CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Prepared by:

City of Falls Church, Virginia Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA

CITY COUNCIL

David Tarter, Mayor Marybeth Connelly, Vice Mayor

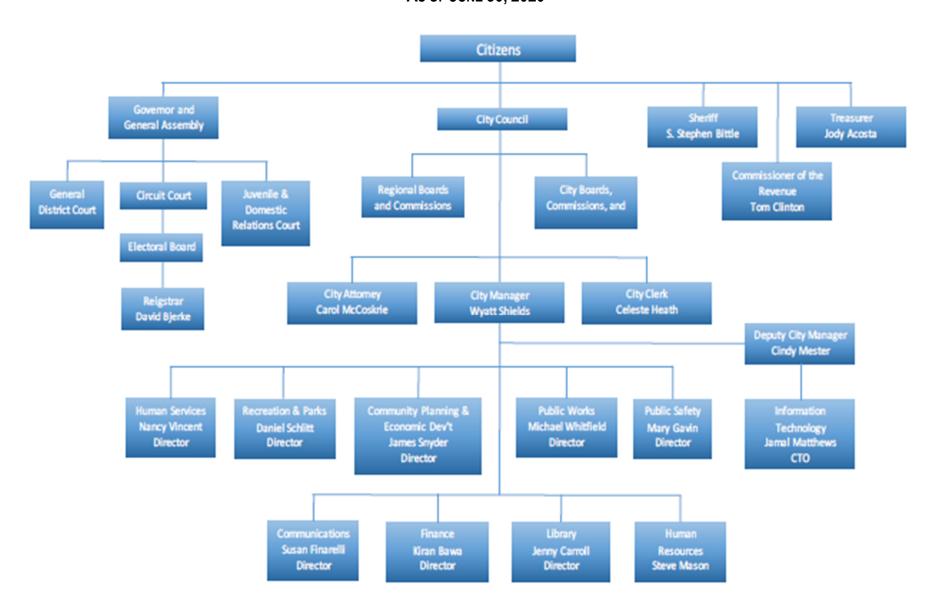
Dan Sze Ross Litkenhous David F. Snyder Phil Duncan Letty Hardi

OFFICIALS

F. Wyatt Shields, City Manager
Cindy L. Mester, Assistant City Manager
Kirandeep Bawa, Chief Financial Officer
Carol W. McCoskrie, City Attorney
Celeste Heath, City Clerk
Jody Acosta, City Treasurer
Thomas D. Clinton, Commissioner of Revenue
S. Stephen Bittle, Sheriff
Dr. Peter Noonan, Superintendent of Schools

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART As of June 30, 2020





January 8, 2021

City Council
City of Falls Church
Mayor and Members of the Council

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Falls Church, Virginia (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, in accordance with the *Code of Virginia*. The financial statements included in this report conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended. All necessary disclosures have been included to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs.

The letter of transmittal is traditionally addressed to the governing body. We believe that the CAFR should be management's report to constituents, oversight bodies, resource providers, investors and creditors. This letter is addressed to you and by wide circulation it is also directed to the citizens of the City of Falls Church and all other interested readers. In addition to complying with legal requirements, this letter, management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the financial statements, supplemental data, and the statistical tables have been prepared to provide full financial disclosure.

The report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in the report, based on the framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed the benefits to be derived, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Brown, Edwards and Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are free of material misstatement. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Our CAFR is divided into four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and compliance. The introductory section includes this letter of transmittal, a list of the City's principal elected and appointed officials, and the organizational chart. The financial section includes the Independent Auditors' Report, MD&A, Basic Financial Statements, including the notes, and Required Supplementary Information. In addition, the financial section contains other supplemental data, consisting of combining, individual fund, and component unit financial statements and schedules. The statistical section contains selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The Single Audit Report, which is required for federal grant recipients, is in the compliance section.

All the financial activities of the City are included within this report. As used here, the City reporting entity comprises the primary government (City of Falls Church as legally defined) and its component units. Under GASB pronouncements, component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The component units of the City (the City of Falls Church Public School Board and the Falls Church Economic Development Authority) are discretely presented component units. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and changes in financial position from those of the primary government.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City is located in the northeastern corner of Virginia and encompasses an area of approximately 2 square miles. The City is part of the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, which includes jurisdictions in Maryland and Northern Virginia, and the District of Columbia.

The City is a municipal corporation incorporated as an independent city in 1948 under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and is not part of any county. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council (the Council) is comprised of seven members elected at-large for four-year staggered terms. Every two years the Council elects one member to serve as Mayor and one to serve as Vice-Mayor. The Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager, the City Attorney and City Clerk. The Council appoints a City Manager to act as the administrative head of the City. The City Manager serves at the pleasure of the Council, carries out the policies established by the Council, and directs business and administrative procedures.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events. The City also provides stormwater and sanitary sewer services to its residents. The storm-water and sanitary sewer functions are included as business-type activities in the City's financial statements. The City is financially accountable for the legally separate school system, which is reported as a component unit within the financial statements.

The Local Economy

As with the rest of the world, the City has had to grapple in the last few months with the novel coronavirus or COVID-19, with its impact on operations, its residents' way of life, and the economy. In March 2020, the Virginia Governor Ralph S. Northam declared a state of emergency and a public health emergency for the Commonwealth of Virginia in response to the continued spread of novel coronavirus or COVID-19. Social distancing was enforced limiting public gatherings in restaurants, fitness centers, theaters and other venues and a stay at home order was put in place. Local revenues derived from such businesses including meals tax and transient occupancy tax were adversely affected while at the same time, the needs of the City's constituents for economic assistance increased. With assistance from the federal government through the CARES Act as well as prudent fiscal management even prior to the pandemic, the City was able to mitigate the economic impact of COVID-19 in fiscal year 2020.

For FY2021 the City adopted a balanced budget that was \$1.7 million lower than the FY2020 original budget. Fund balance was not used to balance the budget, except again, for debt service as part of a previous capital plan. Vacancies were frozen and reductions were made to departmental budgets including a reduction of support to the schools. FY2021 results will be closely monitored as the impact of COVID-19 continues to endure.

The City of Falls Church has been fortunate during the last 16+ years to have benefitted from many types of new development, large and small. This includes well over \$600 million in real estate value in eight (8) large scale, high density mixed-use developments built along its primary commercial corridors on generally underutilized infill sites. In addition, the City also added grocery and retail stores, a hotel, and a senior/assisted living care facility. These projects have also generated over \$7 million in capital contributions for the schools, as well as 69 ADU's and 9 workforce residential units.

The COVID-19 virus will undoubtedly affect future development trends in the City, although so far, the prospect of additional future development investment in the City still appears to be bright. We continue to regularly hear from prospective developers who are working on land assembly and higher density development opportunities and we anticipate that at least one major project development team will begin to pursue approvals for a new mixed use project in October. Inquiries for other sites throughout the City also continues and staff continues to facilitate discussions with developers and City officials to encourage proposals that make sense for both the developer and the City, as we continue to focus on new development with the right mix of uses to strengthen, broaden and balance our tax base. The multifamily residential market still appears to show strength and the market for age-restricted, active senior rental apartments also appears to be gaining market strength. The first units of this type are being constructed as a part of the Founders Row project and there have been discussions from at least 3 other developers considering other sites for various types senior housing, including independent rental units and assisted living care facilities and combinations of those types of facilities. The City's Economic Development Office works hard to promote office, retail and hospitality opportunities in the City.

Employment, Education and Household Income Trends

Because of its proximity to Washington D.C., the City's unemployment had been relatively low although the COVID-19 pandemic certainly impacted it. In September 2020, the Virginia Employment Commission reported that the City of Falls Church had a 3.6 percent unemployment rate, up from 2.2 percent in June 2019. These rates compare favorably to a state-wide Virginia rate of 6.0 percent and a nationwide rate of 7.7 percent.

According to the United States Census Bureau, in 2018 median household income within the City was \$124,796 and the per capita income was \$69,775. This is significantly higher than the state-wide median household income of \$71,564 and per capita income of \$37,763. It also reports that the City's educational attainment of bachelor's or graduate/professional degrees was 78.5 percent. According to the Weldon Cooper Center, the City's population is estimated at 14,331 as of July 1, 2019.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department along with staff from the City Manager's office. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. In addition, we acknowledge the cooperation and assistance of each City department throughout the year in the efficient administration of the City's financial operations.

This CAFR reflects our commitment to the citizens of Falls Church, the City Council, and all interested readers of this report to provide information in conformance with the highest standards of financial reporting.

Respectfully submitted,

F. Wyatt Shields

Myatt Huild

City Manager

Kiran Bawa

Director of Finance

FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Falls Church, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Falls Church, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Falls Church, Virginia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Harrisonburg, Virginia January 8, 2021

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

This section of the City of Falls Church, Virginia's (the City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents an overview and analysis of the City's financial activities and performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2020.

We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, and the basic financial statements and related notes, which are also contained in this CAFR.

The following references are made throughout the report:

- "Governmental Activities" and "Governmental Funds" refer to the City government including the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Special Transportation Fund, the Falls Church Community Television (FCCTV) Fund, and the Affordable Housing Fund.
- "Business-type Activities" and "Proprietary Funds" refer to the City's utilities, Sanitary Sewer and Stormwater.
- "Primary Government" refers to the combination of the governmental activities and business-type activities.
- "Component Units" refers to the Falls Church City Public Schools ("Schools") and the Economic Development Authority ("EDA").
- "Total Reporting Entity" refers to the City entity as a whole, comprised of the City government, its utilities, and component units.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

HIGHLIGHTS FOR GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

- The total reporting entity has a total net position of \$120.1 million at June 30, 2020. Of this balance, \$152.7 million is the Primary Government's and negative \$32.6 million is the component units'. The negative net position for the component unit is due to the recognition of net pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability as a result of the School Board's participation in the Virginia Retirement System pension plan and other post-employment benefits.
- For FY2020, taxes and other revenues of the City's governmental activities amounted to \$99.0 million and expenses and transfers amounted to \$86.9 million, which resulted in an increase in net position for the City's governmental activities of \$12.1 million.
- Revenues of the City's business-type activities were \$8.9 million, and expenses and transfers were \$4.9 million, which resulted in an increase in net position for the City's business-type activities of approximately \$4.0 million.
- The City sold \$119,550,000 of General Obligation Bonds in November 2019. Of the total, \$106,435,000 were used to finance the construction of the George Mason High School and the remainder of \$13,115,000 were used to fund the City's capital projects, including \$1.2 million for sanitary sewer and stormwater projects.

HIGHLIGHTS FOR FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting for the City's governmental funds. The City's governmental funds comprise of the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Special Transportation Fund, FCCTV Fund, and the Affordable Housing Fund.

The City's proprietary funds, the Sewer and Storm Water funds, are also presented in the fund financial statements but are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, the same basis of accounting used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

In January 2020, the World Health Organization announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak. This was later classified to a pandemic in March 2020. The City began to see impacts to its revenues beginning in March, specifically, reductions in meals and transient occupancy taxes, and parks and recreation charges for services. On the other hand, sales tax, boosted by grocery sales and internet sales, came in above budget. The impact of the decline in revenues was mitigated by expenditure savings in the General Fund from vacancies and contracts.

The following are other highlights of the City's governmental funds:

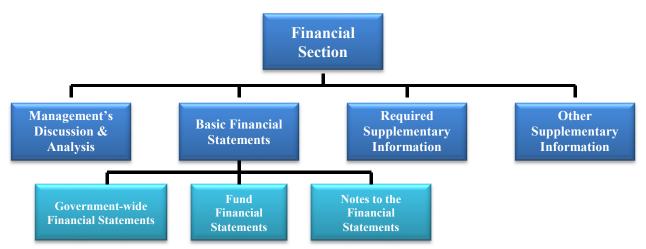
- In total, the City's governmental funds reported expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues and other financing sources of \$45.8 million primarily as a result of the issuance of debt as noted above. A portion of the debt proceeds will be spent after FY2020.
- In the General Fund, the unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2020 of \$17.3 million was 19.3% of expenditures. Committed fund balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$11.6 million. Of this, \$10.2 million is for future capital projects and debt service. Assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$3.1 million. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$1.4 million.
- The City's Capital Projects Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$45.7 million, resulting in a balance of \$67.4 million at June 30, 2020. This increase is due mainly to the issuance of debt in 2019 for capital projects which are not yet fully used.
- The City's Special Transportation Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$869 thousand, mainly due to the receipt of restricted revenues which are not yet fully expended.

The following are highlights of the City's proprietary funds:

- The City's Sewer fund reported an increase in net position of \$3.9 million in FY2020 which resulted from underspending, receipt of availability fees and capital contribution from developers.
- The Storm Water Fund generated an increase in net position of \$93 thousand.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of this annual report consists of four parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) presented here, (2) basic financial statements and related notes, (3) required supplementary information (RSI), and (4) other supplementary information.



The City's basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements, each with a different view of the City's finances. The government-wide financial statements provide both long and short-term information about the City's overall financial position. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the City's government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. The basic financial statements also include notes to explain information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The statements and notes are followed by required supplementary information that contains data pertaining to the retirement systems. In addition to these required elements, the City includes other supplementary information such as combining and individual fund statements to provide details about the fiduciary funds, and component units.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which are similar to those used by private-sector businesses. In addition, they report the City's net position and how they have changed during the fiscal year.

The first government-wide statement – the *Statement of Net Position* – presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the City is improving or deteriorating. Additionally, non-financial factors, such as a change in the City's property tax base or the condition of the City facilities, should be considered to assess the overall health of the City.

The second statement – the *Statement of Activities* – presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when the cash is received or paid. This statement also highlights the extent to which City programs are able to cover their costs with user fees, contributions, and grants as opposed to being financed with general revenues of the City.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into three categories, as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including education; public safety; public works; judicial administration; health and welfare services; community development; economic development; parks, recreation, and cultural programs; and general administration. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other local taxes, and federal and state grants. Included in the governmental activities are the governmental funds.

Business-type Activities – The City's business-type activities (the Sewer and Storm Water funds) are reported here.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> – The City includes two other entities in its financial reporting entity: City of Falls Church Public School Board (School Board), and the Falls Church Economic Development Authority (EDA). Although legally separate, these component units are important because the City is financially accountable for them.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds. Fund accounting is used to keep track of the specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes, as well as ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City has the following three types of funds:

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash, and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the year-end balances that are available for spending. The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term or "current financial resources" view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term or "economic resources" focus of the government-wide financial statements, additional information is provided with the fund financial statements to explain the relationship (or differences).

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The City has five governmental funds: (1) the General Fund, (2) the Capital Projects Fund, (3) the Special Transportation Fund, (4) the Affordable Housing Fund, and (5) the FCCTV Fund.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City and consequently, the largest of the governmental funds. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the Proprietary Funds). The Special Transportation Fund is used to account for activities related to transportation, including but not limited to, the additional tax revenues received through the Northern Virginia Transportation Authority (NVTA) specifically levied for certain transportation and transit expenditures. The Affordable Housing Fund accounts for the City's planned investments in affordable housing. The FCCTV Fund accounts for the expenditures in the operation of a TV station that provides public service programs and is mainly funded with a transfer from the General Fund.

The City's governmental funds' basic financial statements are presented in Exhibits 3 and 5. FCCTV Fund is included with the General Fund in these Exhibits. A reconciliation of the governmental funds' financial statements to the government-wide financial statements are also presented in Exhibits 4 and 6.

Appropriations for the General Fund, FCCTV Fund, and the Affordable Housing Fund are annual appropriations and expire at the end of the given year. Appropriations for the Capital Projects Fund and the Special Transportation Funds are also done annually but carry on to future years until the project or program is completed. No appropriations of expenditures were adopted in FY2020 for the Affordable Housing Fund. Budgetary comparisons using the legal level of authority have been provided for the General Fund and the FCCTV Fund in Schedules 18 and 19 to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The Schools' governmental funds' financial statements and budgetary schedules can be found in Schedules 8 through 13.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – Proprietary funds, which consist of two enterprise funds, are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises in which costs are recovered primarily through user charges. Proprietary fund financial statements, like the government-wide financial statements, provide both long and short-term financial information. The City's enterprise funds, the Sewer and Storm Water funds, are the City's business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for these two funds.

The City's proprietary funds' basic financial statements can be found in Exhibits 8 through 10.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support City programs. The City's fiduciary funds consist of post-retirement trust funds and agency funds. The post-retirement trust funds are used to account for the assets held in trust by the City for the employees and beneficiaries of its defined benefit pension plans – the Basic Pension Plan and the Police Pension Plan – as well as other post-employment benefits (OPEB), primarily health insurance and life insurance for City and School Board employees. The agency funds are used to account for money received and disbursed on behalf of the Fairfax County and the Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy.

The City's fiduciary funds' financial statements are presented in Exhibits 11 and 12. Additional required supplementary information for the City's post-retirement trust funds are also presented in Exhibits 13 through 24. Combining fiduciary fund financial statements are also presented on Schedules 3 through 6.

The Schools' fiduciary funds' financial statements are presented in Schedules 14 and 15.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is necessary to acquiring a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

A comparative analysis of government-wide financial information is included in this report.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The following table represents a summary of the net position of the primary government as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Table 4-1 Summary of Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2020 and 2019 (\$ In Millions)

	Go	vernmen	tal	Activities	Bu	ısiness-Ty	pe 1	Activities		Total Primary Government				
		2020		2019		2020		2019*	2020			2019		
Assets:														
Current and other assets*	\$	170.6	\$	102.1	\$	16.3	\$	17.0	\$	186.9	\$	119.1		
Capital assets, net		188.4		125.0		32.0		26.6		220.4		151.6		
Total assets		359.0		227.1		48.3		43.6		407.3		270.7		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1.8		2.0		0.2		0.3		2.0		2.3		
Liabilities:														
Current liabilities		46.6		24.5		1.3		0.7		47.9		25.2		
Noncurrent liabilities		186.3		88.7		13.1		13.0		199.4		101.7		
Total liabilities		232.9		113.2		14.4		13.7		247.3		126.9		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		9.0		9.1		0.3		0.3		9.3		9.4		
Net Position:														
Net investment in capital assets		67.9		61.8		19.6		14.7		87.5		76.5		
Restricted		18.0		10.3		0.6		0.4		18.6		10.7		
Unrestricted*		33.0		34.7		13.6		14.7		46.6		49.4		
Total net position*	\$	118.9	\$	106.8	\$	33.8	\$	29.8	\$	152.7	\$	136.6		

*FY2019 amounts reflect prior period restatements as noted on Note 24.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Net position represents the excess of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over its liabilities and deferred inflows. Over time, net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. As of June 30, 2020, the City's primary government's net position was \$152.7 million, an increase of \$16.1 million over the prior year.

The City's net position for its governmental activities increased by \$12.0 million and for its business-type activities, it increased by \$4.0 million. This increase results primarily from the capital assets paid for by grantors and developers as well as the payment of debt.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

As previously noted, the City issued debt in the amount of \$119.6 million for the construction and acquisition of capital assets. The issuance of the debt and the construction and acquisition of the capital assets are two events that significantly impact the assets and liabilities of the City as further discussed below.

Current and other assets for governmental activities increased by \$68.7 million due primarily to bond proceeds that are yet to be spent. These are expected to be drawn down in FY2021.

Current and other assets for the business-type activities decreased by \$0.6 million as a result of cash financing certain capital projects.

Net capital assets for governmental activities increased by \$63.3 million, primarily due to the construction of the new George Mason High School (GMHS). Investments in capital assets totaled \$67.9 million in FY2020.

Net capital assets for business-type activities increased by \$5.4 million as the City continues to make improvements in its sanitary sewer and storm water systems including a pipe-bursting project for sanitary sewer, relining of both sanitary and storm water pipes, and capital improvements to sanitary sewer treatments plants of our partner jurisdictions Arlington County and Fairfax County.

The increase in current liabilities for governmental activities of \$22.1 million and for the business-type activities of \$0.6 million is mostly a result of several ongoing or recently completed capital projects as mentioned earlier in this section. Additionally, a component of the current liabilities are unearned revenues resulting from the receipt of \$6.5 million in advanced payment from a developer for the purchase and lease of city land for which closing is expected to occur in FY2022.

Non-current liabilities for governmental activities increased by \$97.6 million due to the issuance of \$118.4 million in debt in November 2019, offset by the payoff of a bond anticipation note for \$20.0 million and regular annual principal payments made on previously-issued debts in the amount of \$5.8 million.

Non-current liabilities for the business-type activities increased slightly by \$0.1 million, due mostly to the issuance of new debt of \$1.2 million offset by payment of regular annual principal on debt of \$1.1 million.

Deferred inflows for the City's governmental activities and business-type activities remained stable between FY2020 and FY2019.

The largest portion of the City's net position is its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress less accumulated depreciation) net of related debt used to acquire those assets. These assets are used over time to provide a variety of services to the City's citizens. These assets are long-term in nature and are not readily available for future spending. Investments in capital assets, net of related debt, increased for the City's governmental activities by \$6.1 million mainly due to the capital activities discussed earlier in this section as well as the regular repayment of debt. It also increased for the business-type activities by \$5.0 million for similar reasons.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The following table summarizes the changes in net position for the primary government for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Table 4-2 Summary of Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30. 2020 and 2019 (\$ In Millions)

	(Goveri				Busine				12.1 \$ 1 3.3 6.1 - 63.8 6 4.2			
		Acti					vities						
	20	020	- 2	2019		2020	20	019*	2020	2	019*		
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	4.9	\$	6.2	\$	7.2	\$	6.0	\$	\$	12.2		
Operating grants & contributions		3.3		2.6		-		-	3.3		2.6		
Capital grants & contributions		4.8		2.8		1.3		-	6.1		2.8		
General revenues:									-		-		
General property taxes		63.8		62.1		-		-			62.1		
Business license taxes		4.2		4.6		-		-			4.6		
Local sales & use taxes		5.6		5.2		-		-	5.6		5.2		
Consumer's utility taxes		2.0		2.1		-		-	2.0		2.1		
Motor vehicle decals		0.3		0.4		-		-	0.3		0.4		
Recordation		0.5		0.5		-		-	0.5		0.5		
Occupancy, tobacco, & other taxes		5.0		5.9		-		-	5.0		5.9		
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid		2.4		2.0		-		-	2.4		2.0		
Revenue from use of money and property,													
unrestricted		1.0		1.0		0.4		0.4	1.4		1.4		
Revenue from use of money and property,													
restricted		1.1		0.4		-		-	1.1		0.4		
Other		0.1		-		-		-	0.1		-		
Special item - gain/(loss) on sale of													
capital assets		-		0.2		-		-	-		0.2		
Total revenues		99.0		96.0		8.9		6.4	107.9		102.4		
Expenses:													
General government administration		6.5		6.8		-		-	6.5		6.8		
Judicial administration		1.9		1.8		-		-	1.9		1.8		
Public safety		10.0		10.8		-		-	10.0		10.8		
Public works*		5.6		5.9		4.6		4.2	10.2		10.1		
Health and welfare		2.5		2.3		-		-	2.5		2.3		
Education and payments to schools		45.6		44.8		-		-	45.6		44.8		
Parks, recreation, and cultural		4.4		5.6		-		-	4.4		5.6		
Community development		4.9		4.0		-		-	4.9		4.0		
Economic development		0.5		0.3		-		-	0.5		0.3		
Interest expense		5.0		2.2		0.3		0.3	5.3		2.5		
Total expenses		86.9		84.5		4.9		4.5	91.8		89.0		
Excess/(deficiency) before transfers		12.1		11.5		4.0		1.9	16.1		13.4		
Change in net assets		12.1		11.5		4.0		1.9	16.1		13.4		
Net position, beginning of year		106.8		95.3		29.8		27.9	136.6		123.2		
Net position, end of year	\$	118.9	\$	106.8	\$	33.8	\$	29.8	\$ 152.7	\$	136.6		
*FY2019 amounts reflect prior period restate Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.	ment	s as not	ted o	n Note 2	4.								

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities

Revenues and transfers for the City's governmental activities were \$99.0 million for FY2020 and \$96.0 million for FY2019.

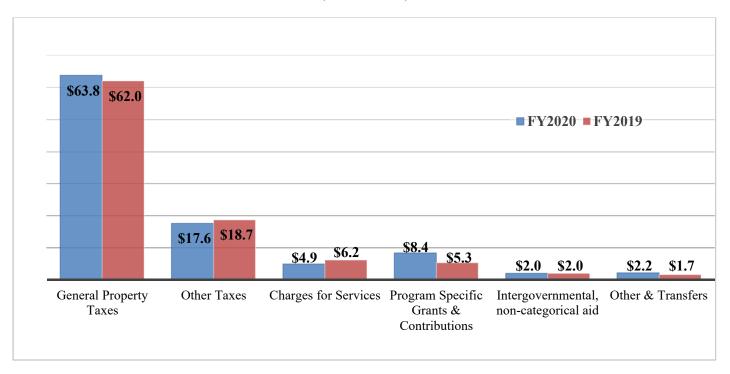
General Property taxes constitute the largest source of City revenues, representing approximately 64% and 65% of total revenues and transfers in FY2020 and FY2019, respectively. The increase of \$1.7 million in general property taxes is due in large part to a 3.9% increase in real property assessments for calendar year 2019 over calendar year 2018.

Other local taxes include sales taxes, meals taxes, utility taxes, real estate recordation taxes, transient occupancy taxes, business professional and occupational license taxes. The decrease in other taxes of \$1.1 million is due in large part to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The decrease of \$1.3 million in charges for services is also largely due to the COVID-19 pandemic as recreation and parks activities were shuttered for the last quarter of FY2020.

Program specific grants and contributions increased by \$3.1 million largely as a result of grants received to implement capital projects.

The following chart provides sources of governmental activities revenue for FY2020 and 2019:

Chart 4-1 Sources of Revenues of Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (\$ In Millions)

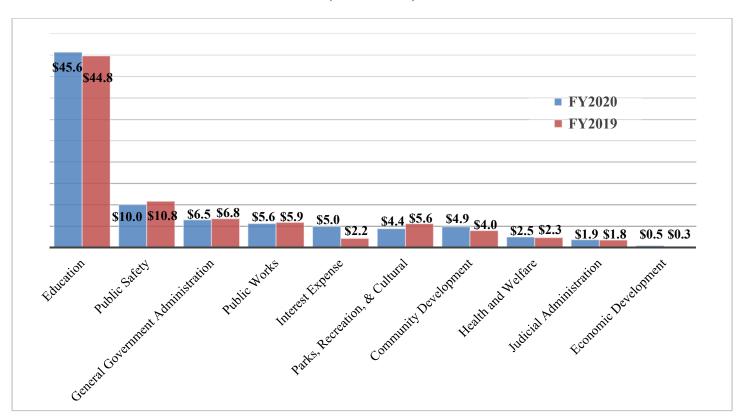


CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenses for the City's governmental activities totaled \$86.9 million in FY2020 and \$84.5 million in FY2019, an increase of \$2.4 million.

Education expenses, representing approximately 53% of total expenses, increased by \$0.8 million primarily as a result of salary increases for employees and enrollment increase of 0.6%. Interest expense increased by \$2.8 million due to the issuance of \$118.4 million of debt in November 2019. Expenses for community development include subsidies to the Washington Metropolitan Area Transportation Authority (WMATA) which increased by \$0.9 million in FY2020. The cost to run parks, recreation, & cultural activities decreased in FY2020 by \$1.2 million primarily because of the closure of parks and recreation activities in the last quarter of FY2020 owing to the COVID-19 pandemic. Other cost reductions were mainly a result of vacancy savings and reductions in contracts. With the COVID-19 pandemic, vacancies were held longer and contractual work were reduced. Additional decreases were also seen in public works as a result of spending operating grants for the repaving of roads in FY2019 whereas no such grants were received in FY2020. Education was the City's largest program in both fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

Chart 4-2
Expenses of Governmental Activities
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019
(\$ In Millions)



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Some of the cost of governmental activities was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$5.0 million in FY2020 and \$6.2 million in FY2019) and other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$8.1 million in FY2020 and \$5.3 million in FY2019). The remaining net cost services of the \$73.9 million in FY2020 and \$72.9 million in FY2019 was subsidized by the taxpayers.

Other costs for education as well as program-specific revenues are also reported in the component unit School Board.

The following table presents the cost of each of the City's seven largest programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and program-specific intergovernmental aid).

Table 4-3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (\$ In Millions)

		2	020	2019					
Functions/Programs	To	tal Cost		Net Cost	Tot	al Cost	Ne	t Cost	
Education and payments to schools	\$	45.6	\$	45.5	\$	44.8	\$	44.8	
Public safety		10.0		7.6		10.8		8.3	
General government administration		6.5		6.2		6.8		6.5	
Public works		5.6		(0.8)		5.9		2.6	
Interest		5.0		4.9		2.2		2.0	
Community development		4.9		3.8		4.0		2.8	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		4.4		3.3		5.6		2.8	
Other		4.9		3.4		4.4		3.1	
Total	\$	86.9	\$	73.9	\$	84.5	\$	72.9	

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$4.0 million. Revenues increased by \$2.5 million primarily due to the receipt of capital contributions from a developer for the sanitary sewer utility. Expenses increased by \$0.4 million in FY2020. The City conducted studies in FY2020 to address stormwater management to mitigate impacts of heavy rainfalls such as that seen in July 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

This section of the MD&A discusses the City's fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Consequently, the amounts presented in Exhibits 3 through 7 in the Basic Financial Statements section of the CAFR will differ from the amounts presented in Exhibits 1 and 2. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

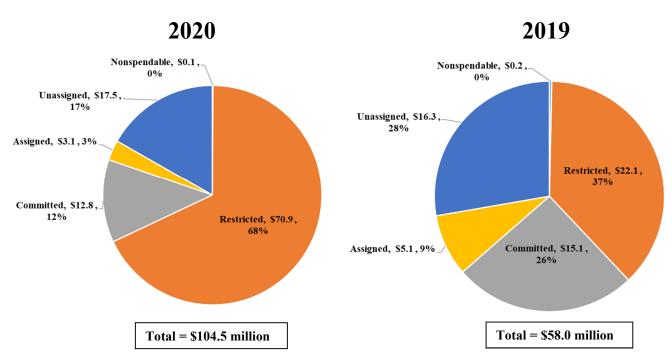
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The City reports fund balance in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), which categorizes fund balance into five classification based upon constraints placed on the use of resources. Note 25 provides additional information on the fund balance categories.

Overall, the fund balance for all governmental funds increased by approximately \$45.7 million in FY2020 (\$99.0 million in revenues and \$124.3 million in other financing sources less total expenditures of \$157.6 million and other financing uses of \$20.0 million). The increase was mostly due to the issuance of \$118.4 million in debt in November 2019 which have not been fully spent as of the year's end.

Governmental fund balance is categorized into the following categories:

Chart 4-3 Governmental Funds – Fund Balances As of June 30, 2020 and 2019 (\$ in Millions)



- Unassigned Fund Balance This fund balance is unencumbered and provides the City with some margin of financial safety to address unforeseen emergencies or declines in revenues.
- Assigned Fund Balance Assigned fund balance represents amounts that were assigned to capital reserves by the City Manager and funds that are encumbered for various expenditures.
- Committed Fund Balance Committed fund balance represents amounts committed by the City Council for future capital expenditures (\$11.0 million in FY2020 and \$11.1 million in FY2019), for costs associated with future new building inspections (\$1.3 million in FY2020 and \$0.9 in FY2019), and for affordable housing (\$0.3 million in FY2020 and in FY2019).
- Restricted Fund Balance Restricted fund balance are bond proceeds and grants which have not yet been spent for their specified purpose. A majority of this amount is from bond proceeds issued to finance capital projects.
- Non-spendable Fund Balance Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that are not available for spending such as inventory and prepaid expenses.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following shows the fund balances of each of the governmental funds as of June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Table 4-4 Governmental Funds – Fund Balances As of June 30, 2020 and 2019 (\$ in Millions)

	Genera	ıl Fu	nd	Capital Projects Fund					Special Transportation Fund					ther nmei inds	ntal				
	2020	2	2019	2020		2020 2019		2	2020 201		2019	2	020	2	019		2020	2	2019
Non-spendable	\$ 0.1	\$	0.2	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.1	\$	0.2
Restricted	1.3		0.3		66.5		21.7		3.3		2.4		-		-		71.1		24.4
Committed	11.6		12.4		0.9		-		-		-		0.3		0.4		12.8		12.8
Assigned	3.1		5.1		-		-		-		-		-		-		3.1		5.1
Unassigned	17.4		16.3		-		-		-		-		-		-		17.4		16.3
Total	\$ 33.5	\$	34.3	\$	67.4	\$	21.7	\$	3.3	\$	2.4	\$	0.3	\$	0.4	\$	104.5	\$	58.8
												-							

The following shows the changes in the individual fund balances for fiscal years 2020 and 2019:

Table 4-5 Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (\$ in Millions)

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund				Т	Spe ransp Fu		Other Governmental Funds*					Total**				
	2	2020	2019		2020		2019	2	020	2	2019	2	020	2	019		2020		2019
Revenues and other financing sources Expenditures and other		115.2	\$ 94.3	\$	115.9	\$	22.5	\$	7.8	\$	3.1	\$	-	\$	0.4	\$	223.4	\$	116.5
financing uses		116.0	91.3		70.2		26.7		6.9		3.4		0.0		0.3		177.6		117.9
Changes in Fund Balances		(0.8)	3.0		45.7		(4.2)		0.9		(0.3)		0.0		0.1		45.8		(1.4)
Fund balance at beginning of year		34.3	31.2		21.7		25.9		2.4		2.7		0.3		0.3		58.7		60.1
Fund balance at end of																			
year	\$	33.5	\$ 34.2	\$	67.4	\$	21.7	\$	3.3	\$	2.4	\$	0.3	\$	0.4	\$	104.5	\$	58.7
*Note: The FCCTV Fu: **Transfers between fur																			

Revenues and other financing sources increased by \$106.9 million in FY2020 mainly due to the issuance of debt.

The increase of \$59.7 million in expenditures and other financing sources was primarily due to construction activity in the capital project fund for several projects including the construction of the new George Mason High School, as well as the repayment of the bond anticipation note of \$20.0 million issued in FY2019.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The City Council adopted a target range of 12%-17% of General Fund expenditures for unassigned General Fund balance, with a requirement to meet the 12% minimum balance within 2 years of falling below it, and to meet the 17% balance within 3 additional years. The ending General Fund unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2020 of \$17.3 million represents 19.3% of General Fund expenditures.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, as the basis of accounting is the same. Factors concerning finances of the Sanitary Sewer and Stormwater funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

The Sanitary Sewer Fund's net position at the end of FY2020 was \$27.5, an increase of \$3.9 million over FY2019. In FY2020, total revenues of the Sewer Fund were \$7.2 million as compared to total costs of \$3.3 million. Revenues in FY2020 included capital contributions from developers of \$2.4 million.

The Storm Water Fund's net position increased by \$93 thousand in FY2020 to \$6.3 million. Total revenues in FY2020 were \$1.7 million while expenses were \$1.6 million.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In FY2020, City Council's original appropriation of expenditures and transfers totaled \$98.7 million funded with revenues, debt issuance and transfers for a total of \$95.1 million, and the use of fund balance of \$3.6 million. Fund balance was appropriated to be used primarily towards debt service as part of the CIP financing plan.

Final amended budget appropriations for the General Fund, which include expenditures and other financing uses, were higher than the original budget by \$2.2 million or 2.2%. \$0.8 million of the increase is from encumbrances from FY2019 that were carried forward into FY2020. The remaining appropriation was funded with additional grants, other revenues, and use of prior year committed or assigned fund balances for capital programs, particularly the renovation of the City Hall (\$1.2 million). Additionally, due to a change in schedule of the issuance of the 2019 debt, debt service was reprogrammed to fund capital projects including the renovation of the Mary Riley Styles Public Library (\$2.3 million), school capital improvements (\$0.4 million) and the implementation of neighborhood traffic calming measures (\$0.4 million).

Actual revenues were lower than final budget by \$0.3 million and other financing sources were higher than final budget amounts by \$19.6 million. Actual expenditures were lower than the final budget by \$5.0 million. Other financing uses included the payoff of the 2019 bond anticipation note of \$20.0 million as part of the issuance of the 2019 General Obligation Bonds in November 2019. Council approved the payoff of the 2019 bond anticipation note as part of its resolution to issue the 2019 General Obligation Bonds.

Highlights of the comparison of final budget to actual figures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 include the following:

- General property taxes came in under budget by \$0.2 million primarily from personal property taxes and specifically business tangible taxes.
- Local taxes suffered due to the COVID-19 pandemic and ended the year with a \$0.6 million deficit.
- Charges for services were similarly affected and came in under budget by \$1.1 million.
- Fines and forfeitures also underperformed the budget by \$0.3 million.
- Intergovernmental revenues came in under budget by \$0.3 million as a result of unspent grant allocations.
- Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses showed a strong performance against budget and ended the year with a surplus of \$0.9 million. The additional revenues came from building permits issued to developers.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- Use of money and property also showed a strong performance against budget with a \$1.4 million excess. A majority
 of the excess is unbudgeted investment earnings from debt proceeds which are restricted towards the financed
 projects or debt service.
- Actual departmental expenditures shown in Schedule 1 were less than budgeted amounts by \$3.8 million. Throughout the departments, vacancy savings were the main reason for the underspending. The following are additional items of note:
 - The Department of Public Safety had savings in the amount of \$0.4 million related to contract renegotiation.
 - o The Department of Recreation and Parks had savings in the amount of \$0.3 million as a result of activities being canceled at the last quarter of the fiscal year.
 - o The Sheriff's Office also incurred savings of \$0.3 million due to the low utilization of jail contracts.
 - o In total, for the General Fund, approximately \$1.0 million in unliquidated encumbrances are being carried forward into FY2021 for expenditure.
- In FY2020, City Council appropriated the use of \$3.1 million fund balance to pay for debt service and capital projects as part of the capital financing plan for the capital improvement program.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, amounted to approximately \$226.4 million and \$151.7 million, respectively, as summarized in the following table:

Table 4-6 Capital Assets As of June 30, 2020 and 2019 (\$ in Millions)

	G	overnment	tal 1	Activities	В	usiness-Ty	pe A	Activities	Total					
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019		
Land	\$	14.2	\$	9.6	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14.2	\$	9.6		
Construction in progress		74.7		16.7		0.2		1.3		74.9		18.0		
Buildings and system		110.0		109.8		15.8		8.8		125.8		118.6		
Machinery and equipment		22.8		21.5		0.9		0.9		23.7		22.4		
Improvements other than														
buildings		7.0		7.1		2.3		2.2		9.3		9.3		
Purchased capacity		-		-		21.8		21.3		21.8		21.3		
Infrastructure		12.3		11.6		7.3		7.0		19.6		18.6		
Intangibles		3.7		1.5		-		-		3.7		1.5		
Library collections		2.6		2.5		-		-		2.6		2.5		
Accumulated depreciation		(58.9)		(55.2)		(16.3)		(14.9)		(75.2)		(70.1)		
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	188.4	\$	125.1	\$	32.0	\$	26.6	\$	220.4	\$	151.7		

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

This year's major capital asset events included the following:

- Construction of the George Mason High School is underway and is expected to complete in January 2021.
- The renovation and addition to the Mary Riley Styles Public Library has begun and is expected to be finished in 2021.
- Acquisition of a park land (Fellowes property) and improvements to Big Chimney Park.
- Transportation improvements have begun at West Falls Church in anticipation of major development in the area.
- Sanitary sewer pipe expansion at West Falls Church.

The City has several ongoing transportation projects which are still largely in the architectural and engineering phase.

See Note 8 in the notes to the financial statements for additional information pertaining to the city's capital assets.

LONG-TERM DEBT

The City maintains credit ratings of Aaa from Moody's Investor Services and AAA from Standard and Poor's Corporation and Fitch Ratings.

The City's legal limit for outstanding debt is 10% of taxable assessed real property within the City, which were \$417.1 million and \$417.1 million as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively. The City's total long-term debt that is applicable to this limit was \$187.5 million as of June 30, 2020 and \$99.2 million as of June 30, 2019, and is well within the limits set by the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The City Council also adopted a set of financial policies that sets the following policies related to debt supported by the General Fund:

- 1. Outstanding General Fund supported debt shall not exceed 5% of total taxable assessed value of real property. As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, total debt outstanding was 4.3% and 2.1%, respectively, of taxable assessed value of real property.
- 2. Annual debt service payments must be less than 12% of annual General Fund expenditures. General Fund debt service payments were 9.6% and 9.4% of General Fund expenditures in FY2020 and FY2019, respectively.
- 3. The 5-year payout ratio shall not be less than 25% and the 10-year payout ratio shall not be less than 50%. As a result of the large debt issued in 2019, the City's 5-year payout ratio as of June 30, 2020 was 22% and 10-year payout ratio was 40%.

In the event that these policies are exceeded or not met, the City's adopted financial policies includes a provision that the City's available funds shall not be less than 15% of General Fund expenditures with a goal of 20%. Available fund balance is defined as the sum of unassigned, assigned, and committed fund balance in the General Fund. As of June 30, 2020, available fund balance was 35.7% of General Fund expenditures.

The School Board Component Unit relies upon the City to provide full faith and credit for any general obligation debt incurred. Therefore, the City reports general obligation debt incurred for school capital improvements as its own. The School Board reports as its own liability obligations for capital leases, compensated absences and pension.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following table shows a summary of the City's outstanding debt as of June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Table 4-7 Outstanding Long-Term Debts As of June 30, 2020 and 2019 (\$ in Millions)

	Go	vernmen	tal 1	Activities	В	usiness-Ty	pe .	Activities	Total					
	2020			2019		2020		2019		2020		2019		
General obligation bonds:														
Principal	\$	174.4	\$	61.9	\$	12.7	\$	12.6	\$	187.1	\$	74.5		
Premiums and discounts, net		8.4		3.0		0.3		0.3		8.7		3.3		
General obligation notes		-		20.0		-		-		-		20.0		
Compensated absences		2.3		2.1		0.1		0.1		2.4		2.2		
Total	\$	185.1	\$	87.0	\$	13.1	\$	13.0	\$	198.2	\$	100.0		

See Note 10 in the notes to the financial statements for additional information relative to the City's long-term debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

As previously noted, the economic slowdown brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic is expected to affect our FY2021 revenues. Certain reductions were projected in the FY2021 budget and we will continue to monitor these numbers closely throughout the year.

The following are highlights of the City's General Fund budget for FY2021:

- The City's adopted budget for FY2021 of \$97.6 million represents a reduction of \$1.7 million or 1.7% from the FY2020 original budget.
- Revenues are projected at \$91.2 million, a reduction of \$1.9 million over FY2020 actual.
- General property revenues are projected to increase \$1.9 million over FY2020 actual, resulting from a 3.9% increase in the assessed values of taxable real property. Residential assessed values are stable. Median single family home value as of January 1, 2020 increased to \$848,400 from \$825,200 as of January 1, 2019 and continues to outperform the Washington Metro area and US markets.
- Local taxes (including sales tax, meals tax, utility taxes and business license taxes) are expected to go down by \$4.5 million from \$16.8 million actual in FY2020 to \$12.3 million in FY2021.
- The City maintained its real estate tax rate of \$1.355 for every \$100 of assessed value of property.
- The general government operating budget (excluding debt service and transfer to Schools) will decrease by \$2.0 million or 4.8%. The budget includes no salary increases and the freezing of 18 vacant positions for six months. Other expenditure reductions were taken from departmental budgets to accommodate the reduced revenues.
- Debt service is projected to increase by \$1.9 million or 15.6% as a result of the issuance of debt in 2019. \$4.5 million of debt service will be paid for with capital reserves set aside in prior years as planned.
- The City's transfer to the School Board decreased by \$500,000 or 1.2%.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Over the last few years, capital needs have dominated the budgetary decisions as the City embarked on the construction of the new George Mason High School estimated to cost \$117.3 million and other capital projects including the expansion of the Mary Riley Styles Public Library, the renovation of the City Hall, and the expansion of Mt. Daniel Elementary School. To defray the fiscal impact of the capital plan, the City worked towards developing an area of 10.3 acres adjacent to the George Mason High School referred to as West Falls Church Development Project. In November 2019, the City Council approved an interim agreement for a public-private partnership with EYA, PN Hoffman, and Regency Centers to develop that area. The Comprehensive Agreement was executed in May 2020 and closing is expected to occur in FY2022.

The impact of COVID-19 on the economy continues to unravel and the length of the economic downturn is still very much unknown. Balancing the revenue pressures against the necessary expenditures required to maintain a safe and vibrant community will continue to be a priority for management in the coming months.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City of Falls Church, Division of Finance, 300 Park Avenue, Falls Church, VA 22046.

Respectfully submitted,

Kiran Bawa

Director of Finance

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	F	Primary Governme	Discretely Presented Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	School Board	Economic Development Authority	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 52,677,482	\$ 12,747,012	\$ 65,424,494	\$ 3,145,048	\$ 1,419,523	
Receivables, net (Note 5)	12,036,874	1,096,450	13,133,324	82,405	-	
Due from other governments - agency funds	70,711	-	70,711	-	-	
Internal balances	246,613	(246,613)	-	-	-	
Due from pension/OPEB plans	1,423,461	-	1,423,461	233,274	-	
Due from primary government	-	-	-	6,382,880	135,151	
Due from other governments (Note 6)	2,402,282	364,676	2,766,958	461,036	-	
Prepaids	4,060	-	4,060	22,351	-	
Inventories	111,939	18,536	130,475	-	-	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	79,655,357	1,483,280	81,138,637	-	-	
Net OPEB asset (Note 20)	1,529,281	62,899	1,592,180	2,469,430	-	
Net pension asset (Note 16)	20,407,752	747,098	21,154,850	2,939,214	-	
Capital assets: (Note 8)						
Nondepreciable	88,831,208	257,902	89,089,110	1,475,345	-	
Depreciable, net	99,523,260	31,776,014	131,299,274	2,847,628	-	
Total assets	358,920,280	48,307,254	407,227,534	20,058,611	1,554,674	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 16)	708,100	74,796	782,896	10,844,009	-	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB (Note 20)	992,689	28,169	1,020,858	1,869,802	-	
Deferred amount on refunding	107,820	109,422	217,242	-	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,808,609	212,387	2,020,996	12,713,811		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and other liabilities	20,650,347	1,144,938	21,795,285	6,011,507	336,605	
Accrued interest	3,465,183	153,661	3,618,844	-	-	
Customer deposits	1,665,422	-	1,665,422	-	-	
Unearned revenue (Note 9)	13,836,403	-	13,836,403	121,257	-	
Due to component unit	6,518,031	-	6,518,031	-	-	
Due to other governments (Note 6) Noncurrent liabilties:	420,705	-	420,705	-	-	
Due within one year (Note 10)	9,230,944	1,272,141	10,503,085	1,327,943	_	
Due in more than one year	7,230,744	1,2/2,141	10,505,005	1,327,743		
Net pension liability (Note 16)				43,393,026		
Net OPEB liability (Note 20)	1,186,000		1,186,000	6,654,000		
Other debt (Note 10)	175,862,965	11,827,100	187,690,065	1,920,050		
Total liabilities	232,836,000	14,397,840	247,233,840	59,427,783	336,605	
				,,,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0.54.50.4	# 1460==			
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 16)	6,891,481	254,594	7,146,075	5,292,566	-	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (Note 20)	2,128,167	81,239	2,209,406	1,875,723		
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,019,648	335,833	9,355,481	7,168,289		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	67,833,215	19,646,688	87,479,903	3,617,025	-	
Restricted for:						
Pension and OPEB	13,432,174	577,129	14,009,303	-	-	
Grants	4,562,402	-	4,562,402	-	-	
Unrestricted	33,045,450	13,562,151	46,607,601	(37,440,675)	1,218,069	
Total net position	\$ 118,873,241	\$ 33,785,968	\$ 152,659,209	\$ (33,823,650)	\$ 1,218,069	
-						

EXHIBIT 2

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Pro	gram Revenue	s				Net	(Expense) Re	even	ue and Change	s in Net Position	
										P		ry Governmer	ıt		Componen	
						Operating		Capital]	Business-				Economic
T		ъ	(Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	G	overnmental		Type		75 4 1	61 10 1	Development
Functions		Expenses	_	Services		ontributions	_	Contributions		Activities		Activities		Totals	School Board	Authority
Primary Government:																
Governmental activities:																
General government	\$	6,506,295	\$	59,299	\$	237,526	\$	56,518	\$	(6,152,952)			\$	(6,152,952)		
Judicial administration		1,862,314		1,083,386		157,492		-		(621,436)				(621,436)		
Public safety		10,042,113		2,035,121		430,874		-		(7,576,118)				(7,576,118)		
Public works		5,645,614		390,179		1,989,562		4,084,025		818,152				818,152		
Health and welfare		2,482,283		5,580		104,442		-		(2,372,261)				(2,372,261)		
Parks, recreation, and cultural		4,439,119		878,419		177,704		114,849		(3,268,147)				(3,268,147)		
Community development		4,889,246		504,639		137,904		425,501		(3,821,202)				(3,821,202)		
Economic development		455,154		-		-		-		(455,154)				(455,154)		
Education		45,638,880		-		-		119,783		(45,519,097)				(45,519,097)		
Interest		4,959,807		-		59,989		-		(4,899,818)				(4,899,818)		
Total governmental activities		86,920,825		4,956,623		3,295,493		4,800,676		(73,868,033)				(73,868,033)		
Business-type activities:	-			, ,		-,,				(-)))				(12)222/22/		
Sewer		3,266,935		5,555,833		_		1,335,763				3,624,661		3,624,661		
Storm water		1,609,387		1,664,388		-		· · · · ·				55,001		55,001		
Total business-type activities	_	4,876,322		7,220,221		-		1,335,763				3,679,662		3,679,662		
Total primary government	\$	91,797,147	\$	12,176,844	\$	3,295,493	\$	6,136,439		(73,868,033)		3,679,662		(70,188,371)		
Discretely Presented Component Units:	Ψ	71,777,117	Ψ.	12,170,011	Ψ	3,273,173	Ψ	0,130,137		(75,000,055)		3,077,002	_	(70,100,571)		
-	•	52 205 001	•	2 207 520		0.105.050	Φ.								@ (42.0E2.201)	
School Board	\$	53,295,081	\$	2,297,520	\$	8,125,270	\$	-							\$ (42,872,291)	
Economic Development Authority		435,811		-		-		-								(435,811)
Total component units	\$	53,730,892	\$	2,297,520	\$	8,125,270	\$	-							(42,872,291)	(435,811)
				_												
			Ger	eral revenues:												
			Ge	neral property	taxes					63,779,982		-		63,779,982	-	-
			Ot	her local taxes:												
			1	Business licens	es					4,201,281		_		4,201,281	_	_
				Local sales and						5,561,524						
												-		5,561,524	-	-
			(Consumer utilit	У					2,018,975		-		2,018,975	-	-
]	Motor vehicle	lecals					327,412		-		327,412	-	-
]	Real estate reco	ordatio	on taxes				457,573		-		457,573	-	-
				Occupancy, tob	acco	and other				5,050,189		_		5,050,189	_	_
				yments from C		una omer				-				-	43,363,277	
				•								-			43,303,277	-
				-		-categorical aid				2,411,403		-		2,411,403	-	-
			Re	venue from use	e of m	oney and prope	rty,	unrestricted		986,982		342,492		1,329,474	113,659	23,900
			Re	venue from us	e of m	oney and prope	rty,	restricted		1,052,039		-		1,052,039	-	-
			M	scellaneous						67,114		-		67,114	15,800	15,073
				Total genera	al reve	enues and transf	ers			85,914,474		342,492		86,256,966	43,492,736	38,973
				Change in n						12,046,441		4,022,154	_	16,068,595	620,445	(396,838)
			NI		•		EST	ATED (Note 24)	106,826,800		29,763,814		136,590,614	(34,444,095)	1,614,907
				ET POSITION				,			\$		•			
			INI	TI POSITION	AI,	JUNE 30			Э	118,873,241	Þ	33,785,968	Þ	152,659,209	\$ (33,823,650)	\$ 1,218,069

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	General		Capital Projects	Tra	Special ansportation		Other vernmental	G	Total overnmental
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 43,940,768	\$	5,680,829	\$	2,741,265	\$	314,620	\$	52,677,482
Receivables, net	11,753,873		-		-		283,001		12,036,874
Due from other governments - agency funds	70,711		-		-		-		70,711
Internal balances	246,613		-		-		-		246,613
Due from pension/OPEB plans	1,333,671		47,344		42,446		-		1,423,461
Due from other governments	1,511,341		56,325		834,616		-		2,402,282
Prepaids	4,060		-		-		-		4,060
Inventories	111,939		-		-		-		111,939
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,187,312		78,454,552		13,493				79,655,357
Total assets	\$ 60,160,288	\$	84,239,050	\$	3,631,820	\$	597,621	\$	148,628,779
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 3,477,574	\$	16,801,138	\$	371,635	\$	-	\$	20,650,347
Customer deposits	1,665,422		-		-		-		1,665,422
Unearned revenue	13,752,393		74,010		10,000		-		13,836,403
Due to component units	6,518,031		-		-		-		6,518,031
Due to other governments	109,292		-		-		-		109,292
Total liabilities	25,522,712		16,875,148		381,635		-		42,779,495
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue (Note 9)	1,110,947		-		-		283,001		1,393,948
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,110,947		-				283,001		1,393,948
FUND BALANCES									
Fund balances (Note 25):									
Nonspendable	115,999		-		-		-		115,999
Restricted	1,312,217		66,470,904		3,250,185		-		71,033,306
Committed	11,578,757		892,998		-		314,620		12,786,375
Assigned	3,143,112		-		-		-		3,143,112
Unassigned	17,376,544		-				-		17,376,544
Total fund balances	33,526,629		67,363,902		3,250,185		314,620		104,455,336
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 60,160,288	\$	84,239,050	\$	3,631,820	\$	597,621	\$	148,628,779
TWILD CHIMITAD	Φ 00,100,200	Φ	07,237,030	φ	3,031,620	Ψ	371,021	Ψ	170,020,779

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balance		\$ 104,455,336
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Nondepreciable	\$ 88,831,208	
Depreciable, net	99,523,260	188,354,468
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		1,393,948
Financial statement elements related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pensions	708,100 992,689 (6,891,481)	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB Net pension asset - all plans	(2,128,167) 20,407,752	
Net OPEB asset - all plans	343,281	13,432,174
Long-term payables, such as due to other governments, are not reported in the governments	nental funds.	(311,413)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Bonds payable, including unamortized deferred amounts Premium and discounts, net of accumulated amortization Deferred amount on refunding, net of accumulated amortization Capital leases	(174,431,539) (8,388,479) 107,820	
Compensated absences	(2,273,891)	(184,986,089)
Interest on long-term liabilities is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due.		 (3,465,183)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 118,873,241

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

		General		Capital Projects	Tra	Special ansportation	Go	Other vernmental	Tot Govern	
REVENUES										
General property taxes	\$	63,522,205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 63,5	22,205
Other local taxes		16,821,580		-		938,820		_	17,7	60,400
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		2,282,634		-		-		-	2,2	82,634
Fines and forfeitures		319,927		-		-		-	3	19,927
Use of money and property		2,034,597		-		1,698		4,424	2,0	40,719
Charges for services		2,478,972		-		-		-	2,4	78,972
Miscellaneous		272,815		-		-		-	2	72,815
Recovered costs		248,933		-		-		-	2	48,933
Intergovernmental										
Commonwealth		4,571,305		11,145		4,330,062		-	8,9	12,512
Federal		567,320		44,907		586,455		-	1,1	98,682
Total revenues		93,120,288		56,052		5,857,035		4,424	99,0	37,799
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		7,038,815		-		-		-	7,0	38,815
Judicial administration		1,997,071		-		-		-	1,9	97,071
Public safety		10,495,419		-		-		-	10,4	95,419
Public works		5,846,848		-		-		-	5,8	46,848
Health and welfare		2,553,157		-		-		-	2,5	53,157
Parks, recreation, and cultural		4,449,776		-		-		-	4,4	49,776
Community development		5,028,954		-		-		-	5,0	28,954
Economic development		491,987		-		-		-	4	91,987
Education		43,396,814		-		-		-	43,3	96,814
Capital outlay		-		62,194,054		5,496,322		-	67,6	90,376
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		5,825,502		-		-		-	5,8	25,502
Interest and fiscal charges		2,784,091				-			2,7	84,091
Total expenditures		89,908,434		62,194,054		5,496,322			157,5	98,810
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,211,854		(62,138,002)		360,713		4,424	(58,5	61,011)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Issuance of debt		11,971,798		106,418,202		-		_	118,3	90,000
Debt premium		509,871		5,223,467		-		_	5,7	33,338
Payment to refund bond anticipation note		(20,000,000)		-		-		-	(20,0	(00,000)
Gifts and contributions		87,291		115,560		-		-	2	02,851
Transfers in		9,461,201		4,093,419		1,941,369		-	15,4	95,989
Transfers out		(6,034,788)		(8,028,201)		(1,433,000)		-	(15,4	95,989)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,004,627)		107,822,447		508,369		-	104,3	26,189
N. 1		(702 772)		45 (04 445		960,000		4 42 4	45.7	V.5. 170
Net change in fund balance		(792,773)		45,684,445		869,082		4,424		65,178
FUND BALANCES AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (NOTE 24) FUND BALANCES AT JUNE 30	•	34,319,402	\$	21,679,457	\$	2,381,103	\$	310,196		55 226
FUND DALANCES AT JUNE 30	\$	33,526,629	3	67,363,902	3	3,250,185	Ф	314,620	\$ 104,4	JJ,330

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net	Change i	in Fund	Balance -	Government	al Funds

\$ 45,765,178

63,545,094

(231,756)

(124,006,836)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

 Capital outlays
 \$ 68,661,703

 Depreciation expense
 (5,116,609)

In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the property sold.

Revenues in the funds that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the Statement of Activities.

Debt proceeds (124,123,338) Change in deferred inflow of resources 116,502

Governmental funds report employer pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expense.

Employer pension contributions260,646Employer OPEB contributions607,558Pension expense2,083,127OPEB expense524,937

The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. However, the transaction has no effect on net position.

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are

not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in compensated absences

(151,292)

3,476,268

25,825,502

Governmental funds report the effect of bond issuance costs, premiums and discounts when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of those differences is as follows:

Amortization of discounts and premiums 377,132

Amortization of gain/loss from refundings (61,383)

Change in accrued interest payable (2,491,466)

(2,175,717)

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 12,046,441

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	P. 1. 4					riance with
	Budgete Original	d An	Final	Actual	,	Positive Negative)
	Original		Filiai	Actual	(Negative
REVENUES	A 62 550 100	•	(2 == 2 100	A 62 522 205	•	(2.40.00.5)
General property taxes	\$ 63,772,100	\$	63,772,100	\$ 63,522,205	\$	(249,895)
Other local taxes	17,322,100		17,322,100	16,765,062		(557,038)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	1,410,626		1,410,626	2,282,634		872,008
Fines and forfeitures	605,200		605,200	319,927		(285,273)
Use of money and property	586,946		669,454	2,033,512		1,364,058
Charges for services	3,539,689		3,589,689	2,478,972		(1,110,717)
Miscellaneous	70,800		322,290	302,815		(19,475)
Recovered costs	276,700		276,700	218,933		(57,767)
Intergovernmental						
Commonwealth	4,725,702		4,877,919	4,571,305		(306,614)
Federal	335,213		586,514	567,320		(19,194)
Total revenues	92,645,076		93,432,592	93,062,685		(369,907)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	7,321,160		7,475,171	6,881,282		593,889
Judicial administration	2,167,955		2,301,855	1,997,071		304,784
Public safety	11,675,202		11,915,350	10,495,419		1,419,931
Public works	5,490,730		6,474,735	5,846,848		627,887
Health and welfare	2,512,997		2,614,758	2,553,157		61,601
Parks, recreation, and culturual	4,985,931		5,031,152	4,449,776		581,376
Community development	5,231,816		5,297,198	5,028,954		268,244
Economic development	393,704		519,288	491,987		27,301
Education	43,396,814		43,396,814	43,396,814		-
Debt service:	, ,		, ,	, ,		
Principal retirement	7,333,000		5,874,000	5,825,502		48,498
Interest and fiscal charges	6,144,500		3,111,008	2,784,091		326,917
Total expenditures	96,653,809		94,011,329	89,750,901		4,260,428
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	(4,008,733)		(578,737)	3,311,784		3,890,521
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Issuance of debt	959,000		959,000	12,481,669		11,522,669
Payment to refund bond anticipation note	-		-	(20,000,000)		(20,000,000)
Gifts and contributions	7,000		48,125	87,291	,	39,166
Transfers in	1,427,001		1,427,000	9,461,201		8,034,201
Transfers out	(1,998,068)		(6,257,856)	(6,153,587)		104,269
Total other financing sources (uses)	394,933		(3,823,731)	(4,123,426)		(299,695)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,613,800)	\$	(4,402,468)	\$ (811,642)	\$	3,590,826

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

Sanitary Sewer Storm Water Totals		Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds				
Current assets: \$ 10,481,830 \$ 2,265,182 \$ 12,747,01 Receivables, net 999,428 187,022 1,096,450 Due from other governments 364,676 - 364,676 Inventories 12,469 6,067 18,83,80 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 792,518 690,762 1,483,280 Total current assets 12,560,921 3,149,033 15,709,954 Noncurrent assets 21,560,921 3,149,033 15,709,954 Noncurrent assets 344,569 28,533 62,899 Not persion asset 344,529 400,569 747,098 Capital assets, net 26,602,555 5,431,361 32,033,916 Total noncurrent assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Total assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 LiABILITIES 10,000,422 109,422		Sanitary Sewer	Storm Water	Totals		
Cash and investments \$ 10,481,830 \$ 2,265,182 \$ 12,747,012 Receivables, net 999,428 187,022 1,996,450 Due from other governments 364,676 - 364,676 Inventories 12,469 6,067 18,836 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 792,518 690,762 1,483,280 Total current assets 12,560,921 3,149,033 15,709,954 Noncurrent assets 34,366 28,533 62,889 Net OPEB asset 34,366 28,533 62,889 Net pension asset 26,692,555 5,431,361 32,033,916 Total noncurrent assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Total assets 39,542,371 9,011,496 48,553,867 Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to oPEB 15,523 12,646 28,169 Deferred outflows related to pensions 10,69,628 75,310	ASSETS					
Receivables, net 909,428 187,022 1,096,450 Due from other governments 364,676 - 364,676 Inventories 12,469 6,067 18,536 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 792,518 690,762 1,483,280 Total current assets 12,560,921 3,149,033 15,709,954 Noncurrent assets 34,366 28,533 62,899 Net oPEB asset 34,366 28,533 62,899 Net pension asset 26,602,555 5,431,361 32,033,916 Total noncurrent assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Total assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Total assets 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to opensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred amount on refunding, net 109,422 - 109,422 Current liabilities 1,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accrude interest	Current assets:					
Due from other governments	Cash and investments	\$ 10,481,830	\$ 2,265,182	\$ 12,747,012		
Inventories 12,469 6,067 18,836 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 792,518 690,762 1,483,280 Total current assets 12,560,921 3,149,033 15,709,954 Noncurrent assets:			187,022			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 792,518 690,762 1,483,280 Total current assets 12,560,921 3,149,033 15,709,954 Noncurrent assets 34,366 28,533 62,899 Net OPEB asset 344,529 402,569 747,098 Capital assets, net 26,602,555 5,431,361 32,033,916 Total noncurrent assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Total assets 39,542,371 9,011,496 48,553,867 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 15,523 12,646 28,169 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 15,523 12,646 28,169 Deferred outflows of resources 151,238 61,149 212,387 LIABILITIES Current liabilities 1,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accrued interest 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 17,802 68,591			-			
Total current assets 12,560,921 3,149,033 15,709,954						
Noncurrent assets: Net OPEB asset 34,366 28,533 62,899 Net pension asset 344,529 402,569 747,098 Capital assets, net 26,602,555 5,431,361 32,033,916 Total noncurrent assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Total assets 39,542,371 9,011,496 48,553,867 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Net OPEB asset 34,366 28,533 62,899 Net pension asset 344,529 402,569 747,098 Capital assets, net 26,602,555 5,431,361 32,033,916 Total noncurrent assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Total assets 39,542,371 9,011,496 48,553,867 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 15,523 12,646 28,169 Deferred amount on refunding, net 109,422 - 109,422 Total deferred outflows of resources 151,238 61,149 212,387 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accrued interest 110,69,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accrued interest 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current	Total current assets	12,560,921	3,149,033	15,709,954		
Net pension asset						
Capital assets, net 26,602,555 5,431,361 32,033,916 Total noncurrent assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Total assets 39,542,371 9,011,496 48,553,867 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 15,523 12,646 28,169 Deferred amount on refunding, net 109,422 - 109,422 Total deferred outflows of resources 151,238 61,149 212,387 LIABILITIES Current liabilities 1,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accrued interest 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities 2,249,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities 2,529,459 2,274,493						
Total noncurrent assets 26,981,450 5,862,463 32,843,913 Total assets 39,542,371 9,011,496 48,553,867 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to oPEB 15,523 12,646 28,169 Deferred amount on refunding, net 109,422 - 109,422 Total deferred outflows of resources 151,238 61,149 212,387 Deferred amount on refunding 11,144,938 Accounts payable and other liabilities 1,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accounts payable and other liabilities 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities 2,459,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to PEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151 Interstricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151 Interst	Capital assets, net	26,602,555	5,431,361	32,033,916		
Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 28,169 212,646 28,169 212,387 21,646 21,042 2	Total noncurrent assets	26,981,450	5,862,463	32,843,913		
Deferred outflows related to pensions 26,293 48,503 74,796 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 15,523 12,646 28,169 Deferred amount on refunding, net 109,422 - 109,422 Total deferred outflows of resources 151,238 61,149 212,387 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 8 75,310 1,144,938 Accounts payable and other liabilities 1,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accrued interest 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 2,3127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312	Total assets	39,542,371	9,011,496	48,553,867		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB 15,523 12,646 28,169 Deferred amount on refunding, net 109,422 - 109,422 Total deferred outflows of resources 151,238 61,149 212,387 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 1,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accoude interest 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594	DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to OPEB 15,523 12,646 28,169 Deferred amount on refunding, net 109,422 - 109,422 Total deferred outflows of resources 151,238 61,149 212,387 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 1,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accoude interest 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594	Deferred outflows related to pensions	26,293	48,503	74,796		
Total deferred outflows of resources 151,238 61,149 212,387 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 3,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accounts payable and other liabilities 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current 1,076,333 142,478 1,218,811 Total current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 23,127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 <td></td> <td>15,523</td> <td>12,646</td> <td></td>		15,523	12,646			
Total deferred outflows of resources 151,238 61,149 212,387 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 3,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accounts payable and other liabilities 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current 1,076,333 142,478 1,218,811 Total current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 23,127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 <td>Deferred amount on refunding, net</td> <td></td> <td>· -</td> <td></td>	Deferred amount on refunding, net		· -			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 1,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accrued interest 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current 1,076,333 142,478 1,218,811 Total current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 23,127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604		151,238	61,149	212,387		
Accounts payable and other liabilities 1,069,628 75,310 1,144,938 Accrued interest 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 1,218,811 Total current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 2 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688<	LIABILITIES					
Accrued interest 110,244 43,417 153,661 Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current 1,076,333 142,478 1,218,811 Total current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 2 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 <td>Current liabilities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current liabilities:					
Due to other funds 178,022 68,591 246,613 Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current 1,076,333 142,478 1,218,811 Total current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 23,127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to Pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118	Accounts payable and other liabilities	1,069,628	75,310	1,144,938		
Compensated absences, current 25,342 27,988 53,330 Debt, current 1,076,333 142,478 1,218,811 Total current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 23,127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 5777,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Accrued interest	110,244	43,417	153,661		
Debt, current 1,076,333 142,478 1,218,811 Total current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 23,127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Due to other funds	178,022	68,591	246,613		
Total current liabilities 2,459,569 357,784 2,817,353 Noncurrent liabilities: 23,127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Compensated absences, current	25,342	27,988	53,330		
Noncurrent liabilities: 23,127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Debt, current	1,076,333	142,478	1,218,811		
Compensated absences 23,127 17,134 40,261 Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Total current liabilities	2,459,569	357,784	2,817,353		
Debt 9,529,480 2,257,359 11,786,839 Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Noncurrent liabilities:					
Total noncurrent liabilities 9,552,607 2,274,493 11,827,100 Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Compensated absences	23,127	17,134	40,261		
Total liabilities 12,012,176 2,632,277 14,644,453 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Debt	9,529,480	2,257,359	11,786,839		
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Total investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Total noncurrent liabilities	9,552,607	2,274,493	11,827,100		
Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,282 143,312 254,594 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Total liabilities	12,012,176	2,632,277	14,644,453		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB 44,386 36,853 81,239 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total deferred inflows of resources 155,668 180,165 335,833 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Deferred inflows related to pensions	111,282	143,312	254,594		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Deferred inflows related to OPEB	44,386	36,853	81,239		
Net investment in capital assets 15,938,604 3,708,084 19,646,688 Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Total deferred inflows of resources	155,668	180,165	335,833		
Restricted for pension and OPEB 265,043 312,086 577,129 Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	NET POSITION					
Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	Net investment in capital assets	15,938,604	3,708,084	19,646,688		
Unrestricted 11,322,118 2,240,033 13,562,151	<u>*</u>					
	<u> -</u>			13,562,151		
	Total net position					

