	21,673,125 \$	20,635,411 \$	20,291,503 \$	19,385,135
=							
\$	598,666 \$	582,420 \$	556,887 \$	508,505 \$	618,450 \$	584,255 \$	589,542
	292,487	284,276	255,282	237,909	229,606	212,328	225,352
	387,481	1,295,345	1,329,783	1,961,325	282,280	706,070	2,117,435
	(1,230,977)	(852,327)	(846,407)	(989,263)	(964,149)	(825,649)	(988,461)
	(13,339)	(12,452)	(11,293)	(11,310)	(9,895)	(9,546)	(11,445)
	(463)	(818)	(1,192)	(1,751)	(118)	(148)	111
\$	33,855 \$	1,296,444 \$	1,283,060 \$	1,705,415 \$	156,174 \$	667,310 \$	1,932,534
	20,497,393	19,200,949	17,917,889	16,212,484	16,056,310	15,389,000	13,456,466
\$	20,531,248 \$	20,497,393 \$	19,200,949 \$	17,917,899 \$	16,212,484 \$	16,056,310 \$	15,389,000
\$	5,047,984 \$	4,147,418 \$	3,043,208 \$	3,755,226 \$	4,422,927 \$	4,235,193 \$	3,996,135
	80.27%	83.17%	86.32%	82.67%	78.57%	79.13%	79.39%
\$	6,197,570 \$	5,953,521 \$	5,308,791 \$	4,804,488 \$	4,525,045 \$	4,266,100 \$	4,238,853
	81.45%	69.66%	57.32%	78.16%	97.74%	99.28%	94.27%

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021
Total pension liability		_	_
Service cost	\$ 89,994 \$	97,370 \$	126,871
Interest	396,278	394,342	349,952
Differences between expected and actual experience	234,679	(129,690)	234,672
Changes of assumptions	-	-	188,418
Benefit payments	(325,300)	(326,643)	(352,678)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 395,651 \$	35,379 \$	547,235
Total pension liability - beginning	5,943,434	5,908,055	5,360,820
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 6,339,085 \$	5,943,434 \$	5,908,055
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 17,359 \$	17,734 \$	17,367
Contributions - employee	50,987	53,102	51,674
Net investment income	411,830	(3,252)	1,492,339
Benefit payments	(325,300)	(326,643)	(352,678)
Administrator charges	(4,227)	(4,274)	(3,890)
Other	165	153	139
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 150,814 \$	(263,180) \$	1,204,951
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	6,503,731	6,766,911	5,561,960
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 6,654,545 \$	6,503,731 \$	6,766,911
School Division's net pension liability (asset) -			
ending (a) - (b)	\$ (315,460) \$	(560,297) \$	(858,856)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the			
total pension liability	104.98%	109.43%	114.54%
•			
Covered payroll	\$ 1,120,704 \$	1,143,386 \$	1,102,262
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as			
a percentage of covered payroll	-28.15%	-49.00%	-77.92%

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	+						101.010
\$	109,563 \$	113,303 \$	113,271 \$	112,010 \$	114,274 \$	125,267 \$	126,969
	349,842	340,566	351,797	344,429	355,957	360,097	345,287
	(113,209)	51,681	(310,220)	(2,596)	(339,911)	(256,496)	-
	-	129,554	-	(48,095)	-	-	-
_	(336,440)	(298,551)	(332,012)	(268,970)	(321,035)	(254,997)	(266,377)
\$	9,756 \$	336,553 \$	(177,164) \$	136,778 \$	(190,715) \$	(26,129) \$	205,879
	5,351,064	5,014,511	5,191,675	5,054,897	5,245,612	5,271,741	5,065,862
\$_	5,360,820 \$	5,351,064 \$	5,014,511 \$	5,191,675 \$	5,054,897 \$	5,245,612 \$	5,271,741
\$	19,661 \$	18,627 \$	42,055 \$	43,960 \$	98,666 \$	99,529 \$	107,370
	55,393	50,809	53,456	54,812	54,489	55,202	58,609
	108,552	364,341	394,511	600,894	84,919	225,262	684,923
	(336,440)	(298,551)	(332,012)	(268,970)	(321,035)	(254,997)	(266,377)
	(3,827)	(3,767)	(3,532)	(3,561)	(3,216)	(3,139)	(3,744)
	(125)	(228)	(347)	(531)	(37)	(46)	36
\$	(156,786) \$	131,231 \$	154,131 \$	426,604 \$	(86,214) \$	121,811 \$	580,817
	5,718,746	5,587,515	5,433,384	5,006,780	5,092,994	4,971,183	4,390,366
\$	5,561,960 \$	5,718,746 \$	5,587,515 \$	5,433,384 \$	5,006,780 \$	5,092,994 \$	4,971,183
_							
\$	(201,140) \$	(367,682) \$	(573,004) \$	(241,709) \$	48,117 \$	152,618 \$	300,558
	103.75%	106.87%	111.43%	104.66%	99.05%	97.09%	94.30%
\$	1,169,886 \$	1,070,702 \$	1,114,681 \$	1,130,833 \$	1,112,779 \$	1,116,354 \$	1,172,159
	-17.19%	-34.34%	-51.41%	-21.37%	4.32%	13.67%	25.64%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (6)
2023	0.08854%	\$ 8,948,919	\$ 8,805,484	101.63%	82.45%
2022	0.09283%	8,837,972	8,602,950	102.73%	82.61%
2021	0.01000%	7,764,650	8,820,936	88.03%	85.46%
2020	0.10700%	15,568,399	9,338,277	166.72%	71.47%
2019	0.10759%	14,159,456	8,999,734	157.33%	73.51%
2018	0.11508%	13,534,000	9,303,038	145.48%	74.81%
2017	0.12224%	15,033,000	9,655,949	155.69%	72.92%
2016	0.12449%	17,447,000	9,490,744	183.83%	68.28%
2015	0.12561%	15,810,000	9,590,362	164.85%	70.68%
2014	0.13337%	16,117,000	9,752,607	165.26%	70.88%

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)*		Contributions ir Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	vern	ment						
2024	\$	957,249	\$	957,249	\$ -	\$	7,925,745	12.08%
2023		895,461		895,461	-		7,339,631	12.20%
2022		695,351		695,351	-		6,767,626	10.27%
2021		650,024		650,024	-		6,330,077	10.27%
2020		598,647		598,647	-		6,197,570	9.66%
2019		582,417		582,417	-		5,953,521	9.78%
2018		556,442		556,442	-		5,308,791	10.48%
2017		508,504		508,504	-		4,804,488	10.58%
2016		623,099		623,099	-		4,525,045	13.77%
2015		587,442		587,442	-		4,266,100	13.77%
Componen	t Uni	t School Board	(no	nprofessional)				
2024	\$	17,684	\$	17,684	\$ -	\$	1,256,072	1.41%
2023		16,656		16,656	-		1,120,704	1.49%
2022		16,878		16,878	-		1,143,386	1.48%
2021		16,175		16,175	-		1,102,262	1.47%
2020		18,627		18,627	-		1,169,886	1.59%
2019		18,019		18,019	-		1,070,702	1.68%
2018		43,035		43,035	-		1,114,681	3.86%
2017		45,742		45,742	-		1,130,833	4.04%
2016		99,816		99,816	-		1,112,779	8.97%
2015		100,137		100,137	-		1,116,354	8.97%
Componen	t Uni	t School Board	(pro	ofessional)				
2024	\$	1,369,451	\$	1,369,451	\$ -	\$	8,639,099	15.85%
2023		1,397,659		1,397,659	-		8,805,484	15.87%
2022		1,378,988		1,378,988	-		8,602,950	16.03%
2021		1,414,941		1,414,941	-		8,820,936	16.04%
2020		1,421,634		1,421,634	-		9,338,277	15.22%
2019		1,378,861		1,378,861	-		8,999,734	15.32%
2018		1,544,432		1,544,432	-		9,303,038	16.60%
2017		1,360,944		1,360,944	-		9,655,949	14.09%
2016		1,145,347		1,145,347	-		9,490,744	12.07%
2015		1,349,364		1,349,364	-		9,590,362	14.07%
2014		1,137,154		1,137,154	-		9,752,607	11.66%

^{*}Exclude contributions (mandatory and on match) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information VRS Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality
healthy, and disabled)	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 $$
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of County's and School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability VRS Cost-Sharing OPEB Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
		Group Li	ife lı	nsurance (GL	I) Plan	
Primary Go	overnment					
2023	0.03116% \$	373,706	\$	7,339,631	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.03110%	374,594		6,767,626	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.03070%	357,082		6,332,779	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.03014%	502,987		6,203,514	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.03045%	495,503		5,969,368	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.02813%	427,000		5,348,681	7.98%	51.22%
2017	0.02605%	393,000		4,804,488	8.18%	48.86%
Component	t Unit School Board (nonp	rofessional)				
2023	0.00477% \$	57,207	\$	1,123,388	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.00530%	63,335		1,143,386	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.00530%	62,172		1,102,262	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.00569%	94,957		1,169,886	8.12%	52.64%
2019	0.00549%	89,337		1,076,646	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.00591%	90,000		1,123,835	8.01%	51.22%
2017	0.00617%	93,000		1,138,466	8.17%	48.86%
Component	t Unit School Board (profe	essional)				
2023	0.03749% \$	449,623	\$	8,831,693	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.03960%	476,581		8,610,516	5.53%	67.21%
2021	0.04270%	497,494		8,620,936	5.77%	67.45%
2020	0.04540%	757,652		9,342,928	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.04594%	747,567		9,006,358	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.04896%	743,000		9,309,849	7.98%	51.22%
2017	0.05247%	790,000		9,677,754	8.16%	48.86%
		Teacher Employee	Heal	lth Insurance	Credit (HIC) Plan	
Component	t Unit School Board (profe	essional)				
2023	0.08830% \$	1,069,803	\$	8,805,484	12.15%	17.90%
2022	0.09231%	1,152,995		8,602,950	13.40%	15.08%
2021	0.09974%	1,280,232		8,820,936	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.10652%	1,389,571		9,338,277	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.10730%	1,404,662		8,999,734	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.11491%	1,459,000		9,293,614	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.12248%	1,553,000		9,665,747	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in the School Board's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022
Total HIC OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$	776	\$ 1,487
Interest		8,170	7,220
Changes of benefit terms		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(14,676)	3,620
Changes of assumptions		-	10,424
Benefit payments		(7,850)	(8,065)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	(13,580)	\$ 14,686
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		124,189	109,503
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	110,609	\$ 124,189
	_		
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	6,276	\$ 6,403
Net investment income		3,801	108
Benefit payments		(7,850)	(8,065)
Administrator charges		(93)	(109)
Other		1	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,135	\$ (1,663)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		62,968	64,631
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	65,103	\$ 62,968
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	45,506	\$ 61,221
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		58.86%	50.70%
Covered payroll	\$	1,120,704	\$ 1,143,386
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		4.06%	5.35%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

_	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017
\$	1,872	\$ 1,820	\$	1,807 \$	1,944 \$	2,026
	6,946	6,906		7,787	7,897	7,906
	-	3,788		-	-	-
	(603)	(4,619)		(13,749)	(4,184)	-
	2,160	-		2,202	-	(3,475)
	(7,552)	(7,057)		(6,891)	(7,579)	(5,609)
\$	2,823	\$ 838	\$	(8,844) \$	(1,922) \$	848
	106,680	105,842		114,686	116,608	115,760
\$	109,503	\$ 106,680	\$	105,842 \$	114,686 \$	116,608
=			=			
\$	6,173	\$ 6,317	\$	5,782 \$	6,354 \$	6,445
	13,661	1,038		3,195	3,403	4,960
	(7,552)	(7,057)		(6,891)	(7,579)	(5,609)
	(158)	(99)		(69)	(79)	(80)
	-	-		(3)	(247)	247
\$	12,124	\$ 199	\$	2,014 \$	1,852 \$	5,963
	52,507	52,308		50,294	48,442	42,479
\$	64,631	\$ 52,507	\$	52,308 \$	50,294 \$	48,442
\$	44,872	\$ 54,173	\$	53,534 \$	64,392 \$	68,166
	59.02%	49.22%		49.42%	43.85%	41.54%
\$	1,102,262	\$ 1,169,886	\$	1,070,702 \$	1,114,681 \$	1,130,833
	4.07%	4.63%		5.00%	5.78%	6.03%

Schedule of Employer Contributions VRS OPEB Plan - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	_	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	ver	nment					
2024	\$	42,799	\$	42,799	\$ -	\$ 7,925,745	0.54%
2023		39,634		39,634	-	7,339,631	0.54%
2022		36,545		36,545	-	6,767,626	0.54%
2021		34,197		34,197	-	6,332,779	0.54%
2020		32,258		32,258	-	6,203,514	0.52%
2019		31,041		31,041	-	5,969,368	0.52%
2018		27,813		27,813	-	5,348,681	0.52%
2017		24,983		24,983	-	4,804,488	0.52%
2016		21,720		21,720	-	4,525,045	0.48%
2015		20,477		20,477	-	4,266,100	0.48%
Component	: Un	it School Board	(no	onprofessional)			
2024	\$	6,783	\$	6,783	\$ -	\$ 1,256,072	0.54%
2023		6,066		6,066	-	1,123,388	0.54%
2022		6,174		6,174	-	1,143,386	0.54%
2021		5,952		5,952	-	1,102,262	0.54%
2020		6,083		6,083	-	1,169,886	0.52%
2019		5,599		5,599	-	1,076,646	0.52%
2018		5,844		5,844	-	1,123,835	0.52%
2017		5,920		5,920	-	1,138,466	0.52%
2016		5,341		5,341	-	1,112,779	0.48%
2015		5,358		5,358	-	1,116,354	0.48%
Component	: Un	it School Board	(pr	ofessional)			
2024	\$	46,651	\$	46,651	\$ -	\$ 8,639,099	0.54%
2023		47,691		47,691	-	8,831,693	0.54%
2022		46,497		46,497	-	8,610,516	0.54%
2021		47,633		47,633	-	8,820,936	0.54%
2020		48,583		48,583	-	9,342,928	0.52%
2019		46,833		46,833	-	9,006,358	0.52%
2018		48,411		48,411	-	9,309,849	0.52%
2017		50,324		50,324	-	9,677,754	0.52%
2016		45,560		45,560	-	9,491,607	0.48%
2015		44,828		44,828	-	9,339,184	0.48%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

VRS OPEB Plans - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) and Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plans
For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Component	Uni	t School Board (n	onp	orofessional)							
2024	\$	7,034	\$	7,034	¢	5	-		\$	1,256,072	0.56%
2023		6,276		6,276			-			1,120,704	0.56%
2022		6,403		6,403			-			1,143,386	0.56%
2021		6,173		6,173			-			1,102,262	0.56%
2020		6,317		6,317			-			1,169,886	0.54%
2019		5,782		5,782			-			1,070,702	0.54%
2018		6,354		6,354			-			1,114,681	0.57%
2017		6,446		6,446			-			1,130,833	0.57%
2016		5,898		5,898			-			1,112,779	0.53%
2015		5,917		5,917			-			1,116,354	0.53%
Component	: Uni	t School Board (p	rofe	essional)							
2024	\$	104,533	\$	104,533	¢	5	-		\$	8,639,099	1.21%
2023		106,546		106,546			-			8,805,484	1.21%
2022		104,096		104,096			-			8,602,950	1.21%
2021		106,733		106,733			-			8,820,936	1.21%
2020		112,059		112,059			-			9,338,277	1.20%
2019		107,997		107,997			-			8,999,734	1.20%
2018		114,311		114,311			-			9,293,614	1.23%
2017		107,290		107,290			-			9,665,747	1.11%
2016		100,611		100,611			-			9,491,607	1.06%
2015		98,995		98,995			-			9,339,184	1.06%
2014		108,259		108,259			-			9,753,088	1.11%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information VRS OPEB Plan - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life
retirement healthy, and disabled)	expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

VRS OPEB Plans - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) and Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees (Teacher HIC)

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Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA Exhibit 22

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance OPEB Plans - Primary Government and Component Unit School Board For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability	-		-		_		-		-		-		-	
Service cost	\$	56,437	\$	55,449	\$	67,515	\$	58,255	\$	40,288	\$	31,107	\$	32,003
Interest		35,707		31,560		19,181		18,293		21,895		21,952		19,465
Changes of assumptions		(98,247)		25,566		(124,916)		3,679		129,736		21,038		(20,338)
Differences between expected and actual experience		62,671		-		82,276		-		20,396		-		-
Benefit payments		(29,572)		(24,064)		(33,001)		(25,434)		(30,666)		(19,301)		(18,974)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	26,996	\$	88,511	\$	11,055	\$	54,793	\$	181,649	\$	54,796	\$	12,156
Total OPEB liability - beginning		936,503		847,992		836,937		782,144		600,495		545,699		533,543
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	963,499	\$	936,503	\$	847,992	\$	836,937	\$	782,144	\$	600,495	\$	545,699
Covered-employee payroll	\$	8,366,928	\$	7,152,063	\$	7,152,063	\$	7,034,863	\$	7,034,863	\$	5,528,661	\$	5,528,661
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a														
percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.52%		13.09%		11.86%		11.90%		11.12%		10.86%		9.87%
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)														
	_	2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018
Total OPEB liability														
Service cost	\$	33,646	\$	33,418	\$	40,403	\$	48,436	\$	34,988	\$	37,034	\$	37,648
Interest		21,805		19,553		15,170		15,105		19,745		20,594		18,131
Changes of assumptions		1,863		17,402		(47,503)		1,954		105,030		12,030		(11,594)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(230,366)		-		(110,112)		-		(14,391)		-		-
Benefit payments	_	(5,388)		(45,408)		(36,640)	_	(40,814)		(37,820)		(33,432)	_	(25,545)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(178,440)	\$	24,965	\$	(138,682)	\$	24,681	\$	107,552	\$	36,226	\$	18,640
Total OPEB liability - beginning		566,408		541,443		680,125		655,444		547,892		511,666		493,026
	ς	387,968	\$	566,408	\$	541,443	\$	680,125	\$	655,444	\$	547,892	\$	511,666
Total OPEB liability - ending	~=													
Total OPEB liability - ending Covered-employee payroll	\$ \$	8,788,448	\$	8,255,959	\$	8,255,959	\$	8,916,071	\$	8,916,071	\$	9,884,512	\$	9,884,512
, ,	\$	8,788,448	\$	8,255,959	\$	8,255,959	\$	8,916,071	\$	8,916,071	\$	9,884,512	\$	9,884,512

 $Schedule\ is\ intended\ to\ show\ information\ for\ 10\ years.\ Additional\ years\ will\ be\ included\ as\ they\ become\ available.$

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance OPEB Plans - Primary Government and Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Valuation Date: 7/1/2023 Measurement Date: 6/30/2024

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.93% as of June 30, 2024; 3.65% as of June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.50% per year as of June 30, 2024; 2.50% per year as of June 30, 2023
Healthcare Trend Rate (County)	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 6.20% in 2024 and gradually declines to 3.90% by the year 2072
Healthcare Trend Rate (School Board)	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 6.20% in 2024 and gradually declines to 3.90% by the year 2072
Salary Increase Rates (County)	The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% salary increase for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service
Salary Increase Rates (School Board)	The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% salary increase for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees were calculated using the RP-2014 Employee Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020. The mortality rates for disabled retirees were calculated using the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020.







COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_		ervice Fund						
	_	Budgete	mounts	ı			Variance with Final Budget -		
	_	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental:									
Federal	\$_	60,538	_	60,538		61,499	\$	961	
Total revenues	\$_	60,538	\$_	60,538	\$_	61,499	\$	961	
EXPENDITURES									
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	\$	512,794	\$	512,794	\$	512,794	\$	-	
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	124,383	_	124,383		124,381		2	
Total expenditures	\$_	637,177	\$_	637,177	\$_	637,175	\$	2	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$_	(576,639)	\$_	(576,639)	\$_	(575,676)	\$	963	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	576,639	\$	576,639	\$	576,639	\$	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	576,639	\$	576,639	\$	576,639	\$	-	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	963	\$	963	
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		(68,401)		(68,401)	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(67,438)	\$	(67,438)	

Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Co	unty Capital Imp	ro۱	vements Fund		
	_						Variance with	
		Budgete	d Ar	nounts			Final Budget -	
						Actual	Positive	
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES	_							
General property taxes	\$	2,204,760	\$	2,204,760	\$	2,175,428 \$	(29,332)	
Revenue from the use of money and property		-		-		2,973,309	2,973,309	
Miscellaneous		219,000		234,786		238,701	3,915	
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		630,400		655,322		24,922	(630,400)	
Federal		1,483,577	_	1,483,577	_	671,465	(812,112)	
Total revenues	\$_	4,537,737	\$_	4,578,445	\$_	6,083,825 \$	1,505,380	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Capital projects	\$	55,187,712	\$	55,278,371	\$	10,276,337 \$	45,002,034	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		900,000		900,000		900,000	-	
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,272,225	_	2,272,225	_	2,272,225		
Total expenditures	\$_	58,359,937	\$_	58,450,596	\$_	13,448,562 \$	45,002,034	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(53,822,200)	\$_	(53,872,151)	\$_	(7,364,737) \$	46,507,414	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_							
Transfers in	\$	169,115	\$	219,066	\$	219,066 \$	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	169,115	\$_	219,066	_	219,066 \$		
					_			
Net change in fund balances	\$	(53,653,085)	\$	(53,653,085)	\$	(7,145,671) \$	46,507,414	
Fund balances - beginning		53,653,085		53,653,085		57,898,593	4,245,508	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,752,922 \$	50,752,922	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2024

		Airport Commission Fund	_	Sheriff's Employee Fund		CSA Fund	Total	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	2,981	\$	18,939	\$	21,920
Due from other governmental units		1,663		-		123,113		124,776
Prepaid items	_	6,003	_	-		-		6,003
Total assets	\$	7,666	\$	2,981	\$	142,052	\$	152,699
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	46	\$	-	\$	75,142	\$	75,188
Overdraft		3,624		-		-		3,624
Due to other funds	_	-		-		66,910		66,910
Total liabilities	\$	3,670	\$	-	\$	142,052	\$	145,722
FUND BALANCES	_							
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids	\$	6,003	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,003
Restricted:								
Employee benefits - sheriff		-		2,981		-		2,981
Unassigned (deficit):								
Airport	_	(2,007)		-		-		(2,007)
Total fund balances	\$_	3,996		2,981	—	-	- ĭ —	6,977
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>-</u>	7,666	\$_	2,981	\$ 	142,052	\$ —	152,699



