# COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

Darryl E. Fisher, Chairman

W.W. Hynson, Vice-Chairman

**Russ Culver** 

**Dorothy Dickerson Tate** 

Timothy J. Trivett

# **SCHOOL BOARD**

Ralph Fallin, Chairman Daniel Wallace, Vice-Chairman

Katherine Lewis Iris Lane Sandra Ramsey

#### OTHER OFFICIALS

Judge of the Circuit Court Clerk of the Circuit Court Commonwealth's Attorney Treasurer Sheriff Superintendent of Schools Director of Social Services Commissioner of the Revenue County Administrator Herbert M. Hewitt
Anne B. Garner
Julia H. Sichol
Sue N. Jones
C.O. Balderson
Dr. Michael Perry
Amanda R. Tevis
William K. Hoover
Norm Risavi

# Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL SECTI	ION	PAGE
	Auditors' Report	1-3
•	s Discussion and Analysis	4-9
Basic Financial S	tatements:	
Government-wide	e Financial Statements:	
Exhibit 1	Statement of Net Position	10
Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	11-12
Fund Financial St	atements:	
Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds	13
Exhibit 4	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	14
Exhibit 5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds	15
Exhibit 6	Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Exhibit 7	Statement of Net Position—Proprietary Funds	17
Exhibit 8	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position—Proprietary Funds	18
Exhibit 9	Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Funds	19
Exhibit 10	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position — Fiduciary Funds	20
Exhibit 11	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position — Fiduciary Funds	21
Notes to Fina	ncial Statements	22-103

# Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

		PAGE
FINANCIAL SECT	ΓΙΟΝ: (Continued)	
Required Suppl	ementary Information:	
Exhibit 12	General Fund—Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual	104
Exhibit 13	Schedule of Changes in Net Position Liability and Related Ratios - Primary Government - Pension Plans	105
Exhibit 14	Schedule of Changes in Net Position Liability and Related Ratios - Components Unit School Board (nonprofessional) - Pension Plans	106
Exhibit 15	Schedule of Employer's share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - Pension Plans	107
Exhibit 16	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plans	108
Exhibit 17	Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plans	109
Exhibit 18	Schedule of County of Westmoreland, Virginia's Share of Net OPEB Liability - Group Life Insurance Plan	110
Exhibit 19	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Group Life Insurance Plan	111
Exhibit 20	Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Group Life Insurance Plan	112
Exhibit 21	Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	113
Exhibit 22	Schedule of Changes in School Board's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	114
Exhibit 23	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	115
Exhibit 24	Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	116
Exhibit 25	Schedule of Westmoreland School Board's share of Net OPEB Liability - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	117
Exhibit 26	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	118
Exhibit 27	Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Teacher Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan	119

# Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Doguirod Cumpl	amontory Informations (Continued)	PAGE
<u>kequired Suppi</u>	ementary Information: (Continued)	
Exhibit 28	Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Pay-As-You-Go Plan	120
Exhibit 29	Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pay-As-You-Go OPEB Plan	121
Exhibit 30	Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Component Unit School Board	122
Exhibit 31	Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pay-As-You-Go OPEB Plan - Component Unit School Board	123
Other Supplem	entary Information:	
Combining and	Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Exhibit 32	Capital Projects Fund—Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual	124
Exhibit 33	Combing Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	125
Exhibit 34	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	126
Exhibit 35	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	127-128
Exhibit 36	Combining Balance Sheet - Discretely Presented Component Unit- School Board	129
Exhibit 37	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds—Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board	130
Exhibit 38	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board	131-132
Exhibit 39	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position —Fiduciary Funds—Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board	133
Exhibit 40	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Funds— Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board	134

# Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

		PAGE				
Supporting Sch	edules:					
Schedule 1	Schedule of Revenues—Budget and Actual—Governmental Funds	135-140				
Schedule 2	Schedule of Expenditures—Budget and Actual—Governmental Funds	141-145				
Statistical Infor	mation:					
Table 1	Government-Wide Expenses by Function—Last Ten Fiscal Years	146				
Table 2	Government-Wide Revenues—Last Ten Fiscal Years	147				
Table 3	General Government Revenues by Source-Last Ten Fiscal Years	148				
Table 4	General Government Expenditures by Function—Last Ten Fiscal Years	149				
Table 5	Property Tax Levies and Collections-Last Ten Fiscal Years	150				
Table 6	Assessed Value of Taxable Property–Last Ten Fiscal Years	151				
Table 7	Property Tax Rates-Last Ten Fiscal Years	152				
Table 8	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita–Last Ten Fiscal Years	153				
Table 9	Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures—Last Ten Fiscal Years	154				
Table 10	Local Sales Tax Revenues-Last Ten Fiscal Years	155				
Table 11	Ten Largest Taxpayers	156				
Compliance Sec	ction:					
Compliance a	Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed with Government Auditing Standards	157-158				
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance 159-1						
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards						
Notes to Sche	edule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	163				
Schedule of F	indings and Questioned Costs	164-165				
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings						



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

# To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Westmoreland, Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Westmoreland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# *Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County restated beginning balances to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84 and to restate capital assets. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-9, 104-123 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

# Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2022 on our consideration of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Westmoreland. Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fredericksburg, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associases

January 10, 2022

# COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Citizens of Westmoreland County County of Westmoreland, Virginia

As management of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Financial Highlights

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

• On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$30,399,344 (net position). For business-type activities, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$20,241,410.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The General Fund, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues in excess of expenditures and other financing sources of \$592,000 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$8,962,312 to the School Board.

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$32,835,028 a decrease of \$25,575,234 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$9,042,619 or 23% of total general fund expenditures.
- Combined long-term obligations for the governmental funds increased \$1,494,758 during the current fiscal year.

The Proprietary Funds, on an accrual basis, reported a decrease in net position of \$98,201 (Exhibit 8).

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's proprietary funds reported ending net position of \$20,241,410, a decrease \$98,201.
- Combined long-term obligations in the proprietary funds decreased \$237,626 during the current fiscal year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

## Overview of the Financial Statements: (Continued)

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the excess of assets and deferred outflows over liabilities and deferred inflows reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's nets position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Westmoreland, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Westmoreland, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information present for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Westmoreland, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation between the two methods is provided following the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County's major funds are the General Fund and the County Capital Improvements Fund.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's custodial funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

## Overview of the Financial Statements: (Continued)

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County's governmental activities, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$30,399,344 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

				Business	• .			
	_	Governmental A		Activi		Totals		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current and other assets	\$	41,647,112 \$	63,776,237 \$	3,013,682 \$	2,324,162 \$	44,660,794 \$	66,100,399	
Capital assets	_	61,451,926	28,316,415	30,408,960	31,304,283	91,860,886	59,620,698	
Total assets	\$_	103,099,038 \$	92,092,652 \$	33,422,642 \$	33,628,445 \$	136,521,680 \$	125,721,097	
Deferred outflows								
of resources	\$_	2,373,062 \$	1,564,109 \$	73,195 \$	50,703 \$	2,446,257 \$	1,614,812	
Long-term liabilities	\$	66,717,826 \$	64,407,713 \$	12,977,877 \$	12,921,971 \$	79,695,703 \$	77,329,684	
Current liabilities	_	8,089,075	5,344,694	271,655	405,506	8,360,730	5,750,200	
Total liabilities	\$_	74,806,901 \$	69,752,407 \$	13,249,532 \$	13,327,477 \$	88,056,433 \$	83,079,884	
Deferred outflows								
of resources	\$_	265,855 \$	437,758 \$	4,895 \$	12,060 \$	270,750 \$	449,818	
Net position:								
Net investment								
in capital assets	\$	21,994,964 \$	12,162,745 \$	17,614,709 \$	18,219,046 \$	39,609,673 \$	30,381,791	
Restricted		49,631	49,152	717,954	759,154	767,585	808,306	
Unrestricted	_	8,354,749	11,254,699	1,908,747	1,361,411	10,263,496	12,616,110	
Total net position	\$	30,399,344 \$	23,466,596 \$	20,241,410 \$	20,339,611 \$	50,640,754 \$	43,806,207	

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's investment in capital assets net of related debt used to acquire those assets was \$21,994,964 for governmental activities. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens therefore; these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County's net position increased by \$4,843,464 during the current fiscal year.

<u>Governmental Activities</u> - Governmental activities and business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$4,941,665 and (\$98,201) respectively. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

					Business	s-type			
		Governmenta	I Activities		Activi		Total		
	-	2021	2020		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues:	_								
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	1,305,032 \$	1,260,19	2 \$	3,034,897\$	2,065,305 \$	4,339,929 \$	3,325,497	
Operating grants and contributions		8,663,155	5,521,93	13	-	-	8,663,155	5,521,933	
Capital grants and contributions		1,157,078	590,22	27	-	-	1,157,078	590,227	
General revenues:									
General property taxes		24,021,951	20,496,86	6	-	-	24,021,951	20,496,866	
Other local taxes		2,880,254	2,439,80	)3	-	-	2,880,254	2,439,803	
Grants and other contributions									
not restricted		1,817,348	2,343,42	26	-	-	1,817,348	-1,817,348	
Use of money and property		259,807	731,95	7	1,103	32,879	260,910	764,836	
Miscellaneous		208,978	318,54	15	19,964	(7,873)	228,942	310,672	
Total revenues	\$	40,313,603 \$	33,702,94	9 \$	3,055,964 \$	2,090,311 \$	43,369,567 \$	35,793,260	
Expenses:									
General government									
administration	\$	3,905,289 \$	3,319,05	0 \$	- \$	- \$	3,905,289\$	3,319,050	
Judicial administration		1,214,270	1,388,09	3	-	-	1,214,270	1,388,093	
Public safety		8,732,375	6,067,54	14	-	-	8,732,375	6,067,544	
Public works		3,640,166	3,130,79	)4	-	-	3,640,166	3,130,794	
Health and welfare		4,773,312	4,461,63	8	-	-	4,773,312	4,461,638	
Education		9,870,585	9,429,67	<b>'</b> 4	-	-	9,870,585	9,429,674	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		818,833	737,89	3	-	-	818,833	737,893	
Community development		789,684	656,40	)2	-	-	789,684	656,402	
Interest on long-term debt		1,296,415	1,538,63	13	-	-	1,296,415	1,538,633	
Water and Sewer		-		-	3,485,174	2,658,138	3,485,174	2,658,138	
Total expenses	\$_	35,040,929 \$	30,729,72	1 \$	3,485,174 \$	2,658,138 \$	38,526,103 \$	33,387,859	
Increase (decrease) in net									
position before transfers	\$	5,272,674 \$	2,973,22	8 \$	(429,210) \$	(567,827) \$	4,843,464 \$	2,405,401	
Transfers	_	(331,009)		<u> </u>	331,009			-	
Increase in net position	\$	4,941,665 \$	2,973,22	28 \$	(98,201) \$	(567,827) \$	4,843,464 \$	2,405,401	
Net position, July 1, as restated		25,457,679	20,493,36	8	20,339,611	20,907,438	45,797,290	41,400,806	
Net position, June 30	\$	30,399,344 \$	23,466,59	6 \$	20,241,410 \$	20,339,611 \$	50,640,754 \$	43,806,207	

#### <u>Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)</u>

- The increase of \$4,941,665 in the governmental activities net position was largely attributable revenues exceeding expenses.
- Net position for business-type activities showed a decrease of \$98,201 during fiscal year 2021.

For the most part, increases in expenditures closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$32,835,028 an decrease of \$25,575,234 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 28% of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, committed, and assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been constrained. During fiscal year 2021 the fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$592,000 to \$15,087,525, the fund balance of the General Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$26,283,055 to \$16,869,910 due to scheduled spending on capital projects, and the fund balance of the other governmental funds increased by \$115,821 during FY2021 to \$877,593.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The focus of the County's proprietary funds is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Funds are accounted for in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The County's proprietary funds consists of the Water and Sewer Fund. The proprietary funds reflected a combined decrease in net position of \$98,201.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was an increase of \$6,850,186 in expenditures and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$623,936 in increases for general government administration
- \$174,306 in decreases for health and welfare
- \$1,136,159 in increases for public safety
- \$790,681 in increases for public works
- \$3,933,147 in increases for capital projects
- \$1,037,459 in increases for education
- \$496,890 in other net decreases

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

• <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$61,451,926 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. Investment in capital assets for the County's proprietary operations amounts to \$30,408,960 as of June 30, 2021. This investment includes land, water systems, sewer systems, and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 9 of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term obligations outstanding of \$66,717,826 for its governmental activities. Of this amount \$710,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt for governmental operations \$55,161,343 represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds), capital leases of \$5,008,000, OPEB liabilities of \$963,101, pension liability of \$4,185,461 and compensated absences of \$689,921. Business-type debt is comprised of \$12,740,016 bonds secured solely by water and sewer revenues, \$54,234 treatment plant upgrade, net pension liability of \$129,447, OPEB liabilities of \$29,785 and compensated absences of \$24,394.

The County's total long-term obligations increased by \$1,257,132 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 12 of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County at June 30, 2021 is 5.1 percent, which is an decrease from a rate of 7.1 percent a year ago. This is slightly higher than the state's average unemployment rate of 4.5 percent and is less than the national average rate of 6.1 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2022 fiscal year.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box 1000, Montross, Virginia 22520.





		Pr	Component		
		Governmental	imary Governmer Business-type		Unit
		Activities	Activities	Total	School Board
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,618,651 \$	960,726	\$ 6,579,377	3,839,392
Cash in custody of others		19,760,267	-	19,760,267	-
Investments		13,885,140	1,220,042	15,105,182	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes receivable		1,049,361	-	1,049,361	-
Accounts receivable		229,738	114,960	344,698	444
Due from primary government		-	-	-	288,050
Due from other governmental units		1,054,324	-	1,054,324	1,537,765
Prepaid items		-	-	-	385
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments		49,631	717,954	767,585	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Land		2,348,318	427,377	2,775,695	258,916
Buildings and system		14,678,465	29,119,256	43,797,721	5,013,004
Machinery and equipment		4,719,809	60,234	4,780,043	1,892,864
Intangible assets		-	802,093	802,093	-
Construction in progress		39,705,334		39,705,334	3,726,338
Total assets	\$	103,099,038 \$	33,422,642	\$ 136,521,680	16,557,158
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related items	\$	2,187,212 \$	67,446	\$ 2,254,658 \$	4,895,195
OPEB related items		185,850	5,749	191,599	513,823
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	2,373,062 \$	73,195	\$ 2,446,257	5,409,018
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	4,148,958 \$	199,714	\$ 4,348,672	•
Accrued liabilities			-		2,939,316
Retainage payable		1,662,114		1,662,114	-
Unearned revenue		1,749,601	57,103	1,806,704	-
Customers' deposits			35	35	-
Accrued interest payable		156,472	14,803	171,275	
Due to other governmental units		83,880	-	83,880	75,176
Due to component unit		288,050	-	288,050	-
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year		48,027,439	302,652	48,330,091	222,880
Due in more than one year		18,690,387	12,675,225	31,365,612	21,527,469
Total liabilities	\$	74,806,901 \$	13,249,532	\$ 88,056,433	25,244,675
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related items	\$	- \$	-	s - s	1,749,775
OPEB related items	Ş	د - 158,308	4,895	163,203	, ,
		·	4,095	•	283,640
Deferred revenue - property taxes  Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	107,547	4,895	107,547	2 022 415
Total deferred lilitows of resources	Ş	265,855 \$	4,073	\$ 270,750 \$	2,033,415
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	21,994,964 \$	17,614,709	\$ 39,609,673 \$	10,491,005
Restricted:	7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,0.1,7.07	- 5,,00,,0,5	
Debt service and bond covenants		49,631	717,954	767,585	_
Unrestricted (deficit)		8,354,749	1,908,747	10,263,496	(15,802,919)
Total net position	\$	30,399,344 \$	20,241,410		
	7			,,	(5,5.1,711)

				Program Revenues				
				01 6		Operating		Capital
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services		contributions		Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	3,905,289	\$	- 9	\$	989,422	\$	-
Judicial administration		1,214,270		281,598		584,381		-
Public safety		8,732,375		46,404		2,470,335		978,603
Public works		3,640,166		695,412		785,059		-
Health and welfare		4,773,312		-		3,027,430		-
Education		9,870,585		-		603,819		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		818,833		278,413		24,739		178,475
Community development		789,684		3,205		177,970		-
Interest on long-term debt		1,296,415		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	\$	35,040,929	\$	1,305,032	\$	8,663,155	\$	1,157,078
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer	\$	3,485,174	\$	3,034,897	\$	-	\$	-
Total business-type activities	\$	3,485,174	\$	3,034,897	\$ <del></del>	-	\$	-
Total primary government	\$	38,526,103	\$	4,339,929	\$ <u> </u>	8,663,155	\$	1,157,078
COMPONENT UNIT:								
School Board	\$ _	26,699,435	\$ _	1,805	\$ <u></u>	16,475,223	\$	41,714

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use taxes

Consumers' utility taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Taxes on recordation and wills

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Payment from local government

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

**Transfers** 

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning, as restated

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and
Changes in Net Position

	Pr	rimary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type		School
	Activities	Activities	Total	Board
\$	(2,915,867)	\$	(2,915,867)	
	(348,291)		(348,291)	
	(5,237,033)		(5,237,033)	
	(2,159,695)		(2,159,695)	
	(1,745,882)		(1,745,882)	
	(9,266,766)		(9,266,766)	
	(337,206)		(337,206)	
	(608,509)		(608,509)	
	(1,296,415)		(1,296,415)	
\$	(23,915,664)	\$	(23,915,664)	
'	( - ) ) /	,	( - ) ) )	
	\$	(450,277) \$	(450,277)	
	\$	(450,277) \$	(450,277)	
	\$	(450,277) \$	(24,365,941)	
	·			
				\$ (10,180,693)
\$	24,021,951 \$	- \$	24,021,951	\$ -
'	1,209,685	- '	1,209,685	· -
	345,247	-	345,247	-
	835,844	-	835,844	-
	426,525	-	426,525	-
	62,953	-	62,953	-
	259,807	1,103	260,910	34,950
	208,978	19,964	228,942	798,300
	-	-	-	9,218,181
	1,817,348	-	1,817,348	-
ċ	(331,009)	331,009	20 200 405	10 051 424
\$ \$	28,857,329 \$ 4,941,665 \$	352,076 \$ (98,201) \$	29,209,405 4,843,464	
ڔ	25,457,679	20,339,611	45,797,290	(5,182,652)
S	30,399,344 \$	20,241,410 \$	50,640,754	
7	,,		==,5.0,.0,.	(=,=,)



Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	_	General		General Capital Projects	 Other Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,853,896	\$	895,795	\$ 868,960	\$	5,618,651
Cash in custody of others		288,277		19,471,990	-		19,760,267
Investments		13,396,804		486,302	2,034		13,885,140
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Taxes receivable		1,049,361		-	-		1,049,361
Accounts receivable		229,738		-	-		229,738
Due from other governmental units		1,054,324		-	-		1,054,324
Restricted assets:							
Investments	_	-	_	-	 49,631		49,631
Total assets	\$	19,872,400	\$	20,854,087	\$ 920,625	\$	41,647,112
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	1,727,663	\$	2,378,263	\$ 43,032	\$	4,148,958
Retainage payable		56,200		1,605,914	-		1,662,114
Due to other governmental units		83,880		-	-		83,880
Due to component unit		288,050		-	-		288,050
Unearned revenue		1,749,601		-	-		1,749,601
Total liabilities	\$	3,905,394	\$	3,984,177	\$ 43,032	\$	7,932,603
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$_	879,481	\$_	-	\$ -	\$_	879,481
FUND BALANCES:							
Restricted	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$ 49,631	\$	69,631
Committed		2,488,786		-	827,962		3,316,748
Assigned		3,536,120		16,869,910	-		20,406,030
Unassigned		9,042,619		-	-		9,042,619
Total fund balances	\$	15,087,525	\$	16,869,910	\$ 877,593	\$	32,835,028
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_		_			_	_
resources and fund balances	\$_	19,872,400	\$	20,854,087	\$ 920,625	\$	41,647,112

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	32,835,028
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Land  Construction in progress  Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation  Machinery and equipment, net of depreciation	\$	2,348,318 39,705,334 14,678,465 4,719,809	61,451,926
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items	\$	2,187,212 185,850	2,373,062
Some of the County's property and other taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current year's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred revenue in the funds.			771,934
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Accrued interest payable Bonds and notes payable Net OPEB laibility Compensated absences Capital leases Net pension liability	\$	(156,472) (55,871,343) (963,101) (689,921) (5,008,000) (4,185,461)	(66,874,298)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items	_	(158,308)	(158,308)
Net position of governmental activities		\$_	30,399,344

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES	_	General		General Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds		Гotal
General property taxes	\$	24,093,143	¢	- \$	74,911	24	,168,054
Other local taxes	Ţ	2,880,254	7	-	-		,,880,254
Permits, privilege fees,		2,000,234				_	.,000,231
and regulatory licenses		503,100		_	<u>-</u>		503,100
Fines and forfeitures		254,712		_	_		254,712
Revenue from the use of		23 1,7 12					231,712
money and property		175,427		84,358	22		259,807
Charges for services		91,721		-	455,499		547,220
Miscellaneous		183,978		25,000	, -		208,978
Recovered costs		1,408,956		-	<u>-</u>	1	,408,956
Intergovernmental:		, ,					, ,
Commonwealth		6,021,973		-	41,530	6	,063,503
Federal		4,613,578		-	, -		,613,578
Total revenues	\$	40,226,842	\$	109,358 \$	571,962	40	,908,162
EXPENDITURES Current:			_				
General government administration	\$	3,443,125	\$	- \$	- \$		,443,125
Judicial administration		1,138,038		-	-		,138,038
Public safety		9,067,558		-	-		,067,558
Public works		3,628,016		-	-		,628,016
Health and welfare		4,504,909		-	-		,504,909
Education		9,576,716		-	-	9	,576,716
Parks, recreation, and cultural		514,889		-	-		514,889
Community development		498,222		-	119,385		617,607
Nondepartmental		272,510		-	-		272,510
Capital projects Debt service:		3,646,497		27,667,216	215,883	31	,529,596
Principal retirement		865,109		-	79,392		944,501
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	1,397,324		31,197	42,401		,470,922
Total expenditures	\$	38,552,913	\$_	27,698,413 \$	457,061	66	,708,387
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	1,673,929	¢	(27,589,055) \$	114,901	(25	,800,225)
(under) expenditures	- ۲	1,073,727	٠,	(27,307,033)	114,701	(23	,000,223)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				<del>7</del> 50 000 6	000		750.000
Transfers in	\$		\$	750,000 \$	920 \$		750,920
Transfers out		(1,081,929)		-	-	(1	,081,929)
Issuance of capital leases		<u>-</u>		556,000	<u> </u>		556,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ <u>_</u>	(1,081,929)	\$ <u>_</u>	1,306,000 \$	920 \$		224,991
Net change in fund balances	\$	592,000	ς	(26,283,055) \$	115,821	(25	,575,234)
Fund balances - beginning	ڔ	14,495,525	Ļ	43,152,965	761,772	•	3,410,262
Fund balances - beginning	ş <b>–</b>	15,087,525	ς -	16,869,910 \$	877,593		2,835,028
ו עווע שמנמווכבי - בוועוווצ	= د	13,007,323	٠	10,007,710 3	0//,373	32	.,033,020

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (25,575,234)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

 Capital asset additions
 \$ 31,976,099

 Depreciation expense
 (1,449,184)
 30,526,915

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.

685,513

Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit

(68,000)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes (146,103)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Issuance of capital leases	\$ (556,000)	
Lease revenue bonds	202,632	
Bond premium	166,844	
General obligation bonds	115,000	
Capital leases	439,000	367,476

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences	\$ (102,692)	
OPEB expense	(15,372)	
Net pension expense	(738,502)	
Accrued interest payable	 7,664	(848,902)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	4,941,665
change in her position of governmental activities	Ţ	1,771,003

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

		Enterprise Fund
		Water and
		Sewer
		Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	960,726
Investments		1,220,042
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		
for uncollectibles		114,960
Total current assets	\$	2,295,728
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	717,954
Total restricted assets	\$	717,954
Capital assets:		
Land - Sewer	\$	427,377
Buildings and system - Sewer		37,925,528
Buildings and system - Water		1,183,857
Machinery and equipment - Sewer		298,739
Intangible assets - Sewer		1,209,113
Accumulated depreciation - Sewer		(9,665,488)
Accumulated depreciation - Water		(970,166)
Total net capital assets	\$	30,408,960
Total noncurrent assets	\$ <u> </u>	31,126,914
Total assets	\$	33,422,642
DEFENDED OUTELOWS OF DESCUIDES		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	•	(7.44)
Pension related items	\$	67,446
OPEB related items  Total deferred outflows of resources	s <del></del>	5,749
Total deferred outflows of resources	<sup> </sup>	73,195
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	199,714
Customers' deposits	,	35
Unearned revenue		57,103
Accrued interest payable		14,803
Compensated absences - current portion		2,439
Sewer treatment plant agreement - current portion		6,319
Bonds payable - Sewer - current portion		286,974
Bonds payable - Water - current portion		6,920
Total current liabilities	\$ <del></del>	574,307
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable - Sewer - net of current portion	\$	12,230,345
Bonds payable - Water - net of current portion		215,777
Sewer treatment plant agreement - noncurrent portion		47,916
Net pension liability		129,447
Net OPEB liability		29,785
Compensated absences - net of current portion		21,955
Total noncurrent liabilities	s	12,675,225
Total liabilities	š —	13,249,532
	· —	, ,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
OPEB related items	\$	4,895
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	4,895
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	17,614,709
		747 054
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants		717,954
	ş —	1,908,747 20,241,410

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Enterprise Fund
Water and
C

	Water and
	Sewer
	 Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Water revenues	\$ 44,969
Sewer revenues	1,644,685
Total operating revenues	\$ 1,689,654
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Water	\$ 16,842
Sewer	2,056,425
Other expenses	6,608
Depreciation - water	47,354
Depreciation - sewer	889,539
Total operating expenses	\$ 3,016,768
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,327,114)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	\$ 1,103
Availability/connection/tap fees - sewer	1,345,243
Interest expense - water	(10,169)
Interest expense - sewer	(458,237)
Other nonoperating item - water	858
Other nonoperating item - sewer	19,106
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 897,904
Income (loss)	\$ (429,210)
Transfers:	
Transfers in	\$ 331,009
Total transfers	\$ 331,009
Change in net position	\$ (98,201)
Total net position - beginning	 20,339,611
Total net position - ending	\$ 20,241,410

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	<u>En</u>	terprise Funds
		Water and
		Sewer
		Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,700,767
Payments to suppliers	•	(1,714,179)
Payments to and for employees		(181,991)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(195,403)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to utility plant	\$	(41,570)
Principal payments on bonds	*	(284,668)
Principal payments on tratment plant agreement		(6,318)
Interest expense		(469,036)
Availability/connection fees		1,345,243
Other		19,964
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related		17,704
financing activities	\$	563,615
intalicing activities	٧	303,013
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Sale (purchase) of investments	\$	(62,024)
Interest income		1,103
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	(60,921)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	638,300
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		322,426
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	960,726
Describition of acception in some (less) to not some		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:	ć	(4.337.444)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,327,114)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	ć	024 902
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	\$	936,893 11,113
(Increase) decrease in deterred outflows - pension related items		(22,310)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - Delision related items		(182)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		152,429
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		55,245
		•
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(829)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pension related items		(8,648)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - OPEB related items		1,483
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		7,573
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	. ——	(1,056)
Total adjustments	\$ <u> </u>	1,131,711
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(195,403)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	_	Special Welfare
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	45,602
Total assets	\$_	45,602
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$_	18,817
Total liabilities	\$_	18,817
NET POSITION		
Restricted:		24.705
Net position restricted to individuals and organizations	\$_	26,785

The accompanying notes to financial statements are in integral poart of this statement

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Special Welfare
A data:		
Additions:		
Miscellaneous	\$_	13,643
Total additions	ċ	12 ( 12
Total additions	\$_	13,643
Deductions		
Other charges	\$	917
	_	
Total deductions	\$	917
	_	
Net Increase (decrease) in plan assets	\$	12,726
Net Positions		
Balance, beginning of year	\$_	14,059
Balance, end of year	\$	26,785
balance, end of year	ې _	20,763

The accompanying notes to financial statements are in integral poart of this statement

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

#### **Narrative Profile**

The County of Westmoreland, located in the northern neck of Virginia and bordered by the counties of Essex, King George, Northumberland and Richmond, was founded in 1653. The County has a population of 18,477 and a land area of 222 square miles.

The County is governed under the County Administrator - Board of Supervisors form of government. Westmoreland County engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, public safety and administration of justice, education, health, welfare, human service programs, landfill operations, planning, community development and recreation, cultural, and historic activities.

The financial statements of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

Government-wide Financial Statements: The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u>: The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u>: The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

## A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u>: Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The County and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the original budget, final budget, and actual results.

As required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, these financial statements present the primary government and its component unit, entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The County has no component units that meet the requirements for blending. The discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the primary government. The discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

# **Inclusions in the Financial Reporting Entity:**

## 1. Component Unit:

#### a. Westmoreland County School Board:

The Westmoreland County School Board is elected to four year terms by the County voters. The School Board may hold property and issue debt subject to approval by the Board of Supervisors. The School Board provides public primary and secondary education services to the County residents. The primary funding sources of the School Board are state and federal grants, and appropriations from the County, which are significant since the School Board does not have separate taxing authority. The County also approves the School Board budget. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

# **Exclusions from the Financial Reporting Entity:**

#### 1. <u>Jointly Governed Organizations:</u>

Jointly governed organizations are regional governments or other multi-governmental arrangements that are governed by representation from each of the governments that create the organizations, and the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the organization.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

## Exclusions from the Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

# 1. <u>Jointly Governed Organizations: (Continued)</u>

The financial activities of the following organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements for the reasons indicated:

#### a. Northern Neck Regional Jail

The Northern Neck Regional Jail is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The counties of Richmond, Northumberland, Gloucester, and Westmoreland and the Town of Warsaw provide the financial support for the Jail through the assessment of user fees for prisoner care and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. The Westmoreland County Board of Supervisors appoints two (2) of the seven (7) members of the Jail Board. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Authority's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. The County of Westmoreland acts as fiscal agent for the Authority.

# b. Rappahannock Regional Library

The Rappahannock Regional Library is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The Counties of Westmoreland, Stafford and Spotsylvania and the City of Fredericksburg provide the financial support for the Library and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and to expend funds. The County appoints one (1) of the seven (7) members of the Board. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Library's funding. The County provided \$481,129 in operating funds to the Library in 2021.

#### c. Middle Peninsula Northern Neck Community Services Board

The Middle Peninsula Northern Neck Community Services Board is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. This organization provides mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services to ten counties. The Counties of Essex, King and Queen, King William, Middlesex, Richmond, Mathews, Gloucester, Westmoreland, Lancaster and Northumberland appoint one member each to the Board. The governing board has the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. Westmoreland County contributed \$63,376 as operating grants to the Middle Peninsula Northern Neck Community Services Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

## Exclusions from the Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

#### d. Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission

The Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. Westmoreland County along with 16 other counties appoint one member each to the Board. The governing board has the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. Westmoreland County contributed \$66,316 to the Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

# Obtaining of Financial Statements for Jointly Governed Organizations

Complete financial statements of the jointly governed organizations may be obtained by contacting the County of Westmoreland, Virginia County Administrator, P.O. Box 1000, Montross, Virginia 22520-1000.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the County as a whole) and fund financial statements. The focus is on both the County as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds, (by category) and the component units. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

# B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The County does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Internal service charges if applicable, are eliminated and the net income or loss from internal service activities are allocated to the various functional expense categories based on the internal charges to each function.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental column of the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund operating revenues consist of charges for services and related revenues. Nonoperating revenues consist of contributions, grants, investment earnings and other revenues not directly derived from the providing of services.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (private purpose, if applicable, and custodial). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the County in FY 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

# B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental Funds account for and report the expendable financial resources, other than those accounted for in Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds. The Governmental Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination as would apply to a commercial enterprise. The individual Governmental Funds are:

- a. <u>General Fund</u> The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues are used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.
- b. <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The only special revenue funds are the Placid Bay Sanitary District Fund and the Glebe Harbor Cabin Point Sanitary District Fund. These funds are nonmajor funds.
- c. <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The General Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund.

# 2. Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

- a. <u>Enterprise Funds</u> Enterprise Funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services. The Enterprise Funds consist of the following fund:
  - Water and Sewer Fund This fund accounts for income and expenses of the Rt. 3 Corridor, water services, Montross Sewer, Washington District sewer service and the Coles Point Sewer Service.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

## B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

# 3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds):

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The Fiduciary Funds consist of the following:

#### a. Custodial Funds:

- <u>Special Welfare Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided primarily through private donors for assistance of children in foster care and needy senior citizens. This fund is also used to account for monies received from other governments and individuals (i.e., social security and child support) to be paid to special welfare recipients.

#### 4. Component Unit:

## Westmoreland County School Board:

The Westmoreland County School Board has the following funds:

#### Governmental Funds:

School Operating Fund - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Westmoreland and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

- <u>School Activity Fund</u> This fund accounts for and reports funds collected at the schools in connection with student athletics, clubs, various fundraising activities, and private donations.
- School Cafeteria Fund This special revenue fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's food service program. Financing is provided primarily by food and beverage sales, and state and federal grants.

#### Custodial Funds:

 Adult Education Program Fund - This fund accounts for the operation of the Northern Neck Regional Alternative Education Program. The Program is a regional program utilized by local school districts for alternative education activities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

## C. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Operating statements of the governmental funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities and all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are either included on the statement of net position or on the statement of fiduciary net position. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

The statement of net position, statement of activities, financial statements of the Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash.

The fund financial statements of the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects (for the primary government and component unit School Board) are maintained and reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available. With respect to real and personal property tax revenue and other local taxes, the term "available" is limited to collection within forty-five days of the fiscal year-end. Levies made prior to the fiscal year-end but which are not available are unavailable. Interest income is recorded as earned. Federal and state reimbursement-type grants are recorded as revenue when related eligible expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied. Expenditures, other than accrued interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the fund liability is incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

# D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Board of Supervisors annually adopts budgets for the various funds of the primary government and component unit School Board. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the primary government funds. The School Board appropriation is determined by the Board of Supervisors and controlled in total by the primary government.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all major funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the major funds presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

## **Encumbrances:**

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts, and other monetary commitments in order to commit an applicable portion of an appropriation, is used as an extension of formal budgetary control in the primary government and component unit School Board. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as commitments of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent fiscal year. These encumbrances are subject to reappropriation by the Board of Supervisors in the succeeding fiscal year.

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings and open-houses are conducted to obtain citizen comments. Also, several work sessions between the Board of Supervisors and School Board are conducted on the School Board budget.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund, function and departmental level. The appropriation for each fund, function and department can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments and the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories. Supplemental appropriations in addition to the appropriated budget were necessary during the year. Supplemental appropriations may not be made without amending the budget.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

## D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting: (Continued)

5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except School Funds), General Capital Projects Funds, and Proprietary Funds. The School Operating and School Cafeteria Funds are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.

The County may adopt budgets for other funds, such as the Agency Funds, for use as a management control device over such funds. Capital Project and County Facility budgets are adopted at the time the project is approved and the construction contract awarded. Any unexpended current year appropriations are reappropriated in the ensuing fiscal year(s) until the project is completed.

- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. All appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County and School Board funds.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget as of June 30, 2021, as adopted, appropriated and legally amended.
- 9. The expenditure budget is enacted through an annual appropriations ordinance. Appropriations are made at the departmental level for the primary government and at the function level for the School Board. State law requires that if budget amendments exceed 1% of the original adopted budget the Board of Supervisors may legally amend the budget only by following procedures used in the adoption of the original budget.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### F. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

## G. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$496,518 at June 30, 2021 and is comprised of the following:

General Fundtaxes receivable	\$ 337,110
Water and Sewer Fundaccounts receivable	159,408
Total	\$ 496,518

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

#### H. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are reported on the consumption method.

## I. Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds of the primary government and component unit School Board, and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's and School Board's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met and the asset has an estimated life in excess of two years. The County and Component Unit School Board do not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements 10 to 40 years Furniture and other equipment 3 to 20 years

To the extent the County's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met and the asset has an estimated life in excess of two years, capital outlays of the Proprietary Funds are recorded as capital assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis on both the funds basis and the government-wide basis using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and systems 10 to 50 years Equipment 5 to 10 years Intangibles 20 to 40 years

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. The County and School Board do not capitalize historical treasures or works of art.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenses that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

# J. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualify for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension and OPEB asset or liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension and OPEB asset or liability next fiscal year. Another item is comprised of items related to the measurement of net pension and OPEB liability. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension and OPEB notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension and OPEB liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension and OPEB notes.

# K. Compensated Absences

The County and Component Unit School Board accrue compensated absences (annual and sick leave benefits) when vested. The amounts include all balances earned by employees which would be paid upon employee terminations, resignations or retirements.

An estimate of ten percent of the liability has been classified as current in the government-wide financial statements.

#### L. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

# M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## N. Long-Term Obligations

The County reports long-term obligations at face value. The face value of the obligations is believed to approximate fair value.

#### O. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

## P. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### Q. Fund Equity

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

# Q. Fund Equity: (Continued)

 Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors or the County Administrator.

In the general fund, the County strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies of 15% of the actual GAAP basis expenditures/operating revenues.

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

		General Fund		General Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total
Fund Balances:		ruiiu		ruliu	_	Fullus	_	Total
Restricted:								
Placid bay sanitary district		_		_		49,631		49,631
Underground tanks		20,000		-		-		20,000
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	49,631	\$	69,631
Committed:								
Placid bay sanitary district	\$	-	\$	-	\$	664,497	\$	664,497
Glebe Harbor Cabin Point Sanitary District		-		-		163,465		163,465
Financial software		439,866		-		-		439,866
Fire and rescue		242,535		-		-		242,535
Courthouse debt service		337,500		-		-		337,500
Education		1,310,345		-		-		1,310,345
Other purposes		158,540	_	-		-	_	158,540
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	2,488,786	\$.	-	\$	827,962	\$_	3,316,748
Assigned:								
Fire and rescue	\$	413,130	\$	-	\$	-	\$	413,130
School waterline		224,399		-		-		224,399
Capital projects		949,182		16,869,910		-		17,819,092
Reassessment		221,970		-		-		221,970
Other purposes		1,727,439	_	-		-	_	1,727,439
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$	3,536,120	\$.	16,869,910	\$	-	\$_	20,406,030
Unassigned	\$	9,042,619			\$	-	\$	9,042,619
Total Fund Balances	Ş	15,087,525	Ş	16,869,910	Ş	877,593	Ş	32,835,028

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

## R. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### S. Adoption of Accounting Principles:

The County implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The implementation of this Statement resulted in the restatement found in Note 1, section T.

#### T. Restatements:

Balances as of July 1, 2020 were restated as follows:

		Net	Fund Balance		
	-	Governmental Activities		Component Unit School Board	Component Unit School Board
Balance as reported July 1, 2020	\$	23,466,596	\$	(5,325,707) \$	1,762,895
Implementation of GASB 84 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	_	- 1,991,083		143,055	143,055
Balance as restated July 1, 2020	\$	25,457,679	\$	(5,182,652) \$	1,905,950

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

## **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### <u>Investments</u>

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank,

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (Continued)

# <u>Investments</u> (continued)

the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

#### **Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)**

The County's investments at June 30, 2021 were held in the County's name by the County's custodial bank.

The County's investment policy stipulates that U.S. dollar denominated commercial paper issued by an entity incorporated in the U.S. must be rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poor Corp. and P-1 by Moody's Investors Service. The policy also stipulates that U.S. dollar denominated Corporate Notes and Bonds must have a rating of at least A by Standard & Poor Corp. and by Moody's Investors Service.

# **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2021 were rated by *Standard & Poor's* and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the *Standard & Poor's* rating scale.

County's	Rated	Debt	Investments'	Values
COULTER 3	Natcu		IIIVCSUIICIUS	values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings						
	_	AA+	AA	AA-			
U.S. Treasuries	\$	3,050,877 \$	- \$	-			
Corporate Debt			200,468	255,977			
Total	\$_	3,050,877 \$	200,468 \$	255,977			

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The County's investment policy contains several stipulations concerning the amount of funds that can be invested. Not more than 40% of the total funds available for investment may be invested in bankers' acceptances. Not more than 35% of the total funds available for investment may be invested in commercial paper, and not more than 5% in the obligations of any one issuer.

## **Interest Rate Risk**

The County's investment policy contains certain guidelines concerning interest rate risk. Funds must be invested at all times in keeping with the seasonal pattern of the County's cash balances. County personnel must monitor and update cash flow projections to be communicated to the investment managers. A minimum of 10% of the portfolio must be invested in securities maturing within 30 days, and a minimum of 50% of the portfolio must be invested in securities maturing within 24 months.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (Continued)

The interest rate risk is summarized below:

#### Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type		Fair Value		Less Than 1 Year	 1-5 Years
U.S. Treasuries Corporate Bonds	\$	3,050,877 456,445	\$_	1,788,678 -	\$ 1,262,199 456,445
Total	\$_	3,507,322	\$_	1,788,678	\$ 1,718,644

#### NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The City maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at a measurement date
- Level 2. Directly or indirectly observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the asset or liability

Fair Value

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

				raii value
				Measurement Using
				Quoted Prices in
				<b>Active Markets</b>
				For Identical Assets
Investment		June 30, 2021		(Level 1)
U.S. Treasuries	\$	3,050,877	\$	3,050,877
Corporate Bonds	<u></u>	456,445		456,445
Total	\$	3,507,322	\$_	3,507,322

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES:

Real property taxes are assessed on property values as of January 1, and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date levied by the Board of Supervisors. Personal property taxes are assessed on a prorated basis for the period the property is located in the County and also attach as an enforceable lien on the property.

Real estate and personal property taxes are due on December 5.

A ten percent penalty is levied on all taxes not collected on or before their due date. An interest charge of ten percent per annum is also levied on such taxes beginning on their due date.

Property taxes for calendar year 2020 were levied by the County Board of Supervisors on May 1, 2020, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2020.

Property taxes levied in the prior year have been recorded as receivables as of the date the County has the legal right to receive payments thereon. The receivables collected during the fiscal year and during the first 45 days of the succeeding fiscal year are recognized as revenues in the current fiscal year.

Taxes receivable as of the end of the year (June 30) and not collected until the succeeding year are reported as unavailable revenues.

On April 18, 2000 the County adopted a resolution which established a separate tax district to pay all or any portion of the County's expenditures for operating the Westmoreland County school division. This resulted in two separate sets of tax rates. One set of rates for taxpayers residing in the area of the Town of Colonial Beach, and a different set of rates for those residing in the remainder of the County. For calendar year 2020 the rates per \$100 of assessed value were as follows:

		Placid Bay	
	Colonial Beach	Sanitary District	All Other
Real Estate	0.47	0.07	0.76
Personal Property	2.06	N/A	3.75
Machinery and Tools	N/A	N/A	2.00
Merchants Capital	0.24	N/A	0.96

In addition to the aforementioned property taxes the County assesses a road user fee of \$200 per lot for lots in the Placid Bay Sanitary District pursuant to <u>Code of Virginia</u> section 21-119 and a recreational fee of \$200 per lot for lots in the Glebe Harbor-Cabin Point Sanitary District pursuant to <u>Code of Virginia</u> section 21-118.4.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES:

# Accounts Receivable:

Receivables at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

		Primary Government				Component
		Governmental Activities		<b>Business-</b>		Unit
				type		School
	_	General		Activities		Board
Property taxes	\$	1,386,471	\$	-	\$	-
Utility taxes		28,804		-		-
Water and sewer charges		-		274,368		-
Other		200,934		-		444
Total	\$ _	1,616,209	\$	274,368	\$	444
Allowance for uncollectibles		(337,110)	_	(159,408)	_	-
Net receivables	\$_	1,279,099	\$	114,960	\$	444

# NOTE 6 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

At June 30, 2021:

		Governmental	Component
		Activities	Unit
	_		School
	_	General	Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
Local sales taxes	\$	321,011 \$	-
Communication taxes		73,079	-
State sales taxes		-	383,843
Social Services		143,859	-
Comprehensive Services Act		257,202	-
Shared expenses and grants		152,197	-
Other		106,976	9,539
Federal pass-through school funds	-	<u> </u>	1,144,383
Total	\$_	1,054,324 \$	1,537,765

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS:

# **Primary Government:**

Transfers To/From Other Funds:

Transfers to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund to pay general obligation debt service and related costs	า \$	750,000
Transfers to the Water & Sewer Fund from the General Fund to pay for COVID-19 related costs	d	331,009
Transfers from the Glebe Harbor Coles Point Sanitary District Fund to pay sanitary district related costs	y _	920
Total transfers	\$_	1,081,929
Reconciliation of transfers: Transfers out - governmental funds	\$_	1,081,929

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

As of June 30, 2021, \$288,050 was due from the County to the School Board.

# NOTE 8 - DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

At June 30, 2021:

		Governmental Activities		Component Unit
		General		School Board
Town of Colonial Beach: Sales tax Town of Montross:	\$	,	\$	75,176
Sales tax	_	6,260		-
Total	\$_	83,880	\$	75,176

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# **NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS:**

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the year:

# **Primary Government:**

	Balance			
	July 1,			Balance
	2020			June 30,
	As restated	Increases	Decreases	2021
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,353,018 \$	33,300 \$	38,000 \$	2,348,318
Construction in Progress	10,290,140	30,335,499	920,305	39,705,334
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 12,643,158 \$	30,368,799 \$	958,305 \$	42,053,652
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 20,177,449 \$	1,958,270 \$	- \$	22,135,719
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	8,405,590	1,529,835	941,002	8,994,423
Jointly owned assets	825,000	<u> </u>	115,000	710,000
Total other capital assets	\$ 29,408,039 \$	3,488,105 \$	1,056,002 \$	31,840,142
		_		
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 7,347,883 \$	533,343 \$	- \$	7,881,226
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	4,098,288	880,341	704,015	4,274,614
Jointly owned assets	297,528	35,500	47,000	286,028
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ <u>11,743,699</u> \$_	1,449,184 \$	751,015 \$	12,441,868
Other capital assets, net	\$_17,664,340 \$_	2,038,921 \$	304,987 \$	19,398,274
Net capital assets	\$ <u>30,307,498</u> \$	32,407,720 \$	1,263,292 \$	61,451,926
Depreciation is allocated to:				
General government administration	\$	444,921		
Judicial administration		2,616		
Public safety		640,036		
Education		35,500		
Public works		228,287		
Parks and recreation		94,645		
Community Development	_	3,179		
Total governmental activities	\$	1,449,184		
-				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

		Balance July 1, 2020	Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2021
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$_	427,377 \$	-	\$_	-	\$_	427,377
Total capital assets not being					_		
depreciated	\$_	427,377 \$	-	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	427,377
Other capital assets:							
Buildings and systems	\$	39,090,968 \$	18,417	\$	-	\$	39,109,385
Intangible assets		1,209,113	-		-		1,209,113
Machinery and equipment	_	275,586	23,153	_		_	298,739
Total other capital assets	\$_	40,575,667 \$	41,570	\$_	<u>-</u> _	\$_	40,617,237
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and systems	\$	9,109,752 \$	880,377	\$	-	\$	9,990,129
Intangible assets		370,434	36,586		-		407,020
Machinery and equipment	_	218,575	19,930	_			238,505
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	9,698,761 \$	936,893	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	10,635,654
Other capital assets, net	\$_	30,876,906 \$	(895,323)	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	29,981,583
Net capital assets	\$_	31,304,283 \$	(895,323)	\$_	-	\$_	30,408,960

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (Continued)

## Component Unit-School Board:

	_	Balance July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$_	258,916 \$ 3,277,142	- \$ 449,196	- \$ 	258,916 3,726,338
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	3,536,058 \$	449,196 \$	\$	3,985,254
Other capital assets: Buildings Machinery, equipment and vehicles	\$_	18,704,442 \$ 6,176,241	169,415 \$ 213,023	- \$ 	18,873,857 6,389,264
Total other capital assets	\$_	24,880,683 \$	382,438 \$	- \$	25,263,121
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings Machinery, equipment and vehicles	\$_	13,291,586 \$ 4,247,255	569,267 \$ 249,145	- \$ 	13,860,853 4,496,400
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	17,538,841 \$	818,412 \$	- \$	18,357,253
Other capital assets, net	\$_	7,341,842 \$	(435,974) \$	- \$	6,905,868
Net capital assets	\$_	10,877,900 \$	13,222 \$	<u> </u>	10,891,122
Depreciation is allocated to education		\$	818,412		
Depreciation expense  Transfer of accumulated depreciation or owned assets	ı joir	\$ ntly	771,412 47,000		
Total increases in accumulated deprecia	tion	above \$	818,412		

Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments on-behalf of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the law, local governments have a tenancy in common with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the School Board of Westmoreland, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2021 is that school financed assets in the amount of \$710,000 are reported in the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes. In addition, \$31,131,454 of construction in progress in the Primary Government is related to Joint Tenancy.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN:**

# **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

## **Benefit Structures**

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service equal 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

# Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	90	58
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	12	8
Non-vested inactive members	26	13
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	71	4
Total inactive members	109	25
Active members	140	33
Total covered employees	339	116

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 10.42% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$724,088 and \$622,237 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 13.90% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$96,164 and \$66,543 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

6.75%, net of pension plan investment

Investment rate of return expenses, including inflation\*

#### Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation\*

Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

#### Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*			
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%			
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%			
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%			
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%			
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%			
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%			
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%			
Total	100.00%		4.64%			
		Inflation	2.50%			
	Expected arithmetic nominal return*					

<sup>\*</sup> The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Changes in Net Pension Liability

<b>G</b>	_	Primary Government								
	_	Increase (Decrease)								
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)				
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$_	27,990,019	\$	25,516,625	\$_	2,473,394				
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	\$	812,645	\$	-	\$	812,645				
Interest		1,837,004		-		1,837,004				
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-				
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		615,113		-		615,113				
Contributions - employer		-		620,679		(620,679)				
Contributions - employee		-		332,040		(332,040)				
Net investment income		-		487,915		(487,915)				
Benefit payments, including refur	nds									
of employee contributions		(1,550,299)		(1,550,299)		-				
Administrative expenses		-		(16,814)		16,814				
Other changes		-		(572)	_	572				
Net changes	\$_	1,714,463	\$	(127,051)	\$_	1,841,514				
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	29,704,482	\$	25,389,574	\$_	4,314,908				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

## Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)								
			Inc	crease (Decreas	se)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)				
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$_	4,747,680	\$.	4,089,027	\$_	658,653				
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	\$	75,204	\$	-	\$	75,204				
Interest		310,121		-		310,121				
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-				
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		49,029		-		49,029				
Contributions - employer		-		66,596		(66,596)				
Contributions - employee		-		35,600		(35,600)				
Net investment income		-		77,448		(77,448)				
Benefit payments, including refund	ds									
of employee contributions		(306,580)		(306,580)		-				
Administrative expenses		-		(2,747)		2,747				
Other changes		-		(89)		89				
Net changes	\$	127,774	\$	(129,772)	\$	257,546				
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	4,875,454	\$	3,959,255	\$	916,199				

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 7,894,947 \$	4,314,908 \$	1,324,327	
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,384,365 \$	916,199 \$	515,569	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$1,485,318, and \$254,922, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Drimary	Cov	vernment		Compor Schoo (Nonpro	ΙB	oard
	Deferred	GU	Deferred	-	Deferred	163	Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of
	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 496,187	\$	-	\$	11,886	\$	-
Change of assumptions	282,415		-		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	751,968		-		117,934		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	724,088		-	_	96,164		
Total	\$ 2,254,658	\$	-	\$	225,984	\$	

\$724,088 and \$96,164 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Year ended June 30		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
	_		
2022	\$	538,485	\$ 12,712
2023		481,858	37,691
2024		267,485	41,102
2025		242,742	38,315
2026		-	-
Thereafter		-	-

#### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

# **Component Unit School Board (professional)**

#### Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$1,613,270 and \$1,541,868 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$16,885,412 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion was .11600% as compared to .11313% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,888,757. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 989,746
Change of assumptions		1,152,641	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proprotionate share of contributions		618,977	760,029
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,284,323	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,613,270	 
Total	\$	4,669,211	\$ 1,749,775

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

\$1,613,270 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2022	\$ 28,153
2023	406,805
2024	439,732
2025	435,404
2026	(3,928)
Thereafter	-

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

#### Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# **Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)**

		Teacher Employee
		Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	51,001,855
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		36,449,229
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	14,552,626
	-	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability		71.47%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

# Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
		(5.75%)	. <u> </u>	(6.75%)	_	(7.75%)
School division's proportinate share of the VR	S					
Teacher Employee Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	24,774,692	\$	16,885,412	\$	10,359,981

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

The County and its component unit have accrued the liability arising from all outstanding compensated absences. The liability for future vacation and sick leave benefits is accrued when such benefits meet certain conditions. See note 12 for details of changes.

Remainder of page left intentionally blank

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 12 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2021:

		Balance July 1, 2020		Issuances/ Increases	Retirements/ Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021
ong-term obligations from governmental ctivities:	_		•			
)irect borrowings and direct placements: Lease revenue bonds Revenue anticipation note	\$	8,287,131 46,910,000	\$	- \$ -	202,632 \$	8,084,499 46,910,000
General obligation bonds: School		825,000		-	115,000	710,000
Other liabilities:		222 (07			1// 0/2	444.044
Bond premium		333,687		- FE( 000	166,843	166,844
Capital leases Net OPEB liability		4,891,000		556,000	439,000	5,008,000
Net OPED Hability Net pension liability		989,829 2,399,192		271,724 3,183,685	298,452 1,397,416	963,101 4,185,461
Compensated absences		587,229		161,415	58,723	689,921
·	. –					
Total from governmental activities	\$_	65,223,068	\$	4,172,824 \$	2,678,066 \$	66,717,826
ong-term obligations from business-type ctivities: Direct borrowings and direct placements: Virginia Resources Authority lease revenue bonds	\$	13,024,684	\$	- \$	284,668 \$	12,740,016
Treatment plant upgrade agreement )ther liabilities:	Ţ	60,553	Ţ	-	6,318	54,235
Net OPEB liability		30,614		8,405	9,234	29,785
Net pension liability		74,202		98,463	43,218	129,447
Compensated absences	_	25,450		1,489	2,545	24,394
Total from business-type activities	\$_	13,215,503	\$	108,357 \$	345,983 \$	12,977,877
ong-term obligations from component nit:  Other liabilities:						
Capital lease	\$	587,986		- \$	187,869 \$	400,117
Net OPEB liability	•	3,017,834		910,548	649,750	3,278,632
Net pension liability		15,547,203		7,720,895	5,466,487	17,801,611
Compensated absences	_	244,818		47,913	22,742	269,989
Total from component unit	\$_	19,397,841	\$	8,679,356 \$	6,326,848 \$	21,750,349
Total long-term obligations	\$_	97,836,412	\$	12,960,537 \$	9,350,897 \$	101,446,052
econciliation to Exhibit 1:  rimary Government  Long-term liabilities due within one year  Long-term liabilities due in more than one year					\$	48,330,091 31,365,612
Component Unit Long-term liabilities due within one year Long-term liabilities due in more than one year					_	222,880 21,527,469
Total long-term obligations					\$ <u></u>	101,446,052

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 12 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize all long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	<b>Direct Borrowings</b>	and	Direct Placements		Capital Leases			Bond	Prei	emium				
June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Principal		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2022	\$ 47,533,816	\$	1,694,116	\$	753,881	\$	125,606	\$ 166,844	\$	-				
2023	639,526		740,207		775,236		105,486	-		-				
2024	660,767		723,965		582,000		87,207	-		-				
2025	677,563		707,170		594,000		75,149	-		-				
2026	694,928		689,804		607,000		62,822	-		-				
2027-2031	2,882,439		2,769,575		2,096,000		127,031	-		-				
2032-2036	3,225,011		2,179,489		-		-	-		-				
2037-2041	3,803,602		1,600,898		-		-	-		-				
2042-2046	3,844,458		951,961		-		-	-		-				
2047-2051	3,179,641		389,369		-		-	-		-				
2052-2056	1,356,999		48,674		-		-	-		-				
Total	\$ 68,498,750	\$	12,495,228	\$	5,408,117	\$	583,301	\$ 166,844	\$	-				

Note: The above includes all long-term bonds, capital leases, treatment plant upgrade agreement, and early retirement incentive obligation. Compensated absences, Net OPEB obligation and pension liability are not included.

<b>Details of Long-Term</b>	<b>Obligations:</b>
-----------------------------	---------------------

		Amount	Due within
		Outstanding	One year
Governmental Activities:	-		
Lease Revenue Bonds:			
\$7,500,000 lease revenue bonds, payable in monthly installments of			
\$28,125 through March 11, 2053, interest payable at 3.125%.	\$	6,789,239	\$ 127,147
\$1,031,500 lease revenue bonds, payable in monthly installments of			
\$4,096 through December 28, 2053, interest payable at 3.5%.		952,481	16,071
\$530,000 lease revenue bonds, payable in various annual installments ranging from \$60,952 to \$71,801, due on July 15 through 2025,			
interest payable sem-annually at 2.34%.	_	342,779	 65,385
Total lease revenue bonds	\$	8,084,499	\$ 208,603

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Continued)	Amount Outstanding	Due within One year
Sovernmental Activities: (Continued)	Outstanding	
Capital Leases:		
The County purchased Baseball field lighting under a capital lease. Title to the equipment passes to the entity upon completion of payment of the minimum lease payments. The lease is due in annual installments ranging from \$109,000 to \$113,000 on January 15 through 2026, interest payable semi-annually at .70%.	\$ 556,000	\$ 109,000
The County purchased radio equipment under capital lease agreements. Title to the equipment passes to the entity upon completion of payment of the minimum lease payments. The lease is due in annual installments ranging from \$419,000 to \$543,000 on January 15 through 2030, interest payable semi-annually at 2.395%.	4,452,000	449,000
Total Capital Leases	\$ 5,008,000	\$ 558,000
<u>Revenue Anticipation Note:</u> The County entered into a \$46,910,000 revenue anticipation note for the new high school, payable in one installment of \$46,910,000, due on		
June 1, 2022.	\$ 46,910,000	\$ 46,910,000
<u>Inamoritized Bond Premium</u>	\$ 166,844	\$ 166,844
General Obligation Bonds:		
\$1,975,000 general obligation school bonds, payable in annual principal installments of \$115,000, due on June 1 through 2027, interest payable semi-annually at 5.31%.	\$ 710,000	\$ 115,000
Compensated absences (payable from general fund)	\$ 689,921	\$ 68,992
let pension liability	\$ 4,185,461	\$
<u>let OPEB liability</u>	\$ 963,101	\$ -
Total long-term obligations from governmental activities	\$ 66,717,826	\$ 48,027,439

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Business-type Activities:  Lease Revenue Bonds:  \$308,200 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$1,400 beginning on November 12, 2002, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$1,206,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,619 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 3.25% per year.  \$388,238  \$608,930 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$2,795 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$375,100 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$1,722 beginning on March 22, 2007, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$299,100  \$295,700 Lease revenue bonds, payable in \$454 monthly installments of \$1,310 beginning on July 17, 2007, interest payable at 4.25% per year.  \$31,174,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$31,000,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$41,287,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$41,287,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$1,500,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,000,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,000,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$4,308,600 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.	e within ne year	_	Amount Outstanding	_	NOTE 12 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Continued)
\$308,200 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$1,400 beginning on November 12, 2002, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$1,206,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,619 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 3.25% per year.  \$838,238  \$608,930 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$2,795 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$375,100 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$1,722 beginning on March 22, 2007, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$299,100  \$299,100  \$299,100  \$299,100  \$295,700 Lease revenue bonds, payable in \$454 monthly installments of \$1,310 beginning on July 17, 2007, interest payable at 4.25% per year.  \$31,174,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$31,000,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$41,394					Business-type Activities:
\$1,400 beginning on November 12, 2002, interest payable at 4.50% per year. \$1,206,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,619 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 3.25% per year.  \$38,238  \$608,930 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$2,795 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$375,100 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$1,722 beginning on March 22, 2007, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$299,100  \$299,100  \$299,100  \$299,100  \$299,100  \$299,100  \$295,700 Lease revenue bonds, payable in \$454 monthly installments of \$1,310 beginning on July 17, 2007, interest payable at 4.25% per year.  \$31,174,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$31,000,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$31,287,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$31,500,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$30,000,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$30,000,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.					Lease Revenue Bonds:
of \$4,619 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 3.25% per year.  \$838,238  \$608,930 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$2,795 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$375,100 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$1,722 beginning on March 22, 2007, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$299,100  \$295,700 Lease revenue bonds, payable in \$454 monthly installments of \$1,310 beginning on July 17, 2007, interest payable at 4.25% per year.  \$235,529  \$1,174,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$36,634  \$1,000,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$37,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$37,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$37,000 Deginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year.  \$37,000 Deginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year.  \$37,000 Deginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$375,000 Deginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$375,000 Deginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.	6,920	\$	222,697	\$	\$1,400 beginning on November 12, 2002, interest payable at 4.50% per
\$2,795 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$375,100 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$1,722 beginning on March 22, 2007, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$299,100 \$295,700 Lease revenue bonds, payable in \$454 monthly installments of \$1,310 beginning on July 17, 2007, interest payable at 4.25% per year.  \$1,174,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$36,634 \$31,000,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$36,634 \$31,287,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$36,690 \$3,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$375,100 lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$3,003,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$3,003,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.	28,609		838,238		of \$4,619 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 3.25% per
of \$1,722 beginning on March 22, 2007, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$299,100 \$295,700 Lease revenue bonds, payable in \$454 monthly installments of \$1,310 beginning on July 17, 2007, interest payable at 4.25% per year.  \$1,174,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$1,000,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$1,287,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$1,006,690  \$1,500,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$3,003,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$2,617,747	13,447		452,622		
year. 235,529  \$1,174,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year. 936,634  \$1,000,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year. 841,394  \$1,287,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year. 1,026,690  \$1,500,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012. 1,241,797  \$3,003,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012. 2,617,747	7,355		299,100		of \$1,722 beginning on March 22, 2007, interest payable at 4.50% per year. \$295,700 Lease revenue bonds, payable in \$454 monthly installments
of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$1,000,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$41,287,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$1,026,690  \$1,500,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$3,003,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$2,617,747	5,823		235,529		
of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year.  \$41,394  \$1,287,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$1,500,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$3,003,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  2,617,747	23,081		936,634		of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125%
of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.  \$1,500,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$3,003,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  2,617,747	16,474		841,394		of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per
\$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  \$3,003,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.  2,617,747	25,312		1,026,690		of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125%
\$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012. 2,617,747	30,962		1,241,797		\$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per
\$4.308.600 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of	50,079		2,617,747		\$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per
\$12,969 beginning on June 26, 2018, interest payable at 1.75% per year. Interest only due on May 26, 2017 and May 26, 2018. As of June	05.000		4.007.546		year. Interest only due on May 26, 2017 and May 26, 2018. As of June
30, 2017 proceeds in the amount of \$3,433,178 have been drawn.  4,027,568  Total Lease Revenue bonds  \$ 12,740,016 \$	85,832 293,894	 _			·

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 12 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)		Amount Outstanding		Due within One year
Business-type Activities: (Continued)	-	outstanding	-	One year
Treatment plant upgrade agreement with the Town of Colonial Beach payable in monthly installments of \$526. Interest payable at 0.00%				
per year.	\$_	54,235	\$_	6,319
Net pension liability (payable from water and sewer funds)	\$_	129,447	\$_	-
Net OPEB liability (payable from water and sewer funds)	\$_	29,785	\$_	-
Compensated absences (payable from water and sewer funds)	\$	24,394	\$	2,439
Total long-term obligations from business-type activities	\$_	12,977,877	\$_	302,652
Component Unit:			_	
Capital Lease:				
The School Board purchased energy savings equipment under a capital lease agreement. Title to the equipment passes to the entity upon completion of payment of the minimum lease payments. There are no restrictions imposed by the agreements.	\$	400,117	\$	195,881
Compensated absences (payable from school fund)	Ť-	269,989	·	26,999
	٧_ -	<u> </u>	· Ť-	20,777
Net Pension Liability	\$_	17,801,611	\$_	
Net OPEB Liability	\$_	3,278,632	\$_	-
Total long-term obligations from component unit	\$_	21,750,349	\$_	222,880
Total long-term obligations	\$	101,446,052	\$	48,552,971

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 13 - UNEARNED AND DEFERRED/UNAVAILABLE REVENUE:

At June 30, 2021:

At Julie 30, 2021.	G 	Government-wide Statements Governmental Activities		Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
Primary Government:			_	
Unavailable revenue representing uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria has not been met. The uncollected tax billings are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	\$	-	\$	771,934
Prepaid property tax revenues representing collections received for property taxes that are applicable to the subsequent budget year.		107,547		107,547
Unearned revenues - American Rescue Plan funds		1,749,601	<u> </u>	1,749,601
Total	\$ <u></u>	1,857,148	\$ = =	2,629,082

### NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

# Federal Programs

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, would be immaterial.

As of June 30, 2021, the County had outstanding construction commitments in the amount of \$17,620,080.

# NOTE 15 - LITIGATION:

The County has been named as defendant in various matters. It is not known what liability, if any, the County faces.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 16 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE CARE COST:

The County closed its landfill prior to the date mandated by state and federal laws and regulations; thereby, reducing the liability period for post closure monitoring to ten years subsequent to closure. There was no landfill closure and post closure liability necessary at June 30, 2021 for estimated liability for post closure monitoring. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care in 2021. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and postclosure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

### NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The County and Component Unit School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County and School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of worker's compensation with Virginia Municipal League and public official's liability with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County and School Board pay an annual premium to the pools for its general insurance through member premiums and continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### NOTE 18 - SURETY BOND INFORMATION:

	 Amount
Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of General Services,	 _
Division of Risk Management-Surety	
Anne B. Garner, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 103,000
Sue Jones, Treasurer	400,000
William K. Hoover, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Norman Risavi, County Administrator	2,000
C.O. Balderson, Sheriff	30,000
Constitutional Officers, their employees and agents	500,000
Department of Social Service Employees - Blanket Bond	100,000
W.W. Hynson - Surety	
Dorothy Tate, Supervisor	1,000
Dorothy Tate- Surety	
Russ Culver, Supervisor	1,000
Darryl E. Fisher - Surety	
Timothy J. Trivett, Supervisor	1,000
Timothy J. Trivett - Surety	
Darryl E. Fisher, Supervisor	1,000
Russ Culver - Surety	
W.W. Hynson, Supervisor	1,000
VSBA Property and Casualty Pool	
Tina Withers, Clerk School Board	10,000
Peerless Insurance Company - Surety	
Dr. Michael Perry, Superintendent of Schools	25,000

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

# **Plan Description**

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured Plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

# Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the Plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

# **Benefit Amounts**

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the Plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,616 as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the County were \$39,968 and \$36,469 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively. Contributions to School Professional Plan were \$54,769 and \$53,624 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021 an

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the County, School Board (Professional) and School Board (Nonprofessional) reported a liabilities of \$568,739, \$836,254, and \$58,409, for their proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability, respectively. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, County, School Board (Professional) and School Board (Nonprofessional)'s proportion were .03408%, .05011% and .00350% respectively, as compared to .03345%, .04882% and .00352% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County, School Board (Professional) and School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$36,716, \$37,056, and \$1,155 respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 19-GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (continued)

At June 30, 2021, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Pri	<b>Primary Government</b>		School Pr	rofessional	School Nonprofessional		
	De	ferred	I	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Ou	tflows		Inflows	Outflows	Inflows	Outflows	Inflows
	_	of	_	of	of	of	of	of
Diff.	Res	ources	- F	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3	86,479	\$	5,108 \$	53,638	\$ 7,511 \$	3,746 \$	524
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program								
investments	1	7,084		-	25,120	-	1,755	-
Change in assumptions	2	.8,444		11,876	41,822	17,461	2,921	1,220
Changes in proportion	4	13,919		-	43,988	40,332	-	4,414
Employer contributions subsequent								
to the measurement date	3	9,968		-	54,769		3,908	-
Total	\$ <u>16</u>	5,894	\$	16,984 \$	219,337	\$ <u>65,304</u>	12,330 \$	6,158

\$39,968, \$54,769, and \$3,908 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the respective County, School Board (Professional) and School Board (Nonprofessional)'s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Primary Government	 School Professional	_	School Nonprofessional
2022	\$ 23,594	\$ 17,762	\$	(192)
2023	28,419	24,856		303
2024	27,137	25,151		755
2025	22,333	22,575		1,124
2026	6,782	7,720		251
Thereafter	677	1,200		23

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teachers 3.50%-5.95% Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation\*

# **Mortality Rates - Teachers**

# Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 19-GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

# Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 19-GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 20.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit
Withdrawat Nates	experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60.00% to 70.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

# Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 19-GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

# **NET GLI OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the Plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Group Life Insurance OPEB
	_	Program
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,523,937
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,855,102
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,668,835
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	•	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		52.64%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

### NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
PIP - Private Investment Part	r3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expect	ed arithmetic	nominal return*	7.14%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019 the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 19-GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	1% Decrease		С	urrent Discount	1% Increase	
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
Proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability:						
Primary Government	\$	747,651	\$	568,739	423,446	
School Professional		1,099,320		836,254	622,619	
School Nonprofessional		76,783		58,409	43,487	

# **GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 20—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

# **Plan Description**

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

# Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

# **Benefit Amounts**

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Plan (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

#### HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 20—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Primary Government	School Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8	-
Inactive members: Vested inactive members		-
Non-vested inactive members	-	-
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	-	-
Total inactive members	8	-
Active members	57	33
Total covered employees	65	33

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County and School Board (Nonprofessional) contractually required employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2021 were .22% and 1.36% of covered employee compensation, respectively. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the County to the HIC Plan were \$6,407 and \$6,092 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively. Contributions from the School Board (Nonprofessional) to the HIC Plan were \$9,451 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 20—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# **Net HIC OPEB Liability**

The County and School Board (Nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation\*

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 20—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

**Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)** 

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 20—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

**Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)** 

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 20—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Stra	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investement Par	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expect	ed arithmeti	c nominal return*	7.14%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

# NOTE 20—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

		Primary Government						
	_	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)				
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$_	65,994 \$	27,973	\$ 38,021				
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	2,919 \$	-	\$ 2,919				
Interest		4,249	-	4,249				
Benefit changes		-	-	-				
Differences between expected	d							
and actual experience		1,556	-	1,556				
Assumption changes		-	-	-				
Contributions - employer		-	6,092	(6,092)				
Net investment income		-	561	(561)				
Benefit payments		(6,102)	(6,102)	-				
Administrative expenses		-	(54)	54				
Other changes		-	-					
Net changes	\$ <u></u>	2,622 \$	497	\$ 2,125				
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	68,616 \$	28,470	\$ 40,146				

		School Nonprofessional						
		Inci	rea	ase (Decrease	•)			
		Total		Plan		Net		
		HIC OPEB		Fiduciary	HIC OPEB			
		Liability		<b>Net Position</b>		Liability (Asset)		
		(a)		(b)	_	(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$_	-	\$	-	\$			
Changes for the year:								
Benefit changes	\$	124,231	\$	-	\$	124,231		
Net changes	\$	124,231	\$	-	\$	124,231		
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	124,231	\$	-	\$	124,231		

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 20-HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Sensitivity of the Health Insurance Credit Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County and School Board (Nonprofessional) HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
Net HIC OPEB Liability				_		
Primary Government	\$ 47,818	\$	40,146	\$	33,599	
School Nonprofessional	135,822		124,231		114,132	

# HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County and School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$5,621 and \$124,231, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the County and School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC Plan from the following sources:

	Primary (	Government	School Nonprofessional				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	1,588	\$ 314	\$ - !	\$ -			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments	952	-	-	-			
Change in assumptions	1,074	710	-	-			
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,407	<u>-</u>	9,451				
Total \$	10,021	\$ 1,024	\$9,451_9	\$			

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 20—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

\$6,407 and \$9,451 reported by the County and School Board (Nonprofessional), respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Primary
Year Ended June 30	Government
2022	\$ 287
2023	438
2024	794
2025	845
2026	226
Thereafter	-

#### HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

# **Plan Description**

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

# Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

#### Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Plan (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

#### **HIC Plan Notes**

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$122,671 and \$123,747 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$1,534,503 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was .11763% as compared to .11396% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$131,569. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	-	\$ 20,493
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments	6,800	-
Change in assumptions	30,335	8,384
Change in proportion	93,907	84,727
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	122,671	
Total \$	253,713	\$ 113,604

\$122,671 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

2022	\$ 5,904
2023	6,578
2024	6,352
2025	1,494
2026	(5,418)

Year Ended June 30

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation\*

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

# Mortality Rates - Teachers

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

# Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ \$	1,448,676 144,160 1,304,516
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	<u> </u>	9.95%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Stra	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Parti	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expect	ed arithmetic	nominal return*	7.14%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019 the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

# Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

# NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Discount Rate: (Continued)

rate. From July 1, 2020 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

# Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The follow presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	 1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
School division's proportionate						
share of the VRS Teacher						
Employee HIC OPEB Plan						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 1,717,716	\$	1,534,503	\$	1,378,785	

# Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (continued)

# NOTE 22— HEALTH INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN):

# **Plan Description**

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 10, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

# **Benefits Provided**

Health benefits include medical, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Participants in the Plan must be eligible to retire through the Virginia Retirement System and attain either (1) the age of 50 with at least 10 years of service with the County, or (2) the age of 55 with at least 5 years of service with the County.

### Plan Membership

At June 30, 2021 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	\$ 114
Retirees and surviving spouses	 2
Total	\$ 116

#### **Contributions**

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. This is determined annually as part of the budgetary process. The amount paid by the County for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$18,521.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (continued)

# NOTE 22— HEALTH INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# **Total OPEB Liability**

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies based on years of service

Discount Rate 2.16% Investment Rate of Return N/A

Mortality rates for pre-retirement employees were based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB with Males setback 1 years and Females set back 3 year while mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on RP-2014 Combined Healthy Mortality tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB with Males set back 1 year and Females set back 1 year and mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on RP-2014 Disabled Life mortality tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB with Males at 115% of rates females at 130% of rates.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond GO Index as of their respective measurement dates. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 2.16% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the County will continue contributing the Actuarially Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost from the OPEB Trust.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (continued)

# NOTE 22— HEALTH INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Changes in Net OPEB Liability - County

Changes in Net Of LD Liabil	iity - Country
	<b>Primary Government</b>
	Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2020 \$	438,101
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	63,179
Interest	10,874
Changes in assumptions	(24,128)
Economic/demographic gains or losses	(85,504)
Benefit payments	(18,521)
Net changes	(54,100)
Balances at June 30, 2021 \$	384,001

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

	Rate						
_	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase		
_	(1.16%)		Rate (2.16%)		(3.16%)		
\$	422,762	\$	384,001	\$	348,845		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (continued)

# NOTE 22— HEALTH INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (3.90%) decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.00%) or one percentage point higher (5.90% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Rates			
Healthcare Cost					
 1% Decrease		Trend	_	1% Increase	
\$ 319,118	\$	384,001	\$	463,835	

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$38,485. At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resouces		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	83,963	
Changes in assumptions		15,684		61,232	
Total	\$_	15,684	\$	145,195	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2022	\$ (35,568)
2023	(33,996)
2024	(25,923)
2025	(18,902)
2026	(15,122)
Thereafter	_

Thereafter

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (continued)

# NOTE 23— HEALTH INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN) - SCHOOL BOARD:

# **Plan Description**

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 10, the School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The School Board Post-Retirement Medical Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which offers health insurance for retired employees. The plan is administered by the School Board. Retired employees, who have attained the age of 50, who were employed by Westmoreland County Public Schools with at least 10 years of service which have attained the age of 50 or have at least 5 years of service and have attained the age of 55 are eligible for retiree medical benefits. The plan has no separate financial report.

# **Benefits Provided**

The School Board establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The School Board also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. This is determined annually as part of the budgetary process. The School Board contributes \$525.20 per month towards participants' premiums, and \$636.90 per month for retiree and spouse/dependent coverage, participating retirees pay the remainder of the monthly premiums. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

## Plan Membership

At June 30, 2021 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active	\$ 223
Retireees and surviving spouses	3
Spouse of current retiree	 1
Total	\$ 227

#### **Contributions**

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the School Board. The amount paid by the School for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$34,021.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (continued)

## NOTE 23— HEALTH INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN) - SCHOOL BOARD: (CONTINUED)

## Total OPEB Liability

The School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Ranges from 3.50% to 5.35% based on years of service

Discount Rate 2.16%

#### Mortality Rates:

- Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related.
- Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.
- Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (continued)

## NOTE 23— HEALTH INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN) - SCHOOL BOARD: (CONTINUED)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 2.16% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the School Board will continue paying the pay-go cost.

## Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Changes in Net OPEB Liability - School Board

		Primary Government Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	674,277
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		66,977
Interest		16,008
Effect of plan changes		-
Effect of economic/demographic gain	ns or losses	-
Effect of assumption changes		1,994
Benefit payments		(34,021)
Net changes	•	50,958
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	725,235

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

		Rate	
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
_	(1.16%)	 Rate (2.16%)	 (3.16%)
\$	763,763	\$ 725,235	\$ 684,762

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (continued)

## NOTE 23— HEALTH INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN) - SCHOOL BOARD: (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (2.50% increasing to an ultimate rate of 3.20%) or one percentage point higher (4.50% increasing to an ultimate rate of 6.20%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Rates	
		Healthcare Cost	
1% Decrease	_	Trend	1% Increase
\$ 623,037	\$	725,235	\$ 847,226

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$66,437. At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resouces	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experie	\$	-	\$ 46,943
Changes in assumptions		18,992	51,631
Total	\$	18,992	\$ 98,574

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2022	\$	(16,548)
2023		(16,548)
2024		(16,648)
2025		(17,552)
2026		(12,286)
Thereafter		-

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2021 (continued)

## NOTE 23— HEALTH INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN) - SCHOOL BOARD: (CONTINUED)

Summary of Net OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Primary Government

				i i iiiiai y Go	, CIIIIIICIIC		
	-	Net OPEB		Deferred	Deferred	1	OPEB
		Liability		Outflows	Inflows		Expense
County Pay-as-you-go (Note 22)	\$	384,001	\$	15,684	\$ 145,195	\$	38,485
Group Life County - (Note 19)		568,739		165,894	16,984		36,716
County HIC Program (Note 20)		40,146		10,021	1,024		5,621
Total	\$	992,886	\$	191,599	\$ 163,203	\$	80,822
		Co	om	ponent Uni	it School B	oar	d
	-	Net OPEB		Deferred	Deferred	1	OPEB
		Liability		Outflows	Inflows		Expense
School Pay-as-you-go (Note 23)	\$	725,235	\$	18,992	\$ 98,574	\$	66,437
Group Life - School Professional (Note 19)		836,254		219,337	65,304		37,056
Group Life - School Nonprofessional (Note 1	9)	58,409		12,330	6,158		1,155
Nonprofessional HIC Program (Note 20)		124,231		9,451	-		124,231
Teacher HIC Program (Note 21)		1,534,503		253,713	113,604		131,569
Total	\$	3,278,632	\$	513,823	\$ 283,640	\$	360,448

## NOTE 24— SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

On October 27, 2021 the County issued Public Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 in the par amount of \$14,405,000.

#### NOTE 25— NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS:

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Notes of Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### NOTE 26—COVID-19 Pandemic Subsequent Event Note:

The COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on operations continues to evolve. Specific to the County, COVID-19 impacted various parts of its 2021 operations and financial results including, but not limited to, costs for emergency preparedness and shortages of personnel. Federal relief has been received through various programs. Management believes the County is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. The extent to which COVID-19 may impact operations in subsequent years remains uncertain, and management is unable to estimate the effects on future results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

## **CARES Act Funding**

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was passed by the federal government to alleviate some of the effects of the sharp economic downturn due to the COVID-19 pandemic, which included direct aid for state and local governments from the federal Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF).

Each locality received its CRF allocations based on population in two equal payments, with the second and final round of funding being received during fiscal year 2021. During fiscal year 2021 the County received total CRF funding of \$1,571,739. In addition, the School Board received CRF funding from the Virginia Department of Education in the amount of \$253,593. As a condition of receiving CRF funds, any funds unexpended as of December 31, 2021 will be returned to the federal government. There are no unspent CRF funds in the amount as of June 30, 2021.

#### ARPA Funding

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act of 2021 was passed by the federal government. A primary component of the ARPA was the establishment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF). Local governments are to receive funds in two tranches, with 50% provided beginning in May 2021 and the balance delivered approximately 12 months later.

In June 2021, the County received its share of the first half of the CSLFRF funds. As a condition of receiving CSLFRF funds, any funds unobligated by December 31, 2024, and unexpended by December 31, 2026, will be returned to the federal government. Unspent funds in the amount of \$1,749,602 from the initial allocation are reported as unearned revenue as of June 30, 2021.

## **ESF Funding**

The CARES Act also established the Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) and allocated \$30.75 billion to the U.S. Department of Education. The ESF is composed of three primary emergency relief funds: (1) a Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund, (2) an Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund, and (3) a Higher Education Emergency Relief (HEER) Fund. The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA Act) was signed into law on December 27, 2020 and added \$81.9 billion to the ESF. In March 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARP Act), in support of ongoing state and institutional COVID-19 recovery efforts, added more than \$170 billion to the ESF. The School Board is receiving this funding from the Virginia Department of Education on a reimbursement basis.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
		Outstand	Eta al	Actual	Positive
REVENUES	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
	\$	23,920,088 \$	23,920,088 \$	24,093,143 \$	172 055
General property taxes Other local taxes	Ş	23,920,088 \$	2,260,079	2,880,254	173,055 620,175
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		2,260,079	256,800	503,100	246,300
Fines and forfeitures		192,960	192,960	254,712	61,752
Revenue from the use of money and property		366,579	366,579	175,427	(191,152)
Charges for services		115,200	115,200	91,721	(23,479)
Miscellaneous		25,586	153,166	183,978	30,812
Recovered costs		1,346,618	1,421,151	1,408,956	(12,195)
Intergovernmental:		1,540,010	1,721,131	1,400,730	(12,173)
Commonwealth		6,306,510	6,353,849	6,021,973	(331,876)
Federal		1,106,638	4,756,023	4,613,578	(142,445)
Total revenues	s –	35,897,058 \$	39,795,895 \$	40,226,842 \$	430,947
Total Tevenides	· -	33,077,030	37,173,073		430,747
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$	3,268,702 \$	3,892,638 \$	3,443,125 \$	449,513
Judicial administration		1,136,799	1,245,716	1,138,038	107,678
Public safety		8,917,814	10,053,973	9,067,558	986,415
Public works		2,996,549	3,787,230	3,628,016	159,214
Health and welfare		4,902,162	4,727,856	4,504,909	222,947
Education		8,839,753	9,937,831	9,576,716	361,115
Parks, recreation, and cultural		540,088	520,625	514,889	5,736
Community development		534,865	607,289	498,222	109,067
Nondepartmental		181,278	272,510	272,510	-
Capital projects		1,018,378	4,951,525	3,646,497	1,305,028
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		865,109	865,109	865,109	-
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,719,285	1,969,285	1,397,324	571,961
Total expenditures	\$	35,920,782 \$	42,831,587 \$	38,552,913 \$	4,278,674
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		(0.2 TO () A	(2.025.400) \$	=2 000 6	4 700 (04
expenditures	\$_	(23,724) \$	(3,035,692) \$	1,673,929 \$	4,709,621
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	\$	- \$	(1,081,929) \$	(1,081,929) \$	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	ζ-		(1,081,929) \$	(1,081,929) \$	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<b>'</b> –	,	(1,001,727)	(1,001,727)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(23,724) \$	(4,117,621) \$	592,000 \$	4,709,621
Fund balances - beginning	•	23,724	4,117,621	14,495,525	10,377,904
Fund balances - ending	ş <del>-</del>	- \$	- \$	15,087,525 \$	15,087,525
-	=	·	<del></del>	<del></del> :	· · ·

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA Exhibit 13

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Primary Government Pension Plans

For The Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

	_	2020	2019	_	2018	_	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	812,645	\$ 690,198	\$	715,093	\$	670,396 \$	642,911 \$	648,302	\$ 608,513
Interest		1,837,004	1,773,060		1,658,624		1,613,872	1,636,243	1,554,107	1,477,841
Differences between expected and actual experience		615,113	88,440		560,982		(366,157)	(1,497,135)	(78,724)	-
Changes in assumptions		-	765,175		-		5,897	-	-	-
Benefit payments		(1,550,299)	(1,312,558)		(1,287,255)		(1,282,127)	(921,085)	(979,525)	(1,014,156)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,714,463	\$ 2,004,315	\$	1,647,444	\$	641,881 \$	(139,066) \$	1,144,160	\$ 1,072,198
Total pension liability - beginning		27,990,019	25,985,704		24,338,260		23,696,379	23,835,445	22,691,285	21,619,087
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	29,704,482	\$ 27,990,019	\$	25,985,704	\$	24,338,260 \$	23,696,379 \$	23,835,445	\$ 22,691,285
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	620,679	\$ 588,834	\$	603,624	\$	586,693 \$	672,423 \$	633,577	\$ 667,482
Contributions - employee		332,040	312,664		298,340		289,810	252,601	244,702	248,749
Net investment income		487,915	1,624,057		1,699,333		2,530,844	364,286	907,326	2,710,890
Benefit payments		(1,550,299)	(1,312,558)		(1,287,255)		(1,282,127)	(921,085)	(979,525)	(1,014,156)
Administrator charges		(16,814)	(16,020)		(14,732)		(14,715)	(12,671)	(12,350)	(14,578)
Other		(572)	(1,019)		(1,510)		(2,250)	(153)	(193)	143
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(127,051)	\$ 1,195,958	\$	1,297,800	\$	2,108,255 \$	355,401 \$	793,537	\$ 2,598,530
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		25,516,625	24,320,667		23,022,867		20,914,612	20,559,211	19,765,674	17,167,144
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	25,389,574	\$ 25,516,625	\$	24,320,667	\$	23,022,867 \$	20,914,612 \$	20,559,211	\$ 19,765,674
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,314,908	\$ 2,473,394	\$	1,665,037	\$	1,315,393 \$	2,781,767 \$	3,276,234	\$ 2,925,611
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		85.47%	91.16%		93.59%		94.60%	88.26%	86.25%	87.11%
Covered payroll	\$	7,007,158	\$ 6,551,860	\$	6,197,162	\$	5,970,248 \$	5,131,610 \$	4,810,683	\$ 4,926,874
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		61.58%	37.75%		26.87%		22.03%	54.21%	68.10%	59.38%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA Exhibit 14

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Pension Plans

For The Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015	2014
Total pension liability	_								
Service cost	\$	75,204	\$ 70,864	\$ 75,447	\$ 77,136 \$	85,052	\$	84,808 \$	98,467
Interest		310,121	294,007	274,669	275,668	265,470		262,208	252,023
Differences between expected and actual experience		49,029	211,579	199,979	(114,005)	24,513		(83,136)	-
Changes of assumptions		-	110,127	-	(4,064)	-		-	-
Benefit payments		(306,580)	(277,985)	(269,707)	(228, 312)	(230, 372)	)	(204, 176)	(205,806)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	127,774	\$ 408,592	\$ 280,388	\$ 6,423 \$	144,663	\$	59,704 \$	144,684
Total pension liability - beginning		4,747,680	4,339,088	4,058,700	4,052,277	3,907,614		3,847,910	3,703,226
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	4,875,454	\$ 4,747,680	\$ 4,339,088	\$ 4,058,700 \$	4,052,277	\$	3,907,614 \$	3,847,910
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$	66,596	\$ 64,017	\$ 59,979	\$ 62,921 \$	74,703	\$	77,446 \$	76,884
Contributions - employee		35,600	34,115	34,871	36,575	35,640		37,061	36,335
Net investment income		77,448	260,455	284,160	432,043	61,050		161,881	495,868
Benefit payments		(306,580)	(277,985)	(269,707)	(228, 312)	(230, 372)	)	(204, 176)	(205,806)
Administrator charges		(2,747)	(2,709)	(2,550)	(2,569)	(2,313)	)	(2,275)	(2,729)
Other		(89)	(163)	(249)	(382)	(26)	)	(34)	26
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(129,772)	\$ 77,730	\$ 106,504	\$ 300,276 \$	(61,318)	) \$	69,903 \$	400,578
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,089,027	4,011,297	3,904,793	3,604,517	3,665,835		3,595,932	3,195,354
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,959,255	\$ 4,089,027	\$ 4,011,297	\$ 3,904,793 \$	3,604,517	\$	3,665,835 \$	3,595,932
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	916,199	\$ 658,653	\$ 327,791	\$ 153,907 \$	447,760	\$	241,779 \$	251,978
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total									
pension liability		81.21%	86.13%	92.45%	96.21%	88.95%	6	93.81%	93.45%
Covered payroll	\$	720,745	\$ 690,577	\$ 709,125	\$ 741,630 \$	719,396	\$	743,755 \$	726,912
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of									
covered payroll		127.12%	95.38%	46.22%	20.75%	62.24%	6	32.51%	34.66%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan Pension Plans For The Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.11600%	0.11310%	0.12031%	0.12267%	0.11459%	0.11744%	0.11661%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	16,885,412 \$	14,888,550 \$	14,148,000 \$	15,086,000 \$	16,059,000 \$	14,781,000 \$	14,092,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	10,312,225	9,558,257	9,776,252	9,890,689	8,831,974	8,268,366	8,098,877
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	163.74%	155.77%	144.72%	152.53%	181.83%	178.77%	174.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.47%	73.51%	74.81%	72.92%	68.28%	70.68%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}$  The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions
Pension Plans

For The Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

		Contractually		Contributions in Relation to Contractually	Contribution		Employer's	Contributions as a % of
		Required		Required	Deficiency		Covered	Covered
D. I.		Contribution		Contribution	(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
Date	_	(1)	_	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
Primary Government	ċ	72.4.000	ċ	72.4.000 ¢		۲	7 205 274	0.70%
2021 2020	\$	724,088	Þ	724,088 \$	-	\$	7,395,271	9.79% 8.88%
2020		622,237		622,237	-		7,007,158	
		588,834		588,834	-		6,551,860	8.99%
2018		603,623		603,623	-		6,197,162	9.74%
2017		599,413		599,413	-		5,970,248	10.04%
2016		677,886		677,886	-		5,131,610	13.21%
2015		635,491		635,491	-		4,810,683	13.21%
2014		667,591		667,591	-		4,926,874	13.55%
2013		637,148		637,148	-		4,702,198	13.55%
2012		483,488		483,488	-		4,472,603	10.81%
Component Unit Schoo	l Bo	oard (Nonprofess	sioi	nal)				
2021	\$	96,164	\$	96,164 \$		\$	701,544	13.71%
2020		66,543		66,543	-		720,745	9.23%
2019		64,017		64,017	-		690,577	9.27%
2018		59,983		59,983	-		709,125	8.46%
2017		63,558		63,558	-		741,630	8.57%
2016		75,033		75,033	-		719,396	10.43%
2015		77,574		77,574	-		743,755	10.43%
2014		76,907		76,907	-		726,912	10.58%
2013		88,952		88,952	-		840,755	10.58%
2012		75,948		75,948	-		941,121	8.07%
Component Unit Schoo	l Bo	oard (Professiona	al)					
2021	\$	1,613,270	-	1,613,270 \$	-	\$	10,138,070	15.91%
2020	•	1,541,868	т	1,541,868	-	•	10,312,225	14.95%
2019		1,449,843		1,449,843	-		9,558,257	15.17%
2018		1,733,735		1,733,735	-		9,776,252	16.32%
2017		1,449,975		1,449,975	-		9,890,689	14.66%
2016		1,227,802		1,227,802	-		8,831,974	13.90%
2015		1,198,913		1,198,913	-		8,268,366	14.50%
2013		.,.,,,,		1,170,713			0,200,500	11.55/0

Current year contributions are from County records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information for the School Board (professional) plan prior to 2015 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

## All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

## All Others

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Componer

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	
	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of County of Westmoreland, Virginia's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary G	overnment				
2020	0.03408% \$	568,739	\$ 7,013,227	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.03345%	544,321	6,557,341	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.03265%	496,000	6,208,077	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.03238%	488,000	5,972,040	8.17%	48.86%
Componer	nt Unit School Board (Nor	nprofessional)			
2020	0.00350% \$	58,409	\$ 720,745	8.10%	52.64%
2019	0.00352%	57,279	690,577	8.29%	52.00%
2018	0.00373%	57,000	709,125	8.04%	51.22%
2017	0.00402%	60,000	741,630	8.09%	48.86%
Componer	nt Unit School Board (Pro	fessional)			
2020	0.05011% \$	836,254	\$ 10,312,225	8.11%	54.64%
2019	0.04882%	794,431	9,558,257	8.31%	52.00%
2018	0.05144%	782,000	9,781,015	8.00%	51.22%
2017	0.05280%	795,000	9,739,667	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

Date	_	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_ ,	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go						_		
2021	\$	39,968 \$		\$	-	\$	7,401,470	0.54%
2020		36,469	36,469		-		7,013,227	0.52%
2019		34,098	34,098		-		6,557,341	0.52%
2018		32,282	32,282		-		6,208,077	0.52%
2017		31,055	31,055		-		5,972,040	0.52%
2016		24,658	24,658		-		5,137,105	0.48%
2015		23,091	23,091		-		4,810,683	0.48%
2014		23,649	23,649		-		4,926,874	0.48%
2013		22,571	22,571		-		4,702,199	0.48%
2012		12,523	12,523		-		4,472,603	0.28%
Componen	t Ur	nit School Board (	(Nonprofessional)					
2021	\$	3,908 \$	3,908	\$	_	\$	723,766	0.54%
2020		3,748	3,748		-		720,745	0.52%
2019		3,591	3,591		_		690,577	0.52%
2018		3,687	3,687		_		709,125	0.52%
2017		3,856	3,856		_		741,630	0.52%
2016		3,453	3,453		_		719,395	0.48%
2015		3,570	3,570		_		743,755	0.48%
2014		3,489	3,489		_		726,912	0.48%
2013		4,093	4,093		_		852,801	0.48%
2012		2,686	2,686		-		959,367	0.28%
Componen	t Ur	nit School Board (	(Professional)					
2021	\$	54,769 \$	•	\$	_	\$	10,142,487	0.54%
2020	Ψ	53,624	53,624	Ψ		Ψ	10,312,225	0.52%
2019		49,771	49,771		_		9,558,257	0.52%
2018		50,861	50,861		_		9,781,015	0.52%
2017		50,646	50,646		_		9,739,667	0.52%
2016		41,975	41,975		_		8,744,831	0.48%
2015		41,912	41,912		_		8,731,688	0.48%
2013		40,933	40,933		_		8,527,695	0.48%
2013		41,492	41,492		_		8,644,153	0.48%
2013		22,557	22,557		_		8,056,241	0.28%
2012		22,001	22,007		-		0,000,241	0.2070

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions

**Changes of assumptions** – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### **Teachers**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

## Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

	• •
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

, , ,
Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Adjusted rates to better match experience
No change
Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30,2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability			 	
Service cost	\$ 2,919	\$ 2,535	\$ 2,862 \$	2,503
Interest	4,249	4,131	3,918	3,795
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,556	448	(611)	-
Changes of assumptions	-	1,618	-	(2,146)
Benefit payments	(6,102)	(3,514)	(2,738)	(2,062)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ 2,622	\$ 5,218	\$ 3,431 \$	2,090
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	65,994	60,776	57,345	55,255
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 68,616	\$ 65,994	\$ 60,776 \$	57,345
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 6,092	\$ 5,493	\$ 6,287 \$	5,895
Net investment income	561	1,704	1,490	1,824
Benefit payments	(6,102)	(3,514)	(2,738)	(2,062)
Administrator charges	(54)	(38)	(39)	(35)
Other	-	(2)	(79)	79
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 497	\$ 3,643	\$ 4,921 \$	5,701
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	27,973	24,330	19,409	13,708
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 28,470	\$ 27,973	\$ 24,330 \$	19,409
Net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 40,146	\$ 38,021	\$ 36,446 \$	37,936
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	41.49%	42.39%	40.03%	33.85%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,769,139	\$ 2,496,883	\$ 2,329,923 \$	2,184,545
Net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	1.45%	1.52%	1.56%	1.74%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in the Westmoreland County School Board's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020

		2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	-
Interest		-
Changes of benefit terms		124,231
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes of assumptions		-
Benefit payments	. —	-
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	124,231
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	124,231
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	-
Net investment income		-
Benefit payments		-
Administrator charges		-
Other		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	-
Net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	124,231
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
HIC OPEB liability		0.00%
Covered payroll	\$	690,577
Net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of		
covered payroll		17.99%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2011 through June 30, 2020

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	verr	ment				
2021	\$	6,407 \$	6,407 \$	-	\$ 2,912,198	0.22%
2020		6,092	6,092	-	2,769,139	0.22%
2019		5,493	5,493	-	2,496,883	0.22%
2018		6,291	6,291	-	2,329,923	0.27%
2017		5,898	5,898	-	2,184,545	0.27%
2016		4,021	4,021	-	1,675,322	0.24%
2015		3,357	3,357	-	1,398,662	0.24%
2014		1,409	1,409	-	1,409,222	0.10%
2013		4,701	4,701	-	4,701,170	0.10%
2012		3,578	3,578	-	4,472,603	0.08%
Component	t Uni	it School Board (N	lonprofessional)			
2021	\$	9,541 \$	9,541 \$	-	\$ 701,544	1.36%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The Component Unit School Board started participating in the nonprofessional plan in 2020.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 though June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

, , ,
Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
projected to 2020
Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Adjusted rates to better match experience
No change
Decreased rate from 60% to 45%
Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of Westmoreland School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 thrugh June 30, 2020

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2020	0.11763% \$	1,534,503	\$	10,312,225	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.11396%	1,491,847	•	9,558,257	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.12094%	1,536,000		9,781,015	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.12341%	1,565,000		9,739,667	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions
Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2021	\$	122.671	\$ 122.671	\$	_	\$	10,138,070	1.21%
2020	,	123,747	123,747	•	-	•	10,312,225	1.20%
2019		114,699	114,699		_		9,558,257	1.20%
2018		120,306	120,306		-		9,781,015	1.23%
2017		108,110	108,110		-		9,739,667	1.11%
2016		92,613	92,613		-		8,737,106	1.06%
2015		92,556	92,556		-		8,731,688	1.06%
2014		94,657	94,657		-		8,527,695	1.11%
2013		94,660	94,660		-		8,527,883	1.11%
2012		47,577	47,577		-		7,929,467	0.60%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Pay-As-You-Go Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through 2021

<u></u>	Primary Government 2021		Primary	Primary			Primary	
				Government 2020		Government 2019		Government 2018
Total OPEB liability	_	·	_		-		_	
Service cost	\$	63,179	\$	50,867	\$	49,903	\$	50,455
Interest		10,874		14,498		17,859		16,284
Changes in assumptions		(24,128)		28,232		(82,701)		(14,166)
Economic/demographic gains or losses		(85,504)		-		(29,041)		-
Benefit payments		(18,521)		(37,408)		(29,202)	_	(24,355)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(54,100)	\$	56,189	\$	(73,182)	\$	28,218
Total OPEB liability - beginning		438,101		381,912		455,094		426,876
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	384,001	\$	438,101	\$	381,912	\$	455,094
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,927,569	\$	5,461,505	\$	5,461,505	\$	4,971,600
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.48%		8.02%		6.99%		9.15%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pay-As-You Go OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 7/1/2020 Measurement Date: 6/30/2021

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	2.16%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 4.90% to 4.00% over 53 years.
Salary Increase Rates	Varies based on years of service
Retirement Age	Based in VRS eligibility and service requirments
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through 2021

		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability	_		_		-		-	
Service cost	\$	66,977	\$	55,041	\$	56,509	\$	57,806
Interest		16,008		38,265		38,623		34,151
Effect of plan changes		-		(323,393)				
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-		(66,919)				
Changes in assumptions		1,994		(53,023)		35,297		(34,352)
Benefit payments	_	(34,021)	_	(27,662)	_	(39,642)	_	(28,442)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	50,958	\$	(377,691)	\$	90,787	\$	29,163
Total OPEB liability - beginning		674,277		1,051,968		961,181		932,018
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	725,235	\$	674,277	\$	1,051,968	\$	961,181
Covered-employee payroll	\$	10,103,423	\$	10,103,423	\$	10,512,834	\$	10,512,834
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.18%		6.67%		10.01%		9.14%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

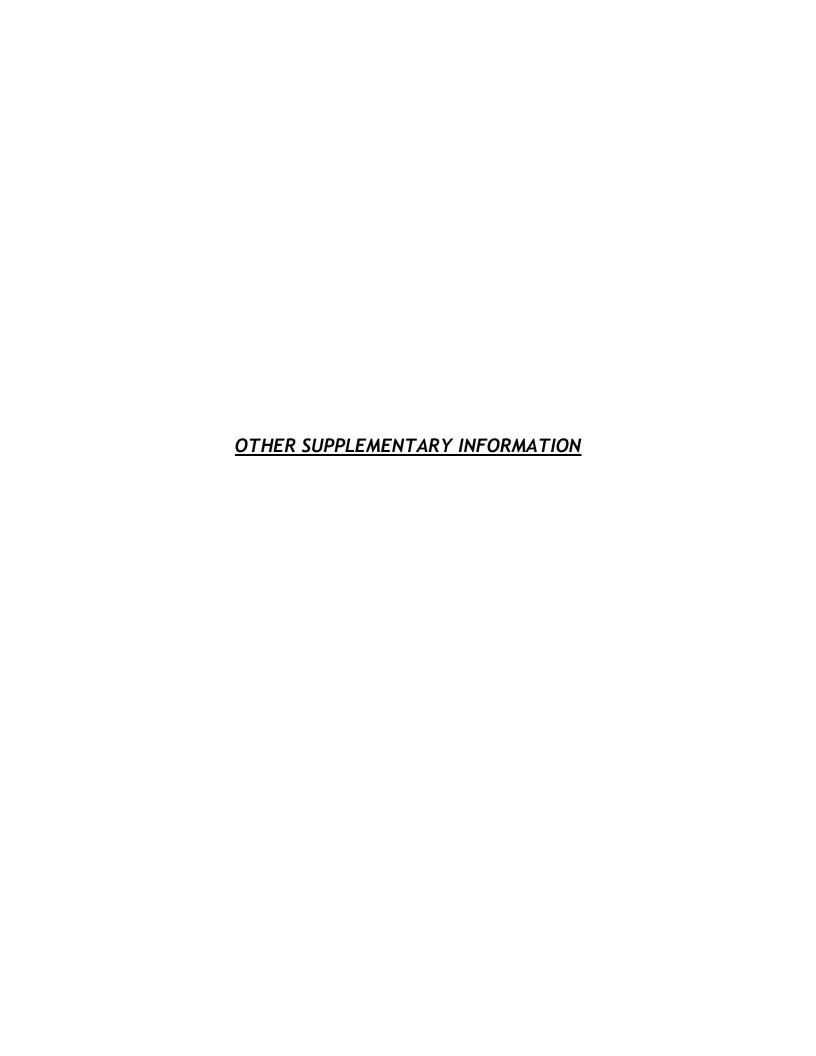
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Component Unit School Board Pay-As-You Go OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 1/1/2020 Measurement Date: 6/30/2021

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

v <u>ietrious and assumptions used to determ</u>	inte Of LD hability.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Discount Rate	2.16%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 3.50% and gradually increases to 4.20% by 2092 for pre-65 and 1.80% gradually increases to 4.60% for post-65
Salary Increase Rates	Ranges from 3.50% to 5.35% based on years of service
Retirement Age	Based in VRS eligibility and service requirments
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables.



Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Budget	geted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive			
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
REVENUES										
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	9,500	\$	9,500	\$	84,358	\$	74,858		
Miscellaneous		-		25,000		25,000		-		
Total revenues	\$	9,500	\$	34,500	\$	109,358	\$	74,858		
EXPENDITURES										
Capital projects	\$	638,584	\$	46,095,823	\$	27,667,216	\$	18,428,607		
Debt service:										
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		31,197	_	31,197		-		
Total expenditures	\$	638,584	\$	46,127,020	\$	27,698,413	\$	18,428,607		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	\$_	(629,084)	\$ <u>_</u>	(46,092,520)	. \$_	(27,589,055)	\$_	18,503,465		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	750,000	\$	750,000	\$	-		
Issuance of capital leases		-		556,000	_	556,000		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	1,306,000	\$	1,306,000	\$	-		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(629,084)	\$	(44,786,520)	\$	(26,283,055)	\$	18,503,465		
Fund balances - beginning		629,084		44,786,520		43,152,965		(1,633,555)		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,869,910	\$	16,869,910		

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2021

	Placid Bay Sanitary District Fund	t -	Glebe Harbor Cabin Point Sanitary Distric Fund	Total			
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 689,305	\$	179,655	\$	·		
Investments	2,034		-		2,034		
Restricted assets:	40.424				10.734		
Investments	49,631	_	-	_	49,631		
Total assets	\$ 740,970	\$ <b>=</b>	179,655	\$ <b>=</b>	920,625		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 26,842	\$	16,190	\$	43,032		
FUND BALANCES:							
Restricted	\$ 49,631	\$	-	\$	49,631		
Committed	664,497		163,465		827,962		
Total fund balances	\$ 714,128	\$	163,465	\$	877,593		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 740,970	\$	179,655	\$	920,625		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Placid Bay Sanitary Distric Fund		Glebe Harbor Cabin Point Sanitary District Fund	. <u>-</u>	Total
REVENUES					
General property taxes	\$	74,911 \$	-	\$	74,911
Revenue from the use of money and property		22	-		22
Charges for services		177,086	278,413		455,499
Commonwealth		41,530	-		41,530
Total revenues	\$	293,549 \$	278,413	\$	571,962
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Community development	\$	- \$	119,385	\$	119,385
Capital projects		88,782	127,101		215,883
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		15,519	63,873		79,392
Interest and other fiscal charges		33,633	8,768		42,401
Total expenditures	\$	137,934 \$	319,127	\$	457,061
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$	155,615 \$	(40,714)	\$_	114,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	\$	920	\$_	920
Net change in fund balances	\$	155,615 \$	(39,794)	\$	115,821
Fund balances - beginning		558,513	203,259		761,772
Fund balances - ending	\$	714,128 \$	163,465	\$	877,593
-			·	-	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Placid Bay Sanitary District Fund								
	_	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES									
General property taxes	\$	60,675	\$	60,675	\$	74,911 \$	14,236		
Revenue from the use of money and property		802		802		22	(780)		
Charges for services		178,303		178,303		177,086	(1,217)		
Intergovernmental:									
Commonwealth		-		41,530		41,530			
Total revenues	\$_	239,780	.\$	281,310	\$	293,549 \$	12,239		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Community development	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-		
Capital projects		183,372		570,671		88,782	481,889		
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		15,519		15,519		15,519	-		
Interest and other fiscal charges		33,833		35,379	_	33,633	1,746		
Total expenditures	\$	232,724	\$	621,569	\$	137,934 \$	483,635		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$ <u>_</u>	7,056	\$_	(340,259)	\$_	155,615 \$	495,874		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-		
Net change in fund balances	\$	7,056	\$	(340,259)	\$	155,615 \$	495,874		
Fund balances - beginning		(7,056)		340,259		558,513	218,254		
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	-	\$	714,128 \$	714,128		

Glebe Harbor-Cabin Point Sanitary District Fund								
Dudgeted Am	ounts		Final Budget Positive					
Budgeted Am Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)					
<u> </u>		Actual	(Negative)					
- \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ -	- -					
273,900	279,250	278,413	(837)					
<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>					
273,900 \$	279,250 \$	278,413 \$	(837)					
124,085 \$	130,355 \$	119,385 \$	10,970					
51,274	231,754	127,101	104,653					
63,873	63,873	63,873	-					
8,768	36,131	8,768	27,363					
248,000 \$	462,113 \$	319,127 \$	142,986					
25,900 \$	(182,863) \$	(40,714) \$	142,149					
- \$	920 \$	920 \$	-					
- \$	920 \$	920 \$	-					
25,900 \$	(181,943) \$	(39,794) \$	142,149					
(25,900)	181,943	203,259	21,316					
- \$	- \$	163,465 \$	163,465					

Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
June 30, 2021

Fund			School Operating		School Cafeteria		School Activity	Total Governmental
sah and cash equivalents \$ 3,355,637 \$ 188,808 \$ 124,947 \$ 3,839,302 Accounts receivable 400 444 • Form primary government 288,050 • • • • 288,050 • • 1,537,765 expaid tiems 1,437,517 100,248 • • 1,537,765 expaid tiems 2,531,500 \$ 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385		_					,	
sah and cash equivalents \$ 3,355,637 \$ 188,808 \$ 124,947 \$ 3,839,302 Accounts receivable 400 444 • Form primary government 288,050 • • • • 288,050 • • 1,537,765 expaid tiems 1,437,517 100,248 • • 1,537,765 expaid tiems 2,531,500 \$ 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385	199FTS	_		_		_		
Accounts receivable		\$	3,525,637	Ś	188,808	Ś	124,947 \$	3,839,392
1,437,517   100,248   -   1,537,758   1,	•	,		•	•	•		
1,437,517   100,248   -   1,537,765   1,	ue from primary government		288,050		-		-	288,050
Total assets \$ \$ 5,251,604 \$ 289,100 \$ 125,332 \$ 5,666,036	ue from other governmental units		1,437,517		100,248		-	1,537,765
ABILITIES  Accounts payable  Account pay	repaid items		-		-		385	385
Accounds payable \$ 444,872 \$ 34,962 \$ . \$ 479,834 Accound liabilities 2,855,192 84,124 \$ . 2,939,316 Due to other governmental units 75,176 17,176 1	Total assets	\$ <u></u>	5,251,604	\$	289,100	\$	125,332 \$	5,666,036
Accrued liabilities   2,855,192   84,124   - 2,939,316   Due to other governmental units   75,176	ABILITIES							
Due to other governmental units	Accounts payable	\$	444,872	\$	34,962	\$	- \$	479,834
Total liabilities \$\frac{3}{3,375,240} \\$ \frac{119,086}{5} \\$ . \$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \\$ \	Accrued liabilities		2,855,192		84,124		-	2,939,316
UND BALANCES:  Nonspendable - prepaids \$ \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . 385 \$	Due to other governmental units	<u>_</u>		_	-	_		
Nonspendable - prepaids	Total liabilities	\$_	3,375,240	\$_	119,086	\$_	<u> </u>	3,494,326
Restricted - school activities	JND BALANCES:							
Committed - cafeteria 1,876,364 - 170,014 - 170,014	Nonspendable - prepaids	\$	-	\$	-	\$	385 \$	385
Unassigned Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Interport of governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Interport of governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Land Construction in progress Anatheric of governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Land Construction in progress Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Society of the statement of the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Soc	Restricted - school activities		-		-		124,947	124,947
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances  \$\frac{1,876,364}{5,251,604} \cdot \frac{120,014}{289,100} \cdot \frac{125,332}{125,332} \cdot \frac{2,171,710}{5,666,036} \text{ mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  total fund balances per above  \$\frac{2,171,710}{2,171,710} \text{ apital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Land  \$\frac{258,916}{3,726,338} \text{ Buildings and systems} \$\frac{3,726,338}{3,726,338} \text{ Buildings and systems} \$\frac{5,013,004}{1,892,864} \text{ 10,891,122}  eferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related items  \$\frac{(283,640)}{(1,749,775)} \text{ (2,033,415)}  eferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  Pension related items  \$\frac{4,895,195}{513,823} \text{ 5,409,018}  ong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  \$\frac{(269,989)}{(20,33,415)} \text{ (269,989)} Net OPEB liability  \$\frac{(3,278,632)}{(400,117)} \text{ (21,750,349)}  Net pension liability  \$\frac{(17,801,611)}{(400,117)} \text{ (21,750,349)}  Capital lease	Committed - cafeteria		-		170,014		-	170,014
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 5,251,604 \$ 289,100 \$ 125,332 \$ 5,666,036 mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  obtal fund balances per above \$ 2,171,710 apital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Land \$ 258,916 Construction in progress \$ 3,726,338 Buildings and systems \$ 5,013,004 Machinery and equipment \$ 1,892,864 \$ 10,891,122 are ferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related items \$ (283,640) Pension related items \$ (1,749,775) (2,033,415 Pension related items \$ 4,895,195 Pension related items \$	_				-		<u> </u>	
mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:  otal fund balances per above  spital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Land  Construction in progress  Buildings and systems  Suildings and systems  Suildings and systems  Machinery and equipment  specifier inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related items  OPEB related items  Pension related items  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Suitable to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Pension related items  OPEB related items  Suitable to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Suitable to pay for current period and,		\$ <u> </u>						
apital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Land Construction in progress 3,726,338 Buildings and systems 5,013,004 Machinery and equipment 1,892,864 10,891,122  eferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related items (283,640) Pension related items (1,749,775) (2,033,415)  eferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Pension related items 4,895,195 OPEB related items 4,895,195 OPEB related items 513,823 5,409,018  ong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences \$ (269,989) Net OPEB liability (3,278,632) Net pension liability (17,801,611) Capital lease (400,117) (21,750,349)	· -							
therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Land Construction in progress Suildings and systems Machinery and equipment Seferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related items OPEB related items (1,749,775) OPEB related items OPEB	otal fund balances per above						\$	2,171,710
Construction in progress Buildings and systems Suldings and suldings an	•	ot financial re	esources and,					
Buildings and systems Machinery and equipment  5,013,004 1,892,864 10,891,122  eferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related items (283,640) Pension related items (1,749,775) (2,033,415)  eferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Pension related items 4,895,195 OPEB related items 513,823 5,409,018  ong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences \$ (269,989) Net OPEB liability (3,278,632) Net pension liability (17,801,611) Capital lease (400,117) (21,750,349)	Land					\$	258,916	
Machinery and equipment  1,892,864  10,891,122  eferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related items  (283,640)  Pension related items  (1,749,775)  Eferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  Pension related items  OPEB related items  4,895,195  OPEB related items  OPEB related items  513,823  5,409,018  Dong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  \$ (269,989) Net OPEB liability  (17,801,611) Capital lease  (21,750,349	Construction in progress						3,726,338	
eferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related items  Pension related items  (283,640)  Pension related items  (1,749,775)  Eferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  Pension related items  OPEB related items  4,895,195  OPEB related items  513,823  5,409,018  Pension related items  Compensated absences  \$ (269,989)  Net OPEB liability  Net pension liability  (17,801,611)  Capital lease  (21,750,349)	9 ,							
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related items Pension related items (283,640) Pension related items (1,749,775) Perered outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Pension related items OPEB related items OPEB related items OPEB related items OPEB related items Sing-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Capital lease (400,117) (21,750,349)	Machinery and equipment					_	1,892,864	10,891,122
OPEB related items Pension related items (283,640) Pension related items (1,749,775) Pension related items  eferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Pension related items OPEB related ite	eferred inflows of resources are not due and payab	ole in the cur	rent period					
Pension related items (1,749,775) (2,033,415)  eferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  Pension related items 4,895,195  OPEB related items 513,823 5,409,018  ong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences \$ (269,989)  Net OPEB liability (3,278,632)  Net pension liability (17,801,611)  Capital lease (400,117) (21,750,349)	and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.							
eferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Ong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Net OPEB liability  Net pension liability  Capital lease  A,895,195  513,823  5,409,018  (269,989)  (3,278,632)  (17,801,611)  (21,750,349)	OPEB related items							
expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Ong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Net OPEB liability  Net pension liability  Capital lease  A,895,195  5,409,018  (269,989)  (269,989)  (3,278,632)  (17,801,611)  (21,750,349)	Pension related items					_	(1,749,775)	(2,033,415
Pension related items  OPEB related items  1,895,195  513,823  5,409,018  Ong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Net OPEB liability  Net pension liability  Capital lease  1,895,195  5,409,018  5,409,018  (269,989)  (3,278,632)  (17,801,611)  (21,750,349)			nt-period					
OPEB related items  513,823  5,409,018  ong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Net OPEB liability  Net pension liability  Capital lease  513,823  5,409,018  (269,989)  (269,989)  (3,278,632)  (17,801,611)  (21,750,349)		the funds						
ong-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Net OPEB liability  Net pension liability  Capital lease  (269,989)  (3,278,632)  (17,801,611)  (400,117)  (21,750,349)								
therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Net OPEB liability  Net pension liability  Capital lease  \$ (269,989)  (3,278,632)  (17,801,611)  (400,117)  (21,750,349)	OPEB related items					_	513,823	5,409,018
Compensated absences       \$ (269,989)         Net OPEB liability       (3,278,632)         Net pension liability       (17,801,611)         Capital lease       (400,117)       (21,750,349)	•	current peri	od and,					
Net OPEB liability       (3,278,632)         Net pension liability       (17,801,611)         Capital lease       (400,117)       (21,750,349)	•							
Net pension liability       (17,801,611)         Capital lease       (400,117)       (21,750,349)	•					\$		
Capital lease (400,117) (21,750,349)	•							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							(0.4 <del></del> 0.5 :-
et position of governmental activities \$ (5,311,914	Capital lease					_	(400,117)	(21,750,349

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund		School Activity Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	_	24.045.0	F	, -		24.050
Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services	\$	34,945 \$	5 1,805	Þ	- \$	34,950 1,805
Miscellaneous		734,725	12,894		50,681	798,300
Intergovernmental:		751,725	12,071		30,001	770,300
Local government		8,962,312	-		-	8,962,312
Commonwealth		12,005,069	9,297		-	12,014,366
Federal		3,133,290	1,369,281		-	4,502,571
Total revenues	\$	24,870,341 \$	1,393,282	\$	50,681 \$	26,314,304
EXPENDITURES	_		_		_	
Current:						
Education	\$	24,520,977 \$	1,459,163	\$	68,404 \$	26,048,544
Total expenditures	\$	24,520,977 \$	1,459,163	\$	68,404 \$	26,048,544
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	_					
expenditures	\$	349,364 \$	(65,881)	¢	(17,723) \$	265,760
expenditures	<b>-</b>	J <del>T</del> 7,30 <del>T</del> 3	(03,001)	٠ –	(17,723)	203,700
Net change in fund balances	\$	349,364 \$	(65,881)	\$	(17,723) \$	265,760
Fund balances - beginning of year, as restated		1,527,000	235,895		143,055	1,905,950
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,876,364 \$	170,014	\$	125,332 \$	2,171,710
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,					\$	265,760
different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exin the current period.  Capital asset additions	lives an	d reported as		\$	716,634	265,760
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exin the current period.	lives an	d reported as		\$		265,760
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exin the current period.  Capital asset additions	lives an	d reported as I depreciation		\$	716,634	·
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exin the current period.  Capital asset additions  Depreciation expense	ent Unitional inancial in debter in hower in hower in hower in hower in a re	resources to consumes the ever, has any ns, discounts, deferred and		\$	716,634	(54,778
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exin the current period.  Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Componental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of pand similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amount amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal retired on capital lease	ent Unitional in ancial in debtor, howe oremium is are fithese	d reported as depreciation  resources to consumes the ever, has any and discounts, deferred and differences in		\$	716,634	(54,778
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exin the current period.  Capital asset additions Depreciation expense  Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Componental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of pand similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amount amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal retired on capital lease  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental resources in governmental resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental resources.	ent Unitional in ancial in debtoremium is are fithese	d reported as depreciation  resources to consumes the ever, has any and discounts, deferred and differences in			716,634	(54,778 68,000
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exin the current period.  Capital asset additions Depreciation expense  Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Componental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of pand similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amount amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal retired on capital lease  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in gov Compensated absences	ent Unitional in ancial in debtoremium is are fithese	d reported as depreciation  resources to consumes the ever, has any and discounts, deferred and differences in		\$ <u> </u>	716,634 (771,412)	(54,778 68,000
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exin the current period.  Capital asset additions Depreciation expense  Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Componental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of pand similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amount amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal retired on capital lease  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in gov Compensated absences OPEB expense	ent Unitional in ancial in debtoremium is are fithese	d reported as depreciation  resources to consumes the ever, has any and discounts, deferred and differences in			716,634 (771,412) (25,171) (135,494)	(54,778 68,000
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exin the current period.  Capital asset additions Depreciation expense  Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Componental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of pand similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amount amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal retired on capital lease  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in gov Compensated absences	ent Unitional in ancial in debtoremium is are fithese	d reported as depreciation  resources to consumes the ever, has any and discounts, deferred and differences in			716,634 (771,412)	(54,778) 68,000

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Dis —Fiduciary Funds—Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		School Operating Fund						
		Budgete	ed Ar	mounts		-		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	30,500	\$	30,500	\$	34,945	\$	4,445
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		106,900		667,915		734,725		66,810
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		8,828,611		8,963,028		8,962,312		(716)
Commonwealth		12,358,756		11,711,692		12,005,069		293,377
Federal	_	1,414,791	_	2,365,778	_	3,133,290		767,512
Total revenues	\$_	22,739,558	\$_	23,738,913	\$_	24,870,341	\$.	1,131,428
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	22,675,207	\$	24,458,857	\$	24,520,977	\$	(62,120)
Total expenditures	\$	22,675,207	\$	24,458,857	\$	24,520,977	\$	(62,120)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$_	64,351	\$_	(719,944)	\$	349,364	\$.	1,069,308
Net change in fund balances	\$	64,351	\$	(719,944)	\$	349,364	\$	1,069,308
Fund balances - beginning		(64,351)		719,944		1,527,000		807,056
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,876,364	\$	1,876,364

			School Ca	afe	eteria Fund		
•							Variance with
							Final Budget
	Budgete	d /					Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
					_		
\$		\$		\$		\$	(20)
	160,000		160,000		1,805		(158,195)
	40,340		46,776		12,894		(33,882)
	-		-		-		-
	33,419		24,561		9,297		(15,264)
_	717,000		731,250		1,369,281	_	638,031
\$	950,784	\$	962,612	\$	1,393,282	\$	430,670
		-				-	
\$	1,050,784	\$	1,062,612	\$	1,459,163	\$	(396,551)
\$	1,050,784	\$	1,062,612	\$	1,459,163	\$	(396,551)
		-					
\$	(100,000)	\$	(100,000)	\$	(65,881)	\$	34,119
						•	
\$	(100,000)	\$	(100,000)	\$	(65,881)	\$	34,119
	100,000		100,000		235,895		135,895
\$	-	\$	-	\$	170,014	\$	170,014
						•	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
Custodial Funds
June 30, 2021

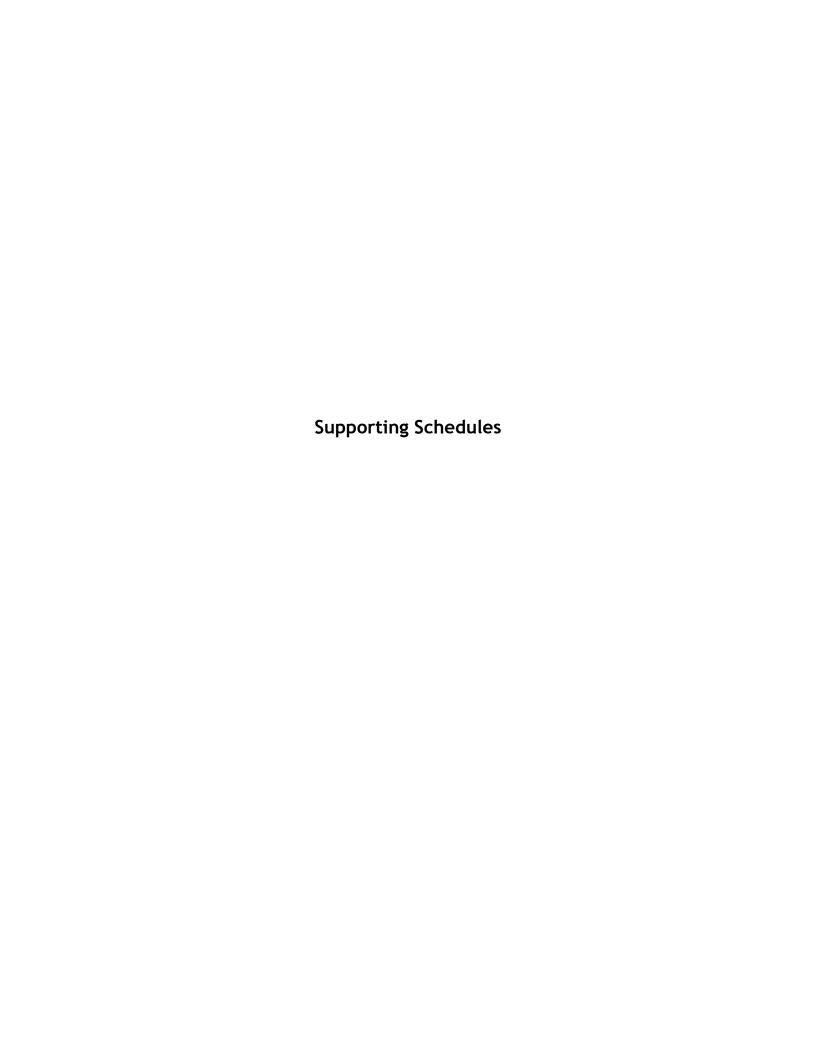
	-	Alternative Education Program
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	57,397
Total assets	\$_	57,397
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	13,135
Accrued liabilities	-	29,974
Total liabilities	\$_	43,109
NET POSITION		
Restricted: Net position restricted to individuals and organizations	\$_	14,288

The accompanying notes to financial statements are in integral poart of this statement

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
Custodial Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Additions:	Alternative Education Program
Contributions	
Contributions	\$ 294,652
Total additions	\$ 294,652
Deductions	
Other charges	\$ 320,320
Total deductions	\$ 320,320
Net Increase (decrease) in plan assets	\$ (25,668)
Net Positions	
Balance, beginning of year, as restated	39,956
Balance, end of year	\$ 14,288

The accompanying notes to financial statements are in integral poart of this statement



Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021  $\,$ 

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$	17,838,853	\$	17,838,853	\$	17,751,519 \$	(87,334)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		494,000	·	494,000		548,054	54,054
Personal property taxes		4,883,982		4,883,982		4,967,162	83,180
Mobile home taxes		31,553		31,553		33,737	2,184
Machinery and tools taxes		104,000		104,000		113,504	9,504
Farm machinery and tools taxes		140,000		140,000		145,361	5,361
Merchants capital taxes		88,900		88,900		90,573	1,673
Penalties		238,800		238,800		294,995	56,195
Interest		100,000		100,000		148,238	48,238
Total general property taxes	\$ <sup>_</sup>	23,920,088	\$	23,920,088	\$	24,093,143 \$	
Othershands							
Other local taxes:	\$	070 570	ċ	070 570	ċ	4 200 / 05 0	220.407
Local sales and use taxes	\$	870,579	\$	870,579	>	1,209,685 \$	•
Consumers' utility taxes		338,000		338,000		345,247	7,247
Utility gross receipts taxes		53,000		53,000		54,240	1,240
Motor vehicle licenses  Taxes on recordation and wills		804,000 192,000		804,000 192,000		835,844 426,525	31,844 234,525
E-911 taxes		2,000		2,000		7,853	5,853
				,		*	,
Golf cart decals	<u>,                                    </u>	500	-,-	500	·	860	360
Total other local taxes	\$_	2,260,079	_ > _	2,260,079	٠ -	2,880,254	620,175
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:							
Animal licenses	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	5,356 \$	(1,644)
Permits and other licenses		249,800		249,800		497,744	247,944
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	256,800	\$	256,800	\$	503,100 \$	246,300
Fines and forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	192,960	\$	192,960	\$	254,712 \$	61,752
	_						
Revenue from use of money and property:		101.050	,	404.050	_		(105.040)
Revenue from use of money	\$	191,858	\$	191,858	\$	6,818 \$	. , ,
Revenue from use of property		174,721	- , -	174,721	·	168,609	(6,112)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	366,579	_\$_	366,579	٥.	175,427 \$	(191,152)
Charges for services:							
Sheriff's fees	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	1,396 \$	(104)
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control		21,005		21,005		20,288	(717)
Charges for courthouse maintenance		57,920		57,920		18,542	(39,378)
Charges for court appointed attorney		6,500		6,500		6,424	(76)
Concealed weapons permits		10,000		10,000		16,318	6,318
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		2,000		2,000		1,920	(80)

Governmental Funds

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Charges for services: (Continued)							
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees	\$	3,700	\$	3,700	\$	6,116	2,416
Charges for animal control		1,025		1,025		2,286	1,261
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		7,050		7,050		15,226	8,176
Charges for planning and community development		4,500		4,500		3,205	(1,295)
Total charges for services	\$_	115,200	\$	115,200	\$	91,721	(23,479)
Miscellaneous:							
Expenditure refunds	\$	100	\$	7,965	\$	9,280	5 1,315
Miscellaneous other		25,486		145,201		174,698	29,497
Total miscellaneous	\$_	25,586	\$	153,166	\$	183,978	30,812
Recovered costs:							
Other recovered costs	\$	581,618	\$	608,609	\$	563,536	(45,073)
Rescue recovery		765,000		812,542		845,420	32,878
Total recovered costs	\$	1,346,618	\$	1,421,151	\$	1,408,956	(12,195)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	28,483,910	\$	28,686,023	\$_	29,591,291	905,268
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Noncategorical aid:							
Game of Skill tax	\$		\$		\$	19,008	. ,
Motor vehicle carriers' tax		50		50		33	(17)
Mobile home titling tax		19,000		19,000		23,519	4,519
Motor vehicle rental tax		2,000		2,000		4,565	2,565
State recordation tax		86,290		86,290			(86,290)
Tax on deeds		58,000		58,000		118,901	60,901
Communication sales and use taxes		540,000		540,000		468,537	(71,463)
Personal property tax relief funds		1,139,678		1,139,678		1,139,678	
Total noncategorical aid	\$_	1,845,018	- \$ _	1,845,018	Ş_	1,774,241	(70,777)
Categorical aid:							
Shared expenses:	_				_		
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	292,700	\$	292,700	\$	282,809	. , ,
Sheriff		1,087,580		1,087,580		1,073,859	(13,721)
Commissioner of revenue		121,345		121,345		105,315	(16,030)
Treasurer		110,336		110,336		106,286	(4,050)
Registrar/electoral board		37,000		58,259		40,545	(17,714)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		243,691		243,691		279,908	36,217
Total shared expenses	\$_	1,892,652	\$_	1,913,911	٤_	1,888,722	(25,189)

Governmental Funds

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued) Categorical aid: (Continued)					
Other categorical aid:					
Welfare administration and public assistance	\$	684,564 \$	444,782 \$	444,782 \$	-
Four for life		-	38,886	38,886	-
Litter control grant		7,200	7,200	-	(7,200)
Victim-witness grant		99,610	99,610	18,685	(80,925)
Fire programs		49,000	51,555	51,555	-
Children's Services Act		1,489,561	1,489,561	1,334,469	(155,092)
VJCCCA grants		142,000	142,000	141,997	(3)
Go Virginia grants		-	36,000	33,698	(2,302)
Wireless grant		62,000	62,000	76,044	14,044
COF grant		-	125,000	125,000	-
Other categorical aid		34,905	98,326	93,894	(4,432)
Total other categorical aid	\$	2,568,840 \$	2,594,920 \$	2,359,010 \$	(235,910)
Total categorical aid	\$_	4,461,492 \$	4,508,831 \$	4,247,732 \$	(261,099)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	6,306,510 \$	6,353,849 \$	6,021,973 \$	(331,876)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	1,400 \$	1,400 \$	1,577 \$	177
American rescue funds		,,	1,749,602	, ,	(1,749,602)
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,400 \$	1,751,002 \$	1,577 \$	
Categorical aid:					
Welfare administration and public assistance	\$	1,103,738 \$	1,103,738 \$	1,138,826 \$	35,088
Coronavirus relief fund (CRF)		-	1,571,739	2,655,861	1,084,122
Bullet proof vests		-	-	18,103	18,103
EMP Grant		-	-	7,300	7,300
Homeland security grant		-	27,928	27,928	· -
Byrne justice grant		-	· -	76,309	76,309
U.S. fish and wildlife		1,500	1,500	1,456	(44)
DMV grants		· -	60,000	49,184	(10,816)
Comm. Attorney COVID-19 emergency funding grant		-	21,500	12,752	(8,748)
Sheriff COVID-19 emergency funding grant		-	30,624	30,603	(21)
Cops grant		-	182,398	155,973	(26,425)
Recreation grant		-	-	178,475	178,475
Virginia Department of Elections - CARES Act		-	-	20,178	20,178
Community development block grant		-	-	28,750	28,750
Interest subsidy		-	-	204,709	204,709
Federal drug seizure funds		-	5,594	5,594	-
Total categorical aid	\$	1,105,238 \$	3,005,021 \$	4,612,001 \$	1,606,980
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	1,106,638 \$	4,756,023 \$	4,613,578 \$	(142,445)
Total General Fund	\$	35,897,058 \$	39,795,895 \$	40,226,842 \$	430,947

Governmental Funds

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Capital Projects Fund:							
General Capital Projects Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:	,	0.500 ¢	0.500	ċ	0.4.250	,	74.050
Revenue from the use of money  Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ _ \$	9,500 \$ 9,500 \$			84,358 84,358	\$ <u> </u>	74,858 74,858
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Other miscellaneous	\$	- \$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	-
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	- \$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	-
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	9,500 \$	34,500	\$_	109,358	\$	74,858
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$_	9,500 \$	34,500	\$	109,358	\$	74,858
Special Revenue Fund: Placid Bay Sanitary District Fund: Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$	55,000 \$	55,000	\$	67,477	\$	12,477
Penalties		3,375	3,375		4,032		657
Interest	_	2,300	2,300	-	3,402		1,102
Total general property taxes	\$_	60,675 \$	60,675	\$_	74,911	\$	14,236
Revenue from use of money and property:							-
Revenue from the use of money	\$_	802 \$	802	\$	22	\$	(780)
Charges for services:							
Road maintenance user fees	\$_	178,303 \$	178,303	\$	177,086	\$	(1,217)
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:							
VDOT revenue sharing	\$_	\$	41,530	\$	41,530	\$	
Total Placid Bay Sanitary District Fund	\$_	239,780 \$	281,310	\$	293,549	\$	12,239
Special Revenue Fund: Glepe Harbor-Cabin Point Sanitary District Fund: Revenue from local sources:							
Charges for services:							
Recreational fees	\$_	273,900 \$	279,250	\$	278,413	\$	(837)
Total Glebe Harbor-Cabin Point Sanitary District Fund	\$_	273,900 \$	279,250	\$	278,413	\$	(837)
Total Primary Government	\$_	36,420,238 \$	40,390,955	\$	40,908,162	\$ <u></u>	517,207

Governmental Funds

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	1,500 \$	1,500 \$	488 \$	` , ,
Revenue from the use of property	٠.	29,000	29,000	34,457	5,457
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	30,500 \$	30,500 \$	34,945 \$	4,445
Miscellaneous:					
Expenditure refunds	\$	106,900 \$	665,189 \$	724,049 \$	58,860
Other miscellaneous		-	2,726	10,676	7,950
Total miscellaneous	\$	106,900 \$	667,915 \$	734,725 \$	66,810
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	137,400 \$	698,415 \$	769,670 \$	71,255
Intergovernmental:					
Revenues from local governments:					
Contribution from County of Westmoreland, Virginia	\$_	8,828,611 \$	8,963,028 \$	8,962,312 \$	(716)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Share of state sales tax	\$	2,119,543 \$	2,119,543 \$	2,242,702 \$	123,159
Basic school aid		5,649,622	5,631,887	5,776,678	144,791
Remedial education		260,924	260,924	239,068	(21,856)
Gifted and talented		40,869	40,869	41,612	743
Special education		660,838	660,838	672,858	12,020
Vocational SOQ payments		114,895	114,895	116,985	2,090
Social security fringe benefits		268,345	266,803	271,656	4,853
Retirement fringe benefits		624,596	622,283	633,601	11,318
State lottery payments		-	-	327,414	327,414
Early reading intervention		42,093	42,093	42,093	-
At risk payments		801,474	692,795	705,752	12,957
Technology		154,000	154,000	41,714	(112,286)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		28,946	28,946	29,034	88
K-3 initiatives Preschool initiative		270,351 235,956	270,351	278,750 137,943	8,399
Learning loss instructional support		78,800	214,493	77,931	(76,550) 77,931
Other state funds		1,007,504	590,972	369,278	(221,694)
Total categorical aid	s	12,358,756 \$	11,711,692 \$	12,005,069 \$	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ \$	12,358,756 \$	11,711,692 \$	12,005,069 \$	
	٠.	12,330,730 3	11,711,072	12,003,007	273,377
Revenue from the federal government:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Coronavirus relief fund (CRF)	Ş_	<u> </u>	239,343 \$	239,343 \$	
Total noncategorical aid	\$ <u>_</u>	\$_	239,343 \$	239,343 \$	
Categorical aid:					
Title I	\$	677,809 \$	677,809 \$	775,652 \$	97,843
Title VI-B, flow-through		373,616	373,616	380,598	6,982
Title VI-B, preschool		19,515	19,515	19,575	60
Title II Part A		76,395	76,395	74,340	(2,055)
Cares ESSER funds		-	539,188	1,150,976	611,788
Vision (Geer) Funds		-	172,456	172,456	-
ESSER special education		-	-	7,080	7,080
Other federal funds	_	267,456	267,456	313,270	45,814
Total categorical aid	\$	1,414,791 \$	2,126,435 \$	2,893,947 \$	767,512
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	1,414,791 \$	2,365,778 \$	3,133,290 \$	767,512
Total School Operating Fund	\$	22,739,558 \$	23,738,913 \$	24,870,341 \$	1,131,428

Governmental Funds

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Special Revenue Fund:	(Continu	ied)			
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	25 \$	25 \$	5 \$	(20)
Revenue from the use of money	→_				(20)
Charges for services:					
Cafeteria sales	\$	160,000 \$	160,000 \$	1,805 \$	(158,195)
Miscellaneous:					
Other miscellaneous	\$	40,340 \$	46,776 \$	12,894	(33,882)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	200,365 \$	206,801 \$	14,704 \$	(192,097)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:  Categorical aid:					
School food program grant	\$	24,561 \$	24,561 \$	9,297 \$	(15,264)
Total categorical aid	\$	33,419 \$	24,561 \$	9,297 \$	(15,264)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		33,419	24,561	9,297	(15,264)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Coronavirus relief fund (CRF)	\$	- \$	14,250 \$	14,250 \$	
Total noncategorical aid	\$_	- \$	14,250 \$	14,250 \$	
Categorical aid:					
School food program grant	\$	717,000 \$	717,000 \$	1,336,817 \$	619,817
ESSER special education		-	-	18,214	18,214
Total categorical aid	\$	717,000 \$	717,000 \$	1,355,031 \$	638,031
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	717,000 \$	731,250 \$	1,369,281 \$	638,031
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	950,784 \$	962,612 \$	1,393,282 \$	430,670

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

General Fund:         General government administration:         Legislative:         Board of supervisors       \$ 117,352 \$ 116,830 \$ 111,494 \$         General and financial administration:         County administrator       \$ 503,469 \$ 522,511 \$ 507,460 \$         County attorney       147,425 176,980	
Legislative:         Board of supervisors       \$ 117,352 \$ 116,830 \$ 111,494 \$         General and financial administration:         County administrator       \$ 503,469 \$ 522,511 \$ 507,460 \$         County attorney       147,425 176,980 176,9	
Board of supervisors         \$ 117,352         \$ 116,830         \$ 111,494         \$           General and financial administration:         County administrator         \$ 503,469         \$ 522,511         \$ 507,460         \$           County attorney         147,425         176,980         176,980           Independent auditor         55,400         58,400         58,160	
General and financial administration:  County administrator \$ 503,469 \$ 522,511 \$ 507,460 \$  County attorney 147,425 176,980 176,980   Independent auditor 55,400 58,400 58,160	
County administrator       \$ 503,469 \$ 522,511 \$ 507,460 \$         County attorney       147,425 176,980 176,980 176,980 176,980 58,160         Independent auditor       55,400 58,400 58,400 58,160	5,336
County attorney         147,425         176,980         176,980           Independent auditor         55,400         58,400         58,160	
Independent auditor 55,400 58,400 58,160	15,051
	-
	240
Commissioner of revenue 377,108 388,042 342,056	45,986
Assessor 63,594 366,619 144,649	221,970
Treasurer 376,444 386,914 377,541	9,373
Accounting 412,610 477,965 446,150	31,815
Data processing 582,673 725,824 647,106	78,718
Risk management       398,004       414,055       402,987         Dues for local government       5,345       5,345       5,208	11,068 137
Total general and financial administration \$ 2,922,072 \$ 3,522,655 \$ 3,108,297 \$	414,358
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	414,330
Board of elections:	
Electoral board and officials \$ 101,149 \$ 123,578 \$ 103,875 \$	19,703
Registrar 128,129 129,575 119,459	10,116
Total board of elections \$ 229,278 \$ 253,153 \$ 223,334 \$	29,819
Total general government administration \$ 3,268,702 \$ 3,892,638 \$ 3,443,125 \$	449,513
Judicial administration:	
Courts:	
Circuit court \$ 24,884 \$ 25,138 \$ 23,820 \$	1,318
General district court 1,882 1,788 621	1,167
Juvenile and domestic relations district court 1,776 1,688 756	932
Clerk of the circuit court 472,817 532,198 465,776	66,422
Victim-witness 99,610 112,814 103,129	9,685
Other 11,200 10,224 8,491	1,733
Total courts \$ 612,169 \$ 683,850 \$ 602,593 \$	81,257
Commonwealth's attorney:	
Commonwealth's attorney \$524,630 \\$561,866 \\$535,445 \\$	26,421
Total commonwealth's attorney \$ 524,630 \$ 561,866 \$ 535,445 \$	26,421
Total judicial administration \$ 1,136,799 \$ 1,245,716 \$ 1,138,038 \$	107,678
Public safety:	
Law enforcement and traffic control:	
Sheriff - law enforcement \$ 3,083,240 \$ 3,105,698 \$ 3,075,785 \$	29,913
Other law enforcement and traffic control 120,458 599,219 464,676	134,543
Sheriff - 911 system <u>814,495</u> <u>834,066</u> <u>770,590</u>	63,476
Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 4,018,193 \$ 4,538,983 \$ 4,311,051 \$	227,932

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public Safety: (Continued)								
Fire and rescue services:		450 450			_	740 705	,	220.040
Volunteer fire department	\$	652,153	\$	1,041,665	\$	710,705	\$	330,960
Ambulance and rescue services		3,370,698		3,130,211		2,895,980		234,231
Forestry Total fire and rescue services	ş_	7,810 4,030,661	\$	7,810 4,179,686	ş—	7,810 3,614,495	<u>\$</u>	565,191
Correction and detention:	_	· · ·	-		_		_	<u> </u>
Juvenile and domestic relations court service unit	\$	88,069	¢	93,544	c	76,328	c	17,216
Juvenile commission crime control	J	142,000	۲	162,406	Ų	162,406	۲	17,210
Total correction and detention	\$	230,069	\$		ş_		\$	17,216
Inspections:								
Building	\$	177,926	\$	182,420	\$_	176,591	\$_	5,829
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	256,780	\$	353,826	\$	300,385	\$	53,441
Medical examiner		300		300		300		-
Emergency management		60,985		95,066		33,899		61,167
Emergency services (civil defense)		142,900		147,443		91,804		55,639
Emergency services grant		-		300,299	. —	300,299		
Total other protection	\$_	460,965	\$_	896,934	\$ <u> </u>	726,687	\$_	170,247
Total public safety	\$_	8,917,814	\$_	10,053,973	\$	9,067,558	\$_	986,415
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$_	12,500	\$_	11,875	\$	10,509	\$_	1,366
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collection	\$	608,115	\$	790,408	\$	784,773	\$	5,635
Refuse disposal	_	1,424,900	_	1,629,494	_	1,513,352	_	116,142
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$_	2,033,015	\$_	2,419,902	\$_	2,298,125	\$_	121,777
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$_	951,034	\$	1,355,453	\$_	1,319,382	\$_	36,071
Total public works	\$_	2,996,549	\$	3,787,230	\$	3,628,016	\$_	159,214
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Local health department	\$_	215,000	\$_	215,000	\$ <u> </u>	215,000	\$_	
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Contribution to Chapter X Board	\$_	66,711	\$_	63,376	\$	63,376	\$_	
Welfare:								
Welfare administration	\$	2,259,502	\$	2,115,882	\$	2,017,285	\$	98,597
Public assistance		114,721		87,106		59,507		27,599
Comprehensive Services Act Total welfare	ς_	2,246,228 4,620,451	٠,-	2,246,492 4,449,480	_	2,149,741 4,226,533		96,751 222,947
	٠ -						_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total health and welfare	\$	4,902,162	\$_	4,727,856	\$ <u>_</u>	4,504,909	\$ <u>_</u>	222,947

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Education: Other instructional costs:					
Contribution to local school board	Ś	8,828,611 \$	8,963,028 \$	8,962,312 \$	716
Other education - CARES	۶	0,020,011 3			56,065
		-	637,242	581,177	
Other education		-	326,976	22,642	304,334
Contributions to community college Total education	· –	11,142 8,839,753 \$	10,585 9,937,831 \$	10,585 9,576,716 \$	361,115
Total education	٠-	0,039,733 3	9,937,031 3	9,576,716	301,113
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks and recreation:					
Public landings	\$	510 \$	510 \$	510 \$	-
Total parks and recreation	\$	510 \$	510 \$	510 \$	-
Cultural enrichment:					
Westmoreland museum	\$	35,000 \$	33,250 \$	33,250 \$	
Total cultural enrichment	~_	35,000 \$	33,250	33,250	<u> </u>
rotat catcarat emiennene	_	33,000	33,230	33,230	
Library:					
Contribution to regional library	\$_	504,578 \$	486,865 \$	481,129	5,736
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$_	540,088 \$	520,625 \$	514,889	5,736
Community development:					
Planning and community development:					
Planning	\$	343,547 \$	357,248 \$	317,955 \$	39,293
Community development		60,000	46,315	26,165	20,150
Northern Neck Planning Commission		17,000	16,400	16,400	-
Planning District Commission		7,800	9,459	7,257	2,202
Zoning board		2,600	3,876	1,376	2,500
Wetlands board		6,550	5,558	2,886	2,672
Housing assistance		-	2,432		2,432
Tourism		19,000	18,050	5,932	12,118
Industrial Development Authority		5,500	11,725	10,798	927
Go Virginia programs		<u> </u>	64,540	48,810	15,730
Total planning and community development	\$_	461,997 \$	535,603 \$	437,579 \$	98,024
Environmental management:					
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	16,000 \$	15,200 \$	15,200 \$	-
Total environmental management	\$	23,200 \$	22,400 \$	15,200 \$	7,200
Construction of the contract o					
Cooperative extension program:	ċ	49.668 S	40 204 ¢	45,443 \$	. 2 042
Cooperative extension program	-5	49,668 \$ 49,668 \$	49,286 \$ 49,286 \$	45,443 \$	3,843
Total cooperative extension program	٠,	49,000 3	49,200 3	45,445	3,043
Total community development	\$_	534,865 \$	607,289 \$	498,222 \$	109,067
Nondepartmental:					
Other nondepartmental	\$	181,278 \$	272,510 \$	272,510 \$	-
Total nondepartmental	_	181,278	272,510	272,510	
•	_				

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Capital projects: Other capital projects					
Radio system	\$	- \$	575,158 \$	575,158 \$	-
Oak grove rescue squad building		150,000	526,814	380,895	145,919
Currioman boat landing		-	316,112	302,400	13,712
Recreational complex		337,470	769,772	739,913	29,859
Recreation park - phase 2		-	224,513	224,031	482
Recreation park - phase 3		200,000	528,097	500,000	28,097
Rec complex access road VDOT		-	194,447	113,010	81,437
Class V Injection well/landfill		-	65,000	65,000	-
Town waterline extension		-	970,489	746,090	224,399
Other capital projects		330,908	781,123	<del>-</del>	781,123
Total capital projects	\$_	1,018,378 \$	4,951,525 \$	3,646,497	1,305,028
Debt service:		0/5 /00 \$	0/5 /00 6	0/5 /00 /	
Principal retirement	\$	865,109 \$	865,109 \$	865,109 \$	
Interest and other fiscal charges  Total debt service	s_	2,719,285 3,584,394 \$	1,969,285 2,834,394 \$	1,397,324 2,262,433	571,961
Total debt service	٠,-	3,304,394 3	2,034,394 3	2,202,433	3/1,901
Total General Fund	\$_	35,920,782 \$	42,831,587 \$	38,552,913	4,278,674
Capital Projects Fund:					
General Capital Projects Fund:					
Capital projects expenditures:					
New High School	\$	- \$	44,600,048 \$	26,925,462	17,674,586
Other capital projects	_	638,584	1,495,775	741,754	754,021
Total capital projects	\$_	638,584 \$	46,095,823 \$	27,667,216	18,428,607
Debt service:					
Interest and other fiscal charges	\$	- \$	31,197 \$	31,197	<u> </u>
Total debt service	\$_	<u> </u>	31,197 \$	31,197	5
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$_	638,584 \$	46,127,020 \$	27,698,413	18,428,607
Special Revenue Fund:					
Placid Bay Sanitation District Fund:					
Roads projects	\$_	183,372 \$	570,671 \$	88,782	481,889
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$	15,519 \$	15,519 \$	15,519 \$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges		33,833	35,379	33,633	1,746
Total debt service	\$	49,352 \$	50,898 \$	49,152	1,746
Total Placid Bay Sanitation District Fund	\$_	232,724 \$	621,569 \$	137,934	483,635
Glepe Harbor-Cabin Point Sanitary District Fund:					
Community development:					
Glebe Harbor-Cabin Point sanitary district	\$_	124,085 \$	130,355 \$	119,385	10,970
Capital projects:					
Dredging and beach projects	\$	46,274 \$	204,174 \$	109,521	94,653
Other	_	5,000	27,580	17,580	10,000
Total capital projects	\$_	51,274 \$	231,754 \$	127,101	104,653
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$	63,873 \$	63,873 \$	63,873	
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	8,768	36,131	8,768	27,363
Total debt service	\$_	72,641 \$	100,004 \$	72,641	27,363
Total Glebe Harbor-Cabin Point Sanitary District Fund	\$_	248,000 \$	462,113 \$	319,127	142,986
Total Primary Government	\$	37,040,090 \$	90,042,289 \$	66,708,387	23,333,902
•	-		<del></del> `-		

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund: Education:	Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Instruction costs:	Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board					
Classroom instruction   S						
Classroom instruction         \$ 13,496,045         \$ 14,364,338         \$ 14,236,030         \$ 128,308           Guidance services         737,228         729,590         759,762         (30,172)           Social worker services         64,920         64,570         64,350         220           Homebound instruction         146,148         16,148         1,093         15,055           Improvement of instruction         142,000         142,000         79,617         62,383           Media services         369,878         352,224         354,843         (2,619)           Office of the principal         1,318,235         1,291,641         1,334,301         (42,600)           Total instruction costs         \$ 16,144,454         \$ 16,960,511         \$ 16,829,996         \$ 130,515           Administration, attendance, and health:         \$ 56,604         \$ 56,604         \$ 47,569         \$ 9,035           Executive administration         753,231         749,412         774,362         (24,950)           Fiscal services         228,651         242,835         271,855         (29,020)           Psychologist services         115,709         114,418         118,325         (3,907)           Total administration, attendance, and health         \$ 1,321,588	Education:					
Guidance services         737,228         729,590         759,762         (30,172)           Social worker services         64,920         64,570         64,350         220           Homebound instruction         16,148         16,148         1,093         15,055           Improvement of instruction         142,000         142,000         79,617         62,383           Media services         369,878         352,224         354,843         (2,619)           Office of the principal         1,318,235         1,291,641         1,334,301         (42,660)           Total instruction costs         \$ 16,144,454         \$ 16,960,511         \$ 16,829,996         \$ 130,515           Administration, attendance, and health:         8         8         55,6604         \$ 47,569         \$ 9,035           Executive administration         753,231         749,412         774,362         (24,950)           Fiscal services         167,385         233,584         259,419         (25,835)           Health services         228,651         242,835         277,4352         (29,020)           Psychologist services         115,709         114,418         118,325         (29,020)           Psychologist services         21,505         2,066,172 <td< td=""><td>Instruction costs:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Instruction costs:					
Social worker services         64,920         64,570         64,350         220           Homebound instruction         16,148         16,148         1,093         15,055           Improvement of instruction         142,000         142,000         79,617         62,383           Media services         369,878         352,224         354,843         (2,619)           Office of the principal         1,318,235         1,291,641         1,334,301         (42,660)           Total instruction costs         \$ 16,144,454         \$ 16,960,511         \$ 16,829,996         \$ 130,515           Administration, attendance, and health:         \$ 56,604         \$ 56,604         \$ 47,569         \$ 9,035           Executive administration         753,231         749,412         774,362         (24,950)           Fiscal services         167,385         233,584         259,419         (25,835)           Health services         228,651         242,835         271,855         (29,020)           Psychologist services         115,709         114,418         118,325         (39,07)           Total administration, attendance, and health         \$ 1,321,580         \$ 1,396,853         \$ 1,471,530         \$ (74,677)           Operating costs:         \$ 2,116,525 <t< td=""><td>Classroom instruction</td><td>\$</td><td>13,496,045 \$</td><td></td><td></td><td>128,308</td></t<>	Classroom instruction	\$	13,496,045 \$			128,308
Homebound instruction	Guidance services		737,228	729,590	759,762	(30,172)
Improvement of instruction	Social worker services		64,920	64,570	64,350	220
Media services         369,878         352,224         354,843         (2,619)           Office of the principal         1,318,235         1,291,641         1,334,301         (42,660)           Total instruction costs         \$ 16,144,454         \$ 16,960,511         \$ 16,829,996         \$ 130,515           Administration, attendance, and health:         80 16,960,511         \$ 16,829,996         \$ 9,035           Executive administration         753,231         749,412         774,362         (24,950)           Fiscal services         167,385         233,584         259,419         (25,835)           Health services         228,651         242,835         271,855         (29,020)           Psychologist services         115,709         114,418         118,325         (3,907)           Total administration, attendance, and health         \$ 1,321,580         \$ 1,396,853         \$ 1,471,530         \$ (74,677)           Operating costs:           Pupil transportation         \$ 2,116,525         \$ 2,066,172         \$ 1,843,874         \$ 222,298           Operation and maintenance of school plant         1,574,654         1,705,379         1,960,370         (254,991)           Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368	Homebound instruction		16,148	16,148	1,093	15,055
Office of the principal Total instruction costs         1,318,235         1,291,641         1,334,301         (42,660)           Administration, attendance, and health:         \$ 16,144,454         \$ 16,960,511         \$ 16,829,996         \$ 130,515           Administration, attendance, and health:         \$ 56,604         \$ 56,604         \$ 47,569         \$ 9,035           Executive administration         753,231         749,412         774,362         (24,950)           Fiscal services         167,385         233,584         259,419         (25,835)           Health services         228,651         242,835         271,855         (29,020)           Psychologist services         1115,709         114,418         118,325         (3,907)           Total administration, attendance, and health         \$ 1,321,580         \$ 1,396,853         \$ 1,471,530         \$ (74,677)           Operating costs:         Pupil transportation         \$ 2,116,525         \$ 2,066,172         \$ 1,843,874         \$ 222,298           Operation and maintenance of school plant         1,574,654         1,705,379         1,960,370         (254,991)           Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368         18,632           Facilities         400,000         400,000	Improvement of instruction		142,000	142,000	79,617	62,383
Total instruction costs   \$ 16,144,454   \$ 16,960,511   \$ 16,829,996   \$ 130,515   \$	Media services		369,878	352,224	354,843	(2,619)
Administration, attendance, and health: Board services \$ 56,604 \$ 56,604 \$ 47,569 \$ 9,035 Executive administration 753,231 749,412 774,362 (24,950) Fiscal services 167,385 233,584 259,419 (25,835) Health services 228,651 242,835 271,855 (29,020) Psychologist services 115,709 114,418 118,325 (3,907) Total administration, attendance, and health \$ 1,321,580 \$ 1,396,853 \$ 1,471,530 \$ (74,677) Operating costs:  Pupil transportation \$ 2,116,525 \$ 2,066,172 \$ 1,843,874 \$ 222,298 Operation and maintenance of school plant 1,574,654 1,705,379 1,960,370 (254,991) Operation and maintenance - vehicle services 27,000 27,000 8,368 18,632 Facilities 400,000 400,000 452,772 (52,772) Technology 1,090,994 1,902,942 1,954,067 (51,125) Total operating costs \$ 5,209,173 \$ 6,101,493 \$ 6,219,451 \$ (117,958) Total education \$ 22,675,207 \$ 24,458,857 \$ 24,520,977 \$ (62,120) Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: School food services:	Office of the principal		1,318,235	1,291,641	1,334,301	(42,660)
Board services   \$ 56,604 \$ 56,604 \$ 47,569 \$ 9,035     Executive administration   753,231   749,412   774,362   (24,950)     Fiscal services   167,385   233,584   259,419   (25,835)     Health services   228,651   242,835   271,855   (29,020)     Psychologist services   115,709   114,418   118,325   (3,907)     Total administration, attendance, and health   \$ 1,321,580 \$ 1,396,853 \$ 1,471,530 \$ (74,677)     Operating costs:   Pupil transportation   \$ 2,116,525 \$ 2,066,172 \$ 1,843,874 \$ 222,298     Operation and maintenance of school plant   1,574,654   1,705,379   1,960,370   (254,991)     Operation and maintenance - vehicle services   27,000   27,000   8,368   18,632     Facilities   400,000   400,000   452,772   (52,772)     Technology   1,090,994   1,902,942   1,954,067   (51,125)     Total operating costs   \$ 5,209,173 \$ 6,101,493 \$ 6,219,451 \$ (117,958)     Total education   \$ 22,675,207 \$ 24,458,857 \$ 24,520,977 \$ (62,120)     Special Revenue Fund:   School Cafeteria Fund:   School Cafeteria Fund:   School Cafeteria Fund:   School Good services:   School food services   Sch	Total instruction costs	\$	16,144,454 \$	16,960,511 \$	16,829,996	130,515
Executive administration         753,231         749,412         774,362         (24,950)           Fiscal services         167,385         233,584         259,419         (25,835)           Health services         228,651         242,835         271,855         (29,020)           Psychologist services         115,709         114,418         118,325         (3,907)           Total administration, attendance, and health         \$ 1,321,580         \$ 1,396,853         \$ 1,471,530         \$ (74,677)           Operating costs:           Pupil transportation         \$ 2,116,525         \$ 2,066,172         \$ 1,843,874         \$ 222,298           Operation and maintenance of school plant         1,574,654         1,705,379         1,960,370         (254,991)           Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368         18,632           Facilities         400,000         400,000         452,772         (52,772)           Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         22,675,207	Administration, attendance, and health:					
Fiscal services         167,385         233,584         259,419         (25,835)           Health services         228,651         242,835         271,855         (29,020)           Psychologist services         115,709         114,418         118,325         (3,907)           Total administration, attendance, and health         \$ 1,321,580         \$ 1,396,853         \$ 1,471,530         \$ (74,677)           Operating costs:           Pupil transportation         \$ 2,116,525         \$ 2,066,172         \$ 1,843,874         \$ 222,298           Operation and maintenance of school plant         1,574,654         1,705,379         1,960,370         (254,991)           Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368         18,632           Facilities         400,000         400,000         452,772         (52,772)           Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         Education:         \$ 22,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)	Board services	\$	56,604 \$	56,604 \$	47,569	9,035
Health services         228,651         244,835         271,855         (29,020)           Psychologist services         115,709         114,418         118,325         (3,907)           Total administration, attendance, and health         \$ 1,321,580         \$ 1,396,853         \$ 1,471,530         \$ (74,677)           Operating costs:           Pupil transportation         \$ 2,116,525         \$ 2,066,172         \$ 1,843,874         \$ 222,298           Operation and maintenance of school plant         1,574,654         1,705,379         1,960,370         (254,991)           Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368         18,632           Facilities         400,000         400,000         452,772         (52,772)           Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total operating costs         \$ 5,209,173         \$ 6,101,493         \$ 6,219,451         \$ (117,958)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         Education:           School food services:	Executive administration		753,231	749,412	774,362	(24,950)
Psychologist services         115,709         114,418         118,325         (3,907)           Total administration, attendance, and health         \$ 1,321,580         \$ 1,396,853         \$ 1,471,530         \$ (74,677)           Operating costs:           Pupil transportation         \$ 2,116,525         \$ 2,066,172         \$ 1,843,874         \$ 222,298           Operation and maintenance of school plant         1,574,654         1,705,379         1,960,370         (254,991)           Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368         18,632           Facilities         400,000         400,000         452,772         (52,772)           Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total operating costs         \$ 5,209,173         \$ 6,101,493         \$ 6,219,451         \$ (117,958)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         Education:           School food services:         5 20,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)	Fiscal services		167,385	233,584	259,419	(25,835)
Total administration, attendance, and health         \$ 1,321,580 \$ 1,396,853 \$ 1,471,530 \$ (74,677)           Operating costs:         Pupil transportation         \$ 2,116,525 \$ 2,066,172 \$ 1,843,874 \$ 222,298           Operation and maintenance of school plant         1,574,654 1,705,379 1,960,370 (254,991)           Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000 27,000 8,368 18,632           Facilities         400,000 400,000 452,772 (52,772)           Technology         1,090,994 1,902,942 1,954,067 (51,125)           Total operating costs         \$ 5,209,173 \$ 6,101,493 \$ 6,219,451 \$ (117,958)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207 \$ 24,458,857 \$ 24,520,977 \$ (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         Education:           School food services:         School food services:	Health services		228,651	242,835	271,855	(29,020)
Operating costs: Pupil transportation \$ 2,116,525 \$ 2,066,172 \$ 1,843,874 \$ 222,298 Operation and maintenance of school plant 1,574,654 1,705,379 1,960,370 (254,991) Operation and maintenance - vehicle services 27,000 27,000 8,368 18,632 Facilities 400,000 400,000 452,772 (52,772) Technology 1,090,994 1,902,942 1,954,067 (51,125) Total operating costs \$ 5,209,173 \$ 6,101,493 \$ 6,219,451 \$ (117,958)  Total education \$ 22,675,207 \$ 24,458,857 \$ 24,520,977 \$ (62,120)  Total School Operating Fund \$ 22,675,207 \$ 24,458,857 \$ 24,520,977 \$ (62,120)  Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services:	Psychologist services		115,709	114,418	118,325	(3,907)
Pupil transportation         \$ 2,116,525         \$ 2,066,172         \$ 1,843,874         \$ 222,298           Operation and maintenance of school plant         1,574,654         1,705,379         1,960,370         (254,991)           Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368         18,632           Facilities         400,000         400,000         452,772         (52,772)           Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total operating costs         \$ 5,209,173         6,101,493         6,219,451         (117,958)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         24,458,857         24,520,977         (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         Education:         School Cafeteria Fund:           Education:         School food services:         School Food services         School Cafeteria Fund:	Total administration, attendance, and health	\$	1,321,580 \$	1,396,853 \$	1,471,530	(74,677)
Pupil transportation         \$ 2,116,525         \$ 2,066,172         \$ 1,843,874         \$ 222,298           Operation and maintenance of school plant         1,574,654         1,705,379         1,960,370         (254,991)           Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368         18,632           Facilities         400,000         400,000         452,772         (52,772)           Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total operating costs         \$ 5,209,173         6,101,493         6,219,451         (117,958)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         24,458,857         24,520,977         (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         Education:         School Cafeteria Fund:           Education:         School food services:         School Food services         School Cafeteria Fund:	Operating costs:					
Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368         18,632           Facilities         400,000         400,000         452,772         (52,772)           Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total operating costs         \$ 5,209,173         \$ 6,101,493         \$ 6,219,451         \$ (117,958)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         Education:         School food services:         School food services:	. •	\$	2,116,525 \$	2,066,172 \$	1,843,874	222,298
Operation and maintenance - vehicle services         27,000         27,000         8,368         18,632           Facilities         400,000         400,000         452,772         (52,772)           Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total operating costs         \$ 5,209,173         \$ 6,101,493         \$ 6,219,451         \$ (117,958)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         Education:         School food services:         School food services:	Operation and maintenance of school plant		1,574,654	1,705,379	1,960,370	(254,991)
Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total operating costs         \$ 5,209,173         \$ 6,101,493         \$ 6,219,451         \$ (117,958)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         School Cafeteria Fund:         School Cafeteria Fund:         School Cafeteria Fund:	·		27,000	27,000	8,368	
Technology         1,090,994         1,902,942         1,954,067         (51,125)           Total operating costs         \$ 5,209,173         \$ 6,101,493         \$ 6,219,451         \$ (117,958)           Total education         \$ 22,675,207         \$ 24,458,857         \$ 24,520,977         \$ (62,120)           Special Revenue Fund:           School Cafeteria Fund:         School Cafeteria Fund:         School Cafeteria Fund:         School Cafeteria Fund:	Facilities		400,000	400,000	452,772	(52,772)
Total education \$ 22,675,207 \$ 24,458,857 \$ 24,520,977 \$ (62,120)  Total School Operating Fund \$ 22,675,207 \$ 24,458,857 \$ 24,520,977 \$ (62,120)  Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services:	Technology		1,090,994	1,902,942	1,954,067	(51,125)
Total School Operating Fund \$ 22,675,207 \$ 24,458,857 \$ 24,520,977 \$ (62,120)  Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services:	<del>.</del>	\$				
Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services:	Total education	\$_	22,675,207 \$	24,458,857 \$	24,520,977	(62,120)
School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services:	Total School Operating Fund	\$_	22,675,207 \$	24,458,857 \$	24,520,977	(62,120)
	School Cafeteria Fund: Education:					
		\$_	1,050,784 \$	1,062,612 \$	1,459,163	(396,551)



Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government Admini- stration	Judicial Admini- stration	Public Safety	Public Works	Health and Welfare	Education	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	Community Develop- ment	Interest on Long- Term Debt	Water and Sewer	Total
2012	\$ 2,035,878 \$	917,536	4,550,670 \$	2,471,093 \$	3,436,498 \$	7,929,075 \$	652,666	\$ 537,924 \$	241,132 \$	2,064,351 \$	24,836,823
2013	2,152,852	867,013	4,492,161	2,749,704	3,679,109	8,043,146	656,184	620,719	223,313	1,955,002	25,439,203
2014	2,091,306	853,373	4,295,459	2,734,476	4,114,348	8,089,593	669,700	751,081	367,852	2,191,811	26,158,999
2015	2,579,220	870,734	4,564,172	1,986,869	3,767,706	7,785,510	670,301	627,158	422,919	2,123,793	25,398,382
2016	2,775,459	1,122,068	4,575,347	2,727,720	3,526,367	7,801,727	685,361	666,753	455,844	2,158,315	26,494,961
2017	2,372,887	1,198,255	5,936,637	2,933,598	3,920,143	8,573,701	713,998	795,107	439,842	1,956,058	28,840,226
2018	2,837,806	1,193,501	5,501,750	2,849,927	3,795,038	8,603,139	721,856	686,047	480,837	2,212,642	28,882,543
2019	2,985,304	1,236,444	5,831,993	3,351,899	4,594,264	8,904,747	719,343	783,581	526,687	2,441,678	31,375,940
2020	3,319,050	1,388,093	6,067,544	3,130,794	4,461,638	9,429,674	737,893	656,402	1,538,633	2,658,138	33,387,859
2021	3,905,289	1,214,270	8,732,375	3,640,166	4,773,312	9,870,585	818,833	789,684	1,296,415	3,485,174	38,526,103

Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

		PR	OGF	RAM REVENUE	S	GENERAL REVENUES						
			C	Operating	Capital					Grants and		
				Grants	Grants					Contributions	Gain (loss) on	
	(	Charges		and	and	General	Other	Unrestricted		Not Restricted	Disposal	
Fiscal		for		Contri-	Contri-	Property	Local	Investment		to Specific	of Capital	
Year		Services	. <u> </u>	butions	butions	Taxes	Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs	Assets	Total
2012	\$ 1	1,686,782	Ś	4,263,818 \$	1,033,337 \$	14,110,456 \$	1,750,911 \$	311,256	5 165,387 \$	1,914,849	\$ 209,852 \$	25,446,648
2013	. 2	2,510,447		4,384,988	767,324	14,656,404	1,754,768	261,606	146,605	1,912,759	-	26,394,901
2014	1	1,985,759		4,714,513	134,387	15,063,143	1,763,138	303,552	112,612	1,917,397	-	25,994,501
2015	2	2,555,417		4,673,753	897,712	16,117,911	1,803,473	325,181	117,511	1,894,172	-	28,385,130
2016	2	2,230,519		4,483,909	-	16,551,690	1,834,980	316,823	160,320	1,954,848	-	27,533,089
2017	2	2,969,039		5,101,508	315,911	18,189,040	2,142,928	268,154	120,648	1,891,268	-	30,998,496
2018	2	2,997,050		5,025,480	222,789	19,228,193	2,207,897	364,212	118,985	1,868,995	3,610	32,037,211
2019	3	3,189,213		5,551,423	265,883	19,467,644	2,268,067	560,543	148,574	1,850,396	-	33,301,743
2020	3	3,325,497		5,521,933	590,227	20,496,866	2,439,803	764,836	310,672	2,343,426	-	35,793,260
2021	4	1,339,929		8,663,155	1,157,078	24,021,951	2,880,254	260,910	228,942	1,817,348	-	43,369,567

General Government Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Permit Privilege Fees & Regulatory Licenses	Fines & Forfeitures	_	Use of Money & Property	Charge for Service		Miscel- laneous	Recovered Costs	 Intergovern- mental (2)	Total
2012	\$ 14,042,729 \$	1,750,911 \$	312,833 \$	73,609	\$	328,102	398,4	29 \$	365,805	877,416	\$ 16,037,720 \$	34,187,554
2013	14,743,259	1,754,768	202,424	115,070		290,994	394,3	27	448,060	882,009	17,194,575	36,025,486
2014	15,187,452	1,763,138	207,342	160,108		309,297	371,0	17	276,203	983,803	16,969,527	36,227,887
2015	16,244,065	1,803,473	203,244	166,637		309,425	368,0	49	382,562	1,038,376	18,461,019	38,976,850
2016	16,416,266	1,834,980	220,715	141,797		309,203	373,3	22	466,087	920,276	18,495,838	39,178,484
2017	18,025,610	2,142,928	257,469	175,653		306,001	729,8	09	354,721	994,473	21,928,438	44,915,102
2018	18,996,339	2,207,897	398,162	178,583		375,466	719,6	53	359,742	1,170,574	21,787,957	46,194,373
2019	19,754,183	2,268,067	275,080	222,405		515,129	743,2	01	364,593	1,466,432	22,041,206	47,650,296
2020	20,159,983	2,439,803	520,326	199,475		731,957	540,3	91	318,545	1,352,595	23,282,077	49,545,152
2021	24,168,054	2,880,254	503,100	254,712		294,757	549,0	25	1,007,278	1,408,956	27,194,018	58,260,154

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds of the Primary Government and Component Unit School Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes contributions from the primary government to the Component Unit School Board.

General Government Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General Government	Judicial			Health		Recreation		Non-		
Fiscal	Admini-	Admini-	Public	Public	and		and	Community	Depart-	Debt	
Year	stration	stration	Safety	Works	Welfare	Education (2)	Cultural	Development	mental	Service	Total
2012 \$	1,944,503 \$	913,738 \$	5,336,694 \$	2,473,391 \$	3,279,533 \$	17,781,422 \$	442,584	\$ 509,465 \$	199,991 \$	1,121,635 \$	34,002,956
2013	2,079,138	872,047	5,140,387	2,565,625	3,555,288	19,164,087	444,199	634,520	195,045	1,114,232	35,764,568
2014	2,140,152	872,665	5,065,920	2,545,023	3,983,488	17,969,979	432,431	607,410	176,650	1,232,258	35,025,976
2015	2,504,023	847,974	5,292,467	2,815,618	3,686,314	18,975,603	447,269	580,603	176,701	1,336,521	36,663,093
2016	2,759,675	859,048	5,195,903	2,665,091	3,492,592	19,086,043	457,279	654,640	175,655	1,509,079	36,855,005
2017	2,679,950	954,407	6,315,427	2,868,395	4,079,536	22,076,010	464,842	794,888	178,157	1,562,925	41,974,537
2018	2,799,588	982,881	6,804,541	2,757,952	3,861,324	24,017,356	502,293	708,105	178,157	1,548,981	44,161,178
2019	2,899,096	1,044,214	7,297,160	3,198,150	4,596,180	22,809,599	487,135	921,772	178,157	2,028,506	45,459,969
2020	3,051,098	1,102,536	7,598,510	2,927,448	4,421,566	23,880,177	507,098	666,669	176,778	2,612,573	46,944,453
2021	3,443,125	1,138,038	9,067,558	3,628,016	4,504,909	26,662,948	514,889	617,607	272,510	2,415,423	52,265,023

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes current expenditures of the General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds of the Primary Government, debt service expenditures of the Capital Projects Funds, and Component Unit School Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> Exclues contribution from Primary Government to Discretley Presented Component Unit.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Total Tax Levy	(2) Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	(1) Delinquent Tax Collections	(2) Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2012	\$ 15,140,764 \$	14,615,541	96.53% \$	282,740 \$	14,898,281	98.40% \$	887,640	5.86%
2013	15,872,439	15,168,284	95.56%	366,525	15,534,809	97.87%	809,454	5.10%
2014	15,965,252	15,428,411	96.64%	413,899	15,842,310	99.23%	739,529	4.63%
2015	17,239,611	16,601,711	96.30%	392,522	16,994,233	98.58%	765,447	4.44%
2016	17,407,375	16,818,365	96.62%	354,757	17,173,122	98.65%	728,990	4.19%
2017	19,153,748	18,417,796	96.16%	340,581	18,758,377	97.94%	917,892	4.79%
2018	20,362,579	19,460,975	95.57%	332,565	19,793,540	97.21%	1,144,971	5.62%
2019	21,227,499	19,850,535	93.51%	561,974	20,412,509	96.16%	1,020,801	4.81%
2020	21,876,414	20,555,472	93.96%	372,981	20,928,453	95.67%	1,069,834	4.89%
2021	25,569,094	24,927,857	97.49%	476,774	25,404,631	99.36%	1,049,361	4.10%

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusive of penalties and interest.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes Personal Property Relief Act reimbursements to the County of: \$1,139,679 in fiscal years 2012 through 2021.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Real Estate	(1) Personal Property	Machinery & Tools	Farm Machinery	Merchants Capital	Public Utility	Total
2012	\$ 2,475,939,120 \$	152,412,850 \$	7,060,500 \$	6,496,150 \$	9,962,610 \$	54,780,490 \$	2,706,651,720
2013	2,494,278,280	155,807,020	6,901,620	7,259,190	9,391,850	55,376,280	2,729,014,240
2014	2,512,574,400	156,868,010	5,188,100	7,828,440	10,857,430	57,448,500	2,750,764,880
2015	2,530,561,850	158,944,510	4,900,250	8,087,890	10,559,880	58,762,670	2,771,817,050
2016	2,548,831,080	161,740,470	4,745,020	8,090,260	11,504,310	59,991,280	2,794,902,420
2017	2,456,076,950	167,682,450	5,053,880	8,517,510	10,540,750	62,498,530	2,710,370,070
2018	2,471,944,680	172,731,330	6,529,580	8,096,780	12,152,360	63,953,780	2,735,408,510
2019	2,493,031,410	171,289,290	6,049,830	7,875,090	9,823,820	65,943,400	2,754,012,840
2020	2,511,939,160	182,413,190	5,879,860	8,179,440	12,182,200	71,939,940	2,792,533,790
2021	2,536,324,360	183,967,370	5,752,920	8,405,400	11,481,810	76,435,141	2,822,367,001

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes mobile homes.

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years	 Real Estate (2)	Personal Property (2)	Machinery and Tools	Farm Machinery	Merchants' Capital
2012	\$ 0.46	\$ 3.00 \$	1.50 \$	1.25 \$	0.46
2013	0.48	3.00	1.50	1.25	0.46
2014	0.48	3.00	1.50	1.25	0.46
2015	0.52	3.00	1.50	1.25	0.46
2016	0.52	3.00	1.50	1.25	0.46
2017	0.60	3.00	1.50	1.25	0.46
2018	0.61	3.25	1.50	1.25	0.46
2019	0.63	3.25	1.50	1.25	0.46
2020	0.65	3.25	1.50	1.25	0.46
2021	0.76	3.75	2.00	1.54	0.96

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Also applies to public utility property.

Table 8

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Le	ess		Ratio of Net	
			•		Debt		General	
				Debt	Payable		Obligation	Net
			Gross	Service	from	Net	Debt to	Bonded
Fiscal	Population	Assessed	Bonded	Monies	Enterprise	Bonded	Assessed	Debt per
Year	(1)	Value (2)	Debt (3)	Available	Revenues (4)	Debt	Value	Capita
2012	17,460 \$	2,706,651,720 \$	15,329,116 \$	203,990 \$	10,270,219 \$	4,854,907	0.18% \$	278
2013	17,703	2,729,014,240	15,508,350	278,548	10,122,006	5,107,796	0.19%	289
2014	17,885	2,750,764,880	21,352,078	172,109	9,968,133	11,211,836	0.41%	627
2015	17,725	2,771,817,050	21,647,747	113,999	9,808,373	11,725,375	0.42%	662
2016	17,477	2,794,902,420	20,954,085	117,754	9,769,336	11,066,995	0.40%	633
2017	17,629	2,710,370,070	23,350,085	121,338	12,903,434	10,325,313	0.38%	586
2018	17,760	2,735,408,510	23,723,799	111,227	13,567,637	10,044,935	0.37%	566
2019	17,911	2,754,012,840	22,724,422	-	13,300,456	9,423,966	0.34%	526
2020	17,895	2,792,533,790	69,046,815	-	13,024,684	56,022,131	2.01%	3,131
2021	18,477	2,822,367,001	68,444,515	-	12,740,016	55,704,499	1.97%	3,015

<sup>(1)</sup> Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service

<sup>(2)</sup> From Table 6.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literary Fund Loans and IDA Lease Revenue Bonds. Does not include VRS retirement incentive obligation loan, capital leases, and compensated absences.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes General Obligation Debt payable from enterprise revenues.

Table 9

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures (2)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2012	\$ 795,154 \$	326,481 \$	1,121,635 \$	35,764,568	3.14%
2013	814,666	299,566	1,114,232	35,764,568	3.12%
2014	866,844	365,414	1,232,258	35,025,976	3.52%
2015	808,197	528,324	1,336,521	36,663,093	3.65%
2016	981,272	527,807	1,509,079	36,855,005	4.09%
2017	1,074,887	488,038	1,562,925	41,974,537	3.72%
2018	1,094,505	454,476	1,548,981	44,161,178	3.51%
2019	1,463,604	564,902	2,028,506	45,459,969	4.46%
2020	1,273,719	1,448,083	2,721,802	46,944,453	5.80%
2021	1,229,169	1,880,502	3,109,671	52,265,023	5.95%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds of the Primary Government and Component Unit School Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> From Table 4.

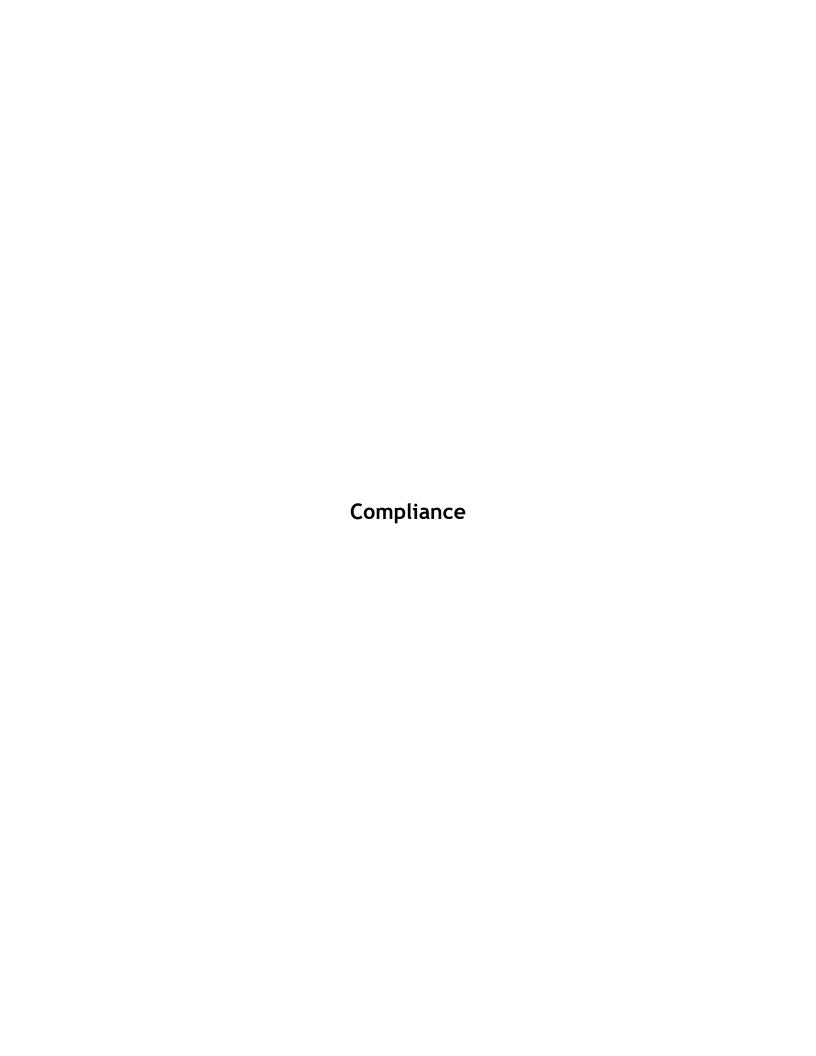
Table 10

Local Sales Tax Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Local Sales			
Fiscal Year	 Tax Revenue	Percent Change		
2012	\$ 873,354	0.00%		
2013	862,885	-1.20%		
2014	935,891	8.46%		
2015	975,041	4.18%		
2016	982,106	0.72%		
2017	1,023,032	4.17%		
2018	1,077,728	5.35%		
2019	830,126	-22.97%		
2020	1,003,512	20.89%		
2021	1,209,685	20.55%		

Ten Largest Taxpayers As of June 30, 2021

Taxpayer Name	Type of Business		Total Tax	
Potomac Supply, LLC	Wood Products	\$	8,944,000	
O'Gara Training and Services, LLC	Safety Training		5,553,600	
Second Development, LLC	Manufacturing		4,126,300	
Northern Neck Farmers Market, LLC	Agriculture		2,784,700	
Beachgate Shopping Center, LC	Retail		2,758,100	
Riverwood Preservation, LP	Housing		2,457,800	
Gull Harbor, LLC	Real Estate		2,400,160	
Food Lion, LLC	Retail		2,290,900	
Colonial Beach Apartments Limited	Real Estate		2,001,900	
Tuxie, LLC	Agriculture		1,937,000	





# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Westmoreland, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Westmoreland, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Westmoreland, Virginia, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2022.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item (2021-001) that we consider to be a material weakness.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# County of Westmoreland, Virginia's Response to Findings

County of Westmoreland, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Westmoreland, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fredericksburg, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associares

January 10, 2022



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Westmoreland, Virginia

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. County of Westmoreland, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Westmoreland, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fredericksburg, Virginia January 10, 2022

Robinson Farmer, Cox Associases

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	E	Federal Expenditures		ments to
						-
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass Through Payments: Department of Education:						
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	2101VATANF	\$	42,504	\$	-
Department of Social Services:						
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	0400120/0400121/	_	171,752		-
Total 93.558			\$	214,256	\$	-
CCDF Cluster:						
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care						
and Development Fund	93.596	0760120/0760121	\$	35,687	\$	-
Total CCDF Cluster			\$	35,687	\$	-
Medicaid Cluster:						
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200120/1200121	\$	235,778	\$	-
Total Medicaid Cluster			\$	235,778	\$ <u></u>	-
Mary Lee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0950119/0950120	· —	6,759		-
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee	. 5.555			0,		
Administered Programs	93.566	0500120/0500121		356		-
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600420/0600421		26,779		-
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900120/0900121		107		-
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	1100120/1110121		140,939		-
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120120/1120121		32,865		-
Social Services Block Grant John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition	93.667	1000121/1000120		166,339		-
to Adulthood	93.674	9150119/9150120		2,017		
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540120/0540121		2,869		-
COVID-19 - