# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSYLVANIA COUNTY

# (A COMPONENT UNIT OF PITTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VIRGINIA)

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSYLVANIA COUNTY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF PITTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VIRGINIA) FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD MEMBERS

Joey Faucette, Chairman John Daniel, Vice Chairman Kim Van Der Hyde, Secretary/Treasurer Ronnie Haymore Timothy Reynolds Bill Nuckols Steven Merricks Charles Minter FINANCIAL SECTION



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County Chatham, Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County, a component unit of Pittsylvania County, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County, as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2021 on our consideration of Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Farmer, Lox Resociates

Blacksburg, Virginia November 1, 2021

**Basic Financial Statements** 

#### Exhibit 1

#### Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County (A Component Unit of Pittsylvania County, Virginia) Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,909,957
Notes receivable, current portion		2,796,118
Interest receivable		5,121
Inventory:		
Property held for resale		1,303,700
Total current assets	\$	6,014,896
Noncurrent Assets:		
Notes receivable, net of current portion	\$	1,370,032
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		
Land		497,442
Construction in progress		591,623
Industrial building		654,603
Total capital assets	\$	1,743,668
Total noncurrent assets	\$	3,113,700
Total assets	\$	9,128,596
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
	\$	25,000
Accounts payable	Ş	25,000
Accounts payable - construction		183,658
Interest payable		21,549
Security deposit		6,750
Unearned revenue		797,817
Notes payable, current portion		2,779,754
Bond payable, current portion		96,067
Total current liabilities	\$	3,910,595
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Notes payable, net of current portion	\$	234,880
Bond payable, net of current portion		1,953,072
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	2,187,952
Total liabilities	\$	6,098,547
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,560,010
Unrestricted	4	1,470,039
Total net position	\$	3,030,049

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Exhibit 2

#### Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County (A Component Unit of Pittsylvania County, Virginia) Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Operating Revenues:		
Rent revenue	\$	66,000
Contributions from Pittsylvania County	Ļ	54,813
Other miscellaneous		1,200
other miscettaneous		1,200
Total operating revenues	\$	122,013
Operating Expenses:		
Bank fees	\$	160
Insurance		1,488
Professional services		15,764
Travel		418
Miscellaneous		1,140
Contribution to Pittsylvania County Schools		96,126
Depreciation		17,828
Total operating expenses	\$	132,924
Operating income (loss)	\$	(10,911)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Interest income	\$	138,903
Loan issuance costs		(188,851)
Interest expense		(167,908)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(217,856)
Income (loss) before contributions	\$	(228,767)
Capital contributions	\$	853,430
Change in net position	\$	624,663
Net position, beginning of year		2,405,386
Net position, end of year	\$	3,030,049

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Exhibit 3

#### Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County (A Component Unit of Pittsylvania County, Virginia) Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	¢	(( 000
Receipts from renters	\$	66,000 54,812
Receipts from Pittsylvania County, Virginia Receipts from others		54,813 1,200
Payments for incentives		(96,126)
Payments to suppliers		(4,687)
		(1,007)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	21,200
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(564,852)
Unearned corporate contributions for construction		797,817
Issuance cost of indebtedness		(166,351)
Corporate contributions for construction		706,220
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	772,834
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Principal payments on indebtedness	\$	(1,733,449)
Interest payments on indebtedness		(181,993)
Issuance cost of indebtedness		(22,500)
Issuance of bonds payable		1,150,000
Issuance of notes payable		25,215
Issuance of notes receivable		(1,175,214)
Principal payments received on notes receivable		1,993,118
Interest received		151,287
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	206,464
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,000,498
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		909,459
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,909,957
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(10,911)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation		17,828
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in receivables		5,599
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		7,196
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		1,488
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	21,200
Supplemental disclosure required:		
Interest paid during the year on indebtedness	\$	181,993
Construction payables	ŕ	183,658
Construction paid directly by corporation		147,210

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the Authority conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity:

The Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County, Virginia was created as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of Pittsylvania County, Virginia on November 4, 1969, pursuant to the provisions of the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act (Chapter 33, Section 15.1-1373, et seq., of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended). The Authority is governed by seven directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Pittsylvania County, Virginia. It is authorized to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to the end that such activities may promote industry and develop trade by inducing enterprises to locate and remain in Pittsylvania County, Virginia. The Authority is a component unit of Pittsylvania County, Virginia.