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds			
	Sanitary Sewer	Storm Water	Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for fees and services	\$ 4,446,706	\$ 1,664,388	\$ 6,111,094	
Total operating revenues	4,446,706	1,664,388	6,111,094	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Collection, conveyance, and disposal	1,411,291	592,211	2,003,502	
Administration	511,269	637,645	1,148,914	
Depreciation and amortization	1,089,918	311,117	1,401,035	
Total operating expenses	3,012,478	1,540,973	4,553,451	
Operating income	1,434,228	123,415	1,557,643	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Availability fees	1,109,127	-	1,109,127	
Developer contributions	1,335,763	-	1,335,763	
Interest and investment revenue	304,439	38,053	342,492	
Interest expense	(254,457)	(68,414)	(322,871)	
Net nonoperating revenues	2,494,872	(30,361)	2,464,511	
Change in net position	3,929,100	93,054	4,022,154	
NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 24)	23,596,665	6,167,149	29,763,814	
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$ 27,525,765	\$ 6,260,203	\$ 33,785,968	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Business-tv	ne Ac	tivities – Enter	nrise	Funds
	Sai	nitary Sewer		orm water	prise	Totals
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		-				
Receipts from customers	\$	4,258,566	\$	1,524,690	\$	5,783,256
Interfund reimbursements	φ	(207,625)	Ψ	(148,753)	Ψ	(356,378)
Payments to suppliers		(1,137,792)		(441,499)		(1,579,291)
Payments to employees		(682,121)		(676,860)		(1,358,981)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	2,231,028		257,578		2,488,606
	-	2,231,020		237,370		2,100,000
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Interfund borrowing		37,621		(268,454)		(230,833)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		37,621		(268,454)		(230,833)
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Availability fees		1,109,127		_		1,109,127
Purchases of capital assets		(4,566,792)		(384,126)		(4,950,918)
Proceeds from long-term debt		550,245		704,716		1,254,961
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,022,733)		(107,478)		(1,130,211)
Interest paid on capital debt		(251,525)		(62,606)		(314,131)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital						
and related financing activities		(4,181,678)		150,506		(4,031,172)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and investment revenue		304,439		38,053		342,492
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,608,590)		177,683		(1,430,907)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS JULY 1		12,882,938		2,778,261		15,661,199
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS JUNE 30	\$	11,274,348	\$	2,955,944	\$	14,230,292
DECONOM A TYPON TO TOWNS A	:					
RECONCILIATION TO EXHIBIT 8	Φ.	10 401 020	Φ	2 265 102	Φ.	12.747.012
Cash and investments	\$	10,481,830	\$	2,265,182	\$	12,747,012
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Total	\$	792,518 11,274,348	\$	690,762 2,955,944	\$	1,483,280 14,230,292
Total	.	11,274,346	D	2,933,944	D	14,230,292
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO						
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income	\$	1,434,228	\$	123,415	\$	1,557,643
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to						
net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		1,089,918		311,117		1,401,035
Pension expense net of employer contributions		(43,002)		(29,960)		(72,962)
OPEB expense net of employer contributions		(30,873)		(31,559)		(62,432)
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in:						
Receivables, net		(188,140)		(139,698)		(327,838)
Increase (decrease) in:		(, , ,		, , ,		(, , ,
Accounts payable and other liabilities		(31,360)		21,496		(9,864)
Compensated absences		257		2,767		3,024
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,231,028	\$	257,578	\$	2,488,606
NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Capital asset purchases included in accounts payable	\$	905,522	\$	5,385	\$	910,907
Contributions of capital assets from developers	Φ	1,335,763	ψ	3,363	Ф	1,335,763
Total noncash investing and financing activities	\$	2,241,285	\$	5,385	\$	2,246,670
rotal noncash investing and financing activities	Þ	2,241,283	Ф	3,383	Ф	۷,2 4 0,0/0

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Post Employment Trust Funds			Agency Funds		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,397,511	\$	5,317,193		
Investments:						
Domestic equity securities		90,353,139		-		
Domestic fixed income securities		24,835,731		-		
International equity securities		24,747,769		-		
Real estate Securities		6,220,989		-		
Infrastructure		13,507,558		-		
Contributions receivable		11,526		-		
Due from other governments		-		34,046		
Interest and dividends receivable		1,198		_		
Total assets		164,075,421		5,351,239		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		95,502		_		
Due to general fund (Note 7)		-		70,711		
Due to City (Note 7)		1,656,736		_		
Amounts held for others		-		5,280,528		
Total liabilities		1,752,238		5,351,239		
NET POSITION						
Held in trust for:						
Pension benefits		147,849,993		-		
Other post-employment benefits		14,473,190		_		
Total net position restricted for						
post-employment benefits	\$	162,323,183	\$	-		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION POST-EMPLOYMENT TRUST FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

ADDITIONS	
Employer contributions	\$ 738,654
Employee contributions	1,013,327
Investment earnings:	
Interest	67,132
Dividends	2,556,542
Net increase in fair value of investments	2,832,372
Total investment earnings	5,456,046
Less investment expenses	(455,489)
Net investment earnings	5,000,557
Total additions	6,752,538
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	7,236,350
Administration	161,912
Total deductions	7,398,262
Change in net position	(645,724)
NET POSITION AT JULY 1	162,968,907
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$ 162,323,183

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Falls Church, Virginia (the "City") incorporated as an independent city in 1948 under laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides municipal services such as general administration, police, fire, street maintenance, sanitation, health and social services, recreation, library, planning and community development. Those services are provided either directly by the City or through contracts with the Counties of Arlington and Fairfax, Virginia. Through the City of Falls Church School Board, the City provides elementary and secondary education to residents.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units.

Discretely presented component units are legally separate entities for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable, the entity's governing body is not substantially the same as that of the primary government, and the entities do not provide services solely to or for the benefit of the primary government. They are reported in separate columns to emphasize they are legally separate from the primary government. The following organizations are reported as discretely presented component units and neither publish their own financial reports.

The City of Falls Church Public School Board (the "School Board") is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the City's jurisdiction. The members of the School Board are elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the City because City Council approves the School Board's budget and provides a substantial portion of the School Board's funds for operations, and issues all debt.

The Falls Church Economic Development Authority (the "EDA") was created by City Council to promote economic development within the City. The City Council appoints all members of the EDA board. The EDA is fiscally accountable to the Council and the City is potentially liable for any operating deficits. The Council must approve all EDA debt issuances.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from its component units.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of these financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, which are presented in separate columns. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported in one column as nonmajor funds.

Major Governmental Funds: The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary funds). The Special Transportation fund is used to account for transportation taxes received through the Northern Virginia Transportation Authority and transportation grants received mainly from the Virginia Department of Transportation and expenditures and other uses related to these funds.

Proprietary Funds: The Sanitary Sewer Fund and Storm Water Fund are used to account for the financing, construction, and operations of the City's sanitary sewer and storm water systems.

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund: The City has one non-major special revenue fund, the Affordable Housing Unit Fund. The Affordable Housing Unit Fund was originally established with a commitment from City Council. The fund has since received contributions from developers for affordable housing initiatives. The City expects to continue to receive contributions from developers and other entities to this fund.

The City also reports the following fiduciary funds:

Post-Employment Trust Funds: These funds are used to account for the activities of the City's two defined benefit pension plans, the Basic Pension Plan and the Police Pension Plan, which cover all regular and police employees of the City, respectively, as well as the City's and School Board's other post-employment benefit trust funds, which provides for health and life insurance coverage for the City's and School Board's retirees.

Agency Funds: These funds account for assets held in an agency capacity for the Fairfax County Water Authority and the Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except that the fiduciary fund financial statements for the agency funds do not have a measurement focus. Under the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are generally recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues in the government-wide financial statements include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. The City charges all costs except interest on long-term obligations and depreciation to the appropriate function at the time such costs are incurred. Depreciation has been allocated to each function. Interest on long-term obligations is shown as a separate line item in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sanitary sewer and storm water funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition, including availability fees charged to new customers, are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

For the post-employment trust funds, both member and employer contributions to each plan are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's sanitary sewer and storm water functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues from the use of money and from intergovernmental reimbursement grants are recorded as earned. Other revenues are considered to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end. The primary revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, business licenses, and other local taxes and intergovernmental revenues. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recognized only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlays in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and investments other than amounts held in fiduciary funds include certificates of deposit, Local Government Investment Pool assets, overnight repurchase agreements, short-term U.S. Government obligations and other highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and mature within three months of the date acquired by the City.

Fair Value Measurements

The government categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Receivables and Payables

Activities within the funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables, including those for the sanitary sewer and storm water funds, are shown net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts. The allowance is calculated using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include amounts due to vendors and employees for goods and services received as of year-end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (using the first in, first out method) or market and are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids.

Real Estate and Business Personal Property Taxes

The City bills real estate taxes on a fiscal year. Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable on June 6 and December 5. The City bills and collects its own taxes. Real estate and business-related personal property taxes are levied each fiscal year on all taxable property located in the City, and are accounted for in the General Fund. Therefore, real estate and business-related personal property taxes that are due within the current fiscal year and collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end are recorded as revenue. The real estate tax rate for fiscal year 2020 was \$1.355, per \$100 of assessed value.

Personal Property Taxes

The City levies personal property taxes on motor vehicles and other personal property. These levies are assessed on a calendar year basis as of January 1. Personal property taxes are due on October 5 and are considered delinquent if not received by the due date. On January 1, personal property taxes become an enforceable lien on related property. The tax rate for calendar year 2020 was \$5.00 per \$100 of assessed value. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act of 1998 (PPTRA), the City received approximately \$2.02 million for the State's share of the local personal property tax payment with the remainder collected by the City.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Statement of Net Position. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Infrastructure	20-50
Sanitary sewer system	20-50
Purchased capacity	20-40
Buildings	50
Improvements other than buildings	10-20
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Library collections	5
Intangibles (software)	3

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements which present financial position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources which represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements which present financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City has the following items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows or outflows:

- Deferred loss on refunding. A deferred loss on refunding is a deferred outflow which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions and OPEB are always a deferred outflow; this will be applied to the net pension or OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.
- Differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension or OPEB liability. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the expected average remaining service life of all employees provided with benefits in the plan and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate.
- Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the closed five year period and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

- Changes of assumptions. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the closed five year period and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.
- Changes in proportion. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the closed five year period and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.
- The difference between each employer's actual contributions for pension. This difference will be recognized over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the plan.
- Unavailable revenue occurs only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes and other receivables not collected within 60 days of year end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring all financial statement elements related to VRS administered pension and OPEB plans, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Plans and the additions to/deductions from the City's Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The City administers their own pension and other post-employment benefit plans. Information about the fiduciary net position and the additions to/deductions from the plan's net fiduciary position have been determined by the City's actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

All reporting entity employees earn annual leave and sick leave based on a prescribed formula. In addition, employees may accrue compensatory leave for hours worked in excess of their scheduled hours. Upon termination of employment, permanent City employees are entitled to payment of 100% of unused annual leave, generally 25% of unused sick leave, and all of their compensatory leave not to exceed 40 hours for certain employees or 100 hours for other employees. School Board employees are paid up to 40 days of their annual leave and all sick leave at the rate of \$3.75 per hour.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Compensated Absences (Continued)

All compensated absences currently payable are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Termination Benefits

The School Board makes payments to eligible employees upon retirement equal to 100% of the average of the three highest years of salaries earned by the employee. The payment is paid monthly in up to 60 equal installments. If the retiree dies during the benefit period, the payments cease. In 2003, the School Board adopted a "sunset" provision for this benefit which restricted eligibility to employees who had already met eligibility requirements by July 1, 2002.

The liability for this benefit is estimated using the eligible employees' last salary as of June 30, including employer Social Security and Medicare taxes and was approximately \$856,000 as of June 30. This liability is liquidated by the School Operating Fund.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and for proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face value of the debt issued plus premium is reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.
- **Restricted** Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed Amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through adoption of a resolution. Only City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.
- **Assigned** Amounts the City intends to use for a specified purpose; intent can be expressed by City Council or by the City Manager or Finance Director, who has been designated this Authority.
- Unassigned Amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

Restricted Amounts

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The General Fund reserve target is 17%, but not less than 12%, of current year expenditures. In the event that the unassigned fund balance is used for unforeseen emergency needs, the City shall restore the unassigned fund balance to 12% within two fiscal years. To the extent additional funds are necessary to restore the Unassigned Fund Balance to 17%; such funds shall be accumulated in no more than three approximately equal contributions each fiscal year. This provides for full recovery of the targeted fund balance amount within five years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Significant encumbrances as of June 30, total approximately \$959,000 in the general fund.

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

School Board Debt/Capital Asset Reporting

The City issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities because the School Board does not have borrowing or taxing authority. The City reports this debt in its financial statements. The capital assets acquired by such debt are reported by the City until such time as the outstanding indebtedness is retired, at which time, the net book value is transferred to and reported by the School Board.

Note 2. Intergovernmental Agreements

The City has agreements with several governmental units to provide certain governmental services to the City. They are detailed below:

County of Fairfax

The City, the County of Fairfax ("Fairfax"), and the City of Fairfax comprise the Fairfax-Falls Church Community Services Board (CSB), established under State mandate in 1969, to provide mental health, mental retardation and drug and alcohol abuse treatment services to residents of the three jurisdictions. The CSB uses Fairfax as its fiscal agent. During 2020, the City paid the CSB approximately \$887,000.

The City makes payments for the full cost of the local portion of public assistance payments and for the use of special County health and recreation facilities by City residents. During 2020, the City paid approximately \$255,000 for these services.

The City uses Fairfax's landfills for waste disposal and charges are based on tipping fees. During 2020, the City paid approximately \$153,000 for these services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 2. Intergovernmental Agreements (Continued)

County of Fairfax (Continued)

The City has an agreement with Fairfax to share in the cost of its sewage treatment facilities. During 2020, the City paid approximately \$707,000 for sewage treatment costs. In 2008, another upgrade was commenced at the Alexandria Sanitation Treatment Plant. The City paid approximately \$483,000 in 2020 for its share of the costs of the upgrade. All amounts relating to the City's share of these capital costs are recorded as capital assets in the Sanitary Sewer Fund.

During 2018, the City entered into an agreement with Fairfax County to replace the natural turf at Larry Graves Park with synthetic turf. During 2020, the project was completed, and the asset was capitalized for \$966,000. In subsequent years, the City will pay a portion of maintenance costs which allows the City to use the field. The term is the useful life of the synthetic turf, which the City has estimated as 6 years. During 2020, the City reimbursed Fairfax for \$28,000 in maintenance expenses.

County of Arlington

The City contracts its fire and rescue, jail, E-911, radio bandwidth, and certain judicial services, to Arlington County, Virginia ("Arlington"). During 2020, the City paid Arlington approximately \$2.4 million for fire and rescue services, \$261,000 for jail services, and \$617,000 for judicial services.

The City also receives payment from Arlington for its share of the cost of operating a girls' home facility. Payments received during 2020 amounted to approximately \$708,000.

The City has an agreement with Arlington to share in the cost of its sewage treatment facilities. During 2020, the City paid Arlington approximately \$329,000 for operating costs.

Fairfax Water

Fairfax Water performs sanitary sewer billing and collection services. During 2020, Fairfax Water billed \$3.87 million in sanitary sewer fees and remitted \$3.85 million to the City. The City paid Fairfax Water \$101,000 for these services.

City of Fairfax

During 2018, the City entered into an agreement to replace the City of Fairfax's Fire Arms Range. During 2020, the asset was capitalized by the City for \$1.2 million. In subsequent years, the City will pay a portion of the maintenance cost in exchange for the use of the facilities, and will receive a prorated refund of the capital contribution over 30 years. The agreement is effective until terminated or amended. During 2020, the City paid \$36,000 in maintenance costs; however, no amounts were received as refund for the contribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 2. Intergovernmental Agreements (Continued)

Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Training Academy (NVCJA)

Along with other local jurisdictions, the City entered into an agreement to assist in financing NVCJA which was established to provide training to local law enforcement officers. The City appoints members of the governing body of NVCJA, however, it does not retain an ongoing financial interest. During 2020, the City paid NVCJA approximately \$51,000 for its share of operating and debt service costs.

Joint Ventures

Northern Virginia Transportation Commission (NVTC)

The NVTC is a joint venture with the cities of Alexandria, Fairfax, and Falls Church and the counties of Arlington, Fairfax, and Loudoun. It was established to improve the transportation systems composed of transit facilities, public highways, and other modes of transportation. The Commonwealth of Virginia has authorized a 2.1% fuel tax to be used for transportation systems through NVTC. While each jurisdiction effectively controls NVTC's use of motor fuel tax proceeds from that jurisdiction, they do not have an explicit measurable equity interest in NVTC. Complete financial statements of NVTC may be obtained by visiting the Commission's website at novatransit.org/resources/audited-financial-statements.

Northern Virginia Transportation Authority (NVTA)

The NVTA is a joint venture with the cities of Alexandria, Fairfax, Manassas, Manassas Park, and Falls Church and the counties of Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William. The Authority is responsible for long-range transportation planning for regional transportation projects in Northern Virginia and sets regional transportation policies and priorities for regional transportation projects. While the jurisdictions have representatives as members of the governing body of the Authority, the jurisdictions do not have an explicit measurable equity interest in NVTA. Beginning in 2014, House Bill 2313 gave the Authority responsibility over the collection and distribution of certain dedicated taxes for transportation including 1% additional sales tax, 2% additional transient and occupancy tax and 1.5% additional grantor's tax. By law, 30% of these additional revenues are distributed to the jurisdictions provided they implement the commercial and industrial tax of 12.5 cents, or dedicate some other funds towards transportation. The other 70% will be used towards regional transportation projects approved by the Authority and implemented by the jurisdictions. In 2020, the City received approximately \$941,000 of these taxes. Complete financial statements of NVTA may be obtained by visiting the Authority's website at thenovaauthority.org/media/annual-reports.

Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA)

The City participates in a joint venture with other local jurisdictions to share in the cost of a regional transportation system but does not maintain an equity interest in WMATA. The City is required to make certain contributions annually to WMATA pursuant to the Interjurisdictional Funding Agreement for Bus Service and the Fifth Interim Capital Contributions Agreement, which were executed in fiscal years 1999 and 1992, respectively. During 2020, the City's required contributions amounted to approximately \$4.5 million. The City received \$1.4 million from the Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation to pay for this obligation. The remaining \$3.1 million came from tax revenue and other sources. Complete financial statements of WMATA may be obtained at 600 5th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20001.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Budgets for all governmental funds of the primary government and component units are adopted by the City Council on an annual basis consistent with GAAP with the exception of Capital Projects and Special Transportation Funds. The Council adopts project length budgets for these funds. The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On a date fixed by the Council, the City Manager submits to Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Ordinance. Appropriated annual budgets are adopted for the General fund of the primary government and the School Operating, Community Service, and Food Service funds of the School Board. If for any reason, the Council fails to adopt the appropriation ordinance prior to July 1, the previous fiscal year's budget remains in effect on a month-to-month basis until the Council adopts the budgets.
- 4. The Appropriations Ordinance is adopted at the fund and department level. The appropriation for each department can be revised through resolution by the Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer unencumbered balances within departments only.
- 5. Unencumbered appropriations lapse on June 30 except for those of the Capital Projects Fund, which are carried into the following year on a continuing appropriation basis unless there have been no expenditures in the project for the last three fiscal years. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds and proprietary funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as assignments of fund balances unless they are already restricted or committed, and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the expenses have not yet been incurred; rather, the commitments are automatically reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.
- 6. Original and final budgeted amounts are shown. The City required budget amendments during the year, representing a net increase of approximately \$789 thousand in the general fund.

Abiding by GASB 54, the City's FCCTV Fund, which has a separate legally adopted budget, is utilized for internal reporting purposes only. For financial statement reporting (GAAP-basis), the FCCTV Fund is collapsed into the General Fund. For budgetary basis reporting, the FCCTV Fund is not included with the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

The following is a reconciliation of the results of operations for the year on the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis:

	G	eneral Fund
Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis) Add: Net change in fund balance for FCCTV Fund	\$	(811,642) 18,869
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)	\$	(792,773)

Note 4. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Investment Policy - In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable law, including regulations, the City's investment policy permits investments in U.S. Government obligations, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, prime quality commercial paper, and certain corporate notes, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, negotiable certificates of deposit, bank deposit notes, mutual funds that invest exclusively in securities specifically permitted under the Policy, the State Treasurer's State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP, a pooled investment fund), the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (the Virginia LGIP), the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP), and the Virginia Municipal League's Stable Net Asset Value pool. These funds are not registered with the SEC but are overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and the State Treasury Board. The carrying value of the City's position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares and is reported within the guidelines of GASB Statement 79.

The City's investments are subject to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and custodial risk as described below. The City's investments are not subject to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk:

As required by state statute, the Policy requires that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following: Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch Investors Service, provided that the issuing corporation has a net worth of at least \$50 million and its long term debt is rated "A" or better by Moody's and Standard & Poor's. Banker's acceptances and Certificates of Deposit maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investors Service.

Although State Statute does not impose credit standards on repurchase agreement counterparties, bankers' acceptances or money market mutual funds, the City has established stringent credit standards for these investments to minimize portfolio risk.

As of June 30, 67% of the portfolio was invested in SNAP and 33% in the Virginia Municipal League Investment Pool (VML).

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by issuer in order to control concentration of credit risk. No more than 5% of the portfolio will be invested in the commercial paper of any single issuer. The Policy establishes limitations on the holdings on non-U.S. Government obligations. The maximum percentage of the portfolio (book value at the date of acquisition) permitted for commercial paper is 35% of the portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk:

As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Policy limits the investment of operating funds to investments with a stated maturity of no more than 1 year from the date of purchase, with no more than 10% with maturities of more than six months from date of purchase. Reserve funds for the Sanitary Sewer and Storm Water Funds may be invested in securities with longer maturities and proceeds from the sale of bonds must be invested in SNAP to manage arbitrage requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk:

The Policy requires that all investment securities purchased by the City be held by the City or by a third-party custodial agent who may not otherwise be counterparty to the investment transaction. As of June 30, all of the City's investments are held in a bank's trust department in the City's name.

The City's investments consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Fair Value	S & P Credit Rating
Primary Government:		
SNAP	\$ 81,138,636	AAAm
VML	39,863,693	AAAm
Primary government investments	121,002,329	
Component Unit – School Board:		
LGIP	3,142,548	AAAm
Component Unit – EDA:		
LGIP	1,419,523	AAAm
Component unit investments	4,562,071	
Total investments	\$ 125,564,400	

Cash and investments consist of the following:

		Compor	onent Units	
	Primary Government	School Board	Economic Development Authority	
Deposits and investments: Demand deposits LGIP SNAP VML	\$ 25,560,802 81,138,636 39,863,693	\$ 2,500 3,142,548	\$ - 1,419,523 - -	
	\$ 146,563,131	\$ 3,145,048	\$ 1,419,523	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Cash and investments are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

	Primary Government	_	School Board	 Economic Development Authority
Statement of net position: Cash and investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 65,424,494 81,138,637	\$	3,145,048	\$ 1,419,523
	\$ 146,563,131	\$	3,145,048	\$ 1,419,523

Restricted cash and cash equivalents consist of unspent bond proceeds and customer deposits.

Post-Employment Trust Funds

As of June 30, the City's post-employment trust funds had the following cash, cash equivalents, and investments:

Investment Type	 Fair Value
Money market funds	\$ 4,394,232
Domestic equities	90,353,140
Domestic fixed income	24,839,012
International equities	24,747,769
Real estate securities	6,220,989
Infrastructure	 13,507,555
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 164,062,697

Pension Funds

Investment Policy:

In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable law, including City Council resolutions, the Pension Fund's investment policy permits investments in domestic fixed income securities, domestic and international equities and real estate investment trusts. The authority and responsibility for the administration, management and operation of the City retirement plans are vested in the Retirement Board as described in the City Ordinance #1097. Investments of the Pension Fund are held by trustees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Post-Employment Trust Funds (Continued)

Pension Funds (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by issuer and by investment type in order to control concentration of credit risk. It is the responsibility of the Retirement Board to rebalance the portfolio. The following table shows concentration of credit risk as allowed by the investment policy, and actual concentration as of June 30:

	Minimum	Minimum Maximum	
Domestic equities	45.0%	59.0%	55.9%
International equities	15.0%	23.0%	15.3%
Domestic fixed income	12.0%	20.0%	15.0%
Real Estate	6.5%	10.0%	4.3%
Infrastructure	3.0%	7.0%	9.5%

Market Risk:

Investments of the pension fund are held for the long term and may be subject to short-term fluctuations in fair value due to market conditions and changes in interest rates. Foreign currency risk, a subset of market risk, is controlled by limiting exposure to international equities. The performance of specific investment types in the portfolio will periodically result in actual balances above or below the limitations set by policy.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Fund

Investment Policy:

In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable law, including City Council resolutions, the OPEB Fund's investment policy permits investments in domestic fixed income securities, domestic and international equities and real estate investment trusts. The authority and responsibility for the administration, management and operation of the City OPEB trust fund is vested in the Pension Board as described in the City Ordinance #1903. Investments of the OPEB Fund are held by trustees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Post-Employment Trust Funds (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Fund (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by issuer and by investment type in order to control concentration of credit risk. It is the responsibility of the Finance Board to direct the funds manager to rebalance the portfolio. The following table shows concentration of credit risk as allowed by the investment policy, and actual concentration as of June 30:

	Minimum	<u>Maximum</u>	Actual
Domestic equities	49%	63%	63%
Domestic fixed income	18%	26%	20%
International equities	15%	23%	17%

Market Risk:

Investments of the OPEB fund are held for the long term and may be subject to short-term fluctuations in fair value due to market conditions and changes in interest rates. Foreign currency risk, a subset of market risk, is controlled for by limiting exposure to international equities. The performance of specific investment types in the portfolio will periodically result in actual balances above or below the limitations set by policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value:

The City and Schools categorize its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The City and Schools have the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

	 Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		 Total
Common stocks/equity securities:						
Health Care	\$ 2,515,564	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,515,564
Financials	620,036		-		-	620,036
Industrial Goods	2,113,600		-		-	2,113,600
Infrastructure	-	8,	314,597		6,815,760	15,130,357
Information Technology	4,232,986		-		-	4,232,986
Consumer Goods	138,164		-		-	138,164
Consumer Cyclical	366,466		-		-	366,466
Consumer Defensive	1,302,168		-		-	1,302,168
Real Estate	4,598,189		-		-	4,598,189
International (MFS)	15,491,175	11,	516,573		-	27,007,748
Fixed Income	20,368,718		-		1,215,732	21,584,450
Cash Equivalent	202		-		-	202
Money Market	4,308,369		-		-	4,308,369
Mutual funds	 58,040,257		-		-	 58,040,257
	\$ 114,095,894	\$ 19,	831,170	<u>\$</u>	8,031,492	\$ 141,958,556

Mutual funds and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Equity securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted prices for similar securities and interest rates. Level 3 investments use unobservable inputs for valuations of real estate and debt including pricing models and discounted cash flow models.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Net Asset Value (NAV):

Certain investments that are measured at fair value using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy per a provision of GASB Statement 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The following investments are valued at NAV:

Investment	Fair Value	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Northern Trust Collective Investments	\$ 20,368,718	Quarterly	30-60 days
MMLIC	1,735,423	N/A	N/A

Note 5. Receivables

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total
Receivables:			_			
Accounts-Billed	\$	394,656	\$	438,450	\$	833,106
Accounts-Unbilled		-		663,000		663,000
Other		617,164		- -		617,164
Property taxes:						
Delinquent		5,522,457		-		5,522,457
Not yet due		5,878,969		-		5,878,969
Total receivables		12,413,246		1,101,450	_	13,514,696
Allowances for uncollectibles:						
Accounts receivable		(94,072)		(5,000)		(99,072)
Property taxes:						
Delinquent		(230,900)		-		(230,900)
Not yet due		(51,400)		_		(51,400)
Total allowances for uncollectibles		(376,372)		(5,000)		(381,372)
Total net receivables	\$	12,036,874	\$	1,096,450	\$	13,133,324

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 6. Due from/to Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments are as follows:

		overnmental Activities		Business-type Activities		omponent Unit – hool Board
Commonwealth of Virginia	Ф		Ф		Ф	415.025
State sales tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$	415,937
Local sales tax		572,082		-		_
Communication tax		58,973		-		-
Transportation funds		249,567		-		-
Grants for capital projects		630,516				
Total		1,511,138				415,937
Federal						
Grants for capital projects		281,036		-		_
Other federal funds		94,955		-		45,099
Total		375,991				45,099
Other governments						
Fairfax County		-		364,676		-
Arlington County:						
EMS		75,860		-		-
Other		439,293	_			
Total		515,153	_	364,676		
Total due from other governments	\$	2,402,282	\$	364,676	\$	461,036

Amounts due to other governments of \$109,292 in governmental activities consist of amounts owed to Arlington, the Department of Motor Vehicles and other governments. Long-term payables that are due to other governments, which are not reported in the general fund were \$311,413.

In addition, due to an agency relationship between the City and two other governmental entities, the City shows \$70,711 as due from other governments – agency funds in the Statement of Net Position as a reimbursement for cash advances or expenses paid on behalf of these governmental entities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 7. Interfund Activity and Transfers

The City's cash receipt and disbursement transactions are initiated in the General Fund. Amounts applicable to the other funds are accounted for through interfund receivable and payable accounts. Interfund receivables and payables typically result when funds overdraw their share of the pooled cash and from interfund reimbursements for administrative costs. All amounts are expected to be paid within one year.

Due to/from balances between the City and its component unit School Board consisted of \$6,382,880 and are the result of accounts payable balances to be refunded by the general fund to the School Board.

Interfund balances and due to/from amounts consisted of the following:

	R	nterfund eceivables/ Due From	Interfund Payables/ Due To			
Major Fund:						
General	\$	1,580,284	\$	-		
Capital Projects		47,344		-		
Special Transportation		42,446		-		
Stormwater		-		68,591		
Sanitary Sewer		-		178,022		
Fiduciary Funds:						
Pension Benefits		-		28,619		
OPEB Benefits		-		1,394,842		
	\$	1,670,074	\$	1,670,074		
Transfers consisted of the following:						
	<u></u>	ransfers In	Tra	insfers Out		
General fund	\$	9,461,201	\$	6,034,788		

4,093,419

1,941,369

15,495,989

\$

8,028,201

1,433,000

15,495,989

The majority of amounts transferred relate to funding needs for capital asset activity.

