# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report







Rockingham County, Virginia Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



Prepared by:

Department of Finance 20 East Gay Street Harrisonburg, Virginia 22802 (540) 564-3010

www.rockinghamcountyva.gov

# COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, VIRGINIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal Directory of Principal Officials	$1 - 5 \\ 6$
Organizational Chart Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting – 2022	7 8
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	9 – 11
Management's Discussion and Analysis	12 – 25
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of net position	26 - 27
Statement of activities	28 - 29
Balance sheet – governmental funds	30
Reconciliation of the balance sheet of the governmental funds to the statement	
of net position	31
Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances –	22
governmental funds	32
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund	22
balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities	33
Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and	34
actual – general fund Statement of net position – proprietary funds	34
Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position – proprietary funds	36
Statement of revenues, expenses and enanges in het position – proprietary funds Statement of cash flows – proprietary funds	37 - 38
Statement of fiduciary net position – fiduciary fund	39
Statement of changes in fiduciary net position – fiduciary fund	40
Notes to financial statements	41 - 140
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of changes in the County and the District net pension liability and related ratios	
– Virginia Retirement System	141
Schedule of changes in the School Board non-professional net pension liability (asset) and	1.40
related ratios – Virginia Retirement System	142
Schedule of School Board share of net pension liability – VRS Teacher Retirement Plan (cost-sharing) – Virginia Retirement System	143
Schedule of County and District contributions – Virginia Retirement System	143
Schedule of School Board non-professional contributions – Virginia Retirement System	145
Schedule of School Board professional contributions – Virginia Retirement System	145
Notes to required supplementary information – Virginia Retirement System	$140 \\ 147 - 148$
Schedule of changes in the County and the District's total OPEB liability and related	11, 110
ratios – Medical Insurance Program	149

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)	
Schedule of changes in the School Board's total OPEB liability and related ratios –	1.50
Medical Insurance Program	150
Schedule of the County and the District's plan contributions – OPEB – Medical Insurance	151
Program	151
Schedule of School Board plan contributions – OPEB – Medical Insurance Program	152
Schedule of Employer's share of net OPEB liability – Group Life Insurance Program	153
Schedule of Employer contributions – OPEB – Group Life Insurance Program Schedule of changes in the School Board non-professional plan's net OPEB liability and	154
related ratios – Health Insurance Credit Program Schedule of School Board non-professional Plan contributions – OPEB – Health Insurance	155
Credit Program	156
Schedule of changes in the School Board professional plan's net OPEB liability and	
related ratios – Health Insurance Credit Program	157
Schedule of School Board professional plan contributions – OPEB – Health Insurance	
Credit Program	158
Notes to required supplementary information – Other Postemployment Benefits	159 - 161
Supplementary Information	
Combining balance sheet – nonmajor governmental funds	162
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – nonmajor	102
governmental funds	163
Combining statement of net position – nonmajor proprietary funds	164
Combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position –	104
nonmajor proprietary funds	165
Combining statement of cash flows – nonmajor proprietary funds	165
Combining balance sheet – discretely presented component unit – School Board	167
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances -	
discretely presented component unit – School Board	168
Combining balance sheet – discretely presented component unit –	1.60
Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District	169
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – discretely	170
presented component unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District	170
Combining statement of net position – nonmajor discretely presented component units Combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position – nonmajor	171
discretely presented component units	172
Combining statement of cash flows - nonmajor discretely presented component units	173
Supplemental Schedules	
Governmental funds and major discretely presented component units – schedule of	
revenues – budget and actual	174 - 183
Governmental funds and major discretely presented component units – schedule of	
expenditures – budget and actual	184 - 189

# STATISTICAL SECTION

#### Tables

1	Comments relative to statistical section	190
2	Net position/assets by component	191 - 192
3	Changes in net position/assets	193 - 196
4	Program revenues by function/program	197
5	Fund balances – governmental funds	198
6	Changes in fund balances – governmental funds	199 - 201
7	Tax revenues by source – governmental funds	202
8	Assessed value and estimated actual value of taxable property	203
9	Direct and overlapping property tax rates	204
10	Principal property taxpayers	205
11	Real property tax levies and collections	206
12	Ratios of outstanding debt by type and general bonded debt outstanding	207
13	Direct and overlapping governmental activities debt	208
14	Pledged-revenue coverage	209 - 210
15	Demographic and economic statistics	211
16	Principal employers	212
17	Full-time equivalent County government employees by function/program	213 - 214
18	Operating indicators by function/program	215 - 216
19	Capital asset statistics by function/program	217 - 218

# **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	219 - 220
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	221 - 223
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	224 - 226
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	227 - 228
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	229 - 231
Corrective Action Plan	232
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	233

**INTRODUCTORY SECTION** 





BOARD OF SUPERVISORS DEWEY L. RITCHIE Election District No. 1 SALLIE WOLFE-GARRISON Election District No. 2 RICK L. CHANDLER Election District No. 3 WILLIAM B. KYGER, JR. Election District No. 4 MICHAEL A. BREEDEN Election District No. 5

# **ROCKINGHAM COUNTY**

December 13, 2023

Board of Supervisors County of Rockingham 20 East Gay Street Harrisonburg, VA 22802

Members of the Board:

It is our pleasure to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The Code of the Commonwealth of Virginia requires that all local governments shall be audited annually with a report to the Governing Body. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report fulfills this reporting requirement. The report is designed to present the respective financial position of the government activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County in all material respects, and to demonstrate compliance with applicable finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

The financial statements included in this report, which have earned an unmodified ("clean") audit opinion, conform to the standards of financial reporting as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA), and the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that have been established for this purpose. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management.

The County's financial statements have been audited by PBMares LLP, a certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by County management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the Financial Section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Upon completing your review of this introductory section, you are encouraged to review the narrative introduction, overview, and analysis found in management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) for a more detailed overview of the County's financial position. The MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors report, compliments this letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

### Profile of the Government

The County of Rockingham, located in the heart of the Shenandoah Valley, is the third largest county in Virginia in land area with 853.65 square miles and an approximate population of 85,000. The independent city of Harrisonburg, with an approximate population of 51,500 serves as the County seat and is the largest city in western Virginia between the Roanoke and the Washington, D.C. metropolitan areas.

The County was established in 1778 by an act of the Virginia General Assembly, and is organized under the traditional form of County government. Under this form, the County's governmental operations are directed by a five-member Board of Supervisors (Board) who are elected by election districts. The Board is responsible for establishing the policies and ordinances that provide the direction for the government and for approving the annual budget.

This report includes the financial activities of the County (primary government); as well as, the financial activities of the County's component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable and, therefore, are included in the primary government's ACFR.

The County provides a full range of services including law enforcement, emergency medical response, and fire protection; judicial services; correctional facilities; disposal of solid waste; utility services; planning and zoning; and recreational and cultural activities.

The County provides courthouse and jail facilities; as well as, the services of the Sheriff, Commonwealth's Attorney, and Clerk of the Circuit Court for the City of Harrisonburg (City). The total costs of these services are presented in this report and supporting schedules. The City reimburses the County for one-half of the net local cost incurred in the provision of these services.

Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government. The Rockingham County School Board is a legally separate entity and is reported as a major discretely presented component unit. The Economic Development Authority is a separate legal entity and is reported as a nonmajor discretely presented component unit. The Rockingham Recreation Foundation is a separate legal entity and is reported as a nonmajor discretely presented component unit. The Rockingham Recreation Foundation is a separate legal entity and is reported as a nonmajor discretely presented component unit. The County has consolidated social service operations with the City which is named the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District). The District is also a separate legal entity and is a major discretely presented component unit in the government-wide financial statements.

The School Operating and School Cafeteria Funds are included in the supporting statistical schedules in this report since the Board is required to approve the budget for these operations. The County believes that the omission of these funds from the Statistical Section would not give the reader an accurate depiction of the overall results of the operations of County government.

Additional information on the financial reporting entity can be found in Note 1.A. in the notes to the financial statements.

State law requires the County Administrator to submit a balanced budget to the Board no later than April 15<sup>th</sup> of each year. Each department and agency prepares its budget request for review and amendment by the County Administrator prior to inclusion in the County's general operating budget. The School Board and Social Services Administrative Board prepare their budgets and transmit them to the County Administrator. The County Administrator then submits his recommendation to the Board's Finance Committee for consideration and recommendation to the full Board.

The Board establishes a time and place for a public hearing on the budget. A hearing must be held at least seven days prior to the adoption of the budget. Except for the School's budget, which may only be increased or decreased by major category or as a whole, the Board may insert new items of expenditure or may increase, decrease or remove items of expenditure (other than debt service or other legal requirements). On June 22, 2022, the Board approved the budget for fiscal year 2023. During fiscal year 2023, as is customary, the Board also approved supplemental budget amendments.

## Local Economy

The County continues to exhibit a relatively stable economy, seeing growth particularly in single and multi-family housing. The unemployment rate for the County in September 2023 was 2.4, as compared to the State unemployment rate of 2.5.

Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the County's boundaries include a chemical manufacturer, brewery, printer, foodservice marketer and distributor, retail distributors, four-season resort, and several poultry processors. Higher education also has a major presence within the area with a state university, private university, and a private college with a combined full-time enrollment of over 25,000 students.

According to the 2017 U.S. Census of Agriculture, Rockingham County is ranked 1<sup>st</sup> in the state and 45th in the U.S. for total value of agricultural products sold (\$796 million) with 2,026 farms totaling 228,542 acres. Also from the census, Rockingham County is ranked 1<sup>st</sup> in the state for the following three commodity group sales: Milk and other dairy products from cows, cattle and calves, and poultry & eggs. Rockingham County further ranked 1<sup>st</sup> in the state and 21<sup>st</sup> in the U.S. for all eight livestock categories.

The economy of the region remains relatively strong, influenced by the steady growth of three local universities and colleges (James Madison University, Eastern Mennonite University and Bridgewater College), and a very diverse local economy. Despite the economic challenges in other areas of Virginia and the United States which impact the funding received from other governments, the County is meeting critical service demands for its citizens. As a result of the Commonwealth's budget difficulties and continued uncertainty of federal funding, management continues a restrained, targeted strategy for local operations with close coordination with the School Board and the Constitutional Officers.

The health of existing businesses in the county has remained strong over the past two years. Molson-Coors, Sysco, Danone, Shenandoah Growers, Virginia Poultry Growers Cooperative, Dynamic Aviation and Interchange have all remained strong and steady. In the past year, Merck completed a one-billion-dollar expansion for the Gardasil vaccine that was started in 2019. Veronessi, an Italian charcuterie company, has completed phase 1 of its planned \$100 million-dollar further processing facility. Leiber LLC announced in 2023 it would construct a \$25 million dollar yeast extraction facility and the nationally renowned travel center Buc-ee's announced its first Virginia location would be constructed in Rockingham County. The combination of the projects has resulted in more than 450 new positions being hired and substantial machinery and tools growth.

The tourism sector remains strong with Great Eastern Resorts exploring future growth opportunities in the hotel and time share market. 2023 saw the first expansion of ski trails at Massanutten Resort in more than a decade, aided by local and State tourism grants. Additionally, the company recently undertook a comprehensive master planning effort focused on its undeveloped lands to better position themselves for long-term viability.

Significant events and actions during this past year include:

- American Rescue Plan Act provided \$15,917,438 in funds to provide up to \$10,000,000 in revenue loss the County experienced as a result of the Coronavirus pandemic and the remaining \$5,917,438 to be used for bringing broadband to all County citizens.
- Started construction of the Elkton Emergency Response Station.
- Initiated acquisition of the Massanutten water and sewer system
- Began land acquisition for Emergency Response Stations in Fulks Run and Dayton.
- Awarded design-build contract to Lantz Construction of Broadway, Virginia to construct an indoor track, recreation, and community center as proposed in the 2014 master plan at Rockingham Park at the Crossroads.
- Substantially completed development of a third well at the 3-Springs water treatment facility.
- Initiated steps to purchase the former Harrisonburg Motors property in downtown Harrisonburg to provide space to meet District Courts and Juvenile & Domestic Courts space needs.

Looking to the future, there are several projects and financial issues which need to be part of the County's short- and long-term financial planning.

These items include:

- Continue to work toward a long-term plan to address space needs in the District Courts and Circuit Courts buildings.
- Assess space needs for the Department of Social Services.
- Evaluate partnerships with the City and the seven towns in the County to develop water supply resources and related delivery infrastructure and look to acquire additional wastewater treatment capacity to meet long-term County needs.
- The demand for County-funded fire and rescue services continues to grow as volunteer participation wanes.

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The Board of Supervisors and School Board are to be commended for collaborating to maintain a highquality education system, which is critical for the development of an educated workforce. An educated workforce stimulates economic activity by encouraging private sector business investment in our community. Rockingham County holds a "AAA" credit rating from one of the United States' largest credit rating agencies - Standard & Poor's. In 2015, the County was notified by Standard & Poor's that after a review of the County's financial position the firm was upgrading Rockingham County from a "AA+" to "AAA" indicating that the agency found the County's economy strong and that the actions taken by the Board to sustain the County's financial strength were significant. Also, Fitch Ratings recognizes the County with an AA+ credit rating. These strong ratings reflect recognition by the credit ratings agency of the strong leadership of the Board and the County's economic viability.

The policies and actions by the Board of Supervisors encourage steady, sustainable growth, fostering a strong local economy. For more information on the services provided by the County, please refer to the County's website at <u>www.rockinghamcountyva.gov</u>.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada has awarded the County a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for thirty-eight consecutive years. This award certifies the County's continuing efforts to achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

On behalf of the County's management team, we extend our sincerest appreciation to the members of County staff that assisted and contributed in the preparation of this report and to the Board of Supervisors for the confidence expressed and resources entrusted to us throughout the year, which allow for the implementation of the Board's policies. We look forward to continuing to work with you to provide high quality, efficient and effective services for our community.

Respectfully submitted,

Stephen G. King County Administrator

Patricia D. Davidson Director of Finance

#### **COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, VIRGINIA**

#### Directory of Principal Officials June 30, 2023

#### **Board of Supervisors**

Dewey L. Ritchie, Chair District 1 William B. Kyger, Jr., Vice-Chair District 4

Sallie Wolfe-Garrison District 2 Rick Chandler District 3

Michael A. Breeden District 5

#### **County Administrator**

Stephen G. King

#### **School Board**

Jackie Lohr, Chair District 1 Dr. Charlette E. McQuilkin, Vice-Chair District 4

Lowell Fulk District 2 Matthew Cross District 3

Dan R. Breeden District 5

#### Superintendent of Schools

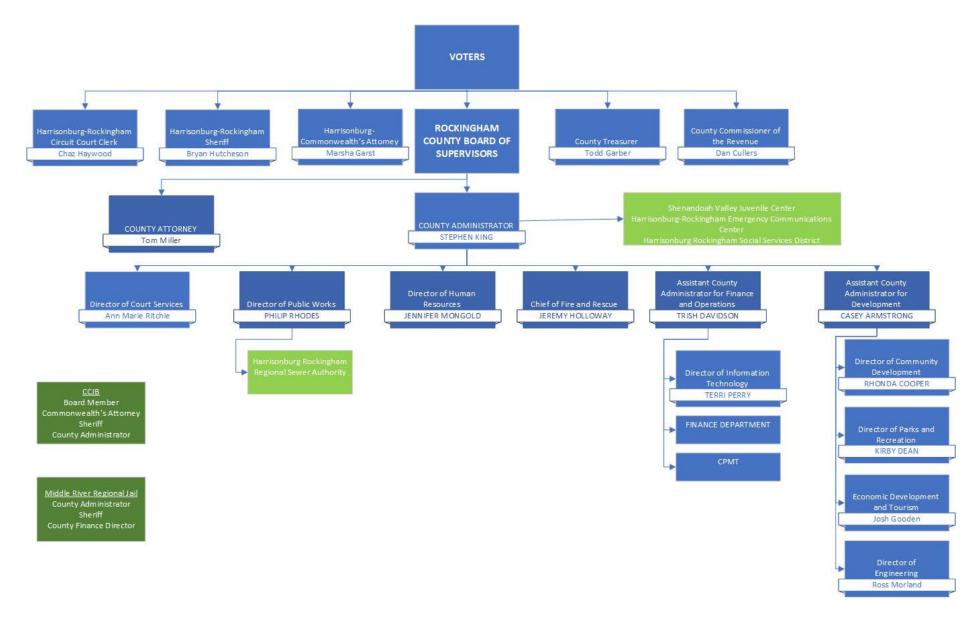
Larry Shifflett

#### **Other Officials**

Casey Armstrong Patricia D. Davidson Thomas H. Miller, Jr. Dan Cullers Bryan F. Hutcheson L. Todd Garber Marsha L. Garst Chaz W. Haywood Celest D. Williams Michael L. Bowen Kirby Dean Phillip Rhodes Ann Marie Ritchie Paula Greenhagen Lisa B. Gooden Jeremy C. Holloway Rhonda Cooper

Assistant County Administrator Assistant County Administrator for Finance and Operations County Attorney Commissioner of the Revenue Sheriff Treasurer Commonwealth Attorney Clerk of the Circuit Court **Director of Social Services** Director of Technology Director of Parks and Recreation Director of Public Works Director of Court Services Director of Human Resources Registrar Director of Fire and Rescue Director of Community Development

# Rockingham County, VA Government Organizational Chart



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# **County of Rockingham Virginia**

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# FINANCIAL SECTION



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Rockingham, Virginia

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund of the County of Rockingham, Virginia (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards and specifications are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 12-25 and 141-161, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, supplemental schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, supplemental schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2023 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PBMares, LLP

Harrisonburg, Virginia December 13, 2023

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the County of Rockingham, Virginia, (County) we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal in the Introductory Section of this report and the County's financial statements following this analysis. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The County's total net position, excluding component units, totaled \$134,549 at June 30, 2023. Of this amount, there was \$102,053 invested in the County's capital assets, net of related debt, \$2,676 in restricted funds assets, and \$29,820 in unrestricted funds.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$99,593. Approximately 66 percent of this total amount, \$65,697 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). There is an additional \$6,636 in the General Capital Projects Fund assigned to unspecified future capital outlays that could be returned to the General Fund at the Board of Supervisors' (Board) discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$65,697, which represents 41 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or declining.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*).

The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and social services, education, parks, recreation and cultural, and community development. The business-type activities of the County include water and sewer, solid waste, and other proprietary fund operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate school board, legally separate social services district, legally separate economic development authority, and a legally separate recreation foundation, for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-29 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

*Governmental funds.* Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the General Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds and the Asset Forfeiture Fund, Tourism Funds, LLC Library Fund and Opioid Settlement Fund, which are considered to be nonmajor funds.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-34 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activities and for its solid waste operation. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County has one internal service funds, the Self-Insurance Fund. The Self-Insurance Fund accounts for the costs associated with providing health insurance benefits and managing claims for employees of the County and its component units.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer, Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority, and Solid Waste Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the County. Conversely, the non-major enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-38 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds.* Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-40 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the County's pension plans and its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$134,549 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This is an increase of \$43,937 in comparison with the prior year's net position. The explanation for this change is provided below.

By far, the largest portion of the County's net position, \$102,053, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, easements, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, software, intangible right-touse lease assets, intangible right-to-use subscription assets, and construction in progress, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not readily available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves would not likely be used to liquidate these liabilities. The balance increased from the prior year's balance of \$99,160 to \$102,053.

An additional portion of the County's net position, \$2,676, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. There was an increase of \$570 in restricted net assets reported in connection with the County's governmental activities.

The unrestricted portion of the County's net position for the primary government's governmental activities increased from a deficit of \$26,470 to an increase of \$11,207 due to the realization of unearned revenue, and revenues exceeding expenditures for the year. Business-type activities unrestricted portion of net position increased \$2,797, from \$15,816 to \$18,613.

The unrestricted portion of the County's net position for the primary government is lower than the preferred balance due to the County financing the necessary capital asset projects of the component unit School Board. Since the County is legally obligated for the retirement of the debt, it is required to record the liability for this financing; however, the capital asset which statutorily is owned by the School Board is recorded with the component unit. Please refer to Note 1(E)(10) of the financial statements for further explanation.

The largest portion of the component unit School Board's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, easements, buildings, improvements, equipment, right-to-use leased assets, and construction in progress, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). As explained above and in Note 1(E)(10) of the financial statements, the School Board does not have taxing authority by law and, therefore, cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds for its capital assets.

# County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Governmental Activities				ess-type vities		otal lovernment
	2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022
Current and other assets	\$ 124,312	\$ 104,325	\$	38,929	\$ 34,482	\$ 163,241	\$ 138,807
Capital assets, net	64,050	64,831		62,403	62,899	126,453	127,730
Total assets	188,362	169,156		101,332	97,381	289,694	266,537
Deferred outflows of resources	6,949	8,625		804	1,005	7,753	9,630
Other liabilities	8,398	20,064		1,052	910	9,450	20,974
Noncurrent liabilities	102,409	105,974		40,047	40,585	142,456	146,559
Total liabilities	110,807	126,038		41,099	41,495	151,906	167,533
Deferred inflows of resources	10,627	16,918		365	1,104	10,992	18,022
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	59,994	59,189		42,059	39,971	102,053	99,160
Restricted	2,676	2,106		-	-	2,676	2,106
Unrestricted (deficit)	11,207	(26,470)		18,613	15,816	29,820	(10,654)
Total net position	\$ 73,877	\$ 34,825	\$	60,672	\$ 55,787	\$ 134,549	\$ 90,612
					Compon	ent Units	
							onburg-
				G .1	<b>1</b>	Rocki	ngham
					nool	Rocki Social S	ngham Services
				Во	ard	Rocki Social S Dis	ngham Services trict
Current and other assets			\$			Rocki Social S	ngham Services
Current and other assets Capital assets, net			\$	Bo 2023	ard 2022	Rocki Social S Dis 2023	ngham Services trict 2022
			\$	Bo 2023 51,963	ard 2022 \$ 50,232	Rocki Social S Dis 2023 \$ 13,891	ngham Services ttrict 2022 \$ 13,276
Capital assets, net			\$	Bo 2023 51,963 127,071	ard 2022 \$ 50,232 131,643	Rocki Social S 2023 \$ 13,891 1,726	ngham Services ttrict 2022 \$ 13,276 2,135
Capital assets, net Total assets			\$	Bo 2023 51,963 127,071 179,034	ard 2022 \$ 50,232 131,643 181,875	Rocki Social S 2023 \$ 13,891 1,726 15,617	ngham Services trict 2022 \$ 13,276 2,135 15,411
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources			\$	Bo 2023 51,963 127,071 179,034 29,382	ard 2022 \$ 50,232 131,643 181,875 31,919	Rocki Social S 2023 \$ 13,891 1,726 15,617 1,914	ngham Services <u>ttrict</u> 2022 \$ 13,276 2,135 15,411 2,280
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities			\$ 	Bo 2023 51,963 127,071 179,034 29,382 26,756	ard 2022 \$ 50,232 131,643 181,875 31,919 24,045	Rocki Social S 2023 \$ 13,891 1,726 15,617 1,914 3,190	ngham Services ttrict 2022 \$ 13,276 2,135 15,411 2,280 3,266
Capital assets, net <b>Total assets</b> <b>Deferred outflows of resources</b> Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities			\$	Bo 2023 51,963 127,071 179,034 29,382 26,756 128,465	ard 2022 \$ 50,232 131,643 181,875 31,919 24,045 110,243	Rocki Social S 2023 \$ 13,891 1,726 15,617 1,914 3,190 5,134	ngham Services ttrict 2022 \$ 13,276 2,135 15,411 2,280 3,266 3,475
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Net position:			\$	Bo 2023 51,963 127,071 179,034 29,382 26,756 128,465 155,221 22,186	ard 2022 \$ 50,232 131,643 181,875 31,919 24,045 110,243 134,288 57,232	Rocki Social S 2023 \$ 13,891 1,726 15,617 1,914 3,190 5,134 8,324 1,162	ngham Services ttrict 2022 \$ 13,276 2,135 15,411 2,280 3,266 3,475 6,741 3,377
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Net position: Net investment in capital assets			\$	Bo 2023 51,963 127,071 179,034 29,382 26,756 128,465 155,221 22,186 124,874	ard 2022 \$ 50,232 131,643 181,875 31,919 24,045 110,243 134,288	Rocki Social S 2023 \$ 13,891 1,726 15,617 1,914 3,190 5,134 8,324	ngham Services <u>strict</u> 2022 \$ 13,276 2,135 15,411 2,280 3,266 3,475 6,741
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Net position:				Bo 2023 51,963 127,071 179,034 29,382 26,756 128,465 155,221 22,186	ard 2022 \$ 50,232 131,643 181,875 31,919 24,045 110,243 134,288 57,232	Rocki Social S 2023 \$ 13,891 1,726 15,617 1,914 3,190 5,134 8,324 1,162	ngham Services ttrict 2022 \$ 13,276 2,135 15,411 2,280 3,266 3,475 6,741 3,377

County of Rockingham, Virginia
Summary Statement of Changes in Net Position
Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

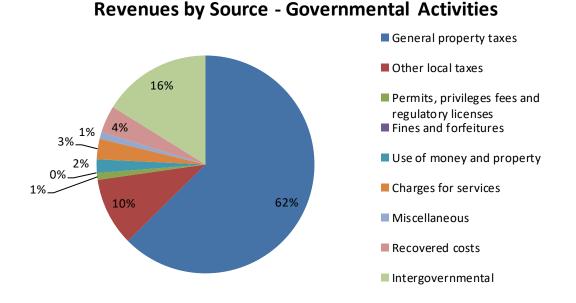
		nmental ivities	Business Activit	• 1	Total Primary Government		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues:	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 15,957	\$ 15,223	\$ 16,842 \$	5 16,634	\$ 32,799	\$ 31,857	
Operating grants and	23,449	15,890	4,458	3,191	27,907	19,081	
Capital grants and	-	1,150	-	-	-	1,150	
General revenues:							
General property taxes	123,473	107,725	-	-	123,473	107,725	
Other local taxes	19,616	19,107	-	-	19,616	19,107	
Intergovernmental	7,669	7,684	-	-	7,669	7,684	
Use of money and property	3,876	(406)	1,160	144	5,036	(262)	
Miscellaneous	2,159	2,734	337	338	2,496	3,072	
Total revenues	196,199	169,107	22,797	20,307	218,996	189,414	
Expenses:							
General government	7,402	7,179	-	-	7,402	7,179	
Judicial administration	6,519	6,148	-	-	6,519	6,148	
Public safety	45,362	45,064	-	-	45,362	45,064	
Public works	5,369	4,296	17,912	15,628	23,281	19,924	
Health and social services	10,129	8,404	-	-	10,129	8,404	
Education	66,568	60,606	-	-	66,568	60,606	
Parks, recreation and cultural	3,235	3,284	-	-	3,235	3,284	
Community development	9,912	8,174	-	-	9,912	8,174	
Interest	2,651	3,068	-	-	2,651	3,068	
Total expenses	157,147	146,223	17,912	15,628	175,059	161,851	
Change in net position	39,052	22,884	4,885	4,679	43,937	27,563	
Net position, beginning	34,825	11,941	55,787	51,108	90,612	63,049	
Net position, ending	\$ 73,877	\$ 34,825	\$ 60,672 \$	55,787	\$ 134,549	\$ 90,612	

# County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Changes in Net Position (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

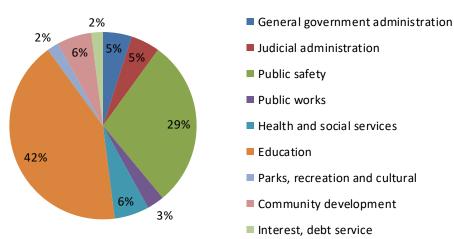
	Component Units											
	Harrisonburg-											
	Rockingham											
			nool		Social Services							
			ard			District						
-		2023		2022		2023		2022				
Revenues:												
Program revenues:	÷		÷		<b>.</b>		<u>_</u>					
Charges for services	\$	2,299	\$	1,002	\$	-	\$	-				
Operating grants and contributions		114,648		105,446		25,275		22,335				
Capital grants and contributions		3,691		1,109		-		-				
General revenues:												
Grants and contributions not												
restricted to specific programs		66,568		60,606		11,449		9,475				
Intergovernmental non-categorical aid		66		65		-		-				
Use of money and property		390		25		242		13				
Miscellaneous		247		420		43		50				
Total revenues		187,909		168,673		37,009		31,873				
Expenses:												
Health and social services		-		-		36,525		33,125				
Education		179,015		164,507		-		-				
Interest		159		143		12		14				
Total expenses		179,174		164,650		36,537		33,139				
Change in net position		8,735		4,023		472		(1,266)				
Net position, beginning		22,274		18,251		7,573		8,839				
Net position, ending	\$	31,009	\$	22,274	\$	8,045	\$	7,573				

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$39,051 compared to an increase in the County's net position by \$22,884 in fiscal year 2022. Key factors for this change are as follows:

Total revenues increased \$27,092 (from \$169,107 to \$196,199) compared to last year. Tax revenues increased primarily due to an increase in general property taxes of \$15,748, primarily as a result of an increase in personal property assessed values and an increase in real property tax values due to the calendar year 2022 reassessment. Local sales and use tax also increased by \$1,358. Revenues by source are shown in the chart below. Revenues from general property taxes make up 62 percent of total revenues.



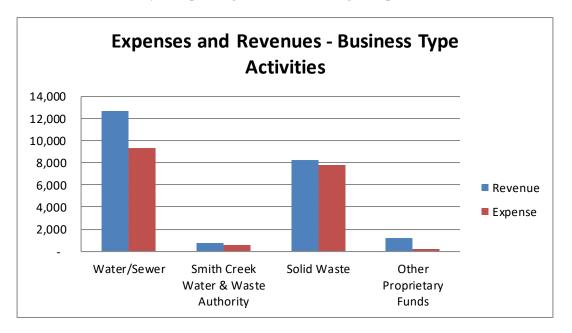
Total expenses increased by \$10,924 (from \$146,223 to \$157,147) compared to last year. The local transfer to Education in the amount of \$66,568 makes up 42 percent of total Governmental activities with Public Safety coming in second at 29 percent of the total.



# **Expenditures by Type - Governmental Activities**

A detailed explanation of the key components for the revenue and expense changes is outlined on pages 19-20 under the Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds.

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$4,885 compared to an increase of \$4,679 last fiscal year. The increase to the net position is a result of the amount of connection fees collected during the fiscal year. Each of these businesses are monitored on a regular basis to assure that they are operating as a self-sustaining enterprise.



**Component Unit – School Board.** The School Board's net position increased by \$8,735 this fiscal year compared to an increase of \$4,023 in fiscal year 2022. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- 1. Revenues increased by \$19,236 (from \$168,673 to \$187,909) primarily due to increase in the school food program funds received from the Commonwealth.
- 2. Expenses also increased by a total of \$14,524 (from \$164,650 to \$179,174) due to increased expenses related to instruction.
- 3. Included in 2023 expenses are depreciation and amortization totaling \$11,119, which are a non-cash reduction in net position.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

*Governmental funds.* The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$99,593, an increase of \$29,204 in comparison with the prior year.

Approximately 66 percent of this total amount \$65,697 constitutes unassigned general fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. In addition, another 7% percent of this total amount \$6,636 constitutes fund balance assigned to future unspecified capital outlays in the General Capital Projects Fund. However, these funds may be returned to the General Fund at the Board's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$65,697 while total fund balance reached \$83,788. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 41 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 52 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased \$25,074 during the current fiscal year compared to an increase of \$16,575 for fiscal year 2022. This \$25,074 increase is better than the original budget, which projected a \$1,390 decrease, and the final budget projecting a \$6,271 decrease. The key factors influencing these results are as follows:

- > Total revenue was \$26,711 higher than last year. The key components with changes were:
  - General property tax revenue was \$15,562 over last year primarily as a result of an increase in personal property tax values due to the fluctuations in the values of used cars and an increase in the assessed value of real estate in calendar year 2022.
  - Other local taxes were \$202 higher than last year primarily due to an increase in local sales and use tax and food and beverage tax collections.
  - Use of money and property were \$3,677 higher than last fiscal year due to the increase in interest rates as seen in the county investments.
  - Intergovernmental revenue was higher than last fiscal year by \$7,649 due to the funding received from the American Rescue Plan.
- ➤ Total expenditures increased by \$16,802 compared to last year. The key components with changes were:
  - Public safety increased \$2,573 compared to the prior fiscal year total of \$40,781 due to the increase in fire and rescue and sheriff personnel expenses.
  - Health and social services increased \$1,677 compared to the prior fiscal year total of \$8,448 primarily due to the county's contribution to the children's services act and social services programs.
  - Education increased \$5,963 compared to the prior fiscal year total of \$60,606 due to an increase in state and federal funding provided for education expenses.
  - Community development increased \$4,627 compared to the prior fiscal year total of \$3,850 due to contributions and grants paid during fiscal year 2022.

The General Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$13,127, of which the majority is committed to specified future capital outlays or assigned to unspecified future capital outlays. The County had capital outlays of \$5,071 during the current fiscal year, which were funded by revenues and the fund balance.

*Proprietary funds.* The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of these funds increased \$4,885 this fiscal year to \$60,672. The largest portion of the net position, \$42,059, continues to reflect the County's net investment in capital assets.

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The General Fund's original budgeted appropriations amounted to \$167,849; the final amended General Fund budget was \$180,134 representing an increase of \$12,285. The most notable amendment to the budget is an increase of \$11,917 of American Rescue Plan Act funding.

- > Total revenue was \$12,822 higher than budgeted. The key components with changes were:
  - General property tax revenue was \$6,243 higher than the final budget primarily as a result of an increase in personal property tax values due to the fluctuations in the values of used cars and an increase in the assessed value of real estate in calendar year 2022.
  - Other local taxes were \$3,451 higher than the final budget primarily due to an increase in local sales and use tax and food and beverage tax collections.
  - Use of money and property were \$2,293 higher than the final budget due to the increase in interest rates as seen in the county investments.
  - Intergovernmental revenue was lower than the final budget by \$1,698 due to the funding received from the American Rescue Plan and the realization of unearned revenue.
- Total expenditures were \$18,523 lower than the final budget. The key components with changes were:
  - Public safety was \$5,556 lower than the final budget due to the use of American Rescue Plan funding for public safety salaries.
  - Community Development was \$5,152 lower than the final budget due to the timing of the payments for the Broadband project.
  - Education was \$5,557 lower than the final budget due to an increase in state and federal funding provided for education expenses.
- Most of the other expenditure categories were less than the final budget amounts to varying degrees, but primarily due to containment of costs.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, amounted to \$126,453 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, easements, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, intangible right-to-use leased buildings and improvements, intangible right-to-use subscriptions, and software. The County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year decreased to \$126,453 compared to \$127,730 last year.

#### County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Capital Assets June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Primary Gov				
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023			2022	
Non-depreciable assets:													
Land	\$	4,331	\$	4,331	\$	3,520	\$	3,520	\$	7,851	\$	7,851	
Easements		-		-		227		227		227		227	
Construction in progress		1,587		1,816		58		207		1,645		2,023	
Depreciable capital assets:													
Buildings		60,431		56,586		1,661		1,661		62,092		58,247	
Intangible right-to-use lease buildings and improvements		662		662		-		-		662		662	
Improvements		31,618		31,483		98,949		96,813	1	30,567		128,296	
Machinery and equipment		26,302		25,762		7,308		6,953		33,610		32,715	
Intangible right-to-use subscriptions		367		_		-		_		367		-	
Software		794		1,117		-		-		794		1,117	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(62,042)		(56,926)		(49,320)		(46,482)	(1	11,362)		(103,408)	
Capital assets, net	\$	64,050	\$	64,831	\$	62,403	\$	62,899	\$ 1	26,453	\$	127,730	

The key changes in capital assets were:

A net decrease to construction in progress under Governmental Activities of \$229 was comprised of a decrease of \$1,150 due to the reclassification to buildings for the construction of the Route 11 North Emergency Response Taton, \$536 for the construction of the Rockingham Park Maintenance Building, and the reclassification to improvements of \$130 for the HVAC controls at the Human Services Building. Additions to construction in progress include \$525 for Jail Camera upgrades, \$450 for a Pierce Enforcer Pumper, \$287 for the Computer Assisted Mass Appraisal system and other smaller projects.

An increase to buildings under Governmental Activities of \$3,043 for the Route 11 North Emergency Response Station, \$591 for the Rockingham Park Maintenance Building and \$211 for the Central Garage Building Addition

An increase to intangible right-to-use subscriptions under Governmental Activities of \$367 for the subscriptions of internet services and technology.

An increase to improvements under Governmental Activities of \$135 for the HVAC controls at the Human Services Building.

A net increase to machinery and equipment under Governmental Activities of \$540 was comprised of a decrease of \$659 due to the disposal of outdated equipment and vehicles and the following increases: \$929 for the purchase of vehicles; \$40 for the purchase of a CIT simulator; \$165 for the purchase of a brush truck; and \$65 for the purchase of an alerting system at the Route 11 North Emergency Response Station.

A net decrease to software in the amount of \$323 due to the disposal of the City View software of \$368 and the addition of Evolve software of \$45.

A decrease to construction in progress under Business-type Activities of \$149 due to the reclassification to improvements for the Lake Shenandoah Stormwater detention basin.

A total increase to improvements under Business-type Activities of \$2,136 for the following: \$1,085 for the construction of the Lake Shenandoah Stormwater detention basin and \$1,051 for the Fieldale sewer line replacement.

A net increase to machinery and equipment under Business-type Activities of \$355 was comprised of a decrease of \$349 for the disposal of vehicles and the following increases: \$704 for the purchases of a roll-off truck, vehicles and sewage pumps.

#### County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Capital Assets (Continued) June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Component Units								
			100l ard			Harriso Rockin Social S Dist	ighar ervic	n	
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Non-depreciable assets:									
Land	\$	5,470	\$	5,470	\$	202	\$	202	
Easements		37		37		-		-	
Construction in progress		2,580		805		-		-	
Depreciable capital assets:									
Buildings		181,748		181,593		501		501	
Intangible right-to-use lease buildings and improvements		-		-		-		317	
Improvements		93,504		92,821		2,119		2,119	
Machinery and equipment		42,360		41,006		69		69	
Intangible right-to-use lease machinery & equipment		4,062		3,109		-		-	
Intangible right-to-use subscriptions		246		-		-		-	
Accumulated depreciation									
and amortization		(202,936)		(193,198)		(1,165)		(1,073)	
Capital assets, net	\$	127,071	\$	131,643	\$	1,726	\$	2,135	

The key changes in capital assets were:

A net increase to construction in progress for the component unit School Board of \$1,775 was comprised of \$2,113 for renovations at Broadway High School; \$314 for renovations at Elkton Elementary School; \$10 for Linville Edom Septic Upgrades. Reductions to construction in progress totaled \$662 due to transfers to machinery and equipment, buildings and improvements.

An increase to buildings for the component unit School Board of \$155 due to the construction of a new maintenance building.

An increase to improvements for the component unit School Board of \$683 was comprised of \$139 for HVAC upgrades at Lacey Spring Elementary School; \$198 for upgrades at Massanutten Technical Center; \$174 for an ADA accessible ramp at J Frank Hillyard Middle School; \$116 for a irrigations system at Spotswood High School; and \$56 for water line upgrades at Elkton Middle School.

A net increase in machinery and equipment for the component unit School Board of \$1,354 was comprised of \$1,318 for various HVAC equipment upgrades; \$237 for the purchase of school buses; \$578 for the replacement of bleachers on various sports fields; and \$275 for a hot water pump at Turner Ashby High School. A decrease of \$1,054 for the disposal of various school buses.

An increase to right-to-use lease machinery and equipment for the component unit School Board of \$953 was for the lease of 2,700 Chromebooks to be used for middle and high school students.

An increase to right-to-use lease subscriptions for the component unit School Board of \$246 is for multiyear contracts for instructional and professional software. These software are now being recognized as capital assets in FY23 as we have adopted GASB 96.

A decrease to right-to-use lease buildings and improvements for the component unit Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District of \$317 was for the lease of the Bridgeport Building basement.

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Note 5 of the financial statements.

**Long-term obligations.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total net bonded debt outstanding of \$79,664. General obligation bonds issued by the County are for educational purposes to construct and renovate school facilities, the construction of the Community Services Board and the Port Road Emergency Response Station.

	Governmental Activities				Busine Acti	• 1	]	To Primary G	rnment		
	2023		2022		2023	2022		2023			2022
General obligation bonds	\$ 73,905	\$	81,015	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,905	\$	81,015
Unamortized premiums	5,759		6,346		2,275		2,479		8,034		8,825
Lease revenue refunding bonds	-		1,590		-		-		-		1,590
Lease liabilities	591		627		-		-		591		627
Subscription liabilities	230		-		-		-		230		-
Notes from direct borrowings											
and direct placements	2,085		3,434		-		-		2,085		3,434
Revenue bonds	-		-		18,265		20,701		18,265		20,701
Landfill obligation	-		-		17,674		16,116		17,674		16,116
Compensated absences	1,493		1,318		166		186		1,659		1,504
Net pension liability	10,826		4,639		912		394		11,738		5,033
Other postemployment benefits	 7,520		7,005	755		709		8,275		7,714	
	\$ 102,409	\$	105,974	\$	40,047	\$	40,585	\$	142,456	\$	146,559

### County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Long-Term Obligations June 30, 2023 and 2022

Article VII, Section 10(b), *Constitution of Virginia*, stipulates that no debt shall be contracted by or on behalf of any county or district thereof unless approved by an affirmative vote of a majority of the qualified voters of the County. No referendum was called to issue general obligation debt in the fiscal year.

The ratio of net bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the County's debt position to management, citizens, and investors. Data for the County at the end of the 2023 fiscal year is presented as actual amounts as follows:

	Assessed			Ratio		Net
	Valuation of	Net	of	Debt to	В	onded
Estimated	All Taxable	Bonded	A	ssessed	D	ebt per
Population	Property	Debt	Va	aluation	(	Capita
85,397	\$13,851,326,400	\$ 79,663,628	(	0.58%	\$	933

More detailed information about the County's long-term obligations is presented in Note 7 of the financial statements.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The unemployment rate for September 2023 in Rockingham County was 2.4 percent, which is higher than the 2.2 percent rate a year ago. This is lower than the Virginia statewide unemployment rate of 2.5 percent and the United States national average of 3.9 percent.
- Fiscal year 2024 General Fund revenue is budgeted to increase by \$19,511 to \$187,289 in comparison to the fiscal year 2023 Adopted Budget of \$167,778.
- Federal revenues are primarily from grant sources, and with the federal fiscal year not beginning until October 1, it is difficult to project which grants will be approved. However, it is important to mention that those expenditures dependent upon federal grants will not be incurred until the grant is approved and the County has assurances that it will receive those funds.
- Revenue estimates continue to be projected conservatively by staff to be responsible to the County's citizens in funding planned levels of service for next year.
- Fiscal year 2024 General Fund expenditures are budgeted to increase \$19,511 to \$187,289 in comparison to the fiscal year 2023 Adopted Budget of \$167,778.
- The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at fiscal year-end was \$83,788. The County has appropriated \$13,628 of this amount for spending in the fiscal year 2024 budget. The drawdown in the fund balance is used for one-time capital and maintenance expenditures and, therefore, lessens the need to raise taxes.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for fiscal year 2024.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, County of Rockingham, P.O. Box 1252, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22803, telephone (540) 564-3010. The County's website address is www.rockinghamcountyva.gov.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, VIRGINIA

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

									Co	mponent Units		
								Harrisonburg-				
	Primary Government					School			ockingham			
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals		School Board		cial Services District	Nonmajor	
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		Totals		Doald		District	Nonnajor	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	70,641,624	\$	25,194,384	\$	95,836,008	\$	25,265,252	\$	5,372,485	\$ 64,51	
Investments	Ψ	31,493,108	Ψ	11,530,933	Ψ	43,024,041	Ψ	11,351,375	Ψ	2,458,920	16,66	
Receivables, net:		51,195,100		11,550,755		15,02 1,0 11		11,551,575		2,150,520	10,00	
Property taxes		5,041,223		-		5,041,223		-		-		
Utility taxes		283,533		-		283,533		-		-		
Trade and other accounts		2,285,342		1,883,906		4,169,248		351,038		57,935	14,35	
Leases		3,002,745		-,,		3,002,745		-		-	,	
Accrued interest		174,293		104,463		278,756		43,325		13,177	8	
Due from other governments		9,144,676		-		9,144,676		8,873,263		5,808,429		
Prepaid items		721,679		69,773		791,452		4,133,196		180,536		
Inventory		55,755		145,173		200,928		355,158		-		
Restricted cash		1,467,438		-		1,467,438		-		-		
Net pension asset		-		-		-		1,590,638		-		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation								)				
and amortization:												
Land		4,331,159		3,519,940		7,851,099		5,469,535		202,036		
Easements		-		227,156		227,156		36,654		-		
Buildings and improvements		60,431,278		1,661,099		62,092,377		181,749,425		500,979		
Intangible right-to-use lease buildings and improvements		661,710		-		661,710		-		-		
Improvements other than buildings		31,617,771		98,949,421		130,567,192		93,503,829		2,119,334		
Machinery and equipment		26,301,513		7,307,955		33,609,468		42,360,407		69,484		
Intangible right-to-use lease machinery & equipment		-		-		-		4,062,105		-		
Intangible right-to-use subscription assets		367,480		-		367,480		245,862		-		
Software		794,233		-		794,233		-		-		
Construction in progress		1,587,373		57,728		1,645,101		2,579,523		-		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(62,042,215)		(49,319,965)		(111,362,180)		(202,936,189)		(1,166,239)		
Total assets		188,361,718		101,331,966		289,693,684		179,034,396		15,617,076	95,62	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred charge on refunding		-		202,368		202,368		-		-		
Pension plan		5,709,552		481,203		6,190,755		23,774,779		1,568,470		
Other postemployment benefits		1,239,261		120,572		1,359,833		5,607,212		345,895		
Total deferred outflows of resources		6,948,813		804,143		7,752,956		29,381,991		1,914,365		

See Notes to Financial Statements.

LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,822,373	\$ 526,786	\$ 2,349,159	\$ 3,044,244	\$ 2,536,183 \$	-
Accrued payroll	2,323,517	238,765	2,562,282	19,996,175	603,228	-
Accrued interest	1,359,814	244,196	1,604,010	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	2,281,242	19,287	2,300,529	2,135,746	8,775	6,000
Insurance and benefit claims	507,850	-	507,850	1,523,552	-	-
Due to other governments	102,710	22,969	125,679	55,792	42,562	-
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year:						
Bonds payable	7,391,686	1,755,000	9,146,686	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	40,740	-	40,740	830,052	-	-
Subscription liabilities	18,200	-	18,200	102,407	-	-
Private placement notes	1,031,065	-	1,031,065	-	-	-
Compensated absences	1,020,599	92,847	1,113,446	2,775,889	28,969	-
Due in more than one year:						
Bonds payable, net	72,271,942	18,784,621	91,056,563	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	550,428	-	550,428	1,217,659	-	-
Subscription liabilities	212,116	-	212,116	46,729	-	-
Private placement notes	1,053,438	-	1,053,438	-	-	-
Landfill obligation	-	17,674,289	17,674,289	-	-	-
Compensated absences	473,835	72,988	546,823	1,514,465	14,116	-
Net pension liability	10,825,746	912,399	11,738,145	78,476,391	2,973,939	-
Other postemployment benefits	 7,519,827	754,668	8,274,495	 43,502,069	2,117,224	-
Total liabilities	 110,807,128	41,098,815	151,905,943	 155,221,170	8,324,996	6,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property taxes collected in advance	3,506,824	-	3,506,824	-	-	-
Pension plan	3,430,345	289,111	3,719,456	18,330,456	942,349	-
Other postemployment benefits	787,301	76,202	863,503	3,855,982	219,431	-
Leases related	2,902,311	-	2,902,311	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	 10,626,781	365,313	10,992,094	 22,186,438	1,161,780	-
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	59,993,818	42,059,280	102,053,098	124,874,304	1,725,594	-
Restricted:						
Education	-	-	-	1,590,638	-	-
Judicial administration	106,443	-	106,443	-	-	-
Public safety	177,925	-	177,925	-	-	-
Health and social services	781	-	781	-	-	-
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,390,738	-	2,390,738	-	-	-
Pension plan	-	-	-	939,664	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	 11,206,917	18,612,701	29,819,618	 (96,395,827)	6,319,071	89,623
Total net position	\$ 73,876,622	\$ 60,671,981	\$ 134,548,603	\$ 31,008,779	\$ 8,044,665 \$	89,623

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, VIRGINIA

#### **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2023**

						Net (Expense) R	evenue and Chan	ges in Net Position			
								C	omponent Units		
Program Revenues								Harrisonburg-			
			Operating	Capital	Pr	imary Governmen	t		Rockingham	Nonmajor	
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Governmental Business-type		School	Social Services	Discretely	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals	Board	District	Presented	
Primary Government:											
Governmental activities:											
General government administration	\$ 7,401,287	\$ 1,447	\$ 735,460	\$ -	\$ (6,664,380)	\$ -	\$ (6,664,380)	\$ - 5	- 5	\$ -	
Judicial administration	6,519,181	1,865,995	3,183,466	-	(1,469,720)	-	(1,469,720)	-	-	-	
Public safety	45,362,251	12,093,262	14,559,009	-	(18,709,980)	-	(18,709,980)	-	-	-	
Public works	5,368,879	1,585,634	4,450,941	-	667,696	-	667,696	-	-	-	
Health and social services	10,128,557	174,295	356,667	-	(9,597,595)	-	(9,597,595)	-	-	-	
Education	66,568,478	-	150,690	-	(66,417,788)	-	(66,417,788)	-	-	-	
Parks, recreation and cultural	3,235,435	235,947	10,592	-	(2,988,896)	-	(2,988,896)	-	-	-	
Community development	9,912,074	-	1,763	-	(9,910,311)	-	(9,910,311)	-	-	-	
Interest	2,651,395	-	-	-	(2,651,395)	-	(2,651,395)	-	-	-	
Total governmental activities	157,147,537	15,956,580	23,448,588	-	(117,742,369)	-	(117,742,369)		-	-	
Business-type activities:											
Water and sewer	10,120,414	9,282,045	4,405,623	-	-	3,567,254	3,567,254	-	-	-	
Solid waste	7,792,098	7,559,869	51,951	-	-	(180,278)	(180,278)		-	-	
Total business-type activities	17,912,512	16,841,914	4,457,574	-		3,386,976	3,386,976		-	-	
Total primary government	\$ 175,060,049	\$ 32,798,494	\$ 27,906,162	\$ -	(117,742,369)	3,386,976	(114,355,393)		-	-	
Component Units:											
Rockingham County School Board:											
Education:											
Instruction	\$ 138,234,710	\$ 865 301	\$ 109,483,901	\$ 3,691,304				(24,194,114)			
Administration, attendance and health	7,851,122	\$ 805,591	127,236	\$ 5,091,504	-	-	-	(7,723,886)	-	-	
,	10,485,942		23,775	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Pupil transportation services Operation and maintenance services		-	23,775	-	-	-	-	(10,462,167) (16,127,337)	-	-	
School food services	16,146,724	-		-	-	-	-	(16,127,337) 130,856	-	-	
	6,295,817	1,433,320	4,993,353	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Interest	159,396	-	-	-	-	-	-	(159,396)	-	-	
Total school board	179,173,711	2,298,711	114,647,652	3,691,304		-		(58,536,044)	-		

Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District: Social Services:										
Public assistance	\$ 8,276,623 \$	-	\$ 5,501,856	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ - \$	(2,774,767) \$	-
Children's services	16,189,731	-	10,272,712	-	-	-	-	-	(5,917,019)	-
Administration:										
Health and human services	12,014,500	-	9,455,538	-	-	-	-	-	(2,558,962)	-
VJCCA	44,661	-	44,661	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	11,510	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,510)	-
Total social services district	36,537,025	-	25,274,767			-			(11,262,258)	-
Economic Development Authority:										
Economic development	548,857	8,352	-	546,056	-	-	-	-	-	5,551
Rockingham County Recreation Foundation:										
Parks and recreation	295	-	9,364	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,069
Total component units	\$ 216,259,888 \$	2,307,063	\$ 139,931,783	\$ 4,237,360		-		(58,536,044)	(11,262,258)	14,620
	C 1									
	General revenues: Taxes:									
	General property tax	20			123,472,718	-	123,472,718			
	Other local taxes:	es			125,472,718	-	125,472,718	-	-	-
	Local sales and us	e			11,188,328	_	11,188,328		_	_
	Consumer utility	C			1,792,441	_	1,792,441	_	_	_
	Transient occupan	cv taxes			2,118,722	-	2,118,722	-	_	_
	Food and beverage	•			2,477,572	-	2,477,572	-	-	-
	Recordation & Wi				1,468,083	-	1,468,083	-	-	-
	Other				570,870	-	570,870	-	-	-
	Grants and contribution	ns not restric	ted to specific p	orograms	-	-	-	66,568,478	11,448,896	-
	Intergovernmental, nor	n-categorical	aid		7,669,342	-	7,669,342	65,672	-	-
	Use of money and prop	perty			3,876,174	1,160,437	5,036,611	389,516	242,135	1,673
	Miscellaneous				2,159,369	337,354	2,496,723	246,910	42,778	-
	Total general rev	enues			156,793,619	1,497,791	158,291,410	67,270,576	11,733,809	1,673
	Change in net po	sition			39,051,250	4,884,767	43,936,017	8,734,532	471,551	16,293
	Net position, beginning				34,825,372	55,787,214	90,612,586	22,274,247	7,573,114	73,330
	Net position, ending				\$ 73,876,622	\$ 60,671,981	\$ 134,548,603	\$ 31,008,779 \$	8,044,665 \$	89,623

### BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023		General		General Capital Projects	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	C	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<b>_</b>		<i>•</i>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57,117,340	\$	8,799,348	\$	1,769,217	\$	67,685,905
Investments		25,296,524		4,027,354		809,750		30,133,628
Receivables, net:								
Property taxes		5,041,223		-		-		5,041,223
Utility taxes		283,533		-		-		283,533
Trade and other accounts		1,619,282		420,405		243,730		2,283,417
Leases		3,002,745		-		-		3,002,745
Accrued interest		141,550		21,389		4,166		167,105
Due from other governments		4,895,198		270,778		9,963		5,175,939
Prepaid items		705,315		15,047		1,317		721,679
Inventory		55,755		-		-		55,755
Restricted cash		1,467,438		-		-		1,467,438
Total assets	\$	99,625,903	\$	13,554,321	\$	2,838,143	\$	116,018,367
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,249,049	\$	426,841	\$	10,984	\$	1,686,874
Due to other governments		102,710		-		-		102,710
Accrued payroll		2,317,118		-		6,399		2,323,517
Unearned revenue		1,467,438		-		143,556		1,610,994
Total liabilities		5,136,315		426,841		160,939		5,724,095
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property taxes collected in advance		3,506,824		-		-		3,506,824
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,292,000		-		-		4,292,000
Leases related		2,902,311		-		-		2,902,311
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,701,135		-		-		10,701,135
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items		705,315		15,047		1,317		721,679
Inventory		55,755		-		-		55,755
Restricted for:		,						,
Judicial administration		-		-		106,443		106,443
Public safety		-		-		177,925		177,925
Health and social services		-		-		781		781
Parks, recreation and cultural		-		-		2,390,738		2,390,738
Community development		-		-		_,;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;		_,0,00,000
Committed to:								
General government administration		-		71,903		-		71,903
Public safety		226,435		6,312,717		_		6,539,152
Public works		302,958		35,250		-		338,208
Education		9,541,250		55,250		-		9,541,250
		9,541,250		56,219		-		56,219
Parks, recreation and cultural		-		50,219		-		,
Community development Assigned to:		55,770		-		-		55,770
General government administration		5,829,238		-		-		5,829,238
Health and social services		1,375,000		-		-		1,375,000
Capital outlay		-		6,636,344		-		6,636,344
Unassigned:				· · ·				
General fund		65,696,732		-		-		65,696,732
Total fund balances		83,788,453		13,127,480		2,677,204		99,593,137
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and								
fund balances	\$	99,625,903	\$	13,554,321	\$	2,838,143	\$	116,018,367

### **RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023**

	Governme	unds
otal fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 99,593,13
mounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are lifferent because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 126,092,517	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(62,042,215)	
Net capital assets		64,050,30
Unavailable revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		4,292,00
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.		
Pension plan	5,709,552	
Other postemployment benefits	 1,239,261	
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of goods provided		6,948,8
to other departments or funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		3,010,7
Long-term due from other government - pension		2,173,04
Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits		1,795,6
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the funds.		
General obligation bonds, including unamortized premiums	(79,663,628)	
Private placement notes	(2,084,503)	
Lease liabilities	(591,168)	
Subscription liabilities	(230,316)	
Compensated absences	(1,494,434)	
Interest payable	(1,359,814)	
Other postemployment benefits	(7,519,827)	
Net pension liability	 (10,825,746)	(103,769,4
Defend inflows of manufacture manufacture of the transition that the		(105,707,4
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		
Pension plan	(3,430,345)	
Other postemployment benefits	 (787,301)	(1 )17 (
		 (4,217,64
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 73,876,62

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	General Capital Projects	Gov	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 123,022,445	\$ -	\$	-	\$	123,022,445
Other local taxes	18,348,562	-		1,267,454		19,616,016
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	1,799,136	-		-		1,799,136
Fines and forfeitures	202,030	-		31,050		233,080
Use of money and property	3,238,043	428,223		67,502		3,733,768
Charges for services	6,127,245	-		-		6,127,245
Miscellaneous	1,677,620	400,270		81,479		2,159,369
Recovered costs	7,513,967	283,152		-		7,797,119
Intergovernmental	 31,027,069	-		57,220		31,084,289
Total revenues	 192,956,117	1,111,645		1,504,705		195,572,467
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government administration	6,753,693	-		-		6,753,693
Judicial administration	6,131,984	-		2,170		6,134,154
Public safety	43,353,400	-		72,393		43,425,793
Public works	4,479,946	-		-		4,479,946
Health and social services	10,125,287	-		51,207		10,176,494
Education	66,568,478	-		-		66,568,478
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,433,033	-		47,926		2,480,959
Community development	8,477,193	-		657,337		9,134,530
Capital outlays	-	5,042,473		-		5,042,473
Debt service:	9 752 005	29.5(5				0 701 570
Principal	8,752,995	28,565		-		8,781,560
Interest and fiscal charges	 3,418,897	-		-		3,418,897
Total expenditures	 160,494,906	5,071,038		831,033		166,396,977
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenses	 32,461,211	(3,959,393)		673,672		29,175,490
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of subscription	-	28,565		-		28,565
Transfers in	-	7,490,750		-		7,490,750
Transfers out	 (7,386,750)	-		(104,000)		(7,490,750)
Other financing sources (uses), net	 (7,386,750)	7,519,315		(104,000)		28,565
Net change in fund balances	25,074,461	3,559,922		569,672		29,204,055
Fund balance, beginning	 58,713,992	9,567,558		2,107,532		70,389,082
Fund balance, ending	\$ 83,788,453	\$ 13,127,480	\$	2,677,204	\$	99,593,137

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Governme	ntal Funds
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 29,204,055
econciliation of amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of		
Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported		
as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and		
amortization exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 5,023,613	
Less depreciation and amortization expense	(6,122,770)	
Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays		(1,099,15
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and		
donations) is to decrease net position.		(20,81
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not		
reported as revenues in the funds.		
OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth	33,641	
Unavailable revenue	450,273	
Long-term due from other government - pension	(197,846)	
Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits	89,340	
		375,40
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but		
issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of		
principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term		
liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		
Issuance of subscription	(28,565)	
Principal repayments:		
General obligation bonds	7,018,323	
General obligation bonds - payments recorded in health and social services	91,667	
Lease revenue refunding bonds	1,590,000	
Lease liabilities	36,073	
Subscription liabilities	137,164	
Private placement notes - payments recorded in public safety	1,349,857	
		10,194,5
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest	180,397	
Compensated absences	(176,954)	
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(373,480)	
Amortization of premium	587,105	
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	581,567	
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to		798,63
individual funds. The net loss of the Internal Service Funds are reported with		
governmental activities.		
Total revenues	8,218,186	
Total expenses	(8,619,586)	
rotar expenses	(0,017,300)	(401,40
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 39,051,25
Change in her position of 60 to michael activities		φ 57,051,25

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund									
		Budgeted	Amo	nunte		Actual		ariance with Final Budget Over		
		Original	And	Final		Amounts		(Under)		
Revenues:		Singhinan		1 11101		1 1110 4110		(011001)		
General property taxes	\$	116,479,000	\$	116,779,000	\$	123,022,445	\$	6,243,445		
Other local taxes		14,897,500		14,897,500		18,348,562		3,451,062		
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		1,796,500		1,796,500		1,799,136		2,636		
Fines and forfeitures		114,403		114,403		202,030		87,627		
Use of money and property		794,672		944,672		3,238,043		2,293,371		
Charges for services		5,818,400		5,318,400		6,127,245		808,845		
Miscellaneous		280,000		320,000		1,677,620		1,357,620		
Recovered costs		7,238,610		7,238,610		7,513,967		275,357		
Intergovernmental		20,429,643		32,725,254		31,027,069		(1,698,185)		
Total revenues		167,848,728		180,134,339		192,956,117		12,821,778		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government administration		7,524,120		7,347,368		6,753,693		(593,675)		
Judicial administration		6,519,355		6,602,500		6,131,984		(470,516)		
Public safety		43,204,855		48,909,618		43,353,400		(5,556,218)		
Public works		4,066,988		4,492,177		4,479,946		(12,231)		
Health and social services		8,455,667		12,230,667		10,125,287		(2,105,380)		
Education		72,106,510		72,125,760		66,568,478		(5,557,282)		
Parks, recreation and cultural		3,134,310		2,649,224		2,433,033		(216,191)		
Community development		4,716,212		13,628,182		8,477,193		(5,150,989)		
Debt service:										
Principal		9,452,636		9,642,636		8,752,995		(889,641)		
Interest and fiscal charges		3,490,116		3,490,116		3,418,897		(71,219)		
Total expenditures		162,670,769		181,118,248		160,494,906		(20,623,342)		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		5,177,959		(983,909)		32,461,211		33,445,120		
Other financing uses:										
Transfers out		(6,567,500)		(7,386,750)		(7,386,750)		-		
Total other financing uses		(6,567,500)		(7,386,750)		(7,386,750)		-		
Net change in fund balance		(1,389,541)		(8,370,659)		25,074,461		33,445,120		
Fund balance, beginning		1,389,541		8,370,659		58,713,992		50,343,333		
Fund balance, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	83,788,453	\$	83,788,453		

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

			Governmental					
			Smith Creek	-				Activities -
		Water and	Water & Waste		Solid	Nonmajor Proprietary		Internal Service Fund - Self
		Sewer	Authority		Waste	Funds	Totals	Insurance
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	, ,	\$ 225,895	\$	11,573,616			\$ 12,319,870
Investments Trade and other accounts receivable, net		2,317,735 1,109,731	41,790 73,587		2,140,988 681,018	160,273 19,570	4,660,786 1,883,906	2,198,000 7,700
Accrued interest		74,521	517		27,421	2,004	1,885,900	28,753
Advances to other funds		265,184	517		27	2,004	265,184	- 20,755
Prepaid items		28,198	-		41,085	490	69,773	-
Inventory		145,173	-		-	-	145,173	-
Total current assets		16,469,062	341,789		14,464,128	1,048,690	32,323,669	14,554,323
Noncurrent assets:								
Investments		3,416,416	61,599		3,155,886	236,246	6,870,147	3,239,921
Advances to other funds		1,681,238	-		-	-	1,681,238	-
Capital assets:								
Land		397,328	-		2,166,225	956,387	3,519,940	-
Easements		227,156 821,784	-		820 215	-	227,156 1,661,099	-
Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings		50,583,914	6,616,233		839,315 39,872,390	1,876,884	98,949,421	-
Machinery and equipment		1,447,751	244,227		5,615,977	1,070,004	7,307,955	_
Construction in progress		21,770			35,958	-	57,728	-
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(21,142,704)	(2,781,211)	)	(25,100,457)	(295,593)		-
Total capital assets, net of accumulated		<pre></pre>				,		
depreciation and amortization		32,356,999	4,079,249		23,429,408	2,537,678	62,403,334	-
Total noncurrent assets		37,454,653	4,140,848		26,585,294	2,773,924	70,954,719	3,239,921
Total assets		53,923,715	4,482,637		41,049,422	3,822,614	103,278,388	17,794,244
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred charge on refunding		202,368	-		-	-	202,368	-
Pension plan		220,916	-		260,287	-	481,203	-
Other postemployment benefits		54,155	-		65,500	917	120,572	-
Total deferred outflows of resources		477,439	-		325,787	917	804,143	-
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and deposits		289,151	16,584		213,413	7,638	526,786	541,994
Due to other governments		1,678	15,941		3,854	1,496	22,969	-
Compensated absences		42,966	-		49,881	-	92,847	-
Accrued payroll		113,994	-		123,162	1,609	238,765	-
Accrued interest		98,636	4,819		101,138	39,603	244,196	-
Unearned revenue		-	-		-	19,287	19,287	2,680,994
Advance from other funds		-	87,039		-	178,145	265,184	-
Insurance and benefit claims		-	-		-	-	-	2,031,402
Revenue bonds	_	940,000	-		815,000	-	1,755,000	-
Total current liabilities		1,486,425	124,383		1,306,448	247,778	3,165,034	5,254,390
Noncurrent liabilities:		40.244			20 (1)		72 000	
Compensated absences		40,344	-		32,644	-	72,988	-
Advance from other funds Revenue bonds		9,118,832	275,258		- 9,665,789	1,405,980	1,681,238 18,784,621	-
Net pension liability		418,874	-		493,525	-	912,399	-
Other postemployment benefits liability		337,763	-		493,323 411,327	5,578	754,668	-
Landfill obligation		-	_		17,674,289		17,674,289	_
Total noncurrent liabilities		9,915,813	275,258		28,277,574	1,411,558	39,880,203	-
Total liabilities		11,402,238	399,641		29,584,022	1,659,336	43,045,237	5,254,390
		,,200			. ,	-,,,000		-,,,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension plan		132,728			156,383		289,111	
Other postemployment benefits		34,247	-		41,373	582	76,202	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	166,975	-		197,756	582	365,313	
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		22,500,535	4,079,249		12,946,196	2,533,300	42,059,280	
Unrestricted (deficit)		20,331,406	4,079,249		(1,352,765)	(369,687)		12,539,854
emesatelea (achen)		20,331,400	5,141		(1,552,705)	(302,087)	10,012,701	12,339,034
Total net position	\$	42,831,941	\$ 4,082,996	\$	11,593,431	\$ 2,163,613	\$ 60,671,981	\$ 12,539,854

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Business-type	Act	tivities - Enterp	orise l	Funds		Governmental	
		Smith Creek			N				Activities -
	Water and	Water & Waste		Solid		onmajor oprietary			ternal Service Fund - Self
	Sewer	Authority		Waste		Funds	Totals		Insurance
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 8,269,474	\$ 558,458	\$	7,559,869	\$	454,113 \$	\$ 16,841,914	\$	32,303,123
Connection fees	143,219	6,225		-		-	149,444		-
Other revenue	 169,993	-		167,361		-	337,354		-
Total operating revenues	 8,582,686	564,683		7,727,230		454,113	17,328,712		32,303,123
Operating expenses:									
Personal services	1,122,085	-		1,441,861		19,904	2,583,850		-
Fringe benefits	452,376	-		553,219		10,500	1,016,095		-
Contractual services	858,776	99,190		977,450		83,478	2,018,894		2,043,804
Regional Sewer Authority assessment:									
Operations and maintenance	1,918,311	-		-		-	1,918,311		-
Debt service	1,807,578	-		-		-	1,807,578		-
Risk financing and benefit payments	-	-		-		-			32,434,531
Internal services	75,063	_		54,305		-	129,368		52,151,551
Electrical services	580,102	17,406		39,711		_	637,219		_
Repairs and maintenance		17,400		411,366			411,366		_
Landfill closure		-		1,558,821			1,558,821		_
Other charges	877,606	278,697		725,807		27,576	1,909,686		
Depreciation and amortization	1,276,542	132,325		1,734,179		42,963	3,186,009		-
Depreciation and amortization	 1,270,342	 152,525		1,/34,1/9		42,903	 3,180,009		-
Total operating expenses	 8,968,439	527,618		7,496,719		184,421	17,177,197		34,478,335
Operating income (loss)	 (385,753)	37,065		230,511		269,692	151,515		(2,175,212)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Connection availability fees	3,437,254	149,677		-		-	3,586,931		-
Intergovernmental	1,268	-		51,951		667,980	721,199		-
Interest revenue	633,311	6,936		491,671		28,519	1,160,437		569,624
Interest expense	(369,386)	(20,996)		(295,379)		(49,554)	(735,315)		-
Total nonoperating revenues, net	 3,702,447	135,617		248,243		646,945	4,733,252		569,624
Income (loss) before transfers	3,316,694	172,682		478,754		916,637	4,884,767		(1,605,588)
Transfers:									
Transfers in	672,542	-		-		-	672,542		-
Transfers out	 -	-		-		(672,542)	(672,542)		-
Total transfers, net	 672,542	-		-		(672,542)	-		-
Change in net position	3,989,236	172,682		478,754		244,095	4,884,767		(1,605,588)
Total net position, beginning	 38,842,705	3,910,314		11,114,677		1,919,518	55,787,214		14,145,442
Total net position, ending	\$ 42,831,941	\$ 4,082,996	\$	11,593,431	\$	2,163,613	\$ 60,671,981	\$	12,539,854

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Business-type	Activities - Enterp	rise Funds		Governmental
		Smith Creek Water &		Nonmajor		Activities - Internal Service
	Water and	Waste	Solid	Proprietary		Fund - Self
	Sewer	Authority	Waste	Funds	Totals	Insurance
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from interfund services provided		\$ - \$				\$ 32,322,858
Receipts from customers	8,080,047	569,295	7,900,957	458,022	17,008,321	-
Claims and benefits paid	-	-	-	-	-	(32,732,506)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(5,942,546)	(405,989)	(2,092,939)	(109,768)	(8,551,242)	(1,952,212)
Payments to employees for services	(1,547,531)	-	(2,007,234)	(27,705)	(3,582,470)	-
Internal activity - payments to other funds	(75,063)	-	(54,305)	-	(129,368)	-
Other receipts	169,993	-	167,361	-	337,354	-
Net cash provided by						
(used in) operating activities	684,900	163,306	3,913,840	320,549	5,082,595	(2,361,860)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Intergovernmental - grants	1,268	-	51,951	667,980	721,199	-
Transfers (to) from other funds	(140,513)	-		140,513	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital						
financing activities	(139,245)	-	51,951	808,493	721,199	-
Cash flows from capital and related						
financing activities:						
Advance (to) from other funds, net	654,971	362,297	-	(172,956)	844,312	-
Connection availability fees	3,437,254	149,677	_	(172,550)	3,586,931	_
Principal paid on outstanding debt	(895,000)	(599,317)	(785,000)	(156,737)	(2,436,054)	_
Interest paid and fiscal charges on outstanding debt	(414,353)	(23,340)	(424,665)	(55,792)	(918,150)	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,240,019)	(23,540)	(570,077)	(873,898)	(2,683,994)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital						
and related financing activities	1,542,853	(110,683)	(1,779,742)	(1,259,383)	(1,606,955)	-
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Proceeds on sale of investments	-	-	-	38,591	38,591	724,959
Purchases of investments	(807,249)	(17,765)	(791,652)	(2,086)	(1,618,752)	-
Interest received on investment securities	634,491	6,600	474,267	27,438	1,142,796	554,649
Net cash provided by (used in) investing						
activities	(172,758)	(11,165)	(317,385)	63,943	(437,365)	1,279,608
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,915,750	41,458	1,868,664	(66,398)	3,759,474	(1,082,252)
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning	10,612,770	184,437	9,704,952	932,751	21,434,910	13,402,122
Ending	\$ 12,528,520	\$ 225,895 \$	11,573,616 \$	866,353 \$	25,194,384	\$ 12,319,870

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										Governmental	
			Sr	nith Creek			1	Activities -				
				Water &			N	Jonmajor			Inte	ernal Service
	V	Vater and		Waste		Solid	P	roprietary			F	fund - Self
		Sewer	A	Authority		Waste		Funds		Totals		Insurance
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash												
provided by (used in) operating activities:												
Operating income (loss)	\$	(385,753)	\$	37,065	\$	230,511	\$	269,692	\$	151,515	\$	(2,175,212)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)												
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:												
Depreciation and amortization		1,276,542		132,325		1,734,179		42,963		3,186,009		-
Change in assets and liabilities:												
Decrease (increase) in:												
Trade and other accounts receivable		(332,646)		4,612		341,088		4,856		17,910		2,322
Prepaid items		(963)		-		(5,862)		(14)		(6,839)		-
Inventory		55,408		-		-		-		55,408		-
Pension related deferred outflows of resources		56,239		-		71,507		-		127,746		-
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources		9,675		-		13,861		(312)		23,224		-
Increase (decrease) in:												
Accounts payable and deposits		45,382		(1,359)		68,762		1,564		114,349		91,592
Due to other governments		-		(9,337)		(1,505)		(278)		(11,120)		-
Accrued liabilities		31,961		-		8,874		194		41,029		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		(947)		(947)		17,413
Insurance and benefit claims		-		-		-		-		-		(297,975)
Net pension liability		239,535		-		278,831		-		518,366		-
Other postemployment benefits liability		23,707		-		18,982		2,754		45,443		-
Landfill obligation		-		-		1,558,821		-		1,558,821		-
Pension related deferred inflows of resources		(317,983)		-		(383,183)		-		(701,166)		-
OPEB related deferred inflows of resources		(16,204)		-		(21,026)		77		(37,153)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	684,900	\$	163,306	\$	3,913,840	\$	320,549	\$	5,082,595	\$	(2,361,860)
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing activities:												
Capital assets acquired through incurrence of												
accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,423	\$	4,378	\$	6,801	\$	-
Schedule of noncash investing activities:												
Close out final balances of receivables, capital assets, and												
payables from Penn Laird Sewer Authority to the Water and												
Sewer Fund	\$	813,055	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(813,055)	\$	-	\$	-

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2023

	Custodial Fund
	Special Welfare
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68,302
Total assets	68,302
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	68,302
Total net position	\$ 68,302

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Cust	odial Fund					
	Special Welfare						
ADDITIONS							
Miscellaneous revenue	\$	157,585					
Total additions		157,585					
DEDUCTIONS							
Other professional services		170,446					
Total deductions		170,446					
Net change in fiduciary net position		(12,861)					
Total net position, beginning		81,163					
Total net position, ending	\$	68,302					

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the County of Rockingham, Virginia (County), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. During the current year, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rate*, GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnership and Availability Payment* Arrangements, GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology* Arrangements, and certain portions of GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the County and its component units.

In determining how to define the financial reporting entity, management considered all potential component units using the standards prescribed under GASB. Component units include any legally separate organizations for which the Board of Supervisors is financially accountable. Financial accountability results where 1) there is fiscal dependence and a financial benefit or burden relationship, 2) there is a voting majority of the organization's governing body appointed by the Board of Supervisors and a financial benefit or burden relationship, or 3) there is a voting majority of the organization's governing body appointed by the Board of Supervisors and the Board of Supervisors has the ability to impose its will on the organization.

Even if financial accountability is not established, a potential component unit may still need to be reported simply because it would be misleading to exclude it.

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The County was created by an act of the General Assembly of Virginia in 1778, and provides a wide range of municipal services contemplated by statute or charter. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the County (primary government) and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they legally separate from the government. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a June 30 year end.

#### Blended Component Units:

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations, and function as an integral part of the primary government, so data from these units are combined with data of the County.

The Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District, the Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority, the Penn Laird Sewer Authority, the Countryside Sanitary District, and Lake Shenandoah Stormwater Control Authority serve the citizens of the primary government that are in their respective districts and authorities and are governed by a board comprised of the primary government's Board of Supervisors. The rates for user charges and bond issuances are approved by the primary government, and the primary government is primarily obligated to provide resources in case there are deficits in debt service payments. The districts and authorities are reported as enterprise funds and do not issue separate financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

#### Discretely Presented Component Units:

The County reports the following two major discretely presented component units:

#### 1) School Board

The School Board is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the County's jurisdiction and is elected by the voters of the County. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the government because the County's Board of Supervisors approves the School Board's budget, levies taxes and must approve any debt issuances of the School Board. School Board related debt, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the primary government. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type and consists of two special revenue funds and one capital projects fund which include the following:

<u>School Operating Fund</u> accounts for the general operations of the School Board. Financing is provided by specific allocations from the state and federal governments, by appropriation from the General Fund of the primary government by the Board of Supervisors, and charges for services.

School Cafeteria Fund accounts for the centralized school cafeteria operations.

<u>School Capital Projects Fund</u> accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities of the School Board, other than those financed by the Massanutten Technical Center.

<u>Massanutten Technical Center – Operating Fund</u> accounts for the general operations of the Massanutten Technical Center. The Massanutten Technical Center Board of Control is appointed by the Rockingham County School Board and Harrisonburg City School Board.

The Component Unit – School Board does not issue a separate set of financial statements. All independently audited financial information of the School Board is presented within this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Complete financial statements for the School Activity Fund and Massanutten Technical Center – Operating Fund can be obtained from Massanutten Technical Center administrative office.

Massanutten Technical Center 325 Pleasant Valley Road Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

#### Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued)

#### 2) Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District

The Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District) is a regional district created by the governing bodies of the County of Rockingham and City of Harrisonburg to provide social services for the residents of the County of Rockingham and the City of Harrisonburg. The City and County each appoint 50% of the governing board. The District is a legally separate organization and its financial statements are presented as a discrete presentation of the County's financial statements because the District is fiscally dependent on the County and has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County has the ability to impose its will on the District. The District cannot enter into a contract or issue debt without the County's and City's approvals. The District is presented as a governmental fund type consisting of two funds as follows:

<u>Social Services Operating Fund</u> accounts for the general operations of the District. Financing is provided by specific allocations from the state and federal governments, by appropriation from the General Fund of the County by the Board of Supervisors, and by the City of Harrisonburg.

<u>Special Revenue Fund – Children's Services Act (CSA) Fund</u> accounts for funds designated for the CSA program.

The Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District does not issue a separate set of financial statements. All financial information of the District is presented within this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The County reports the following two nonmajor discretely presented component units:

1) Economic Development Authority

The Economic Development Authority of Rockingham County, Virginia (Authority), formerly the Industrial Development Authority, was created as a governmental subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Rockingham, Virginia on December 11, 1972, pursuant to the provisions of the Economic Development and Revenue Bond Act, Title 15.2, Chapter 49, Sections 15.2-4900 et seq. (formerly Title 15.1, Chapter 33, Sections 15.1-1373, et seq.) of the *Code of Virginia* of 1950, as amended. The Authority is governed by seven directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Rockingham, Virginia. The Authority is empowered, among other things, to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of any of its facilities and to make loans or grants in furtherance of its purposes as set forth by law, including to promote industry and develop trade by indicating manufacturing, economic, governmental, nonprofit and commercial enterprises and institutions of higher education to locate in or remain in the Commonwealth of Virginia and further the use of its agricultural products and natural resources.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

#### Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued)

#### 1) Economic Development Authority (Continued)

The Authority is specifically authorized to issue revenue bonds for any of its purposes, including the payment of the cost of its facilities and the payment or retirement of bonds previously issued by the Authority. All bonds issued by the Authority are payable solely from the revenues and receipts derived from the leasing or sale by the Authority of its facilities or any part thereof, or from the payments received by the Authority in connection with its loans. In addition, depending upon the financing structure, the bonds of the Authority may be further secured by a deed of trust or other collateral documents. No bonds of the Authority shall be deemed to constitute a debt or pledge of the faith of credit of the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof, including the County.

The Authority is reported as a discretely presented component unit because the voting majority of the Authority's governing body is appointed by the Board of Supervisors and there is a benefit and burden relationship. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements but is included in the County's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 as a discretely presented component unit.

2) Rockingham County Recreation Foundation

The Recreation Foundation of Rockingham County, Virginia was created as a non-stock corporation duly formed under the provisions of the Virginia Non-stock Corporation Act. The Foundation was organized on September 21, 2015 and is governed by a five-member Board. The members consist of two members of the Board of Supervisors of Rockingham County, two members of the Rockingham County Recreation Commission and the County Administrator. The Foundation was created to provide diverse opportunities that enhance the quality of life and deliver accessible recreation and leisure to the community for a lifetime.

The Foundation is reported as a discretely presented component unit because the voting majority of the Foundation's governing body is appointed by the Board of Supervisors and there is a benefit and burden relationship. The Foundation does not issue separate financial statements but is included in the County's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 as a discretely presented component unit.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### B. <u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

*Government-Wide Statements*: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. *Direct expenses* are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a *particular* function. Indirect expense allocations made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. *Program revenues* include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as *general revenues*.

*Fund Financial Statements*: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

#### C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The governmentwide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from the property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 75 days after year-end, except property taxes which are recognized as revenue if they have been collected within 45 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted components of net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues to fund the program.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Operating expenses include cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund.* This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*General Capital Projects Fund.* This fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

*Water and Sewer Fund*. This fund accounts for services to the general public which are financed primarily by charges to users of such services.

Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority Fund. This fund accounts for services provided to those areas within the Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority and is financed primarily by charges to users of such services. This fund has been judgmentally determined to be major for public interest reasons, in that the presentation is of particular importance to the financial statement users.

Solid Waste Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfills and disposal sites.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The County reports the following Internal Service Funds:

*Self-Insurance Fund.* This fund accounts for the costs associated with providing health insurance benefits to employees of the County, School Board, and Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District and with managing claims pertaining thereto.

The County also reports the following fund type:

*Custodial Fund*. This fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting and accounts for assets being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the County.

#### D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, School Operating Fund, School Cafeteria Fund, Massanutten Technical Center, enterprise funds, special revenue funds, Children's Services Act and Department of Social Services. The Capital Projects Fund is appropriated on a project basis with carry forwards approved each year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The School Operating Fund, School Cafeteria Fund and Massanutten Technical Center are appropriated in total, with reference to specific departments and accounts. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u>

#### 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the County considers all cash accounts, including cash on hand, demand deposits, and all short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Investments

Cash of individual funds other than the Special Welfare and Rockingham County Recreation Foundation is combined to form a pool of cash and investments. The pool consists primarily of government and corporate obligations, money market mutual funds, and an external local government investment pool program. Interest earned as a result of pooling is distributed to the appropriate funds utilizing a formula based on average monthly balances.

#### 2. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 with real estate values reassessed every four years and personal property values assessed annually. The last general real property reassessment was effective January 1, 2022. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are due and collectible twice a year, by June 5 and December 5 in the same year as levied. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually by December 5 in the same year as levied. That portion of the taxes receivable which is not collected within 45 days after June 30 is shown as unavailable revenue. A penalty of 10% of the tax is assessed after the applicable payment date. Interest is charged to all unpaid accounts beginning July 1 and January 1, as applicable, at an annual rate of 10%.

#### 3. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.

#### 4. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

#### 5. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$25,000 and are accounted for at cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets and intangible right-to-use subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 1.E.9 and 1.E.10, respectively). Assets acquired by gift are accounted for at the asset's acquisition value at the date the property was received. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of contribution. The Commonwealth of Virginia, not the County, has primary responsibility to construct and maintain infrastructure, such as streets, roads, and bridges, within the County. The County may, at its option, contribute to improvements to the road system. Such expenditures would be expensed during the year incurred. There were no impaired capital assets at year end.

The County's intangible assets include land easements, software, intangible right-to-use lease assets, and right-to-use subscription assets. Land easements have indefinite useful lives and thus are not subject to amortization.

Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 to 30 years
Intangible right-to-use lease buildings and improvements	5 to 15 years
Improvements other than buildings	5 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 15 years
Intangible right-to-use lease machinery and equipment	3 to 4 years
Right-to-use subscriptions	2 to 12 years
Software	3 to 5 years

#### 6. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The County and discretely presented component units, the School Board and the District, have several items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is a deferred charge on refunding resulting from the difference in carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The remaining items relate to the pension plan and the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plans. See Notes 12 and 13 for details regarding these items.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

#### 6. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)</u>

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Several types of items qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, one item, unavailable revenue, which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In the government-wide and the governmental funds, property taxes collected in advance and lease related charges are reported as deferred inflows of resources. The remaining items relate to the pension plan and the OPEB plans. See Notes 12 and 13 for details regarding these items.

#### 7. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Legacy employees, hired before January 1, 2014, accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement based on full-time or part-time status. In the primary government and the discretely presented component unit, the District, an employee can accumulate up to 42 days of vacation and no more than \$5,000 of sick leave liability. In the District, an employee will receive an accrued sick leave payout upon retiring after five years of continuous service.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2014, accumulate paid time off (PTO) for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement based on full-time status. In the primary government and the discretely presented component unit, the District, an employee may carry forward to a new calendar year PTO leave balance of no more than the applicable maximum annual hours per year. In the County, an employee will receive a PTO payout upon leaving their employment no more than the applicable maximum.

Also, in the primary government, compensatory time can be earned at  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours in lieu of overtime pay. Accumulated compensatory time will be paid out to the employee in the months of June and December.

Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. The General Fund is responsible for paying the liability for compensated absences for general government employees and has been used in prior years to liquidate the governmental funds' liability.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

#### 7. <u>Compensated Absences (Continued)</u>

In the discretely presented component unit, the School Board, a 12-month employee can accumulate up to 36 days of vacation and an unlimited amount of sick leave. An employee earns one day of sick leave at the end of each month worked up to a maximum of 12 days per year. A new employee is eligible to transfer up to 90 sick leave days from another Virginia school district. Upon retirement after age 55, all full-time school employees will be compensated at one day for every three days of unused sick leave up to a maximum of two months of current salary.

Compensated absences expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities of the governmental fund that will pay it. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured. All amounts accrued for compensated absences are recorded on the entity-wide statements.

#### 8. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9. <u>Leases</u>

*Lessee:* The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of property. The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognized lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$25,000 or more.

At the commencement of the lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

### 9. <u>Leases (Continued)</u>

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

*Lessor:* The County is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of a building and a tower. The County recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of the lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow or resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgements include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

#### 10. <u>Subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs)</u>

The County adopted GASB Statement No. 96 on July 1, 2022.

For new or modified contracts, the County determines whether the contract is a SBITA. If a contract is determined to be, or contain, a SBITA with a non-cancellable term in excess of 12 months (including any options to extend or terminate the subscription when exercise is reasonably certain), the County records a right-to-use subscription asset and subscription liability which is calculated based on the value of the discounted future subscription payments over the term of the subscription. If the interest rate implicit in the subscription is not readily determinable, the County will use the applicable incremental borrowing rate in the calculation of the present value of the subscription payments.

The County recognizes a subscription liability and a right-to-use subscription asset on the Statement of Net Position. Subscriptions with an initial, non-cancellable term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the Statement of Net Position and expense is recognized as incurred over the subscription term.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the County measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term and then reduces the liability by the principal portion of the subscription payments made. The right-to-use subscription asset is measured at the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs, then amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term.

Subscription payments are apportioned between interest expense and principal based on an amortization schedule calculated using the effective interest method.

#### 11. <u>Net Position</u>

By law, the School Board does not have taxing authority and, therefore, it cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds to fund the acquisition, construction or improvement to its capital assets. That responsibility lies with the local governing body who issues the debt on behalf of the School Board. However, the *Code of Virginia* requires the School Board to hold title to the capital assets (buildings and equipment) due to their responsibility for maintaining the asset.

In the Statement of Net Position, this scenario presents a dilemma for the primary government. Debt issued on behalf of the School Board is reported as a liability of the primary government, thereby reducing the net position of the primary government. The corresponding capital assets are reported by the Component Unit – School Board (title holder), thereby increasing their net position.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

#### 11. <u>Net Position (Continued)</u>

The Virginia General Assembly legislature amended the *Code of Virginia* to allow a tenancy in common with the School Board whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation which is payable over more than one fiscal year for any school property. The tenancy in common terminates when the associated debt has been paid in full. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of the school property related to any outstanding financial obligation, thus eliminating a potential deficit from financing capital assets with debt. The legislation also allows local governments to elect not to acquire a tenancy in common by adopting a resolution to that effect.