In addition, the Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of obtaining and constructing facilities. Liability under the bonds may be retained by the Authority or it may be assumed by the enterprises for whom facilities are constructed. Collection of revenues pledged to liquidate the bonds may be assigned to a trustee. The revenue bonds are not deemed to constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Virginia or any municipality thereof. The bonds are payable solely from revenues generated from the lease or sale of the facilities constructed and may be secured by a deed of trust on those facilities.

#### B. Basis of Presentation:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with current reporting standards, which provides that the following sections be included in the annual financial report:

- 1. Management discussion and analysis (omitted)
- 2. Basic financial statements including a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows
- 3. Notes to financial statements

#### C. Basis of Accounting:

For financial reporting purposes, Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County is considered a special-purpose government, engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the Authority's financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred.

#### NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

#### D. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as shortterm investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### F. <u>Prepaid Items:</u>

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### G. <u>Capital Assets</u>:

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current or previous fiscal year.

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost. No depreciation is taken on industrial projects, which are held for the purpose of development and resale.

Property, plant, equipment, and leasehold improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	40

#### H. Pass-through Financing Leases and Installment Sales:

The principal activities of the Authority represent pass-through leases or installments sales. These agreements provided for periodic payments in amounts which are equal to the principal and interest payments due to project bond holders.

The Authority has assigned all rights to the payments to the trustees, agents or the holders of the bonds, and the lessees or purchasers have assumed responsibility for all operating costs such as utilities, repairs and property taxes. In such cases, the Authority neither receives nor disburses funds.

#### NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

#### H. <u>Pass-through Financing Leases and Installment Sales</u>: (Continued)

Although title to these properties may rest with the Authority, bargain purchase options or other provisions eliminate any equity interest that would otherwise be retained in the lease transactions. Deeds of trust secure outstanding bond obligations and title will pass to the lessee or purchaser at such time as the bonds are fully paid.

Although the Authority provides a conduit to execute such transactions, it does not retain either the benefits of asset ownership or the liability for bond liquidation. Accordingly, the Authority does not recognize assets, liabilities, rental income or interest expense in its financial statements.

I. <u>Net Position</u>:

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as net position.

The Authority's net position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This category represents the net value of capital assets (property, plant, and equipment less accumulated depreciation) reduced by the debt incurred to acquire or construct the asset, if any.

<u>Restricted</u> - This category includes resources for which the Authority is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from charges to customers for goods received, services rendered or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. These resources are used for transactions relating to the operations of the Authority and may be used at the Authority's discretion to meet current expenses for any lawful purposes.

#### J. <u>Net Position Flow Assumption</u>:

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the Authority financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

#### K. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Authority does not have any deferred inflows or outflows of resources as of June 30, 2021.

L. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>:

The Authority received \$1,504,013 in an upfront construction contribution and rental payments from a Company that entered into a lease to construct a building on Authority property. As of June 30, 2021, the Authority had not incurred eligible expenses of \$797,817 and the rental period had not begun.

#### NOTE 2-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The Authority did not have any investments as of June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 3-INVENTORY: PROPERTY HELD FOR RESALE:

The Authority purchases land and develops it to promote industry in Pittsylvania County, Virginia. The Authority records this land at the lower of cost or market. The total recorded value as of June 30, 2021 was \$1,303,700.