Capital projects

Special transportation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows:

Primary Government

		Beginning Balance	Increases]	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital asset, non-depreciable:							
Land	\$	9,552,769	\$ 4,691,899	\$	(65,261)	\$	14,179,407
Construction in progress		16,687,152	 60,707,658		(2,743,009)		74,651,801
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		26,239,921	 65,399,557		(2,808,270)		88,831,208
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and systems		109,804,827	386,853		(163,146)		110,028,534
Machinery and equipment		21,523,220	1,805,073		(524,136)		22,804,157
Improvements other than buildings		7,148,817	533,895		(662,464)		7,020,248
Infrastructure		11,570,725	848,901		(119,543)		12,300,083
Intangibles		1,482,525	14,677		-		1,497,202
Intangibles with definite useful life	•	- -	2,166,281		_		2,166,281
Library collections		2,484,655	 314,740		(194,035)		2,605,360
Total capital assets, depreciable		154,014,769	 6,070,420		(1,663,324)		158,421,865
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and systems		(32,003,246)	(2,712,377)		132,417		(34,583,206)
Machinery and equipment		(12,026,636)	(1,403,293)		469,552		(12,960,377)
Improvements other than buildings		(4,074,875)	(326,871)		591,158		(3,810,588)
Infrastructure		(4,014,490)	(272,848)		44,407		(4,242,931)
Intangibles		(1,423,559)	(19,741)		_		(1,443,300)
Intangibles with definite useful life	•	-	(76,928)		_		(76,928)
Library collections		(1,670,758)	 (304,551)		194,034		(1,781,275)
Total accumulated depreciation		(55,213,564)	 (5,116,609)		1,431,568	_	(58,898,605)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		98,801,205	 953,811		(231,756)		99,523,260
Capital assets, net	\$	125,041,126	\$ 66,353,368	\$	(3,040,026)	\$	188,354,468

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

	Beginning	T	D	Ending
.	 Balance	 Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
Sanitary Sewer fund:				
Capital assets, non-depreciable:				
Construction in progress	\$ 1,179,758	\$ 1,866,458	\$ (2,900,946) \$	145,270
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	 1,179,758	1,866,458	(2,900,946)	145,270
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Building and systems	8,724,742	7,012,786	_	15,737,528
Machinery and equipment	430,230	-	_	430,230
Purchased capacity	21,281,845	482,878	_	21,764,723
Other intangibles	9,900			9,900
Total capital assets, depreciable	 30,446,717	 7,495,664		37,942,381
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and systems	(2,822,020)	(189,515)	_	(3,011,535)
Machinery and equipment	(131,128)	(29,941)	_	(161,069)
Purchased capacity	(7,432,130)	(870,462)	_	(8,302,592)
Other intangibles	(9,900)	-		(9,900)
T-4-1	(10.205.170)	(1,000,010)		(11.495.006)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (10,395,178)	 (1,089,918)		(11,485,096)
Total capital assets depreciable, net	 20,051,539	 6,405,746	(2,900,946)	26,457,285
Capital assets, net	\$ 21,231,297	\$ 8,272,204	\$ (2,900,946) \$	26,602,555

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-Type Activities:			_	
Storm Water fund:				
Capital asset, non-depreciable:				
Construction in progress	\$ 93,186	\$ 19,446	\$ -	\$ 112,632
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	93,186	19,446		112,632
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Building and systems	86,499	_	-	86,499
Machinery and equipment	520,471	16,509	-	536,980
Improvements other than buildings	2,188,063	97,167	-	2,285,230
Infrastructure	7,005,800	245,794	-	7,251,594
Intangible	7,244	<u> </u>		7,244
Total capital assets, depreciable	9,808,077	359,470		10,167,547
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and systems	(10,686)	(3,162)	_	(13,848)
Machinery and equipment	(194,634)	(43,733)	_	(238,367)
Improvements other than buildings		(118,849)	_	(522,349)
Infrastructure	(3,927,432)	(143,924)	_	(4,071,356)
Intangible	(1,449)	(1,449)		(2,898)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,537,701)	(311,117)		(4,848,818)
Total capital assets depreciable, net	5,270,376	48,353		5,318,729
Capital assets, net	5,363,562	67,799		5,431,361
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 26,594,859	\$ 8,340,003	\$ (2,900,946)	\$ 32,033,916

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Component Unit – School Board:

	A	Beginning Balance As Restated*	I	ncreases	Γ	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital asset, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress	\$	1,273,354	\$	65,261 136,730	\$		\$ 1,338,615 136,730
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		1,273,354		201,991			1,475,345
Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings and systems Machinery and equipment Improvements other than buildings Library collections Intangibles		379,052 4,666,306 429,277 429,473 31,265		- 600,945 - 42,639 -		(307,175) (153,081) (64,565)	379,052 4,960,076 276,196 407,547 31,265
Total capital assets, depreciable		5,935,373		643,584		(524,821)	6,054,136
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and systems Machinery and equipment Improvements other than buildings Library collections Intangibles	·	(187,021) (2,192,516) (126,652) (345,198) (11,888)		(16,944) (460,029) (24,717) (34,477) (7,074)		75,049 56,130 68,829	(203,965) (2,577,496) (95,239) (310,846) (18,962)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,863,275)		(543,241)		200,008	(3,206,508)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		3,072,098		100,343		324,813	2,847,628
Capital assets, net	\$	4,345,452	\$	302,334	\$	324,813	\$ 4,322,973

^{*}See Note 24

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government - Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 996,890
Judicial administration	76,526
Public safety	594,934
Public works	643,585
Education	1,974,262
Parks, recreation, and cultural	685,519
Community development	144,893
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,116,609
Primary Government – Business-type activities:	
Sanitary Sewer	\$ 1,089,918
Storm Water	311,117
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,401,035
Component Unit – School Board:	
Education	\$ 543,241

Note 9. Unavailable/ Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities in the current period. Governmental funds also include unearned revenue amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. At year end, the various components of unavailable/unearned revenue reported in the financial statements were as follows:

	overnmental Activities	Governmental Funds			
Unavailable					
Delinquent property taxes	\$ -	\$	912,334		
Affordable housing	-		283,001		
Other			198,613		
Total unavailable revenue	\$ -	\$	1,393,948		
Unearned					
Property taxes not yet due	5,827,569		5,827,569		
CARES funding	885,332		885,332		
Comprehensive agreement	6,534,114		6,534,114		
Other	 589,388		589,388		
Total unearned revenue	\$ 13,836,403	\$	13,836,403		

The comprehensive agreement includes funds paid in advance for a future construction project expected to be realized in fiscal year 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 9. Unavailable/Unearned Revenue (Continued)

The Affordable Housing fund loans money to first-time homebuyers to be repaid when the homebuyers sell or refinance the property. In addition to reflecting an expenditure for the loan disbursement, a receivable with offsetting unavailable revenue is reported at the fund level. On the government-wide statements, the disbursement results only in a loan receivable with no offset.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, schools closed starting in March 2020. Families which had previously deposited money on their students' lunch accounts and paid fees to the School's Day Care Program have been recorded as unearned revenue totaling \$121,257.

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

Primary Government

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance]	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	_]	Due within One Year
General obligation bonds Bond premiums	\$ 61,859,233	\$1	18,390,000	\$	5,817,694	\$174,431,539	\$	7,884,694
and discounts, net	3,032,273		5,733,338		377,132	8,388,479		-
Bond anticipation note	20,000,000		_		20,000,000			-
Capital leases	7,808		-		7,808	_		-
Compensated absences	2,122,599		1,785,401	_	1,634,109	2,273,891	_	1,346,250
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 87,021,913	\$1	25,908,739	\$	27,836,743	\$185,093,909	\$	9,230,944
Business-type Activities:								
Sanitary Sewer fund: General obligation bonds Bond premiums	\$ 10,901,606	\$	510,000	\$	1,022,734	\$ 10,388,872	\$	1,076,333
and discounts, net	192,002		40,245		15,306	216,941		_
Compensated absences	48,212	. <u> </u>	43,963		43,706	48,469		25,342
	\$11,141,820	\$	594,208	\$	1,081,746	\$ 10,654,282	\$	1,101,675
Storm water fund:								
General obligation bonds Bond premiums	\$ 1,714,638	\$	650,000	\$	107,478	\$ 2,257,160	\$	142,478
and discounts, net	96,202		54,716		8,241	142,677		-
Compensated absences	42,355		44,011	_	41,244	45,122		27,988
	\$ 1,853,195	\$	748,727	\$	156,963	\$ 2,444,959	\$	170,466
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 12,995,015	\$	1,342,935	\$	1,238,709	\$ 13,099,241	\$	1,272,141

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Component Unit- School Board:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Termination benefits Compensated absences	\$ 1,210,000 1,266,201	\$ - 776,658	\$ 354,000 686,823	\$ 856,000 1,356,036	\$ 264,000 559,650
Other long-term obligations Capital leases	658,380 730,214	- 482,460	328,371 506,726	330,009 705,948	330,009 174,284
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 3,864,795	\$ 1,259,118	\$ 1,875,920	\$ 3,247,993	\$ 1,327,943

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

_		Governmenta			Business-type Activities General Obligation Bonds			
		General Ob Bond	_)n				
-	Principal			Interest	Principal		-	Interest
2021	\$	7,884,694	\$	6,637,838	\$	1,218,811	\$	1,464,138
2022		8,476,694		5,575,246		1,235,560		1,449,065
2023		7,593,360		5,248,578		1,252,462		1,439,706
2024		7,679,360		4,932,570		1,260,521		1,423,612
2025		7,555,360		4,625,639		1,273,742		1,412,450
2026-2030		31,055,536		19,102,485		3,974,804		4,389,204
2031-2035		31,525,602		13,354,730		1,981,065		2,090,627
2036-2040		26,350,933		8,928,903		449,067		463,138
2041-2045		24,340,000		5,221,569		-		-
2046-2050		21,970,000		1,351,900				
_	\$	174,431,539	\$	74,979,458	\$	12,646,032	\$	14,131,940

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The following are the general obligation bonds that were outstanding as of June 30:

_	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	 Amount of Original Issu		Governmental Activities	Bı	ısiness-type Activities
General obligation	4.00%	03/08/2007	08/01/2021	\$ 6,260,000	\$	1,400,000	\$	-
General obligation	2.00-4.00%	03/06/2012	08/01/2024	\$ 15,300,000		8,090,000		-
General obligation	2.00-3.00%	12/22/2011	01/15/2032	\$ 8,570,000		2,960,000		-
General obligation	2.00-5.00%	12/18/2013	07/01/2033	\$ 17,620,000		10,140,000		1,205,000
General obligation	2.00-5.00%	12/23/2014	07/15/2030	\$ 11,740,000		7,800,000		990,000
General obligation	1.48%	08/31/2015	07/15/2020	\$ 1,180,000		235,000		-
General obligation	2.31%	08/31/2015	07/15/2035	\$ 5,360,000		2,752,539		1,477,460
General obligation 2016A	1.24%	11/16/2016	7/15/2021	\$ 607,000		248,000		-
General obligation 2016B	1.41%	11/16/2016	7/15/2026	\$ 4,071,000		109,000		2,543,000
General obligation 2016C	1.79%	11/16/2016	7/15/2031	\$ 2,511,000		207,000		2,155,000
General obligation	2.02-3.35%	06/06/2018	01/15/2048	\$ 22,305,000		19,455,000		535,000
VRA bond	2.13-5.13%	10/01/2011	10/01/2031	\$ 3,125,000		-		285,000
VRA line of credit	3.35%	05/13/2009	09/01/2029	\$ 4,100,000		-		2,295,572
VPSA bond	4.10-5.10%	05/11/2006	07/15/2026	\$ 1,935,000		665,000		-
VPSA bond	4.25%	12/15/2011	12/01/2030	\$ 3,000,000		1,980,000		-
General obligation 2019B	3.00-5.00%	11/07/2019	7/15/2048	\$ 119,111,000	_	118,390,000		1,160,000
					\$	174,431,539	\$	12,646,032

Defeasance of Debt

During 2014, the City used existing cash and proceeds from the sale of the water utility system to advance refund approximately \$15,780,000 in outstanding bonds. The proceeds were placed in irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to fund future debt service payments. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the City's long-term debt. The amount still outstanding as of June 30, 2020 was \$415,000.

In 2016, the City issued new debt to advance refund debt issued through the Virginia Resource Authority of approximately \$1,940,000. The entire amount is still outstanding and will be paid in November 2021.

Obligations Under Capital Leases

The City leased equipment and vehicles under various capital leases expiring at various dates through 2020. The assets acquired have a cost of \$220,323 and accumulated depreciation of \$189,244, resulting in a net book value of \$31,079. The lease was paid off as of June 30, 2020.

The School Board leased equipment, vehicles, and buses under various capital leases expiring at various dates through 2024. The assets acquired have a cost of \$1,746,618 and accumulated depreciation of \$862,025, resulting in a net book value of \$884,593. The present value of minimum lease payments is \$705,948.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 11. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u>: Federal programs in which the City participates were audited in accordance with provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget and the Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this document, all major programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of material noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its financial condition.

<u>Construction and Improvement Contracts:</u> The City has the following active construction and improvement commitments as of June 30:

Project	S	Amount pent-to-Date	(Remaining Commitment
Governmental Activities:		_		_
North West & Great Falls Intersection Improvements	\$	162,344	\$	415,796
South Washington Street Multimodal Improvements		638,103		30,329
Washington & Old Dominion Dual Trails Improvement		322,591		2,907,409
West Falls Church Transportation Improvements		2,896,991		12,103,009
Neighborhood Traffic Calming		137,166		33,368
General Government Telecommunications Improvements		130,658		45,000
Utility Relocations		69,205		_
City Facilities Reinvestment		_		25,952
City Hall Renovation and Expansion		15,356,567		315,587
George Mason High School Construction		59,045,591		48,954,409
Big Chimney Park &Transportation Improvements		482,745		655,264
Mary Riley Styles Public Library Improvements		1,412,838		6,510,697
	\$	80,654,799	\$	71,996,820
Sanitary Sewer Fund:				
West Falls Church Mustang Alley Connector Sewer	\$	1,720,545	\$	55,661
West End Sanitary Sewer Pipe Expansion	,	2,571,184	,	150,600
7 1 1	\$	4,291,729	\$	206,261
Storm Water Fund:				
Big Chimney Stormwater Improvements	\$	156,288	\$	24,142
Ellison Rd and Railroad Ave Storm Water Improvement	Ψ	130,200	φ	246,836
Emson Ru and Ramoad Ave Storm water improvement	\$	156,288	\$	270,978
	Φ	130,200	Φ	410,918

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 11. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

Operating Lease Commitments

The School Board leases office facilities under a long-term lease agreements. Total costs for such lease was approximately \$2.3 million to the School Board. The future minimum lease payments for the City and School Board leases are shown below:

		Component Unit
	Sc	chool Board
2021	\$	185,748
2022		207,702
2023		213,413
2024		219,282
2025		225,312
2026-2030		1,222,983
Total	\$	2,274,440

Note 12. Basic and Police Pension Plans

The City administers two pension plans. Fiduciary information for these plans as of June 30, 2020 is provided in Note 17. The net pension liability is based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 as discussed in the following note.

Plan Description

The City's Basic Pension Plan is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, covering all permanent employees of the City who are scheduled to work twenty hours or more per week, except police officers who are covered under the Police Pension Plan. School Board employees who work less than 80% of full time and are not eligible to participate in VRS, but meet the City pension plan's requirements, are eligible for the City's Basic Pension plan. Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Training Academy full-time employees are also eligible for the plan.

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan covering the City's police officers that work on a full-time basis.

Both Plans are authorized by City Council and are administered by the City. Benefit provisions are established and amended by City resolutions. The Plans include an annual increase to benefits for retirees. Participants are 100% vested after five years of participation.

The Plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Basic and Police Pension Plans (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Upon retirement, a participant in either of the Plans would receive a monthly retirement allowance, which is determined based on a certain percentage of the participant's average final compensation at the date of retirement and the number of years of the participant's credited service. In the event of death prior to retirement eligibility, the participant's accumulated contributions are paid to the participant's designated beneficiaries in a lump sum. If a participant were vested and eligible for early or regular retirement at time of death, the designated beneficiary would receive a monthly retirement allowance.

The City's membership in the Basic and Police Pension Plans as of July 1, 2019 were as follows:

	Basic	Police		
Retirees and beneficiaries	258	30		
Terminated vested members	87	10		
Active members	277	32		
Total	622	72		

Contributions

The City Council establishes and may amend the contribution requirements of both plans. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For 2020 and 2019, the total contributions rate was 1.66% and 1.59% of annual covered payroll, respectively for the Basic Pension Plan, with employees contributing 5.0%. For the Police Pension Plan, the total contribution rate was 7.39% and 10.77% for 2020 and 2019, respectively, with employees contributing 7.0%. In 2001, the plan was amended to allow permanent employees who were formerly temporary employees who worked more than 20 hours per week to buy back that period for which they were not eligible due to their temporary status. The rate of contribution by these employees is 5.0% of current salary for each month they are buying back. Administrative costs are borne by the assets of the plans.

On July 28, 2008, the City Council approved an amendment to the plans to allow employees to purchase up to four years credit for service with other governmental employers: Federal, military, State or local. The contribution for the purchase of credit is to be actuarially determined in order to make such purchase financially neutral to the pension funds.

In 2014, the City Council approved an amendment to the plans allowing the City to reduce its contribution up to \$825,000 total for the two plans as a result of a one-time contribution of \$9.3 million of funds from the proceeds of the sale of the City's water system.

Total employer contributions to the Basic Pension Plan for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$273,762 and \$251,480, respectively. The contributed amounts were based on a percentage of actuarially determined amounts as described above and were based on an actuarial valuation for the prior period. The total basic pension contributions represent funding for normal costs. Contributions made by the City represent 1.66% and 1.59% of covered payroll for the years 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Basic and Police Pension Plans (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Total employer contributions to the Police Pension Plan for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$196,880 and \$309,263, respectively. The contributed amounts were based on a percentage of actuarially determined amounts as described above and were based on an actuarial valuation for the prior period. The total police pension contributions represent funding for normal costs. Contributions made by the City represent 7.39% and 10.77% of covered payroll for the years 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Investments

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.36% for the basic plan and 6.48% for the police plan. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the return on the actuarial value of assets was 8.50% and 8.57% for the Basic and Police Plans, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following relevant actuarial information:

	Basic	Police
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Dollar Amount, Open	Level Dollar Amount, Open
Amortization period	10 years	15 years
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Projected salary increases	4.50%	4.50%
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Cost of living adjustments	1.375%	1.375%

The Basic and Police Pension Plans use the RP-2006 Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables, projected generationally with scale MP-2016.

The investment rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the actual rates of return for the past ten years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Basic and Police Pension Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) - Basic Plan

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) (a) – (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	92,558,253	\$ 109,837,308	\$ (17,279,055)			
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		1,508,664	-	1,508,664			
Interest		6,397,092	-	6,397,092			
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(260,268)	-	(260,268)			
Contributions – employer		-	251,480	(251,480)			
Contributions – employee		-	773,972	(773,972)			
Net investment income		-	7,204,503	(7,204,503)			
Benefit payments		(5,359,765)	(5,359,765)	-			
Administrative expenses			(42,261)	42,261			
Net changes		2,285,723	2,827,929	(542,206)			
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	94,843,976	\$ 112,665,237	\$ (17,821,261)			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Basic and Police Pension Plans (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Police Plan

			Incr	ease (Decrease	e)	
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2018	<u>\$</u>	28,540,996	\$	34,502,152	\$	(5,961,156)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		638,468		-		638,468
Interest		2,002,662		-		2,002,662
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(500,341)		-		(500,341)
Contributions – employer		-		309,263		(309,263)
Contributions – employee		-		198,404		(198,404)
Net investment income		-		2,332,611		(2,332,611)
Benefit payments		(1,140,085)		(1,140,085)		-
Administrative expenses		-	_	(29,536)	_	29,536
Net changes		1,000,704		1,670,657	-	(669,953)
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	29,541,700	\$	36,172,809	\$	(6,631,109)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Basic and Police Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City basic and police plans as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease 6.00%	Discount Rate 7.00%		1% Increase 8.00%
Basic Plan Net pension liability (asset) Plan fiduciary net position as a	\$	(6,769,740)	\$	(17,821,261)	\$ (27,070,031)
percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		106.4%		118.8%	131.6%
Police Plan Net pension liability (asset) Plan fiduciary net position as a	\$	(2,900,518)	\$	(6,631,109)	\$ (9,731,948)
percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		108.7%		122.5%	136.0%

<u>Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, pension expense (income) was \$(2,154,576) and \$(586,763) for the Basic and Police Plans, respectively. At June 30, 2020, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plans arose from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources
Basic Plan:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	356,442	\$	182,576
Change in assumptions		-		173,808
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		5,306,651
Change in proportion during measurement period		242,700		242,700
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		273,762		-
			-	
	\$	872,904	\$	5,905,735

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Basic and Police Pension Plans (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Police Plan:					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17,189	\$	704,299	
Change in assumptions		121,914		199,473	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		-		1,648,244	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		196,880			
	\$	335,983	\$	2,552,016	
	Ψ	333,763	Ψ	2,332,010	

Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Increase to Pension Expense					
	 Basic		Police			
2021	\$ (1,402,132)	\$	(627,012)			
2022	(2,738,919)		(1,099,462)			
2023	(1,231,728)		(585,084)			
2024	66,186		(84,904)			
Thereafter	-		(16,451)			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Allocation of Basic Pension Plan

The City and Component Unit – School Board portions of the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan are noted below and represent 72% and 19% of the total plan, respectively. The Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Training Academy's portion of the Basic Pension Plan of 9%, is reported in the Academy's financial report. Proportionate shares did not change from the previous year. Overall plan information that includes all three participants, the City, School Board, and Academy can be found in Note 12.

Membership

Membership in the Basic Pension Plan as of July 1, 2019, was as follows:

	City	Schools
Retirees and beneficiaries	193	43
Terminated vested members	66	14
Active members	208	46
Total	467	103

Contributions

Total contributions to the basic pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 amounted to \$85,789 for the City and \$132,005 for the Schools. Contributions made by the City and Schools represent 0.70% and 4.38% of covered payroll for the year, respectively.

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)						
Davia Blass - City	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		lan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) (a) – (b)	
Basic Plan - City Balances at June 30, 2018	2	67,464,291	\$	79,961,489	\$	(12,497,198)	
Datances at June 30, 2016	Ψ	07,707,291	Ψ	17,701,709	Ψ	(12,777,190)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		1,091,150		_		1,091,150	
Interest		4,626,735		-		4,626,735	
Differences between expected		, ,				, ,	
and actual experience		(188,240)		-		(188,240)	
Contributions – employer		-		188,918		(188,918)	
Contributions – employee		-		559,780		(559,780)	
Net investment income		-		5,702,090		(5,702,090)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2.07(.401)		(2.07(401)			
of employee contributions		(3,876,481)		(3,876,481)		20.5((
Administrative expenses		1 652 164		(30,566)	_	30,566	
Net changes		1,653,164	_	2,543,741	_	(890,577)	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	69,117,455	\$	82,505,230	\$	(13,387,775)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Allocation of Basic Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) – (b)	
Basic Plan - Schools							
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	16,973,748	\$	20,266,156	\$	(3,292,408)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		287,465		-		287,465	
Interest		1,218,921		-		1,218,921	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(49,592)		-		(49,592)	
Contributions – employer		-		41,476		(41,476)	
Contributions – employee		-		147,475		(147,475)	
Net investment income		-		922,702		(922,702)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(1,021,266)		(1,021,266)		-	
Administrative expenses				(8,053)		8,053	
Net changes		435,528		82,334		353,194	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	17,409,276	\$	20,348,490	\$	(2,939,214)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Allocation of Basic Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City basic plan as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Basic Plan - City Net pension liability (asset) Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension	\$ (5,085,597)	\$ (13,387,775)	\$ (20,335,681)
liability (asset)	106.4%	118.8%	131.6%
Basic Plan - Schools Net pension liability (asset) Plan fiduciary net position as a	\$ (1,116,516)	\$ (2,939,214)	\$ (4,464,590)
percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	106.4%	118.8%	131.6%

<u>Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City and Schools recognized pension expense (income) of \$(1,688,926) and \$(313,008), respectively. At June 30, 2020, the City and Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plans from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources			 Defe Inflo Reso	ws (of
	City		Schools	City		Schools
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Change in proportion Investment differences	\$ 267,768 - 28,230	\$	58,787 - 192,676 -	\$ 137,155 130,569 220,256 3,986,488	\$	30,112 28,666 22,444 875,212
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 85,789		132,005	 -		
	\$ 381,787	\$	383,468	\$ 4,474,468	\$	956,434

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Allocation of Basic Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Decrease) to Pension Expense							
	_]	Basic - City	Ba	sic - Schools				
2021	\$	(1,128,326)	\$	(168,193)				
2022		(2,144,222)		(372,334)				
2023		(955,642)		(175,360)				
2024		49,720		10,916				
Thereafter		_		_				

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Constitutional Officers Plan

Plan Description

Constitutional officers and their employees of the City of Falls Church, Virginia, (the "Political Subdivision") are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multi-employer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Constitutional Officers Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at:

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp,
- https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	4
Non-vested inactive members	6
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	5
Total inactive members	15
Active members	16
Total covered employees	47

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Constitutional Officers Plan (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The political subdivision's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 1.05% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$9,600 and \$14,607 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The political subdivisions, net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

3.50 - 5.35%General Employees -Salary increases,

including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation*

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Constitutional Officers Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: General employees – 15 to 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Public Safety Employees – 455 to 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Mortality is projected using the applicable RP-2014 Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with various setbacks or set forwards for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

General Employees – Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; lowered retirement rates at older ages, changed final retirement from 70 to 75; adjusted withdrawal rats to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service; lowered disability rates, no change to salary scale, increased rate of line of duty disability from 14% to 20% (largest 10) or 15% (all others), and decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%.

Public Safety Employees – Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; lowered retirement rate at older ages; adjusted rates of withdrawal and disability to better fit experience; changes to line of duty rates, no changes to salary scale, and decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table: (See Next Page)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Constitutional Officers Plan (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00 %	5.61 %	1.91 %
Fixed Income	15.00	0.88	0.13
Credit Strategies	14.00	5.13	0.72
Real Assets	14.00	5.27	0.74
Private Equity	14.00	8.77	1.23
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00	3.52	0.21
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	3.00	6.29	0.19
Total	100.00 %		5.13 %
	Inflation		2.50 %
*Expected arithmet	7.63 %		

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.5%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Constitutional Officers Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)							
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension (Asset) (a) – (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	4,432,559	\$	5,645,718	\$	(1,213,159)		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		123,847		-		123,847		
Interest		301,441		-		301,441		
Change of assumptions		108,916		-		108,916		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		(18,370)		-		(18,370)		
Contributions – employer		-		11,660		(11,660)		
Contributions – employee		-		60,409		(60,409)		
Net investment income		-		370,585		(370,585)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(252,525)		(252,525)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(3,780)		3,780		
Other changes				(233)		233		
Net changes		263,309		186,116		77,193		
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	4,695,868	\$	5,831,834	\$	(1,135,966)		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount Rate (6.75%)		1.00% Increase (7.75%)	
Political subdivision's net pension liability (asset)	\$ (678,076)	\$	(1,135,966)	\$	(1,506,527)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Constitutional Officers Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the political subdivision recognized pension expense (income) of \$(141,046). At June 30, 2020, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	68,844	
Changes in assumptions		55,526		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		50,747	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		9,600		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	65,126	\$	119,591	

The \$9,600 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Political Subdivision's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	to	Reduction to Pension Expense				
2021	\$	(16,138)				
2022		(50,440)				
2023		(1,118)				
2024		3,631				

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plans is also available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 15. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of Virginia public school divisions, including Falls Church Public Schools, (the "School Division"), are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This multiple employer, cost sharing plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employers pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously funded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. The provisions and features of the plans, as well as all actuarial assumptions, are substantially the same as those described in Note 14.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the pension plan from the school division were \$4,303,928 and \$4,214,000 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 15. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported a liability of \$43,393,026 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the school division's proportion was 0.32972% as compared to 0.31660% at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,501,617. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 2,778,639		
Change of assumptions	4,296,927	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	952,808		
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,859,686	604,685		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,303,928	<u> </u>		
Total	\$ 10,460,541	\$ 4,336,132		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 15. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The \$4,303,928 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		to	to Pension Expense				
20	21	\$	554,982				
20:	22		(703,314)				
20	23		517,986				
20:	24		968,092				
20:	25		482,735				

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$ 49,683,336
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 36,522,769
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 13,160,567
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	73.51%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 15. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the school division using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement plan net pension liability	\$ 65,325,355	\$ 43,393,026	\$ 25,259,052

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, approximately \$543,911 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2020 payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 16. Summary of Pension Elements

A summary of the pension-related financial statement elements is as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	В	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government		chool Board_
Net pension asset Basic Pension Plan Police Pension Plan VRS – Constitutional Officers	\$	12,640,677 6,631,109 1,135,966	\$	747,098 -	\$	13,387,775 6,631,109 1,135,966	\$	2,939,214
Total net pension asset	\$	20,407,752	\$	747,098	\$	21,154,850	\$	2,939,214
·	Ψ	20,407,732	Ψ	777,078	Ψ	21,134,030	Ψ	2,737,214
Deferred outflows of resources								
Change in assumptions –		121 011				121 011	Φ.	
Police Pension Plan	\$	121,914	\$	-	\$	121,914	\$	-
VRS – Constitutional Officers		55,526		-		55,526		.
VRS – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool		-		-		-		4,296,927
Differences between expected and actual experience –								
Basic Pension Plan		252,825		14,943		267,768		58,787
Police Pension Plan		17,189		-		17,189		-
Change in proportion –								
Basic Pension Plan		-		28,230		28,230		192,676
VRS – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool		-		-		-		1,859,686
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date-								
Basic Pension Plan		54,166		31,623		85,789		132,005
Police Pension Plan		196,880		-		196,880		-
VRS – Constitutional Officers		9,600		-		9,600		-
VRS – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool		-		-		-		4,303,928
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	708,100	\$	74,796	\$	782,896	\$	10,844,009
Net pension liability								
VRS – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,393,026
Deferred inflows of resources								
Differences between expected and actual experience –								
Basic Pension Plan	\$	129,502	\$	7,653	\$	137,155	\$	30,112
Police Pension Plan		704,299		-		704,299		-
VRS – Constitutional Officers		68,844		_		68,844		-
VRS – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool		-		_		_		2,778,639
Change in assumptions –								, ,
Basic Pension Plan		123,283		7,286		130,569		28,666
Police Pension Plan		199,473		-		199,473		-
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on plan investments -								
Basic Pension Plan		3,764,024		222,464		3,986,488		875,212
Police Pension Plan		1,648,244		-		1,648,244		-
VRS – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool		50,747		_		50,747		952,808
Change in proportion –		50,777		-		50,777		752,000
Basic Pension Plan		202 065		17,191		220,256		22,444
VRS – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool		203,065		17,191		440,430		604,685
V KS – Teacher Cost Sharing 1 ooi								004,003
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	6,891,481	\$	254,594	\$	7,146,075	\$	5,292,566

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 16. Summary of Pension Elements (Continued)

	G	overnmental Activities	1	Business-Type Activities				chool Board
Pension Expense (Income)								
Basic Pension Plan	\$	(1,615,964)	\$	(72,962)	\$	(1,688,926)	\$	(313,008)
Police Pension Plan		(586,763)		-		(586,763)		-
VRS – Constitutional Officers		(141,046)		-		(141,046)		-
VRS – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool		-		-		-		1,501,617
Total net pension expense (income)	\$	(2,343,773)	\$	(72,962)	\$	(2,416,735)	\$	1,188,609

Note 17. Basic and Police Pension Plans – Fiduciary Information

As described in Note 12, the City offers Basic and Police Pension Plans to certain employees. As permitted by GASB No. 68, the pension-related assets, liabilities and other financial statement elements recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for June 30, 2020 are based on a pension plan measurement date of June 30, 2019. This is consistent with other pension items arising from those employees that participate in the Virginia Retirement System (VRS); the VRS information reported in the current year is based on a June 30, 2019 measurement date. Therefore, all amounts summarized in Note 16 – Summary of Pension Elements, are based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Because the City does not issue a separate financial report for the Basic and Police Pension plans, the City must also report certain information for those plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, the most recent measurement date for those plans. This information is disclosed below in this footnote. Exhibits 11 and 12, as well as certain required supplementary information that follows the notes to the financial statements, also report fiduciary information regarding these plans as of June 30, 2020.

As discussed in Note 12, the City's Basic Pension plan is a cost sharing plan which also includes employees of the Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Training Academy; the amounts below are for the plan as a whole.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The fiduciary financial statements of the Basic and Police Pension Plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on June 30. Securities without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Member and employee contributions to the Plans are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due in accordance with the terms of the Plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 17. Basic and Police Pension Plans – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Plan Description

The City's membership in the Basic and Police Pension Plans as of June 30, 2020, the date of the most recent valuation, were as follows:

	Basic	Police
Retirees and beneficiaries	264	32
Terminated vested members	100	10
Active members	274	32
Total	638	74

Contributions

For 2020, the total contribution rate was 1.65% of annual covered payroll for the Basic Pension Plan, with employees contributing 5.0% and the City contributing 1.65%. The total contribution rate was 7.33% for the Police Pension Plan, with employees contributing 7.0% and the City contributing 7.33%. Other contribution information for 2020 is disclosed in Note 12.