The County concluded, while joint tenancy would resolve a deficit in the primary government's net position, the continual computation process that would be required to allocate principal, interest, asset amount, and depreciation between the County and the School Board would be cumbersome and not provide any added benefit to the financial statements. Therefore, the Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution declining tenancy in common for current and future obligations.

12. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report classifications of fund balance as follows:

*Nonspendable fund balance* – amounts not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact (such as prepaid items, inventory, and the principal of a permanent fund that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact).

*Restricted fund balance* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, creditors, or laws and regulations of other governments), or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

#### 12. Fund Balance (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report classifications of fund balance as follows:

*Nonspendable fund balance* – amounts not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact (such as prepaid items, inventory, and the principal of a permanent fund that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact).

*Restricted fund balance* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, creditors, or laws and regulations of other governments), or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* – amounts constrained to specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the County's Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Supervisors takes the action to remove or change the constraint.

*Assigned* – amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Supervisors has by resolution authorized the Director of Finance to assign fund balance. The Board of Supervisors may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

*Unassigned fund balance* – residual balance of the General Fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund and negative unassigned fund balances of other governmental funds.

The Board of Supervisors, as the highest level of authority within the County, establishes the commitment of fund balance by resolutions. All subsequent changes to the budget plan to add, reduce, or redirect resources to other purposes are also accomplished by Board resolution. As a result, all unrestricted amounts directed toward a purpose are shown as committed. Balances shown as assigned in the General Fund represent encumbrances which would otherwise be unassigned.

The County considers restricted balances to be expended first in cases where both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. When utilizing unrestricted balances, committed balances are applied first, followed by assigned then unassigned balances.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

#### 13. <u>Pensions</u>

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) County, District and School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, defined benefit agent plan. The VRS School Board Professional Retirement Plan is a multiple employee, cost-sharing defined benefit plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County of Rockingham and its component units, the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District and the Rockingham County School Board, retirement plans and the additions to/deductions from the County, the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District, and the Rockingham County School Board's retirement plans fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund typically has been used in prior years to liquidate pension liability.

#### 14. Other Postemployment Benefits

#### **Medical Insurance Program**

The Medical Insurance Program is a single-employer defined benefit plan. Experience gains or losses and changes in actuarial assumptions are amortized over the average working lifetime of all participants, which for the current period is five years. Plan amendments are recognized immediately. The General Fund typically has been used in prior years to liquidate OPEB liability.

#### **Group Life Insurance Program**

The VRS Group Life Insurance Program (GLI) is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The GLI was established pursuant to Section 51.1-500 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The GLI is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic GLI benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the total GLI other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB, and GLI OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund typically has been used in prior years to liquidate OPEB liability.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

#### 14. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### Health Insurance Credit Program

The School Board non-professional Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program is a multipleemployer, agent defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. The School Board professional HIC Program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan. Both HIC Programs were established pursuant to Section 51.1-1400 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provide the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. For purposes of measuring both HIC Programs' total OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC Programs' OPEB, and the HIC Programs' OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the HIC Programs; and the additions to/deductions from both of the HIC Programs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund typically has been used in prior years to liquidate OPEB liability.

#### F. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### G. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

The County has evaluated subsequent events through December 13, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u>. Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act), Section 2.2-4400 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk (Deposits)</u>. This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires all deposits to be insured under FDIC or comply with the Act. At year end, none of the County's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

<u>Investments</u>. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool Program (LGIP Program) was established pursuant to Section 2.2-4605 of the *Code of Virginia*. The Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the Program and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The Program is comprised of two portfolios: the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) portfolio, which is designed to meet participants daily operational cash management needs, and the Local Government Investment Pool – Extended Maturity (LGIP - EM), which is designed to meet the longer term investment needs of Virginia's public funds investors. The Program is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company. The LGIP portfolio is managed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 79. The County's investment in the LGIP, totaling \$119,574,107, is stated at amortized cost and classified as cash and cash equivalents. The LGIP has been assigned an "AAAm" rating by Standard & Poor's. The maturity of the LGIP is less than one year.

#### **Investment Policy**

State statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the LGIP Program.

The goal of the County is to obtain the highest possible yield on available financial assets invested consistent with state law, while observing the primary goal of preservation of principal and providing necessary liquidity to meet cash flow needs.

As of June 30, 2023, the County's investment policy establishes the maximum percentages of the portfolio permitted in each of the following instruments:

Permitted Investment	Sector Limit	Issuer Limit
U.S. Treasury Obligations	100%	100%
Federal Agency Obligations	100%	35%
Federal Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	35%	35%
Municipal Obligations	20%	5%
Commercial Paper	35%	5%
Bankers' Acceptances	35%	5%
Corporate Notes	35%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit and Bank Deposit Notes	35%	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds	100%	50%
Principle Stability Pools	100%	100%
Short-term Bond Pools	100%	100%
Repurchase Agreements	35%	35%
Supranational Bonds	35%	10%
Bank Deposits and Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	100%	100%

The Sector Limit and Issuer Limit should be applied to the total investment portfolio value at the date of acquisition. When investing in a Pool, the County shall limit its investment to ten percent of the total assets of the Pool.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **Credit Risk**

As of June 30, 2023, as required by state statute, the Policy requires commercial paper, with a maturity of 270 days or less, have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) by at least two of the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs). Corporate notes with final maturity of less than five years must have a rating of at least "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investors Service. Negotiable certificates of deposit and negotiable bank deposit notes of domestic banks and domestic offices of foreign banks, maturing in one year or less, must have a rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investors Service. Negotiable certificates of deposit and negotiable bank deposit notes of domestic banks and domestic offices of foreign banks, maturing over one year but less than five years, must have a rating of at least "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investors Service. Federal agency obligations, with final maturity less than five years, must have a rating of at least "AA" (or its equivalent) by at least two of the NRSROs, one of which will be either Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's. Municipal obligations, with final maturity less than five years, must have a rating of at least "AA" by Standard & Poor's and/or "Aa" by Moody's Investors Service. Bankers' Acceptances, with a maturity of 180 days or less, must have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) by at least two of the NRSROs. Money market mutual funds must be rated at least "AAA" or the equivalent by at least two of the following: Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's, Fitch Investors Service, or Duff and Phelps, Inc. Principle stability pools must be rated "AAAm" (or its equivalent) by an NRSRO. Short-term bond pools with a maximum duration of three years must be rated "AAP" (or its equivalent) by an NRSRO. Repurchase agreements, with final maturity less than five years, must be rated "AA" (or its equivalent) by an NRSRO. Supranational bonds with final maturity of less than five years must have a rating of "AA" (or its equivalent) by at least two NRSROs, one of which must be either Moody's Investors Services or Standard & Poor's.

As of June 30, 2023, 65% was invested in "AA+" U.S. Agency Securities and 35% was invested in "AAA, AA, AA+, AA-, A+, and A-1" Corporate obligations. All credit ratings presented in this paragraph are Standard & Poor's ratings.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. If certain investments in any one issuer represent 5% of total investments, there must be a disclosure for the amount and issuer. At June 30, 2023, there were no investments in any single issuer that exceed 5% of the total portfolio.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes of interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

		]	ies	
	Fair	Less Than		More Than
	Value	1 Year	1 - 5 Years	5 Years
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$ 27,768,688	\$ 12,896,533	\$ 14,872,155	\$ -
Corporate Notes	19,781,675	9,309,361	10,472,314	-
Federal Agency Obligations	9,300,642	970,647	7,916,550	413,445
	\$ 56,851,005	_		

To manage the volatility of the Investment Portfolio, the County shall determine an appropriate duration or weighted average maturity target for each component of the Investment Portfolio. At no time shall the duration of the weighted average maturity of any component of the Investment Portfolio exceed three years.

The average duration of the Investment Portfolio will not deviate by more than +/-25% of the average duration of the performance benchmark.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

- U.S. Treasury obligations of \$27,768,688 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Federal agency obligations of \$997,310 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Federal agency obligations of \$8,303,332 are valued using market inputs of trades in the exact item near pricing date (Level 2 inputs).
- Corporate notes of \$9,127,993 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Corporate notes of \$10,653,682 are valued using market inputs of trades in the exact item near pricing date (Level 2 inputs).

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 3. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

#### **Primary Government**

	General	General Capital		Nonmajor Governmental		1	Water and		ith Creek r & Waste
	Fund	Proje	ects Fund		Fund	S	ewer Fund	Auth	ority Fund
Property taxes	\$ 5,841,223	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Utility taxes	283,533		-		-		-		-
Trade and other accounts	1,619,282		420,405		243,730		1,144,010		97,291
Leases	3,002,745		-		-		-		-
Gross receivables	 10,746,783		420,405		243,730		1,144,010		97,291
Less allowance for uncollectable									
accounts	 800,000		-		-		34,279		23,704
Net receivables	\$ 9,946,783	\$	420,405	\$	243,730	\$	1,109,731	\$	73,587

	Nonmajor							
		Solid Proprietary		Proprietary	Internal			
	W	aste Fund	Funds		Service Funds			Totals
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,841,223
Utility taxes		-		-		-		283,533
Trade and other accounts		689,100		23,122		7,700		4,244,640
Leases		-		-		-		3,002,745
Gross receivables		689,100		23,122		7,700		13,372,141
Less allowance for uncollectable								
accounts		8,082		3,552		-		869,617
Net receivables	\$	681,018	\$	19,570	\$	7,700	\$	12,502,524

The County determines its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and specific account analysis. The total allowance for uncollectible accounts amounted to \$869,617 as of June 30, 2023.

### Component Units – School Board and Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District

The component units' receivables are considered fully collectible and, therefore, an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not applicable for those receivables.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 4. Due to/from Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments include the following:

Primary Government:	
Governmental Funds:	
General Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 2,054,710
Communications sales and use taxes	175,517
Categorical aid:	
Shared costs:	
Commissioner of the Revenue	20,142
Commonwealth Attorney	87,999
Sheriff	663,381
Clerk of Circuit Court	61,447
Treasurer	17,594
Other	127,716
Federal government:	
Boarding and care of prisoners	17,280
Categorical aid:	
Health and Human Services - SAMHSA	73,169
Ground transportation	,
Emergency Management Performance	19,022
Bureau of Justice Assistance	124,283
Other	21,826
City of Harrisonburg	1,431,112
Total General Fund	 4,895,198
Conital Devices Europ	
Capital Projects Fund:	270 779
City of Harrisonburg	 270,778
Total General Capital Projects Fund	 270,778
Tourism Fund:	
Federal government:	
ARPA	 9,963
Total Tourism Fund	 9,963
Total Governmental Funds	 5,175,939
Government-wide:	
Governmental Activities:	
City of Harrisonburg – pension	2,173,045
City of Harrisonburg – other postemployment benefits	1,795,692
Total Governmental Activities	 3,968,737
	 -,,,
Total Primary Government	\$ 9,144,676

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 4. Due to/from Other Governments (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board:	
Governmental Funds:	
School Operating Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
State sales tax receipts	\$ 2,727,827
Other	3,670
Federal government:	
Education grants	 3,556,582
Total School Operating Fund	 6,288,079
School Cafeteria Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
School food program	5,708
Federal government:	
School food program	 586,918
Total School Cafeteria Fund	 592,626
Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
Education grants	11,000
Federal government:	
Education grants	 97,249
Total Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund	 108,249
Total Component Unit - School Board - Governmental Funds	 6,988,954
Government-wide:	
Governmental Activities:	
City of Harrisonburg – pension	1,437,053
City of Harrisonburg – other postemployment benefits	 447,256
Total Component Unit – School Board - Governmental Activities	\$ 8,873,263

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 4. Due to/from Other Governments (Continued)

Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District: Governmental Funds:		
Operating Fund:		
Commonwealth of Virginia:	¢	207 729
Public assistance and administration	\$	297,728
Federal government:		(4( 100
Public assistance and administration		646,102
Total Operating Fund		943,830
Special Revenue – Children's Services Act Fund:		
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Children's Services Act		2,320,310
City of Harrisonburg:		
Children's Services Act		375,000
Total Special Revenue Fund		2,695,310
Total Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham		
Social Services District – Governmental Funds		3,639,140
Government-wide:		
Governmental Activities:		
City of Harrisonburg – pension		1,173,909
City of Harrisonburg – other postemployment benefits		995,380
Total Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham		
Social Services District – Governmental Activities	\$	5,808,429

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 4. Due to/from Other Governments (Continued)

Amounts due to other governments include the following:

Primary Government: Governmental Funds:	
General Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia	\$ 39,050
City of Harrisonburg	62,854
Other local governments Total General Fund	 806
Totai General Fund	 102,710
Total Government Funds	 102,710
Business-type activities:	
Water & Sewer Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia	21
City of Harrisonburg	915
Other Local Governments	 742
Total Water & Sewer Fund	 1,678
Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority Fund:	
City of Harrisonburg	15,941
Total Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority Fund	 15,941
Solid Waste Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia	2
City of Harrisonburg	3,743
Other	109
Total Solid Waste Fund	 3,854
Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
City of Harrisonburg	1,062
Other Local Governments	434
Total Non-Major Proprietary Funds	 1,496
Total Business-type activities	22,969
Total Primary Government	\$ 125,679
Component Unit - School Board:	 
Governmental Funds:	
School Operating Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia	\$ 75
City of Harrisonburg	1,404
Other	 24,614
Total School Operating Fund	 26,093
Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia	14
City of Harrisonburg	 29,685
Total Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund	 29,699
Total Component Unit - School Board - Governmental Funds	\$ 55,792

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 4. Due to/from Other Governments (Continued)

Component Unit - Rockingham-Harrisonburg Social Services District: Governmental Funds: Operating Fund: Commonwealth of Virginia City of Harrisonburg

Total Component Unit - Rockingham-Harrisonburg Social Services District -42,562Governmental Funds\$

\$

42,173

389

#### Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

#### **Primary Government**

	Beginning Balance*	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
or amortized:					
Land	\$ 4,331,159	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,331,159
Construction in progress	1,815,980	1,587,373	-	(1,815,980)	1,587,373
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated or amortized	6,147,139	1,587,373	-	(1,815,980)	5,918,532
Capital assets being depreciated					
or amortized:					
Buildings and improvements	56,586,225	2,159,395	-	1,685,658	60,431,278
Improvements other than buildings	31,483,339	4,110	-	130,322	31,617,771
Machinery and equipment	25,761,892	1,199,170	(659,549)	-	26,301,513
Intangible right-to-use lease buildings			,		
and improvements	661,710	-	-	-	661,710
Intangible right-to-use subscription ass	338,915	28,565	-	-	367,480
Software	1,116,715	45,000	(367,482)	-	794,233
Total capital assets being					
depreciated or amortized	115,948,796	3,436,240	(1,027,031)	1,815,980	120,173,985
Less accumulated depreciation					
and amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements	(31,170,211)	(1,946,920)	-	-	(33,117,131)
Improvements other than buildings	(9,936,728)	(1,758,728)	-	-	(11,695,456)
Machinery and equipment	(14,667,837)	(2,220,750)	638,739	-	(16,249,848)
Intangible right-to-use lease buildings	5				
and improvements	(52,446)	(52,446)	-	-	(104,892)
Intangible right-to-use subscription as	-	(118,157)	-	-	(118,157)
Software	(1,098,444)	(25,769)	367,482	-	(756,731)
Total accumulated depreciation					
and amortization	(56,925,666)	(6,122,770)	1,006,221	-	(62,042,215)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated or amortized, net	59,023,130	(2,686,530)	(20,810)	1,815,980	58,131,770
Governmental activities capital	¢ (5.170.260	¢ (1.000.177)	¢ (20.910)	¢	¢ (4.050.202
assets, net	\$ 65,170,269	\$ (1,099,157)	\$ (20,810)	\$ -	\$ 64,050,302

\*Beginning balance was restated for implementation of GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 450,043
Judicial administration	471,639
Public safety	3,320,013
Public works	301,983
Health and social services	43,730
Parks, recreation and cultural	689,538
Community development	 845,824
Total depreciation and amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 6,122,770

	Beginnin Balance	0	Increases	Dec	reases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
or amortized: Land	\$ 3,519,	140	s -	\$		\$ -	\$ 3,519,940
Easements	\$ 5,319, 227,		<b>э</b> -	\$		¢ -	\$ 3,319,940 227,156
Construction in progress	227, 206,		57,728		-	(206,728)	57,728
Total capital assets not being	200,	120	57,728		-	(200,728)	57,720
depreciated or amortized	3,953,	224	57,728		_	(206,728)	3,804,824
depreciated of amortized	5,755,	527	57,720		-	(200,720)	3,004,024
Capital assets being depreciated or amortized:							
Buildings and improvements	1,661,	)99	-		-	-	1,661,099
Improvements other than buildings	96,812,	923	1,929,770		-	206,728	98,949,421
Machinery and equipment	6,952,	959	703,297		(348,301)	-	7,307,955
Total capital assets being							
depreciated or amortized	105,426,	981	2,633,067		(348,301)	206,728	107,918,475
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:							
Buildings and improvements	(412,	352)	(58,331)		-	-	(470,683)
Improvements other than buildings	(41,410,	976)	(2,465,056)		-	-	(43,876,032)
Machinery and equipment	(4,658,	929)	(662,622)		348,301	-	(4,973,250)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(46,482,	257)	(3,186,009)		348,301	-	(49,319,965)
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	58,944,	724	(552,942)		-	206,728	58,598,510
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 62,898,	548	\$ (495,214)	\$	-	\$-	\$ 62,403,334

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewer	\$ 1,276,542
Solid Waste	1,734,179
Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority	132,325
Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District	9,717
Countryside Sanitary District	6,121
Penn Laird Sewer Authority	27,125

Total depreciation and amortization expense - business-type activities	\$ 3,186,009

### **Component Unit – School Board**

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance*	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated					
or amortized:					
Land	\$ 5,469,535	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ 5,469,535
Easements	36,654	-	-	-	36,654
Construction in progress	804,860	2,436,764	-	(662,101)	2,579,523
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated or amortized	6,311,049	2,436,764	-	(662,101)	8,085,712
Capital assets being depreciated					
or amortized:					
Buildings and improvements	181,593,458	-	-	155,967	181,749,425
Improvements other than buildings	92,820,786	484,989	-	198,054	93,503,829
Machinery and equipment	41,005,552	2,100,625	(1,053,850)	308,080	42,360,407
Intangible rght-to-use lease					
machinery and equipment	3,109,391	1,308,666	(355,952)	-	4,062,105
Intangible right-to-use subscriptions	111,734	134,128	-	-	245,862
Total capital assets being					
depreciated or amortized	318,640,921	4,028,408	(1,409,802)	662,101	321,921,628
Less accumulated depreciation and					
amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements	(120,920,786)	(4,624,174)	-	-	(125,544,960)
Improvements other than buildings	(36,522,501)	(3,707,203)	-	-	(40,229,704)
Machinery and equipment	(34,521,341)	(1,483,048)	1,024,352	-	(34,980,037)
Intangible rght-to-use lease					
machinery and equipment	(1,232,825)	(1,204,039)	355,952	-	(2,080,912)
Intangible right-to-use subscriptions		(100,576)	-	-	(100,576)
Total accumulated depreciation					
and amortization	(193,197,453)	(11,119,040)	1,380,304	-	(202,936,189)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated and amortized, net	125,443,468	(7,090,632)	(29,498)	662,101	118,985,439
School Board capital assets, net	\$ 131,754,517	\$ (4,653,868)	\$ (29,498) \$	-	\$ 127,071,151

\*Beginning balance was restated for implementation of GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

### **Component Unit – School Board (Continued)**

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Component Unit – School Board as follows:

Component Unit - School Board:	
Instruction	\$ 9,121,170
Pupil transportation services	1,022,307
Operation and maintenance services	 975,563
Total depreciation and amortization expense - Component	
Unit - School Board	\$ 11,119,040

#### Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District

		Beginning Balance*	]	Increases	Decreases	Transfers		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated								
or amortized:	¢	202.026	¢	¢	đ		¢	202.026
Land Total capital assets not being	\$	202,036	\$	- \$	- \$		\$	202,036
Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized		202,036		-	-	-		202,036
Capital assets being depreciated or amortized:								
Buildings and improvements		500,979						500,979
Improvements other than buildings		2,119,334		-	-	-		2,119,334
Machinery and equipment		69,484		-	-	_		69,484
Intangible right-to-use lease buildings		317,394		-	(317,394)	-		-
Total capital assets being		017,057			(01,,051)			
depreciated or amortized		3,007,191		-	(317,394)	-		2,689,797
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:								
Buildings and improvements		(212,916)		(25,049)	-	-		(237,965)
Improvements other than buildings		(742,849)		(115,940)	-	-		(858,789)
Machinery and equipment		(65,233)		(4,252)	-	-		(69,485)
Intangible right-to-use lease buildings		(52,899)		(52,899)	105,798	-		-
Total accumulated depreciation								
and amortization		(1,073,897)		(198,140)	105,798	-		(1,166,239)
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net		1,933,294		(198,140)	(211,596)	-		1,523,558
Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District capital assets, net	\$	2,135,330	\$	(198,140) \$	(211,596) \$	-	\$	1,725,594

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

#### Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the function of the Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District as follows:

Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District:	
Administration - Health and human services	\$ 198,140
Total depreciation and amortization expense - Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District	\$ 198,140

#### Note 6. Encumbrances

As discussed in Note 1.D., budgetary data, encumbrances accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

General fund	\$ 585,163
Capital projects fund	6,476,089
Water and sewer fund	287,148
Lake Shenandoah Stormwater Control Authority	4,154
Children's Service Act	15,138
Total	\$ 7,367,692

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 7. Long-Term Obligations

#### **Primary Government**

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2023:

#### **Governmental** Activities

	Beginning Balance*	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 81,014,909	\$-	\$ (7,109,990)	\$ 73,904,919	\$ 7,391,686
Unamortized premiums	6,345,814	-	(587,105)	5,758,709	-
Total bonds payable	87,360,723	-	(7,697,095)	79,663,628	7,391,686
Lease revenue refunding bonds	1,590,000	-	(1,590,000)	-	-
Lease liabilities	627,241	-	(36,073)	591,168	40,740
Supscription liabilties	338,915	28,565	(137,164)	230,316	18,200
Private placement notes	3,434,360	-	(1,349,857)	2,084,503	1,031,065
Compensated absences	1,317,480	527,844	(350,890)	1,494,434	1,020,599
<b>Governmental activities</b>					
long-term activities	\$ 94,668,719	\$ 556,409	\$ (11,161,079)	\$ 84,064,049	\$ 9,502,290

\*Beginning balance was restated for implementation of GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt other than compensated absences are as follows:

	G	General Obligation Bonds			 Private Plac	eme	ent Notes
Year(s) Ending June 30,	P	rincipal		Interest	 Principal		Interest
2024	\$	7,391,686	\$	3,062,412	\$ 1,031,065	\$	45,234
2025		7,382,830		2,696,039	1,053,438		22,860
2026		7,683,661		2,329,714	-		-
2027		7,430,918		1,959,927	-		-
2028		7,003,504		1,601,668	-		-
2029-2033	1	9,932,320		4,442,682	-		-
2034-2038	1	4,485,000		1,432,098	-		-
2039-2040		2,595,000		76,416	-		-
	\$ 7	3,904,919	\$	17,600,955	\$ 2,084,503	\$	68,094

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

\$5,077,993 2003 series, issued November 2003, final principal payment of \$297,277 due in July 2023, plus interest at 5.10%	\$ 297,277
\$9,404,190 2005 series, issued November 2005, due in annual maturities of \$526,635 to \$545,699 through July 2025, plus interest at 4.60% to 4.85%	1,610,312
\$13,147,200 2006 series, issued November 2006, due in annual maturities of \$712,558 to \$744,134 through July 15, 2026, plus interest at 4.48% to 4.60%	2,911,518
\$10,610,000 2007 series, issued May 2007, due in annual maturities of \$670,000 to \$810,000 through July 15, 2027, plus interest at 4.50% to 5.10%	3,685,000
\$6,364,713 2007 series, issued November 2007, due in annual maturities of \$343,369 to \$371,160 through July 2027, plus interest at 5.10%	1,784,552
\$11,630,000 2008 series, issued May 2008, due in annual maturities of \$700,000 to \$900,000 through July 2028, plus interest at 4.60% to 5.10%	4,790,000
\$12,701,410 2008 series, issued December 2008, due in annual maturities of \$670,504 to \$742,320 through July 2028, plus interest at 5.10% to 5.35%	4,236,260
\$24,560,000 2009 series, issued May 2009, due in annual maturities of \$1,400,000 to \$1,855,000 through July 2029, plus interest at 4.05% to 5.05%	11,335,000
\$22,540,000 2017 series, issued November 2017 due in annual maturities of \$905,000 to \$1,585,000 through July 2037, plus interest at 3.05% to 5.05%	18,835,000
\$18,675,000 2019 series, issued November 2019 due in annual maturities of \$675,000 to \$1,315,000 through July 2039, plus interest at 2.80% to 5.05%	17,010,000
\$4,965,000 2019 VRA bond, entered into August 2019, due in annual maturities of \$290,000 to \$480,000 through October 2033, plus interest payable semi-annually at 4.52% to 5.13%	4,175,000
\$3,785,000 2019 VRA Fall Pool, entered into October 2019, due in an maturities of \$200,000 to \$340,000 through October 2034, plus interest payable semi-annually at 3.59% to 5.13%	3,235,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 73,904,919

All general obligation bonds series 2003 through 2019 were issued for the purpose of school construction and renovation. The 2019 VRA bond was issued for the construction and renovation of the Community Services Board building. The 2019 VRA Fall Pool bond was issued for the construction of an emergency response station.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

The following bonds were issued for general government purposes:

#### Private Placement Notes:

#### Augusta County, Virginia

\$10,771,794 to become a member jurisdiction of the Middle River Regional Jail Authority, entered into July 2015, due in annual installments ranging from \$1,031,065 to \$1,053,438 through December 2024, plus interest payable at 2.17%

Total private placement notes	\$	2,084,503
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The debt service payments for the notes payable are recorded in the public safety department.

#### **Business-type** Activities

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 20,701,054	\$-	\$ (2,436,054) \$	5 18,265,000	\$ 1,755,000
Landfill obligation	16,115,468	1,558,821	-	17,674,289	-
Compensated absences	186,148	64,460	(84,773)	165,835	92,847
Unamortized premiums	2,478,472	-	(203,851)	2,274,621	-
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 39,481,142	\$ 1,623,281	\$ (2,724,678) \$	38,379,745	\$ 1,847,847

Annual requirements to amortize the revenue bonds are as follows:

	Revenue	Bonds
Year(s) Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 1,755,000	\$ 754,122
2025	1,735,000	667,266
2026	1,805,000	579,428
2027	1,885,000	486,647
2028	1,735,000	402,109
2029-2033	6,780,000	1,090,378
2034-2038	2,570,000	181,059
	\$ 18,265,000	\$ 4,161,009

2,084,503

\$

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> Infrastructure Revenue and Refunding Bonds (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$9,630,000 issued August 2015, due in annual installments of \$200,000 to \$805,000 through October 2035, plus interest payable semi-annually ranging from 3.13% to 5.13%	\$	6,680,000
Irom 5.15% to 5.15%	Ф	0,080,000
Infrastructure Revenue Bonds (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$3,695,000 issued November 2017, due in installments of \$145,000 to		
\$265,000 in October 2037, plus interest payable semi-annually ranging from		
3.13% to 5.13%		3,070,000
Solid Waste Fund		
Infrastructure Revenue Bond (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$4,000,000 issued May 2016, due in annual installments of \$200,000 through		
October 2035, plus interest payable semi-annually ranging from 3.80% to 5.13%		2,600,000
		2,000,000
Infrastructure Revenue Bond (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$9,845,000 issued May 2017, due in annual installments of \$200,000 to		
\$805,000 through October 2035, plus interest payable semi-annually ranging		
from 3.13% to 5.13%		5,915,000
	\$	18,265,000

Repayment of the revenue bonds will be funded through the Water and Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund.

A rate covenant exists with respect to the 2015 revenue bonds of the Water and Sewer Fund. The County has agreed that it will fix and collect rates, fees, and other charges to satisfy the required debt service in each fiscal year.

Information relative to the County's landfill obligation is contained in Note 17.

The County's general obligation bonds contain a provision that in the event of default, the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due.

The County's revenue bonds contain a provision that in the event of default, the timing of the repayment of outstanding amounts may become immediately due.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity transactions of the Component Unit – School Board, for the year ended June 30, 2023:

#### **Component Unit – School Board**

	Beginning Balance*	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Lease liabilities Supscription liabilties	\$ 4,402,976 1,918,153 111,734	\$ 5,615,174 1,308,666 134,128	\$ (5,727,796) (1,179,108) (96,726)		4,290,354 2,047,711 149,136	\$	2,775,889 830,052 102,407
School Board Component Unit long-term liabilities	\$ 6,432,863	\$ 7,057,968	\$ (7,003,630)	8	6,487,201	\$	3,708,348

\*Beginning balance was restated for implementation of GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity of the Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District, for the year ended June 30, 2023:

#### **Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District**

	eginning Balance	I	ncreases	Ι	Decreases	Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Compensated absences Lease liabilities	\$ 37,607 272,526	\$	257,806	\$	(252,328) (272,526)	§ 43,085	\$ 28,969 -
Social Services District Component Unit long-term liabilities	\$ 310,133	\$	257,806	\$	(524,854)	5 43,085	\$ 28,969

#### Note 8. Leases

#### **Primary Government**

#### Lease Receivable

During the current fiscal year, the County leased three pieces of property to a third party. One is a building that is being leased for five years ending on July 31, 2025, one is a building that is being leased for five years ending on May 31, 2027, and a tower being leased for fifteen years ending on August 31, 2027. The County will receive monthly payments of \$18,333 and \$55,409 for the buildings and \$1,000 for the tower. The County recognized \$696,813 in lease revenue and \$144,674 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. As of June 30, 2023, the County's receivable for lease payments was \$3,002,745. Also, the County has deferred inflows of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflows of resources was \$2,902,311.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 8. Leases (Continued)

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Leases Payable

The County has a ten-year lease agreement as lessee for a building. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$300,150. The County is required to make monthly principal and interest payments ranging from \$3,294, to \$3,558. The lease has an interest rate of 4.59%. The building has a ten-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use lease asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$343,685 and had accumulated amortization of \$62,488.

The County had a fifteen-year lease agreement as lessee for a parking lot. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$291,018. The County is required to make annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$27,798 to \$32,490. The lease has an interest rate of 4.59%. The equipment has a fifteen-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use lease asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$318,025 and had accumulated amortization of \$42,404.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Primary Government					
	Leases						
Year(s) Ending June 30,	P	rincipal		Interest			
2024	\$	40,740	\$	26,586			
2025		42,635		24,690			
2026		44,620		22,707			
2027		49,041		20,630			
2028		51,323		18,350			
2029-2033		273,643		52,529			
2034-2036		89,166		8,308			
	\$	591,168	\$	173,800			

#### **Component Unit – School Board**

#### Lease Payable

During the current fiscal year, the School Board had five agreements as a lessee for equipment, ranging in lease length of three to four years. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$2,047,711. The School Board is required to make annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$263,758 to \$294,732. The lease has an interest rate of 4.59%. The equipment has a three to four-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use lease assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$4,062,105 and had accumulated amortization of \$2,080,912. One of the leases above began in the current fiscal year, resulting in \$1,308,666 in issuance of leases.

		School Board				
		Leases				
Year Ending June 30,	I	Principal		Interest		
2024	\$	830,052	\$	93,989		
2025		868,152		55,891		
2026		349,507		16,042		
	\$	2,047,711	\$	165,922		

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 9. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

#### **Primary Government**

During the current fiscal year, the County had two SBITAs. In accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement 96, an initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$338,915 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability was \$230,316. The County is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,366. The subscriptions have an interest rate of 4.59%. The right-to-use subscription assets have a three and 12 year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use subscription assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$367,480 and had accumulated amortization of \$118,157. One of the subscriptions above began in the current fiscal year, resulting in \$28,565 in issuance of leases.

The future principal and interest subscription payments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Primary Government					
	Subscriptions						
Year(s) Ending June 30,	Pı	rincipal	Interest				
2024	\$	18,200 \$	10,192				
2025		19,053	9,339				
2026		19,946	8,445				
2027		20,882	7,510				
2028		21,860	6,532				
2029-2033		125,669	16,291				
2034		4,706	27				
	\$	230,316 \$	58,336				

#### **Component Unit – School Board**

During the current fiscal year, the School Board had three SBITAs. In accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement 96, an initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$111,734 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability was \$149,136. The School Board is required to make annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$17,719 to \$48,875. The subscriptions have an interest rate of 4.59%. The right-to-use subscription assets range from two to three years estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use subscription assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$245,862 and had accumulated amortization of \$100,576.

The future principal and interest SBITA payments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		School Board							
		Subscriptions							
Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest						
2024	\$	102,407	\$	6,846					
2025		46,729		2,145					
	\$	149,136	\$	8,991					

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 10. Conduit Debt Obligations

To further economic development in the County, the County Economic Development Authority has issued bonds that provide capital financing to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities. The properties financed are pledged as collateral, and the bonds are payable solely from payments received from the private-sector entities on the underlying mortgage or promissory notes. In addition, no commitments beyond the collateral, the payments from the private-sector entities, and maintenance of the tax-exempt status of the conduit debt obligation were extended by the County Economic Development Authority for any of those bonds. At June 30, 2023, the bonds have an aggregate outstanding principal amount payable of \$216,734,948.

#### Note 11. Government Services Provided by Authorities

The County of Rockingham, City of Harrisonburg, and the Towns of Bridgewater, Mt. Crawford, and Dayton entered into a guaranty agreement with the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority (Authority) dated December 15, 1992. Under the terms of this agreement, these municipalities jointly and severally guaranteed the Authority's bonds payable, which then qualifies as a nonexchange of financial guarantees. HRRSA's outstanding bonds payable at June 30, 2023 (most recent balances available) consist of the following:

Series	Amount	Interest
Series 2007	\$ 13,376,381	2.52%
Series 2008B	15,052,631	2.72%
Series 2015	6,211,098	1.20%
Series 2017	11,528,500	2.25%
Series 2020	6,341,338	1.85%

The County is obligated for 3.407% of the above debt service.

The Authority bills the localities a monthly charge, which includes an assessment for their respective shares of the Authority's debt service, construction, and operating expenditures based on the locality usage of the sewage treatment facilities. Based on the current average usage, the County's assessment for the Authority's operating and maintenance and capital outlay, construction, and debt service expenditures for the ensuing year will approximate \$1,692,319, \$419,734, and \$1,811,158, respectively. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the Authority at 856 North River Road, P. O. Box 8, Mt. Crawford, Virginia 22841.

#### Note 12. Pension Plan

Name of Plan:	Virginia Retirement System (VRS)
Identification of Plan:	Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plans
Administering Entity:	Virginia Retirement System (System)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	N	let Pension Asset	1	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense
County	\$	-	\$	11,738,145	\$ 6,190,755	\$ 3,719,456	\$ 3,242,906
District		-		2,973,939	1,568,470	942,349	821,612
School Board:							
Professional		-		78,476,391	22,929,314	16,834,017	4,114,801
Non-professional		1,590,638		-	845,465	1,496,439	(207,030)
Total School Board		1,590,638		78,476,391	23,774,779	18,330,456	3,907,771
	\$	1,590,638	\$	93,188,475	\$ 31,534,004	\$ 22,992,261	\$ 7,972,289

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### A. <u>Plan Description</u>

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County of Rockingham and its component units, the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (the District) and the Rockingham County School Board (School Board), are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan or the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	<ul><li><i>employees:</i> Same as Plan 1.</li><li><i>School division employees</i></li></ul>	<ul> <li>About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.</li> <li>The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.</li> <li>The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.</li> <li>In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.</li> </ul>

**HYBRID** 

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

#### PLAN 1

### PLAN 2

#### **Eligible Members**

**Political** subdivision employees: Members are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.

School division employees (teachers): Members are in Plan 1 if their membership date is prior to July 1, 2010, they were vested before January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.

#### Hybrid Opt-In Election

VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP. Eligible MembersPoliticalsubdivisionemployees:Members are inPlan 2 if their membership dateis on or after July 1, 2010, or

their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

School division employees (teachers): Members are in Plan 2 if their membership date is from July 1, 2010, to December 31, 2013, and they have not taken a refund. Members are covered under Plan 2 if they have a membership date prior to July 1, 2010, and they were not vested before January 1, 2013.

#### Hybrid Opt-In Election

Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.

#### HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

#### **Eligible Members**

Members are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

- Political subdivision employees.\*
- School division employees (teachers).
- Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.

#### \*Non-Eligible Members

Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

• Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
ement Contributions	<b>Retirement Contributions</b>	<b>Retirement Contributions</b>

Retire Members contribute 5% of their Same as Plan 1. compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are taxdeferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

#### Service Credit

Service Credit e Same as Plan 1.

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and employer. Additionally, the members may choose to make voluntarv contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

**HYBRID** 

#### Service Credit

#### Defined Benefit Component

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

#### Defined Contribution Component

Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Service credit includes active Members earn service service. credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	<b>Vesting</b> Defined Benefit Component Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.
Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.		Defined Contribution Component Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.
		Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.
		Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.
		<ul> <li>After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.</li> <li>After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.</li> </ul>
		Distribution is not required, except as governed by law.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Pension Plan (Continued)** Note 12.

A. Plan Description (Continued)

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
		alculating the Benefit

Calcu The basic benefit is determined See definition under Plan 1. using the average final compensation, service credit and plan multiplier.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement payment, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.

#### **Average Final Compensation**

member's average А final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as а covered employee.

#### **Service Retirement Multiplier**

**VRS:** The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for nonhazardous duty members is 1.70%.

#### Sheriffs and regional jail

superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.

Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous dutv employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.

Defined Benefit Component See definition under Plan 1.

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Defined Contribution Component The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

#### **Average Final Compensation** member's average А final

60 consecutive months of highest benefit component of the plan. compensation as a covered employee.

#### **Service Retirement Multiplier**

VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service Defined Benefit Component earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For nonhazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased For members that opted into the or granted on or after January 1, 2013.

#### **Average Final Compensation**

Same as Plan 2. It is used in the compensation is the average of the retirement formula for the defined

## **Service Retirement Multiplier**

VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.

Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.

Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.

Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.

**Political subdivision hazardous** duty employees: Not applicable.

Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
<ul> <li>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit.</li> <li>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.</li> </ul>	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equals 90. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equals 90.Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.
<b>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees:</b> Age 50 with at least five years of service credit.	<b>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees:</b> Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### PLAN 1

#### Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.

#### Eligibility:

For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

### Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

School Division (Teachers) and Political Subdivision Employees:

The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- The member retires on disability.
- The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.

#### PLAN 2

### Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 2%) up to a maximum COLA of 3%.

*Eligibility:* Same as Plan 1.

### HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

#### Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

*Defined Benefit Component* Same as Plan 2.

Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.

*Eligibility:* Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: School Division (Teachers) and Political Subdivision Employees: Same as Plan 1. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: School Division (Teachers) and Political Subdivision Employees: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued) <u>Exceptions to COLA Effective</u> <u>Dates:</u> (Continued) School Division (Teachers) and Political Subdivision Employees (continued):

- The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.
- **Political subdivision employees:** The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability.

#### **Disability Coverage**

**Political subdivision employees:** Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

#### **Disability Coverage**

**Political subdivision employees:** Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

#### **Disability Coverage**

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Employees of political subdivisions and school divisions (teachers), including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins, participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service
Members may be eligible to	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component
purchase service from previous public employment, active duty		Same as Plan 1, with the following exception:
military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded		• Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
service as service credit in their		
plan. Prior service credit counts		Defined Contribution Component
toward vesting, eligibility for		Not applicable.
retirement and the health		
insurance credit. Only active		
members are eligible to		
purchase prior service.		
Members also may be eligible to		
purchase periods of leave		

B. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

without pay.

### County and the District Plan (Agent Plan)

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	390
Inactive members:	
Vested	128
Non-vested	220
Active elsewhere in VRS	358
Total inactive members	706
Active members	649
Total covered employees	1,745

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### B. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms (Continued)

#### School Board Non-Professional Plan (Agent Plan)

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	305
Inactive members:	
Vested	53
Non-vested	91
Active elsewhere in VRS	50
Total inactive members	194
Active members	371
Total covered employees	870

#### C. Contributions

#### **County and the District Plan (Agent Plan)**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County and the District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 13.71% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by an employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County and the District were \$4,746,659 and \$3,685,323 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### C. <u>Contributions</u> (Continued)

#### School Board Non-Professional Plan (Agent Plan)

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The School Board non-professional's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 5.81% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by an employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board for the non-professional plan were \$462,419 and \$442,584 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### School Board Professional Plan (Cost-Sharing Plan)

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. The School Board professional's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board for the professional plan were \$13,177,237 and \$12,245,179 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$442.4 million to the VRS Teacher Employee Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### D. <u>Net Pension Liability</u>

#### County, District and School Board Non-Professional Plans (Agent Plans)

The net pension liabilities (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For the County, District and School Board Non-Professional Plans, the NPLs were measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the NPLs were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

#### School Board Professional Plan (Cost-Sharing Plan)

At June 30, 2023, the School Board reported a liability for the professional plan of \$78,476,391 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to a measurement date of June 30, 2022. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the School Board's proportion was 0.82428% as compared to 0.80852% at June 30, 2021.

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2022, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Re	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Total pension liability	\$	54,732,329			
Plan fiduciary net position		45,211,731			
Employers' net pension liability	\$	9,520,598			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		92 (10/			
total pension liability	82.619				

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

#### County, District and School Board Non-Professional Plans (Agent Plans)

#### **General Employees**

The total pension liability for General Employee's in the County and the District's retirement plan and the total pension liability for the General Employees in the School Board non-professional retirement plan were based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation		2.50%					
Salary increases, inclu	iding inflation	3.50% - 5.35%					
Investment rate of retu	ım	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation					
Mortality Rates:	15% of deaths are as	sumed to be service-related.					
Pre-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.						
Post-retirement:	ement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.						
Post-disablement:	: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.						
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.						
Mortality Improvement:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.						

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience each year, age and service through nine years of service

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

#### County, District and School Board Non-Professional Plans (Agent Plans) (Continued)

#### General Employees (Continued)

Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### **County and the District Plan (Agent Plan)**

#### Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County and the District's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date as of June 30, 2022.

Inflation		2.50%					
Salary increases, includ	ling inflation	3.50% - 4.75%					
Investment rate of retur	n	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation					
Mortality Rates:	45% of deaths are a	ssumed to be service related.					
Pre-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.						
Post-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.						
Post-disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.						
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.						
Mortality Improvements:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.						

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

#### County and the District Plan (Agent Plan) (Continued)

#### Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### School Board Professional Plan (Cost-Sharing Plan)

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date as of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

#### School Board Professional Plan (Cost-Sharing Plan) (Continued)

Mortality Rates:

Pre-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.
Post-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.
Post-disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.
Mortality Improvements:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; and changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### F. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

# County, District and School Board Non-Professional Plans (Agent Plans) and the School Board Professional Plan (Cost-Sharing Plan)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
	Long-Term	Arithmetic	Average
	Target	Target Long-Term	
	Asset	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi - Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total =	100.00%		5.33%
	Inflation		2.50%
* Expected arithmet	7.83%		

\*The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

\*On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### G. Discount Rate

#### County, District and School Board Non-Professional Plans (Agent Plans)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liabilities was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in fiscal year 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, whichever is greater. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liabilities.

#### School Board Professional Plan (Cost-Sharing Plan)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the employer for the School Board's retirement plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liabilities.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

### H. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

### **County and the District Plan (Agent Plan)**

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability			lan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	
		(a)	(b)			(a)-(b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	136,419,998	\$	130,170,852	\$	6,249,146
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		3,991,471		-		3,991,471
Interest		9,265,076		-		9,265,076
Difference between expected and actual						
experience		201,241		-		201,241
Contributions – employer		-		3,685,323		(3,685,323)
Contributions – employee		-		1,545,767		(1,545,767)
Net investment income		-		(158,513)		158,513
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(6,302,182)		(6,302,182)		-
Administrative expense		-		(80,755)		80,755
Other changes		-		3,028		(3,028)
Net changes		7,155,606		(1,307,332)		8,462,938
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	143,575,604	\$	128,863,520	\$	14,712,084

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### H. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

#### School Board Non-Professional Plan (Agent Plan)

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)			Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Vet Pension bility (Asset) (a)-(b)
		(a)		(0)		$(a)^{-}(b)$
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	39,896,837	\$	43,915,128	\$	(4,018,291)
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		735,063		-		735,063
Interest		2,659,258		-		2,659,258
Difference between expected and actual						
experience		(180,722)		-		(180,722)
Contributions – employer		-		442,584		(442,584)
Contributions – employee		-		403,143		(403,143)
Net investment income		-		(29,471)		29,471
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(2,470,956)		(2,470,956)		-
Administrative expense		-		(27,646)		27,646
Other changes		-		(2,664)		2,664
Net changes		742,643		(1,685,010)		2,427,653
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	40,639,480	\$	42,230,118	\$	(1,590,638)

### I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

# County, District and School Board Non-Professional Plans (Agent Plans) and the School Board Professional Plan (Cost-Sharing Plan)

The following presents the net pension liabilities of the County and the District, the School Board non-professional plan, and the School Board professional plan, using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County and the District, the School Board non-professional plan, and the School Board professional plan, and

Current					
e Discount Rate	1% Increase				
(6.75%)	(7.75%)				
59 \$ 11,738,145	\$ (1,874,047)				
59 2,973,939	(474,803)				
14,712,084	(2,348,850)				
51 (1,590,638)	(5,425,421)				
41 78,476,391	28,248,426				
	e Discount Rate (6.75%) 59 \$ 11,738,145 2,973,939 28 14,712,084 51 (1,590,638)				

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### J. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pensions</u>

### **County and the District Plan (Agent Plan)**

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County and District recognized pension expense of \$4,064,518. At June 30, 2023, the County and District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government			District				Total			
		Deferred		Deferred	Ι	Deferred	]	Deferred		Deferred	Deferred
	0	utflows of		Inflows of	Ou	tflows of	I	nflows of	0	utflows of	Inflows of
	I	Resources		Resources	R	esources	F	lesources	I	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and											
actual experience	\$	414,031	\$	(798,575)	\$	104,898	\$	(202,325)	\$	518,929	\$ (1,000,900)
Changes in assumptions		1,989,567		-		504,070		-		2,493,637	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension											
plan investments		-		(2,920,881)		-		(740,024)		-	(3,660,905)
Employer contributions subsequent											
to the measurement date		3,787,157		-		959,502		-		4,746,659	-
Total	\$	6,190,755	\$	(3,719,456)	\$ 1	1,568,470	\$	(942,349)	\$	7,759,225	\$ (4,661,805)

The \$4,746,659 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County and District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Prin	nary		
Year Ending June 30,	Gover	nment	District	Total Amount
2024	\$	(92,653) \$	(23,474)	\$ (116,127)
2025	()	686,766)	(173,997)	(860,763)
2026	(1,	957,624)	(495,978)	(2,453,602)
2027	1,4	421,186	360,067	1,781,253
	\$ (1,2	315,857) \$	(333,382)	\$ (1,649,239)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

#### J. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pensions (Continued)</u>

### School Board Non-Professional Plan (Agent Plan)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School Board recognized pension credit related to its non-professional plan of \$207,030. At June 30, 2023, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for its non-professional plan from the following sources:

	Defe Outfl		Deferred Inflows			
	of Resources			of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(189,105)		
Changes in assumptions	3	383,046		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on						
pension plan investments		-		(1,307,334)		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		462,419		-		
Total	\$ 8	345,465	\$	(1,496,439)		

The \$462,419 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board non-professional plan's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2024	\$ (258,259)
2025	(574,489)
2026	(868,217)
2027	 587,572
	\$ (1,113,393)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 12. Pension Plan (Continued)

J. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pensions (Continued)</u>

### School Board Professional Plan (Cost-Sharing Plan)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School Board recognized pension expense related to the professional plan of \$4,114,801 and the Commonwealth's special contribution of \$3,646,376. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2023, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the professional plan from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows
	0	f Resources	C	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(5,411,257)
Changes in assumptions		7,398,743		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		(10,231,678)
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,353,334		(1,191,082)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		13,177,237		-
Total	\$	22,929,314	\$	(16,834,017)

The \$13,177,237 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions for the professional plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount		
2024	\$ (2	,514,203)		
2025	(3	,345,006)		
2026	(6	,202,210)		
2027	4	,979,479		
	\$ (7	,081,940)		

## K. Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan and VRS Teacher Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf</u> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits

The County, the District and the School Board participate in various OPEB plans. As of and for the year ended, the plans had the following balances reported in these financial statements:

	OPEB Deferred			Deferred			OPEB	
	Liability			Outflows	Inflows			Expense
County	\$	8,274,495	\$	1,359,833	\$	863,503	\$	585,515
District		2,117,224		345,895		219,431		149,818
Total County and District		10,391,719		1,705,728		1,082,934		735,333
Total School Board		43,502,069		5,607,212		3,855,982		3,151,975
	\$	53,893,788	\$	7,312,940	\$	4,938,916	\$	3,887,308

## 13.1. Medical Insurance Program

### A. Plan Description

The County's, the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District's (District) and the Rockingham County School Board's (School Board) defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) – medical insurance plan provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the County, the District and the School Board. The County and the District have the same plan provisions. The School Board has separate plan provisions. The plan was established by the County's Board of Supervisors and any amendments to the plan must be approved by the Board. This plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the County. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement No. 75. This plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports.

The specific information for Medical Insurance Program's OPEB, including eligibility, is set out in the tables below:

### **County and the District**

# MEDICAL INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

### Eligible Employees

A Rockingham County retiree, eligible for postretirement medical coverage, is defined as a fulltime employee who retires directly from the County and is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Employees applying for early or regular retirement are eligible to continue participation in the County sponsored Retiree Health plan.

### **Retirement Eligibility**

Employees may retire under the VRS with an unreduced pension benefit under the following age and service requirements:

- Plan 1 eligible employees
  - Age 50 and 30 years of service
  - Age 65 and 5 years of service
- Plan 2 and Hybrid plan eligible employees
  - Age 65 with 5 years of service
    - $\circ$  Rule of 90

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.1. Medical Insurance Program (Continued)

### A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

### **County and the District (Continued)**

# MEDICAL INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS (Continued)

### **Benefit** Amounts

The County will provide a premium credit toward a retiree's health insurance premium at a rate of \$4.00 per year of service per month not to exceed \$120 per month based on 30 years of service in the VRS. To be eligible for this premium credit, the retiree must have a minimum of 15 years of service in the VRS and must have enrolled in the County's health insurance plan at the time of retirement. The premium credit may only be applied to the retiree's individual health insurance plan, and is not applicable to the premium charges for family members. The premium credit is made only until the employee is eligible for Medicare coverage, usually at age 65.

## Reduction in Benefit Amounts

Plan 1 eligible employees may retire with a reduced pension benefit at age 50 and 10 years of service or age 55 and 5 years of service. Plan 2 and Hybrid eligible employees can retire with a reduced pension benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service.

### Death of a Retiree

Upon death of a current retiree, the surviving spouse is eligible for coverage until age 65. Survivors of actives are not eligible for postretirement benefits, even if the deceased active was eligible to retire at the time of death.

### **School Board**

### MEDICAL INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

### Eligible Employees

Retired employees may participate in the School Board health insurance program in accordance with the following terms and conditions:

- The employee has served a minimum of 10 consecutive years as an employee of Rockingham County School Board.
- The employee is eligible for retirement under VRS and that his/her monthly payments are made through payroll deductions by the VRS.
- Once the retired employee becomes eligible for or obtains other health coverage, the retired employee will no longer be eligible to participate in the group plan.

### Retirement Eligibility

School Board employees may retire under the VRS according to the same eligibility requirements as the County and the District employees described above.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## 13.1. Medical Insurance Program (Continued)

### A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

#### **School Board (Continued)**

## MEDICAL INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS (Continued)

#### **Benefit** Amounts

The School Board will pay \$10 monthly for the retiree until the retiree becomes eligible for or obtains other health coverage.

#### Death of a Retiree

Upon death of a current retiree, the surviving spouse is eligible for coverage until age 65. Survivors of actives are not eligible for postretirement benefits, even if the deceased active was eligible to retire at the time of death.

#### B. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

### **County and the District**

	Number
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	21
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	2
Active employees	578
Total	601
School Board	
	Number
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	13

Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	28
Active employees	1,567
Total	1,608

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### 13.1. Medical Insurance Program (Continued)

#### C. Total Medical Insurance Program OPEB Liability

The County and the District's total Medical Insurance OPEB liability of \$8,596,050 was measured as of June 30, 2023 with a reporting date of June 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The School Board's total Medical Insurance OPEB liability of \$27,909,020 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

#### D. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total Medical Insurance Program OPEB liabilities were based on an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.50% per annum
Discount rate	2.18% per annum
Healthcare cost trend rates	Medical and Stop Loss: 6.25% graded uniformly to 5.50% over 3 years and following the Getzen model thereafter to ultimate rate of 4.04% in the year 2075; Administrative Expenses 5% per annum

The discount rate was based on the S&P 500 High Grade 20 Year Rate Index as of June 30, 2021.

### **County and the District**

#### Mortality Rates

The following mortality assumptions were chosen to match the mortality assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 Annual Financial Statement for the Virginia Retirement System.

<u>Pre-Commencement:</u> RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set back one year, 85% of rates; females set back one year.

<u>Post-Commencement</u>: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward one year; females set back one year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

<u>Post-Disablement:</u> RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.1. Medical Insurance Program (Continued)

#### D. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

#### **School Board**

#### Mortality Rates

The following mortality assumptions were chosen to match the mortality assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 Annual Financial Statement for the Virginia Retirement System.

<u>Pre-Commencement:</u> RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

<u>Post-Commencement:</u> RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back three years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

<u>Post-Disablement:</u> RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

### E. Changes in the Total Medical Insurance OPEB Liability

#### **County and the District**

	Total Medical Insurance OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 7,971,008
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	676,204
Interest	183,396
Contributions - employer	(234,558)
Net changes	625,042
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 8,596,050

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.1. Medical Insurance Program (Continued)

### E. Changes in the Total Medical Insurance OPEB Liability (Continued)

#### **School Board**

	Total Medical Insurance OPEB Liability					
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	25,752,594				
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,864,094				
Interest		595,436				
Contributions - employer		(303,104)				
Net changes		2,156,426				
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	27,909,020				

### F. Sensitivity of the Total Medical Insurance OPEB Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liabilities of the County and the District and the School Board calculated using the stated discount rate, as well as what the County and the District's and the School Board's total Medical Insurance OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.18%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.18%) than the current discount rate:

	Current Discount								
	1% Decrease (1.18%)			Rate		1% Increase			
				(2.18%)		(3.18%)			
Primary Government	\$	7,742,115	\$	6,834,264	\$	6,043,664			
District		1,995,819		1,761,786		1,557,980			
Total primary government and District		9,737,934		8,596,050		7,601,644			
School Board		31,134,336		27,909,020		25,029,088			

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### 13.1. Medical Insurance Program (Continued)

### G. <u>Sensitivity of the Total Medical Insurance OPEB Liabilities to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend</u> <u>Rate</u>

The following represents the total Medical Insurance OPEB liabilities of the County and the District and the School Board calculated using the stated discount rate, as well as what the County and the District's and the School Board's total Medical Insurance OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.25% to 4.50% over 3 years and following the Getzen model less 1% thereafter) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25% to 6.50% over 3 years and following the Getzen model plus 1% thereafter) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (5.25% to 4.50%		Curi	ent Discount Rate		1% Increase 25% to 6.50%	
	ove	er 3 years and	· ·	5% to 5.50%	ov	er 3 years and	
	foll	owing Getzen	ove	r 3 years and	following Getzen		
	model less 1%		follo	wing Getzen	model plus 1%		
		thereafter)	mod	el thereafter)	thereafter)		
Primary Government	\$	5,776,317	\$	6,834,264	\$	8,146,783	
District		1,489,061		1,761,786		2,100,137	
Total primary government and District		7,265,378		8,596,050		10,246,920	
School Board		23,761,413		27,909,020		32,956,660	

### H. <u>Medical Insurance OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to Medical Insurance OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County and the District and the School Board recognized Medical Insurance OPEB expense of \$504,474, \$130,047, and \$2,139,769, respectively.

#### **County and the District**

At June 30, 2023, the County and District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to Medical Insurance Program from the following sources:

	Primary Government					Dis	tric	t	Total			
	Deferred		]	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	R	esources	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources	
Difference between expected												
and actual experience	\$	460,755	\$	-	\$	118,777	\$	-	\$	579,532	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		475,857		(575,242)		122,670		(148,291)		598,527		(723,533)
Total	\$	936,612	\$	(575,242)	\$	241,447	\$	(148,291)	\$	1,178,059	\$	(723,533)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.1. Medical Insurance Program (Continued)

H. <u>Medical Insurance OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to Medical Insurance OPEB (Continued)</u>

#### **County and the District (Continued)**

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Medical Insurance Program will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	I	Primary				
Year(s) Ending June 30,	Go	vernment	District	Total Amo		
2024	\$	7,536	\$ 1,943	\$	9,479	
2025		7,536	1,943		9,479	
2026		7,539	1,943		9,482	
2027		169,380	43,664		213,044	
2028		169,379	43,663		213,042	
Total	\$	361,370	\$ 93,156	\$	454,526	
	-					

#### **School Board**

At June 30, 2023, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to Medical Insurance Program from the following sources:

	Deferred				
	Outflows of Deferred Int				
	R	Resources	0	f Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,038,652	\$	(10,309)	
Change in assumptions		1,679,210		(2,089,963)	
Total	\$	2,717,862	\$	(2,100,272)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Medical Insurance Program will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year(s) Ending June 30,	Amount	
2024	\$ (16,65	7)
2025	(16,65	7)
2026	(16,65	7)
2027	333,78	0
2028	333,78	1
Total	\$ 617,59	0

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program

#### A. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and the District, and the School Board non-professional and the School Board professional employees are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program (GLI) upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI. For members who elect the optional GLI coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from the members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

### **GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS**

#### **Eligible Employees**

The GLI was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program.

Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

### **Benefit Amounts**

The benefits payable under the GLI have several components.

- Natural Death Benefit: The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.
- Accidental Death Benefit: The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.
- Other Benefit Provisions: In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include:
  - Accidental dismemberment benefit
  - Seatbelt benefit
  - Repatriation benefit
  - Felonious assault benefit
  - o Accelerated death benefit option

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

### A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

## GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS (Continued)

#### **Reduction in Benefit Amounts**

The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the GLI are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.

### Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, there is a minimum benefit payable under GLI. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,984 as of June 30, 2023.

## B. Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI are governed by Sections 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% X 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% X 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the GLI from the participating employers for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows.

	2023	2022
County and the District	\$ 196,073	\$ 175,169
School Board Non-Professional	50,540	46,838
School Board Professional	448,496	413,350

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$30.4 million to the Group Life Insurance plan. This special payment was authorized by a Budget Amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

C. <u>GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2023, the participating employers' reported liabilities for its proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability as follows:

	2023
Primary Government	\$ 1,440,231
District	 355,438
Total primary government and District	 1,795,669
School Board Non-Professional	480,073
School Board Professional	4,237,215

The net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The covered employers' proportion of the net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, comparisons of the participating employers' proportions to June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	2022	2021
County and the District	0.14913%	0.14531%
School Board Non-Professional	0.03987%	0.03959%
School Board Professional	0.35190%	0.34504%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County and the District, School Board non-professional, and School Board professional employees recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$100,812, \$3,995, and \$140,013, respectively. Since there was a change in the proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

C. <u>GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB</u> (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the employers reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

### **County and the District**

	Primary Government		District			Total						
	Γ	Deferred	Ι	Deferred	Ι	Deferred	Ι	Deferred	Ľ	Deferred	Ι	Deferred
	Ou	tflows of	Ir	nflows of	Ou	tflows of	Ir	flows of	Ou	tflows of	Ir	flows of
	R	esources	R	esources	R	esources	R	esources	Re	esources	R	esources
Differences between expected and												
actual experience	\$	114,048	\$	(57,779)	\$	28,146	\$	(14,259)	\$	142,194	\$	(72,038)
Net difference between projected and												
actual earnings on GLI OPEB												
program investments		-		(89,993)		-		(22,210)		-		(112,203)
Change in assumptions		53,719		(140,284)		13,257		(34,621)		66,976		(174,905)
Changes in proportionate share		98,193		(205)		24,233		(50)		122,426		(255)
Employer contribution subsequent												
to the measurement date		157,261		-		38,812		-		196,073		-
Total	\$	423,221	\$	(288,261)	\$	104,448	\$	(71,140)	\$	527,669	\$	(359,401)

The \$196,073 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net GLI OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Pri	mary		
Year Ending June 30,	Gove	ernment	District	Total Amount
2024	\$	5,356 \$	1,322	\$ 6,678
2025		1,076	266	1,342
2026		(51,033)	(12,594)	(63,627)
2027		25,963	6,408	32,371
2028		(3,663)	(906)	(4,569)
Total	\$	(22,301) \$	(5,504)	\$ (27,805)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

C. <u>GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB</u> (Continued)

#### **School Board Non-Professional**

		eferred tflows of		Deferred nflows of
	Re	esources	I	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	38,016	\$	(19,259)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
GLI OPEB program investments		-		(29,998)
Change in assumptions		17,906		(46,761)
Changes in proportionate share		3,295		(30,413)
Employer contribution subsequent to the measurement date		50,540		-
Total	\$	109,757	\$	(126,431)

The \$50,540 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net GLI OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2024	\$	(18,021)
2025		(15,338)
2026		(31,017)
2027		103
2028		(2,941)
Total	<u>\$</u>	(67,214)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

C. <u>GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB</u> (Continued)

#### **School Board Professional**

	Deferred			Deferred
	0	utflows of		Inflows of
	F	lesources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	335,534	\$	(169,987)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
GLI OPEB program investments		-		(264,764)
Change in assumptions		158,041		(412,722)
Changes in proportionate share		144,426		(82,461)
Employer contribution subsequent to the measurement date		448,496		-
Total	\$	1,086,497	\$	(929,934)

The \$448,496 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net GLI OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount		
2024	\$	(67,472)	
2025		(64,653)	
2026		(202,389)	
2027		58,350	
2028		(15,769)	
Total	\$	(291,933)	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

#### D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality – general employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality – hazardous duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

### **School Board Professional**

### Mortality Rates – Teachers

<u>Pre-Retirement:</u> Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.

<u>Post-Retirement:</u> Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward one year; 105% of rates for females.

<u>Post-Disablement:</u> Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.

<u>Beneficiaries and Survivors:</u> Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

<u>Mortality Improvement Scale:</u> Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

### D. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

### **County, District and School Board Non-Professional**

# Mortality Rates – General Employees

Pre-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years.		
Post-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for females.		
Post-disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; males and females set forward 3 years.		
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	8 5 8 1 5		
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.		

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

# 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

#### D. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

#### County, District and School Board Non-Professional (Continued)

### Mortality Rates – Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.
Post-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.
Post-disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and services to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

#### E. <u>Net GLI OPEB Liability</u>

The net OPEB Liability (NOL) for the GLI represents the program's total OPEB Liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the GLI are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Insu	roup Life rance OPEB Program
Total GLI OPEB liability	\$	3,672,085
Plan fiduciary net position		2,467,989
GLI OPEB liability	\$	1,204,096
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total GLI OPEB liability		67.21%

The total GLI OPEB Liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB Liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

#### F. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
	Long-Term	Arithmetic Long-	Average Long-
	Target Asset	Term Expected	Term Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi - Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
	Inflation	-	2.50%
* Expected arithmetic	c nominal return	-	7.83%

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

### G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the participating employers for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to continue contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB Liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

## H. <u>Sensitivity of the Participating Employers' Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes</u> in the Discount Rate

The following presents the participating employers' proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the participating employers' proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	10	% Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
Primary government	\$	2,095,705	\$	1,440,231	\$	910,519
District		517,204		355,438		224,709
Total primary government and District		2,612,909		1,795,669		1,135,228
School Board Non-Professional		698,563		480,073		303,504
School Board Professional		6,165,644		4,237,215		2,678,781

### I. Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia, 23218-2500.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program

#### A. Plan Description

#### School Board Non-Professional and School Board Professional Plans

The County has two types of Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) OPEB plans. A singleemployer plan for political subdivisions (School Board non-professional plan) and a cost-sharing employer plan for VRS teacher employees (School Board professional plan). For the School Board non-professional plan, all full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) upon employment. For the School Board professional Plan, all full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program. These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

### **School Board Non-Professional Plan**

The specific information about the School Board non-professional HIC OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

# POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HIC PLAN PROVISIONS

### Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan.

### **Benefit** Amounts

The political subdivision's Retiree HIC provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- At Retirement for employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month.
- Disability Retirement for employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

# 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

## School Board Non-Professional Plan (Continued)

# POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HIC PLAN PROVISIONS (Continued)

## Health Insurance Credit Program Notes

- The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount
- No HIC for premiums paid and qualified under Line of Duty Act (LODA), however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

### School Board Professional Plan

The specific information for the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is set out in the table below:

# **TEACHER EMPLOYEE HIC PLAN PROVISIONS**

### Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS.

# **Benefit** Amounts

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- At Retirement for teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount.
- Disability Retirement for teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the VLDP, the monthly benefit is either:
  - $\circ$  \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or
  - \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

# Health Insurance Credit Program Notes

- The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

#### B. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

#### **School Board Non-Professional Plan**

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan.

	Number
Inactive members:	
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	178
Vested	6
Total inactive members	184
Active members	371
Total covered employees	555

#### C. Contributions

### School Board Non-Professional and School Board Professional Plans

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-1402(E) of the *Code* of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the contractually required employer contribution rates for the School Board non-professional and School Board professional was 0.83% and 1.21%, respectively, of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the HIC Program from the participating employers for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	2023	2022
School Board Professional	\$ 1,003,541	\$ 924,891
School Board Non-Professional	77,649	67,614

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$12 million to the VRS Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

#### D. Net HIC OPEB Liability

#### School Board Non-Professional Plan

The School Board Non-Professional plan's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

#### **School Board Professional Plan**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the Teacher Employee HIC are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher pployee HIC DPEB Plan
Total teacher employee HIC OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 1,470,891 221,845
Teacher employee net HIC OPEB liability	\$ 1,249,046
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total teacher employee HIC OPEB liability	15.08%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

# 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

#### School Board Non-Professional and School Board Professional Plans

The total HIC OPEB liabilities were based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Locality – general employees	3.50%-5.35%
Teacher employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

## **School Board Non-Professional Plan**

### Mortality Rates – General Employees

Pre-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.
Post-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.
Post-disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

#### School Board Non-Professional Plan (Continued)

### Mortality Rates – General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### **School Board Professional Plan**

## Mortality Rates – Teachers

Pre-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.
Post-retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.
Post-disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

### E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

### **School Board Professional Plan (Continued)**

### Mortality Rates – Teachers (Continued)

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

#### F. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

#### School Board Non-Professional and School Board Professional Plans

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted
Long-Term	Arithmetic Long-	Average Long-
Target Asset	Term Expected	Term Expected
Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return*
34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
100.00%		5.33%
Inflation	-	2.50%
c nominal return	_	7.83%
	Allocation 34.00% 15.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 6.00% 3.00% 100.00% Inflation	Target Asset         Term Expected           Allocation         Rate of Return           34.00%         5.71%           15.00%         2.04%           14.00%         4.78%           14.00%         9.73%           6.00%         3.73%           3.00%         6.55%           100.00%         100.00%

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### G. Discount Rate

#### School Board Non-Professional and School Board Professional Plans

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the School Board non-professional and School Board professional plans for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

# 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

#### H. Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

#### **School Board Non-Professional Plan**

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Tota	al HIC OPEB	Plan	Fiduciary	Net	HIC OPEB
		Liability	Net	t Position	]	Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a-b)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	1,140,637	\$	540,770	\$	599,867
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		24,929		-		24,929
Interest		75,778		-		75,778
Changes of assumptions		676		-		676
Differences between expected and actual						
experience		5,689		-		5,689
Contributions - employer				67,614		(67,614)
Net investment income		-		832		(832)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(85,856)		(85,856)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(894)		894
Other changes		-		7,431		(7,431)
Net changes		21,216		(10,873)		32,089
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	1,161,853	\$	529,897	\$	631,956

#### I. <u>Sensitivity of the HIC Net OPEB Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

#### School Board Non-Professional and School Board Professional Plans

The following presents the net HIC OPEB liabilities using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net HIC OPEB liabilities would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1% Decrease Rate		1	% Increase		
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
School Board Professional	\$	11,544,886	\$	10,243,805	\$	9,140,912
School Board Non-Professional		738,168		631,956		540,118

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

## J. <u>HIC OPEB Liabilities, HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to HIC OPEB</u>

#### **School Board Non-Professional Plan**

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School Board non-professional plan recognized HIC OPEB expense of \$60,284. At June 30, 2023, the School Board non-professional plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred	Deferred
	Out	flows of	Inflows of
	Re	sources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,388	\$ (16,652)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
HIC OPEB program investments		-	(13,757)
Change in assumptions		14,738	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		77,649	-
Total	\$	96,775	\$ (30,409)

The \$77,649 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the school Board non-professional plan's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total HIC OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	At	mount
2024	\$	(4,771)
2025		(5,325)
2026		(8,699)
2027		7,512
Total	\$	(11,283)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

J. <u>HIC OPEB Liabilities, HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to HIC OPEB</u> (Continued)

### **School Board Professional Plan**

At June 30, 2023, the School Board professional plan reported a liability of \$10,243,805 for its proportionate share of the Teacher Employee HIC total OPEB liability. The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability used to calculate the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The School Board professional plan's proportion of the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability was based on the School Board professional plan's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the School Board professional plan's proportion of the Teacher Employee HIC was 0.82013% as compared to 0.80417% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School Board professional plan recognized Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$807,914. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the Teacher Employee HIC net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2023, the School Board professional plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred outflows of		Deferred Inflows of
	]	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(417,554)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
HIC OPEB program investments		-		(10,282)
Change in assumptions		299,274		(26,159)
Changes in proportionate share		293,506		(214,941)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,003,541		-
	¢	1 50( 221	¢	
Total	\$	1,596,321	\$	(668,936)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

### 13.3. Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

J. <u>HIC OPEB Liabilities, HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to HIC OPEB</u> (Continued)

### **School Board Professional Plan (Continued)**

The \$1,003,541 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board professional plan's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year(s) Ending June 30,	A	mount
2024	\$	(42,014)
2025		(30,928)
2026		(23,525)
2027		13,571
2028		6,640
Thereafter		100
Total	\$	(76,156)

### K. HIC Credit Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision and Teacher Employee HIC is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia, 23218-2500.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 14. Advances To/From Other Funds

Interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund		
Primary Government:	Water and Sewer Fund		
Lake Shenandoah Stormwater Control Authority Fund Smith Creek Water and Waste Authority Fund	•		
	\$	1,946,422	

Annual maturities for the Water and Sewer Fund advance to the Lake Shenandoah Stormwater Control Authority are as follows:

Year(s) Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		
2024	\$ 178,145	\$ 47,524		
2025	183,489	42,179		
2026	188,994	36,675		
2027	194,664	31,005		
2028	200,504	25,165		
2029-2031	 638,329	38,677		
	\$ 1,584,125	\$ 221,225		

Annual maturities for the Water and Sewer Fund advance to the Smith Creek Water and Waste Authority are as follows:

Principal		Interest		
\$ 87,039	\$	9,637		
89,355		7,322		
91,732		4,945		
 94,171		-		
\$ 362,297	\$	21,904		
\$	89,355 91,732 94,171	\$ 87,039 \$ 89,355 91,732 94,171		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 15. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfer activity is presented as follows:

Transfer to Fund	General Fund	Tourism Fund	Penn Laird Sewer Authority		School Operating Fund		Total Transferred In	
Primary Government:								
Governmental funds:								
General Capital Projects Fund	\$ 7,386,750	\$ 104,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,490,750
Water and Sewer Fund	-	-		672,542		-		672,542
School Cafeteria Fund	-	-		-		2,831		2,831
Total transferred out	\$ 7,386,750	\$ 104,000	\$	672,542	\$	2,831	\$	8,166,123

The transfer from the General Fund to the General Capital Projects Fund was to transfer funds for capital projects adopted in FY23 budget along with a supplemental for cash proffer and to transfer funds for the purchase of fire and rescue apparatus.

The transfer from the Tourism Fund to the General Capital Projects Fund was for Rockingham Park parking lot upgrades.

The transfer from the Penn Laird Sewer Authority to the Water and Sewer Fund was for the closure of the Penn Laird Sewer Authority Fund.

The transfer from the School Operating to the School Cafeteria Fund was for cafeteria bad debts.

### Note 16. Major Customers

The Water and Sewer Fund has one major customer. For the year ended June 30, 2023, water and sewer revenue from this customer was approximately \$3.83 million. Accounts receivable from this customer were approximately \$205,000 at June 30, 2023.

The Solid Waste Fund has three major customers. Revenues from these customers for the year ended June 30, 2023 were approximately \$2.50 million. Accounts receivable from these customers were approximately \$228,000 at June 30, 2023.

The Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority Fund has one major customer. For the year ended June 30, 2023, revenue from this customer was approximately \$135,000. Accounts receivable from this customer were approximately \$14,800 at June 30, 2023.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 17. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

An agreement between the County and City of Harrisonburg divided the closure and post-closure liability pro rata for all cells active as of December 31, 2011. The City of Harrisonburg's liability for closure and post-closure was capped at that amount calculated pursuant to the regulations and percentage of waste disposed in the active cells as of December 31, 2011. The City of Harrisonburg's landfill closure and post-closure care liability totals \$2,697,965.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the Solid Waste Fund reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The County has recorded \$17,674,289 as landfill closure and post-closure liability at June 30, 2023. The landfill's total capacity used to date is 9.99% for active cells.

The Solid Waste Fund will report the County's estimated liability of closure and post-closure care of \$6,278,364 for the active cell as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on the cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2023. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The estimated remaining life of the landfill is approximately three years and does not account for future expansion.

#### Note 18. Risk Management

The County and its component units are exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; employee health and accident claims; and natural disasters. The County and its component units have chosen to retain a portion of the risks through a self-insurance program and have also purchased insurance to transfer other risks to outside parties. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage during the past year. A description of the County and its component units' risk management program is presented below:

#### Auto, Liability and Workers' Compensation Insurance

The County has coverage with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Association (Association) for auto, liability, and workers' compensation insurance. Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays the Association contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 18. Risk Management (Continued)

#### Health Insurance

County employees, retirees and employee dependents are eligible for medical benefits from a health insurance Internal Service Funds. Funding is provided by charges to County departments, employees, and retirees. The program is supplemented by stop loss protection, which limits the County's annual liability.

Based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, the County records an estimated liability for indemnity healthcare claims. The following represents the change in the fund's claims liability for 2023, 2022, and 2021:

	E	Beginning	Changes in	Claim	Ending
Fiscal Year Ended		Liability	Estimates	Payments	Liability
June 30, 2023	\$	2,329,377	\$ 32,434,531	\$ 32,732,506	\$ 2,031,402
June 30, 2022		1,357,606	30,375,084	29,403,313	2,329,377
June 30, 2021		2,055,328	24,403,171	25,100,893	1,357,606

The ending liability is reported by the following:

	Gov	vernmental	Con	nponent Unit	
Fiscal Year Ended	Α	ctivities	- Se	chool Board	Total
June 30, 2023	\$	507,850	\$	1,523,552	\$ 2,031,402
June 30, 2022		588,250		1,741,127	2,329,377
June 30, 2021		339,402		1,018,204	1,357,606

#### Note 19. Tax Abatements and the Technology Zone Grant Program

Pursuant to the provisions of Title 15.2, Chapter 9, Section 15.2-953 of the *Code of Virginia*, localities are permitted to make appropriations of money to industrial development authorities for the purposes of promoting economic development. Furthermore, Title 58.1, Chapter 38, Section 58.1-3850 of the *Code of Virginia* permits any city, county or town the authority to establish one or more technology zones, within which incentives may be offered for investments in technological advances. The tax incentives may be provided for up to ten years and may include, but not be limited to: (i) reduction of permit fees; (ii) reduction of user fees; and (iii) reduction of any type of gross receipts tax.

The County has established the Technology Zone Grant Program and currently maintains four technology zones. The County has entered into grant agreements with local businesses within those zones. Once the business has satisfactorily paid all current year property taxes due, a calculation is performed to determine the grant amount that will ultimately be returned to the business. This transaction, in essence, is an abatement of taxes collected, as it is a reduction in tax revenues available for spending by the County. Once the grant amount is determined, the County transfers funds to the Rockingham Economic Development Authority, who subsequently returns the funds to the business. Grants shall be used for investment in technological advancements to machinery and tools and tangible personal property in the construction of new or expanded facilities within the technology zone.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 19. Tax Abatements and the Technology Zone Grant Program (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the County abated property taxes totaling \$546,056 under this grant program, including the following tax abatement agreements:

- Property tax abatement to a pharmaceutical facility in the amount of \$31,694.
- Property tax abatement to a beverage facility in the amount of \$216,766.
- Property tax abatement to a food packaging and beverage facility in the amount of \$297,596.

### Note 20. Pending GASB Statements

At June 30, 2023, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) had issued statements not yet implemented by the County. The statements which might impact the County are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, will enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The portion of Statement No. 99 related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. The portion of the Statement related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 will enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Statement No. 100 will be effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* will better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Statement No. 101 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management has not determined the effects these new Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 21. Joint Venture

The Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center (HRECC) is a joint venture of the County and the City of Harrisonburg (City). The HRECC was created in August 2003, to provide for the purchase, operation, and maintenance of a two-way radio system for public safety and general government operations in the County and City. The County's Board of Supervisors and the Harrisonburg City Council approve the annual operating and maintenance budget, as submitted by the HRECC Administrative Board comprised of the County Administrator and the City Manager. Both localities are contractually obligated to provide appropriations for the operating costs of the HRECC. The County has no explicit and measurable financial interest in the HRECC. Complete financial statements for the HRECC can be obtained from the Director of Finance, City of Harrisonburg, 345 South Main Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801.

In fiscal year 2023, the County's contributions to the HRECC totaled approximately \$3,506,761.

## Note 22. Middle River Regional Jail Authority

The Middle River Regional Jail Authority (MRRJA), which opened in April 2006, was established by the County of Augusta, City of Staunton and City of Waynesboro (the Original Member Jurisdictions) to house prisoners from their own jurisdictions as well as others. An agreement was executed as of July 1, 2015 among the Original Member Jurisdictions and the County of Rockingham and City of Harrisonburg to allow the County and City to become Member Jurisdictions of MRRJA, effectively allowing the County and City to no longer pay MRRJA's per diem rental fee. The Original Member Jurisdictions agreed to admit the County as an additional member jurisdiction effective July 1, 2015 for \$10,771,794. See Note 7 for details of the long-term liability associated with becoming a member jurisdiction.

The total principal paid by the County to become a member jurisdiction of MRRJA was \$1,009,166 in fiscal year 2023, which has been shown as a public safety expenditure in the General Fund, and as a reduction in the liability on the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position.

The total paid by the County to MRRJA for operating purposes of MRRJA was \$1,817,901 in fiscal year 2023.

## Note 23. Contingency

#### Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and state grant programs. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. Based upon past experience, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 24. Subsequent Events

On July 1, 2023, the County signed a new lease for the Bridgeport building, which resulted in a right-touse asset and lease liability of \$299,167.

Effective on July 1, 2023, the County signed a new subscription agreement with Cohesity for five years, which resulted in a right-to-use asset and subscription liability of \$262,955.

Effective on August 12, 2023, the County signed a new subscription agreement with ESRI for three years, which resulted in a right-to-use asset and subscription liability of \$168,807.

Effective on October 1, 2023, the County signed a new subscription agreement with Microsoft for three years, which resulted in a right-to-use asset and subscription liability of \$440,387.

Subsequent to year-end the County approved a contract with Lantz Construction not to exceed \$13,500,000 to construct a new recreation center.

Subsequent to year-end the County approved a bid in the amount of \$572,166 to purchase vehicles from Myers Ford.

Subsequent to year-end the County issued Literary Loan in the amount of \$14,000,000 for the renovation of Broadway High School to be paid back over 30 years at an interest rate of 3%.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY AND THE DISTRICT NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

					Fis	scal Year June 30,				
		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total Pension Liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	\$	2,559,508 \$ 5,820,012	2,661,858 \$ 6,141,573 (528,816)	2,758,824 \$ 6,430,742 852,638	2,913,015 \$ 6,822,375 (394,616) (1,115,528)	2,940,965 \$ 7,062,220 339,533	2,978,664 \$ 7,425,916 1,502,262 3,726,026	3,386,916 \$ 7,848,411 2,614,034	3,394,442 <b>\$</b> 8,392,185 (2,214,112) 5,516,227	3,991,471 9,265,076 201,241
contributions Net change in total pension liability		(3,578,397) 4,801,123	(3,993,176) 4,281,439	(4,294,088) 5,748,116	(4,600,811) 3,624,435	(4,996,969) 5,345,749	(5,297,154)	(5,592,086) 8,257,275	(5,994,819) 9,093,923	(6,302,182) 7,155,606
feet enange in total pension nabinty		1,001,125	1,201,159	5,7 10,110	5,021,155	5,515,715	10,555,711	0,207,270	,,0,5,,25	7,155,000
Total pension liability - beginning	_	84,932,224	89,733,347	94,014,786	99,762,902	103,387,337	108,733,086	119,068,800	127,326,075	136,419,998
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	89,733,347 \$	94,014,786 \$	99,762,902 \$	103,387,337 \$	108,733,086 \$	119,068,800 \$	127,326,075 \$	136,419,998 \$	143,575,604
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other changes Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,759,564 \$ 1,125,148 10,584,504 (3,578,397) (56,223) 558 10,835,154	2,826,572 \$ 1,139,839 3,573,047 (3,993,176) (48,216) (753) 3,497,313	3,003,059 \$ 1,224,047 1,428,469 (4,294,088) (49,968) (602) 1,310,917	2,681,076 \$ 1,249,882 10,038,185 (4,600,811) (57,528) (8,946) 9,301,858	2,771,832 \$ 1,322,859 6,776,776 (4,996,969) (58,179) (6,042) 5,810,277	2,716,908 \$ 1,314,637 6,494,918 (5,297,154) (63,953) (4,092) 5,161,264	2,890,331 \$ 1,399,866 1,957,907 (5,592,086) (66,505) (2,324) 587,189	3,428,079 <b>\$</b> 1,444,078 28,263,219 (5,994,819) (69,531) 2,671 27,073,697	3,685,323 1,545,767 (158,513) (6,302,182) (80,755) <u>3,028</u> (1,307,332)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		66,593,183	77,428,337	80,925,650	82,236,567	91,538,425	97,348,702	102,509,966	103,097,155	130,170,852
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	77,428,337 \$	80,925,650 \$	82,236,567 \$	91,538,425 \$	97,348,702 \$	102,509,966 \$	103,097,155 \$	130,170,852 \$	128,863,520
County and District's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	12,305,010 \$	13,089,136 \$	17,526,335 \$	11,848,912 \$	11,384,384 \$	16,558,834 \$	24,228,920 \$	6,249,146 \$	14,712,084
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered payroll County and District's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	86.29% 21,677,643 \$ 56.76%	86.08% 22,204,022 \$ 58.95%	82.43% 23,590,408 \$ 74.29%	88.54% 24,642,243 \$ 48.08%	89.53% 25,476,397 \$ 44.69%	86.09% 26,377,748 \$ 62.78%	80.97% 28,061,466 \$ 86.34%	95.42% 28,807,387 <b>\$</b> 21.69%	89.75% 30,969,101 47.51%

Note to Schedule:

(1)

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County and the District will present information for those years which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL BOARD NON-PROFESSIONAL NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

				Fis	sca	l Year June 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total Pension Liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 832,108 1,948,144 -	\$ 817,545 2,045,747 (294,432)	\$ 820,429 \$ 2,128,901 (259,762)	811,126 \$ 2,213,159 (176,386) (388,130)	5	767,863 \$ 2,273,515 (229,654)	784,209 2,353,731 (11,453) 913,856	\$ 798,398 \$ 2,420,331 (224,426)	778,711 2,481,845 (234,687) 1,224,904	\$ 735,063 2,659,258 (180,722)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions <b>Net change in total pension liability</b>	 (1,423,602) 1,356,650	 (1,348,250) 1,220,610	 (1,413,634) 1,275,934	(1,558,151) 901,618		(1,636,913) 1,174,811	(1,694,651) 2,345,692	(1,921,981) 1,072,322	(2,244,008) 2,006,765	 (2,470,956) 742,643
Total pension liability - beginning	 28,542,435	29,899,085	31,119,695	32,395,629		33,297,247	34,472,058	36,817,750	37,890,072	39,896,837
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 29,899,085	\$ 31,119,695	\$ 32,395,629 \$	33,297,247 \$	5	34,472,058 \$	36,817,750	\$ 37,890,072 \$	39,896,837	\$ 40,639,480
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	\$ 722,711 390,659 4,013,113	\$ 635,842 394,565 1,334,387	\$ 641,139 \$ 407,589 527,774	458,757 \$ 388,720 3,671,538	5	457,883 \$ 388,565 2,441,647	421,138 396,178 2,309,120	\$ 379,560 \$ 370,426 690,160	364,357 344,186 9,644,837	\$ 442,584 403,143 (29,471)
contributions Administrative expense Other changes <b>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</b>	 (1,423,602) (21,667) 212 3,681,426	(1,348,250) (18,317) (283) 997,944	(1,413,634) (18,743) (223) 143,902	(1,558,151) (21,471) (3,254) 2,936,139		(1,636,913) (21,318) (2,168) 1,627,696	(1,694,651) (23,172) (1,451) 1,407,162	(1,921,981) (24,024) (1,468) (507,327)	(2,244,008) (24,812) 901 8,085,461	 (2,470,956) (27,646) (2,664) (1,685,010)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 25,542,725	29,224,151	30,222,095	30,365,997		33,302,136	34,929,832	36,336,994	35,829,667	43,915,128
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 29,224,151	\$ 30,222,095	\$ 30,365,997 \$	33,302,136 \$	5	34,929,832 \$	36,336,994	\$ 35,829,667 \$	43,915,128	\$ 42,230,118
School Board non-professional net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 674,934	\$ 897,600	\$ 2,029,632 \$	(4,889) \$	8	(457,774) \$	480,756	\$ 2,060,405 \$	(4,018,291)	\$ (1,590,638)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Employer's covered payroll School Board's non-professional net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 97.74% 8,867,620 7.61%	\$ 97.12% 7,801,742 11.51%	\$ 93.73% 7,866,736 \$ 25.80%	100.01% 7,671,522 \$ -0.06%	5	101.33% 7,656,906 \$ -5.98%	98.69% 7,741,507 6.21%	\$ 94.56% 6,977,206 \$ 29.53%	110.07% 6,228,325 -64.52%	\$ 103.91% 7,565,538 -21.02%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board will present information for those years which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL BOARD SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (COST-SHARING) – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

					Fiscal Year June	30,			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.81091%	0.82758%	0.82587%	0.81860%	0.82645%	0.81147%	0.79915%	0.80852%	0.82428%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 97,996,000	\$104,163,000	\$115,739,000	\$100,671,000	\$ 97,190,000	\$106,794,064	\$116,297,311 \$	62,766,195 \$	78,476,391
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 47,690,683	\$ 61,488,041	\$ 62,969,097	\$ 60,677,558	\$ 62,103,689	\$ 67,779,872	\$ 69,768,182 \$	68,822,822 <b>\$</b>	73,677,371
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	205.48%	169.40%	183.80%	165.91%	156.50%	157.56%	166.69%	91.20%	106.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.88%	70.68%	68.28%	72.92%	74.81%	73.51%	71.47%	85.46%	82.61%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board will present information for those years which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF COUNTY AND DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		Fiscal Year June 30,									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$ 2,759,564	\$ 2,826,572	\$ 3,003,059	\$ 2,681,076	\$ 2,771,832	\$ 2,716,908	\$ 2,890,331 \$	3,428,079 \$	3,685,323 \$	4,746,659	
Contributions in relation to the CRC	2,759,564	2,826,572	3,003,059	2,681,076	2,771,832	2,716,908	2,890,331	3,428,079	3,685,323	4,746,659	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 3	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 21,677,643	\$ 22,204,022	\$ 23,590,408	\$ 24,642,243	\$ 25,476,397	\$ 26,377,748	\$ 28,061,466 \$	28,807,387 \$	30,969,101 \$	34,621,875	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.73%	12.73%	12.73%	10.88%	10.88%	10.30%	10.30%	11.90%	11.90%	13.71%	

# SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL BOARD NON-PROFESSIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

					Fiscal Year	June 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$ 722,711	\$ 635,842	641,139 \$	458,757 \$	457,883 \$	421,138 \$	379,560 \$	364,357 \$	442,584 <b>\$</b>	462,419
Contributions in relation to the CRC	722,711	635,842	641,139	458,757	457,883	421,138	379,560	364,357	442,584	462,419
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Employer's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$ 8,867,620	\$ 7,801,742 \$	7,866,736 \$	7,671,522 \$	7,656,906 \$	7,741,507 \$	6,977,206 \$	6,228,325 \$	7,565,538 \$	7,959,019
payroll	8.15%	8.15%	8.15%	5.98%	5.98%	5.44%	5.44%	5.85%	5.85%	5.81%

# SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL BOARD PROFESSIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		Fiscal Year June 30,										
	2014	2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$ 6,915,149	\$ 8,915,7	6 \$ 8,853	455 \$	8,895,330	\$ 10,135,322	\$ 10,627,884	\$ 10,939,651	\$ 11,438,353 \$	12,245,179 \$	13,177,237	
Contributions in relation to the CRC	6,915,149	8,915,7	6 8,853	455	8,895,330	10,135,322	10,627,884	10,939,651	11,438,353	12,245,179	13,177,237	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$		
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 47,690,683	\$ 61,488,0	1 \$ 62,969	097 \$	60,677,558	\$ 62,103,689	\$ 67,779,872	\$ 69,768,182	\$ 68,822,822 \$	73,677,371 \$	79,285,421	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.50%	14.5	14	)6%	14.66%	16.32%	15.68%	15.68%	16.62%	16.62%	16.62%	

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

#### Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

### County and the District and School Board Non-Professional Plans (Agent Plans)

#### General Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changes from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Local's Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

## School Board Professional Plan (Cost-Sharing)

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY AND THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – MEDICAL INSURANCE PROGRAM

			Fiscal Yea	ır Jı	une 30,		
	2018	2019	2020		2021	2022	2023
Total Medical Insurance OPEB liability:							
Service cost	\$ 390,913	\$ 410,459	\$ 393,352	\$	406,569	\$ 661,777	\$ 676,204
Interest	183,392	195,244	224,816		191,810	138,244	183,396
Experience losses	-	-	263,293		-	653,367	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	(1,688,245)		-	837,939	-
Contributions - employer	(196,975)	(212,733)	(175,592)		(188,761)	(220,760)	(234,558)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 377,330	392,970	(982,376)		409,618	2,070,567	625,042
Total Medical Insurance OPEB liability - beginning	 5,702,899	6,080,229	6,473,199		5,490,823	5,900,441	7,971,008
County and District total Medical Insurance OPEB liability - ending	\$ 6,080,229	\$ 6,473,199	\$ 5,490,823	\$	5,900,441	\$ 7,971,008	\$ 8,596,050
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total Medical Insurance OPEB liability Covered employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$ 0.00% 25,476,397 23.87%	\$ 0.00% 26,377,748 24.54%	\$ 0.00% 28,061,466 19.57%	\$	0.00% 28,807,387 20.48%	\$ 0.00% 30,969,101 25.74%	\$ 0.00% 34,621,875 24.83%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County and the District will present information for those years which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL BOARD'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – MEDICAL INSURANCE PROGRAM

				Fiscal Yea	ır J	une 30,		
		2018	2019	2020		2021	2022	2023
Total Medical Insurance OPEB liability:								
Service cost	\$	1,141,518	\$ 1,198,594	\$ 1,130,216	\$	1,168,191	\$ 1,824,324	\$ 1,864,094
Interest		605,681	646,053	736,318		694,934	499,581	595,436
Experience losses		-	-	2,423,524		-	(14,433)	-
Changes in assumptions		-	-	(4,876,583)		-	2,350,894	-
Contributions - employer		(468,646)	(506,138)	(635,447)		(683,106)	(285,274)	(303,104)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,278,553	1,338,509	(1,221,972)		1,180,019	4,375,092	2,156,426
Total Medical Insurance OPEB liability - beginning	_	18,802,393	20,080,946	21,419,455		20,197,483	21,377,502	25,752,594
School Board total Medical Insurance OPEB liability - ending	\$	20,080,946	\$ 21,419,455	\$ 20,197,483	\$	21,377,502	\$ 25,752,594	\$ 27,909,020
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total Medical Insurance OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered employee payroll	\$	69,760,595	\$ 75,521,380	\$ 76,745,388	\$	81,242,909	\$ 81,242,909	\$ 87,244,440
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		28.79%	28.36%	26.32%		26.31%	31.70%	31.99%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board will present information for those years which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY AND THE DISTRICT'S PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB – MEDICAL INSURANCE PROGRAM

			Fiscal Yea	ar Ju	ine 30,		
	 2018	2019	2020		2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$ 581,319	\$ 610,641	\$ 175,592	\$	188,761	\$ 220,760	\$ 234,558
Contributions in relation to the CRC	 581,319	610,641	175,592		188,761	220,760	234,558
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ _	\$	-	\$ 	\$ -
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 25,476,397	\$ 26,377,748	\$ 28,061,466	\$	28,807,387	\$ 30,969,101	\$ 34,621,875
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	2.28%	2.31%	0.63%		0.66%	0.71%	0.68%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County and the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL BOARD PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB – MEDICAL INSURANCE PROGRAM

			Fiscal Ye	ar Ju	ine 30,		
	 2018	2019	2020		2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$ 1,947,789	\$ 2,053,750	\$ 635,447	\$	683,106	\$ 285,274	\$ 303,104
Contributions in relation to the CRC	 1,947,789	2,053,750	635,447		683,106	285,274	 303,104
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 69,760,595	\$ 75,521,380	\$ 76,745,388	\$	75,051,147	\$ 81,242,909	\$ 87,244,440
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	2.79%	2.72%	0.83%		0.91%	0.35%	0.35%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board will present information for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY – GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM

						Fiscal Yea	ır J	une 30,				
		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
County and the District:												
Employer's proportion of the net GLI OPEB liability		0.13592%		0.13702%		0.13855%		0.14184%		0.14531%		0.14913%
Employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability	\$	2,045,000	\$	2,081,000	\$	2,254,577	\$	2,367,077	\$	1,691,802	\$	1,795,669
Employer's covered payroll	\$	25,071,813	\$	26,053,355	\$	27,160,577	\$	29,190,962	\$	30,001,481	\$	32,438,704
Employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability as a												- , , -
percentage of its covered payroll		8.16%		7.99%		8.30%		8.11%		5.64%		5.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total GLI OPEB liability		48.86%		51.22%		52.00%		52.64%		67.45%		67.21%
School Board Non-Professional:												
Employer's proportion of the net GLI OPEB liability		0.04331%		0.04267%		0.04263%		0.04083%		0.03959%		0.03987%
Employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability	\$	651,000	\$	649,000	\$	693,704	\$	681,386	\$	460,935	\$	480,073
Employer's covered payroll	\$	7,987,977	\$	8,112,786	\$	8,357,500	\$	8,403,654	\$	8,173,333	\$	8,673,704
Employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability as a												
percentage of its covered payroll		8.15%		8.00%		8.30%		8.11%		5.64%		5.53%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total GLI OPEB liability		48.86%		51.22%		52.00%		52.64%		67.45%		67.21%
School Board Professional:												
Employer's proportion of the net GLI OPEB liability		0.34950%		0.35010%		0.34568%		0.33878%		0.34504%		0.35190%
Employer's proportion of the net GLI OFEB hability	¢	5.260.000	\$	5,317,000	\$		\$	5,653,683	\$	4,019,478	¢	4,237,215
Employer's proportionate share of the net GET OF EB haonity	s	- ) )	\$	, ,	\$	67,764,423	\$	69,723,077	\$	71,238,148	s	76,546,296
	\$	04,405,825	φ	00,370,938	ф	07,704,425	Ф	09,723,077	φ	/1,230,140	Э	70,340,290
Employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability as a		9 160/		7.00%		8 200/		9 110/		5 6 40/		5 5 4 9 /
percentage of its covered payroll		8.16%		7.99%		8.30%		8.11%		5.64%		5.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total GLI OPEB liability		48.86%		51.22%		52.00%		52.64%		67.45%		67.21%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County and the District, the School Board non-professional, and the School Board professional will present information for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB – GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM

							Fiscal Y	Yea	r June 30,					
		2014	2015	2016		2017	2018		2019		2020	2021	2022	2023
County and the District: Contractually required contribution (CRC) Contributions in relation to the CRC	\$	102,169 102,169	\$ 107,086 107,086	\$ 114,244 114,244	\$	130,373 130,373	\$ 134,478 134,478	\$	141,235 141,235	\$	151,793 151,793	\$ 162,008 162,008	\$ 175,169 175,169	\$ 196,073 196,073
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 2	1,285,137 0.48%	22,309,633 0.48%	\$ 23,800,818 0.48%	\$ 2	25,071,813 0.52%	\$ 26,053,355 0.52%		27,160,577 0.52%	\$ 2	29,190,962 0.52%	\$ 30,001,481 0.54%	32,438,704 0.54%	36,309,815 0.54%
School Board Non-Professional: Contractually required contribution (CRC) Contributions in relation to the CRC	\$	37,343 37,343	\$ 37,831 37,831	\$ 38,363 38,363	\$	41,537 41,537	\$ 42,045 42,045	\$	43,459 43,459	\$	43,699 43,699	\$ 44,136 44,136	\$ 46,838 46,838	\$ 50,540 50,540
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	7,779,696 0.48%	7,881,447 0.48%	\$ 7,992,255 0.48%	\$	7,987,977 0.52%	8,112,786 0.52%	\$	8,357,500 0.52%	\$	8,403,654 0.52%	\$ 8,173,333 0.54%	8,673,704 0.54%	9,359,259 0.54%
School Board Professional: Contractually required contribution (CRC) Contributions in relation to the CRC	\$	285,402 285,402	\$ 295,802 295,802	\$ 302,707 302,707	\$	335,222 335,222	\$ 346,483 346,483	\$	352,375 352,375	\$	362,560 362,560	\$ 384,686 384,686	\$ 413,350 413,350	\$ 448,496 448,496
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 5	9,458,766 0.48%	61,625,384 0.48%	\$ 63,064,004 0.48%	\$ (	54,465,823 0.52%	\$ 66,570,938 0.52%		67,764,423 0.52%	\$ (	59,723,077 0.52%	\$ 71,238,148 0.54%	76,546,296 0.54%	83,054,815 0.54%

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL BOARD NON-PROFESSIONAL PLAN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM

	Fiscal Year June 30,											
		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Total HIC OPEB liability:												
Service cost	\$	19,552	\$	18,080	\$	18,979	\$	20,511	\$	22,330	\$	24,929
Interest	φ	65.388	ψ	65.306	φ	68,683	φ	69.108	φ	73,245	Φ	75,778
Differences between expected and actual experience				33,710		207		(9,827)		(24,874)		5,689
Changes in assumptions		(22,380)				21,876		53,437		22,301		676
Benefit payments		(54,976)		(72,469)		(65,253)		(68,943)		(74,952)		(85,856)
Net change in total OPEB liability		7,584		44,627		44,492		64,286		18,050		21,216
Total HIC OPEB liability - beginning		961,598		969,182		1,013,809		1,058,301		1,122,587		1,140,637
Total HIC OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	969,182	\$	1,013,809	\$	1,058,301	\$	1,122,587	\$	1,140,637	\$	1,161,853
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:												
Contributions - employer	\$	51.835	\$	52,735	\$	58,393	\$	55,438	\$	57,893	\$	67,614
Net investment income	ψ	43.842	Ψ	28,613	Ψ	27,512	Ψ	8,916	Ψ	114,158	Φ	832
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		(54,976)		(72,469)		(65,253)		(68,943)		(74,952)		(85,856)
Administrative expense		(702)		(666)		(591)		(843)		(1,314)		(894)
Other changes		2,239		(1,625)		(32)		(4)		-		7,431
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		42,238		6,588		20,029		(5,436)		95,785		(10,873)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		381,566		423,804		430,392		450,421		444,985		540,770
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	423,804	\$	430,392	\$	450,421	\$	444,985	\$	540,770	\$	529,897
School Board non-professional net HIC OPEB												
liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	545,378	\$	583,417	\$	607,880	\$	677,602	\$	599,867	\$	631,956
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total												
HIC OPEB liability		43.73%		42.45%		42.56%		39.64%		47.41%		45.61%
Covered payroll	\$	7,979,559	\$	8,112,786	\$	8,983,538	\$	8,528,923	\$	8,171,026	\$	8,668,462
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	Ŷ	6.83%	÷	7.19%	¥	6.77%	¥	7.94%	¥	7.34%	¥	7.29%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board Non-Professional Plan will present information for those years which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL BOARD NON-PROFESSIONAL PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB – HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM

					Fiscal Yea	ar June 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$ 57,482	\$ 48,730 \$	49,492 \$	51,835 \$	52,735 \$	58,393 \$	55,438 \$	63,734 \$	67,614 \$	77,649
Contributions in relation to the CRC	57,482	48,730	49,492	51,835	52,735	58,393	55,438	63,734	67,614	77,649
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	5 - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Employer's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 7,767,822	\$ 7,859,697 \$	7,982,504 \$	5 7,979,559 \$	8,112,786 \$	8,983,538 \$	8,528,923 \$	8,171,026 \$	8,668,462 <b>\$</b>	9,355,301
covered payroll	0.74%	0.62%	0.62%	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%	0.78%	0.78%	0.83%

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL BOARD PROFESSIONAL PLAN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM

			Fiscal Ye	ear June 30,		
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Employer's proportion of the net HIC OPEB liability	0.81579%	0.82261%	0.80768%	0.79495%	0.80417%	0.82013%
Employer's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability	\$ 10,349,000	\$ 10,445,000	\$ 10,573,316	\$ 10,370,255	6 10,322,078	\$ 10,243,805
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 64,382,624	\$ 66,527,647	\$ 66,717,131	\$ 68,549,098	\$ 71,122,066	\$ 76,437,273
Employer's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.07%	15.70%	15.85%	15.13%	14.51%	13.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	7.04%	8.08%	8.97%	9.95%	13.15%	15.08%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board Professional Plan will present information for those years which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL BOARD PROFESSIONAL PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB – HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM

					Fiscal	Year June 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$ 658,256	\$ 652,216	\$ 667,472	\$ 714,647	\$ 807,757	\$ 813,949	\$ 836,299	\$ 860,577 \$	924,891 <b>\$</b>	1,003,541
Contributions in relation to the CRC	658,256	652,216	667,472	714,647	807,757	813,949	836,299	860,577	924,891	1,003,541
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ - \$	- \$	-
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 59,302,346	\$ 61,529,796	\$ 62,969,099	\$ 64,382,624	\$ 66,527,647	\$ 66,717,131	\$ 68,549,098	\$ 71,122,066 \$	76,437,273 \$	82,937,273
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.119	ő 1.06%	1.06%	1.11%	1.21%	1.22%	1.22%	1.21%	1.21%	1.21%

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Medical Insurance Program

There are no assets accumulated in a trust for the Medical Insurance Program.

#### A. Changes of Benefit Terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Medical Insurance benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

#### B. Changes of Assumptions

The following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions and methods effective July 1, 2021.

1. The following is the discount rate used for the period presented:

2021	2.18%
2020	3.36%
2019	3.11%

- 2. The medical claims aging table was updated to be based on the aging factor in the Dale Yamamoto study released by the Society of Actuaries in June 2013.
- 3. The assumed trend rate for the medical claims was changed to 6.25% grading uniformly to 5.50% over 3 years, and following the Getzen model thereafter until reaching an ultimate rate of 4.04% in the year 2075.

#### Note 2. Group Life Insurance Program

#### A. Changes of Benefit Terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

#### B. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumption as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### **School Board Professional**

#### Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experienced for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through nine years of service

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Note 2. Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

#### B. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

### **School Board Professional (Continued)**

## **Teachers** (Continued)

Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### **County, District and School Board Non-Professional Plans**

#### General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Note 3. Health Insurance Credit Program

#### A. Changes of Benefit Terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

### B. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### **School Board Non-Professional Plan**

#### Non-Largest 10 Locality Employers – General Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### **School Board Professional Plan**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year, age and service decrement through nine years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

<u>Asset Forfeiture Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for confiscated funds collected for law enforcement purposes.

<u>Tourism Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for 60% of the transient occupancy tax collected for community development purposes.

LLC Library Fund – This fund is used to account for the assets held by the County for the Law Library.

<u>Opioid Settlement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the County's receipt and corresponding expenditures related to the Opioid Settlement funds received.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

			Total								
		Asset					Opioid		Nonmajor		
	Forfeiture			Tourism		LLC	Settlement		Governmental		
		Fund		Fund	Li	ibrary Fund		Fund		Funds	
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	202,794	\$	1,463,877	\$	11,701	\$	90,845	\$	1,769,217	
Investments		92,817		669,999		5,356		41,578		809,750	
Accrued interest		495		3,469		26		176		4,166	
Trade and other accounts		-		243,730		-		-		243,730	
Due from other government		-		9,963		-		-		9,963	
Prepaid items		-		1,317		-		-		1,317	
Total assets	\$	296,106	\$	2,392,355	\$	17,083	\$	132,599	\$	2,838,143	
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	3,184	\$	7,800	\$	-	\$	10,984	
Accrued payroll		-		6,399		-		-		6,399	
Unearned revenue		11,738		-		-		131,818		143,556	
Total liabilities		11,738		9,583		7,800		131,818		160,939	
FUND BALANCE											
Nonspendable:											
Prepaid items		-		1,317		-		-		1,317	
Restricted for:											
Judicial administration		106,443		-		-		-		106,443	
Public safety		177,925		-		-		-		177,925	
Health and social services		-		-		-		781		781	
Parks, recreation and cultural		-		2,381,455		9,283		-		2,390,738	
Total fund balance		284,368		2,382,772		9,283		781		2,677,204	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	296,106	\$	2,392,355	\$	17,083	\$	132,599	\$	2,838,143	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Special Revenue									
		Asset						Opioid		Nonmajor		
	F	orfeiture		Tourism		LLC	S	ettlement	Go	overnmental		
		Fund		Fund	Lib	orary Fund		Fund	Funds			
Revenues:												
Fines and forfeitures	\$	31,050	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,050		
Use of money		9,834		56,183		704		781		67,502		
Transient occupancy taxes		-		1,267,454		-		-		1,267,454		
Miscellaneous		2,800		-		27,472		51,207		81,479		
Intergovernmental		47,257		9,963		-		-		57,220		
Total revenues		90,941		1,333,600		28,176		51,988		1,504,705		
Expenditures:												
Current:												
Judicial administration		2,170		-		-		-		2,170		
Public safety		72,393		-		-		-		72,393		
Health and social services		-		-		-		51,207		51,207		
Parks, recreation and cultural		-		-		47,926		-		47,926		
Community development		-		657,337		-		-		657,337		
Total expenditures		74,563		657,337		47,926		51,207		831,033		
Income (loss) before transfers		16,378		676,263		(19,750)		781		673,672		
Other financing uses:												
Transfers out		-		(104,000)		-		-		(104,000)		
Net change in fund balance		16,378		572,263		(19,750)		781		569,672		
Fund balance, beginning		267,990		1,810,509		29,033		-		2,107,532		
Fund balance, ending	\$	284,368	\$	2,382,772	\$	9,283	\$	781	\$	2,677,204		

### NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District</u> - This fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District, a blended component unit.

<u>Countryside Sanitary District</u> - This fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the Countryside Sanitary District, a blended component unit.

<u>Penn Laird Sewer Authority</u> - This fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the Penn Laird Sewer Authority, a blended component unit.

<u>Lake Shenandoah Stormwater Control Authority</u> – This fund is used to account for the provision of stormwater services to the Lake Shenandoah Stormwater Control Authority, a blended component unit.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District	Countryside Sanitary District	Penn Laird Sewer Authority	Lake Shenandoah Stormwater Control Authority	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44,000	\$ 15,395	\$ -	φ 000,000	
Investments	8,140	2,848	-	149,285	160,273
Trade and other accounts receivable, net	5,172	1,696	-	12,702	19,570
Prepaid items Accrued interest	105	37	-	490	490
Accrued interest	105	57	-	1,862	2,004
Total current assets	57,417	19,976	-	971,297	1,048,690
Noncurrent assets:					
Investments	11,998	4,198	-	220,050	236,246
Capital assets:					
Land	20,600	-	-	935,787	956,387
Improvements other than buildings	485,858	306,022	-	1,085,004	1,876,884
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(161,360)	(107,108)	-	(27,125)	(295,593)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation and amortization	345,098	198,914	-	1,993,666	2,537,678
Total noncurrent assets	357,096	203,112	-	2,213,716	2,773,924
Total assets	414,513	223,088	-	3,185,013	3,822,614
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Other postemployment benefits		-	-	917	917
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	-	917	917
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and deposits	3,005	255	-	4,378	7,638
Due to other governments	1,062	434	-	-	1,496
Accrued payroll	-	-	-	1,609	1,609
Accrued interest	-	-	-	39,603	39,603
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	19,287	19,287
Advance from other funds	-	-	-	178,145	178,145
Total current liabilities	4,067	689	-	243,022	247,778
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Advance from other funds	-	-	-	1,405,980	1,405,980
Other postemployment benefits liability	-	-	-	5,578	5,578
Total noncurrent liabilities		-	-	1,411,558	1,411,558
Total liabilities	4,067	689	-	1,654,580	1,659,336
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Other postemployment benefits		-	-	582	582
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	-	582	582
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	345,098	198,914	-	1,989,288	2,533,300
Unrestricted (deficit)	65,348	23,485	-		(369,687)
Total net position	\$ 410,446	\$ 222,399	\$ -	\$ 1,530,768	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District		S	untryside anitary District	nn Laird Sewer uthority	S	e Shenandoah tormwater trol Authority	Total Jonmajor roprietary Funds
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	42,241	\$	10,363	\$ 4,190	\$	397,319	\$ 454,113
Total operating revenues		42,241		10,363	4,190		397,319	454,113
Operating expenses:								
Contractual services		17,483		3,334	-		62,661	83,478
Personnel Services		-		-	-		19,904	19,904
Fringe Benefits		-		-	-		10,500	10,500
Other charges		23,458		4,118	-		-	27,576
Depreciation and amortization		9,717		6,121	-		27,125	42,963
Total operating expenses		50,658		13,573	-		120,190	184,421
<b>Operating income (loss)</b>		(8,417)		(3,210)	4,190		277,129	269,692
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		667,980	667,980
Interest revenue		2,229		672	50		25,568	28,519
Interest expense		-		-	(1,165)	)	(48,389)	(49,554)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net		2,229		672	(1,115)	)	645,159	646,945
Income (loss) before transfers		(6,188)		(2,538)	3,075		922,288	916,637
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		-		-	(672,542)	)	-	(672,542)
Change in net position		(6,188)		(2,538)	(669,467)	)	922,288	244,095
Total net position, beginning		416,634		224,937	669,467		608,480	1,919,518
Total net position, ending	\$	410,446	\$	222,399	\$ -	\$	1,530,768	\$ 2,163,613

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash flows from operating activities:	5	Lilly bdivision Sanitary District	ountryside Sanitary District	Penn Laird Sewer Authority	5	te Shenandoah Stormwater htrol Authority	Total Nonmajor Iroprietary Funds
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees	\$	41,276 (39,483)	\$ 10,162 \$ (7,349)	9,272 (275)		397,312 (62,661) (27,705)	\$ 458,022 (109,768) (27,705)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,793	2,813	8,997		306,946	320,549
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Intergovernmental - grants Transfers (to) from other funds		-	-	140,513		667,980 -	667,980 140,513
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-	-	140,513		667,980	808,493
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Advance to other funds Principal paid on outstanding debt Interest paid and fiscal charges on outstanding debt Acquisition and construction of capital assets		- - -	- - -	(156,737) (3,079)		(172,956) (52,713) (873,898)	(172,956) (156,737) (55,792) (873,898)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		-	-	(159,816)		(1,099,567)	(1,259,383)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds on sale of investments Purchase of investments Interest received on investment securities		(1,058) 2,166	(1,028) 648	3,250		35,341	38,591 (2,086) 27,438
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		1,108	(380)	3,307		59,908	63,943
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		2,901	2,433	(6,999)		(64,733)	(66,398)
Cash and Cash Equivalents: Beginning		41,099	12,962	6,999		871,691	932,751
Ending	\$	44,000	\$ 15,395 \$	-	\$	806,958	\$ 866,353
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(8,417)	\$ (3,210) \$	4,190	\$	277,129	\$ 269,692
Depreciation and amortization Change in assets and liabilities:		9,717	6,121	-		27,125	42,963
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Increase in prepaid items Increase in OPEB related deferred outflows of resources Increase (decrease) in due to other governments Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and deposits Increase in accrued liabilities Increase in other post employement benefit liability		(965) - (416) 1,874 -	(201) - 138 (35)	5,082 - (275) -		940 (14) (312) - - 194 2,754	4,856 (14) (312) (278) 1,564 194 2,754
Increase in OPEB related deferred inflows of resources		-	-	-		77	77
Decrease in unearned revenue		-	-	-		(947)	 (947)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,793	\$ 2,813 \$	8,997	\$	306,946	\$ 320,549
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing activities: Capital assets acquired through incurrence of accounts payable	\$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$	4,378	\$ 4,378
Schedule of Noncash Investing Activities Close out final balances of receivables, capital assets, and payables from Penn Laird Sewer Authority to the Water and Sewer Fund	\$	-	\$ - \$	(813,055)	\$	-	\$ (813,055)

## DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD

<u>School Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the School Board. Financing is provided by specific allocations from the state and federal governments, by appropriation from the General Fund of the primary government by the Board of Supervisors, and charges for services.

<u>School Cafeteria Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the centralized school cafeteria operations.

<u>School Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund accounts for financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities of the School Board, other than those financed by the Massanutten Technical Center.

<u>Massanutten Technical Center – Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the Massanutten Technical Center.

# **COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD** June 30, 2023

ANETS         S         6,980,562         S         0.613,03         S         6,540,473         11,87,30         5         15,001,101           Investments         1,194,489         938,372         2,993,344         145,579         7,272,404           Table and other accounts receivable         10,716,97         11,87,20         11,8			School Operating Fund	Ca	school afeteria Fund	School Capital Projects Fund	Fun Tec	Nonmajor Governmental d - Massanutten chnical Center - perating Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Investment 1, 194,649 93,872 2,997,484 145,879 7,272,294 Accurd investion receivable 157,676 55,955 1,542 763 2,272,904 Accurd investion receivable 157,676 55,955 1,542 763 2,2760 Propulations 2,847,198 200,298 - 101,623 9 4,000 4,133,198 Propulations 2,847,198 200,298 - 101,623 9 4,000 4,133,198 Propulations 2,847,198 200,298 - 101,623 9 4,000 4,133,198 Accurd involved 11,776 1,777,82 - 101,923 9 2,245,100 4,133,198 Accurd involved 11,92,600 5,000,000										
Tack and other accents receivable       157,636       55,995       -       16,1622       345,263         Accreard inters       6,238,079       592,626       -       108,329       6,085,054         Prepaid acm       1,387,1798       20,709       -       85,709       502,626       -       108,329       6,085,054         Increases       2       2,045,564       \$4,031,904       \$7,090,235       \$5,031,600       41,33,194         Accounts paychic       \$       1,556,508       \$8,862       \$8,15,256       \$2,07,092       \$2,02,77,400         Accounts paychic       \$2,064,5640       \$6,000       817,273       70,002       \$2,02,77,400         Account paychic       2,064,5640       \$6,000       817,723       70,002       \$2,02,77,400         Account paychic       2,064,5640       \$6,000       817,723       70,002,35       \$2,02,07,400         Nong paycell       10,03,393       501,777       2,107       \$2,000       \$2,57,02         For paycell       2,064,5640       \$6,000       817,723       70,003,35       \$2,51,816         Capital paycell       1,77,476       107,682       \$4,031,904       \$9,590,005       \$7,90,933       \$5,51,88         Capital paycell and for thea	•	\$	· · ·	\$	, ,	\$ 	\$	· · · · ·	\$	
Accuraci intercent         -         5,155         15,842         763         21,760           Deef non other governments         5,28,707         59,265         -         108,329         65,88,945           Nearbary         1,38,71,98         200,298         -         8,57,00         44,313,196           Nearbary         1,27,67         17,782         -         5,55,56         5         709,993         5         35,01,836           Account psychic         5         1,56,508         5         58,623         5         81,5526         5         20,71,240           Account psychic         1         1,56,508         5         58,623         5         81,5526         5         20,71,240           Account psychic         1         1,56,508         5         50,012         125,000         125,000         125,000         125,000         125,000         155,002         55,020         5         53,515         5         35,158         5         6         -         20,07,24         8         35,158         5         6         -         20,07,24         8         35,018,06         12,900,05         5         35,018,06         12,900,053         5         35,158         5         35,018,06					,	2,993,494				
Due from other governments         0.288/079         592.026         -         108.249         6.988/954           Inventory         177.476         177.682         -         3.557.198         200.208         -         8.57.00         14.133.196           Intal assets         \$         2.0645.640         \$         4.031.964         \$         9.569.309         \$         3.557.158           Intal LITIES         \$         2.0645.640         \$         4.031.964         \$         9.569.309         \$         3.557.158           Constrained by profil         \$         1.556.08         \$         \$         2.06.09         \$         2.06.09         \$         2.06.09         125.500         125.500         125.500         \$         2.06.09         \$         2.06.09         2.57.92         7.09.053         \$         3.57.206         -         \$         3.57.206         -         \$         3.57.206         -         \$         3.57.206         -         \$         3.57.206         -         \$         3.57.206         -         \$         3.57.206         -         -         3.57.206         -         2.00.235.41         -         3.57.206         -         2.00.236.41         -         3.57.206         -<			157,636			15.942		· · · · ·		· · ·
Start 198         200.298         -         85.700         4133.397           Total assets         \$         20,45,450         \$         4,031.964         \$         9,549,400         \$         790.933         \$         35.198           Accruad payol         \$         1556,508         \$         54.031.964         \$         9,549,400         \$         790.933         \$         2,697,407           Accruad payol         \$         1556,508         \$         54.031.964         \$         9,549,400         \$         2,009,01         \$         2,267,740         \$         2,267,740         18,500         \$         2,267,900         55,500         \$         2,267,900         55,500         \$         2,267,900         55,500         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         2,263,407         \$         3,361,816         \$         3,361,816         \$         3,261,816,807         \$         3,261,816,807         \$			-			15,842				· · ·
Inventory         177,476         177,682         -         -         355,155           Total seets         \$         20,645,640         \$         4,031,964         \$         9,549,800         \$         700,953         \$         5,018,356           Accounts payable         \$         1,556,508         \$         \$         8,155,26         \$         20,045,340         \$         9,009,013         \$         3,018,366           Carcend payable         \$         1,556,508         \$         \$         8,152,26         \$         20,093,35         2,217         422,102         11,099,013         5,550         \$         20,093,35         2,217         422,103         11,099,013         \$         5,550         \$         20,013,35         20,013,35         20,013,35         2,231,471         \$         10,000,013         \$         1,55,958         \$         5,010         1,331,95         \$         1,55,958         \$         1,55,958         \$         1,55,958         \$         1,55,958         \$         1,55,958         \$         2,03,559         1,55,958         \$         1,532,958         1,55,958         \$         1,532,958         1,55,958         \$         1,532,958         1,55,958         \$         1,532,958	6		· · ·		,	-		· · · · ·		- ) )
Total seets         \$         2.0645640         \$         4.031964         \$         9.549,809         \$         700,933         \$         3.018,366           LABULTIES         1.0063,039         501,777         2.197         423,162         1.0966,039         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         1.0966,017         423,162         423,162         433,166         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,032,66         -         43,023,66         -         1,220,650         -         1,220,650         -         1,220,650         -         1,220,650         -         1,220,650         -         1,220,650         -         1,220,650         -         1,220,650										
LABILITIES         I.156/508         S. 55/6.508         S. 55/6.23         8.15.526         S. 207,002         S. 26/37,407           Accured psyroll         10/063/039         501,777         2,197         429,162         10.996,172           Isomand revenue         -         -         22,009         55,793         22,814,716           Isoll liabilities         20,645,640         50,000         817,722         790,955         22,814,716           Newnandy         177,766         177,762         -         35,739         35,739           Incentary         177,767         177,822         -         12,20,739           Incentary         4,33,196         -         12,20,739           Incentary         4,33,196         -         12,20,739           Incentary         5         12,20,750         12,20,750           Intellabitition of the balances         \$	inventory				177,002	 				555,156
Accounts payable         S         1.556,508         5         562.33         \$         815.25         \$         207,022         \$         2.637,409           Discurde payroll         19.06.03.09         501,777         -         -         125,000         125,010         143,1196         126,017         135,156         120,017         126,017         135,156         120,015,00         135,196,196         136,196         136,196	Total assets	\$	20,645,640	\$	4,031,964	\$ 9,549,809	\$	790,953	\$	35,018,366
Accruat privatil         19,063,039         501,77         2,107         429,162         19,096,175           Deat of the governments         26,093         -         -         29,099         55,709           Total liabilities         20,645,640         560,400         817,723         790,053         22,814,716           Newstory         177,476         177,652         -         -         355,158           Newstory         177,476         177,652         -         -         3,093,554         -         -         3,093,554         -         3,093,554         -         3,093,554         -         3,093,554         -         12,200,650         12,200,650         -         12,200,650         -         12,200,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         -         12,203,650         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
Junamed Invenue         1         125,000         125,000           Total labilities         20,043         -         -         20,009         55,702           Total labilities         20,045,540         560,400         817,723         700,095         22,814,716           Propediations         3,847,198         200,298         -         85,700         4,1133,196           Inventory         177,476         177,652         -         -         3,513,88           Capital projects         -         -         8,732,086         -         5,700         (4,110,374)           Cafteria         -         -         8,732,086         -         1,200,593         -         3,200,594         -         -         3,200,594         -         -         3,200,593         -         3,200,593         5         35,018,366         -         1,220,505         -         -         -         8,712,086         -         1,220,505         -         -         -         3,00,740         -         -         -         20,071,151         -         -         20,071,161         -         -         20,707,162         -         20,707,151         -         20,707,151         -         -         20,707,151	1.0	\$		\$	· · · ·	\$ · · · · ·	\$	· · · · ·	\$	, ,
Date to elergy operaments         26,093         -         -         29,099         55,709           Trad liabilities         20,645,640         \$60,400         \$17,723         790,933         22,314,716           Winspandabilities         3,847,198         200,298         -         \$5,700         4,133,196           Prepaid items         3,847,198         200,298         -         \$5,700         4,133,196           Investory         177,476         177,652         -         \$5,710         4,133,196           Unsigned (deficit)         (4,02,464)         -         -         \$6,752,086         -         \$1,220,650           Total liabilities and fund balances         5         20,645,640         \$4,03,1964         \$9,549,000         \$790,953         \$ 3,50,18,366           Oral liabilities and fund balances         5         20,645,640         \$4,03,1964         \$9,549,000         \$790,953         \$ 5,30,013,406           Less accumulated depercention and anorization         5         12,203,650         Nonunus reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:         Capital assets used in governmental funds.         \$ 330,007,340         [22,97,1,151         Deficit of of the governmental funds.         \$ 12,203,650         Nounuuse reported for governmental funds.			19,063,039		501,777	2,197				
Total liabilities         20.455.640         560.400         817.723         790.953         22.814.716           Surgenduble:         Prepriod items         3.847,198         200.298         -         85.700         4.133,196           Investory         177.476         177.682         -         87.722,086         -         8.732,086         -         8.732,086         -         8.732,086         -         1.093,584         -         3.093,584         -         3.093,584         -         3.093,584         -         -         3.093,584         -         -         3.093,584         -         -         1.023,605         -         1.022,016,600         5         4.031,964         \$         9,549,609         \$         790,953         \$         3.50,18,366         -         12.206,500         -         -         (8.72,086         -         8.732,086         -         8.732,086         -         12.201,650         -         12.201,650         -         -         12.201,650         -         12.201,650         -         -         12.201,650         -         -         12.201,650         -         -         12.201,650         -         -         12.201,650         -         -         12.201,650         -			-		-	-		· · · · ·		
FIND BALANCES         Superchalts:           Prepriod items         3,847,198         200,298         -         85,700         4,133,196           Inventory         177,476         177,82         -         -         3,872,086         -         8,732,086         -         8,732,086         -         8,732,086         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584         -         12,033,650           Total fund balances         S         20,645,640         \$         4,031,964         \$         9,549,809         \$         790,955         \$         35,018,866         -         12,203,650           Numours reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:         Capial assets usedi ingvitititos in the Statement of Net Position								· · · · · ·		
Surgendation         9         200,298         -         87,700         4113,196           Inventory         177,476         177,682         -         87,32,086         -         87,32,086           Capital projects         -         -         8,732,086         -         8,732,086           Capital projects         -         3,093,584         -         8,732,086         -         12,203,650           Capital projects         -         3,471,1564         8,732,086         -         12,203,650           Total fund balances         S         20,645,640         4,031,064         9,949,800         9,790,953         5         12,203,650           Varounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:         -         -         330,007,440         20,293,619         12,203,650 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>20,645,640</td><td></td><td>560,400</td><td>817,723</td><td></td><td>790,953</td><td></td><td>22,814,716</td></t<>			20,645,640		560,400	817,723		790,953		22,814,716
Propiationes         3,447,198         200,298         -         85,700         41,131,196           Inventory         177,476         -         85,720,086         -         35,518           Using and federic         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584           Insing and federicititities         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584           Total fabilities and fund balances         S         20,645,640         \$         4,011,964         \$         9,549,809         \$         790,955         \$         3,501,8,266           Coal fand balances         S         20,645,640         \$         4,011,964         \$         9,549,809         \$         790,955         \$         \$         3,20,07,340           Capital assets and indivities an oth current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported for governmental activities in the current financial resources and there period and are not recognized as defined outflows of resources in the governmental funds.         22,774,770         20,310,130         122,071,151           Deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.         22,774,770         5,607,212         29,381,991         127,071,151           Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of goods provided to other departments error train standing.         22,774,779<										
Inventory 177,476 177,682 - 355,158 Vergined to: - 3003 584 Capital projects - 3003 584 Capital fund balances - 3003 584 Total fund balances - 3003 584 Total fund balances - 3003 584 Capital solutions and fund balances - 3003 584 Capital solutions and fund balances - 3003 584 Capital fund balances	•		2 847 108		200 208			85 700		4 122 106
Using of original projects       -       -       8,732,086       -       8,732,086         Carbiteria       -       3,093,584       -       -       3,093,584         Total fund balances       -       3,471,564       8,732,086       -       -       12,203,650         Total fund balances       S       20,645,640       \$       4,031,964       \$       9,549,809       \$       790,953       \$       35,018,366         Foral fund balances       S       20,645,640       \$       4,031,964       \$       9,549,809       \$       790,953       \$       35,018,366         Foral fund balances       S       20,645,640       \$       4,031,964       \$       9,549,809       \$       790,953       \$       35,018,366         Copation active contrast reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:       Capital activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.       Persion plan       127,071,151         Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are otic regorder and set of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.       23,774,779       Other postemployment benefits       1,437,053       1,437,053 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>· · ·</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>85,700</td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td>	•		· · ·		,	-		85,700		, ,
Capital projects         -         -         -         -         -         3,732,086         -         -         3,732,086           Crafteria         -         -         3,093,584         -         -         3,093,584           Total fund balances         -         3,471,564         -         -         3,020,569           Total fund balances         S         20,645,640         \$         4,031,964         \$         9,549,809         \$         790,953         \$         35,018,366           Total fund balances         S         20,645,640         \$         4,031,964         \$         9,549,809         \$         790,953         \$         35,018,366           Total fund balances         S         20,645,640         \$         4,031,964         \$         9,549,809         \$         790,953         \$         35,018,366           Copatinal assets used in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:         Capatina asset used in governmental activities in the statement of Net Position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as defered outflows of resources in the governmental funds.         23,774,779         Other postemployment benefits         23,774,779         29,381,991           Internal service funds are used by panagement to charge the costs of goods provided to other depar			1//,4/0		177,082	-		-		355,158
Cartera       -       3,093,584       -       -       3,093,584         Dassigned (deficit)       (4,024,674)       -       -       3,093,584       -       -       3,093,584         Total fund balances       2       2,0,45,640       \$       4,031,964       \$       9,549,809       \$       700,953       \$       \$       5,001,64,110,374         Total fund balances       \$       2,0,645,640       \$       4,031,964       \$       9,549,809       \$       700,953       \$	-		_		_	8 732 086		_		8 732 086
Unassigned (deficit)       (4.024.674)       -       -       (85,700)       (4.110.374)         Total fund balances       S       20,645.640       S       4,031.964       S       9,549.809       S       790.953       S       55,018.366         Total fund balances       S       20,645.640       S       4,031.964       S       9,549.809       S       790.953       S       12,203.650         Anounts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.       S       12,203.650         Governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.       S       330,007.340       12,007.151         Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.       23,774,779       5,607,212         Pension plan       25,07,212       29,381.991       29,381.991         Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of goods provided to other departments or funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported an inbilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as inbilities in the governmental funds.       1,590.638       1,590.638	1 1 5		_		3 093 584			_		
Total fund balances       3.471,564       8,732,086       12,203,650         Total liabilities and fund balances       \$ 20,645,640 \$ 4,031,964 \$ 9,549,809 \$ 790,953 \$ 35,018,366       12,203,650         Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:       \$ 12,203,650       \$ 12,203,650         Amounts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.       \$ 330,007,340       \$ 12,003,650         Cess accumulated depreciation and amortization       \$ 12,003,6189       \$ 12,007,140       \$ 12,007,140         Deferred outflows of resources presents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.       \$ 23,774,779       \$ 5,607,212       \$ 29,381,991         Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of goods provided to other departments or funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government - pension       \$ 1,437,053       \$ 1,590,638         Long-term due from other government - pension       \$ 1,447,053       \$ 1,590,638       \$ 1,590,638         Long-term liabilities are not de and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.       \$ (249,0354)       \$ (249,0354)       \$ (28,456,661         Compenster desences liabilitities       Code rem liabilities <td></td> <td></td> <td>(4.024.674)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>(85,700)</td> <td></td> <td></td>			(4.024.674)			-		(85,700)		
Total liabilities and fund balances§20,645,640\$4,031,964\$9,549,809\$790,953\$\$ 53,018,366Total fund balances\$12,203,650Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental funds. Governmental capital assets\$330,007,340 (202,936,189)127,071,151Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.\$330,007,212 (202,936,189)127,071,151Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.\$23,774,779 (202,936,189)29,381,991Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.23,774,779 (202,931,99129,381,991Long-term due from other government - ohner government - ohner governmental service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net postemployment benefits1,437,053 (47,256Long-term liabilities te not equivable in the current period and, therefore, are not expended as funds.(149,136) (149,136)(149,136) (149,136)Other postemployment benefits(149,136) (149,136)(128,465,661) (149,136)(128,465,661) (128,465,661) (128,465,661) (128,465,661) (128,465,661)Defered inflows of					3,471,564	8.732.086		(		
Found fund balances       \$ 12,203,650         Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:       Capital assets         Copital assets used in governmental funds.       \$ 330,007,340         Governmental capital assets       \$ 330,007,340         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization       \$ 127,071,151         Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.       23,774,779         Other postemployment benefits       5,607,212       29,381,991         Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of goods provided to other departments or funds. The statement of Net Position.       9,529,139         Long-term due from other governmental service funds are included in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not qovernmental funds.       1,437,053         Net opsition asset       1,437,053       1,590,638         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.       (149,136)         Net pension liabilities       (149,136)       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (149,136)         Long-term liabilities       (149,136)       (149,166)         Other postemployment benefits       (149,136)<										
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental funds. Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation and amortization Net capital assets Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds. Pension plan Other postemployment benefits Long-term due from other governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not recognized as deferred nucleon the position of the position function are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Long-term due from other government activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds. Compensated absences (4.290,354) Long-term due there on term government activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported a biblities (4.290,354) Long-term due the government and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not que and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not que and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not que and payable in the current period and, therefore, function biblities (1.437,053) Long-term due finds. Compensated absences (4.290,354) Lesse liabilities (1.491,165) (1.491,165) (1.491,166) (1.43,02,069) Net postemployment benefits Deferred inflows of resources presents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. Pension plan Other postemployment benefits Pension plan Other postemp	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	20,645,640	\$	4,031,964	\$ 9,549,809	\$	790,953	\$	35,018,366
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental funds. Governmental capital assets Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds. Pension plan Other postemployment benefits Net parsion flow of the postemployment of Net Position. Net parsion liabilities Net period in the governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds. Postion plan Net pension asset used in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds. Compensated absences (4.290,354) Long-term due from other government of the current period and, therefore, are not terport as liabilities (1.437,053 Long-term liabilities (1.437,053 Long-term due from other governmental funds. Compensated absences (4.290,354) Long-term liabilities (1.437,053 (2.047,711) Subscription liabilities (1.430,056) (1.43,02,069) Net pension liabilities Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. Pension plan Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. (1.8,30,456) (1.8,3	Fotal fund halanges								¢	12 202 650
and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.       23,774,779         Other postemployment benefits       29,381,991         Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of goods provided to other departments or funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.       9,529,139         Long-term due from other government - pension       1,437,053         Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits       447,256         Net pension asset used in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.       1,590,638         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.       (4,290,354)         Compensated absences       (4,290,354)         Lease liabilities       (144,156)         Other postemployment benefits       (143,502,069)         Net pension liabilities       (143,502,069)         Other postemployment benefits       (128,465,661)         Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (22,186,438         Pension plan       (3,855,982	Net capital assets	of net positi	on that applies to a	future p	period			(202,930,189)		127,071,151
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of goods provided to other departments or funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.       29,381,991         Long-term due from other government - pension       1,437,053         Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits       447,256         Net pension asset used in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.       1,590,638         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.       (4,290,354)         Compensated absences       (2,047,711)         Lease liabilities       (143,502,069)         Net pension liability       (143,502,069)         Net pension liability       (128,465,661)         Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Compensated absences       (128,465,661)         Lease liabilities       (128,465,661)         Other postemployment benefits       (128,465,661)         Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Quest liabilities       (128,465,661)         Other postemployment benefits	and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources i Pension plan			r						
activities in the Statement of Net Position.       9,529,139         Long-term due from other government - pension       1,437,053         Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits       447,256         Net pension asset used in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.       1,884,309         Net pension asset       1,590,638         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.       1,590,638         Compensated absences       (4,290,354)         Lease liabilities       (2,047,711)         Subscription liabilities       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (43,50,069)         Net rension liability       (78,476,391)         Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Pension plan       (18,330,456)         Other postemployment benefits       (3,855,982)         Quality       (22,186,438)		the costs of	goods provided to o	other dep	oartments			5,607,212		29,381,991
Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits       447,256         1,884,309         Net pension asset used in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.       1,590,638         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.       1,590,638         Compensated absences       (4,290,354)         Lease liabilities       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (128,465,661)         Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Pension plan       (18,330,456)         Other postemployment benefits       (22,186,438)	or funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service									9,529,139
Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits       447,256         1,884,309         Net pension asset used in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.       1,590,638         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.       1,590,638         Compensated absences       (4,290,354)         Lease liabilities       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (128,465,661)         Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Pension plan       (18,330,456)         Other postemployment benefits       (22,186,438)	Long term due from other government pension							1 427 052		
Net pension asset used in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.       1,884,309         Net pension asset       1,590,638         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.       1,590,638         Compensated absences       (4,290,354)         Lease liabilities       (2,047,711)         Subscription liabilities       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (43,502,069)         Net pension plan       (128,465,661)         Other postemployment benefits       (3,855,982)         Other postemployment benefits       (22,186,438)		ment benefi	te							
Net pension asset used in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.       1,590,638         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.       (4,290,354)         Compensated absences       (4,290,354)         Lease liabilities       (2,047,711)         Subscription liabilities       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (43,502,069)         Net pension liability       (78,476,391)         Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (18,330,456)         Pension plan       (3,855,982)       (22,186,438)         Other postemployment benefits       (22,186,438)	Long-term due nom other government - other postemploy	ment benen						447,230		1 884 309
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Compensated absences (4,290,354) Lease liabilities (2,047,711) Subscription liabilities (2,047,711) Subscription liabilities (43,502,069) Net pension liability (78,476,391) Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. Pension plan (18,330,456) Other postemployment benefits (3,855,982) (22,186,438)		current fina	ncial resource and, t	therefor	re,					1,004,509
therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Compensated absences (4,290,354) Lease liabilities (2,047,711) Subscription liabilities (149,136) Other postemployment benefits (43,502,069) Net pension liability (78,476,391) Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. Pension plan (18,330,456) Other postemployment benefits (3,855,982) (22,186,438)	Net pension asset									1,590,638
Compensated absences(4,290,354)Lease liabilities(2,047,711)Subscription liabilities(149,136)Other postemployment benefits(43,502,069)Net pension liability(78,476,391)Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. Pension plan(18,330,456)Other postemployment benefits(3,855,982)(22,186,438)	e 1, j	•	1,							
Lease liabilities       (2,047,711)         Subscription liabilities       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (43,502,069)         Net pension liability       (78,476,391)         Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Pension plan       (18,330,456)       (3,855,982)         Other postemployment benefits       (22,186,438)		al funds.						(4 000 051)		
Subscription liabilities       (149,136)         Other postemployment benefits       (43,502,069)         Net pension liability       (78,476,391)         Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (18,330,456)         Pension plan       (18,330,456)         Other postemployment benefits       (3,855,982)	1									
Other postemployment benefits       (43,502,069)         Net pension liability       (78,476,391)         Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Pension plan       (18,330,456)         Other postemployment benefits       (3,855,982)         (22,186,438)       (22,186,438)										
Net pension liability       (78,476,391)         Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Pension plan       (18,330,456)         Other postemployment benefits       (3,855,982)         (22,186,438)       (22,186,438)	-									
Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (128,465,661)         Pension plan       (18,330,456)         Other postemployment benefits       (3,855,982)         (22,186,438)       (22,186,438)										
Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.       (18,330,456)         Pension plan       (18,330,456)         Other postemployment benefits       (3,855,982)         (22,186,438)       (22,186,438)	1							(,,,,)		(128,465.661)
are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. Pension plan Other postemployment benefits (18,330,456) (3,855,982) (22,186,438)	Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of	f net position	n that applies to a fu	iture per	riod and					. , ,
Other postemployment benefits         (3,855,982)           (22,186,438)		-		•						
Other postemployment benefits         (3,855,982)           (22,186,438)	6	-						(18,330,456)		
	•									
Net position of governmental activities \$ 31,008,779								· /		(22,186,438)
Net position of governmental activities \$ 31,008,779								-	¢	21.000.770
	iver position of governmental activities							=	\$	<u>31,008,779</u> 16

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD Year Ended June 30, 2023

		School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund		ool Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund	Tota Governn Func	nental
Revenues:	¢	0.201	00.044	0	270 546	¢ 10.725	¢ 24	00.51.6
Use of money and property	\$	8,391 \$		\$	279,546			89,516
Charges for services Miscellaneous		235,603 238,259	1,433,320		-	629,788 8,651		98,711 46,910
Appropriation from Primary Government		65,309,228	-		1,259,250			68,478
Intergovernmental		99,528,566	4,990,780		3,691,304	6,329,831		40,481
Total revenues		165,320,047	6,512,944		5,230,100	6,981,005	184,04	44,096
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Education		165,324,780	6,394,055		-	6,981,005	178,69	99,840
Capital outlays		-			2,436,763	-	2,4	36,763
Debt Service:								
Principal		1,275,834	-		-	-	1,2	75,834
Interest		159,396	-		-	-	1:	59,396
Total expenditures		166,760,010	6,394,055		2,436,763	6,981,005	182,5	71,833
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(1,439,963)	118,889		2,793,337	-	1,4′	72,263
Other financing sources:								
Issuance of lease		1,308,666	-		-	-	1 30	08,666
Issuance of subscription		134,128	_		-	-		34,128
Transfers in			2,831		-	-	1.	2,831
Transfers out		(2,831)	-		-	-		(2,831)
Other financing sources		1,439,963	2,831		-	-	1,44	42,794
			101 500		0.000.000		2.0	1.5.057
Net change in fund balances		-	121,720		2,793,337	-	2,9	15,057
Fund balances, beginning		-	3,349,844		5,938,749	-	9,2	88,593
Fund balances, ending	\$	- \$	3,471,564	\$	8,732,086	\$-	\$ 12,20	03,650
Net change in fund balances							\$ 2,9	15,057
those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and This is the amount by which depreciation and amortization exceeded capital outlay in the Expenditure for capital assets								
Less depreciation and amortization expense						\$ 6,465,172 (11,119,040)	(4,6:	53,868)
								53,868) (29,498)
Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	e not						(2	(29,498)
Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds. Pension and OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth Long-term due from other government - pension Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fund issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment re principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-ter liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	ls, but of					(11,119,040) 3,864,147 (234,185) (28,733)	(2	. ,
Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds. Pension and OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth Long-term due from other government - pension Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fund issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment - principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-ter liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Issuance of lease Issuance of subscription	ls, but of					(11,119,040) 3,864,147 (234,185)	(2	(29,498)
Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds. Pension and OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth Long-term due from other government - pension Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fund issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-ter liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Issuance of lease Issuance of subscription Principal repayments: Lease liabilities	ls, but of					(11,119,040) 3,864,147 (234,185) (28,733) (1,308,666) (134,128) 1,179,108	(2	(29,498)
Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds. Pension and OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth Long-term due from other government - pension Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fund issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-ter liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Issuance of subscription Principal repayments:	ls, but of					(11,119,040) 3,864,147 (234,185) (28,733) (1,308,666) (134,128)	(.	29,498)
Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds. Pension and OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth Long-term due from other government - pension Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fund issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-ter liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Issuance of lease Issuance of lease Issuance of lease Subscription Principal repayments: Lease liabilities Subscription liabilities	ls, but of rm	l resources and,				(11,119,040) 3,864,147 (234,185) (28,733) (1,308,666) (134,128) 1,179,108 96,726 112,622	(.	(29,498)
Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds. Pension and OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth Long-term due from other government - pension Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fund issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment - principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-ter liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Issuance of lease Issuance of subscription Principal repayments: Lease liabilities Subscription liabilities Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current fin therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	ls, but of rm nancia					(11,119,040) 3,864,147 (234,185) (28,733) (1,308,666) (134,128) 1,179,108 96,726	(1)	29,498)
Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds. Pension and OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth Long-term due from other government - pension Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fund issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-tern liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Issuance of lease Issuance of lease Issuance of subscription Principal repayments: Lease liabilities Subscription liabilities Subscription liabilities Interfore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to i funds. The net loss of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities to i funds. The net loss of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities to a Theorements	ls, but of rm nancia					(11,119,040) 3,864,147 (234,185) (28,733) (1,308,666) (134,128) 1,179,108 96,726 112,622 9,731,885 (1,571,746) 24,654,560	(1)	(29,498) (01,229 (66,960)
Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds. Pension and OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth Long-term due from other government - pension Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fund issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-ter liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Issuance of lease Issuance of subscription Principal repayments: Lease liabilities Subscription liabilities Subscription liabilities Interfore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to i funds. The net loss of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities	ls, but of rm nancia					(11,119,040) 3,864,147 (234,185) (28,733) (1,308,666) (134,128) 1,179,108 96,726 112,622 9,731,885 (1,571,746)	(1 3,60 (10 8,2	(29,498) (01,229 (66,960)

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – HARRISONBURG-ROCKINGHAM SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT

<u>Social Services Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the Social Services District. Financing is provided by specific allocations from state and federal governments, by appropriation from the General Fund of the County by the Board of Supervisors and by the City of Harrisonburg.

<u>Special Revenue Fund – Children's Services Act (CSA)</u> – This fund is used to account for funds designated for the CSA program.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – HARRISONBURG-ROCKINGHAM SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT June 30, 2023

		Operating Fund		children's Children's Services Act Fund		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,309,502	¢	62,983	\$	5,372,485
Investments	φ	2,430,094	φ	28,826	Ф	2,458,920
Trade and other accounts receivable		7,530		50,405		57,935
Accrued interest		13,177				13,177
Due from other governments		943,830		2,695,310		3,639,140
Prepaid items		180,536		-		180,536
Total assets	\$	8,884,669	\$	2,837,524	\$	11,722,193
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	217,678	\$	2,318,505	\$	2,536,183
Accrued payroll		603,228		-		603,228
Due to other governments		42,562		-		42,562
Unearned revenues		-		8,775		8,775
Total liabilities		863,468		2,327,280		3,190,748
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items		180,536		-		180,536
Assigned to: Social services		7,840,665		510,244		8,350,909
Total fund balances		8,021,201		510,244		8,531,445
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,884,669	\$	2,837,524	\$	11,722,193
Foral natifiers and fund balances	Ψ	0,004,009	Ψ	2,057,524	Ψ	11,722,195
Fund balances					\$	8,531,445
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.						
Governmental capital assets			\$	2,891,833		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization			_	(1,166,239)	_	
Net capital assets					-	1,725,594
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan represents a consumption of net position t	that a	pplies to a future				
period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental fun	ds.					
Pension plan				1,568,470		
Other postemployment benefits				345,895	-	
						1,914,365
Long-term due from other government - pension				1,173,909		
Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits				995,380	-	2 1 (0 280
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are						2,169,289
not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.				(42,095)		
Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits				(43,085)		
Net pension liability				(2,117,224) (2,973,939)		
The pension hability				(2,)75,)5))	-	(5,134,248)
Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a f						(-,,,,,-)
period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund	ls.					
Pension plan				(942,349)		
Other postemployment benefits				(219,431)	-	/ <b>1</b> • · · · · ·
						(1,161,780)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	8,044,665

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – HARRISONBURG-ROCKINGHAM SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Operating Fund		Special Revenue Children's Services Act Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues: Use of money and property	\$	236,171	¢	5,964	\$	242,135
Miscellaneous	φ	2,174,551	φ	2,048,760	φ	4,223,311
Appropriation from Primary Government		3,103,123		4,165,240		7,268,363
Intergovernmental		14,993,070		10,272,712		25,265,782
Total revenues		20,506,915		16,492,676		36,999,591
Expenditures:						
Current: Health and social services		20,097,745		16,189,731		36,287,476
Debt Service:		20,097,745		10,109,751		50,287,470
Principal		47,867		-		47,867
Interest		11,510		-		11,510
Total expenditures		20,157,122		16,189,731		36,346,853
Net change in fund balances		349,793		302,945		652,738
Fund balances, beginning		7,671,408		207,299		7,878,707
Fund balances, ending	\$	8,021,201	\$	510,244	\$	8,531,445
Net change in fund balances					\$	652,738
Reconciliation of amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities:						
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and amortization exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Depreciation and amortization	t					(198,140)
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) and is to increase net position.						13,063
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources reported as revenues in the funds.	are n	ot				
OPEB non-employer contributions from the Commonwealth						8,985
Long-term due from other government - pension plan Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits			\$	(22,760) 61,258		
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fu issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayme principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	nt of					38,498
Principal repayments: Lease liabilities						47,867
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.						
Compensated absences				(5,478)		
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	5			45,520		
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources				(131,502)		(91,460)
Change in net position of governmental activities					\$	471,551

#### NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

<u>Economic Development Authority</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the Economic Development Authority.

<u>Rockingham County Recreation Foundation</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the Rockingham County Recreation Foundation.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2023

				Total			
			Л	1. 1.		lonmajor	
	F			ockingham	Discretely Presented		
		conomic		County			
		velopment		ecreation	Component		
	А	uthority	Fe	oundation		Units	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,419	\$	28,096	\$	64,515	
Investments		16,669		-		16,669	
Accounts receivable		14,352		-		14,352	
Accrued interest		87		-		87	
Total assets		67,527		28,096		95,623	
LIABILITIES							
Unearned revenue		6,000		-		6,000	
Total liabilities		6,000		-		6,000	
NET POSITION							
Unrestricted		61,527		28,096		89,623	
Total net position	\$	61,527	\$	28,096	\$	89,623	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Total
			D. 1 1.	Nonmajor
	Б	conomic	Rockingham	Discretely Presented
		velopment	County Recreation	Component
		Authority	Foundation	Units
Operating revenues:	Γ	aunomy	Foundation	Onits
Charges for services	\$	8,352	\$ -	\$ 8,352
Miscellaneous - gifts and donations	Ψ		9,364	9,364
Misecharicous gins and donations			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total operating revenues		8,352	9,364	17,716
Operating expenditures:				
Parks and recreation		-	295	295
Economic development		548,857	-	548,857
Total operating expenditures		548,857	295	549,152
<b>Operating (loss) income</b>		(540,505)	9,069	(531,436)
Nonoperating revenues:				
Revenue from use of money		1,673	-	1,673
(Loss) income before capital grants and				
contributions		(538,832)	9,069	(529,763)
Capital grants and contributions		546,056	-	546,056
Change in net position		7,224	9,069	16,293
Net position, beginning		54,303	19,027	73,330
Net position, ending	\$	61,527	\$ 28,096	\$ 89,623

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	De	Economic evelopment Authority	Rockingh County Recreatio Foundati	, on	I I	Total Nonmajor Discretely Presented omponent Units
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$	14,634	\$	-	\$	14,634
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(548,857)	(	295)		(549,152)
Other receipts		-	9,	364		9,364
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(534,223)	9,	069		(525,154)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Intergovernmental - grants		546,056		-		546,056
Net cash provided by capital and related		,				,
financing activities		546,056		-		546,056
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchase of investments		(4,101)		-		(4,101)
Interest received on investment securities		1,614		-		1,614
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,487)		-		(2,487)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		9,346	9,	069		18,415
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning		27,073	19,	027		46,100
Ending	\$	36,419	\$ 28,	096	\$	64,515
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(540,505)	\$9,	069	\$	(531,436)
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		282		-		282
Unearned revenue		6,000		-		6,000
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(534,223)	\$ 9,	069	\$	(525,154)

**SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES** 

		Budgeted	l Amo		Actual	riance with nal Budget Over
ntity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	(	Driginal		Final	Amounts	(Under)
rimary Government:						
General Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
General property taxes:						
Real property taxes	\$	74,600,000	\$	74,900,000	\$ 76,345,582	\$ 1,445,582
Real and personal public service						
corporation property taxes		2,435,000		2,435,000	2,631,994	196,994
Personal property taxes		23,459,000		23,459,000	25,789,529	2,330,529
Machinery and tools taxes		13,810,000		13,810,000	15,468,110	1,658,110
Merchants' capital taxes		1,255,000		1,255,000	1,617,636	362,636
Penalties and interest		920,000		920,000	1,169,594	249,594
Total general property taxes	- 	116,479,000		116,779,000	123,022,445	6,243,445
Other local taxes:						
Local sales and use taxes		8,750,000		8,750,000	11,188,328	2,438,328
Consumer utility taxes		1,661,500		1,661,500	1,792,441	130,941
Utility gross receipts taxes		310,000		310,000	314,789	4,789
Bank stock taxes		125,000		125,000	155,566	30,566
Motor vehicle licenses				-	66,228	66,228
Taxes on recordation and wills		1,600,000		1,600,000	1,468,083	(131,917
Transient occupancy taxes		566,000		566,000	851,268	285,268
Food and beverage taxes		1,850,000		1,850,000	2,477,572	627,572
ATV and moped sales tax		35,000		35,000	34,287	(713
Total other local taxes		14,897,500		14,897,500	18,348,562	3,451,062
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:						
Animal licenses		30,000		30,000	23,284	(6,716
Permits and other licenses		1,766,500		1,766,500	1,775,852	9,352
Total permits, privilege fees and						
regulatory licenses		1,796,500		1,796,500	1,799,136	2,636
Fines and forfeitures		114,403		114,403	202,030	87,627
Use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of money		60,000		60,000	2,223,046	2,163,046
Revenue from use of property		734,672		884,672	1,014,997	130,325
Total use of money and property		794,672		944,672	3,238,043	2,293,371

Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Primary Government:	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Actual	F	inal Budget Over
••••••••	 Original		Final	-	Amounts		(Under)
Timary Government.	0						
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Charges for services:							
Excess fees of clerk	\$ 538,200	\$	538,200	\$	463,350	\$	(74,850)
Commonwealth attorney	212,500		212,500		177,907		(34,593)
Law enforcement and traffic control	277,600		277,600		267,728		(9,872)
EMS transport	2,360,000		2,360,000		3,106,292		746,292
Correction and detention	1,092,600		1,092,600		1,039,116		(53,484)
Parks and recreation	630,000		130,000		235,947		105,947
Computer services	2,000		2,000		1,447		(553)
Health	25,000		25,000		12,090		(12,910)
Garage fees	680,000		680,000		823,368		143,368
Planning and community development	 500		500		-		(500)
Total charges for services	 5,818,400		5,318,400		6,127,245		808,845
Miscellaneous	 280,000		320,000		1,677,620		1,357,620
Recovered costs:							
City of Harrisonburg:							
Judicial administration	1,119,062		1,119,062		1,210,563		91,501
Public safety	4,768,444		4,768,444		4,906,539		138,095
Public works	704,649		704,649		762,266		57,617
Other entities:							
Public safety	484,250		484,250		472,394		(11,856)
Health and social services	 162,205		162,205		162,205		-
Total recovered costs	 7,238,610		7,238,610		7,513,967		275,357
Total revenue from local sources	 147,419,085		147,409,085		161,929,048		14,519,963
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Non-categorical aid:							
Communications sales and use taxes	1,300,000		1,300,000		1,105,400		(194,600)
Mobile home titling taxes	100,000		100,000		134,728		34,728
Rental vehicle taxes	20,000		20,000		13,064		(6,936)
Personal property tax relief	 5,860,515		5,860,515		5,860,515		-
Total non-categorical aid	 7,280,515		7,280,515		7,113,707		(166,808)

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fina	ance with Il Budget Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	 Original		Final		Amounts	(Under)	
Primary Government:	C						/
General Fund:							
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Shared costs:							
Commonwealth attorney	\$ 1,072,501	\$	1,072,501	\$	1,049,848	\$	(22,653)
Sheriff	7,491,872		7,491,872		7,655,261		163,389
Commissioner of the revenue	239,956		239,956		239,271		(685)
Treasurer	210,516		210,516		210,064		(452)
Registrar/Electoral Board	50,000		50,000		92,380		42,380
Clerk of circuit court	886,916		886,916		790,018		(96,898)
Jail operations	 427,274		427,274		403,118		(24,156)
Total shared costs	 10,379,035		10,379,035		10,439,960		60,925
Other categorical aid:							
Emergency medical services	90,000		92,845		93,480		635
Community corrections	453,712		453,712		480,258		26,546
Fire program	200,000		250,000		249,007		(993)
Hazardous materials program	10,000		10,000		10,004		4
Victim witness	45,000		45,000		51,365		6,365
Resource officers	-		-		150,690		150,690
Records preservation	-		43,145		43,145		-
Domestic violence	45,000		45,000		-		(45,000)
Other	 181,500		181,500		47,849		(133,651)
Total other categorical aid	 1,025,212		1,121,202		1,125,798		4,596
Total categorical aid	 11,404,247		11,500,237		11,565,758		65,521
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	 18,684,762		18,780,752		18,679,465		(101,287)
Revenue from the federal government:							
Non-categorical aid:							
Payment for federal lands	 500,000		500,000		555,635		55,635

		Budgetee	l Am	ounts		Actual	Variance wi Final Budge Over	
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original		Final	-	Amounts	(Under)	
Primary Government:		8					. ,	
General Fund:								
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Victim witness	\$	130,000	\$	130,000	\$	119,851	\$ (10,	,149)
FEMA		19,022		19,022		19,022	× .	-
Highway safety		36,693		36,693		34,609	(2,	,084)
Health and human services		300,000		300,000		356,667	56,	,667
Domestic violence coordinator		22,850		22,850		23,241		391
Drug court		388,136		388,136		234,490	(153,	,646
Mental health and substance abuse		335,680		335,680		338,771	3.	.091
Incarceration		10,000		10,000		18,400	8,	,400
Health and human services - COVID-19 response		-		-		7,353	-	,353
ARPA		-		11,917,438		10,495,000	(1,422,	
Other federal funds		2,500		284,683		144,565	(140,	· · ·
Total categorical aid		1,244,881		13,444,502		11,791,969	(1,652,	,533)
Total revenue from the federal government		1,744,881		13,944,502		12,347,604	(1,596,	,898
Total intergovernmental		20,429,643		32,725,254		31,027,069	(1,698,	,185)
Total General Fund	\$	167,848,728	\$	180,134,339	\$	192,956,117	\$ 12,821,	,778
Special Revenue Funds:								
Asset Forfeiture Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Fines and forfeitures:								
Seized funds - judicial administration	\$	18,900	\$	18,900	\$	14,175	\$ (4.	,725
Seized funds - public safety	+	18,900	*	18,900	+	16,875		,025
Total fines and forfeitures		37,800		37,800		31,050		,750
Revenue from use of money		-		-		9,834		,834
Miscellaneous		-		-		2,800		,800
Total revenue from local sources		37,800		37,800		43,684		,884
Intergovernmental:		,		,		- /	- /	
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Seized funds - judicial administration		41,800		41,800		-	(41.	,800
Seized funds - public safety		41,800		41,800		47,257		,457
<b>Total intergovernmental</b>		83,600		83,600		47,257	,	,343)
Total Asset Forfeiture Fund		121,400		121,400		90,941	(20	,459)

		Budgeted Am		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	O	riginal	Final	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government:					
Special Revenue Funds:					
Tourism Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:	¢	0.40.000	0.40,000	ф <u>1067 454</u>	¢ 410.454
Transient occupancy taxes	\$	849,000 \$	849,000		
Revenue from use of money		1,000	1,000	56,183	55,183
Total revenue from local sources		850,000	850,000	1,323,637	473,637
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Federal Government:					
Non-categorical aid:					
ARPA Funding		-	-	9,963	9,963
Total non-categorical aid		-	-	9,963	9,963
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		-	-	9,963	9,963
Total intergovernmental		-	-	9,963	9,963
Total Tourism Fund		850,000	850,000	1,333,600	483,600
LLC Library:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money		-	-	704	704
Other		32,000	32,000	27,472	(4,528
Total revenue from local sources		32,000	32,000	28,176	(3,824)
Total LLC Library		32,000	32,000	28,176	(3,824)
Opioid Settlement Fund: Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money Other		-	51,207	781 51,207	781
Total revenue from local sources		-	51,207	51,988	781
Total Opioid Settlement Fund		-	51,207	51,988	781
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	1,003,400 \$	1,054,607	\$ 1,504,705	\$ 450,098

						/ariance with Final Budget	
 U	Amo	ounts	-	Actual	Over		
Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)	
\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$	428,223	\$	418,223	
-		400,429		400,270		(159)	
 62,500		562,500		283,152		(279,348)	
 72,500		972,929		1,111,645		138,716	
\$ 72,500	\$	972,929	\$	1,111,645	\$	138,716	
\$ 168,924,628	\$	182,161,875	\$	195,572,467	\$	13,410,592	
\$ 8,000	\$	8,000	\$	8,391	\$	391	
75,000		75,000		235,603		160,603	
165,000		165,000		238,259		73,259	
 70,866,510		70,866,510		65,309,228		(5,557,282)	
71,114,510		71,114,510		65,791,481		(5,323,029)	
<u>\$</u>	Original           \$ 10,000           -           62,500           72,500           \$ 72,500           \$ 168,924,628           \$ 168,924,628           \$ 8,000           75,000           165,000           70,866,510	Original           \$ 10,000 \$           62,500           72,500           \$ 72,500 \$           \$ 168,924,628 \$           \$ 168,924,628 \$           \$ 8,000 \$           75,000           165,000           70,866,510	\$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 - 400,429 <u>62,500 562,500</u> <u>72,500 972,929</u> <u>\$ 72,500 \$ 972,929</u> <u>\$ 168,924,628 \$ 182,161,875</u> <u>\$ 8,000 \$ 8,000</u> <u>75,000 75,000</u> <u>165,000 165,000</u> <u>70,866,510 70,866,510</u>	Original         Final           \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 400,429           -         400,429           62,500         562,500           72,500         972,929           \$ 72,500 \$ 972,929         \$           \$ 168,924,628 \$ 182,161,875 \$           \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 75,000           165,000 165,000           70,866,510	Original         Final         Amounts           \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 428,223           -         400,429         400,270           62,500         562,500         283,152           72,500         972,929         1,111,645           \$ 72,500         972,929         1,111,645           \$ 168,924,628         \$ 182,161,875         \$ 195,572,467           \$ 8,000         \$ 8,000         \$ 8,391           75,000         75,000         235,603           165,000         165,000         238,259           70,866,510         70,866,510         65,309,228	Budgeted Amounts         Actual Amounts           0riginal         Final         Amounts           \$         10,000         \$         10,000         \$         428,223         \$           -         400,429         400,270         \$         62,500         283,152         \$           62,500         562,500         283,152         \$         \$         1,111,645         \$           \$         72,500         \$         972,929         \$         1,111,645         \$           \$         168,924,628         \$         182,161,875         \$         195,572,467         \$           \$         8,000         \$         8,000         \$         8,391         \$           \$         8,000         \$         8,000         \$         8,391         \$           \$         165,000         165,000         238,259         \$         70,866,510         65,309,228	

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
Major Component Units:				
Component Unit - School Board:				
School Operating Fund:				
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Non-categorical aid:				
Rolling stock tax	\$ 74,000	\$ 74,000	\$ 65,672	\$ (8,328)
Categorical aid:				
State sales tax receipts	17,257,815	18,257,815	18,241,303	(16,512)
Basic school aid	36,325,624	36,325,624	35,512,647	(812,977)
Other state school funds	30,805,998	31,969,415	31,403,770	(565,645)
Total categorical aid	84,389,437	86,552,854	85,157,720	(1,395,134)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	84,463,437	86,626,854	85,223,392	(1,403,462)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:				
Title I	1,600,000	2,100,000	2,401,695	301,695
Title VIB	2,768,000	2,768,000	2,786,836	18,836
ARPA funds	681,345	681,345	1,849,740	1,168,395
ESSER	2,345,575	2,735,575	5,387,035	2,651,460
Other school funds	1,446,700	1,538,396	1,879,868	341,472
Total revenue from the federal government	8,841,620	9,823,316	14,305,174	4,481,858
Total intergovernmental	93,305,057	96,450,170	99,528,566	3,078,396
<b>Total School Operating Fund</b>	164,419,567	167,564,680	165,320,047	(2,244,633)
School Cafeteria Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money	2,000	2,000	88,844	86,844
Charges for services	170,020	170,020	1,433,320	1,263,300
Total revenue from local sources	172,020	172,020	1,522,164	1,350,144
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid: School food program grant	56,000	56,000	172,055	116,055
Sensor rood program grant		50,000	172,000	110,000

					Variance with Final Budget
		lgeted Am		Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Major Component Units:	Original		Final	Amounts	(Under)
Component Unit - School Board:					
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
School food program	\$ 6,115	.000 \$	6,115,000	\$ 4,818,725	\$ (1,296,275)
Total intergovernmental	6,171	-	6,171,000	4,990,780	(1,180,220)
U U	·				<u> </u>
Total School Cafeteria Fund	6,343	,020	6,343,020	6,512,944	169,924
School Capital Projects Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money		-	-	279,546	
Appropriation from Primary Government		-	19,250	1,259,250	
Total revenue from local sources		-	19,250	1,538,796	1,519,546
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
School Construction		-	-	3,691,304	3,691,304
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		-	-	3,691,304	3,691,304
Total intergovernmental		-	-	3,691,304	3,691,304
<b>Total School Capital Projects Fund</b>		-	19,250	5,230,100	5,210,850
Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money		-	-	12,735	12,735
Charges for services	592	,100	592,100	629,788	37,688
Miscellaneous Total revenue from local sources		,000	6,000	8,651	2,651
l otal revenue from local sources	598	,100	598,100	651,174	53,074
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth	563	,682	563,682	599,780	36,098
Revenue from the federal government	230	,696	230,696	331,560	100,864
Local governments:					
Appropriation from Rockingham County School Board	4,357	,232	4,357,232	4,252,089	(105,143)
Appropriation from the City of Harrisonburg	1,174	,351	1,174,351	1,146,402	(27,949)
Total local governments	5,531	,583	5,531,583	5,398,491	(133,092)
Total intergovernmental	6,325	,961	6,325,961	6,329,831	3,870
Total Massanutten Technical Center -					
Operating Fund	6,924	,061	6,924,061	6,981,005	56,944
Total Revenues - Component Unit - School Board	\$ 177,686	,648 \$	180,851,011	\$ 184,044,096	\$ 3,193,085

	Final Budget
Budgeted Amounts Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Original Final Amounts	(Under)
Major Component Units:	
Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham	
Social Services District:	
Operating Fund:	
Revenue from local sources:	00 ( 151
Revenue from use of money         \$         -         \$         236,171         \$	236,171
Miscellaneous:	
City of Harrisonburg share         2,131,773         2,131,773         2,131,773	-
Other 50,771 50,771 42,778	(7,993)
	(,,,,,,)
Total miscellaneous         2,182,544         2,182,544         2,174,551	(7,993)
Appropriation from the Primary Government         2,984,421         2,984,421         3,103,123	118,702
Total revenue from local sources         5,166,965         5,166,965         5,513,845	346,880
Intergovernmental:	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:	
Categorical aid: Social services administration:	
	(059 729)
	(958,738)
Virginia department of juvenile justice: Virginia juvenile community crime control	
	(15 942)
act grant 90,503 90,503 44,661	(45,842)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth         6,551,097         6,551,097         5,546,517	(1,004,580)
Revenue from the federal government:	
Categorical aid:	
Social services administration:	
Health and human services 9,581,524 9,581,524 9,332,957	(248,567)
Health and human services- COVID - 51,636	51,636
TANF 61,960	61,960
Total revenue from the federal government     9,581,524     9,581,524     9,446,553	(134,971)
Total intergovernmental         16,132,621         16,132,621         14,993,070	(1,139,551)
Total Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social	
Services District - Operating Fund         21,299,586         21,299,586         20,506,915	(792,671)
Special Revenue Fund:	
Children's Services Act Fund:	
Revenue from local sources:	
Revenue from use of money 5,964	5,964
Miscellaneous:	
City of Harrisonburg share 1,673,760 2,048,760 2,048,760	-
Appropriation from the Primary Government         2,790,240         4,165,240         4,165,240	-

					ariance with inal Budget
	 Budgeted A	Amou	nts	Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original		Final	Amounts	(Under)
Special Revenue Fund:					
Children's Services Act Fund:					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Social services administration:					
Children's Services Act	\$ 7,936,000	\$	10,036,000	\$ 9,718,175	\$ (317,825)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Social services administration:					
Children's Services Act	 -		-	554,537	554,537
Total intergovernmental	 7,936,000		10,036,000	10,272,712	236,712
Total Children's Services Act Fund	 12,400,000		16,250,000	16,492,676	242,676
Total Revenues - Component Unit -					
Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social					
Services District	\$ 33,699,586	\$	37,549,586	\$ 36,999,591	\$ (549,995)

								ariance with inal Budget
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Primary Government: General Fund: General government administration: Legislative: Board of Supervisors General and financial: Executive administration Legal services Independent auditor and actuarial services Commissioner of the revenue Reassessment and equalization Treasurer Fiscal services Human resources Technology Land use assessment Board of elections: Electoral board and officials Registrar Total general and financial Iudicial administration: Courts: Circuit court		Budgete	ed Amou		-	Actual		Over
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
5								
e								
-	¢	211,934	¢	211,934	¢	208,296	¢	(3,638)
Board of Supervisors	\$	211,934	\$	211,954	\$	208,296	Ф	(3,038)
General and financial:								
		441,443		441,443		418,966		(22,477)
Legal services		803,251		803,251		769,643		(33,608)
-		106,000		106,000		92,500		(13,500)
Commissioner of the revenue		893,559		923,559		922,939		(620)
Reassessment and equalization		376,529		326,529		264,479		(62,050)
		995,293		995,293		876,471		(118,822)
Fiscal services		1,169,659		1,128,059		1,019,851		(108,208)
Human resources		544,778		544,778		526,153		(18,625)
Technology		1,489,289		1,372,537		1,229,091		(143,446)
Land use assessment		73,308		74,908		74,826		(82)
Total general and financial		6,893,109		6,716,357		6,194,919		(521,438)
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials		85,303		85,303		82,084		(3,219)
Registrar		333,774		333,774		268,394		(65,380)
Total board of elections		419,077		419,077		350,478		(68,599)
Total general government administration		7,524,120		7,347,368		6,753,693		(593,675)
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court		235,705		250,705		248,429		(2,276)
General district court		41,800		41,800		20,456		(21,344)
Magistrate		19,267		20,267		20,164		(103)
Juvenile and domestic relations court		41,900		41,900		29,539		(12,361)
Clerk of the circuit court		1,453,581		1,496,726		1,454,247		(42,479)
Department of court services		1,937,739		1,961,739		1,675,885		(285,854)
Total courts		3,729,992		3,813,137		3,448,720		(364,417)
Commonwealth attorney		2,789,363		2,789,363		2,683,264		(106,099)
Total judicial administration		6,519,355		6,602,500		6,131,984		(470,516)

	Budgeted	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over	
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government:	onginar	1 mar	Tinounts	(onder)
General Fund:				
Public safety:				
Law enforcement and traffic control:				
Sheriff	\$ 8,530,637	\$ 9,150,637	\$ 9,023,522	\$ (127,115)
Fire and rescue services:				
Fire and rescue	11,785,102	17,326,337	11,560,357	(5,765,980)
Volunteer fire companies	1,956,968	1,206,968	1,205,156	(1,812)
Ambulance and rescue squads	489,635	498,087	424,171	(73,916)
Emergency medical services transportation	1,460,000	1,460,000	1,921,917	461,917
Fire extinction service	21,768	21,768	20,790	(978)
Total fire and rescue services	15,713,473	20,513,160	15,132,391	(5,380,769)
Correction and detention:				
County operated institutions	13,537,838	13,796,914	13,794,710	(2,204)
Building inspections	855,412	855,412	810,198	(45,214)
Other protection:				
Animal control	741,285	742,285	742,265	(20)
Emergency services	3,826,210	3,851,210	3,850,314	(896)
Total other protection	4,567,495	4,593,495	4,592,579	(916)
Total public safety	43,204,855	48,909,618	43,353,400	(5,556,218)
Public works:				
Garage operations	840,174	1,030,174	1,027,606	(2,568)
Maintenance:				
County property	1,183,608	1,189,415	1,170,121	(19,294)
Shared property	1,287,411	1,347,935	1,290,389	(57,546)
Human Services/Health department building	542,795	556,653	438,572	(118,081)
TV translator system	7,500	12,500	12,004	(496)
Research and technology center	205,500	355,500	541,254	185,754
Total public works	4,066,988	4,492,177	4,479,946	(12,231)

						ariance with Final Budget
	 Budgete	d Am	ounts		Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	 Original		Final	A	mounts	(Under)
Primary Government:						
General Fund:						
Health and social services:						
Health:						
Supplement to local health department	\$ 584,973	\$	591,973	\$	591,934	\$ (39)
Mental health:						
Community Services Board	1,258,978		1,261,478		1,261,195	(283)
Social services:						
Property tax relief for elderly/handicapped	550,000		840,495		835,439	(5,056)
Appropriation to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham						
Social Services District	5,893,363		9,368,363		7,268,363	(2,100,000)
Institutional care	 168,353		168,358		168,356	(2)
Total health and social services	 8,455,667		12,230,667		10,125,287	(2,105,380)
Education:						
Appropriation to the Rockingham						
County School Board	72,106,510		72,125,760		66,568,478	(5,557,282)
County School Board	 72,100,310		72,123,700		00,308,478	 (3,337,282)
Total education	 72,106,510		72,125,760		66,568,478	(5,557,282)
Parks, recreation and cultural:						
Parks and recreation:						
Administration	240,838		240,838		214,857	(25,981)
Athletic events/programs	1,463,160		978,074		805,224	(172,850)
Rockingham Park	 443,442		443,442		426,082	(17,360)
Total parks and recreation	 2,147,440		1,662,354		1,446,163	(216,191)
Cultural:						
Regional library	 986,870		986,870		986,870	-
Total parks, recreation and cultural	 3,134,310		2,649,224		2,433,033	(216,191)
Community development:						
Planning and community development	909,853		909,853		855,112	(54,741)
Geographic information systems	271,835		271,835		242,274	(29,561)
Economic development	1,940,862		1,926,832		828,085	(1,098,747)
Soil and water conservation district	37,500		37,500		37,500	-
Cooperative extension program	168,337		168,337		155,359	(12,978)
Broadband project			8,900,000		4,450,000	(4,450,000)
Environmental management	435,412		436,412		436,068	(344)
Soil and Water Conservation District	-		-		698,307	698,307
Bond escrow	-		-		233,660	233,660
Contributions, grants and other	 952,413		977,413		540,828	(436,585)
Total community development	4,716,212		13,628,182		8,477,193	(5,150,989)

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND MAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS – SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgete		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Over		
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original		Final	-	Amounts		(Under)
Primary Government:								
General Fund: Debt service:								
Principal:								
County	\$	2,807,645	\$	2,997,645	\$	2,108,004	\$	(889,641)
School Board		6,644,991		6,644,991		6,644,991		
Total principal		9,452,636		9,642,636		8,752,995		(889,641)
Interest and fiscal charges:								
County		427,098		427,098		356,509		(70,589)
School Board		3,063,018		3,063,018		3,062,388		(630)
Total interest and fiscal charges		3,490,116		3,490,116		3,418,897		(71,219)
Total debt service		12,942,752		13,132,752		12,171,892		(960,860)
Total General Fund	\$	162,670,769	\$	181,118,248	\$	160,494,906	\$	(20,623,342)
Special Revenue Funds: Asset Forfeiture Fund: Judicial administration: Commonwealth attorney	\$	65,660	ŝ	65,660	¢	2,170	s	(63,490)
Public safety:	φ	05,000	φ	05,000	φ	2,170	φ	(03,490)
Law enforcement		55,740		55,740		72,393		16,653
Total Asset Forfeiture Fund		121,400		121,400		74,563		(46,837)
Tourism Fund: Community development: Marketing and promotion		608,084		608,084		657,337		49,253
Total Tourism Fund		608,084		608,084		657,337		49,253
		000,001				001,001		.,200
LLC Library: Parks, recreation and cultural: Library		51,653		51,653		47,926		(3,727)
Total LLC Library		51,653		51,653		47,926		(3,727)
Opioid Settlement Fund:								
Health and social services: Other contributions		-		51,207		51,207		-
Total Opioid Settlement Fund		-		51,207		51,207		_
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	781,137	\$	832,344	\$	831,033	\$	(1,311)
General Capital Projects Fund: Capital projects Debt service:	\$	6,744,000	\$	14,067,932	\$	5,042,473 28,565	\$	(9,025,459)
Principal		-		30,000		28,303		(1,435)
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$	6,744,000	\$	14,097,932	\$	5,071,038	\$	(9,026,894)
Grand Total Expenditures - Primary Government	\$	170,195,906	\$	196,048,524	\$	166,396,977	\$	(29,651,547)

Page 4

	Budgeted An	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over	
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Major Component Units: Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education: Instruction Administration, attendance and health Pupil transportation services Operation and maintenance services <b>Total education</b> Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges <b>Total debt service</b> Total School Operating Fund School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services <b>Total School Cafeteria Fund</b> School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School Capital Projects Fund: Capital projects Fund: Capital projects <b>Total School Capital Projects Fund</b> Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund: Education: Secondary Continuing education <b>Total Massanutten Technical Center -</b> <b>Operating Fund</b> <b>Total Massanutten Technical Center -</b> <b>Operating Fund</b>	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
	originar	1 mur	Timounts	(chuch)
Instruction	\$ 129,850,981 \$	133,290,448 \$	131,024,705	\$ (2,265,743)
Administration, attendance and health	8,468,090	8,483,736	8,185,387	(298,349)
Pupil transportation services	10,328,850	10,328,850	9,694,303	(634,547)
Operation and maintenance services	15,771,646	16,771,646	16,420,385	(351,261)
Total education	164,419,567	168,874,680	165,324,780	(3,549,900)
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	1,275,834	1,275,834
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	159,396	159,396
Total debt service		-	1,435,230	1,435,230
<b>Total School Operating Fund</b>	164,419,567	168,874,680	166,760,010	(2,114,670)
School Cafeteria Fund:				
Education:				
School food services	6,343,020	6,343,020	6,394,055	51,035
Total School Cafeteria Fund	6,343,020	6,343,020	6,394,055	51,035
School Capital Projects Fund:				
Capital projects	1,240,000	3,369,250	2,436,763	(932,487)
Total School Capital Projects Fund	1,240,000	3,369,250	2,436,763	(932,487)
Secondary	5,693,303	5,693,303	5,827,026	133,723
Continuing education	1,230,758	1,230,758	1,153,979	(76,779)
Total Massanutten Technical Center -				
Operating Fund	6,924,061	6,924,061	6,981,005	56,944
School Board	\$ 178,926,648 \$	185,511,011 \$	182,571,833	\$ (2,939,178)

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget Over	
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	(	Driginal		Final		Amounts		(Under)	
Major Component Units:		0						<u> </u>	
Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham									
Social Services District:									
Operating Fund:									
Social services:									
Public assistance	\$	9,690,421	\$	9,690,421	\$	8,276,623	\$	(1,413,798)	
Administration:									
Health and human services		11,395,662		11,395,662		11,721,007		325,345	
Virginia juvenile community crime control act grant		90,503		90,503		44,661		(45,842)	
Capital projects		123,000		123,000		55,454		(67,546)	
Total Health and Human Services		21,299,586		21,299,586		20,097,745		(1,201,841)	
Debt service:									
Principal		-		-		47,867		47,867	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		11,510		11,510	
Total debt service		-		-		59,377		59,377	
Total Operating Fund		21,299,586		21,299,586		20,157,122		(1,142,464)	
Special Revenue Fund:									
Children's Services Act Fund:									
Children's Services Act		12,400,000		16,250,000		16,189,731		(60,269)	
Total Children's Services Act Fund		12,400,000		16,250,000		16,189,731		(60,269)	
Total Expenditures - Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District	\$	33,699,586	\$	37,549,586	\$	36,346,853	\$	(1,202,733)	

**STATISTICAL SECTION** 

#### STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

The statistical section of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

Contents	Tables
<b>Financial Trends</b> These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	2-6
<b>Revenue Capacity</b> These tables contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax, as well as other revenue sources.	7-11
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	12-14
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b> These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	15-16
<b>Operating Information</b> These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	17-19

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual comprehensive financial report for the relevant year.

#### STATISTICAL SECTION Comments Relative to Statistical Section

Table 1

The following statistical table recommended by the National Council on Governmental Accounting is not included for the reason stated below:

The table showing legal debt margin is omitted because counties in the State of Virginia are not subject to the 10% legal debt margin as cities and towns are.

#### NET POSITION / ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Yea	ar June 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$ 33,589,878	) )	• • • • • • • • • •	+ )	• • • • • • • • • • •	\$ 57,242,324	• • )• • )• •	\$ 59,189,113	• • • • • • • • • • • •
Restricted	3,782,011	235,709	195,800	235,108	404,183	624,258	1,334,085	1,415,419	2,106,253	2,675,887
Unrestricted (deficit)	(33,093,357)	(34,021,125)	(37,558,463)	(34,533,494)	(61,273,304)	(51,715,195)	(63,794,527)	(52,335,803)	(26,469,994)	11,206,917
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 4,782,240	\$ (195,538)	\$ (2,508,495)	\$ 4,394,162	\$ (18,175,812)	\$ (2,797,103)	\$ (5,218,118)	\$ 11,941,444	\$ 34,825,372	\$ 73,876,622
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 29,032,472	\$ 33,482,569	\$ 30,110,695	\$ 28,127,740	\$ 33,769,673	\$ 36,326,889	\$ 36,828,881	\$ 39,436,305	\$ 39,970,950	\$ 42,059,280
Restricted	-	-	5,545,857	10,566,691	4,739,335	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	7,187,340	4,974,695	5,409,029	4,911,714	6,720,049	11,712,273	9,812,714	11,671,872	15,816,264	18,612,701
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 36,219,812	\$ 38,457,264	\$ 41,065,581	\$ 43,606,145	\$ 45,229,057	\$ 48,039,162	\$ 46,641,595	\$ 51,108,177	\$ 55,787,214	\$ 60,671,981
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 63,126,058	\$ 67,072,447	\$ 64,964,863	\$ 66,820,288	\$ 76,462,982	\$ 84,620,723	\$ 94,071,205	\$ 102,298,133	\$ 99,160,063	\$ 102,053,098
Restricted	3,782,011	235,709	5,741,657	10,801,799	5,143,518	624,258	1,334,085	1,415,419	2,106,253	2,675,887
Unrestricted (deficit)	(25,906,017)	(29,046,430)	(32,149,434)	(29,621,780)	(54,553,255)	(40,002,922)	(53,981,813)	(40,663,931)	(10,653,730)	29,819,618
Total primary government net position	\$ 41,002,052	\$ 38,261,726	\$ 38,557,086	\$ 48,000,307	\$ 27,053,245	\$ 45,242,059	\$ 41,423,477	\$ 63,049,621	\$ 90,612,586	\$ 134,548,603
Major component units: (1)										
Component unit - school board:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 141,355,850	\$ 135,289,320	\$ 129,762,202	\$ 129,603,121	\$ 139,675,416	\$ 138,615,241	\$ 142,310,517	\$ 137,385,305	\$ 129,724,630	\$ 124,874,304
Restricted	-	-	-	-	4,133,596	-	2,620,846	565,038	-	2,530,302
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,090,456)	(109,438,758)	(108,048,391)	(111,818,738)	(129,883,934)	(124,092,478)	(121,432,825)	(119,699,489)	(107,450,383)	(96,395,827
Total component unit - school board net position	\$ 136,265,394	\$ 25,850,562	\$ 21,713,811	\$ 17,784,383	\$ 13,925,078	\$ 14,522,763	\$ 23,498,538	\$ 18,250,854	\$ 22,274,247	\$ 31,008,779
Component unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,144,091	\$ 2,574,720	\$ 2,451,305	\$ 2,366,316	\$ 2,323,333	\$ 2,103,403	\$ 1,968,464	\$ 2,023,024	\$ 1,862,804	\$ 1,725,594
Restricted	1,448,333	1,393,537	1,740,887	2,019,613	2,120,558	2,472,376	2,586,582	-	-	-
Unrestricted	1,433,092	697,955	1,411,396	2,399,901	1,204,485	1,937,337	1,832,732	6,815,867	5,710,310	6,319,071
Total component unit - HRSSD net position	\$ 5,025,516	\$ 4,666,212	\$ 5,603,588	\$ 6,785,830	\$ 5,648,376	\$ 6,513,116	\$ 6,387,778	\$ 8,838,891	\$ 7,573,114	\$ 8,044,665

#### NET POSITION / ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Yea	ar June 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Major component units:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 143,499,941	\$ 137,864,040	\$ 132,213,507	\$ 131,969,437	\$ 141,998,749	\$ 140,718,644	\$ 144,278,981	\$ 139,408,329	\$ 131,587,434	\$ 126,599,898
Restricted	1,448,333	1,393,537	1,740,887	2,019,613	6,254,154	2,472,376	5,207,428	565,038	-	2,530,302
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,657,364)	(108,740,803)	(106,636,995)	(109,418,837)	(128,679,449)	(122,155,141)	(119,600,093)	(112,883,622)	(101,740,073)	(90,076,756)
Total major component units net position	\$ 141,290,910	\$ 30,516,774	\$ 27,317,399	\$ 24,570,213	\$ 19,573,454	\$ 21,035,879	\$ 29,886,316	\$ 27,089,745	\$ 29,847,361	\$ 39,053,444
Total reporting entity: (2)										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 124,167,242	\$ 128,405,019	\$ 126,705,690	\$ 134,528,812	\$ 135,122,135	\$ 148,122,492	\$ 146,726,248	\$ 156,805,784	\$ 145,846,819	\$ 157,736,106
Restricted	5,230,344	1,629,246	7,482,544	12,821,412	11,397,672	3,096,634	6,541,513	1,980,457	2,106,253	5,206,189
Unrestricted	52,895,376	(61,255,765)	(68,313,749)	(74,779,704)	(99,893,108)	(84,941,188)	(81,957,968)	(68,646,875)	(27,493,125)	10,659,752
Total reporting entity net position	\$ 182,292,962	\$ 68,778,500	\$ 65,874,485	\$ 72,570,520	\$ 46,626,699	\$ 66,277,938	\$ 71,309,793	\$ 90,139,366	\$ 120,459,947	\$ 173,602,047

Notes:

- (1) Component Unit net position/assets are included in this table due to public schools and social services being significant portions of the County operations. In Virginia, the County issues debt to finance the construction of facilities for these component units because the component units do not have borrowing or taxing authority.
- (2) The sum of the rows for the Reporting Entity identified as "Net investment in capital assets" and "Unrestricted" do not equal the sum of the rows from the total Primary Government and the total Component Units because the outstanding debt for the schools has not been subtracted from the total Primary Governments "Invested in capital assets" since the debt for the school board does not correspond to the capital assets of the Primary Government. However, when the Primary Government and the component Units are combined, the outstanding debt needs to be accounted for by reducing the balance classified as "Net investment in capital assets."
- (3) June 30, 2014 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.
- (4) June 30, 2018 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.
- (5) June 30, 2018 net position was restated for change in accounting policy.
- (6) June 30, 2021 net position was restated for change in accounting policy.

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year	June 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
rimary government:										
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 5,462,554	\$ 6,039,859 \$	5,436,798	\$ 5,932,529 \$	5,954,830 \$	\$ 5,856,138	\$ 6,921,747 \$	\$ 9,073,530 \$	7,179,365 \$	7,401,283
Judicial administration	3,859,974	3,815,111	3,883,941	4,107,387	4,830,865	4,924,189	5,448,613	6,137,343	6,148,272	6,519,18
Public safety	23,580,101	23,826,370	36,779,233	27,123,823	30,667,940	29,707,762	31,634,751	34,564,076	45,063,512	45,362,25
Public works	6,898,649	6,868,624	4,339,985	3,365,230	9,564,783	7,132,527	4,484,222	3,443,628	4,295,667	5,368,87
Health and social services	3,769,309	5,715,170	5,761,798	5,786,160	8,212,284	6,725,322	9,299,956	12,235,368	8,403,591	10,128,55
Education	49,859,613	53,790,738	55,511,622	60,961,694	85,021,862	61,670,147	79,867,096	62,367,827	60,605,742	66,568,47
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,186,224	2,209,125	2,343,553	2,433,990	2,503,886	2,776,941	3,214,317	3,548,256	3,284,171	3,235,43
Community development	3,356,974	3,583,964	3,903,620	4,744,578	4,382,927	4,466,472	6,105,207	7,470,738	8,174,277	9,912,07
Interest	4,354,774	4,170,608	3,624,534	3,148,719	3,400,804	3,319,832	3,654,051	3,349,701	3,067,899	2,651,39
Total governmental activities	103,328,172	110,019,569	121,585,084	117,604,110	154,540,181	126,579,330	150,629,960	142,190,467	146,222,496	157,147,53
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	6,363,516	6,621,701	6,765,919	7,160,783	7,873,463	7,781,690	10,526,705	9,423,182	8,887,478	10,120,414
Solid waste	5,123,106	4,811,787	4,574,428	6,026,658	6,116,340	6,495,025	7,960,721	6,025,601	6,740,579	7,792,09
Total business-type activities	11,486,622	11,433,488	11,340,347	13,187,441	13,989,803	14,276,715	18,487,426	15,448,783	15,628,057	17,912,51
Total primary government expenses	114,814,794	121,453,057	132,925,431	130,791,551	168,529,984	140,856,045	169,117,386	157,639,250	161,850,553	175,060,04
		,,		) )		.,			- / /	
Program revenue:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government administration	2,059	3,511	2,383	1,768	1,727	1,940	1,784	2,896	3,086	1,44
Judicial administration	990,660	1,097,413	1,119,539	1,304,471	1,417,626	1,793,772	2,289,677	2,014,873	1,933,131	1,865,99
Public safety	6,312,309	7,276,430	6,483,239	7,298,651	7,833,177	8,330,264	8,775,254	10,028,204	10,812,341	12,093,26
Public works	1,141,301	1,104,328	1,022,145	1,085,426	1,161,736	1,193,105	1,060,312	1,096,061	1,663,956	1,585,63
Health and social services	17,745	1,204	2,428	18,565	26,013	24,152	-	208,737	163,484	174,29
Parks, recreation and cultural	756,422	805,431	785,225	863,175	843,541	872,572	585,312	404,983	647,434	235,94
Community development	3,727	2,540	508	1,855	143	-	-	-	-	
Operating grants and contributions:										
General government administration	417,952	411,690	461,210	426,233	434,401	436,847	496,430	1,070,074	512,431	735,46
Judicial administration	2,178,098	2,135,443	2,271,957	2,349,172	2,345,308	2,669,219	2,741,111	2,965,891	2,944,500	3,183,46
Public safety	6,665,123	6,578,170	6,784,253	7,630,019	7,448,343	7,201,417	10,860,739	11,659,418	11,924,666	14,559,00
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91,944	-	4,450,94
Health and social services	172,263	176,963	200,944	237,994	230,468	284,782	277,084	322,074	328,314	356,66
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,040,427	-	150,69
Parks, recreation and cultural	-	-	-	-	-	-	85,498	77,571	180,000	10,59
Community development	-	-	100,000	254,000	-	25,000	-	1,275,201	-	1,76
Capital grants and contributions:										
General government administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140,580	-	
Judicial administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,487	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,047,898	-	
Public works	2,802,447	2,394,638	253,442	306,062	3,140,931	1,722,006	867,554	1,011,986	1,150,000	
Parks, recreation and cultural	,,,				- , - , -	100,000		134,970	-	
Community development	-	-	-	-	-		-	508,682	-	

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year	r June 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Primary government:										
Program revenue:										
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and sewer	\$ 7,436,597	\$ 6,450,673 \$	6,570,101	\$ 6,837,014	\$ 7,478,485	\$ 7,899,974	\$ 7,999,888	\$ 8,652,543	\$ 9,574,801	\$ 9,282,045
Solid waste	5,057,086	5,461,705	5,488,882	5,764,198	6,050,596	6,567,397	6,519,218	6,520,677	7,059,640	7,559,869
Operating grants and contributions:										
Water and sewer	-	1,638,030	952,584	2,168,073	1,341,662	1,468,780	1,567,175	2,601,890	3,156,685	4,405,623
Solid waste	-	-	-	23,830	73,273	75,918	20,926	23,753	33,754	51,951
Capital grants and contributions:				<i>,</i>	<i>,</i>	·		,	<i>.</i>	<i>,</i>
Solid waste	-	870,563	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total business-type activities	12,493,683	14,420,971	13,011,567	14,793,115	14,944,016	16,012,069	16,107,207	17,798,863	19,824,880	21,299,488
Total primary government revenues	33,953,789	36,408,732	32,498,840	36,570,506	39,827,430	40.667,145	44,147,962	53,912,820	52,088,223	60,704,656
	55,755,767	50,100,752	52,190,010	50,570,500	57,027,150	10,007,115	11,117,902	55,912,020	52,000,225	00,701,000
Net (expense) revenue:										
Governmental activities	(81,868,066)	(88,031,808)	(102,097,811)	(95,826,719)	(129,656,767)	(101,924,254)	(122,589,205)	(106,076,510)	(113,959,153)	(117,742,369
Business-type activities	1,007,061	2,987,483	1,671,220	1,605,674	954,213	1,735,354	(2,380,219)	2,350,080	4,196,823	3,386,976
Total primary government, net expense	(80,861,005)	(85,044,325)	(100,426,591)	(94,221,045)	(128,702,554)	(100,188,900)	(124,969,424)	(103,726,430)	(109,762,330)	(114,355,393
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
General property taxes	70,208,531	71,962,305	77,182,964	81,433,734	88,479,898	91,965,599	94,675,689	98,103,822	107,724,600	123,472,718
Local sales and use	5,309,256	5,387,061	6,105,799	6,324,892	6,276,421	6,650,321	8,015,055	9,138,949	9,829,852	11,188,328
Consumer utility and communications sales and use	1,078,402	1,095,486	1,156,055	1,058,481	1,116,085	1,114,925	1,733,524	1,752,942	1,801,969	1,792,441
Motor vehicles licenses	1,209,701	1,211,564	1,227,518	1,278,070	1,304,491	1,350,626	1,342,514	1,383,739	1,396,287	66,228
Transient occupancy tax	1,209,701	1,211,501	1,227,010	1,270,070	- 612,543		827,571 1,441,375		1,599,148	2,118,722
Food and beverage	925,336	1,034,025	1,070,535	1,155,637	1,242,234	1,275,618	1,187,022	1,268,157	2,171,602	2,477,572
Recordation & Wills	730,498	955,372	942,381	957,414	1,036,421	1,040,173	1,221,494	1,745,780	1,807,256	1,468,083
Other	672,052	691,284	714,687	709,216	746,426	502,479	482,640	511,697	500,462	504,642
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid	8,079,422	7,838,718	8,984,272	8,050,669	8,583,682	8,393,935	8,382,598	7,736,486	7,683,674	7,669,342
Use of money and property	1,505,611	1,460,029	1,720,204	1,133,428	711,810	1,612,133	1,324,348	715,728	(405,807)	3,876,174
Miscellaneous	302,430	364,608	680,439	627,835	536,673	3,438,994	1,033,465	2,792,030	2,734,038	2,159,369
Transfers	502,450	870,563	080,439	027,855	550,075	5,456,994	(57,730)	2,792,030	2,734,038	2,139,505
Total governmental activities	90,021,239	92,871,015	99,784,854	102,729,376	110,034,141	117,957,346	120,168,190	126,590,705	136,843,081	156,793,619
	90,021,239	72,071,015	JJ,704,054	102,729,570	110,054,141	117,757,540	120,100,190	120,570,705	150,045,001	150,775,012
Business-type activities:										
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid	-	-	26,640	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Use of money and property	65,660	93,935	59,852	171,908	272,958	532,278	558,613	164,842	144,327	1,160,437
Miscellaneous	898,936	837,750	850,605	762,982	774,434	769,890	366,309	1,951,660	337,887	337,354
Transfers	-	(870,563)	-	-	-	-	57,730	-	-	
Total business-type activities	964,596	61,122	937,097	934,890	1,047,392	1,302,168	982,652	2,116,502	482,214	1,497,791
Total primary government	90,985,835	92,932,137	100,721,951	103,664,266	111,081,533	119,259,514	121,150,842	128,707,207	137,325,295	158,291,410
Changes in net assets/net position:										
Governmental activities	8,153,173	4,839,207	(2,312,957)	6,902,657	(19,622,626)	16,033,092	(2,421,015)	20,514,295	22,883,928	39,051,250
Business-type activities	1,971,657	3,048,605	2,608,317	2,540,564	2,001,605	3,037,522	(1,397,567)	4,466,582	4,679,037	4,884,767
Dusiness-type activities	1,9/1,03/	5,040,005	2,000,51/	2,540,504	2,001,005	5,057,522	(1,597,507)	4,400,582	4,0/9,03/	4,004,/0/

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

						Fiscal Ye	ar June 30,				
	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Major component units: (2)											
Component unit - school board:											
Expenses:											
Instruction	\$ 100,536,		05,050,310				\$ 113,318,228				
Administration, attendance and health	5,552,		5,895,218	6,431,820	5,824,903	4,995,480	5,574,296	5,935,639	7,047,955	6,734,274	7,851,122
Pupil transportation	9,338,		9,196,500	9,339,985	9,555,551	9,519,163	9,861,011	11,342,603	9,295,923	10,155,248	10,485,942
Operation and maintenance services	11,573,		11,746,547	11,417,995	14,110,378	13,290,806	13,566,374	13,961,370	14,405,484	14,613,059	16,146,724
School food services	5,053,	23	5,105,966	5,166,363	5,243,049	5,213,331	5,033,504	5,473,498	4,936,653	5,918,740	6,295,817
Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,721	159,396
Total expenses	132,054,	661 13	36,994,541	138,710,089	147,966,748	148,669,696	147,353,413	159,763,408	159,534,209	164,649,619	179,173,711
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	5,084,4		5,436,058	5,426,333	5,596,541	5,451,679	5,020,707	4,421,516	750,282	1,001,722	2,298,711
Operating grants and contributions	68,365,	556 7	72,137,991	72,854,877	76,638,660	79,994,313	82,460,795	84,032,792	92,135,682	105,445,911	114,647,652
Capital grants and contributions	32,		71,650	83,333	175,791	98,915	-	-	756,704	1,109,034	3,691,304
Total program revenues	73,482,	709 7	77,645,699	78,364,543	82,410,992	85,544,907	87,481,502	88,454,308	93,642,668	107,556,667	120,637,667
Net expense	(58,571,	952) (5	59,348,842)	(60,345,546)	(65,555,756)	(63,124,789)	(59,871,911)	(71,309,100)	(65,891,541)	(57,092,952)	(58,536,044
General revenues and other changes in net assets:											
Grants and contributions not restricted to											
specific programs	49,859,	513 5	53,790,738	55,511,622	60,961,694	85,030,486	61,691,628	79,869,506	60,327,400	60,605,742	66,568,478
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid	79,	543	72,671	75,166	77,475	74,224	71,192	69,005	66,915	65,439	65,672
Use of money and property	31,4	189	45,918	35,649	44,232	137,296	161,674	143,546	36,972	25,392	389,516
Miscellaneous	511,	387	626,406	586,358	542,927	249,859	192,128	202,818	212,570	419,772	246,910
Total general revenues and other											
changes in net position	50,482,	532 5	54,535,733	56,208,795	61,626,328	85,491,865	62,116,622	80,284,875	60,643,857	61,116,345	67,270,576
Total general revenues and other											
Total component unit - school board											
change in net position	\$ (8,089,2	320) \$ (	(4,813,109)	\$ (4,136,751)	\$ (3,929,428)	\$ 22,367,076	\$ 2,244,711	\$ 8,975,775	\$ (5,247,684) \$	4,023,393	\$ 8,734,532
Component unit - HRSSD:											
Expenses:											
Public assistance	\$ 6,452,	300 \$	6,847,545	\$ 6,397,049	\$ 6,816,763	\$ 7,451,225	\$ 7,139,235	\$ 7,438,854	\$ 7,036,116 \$	7,840,953	\$ 8,276,623
Comprehensive/children's services	8,874,4	11	9,146,513	8,883,443	9,573,881	9,755,890	9,909,365	10,697,613	11,490,213	12,719,836	16,189,731
Health and human services	6,233,2	209	5,997,127	7,515,831	7,642,598	9,037,932	8,655,093	10,003,642	8,394,826	12,518,037	12,014,500
VJCCA		-	82,081	83,474	87,171	86,672	72,575	67,801	45,761	45,928	44,661
Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,632	11,510
Total expenses	21,559,	20 2	22,073,266	22,879,797	24,120,413	26,331,719	25,776,268	28,207,910	26,966,916	33,138,386	36,537,025
Program revenues:											
Operating grants and contributions	15,586,	<u>617 1</u>	16,200,010	16,033,541	17,128,620	17,606,083	18,053,327	19,297,447	20,062,801	22,334,924	25,274,767
Total program revenues	15,586,	617 1	16,200,010	16,033,541	17,128,620	17,606,083	18,053,327	19,297,447	20,062,801	22,334,924	25,274,767
	(5,973,		(5,873,256)			(8,725,636)	(7,722,941)		(6,904,115)	(10,803,462)	(11,262,258

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year Ju	ne 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General revenues and other changes in net assets:										
Grants and contributions not restricted to										
specific programs	\$ 6,348,530 \$	6,739,048 \$	7,722,610 \$	8,091,663 \$	8,209,413 \$	8,491,193 \$	8,587,413 \$	9,281,426 \$	9,474,506 \$	11,448,89
Use of money and property	16,177	20,951	12,362	32,086	40,755	134,457	145,160	23,199	12,888	242,13
Miscellaneous	 71,814	57,963	48,660	50,286	48,830	47,022	52,552	50,603	50,291	42,77
Total general revenues and other										
changes in net position	 6,436,521	6,817,962	7,783,632	8,174,035	8,298,998	8,672,672	8,785,125	9,355,228	9,537,685	11,733,80
Total component unit - HRSSD										
change in net position	\$ 463,218 \$	944,706 \$	937,376 \$	1,182,242 \$	(426,638) \$	949,731 \$	(125,338) \$	2,451,113 \$	(1,265,777) \$	471,55
Total major component units change in										
net position	\$ (7,626,102) \$	(3,868,403) \$	(3,199,375) \$	(2,747,186) \$	21,940,438 \$	3,194,442 \$	8,850,437 \$	(2,796,571) \$	2,757,616 \$	9,206,08
Total reporting entity change in										
net position	\$ 2,498,728 \$	4,019,409 \$	(2,904,015) \$	6,696,035 \$	4,319,417 \$	22,265,056 \$	5,031,855 \$	22,184,306 \$	30,320,581 \$	53,142,10

Notes:

- (1) Net (expense) revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues. This difference indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. Numbers in a parentheses are net expenses indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and, therefore, general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, demonstrating that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.
- (2) Component units were included in this table due to their significance to the County.

#### PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year June 30, 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023													
Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023				
Primary government:														
Governmental activities:														
General government administration	\$ 420,011 \$	415,201 \$	463,593 \$	428,001 \$	436,128 \$	· · ·	498,214 \$	1,213,550 \$	515,517 \$	736,907				
Judicial administration	3,168,758	3,232,856	3,391,496	3,653,643	3,762,934	4,462,991	5,030,788	4,992,251	4,877,631	5,049,461				
Public safety	12,977,432	13,854,600	13,267,492	14,928,670	15,281,520	15,531,681	19,635,993	22,735,520	22,737,007	26,652,271				
Public works	3,943,748	3,498,966	1,275,587	1,391,488	4,302,667	2,915,111	1,927,866	2,199,991	2,813,956	6,036,575				
Health and social services	190,008	178,167	203,372	256,559	256,481	308,934	277,084	530,811	491,798	530,962				
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,040,427	-	150,690				
Parks, recreation and cultural	756,422	805,431	785,225	863,175	843,541	972,572	670,810	617,524	827,434	246,539				
Community development	3,727	2,540	100,508	255,855	143	25,000	-	1,783,883	-	1,763				
Total governmental activities	21,460,106	21,987,761	19,487,273	21,777,391	24,883,414	24,655,076	28,040,755	36,113,957	32,263,343	39,405,168				
Business-type activities:														
Water and sewer	7,436,597	8,088,703	7,522,685	9,005,087	8,820,147	9,368,754	9,567,063	11,254,433	12,731,486	13,687,668				
Solid waste	5,057,086	6,332,268	5,488,882	5,788,028	6,123,869	6,643,315	6,540,144	6,544,430	7,093,394	7,611,820				
Total business-type activities	12,493,683	14,420,971	13,011,567	14,793,115	14,944,016	16,012,069	16,107,207	17,798,863	19,824,880	21,299,488				
Total primary government	\$ 33,953,789 \$	36,408,732 \$	32,498,840 \$	36,570,506 \$	39,827,430 \$	40,667,145 \$	44,147,962 \$	53,912,820 \$	52,088,223 \$	60,704,656				
Major component units:														
Component unit - school board:														
Instruction	\$ 68,376,769 \$	72.551.314 \$	73,069,780 \$	76,995,702 \$	80,216,305 \$	82,046,967 \$	83.603.832 \$	88.002.363 \$	99,783,500 \$	114,040,596				
Administration, attendance and health	\$ 00,570,705 \$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	127,236				
Pupil transportation services	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	633,926	_	23,775				
Operation and maintenance services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	82,478	_	19,387				
School food services	5,105,940	5,094,385	5,294,763	5,415,290	5,328,602	5,434,535	4,850,476	4,923,901	7,773,167	6,426,673				
		0,00 1,000	0,201,700	0,110,290	5,520,002	0,101,000	1,000,170	1,720,701	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,120,075				
Total component unit - school board	73,482,709	77,645,699	78,364,543	82,410,992	85,544,907	87,481,502	88,454,308	93,642,668	107,556,667	120,637,667				
Component unit - HRSSD:														
Public assistance	5,029,280	5,047,847	4,748,681	4,961,568	5,034,759	5,142,885	5,282,800	4,943,818	5,454,244	5,501,856				
Comprehensive/children's services	5,237,254	5,377,628	5,113,599	5,215,483	5,527,679	5,516,368	6,044,493	7,010,078	8,081,101	10,272,712				
Health and human services	5,320,083	5,712,054	6,069,231	6,868,035	6,956,814	7,321,658	7,902,353	8,063,144	8,753,651	9,455,538				
VJCCA	-	62,481	102,030	83,534	86,831	72,416	67,801	45,761	45,928	44,661				
Total component unit - HRSSD	15,586,617	16,200,010	16,033,541	17,128,620	17,606,083	18,053,327	19,297,447	20,062,801	22,334,924	25,274,767				
Total major component units	\$ 89,069,326 \$	93,845,709 \$	94,398,084 \$	99,539,612 \$	103,150,990 \$	105,534,829 \$	107,751,755 \$	113,705,469 \$	129,891,591 \$	145,912,434				
Total reporting entity	\$ 123,023,115 \$	130,254,441 \$	126,896,924 \$	136.110.118 \$	142.978.420 \$	146,201,974 \$	151.899.717 \$	167.618.289 \$	181 979 814 \$	206 617 090				

#### FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year June 30,																	
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020		2021	2022		2023
General Fund:																		
Nonspendable	\$	483,343	\$	584,337	\$	712,636	\$	785,140	\$	695,007	\$	722,684 \$	699,185	\$	806,616	\$ 781,855	\$	761,070
Restricted		2,105,608		2,058,400		2,551,574		3,026,483		3,088,162		3,804,263	3,880,583		-	-		-
Committed		-		-		-		82,374		171,434		452,880	4,889,739		1,034,013	3,194,659		10,126,413
Assigned		-		-		-		-		53,822		142,979	-		-	-		7,204,238
Unassigned		25,193,314		25,644,629		27,066,722		23,537,191		26,465,446		24,456,592	35,585,131		40,298,647	54,737,478		65,696,732
Total General Fund	\$	27,782,265	\$	28,287,366	\$	30,330,932	\$	27,431,188	\$	3,284,171	\$	29,579,398 \$	45,054,638	\$	42,139,276	\$ 58,713,992	\$	83,788,453
All Other Governmental Funds:																		
Nonspendable	\$	11,143	\$	11,143	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	11,204	\$	1,242	\$ 1,279	\$	16,364
Restricted		193,685		224,566		195,800		235,108		404,183		518,066	1,334,085		1,415,419	2,106,253		2,675,887
Committed		-		-		-		4,288,809		3,962,920		7,218,556	3,756,964		5,302,877	9,085,690		6,476,089
Assigned		22,093,893		17,828,714		14,456,621		7,312,400		3,979,016		2,375,979	3,115,432		4,036,000	481,868		6,636,344
Total all other governmental funds	\$	22,298,721	\$	18,064,423	\$	14,652,421	\$	11,836,317	\$	8,346,119	\$	10,112,601 \$	8,217,685	\$	10,755,538	\$ 11,675,090	\$	15,804,684

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

							Fiscal Ye	ar J	une 30,						
		2014	2015	2016		2017	2018		2019		2020	2021	2022		2023
Revenues:															
General property taxes	\$	70,426,736 \$	71,932,121	\$ 77,123	,724 \$	8 81,459,657	\$ 88,474,133	\$	91,989,158	\$ 9	4,559,498	\$ 97,875,970	\$ 107,460,3	11 \$	123,022,445
Other local taxes		9,925,245	10,374,792	11,216	,975	11,483,710	11,722,078		12,546,685	1	4,809,820	17,242,739	19,106,5	76	19,616,016
Permits, privilege fees and licenses		1,003,449	1,085,078	1,056	,984	1,730,059	1,364,545		1,166,099		1,312,113	1,532,890	1,597,8	55	1,799,136
Fines and forfeitures		159,842	184,583	151	,516	240,396	208,051		202,191		181,988	128,829	206,9	06	233,080
Use of money and property		1,494,063	1,444,522	1,711	,660	1,111,496	687,937		1,541,962		1,242,515	697,969	(414,4	17)	3,733,768
Charges for services		3,925,885	3,956,131	3,643	,395	3,645,601	3,898,039		3,851,156		3,542,104	4,934,707	6,365,2	49	6,127,245
Miscellaneous		302,430	364,608	680	,439	627,835	536,673		3,538,994		1,033,465	2,792,030	2,734,0	38	2,159,369
Recovered costs		4,134,950	5,064,878	4,563	,572	4,957,855	5,457,543		7,246,686		7,709,501	7,206,313	7,078,5	28	7,797,119
Intergovernmental		20,315,305	19,535,622	19,056	,078	19,254,149	22,183,133		20,733,206	2	3,711,014	30,094,689	24,723,5	85	31,084,289
Total revenues		111,687,905	113,942,335	119,204	,343	124,510,758	134,532,132		142,816,137	14	8,102,018	162,506,136	168,858,6	31	195,572,467
Expenditures:															
General government administration		4,787,939	4,804,695	5,203	,673	5,543,460	5,349,427		5,539,382		6,099,898	7,416,570	6,632,1	83	6,753,693
Judicial administration		3,540,441	3,740,215	3,827	.334	4,187,990	4,279,035		4,917,656		5,116,568	5,520,971	5,680,9	52	6,134,154
Public safety		22,919,965	26,121,456	26,286		28,665,762	29,582,664		30,271,052		3,148,888	38,471,650	40,820,6		43,425,793
Public works		2,852,182	2,921,785	2,944	.236	3,108,156	2,927,766		3,121,323		2,972,751	3,378,189	3,883,3	73	4,479,946
Health and social services		5,898,577	5,400,366	5,807	·	6,171,569	6,868,468		6,584,606		8,834,422	12,275,121	8,448,2		10,176,494
Education		49,859,613	53,790,738	55,511	,622	60,961,694	85,030,486		61,691,628	-	9,869,506	62,367,827	60,605,7	42	66,568,478
Parks, recreation and cultural		2,130,299	2,197,829	2,251	,615	2,365,854	2,392,388		2,476,069		2,521,162	2,828,855	2,772,1	29	2,480,959
Community development		2,497,658	2,753,660	3,090	.881	3,959,791	3,479,239		3,691,910		4,186,445	6,707,455	4,260,2	50	9,134,530
Capital outlay		4,593,950	5,048,279	3,965	,319	3,894,304	14,168,378		11,975,289	1	1,454,099	6,023,046	7,139,7		5,042,473
Debt service:															
Principal		7,528,018	7,182,006	7,762	,776	7,809,066	6,975,972		7,668,695		8,085,187	11,077,345	7,324,7	71	8,781,560
Interest and fiscal charges		4,751,292	4,581,066	3,921	,002	3,558,960	3,235,080		4,006,518		3,719,626	4,372,922	3,823,3	43	3,418,897
Total expenditures	_	111,359,934	118,542,095	120,572	,779	130,226,606	164,288,903		141,944,128	10	6,008,552	160,439,951	151,391,4	02	166,396,977
Revenues over (under) expenditures		327,971	(4,599,760)	(1,368	,436)	(5,715,848)	(29,756,771)		872,009		647,434	2,066,185	17,467,2	29	29,175,490
Other financing sources (uses):											-				
Transfers in		4,284,869	1,947,743	800	,000	800,000	8,757,000		8,699,500		512,431	7,364,575	6,031,5	39	7,490,750
Transfers out		(4,284,869)	(1,077,180)		,000)	(800,000)	(7,232,000)		(8,699,500)		2,944,500	(6,374,149)	(6,004,5	00)	(7,490,750)
Issuance of subscription		-	-		-	-	-		-		-	-		-	28,565
Issuance of debt		-	13,125,000		-	-	25,822,000		-	1	1,924,666	-		-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	(13,125,000)			-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Premium on issuance debt		-	-		-	-	1,962,256		-		328,314	-		-	-
Total other financing sources											,				
(uses), net		-	870,563		-	-	29,309,256		-		-	990,426	27,0	39	28,565
Net change in fund balance		327,971	(3,729,197)	(1,368	,436)	(5,715,848)	(447,515)		872,009		-	3,056,611	17,494,2	68	29,204,055
-															

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

*(modified accrual basis of accounting)* (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Yea	ar June 30,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures:										
Primary government: Total debt service	\$ 12,279,310	\$ 11,763,072	\$ 11,683,778	\$ 11,368,026	\$ 10,211,052	\$ 11,675,213	\$ 11,804,813	\$ 15,450,267	\$ 11,148,114 \$	12,200,457
Total expenditures Less: Capital outlay - primary government	\$ 111,359,934 (1,258,644)	\$ 118,542,095 (2,087,485)	\$ 120,572,779 (2,724,796)	\$ 130,226,606 (5,626,572)	\$ 164,288,903 (5,912,172)	\$ 141,944,128 (8,204,800)	\$ 166,008,552 (11,420,136)	\$ 160,439,951 (7,078,960)	\$ 151,391,402 \$ (4,762,243)	166,396,977 (5,023,613)
Noncapital expenditures	\$ 110,101,290	\$ 116,454,610	\$ 117,847,983	\$ 124,600,034	\$ 158,376,731	\$ 133,739,328	\$ 154,588,416	\$ 153,360,991	\$ 146,629,159 \$	161,373,364
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.15%	10.10%	9.91%	9.12%	6.45%	8.73%	7.64%	10.07%	7.60%	7.56%
Major component units - School Board and HRSSD: Expenditures:										
School board HRSSD	\$ 123,811,920 23,594,887	\$ 131,802,060 23,264,806	\$ 134,799,313 22,983,663	\$ 146,858,092 24,549,020	\$ 162,739,989 25,742,457	\$ 156,758,093 25,764,272	\$ 160,118,201 27,785,854	\$ 154,132,308 28,955,614	\$ 169,059,262 \$ 30,923,482	182,571,833 36,346,853
Less: Capital outlay - school board Less: Capital outlay - HRSSD	(1,421,014) (2,163,687)	(2,891,187) (530,456)	(3,267,837) (31,182)	(8,428,049) (42,681)	(18,786,715) (123,000)	(9,334,130)	(12,746,714)	(3,643,625) (199,473)	(4,121,164)	(6,465,172)
Noncapital expenditures	\$ 143,822,106	\$ 151,645,223	\$ 154,483,957	\$ 162,936,382	\$ 169,572,731	\$ 173,188,235	\$ 175,157,341	\$ 179,244,824	\$ 195,861,580 \$	212,453,514
Total reporting entity:										
Total noncapital expenditures	\$ 197,938,726	\$ 207,908,866	\$ 212,140,973	\$ 227,345,449	\$ 238,142,511	\$ 236,391,308	\$ 241,423,662	\$ 263,353,188	\$ 272,351,641 \$	295,737,948
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6.20%	5.66%	5.51%	5.00%	4.29%	4.94%	4.89%	5.87%	4.09%	4.13%

## CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Notes:

- (1) In Virginia, the County issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities for the public schools because the public schools do not have borrowing or taxing authority. Therefore, the debt service payments related to school facilities are presented as debt service of the primary government. Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures for the total reporting entity more appropriately reflects the unique Virginia school debt requirement.
- (2) For the "Total Reporting Entity" amounts, the total noncapital expenditures have been reduced by the amounts given by the primary government to the public schools, Massanutten Technical Center, and the Social Services District so those expenditures are not included twice.

# TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

Property (1)	Local Sales and Use	Motor Vehicle	Transient Occupancy Tax	Utility and Communications Sales and Use	Recordation and Wills	Food and Beverage	Other	Total
69,694,829	\$ 5,309,256	\$ 1,209,701	\$ -	\$ 1,078,402	\$ 730,498	\$ 925,336 \$	672,052	\$ 79,620,074
71,270,077	5,387,061	1,211,564	-	1,095,486	955,372	1,034,025	691,284	81,644,869
76,369,114	6,105,799	1,227,518	-	1,156,055	942,381	1,070,535	714,687	87,586,089
80,660,077	6,324,892	1,278,070	-	1,058,481	957,414	1,155,637	709,216	92,143,787
87,582,204	6,276,421	1,304,491	-	1,116,085	1,036,421	1,242,234	746,426	99,304,282
90,974,637	6,650,321	1,350,626	612,543	1,114,925	1,040,173	1,275,618	502,479	103,521,322
93,669,919	8,015,055	1,342,514	827,571	1,733,524	1,221,494	1,187,022	482,640	108,479,739
96,967,443	9,138,949	1,383,739	1,441,375	1,752,942	1,745,780	1,268,157	511,697	114,210,082
106,444,152	9,829,852	1,396,287	1,599,148	1,801,969	1,807,256	2,171,602	500,462	125,550,728
121,852,851	11,188,328	66,228	2,118,722	1,792,441	1,468,083	2,477,572	504,642	141,468,867
74 8404	110 729/	04 520/	0.00%	66 210/	100 07%	167 759/	24 0194	77.68%
	71,270,077 76,369,114 80,660,077 87,582,204 90,974,637 93,669,919 96,967,443 106,444,152	Property (1)and Use69,694,829\$5,309,25671,270,0775,387,06176,369,1146,105,79980,660,0776,324,89287,582,2046,276,42190,974,6376,650,32193,669,9198,015,05596,967,4439,138,949106,444,1529,829,852121,852,85111,188,328	Property (1)and UseVehicle69,694,829\$5,309,256\$1,209,70171,270,0775,387,0611,211,56476,369,1146,105,7991,227,51880,660,0776,324,8921,278,07087,582,2046,276,4211,304,49190,974,6376,650,3211,350,62693,669,9198,015,0551,342,51496,967,4439,138,9491,383,739106,444,1529,829,8521,396,287121,852,85111,188,32866,228	Property (1)and UseVehicleOccupancy Tax69,694,829\$5,309,256\$1,209,701\$71,270,0775,387,0611,211,564-76,369,1146,105,7991,227,518-80,660,0776,324,8921,278,070-87,582,2046,276,4211,304,491-90,974,6376,650,3211,350,626612,54393,669,9198,015,0551,342,514827,57196,967,4439,138,9491,383,7391,441,375106,444,1529,829,8521,396,2871,599,148121,852,85111,188,32866,2282,118,722	Property (1)and UseVehicleOccupancy TaxSales and Use69,694,829\$5,309,256\$1,209,701\$-\$1,078,40271,270,0775,387,0611,211,564-1,095,48676,369,1146,105,7991,227,518-1,156,05580,660,0776,324,8921,278,070-1,058,48187,582,2046,276,4211,304,491-1,116,08590,974,6376,650,3211,350,626612,5431,114,92593,669,9198,015,0551,342,514827,5711,733,52496,967,4439,138,9491,383,7391,441,3751,752,942106,444,1529,829,8521,396,2871,599,1481,801,969121,852,85111,188,32866,2282,118,7221,792,441	Property (1)and UseVehicleOccupancy TaxSales and Useand Wills69,694,829\$5,309,256\$1,209,701\$-\$1,078,402\$730,49871,270,0775,387,0611,211,564-1,095,486955,37276,369,1146,105,7991,227,518-1,156,055942,38180,660,0776,324,8921,278,070-1,058,481957,41487,582,2046,276,4211,304,491-1,116,0851,036,42190,974,6376,650,3211,350,626612,5431,114,9251,040,17393,669,9198,015,0551,342,514827,5711,733,5241,221,49496,967,4439,138,9491,383,7391,441,3751,752,9421,745,780106,444,1529,829,8521,396,2871,599,1481,801,9691,807,256121,852,85111,188,32866,2282,118,7221,792,4411,468,083	Property (1)and UseVehicleOccupancy TaxSales and Useand WillsBeverage69,694,829\$5,309,256\$1,209,701\$-\$1,078,402\$730,498\$925,336\$71,270,0775,387,0611,211,564-1,095,486955,3721,034,025\$76,369,1146,105,7991,227,518-1,156,055942,3811,070,53580,660,0776,324,8921,278,070-1,058,481957,4141,155,63787,582,2046,276,4211,304,491-1,116,0851,036,4211,242,23490,974,6376,650,3211,350,626612,5431,114,9251,040,1731,275,61893,669,9198,015,0551,342,514827,5711,733,5241,221,4941,187,02296,967,4439,138,9491,383,7391,441,3751,752,9421,745,7801,268,157106,444,1529,829,8521,396,2871,599,1481,801,9691,807,2562,171,602121,852,85111,188,32866,2282,118,7221,792,4411,468,0832,477,572	Property (1)and UseVehicleOccupancy TaxSales and Useand WillsBeverageOther69,694,829\$5,309,256\$1,209,701\$-\$1,078,402\$730,498\$925,336\$672,052\$71,270,0775,387,0611,211,564-1,095,486955,3721,034,025691,28476,369,1146,105,7991,227,518-1,156,055942,3811,070,535714,68780,660,0776,324,8921,278,070-1,058,481957,4141,155,637709,21687,582,2046,276,4211,304,491-1,116,0851,036,4211,242,234746,42690,974,6376,650,3211,350,626612,5431,114,9251,040,1731,275,618502,47993,669,9198,015,0551,342,514827,5711,733,5241,221,4941,187,022482,64096,967,4439,138,9491,383,7391,441,3751,752,9421,745,7801,268,157511,697106,444,1529,829,8521,396,2871,599,1481,801,9691,807,2562,171,602500,462121,852,85111,188,32866,2282,118,7221,792,4411,468,0832,477,572504,642

Notes:

(1) Property tax revenue does not include penalties and interest collected on delinquent tax collections.

#### ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Residential Property (1)	Commercial Property (1)	Industrial Property (1)	Farm Property (1)	Exempt & Nontaxable Property (1) (2)	Total Assessed Value	Percent Growth	Assessed Value of Tax Deferred Land Use (3)	Total Taxable Value	Total Direct Real Estate Tax Rate	Real Estate Tax Value as a Percentage of Assessed Value	Personal Property Value	Personal Property Tax	Total Direct Personal Property Tax Rate
2014	\$ 5,131,903,600	\$ 744,413,500	\$ 260,799,200	\$ 2,069,514,600	\$ 1,155,622,900	\$ 9,362,253,800	2.45%	\$ 1,060,320,506	\$ 7,146,310,394	\$ 0.64	76.33%	\$ 1,215,239,308	\$ 28,311,213	\$ 2.85
2015	5,198,957,000	765,627,500	258,445,700	2,073,139,200	1,155,559,900	9,451,729,300	0.96%	1,014,434,080	7,281,735,320	0.66/0.68	77.04%	1,257,521,262	29,402,197	2.90
2016	5,286,192,700	772,036,000	265,826,900	2,080,831,900	1,154,888,500	9,559,776,000	1.14%	1,016,281,990	7,388,605,510	0.68/0.70	77.29%	1,353,543,739	31,609,749	2.90
2017	5,360,674,700	801,922,900	263,991,000	2,083,044,800	1,169,407,400	9,679,040,800	1.25%	1,013,613,780	7,496,019,620	0.74	77.45%	1,420,103,739	33,932,001	3.00
2018	5,616,112,800	821,069,100	276,622,400	2,112,122,000	1,171,035,500	9,996,961,800	3.28%	1,029,749,840	7,796,176,460	0.74	77.99%	1,524,244,049	36,387,138	3.00
2019	5,715,245,600	862,187,600	277,993,700	2,111,197,800	1,172,733,700	10,139,358,400	1.42%	1,027,110,460	7,939,514,240	0.74	78.30%	1,586,377,475	38,113,105	3.00
2020	5,804,990,300	883,777,300	303,406,900	2,131,013,600	1,181,671,700	10,304,859,800	1.63%	1,029,216,830	8,093,971,270	0.74	78.55%	1,698,981,212	40,745,335	3.00
2021	5,911,663,600	906,602,000	402,607,600	2,046,666,300	1,188,370,700	10,455,910,200	1.47%	1,026,717,200	8,240,822,300	0.74	78.81%	1,763,157,277	44,868,033	3.00
2022	7,971,544,500	1,203,118,400	617,516,700	2,225,108,200	1,557,623,800	13,574,911,600	29.83%	1,032,157,640	10,985,130,160	0.68	80.92%	2,185,238,888	50,634,627	3.00
2023	8,239,307,200	1,208,314,200	619,717,000	2,225,524,600	1,558,463,400	13,851,326,400	2.04%	1,019,585,880	11,273,277,120	0.68	81.39%	2,338,337,183	54,424,847	3.00

Source:

Rockingham County real estate records.

Notes:

(1) Real estate assessed values are assessed for comparison to fair market value every four years. (2014, 2018 and 2022)

(2) Nontaxable and exempt property includes principally real estate owned by governmental, religious, charitable or educational entities.

(3) Rockingham County has adopted land use valuation for agricultural and open space land. Rather than fair market value, the value of this property is based upon its "use" value.

## DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

#### **Rockingham County**

							Mae	chinery						Fotal
Fiscal Year	R	eal	Pe	rsonal	Μ	lobile		and	Mei	chants'	F	Farm	Ι	Direct
June 30,	Es	tate	Property		Homes		Т	ools	C	apital	Ma	chinery		Rate
2014	\$	0.64	\$	2.85	\$	0.64	\$	2.55	\$	0.87	\$	0.44	\$	7.99
2015	0.6	66/0.68		2.90		0.68		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.11
2016	0.6	58/0.70		2.90	0	.68/0.70		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.14
2017		0.74		3.00		0.74		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.34
2018		0.74		3.00		0.74		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.34
2019		0.74		3.00		0.74		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.34
2020		0.74		3.00		0.74		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.34
2021		0.74		3.00		0.74		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.34
2022		0.68		2.65		0.68		2.55		0.87		0.44		7.87
2023		0.68		2.65		0.68		2.55		0.87		0.44		7.87

Note:

(1) Public Service Corporations are taxed at the real estate and the personal property tax rates for those classes of assessed values established by the State Corporation Commission.

#### **Overlapping Governments**

				Ν	<i>Aachinery</i>
Fiscal Year	Real	Personal	Mobile		and
June 30,	Estate	Property	Homes		Tools
2014	\$ 0.05-0.12	\$ 0.20-0.75	\$ 0.07-0.46	\$	0.30-0.46
2015	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.46		0.30-0.46
2016	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.46		0.30-0.46
2017	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.38		0.30-0.40
2018	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.38		0.30-0.40
2019	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.38		0.30-0.40
2020	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.38		0.30-0.40
2021	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.38		0.30-0.40
2022	0.07-0.12	0.30-0.75	0.07-0.38		0.30-0.40
2023	0.07-0.12	0.30-0.75	0.07-0.38		0.30-0.40

Notes:

- (1) The above table shows ranges of tax rates since individual towns set varying rates. People residing in the following towns pay property taxes to the town in addition to the taxes paid to the County. The towns included in the above table include Bridgewater, Broadway, Dayton, Elkton, Grottoes, Mt. Crawford, and Timberville.
- (2) Information obtained from the Rockingham County Commissioner of the Revenue.

## PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

			20	23			
			Percentage				Percentage of
			of Total County				Total Property
	Taxable		Taxable		Property		Taxes
	Assessed		Assessed		Taxes		Paid
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value		Paid	Rank	Value
Great Eastern Resort Management	\$ 462,806,585	2	3.4%	\$	3,415,394	3	2.6%
Merck & Co., Inc.	612,567,525	1	4.5%		12,518,454	1	9.6%
MillerCoors	260,830,230	3	1.9%		4,355,443	2	3.3%
Wal-Mart Retail and Distribution Centers	175,327,620	4	1.3%		2,115,654	5	1.6%
White Wave	135,261,350	5	1.0%		2,172,839	4	1.7%
Sunnyside Retirement Community	89,105,400	6	0.7%		(2)		
Marshall's	83,550,915	7	0.6%		912,322	7	0.7%
LSC Communications (formerly RR Donnelley & Sons Co.)	72,242,030	8	0.5%		937,796	6	0.7%
Interchange	60,386,490	9	0.4%		702,885	10	0.5%
Cargill	58,880,385	10	0.4%		841,047	8	0.6%
Virginia Poultry Growers	(1)				776,722	9	0.6%
Total	\$ 2,010,958,530		14.77%	\$	28,748,554		21.93%

			2	014			
			Percentage				Percentage o
			of Total County				Total
	Taxable		Taxable		Property		Property
	Assessed		Assessed		Tax		Taxes
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value		Paid	Rank	Paid
Great Eastern Resort Management	\$ 425,064,930	1	5.1%	\$	2,669,548	2	3.6%
Miller Coors (formerly Adolph Coors Company)	201,815,040	2	2.4%		3,382,657	1	4.6%
Merck & Company, Inc.	99,821,085	3	1.2%		1,295,619	5	1.7%
Wal-Mart Retail and Distribution Centers	96,419,910	4	1.1%		1,042,703	6	1.4%
RR Donnelley & Sons Co.	89,799,405	5	1.1%		1,470,146	4	2.0%
White Wave (formerly Morningstar Foods)	85,906,980	6	1.0%		1,598,339	3	2.1%
Marshall's	57,334,090	7	0.7%		660,259	8	0.9%
Sunnyside Retirement Community	52,508,500	8	0.6%		(2)		
Cargill (formerly Rocco)	47,027,945	9	0.6%		670,997	7	0.9%
Sysco	33,515,025	10	0.4%		407,672	10	0.6%
Dynamic Aviation	 (1)				647,782	9	0.9%
Total	\$ 1,189,212,910		14.20%	\$	13,845,722		18.70%

Notes:

(1) Not in the Top 10 Taxable Assessed Value

(2) Not in the Top 10 Property Taxes Paid

Source:

Rockingham County Commissioner of the Revenue.

## **REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS** Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

		Collected V Calendar Year					Total Collecti	ons to Date
Calendar Year	axes Levied for the alendar Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years			Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	\$ 46,913,491	\$ 45,330,910	96.63%	\$	1,582,581	\$	46,913,491	100.00%
2014	47,679,732	46,160,931	96.81%		1,518,801		47,679,732	100.00%
2015	50,861,929	49,410,225	97.15%		1,492,635		50,902,860	100.08%
2016	53,997,527	53,187,098	98.50%		770,541		53,957,639	99.93%
2017	57,907,159	57,106,295	98.62%		728,490		57,834,785	99.88%
2018	60,063,608	59,254,109	98.65%		716,263		59,970,372	99.84%
2019	61,330,358	60,536,048	98.70%		686,145		61,222,193	99.82%
2020	62,389,728	61,744,639	98.97%		484,394		62,229,033	99.74%
2021	63,615,307	62,884,680	98.85%		428,042		63,312,722	99.52%
2022	77,401,272	76,583,380	98.94%		N/A		76,583,380	98.94%

Source:

Rockingham County Treasurer.

Note:

Amounts shown for levies and collections represent real estate taxes only.

## RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE AND GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			ernmental ctivities					usiness-Type Activities		Percentage of			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Private Placement Notes	ease Revenue Refunding Bonds	ding Leases Subsc		Subscription Liabilities	Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Per Capita Personal Income	Debt Per Capita			
2014	\$ 82,458,757	\$ -	\$ 17,597,852	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,602,412	\$ 113,659,021	4.30%	\$	1,4	140
2015	76,531,468	-	16,090,003		-		-	12,359,388	104,980,859	3.74%		1,3	327
2016	70,472,680	8,714,153	14,132,883		-		-	20,383,318	113,703,034	3.99%		1,4	426
2017	64,260,913	7,826,952	12,282,453		-		-	29,711,540	114,081,858	3.74%		1,4	414
2018	83,339,596	9,866,514	10,411,515		-		-	31,844,345	135,461,970	4.21%		1,6	664
2019	77,216,875	8,320,437	8,514,297		-		-	29,686,640	123,738,249	3.64%		1,5	505
2020	102,069,244	6,723,467	6,595,000		-		-	27,299,897	142,687,608	3.99%		1,7	723
2021	94,801,461	5,094,984	2,115,000		-		-	25,292,544	127,303,989	4.42%		1,5	508
2022	87,360,723	3,434,360	1,590,000		627,241		-	23,179,526	116,191,850	N/A		1,3	361
2023	79,663,628	2,084,503	-		591,168		230,316	20,539,621	103,109,236	N/A		N/A	

Bonded debt outstanding:

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Debt Per Capita	Revenue Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Debt Per Capita
2014	\$ 82,458,757	1.15%	\$ 1,044	\$ 13,602,412	0.19%	\$ 172
2015	76,531,468	1.05%	967	12,359,388	0.17%	156
2016	70,472,680	0.95%	884	20,383,318	0.28%	256
2017	64,260,913	0.86%	797	29,711,540	0.40%	368
2018	83,339,596	1.07%	1,024	31,844,345	0.41%	391
2019	77,216,875	0.97%	939	29,686,640	0.37%	361
2020	102,069,244	1.26%	1,233	27,299,897	0.34%	330
2021	94,801,461	1.15%	1,123	25,292,544	0.31%	300
2022	87,360,723	0.80%	1,023	23,179,526	0.21%	271
2023	79,663,628	0.71%	N/A	20,539,621	0.18%	N/A

Notes:

(1) Details regarding the County's outstanding debt may be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

(2) Population and personal income data can be found in table 15.

(3) See table 8 for property value data.

(4) The County implemented GASB 87, *Leases*, in fiscal year 2022. As of June 30, 2022, the County no longer has any capital leases but does have lease revenue refunding bonds.

(5) The County implemented GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, in fiscal year 2023.

 $N\!/\!A$   $\,$  - Per capita personal income was unavailable at fiscal year end.

## DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	C	Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	S	timated hare of erlapping Debt
Town of Bridgewater, Virginia	\$	3,436,532	0.48%	\$	16,495
Town of Broadway, Virginia		174,129	3.14%		5,468
Town of Mt. Crawford, Virginia		-	0.00%		-
Town of Dayton, Virginia		-	0.00%		-
Town of Elkton, Virginia		1,235,989	0.64%		7,910
Town of Grottoes, Virginia		-	0.00%		-
Town of Timberville, Virginia		-	0.00%		-
Subtotal, overlapping debt					29,873
County Direct Debt				1	15,387,710
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 1	15,417,583

Note:

The estimated percentage applicable is based on total assessed value of taxable property.

# PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Water and Sewer Fi	und		
	Utility		Net				
	Service	Operating	Available		Debt Service		
Fiscal Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2014	\$ 7,210,344	\$ 4,754,001	\$ 2,456,343	\$ 425,000	\$ 517,778	\$ 942,778	2.
2015	7,825,015	4,960,792	2,864,223	440,000	379,548	819,548	3.
2016	7,270,371	4,982,413	2,287,958	540,000	565,731	1,105,731	2.
2017	8,743,842	5,284,929	3,458,913	585,000	387,667	972,667	3
2018	8,451,441	5,737,979	2,713,462	610,000	499,011	1,109,011	2
2019	9,146,625	5,760,454	3,386,171	750,000	502,625	1,252,625	2
2020	9,329,252	6,415,417	2,913,835	790,000	477,897	1,267,897	2
2021	10,574,649	6,248,920	4,325,729	830,000	449,672	1,279,672	3
2022	11,678,541	6,510,025	5,168,516	860,000	410,118	1,270,118	4
2023	12,019,940	7,691,897	4,328,043	895,000	414,353	1,309,353	3
			Smith Cree	k Water & Waste A	uthority Fund		
	Utility		Net				
	Service	Operating	Available		Debt Service		
Fiscal Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverag
2014	\$ 329,709	\$ 156,716	\$ 172,993	\$ 172,419	\$ 64,636	\$ 237,055	0
2015	387,037	217,177	169,860	177,419	59,655	237,074	0
2016	355,029	203,397	151,632	182,562	54,501	237,063	0
2017	453,320	204,229	249,091	187,858	49,197	237,055	1
2018	605,657	273,915	331,742	193,305	43,748	237,053	1
2019	633,094	244,492	388,602	198,911	39,285	238,196	1
2020	642,100	304,707	337,393	204,682	32,112	236,794	1
2021	585,407	388,351	197,056	210,620	25,908	236,528	0
2022	741,135	438,913	302,222	216,730	19,524	236,254	1
2023	714,360	395,293	319,067	599,317	23,340	622,657	0
				ryside Sanitary Dist	trict Fund		
	Utility Service	Onertine	Net Available		Debt Service		
Fiscal Year		Operating	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
riscal i ear	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2014	\$ 15,946	\$ 6,277	\$ 9,669	\$ 7,767	\$ 3,948	\$ 11,715	0
2015	14,306	7,522	6,784	8,021	3,694	11,715	0
2016	18,833	8,965	9,868	8,284	3,429	11,713	0
2017	15,738	9,492	6,246	8,555	3,159	11,714	0
2018	14,009	12,766	1,243	8,835	2,879	11,714	0
2019	14,995	10,264	4,731	9,125	2,515	11,640	0
2020	15,208	13,119	2,089	9,423	2,214	11,637	0
2021	15,080	14,179	901	9,732	1,903	11,635	0
2022	11,543	7,507	4,036	53,660	872	54,532	0
2023	10,363	7,452	2,911		-	-	

## PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Solid Waste Fund	1		
	Utility Service	Operating	Net Available		Debt Service		
Fiscal Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
Fiscal Teal	Charges	Expenses	Kevenue	Filicipai	Interest	Total	Coverage
2014	\$ 5,840,785	\$ 3,851,399	\$ 1,989,386	\$ 565,000	\$ 136,012	\$ 701,012	2.84
2015	6,193,726	3,524,940	2,668,786	580,000	108,207	688,207	3.88
2016	6,232,808	3,560,345	2,672,463	595,000	66,424	661,424	4.04
2017	6,473,078	4,232,965	2,240,113	810,000	142,265	952,265	2.35
2018	6,866,481	4,098,618	2,767,863	925,000	384,137	1,309,137	2.11
2019	7,467,963	4,324,184	3,143,779	915,000	422,990	1,337,990	2.35
2020	6,970,164	5,273,583	1,696,581	930,000	410,799	1,340,799	1.27
2021	6,702,009	4,096,826	2,605,183	730,000	373,599	1,103,599	2.36
2022	7,256,779	4,699,905	2,556,874	755,000	335,226	1,090,226	2.35
2023	7,727,230	5,762,540	1,964,690	785,000	424,665	1,209,665	1.62
			,	Subdivision Sanitary	y District		
	Utility		Net				
	Service	Operating	Available		Debt Service		-
Fiscal Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2014	¢ 247(1	¢ 22.476	¢ 12.295	¢ 17.21(	¢ 12.00	¢ <b>20.000</b>	0.41
2014	\$ 34,761	\$ 22,476 28,200	\$ 12,285	\$ 17,316 17,840	\$ 12,692	\$ 30,008 20,708	0.41
2015	35,671	28,300	7,371	17,849	11,949	29,798	0.25 0.94
2016 2017	47,631	19,871 17,874	27,760 12,003	18,397	11,189	29,586	0.94
2017	29,877	22,883	12,003	18,961 19,545	10,414 9,619	29,375 29,164	0.41
2018	36,915 33,157	,	14,032	,		,	0.48
2019	56,464	18,967 47,352	9,112	20,146 225,116	8,375 5,116	28,521 230,232	0.30
2020	68,837	30,815	38.022	225,110	5,110	250,252	0.04
2021	39,705	26,671	13,034	-	-	-	-
2022	42,241	40,941	13,034	-	-	-	-
2025	42,241	40,941	1,500	-	-	-	-
	Utility		Per	n Laird Sewer Aut	hority		
	Service	Operating	Available		Debt Service		
Fiscal Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
Tisear Tear	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Timeipai	Interest	Total	Coverage
2014	\$ 26,374	\$ 2,071	\$ 24,303	\$ 19,218	\$ 9,043	\$ 28,261	0.86
2015	26,338	902	25,436	19,735	8,525	28,260	0.90
2016	23,992	898	23,094	20,269	7,996	28,265	0.82
2017	12,150	208	11,942	20,815	7,447	28,262	0.42
2018	16,905	1,519	15,386	21,375	6,885	28,260	0.54
2019	16,797	-	16,797	21,953	7,018	28,971	0.58
2020	18,941	-	18,941	22,544	6,021	28,565	0.66
2021	15,861	860	15,001	23,151	5,346	28,497	0.53
2022	17,319	928	16,391	23,776	4,652	28,428	0.58
2023	4,190	-	4,190	156,737	3,079	159,816	0.03
	-		<i>.</i>	-	-	-	

Notes:

(1) Utility service charges include all revenues of the fund except gains on sales of capital assets, interest income, and intergovernmental revenue.

(2) Operating expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization, expansion allocation in the Regional Sewer Authority, interest expense and losses on sales of capital assets.

## DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	(1) Population	(1) Median Age	(2) Personal Income	Р	(2) r Capita ersonal ncome	(3) School Enrollment	(4) Unemployment Rate
2014	78,953	41.4	\$ 2,642,433,157	\$	33,468	11,307	4.8%
2015	79,134	41.4	2,804,549,679		35,441	11,327	4.4%
2016	79,735	41.4	2,847,734,260		35,715	10,449	3.7%
2017	80,666	41.2	3,048,267,461		37,789	11,261	3.4%
2018	81,422	41.2	3,216,335,687		39,502	11,252	3.1%
2019	82,208	41.2	3,396,176,896		41,312	11,356	2.7%
2020	82,809	41.2	3,579,998,688		43,232	11,487	6.9%
2021	84,394	39.9	2,877,329,036		34,094	11,005	3.6%
2022	85,397	40.9	N/A		N/A	10,904	2.2%
2023	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	11,091	0.0%

#### Sources:

- (1) Census Reported
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis Harrisonburg/Rockingham County (calendar year).
- (3) County of Rockingham School Division as of March 30 each year.
- (4) Virginia Employment Commission (fiscal year end).
- N/A Information unavailable at fiscal year end.

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Yea	ar June 30,	
	2023	2014	
Employer	Rank	Rank	
Rockingham County School Board	1	2	
Sentara Healthcare	2	1	
Wal-Mart	3	5	
Cargill Meat Solutions	4	3	
Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp.	5	8	
Marshall's	6	7	
LSC Communications	7	6	
Great Eastern Resort Management	8	4	
Pilgrims Pride Corp.	9	9	
County of Rockingham	10	10	

### Source:

Virginia Employment Commission. Community Profile.

## FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Y	ear
Function/Program	2014	2015
General government administration:		
Legislative	5.00	5.00
General and financial:		
Commissioner of the revenue	13.00	13.50
Treasurer	6.00	6.50
Executive administration and legal	9.00	9.00
Finance	9.40	9.15
Human resources	2.40	3.00
Information systems	11.00	11.00
Central switchboard	1.40	1.50
Board of elections	2.00	2.00
Judicial administration:		
Courts:		
Clerk of the circuit court	14.00	15.00
Court services	10.00	11.00
Commonwealth attorney	26.30	26.30
Public safety:	20.50	20.50
Sheriff	167.00	169.00
Fire and rescue	74.00	81.00
	8.00	8.50
Building inspections	2.00	2.00
Other protection Public works:	2.00	2.00
	0.70	0.65
General administration	0.70	0.65
Garage operations	2.00	2.00
Maintenance	17.00	17.00
Parks, recreation and cultural	9.00	11.00
Community development:		
Planning and community development	12.00	12.50
Economic development	1.00	1.00
Nutrient management	-	-
Water and sewer:		
Utilities/water treatment	19.60	20.10
Solid waste:		
Landfill	17.90	17.90
Container site	12.00	12.00
Component unit school board:		
Education:		
Instruction	1,402.00	1,414.00
Administration, attendance and health	62.00	63.00
Pupil transportation services	239.00	238.00
Operation and maintenance services	115.00	115.00
Technology	-	-
School food services	110.00	108.00
Component unit HRSSD:		
Social services:		
Services	57.00	58.50
Public assistance	45.00	48.50
Comprehensive Services Act	3.50	3.50
Administration	5.00	5.00
Totals	2,490.20	2,521.10
- 75552.9	2,190.20	2,021.10

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.0
14.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.0
7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.0
9.00	9.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	8.00	10.0
9.15	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.0
3.50	3.50	3.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.0
11.00	11.00	13.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	13.0
1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	1010
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.0
15.00	15.00	16.00	15.00	15.00	17.00	17.00	19.0
11.00	11.00	12.00	12.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	14.0
27.30	26.00	26.30	24.00	24.00	25.00	25.00	25.0
175.00	175.00	178.00	179.00	187.00	190.00	196.00	199.0
76.00	90.00	86.00	95.00	96.00	105.00	117.00	129.0
9.00	9.00	9.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.0
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.0
0.65	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.0
17.55	18.00	19.00	19.00	18.00	18.00	20.00	22.
10.50	10.50	11.00	11.00	11.00	13.00	12.00	13.0
12.00	12.00	13.00	12.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	15.0
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	- 1.00	1.0
21.10	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	23.00	25.0
18.95	18.95	18.95	19.00	19.00	21.00	21.00	24.0
12.35	12.35	12.35	11.00	9.00	10.00	10.00	12.0
1,410.00	1,486.00	1,477.00	1,491.00	1,498.00	1,513.00	1,535.00	1,535.0
64.00	98.00	48.00	50.00	50.00	52.00	52.00	52.0
238.00	241.00	236.00	239.00	241.00	242.00	242.00	242.0
115.00	116.00	118.00	118.00	119.00	119.00	123.00	123.
-	-	-	_	-	_	67.00	67.
113.00	108.00	109.00	108.00	108.00	108.00	107.00	107.
(5.00	(5.00	(5.00	(0.00	71.00	74.00	74.00	
65.00	65.00	65.00	69.00	71.00	74.00	74.00	74.0
53.00	53.00	52.00	68.00	66.00	69.00	69.00	69.0
3.50 7.00	3.50 7.00	3.80 7.00	4.00 10.00	12.00 2.00	3.00 5.00	3.00 5.00	3.0 5.0
2,542.05	2,666.80	2,609.90	2,656.00	2,673.00	2,712.00	2,824.00	2,860.

## **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM** Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2014	2015
Commonwealth Attorney:		
Felony Cases	N/A	1,218
Misdemeanor Cases	N/A	142
General District Court: Teresa Brown		
Traffic Infraction, Misdemeanor, Felony, S/C & Capias	22,393	21,087
Criminal Misdemeanor, Felony, S/C & Capias	7,454	7,305
Civil Filings (All types)	10,199	10,300
Juvenile Domestic Relations Court: Teresa Rea		
New Cases	7,719	7,143
	,,,,,,	7,115
Garage:		
# of Inspections Performed	-	-
Human Resources:		
New Hires Processed	N/A	180
Terminations	N/A	146
Police: (1)		
Police: (1) Calls for service	23 546	22 714
Adult arrest	23,546 3,749	22,714 4,119
Juvenile arrest	3,749	4,119
Traffic citations	1,363	1,479
	1,505	1,77
Fire: (2)		
Total fire runs	7,119	6,959
Total rescue runs	17,289	18,313
Public service: (3)		
Garbage collected (ton)	107,977	127,842
Recycle collected (ton)	16,343	12,714
Recreation:		
Trips	819	955
Football/Cheerleading	566	550
Basketball	707	687
Adult Volleyball	259	259
Adult Softball	368	336
Childcare Program:	500	550
Afterschool	487	501
Summer Day Care	301	303
Water and sewer: (3)	115	110
New water connections	115	118
New wastewater connections	115	129
Average daily water consumption (gallons)	69,591,675	74,113,083
Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)	63,479,583	62,545,110
Education: (6)		
Average daily membership	11,304	11,290
Kindergarteners	820	854
Grades 1-12	10,484	10,436

Sources:

(1) Rockingham County Sheriff's Department

(2) Rockingham County Fire and Rescue Department

(3) Rockingham County Public Works Department

(5) Virginia Department of Transportation

(6) Rockingham County School Board

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1,123	1,093	1,073	1,095	982	1,185	1,859	1,136
129	141	186	175	318	2,559	5,641	4,361
12)	141	100	175	510	2,557	5,041	4,501
21,497	21,549	19,938	26,208	12,881	18,603	14,944	18,211
8,036	6,876	6,852	7,053	5,570	4,395	5,064	6,064
8,347	10,503	12,492	11,812	8,541	7,172	6,184	9,938
7,438	8,018	7,138	7,561	6,506	6,349	6,575	6,148
-	-	-	-	251	263	292	253
163	177	195	202	238	309	303	182
123	130	190	140	193	191	222	240
25.001	22.250	22.002	22.495	10.220	22.075	20.041	10.000
25,081	32,250	33,803	33,485	19,329	33,047	39,964	40,823
4,201	4,253	5,232	5,016	3,518	2,466	2,396	2,496
195 1,682	294 3,081	220 3,634	253 3,167	108 2,155	58 1,883	84 628	90 2 442
1,082	5,081	3,034	3,107	2,133	1,005	028	3,442
6,907	6,623	11,016	8,029	7,544	7,633	11,552	8,682
18,948	19,414	13,512	15,553	6,734	21,131	32,713	21,547
124,278	134,879	133,255	144,209	144,357	145,726	173,068	159,848
9,632	2,276	2,188	2,737	2,990	3,049	2,806	2,763
1,024	879	1,151	1,277	146	143	255	422
659	649	587	876	311	1,074	951	1,009
698	743	783	695	256	393	427	560
266	252	280	287	224	186	288	336
352	336	320	304	-	80	352	130
484	465	455	491	409	254	286	-
317	301	325	361	154	306	376	-
124	105	109	128	182	246	302	407
112	97	134	119	170	239	297	389
,094,539	70,032,583	76,006,333	78,061,833	82,545,667	88,162,083	89,510,666	92,516,000
3,577,916	73,000,000	85,927,083	111,199,290	84,716,040	87,522,664	9,223,842	90,808,167
11,287	11,261	11,252	11,356	11,487	11,005	10,904	11,091
838	795	812	808	864	766	774	850
10,449	10,466	10,440	10,548	10,623	10,239	10,130	10,241

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2014	2015			
Police Stations: (1)	1	1			
Fire Companies (not County owned): (2)	11	11			
Fire and Rescue Stations (County Owned)	-	-			
Rescue Squads (not County owned): (2)	9	8			
Rescue Squads (County owned): (2)	-	-			
Streets: (4)					
Centerline Mileage:					
Interstate	54	54			
Primary	187	192			
Secondary	898	899			
Number of street lights	16	16			
Traffic signals	41	42			
Parks and Recreation: (5)					
Parks - number of acres	81	81			
Neighborhood parks - number of acres	22	19			
Baseball/softball diamonds	31	31			
Soccer/football fields	13	13			
Basketball courts	13	13			
Parks with playground equipment	1	1			
Picnic shelters	3	3			
Community centers	3	3			
Water: (3)					
Wells (County owned)	2	2			
Water lines (feet)	538,958	553,039			
Fire hydrants	815	854			
Storage capacity (MGPD)	10,088,000	10,088,000			
Average daily consumption (MGPD)	2,287,945	2,436,595			
Peak consumption (MGPD)	3,267,000	3,252,000			
Wastewater: (3)					
Sanitary sewers (feet)	572,727	586,191			

#### Sources:

(1) Rockingham County Sheriff's Department

(2) Rockingham County Fire and Rescue Department

(3) Rockingham County Public Works Department

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
-	1	-	-	2	2	3	3
8	7	7	7	7	7	6	6
-	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54
192	192	210	210	215	215	215	215
900	900	882	882	880	880	880	880
16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
42	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
31	31	31	33	33	33	33	33
13	13	13	17	17	17	17	17
14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
577,643	587,938	599,862	622,226	632,505	653,683	653,683	653,683
909	957	999	1,002	1,031	1,071	1,071	1,071
10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000
2,337,355	2,302,441	2,498,838	2,566,576	2,713,830	2,898,479	2,898,479	3,000,877
3,188,000	3,322,000	3,315,000	3,847,000	4,274,000	4,123,000	4,123,000	4,446,530
588,915	598,057	608,165	613,756	621,871	639,325	639,325	639,325

**COMPLIANCE SECTION** 



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Rockingham, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund of the County of Rockingham, Virginia (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **County's Response to Findings**

*Government Auditing Standards* require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PBMares, LLP

Harrisonburg, Virginia December 13, 2023



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Rockingham, Virginia

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on the Major Federal Program**

We have audited the County of Rockingham, Virginia's (County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the County's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of the federal programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PBMares, LLP

Harrisonburg, Virginia December 13, 2023

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Direct payments: Cooperative Law Enforcement	10.U01	N/A	\$ -	\$ 3,580
Pass-through payments:				
Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Total SNAP Cluster	10.561	Not provided	-	2,271,141 2,271,141
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Commodity Distributions	10.555	40623	-	525,138
Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program	10.553	402530		1,004,171
National School Lunch Program	10.555	402540	-	2,944,351
COVID-19: National School Lunch Program	10.555	865570/411080		261,117
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	603020/603030	-	77,999
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				4,812,776
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services				
COVID-19: Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	865560	-	5,950
Department of Education: Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	438410	-	20,344
Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster				20,344
Total Department of Agriculture				7,113,791
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:				
Direct payments:				
Payments to States in Lieu of Real Estate Taxes	12.112	N/A	-	555,635
Total Department of Defense				555,635

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Provided to	Total Federal
Program or Cluster Title DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Direct payments:				
Criminal and Juvenile Justice and Mental Health				
Collaboration Program	16.745	N/A	\$ -	\$ 338,771
Federal Forfeiture - Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	-	47,257
Pass-through payments:				
Violence Against Women Office:	16 500	22 702 103 1 22 1 02 103 1 21		22.241
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	22-Z9349VA21, 23-A9349VA21	-	23,241
Department of Criminal Justice Services: Crime Victim Assistance - Discretionary Grants	16.575	23-01013VW19	_	119,851
Chine Vietni Assistance Discretionary Grants	10.575	2020-MU-BX-0035,15PBJA-21-		119,001
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice	16.738	GG-00258-MUMU	-	3,473 532,593
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:				
Pass-through payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
-		154AL-2022-52016-22016, BPT-		
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	2023-53202-23202	-	31,029
Total Department of Transportation				31,029
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY:				
Pass-through payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal				
Recovery Funds	21.027	494727	-	45,000
Department of Education:				
COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal				
Recovery Funds Virginia Department of the Treasury:	21.027	452770, 600540	-	1,849,740
COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal				
Recovery Funds	21.027	SLT0022	-	10,450,000
Virginia Tourism Corporation:				
COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal				
Recovery Funds	21.027	Not provided	-	9,963
Total COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds			-	12,354,703
Virginia Department of the Treasury:				
COVID-19: Local Assistance & Tribal Consistency Fund	21.032	Not provided	-	141,092
Total Department of The Treasury		1		12,495,795
FEDERAL COMMUNICATION COMMISSION:				
Direct payments:				
Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	N/A	_	116,232
Total Federal Communication Commission	52.007	1074	_	116,232
				110,202
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
Pass-through payments:				
Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027A	430710, 600330	-	2,786,836
COVID-19: Special Education - Grants to States	84.027X	402870	-	362,337
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173A	625210	-	82,903
COVID-19: Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173X	625210	-	27,490
Total Special Education Cluster				3,259,566
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	V002A180047/STATE190002	-	331,560
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	429010	-	2,401,695
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants				
to States	84.048	600310, 600311	-	193,997
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	605120	-	113,633
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	614800	-	321,330
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	600190	-	121,379
Education Stabilization Fund:				
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School	04 4950	600530, 501950, 501930, 501920, 501750, 452780, 402850		5 207 025
Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund Total Department of Education	84.425D	501750, 452780, 402850	-	5,387,035
i otal Department of Education				12,130,193

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Federal Assistance	Pass-Through		Total	
Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Listing Number	Entity Identifying Number	Provided to	Federal Expenditures	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:	Nulliber	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures	
Direct payments:					
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects					
of Regional and National Significance	93.243	N/A	\$ -	\$ 234,490	
COVID-19: Provider Relief Fund	93.498	N/A N/A	φ -	7,353	
Pass-through payments:	JJ. <del>1</del> 98	IWA	-	7,555	
Department of Education:					
Public Health Emergency Response	93.354	402970		91,696	
Department of Social Services:	<i>y</i> 5.55 <del>4</del>	402970	-	91,090	
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	Not provided	_	18,480	
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	Not provided	-	19,406	
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	Not provided		49,504	
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	93.558	Not provided	-	761,790	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered	,			,,,,,	
Programs	93.566	Not provided	-	410,417	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	Not provided	-	139,109	
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster: Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the		·			
Child Care and Development Fund Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster	93.596	Not provided	-	153,858 153,858	
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.599	Not provided	-	7,182	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	Not provided	-	1,405	
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	Not provided	-	1,406,753	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	Not provided	-	2,754,742	
Social Services Block Grant John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful	93.667	Not provided	-	1,113,447	
Transition to Adulthood COVID-19: John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for	93.674	Not provided	-	24,845	
Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	Not provided	-	48,175	
COVID-19: Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	Not provided	-	3,460	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	Not provided	-	9,977	
Medicaid Cluster:					
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	Not provided	-	1,592,595	
Total Medicaid Cluster				1,592,595	
Total Department of Health and Human Services				8,848,684	
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION: Direct payments:					
Social Security Administration:					
Reward for Incarceration Notification	96.U01	N/A	-	18,400	
Total Social Security Administration				18,400	
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY: Pass-through payments;					
Department of Emergency Management:					
Hazard Mitigation Grants	97.039	FEMA-DR-4411-VA-017	-	527,333	
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMPG Local 2020	-	19,022	
Total Department of Homeland Security				546,355	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 42,388,709	

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Rockingham, Virginia (the County) and component units of the Rockingham County School Board and the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

*Federal Financial Assistance* – The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) and Uniform Guidance define federal financial assistance as grants, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations or other assistance. Nonmonetary deferral assistance including food commodities is considered federal assistance and, therefore, is reported on the Schedule. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals.

*Direct Payments* – Assistance received directly from the Federal government is classified as direct payments on the Schedule.

*Pass-through Payments* – Assistance received in a pass-through relationship from entities other than the Federal government is classified as pass-through payments on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

*Major Programs* – Major programs for the County and its component units were determined using a risk-based approach in accordance with Uniform Guidance.

*Cluster of Programs* – Closely related programs that share common compliance requirements are grouped into clusters of programs. A cluster of programs is considered as one federal program for determining major programs. The following are the clusters administered by the County and its component units: SNAP, Child Nutrition, Forest Service Schools and Roads, Child Care and Development Fund, Medicaid, and Special Education.

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The County has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### Note 4. Non-Cash Assistance

In addition to amounts reported on the Schedule, the County consumed non-cash assistance in the form of food commodities. Commodities with a fair value of \$525,138 at the time received were consumed during the year ended June 30, 2023. These commodities were included in the determination of federal awards expended during the year ended June 30, 2023.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Section I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial Material weaknesses identifie Significant deficiencies ident Noncompliance material to fi	ed? ified?		Yes Yes Yes	$\frac{}{}$	_No _None Reported _No	
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major fed	eral programs:					
Material weaknesses identified?			Yes	$\checkmark$	No	
Significant deficiencies identified?			Yes		None Reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?YesNo						
Identification of major federal	programs:					
Federal Assistance Listing Number	Name of Fed	leral Pro	ogram of	r Clust	er	
10.561       State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition         Assistance Program						
21.027	COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds					
84.425D	COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund					

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Section I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (Continued)

#### Federal Awards (Continued)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$ 1,271,661

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes  $\sqrt{No}$ 

## Section II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

A. Material Weakness in Internal Control

#### 2023-001: Material Weakness Due to Material Audit Adjustments

Criteria: The year-end financial statements obtained from the County to be audited should be final and free of material misstatements.

Condition: Upon auditing unearned revenue in the General Fund and the MTC Operating Fund of the School Board component unit, lease liabilities in the School Board component unit, accounts payable in the Capital Projects Fund, and accounts receivable in the Water & Sewer Fund, we identified material audit entries.

Cause: Errors in year-end entries and reconciliations for unearned revenue, lease liabilities, and accounts receivables. Also, invoices received after year end were not being properly reviewed to ensure they were recorded in the correct period.

Effect: The financial statements have been corrected to include the identified audit adjustments. The necessary entries were material to the financial statements, and were included as adjustments in order to more accurately represent the County's financial position. Failure to record the material items noted above is a departure from GAAP.

Recommendation: We recommend the County be more diligent in reviewing unearned revenues, lease liabilities, accounts receivable, and accounts payable.

Views of Responsible Official: The County agrees with this finding.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section III. FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.





BOARD OF SUPERVISORS DEWEY L. RITCHIE Election District No. 1 SALLIE WOLFE-GARRISON Election District No. 2 RICK L. CHANDLER Election District No. 3 WILLIAM B. KYGER, JR. Election District No. 4 MICHAEL A. BREEDEN Election District No. 5

#### STEPHEN G. KING County Administrator

# **ROCKINGHAM COUNTY**

### CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Identifying Number: 2023-001: Material Weakness Due to Material Audit Adjustments

<u>Finding:</u> Upon auditing unearned revenue in the General Fund and the MTC Operating Fund of the School Board component unit, lease liabilities in the School Board component unit, accounts payable in the Capital Projects Fund, and accounts receivable in the Water & Sewer Fund, we identified material audit entries.

<u>Corrective Action Taken or Planned:</u> The County and Schools experienced turnover of the County Deputy Finance Director and the School Chief Financial Officer, leaving the Finance Departments short on staff and new to the position. More diligence will be taken next fiscal year to ask questions when making judgement calls and to be more cautious in deciding on the proper accounting treatment of transactions.

Date: March 1, 2024 – the County plans to have hired a Deputy Director that will reduce the workload on the Senior Accountant, the newly appointed Chief Financial Officer for the School, and the Director of Finance for the County. Already hired is a school accountant that has partially reduced the workload of the Chief Financial Officer for the School.

Responsible person: Trish Davidson





BOARD OF SUPERVISORS DEWEY L. RITCHIE Election District No. 1 SALLIE WOLFE-GARRISON Election District No. 2 RICK L. CHANDLER Election District No. 3 WILLIAM B. KYGER, JR. Election District No. 4 MICHAEL A. BREEDEN Election District No. 5

STEPHEN G. KING County Administrator

# **ROCKINGHAM COUNTY**

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Identifying Number: 2022-001: Material Weakness Due to Material Audit Adjustments

<u>Finding:</u> Upon auditing accounts payables in the Capital Projects Fund, landfill depreciation in the Solid Waste Fund, and revenues in the Tourism Fund, we identified material audit entries.

<u>Corrective Action Taken</u>: The workload on the Senior Accountant increased with the resignation of the Deputy Director of Finance in February 2020. The County hired a new Deputy Director of Finance in December 2023, however, they resigned in July 2023. Since July 2023, the County has had a job posted for this position and is actively searching for the right candidate.

#### Identifying Number: 2022-002: Special Test – Wage Rate Requirement

<u>Finding:</u> Nonfederal entities shall include in their construction contracts subject to the Wage Rate Requirements (which still may be referenced as the Davis-Bacon Act) a provision that the contractor or subcontract comply with those requirements and the DOL regulations (29 CFR Part 5, Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contacts Governing Federally Financed and Assisted Construction). This includes a requirement for the contractor or subcontractor to submit to the nonfederal entity weekly, for each week in which any contract work is performed, a copy of the payroll and a statement of compliance (certified payrolls) (29 CFR sections 5.5 and 5.6; the A-102 Common Rule (section 36(i)(5)); OMB Circular A-110 (2 CFR Part 215, Appendix A, Contract Provisions); 2 CFR Part 176, Subpart C; and 2 CFR section 200.326). The School Board did not have adequate internal controls in place to verify this compliance requirement for this particular award prior to funds being spent. School Board employees were unaware the Wage Rate Requirement was applicable for this program.

<u>Corrective Action Taken:</u> The School Board Chief Financial Officer had been very diligent about the grant requirements for documenting the wage rate requirements.