#### NOTE 4-NOTES RECEIVABLE:

The Authority has multiple note receivable agreements with various companies in an effort to boost economic development in Pittsylvania County. Payments related to those agreements are due to the Authority as noted below:

Year Ending	Notes Receivable							
 June 30,	 Principal			Interest				
2022	\$	2,796,118	Ş	122,589				
2023		76,040		19,694				
2024		78,492		17,243				
2025		17,244		6,441				
2026		1,166,364		52,500				
2027-2031		31,892		-				
Totals	\$ 	4,166,150	\$	218,467				

A lease agreement was entered into with Intertape Polymer Group, Inc., as of July 29, 2003, for the construction and permanent financing for a 200,000 square foot distribution facility that would be leased to Intertape Polymer Group. Terms of the lease agreement require Intertape Polymer Group to make payments to the Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County that are sufficient to redeem and pay interest on the Industrial Development's corresponding note payable. As of June 30, 2021, the amount of principal due under this agreement totaled \$2,722,474.

The Authority purchased manufacturing equipment on behalf of Panacea Biomatx, Inc. which they need to produce their product. On April 19, 2018 the Authority entered into a manufacturing equipment lease with the Panacea Biomatx, Inc. (the "Company"). The Company is making payments of \$9,100 consisting of principal and interest on the Authority's note dated January 17, 2019 and the remaining amount paid into a debt reserve. As of June 30, 2021, the amount of principal due under this agreement is \$179,966.

The Authority also financed \$143,710 of required upfitting of the building that was purchased in which Panacea Biomatx, Inc. is leasing. The total cost of the upfit was \$310,194, of which Panacea Biomatx, Inc. funded \$166,484. Panacea Biomatx, Inc. is paying monthly payments of \$1,364 until the note is paid off. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the note is \$113,710.

On March 22, 2021, the Authority issued a promissory note with RealtyLink USA, LLC in the amount of \$350,000. This note is payable in a lump sum in March 2026 including 3% interest.

On March 22, 2021, the Authority issued a promissory note with RealtyLink USA, LLC in the amount of \$800,000. This note is payable in a lump sum in March 2026 including 0% interest.

#### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSYLVANIA COUNTY (A Component Unit of Pittsylvania County, Virginia) Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 5-OPERATING LEASES:

The Authority entered into a facility lease on July 10, 2018 with Panacea Biomax, Inc. (Tenant). The Tenant and Authority entered into a Local Performance Agreement under which the Tenant agreed to locate and establish a manufacturing operation in Pittsylvania County. The Authority obtained financing to purchase property and for upfitting of the building for the Tenant. The lease agreement provides for a monthly base rent of \$5,500 for 120 months.

#### NOTE 6-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance July 1, 2020		Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2021
_						
\$	991,123	\$	1,150,000	\$	(91,984)\$	2,049,139
	4,630,884		25,215		(1,641,465)	3,014,634
_						
\$_	5,622,007	\$	1,175,215	\$	(1,733,449) \$	5,063,773
	- \$ \$	July 1, 2020 \$ 991,123 4,630,884	July 1, 2020 \$ 991,123 \$ 4,630,884	July 1, 2020   Issuances     \$ 991,123 \$   1,150,000     4,630,884   25,215	July 1, 2020 Issuances   \$ 991,123 \$ 1,150,000 \$   4,630,884 25,215	July 1, 2020   Issuances   Retirements     \$ 991,123 \$ 1,150,000 \$ (91,984) \$     4,630,884   25,215 (1,641,465)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings										
Year Ending	_	Notes	s Pay	/able		Revenue Bonds					
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest			
2022	\$	2,779,754	\$	124,452	\$	96,067	\$	38,418			
2023		59,677		19,694		100,331		34,154			
2024		62,128		17,243		104,784		29,700			
2025		113,075		6,442		109,436		25,049			
2026		-		-		1,264,293		20,192			
2027-2031		-		-		374,228		29,226			
Totals	\$	3,014,634	\$	167,831	\$	2,049,139	\$	176,739			

#### NOTE 6-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Continued)

#### Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest	Issue	Installment	Final Amount of Maturity Original			Balance	C	Amount Due Within	
	Rates	Date	Amounts	Date	Issue	0	utstanding		One Year	
Direct Borrowings										
Lease Revenue Bonds:										
Panacea	4.39%	1/30/2018	\$67,242 (sa)**	2/1/2029	\$ 1,079,198	\$	899,139	\$	96,067	
RealtyLink	0.00%	3/1/2021	lump sum	7/16/2025	1,150,000		1,150,000		-	
Notes Payable:										
Intertape Polymer Group	3.95%	6/1/2015	30,325 (m)*	6/1/2022	5,350,000		2,722,474		2,722,474	
Panacea	4.05%	1/17/2019	6,614 (m)	11/17/2024	650,000		292,160	_	57,280	
Total Direct Borrowings						\$	5,063,773	\$	2,875,821	
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	5,063,773	\$	2,875,821	

(sa) - semi-annual installments, including interest as applicable

(m) - monthly installments, including interest as applicable

\*installments also include an irregular final payment

\*\*semi-annual payments include small change - amount noted is average payment

lump sum bond is due in one lump sum payment at maturity

The direct borrowings above are all secured by a deed of trust and the land, buildings, and equipment of the corresponding companies.

On May 27, 2021, the Authority agreed to terms on a commercial construction permanent mortgage in the amount of \$8,592,280. The mortgage has a variable interest rate and is interest only for the first 18 months. The mortgage is secured by the building included in construction in progress in Hurt, Virginia. As of June 30, 2021, the Authority has not drawn against this mortgage.

#### NOTE 7-CONDUIT FINANCING:

On January 30, 2018, the Authority issued a \$1,803,802 tax-exempt bond bearing interest at 3.59% that matures on June 30, 2028. The bond proceeds were used for various projects for the benefit of Pittsylvania County, Virginia (the County). The County intends to repay this debt and has agreed to report the debt on their financial statements. Therefore, the impact of this issuance is not reported on the statement of net position of the Authority. The balance on this bond as of June 30, 2021 was \$1,328,444 as reported in the County's financial statements.

#### NOTE 8-CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Certain programs in which the Authority participates were audited in accordance with the applicable specifications. Pursuant to the provisions of current guidance certain programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, an awarding agency may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

#### NOTE 9-CAPITAL ASSETS:

As of June 30, 2021, capital assets consist of the following:

	Beginning Balance		lı	ncreases	Decre	eases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	193,345	\$	304,097	\$	-	\$ 497,442
Construction in progress		-		591,623		-	591,623
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	193,345	\$	895,720	\$	-	\$ 1,089,065
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	713,118	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 713,118
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(40,687)	\$	(17,828)	\$	-	\$ (58,515)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	672,431	\$	(17,828)	\$	-	\$ 654,603
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	865,776	\$	877,892	\$	-	\$ 1,743,668

#### NOTE 10-COMMITMENTS:

As of June 30, 2021, the Authority had committed to paying the construction costs as follows:

	Amount of Amount				Accounts	Retainage
Project	Contract		Outstanding		Payable	Payable
Staunton River Plastics	\$ 9,926,582	\$	9,334,960	\$	124,496	\$ 59,162

#### NOTE 11-LITIGATION:

As of June 30, 2021, there were no matters of litigation involving the Authority which would materially affect the Authority's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

#### NOTE 12-COVID-19 PANDEMIC:

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency stemming from a new strain of coronavirus that was spreading globally (the "COVID-19 outbreak"). On March 11, 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, triggering volatility in financial markets and a significant negative impact on the global economy. The COVID-19 pandemic has developed rapidly in 2020 and remains a quickly evolving situation. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact economic activity. The Authority is unable to estimate the impact of the pandemic for fiscal year 2022.

#### NOTE 13–UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics such as leases, assets related to pension and postemployment benefits, and reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. The effective dates differ by topic, ranging from January 2020 to periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement, except for removal of London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as an appropriate benchmark interest rate and the requirements related to lease modifications, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All requirements related to lease modifications in this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability of Payment Arrangements*, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Certified Public Accountants

#### Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

#### To the Board of Directors Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County Chatham, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County, a component unit of Pittsylvania County, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2021.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Industrial Development Authority of Pittsylvania County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kolinson, Farmer, Loge associates

Blacksburg, Virginia November 1, 2021