Investments

Refer to Note 4 for the City's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets.

The following investments, other than those issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, represent 5 percent or more of the Basic Pension Plan's fiduciary net position:

Investment	Market Value	Percent of Net Position
MFS Growth (US Bank)	\$24,373,802	21.85%
Vanguard (US Bank)	\$10,053,978	9.01%
JP Morgan (US Bank)	\$9,981,931	8.95%
MFS International Growth Fund (US Bank)	\$8,747,841	7.84%
MFB NT Collective Aggregate Bond Index	\$7,924,982	7.10%
TIF International Equity Series	\$7,169,506	6.43%
MFB NT Collective Intermediate Government	\$7,749,810	6.95%
Lazard Global (US Bank)	\$6,568,026	5.89%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 17. Basic and Police Pension Plans – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The following investments, other than those issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, represent 5 percent or more of the Police Pension Plan's fiduciary net position:

Investment	Market Value	Percent of Net Position
MFS Growth (US Bank)	\$7,746,861	21.35%
Vanguard (US Bank)	\$3,161,694	8.71%
JP Morgan (US Bank	\$3,139,037	8.65%
MFS International Growth Fund (US Bank)	\$2,768,732	7.63%
MFB NT Collective Aggregate Bond Index	\$2,371,473	6.53%
MFB NT Collective Intermediate Government	\$2,322,507	6.40%
TIF International Equity Series	\$2,315,498	6.38%
Lazard Global (US Bank)	\$1,746,571	4.81%
Clarion (US Bank)	\$1,622,800	4.47%
Principal MidCap (I)	\$2,322,507	4.37%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 2.69 percent for the basic plan and 2.82 percent for the police plan. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Asset

The components of the net pension asset of the Plans at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Basic	Police		
Total pension liability	\$ 100,592,996	\$	31,235,900	
Plan fiduciary net position	111,558,306		36,291,686	
Plan's net pension asset	\$ (10,965,310)	\$	(5,055,786)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a	 _		_	
percentage of the total pension liability	110.90%		116.19%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 17. Basic and Police Pension Plans – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following relevant actuarial information:

	Basic	Police
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Dollar Amount, Open	Level Dollar Amount, Open
Amortization period	10 years	15 years
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	6.50%	6.50%
Projected salary increases	4.00%	4.00%
Cost of living adjustments	1.125%	1.125%
Inflation	2.25%	2.25%

The Basic and Police Plans use the Healthy Pub-2010 General Employee and Annuitant Headcount-Weighted tables and the Disabled Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree Headcount-Weighted tables, both with Scale MP-2019.

The investment rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the actual rates of return for the past ten years.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 17. Basic and Police Pension Plans – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Basic and Police plans as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (750%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease 5.50%	Ι	Discount Rate 6.50%	1% Increase 7.50%
Basic Plan					
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,150,832	\$	(10,965,310)	\$ (21,048,965)
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of the total pension liability		98.98%		110.90%	123.26%
Police Plan					
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	(1,108,842)	\$	(5,055,786)	\$ (8,342,311)
Plan fiduciary net position as a				, , ,	, , ,
percentage of the total pension liability		103.15%		116.19%	129.85%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 17. Basic and Police Pension Plans – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

	Basic Plan			Police Plan		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,149,333	\$	1,159,238		
Investments:	•	-,,	•	-,,		
Domestic equity securities		60,675,065		19,663,877		
Domestic fixed income securities		15,916,960		5,667,490		
International equity securities		16,661,326		5,336,522		
RE Securities		3,474,187		2,746,802		
Infrastructure		11,760,986		1,746,572		
Total investments		108,488,524		35,161,263		
Contributions receivable:						
Employer		5,298		-		
Employee		6,228		-		
Total contributions receivable		11,526		-		
Interest and dividends receivable	_	895	_	303		
Total assets		111,650,278		36,320,804		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		69,971		22,499		
Due to general fund		22,000	_	6,619		
Total liabilities		91,971		29,118		
NET POSITION						
Held in trust for:						
Pension benefits		111,558,307	_	36,291,686		
Total net position restricted for	·	111 550 207	c	26 201 606		
pension post-employment benefits	\$	111,558,307	•	36,291,686		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 17. Basic and Police Pension Plans – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	Basic Plan		P	olice Plan
ADDITIONS				
Employer contributions	\$	273,869	\$	196,880
Employee contributions		826,874		186,453
Investment earnings:		-		-
Interest		28,899		36,808
Dividends		1,708,319		535,353
Net increase in fair value of investments		1,941,238		657,564
Total investment earnings		3,678,456		1,229,725
Less investment expenses		(338,085)		(107,609)
Net investment earnings		3,340,371		1,122,116
Total additions		4,441,114	_	1,505,449
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits		5,441,074		1,349,395
Administration		106,970		37,177
Total deductions		5,548,044		1,386,572
Change in net position		(1,106,930)		118,877
NET POSITION AT JULY 1	_ 1	12,665,237		36,172,809
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$1	11,558,307	\$3	36,291,686

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the City also participates in various cost-sharing and agent multi-employer other postemployment benefit plans, described as follows.

Plan Descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

All full-time teachers and employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Specific information for the GLI is available at https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance/basic-group-life-insurance.asp.

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

All full time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Specific information about the Teacher HIC is available at https://www.varetire.org/retirees/insurance/healthinscredit/index.asp

The GLI and Teacher HIC are administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Both of these plans are considered multiple employer, cost sharing plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Line of Duty Act Program

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities and hazardous duty employees who are covered under the VRS are automatically covered by the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA). As required by statute, the VRS is responsible for managing the assets of the program. Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the VRS actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers. The LODA is considered a multiple employer, cost sharing plan.

Specific information about the LODA is available at https://www.valoda.org/.

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may			
	be impacted as a result of funding provided to			
	school divisions and governmental agencies by			
	the Virginia General Assembly.			
Total rate:	1.31% of covered employee compensation. Rate			
	allocated 60/40; 0.79% employee and 0.52%			
	employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part			
	of the employee contribution.			
June 30, 2020 Contribution- City	\$7,000			
June 30, 2019 Contribution- City	\$7,000			
June 30, 2020 Contribution- Schools	\$149,000			
June 30, 2019 Contribution- Schools	\$144,000			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1401(E) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	1.20% of covered employee compensation.
June 30, 2020 Contribution	\$343,000
June 30, 2019 Contribution	\$336,000

Line of Duty Act Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 9-1-400.1 and may be impacted				
	as a result of funding provided to governmental				
	agencies by the Virginia General Assembly.				
Total rate:	\$705.77 per covered full-time-equivalent				
	employee. Based on pay-as-you-go funding rate.				
June 30, 2020 Contribution	\$37,000				
June 30, 2019 Contribution	\$40,000				

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities, except for LODA, were based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. LODA proportion was determined based on pay-as-you-go employer contributions instead of actuarially determined contributions.

Group Life Insurance Program- City

June 30, 2020 proportionate share of	
liability	\$106,000
June 30, 2019 proportion	0.00649 %
June 30, 2018 proportion	0.00694 %
June 30, 2020 expense	\$7,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program- Schools

June 30, 2020 proportionate share of	
liability	\$2,313,000
June 30, 2019 proportion	0.14212 %
June 30, 2018 proportion	0.13619 %
June 30, 2020 income	\$(88,000)

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

June 30, 2020 proportionate share of	
liability	\$4,341,000
June 30, 2019 proportion	0.33158 %
June 30, 2018 proportion	0.31847 %
June 30, 2020 expense	\$30,000

Line of Duty Act Program

June 30, 2020 proportionate share of	
liability	\$1,080,000
June 30, 2019 proportion	0.30105 %
June 30, 2018 proportion	0.31561 %
June 30, 2020 expense	\$60,000

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Group Life Insurance Program- City

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	7,000 7,000	\$	1,000
Change in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		7,000		3,000
OPEB plan investments		_		2,000
Changes in proportion and contribution differences		-		12,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		7,000		
Total	\$	21,000	\$	18,000

Group Life Insurance Program- Schools

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Ī	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions	\$	154,000 146,000	\$	30,000 70,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		140,000		70,000
OPEB plan investments		-		48,000
Changes in proportion and contribution differences		79,000		28,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		149,000		
Total	\$	528,000	\$	176,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected & actual experience Change in assumptions	\$	101,000	\$	25,000 30,000
Changes in proportion and contribution differences Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		146,000 343,000		53,000
Total	\$	590,000	\$	108,000

Line of Duty Act Program

	O	Deferred utflows of Resources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected & actual experience	\$	157,000	\$	-
Change in assumptions		51,000		93,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		2,000
Changes in proportion and contribution differences		82,000		40,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		37,000		-
Total	\$	327,000	\$	135,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program- City

Year Ending June 30,	(Re	ncrease eduction) o OPEB Expense
2021	\$	(1,900)
2022		(1,900)
2023		(900)
2024		(200)
2025		600
Thereafter		300

Group Life Insurance Program- Schools

Year Ending June 30,	(Re	ncrease eduction) o OPEB Expense
2021	\$	16,600
2022		16,600
2023		36,700
2024		55,100
2025		60,000
Thereafter		18,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense	
2021	\$	16,000
2022		16,000
2023		18,000
2024		18,000
2025		21,000
Thereafter		50,000

Line of Duty Act Program

Year Ending June 30,	(Re	ncrease eduction) o OPEB Expense
2021	\$	22,000
2022		22,000
2023		22,000
2024		22,000
2025		23,000
Thereafter		44,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation: • Locality- general employees	3.5 – 5.35%
 Locality – hazardous duty employees Teachers 	3.5 - 4.75% 3.5 - 5.95%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
Under age 65Ages 65 and older	7.25 - 4.75% 5.50 - 4.75%

Investment rate of return, net of expenses, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed percent above. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be the percent noted above to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

GLI & HIC: 6.75%; LODA 3.50%

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note 14.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Net OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Group Life Insurance Program	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan	Line of Duty Act Program			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,390,238	\$ 1,438,114	\$ 361,626			
Plan fiduciary net						
position	1,762,972	129,016	2,839			
Employers' net OPEB						
liability (asset)	\$ 1,627,266	\$ 1,309,098	\$ 358,787			
Plan fiduciary net						
position as a percentage						
of total OPEB liability	52.00%	8.97%	0.79%			

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit Programs

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00 %	5.61 %	1.91 %
Fixed Income	15.00	0.88	0.13
Credit Strategies	14.00	5.13	0.72
Real Assets	14.00	5.27	0.74
Private Equity	14.00	8.77	1.23
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00	3.52	0.21
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	3.00	6.29	0.19
Total	100.00 %		5.13 %
Inflation		2.50 %	
*Expected arithmetic nominal return		7.30 %	

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly the 40th percentile of the expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Line of Duty Act Program

The long-term expected rate of return on the LODA Program's investments was set at 3.50% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS pooled investments 6.75% assumption noted above. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.50% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System as of the measurement date of June 30, 3019.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI and HIC OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The discount rate used to measure the LODA OPEB liability was 3.50% The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liabilities of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75% HIC; GLI/2.50% LODA) or one percentage point higher (7.75% HIC; GLI/4.50% LODA) than the current discount rate:

	1.00% Decrease			Current Discount Rate	1.00% Increase		
GLI Net OPEB liability- City		(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)		
	\$	139,000	\$	106,000	\$	79,000	
GLI Net OPEB liability- Schools	\$	3,038,000	\$	2,313,000	\$	1,724,000	
Teacher HIC Net OPEB liability	\$	4,858,000	\$	4,341,000	\$	3,901,000	
		(2.50%)		(3.50%)		(4.50%)	
LODA Net OPEB liability	\$	1,253,000	\$	1,080,000	\$	943,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the LODA Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Because the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) contains provisions for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the LODA net OPEB liability of the City using health care trend rate of 7.75% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the City's LODA net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.75% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	d 	1.00% Decrease (6.75% decreasing to 3.75%)		Decrease Cost Trend (6.75% Rates (7.75% decreasing to				1.00% Increase (8.75% decreasing to 5.75%)
Net LODA OPEB liability	\$	913,000	\$	1,080,000	\$	1,291,000		

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the various VRS OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, the following amounts were payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2019 payroll.

•	Group Life Insurance	\$37,000
•	Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit	\$33,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 19. Other Post-employment Benefits- Local Plan

Plan Description

The City provides post-employment health care insurance benefits for employees who are eligible for retirement benefits and who retire from the City under City Council resolution number 82-20. There is no provision for deferral of benefits for employees who separate from City employment without retiring. The School Board also provides post-employment health insurance benefits for eligible retirees. Two irrevocable trust funds were established in 2007 by action of City Council for purposes of accumulating and accounting for assets necessary to fund the City's and the School Board's future obligations for other post-employment benefits. The trust fund is administered by the Pension Board. The plans do not issue separate financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on June 30. Securities without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information

The City and School Board OPEB plans are single-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plans that cover retired City and School Board employees. The City pays up to one-half of the health insurance premiums for employees hired before April 1, 2008. For employees hired on or after April 1, 2008 who complete at least ten years of service, the City pays 2% of the premium for each year of service up to a maximum of 50%. The School Board pays up to forty percent of the health insurance premiums of School Board employees depending on years of service and/or date of hire. The City Council and the School Board have the authority to change these benefits.

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	City	Schools
Retirees and beneficiaries	188	77
Active members	188	463
	376	540

Net OPEB Liability

The City's total net OPEB asset of \$1,592,180 and the School's net OPEB asset of \$2,469,430 were measured as of June 30, 2019 and were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 19. Other Post-employment Benefits- Local Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	City and Schools
Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percentage of Pay Closed
Remaining Amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.00%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	3.00% - 8.00%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The most recent actuarial valuation of July 1, 2019 showed that the projected assets are expected to cover future benefit payments for current participants and as such, the single rate used as the discount rate is the long-term expected rate of return at 7.00%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the net OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City and School contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 19. Other Post-employment Benefits- Local Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)	
Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)
\$ 8,453,707	\$ 7,795,530	\$ 658,177
166.453	_	166,453
	_	584,093
,		
63,273	-	63,273
(1,936,880)	-	(1,936,880)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	578,656	(578,656)
-	565,484	(565,484)
(551,946)	(551,946)	=
-	(16,844)	16,844
(1,675,007)	575,350	(2,250,357)
\$ 6,778,700	\$ 8,370,880	\$ (1,592,180)
	Increase (Decrease)
Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) – (b)
\$ 3,464,965	\$ 5,430,496	\$ (1,965,531)
	-	188,720
251,561	=	251,561
		-2 <
	-	736,777
(1,231,569)	107.760	(1,231,569)
-	·	(107,769)
(110,002)		(352,484)
(119,902)	(119,902)	10,865
(174,413)	329,486	(503,899)
	OPEB Liability (a) \$ 8,453,707 166,453 584,093 63,273 (1,936,880) (551,946) (1,675,007) \$ 6,778,700 Total OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability (a)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 19. Other Post-employment Benefits- Local Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City and School, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current discount rate:

		1.00%		Current	1.00%		
		Decrease		Discount	Increase		
		(6.00%)		Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)		
Net OPEB (asset) - City Net OPEB (asset) - Schools	\$	(915,249) (2,053,670)	\$	(1,592,180) (2,469,430)	\$	(2,164,340) (2,815,407)	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City and Schools, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1.00% Decrease		Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	1.00% Increase		
Net OPEB asset- City Net OPEB asset- Schools	\$	(2,122,515) (2,829,058)	\$	(1,592,180) (2,469,430)	\$	(962,189) (2,034,992)	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in Note 21.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 19. Other Post-employment Benefits- Local Plan (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City and Schools recognized OPEB expense (income) of \$(1,247,928) and \$(219,101), respectively. At June 30, 2020, the City and Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defo Outfl Reso	of	 Defei Inflov Resou	vs o	of
	City	Schools	City		Schools
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$ 36,225	\$ 631,672 45,712	\$ 196,207 1,476,813	\$	364,865 1,055,882
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Employer contributions subsequent	48,243	-	383,386		170,976
to the measurement date	 588,390	 74,418	 		
	\$ 672,858	\$ 751,802	\$ 2,056,406	\$	1,591,723

Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net OPEB Liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Decrease) to Pension Expense					
	 City		Schools			
2021	\$ (685,384)	\$	(211,953)			
2022	(685,383)		(211,955)			
2023	(503,825)		(155,676)			
2024	(97,346)		(129,044)			
2025	-		(134,416)			
Thereafter	-		(71,295)			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 20. Summary of Other Postemployment Benefits Elements

A summary of the OPEB-related financial statement elements is as follows:

Net OPEB asset	•	G	overnmental Activities	1	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government				chool Board
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience	Net OPEB asset										
Deferred outflows of resources		\$		\$							
Differences between expected and actual experience	Total net OPEB asset	\$	1,529,281	\$	62,899	\$	1,592,180	\$	2,469,430		
Differences between expected and actual experience	Deferred outflows of resources										
Local Plan											
VRS - LODA 157,000 - 157,000 - Change in proportion - VRS - Group Life Insurance 82,000 82,000 - VRS - LODA 82,000 - 146,000 Change in assumptions - Local Plan 34,794 1,431 36,225 45,712 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 51,000 - 101,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit 51,000 - 51,000 - 101,000 OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date-Local Plan 563,558 24,832 588,390 74,418 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 37,000 149,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit - - - 343,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 343,000 VRS - Croup Life Insurance \$ 106,000 \$ 2,8169 \$ 1,020,858 \$ 1,869,802 VRS - Group Life Insurance \$ 1,080,000 - \$ 1,080,000 - 4,341,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance \$ 1,080,000 -		\$	46,337	\$	1,906	\$	48,243	\$	631,672		
VRS - LODA 157,000 - 157,000 - Change in proportion - VRS - Group Life Insurance 82,000 82,000 - VRS - LODA 82,000 - 146,000 Change in assumptions - Local Plan 34,794 1,431 36,225 45,712 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 51,000 - 101,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit 51,000 - 51,000 - 101,000 OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date-Local Plan 563,558 24,832 588,390 74,418 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 37,000 149,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit - - - 343,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 343,000 VRS - Croup Life Insurance \$ 106,000 \$ 2,8169 \$ 1,020,858 \$ 1,869,802 VRS - Group Life Insurance \$ 1,080,000 - \$ 1,080,000 - 4,341,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance \$ 1,080,000 -	VRS – Group Life Insurance		7,000		-		7,000		154,000		
New Note			157,000		-		157,000		-		
VRS - LODA 82,000 82,000 - 146,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - 146,000 Change in assumptions - 1 34,794 1,431 36,225 45,712 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 7,000 146,000 VRS - LODA 51,000 - 51,000 - OPES contributions subsequent to measurement date-Local Plan 563,558 24,832 588,390 74,418 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 7,000 149,000 VRS - LODA 37,000 - 37,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 343,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 343,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 343,000 VRS - Croup Life Insurance 1,080,000 - 1,080,000 - 1,080,000 - 4,341,000 - - 4,341,000 -											
VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 146,000 Change in assumptions - Local Plan 34,794 1,431 36,225 45,712 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 7,000 - 146,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 51,000 - 51,000 - 101,000 OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date-Local Plan 563,558 24,832 588,390 74,418 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 7,000 149,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit - - - - 334,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000 - 343,000	VRS – Group Life Insurance		-		-		-		79,000		
Change in assumptions	VRS – LODA		82,000				82,000		-		
Local Plan	VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit		-		-		-		146,000		
VRS - Group Life Insurance VRS - LODA 7,000 b - 7,000 b 146,000 b VRS - LODA VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 51,000 c - 51,000 c - OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date-Local Plan 563,558 c 24,832 c 588,390 c 74,418 c VRS - Group Life Insurance VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit - - 7,000 c 149,000 c VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 37,000 c - 37,000 c VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 343,000 c Net OPEB liability VRS - Group Life Insurance \$106,000 c - \$1,080,000 c - 313,000 c VRS - Group Life Insurance \$1,080,000 c - \$1,080,000 c - 4,341,000 c VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - \$1,080,000 c - 4,341,000 c VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 c - \$1,186,000 c - \$1,186,000 c - 2,000 c - 2,5,000 c - 2,000 c -											
VRS - LODA 51,000 - 51,000 - 3,700 - 3,700 - 3,7000 - 3,700 - - 3,1000 - - 3,1000 - - 3,1000 - - 3,1000 - - 3,1000 - - 3,1000 - - 1,000,000 - - 1,000,000 - - 1,000,000 - - 1,000,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			34,794		1,431						
VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 101,000 OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date-Local Plan 563,558 24,832 588,390 74,418 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 7,000 149,000 VRS - LODA 37,000 - 37,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 343,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance \$ 106,000 \$ - 1,080,000 - 1,080,000 \$ 2,313,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance \$ 106,000 \$ - - - - 4,341,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 4,341,000 Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience - \$ 1,86,000 \$ - 1,060,000 \$ 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance \$ 1,88,456 \$ 7,751 \$ 196,207 \$ 364,865 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>146,000</td></td<>					-				146,000		
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Local Plan 563,558 24,832 588,390 74,418 VRS – Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 7,000 - VRS – LODA 37,000 - 37,000 - VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 343,000 VRS – Teacher Health Insurance \$ 992,689 \$ 28,169 \$ 1,020,858 \$ 1,869,802 Net OPEB liability VRS – Group Life Insurance \$ 106,000 \$ - \$ 106,000 \$ 2,313,000 VRS – Group Life Insurance Credit - - - 4,341,000 VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 4,341,000 Deferred inflows of resources 0 1,800,000 - 1,180,000 6,654,000 Differences between expected and actual experience – Local Plan \$ 188,456 7,751 \$ 196,207 \$ 364,865 VRS – Group Life Insurance 1,000 - 1,000 30,000 VRS – Group Life Insurance			51,000		-		51,000		-		
Local Plan S63,558 24,832 588,390 74,418 VRS - Group Life Insurance 7,000 - 7,000 149,000 VRS - LODA 37,000 - 37,000			-		-		-		101,000		
VRS - Group Life Insurance VRS - LODA 7,000 37,000 - 7,000 37,000 - 37,000 - 37,000 - 343,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit Total deferred outflows of resources 992,689 28,169 1,020,858 \$ 1,869,802 Net OPEB liability VRS - Group Life Insurance 106,000 - 8,106,000 - 1,080,000 - 4,341,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit Total net OPEB liability 5,1186,000 - 9,1186,000 - 4,341,000 Deferred inflows of resources 5,1186,000 - 9,751 1,980,000 - 4,341,000 Deferred inflows of resources 5,1186,000 - 7,751 1,96,207 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 - 7,751 196,207 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 - 7,751 196,207 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 - 7,751 196,207 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 7,751 196,207 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 48,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,											
VRS - LODA 37,000 - 37,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 343,000 Total deferred outflows of resources \$992,689 \$28,169 \$1,020,858 \$1,869,802 Net OPEB liability VRS - Group Life Insurance \$106,000 \$- \$1,080,000 - VRS - LODA 1,080,000 - 1,080,000 - 4,341,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 4,341,000 Deferred inflows of resources Difference between expected and actual experience - Local Plan \$1,88,456 \$7,751 \$196,207 \$364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 - 1,000 30,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit - - - 25,000 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments - Local Plan 368,240 15,146 383,386 170,976 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000					24,832						
VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit S 992,689 S 28,169 S 1,020,858 S 1,869,802					-				149,000		
Net OPEB liability			37,000		-		37,000				
Net OPEB liability		_	-		-	_	-				
VRS - Group Life Insurance \$ 106,000 \$ - 1,080,000 \$ 1,080,000 - 1,080,000 2,313,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 2 3,080,000 4,341,000 Total net OPEB liability \$ 1,186,000 \$ - 3,186,000 \$ 6,654,000 Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience – Local Plan \$ 188,456 \$ 7,751 \$ 196,207 \$ 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 1,000 30,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 2 25,000 30,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit 2 25,000 48,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 2,000 48,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 2,000 2,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 3,000 30,000 30,000 <	Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	992,689	\$	28,169	\$	1,020,858	\$	1,869,802		
VRS - Group Life Insurance \$ 106,000 \$ - 1,080,000 \$ 1,080,000 - 1,080,000 2,313,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 2 3,080,000 4,341,000 Total net OPEB liability \$ 1,186,000 \$ - 3,186,000 \$ 6,654,000 Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience – Local Plan \$ 188,456 \$ 7,751 \$ 196,207 \$ 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 1,000 30,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 2 25,000 30,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit 2 25,000 48,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 2,000 48,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 2,000 2,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 3,000 30,000 30,000 <	Net OPEB liability										
VRS - LODA 1,080,000 - 1,080,000 - 4,341,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 4,341,000 Total net OPEB liability \$ 1,186,000 \$ - \$ 1,186,000 \$ 6,654,000 Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience - \$ 188,456 \$ 7,751 \$ 196,207 \$ 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 - 1,000 30,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 25,000 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments - - - - - 25,000 30,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 48,000 48,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 3,000 - 3,000		\$	106,000	\$	-	\$	106,000	\$	2,313,000		
VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 4,341,000 Total net OPEB liability \$ 1,186,000 \$ 6,654,000 Deferred inflows of resources \$ 1,186,000 \$ 6,654,000 Differences between expected and actual experience - Local Plan \$ 188,456 \$ 7,751 \$ 196,207 \$ 364,865 VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 - 1,000 30,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 25,000 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments - Local Plan 368,240 15,146 383,386 170,976 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 48,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 - Change in assumptions - Local Plan 1,418,471 58,342 1,476,813 1,055,882 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - VRS - LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - 93,000 - Change in proportion - VRS -					-				-		
Total net OPEB liability	VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit		· -		-		-		4,341,000		
Differences between expected and actual experience - Local Plan	Total net OPEB liability	\$	1,186,000	\$	-	\$	1,186,000	\$			
Differences between expected and actual experience - Local Plan	Deferred inflows of resources										
Local Plan											
VRS - Group Life Insurance 1,000 - 1,000 30,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 25,000 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments - - - 25,000 Local Plan 368,240 15,146 383,386 170,976 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 48,000 VRS - LODA 2,000 - 2,000 - Change in assumptions - - 2,000 - 2,000 - Local Plan 1,418,471 58,342 1,476,813 1,055,882 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 70,000 VRS - LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 30,000 Change in proportion - - 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS - LODA 40,000<		\$	188 456	\$	7 751	\$	196 207	\$	364 865		
VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 25,000 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments - 368,240 15,146 383,386 170,976 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 48,000 VRS - LODA 2,000 - 2,000 - Change in assumptions - - 2,000 - 2,000 - Local Plan 1,418,471 58,342 1,476,813 1,055,882 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 70,000 VRS - LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 30,000 Change in proportion - - 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 - 53,000 VRS - LODA 40,000 - 40,000 - 40,000 -		Ψ		Ψ	7,731	Ψ		Ψ			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments - Local Plan 368,240 15,146 383,386 170,976 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 48,000 VRS - LODA 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - Change in assumptions - Local Plan 1,418,471 58,342 1,476,813 1,055,882 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 70,000 VRS - LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - 30,000 Change in proportion - VRS - Group Life Insurance Credit - - - 30,000 Change in proportion - VRS - Group Life Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS - LODA 40,000 - 4			-		_		-				
actual earnings on plan investments - Local Plan 368,240 15,146 383,386 170,976 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 48,000 VRS - LODA 2,000 - 2,000 - Change in assumptions - Local Plan 1,418,471 58,342 1,476,813 1,055,882 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 70,000 VRS - LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 30,000 Change in proportion - VRS - Group Life Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit 53,000 VRS - LODA 40,000 - 40,000									20,000		
Local Plan 368,240 15,146 383,386 170,976 VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 48,000 VRS - LODA 2,000 - 2,000 - Change in assumptions - - - 2,000 - Local Plan 1,418,471 58,342 1,476,813 1,055,882 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 70,000 VRS - LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 30,000 Change in proportion - VRS - Group Life Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS - LODA 40,000 - 40,000 - 40,000 -											
VRS - Group Life Insurance 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - VRS - LODA 2,000 - 2,000 - - Change in assumptions - -			368,240		15,146		383,386		170,976		
VRS - LODA 2,000 - 2,000 - Change in assumptions - Local Plan 1,418,471 58,342 1,476,813 1,055,882 VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 70,000 VRS - LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 30,000 Change in proportion - VRS - Group Life Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS - LODA 40,000 - 40,000 - -					-						
Change in assumptions – Local Plan 1,418,471 58,342 1,476,813 1,055,882 VRS – Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 70,000 VRS – LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 30,000 Change in proportion – VRS – Group Life Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS – LODA 40,000 - 40,000 -					-		2,000		-		
VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 70,000 VRS - LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 30,000 Change in proportion - - - 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS - LODA 40,000 - 40,000 -											
VRS - Group Life Insurance 3,000 - 3,000 70,000 VRS - LODA 93,000 - 93,000 - VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - - 30,000 Change in proportion - - - - 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Group Life Insurance 12,000 - - - 53,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS - LODA 40,000 - 40,000 -			1,418,471		58,342		1,476,813		1,055,882		
VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 30,000 Change in proportion - VRS - Group Life Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS - Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS - LODA 40,000 - 40,000 -	VRS – Group Life Insurance				-						
Change in proportion – VRS – Group Life Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS – LODA 40,000 - 40,000 -	VRS – LODA		93,000		-		93,000		-		
VRS – Group Life Insurance 12,000 - 12,000 28,000 VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS – LODA 40,000 - 40,000 -	VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit		-		-		-		30,000		
VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit - - - 53,000 VRS – LODA 40,000 - 40,000 -											
VRS – LODA 40,000 - 40,000 -	VRS – Group Life Insurance		12,000		-		12,000				
			-		-		-		53,000		
Total deferred inflows of resources <u>\$ 2,128,167</u> <u>\$ 81,239</u> <u>\$ 2,209,406</u> <u>\$ 1,875,723</u>					-						
	Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,128,167	\$	81,239	\$	2,209,406	\$	1,875,723		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 20. Summary of Other Postemployment Benefits Elements (Continued)

	G			Business-Type Activities		Fotal Primary Government	So	chool Board
OPEB Expense (Income)								
Local Plan	\$	(1,185,495)	\$	(62,432)	\$	(1,247,927)	\$	(219,101)
VRS – Group Life Insurance		(7,000)		-		(7,000)		(88,000)
VRS – LODA		60,000		-		60,000		-
VRS – Teacher Health Insurance Credit		-		-		-		30,000
Total net OPEB expense (income)	\$	(1,132,495)	\$	(62,432)	\$	(1,194,927)	\$	(277,101)

Note 21. OPEB Plan – Fiduciary Information

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The fiduciary financial statements of the OPEB Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on June 30. Securities without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Member and employee contributions to the Plans are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due in accordance with the terms of the Plans.

Plan Description

The City's membership in the Plan as of June 30, 2020, the date of the most recent valuation, was as follows:

	City	Schools		
Retirees and beneficiaries	196	75		
Active members	215	409		
Total	411	484		

Contributions

For 2020, the total contribution rate was 3.62% and 0.27% of annual covered payroll for City and Schools, respectively. Other contribution information for 2020 is disclosed in Note 19.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 21. OPEB Plan – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Investments

Refer to Note 4 for the City's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets.