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Airport Commission Fund	_	Sheriff's Employee Fund		CSA Fund		Total
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	10,428	\$	-	\$	10,428
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		4,228		-		792,099		796,327
Federal	_	-	_	-		80,852		80,852
Total revenues	\$_	4,228	\$_	10,428	\$_	872,951	\$	887,607
EXPENDITURES	_							
Current:								
Public safety	\$	-	\$	9,216	\$	-	\$	9,216
Public works		33,658		-		-		33,658
Health and welfare	_	-	_	-		1,224,254		1,224,254
Total expenditures	\$_	33,658	\$_	9,216	\$_	1,224,254	. \$	1,267,128
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$_	(29,430)	\$_	1,212	\$_	(351,303)	\$	(379,521)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_							
Transfers in	\$	29,430	\$	-	\$	351,303	\$	380,733
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	29,430	\$	-	\$	351,303	\$	380,733
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	1,212	\$	-	\$	1,212
Fund balances - beginning		3,996		1,769		-		5,765
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,996	\$	2,981	\$	-	\$	6,977

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Airport Commission Fund											
REVENUES		Budgete Original	d Am	ounts Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
		Originat		1 11101	_	Actual		(Hegative)				
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal		5,000		5,000		4,228		(772)				
Total revenues	\$_	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	4,228	\$	(772)				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Public safety	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Public works		28,738		34,430		33,658		772				
Health and welfare	_	-		-		-		-				
Total expenditures	\$_	28,738	\$	34,430	\$_	33,658	\$_	772				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	\$	(23,738)	\$	(29,430)	\$	(29,430)	\$	-				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	\$	23,738	\$	29,430	\$	29,430	\$	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	23,738	\$	29,430	\$	29,430	\$	-				
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Fund balances - beginning	_			-		3,996	_	3,996				
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,996	\$	3,996				

		Sheriff's Emp	loyee Fund		CSA Fund								
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	Budgeted Ar	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive					
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)					
\$	- \$	- \$	10,428 \$	10,428 \$	300 \$	300 \$	- \$	(300					
	-	-	-	-	621,150	621,150	792,099	170,949					
s –		- - \$	10,428 \$	10,428 \$	13,500 634,950 \$	13,500 634,950 \$	80,852 872,951 \$	67,352 238,001					
\$	- \$	- \$	9,216 \$	(9,216) \$	- \$	- \$	- \$						
,	- -	-	-	-	895,000	992,508	1,224,254	(231,746					
\$	- \$	- \$	9,216 \$	(9,216) \$	895,000 \$	992,508 \$	1,224,254 \$	(231,746					
\$_	- \$	<u> </u> \$_	1,212 \$	1,212 \$	(260,050) \$	(357,558) \$	(351,303) \$	6,255					
\$_	- \$	\$_	\$_	- \$	260,050 \$	357,558 \$							
\$_	- \$	- \$_	- \$	- \$	260,050 \$	357,558 \$	351,303 \$	(6,255					
\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	1,212 \$ 1,769	1,212 \$ 1,769	- \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ -	-					
\$ [_]	- \$	- \$	2,981 \$	2,981 \$	- \$	\$	s	_					

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	-		•			
	-	Special Welfare Fund	 Sheriff Funds	Bond Escrow Fund		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	 \$	2,141	\$ - \$	31,920	\$	34,061
Total assets	\$	2,141	\$ - \$	31,920	\$	34,061
LIABILITIES						
Escrow deposits payable	\$	-	\$ - \$	31,920	\$	31,920
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ - \$	31,920	\$	31,920
NET POSITION						
Restricted for:						
Special welfare	\$	2,141	\$ - \$	-	\$	2,141
Total net position	\$	2,141	\$ - \$	-	\$	2,141

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Custodial Funds						
	_	Special Welfare Fund		Sheriff Funds		Bond Escrow Fund		Total
ADDITIONS								
Special welfare collections	\$	4,467	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,467
Sheriff fees		-		1,901		-		1,901
Total additions	\$_	4,467	\$	1,901	\$	-	\$	6,368
DEDUCTIONS								
Welfare costs	\$	6,294	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,294
Sheriff fees remitted to State		-		1,901		-		1,901
Total deductions	\$	6,294	\$	1,901	\$	-	\$	8,195
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(1,827)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,827)
Net position - beginning	_	3,968		-		-		3,968
Net position - ending	\$_	2,141	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	2,141

Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
June 30, 2024

ACCETC	School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents \$ Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	-	\$ 814,134	\$ 650,14	0 \$	92,340	\$ 1,556,614
Accounts receivable	27,156	743		-	-	27,899
Due from primary government	1,127,080	-		-	-	1,127,080
Due from other governmental units	3,170,298	14,478		-	-	3,184,776
Total assets \$	4,324,534	\$ 829,355	\$ 650,14	0 \$	92,340	5,896,369
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable \$	576,226	\$ 520	\$	- \$	-	\$ 576,746
Accrued liabilities	946,818	32,528		-	-	979,346
Reconciled overdraft payable	1,722,098	-		-	-	1,722,098
Total liabilities \$	3,245,142	\$ 33,048	\$	- \$	-	\$ 3,278,190
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
School activity funds \$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	92,340	92,340
Committed:						
Cafeteria operations	-	796,307		-	-	796,307
School capital projects	-	-	650,14	0	-	650,140
Unassigned: School operations	1,079,392					1 070 202
Total fund balances	1,079,392	\$ 796,307	\$ 650,14	<u>-</u> n s	92,340	1,079,392 \$ 2,618,179
Total liabilities and fund balances	4,324,534	·			92,340	·
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the second (Exhibit 1) are different because: Total fund balances per above Capital assets used in governmental activities are not						\$ 2,618,179
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Land				\$	25,822	
Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment, and vehicles					7,265,279 1,230,802	8,521,903
				-	1,230,602	0,321,903
The net pension asset is not available to pay for curre and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	ent-period expendi	tures.				315,460
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to person expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the Pension related items OPEB related items		od		\$	2,655,213 288,311	2,943,524
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absence payable in the current period and, therefore, are no Compensated absences	*	funds.		\$	(167,980)	
Equipment loan Net pension liability Net OPEB liabilities				-	(329,424) (8,948,919) (2,010,107)	(11,456,430)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the Pension related items		eriod and,		\$	(2,381,911)	
OPEB related items				•	(705,727)	(3,087,638)
				-		<u>-</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	400 \$	- \$	- !	- \$	
Charges for services		-	70,886	-	-	70,886
Miscellaneous		344,114	15,000	-	430,681	789,795
Intergovernmental: Local government		7,302,976	_	_	_	7,302,976
Commonwealth		15,233,851	16,935	-	-	15,250,786
Federal		5,922,270	1,218,916	-	-	7,141,186
Total revenues	\$	28,803,611 \$	1,321,737 \$	-	\$ 430,681 \$	30,556,029
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$	27,363,873 \$	1,262,488 \$	- !	\$ 434,825 \$	29,061,186
Capital projects		1,262,763	-	-	-	1,262,763
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		126,852	-	-	-	126,852
Interest and other fiscal charges	<u>,</u> -	19,711	·	- .	424 925	19,711
Total expenditures	۶_	28,773,199 \$	1,262,488 \$		\$ 434,825 \$	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	30,412 \$	59,249 \$	- !	\$(4,144) \$	85,517
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	- \$	- \$	61,392	\$ - \$,
Transfers out		(61,392)	-	-	-	(61,392)
Issuance of financing	<u>,</u>	116,889		- (4.303	·	116,889
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	55,497 \$	<u> </u>	61,392	\$\$	116,889
Net change in fund balances	\$	85,909 \$	59,249 \$	61,392		
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	ċ-	993,483 1,079,392 \$	737,058 796,307 \$	588,748 650,140	96,484 92,340 \$	2,415,773
·	= د				92,340	2,618,179
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement o	of act	ivities (Exhibit 2)) are different be	ecause:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per abo	ove				\$	202,406
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. Ho	owev	er, in the stater	ment of activitie	s the cost of	those assets is	
allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depe	recia	tion expense. T	his is the amour	nt by which th	ne depreciation	
exceeded capital outlays in the current period.						
Capital asset additions				:	\$ 376,041	
Depreciation					(997,239)	
Adjustment for jointly owned assets Depreciation adjustment for jointly owned assets					512,794 (238,585)	(246,090)
Depreciation adjustment for jointly owned assets					(230,303)	(346,989)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving c	apita	l assets (i.e., sa	ıles, trade-ins, a	nd donations)	is to decrease	
net position.		, ,				
Capital asset disposals						(2,400)
Special contributions received from the Commonwealth for the to	each	er cost sharing p	ool are not repoi	rted in govern	mental funds.	130,558
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, loans) provide	des c	urrent financial	resources to go	vernmental fu	ınds, while the	
repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the			-			
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, go	verni	mental funds re	port the effect of	of premiums,	discounts, and	
similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts	are	deferred and an	nortized in the s	tatement of	activities. This	
amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of	flong	-term obligation	s and related ite			
Issuance of equipment loan				:	\$ (116,889)	0.043
Payment of principal					126,852	9,963
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not red	quire	the use of curre	ent financial reso	urces and, th	erefore are not	
reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amo	ount o	of change compa	red to the prior			
				9	\$ (21,485)	
Decrease (increase) in compensated absences				·		
Pension expense					1,117,007	1 273 001
						1,273,091 1,266,629

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				School Ope	erati	ng Fund		
	_	Budget Original	ed Am	-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	_				_		_	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	400	\$	(600)
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		56,500		56,500		344,114		287,614
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		7,629,662		7,842,624		7,302,976		(539,648)
Commonwealth		14,525,400		15,278,069		15,233,851		(49,218)
Federal		5,124,501		5,372,248		5,922,270		550,022
Total revenues	\$	27,337,063	\$	28,550,441	\$	28,803,611	\$	248,170
EXPENDITURES	_							
Current:								
Education	\$	26,101,694	\$	27,315,072	\$	27,363,873	\$	(48,801)
Capital projects		1,140,369		1,140,369		1,262,763		(122,394)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		85,000		85,000		126,852		(41,852)
Interest and other fiscal charges		10,000		10,000		19,711		(9,711)
Total expenditures	\$	27,337,063	\$	28,550,441	\$	28,773,199	\$	(222,758)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	30,412	\$_	25,412
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	_ \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Transfers out		-		-		(61,392)		(61,392)
Issuance of financing		-		-		116,889		116,889
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	55,497	\$	55,497
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85,909	\$	80,909
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		993,483		993,483
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,079,392	\$	1,074,392

