FRONT ROYAL, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CHARLOTTESVILLE " RICHMOND " FREDERICKSBURG " STAUNTON " BLACKSBURG " LOUISA



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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Joan Richardson, Chair

Jack Alkire

Georgia Berry
Tom Brubaker
Ryan Clouse
Rebecca Cooper
Lucille Harris
Rev. David Howard
Lisa Hyde
Dr. Philip Pate
Dominika Seal

Gina Stetter

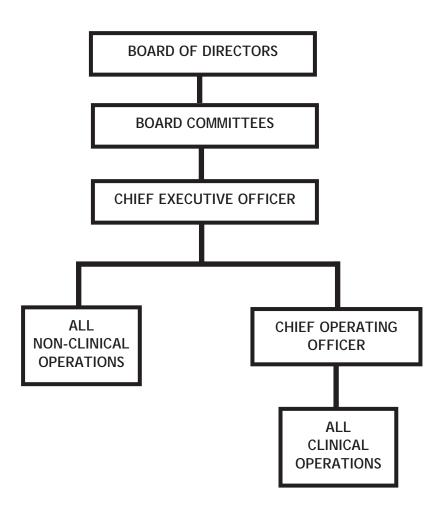
PRINCIPAL MANAGEMENT TEAM

Millard Hall, Chief Executive Officer

Mark Gleason, Chief Operating Officer

Catherine Russell, Chief Financial Officer

NORTHWESTERN COMMUNITY SERVICES BOARD ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Northwestern Community Services Board Front Royal, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Northwestern Community Services Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Northwestern Community Services Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Northwestern Community Services Board, as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, in 2015, the Board adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4-6 and schedules related to pension funding and OPEB funding progress on pages 41-44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Northwestern Community Services Board's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Northwestern Community Services Board's 2014 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated October 13, 2014. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2015, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71 were implemented prospectively resulting in a restatement of beginning net position. In the year of implementation, comparative information for the net pension asset and related items was unavailable. Therefore, the 2014 amounts related to pensions have not been restated to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2015 on our consideration of Northwestern Community Services Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Northwestern Community Services Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Faren, Cox Associates Charlottesville, Virginia November 30, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of Northwestern Community Services Board's (NWCSB) financial performance provides the reader with an overview to the financial statements of the NWCSB for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Northwestern Community Services Board presents three basic financial statements for the purpose of analyzing the financial position of the NWCSB as of June 30, 2015. These are: (1) Statement of Net Position; (2) Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and (3) Statement of Cash Flows.

NWCSB's financial position is measured in terms of resources (assets) owned and obligations (liabilities) owed as of June 30, 2015. This information is reflected on the Statement of Net Position. The excess of assets over liabilities is the net position.

Information reflecting the results of operations during the fiscal year 2015 is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. This statement reflects total revenue and total expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and excess or deficiency of revenue over expenses for the year.

The flow of cash resources into and out of NWCSB during the fiscal year is reflected on the Statement of Cash Flows. This statement also reflects the net increase or decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the year and the ending cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2015.

<u>Financial Position:</u> A summary of NWCSB's Statement of Net Position for fiscal years 2015 and 2014 is presented below.

Summary Statement of Net Position

Summary Statemer	it oi	Met Positioi	ı	
		2015		2014
Current assets	\$	4,609,409		\$ 4,511,580
Restricted assets		171,467		176,977
Other assets		453,145		-
Capital assets		2,570,535		2,762,419
Total assets	\$	7,804,556		\$ 7,450,976
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	385,284		\$ _
Current liabilities Labilities payable from	\$	1,740,883		\$ 1,885,233
restricted assets		_		14,563
Long-term liabilities		1,584,964		1,551,578
Total liabilities	\$	3,325,847		\$ 3,451,374
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,157,614		\$ -
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	668,582		\$ 710,580
Restricted		171,467		162,414
Unrestricted		2,866,330		3,126,608
Total net position	\$	3,706,379		\$ 3,999,602

Financial Position: (continued)

The financial position of Northwestern Community Services Board is strong with net position of \$3,706,379 as of June 30, 2015. GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, which resulted in the reporting of a net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources as calculated by an actuary. The equivalent information for 2014 was not available to be reported.

A summary of NWCSB's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for fiscal years 2015 and 2014 is presented below.

Summary Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2015	2014
Operating revenues:		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 5,258,635	\$ 6,344,673
Operating expenses	13,539,467	14,911,941
Operating income (loss)	\$ (8,280,832)	\$ (8,567,268)
Non-operating income - net	 8,592,206	 8,071,722
Change in net position	\$ 311,374	\$ (495,546)

Operating income is generated from providing patient services with the majority of this income generated from Medicaid. Medicaid income represented approximately 95% of our operating income for 2015 and 96% for 2014. Non-operating income increased due to the receipt of a \$319,807 Wounded Warrior grant. The decrease in operating expenses is a result of lower salaries and benefits costs.

Cash Flow: A summary of NWCSB's Statement of Cash Flows for fiscal years 2015 and 2014 is presented below.

\mathcal{C}	haznahna	Statement	of Cach	Flows

	2015	2014
Cash flows provided (used) by operating activities Cash flows provided (used) by non-capital and related financing activities Cash flows provided (used) by capital and related financing activities Cash flows provided (used) by investing activities	\$ (7,929,802) 8,670,472 (252,735) 2,310	\$ (8,982,682) 8,167,770 (465,882) 2,730
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 490,245	\$ (1,278,064)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,098,738	 4,376,802
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,588,983	\$ 3,098,738

Cash flows from operating activities reconcile the operating loss recorded on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position to cash provided by operating activities. In this process, the Operating Loss is decreased by the amount of any non-cash transaction (depreciation) and adjusted for changes in operating assets and liabilities.

Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities consist of income received primarily as government grants.

Cash flows from capital and related financing activities represent the acquisition of capital assets. Also reflected are principal and interest payments on mortgages and loans payable, which were used for capital asset acquisitions.

Financial Position: (continued)

Cash flows from investing activities are comprised of interest income.

During 2015, there was an increase of \$490245 in cash and cash equivalents compared to a decrease of \$1,278,064 in 2014.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets:

On June 30, 2015 Northwestern Community Services Board had \$2,570,535 in net capital assets. These were comprised primarily of land, buildings and improvements, and equipment and vehicles. This is a net decrease of \$191,884 from 2014, which resulted primarily from depreciation expense exceeding the cost of new additions. In addition, assets reflected as dispositions in prior years that are still in service were added back into the balances, which increased the cost and accumulated depreciation but had no impact on the net book value.

For additional information, reference Note 5 Capital Assets in notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Debt:

Long-term debt as of June 30, 2015 is \$1,901,953. This debt is for two facilities. The first is Sunshine House in New Market, which is financed by two notes with Rural Economic Development Administration (FmHA) with a total balance of \$254,840. The second facility is the Center for Health and Development in Front Royal and is financed by two notes; one with FmHA with a balance of \$832,489 and the second note is with BB&T Bank with a balance of \$814,624. Long-term debt is not expected to increase in fiscal year 2015 as there are no current construction plans.

For additional information, reference Note 7 Long-term Obligations in notes to financial statements.

Other Significant Activities in Fiscal Year 2015

During fiscal year 2015, Northwestern Community Services Board continued to review and adjust its operations in order to enhance third party reimbursements as we continued to adjust to the new electronic health record system. Additionally, Medicaid and Magellan made regulation and policy changes that impacted documentation requirements and reimbursement. Fiscal year 2016 will continue to be a year of change that will impact operations for Northwestern Community Services Board. These changes include additional programming, integrated health care, changes resulting in the affordable care act, and continuing to work with Medicaid, Magellan, and new managed care requirements. All these changes require careful planning and implementation for Northwestern to continue to operate at a high level.

Requests for Information:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Northwestern Community Services Board's finances for all those with an interest in the Board's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, 209 W. Criser Rd. Suite 300, Front Royal, Virginia 22630.



Statement of Net Position
At June 30, 2015
(With Comparative Totals for 2014)

	_	2015	_	2014
Assets				
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, less allowance for uncollectibles Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$	3,417,516 979,549 42,700 169,644	\$	2,921,761 1,436,814 - 153,005
Total current assets	\$_	4,609,409	\$_	4,511,580
Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents - debt reserve accounts Cash and cash equivalents - client funds	\$_	171,467 -	\$	162,414 14,563
Total restricted assets	\$_	171,467	\$_	176,977
Other Assets: Net pension asset	\$_	453,145	\$_	<u>-</u> _
Capital Assets: Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation	\$_	2,570,535	\$_	2,762,419
Total assets	\$ _	7,804,556	\$ _	7,450,976
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$_	385,284	\$_	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated absences Loans payable, current portion	\$	381,173 470,267 889,443	\$	445,145 475,573 964,515
Total current liabilities	\$_	1,740,883	\$_	1,885,233
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets: Client funds	\$_	-	\$_	14,563
Long-term Liabilities: Loans payable, less current portion Net OPEB obligation	\$	1,012,510 572,454	\$	1,087,324 464,254
Total long-term liabilities	\$_	1,584,964	\$_	1,551,578
Total liabilities	\$_	3,325,847	\$_	3,451,374
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_			
Items related to measurement of net pension asset	\$_	1,157,614	. \$ _	
Net Position Net Investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	- \$	668,582 171,467 2,866,330	\$	710,580 162,414 3,126,608
Total net position	\$	3,706,379	\$	3,999,602

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for 2014)

		2015		2014
Operating revenues:				
Net patient service revenue	\$ _	5,258,635	\$_	6,344,673
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and benefits	\$	8,908,220	\$	10,341,651
Staff development		71,179		43,324
Facility		1,276,271		1,155,279
Supplies		326,115		314,063
Travel		200,873		197,652
Contractual and consulting		2,362,407		2,470,105
Depreciation		206,657		210,626
Other		187,745	_	179,241
Total operating expenses	\$ _	13,539,467	\$_	14,911,941
Operating income (loss)	\$ _	(8,280,832)	\$_	(8,567,268)
Nonoperating income (expense):				
Grants:				
Commonwealth of Virginia	\$	5,773,071	\$	5,460,185
Federal government		1,262,681		1,260,306
Local governments		1,163,608		1,133,857
Interest income		2,310		2,730
Other		478,612		308,442
Interest expense		(88,076)	_	(93,798)
Net nonoperating income (expense)	\$	8,592,206	\$_	8,071,722
Change in net position	\$ _	311,374	\$_	(495,546)
Net position, beginning of year	\$	3,999,602	\$	4,495,148
Restatement	_	(604,597)	_	_
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$ _	3,395,005	\$ _	4,495,148
Net position, end of year	\$ _	3,706,379	\$ _	3,999,602

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for 2014)

		2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to and for employees	\$	5,666,137 \$ (4,441,494) (9,154,445)	5,674,201 (4,341,178) (10,315,705)
Total cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(7,929,802) \$	(8,982,682)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Government grants Other Total cash flows provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$ _	8,191,860 \$ 478,612 8,670,472 \$	7,854,348 313,422 8,167,770
· ·	Ψ_	0,070,472 	0,107,770
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest on long-term debt Principal payments on mortgages and loans payable	\$	(14,773) \$ (88,076) (149,886)	(221,600) (93,798) (150,484)
Cash flows provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$_	(252,735) \$	(465,882)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income	\$_	2,310 \$	2,730
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	490,245 \$	(1,278,064)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	3,098,738	4,376,802
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	3,588,983 \$	3,098,738
Summary of Cash and cash equivalents: Unrestricted Restricted Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ _ \$_	3,417,516 \$ 171,467 3,588,983 \$	2,921,761 176,977 3,098,738
Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile excess of revenues over expenses to cash provided by (used for) operations: Depreciation	\$	(8,280,832) \$	(8,567,268) 210,626
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Pension expense per GASB 68 calculation Changes in assets and liabilities:		(385,284) 99,872	-
Accounts receivable Due from other governments Prepaid items Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated absences Client funds Net OPEB obligation	_	457,265 (35,200) (16,639) (63,972) (5,306) (14,563) 108,200	(670,473) - (1,088) (81,856) 27,967 (2,490) 101,900
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ =	(7,929,802) \$	(8,982,682)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. <u>Description and Purpose of Agency:</u>

The Board operates as an agent for the Counties of Clarke, Frederick, Page, Shenandoah and Warren and the City of Winchester in the establishment and operation of community mental health, intellectual disability and substance abuse programs as provided for in Chapter 10 of Title 37.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), relating to the Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. In addition, the Board provides a system of community mental health and intellectual disability and substance abuse services which relate to and are integrated with existing and planned programs.

B. Financial Reporting Entity:

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, the Board includes all organizations for which it is considered financially accountable.

Based on the above criteria, no other organization or entities have been included as part of the reporting entity.

The Board is reported as a jointly governed entity by the participant localities in their financial reports.

C. Financial Statement Presentation:

Northwestern Community Services Board is a governmental health care entity required to follow the accounting and reporting practices of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the GASB. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

D. Basis of Accounting:

The Board is funded by federal, state and local funds. Its accounting policies are governed by applicable provisions of these grants and applicable pronouncements and publications of the grantors. The Board utilizes the accrual basis of accounting where revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when due. Substantially all revenues and expenses are subject to accrual.

E. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Board maintains cash accounts with financial institutions in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The Act requires financial institutions to meet specific collateralization requirements. Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of acquisition

G. Restricted Assets:

The Board segregates funds reserved for debt service as required by loan agreements with Rural Development and client funds. The restricted debt service accounts were \$171,467 and \$162,414, and client funds were \$0 and \$14,563 at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The client funds accounts were closed in December 2014.

H. Client Fees and Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

The Board is required to collect the cost of services from third party sources and those individuals who are able to pay. However, the payment of amounts charged is based on individual circumstances and unpaid balances are pursued to the extent of the client's ability to pay. The Board has established procedures for granting financial assistance in cases of hardship. The granting of financial assistance results in a substantial reduction and/or elimination of charges to individual clients. Because the Board does not pursue the collection of amounts determined to qualify for financial assistance, they are not reported as revenue.

Net client service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from clients, third party payers, and others for services rendered. Revenue under third party payer agreements is subject to audit and retroactive adjustment. Retroactive adjustments are reported in operations in the year of settlement.

A significant majority of fees billed and collected result from Medicaid billings. Account balances in arrears for greater than 150 days are deemed uncollectible. An allowance for doubtful client accounts has been estimated by management to approximate \$777,343 at June 30, 2015 and \$1,371,664 at June 30, 2014.

I. Capital Assets:

Capital assets acquisitions that cost \$5,000 or more with a useful life of more than 2 years are capitalized and recorded at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the time of the gift. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of each of depreciable assets using the straight-line method.

Estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

Buildings 20 to 40 years Improvements to buildings 10 to 20 years Leasehold improvements 20 years Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles 5 to 10 years

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Board has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset measurement date, which will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset next fiscal year. For more detailed information on this item, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Board has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

K. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Compensated Absences:

The Board's employees earn annual leave (vacation pay) in varying amounts and can accumulate annual leave based on length of service.

Employees terminating their employment are paid by the Board their accumulated annual leave up to the maximum limit. Unused sick leave is not paid at the date of separation.

M. Net Position:

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

N. Net Position Flow Assumption:

The Board may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Board's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted or used before unrestricted net position is applied.

O. Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues and expenses are defined as those items that result from providing services, and include all transactions and events which are not capital and related financing, noncapital financing or investing activities. Nonoperating revenues are defined as grants, investment and other income. Nonoperating expenses are defined as capital and noncapital related financing and other expenses.

P. Budgetary Accounting:

The Board follows these procedures in establishing its budgets:

- 1. In response to Letters of Notification received from the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (the Department), the Board submits a Performance Contract to the Department. This application contains complete budgets for all Core Services.
- 2. The Board's Performance reports are filed with the Department during the fiscal year, 45 working days after the end of the second quarter. The final quarterly report is generally due by September 30 (following the end of the fiscal year), unless extended.
- 3. If any changes are made during the fiscal year in state or federal block grants, or local match funds, the Board submits Performance Contract revisions which reflect these changes in time to be received by the Department by required deadlines.

Q. Comparative Amounts:

Comparative amounts for the prior year are presented for informational purposes only.

Note 2 - Fiscal Agent:

The County of Frederick, Virginia acts as fiscal agent for the Board pursuant to the requirements of Section 37.1-195 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments:

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u> The Board considers all highly liquid cash investments and certificates of deposit, regardless of maturity, to be cash and cash equivalents. A summary of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

	_	2015	_	2014
Cash in bank - operating	\$	1,354,619	\$	861,159
Cash in bank - restricted - debt reserves		171,467		162,414
Cash on hand and petty cash accounts		10,675		10,675
Client funds - restricted		-		14,563
Investments		2,052,222	_	2,049,927
Total	\$_	3,588,983	\$	3,098,738

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The Board's investment policies are the same as the state statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments):

To protect the Board against potential fraud, the Board requires the investment assets of the Board to be secured through third-party custody and safekeeping procedures. Collateralized securities, such as repurchase agreements, shall be purchased using the delivery versus payment procedure.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments: (continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities:

The Board's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by Standard and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments Value						
		Fair				
		Quality				
Rated Debt Investments		Ratings				
		AAAm				
Virginia Local Government	•					
Investment Pool	\$	2,052,222				

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The Board does not have an investment policy regarding the concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk:

The Board's investment policy prohibits investing in instruments with a maturity date of greater than one year from the date of purchase.

		Investment Maturity Less Than
Investment Type	Fair Value	One Year
Virginia Local Government		
Investment Pool	\$ 2,052,222 \$	2,052,222

External Investment Pool:

The fair value of the external investment pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool that are not SEC registered are monitored by the Treasurer of Virginia and other applicable state agencies. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Note 4 - Client Fees and Receivables:

Client fee revenues were from the following sources:

	_	2015	_	2014
Medicaid	\$	4,994,236	\$	6,102,532
Direct client		73,626		51,721
Third-party and other	_	190,773	_	190,420
Total	\$_	5,258,635	\$	6,344,673

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 4 - Client Fees and Receivables: (Continued)

Net client fee and other receivables at June 30, 2015 and 2014 were due from the following sources:

	_	2015		2014
Direct client	\$	9,502	\$	326,329
Medicaid		1,190,929		1,323,000
Third party and other	_	556,461		1,159,149
Total	\$	1,756,892	\$	2,808,478
Allowance for uncollectibles	_	777,343	_	1,371,664
Net fees receivable	\$_	979,549	\$_	1,436,814

Other than Medicaid fees receivable, there are no individually significant receivables.

Note 5 - Capital Assets:

Capital assets consist of the following:

	_	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments		Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_						
Land	\$_	129,881 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$_	129,881
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Building and improvements	\$	4,413,869 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,413,869
Equipment and vehicles		1,553,051	14,773	47,551	96,628		1,616,901
Leasehold improvements	-	11,895	-	 -	-		11,895
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	5,978,815 \$	14,773	\$ 47,551	\$ 96,628	\$_	6,042,665
Accumulated depreciation							
Building and improvements	\$	2,052,884 \$	118,034	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,170,918
Equipment and vehicles		1,281,498	88,623	47,551	96,628		1,419,198
Leasehold improvements	-	11,895	-	 -	 -		11,895
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	3,346,277 \$	206,657	\$ 47,551	\$ 96,628	\$_	3,602,011
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$_	2,632,538 \$	(191,884)	\$ -	\$ 	\$_	2,440,654
Net capital assets	\$	2,762,419 \$	(191,884)	\$ -	\$ 	\$	2,570,535

Total depreciation expense was \$206,657 for 2015 and \$210,626 for 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 6 - Operating Lease Agreements:

The Board leases office space and other facilities from various lessors. The lease terms range from monthly to six years. Future minimum lease requirements for the long-term rental of office space under non-cancelable leases are as follows:

Year		
Ending		
June 30,	_	
2016	\$	42,319
Total	\$	42,319

Total rental expense amounted to \$777,542 in 2015 and \$607,795 in 2014.

Note 7 - Long-term Obligations:

Compensated Absences:

In accordance with GASB Statement 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the Board has accrued the liability arising from outstanding claims and judgments and compensated absences.

Board employees earn leave based on length of service. No benefits or pay is received for unused sick leave upon termination by general government employees. The Board has outstanding accrued leave pay totaling \$470,267 at June 30, 2015 and \$475,573 at June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$5,306. All of the leave liability is reported as current because any amounts deemed to be long-term cannot be estimated.

Long-term Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the Board for the year ended June 30, 2015.

		Loans Payable	Net OPEB Obligation	 Total
Balance, July 1, 2014	\$	2,051,839	\$ 464,254	\$ 2,516,093
Issuances/additions		-	108,200	108,200
Retirement/decreases	_	(149,886)		 (149,886)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$	1,901,953	\$ 572,454	\$ 2,474,407

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 7 - Long-term Obligations: (continued)

Long-term Obligations: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt are as follows:

Fiscal		
Year	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 889,443	\$ 86,799
2017	78,634	48,362
2018	82,643	44,353
2019	86,857	40,139
2020	91,287	35,709
2021-2025	480,733	105,402
2026-2028	192,356	11,139
Total	\$ 1,901,953	\$ 371,903

<u>Details of Long-Term Debt:</u>

Loans payable:

		Balance Due		Current Portion
Rural Economic Development Administration (FmHA):	_		_	
Secured by real estate located in New Market, Virginia: Original amount of \$79,900, interest at 5%, payments of \$436 per				
month, including principal and interest, matures in 2024 Original amount of \$466,000, interest at 5.25%, payments of \$2,615	\$	36,834	\$	3,469
per month, including principal and interest, matures in 2024		218,006		20,422
Secured by real estate located in Front Royal, Virginia: Original amount of \$1,400,000, payments of \$7,532 per month,		022 400		F0 000
including principal and interest, interest at 4.875%, matures in 2027		832,489		50,928
BB&T Bank:				
Secured by real estate located in Front Royal, Virginia: Original amount of \$1,787,000, modified on 5/27/15 to monthly payments of \$10,229 including principal and interest, interest at 4.25%, through 7/27/15 and another modification on 7/27/15				
through January 2016	_	814,624	_	814,624
Total loans payable	\$	1,901,953	\$	889,443

The Board is in compliance with federal arbitrage regulations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 8 - Unsecured Line of Credit:

The Board has an available unsecured line of credit with BB&T Bank of Winchester in the amount of \$500,000. There is no outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 and there was no activity on the line of credit during the year.

Note 9 - Funding from Participant Localities:

The Board received appropriations from the participant localities as follows:

	_	2015		2014
County of Clarke	\$	85,000	\$	82,000
County of Frederick		318,000		318,263
County of Page		74,655		71,100
County of Shenandoah		240,646		229,187
County of Warren		262,000		250,000
City of Winchester	_	183,307	_	183,307
Total	\$_	1,163,608	\$_	1,133,857

Note 10 - Pension Plan:

Plan Description:

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Board are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan:

Plan Description: (Continued)

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

eligible to opt into the Hybrid

Retirement Plan.

	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-Apri 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

eligible to opt into the Hybrid

Retirement Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.				
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.		
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable	Vesting Same as Plan 1	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Vesting (Cont.) service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	PLAN 2 Vesting (Cont.) Same as Plan 1.	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Benefit Component: Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETI	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	UED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 701%
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1 Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.		
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
PLAN 1 Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.) The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or longterm disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1	1	
following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.		
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service,	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service,	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Disability Coverage (Cont.) regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage (Cont.) regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage (Cont.) governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: •Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. •The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. •Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	52
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	44
Non-vested inactive members	80
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	48
Total inactive members	172
Active members	158
Total covered employees	382

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 6.39% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions: (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$453,145 and \$464,928 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Asset

The Board's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Board's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Post- Largest 10 - Non-LEOS: (Continued)

Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Ex	pected arithmet	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Board Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total		Plan		Net	
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension	
		Liability		Net Position		Liability (Asset)	
		(a)	_	(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	17,319,219	\$_	16,249,694	\$_	1,069,525	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	702,987	\$	-	\$	702,987	
Interest		1,192,464		-		1,192,464	
Contributions - employer		-		464,928		(464,928)	
Contributions - employee		-		373,185		(373,185)	
Net investment income		-		2,593,479		(2,593,479)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(568,024)		(568,024)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(13,607)		13,607	
Other changes		-		136		(136)	
Net changes	\$	1,327,427	\$	2,850,097	\$	(1,522,670)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	18,646,646	\$	19,099,791	\$	(453,145)	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 10 - Pension Plan: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension asset of the Board using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Board's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	 (7.00%)	(8.00%)
Board's Net Pension			
Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,187,124	\$ (453,145) \$	(2,626,035)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Board recognized pension expense of \$99,872. At June 30, 2015, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	1,157,614	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	385,284			
Total	\$	385,284	\$	1,157,614	

\$385,284 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the Net Pension Asset in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2016	\$ (289,404)
2017	(289,404)
2018	(289,404)
2019	(289,402)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 11 - Risk Management:

The Board has contracted with insurance carriers for property damage and liability, workers compensation, directors and officer liability and professional liability coverage. Coverage is \$7,000,000 for directors and officers and professional liability policies. Workers compensation coverage is for statutory amounts. There is no surety bond coverage required or purchased for members of the Board of Directors. The Board also has crime coverage packages totaling \$237,000. There have been no settlements which exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years. The Board retains the risk of deductibles on each policy plus any settlements over insurance coverage limits.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies:

The Board participates in federal assistance programs which are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. The Board believes that it is in compliance with applicable grant requirements, and any disallowances of costs by the grantor agencies would not be material.

Note 13 - Deferred Compensation Plan:

The Board offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plan is administered by a third party administrator through an accounting firm.

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits:

A. Plan Description:

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 10, the Board pays a portion of the cost of health related insurance benefits to all employees who retire from the Board and have worked for the Board for at least 15 years and retire under the Virginia Retirement system. The benefits are comprised of health related group insurance policies through which retirees and their spouses can obtain coverage. Once the retirees reach age 65 or are eligible for Medicare they are not entitled to these benefits. There were no retirees covered by this plan at June 30, 2015.

B. Funding Policy:

The Board establishes the employer contribution rates and how the plan will be funded as part of the annual budget process. Various amounts are paid by the Board depending on the status of each plan participant. There were no monthly payments in fiscal year 2015. The Board is on a pay-as-you go basis and has not funded the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The annual cost of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits is \$108,200 for fiscal year 2015. The Board paid \$0 toward this obligation in fiscal year 2015. The ARC is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the estimated contributions to the Plan, and changes in the Board's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	108,200
Interest on OPEB Obligation		18,570
Adjustment to ARC	_	(18,570)
Annual OPEB Cost	\$	108,200
Contributions Made During FY15	_	
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$	108,200
Net OPEB Obligation - beginning of year	_	464,254
Net OPEB Obligation - end of year	\$	572,454

For fiscal year 2015 the Board's expected cash payment of \$0 was \$108,200 short of the OPEB cost of \$108,200. The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2015 and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal	Annual		Amount of	Percentage of	Net
Year	OPEB		OPEB Cost	OPEB cost	OPEB
Ended	Cost	_	Paid	Paid	Obligation
June 30, 2015	\$ 108,200	\$	-	0% \$	572,454
June 30, 2014	101,900		-	0%	464,254
June 30, 2013	95,400		-	0%	362,354

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits: (continued)

D. <u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>:

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2012, the last actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 778,600
Actuarial value of plan assets (AAV)	-
Unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL)	778,600
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Current payroll (active plan members)	6,187,300
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	12.58%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefits costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The cost method for valuation of liabilities used for this valuation is the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) Actuarial Cost Method. A PUC accrued benefit is determined for each active member in the Plan on the basis of the member's benefit projected to the assumed date of retirement and the member's creditable service at the valuation date. The actuarial liability for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value of the PUC accrued benefit of each active member. The normal cost for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value for the expected increase in the PUC accrued benefit during the plan year for each active member under the assumed retirement age.

The actuarial liability and the normal cost for termination benefits, disability benefits, and pre-retirement spouse's death benefits are determined in a similar manner by projecting the member's average final compensation to each assumed date of termination, disablement, or death. The actuarial liability and normal cost for the supplemental benefits are based upon the present value of the expected supplement expected to be paid to those covered employees attaining eligibility. The actuarial liability for inactive members is determined as the actuarial present value of the pension and supplemental benefits expected to be paid.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (continued)

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits: (continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued):

Actuarial Cost Method:

The difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets is the unfunded actuarial liability. The annual required contribution is the sum of the normal cost and the amount necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over the amortization period. The amortization amount is determined as a level percentage of payroll.

Asset Valuation Method:

The plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, so the plan has no assets.

Interest Assumptions:

Discount rate - 4% (unfunded)
Payroll growth rate is not applicable

Medical Trend Rate:

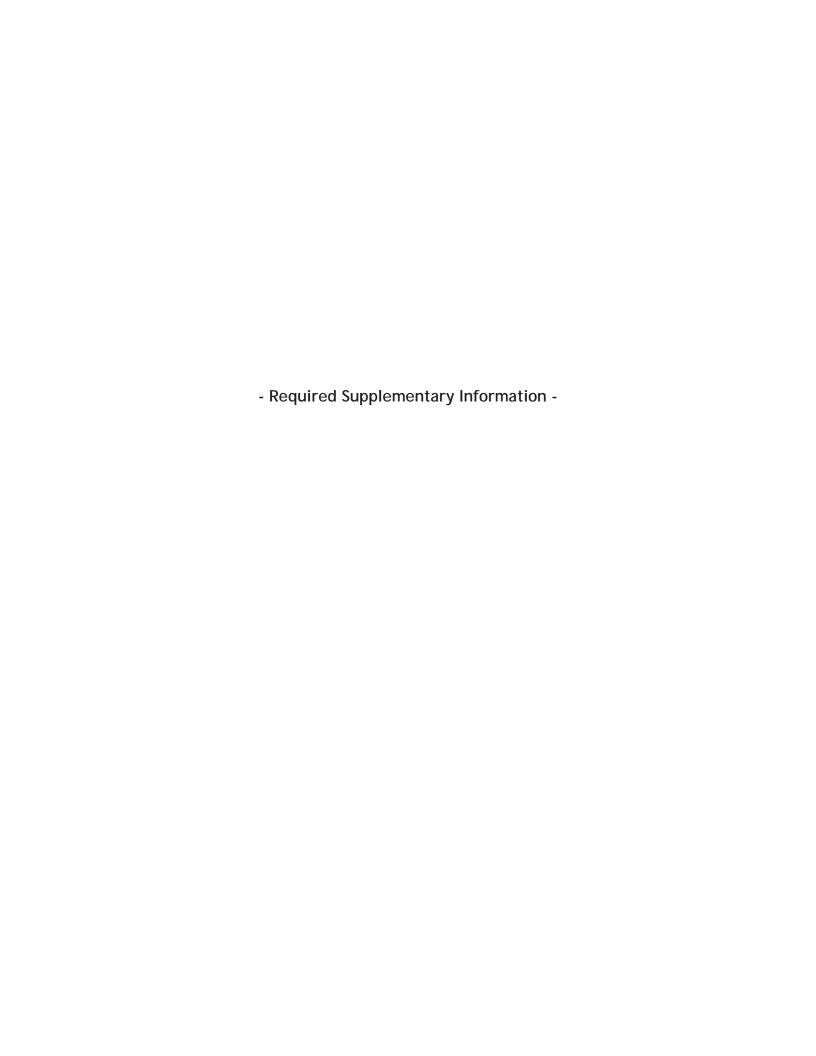
Average medical costs and premiums are assumed to increase 6.10%. The trend rate decreases until an ultimate rate of 4.80% is reached.

NOTE 15 - ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

The Board implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of these Statements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in a \$604,597 restatement of net position.

In the year of implementation of GASB 68, prior year comparative information was unavailable. Therefore, the 2014 information has not been restated to reflect the requirements of GASB 68 and 71.



Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost \$	702,987
Interest	1,192,464
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(568,024)
Net change in total pension liability \$	1,327,427
Total pension liability - beginning	17,319,219
Total pension liability - ending (a) \$	18,646,646
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer \$	464,928
Contributions - employee	373,185
Net investment income	2,593,479
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(568,024)
Administrative expense	(13,607)
Other	136
Net change in plan fiduciary net position \$	2,850,097
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	16,249,694
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) \$	19,099,791
Board's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) \$	(453,145)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.43%
Covered-employee payroll \$	6,684,098
Board's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	-6.78%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2015

			(Contributions in Relation to	1		Employer's	Contributions as a % of
	Co	ontractually		Contractually		Contribution	Covered	Covered
		Required		Required		Deficiency	Employee	Employee
	C	ontribution		Contribution		(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)
			_					
2015	\$	385,284	\$	385,284	\$	-	\$ 6,133,171	6.28%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

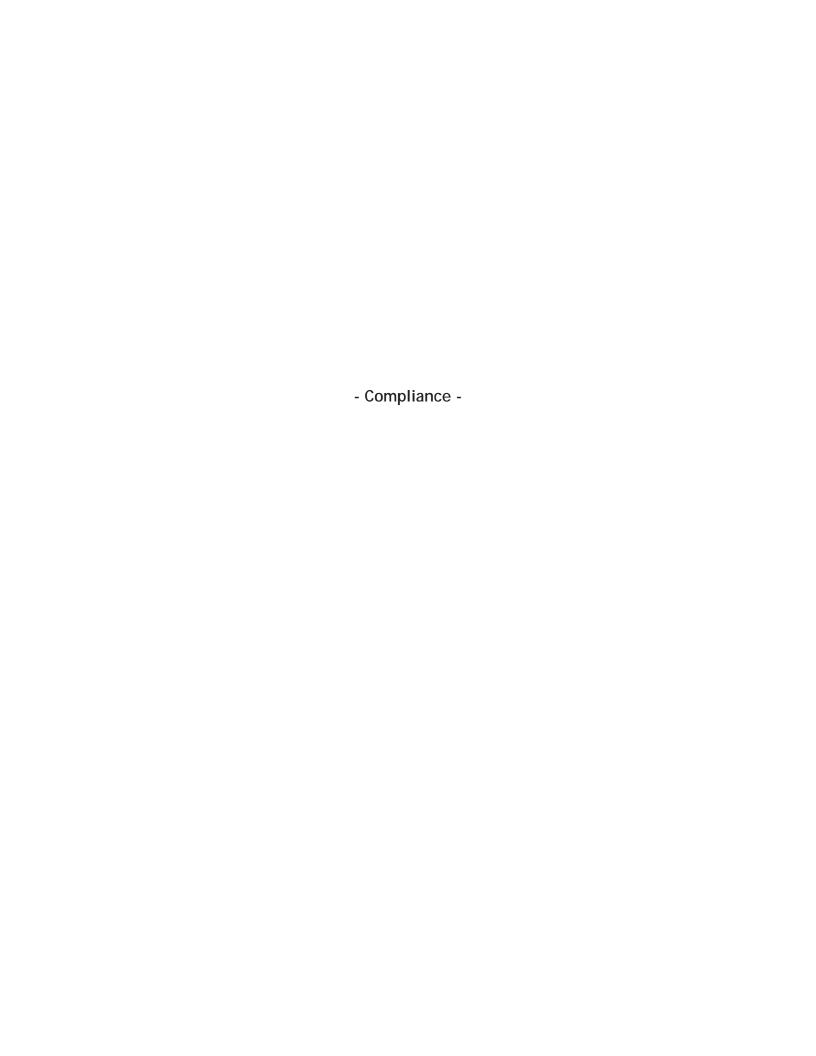
- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress As of June 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	P	Infunded Actuarial ued Liability AL) (3)-(2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	 Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll (4)/(6)
July 1, 2012 July 1, 2009	\$ -	\$ 778,600 711,700	\$	778,600 711,700	0.00% 0.00%	\$ 6,187,300 5,140,400	12.58% 13.85%



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors Northwestern Community Services Board Front Royal, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of Northwestern Community Services Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Northwestern Community Services Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Northwestern Community Services Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwestern Community Services Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwestern Community Services Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Northwestern Community Services Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwestern Community Services Board's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Northwestern Community Services Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mobinson, Farm, Cox Associates Charlottesville, Virginia November 30, 2015

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Directors Northwestern Community Services Board Front Royal, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Northwestern Community Services Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Northwestern Community Services Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Northwestern Community Services Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Northwestern Community Services Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Northwestern Community Services Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Northwestern Community Services Board's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Northwestern Community Services Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Northwestern Community Services Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Northwestern Community Services Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwestern Community Services Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farur, Cox Associates Charlottesville, Virginia November 30, 2015

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Grant Program/Grant Number	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Indentifying Number	Federal Expendi- tures
Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Pass-Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services:			
Shelter Plus Care	14.238	N/A	\$ 299,757
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$ 299,757
Department of Health and Human Services			
Direct payments:			
Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grants	93.276		\$ 93,373
Pass-Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and			
Developmental Services:	02.050	50120	F/ 47F
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of	93.958	30120	56,475
Substance Abuse	93.959	50190	827,901
	73.737		
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 977,749
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 1,277,506

N/A = Not available

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Northwestern Community Services Board under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Northwestern Community Services Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Northwestern Community Services Board.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for States, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note $\ensuremath{\mathsf{C}}$ - Items not included in the Schedule

USDA Rural Development Ioan	balances at June 30, 2015 for which or	nly the payment of	
debt service is the primary compliance requirement.			

Note D - Reconciliation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to federal revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

3	
Federal revenue reported	\$ 1,262,681
Reconciling items:	
Expenditure of carryover funds	8,872
Unexpended current year funds	(10,555)
Revenue recognition timing differences	16,508
Total expenditures of federal awards	\$ 1,277,506

\$ 1,087,328

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section 510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster

93.959 Block Grants for the Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and guestioned costs to report.

Schedule of Prior Year Findings Year Ended June 30, 2015

There were no items reported.