The following investments, other than those issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, represent 5 percent or more of the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position:

Investment	Market Value	Percent of Net Position
Large-cap Index Fund Adm (Vanguard)	\$7,431,125	51.34%
Short-term Bond Index Adm (Vanguard)	\$3,228,951	22.31%
Developing Markets Idx Admiral (Vanguard)	\$2,149,777	14.85%
Mid-Cap Index Fund Adm (Vanguard)	\$1,305,774	9.02%
Small-cap Index Fund Adm (Vanguard)	\$1,208,519	8.35%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 3.52 percent for the City and Schools plans. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Plan at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	City		Schools
Total OPEB liability	\$ 7,371,785	\$	2,931,855
Plan fiduciary net position	8,526,627		5,946,563
Plans net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (1,154,842)	\$	(3,014,708)
Plan fiduciary net position as a		' <u>-</u>	
percentage of the total OPEB liability	115.67%		202.83%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 21. OPEB Plan – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following relevant actuarial information:

	City and Schools
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Asset valuation method	Adjusted Market Value
Amortization method	Level Percentage of pay, closed
Amortization period	30 years
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	6.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	3.00% - 7.75%

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 5.50%		Discount Rate 6.50%				1	% Increase 7.50%
City Plan Net OPEB liability (asset) Plan fiduciary net position as a	\$	(387,941)	\$	(1,154,842)	\$	(1,799,968)		
percentage of the total OPEB liability		104.77%		115.67%		126.76%		
School Plan Net OPEB liability (asset) Plan fiduciary net position as a	\$	(2,614,101)	\$	(3,014,708)	\$	(3,342,867)		
percentage of the total OPEB liability		178.44%		202.83%		228.39%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 21. OPEB Plan – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (Continued)

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset), calculated using healthcare cost trend rates described in the assumptions above, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease		Healthcare Trend		% Increase
City Plan Net OPEB liability (asset) Plan fiduciary net position as a	\$	(1,758,504)	\$ (1,154,842)	\$	(428,908)
percentage of the total OPEB liability		125.98%	115.67%		105.30%
School Plan Net OPEB liability (asset) Plan fiduciary net position as a	\$	(3,357,265)	\$ (3,014,708)	\$	(2,592,608)
percentage of the total OPEB liability		229.66%	202.83%		177.30%

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

	 City	School Board		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$ 55,419	\$	33,521	
Domestic equity securities	6,170,060		3,844,137	
Domestic fixed income securities	2,003,216		1,248,065	
International equity securities	1,694,312		1,055,609	
Total investments	9,867,588		6,147,811	
Total assets	 9,923,007		6,181,332	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,538		1,494	
Due to general fund	 1,394,842		233,275	
Total liabilities	1,396,380		234,769	
NET POSITION Held in trust for:				
Other post-employment benefits	8,526,627		5,946,563	
Total net position restricted for				
pension post-employment benefits	\$ 8,526,627	\$	5,946,563	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 21. OPEB Plan – Fiduciary Information (Continued)

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	City		Scl	hool Board
ADDITIONS				
Employer contributions	\$	235,185	\$	32,720
Investment earnings:				
Interest		888		537
Dividends		192,769		120,101
Net increase in fair value of investments		143,910		89,660
Total investment earnings		337,567		210,298
Less investment expenses		(6,154)		(3,641)
Net investment earnings		331,413		206,657
Total additions		566,598		239,377
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits		400,085		45,796
Administration	_	10,765		7,000
Total deductions	_	410,850		52,796
Change in net position		155,748		186,581
NET POSITION AT JULY 1		8,370,879		5,759,982
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$	8,526,627	\$	5,946,563

Note 22. Risk Management

The City participates in the Commonwealth of Virginia's Law Enforcement Liability Plan, called VARisk2, operated by the Division of Risk Management of the Commonwealth's Department of General Services. It was created in accordance with Sec. 2.1-526.8:l of the Code of Virginia, which says that the State shall have the right and duty to defend any suit seeking damages or compensation against the City's officials and employees on account of wrongful acts even if any of the allegations of the suits are groundless, false, or fraudulent and may make investigation and settlement of any claims or suit as deemed expedient. The limits of VA Risk2 coverage are \$1,000,000 per claim.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 22. Risk Management (Continued)

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance through the Virginia Risk Sharing Association (VRSA, formerly known as the Virginia Municipal Liability Insurance Program). The City also carries workers' compensation insurance through VRSA. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing services. Each member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The City pays VRSA contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion, which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The School Board carries commercial insurance through the VRSA for property, casualty, general liability, and automobile coverage. Errors and omissions coverage are provided through the VaRISK 2 pool. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

Note 23. Self-Insurance

City and School employees are covered by a professionally administered risk sharing program which provides health coverage for employees of the City and Schools on a cost-reimbursement basis. Dependents are covered by the program provided they pay a premium to the City and Schools. Under the program, health insurance claims are separately rated from other groups, and the City and School claims experience is factored into the premiums assessed in subsequent periods. However, gains and losses resulting from the City and School claims experience is not settled directly with the City and Schools, but instead is shared by the pool. If the City and Schools were to exit the risk pool, it could be assessed a settlement charge that would not exceed any net loss resulting from the City and School's most recent year's claims experience. The City and Schools have no plans to exit the pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 24. Prior Period Restatement

The City has an agreement with Fairfax County to share the operating and maintenance cost that the County pays to Alexandria Sanitary Authority. Estimated budget costs are determined at the beginning of the year and included in monthly billing to the City. In 2019, actual costs were less than monthly billings, resulting in a reimbursement to the City in 2020. In order to properly account for this reimbursement, as of July 1, 2019, the City has decreased prior year expense in the sanitary sewer fund.

Additionally, capital asset disposals were recorded that were disposed in the prior year. In order to properly account for these changes, as of July 1, 2019, the School Board has decreased nondepreciable capital assets.

Effective June 30, 2019, due to the nature of the FCCTV fund, the fund was closed to the general fund increasing general fund fund balance by \$114,231 and decreasing non-major governmental funds.

The following is a summary of the restatement to net position:

				Component Unit
		Sanitary Sewer	_	School Board
Net position, June 30, 2019, as previously reported	\$	23,426,676	\$	(33,842,801)
Fairfax County Sanitary Sewer reimbursement Capital asset errors in prior period	_	169,989 -	. <u>.</u>	(601,294)
Net position, June 30, 2019, as restated	\$	23,596,665	\$	(34,444,095)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 25. Fund Balances

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

		Other
	General	Governmental
	Fund	Funds
Nonspendable:		
Prepaids	\$ 4,060	\$ -
Inventories	111,939	
Total nonspendable	115,999	-
Restricted for:		
Capital projects	1,147,312	66,470,904
Grants	31,804	3,250,185
FCCTV	133,101	
Total restricted	1,312,217	69,721,089
Committed to:		
Capital projects	10,215,210	892,998
Future development costs	1,333,847	-
Affordable housing	-	314,620
Special transportation	29,700	
Total committed	11,578,757	1,207,618
Assigned to:		
Capital reserve	1,312,367	-
Future development costs	872,008	-
Departmental programs	958,737	
Total assigned	3,143,112	
Unassigned	17,376,544	
Total fund balance	\$ 33,526,629	\$ 70,928,707

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 26. Tax Abatement Programs

Section 40-352 to 40-360 of the City Code provides for the partial exemption of real estate taxes for rehabilitated commercial properties that meet certain eligibility criteria. These criteria include: (1) the structure must be no less than 20 years of age; (2) the structure must be substantially rehabilitated or renovated such that the assessed value of the structure is increased by no less than 100 percent over its assessed value on the date of the application, or replaced resulting in an increase or improvement of at least 10,000 square feet of office space by adding new office space, renovating or rehabilitating existing office space, or converting other uses to office space; (3) the structure must not contain residential rental units, condominium units, townhouses, or a single-family attached unit; and (4) the rehabilitation, renovation or replacement must be the result of a single project with all work undertaken pursuant to a single building permit or combination of permits issued within a 60-day period and completed within 24 months from the date the initial construction permit was issued. The partial exemption shall be the amount of real estate taxes resulting from the increase in assessed value attributable to the substantial rehabilitation, renovation, or replacement of the structure and will be applicable to subsequent assessments commencing on January 1 of the year following completion of the rehabilitation, renovation or replacement. 100% of the partial exemption shall be applicable for the first five years and 50% shall be applicable for the next five years. In FY2020, one property received this credit in the amount of \$15,473.

In 2008, the City and the Falls Church Economic Development Authority (EDA) entered into an Economic Development Agreement ("Agreement") with 6607 Wilson Retail, LLC (Developer). The Agreement provides that the City shall share tax revenues generated from the opening of the Retail Center to be developed and constructed by 6607 Wilson Retail LLC in the following manner: (1) The City shall retain the first \$450,000 in local tax revenue generated by or from the Retail Center each year for the 12 full fiscal years of operation following the opening of the Retail Center; (2) the City shall receive up to an additional \$250,000 in a dollar-for-dollar sharing of local tax revenue in a band of revenue achieved the Retail Center and site between \$450,001 and \$950,000 each year; (3) the Developer shall receive up to \$250,000 in a dollar-for-dollar sharing of Local Tax Revenue in a band of revenue achieved the Retail Center and site between \$450,001 and \$950,000 each year; and (4) the City shall retain all local tax revenue generated by the retail center and site above \$950,000 in each year. The payments to the Developer began in FY2012 and will end in FY2023. In FY2020, the City paid \$250,000 of local tax revenues generated by the Retail Center and site with the Developer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 27. Subsequent Events

As a result of COVID-19, the City received a second round of Federal funding in the amount of \$1,275,277 under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) subsequent to year end. These funds must be spent by December 30, 2020. Additionally, the Virginia Department of Education has awarded the Schools CARES Act funding that must be expended by December 30, 2020. The Schools received \$453,180 subsequent to year end.

On November 9, 2020, City Council approved the sale of \$11,557,000 in General Obligation Bonds. The proceeds are to refund prior bonds and to fund new projects in the amount of \$650,000.

Note 28. COVID-19 Impact

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The City's operations are heavily dependent on the ability to raise taxes, assess fees, and access the capital markets. Additionally, access to grants and contracts from federal and state governments may decrease or may not be available depending on appropriations. The outbreak will have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions, triggering a period of global economic slowdown. This situation has depressed the tax bases and other areas in which the City received revenue during fiscal year 2020. As such, the City's financial condition and liquidity may be negatively impacted for fiscal year 2021.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude the pandemic will have on the City's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the City is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2021.

Note 29. New Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective. The effective dates below are updated based on **Statement No. 95**, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 29. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

In January 2017, the GASB issued **Statement No. 84**, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

In June 2017, The GASB issued **Statement No. 87**, *Leases*. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2018, the GASB issued **Statement No. 88**, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. This Statement improves the information disclosed in the notes to government financial statements related to debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2019.

In August 2018, the GASB issued **Statement No. 90**, *Majority Equity Interests, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. This Statement improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 29. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The requirements should be applied retroactively, except for the provisions related to (1) reporting a majority equity interest in a component unit and (2) reporting a component unit if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest. Those provisions should be applied on a prospective basis.

In May 2019, the GASB issued **Statement No. 91**, *Conduit Debt Obligations* in May 2019. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In January 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 92**, *Omnibus*. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 93**, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2022. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 94**, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In May 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 96**, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 29. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

In June 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 97**, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This Statement provides a more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS -BASIC PENSION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Measurement Dates - Plan Year

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest (includes interest on service cost) Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,632,350 6,562,905 (275,762)	\$ 1,508,663 6,397,092 (260,268)	\$ 1,508,277 6,184,236 1,069,324	\$ 1,597,442 6,139,726 (1,068,167)	\$ 1,539,198 5,773,189 (595,377)	\$ 1,605,981 5,618,010 (523,443)	\$ 1,477,682 5,662,883 (1,621,231)
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	3,270,602 (5,441,074) 5,749,021 94,843,975 \$ 100,592,996	(5,359,765) 2,285,722 92,558,253 \$ 94,843,975	(521,422) (5,040,218) 3,200,197 89,358,056 \$ 92,558,253	(1,009,938) (4,827,875) 831,188 88,526,868 \$ 89,358,056	3,155,541 (4,561,229) 5,311,322 83,215,546 \$ 88,526,868	(4,272,618) 2,427,930 80,787,616 \$ 83,215,546	4,182,659 (5,883,600) 3,818,393 76,969,223 \$ 80,787,616
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$ 273,869 826,874 3,340,371 (5,441,074) (106,970) (1,106,930) 112,665,236	\$ 251,480 773,972 7,204,502 (5,359,765) (42,261) 2,827,928 109,837,308	\$ 1,257,789 759,047 13,225,934 (5,040,218) (53,716) 10,148,836 99,688,472	\$ 1,160,820 755,822 13,427,809 (4,827,875) (70,173) 10,446,403 89,242,069	\$ 1,972,956 789,920 507,418 (4,561,229) (77,649) (1,368,584) 90,610,653	\$ 8,345,532 724,853 3,081,767 (4,272,618) (70,902) 7,808,632 82,802,021	\$ 4,021,770 727,295 11,795,982 (5,883,600) (58,740) 10,602,707 72,199,314
Plan fiduciary net position - ending Net pension liability (asset) - ending Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	\$ 111,558,306 \$ (10,965,310) 110.90%	\$ 112,665,236 \$ (17,821,261) 118.79%	\$ 109,837,308 \$ (17,279,055)	\$ 99,688,472 \$ (10,330,416) 111.56%	\$ 89,242,069 \$ (715,201) 100.81%	\$ 90,610,653 \$ (7,395,107) 108.89%	\$ 82,802,021 \$ (2,014,405) 102.49%
Covered payroll Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 16,601,604	\$ 15,859,634 -112.37%	\$ 15,180,552 -113.82%	\$ 15,111,938	\$ 15,023,723	\$ 14,488,440 -51.04%	\$ 13,776,586 -14.62%

Notes to Schedule:

Data will be presented from the time GASB 67 was first implemented in fiscal year 2014 until 10 years of trend data is achieved. Reporting dates are one year subsequent to the measurement dates.

Changes of assumptions. In 2014, the rate of investment return was lowered from 7.50% to 7.00%.

In 2020, the actuary performed an experience study and the recommended actuarial assumption changes were approved.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS -POLICE PENSION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Measurement Dates - Plan Year

	J	une 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	J	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	J	June 30, 2015	J	une 30, 2014
Total Pension Liability														
Service Cost	\$	555,633	\$	638,468	\$	644,642	\$	647,878	\$	550,412	\$	493,645	\$	451,780
Interest (includes interest on service cost)		2,059,584		2,002,662		1,939,570		1,869,430		1,727,698		1,648,907		1,596,234
Differences between expected and actual experience		174,824		(500,341)		(407,298)		(140,892)		85,941		(57,083)		(162,138)
Changes of assumptions		253,554		-		(141,013)		(287,168)		609,562		-		1,319,923
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,349,395)		(1,140,085)		(1,116,820)		(1,051,184)		(1,041,507)		(991,773)		(958,185)
Net change in total pension liability		1,694,200		1,000,704		919,081		1,038,064		1,932,106		1,093,696		2,247,614
Total pension liability - beginning		29,541,700		28,540,996		27,621,915		26,583,851		24,651,745		23,558,049		21,310,435
Total pension liability - ending	\$	31,235,900	\$	29,541,700	\$	28,540,996	\$	27,621,915	\$	26,583,851	\$	24,651,745	\$	23,558,049
Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer	\$	196,880	\$	309,263	\$	625,820	\$	600,676	\$	751,332	\$	3,593,989	s	625,670
Contributions - member	J	186,453	Ψ	198,404	Ψ	198,118	Ψ	296,901	Ψ	250,909	Ψ	177.685	Ψ	166,846
Net investment income		1.122.116		2,332,611		4,092,322		4.019.100		202,768		871,317		3,316,856
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,349,395)		(1,140,085)		(1,116,820)		(1,051,184)		(1,041,507)		(991,773)		(958,185)
Administrative expenses		(37,177)		(29,536)		(16,968)		(21,978)		(27,185)		(22,126)		(19,151)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		118,877		1,670,657		3,782,472		3,843,515		136,317		3,629,092		3,132,036
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		36,172,809		34,502,152		30,719,680		26,876,165		26,739,848		23,110,756		19,978,720
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	36,291,686	\$	36,172,809	\$	34,502,152	\$	30,719,680	\$	26,876,165	\$	26,739,848	\$	23,110,756
Net pension liability (asset) - ending	\$	(5,055,786)	\$	(6,631,109)	\$	(5,961,156)	\$	(3,097,765)	\$	(292,314)	\$	(2,088,103)	\$	447,293
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension														
liability		116.19%		122.45%		120.89%		111.21%		101.10%		108.47%		98.10%
Covered payroll	\$	2,685,250	\$	2,872,324	\$	2,830,258	\$	2,713,990	\$	2,542,578	\$	2,538,363	\$	2,351,051
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered														
payroll		-188.28%		-230.86%		-210.62%		-114.14%		-11.50%		-82.26%		19.03%

Notes to Schedule:

Data will be presented from the time GASB 67 was first implemented in fiscal year 2014 until 10 years of trend data is achieved. Reporting dates are one year subsequent to the measurement dates.

Changes of assumptions. In 2014, the rate of investment return was lowered from 7.50% to 7.00%.

In 2020, the actuary performed an experience study and the recommended actuarial assumption changes were approved.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Measurement Dates - Plan Year

	J	une 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017		une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015		June 30, 2014
Total Pension Liability												
Service Cost	\$	123,847	\$	126,438	\$	113,858	\$	115,519	\$	125,830	\$	115,154
Interest (includes interest on service cost)		301,441		312,070		307,203		273,085		255,657		239,734
Changes of assumptions		108,916		-		(99,592)		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(18,370)		(364,497)		(33,717)		288,621		11,357		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(252,525)		(199,201)		(237,225)		(142,431)		(145,323)		(109,503)
Net change in total pension liability		263,309		(125,190)		50,527		534,794		247,521		245,385
Total pension liability - beginning		4,432,559		4,557,749		4,507,222		3,972,428		3,724,907		3,479,522
Total pension liability - ending	\$	4,695,868	\$	4,432,559	\$	4,557,749	\$	4,507,222	\$	3,972,428	\$	3,724,907
Plan fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer	\$	11,660	\$	18,642	\$	20,809	\$	30,313	\$	32,780	\$	74,651
Contributions - member	-	60,409	-	62,844	-	65,328	*	66,058	-	59,345	-	59,778
Net investment income		370,585		395,513		595,283		85,110		216,702		645,679
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(252,525)		(199,201)		(237,225)		(142,431)		(145,323)		(109,503)
Administrative expenses		(3,780)		(3,444)		(3,521)		(3,080)		(3,022)		(3,389)
Other changes		(233)		(350)		(525)						-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		186,116		274,004		440,149		35,970		160,482		667,216
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		5,645,718		5,371,714		4,931,565		4,895,595		4,735,113		4,067,897
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	5,831,834	\$	5,645,718	\$	5,371,714	\$	4,931,565	\$	4,895,595	\$	4,735,113
Net pension liability (asset) - ending	\$	(1,135,966)	\$	(1,213,159)	\$	(813,965)	\$	(424,343)	\$	(923,167)	\$	(1,010,206)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension												
liability		124.19%		127.37%		117.86%		109.41%		123.24%		127.12%
Covered payroll	\$	1,266,107	\$	1,319,818	\$	1,364,445	\$	1,344,074	\$	1,086,779	\$	1,196,317
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered												
payroll		-89.72%		-91.92%		-59.66%		-31.57%		-84.95%		-84.44%

Notes to Schedule:

Data will be presented from the time GASB 68 was first implemented in fiscal year 2015 until 10 years of trend data is achieved. Measurement dates used are one year prior to the reporting date.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 and Six Years Prior

				Contributions in					
Entity Fiscal	A	ctuarially	Re	lation to Actuarially	C	ontribution		Contributions as	
Year Ended	D	etermined		Determined]	Deficiency	Covered	a Percentage of	
June 30	Co	ontribution		Contribution		(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll	
Basic Plan - T	otal I	Plan							
2020	\$	273,762	\$	273,762	\$	-	\$ 16,601,604	1.65	%
2019		251,480		251,480		-	15,859,634	1.59	
2018		1,263,956		1,257,789		6,167	15,180,552	8.29	
2017		1,160,277		1,160,820		(543)	15,111,938	7.68	
2016		1,972,956		1,972,956		-	15,023,723	13.13	
2015		2,044,320		8,344,320		(6,300,000)	14,488,440	57.59	
2014		1,920,456		4,021,770		(2,101,314)	13,776,586	29.19	
Police Plan									
2020	\$	196,880	\$	196,880	\$	_	\$ 2,685,250	7.33	%
2019		309,263		309,263		_	2,872,324	10.77	
2018		625,820		673,820		(48,000)	2,830,258	23.81	
2017		624,490		600,676		23,814	2,713,990	22.13	
2016		751,332		751,332		-	2,542,578	29.55	
2015		693,989		3,593,989		(2,900,000)	2,538,363	141.59	
2014		625,670		625,670		-	2,351,051	26.61	
Constitutional	Offi	cers							
2020	\$	9,600	\$	9,600		-	\$ 1,251,345	0.77	%
2019		14,607		14,607		-	1,266,107	1.15	
2018		19,111		19,111		-	1,319,818	1.45	
2017		20,809		20,809		-	1,364,445	1.53	
2016		45,257		45,257		-	1,344,074	3.37	
2015		51,386		51,386		-	1,086,779	4.73	
2014		74,651		74,651		-	1,196,317	6.24	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2014 was the first year for this presentation for pensions, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available. Reporting dates are one year later than the measurement dates.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION AND LOCAL OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 and Six Years Prior

	Basic	Police	OPEB- City	OPEB- Schools
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense				
June 30, 2020	2.69%	2.82%	3.52%	3.52%
June 30, 2019	6.36%	6.48%	6.34%	6.37%
June 30, 2018	13.79%	13.71%	9.37%	9.37%
June 30, 2017	15.16%	14.92%	13.97%	13.88%
June 30, 2016	0.71%	0.88%	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2015	3.69%	3.59%	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2014	16.50%	16.73%	N/A	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2014 was the first year for this presentation for pensions and 2017 was the first year for OPEB, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available. Reporting dates are one year later than the measurement dates.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) June 30, 2020

Plan Year Ended June 30	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	on of the Share of the Net Pension Liability		1	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
Basic Plan - City							
2019	75.12 %	\$	(13,387,775)	\$	11,459,245	(116.83) %	118.80 %
2018	72.33		(12,497,198)		10,979,441	(113.82)	118.70
2017	73.16		(7,558,096)		11,056,426	(68.36)	111.60
2016	73.00		(520,795)		10,939,965	(4.76)	100.81
2015	71.97		(5,322,577)		10,420,367	(51.08)	108.89
Basic Plan - Sch	ools						
2019	16.49 %	\$	(2,939,214)	\$	2,994,367	(98.16) %	118.80 %
2018	19.05		(3,292,408)		2,892,548	(113.82)	118.70
2017	18.13		(1,873,107)		2,840,908	(65.93)	111.60
2016	18.80		(127,854)		2,685,735	(4.76)	100.81
2015	18.80		(1,390,211)		2,867,047	(48.49)	108.89
VRS Teacher R	etirement Plan						
2019	0.33 %	\$	43,393,026	\$	27,738,714	156.43 %	73.51 %
2018	0.32		37,232,000		25,755,203	144.56	74.81
2017	0.32		39,492,000		25,447,924	155.19	72.92
2016	0.32		45,483,000		24,618,277	184.75	68.28
2015	0.32		40,438,000		21,122,520	191.44	70.68

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, prior year data is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available. Reporting dates are one year subsequent to the measurement dates.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2020

Contributions in

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Year Ended Required		Ended Required		Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cov	vered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payro	
Basic Plan - City	7										
2020	\$	85,789	\$	85,789	\$ -	\$	12,223,636	0.70	%		
2019		79,457		79,457	-		11,459,245	0.69			
2018		888,463		883,450	5,013		10,979,441	8.05			
2017		835,101		852,360	(17,259)		11,056,426	7.71			
2016		1,445,007		1,446,667	(1,660)		10,939,965	13.22			
2015		1,874,821		7,771,386	(5,896,565)		10,420,367	74.58			
Basic Plan - Scho	ools										
2020	\$	132,005	\$	132,005	\$ -	\$	3,014,547	4.38	%		
2019		114,044		114,044	-		2,994,367	3.81			
2018		258,305		258,101	204		2,892,548	8.92			
2017		218,122		206,553	11,569		2,840,908	7.27			
2016		352,614		346,038	6,576		2,685,735	12.88			
2015		472,312		384,313	87,999		2,867,047	13.40			
VRS Teacher Re	etirem	ent Plan									
2020	\$	4,303,928	\$	4,303,928	\$ -	\$	28,578,319	15.06	%		
2019		4,214,000		4,214,000	-		27,738,714	15.19			
2018		4,094,000		4,094,000	-		25,755,203	15.90			
2017		3,654,087		3,654,087	-		25,447,924	14.36			
2016		3,426,047		3,426,047	-		24,618,277	13.92			
2015		3,717,116		3,717,116	-		21,122,520	17.60			

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, prior year data is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS- CITY LOCAL PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Measurement Dates - Plan Year

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Jı	ine 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		Jı	ine 30, 2017	
Total OPEB Liability									
Service Cost	\$	130,338	\$	166,453	\$	187,579	\$	182,271	
Interest (includes interest on service cost)		457,713		584,093		586,842		573,368	
Differences between expected and actual experience		888,803		63,273		(392,413)		-	
Changes of assumptions		(130,479)		(1,936,880)		72,449		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(753,290)		(551,946)		(574,301)		(557,510)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		593,085		(1,675,007)		(119,844)		198,129	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		6,778,700		8,453,707		8,573,551		8,375,422	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	7,371,785	\$	6,778,700	\$	8,453,707	\$	8,573,551	
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$	588,389	\$	578,656	\$	584,118	\$	805,464	
Net investment income	Ψ	331,413	Ψ	565,484	Ψ	766,243	Ψ	926,085	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(753,289)		(551,946)		(574,301)		(557,510)	
Administrative expenses		(10,766)		(16,844)		(1,721)		(11,485)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	155,747		575,350		774,339		1,162,554	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		8,370,880		7,795,530		7,021,191		5,858,637	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	8,526,627	\$	8,370,880	\$	7,795,530	\$	7,021,191	
						. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	(1,154,842)	\$	(1,592,180)	\$	658,177	\$	1,552,360	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		115.67%		123.49%		92.21%		81.89%	
Covered payroll	\$	16,249,991	\$	14,528,545	\$	14,139,703	\$	13,970,500	
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll		-7.11%		-10.96%		4.65%		11.11%	

Notes to Schedule:

Data will be presented from the time GASB 74 was first implemented in fiscal year 2017 until 10 years of trend data is achieved. Measurement dates used are one year prior to the reporting date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILTY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS SCHOOL LOCAL PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Measurement Dates - Plan Year

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	J _U	ine 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		J _U	ine 30, 2017
Total OPEB Liability								
Service Cost	\$	102,825	\$	188,720	\$	199,960	\$	161,195
Interest (includes interest on service cost)		234,526		251,561		253,991		234,724
Differences between expected and actual experience		(131,762)		736,777		(510,811)		-
Changes of assumptions		(476,791)		(1,231,569)		63,998		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(87,494)		(119,902)		(142,248)		(137,285)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(358,696)		(174,413)		(135,110)		258,634
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,290,552		3,464,965		3,600,075		3,341,441
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,931,856	\$	3,290,552	\$	3,464,965	\$	3,600,075
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	74,418	\$	107,769	\$	225,027	\$	510,079
Net investment income	Ψ	206,658	Ψ	352,484	Ψ	476,993	Ψ	569,574
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(87,494)		(119,902)		(142,248)		(137,285)
Administrative expenses		(7,000)		(10,865)		(1,187)		(7,920)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		186,582		329,486		558,585		934,448
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		5,759,982		5,430,496		4,871,911		3,937,463
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	5,946,564	\$	5,759,982	\$	5,430,496	\$	4,871,911
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending	\$	(3,014,708)	\$	(2,469,430)	\$	(1,965,531)	\$	(1,271,836)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		202.83%		175.05%		156.73%		135.33%
Covered payroll	\$	27,372,939	\$	31,111,688	\$	30,279,015	\$	29,036,463
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll		-11.01%		-7.94%		-6.49%		-4.38%

Notes to Schedule:

Data will be presented from the time GASB 74 was first implemented in fiscal year 2017 until 10 years of trend data is achieved. Measurement dates used are one year prior to the reporting date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS- LOCAL PLANS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 and Three Years Prior

				Contributions in						
Entity Fiscal Actuarially		Rel	ation to Actuarially	Co	ntribution			Contributions a	S	
Year Ended	De	termined		Determined	D	eficiency	Covered		a Percentage of	i
June 30	Cor	ntribution		Contribution	(Excess)		Payroll		Covered Payrol	l
OPEB Plan- C	City									
2020	\$	235,900	\$	588,390	\$	(352,490)	\$	16,249,991	3.62	2 %
2019		380,218		578,656		(198,438)		14,528,545	3.98	3
2018		400,842		584,118		(183,276)		14,139,703	4.13	3
2017		754,906		805,464		(50,558)		13,970,500	5.7	7
OPEB Plan- S	chools	S								
2020	\$	29,334	\$	74,418	\$	(45,084)	\$	27,372,939	0.2	7 %
2019		97,111		107,769		(10,658)		31,111,688	0.33	5
2018		123,595		225,027		(101,432)		30,279,015	0.74	1
2017		486,812		510,079		(23,267)		29,036,463	1.70	6

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2017 was the first year for OPEB, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available. Reporting dates are one year later than the measurement dates.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY- COST SHARING PLANS June 30, 2020

Plan Year Ended June 30	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Pı Sha	Employer's roportionate are of the Net PEB Liability (Asset)	I	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
-	nent System - Health Insura	nce C		c	1 ayron	or its covered Tayron	the Total Of EB Elability
2019 2018	0.33% 0.32%	\$	4,341,000 4,043,000		27,317,073 25,755,203	15.89% 15.70%	8.97% 8.08%
Virginia Retirem	nent System - Group Life In	surar	nce - General Er	nplo	vees		
2019	0.01%	\$	106,000	\$	1,266,107	8.37%	52.00%
2018	0.01%		105,000		1,320,064	7.95%	51.22%
Virginia Retirem	nent System - Group Life In	surar	ice - Schools				
2019	0.14%	\$	2,313,000	\$	27,741,133	8.34%	52.00%
2018	0.14%		2,068,000		25,756,084	8.03%	51.22%
Virginia Retirem	nent System - Line of Duty	Act					
2019	0.30%	\$	1,080,000	\$	3,550,588	30.42%	0.79%
2018	0.32%		989,000		3,667,341	26.97%	0.60%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS- COST SHARING PLANS June 30, 2020

				butions in ation to					Contributions
Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	R	ntractually Required ntribution	Contractually Required Contribution		Defi	ribution ciency xcess)]	Employer's Covered Payroll	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Virginia Retirer					` `			1 11,7 011	1 43 1 011
2020	\$	343,000	\$	343,000	\$	-	\$	28,583,333	1.20%
2019		336,000		336,000		-		27,317,073	1.23%
2018		317,000		317,000		-		25,755,203	1.23%
Virginia Retiren	nent S	System - Grou	ıp Life I	nsurance - C	General :	Employees	}		
2020	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	-	\$	1,251,345	0.56%
2019		7,000		7,000		-		1,266,107	0.55%
2018		7,000		7,000		-		1,320,064	0.53%
Virginia Retirer	nent S	System - Grou	ıp Life I	nsurance - S	chools				
2020	\$	149,000	\$	149,000	\$	-	\$	28,582,043	0.52%
2019		144,000		144,000		-		27,741,133	0.52%
2018		135,000		135,000		-		25,756,084	0.52%
Virginia Retirer	nent S	System - Line	of Duty	Act					
2020	\$	37,000	\$	37,000	\$	-	\$	3,617,026	1.02%
2019		40,000		40,000		-		3,550,588	1.13%
2018		34,000		34,000		-		3,667,341	0.93%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2020

Note 1. Budget

The State of Virginia requires all local governments to prepare, approve, adopt and execute an annual budget. The budgeting process is based on estimates of revenues and expenditures. The City budgets are prepared on a modified-accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions in the appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the department level and thus the supplemental budget to actual comparison is presented at this level. Amounts that do not fall under departmental control are categorized as nondepartmental even though they may relate to a particular function.

Note 2. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 3. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered in rates of disability retirement
- No changes to salary rates
- Increase Line of Duty Disability rates from 14% to 20%
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2020

Note 3. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience
- Increased disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty disability rates from 60% to 70%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and LODA OPEB

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty disability rates from 14% to 15%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Increased retirement rate at age 50 and lowered rates at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Lowered Line of Duty rate from 60% to 45%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Teacher cost-sharing pool

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age year and service through 9 years of service
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2020

Note 3. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2019 valuation date:

Basic and Police Pension Plans

- Update mortality table
- Incorporate a cost of living adjustment

Basic Pension Plan

• Change amortization period from 15 years to 10 years

OPEB - Local Plan

- Update mortality table
- Increase amortization period from 20 years to 30 years
- Update healthcare cost trend rates
- Update medical, prescription drug, and dental claim costs based on premium rates for the upcoming fiscal year.
- Update medical, prescription drug, and dental trend rates to the current schedules.
- Update the life insurance enrollment to 100% for the City and NVCJTA.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BY DEPARTMENT GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	D 1 (Variance with Final Budget
	Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Original	Tillai	Actual	(riegative)
General property taxes	\$ 63,772,100	\$ 63,772,100	\$ 63,522,205	\$ (249,895)
Other local taxes	17,322,100	17,322,100	16,765,062	(557,038)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	1,410,626	1,410,626	2,282,634	872,008
Fines and forfeitures	605,200	605,200	319,927	(285,273)
Use of money and property	586,946	669,454	2,033,512	1,364,058
Charges for services	3,539,689	3,589,689	2,478,972	(1,110,717)
Miscellaneous	40,800		272,815	
Recovered costs	306,700	292,290 306,700	,	(19,475)
	300,700	300,700	248,933	(57,767)
Intergovernmental	4 725 702	4 977 010	4 571 205	(206 (14)
Commonwealth Federal	4,725,702 335,213	4,877,919	4,571,305	(306,614)
		586,514	567,320	(19,194)
Total revenues	92,645,076	93,432,592	93,062,685	(369,907)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Clerk of Court	47,825	47,825	34,872	12,953
Commission of Revenue	881,110	881,110	612,063	269,047
Community Planning and Economic Development Services	3,300,270	3,498,460	3,144,136	354,323
Executive Management	3,243,059	3,347,359	3,240,873	106,486
Finance	1,597,651	1,639,618	1,484,747	154,871
Human Services	3,896,713	3,998,474	3,846,442	152,032
Legislative	1,149,863	1,150,685	1,117,736	32,949
Library Services	2,115,385	2,155,077	1,914,468	240,608
Public Safety	9,668,381	9,914,438	8,848,230	1,066,208
Public Works	6,061,510	7,041,182	6,319,986	721,196
Recreation and Parks	3,191,965	3,204,415	2,835,983	368,432
Registrar	287,792	287,792	268,897	18,895
Sheriff	1,421,143	1,546,270	1,173,279	372,990
Treasurer	569,972	569,972	563,518	6,454
Non-departmental	59,221,170	54,728,678	54,345,670	383,008
Total expenditures	96,653,809	94,011,354	89,750,901	4,260,453
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(4,008,733)	(578,762)	3,311,784	3,890,546
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	959,000	959,000	12,481,669	11,522,669
Payment to refund bond anticipation note	939,000	939,000	(20,000,000)	(20,000,000)
Gifts and contributions	7,000	48,125	87,291	39,166
Transfers in			,	8,034,201
Transfers in Transfers out	1,427,000	1,427,000	9,461,201	
	(1,998,067)	(6,257,856)	(6,153,587)	104,269
Total other financing sources (uses)	394,933	(3,823,731)	(4,123,426)	(299,695)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,613,800)	\$ (4,402,493)	\$ (811,642)	\$ 3,590,851

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Affordable Dwelling Units Fund

To account for funding to both maintain existing affordable housing and to develop additional affordable housing opportunities in the City for households with gross income less than 120% of the median income for the Washington Metropolitan statistical area. Funds are awarded on a rolling application basis through a public application process.

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BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2020

	Affordable Housing			
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 314,620			
Receivables, net	 283,001			
Total assets	\$ 597,621			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	\$ 283,001			
Total deferred inflows of resources	 283,001			
FUND BALANCE				
Committed	 314,620			
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 597,621			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Affordable Housing			
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$	4,424		
Total revenues		4,424		
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government		-		
Total expenditures		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		4,424		
Net change in fund balance		4,424		
FUND BALANCES AT JULY 1		310,196		
FUND BALANCES AT JUNE 30	\$	314,620		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Basic Plan - Pension

To account for the costs associated with providing pension benefits to current and future eligible permanent employees, except police officers, of the City that are scheduled to work 20 hours or more per week.

Basic Plan- Police

To account for the costs associated with providing pension benefits to current and future eligible police officers that work on a full-time basis.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Fund

To account for the costs associated with providing healthcare benefits to current and future eligible retirees of the City.

School Board Other Post-Employment Benefits Fund

To account for the costs associated with providing healthcare benefits to current and future eligible retirees of the School Board.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS June 30, 2020

	City						School Board				
	Basic Plan		Police Plan		Other Post- Employment Benefits		Eı	other Post- mployment Benefits	Total		
	-										
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,149,333	\$	1,159,238	\$	55,419	\$	33,521	\$	4,397,511	
Investments:											
Domestic equity securities		60,675,065		19,663,877		6,170,060		3,844,137		90,353,139	
Domestic fixed income securities		15,916,960		5,667,490		2,003,216		1,248,065	24,835,731		
International equity securities		16,661,326		5,336,522		1,694,312		1,055,609		24,747,769	
RE Securities		3,474,187		2,746,802		-		-		6,220,989	
Infrastructure		11,760,986		1,746,572		-		-		13,507,558	
Total investments		108,488,524		35,161,263		9,867,588		6,147,811		159,665,186	
Contributions receivable:											
Employer		5,298		_		-	_			5,298	
Employee		6,228		_		-		-		6,228	
Total contributions receivable		11,526		-	-	-		-		11,526	
Interest and dividends receivable		895		303		-		-		1,198	
Total assets		111,650,278	_	36,320,804		9,923,007		6,181,332		164,075,421	
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable		69,971		22,499		1,538		1,494		95,502	
Due to general fund		22,000		6,619		1,394,842		233,275		1,656,736	
Total liabilities		91,971		29,118		1,396,380		234,769		1,752,238	
NET POSITION											
Held in trust for:											
Pension benefits		111,558,307		36,291,686		_		_		147,849,993	
Other post-employment benefits						8,526,627		5,946,563		14,473,190	
Total net position restricted for											
pension post-employment benefits	\$	111,558,307	\$	36,291,686	\$	8,526,627	\$	5,946,563	\$	162,323,183	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION POST-EMPLOYMENT TRUST FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

	City						hool Board		
	E	Basic Plan	Po	olice Plan	En	ther Post- nployment Benefits Other Post- Employment Benefits		 Total	
ADDITIONS									
Employer contributions	\$	273,869	\$	196,880	\$	235,185	\$	32,720	\$ 738,654
Employee contributions		826,874		186,453		-		-	1,013,327
Investment earnings:									
Interest		28,899		36,808		888		537	67,132
Dividends		1,708,319		535,353		192,769		120,101	2,556,542
Net increase in fair value of investments		1,941,238		657,564		143,910		89,660	2,832,372
Total investment earnings		3,678,456		1,229,725		337,567		210,298	5,456,046
Less investment expenses		(338,085)		(107,609)		(6,154)		(3,641)	(455,489)
Net investment earnings		3,340,371		1,122,116		331,413		206,657	 5,000,557
Total additions		4,441,114		1,505,449		566,598		239,377	 6,752,538
DEDUCTIONS									
Benefits		5,441,074		1,349,395		400,085		45,796	7,236,350
Administration		106,970		37,177		10,765		7,000	 161,912
Total deductions		5,548,044		1,386,572	_	410,850		52,796	 7,398,262
Change in net position		(1,106,930)		118,877		155,748		186,581	(645,724)
NET POSITION AT JULY 1	1	12,665,237	3	6,172,809		8,370,879		5,759,982	 162,968,907
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$ 1	11,558,307	\$3	6,291,686	\$	8,526,627	\$	5,946,563	\$ 162,323,183

AGENCY FUNDS

Fairfax County Water Authority Fund

To account for monies received and disbursed on behalf of the Authority for sanitary sewer services.

Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Training Academy Fund

To account for monies received and disbursed on behalf of the Academy.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Co V	Fairfax County Water Authority		Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$	34,046	\$ 5,317,193	\$ 5,317,193 34,046
Total assets	\$	34,046	\$ 5,317,193	\$ 5,351,239
LIABILITIES				
Amounts held for others Due to general fund	\$	34,046	\$ 5,280,528 36,665	\$ 5,280,528 70,711
Total liabilities	\$	34,046	\$ 5,317,193	\$ 5,351,239

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Balances July 1, 2019		Additions		I	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2020	
Fairfax County Water Authority								
ASSETS Other receivables Due from other governments	\$	845,466 -	\$	- 34,046	\$	845,466 -	\$	34,046
Total assets	\$	845,466	\$	34,046	\$	845,466	\$	34,046
LIABILITIES Amounts held for others Due to general fund	\$	813,328 32,138	\$	- 1,908	\$	813,328	\$	34,046
Total liabilities	\$	845,466	\$	1,908	\$	813,328	\$	34,046
Northern Virginia Criminal Justice A	cade	my						
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,002,242	\$	2,311,028	\$	1,996,077	\$	5,317,193
Total assets	\$	5,002,242	\$	2,311,028	\$	1,996,077	\$	5,317,193
LIABILITIES Amounts held for others Due to general fund	\$	4,978,700 23,542	\$	5,627,508 7,636,708	\$	5,325,680 7,623,585	\$	5,280,528 36,665
Total liabilities	\$	5,002,242	\$	13,264,216	\$	12,949,265	\$	5,317,193
Totals								
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Due from other governments	\$	5,002,242 845,466	\$	2,311,028 - 34,046	\$	1,996,077 845,466	\$	5,317,193
Total assets	\$	5,847,708	\$	2,345,074	\$	2,841,543	\$	5,351,239
LIABILITIES Amounts held for others Due to general fund	\$	5,792,028 55,680	\$	5,627,508 7,638,616	\$	6,139,008 7,623,585	\$	5,280,528 70,711
Total liabilities	\$	5,847,708	\$	13,266,124	\$	13,762,593	\$	5,351,239

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DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD

Major Governmental Funds

School Operating Fund

The School Operating Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the operations of the City's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal Governments as well as contributions from the general fund.

School Community Service Fund

The School Community Service Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for transactions related to donations, daycare operations, and rental income for the school system.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

School Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the City's school lunch program. Financing is provided from lunch sales and state and federal reimbursements.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Ma	ıjor	Non-major	
	School Operating	School Community Service	School Food Service	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,916,545	\$ 1,129,465	\$ 99,038	\$ 3,145,048
Accounts receivable	80,997	1,408	-	82,405
Due from fiduciary funds	233,274	-	-	233,274
Due from primary government	6,515,531	-	-	6,515,531
Due from other governments	415,937	-	45,099	461,036
Prepaids	21,308	1,043		22,351
Total assets	\$ 9,183,592	\$ 1,131,916	\$ 144,137	\$ 10,459,645
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 5,743,550	\$ 29,685	\$ 46,784	\$ 5,820,019
Unearned revenue	- -	50,362	70,895	121,257
Due to primary government		132,651		132,651
Total liabilities	5,743,550	212,698	117,679	6,073,927
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaids	21,308	1,043	-	22,351
Assigned:				
Education	3,418,734	918,175	26,458	4,363,367
Total fund balances	3,440,042	919,218	26,458	4,385,718
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 9,183,592	\$ 1,131,916	\$ 144,137	\$ 10,459,645

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	4,385,718
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources,		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Nondepreciable \$ 1,475,3	45	
Depreciable, net 2,847,6	28_	
		4,322,973
Governmental activities recognize rent expense equally over the term of the		
lease agreement whereas governmental funds report only the outlays for rent		
payments as expenditures. The difference is included in other liabilities		
in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		(191,488)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows related to pensions 10,844,0	09	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB 1,869,8		
Deferred inflows related to pensions (5,292,5	66)	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (1,875,7	,	
Net pension asset - all plans 2,939,2		
Net pension liability - all plans (43,393,0	26)	
Net OPEB asset - all plans 2,469,4	30	
Net OPEB liability - all plans (6,654,0	00)	
		(39,092,860)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Termination benefits (856,0	00)	
Compensated absences (1,356,0	36)	
Other lease payable (330,0	09)	
Capital lease payable (705,9	48)	
		(3,247,993)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	3 (33,823,650)

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Ma	jor	Non-major		
	School Operating	School Community Service	School Food Service	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 26,945	\$ 75,950	\$ 4,280	\$ 107,175	
Charges for services	315,047	1,247,914	510,536	2,073,497	
Fines	202,885	-	_	202,885	
Miscellaneous	64,661	169,647	_	234,308	
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	542,197	-	116,482	658,679	
Commonwealth	7,266,307	_	9,398	7,275,705	
Payments from City	43,255,777	107,500	<u>-</u>	43,363,277	
Total revenues	51,673,819	1,601,011	640,696	53,915,526	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Education	48,894,566	1,633,828	898,984	51,427,378	
Capital outlay	1,158,326	13,200	19,969	1,191,495	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	610,332	-	-	610,332	
Interest and fiscal charges	42,763		-	42,763	
Total expenditures	50,705,987	1,647,028	918,953	53,271,968	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	967,832	(46,017)	(278,257)	643,558	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from capital leases	482,460	-	-	482,460	
Transfers in	130,000	-	30,000	160,000	
Transfers out	(30,000)	(130,000)		(160,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	582,460	(130,000)	30,000	482,460	
Net change in fund balance	1,550,292	(176,017)	(248,257)	1,126,018	
FUND BALANCE AT JULY 1	1,889,750	1,095,235	274,715	3,259,700	
FUND BALANCE AT JUNE 30	\$ 3,440,042	\$ 919,218	\$ 26,458	\$ 4,385,718	

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRIGNIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,126,018
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays	\$ 845,575	
Depreciation expense	(543,241)	202 224
		302,334
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the Statement of Activities.		
Capital lease proceeds		(482,460)
Governmental activities recognize rent expense equally over the term of the lease agreement whereas governmental funds report only the outlays for rent payments		
as expenditures.		(191,488)
Governmental funds report employer pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expense.		
Employer pension contributions	4,435,933	
Employer OPEB contributions	566,418	
Pension expense	(5,624,542)	
OPEB expense	(289,317)	
-	())	(911,508)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in termination benefits	354,000	
Change in compensated absences	(89,835)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(321,713)	
		(57,548)
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial		
resources of governmental funds. However, the transaction has no effect on net		925 007
position.		835,097
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 620,445

Variance with

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SCHOOL OPERATING FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	Oı	riginal		Final	 Actual			
REVENUES								
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$ 26,945	\$	(16,055)	
Charges for services		460,000		460,000	315,047		(144,953)	
Fines		55,000		55,000	202,885		147,885	
Miscellaneous		283,985		257,306	64,661		(192,645)	
Intergovernmental:								
Federal		586,162		586,162	542,197		(43,965)	
Commonwealth	7	7,036,195		7,062,874	7,266,307		203,433	
Primary government	43	3,255,777		43,255,777	43,255,777			
Total revenues	51	,720,119		51,720,119	 51,673,819		(46,300)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	50),631,713		50,643,901	48,894,566		1,749,335	
Capital outlay		548,100		562,322	1,158,326		(596,004)	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		464,306		464,306	610,332		(146,026)	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-	42,763		(42,763)	
Reserves		176,000		149,321	 		149,321	
Total expenditures	51	,820,119		51,819,850	 50,705,987		1,113,863	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(100,000)		(99,731)	 967,832		1,067,563	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from capital leases		-		-	482,460		482,460	
Transfers in		130,000		130,000	130,000		-	
Transfers out		(30,000)		(30,000)	 (30,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		100,000		100,000	 582,460		482,460	
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	269	\$ 1,550,292	\$	1,550,023	

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SCHOOL COMMUNITY SERVICE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	l Am o	unts			Fina	riance with al Budget - avorable
		Original	Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	82,500	\$	82,500	\$	75,950	\$	(6,550)
Charges for services		1,799,126		1,799,126		1,247,914		(551,212)
Miscellaneous		177,000		177,000		169,647		(7,353)
Intergovernmental:								
Payments from City		107,500		107,500		107,500		
Total revenues	_	2,166,126		2,166,126		1,601,011		(565,115)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Education		2,114,626		2,116,825		1,633,828		482,997
Capital outlay		96,500		94,301		13,200		81,101
Total expenditures		2,211,126		2,211,126		1,647,028		564,098
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(45,000)		(45,000)		(46,017)		(1,017)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out		(133,000)		(133,000)		(130,000)		3,000
Total other financing uses		(133,000)		(133,000)		(130,000)		3,000
Net change in fund balances	\$	(178,000)	\$	(178,000)	\$	(176,017)	\$	1,983

Variance with

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Final Budget - Favorable	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	4,280	\$	3,280
Charges for services		851,100		851,100		510,536		(340,564)
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Intergovernmental:								
Federal		112,500		112,500		116,482		3,982
Commonwealth		8,000		8,000		9,398		1,398
Total revenues		973,600		973,600		640,696		(332,904)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education		1,103,600		1,103,600		898,984		204,616
Capital outlay						19,969		(19,969)
Total expenditures		1,103,600		1,103,600		918,953		184,647
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(130,000)		(130,000)		(278,257)		(148,257)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers in		30,000		30,000		30,000		
Total other financing uses		30,000		30,000		30,000		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(100,000)	\$	(100,000)	\$	(248,257)	\$	(148,257)

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Thackery eschool	Je	Thomas Jefferson Elementary		efferson Mt. Daniel		Mary Ellen Henderson Middle School		George Mason High School		Total	
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,486	\$	69,219	\$	63,072	\$	49,514	\$	321,239	\$	510,530	
Total assets	\$ 7,486	\$	69,219	\$	63,072	\$	49,514	\$	321,239	\$	510,530	
LIABILITIES												
Amounts held for others	\$ 7,486	\$	69,219	\$	63,072	\$	49,514	\$	321,239	\$	510,530	
Total liabilities	\$ 7,486	\$	69,219	\$	63,072	\$	49,514	\$	321,239	\$	510,530	

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Balances July 1, 2019 Additions			De	eductions	Balances June 30, 2020		
JESSIE THACKERY PRESCHOOL									
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,948	\$	6,801	\$	1,263	\$	7,486	
Total assets	\$	1,948	\$	6,801	\$	1,263	\$	7,486	
Liabilities		<u> </u>		· · ·		· · · · · ·		-	
Amounts held for others	\$	1,948	\$	6,801	\$	1,263	\$	7,486	
Total liabilities	\$	1,948	\$	6,801	\$	1,263	\$	7,486	
THOMAS JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY									
Assets	e.	(5.150	e	45 402	6	41 421	e.	(0.210	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	65,158	\$	45,492	\$	41,431	\$	69,219	
Total assets	\$	65,158	\$	45,492	\$	41,431	\$	69,219	
Liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	65,158	\$	45,492	\$	41,431	\$	69,219	
Total liabilities	\$	65,158	\$	45,492	\$	41,431	\$	69,219	
MT. DANIEL ELEMENTARY Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,993	\$	28,295	\$	15,216	\$	63,072	
Total assets	\$	49,993	\$	28,295	\$	15,216	\$	63,072	
Liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	49,993	\$	28,295	\$	15,216	\$	63,072	
Total liabilities	\$	49,993	\$	28,295	\$	15,216	\$	63,072	
MARY ELLEN HENDERSON MIDDLE SCHOOL	Ψ	.,,,,,,		20,270		15,210		03,072	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	53,590	\$	63,868	\$	67,944	\$	49,514	
Total assets	\$	53,590	\$	63,868	\$	67,944	\$	49,514	
Liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	53,590	\$	63,868	\$	67,944	\$	49,514	
Total liabilities	\$	53,590	\$	63,868	\$	67,944	\$	49,514	
GEORGE MASON HIGH SCHOOL									
Assets	e.	352,659	\$	201 579	6	332,998	¢	321,239	
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ \$	352,659	\$	301,578	\$	332,998	\$ \$	321,239	
	<u> </u>	332,039	3	301,378	3	332,996	J.	321,239	
Liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	352,659	\$	301,578	\$	332,998	\$	321,239	
Total liabilities	\$	352,659	\$	301,578	\$	332,998	\$	321,239	
TOTAL									
TOTAL Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	523,348	\$	446,034	\$	458,852	\$	510,530	
Total assets	\$	523,348	\$	446,034	\$	458,852	\$	510,530	
Liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	523,348	\$	446,034	\$	458,852	\$	510,530	
Total liabilities	\$	523,348	\$	446,034	\$	458,852	\$	510,530	
	<u>·</u>	144	-	***			<u> </u>		

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Economic Development Authority Fund

To account for the promotion of economic development of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are included in the fund.

SCHEDULE 17

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2020

ASSETS Cash and investments Due from primary government	\$ 1,419,523 135,151
Total assets	\$ 1,554,674
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 336,605 336,605
FUND BALANCE Assigned	1,218,069
Total fund balance	1,218,069
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,554,674

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 23,900 15,073
Total revenue	 38,973
EXPENDITURES	
Current: Economic development	 435,811
Total expenditures	 435,811
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(396,838)
Net change in fund balance	(396,838)
FUND BALANCE AT JULY 1 FUND BALANCE AT JUNE 30	\$ 1,614,907 1,218,069
Reconciliation of amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities:	
Net change in fund balance	 (396,838)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (396,838)

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Pages
Financial Trends – Tables 1 – 4 These tables contain financial trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	144-148
Revenue Capacity – Tables 5 – 8 These tables contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, real estate and personal property taxes.	149-152
Debt Capacity – Tables 9 – 11 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	153-155
Demographic and Economic Information – Tables 12 – 13 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place	156-157
Operating Information – Tables 14 – 16 These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and activities it performs	158-161

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

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NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	2020	2019**	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 67,833,215	\$ 61,809,131	\$ 48,269,980	\$ 41,537,609	\$ 38,820,954	\$ 36,184,034	\$ 38,525,915	\$ 39,248,950	\$ 31,282,109	\$ 30,402,986
Restricted	17,994,576	10,282,371	8,563,128	1,167,594	425,551	758,208	12,342,829	390,112	110,929	152,686
Unrestricted	33,045,450	34,735,298	38,477,078	51,092,020	49,025,639	47,032,297	30,793,497	12,666,836	15,584,623	8,624,721
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 118,873,241	\$ 106,826,800	\$ 95,310,186	\$ 93,797,223	\$ 88,272,144	\$ 83,974,539	\$ 81,662,241	\$ 52,305,898	\$ 46,977,661	\$ 39,180,393
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 19,646,688	\$ 14,674,620	\$ 12,463,534	\$ 12,247,022	\$ 11,597,722	\$ 12,134,206	\$ 10,278,011	\$ 75,135,994	\$ 71,450,170	\$ 67,031,493
Restricted	577,129	441,735	348,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	13,562,151	14,477,470	15,209,915	14,059,299	11,667,833	7,225,779	7,024,540	35,310,238	30,167,055	29,197,725
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 33,785,968	\$ 29,593,825	\$ 28,021,964	\$ 26,306,321	\$ 23,265,555	\$ 19,359,985	\$ 17,302,551	\$ 110,446,232	\$ 101,617,225	\$ 96,229,218
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 87,479,903	\$ 76,483,751	\$ 60,733,514	\$ 53,784,631	\$ 50,418,676	\$ 48,318,240	\$ 48,803,926	\$ 114,384,944	\$ 102,732,279	\$ 97,434,479
Restricted	18,571,705	10,724,106	8,911,643	1,167,594	425,551	758,208	12,342,829	390,112	110,929	152,686
Unrestricted	46,607,601	49,212,768	53,686,993	65,151,319	60,693,472	54,258,076	37,818,037	47,977,074	45,751,678	37,822,446
Total primary government net position	\$ 152,659,209	\$ 136,420,625	\$ 123,332,150	\$ 120,103,544	\$ 111,537,699	\$ 103,334,524	\$ 98,964,792	\$ 162,752,130	\$ 148,594,886	\$ 135,409,611

Notes:

The City restated net position as of June 30, 2010, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2017, and 2018. The restatements are not included in the prior data. *GASB Statement No. 68 was adopted in fiscal year 2015.

^{**}GASB Statement No. 75 was adopted in fiscal year 2018.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	2020	2019**	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$6,506,295	\$ 6,759,570	\$ 6,830,072	\$ 7,093,808	\$ 6,909,252	\$ 6,702,227	\$ 6,002,133		\$ 4,788,719	\$ 4,493,498
Judicial administration	1,862,314	1,785,143	2,056,960	2,313,556	2,068,457	2,004,502	2,010,133	1,873,922	1,610,517	1,531,960
Public safety	10,042,113	10,831,092	11,441,556	11,376,143	11,411,724	10,833,749	10,908,109	9,788,047	9,434,025	8,954,827
Public works	5,645,614	5,885,225	6,841,110	7,084,612	7,872,682	6,507,428	6,648,977	6,285,870	5,336,869	5,920,960
Health and welfare	2,482,283	2,346,246	2,678,982	2,261,565	2,161,544	2,064,532	2,021,528	2,218,700	2,003,105	2,105,699
Education and payments to schools	45,638,880	44,801,558	42,836,993	41,479,234	40,197,569	38,558,239	35,381,445	32,035,481	29,064,131	29,276,052
Parks, recreation, and cultural	4,439,119	5,606,037	5,372,211	5,339,143	5,044,608	4,970,253	4,892,129	4,603,123	4,392,338	4,449,481
Community development	4,889,246	3,990,673	3,757,139	2,676,887	2,276,387	2,053,265	3,486,360	3,307,046	1,745,896	1,439,852
Economic development	455,154	296,976	267,549	453,829	457,658	396,685	353,517	314,171	323,036	322,405
Interest	4,959,807	2,167,112	1,718,404	1,580,885	1,791,263	1,800,681	1,501,342	1,116,712	1,278,045	1,410,283
Total governmental activities	\$ 86,920,825	\$ 84,469,632	\$ 83,800,976	\$ 81,659,662	\$ 80,191,144	\$ 75,891,561	\$ 73,205,673	\$ 66,910,803	\$ 59,976,681	\$ 59,905,017
Business-type activities										
Water	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,885,901	\$ 20,930,432	\$ 19,271,724	\$ 17,690,104
Sewer	3,266,935	3,258,103	3,140,822	3,146,582	2,872,497	3,126,518	2,805,228	2,546,447	2,887,321	1,937,681
Storm water	1,609,387	1,414,356	1,149,089	1,315,994	1,310,670	1,240,370	1,185,304			
Total business-type activities expense	4,876,322	4,672,459	4,289,911	4,462,576	4,183,167	4,366,888	17,876,433	23,476,879	22,159,045	19,627,785
Total primary government expenses	\$ 91,797,147	\$ 89,142,091	\$ 88,090,887	\$ 86,122,238	\$ 84,374,311	\$ 80,258,449	\$ 91,082,106	\$ 90,387,682	\$ 82,135,726	\$ 79,532,802
Program revenues										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services			0.05(160			A 1000 100		A 1005.540	0 1 50 1 200	A 1000.051
Parks and recreation	\$ 878,419	\$ 2,129,444	\$ 2,076,168	\$ 2,029,253	\$ 2,030,695	\$ 1,988,182	. , ,	\$ 1,895,540		\$ 1,822,851
Judicial administration	1,083,386	1,026,814	890,898	697,794	986,955	997,514	1,067,969	990,687	1,106,413	1,189,447
Public safety	2,035,121	2,012,631	1,339,397	979,683 641,851	1,320,831 577,572	1,656,508 896,479	2,021,982	1,158,033	1,054,488 957,930	640,353
Other activities	959,697	1,048,771	930,109	3,046,976			936,543	1,050,301		790,385
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	3,295,493 4,800,676	2,573,333 2,765,794	2,319,112 4,256,317	3,464,841	2,511,069 4,286,565	2,174,784 1,591,495	3,756,117 1,276,720	3,470,652 569,648	2,133,526 807,771	2,151,480 560,269
Total governmental activities program	4,800,070	2,703,794	4,230,317	3,404,641	4,280,303	1,391,493	1,270,720	309,048	807,771	300,209
revenues	\$ 13,052,792	¢ 11.556.797	\$ 11,812,001	\$ 10.960.209	¢ 11.712.697	\$ 0.204.062	\$ 10,094,600	\$ 9,134,861	¢ 7944509	\$ 7,154,785
Business-type activities	\$ 13,032,792	\$ 11,550,767	\$ 11,012,001	\$ 10,000,390	\$ 11,/13,007	\$ 9,304,902	3 10,564,055	\$ 9,134,001	\$ 7,044,500	\$ 7,134,763
Charges for services										
Water	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ 14,017,794	\$ 24,363,306	\$ 22,770,417	\$ 21,710,937
Sewer	5,555,833	4,377,024	4,389,685	5,710,832	6,198,048	3,898,179	3,603,322	3,312,868	3,073,519	2,641,877
Storm water	1,664,388	1,594,293	1,575,640	1,595,168	1,571,696	1,540,980	764,451	5,512,000	5,075,517	2,011,077
Capital grants and contributions	1,335,763		18,750	-	103,500	865,968	328,214	4,255,493	1,496,722	2,717,914
Total business-type activities program	1,555,765		10,750		100,000		520,211	.,200,.00	1,1,0,722	2,717,711
revenues	\$ 8,555,984	\$ 5,971,317	\$ 5,984,075	\$ 7,306,000	\$ 7,873,244	\$ 6,305,127	\$ 18,713,781	\$ 31,931,667	\$ 27,340,658	\$ 27,070,728
Total primary government program	0,000,000	4 4,5,7,4,6,2,7	+ +,,,,,,,,		+ 1,010,011	4 0,000,127	,,,,,,,,,		,,	
revenues	\$ 21,608,776	\$ 17,528,104	\$ 17,796,076	\$ 18,166,398	\$ 19,586,931	\$ 15,610,089	\$ 29,698,480	\$ 41,066,528	\$ 35,185,166	\$ 34,225,513
Net (expense) revenue									·	
Governmental activities	\$ (73,868,033)	\$ (72,912,845)	\$ (71,988,975)	\$ (70,799,264)	\$ (68,477,457)	\$ (66,586,599)	\$ (62,220,974)	\$ (57,775,942)	\$ (52,132,173)	\$ (52,750,232)
Business-type activities	3,679,662	1,298,858	1,694,164	2,843,424	3,690,077	1,938,239	837,348	8,454,788	5,181,613	7,442,943
Total primary government net expense	\$ (70,188,371)				\$ (64,787,380)	\$ (64,648,360)	\$ (61,383,626)			\$ (45,307,289)
(Continued)										

CHANGES IN NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	2020		2019**	2018	2017		2016		2015*	2014		2013	2012	2011
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net										 				
Position														
Governmental activities:														
Taxes														
General property taxes	\$ 63,779,98	2 \$	62,045,603	\$ 53,258,669	\$ 50,699,679	\$	48,693,996	\$	45,947,755	\$ 44,777,426	\$	42,216,103	\$ 39,381,606	\$ 38,879,467
Personal property	-		-	5,825,554	5,372,445		5,037,458		4,577,709	4,602,697		4,258,749	4,156,728	3,678,885
Business licenses, based on gross receipts	4,201,28	1	4,629,217	4,181,701	4,110,102		3,973,548		3,722,282	3,545,053		3,374,891	3,259,871	3,284,068
Local sales and use	5,561,52	4	5,172,399	4,703,523	4,603,600		4,209,733		4,003,421	3,778,221		3,737,117	3,899,279	3,619,912
Consumer's utility	2,018,97	5	2,123,278	2,266,303	2,149,523		2,146,829		2,231,129	2,183,795		2,142,459	2,102,986	2,180,644
Motor vehicle decals	327,41	2	350,424	344,563	347,080		336,404		333,921	311,704		313,245	319,335	238,177
Real estate recordation taxes	457,57	3	523,282	523,816	475,481		391,911		487,332	483,192		602,651	475,057	371,514
Occupancy, tobacco, and other	5,050,18	9	5,898,941	5,842,109	5,420,378		5,166,228		5,044,324	4,682,907		3,867,148	3,833,289	3,789,771
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid	2,411,40	13	2,020,878	2,020,878	2,020,878		2,139,708		2,139,070	2,139,198		2,020,878	2,020,878	2,020,878
Use of money and property	2,039,02		1,427,748	726,327	444,740		482,608		276,177	142,860		141,673	105,827	75,495
Miscellaneous	67,11	4	2,689	218,328	85,651		189,863		96,229	99,286		279,265	229,637	110,572
Capital contribution	-		-	-	-		-		-	252,000		-	-	-
Special item: Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets	-		235,000	-	594,786		(49,390)		34,062	1,817,968		-	-	735,367
Transfers				-	-		64,517		89,490	 23,091,228		150,000	150,000	 89,604
Total governmental activities	\$ 85,914,47	4 \$	84,429,459	\$ 79,911,771	\$ 76,324,343	\$	72,783,413	\$	68,982,901	\$ 91,907,535	\$	63,104,179	\$ 59,934,493	\$ 59,074,354
Business-type activities:														
Use of money and property	\$ 342,49	2 \$	393,340	\$ 96,278	\$ 35,492	\$	93,405	\$	8,240	\$ /	\$	319,150	\$ 281,920	\$ 213,217
Miscellaneous	-		-	12,916	24,287		192		-	(32,638)		59,428	74,474	125,305
Special item: Loss from sale of water fund	-		-	-	-		-		-	(68,652,061)		-	-	-
Insurance recovery of legal costs, net	-		-	-	-				-	.		.	-	
Transfers	-		-	 -	 -	_	(64,517)	_	(89,490)	 (25,156,556)	_	(150,000)	 (150,000)	 (89,604)
Total business-type activities	\$ 342,49		393,340	\$ 109,194	\$ 59,779	\$	29,080	\$	(81,250)	\$ (93,704,436)	\$	228,578	\$ 206,394	\$ 248,918
Total primary government	\$ 86,256,96	6 \$	84,822,799	\$ 80,020,965	\$ 76,384,122	\$	72,812,493	\$	68,901,651	\$ (1,796,901)	\$	63,332,757	\$ 60,140,887	\$ 59,323,272
Changes in Net Position														
Governmental activities	\$ 12,046,44	1 \$	11,516,614	\$ 7,922,796	\$ 5,525,079	\$	4,305,956	\$	2,396,302	\$ 29,686,561	\$	5,328,237	\$ 7,802,320	\$ 6,324,122
Business-type activities	4,022,15	4	1,692,198	1,803,358	 2,903,203		3,719,157		1,856,989	 (92,867,088)		8,683,366	5,388,007	7,691,861
Total primary government	\$ 16,068,59	5 \$	13,208,812	\$ 9,726,154	\$ 8,428,282	\$	8,025,113	\$	4,253,291	\$ (63,180,527)	\$	14,011,603	\$ 13,190,327	\$ 14,015,983

The City restated net position as of June 30, 2010, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2017, and 2018. The restatements are not included in the prior data. *GASB Statement No. 68 was adopted in fiscal year 2015.

**GASB Statement No. 75 was adopted in fiscal year 2018.

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Post-GASB 54 implementation:										
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 115,999	\$ 168,376	\$ 197,513	\$ 265,013	\$ 201,779	\$ 192,141	\$ 199,581	\$ 268,619	\$ 280,819	\$ 251,358
Restricted	1,312,217	326,466	923,689	1,167,594	425,551	758,208	560,413	159,715	110,929	247,364
Committed	11,578,757	12,361,699	11,311,699	10,566,999	11,909,590	13,840,859	3,761,859	1,418,300	-	-
Assigned	3,143,112	5,073,794	2,609,806	2,430,164	1,582,296	2,251,649	24,788,434	595,253	760,861	380,682
Unassigned	17,376,544	16,274,836	16,191,209	14,993,614	15,336,497	14,301,563	13,508,494	14,821,921	13,716,496	7,041,658
Total general fund	\$ 33,526,629	\$ 34,205,171	\$ 31,233,916	\$ 29,423,384	\$ 29,455,713	\$ 31,344,420	\$ 42,818,781	\$ 17,263,808	\$ 14,869,105	\$ 7,921,062
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 289,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	69,721,089	21,733,440	19,888,673	15,067,259	17,529,237	17,029,510	12,639,104	1,990,159	7,519,397	134,686
Committed	1,207,618	2,751,547	9,015,129	11,557,405	7,627,932	5,394,834	2,723,547	1,374,466	856,344	1,401,402
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 70,928,707	\$ 24,484,987	\$ 28,903,802	\$ 26,624,664	\$ 25,157,169	\$ 22,713,611	\$ 15,362,651	\$ 3,364,625	\$ 8,375,741	\$ 1,536,088
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CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	2020	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014		2013		2012		2011
Revenues																	
General property taxes	\$ 63,522,205	\$ 62,075,834	\$	59,073,580	\$	56,233,419	\$	53,951,291	\$	50,587,189	\$ 49,289,149	\$	46,405,519	\$	43,870,383	\$	42,146,436
Other local taxes	17,760,400	18,574,708		17,833,994		17,161,462		16,194,923		15,884,467	15,031,665		14,068,000		13,868,919		13,379,038
Permits, fees, and licenses	2,282,634	2,011,442		1,264,495		1,036,162		1,211,625		1,543,975	1,677,603		916,677		634,184		404,899
Fines and forfeitures	319,927	716,683		514,936		490,773		623,251		662,700	777,485		672,757		763,353		727,990
Charges for services	2,478,972	3,643,258		3,357,278		2,708,257		2,997,544		3,149,616	2,819,182		3,107,315		2,844,768		2,837,487
Use of money and property	2,040,719	1,433,641		726,327		444,740		482,609		275,503	142,860		141,673		105,827		75,495
Miscellaneous	272,815	78,752		76,623		74,667		92,794		145,705	107,966		265,161		204,908		117,019
Recovered costs	248,933	318,002		319,362		376,684		370,918		492,274	477,639		509,488		540,765		461,219
Intergovernmental:	- /	,		/						. , .	,		,		,		- , -
Commonwealth	8,912,512	5,108,652		6,563,134		5,413,953		5,655,194		4,497,255	5,882,944		5,093,110		3,913,214		3,855,857
Federal	1,198,682	1,682,625		1,837,637		814,822		922,939		677,457	1,140,608		776,311		896,997		798,217
Payment from schools	-,,	-,,		-,,		235,100				-	-,,		-		-		-
Total revenues	\$ 99,037,799	\$ 95,643,597	\$	91,567,366	\$	84,990,039	\$	82,503,088	\$	77,916,141	\$ 77,347,101	\$	71,956,011	\$	67,643,318	\$	64,803,657
Expenditures				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			_					,,,,,,,,,
General government	\$ 7,038,815	\$ 7,167,412	S	6,908,253	\$	6,595,540	\$	6,858,045	S	6,569,485	\$ 5,797,523	\$	5,240,051	\$	4,439,532	\$	4,143,809
Judicial administration	1,997,071	2,044,550		2,093,560	Ψ	2,159,891		2,112,412	Ψ.	2,147,174	1,968,347	Ψ	1,820,027	Ψ.	1,594,048		1,486,558
Public safety	10,495,419	10,876,004		11,409,320		11,308,852		12,071,602		11,187,199	10,775,667		9,731,518		9,389,094		8,787,149
Public works	5,846,848	5,609,696		5,884,953		5,415,516		5,841,732		5,285,860	5,628,283		5,759,636		5,266,144		5,325,810
Health and welfare	2,553,157	2,420,572		2,672,200		2,211,781		2,166,326		2,233,258	2,100,636		2,263,633		1,992,565		2,121,788
Parks, recreation, and cultural	4,449,776	4,879,430		4,991,289		4,883,003		4,794,740		4,831,460	4,573,151		4,323,040		4,100,421		4,190,243
Community development	5,028,954	4,146,368		3,442,634		3,231,194		2,311,668		2,073,612	3,486,346		3,324,309		1,754,043		1,416,195
Education	43,396,814	42,351,898		41,181,003		39,848,512		38,554,169		36,889,734	33,801,767		30,426,504		27,685,031		27,874,069
Economic development	491.987	328,600		265,242		437,004		460,337		420,937	351,837		308,788		321,839		316,857
Capital outlay	67,690,376	29,815,579		25,119,075		4,536,405		7,773,871		7,755,174	7,035,360		7,533,141		1,197,634		931,504
Debt service:	07,070,370	27,013,377		23,117,073		4,330,403		7,773,071		7,755,174	7,033,300		7,555,141		1,177,034		751,504
Principal retirement	5,825,502	6,205,522		4,808,130		4,557,831		4,053,392		3,422,300	3,317,300		3,155,583		2,426,259		3,649,375
Interest and fiscal charges	2,784,091	2,061,436		1,868,052		1,746,848		1,872,349		1,777,290	1,219,100		1,149,770		1,649,369		1,445,377
Total expenditures	\$ 157,598,810	\$ 117,907,067		110,643,711	\$	86,932,377	\$	88,870,643	\$	84,593,483	\$ 80,055,317	\$		\$	61,815,979	S	61,688,734
Excess of revenues over (under)	\$ 137,390,010	\$ 117,907,007		110,043,711	Ф.	60,932,377	φ_	00,070,043	Φ	04,393,403	\$ 60,033,317		73,030,000	<u> </u>	01,813,979	<u> </u>	01,000,734
expenditures	¢ (50.561.011)	\$ (22,263,470	۰ ،	(19,076,345)	¢.	(1,942,338)	ø	(6,367,555)	\$	(6 677 242)	\$ (2,708,216)	ø	(2.070.090)	\$	5,827,339	S	2 114 022
1	\$ (58,561,011)	3 (22,203,470) 3	(19,076,343)	3	(1,942,338)	\$	(0,307,333)	D	(6,677,342)	\$ (2,708,210)	Ф	(3,079,989)	3	3,827,339	3	3,114,923
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6 5 722 220	Ф.	œ.		ф	1 010 000	Φ.		ф	(10.22(n 1.562.400	Φ.		ф	000 226	•	
Premium on issuance of bonds		\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,010,000	\$	-	\$	612,326	\$ 1,562,498	\$	-	\$	909,336	5	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(20,000,000)	-		-		-		4 667 952		10 400 000	15 000 000		-		(17,437,909)		-
Proceeds from borrowing	-	-		-		-		4,667,852		10,400,000	15,890,000		-		-		-
Proceeds from capital leases	-	-		-		-		69,065		-	2,887,859		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets	110 200 000	235,000		136,001		605,189		88,715		8,386	-		-		-		784,243
Issuance of debt	118,390,000	20,000,000		22,818,855		-		-		-	-		-		24,120,000		-
Gifts and contributions	202,851	580,908		211,161		1,762,314		2,096,774		732,555	148,492		313,575		218,930		77,687
Transfers in	15,495,989	3,830,564		3,052,520		4,440,560		2,089,514		2,630,650	23,449,213		2,183,076		150,000		150,000
Transfers out	(15,495,989)	(3,830,564)	(3,052,520)		(4,440,560)		(2,089,514)		(2,630,650)	(3,676,847)		(2,033,076)		-		(60,396)
Contribution of water proceeds to pensions				-		-		-		(9,200,000)		_					-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 104,326,189	\$ 20,815,908	\$	23,166,017	\$	3,377,503	\$	6,922,406	\$	2,553,267	\$ 40,261,215	\$	463,575	\$	7,960,357	S	951,534
Net change in fund balances	\$ 45,765,178	\$ (1,447,562		4,089,672	\$		\$	554,851	\$	(4,124,075)	\$ 37,552,999		(2,616,414)	\$	13,787,696	\$	4,066,457
Debt service as a percentage of	- 10,700,170	- (1,117,502		.,002,072		1,100,100	-	22.,031		(1,121,070)			(2,010,111)		-5,707,070	-	.,000,107
noncapital expenditures:	9.58%	9.38%	ó	7.81%		7.65%		7.31%		6.77%	6.21%		6.38%		6.72%		8.39%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.5070	2.507						,			5.2170						

Beginning in 2011, administrative costs charged to the Water Fund and Sewer Fund are classified as reduction in expenditures. In prior years, they were classified as revenues.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

	Real Pro	operty (1)	Personal I			rty (2)	Total Taxable			Actual	Value as a Percentage of
Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property*		Motor Vehicles		Other	Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate(3)		Taxable Value(4)	Assessed Value
2020	\$ 3,023,853,300	\$ 1,289,362,000	\$	119,151,081	\$	37,517,427	\$ 4,469,883,808	\$	1.48	\$ 4,469,883,808	100.00
2019	2,937,819,700	1,233,455,100		117,479,542		38,704,249	4,327,458,591		1.49	4,327,458,591	100.00
2018	2,827,359,400	1,206,357,000		115,141,028		39,441,092	4,188,298,520		1.47	4,188,298,520	100.00
2017	2,755,918,500	1,135,720,643		113,256,298		34,077,053	4,038,972,494		1.45	4,038,972,494	100.00
2016	2,717,628,800	1,037,442,703		117,414,292		32,407,907	3,904,893,702		1.45	3,904,893,702	100.00
2015	2,601,492,400	960,458,253		110,351,553		31,546,003	3,703,848,209		1.44	3,703,848,209	100.00
2014	2,518,781,400	941,171,964		108,271,948		34,045,965	3,602,271,277		1.44	3,602,271,277	100.00
2013	2,399,553,800	900,448,054		104,900,347		32,764,812	3,437,667,013		1.43	3,437,667,013	100.00
2012	2,318,995,150	869,503,840		99,424,184		29,155,268	3,317,078,442		1.41	3,317,078,442	100.00
2011	2,242,533,650	851,357,009		95,126,548		28,060,359	3,217,077,566		1.39	3,217,077,566	100.00

⁽¹⁾ Source: Falls Church Office of Real Estate Assessment. Amounts are reported net of exempt property.

⁽²⁾ Source: Falls Church Treasurer's office. Amounts are reported net of exempt property.

⁽³⁾ Total Direct Tax Rate is calculated using the weighted average method. Rates are per \$100 of valuation.

⁽⁴⁾ Virginia code requires assessment at full market value.

^{*}Includes apartment buildings

DIRECT PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

Year	Property the Fiscal Year)	l Property f the Fiscal Year)	Personal Property	Total Direct Rate (1)
2020	\$ 1.355	\$ 1.355	\$ 5.00	1.48
2019	1.355	1.355	5.00	1.49
2018	1.330	1.330	5.00	1.47
2017	1.315	1.315	5.00	1.45
2016	1.315	1.315	4.84	1.45
2015	1.305	1.305	4.84	1.44
2014	1.305	1.305	4.84	1.44
2013	1.270	1.305	4.84	1.43
2012	1.270	1.270	4.84	1.41
2011	1.240	1.270	4.71	1.39

Note: Total Direct Tax Rate is calculated using the weighted average method. Rates are per \$100 of valuation.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Ten Years Ago (unaudited)

			2020				2011	
Taxpayer		Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Falls Church Owner LLC	\$	118,851,200	1	2.76 %	\$			- %
	Φ				Ф	-		- 70
SHF II Pearson Square, LLC		94,850,000	2	2.20		-		-
TMW Pearson Square, LLC		-		-		78,414,300	1	2.53
Falls Church Country Club (Apartments)		-		-		66,182,700	2	2.13
Falls Church DVMT Partners LLC		76,696,700	3	1.78		-		-
Lincoln FChurch VA LLC		75,014,700	4	1.74		-		-
Eden Center, Inc.		56,924,700	5	1.32		47,561,100	4	1.53
Federal Realty Investment Trust		52,368,000	6	1.21		18,239,900	10	0.59
Morguard Falls Church LLC		41,668,200	7	0.97		-		-
BJ'S GL I, LLC & II, LLC		33,144,200	8	0.77		25,175,000	5	0.81
Koons Falls Ch Properties, Inc.		30,540,300	9	0.71		-		-
Washreit Roosevelt Towers LLC		28,230,800	10	0.65		-		-
Aimco Merrill House, LLC		-		-		19,230,300	8	0.62
Waterford Falls Church II LLC		-		-		49,554,800	3	1.60
Koons, James		-		-		24,252,000	6	0.78
West Falls Parcel, Inc.		-		-		19,864,400	7	0.64
HPTMI III Properties Trust		-				18,471,700	9	0.60
Totals	\$	608,288,800	:	14.11 %	\$	366,946,200	=	11.83 %

Source: Fall Church Office of Real Estate Assessment. Values as of January 1. Beginning in FY2015, the City changed its tax year to coincide with the fiscal year, using the assessment as of the previous January 1. FY2020 revenues are based on the assessments as of January 1, 2019.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Calendar Years

(unaudited)

Collected within the

	Year Taxes Levied		axes Levied	Year of t	he Levy		(Collections	Total Collections to Date				
_	Ended June 30			Amount	Percentage of Levy		in	Subsequent Years*		Amount	Percentage of Levy		
	2020	\$	63,726,996	\$ 59,011,190	92.60	%	\$	-	\$	59,011,190	92.60	%	
	2019		61,929,574	61,452,683	99.23			-		61,452,683	99.23		
	2018		58,922,168	58,364,540	99.05			-		58,751,473	99.71		
	2017		56,038,932	55,298,718	98.68			662,988		55,961,706	99.86		
	2016		53,442,741	52,681,973	98.58			687,239		53,369,212	99.86		
	2015		50,737,788	49,637,858	97.83			1,017,292		50,655,150	99.84		
	2014		49,400,707	48,431,361	98.04			902,287		49,333,648	99.86		
	2013		46,554,891	45,686,242	98.13			796,685		46,482,927	99.85		
	2012		44,293,509	43,620,632	98.48			608,141		44,228,773	99.85		
	2011		42,206,497	41,495,508	98.32			653,214		42,148,722	99.86		

Notes: Property tax levies and collections include real estate taxes and personal property taxes, and excludes Commonwealth of Virginia Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA) reimbursement.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

		Governmenta	l Activities			Business-typ	e Activities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Bond Premiums and Discounts	General Obligation Notes	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds	Bond Premiums and Discounts	Note Payable*	Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Debt Per Capita
2020	\$ 174,431,539	\$ 8,388,479	\$ 330,009	\$ 705,947	\$ 12,646,032	\$ 359,618	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 196,861,624	N/A %	\$ 13,737
2019	61,859,233	3,032,273	20,658,380	738,020	12,616,245	288,204	-	-	99,192,355	N/A	6,922
2018	68,043,928	3,274,841	985,119	262,087	13,724,001	308,665	-	-	86,598,641	0.09	5,989
2017	51,124,621	2,354,723	-	342,592	14,173,447	289,039	-	-	68,284,422	0.07	4,786
2016	54,657,852	2,539,614	368,587	269,952	10,515,183	459,406	2,441,103	1,905,979	73,157,676	0.08	5,180
2015	54,035,000	2,724,506	735,378	277,354	9,097,085	487,785	2,662,896	2,077,008	72,097,012	0.08	5,083
2014	47,057,300	2,282,095	1,105,320	-	8,120,647	458,541	2,876,161	2,243,020	64,143,084	0.07	4,744
2013	34,484,600	839,287	-	-	23,043,537	434,421	6,435,017	2,404,161	67,641,023	0.08	5,080
2012	37,640,183	913,058	-	-	23,902,864	779,642	6,979,830	2,482,949	72,698,526	0.08	5,609
2011	32,039,513	754,123	-	-	25,298,037	724,786	7,842,215	2,712,398	69,371,072	0.09	5,520

⁽¹⁾ Based on personal income for Fairfax, Fairfax City and Falls Church shown on Table 12 N/A There is no census data available for personal income.

* The City restated net position as of June 30, 2010, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2017, and 2018. The restatements are not included in the prior data.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

Fiscal Year		В	General Obligation onds, Net of Premiums ad Discounts	 General Obligation Notes	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actua Taxable Value o Property	 Per Capita		
	2020	\$	195,825,668	\$ 330,009	\$ 195,495,659	4.37	%	\$ 13,641	
	2019		77,795,955	20,658,380	57,137,575	1.32		3,987	
	2018		85,351,435	985,119	84,366,316	2.01		5,834	
	2017		67,941,830	-	67,941,830	1.68		4,761	
	2016		68,172,055	368,587	67,803,468	1.74		4,801	
	2015		66,344,376	735,378	65,608,998	1.77		4,626	
	2014		57,918,583	1,105,320	56,813,263	1.58		4,202	
	2013		58,801,845	-	58,801,845	1.71		4,416	
	2012		63,235,747	-	63,235,747	1.91		4,879	
	2011		58,816,459	-	58,816,459	1.83		4,680	

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	 2016	 2015	2014	2013	 2012		2011
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	\$ 431,321,530 196,861,624 234,459,906	 417,127,480 98,901,877 318,225,603	\$ 403,371,640 83,015,135 320,356,505	\$ 389,163,914 65,640,660 323,523,254	\$ 375,507,150 68,428,875 307,078,275	\$ 351,883,470 84,869,725 267,013,745	\$ 357,216,255 58,054,108 299,162,147	\$ 334,774,418 63,963,154 270,811,264	25,124,867 68,522,877 56,601,990	_	312,665,676 65,179,765 247,485,911
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	45.64%	23.71%	20.58%	16.87%	18.22%	24.12%	16.25%	19.11%	21.08%		20.85%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2020

Assessed value	\$ 4,313,215,300
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	431,321,530
Less debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	195,825,668
Capital leases	705,947
Notes payable	330,009
Total net debt applicable to limit	196,861,624
Legal debt margin	\$ 234,459,906

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Calendar Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year			Personal Income (2)		er Capita ersonal come (3)	Median Age (4)	School Enrollment(5)	Unemployment Rate (6)			
2020	14,331	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	N/A	2,661	4.80 %			
2019	14,331		N/A		N/A	N/A	2,645	2.20			
2018	14,460		98,116,827		82,441	38.8	2,698	2.40			
2017	14,269		92,981,699		78,430	39.7	2,670	2.90			
2016	14,123		90,673,370		76,787	38.9	2,509	3.00			
2015	14,183		89,703,010		76,185	37.7	2,456	3.30			
2014	13,522		86,175,634		73,445	36.7	2,421	4.00			
2013	13,315		81,931,368		70,109	37.0	2,272	4.40			
2012	12,960		83,884,084		72,533	36.9	2,178	4.40			
2011	12,567		79,950,649		70,223	38.8	2,079	4.60			

Sources:

- (1) Source: Years 2011-2018 are based on Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service estimate; numbers are estimates as of July 1. 2020 numbers are shown at 2019 levels.
- (2)Source: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis for Fairfax, Fairfax City & Falls Church. 2018 and 2019 data not yet available.
- (3) Source: U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates
- (4) Source: City of Falls Church Public School Board, Seat Enrollment.
- (5) Source: Virginia Employment Commission Local Area Unemployment Statistics as of June of each year.
- NA Not available.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS **Current Year and Nine Years Ago** (unaudited)

		2020		2011				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment (2)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment		
Falls Church City Schools	616	1	7.75 %	386	1	5.47 %		
Falls Church City Government	295	2	3.71	284	2	4.03		
Kaiser Permanante	250	3	3.14	260	3	3.69		
Markon Solutions	242	4	3.04					
Koon's Ford	193	5	2.43	175	5	2.48		
Tax Analysts	171	6	2.15	184	4	2.61		
VL Home Health Care, Inc	160	7	2.01					
Giant Food Store	135	8	-	145	7	2.06		
Harris Teeter	125	9	1.57					
Don Beyer Volvo	113	10	142.00	92	9	1.30		
BG Healthcare Services				150	6	2.13		
Care Options				100	8	1.42		
Home Instead Senior Care				82	10	1.16		
Total	2,300		167.80 %	1,858		26.35 %		

Source: Finance and Economic Development Office
Total employment estimate of 7,952 for June 2020 and 7,052 for June 2010 from Virginia Employment Commission.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program	· ·					·				
General government	48.65	48.20	48.65	48.65	46.90	45.74	39.74	37.90	35.55	35.92
Judicial administration	15.73	15.23	15.23	14.23	13.73	13.61	13.61	13.76	12.76	13.26
Public safety	54.08	50.50	51.50	54.50	54.60	51.60	51.10	51.20	51.20	52.20
Public works	29.05	30.40	32.15	29.60	30.10	29.95	27.65	28.94	28.60	28.00
Health and Welfare	4.90	4.90	4.90	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	5.00	5.00	5.90
Parks, recreation, and cultural	32.25	32.25	31.25	31.45	31.25	30.05	29.95	29.95	30.05	31.55
Community development	22.00	20.00	18.00	18.00	16.00	15.90	15.81	15.81	13.81	13.81
Economic development	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57.60	57.85	56.98
Sewer	5.15	4.40	4.40	4.58	4.92	4.50	4.25	4.30	4.30	4.10
Storm water	6.70	6.00	6.30	7.82	7.98	8.65	9.20		-	
Total	220.51	213.88	215.38	216.63	213.28	207.80	198.11	246.46	241.12	243.72

Source: Adopted Budget for City of Falls Church. Only permanent employees are included. The City also employs temporary, on-call, and seasonal employees.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program										
General Government Communications										
Number of Media Releases	N/A	121	117	189	236	207	N/A	N/A	167	118
eFOCUS Newsletter Subscribers	N/A	1.634	1,263	1.151	1.142	940	N/A	N/A	1.388	N/A
Number of Social Media Followers	N/A	10,921	13,776	12,842	5,347	3,716	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Judicial Administration										
Court Services										
Aurora House Recidivism	0%	0%	7%	8%	10%	10%	0%	0%	0%	8%
Aura House Program Completion	98%	96%	N/A	100%	93%	100%	90%	98%	83%	92%
Court Services Juvenile Recidivism	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6%	5%	9%	10%	16%
Court Services Adult Recidivism	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0%	4%	6%	6%	23%
Public safety										
Police										
Part I Crimes (1)	589	269	293	286	353	310	303	309	270	268
Calls for Service	31,306	43,578	42,921	34,371	31,387	23,574	26,210	27,411	26,189	26,485
Accidents	96	151	157	169	197	204	182	180	188	224
Traffic Enforcement	1202	2177	2,007	2,346	3,311	3,313	4,749	5,314	5,704	8,614
DWI Arrests	54	46	34	54	56	97	108	106	127	95
Inspections										
Plan Review	995	1,010	1,147	1,028	990	923	821	N/A	666	N/A
Stop Work Orders	13	9	22	23	24	11	10	N/A	10	N/A
Fire Marshal										
Fire Inspections Performed	223	N/A	294	287	289	281	186	198	182	152
Fire Code Violations Cited	858	N/A	777	812	997	1,009	359	514	646	308
Fire Code Permits Issued	252	N/A	283	281	267	282	147	123	119	101
Fires Reported and Investigated	9	NA	5	3	9	8	5	7	2	3
Estimated Fire/Explosion Loss	\$300,000	NA	\$865,000	\$325,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 1,538,000	\$ 1,763,500	\$ 259,500	\$ 13,000	\$ 2,200
Public works										
Refuse collected (tons)	N/A	2,289	3,049	2,020	2,073	1,977	2,149	2,073	2,015	2,150
Recycling collected (tons)	N/A	3,479	3,620	3,018	3,091	2,926	2,806	3,364	3,241	3,315
Street Resurfacing (miles)	3.30	N/A	N/A	4.84	5.31	3.50	2.75	2	-	1
Health and Welfare										
Housing and Human Services										
Information/Referral Contacts	1,969	2,587	2,709	2,901	3,009	2,396	2,399	2,136	2,459	3,149
Education										
Student Membership	2,661	2,645	2,698	2,670	2,509	2,456	2,421	2,272	2,178	2,079
Student Weinbership	2,001	2,043	2,098	2,070	2,309	2,430	2,421	2,212	2,176	2,079

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Parks, Recreational and Cultural										
Parks & Recreation										
Special Events	115	115	130	124	195	174	172	174	171	181
Class participants	3,022	3,284	3,079	3,118	3,146	3,134	3,981	4,065	3,072	2,663
Room Reservations (4)	6,969	6,361	6,351	4,854	6,028	7,035	6,376	6,237	6,455	6,569
Tennis Reservations (2)	3,391	1,260	1,970	831	854	440	1,021	642	922	1,422
Youth Sports Participants	2,454	3,234	3,044	3,104	3,036	3,226	2,677	2,509	2,423	1,987
Adult Sports Teams	65	73	98	97	96	120	118	114	111	114
Teen Dance Participants	520	455	650	800	400	500	625	750	827	777
Teen Center Attendance	300	500	500	700	700	900	1,300	1,500	1,722	3,500
Summer Camps Offered	192	287	264	237	263	192	220	274	224	244
Summer Camp Participants	4,194	5,349	5,523	5,482	5,689	5,810	5,103	5,432	5,000	5,002
Senior Center lunch meals served (3)	-	-	-	-	198	792	660	521	519	928
Library:										
Size of collection (all formats)	142,053	121,402	153,181	148,955	148,636	144,100	132,031	147,659	146,422	142,728
Total circulation of all materials	366,603	502,695	476,669	501,827	465,687	469,102	461,394	446,563	442,480	426,272
Total visits to library (door count)	210,000	320,000	313,429	308,393	310,251	325,512	316,430	297,468	307,466	283,773
Number of registered borrowers	34,148	32,314	30,152	27,540	27,413	29,025	28,362	25,914	24,056	28,395
Number of website visits/yr	333,439	356,379	433,909	380,319	566,877	187,993	N/A	226,961	137,342	154,284
Number of programs/yr	448	713	802	970	738	785	654	554	518	603
Attendance at programs	14,142	30,055	36,267	36,598	27,087	28,119	18,924	17,370	15,761	20,345
Community development:										
Planning										
Development Inquiries	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	29,802	23,732	N/A	N/A	20,353	8,927
Plans Reviewed	N/A	N/A	2	26						
Code/Policy Review	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Zoning										
Development Inquiries	N/A	N/A	508	490	492	366	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,100
Permits/Plans Reviewed	445	515	582	593	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	708	600
Urban Forestry										
Development Inquiries	91	N/A	153	43	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Permits/Plans Reviewed	29	N/A	49	75	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Trees Planted/removed/pruned	821	N/A	1,079	1,217	1,372	1,372	1,067	708	N/A	N/A
Water										
New connection applications	N/A	74	218	265						
Water main breaks	N/A	165	93	148						
Tracer main oreans	1 1/ / 1	1 1/ / 1	1 4/ 2 1	1 1/ / 1	1 1/ / 1	1 1/ / 1	1 1/ / 1	103)3	170

Sources:

Reported by individual departments

Notes:

N/A- Not available

- (1) Part I crimes are defined as murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assult, burglary, grand larceny, auto theft, arson.
- (2) Four courts were under renovation and out of service during the year.
- (3) The Senior Center Meals program was canceled as of August 31, 2015.
 (4) Room Reservations are calculated as a Maintenance Facility Schedule Total Records in Range Minus Tennis Reservations total Library - Librarian

Building permits - City Planner

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(unaudited)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program										
General Government										
City Hall	1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	1	1	1	1 1	1
Gage House	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	1	1
Judicial Administration (1) Court Services										
Aurora House (Facility)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Aurora House Passenger Van	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Court Services Passenger Van	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public safety (2)										
Fire Stations (3)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
Streets-Miles/Lane Miles	84	84	84	84	73	73	72	32	32	32
Traffic signals	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	29	29	29
Streetlights	226	226	226	226	191	191	198	142	142	142
Refuse Trucks		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Education										
School Buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Parks, Recreational and Cultural Recreation & Parks:										
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cherry Hill Farmhouse & Barn	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Neighborhood Parks	14 10	14 10	14 10	14 10	13 10	13 10	13 10	13 10	13 10	13 10
Tennis courts Basketball courts	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Vehicles	5	5	5	5	7	7	7	7	7	6
Library:	_	_	-			•		•	•	-
Library (Facility)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community development:	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Urban Forestry										
Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Water										
Water Mains (Miles)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	502	500	497
Tanks	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	10	10	10
Pumps	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	29	29	29
Fire Hydrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,286	3,253	3,220
Sewer										
Sanitary Sewer Mains (Miles)	47	47	47	47	43	43	47	44	44	44
Sanitary Sewer Manholes	1,280	1,280	1,280	1,280	1,013	1,012	1,155	1,190	1,186	1,186
Stormwater	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Storm Sewer Mains (Miles)	31	31	31	31	27	27	31	N/A	N/A	N/A
Storm Sewer Structures	1,864	1,864	1,864	1,860	1,400	1,400	1,754	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1,001	1,001	1,001	1,000	-,	1,.00	.,,			

Notes

NA-Not Available

- (1) The City Hall Serves as the City Court House
 (2) The police station is located in City Hall
 (3) Fire Services are provided by Arlington County under contract

COMPLIANCE SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Falls Church, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Falls Church, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-001.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Harrisonburg, Virginia January 8, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Falls Church, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Falls Church, Virginia's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, the terms, and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Harrisonburg, Virginia January 8, 2021

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2020

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act
Sheriff Internal Controls

State Agency Requirements
Education
Urban Highway Maintenance
Stormwater Management Program
Fire Program Aid to Localities

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

LOCAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

City Charter City Code Other City Regulations

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings related to the major program**.
- 7. The program tested as major was:

Name of Program	CFDA#		
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City was determined to be a **low-risk auditee**.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2020

D. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

2020-001: Highway Maintenance Testing

Conditions:

In one out of twenty work orders tested, we noted labor locations were not allocated properly from the work order to the accounting records. In three out of twenty work orders tested, we noted work was performed on ineligible streets per the Urban Highway Manual. In one out of twenty work orders tested, we noted labor expenses that were not eligible per the Urban Highway Manual.

Recommendations:

We recommended reviewing or otherwise reconciling work orders to the accounting records. We recommended verifying eligibility of streets by reviewing the City's Urban Maintenance Inventory. We recommended verifying eligibility of work performed by reviewing Daily Field Reports.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

Management is in agreement with the finding. Discussions have been made with staff to implement review procedures to ensure accuracy of work allocations, to establish a process of verifying eligibility of streets being included in the report using the Urban Maintenance Inventory, and to review eligible activities under the Urban Highway Manual.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

B. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

2019-001: Highway Maintenance Testing

Condition:

In one out of twenty work orders tested, we noted labor expenses that were not eligible per the Urban Highway Manual.

Recommendation:

We recommended verifying eligibility of work performed by reviewing Daily Field Reports.

Current Status: We noted this issue in two of twenty work orders tested in fiscal year 2020.

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/ Grant Program	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through ID Number	Federal Expenditures	Total Expenditures by Cluster
U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass-through payments:				
Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services		201919N10994 1 /		
National School Lunch Program	10.555		\$ 94,983	
School Breakfast Program Subtotal for Cluster	10.553	202020N10994 1	50,604	\$ 145,587
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		_	145,587	145,587
NO.D			_	
U.S. Department of Treasury Direct payments:				
Treasury Executive Office for Asset Forfeiture	21.016	N/A	10,557	10,557
Pass-through payments:			.,	.,
Virginia Department of Accounts				
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A	389,945	389,945
Total U.S. Department of Treasury		-	400,502	400,502
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Pass-through payments:				
County of Arlington, Virginia:				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218		78,617	78,617
Home Investments Partnership Program	14.239	N/A	15,825	15,825
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		-	94,442	94,442
U.S. Department of Justice				
Direct payments:				
Seized assets	16.922	N/A	714	714
Total U.S. Department of Justice		-	714	714
U.S. Department of Transportation Pass-through payments: Commonwealth Virginia Department of Transportation		110332/109954/111402/11 5539/108295/109953/1095		
		71/111483/110335/110038/		
Highway Planning and Construction Subtotal for Cluster	20.205	102555/112465	626,089	626,089
Northern Virginia Transportation Commission		-	626,089	626,089
E-d	20.500	72510-18/72507-08/ 72508-	4 797	4,787
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants Commonwealth Virginia Department of Motor Vehicle	20.300		4,787	4,/8/
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	20.600	FSC-2020-50130-20130/ FSC-2020-50212-20212	7,508	7,508
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		_	638,384	638,384
U.S. Department of Education				
Pass-through payments:				
Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027		456,372	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A170112 / H173A180112	10,582	
Subtotal for Cluster	04.010	S010A180046	2.145	466,954
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S424A170048 /	2,145	2,145
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program English Language Acquisition Grants	84.424 84.365		6,596 4,188	6,596 4,188
		S367A170044 /		
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	V048A170046 /	43,497	43,497
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A190046	18,218	18,218
Total U.S. Department of Education		_	541,598	541,598
U.S. Library of Congress				
National Enowment for Humanities	45 1 40	NI/A	4.544	4.546
Promotion of the Humanities Division of Preservation and Access	45.149	N/A	4,546	4,546
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		<u></u>	\$ 1,825,773	\$ 1,825,773

CITY OF FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

I. Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting as contemplated by generally accepted accounting principles.

II. Non-Cash Assistance

The City of Falls Church participated in the National School Lunch Program, CFDA Number 10.555, which provides non-cash benefits. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards includes commodity distributions of \$70,043 from the National School Lunch Program.

III. De Minimus Indirect Cost Rate

The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

IV. Outstanding Loan Balances

At June 30, 2020, the City had no outstanding loan balances requiring continuing disclosure.