			School (Cafe	eteria Fund					:	School Capital I	Projects Fund		
-	Budgete Original	ed A	mounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	-	Budgete Original	ed A	mounts Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
-	Originat		1 max		Actual		(reguerre)		Originat	_	- mat	Actual	-	(Negative)
\$	176,000 7,000	\$	176,000 7,000	\$	70,886 15,000	\$	(105,114) 8,000	\$	-	\$	- \$ - -	- - -	\$	
	155,000 1,040,000		155,000 1,040,000		- 16,935 1,218,916		- (138,065) 178,916		-		- - -	-		- -
\$	1,378,000	\$	1,378,000	\$	1,321,737	\$	(56,263)	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u> \$	-	\$	-
\$	1,378,000	\$	1,378,000	\$	1,262,488	\$	115,512	\$		\$	- \$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		<u> </u>	-		-
\$_	1,378,000	_\$_	1,378,000	_\$_	1,262,488	_\$_	115,512	_\$_	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	
\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	59,249	\$_	59,249	\$_	-	\$_	\$	-	\$	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$ -	61,392 -	\$	61,392
\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	<u>-</u> \$	61,392	\$	61,392
\$	-	\$	-	\$	59,249 737,058	\$	59,249 737,058	\$	-	\$	- \$ -	61,392 588,748		61,392 588,748
\$	-	\$	-	\$	796,307	\$	796,307	\$	-	\$	- \$	650,140		650,140







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Ac	ctual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	7,175,000	\$	7,175,000	\$ 7,4	425,536	\$	250,536
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		5,000,000		5,000,000		595,152		(304,848)
Personal property taxes		5,136,045		5,136,045	5,1	181,277		45,232
Mobile home taxes		39,000		39,000	·	38,895		(105)
Machinery and tools taxes		300,000		300,000	3	355,745		55,745
Penalties		105,000		105,000		157,665		52,665
Interest		54,800		54,800		129,817		75,017
Total general property taxes	\$	17,809,845	\$	17,809,845		984,087	\$	174,242
Other local taxes:								_
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,000,000	ς	1,000,000	\$ 1.1	120,835	Ś	120,835
Consumers' utility taxes	*	255,000	~	255,000		242,115	~	(12,885)
Bank stock taxes		15,000		15,000	_	27,011		12,011
Franchise license taxes		30,000		30,000		11,079		(18,921)
Motor vehicle licenses		335,000		335,000	3	381,669		46,669
Taxes on recordation and wills		55,000		55,000		89,097		34,097
Utility consumption taxes		45,000		45,000		52,833		7,833
Hotel and motel room taxes		15,000		15,000		16,334		1,334
Total other local taxes	\$	1,750,000	\$	1,750,000	\$ 1,9	940,973	\$	190,973
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	24,000	ς	24,000	\$	13,822	Ś	(10,178)
Zoning application fees	7	6,000	~	6,000	~	10,980	~	4,980
Transfer fees		600		600		736		136
Permits and other licenses		40,000		40,000		45,009		5,009
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	70,600	\$	70,600	\$	70,547	\$	(53)
Fines and forfeitures:			_				_	
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	1,616,614	\$	1,616,614	\$ 1,5	560,009	\$	(56,605)
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	1,616,614		1,616,614		560,009		(56,605)
Revenue from use of money and property:	_							
Revenue from use of money	\$	47,327	ċ	47,327	¢ 1	131,539	ċ	84,212
Revenue from use of property	۲	22,600	۲	22,600		125,702	ڔ	103,102
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ [_]	69,927	\$	69,927		257,241	\$	187,314
Charges for services:	· -		_	-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,000	¢	1,000	\$	990	¢	(10)
Charges for courthouse maintenance	٦	29,000	ب	29,000	~	36,998	ڔ	7,998
Charges for court costs		319,000		319,000	,	421,470		102,470
Charges for court costs Charges for court costs - electronic summons fee		66,000		66,000		87,761		21,761
Law library fees		2,000		2,000		1,742		(258)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		2,500		2,500		4,042		1,542
S.M. 500 for Commonwealth According		2,300		2,300		.,5 12		1,512

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Charges for services: (Continued)					
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees	\$	6,000 \$	6,000 \$	6,090	
Animal shelter fees		250	1,600	1,350	(250)
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		315,000	315,000	155,931	(159,069)
Charges for landfill host fees		-	-	1,041,036	1,041,036
Charges for planning and community development		2,000	2,000	932	(1,068)
Lease revenue		125,000	125,000	(750) 271,043	(750) 146,043
Charges for emergency transport Total charges for services	s ⁻	867,750 \$	869,100 \$	2,028,635	
Total charges for services	_ د	507,730 3	309,100 3	2,020,033	1,137,333
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	44,000 \$	440,340 \$	153,032	\$ (287,308)
Greensville Memorial Foundation Grant		-	50,000	-	(50,000)
Total miscellaneous	\$	44,000 \$	490,340 \$	153,032	\$ (337,308)
	_	<u> </u>	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Recovered costs:					
Landfill inspection fees	\$	140,000 \$	140,000 \$	186,614	
Tax bills - Lawrenceville		2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)
School resource officer		96,345	96,345	96,345	-
Clerk of Circuit Court copy cost reimbursement		2,000	2,000	1,849	(151)
Sheriff contracted security		92,900	92,900	119,989	27,089
Insurance recovery		-	38,077	54,429	16,352
Interest reimbursement Total recovered costs		333,245 \$	17,433	936,122	918,689
Total recovered costs	- ک	333,243 \$	388,755 \$	1,395,348	\$ 1,006,593
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	22,561,981 \$	23,065,181 \$	25,389,872	\$ 2,324,691
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Grantor's tax	\$	20,000 \$	20,000 \$	42,713	
Mobile home titling tax		30,000	30,000	66,266	36,266
Rolling stock tax		5,000	5,000	5,091	91
Motor vehicle rental tax		-	-	624	624
Motor vehicle carrier's tax		- 3E 000	- 3F 000	1,546	1,546
State recordation tax		25,000 1,355,735	25,000	1,355,736	(25,000) 1
Personal property tax relief funds Communication taxes		425,000	1,355,735 425,000	273,007	(151,993)
Moped and ATV taxes		423,000	423,000	1,374	1,374
Total noncategorical aid	s ⁻	1,860,735 \$	1,860,735 \$	1,746,357	
•	Ť-	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,000,700 4	.,,	(,575)
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:		205 200 4	201.000 \$	222.252	
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	395,000 \$	396,258 \$	338,250	
Sheriff		1,275,000	1,373,784	1,351,752	(22,032)
Commissioner of revenue		120,000	124,490	136,320	11,830
Treasurer		100,000	109,667	126,541	16,874
Registrar/electoral board Clerk of the Circuit Court		66,000 320,000	83,157 320,821	83,157 310,805	(10,016)
Total shared expenses	s ⁻	2,276,000 \$	2,408,177 \$	2,346,825	
rotat silared expenses	_ د	2,270,000 3	۷,٦٠٥,١// ې	2,340,023	(01,332)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid:	\$	19,500	ċ	10 500	ċ	22 044	Ļ	12 244
Emergency medical services - four for life Fire program funds	Ş	44,000	>	19,500 64,367	>	32,844 64,367	Ş	13,344
Litter control grant		10,584		13,832		13,832		_
911 services board grant		11,000		11,000		13,032		(11,000)
Victim witness grant		29,048		29,048		26,682		(2,366)
PSAP - Phase II - Wireless		100,000		100,000		80,730		(19,270)
DMV license agent commission		40,000		40,000		53,068		13,068
Drug forfeiture funds		25,000		25,000		820		(24,180)
Arts grant		4,500		4,500		-		(4,500)
Historic resources grant		-		100,000		100,000		-
Lyngbya remediation		-		800,000		800,000		-
Library grant		-		127,580		174,222		46,642
Opioid grant		-		97,980		91,639		(6,341)
Other grants		109,873		325,871		114,536		(211,335)
Total other categorical aid	\$_	393,505	\$	1,758,678	\$	1,552,740	\$	(205,938)
Total categorical aid	\$_	2,669,505	\$_	4,166,855	\$	3,899,565	\$_	(267,290)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	4,530,240	\$	6,027,590	\$	5,645,922	\$_	(381,668)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Cost allocation plan - social services	\$	40,000	Ś	40,000	Ś	68,692	Ś	28,692
Victim witness grant	,	97,101		97,101		56,969	•	(40,132)
Emergency management grants		7,500		7,500		7,500		-
DCJS - Audio-Video equipment grant		205,000		222,000		222,000		-
Coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery fund		2,838,616		2,839,694		831,129		(2,008,565)
Total categorical aid	\$_	3,188,217	\$	3,206,295	\$	1,186,290	\$	(2,020,005)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	3,188,217	\$_	3,206,295	\$	1,186,290	\$_	(2,020,005)
Total General Fund	\$_	30,280,438	\$_	32,299,066	\$	32,222,084	\$_	(76,982)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds:					
Virginia Public Assistance Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Miscellaneous:					
Expenditure refunds	\$_	- \$	<u> </u>	17,156	17,156
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	953,659 \$	970,610 \$	847,214 \$	(123,396)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Virginia Public Assistance Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1.326.827 \$	1,326,827 \$	1 405 192	78,365
	'-				
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$_	2,280,486 \$	2,297,437 \$	2,269,562	(27,875)
Airport Commission Fund:					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Department of aviation grant	\$	5,000 \$	5,000 \$	4,228 \$	(772)
Total Airport Commission Fund	\$_	5,000 \$	5,000 \$	4,228	(772)
Sheriff's Employee Fund: Revenue from local sources:					
Miscellaneous revenue:			<u></u>	40 420 6	40.420
Various	ş_			10,428 \$	
Total miscellaneous revenue	^{>} _	<u> </u>	- <u>></u>	10,428 \$	10,428
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	- \$	- \$	10,428 \$	10,428
Total Sheriff's Employee Fund	\$	- \$	- \$	10,428 \$	10,428

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
r and, major and minor hevenue source		Duaget	_	Duaget	Actual	(Negative)
CSA Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Miscellaneous:						
Expenditure refunds	\$	300	\$	300 5	-	\$ (300)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
Comprehensive Services Act	\$	619,440	\$	619,440	790,450	\$ 171,010
PSSF grant		1,710		1,710	1,649	(61)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	621,150	\$	621,150	792,099	\$ 170,949
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
Social services block grant	\$	-	\$	- 9	67,837	\$ 67,837
PSSF grant		13,500		13,500	13,015	(485)
Total categorical aid	\$	13,500	\$	13,500	80,852	\$ 67,352
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	13,500	\$	13,500	80,852	\$ 67,352
Total CSA Fund	\$_	634,950	\$	634,950	872,951	\$ 238,001
Debt Service Fund:						
School Debt Service Fund:						
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
Federal interest subsidy	\$_	60,538	\$	60,538	61,499	\$ 961
Total School Debt Service Fund	\$	60,538	\$	60,538	61,499	\$961

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Funds:					
County Capital Improvements Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
General property taxes:					
Real property taxes	\$	1,280,000 \$	1,280,000 \$	1,309,298 \$	29,298
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		902,000	902,000	845,504	(56,496)
Mobile home taxes		6,900	6,900	6,921	21
Penalties		10,860	10,860	8,923	(1,937)
Interest		5,000	5,000	4,782	(218)
Total general property taxes	\$_	2,204,760 \$	2,204,760 \$	2,175,428	(29,332)
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$_	- \$_	- \$	2,973,309	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	- \$	- \$	2,973,309	2,973,309
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	219,000 \$	234,786 \$	238,701	3,915
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	219,000 \$	234,786	238,701	3,915
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	219,000 \$	234,786 \$	3,212,010	2,977,224
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Tobacco grant	\$	230,400 \$	255,322 \$	24,922	(230,400)
Other categorical aid		400,000	400,000		(400,000)
Total categorical aid	\$_	630,400 \$	655,322 \$	24,922 \$	(630,400)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	630,400 \$	655,322 \$	24,922 \$	(630,400)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:					
Community Development Block Grants	\$	1,433,577 \$	1,433,577 \$	671,465	(762,112)
Tourism Grant	7	50,000	50,000		(50,000)
Total categorical aid	\$	1,483,577 \$	1,483,577 \$	671,465	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,483,577 \$	1,483,577 \$	671,465	(812,112)
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	\$_	4,537,737 \$	4,578,445 \$	6,083,825	1,505,380
Total Primary Government	\$_	37,799,149 \$	39,875,436 \$	41,524,577	1,649,141

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of property	\$_	1,000 \$	1,000 \$	400 \$	(600)
Miscellaneous:					
E-Rate	\$	- \$	- \$	120,960	120,960
Other miscellaneous	7	56,500	56,500	223,154	166,654
Total miscellaneous	s	56,500 \$			
Total miscellaneous	٦_	30,300 \$	56,500 \$	344,114	287,614
Total revenue from local sources	\$	57,500 \$	57,500 \$	344,514	287,014
Intergovernmental:					
Revenues from local governments:					
Contribution from County of Brunswick, Virginia	\$	7,629,662 \$	7,842,624 \$	7,302,976 \$	(539,648)
Total revenues from local governments	\$	7,629,662 \$	7,842,624 \$	7,302,976	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:		_			
Categorical aid:					
Share of state sales tax	\$	2,435,316 \$	2,435,316 \$	2,328,492 \$	(106,824)
Basic school aid		5,692,604	5,692,604	5,855,576	162,972
Remedial summer education		80,691	80,691	83,348	2,657
Special education foster care		10,292	10,292	-	(10,292)
Adult secondary education		-	-	53,665	53,665
Gifted and talented		41,906	41,906	41,751	(155)
Remedial education		323,818	323,818	322,622	(1,196)
Enrollment Loss		-	-	323,092	323,092
Special education		808,116	808,116	803,138	(4,978)
Special education jails		44,098	44,098	32,969	(11,129)
Textbook payment		100,863	100,863	100,491	(372)
Vocational standards of quality payments		233,149	233,149	232,287	(862)
Vocational education - equipment		8,238	8,238	4,044	(4, 194)
Social security fringe benefits		310,865	310,865	308,958	(1,907)
Retirement fringe benefits		725,352	725,352	720,395	(4,957)
Group life fringe benefits		22,096	22,096	22,014	(82)
Infrastructure and Operations Per Pupil Allocation		100,000	100,000	307,378	207,378
Early reading intervention		78,816	78,816	70,117	(8,699)
Adult literacy		365,972	365,972	344,876	(21,096)
Homebound education		2,527	2,527	937	(1,590)
Salary supplement		780,921	780,921	871,418	90,497
At risk payments		1	1	-	(1)
Virginia preschool initiative		1	1	146,485	146,484

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	: (Conti	nued)						
School Operating Fund: (Continued)	`	,						
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
State disparity initiatives	\$	397,067	Ś	397,067	Ś	414,557	Ś	17,490
Alternative education	•	465,558	т.	465,558	•	480,057	•	14,499
Technology		212,533		212,533		362,603		150,070
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		32,398		32,398		27,954		(4,444)
Mentor teacher program		-		-		1,894		1,894
English as a second language		22,499		22,499		26,054		3,555
Middle school teacher corp		-		-		5,000		5,000
Industry Certification		-		-		1,836		1,836
Project Graduation		7,331		7,331		7,331		-
School construction		809,280		809,280		-		(809,280)
Positive Behavioral Intervention and Support		-		-		22,500		22,500
CTE Equipment and Other Grants		-		-		3,791		3,791
All-in funds		-		752,669		752,669		-
Security equipment		-		-		85,909		85,909
Other state funds		413,092		413,092		67,643		(345,449)
Total categorical aid	\$	14,525,400	\$	15,278,069	\$	15,233,851	\$	(44,218)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	14,525,400	\$	15,278,069	\$	15,233,851	\$	(44,218)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Federal land use	\$	_	\$	-	¢	6,541	¢	6,541
Title I	Ţ	783,392	7	783,392	Ų	853,348	Ų	69,956
				•				
Title II, Part A		108,778		108,778		92,269		(16,509)
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		511,776		511,776		680,300		168,524
Vocational education		47,192		47,192		61,226		14,034
Title VI-B, special education pre-school		12,048		12,048		-		(12,048)
Rural and low income schools		-		-		61,578		61,578
Title IV - 21st century learning grant		-		247,747		116,414		(131,333)
Preschool Expansion Grant		-		-		21,113		21,113
Title III, Part A, english proficiency		-		-		3,350		3,350
JROTC		51,000		51,000		62,738		11,738
Student support and academic enrichment		55,315		55,315		71,181		15,866
CARES Act - ESSERF Funds		3,555,000		3,555,000		3,616,098		61,098
CARES Act - CRF Funds		-		-		276,114		276,114
Total categorical aid	\$	5,124,501	\$	5,372,248	\$	5,922,270	\$	550,022
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	5,124,501	\$	5,372,248	\$	5,922,270	\$	550,022
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	27,337,063	\$	28,550,441	\$	28,803,611	\$	253,170
Special Revenue Fund:	_							
School Cafeteria Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$_	176,000	\$_	176,000	\$	70,886	\$	(105,114)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:	(Conti	nued)						
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)								
School Cafeteria Fund: (Continued)								
Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	7,000	\$	7,000 \$	\$	-	\$	(7,000)
No kid hungry grant	_		_		_	15,000		15,000
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	7,000	\$	7,000	\$ <u> </u>	15,000	\$	8,000
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	183,000	\$_	183,000	\$	85,886	\$	(97,114)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	155,000	\$	155,000	\$	8,430	\$	(146,570)
School breakfast program	_	<u>-</u>				8,505		8,505
Total categorical aid	\$_	155,000	\$	155,000	\$	16,935	\$	(138,065)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	155,000	\$	155,000	\$	16,935	\$	(138,065)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	920,000	\$	920,000	\$	1,105,135	\$	185,135
Fresh fruit and vegetables grant		-		-		52,022		52,022
Summer feeding program		45,000		45,000		-		(45,000)
Commodities		-		-		61,759		61,759
Pandemic EBT	<u>s</u> -	75,000	<u>, </u>	75,000	_	1 240 047	<u>, </u>	(75,000)
Total categorical aid	٥_	1,040,000	<u>></u>	1,040,000	_	1,218,916	۶ <u> </u>	178,916
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	1,040,000	\$_	1,040,000	\$	1,218,916	\$	178,916
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	1,378,000	\$_	1,378,000	\$	1,321,737	\$	(56,263)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund:								
School Activity Funds:								
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	- !	\$	- 5	\$	430,681	\$	430,681
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	-	\$	- (\$	430,681	\$	430,681
Total School Activity Funds	\$	-	\$	- (\$	430,681	\$	430,681
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit -								
School Board	\$_	28,715,063	\$_	29,928,441	\$	30,556,029	\$_	627,588



Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	254,539	\$	433,162	\$	575,825	\$_	(142,663)
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	463,449	Ś	406,515		388,174	Ś	18,341
Independent auditor		55,000		62,000		62,000		-
Commissioner of revenue		327,604		330,721		328,288		2,433
Reassessment		400,000		271,317		271,317		-
Equalization board		-		457		457		-
Treasurer		357,204		360,415		358,186		2,229
Finance department		327,654		330,554		309,192		21,362
Information Technology		90,892		139,533		142,078		(2,545)
DMV select		113,529		114,522		117,304		(2,782)
Total general and financial administration	\$	2,135,332	\$	2,016,034	\$	1,976,996	\$	39,038
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	110,247	ς	127,487	ς	127,487	Ś	_
Registrar	7	188,836	7	190,533	~	186,270	7	4,263
Total board of elections	\$	299,083	\$	318,020	\$	313,757	\$	4,263
Total general government administration	\$	2,688,954	ς	2,767,216	ς	2,866,578	ς	(99,362)
Total general government administration		2,000,734	٠-	2,707,210	٠ <u></u>	2,000,376	۔ ۲	(77,302)
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	35,980	\$	39,385	\$	37,985	\$	1,400
General district court		39,679		39,679		23,693		15,986
Special magistrates		950		950		629		321
Clerk of the circuit court		512,427		644,225		642,972		1,253
Law library		2,000		2,000		718		1,282
Victim/witness assistance program		182,832		183,614		138,725		44,889
Courthouse security		744,191		743,429		743,429	·	
Total courts	\$_	1,518,059	\$	1,653,282	\$ <u> </u>	1,588,151	<u>\$</u> _	65,131
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	808,067	\$	642,163	\$	607,561	\$	34,602
Asset forfeiture	_	15,000		9,990		-		9,990
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$_	823,067	\$	652,153	\$	607,561	\$_	44,592
Total judicial administration	\$_	2,341,126	\$	2,305,435	\$	2,195,712	\$_	109,723
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	3,694,385	\$	3,958,664	\$	3,983,250	\$	(24,586)
Sheriff - line of duty		44,348		44,348		44,348		-
Asset forfeiture		10,000		38,539		38,539		-
E911 system		1,153,680		1,194,302		1,018,461		175,841
School resource officer		412,095		422,799		422,019		780
E-Summons System	. —	66,000	. —	66,000		54,790		11,210
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$_	5,380,508	\$	5,724,652	\$	5,561,407	\$_	163,245

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire and rescue	\$	1,568,193	\$	1,695,080	\$	1,603,634	\$	91,446
Brunswick EMS		735,133		800,275		933,852		(133,577)
Mecklenburg-Brunswick Fire Training		20,000		20,000		20,000		-
Division of forestry	_	21,915		21,915		21,915		-
Total fire and rescue services	\$_	2,345,241	\$_	2,537,270	\$_	2,579,401	\$_	(42,131)
Correction and detention:								
Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority	\$	2,584,580	\$	2,524,637	\$	2,298,110	\$	226,527
VJCCCA		7,854		9,471		9,471		-
Probation office		87,758		144,727		144,727		-
Total correction and detention	\$_	2,680,192	\$	2,678,835	\$	2,452,308	\$	226,527
Inspections:								
Building	\$	195,355	\$	196,631	\$	184,010	\$	12,621
Total inspections	\$_	195,355	\$	196,631	\$	184,010	\$	12,621
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	343,107	\$	374,582	\$	368,306	\$	6,276
Medical examiner		270		280		280		-
Emergency mangement services		242,203		242,203		265,773		(23,570)
Total other protection	\$	585,580	\$	617,065	\$	634,359	\$	(17,294)
Total public safety	\$_	11,186,876	\$_	11,754,453	\$_	11,411,485	\$_	342,968
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	1,190,997	\$	1,254,977	\$	1,254,977	\$	-
Litter control		10,584		13,832		13,785		47
Inmate work force program		209,013		201,593		201,593		-
Lake Gaston weed control		116,000		916,000	_	916,000		-
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	1,526,594	\$	2,386,402	\$	2,386,355	\$	47
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	511,868	\$	667,053	\$	716,753	\$	(49,700)
Courthouse maintenance		29,000		29,000		20,327		8,673
General engineering/administration		428,625		431,919		398,253		33,666
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	969,493	\$	1,127,972	\$	1,135,333	\$	(7,361)
Total public works	\$_	2,496,087	\$_	3,514,374	\$_	3,521,688	\$	(7,314)
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	112,000	\$	112,000	\$	112,000	\$	-
Opioid abatement	_	-		97,980		77,670		20,310
Total health	\$	112,000	\$	209,980	\$	189,670	\$	20,310

Reath and welfare: (Continued) Reath and welfare: (Continued) Reath and welfare: (Continued) Reath and welfare: (Continued) Reath and mental retardation: Southside Community Services Board Southside Service Continued	Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Mental health and mental retardations \$ 94,660 \$ 94,660 \$ 94,660 \$ 94,660 \$ \$ 94,660 \$ \$ \$ 94,660 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$						
Melfare:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Netfare: Local area on aging \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ Veteran's exemption on real estate \$						
Neteran's exemption on real estate	Southside Community Services Board	\$_	94,660 \$	94,660 \$	94,660	\$
Neteran's exemption on real estate	Welfare:					
Veteran's exemption on real estate . . 57,692 (57,692) Southside senior citizens center 5,000 5,000 5,000 . . Viriginia legal aid contribution 5,200 5,200 5,200 . . Total welfare \$ 12,700 \$ 112,700 \$ 70,392 \$ (37,82) Total health and welfare \$ 219,300 \$ 317,340 \$ 354,722 \$ (37,82) Education: Contribution to Country School Board 7,629,662 7,840,624 7,302,976 539,648 Head Start program 61,240 61,240 61,240 61,240 61,240 539,648 Parks, recreation and cultural: Farts program 61,240 102,500 102,500 102,500 539,648 Parks, and recreation: Farts program and Archives 12,505 8,014,969 7,475,321 \$ 539,648 Parks, and recreation: Farts program and cultural:		Ś	2.500 S	2.500 S	2,500	\$ -
Southside senior citizens center 5,000 5		•	_,	-,		
Notation 1,200 1			5 000	5 000		(37,072)
Total welfare \$ 12,700 \$ 70,392 \$ (57,692) Total health and welfare \$ 219,360 \$ 317,340 \$ 354,722 \$ (37,382) Education: Total instructional costs: Contribution to Southside Virginia Community College \$ 8,605 \$ 8,605 \$ 8,605 \$ 8,605 \$ 36,648 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 \$ 36,605 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td></td<>						_
Total health and welfare \$ 219,360 \$ 317,340 \$ 354,722 \$ (37,382)		ς-	,	,		\$ (57,692)
Education: Other instructional costs:	Total wellare	→_	12,700 5	12,700 3	70,372	(37,072)
Contributions to Southside Virginia Community College \$,8,605 \$,8,605 \$,3,605 \$,33,648 \$,32,624 \$,7,302,965 \$,339,648 \$,329,525 \$,329,648 \$,329,545 \$,329,648 \$,329,545 \$,329,648 \$,329,545 \$,	Total health and welfare	\$_	219,360 \$	317,340 \$	354,722	\$ (37,382)
Contributions to Southside Virginia Community College \$,8,605 \$,8,605 \$,3,605 \$,33,648 \$,32,624 \$,7,302,965 \$,339,648 \$,329,525 \$,329,648 \$,329,545 \$,329,648 \$,329,545 \$,329,648 \$,329,545 \$,	Education:					
Contribution to County School Board 7,629,662 7,842,624 7,302,976 539,648 Head Start program 61,240 61,240 61,240 61,240 - JSR-SPC Museum and Archives - 100,500 102,500 - Total education \$ 7,699,507 \$ 8,014,969 7,475,321 \$ 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks, recreation, and cultural: \$ 12,505 \$ 12,5						
Head Start program	Contributions to Southside Virginia Community College	\$	8,605 \$	8,605 \$	8,605	\$ -
SR-SPC Museum and Archives Total education 102,509,507 102,500 102,500 2.393,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Recreation youth league \$ 12,505	Contribution to County School Board		7,629,662	7,842,624	7,302,976	539,648
Total education \$ 7,699,507 \$ 8,014,969 \$ 7,475,321 \$ 539,648 Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Recreation youth league \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ \$ Water safety council 3,500 \$ 11,326 \$ 11,326 \$ \$ Bowling alley 26,800 \$ 26,800 \$ 16,852 \$ 9,948 Total parks and recreation \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ \$ 40,683 \$ 9,948 Cultural enrichment: Other \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ \$ \$ Chamber of commerce 6,000 \$ 6,000 \$ 6,000 \$ Chamber of commerce 6,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ Tost Christanna Preservation 183,585 \$ 190,101 \$ 182,629 \$ 7,472 Taste of Brunswick festival 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ Fort Christanna Preservation 5,000 \$ 32,202 \$ 5,021 \$ 27,181 27,181 Total cultural enrichment \$ 204,585 \$ 238,303 \$ 203,650 \$ 34,653 34,653 Library: Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 34,653 Planning and community development: Planning commission \$ 389,615 \$ 311,316 \$	Head Start program		61,240	61,240	61,240	-
Parks and recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation youth league \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ Mater safety councit 3,500 11,326 11	JSR-SPC Museum and Archives		-		102,500	-
Parks and recreation: Recreation youth league \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ A 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ A 13,326 \$ A 14,326 \$ A 13,326 \$ A 14,326 \$ A 14,326 \$ A 12,326 \$ A 14,326 \$	Total education	\$	7,699,507 \$	8,014,969 \$	7,475,321	\$ 539,648
Recreation youth league \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 11,326						
Water safety council 3,500 11,326 11,326 9.48 Bowling alley 26,800 26,800 16,852 9,948 Total parks and recreation \$ 42,805 50,631 40,683 9,948 Cultural enrichment: \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 6,000 6,000		Ś	12,505 \$	12,505 \$	12,505	\$ -
Bowling alley 26,800 26,800 16,852 9,948 Total parks and recreation \$ 42,805 \$ 50,631 \$ 40,683 \$ 9,948 Cultural enrichment: Other \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 7,472 7,472 Taste of Brunswick festival 5,000 5		· ·				
Total parks and recreation \$ 42,805 \$ 50,631 \$ 40,683 \$ 9,948 Cultural enrichment: Cultural enrichment: Other \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5.00	•					9,948
Other \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 6,000 5,000 \$ 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 7,472 Tourism association 183,585 190,101 182,629 7,472 Taste of Brunswick festival 5,000 32,202 5,021 27,181 Fort Christanna Preservation 5,000 32,202 5,021 27,181 Total cultural enrichment \$ 204,585 238,303 203,650 \$ 34,653 Library: Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 212,885 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 34,653 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning and community development: Planning and community development: \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504		\$			40,683	
Other \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 6,000 5,000 \$ 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 7,472 Tourism association 183,585 190,101 182,629 7,472 Taste of Brunswick festival 5,000 32,202 5,021 27,181 Fort Christanna Preservation 5,000 32,202 5,021 27,181 Total cultural enrichment \$ 204,585 238,303 203,650 \$ 34,653 Library: Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 212,885 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 34,653 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning and community development: Planning and community development: \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504	Cultural oprichments					
Chamber of commerce 6,000 6,000 6,000 - Tourism association 183,585 190,101 182,629 7,472 Taste of Brunswick festival 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 - Fort Christanna Preservation 5,000 32,202 5,021 27,181 Total cultural enrichment \$ 204,585 238,303 \$ 203,655 \$ 34,653 Library: Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ - Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 460,275 501,819 \$ 457,218 \$ 44,601 Community development: Planning and community development: \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 - 5,000 Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5		Ċ	5 000 ¢	5 000 ¢	5 000	¢
Tourism association 183,585 190,101 182,629 7,472 Taste of Brunswick festival 5,000 5,000 5,000 - Fort Christanna Preservation 5,000 32,202 5,021 27,181 Total cultural enrichment \$ 204,585 238,303 203,650 \$ 34,653 Library: Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 212,885 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ - Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 460,275 \$ 501,819 457,218 \$ 44,601 Community development: Planning and community development: \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504		Ų				· -
Taste of Brunswick festival 5,000 5,000 5,000 - Fort Christanna Preservation 5,000 32,202 5,021 27,181 Total cultural enrichment \$ 204,585 238,303 203,650 \$ 34,653 Library: Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 212,885 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ - Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 460,275 501,819 457,218 \$ 44,601 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 - Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 - 5,000 Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000						7 <i>4</i> 72
Fort Christanna Preservation 5,000 32,202 5,021 27,181 Total cultural enrichment \$ 204,585 \$ 238,303 \$ 203,650 \$ 34,653 Library: Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 \$,			7,472
Total cultural enrichment \$ 204,585 \$ 238,303 \$ 203,650 \$ 34,653 Library: Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ - Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 460,275 \$ 501,819 \$ 457,218 \$ 44,601 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 - Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 - Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 3,501 - 3,501 - Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 - 40,000 - Art bank 10,000 - - - -				,	*	27 191
Library: Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 460,275 \$ 501,819 \$ 457,218 \$ 44,601 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 - 5,000 Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 - 5,000 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 3,501 - 6 Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000		ς-				
Contribution to regional library \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ 212,885 \$ - Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 460,275 \$ 501,819 \$ 457,218 \$ 44,601 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 - Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 - Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 3,501 - Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 - - Art bank 10,000 - - -	Total cultural emichinent	٧	204,303 3	230,303 3	203,030	۶ <u>۵۳,055</u>
Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 460,275 \$ 501,819 \$ 457,218 \$ 44,601 Community development: Planning and community development: Planning \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 - 5,000 Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 3,501 - 5,000 Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000	Library:					
Community development: Planning and community development: Planning \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 - 5,000 Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 3,501 - 5,000 Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000	Contribution to regional library	\$	212,885 \$	212,885 \$	212,885	\$
Planning and community development: Planning \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 - 5,000 Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 - Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 - - - Art bank 10,000 - - - - -	Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	460,275 \$	501,819 \$	457,218	\$ 44,601
Planning and community development: Planning \$ 329,732 \$ 396,838 \$ 322,935 \$ 73,903 Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 - 5,000 Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 - Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 - - - Art bank 10,000 - - - - -	Community development:					
Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 - Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 - Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 - Art bank 10,000 - - - -						
Broadband 2,838,616 2,838,616 507,762 2,330,854 Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 27,504 - Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 - Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 - Art bank 10,000 - - - -	, ,	\$	329,732 \$	396,838 \$	322,935	\$ 73,903
Economic development 282,496 385,158 311,316 73,842 Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 - - Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 - Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 - Art bank 10,000 - - - -	•	•				
Regional planning commission 27,504 27,504 27,504 - Roanoke River Regional Business Park 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Brunswick literacy council 3,501 3,501 3,501 - Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport 40,000 40,000 40,000 - Art bank 10,000 - - - -	Economic development					
Roanoke River Regional Business Park5,0005,000-5,000Brunswick literacy council3,5013,5013,501-Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport40,00040,00040,000-Art bank10,000	Regional planning commission					-
Brunswick literacy council3,5013,5013,501-Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport40,00040,00040,000-Art bank10,000				5,000	-	5,000
Art bank 10,000	Brunswick literacy council		3,501	3,501	3,501	-
	Mecklenburg - Brunswick regional airport		40,000	40,000	40,000	-
Total planning and community development \$ 3,536,849 \$ 3,696,617 \$ 1,213,018 \$ 2,483,599				-	-	-
	Total planning and community development	\$	3,536,849 \$	3,696,617 \$	1,213,018	\$ 2,483,599

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Community development: (Continued) Environmental management:		44.542.6		44.540	
Contribution to soil and water district	\$_	11,543 \$	11,543 \$	11,543	-
Cooperative extension program: Extension office	\$_	100,143 \$	110,143 \$	85,264	24,879
Total community development	\$_	3,648,535 \$	3,818,303 \$	1,309,825	2,508,478
Capital projects: Other capital projects Total capital projects	\$_ \$_	7,500 \$ 7,500 \$	7,500 \$ 7,500 \$	7,500 S	
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	\$ _ \$	663,736 \$ 246,121 909,857 \$	663,736 \$ 246,121 909,857 \$	741,005 S 281,697 1,022,702 S	(35,576)
Total General Fund	\$	31,658,077 \$	33,911,266 \$	30,622,751	3,288,515
Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Health and welfare: Welfare and social services: Welfare administration Public assistance Total welfare and social services	\$ _	2,348,809 \$ 489,694 2,838,503 \$	2,369,232 \$ 489,694 2,858,926 \$	2,260,254 5 511,250 2,771,504 5	(21,556)
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	*_ \$	2,838,503 \$	2,858,926 \$	2,771,504	
Airport Commission Fund: Public works: Maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$_	28,738 \$	34,430 \$	33,658	772
Total Airport Commission Fund	\$ <u></u>	28,738 \$	34,430 \$	33,658	772
Sheriff's Employee Fund: Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Miscellaneous office expenses Total public safety	\$_ \$	- \$ - \$	- \$ - \$	9,216 9,216	(9,216)
Total Sheriff's Employee Fund	\$	- \$	- \$	9,216	(9,216)
CSA Fund: Health and welfare: Welfare and social services: Comprehensive services Total CSA Fund	\$_ \$_	895,000 \$ 895,000 \$	992,508 \$ 992,508 \$	1,224,254 1,224,254	(231,746) (231,746)
				-,,	(=0.,70)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Debt Service Fund:					
School Debt Service Fund:					
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$	512,794 \$	512,794 \$	512,794 \$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges		124,383	124,383	124,381	2
Total School Debt Service Fund	\$	637,177 \$	637,177 \$	637,175 \$	2
Capital Projects Funds: County Capital Improvements Fund: Capital projects: New school Fire and rescue services Roll off vehicle Road projects - VDOT	\$	52,829,735 \$ - - 25,000	52,829,735 \$ 24,922 - 74,951	9,254,698 \$ 15,645 271,365	43,575,037 9,277 (271,365) 74,951
Township Road housing project		733,810	733,810	178,448	555,362
Front loader vehicle		899,400	915,186	65,720	849,466
Project whitehouse		, <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	3,819	(3,819)
Administrative fees - Southside planning district commission		699,767	699,767	486,642	213,125
Total capital projects	\$	55,187,712 \$	55,278,371 \$	10,276,337 \$	45,002,034
Debt service:	_	000 000 ¢	000 000 ¢	000 000 ¢	
Principal retirement	\$	900,000 \$	900,000 \$	900,000 \$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service		2,272,225 3,172,225 \$	2,272,225 3,172,225 \$	2,272,225 3,172,225 \$	
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	۰ ۶	58,359,937 \$	58,450,596 \$	13,448,562 \$	
Total Primary Government	= د	94,417,432 \$	96,884,903 \$	48,747,120 \$	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education: Instruction costs: Elementary and secondary schools Guidance services Homebound instruction Other instructional costs Media services Office of the principal	\$	11,515,555 \$ 450,257 11,865 4,312,599 279,055 1,224,955	11,728,517 \$ 450,257 11,865 5,269,815 279,055 1,224,955	10,780,329 \$ 510,604 8,234 7,077,775 260,335 1,228,950	948,188 (60,347) 3,631 (1,807,960) 18,720 (3,995)
Total instruction costs	s ⁻	17,794,286 \$	18,964,464 \$	19,866,227 \$	
Operating costs: Administration, attendance and health services Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant School food service and other non-instructional Total operating costs	\$ \$	1,222,645 \$ 3,052,951 4,031,812 - 8,307,408 \$	1,222,645 \$ 3,096,151 4,031,812 - 8,350,608 \$	2,375,423 \$ 2,752,777 2,367,284 2,162 7,497,646 \$	(1,152,778) 343,374 1,664,528 (2,162)
Total education	\$_	26,101,694 \$	27,315,072 \$	27,363,873 \$	(48,801)
Capital projects: Technology Total capital projects	\$_ \$_	1,140,369 \$ 1,140,369 \$	1,140,369 \$ 1,140,369 \$	1,262,763 \$ 1,262,763 \$	
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	\$ _ \$	85,000 \$ 10,000 95,000 \$	85,000 \$ 10,000 95,000 \$	126,852 \$ 19,711 146,563 \$	(9,711)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	27,337,063 \$	28,550,441 \$	28,773,199 \$	
	134	=		-, -,	(,: -3)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Fund:					
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Education:					
School food services: Administration of school food program	¢	1,378,000 \$	1,378,000 \$	1,262,488	115,512
Administration of school food program	٧_	1,370,000 3	1,370,000 3	1,202,400	113,312
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	1,378,000 \$	1,378,000 \$	1,262,488	115,512
Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund:					
School Activity Funds:					
Education:					
Instructional services:					
Other instructional services	\$_	- \$	- \$	434,825	(434,825)
Total School Activity Funds	\$_	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u> \$	434,825	(434,825)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit -					
School Board	\$_	28,715,063 \$	29,928,441 \$	30,470,512	\$ (542,071)





COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	20,322,136	21,883,535	22,086,348	23,924,656	26,356,111	27,682,560	30,627,722	32,761,078	34,463,061	37.278.770
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$	633,693		616,694					2,426,711	2.484.311
Community Development .	1,366,109 \$	1,010,181	677,268	855,923	1,297,820	1,091,047	1,113,599	1,596,228	1,205,121	2.010.889
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	266,468 \$	257,645	255,735	307,427	488,124	455,194	432,164	515,069	637,625	485.358
Education	5,262,095 \$	5,815,545	5,434,742	6,303,988	6,562,690	6,381,182	8,097,331	8,773,939	7,431,240	8.061.401
Health and Welfare	2,567,376 \$	2,772,335	2,980,849	2,872,766	3,189,487	3,242,931	3,100,748	3,360,532	3,784,328	4,456,115
Public Works	1,306,627 \$			1,707,126	1,961,707	2,197,407	2,148,169	2,696,137	3,648,395	3.653.316
Public Safety	6,000,403 \$	7,059,685	7,167,141	7,746,153	8,780,522	9,675,222	10,814,097	10,237,615	10,125,878	11.827.860
Judicial Administration	1,307,752 \$	1,375,338	1,459,765	1,529,147	1,531,103	1,653,439	1,981,344	1,992,778	2,258,775	2.271.865
General Government Administration	1,579,943 \$	1,559,145	1,822,713	1,985,432	1,741,196	2,426,306	2,267,710	2,381,985	2,944,988	2.027,655
Fiscal (Year A	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	20,611,508	21,913,111	25,380,437	26,773,990	27,543,173	28,706,584	31,806,627	34,610,082	37,497,759	40,254,596
		\$									
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	1,835,661	1,825,892	1,825,375	1,890,960	1,801,300	1,825,066	1,807,419	1,808,797	1,826,341	1,746,357
		\$									
JES	Miscellaneous	71,038	150,380	140,896	95,138	161,688	182,125	114,351	819,265	201,665	419,317
EN EN	_ :	Ş									
GENERAL REVENUES	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	123,332	133,637	139,209	163,660	175,557	178,543	130,317	154,967	2,139,218	3,138,827
Ĭ		\$									
	Other Local Taxes (1)	3,068,643	1,899,602	1,617,595	1,702,794	1,231,660	1,738,812	1,950,781	1,952,633	1,936,674	1,940,973
		\$									
	General Property Taxes (2)	9,703,330	11,788,542	14,348,055	15,331,809	15,980,713	16,396,646	16,390,648	19,726,462	21,126,888	20,219,192
ı	1	\$									
S	Capital Grants and Contributions	166,588	238,644	682,187	630,396	716,188	905,845	962,401	239,724	267,629	757,886
ğ	νI					_		_			
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating Grants and Contributions	4,071,497	4,191,607	4,297,335	4,589,867	4,839,710	4,940,591	7,353,094	6,523,782	6,456,350	8,281,130
PR		\$									
	Charges for Services	1,571,419	1,684,807	2,329,785	2,369,366	2,636,357	2,538,956	3,097,616	3,384,452	3,542,994	3,750,914
ı	!	\$									
	Fiscal	2014-15	2015-16	3 2016-17	⁴ 2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

(1) In FY14, sales tax increased due to construction of a new Dominion Virginia power plant.

⁽²⁾ In FY16, Public Service Corporation taxes increased due to the new Dominion Virginia power plant. (2) In FY21, spent CARES funding in response to COVID pandemic.

COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) (2) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	37,870,849 38,283,329 39,450,092 41,061,820 45,661,912 43,256,006 47,350,176 50,198,241	54,157,453 61,630,819
Debt Service	1,716,178 \$ 1,781,620 2,169,963 1,476,193 4,589,478 1,727,620 4,820,079 1,835,711	3,239,191 4,832,102
Community Development (4)	1,363,728 \$ 555,642 579,735 470,141 594,805 668,448 984,405 1,385,616	981,941 1,309,825
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	239,931 \$ 231,108 229,720 255,023 491,594 360,505 338,266 421,465	562,206 457,218
Education (3)	21,170,800 \$ 20,966,306 21,486,186 22,795,587 22,298,807 21,466,193 21,514,818 26,394,349	27,217,641 30,642,857
Health and Welfare	2,583,091 \$ 2,834,258 3,026,057 3,025,512 3,297,090 3,209,710 3,074,400 3,384,430	3,721,444 4,350,480
Public Works	1,396,182 \$ 1,812,155 1,671,037 1,763,901 2,090,744 2,270,379 2,055,426 2,689,991	3,555,346
Public Safety	6,575,863 \$ 7,051,045 7,260,047 7,868,156 8,926,927 9,575,977 10,342,565 9,941,376	10,111,662 11,420,701
Judicial Admini- stration	1,386,757 \$ 1,483,160 1,450,499 1,585,807 1,664,721 1,725,007 1,910,601	2,217,807 2,195,712
General Government Admini- stration (5)	1,438,319 \$ 1,568,035 1,576,848 1,821,500 1,707,746 2,252,167 2,309,616 2,174,742	2,626,81 <i>7</i> 2,866,578
Fiscal Year	2014-15 \$ 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21	2022-23 2023-24

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

Beginning in 2014, includes contributions, equipment purchases, and debt service reported in the capital projects funds.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
 In FY14, the County issued debt to fund the IDA's Rt 58 water/wastewater line project. Although the County funded the project, the IDA owns the lines.
 FY20, general government expenses increased due to professional services for various studies and COVID related expenses, including contributions to Towns.

COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	37,387,027	42,521,201	43,539,555	43,870,258	44,523,839	47,443,709	53,783,584	57,618,226	64,777,630
Inter- governmental (2)	21,951,844 \$	23,266,709	23,165,856	22,926,851	22,932,409	24,827,152	26,300,362	27,857,109	33,111,655
Recovered Costs	374,381 \$	241,986	327,481	394,064	310,686	406,259	368,098	431,979	1,395,348
Miscellaneous	449,885 \$	489,443	311,492	441,078	498,560	522,127	1,940,036	895,792	1,209,112
Charges for Services	757,019 \$	1,091,106	1,127,486	1,259,031	1,148,235	1,398,736	1,482,308	1,842,424	2,099,521
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	123,582 \$	138,616	151,035	148,596	173,707	130,152	157,317	2,231,632	3,230,950
Fines and Forfeitures	888,760 \$	1,342,861	1,349,105	1,489,472	1,448,184	1,645,194	1,871,592	1,609,240	1,560,009
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	79,046 \$	75,261	680,69	69,283	55,141	60,364	108,108	73,038	70,547
Other Local Taxes (3)	3,068,643 \$	1,617,595	1,702,794	1,231,660	1,738,812	1,950,781	1,952,633	1,936,674	1,940,973
General Property Taxes	9,693,867 \$	14,257,624	15,335,217	15,910,223	16,218,105	16,502,944	19,603,130	20,740,338	20,159,515
Fiscal Year	2014-15 \$	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	, 2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

(3) In FY14, sales tax increased due to construction of a new Dominion Virginia power plant.

COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	4.34%	4.07%	3.83%	3.82%	4.04%	4.66%	3.91%	3.69%	5.16%	6.33%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	473,899	528,917	596,737	632,919	969'969	813,650	687,654	761,537	1,143,754	1,346,995
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	\$ %09.66	89:36%	99.14%	99.49%	98.85%	99.35%	100.04%	100.10%	95.71%	99.71%
Total Tax Collections	10,870,736	12,904,527	15,431,381	16,471,729	17,044,880	17,330,964	17,595,889	20,680,972	21,214,064	21,214,064
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	240,313 \$	255,928	186,480	240,759	211,248	356,935	339,609	309,564	277,783	517,642
Percent of Levy Collected	97.40% \$	97.39%	97.94%	98.04%	97.63%	97.30%	98.11%	98.61%	94.46%	97.28%
Current Tax Collections (1)	10,630,423	12,648,599	15,244,901	16,230,970	16,833,632	16,974,029	17,256,280	20,371,408	20,936,281	20,696,422
Total Tax Levy (1)	-	12,987,541	15,565,394	16,555,733	17,243,138	17,444,564	17,588,432	20,659,365	22,165,236	21,275,427
Fiscal Year	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.(2) Includes three most current delinquent tax years.

COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	1,515,982,637 1,926,624,399 2,423,598,398 2,387,678,409 2,450,170,220 2,476,522,028 2,488,283,158 2,464,328,273 2,439,600,517 2,387,978,730	
Public Utility (2)(3)	84,983,256 \$ 490,330,633 975,481,233 940,609,009 1,004,963,140 1,024,761,593 1,025,899,038 994,779,297 902,886,218 852,055,415	
Merchants Capital	14,210,700 \$ 7,543,250 7,802,300	
Machinery and Tools	17,273,840 \$ 17,351,320 18,163,830 19,288,060 19,494,570 19,495,420 18,357,400 8,599,410 9,225,270	
Personal Property and Mobile Homes (1)	110,786,565 \$ 116,860,850 124,144,270 124,218,160 125,870,640 127,960,455 131,771,760 146,606,346 198,318,301	
Real Estate (1)	1,288,728,276 \$ 1,294,538,346 1,298,006,765 1,303,563,180 1,299,841,870 1,304,304,560 1,312,254,960 1,314,343,220 1,329,170,728 1,339,334,205	
Fiscal Year	2014-15 \$ 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 2021-22 2022-23 2023-24	

(1) Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.(3) Increase due to new Dominion power plant.

COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Merchant's Capital	1.20	1.20	1.20	N/A						
. I	\$ 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Machinery and Tools	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.40	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4
! !	\$									
Fire and Rescue Volunteers	2.40	2.15	2.64	2.71	2.81	2.59	2.64	2.85	3.11	2.30
	\$									
Personal Property	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.85	3.85	3.75
	S									
Mobile Homes	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.52	0.53	0.53	0.53	0.65	0.65	0.65
	\$									
Real Estate	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.52	0.53	0.53	0.53	0.65	0.65	0.65
	\$					_				
Fiscal Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

COUNTY OF BRUNSWICK, VIRGINIA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	846	262	716	673	758	402	803	4,417	4,143	4,009
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	%96.0	0.70%	0.49%	0.47%	0.51%	0.47%	0.53%	2.77%	2.63%	2.60%
Net Bonded Debt	14,579,257	13,476,105	11,947,042	11,155,316	12,488,881	11,543,337	13,105,454	68,306,729	64,076,015	61,999,485
Less: Debt Service Monies Available	\$				ı					
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	14,579,257	13,476,105	11,947,042	11,155,316	12,488,881	11,543,337	13,105,454	68,306,729	64,076,015	61,999,485
Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)	1,515,983 \$	1,926,624	2,423,598	2,387,678	2,450,170	2,476,522	2,488,283	2,464,328	2,439,601	2,387,979
Population (1) t	17,235 \$	16,930	16,687	16,581	16,481	16,292	16,316	15,465	15,465	15,465
Fiscal Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

(1) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia - July 1 estimate.

(2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans.

Excludes landfill closure/postclosure care liability, financed purchases, QZABs, compensated absences, and pension and OPEB liabilitie







ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Brunswick, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Brunswick, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Brunswick, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Brunswick, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Brunswick, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Brunswick, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Brunswick, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia March 13, 2025

Robinson, Fenn, Cex Associates



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Brunswick, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Brunswick, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Brunswick, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. County of Brunswick, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, County of Brunswick, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, *and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Brunswick, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Brunswick, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Brunswick, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Brunswick, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Brunswick, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding County of Brunswick, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Brunswick, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Brunswick, Virginia's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia

Robinson, Farm, Cen Association

March 13, 2025

	Federal	B TI 15.00				
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/	Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying				Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number			Expenditures	
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Virginia Department of Social Services:						
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	1110123/1110124			\$	299
Title VI-E Prevention Program	93,472	1140123/24			,	4,202
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950122/23				15,72
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500123/24				966
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600423/24				49,580
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and						
Development Fund (CCDF Cluster)	93.596	0760123/24				48,049
Total Child Care	and Developm	ent Fund Cluster			\$	48,049
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.599	9160122				3,573
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900122/23				207
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100123/24				123,020
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120123/24				83,000
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000123/24				275,416
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition						,
to Adulthood	93.674	9150122/23				2,498
Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	93.767	0540123/24				3,595
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster)	93.778	1200123/24				317,830
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	0400123/24			_	213,474
Total Department of Health and Human Services-pass through					\$	1,141,435
Total Department of Health and Human Services					\$	1,141,435
Department of Agriculture:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:						
Food Distribution - School Nutrition Program (Child Nutrition Cluster) Virginia Department of Education:	10.555	APE40264	\$	61,759		
National School Lunch Program (NSLP) (Child Nutrition Cluster) Virginia Department of Education:	10.555	23/24N109941	_	763,480 \$	825,239	
School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.553	23/24N109941			333,120	
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.582	APE40252			52,021 \$	1,210,380
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	APE70027/70028		_		5,279
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:					_	-,=-
Pandemic (P-EBT) Administrative Costs	10.649	17901-86556			\$	3,256
Virginia Department of Social Services:					Ť—	-,
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental		0030123/24, 0050123/24				
Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP Cluster)	10.561	0010123/24, 0040123/24			\$	412,766
					~	,,,
Total Department of Agriculture					\$	1,631,681
out separation of Agriculture					~ <u> </u>	1,051,00

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
Department of Defense:	,		-	
Direct Payments:				
ROTC	12.U00	N/A	\$_	62,738
Pass Through Payments:			_	
Virginia Department of Education:	10.110	1 DE 100 15		
Payments to States in Lieu of Real Estate Taxes	12.112	APE42845	\$_	6,541
Total Department of Defense			\$_	69,279
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:				
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-				
Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	Unavailable	\$_	671,465
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$_	671,465
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services: Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	23-Y9272VW19	\$	56,969
Cliffe Victim Assistance	10.373	23-172/244417	· -	30,707
Total Department of Justice			\$_	56,969
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Emergency Management: Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMP-2023-EP-00004	\$	7,500
Total Department of Homeland Security	77.042	LMI 2023 LI 00004	*_ \$	7,500
·			`-	
Department of Treasury:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Accounts:	24 027	11 21 1.1		024 420
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Unavailable	\$	831,129
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:	21.027	509375		222 000
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	307373		222,000
Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Unavailable		276,114
Virginia Department of Social Services:	21.027	Ollavallable		270,114
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	9122222		536
COVID-17 - COIONAVILUS NECLEI I UNU	21.017	712222	-	330
Total Department of Treasury			\$	1,329,779
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:				
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	APE42901/42892	\$	853,348
Special Education Cluster:			Ť	555,515
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	APE43071/60033	\$ 680,300	
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	APE62521	21,113	701,413
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	APE60031		61,226
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	S287C170047		116,414
Rural Education Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.358 84.367	APE43481 APE61480		61,578 92,269
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	APE60024		71,181
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) - Elementary and	04.424	AF L00024		71,101
Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	Unavailable	\$ 164,020	
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary				
School Emergency Relief	84.425U	Unavailable	3,452,078	3,616,098
Virginia Polytechnic Institute: English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	Unknown		3,350
	04.303	OHRHOWH	-	
Total Expanditures of Education			\$_	5,576,877
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ =	10,484,985

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards. \\

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of County of Brunswick, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Brunswick, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Brunswick, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note 5 - Indirect Costs

The County has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

Note 6 - Loan balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which hare subject o reporting requirements for the current year.

Note 7 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	1,186,290
Special Revenue Funds:		
Virginia Public Assistance Fund		1,405,192
CSA Fund		80,852
Debt Service Funds:		
Debt Service Fund		61,499
Capital Projects Funds:		
County Capital Improvements Fund		671,465
Total primary government	\$	3,405,298
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	5,922,270
School Cafeteria Fund		1,218,916
Total component unit School Board	\$	7,141,186
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		_
statements	\$_	10,546,484
Reconciling Items:		
Federal interest subsidy	\$_	(61,499)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$_	10,484,985

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing	Mame of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.561	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	
84.425	COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	
21.027	COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	
Dollar threshold used to d	istinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-r	isk auditee?	No

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There are no financial statement findings to report.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

SECTION IV - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There are no findings from the prior year.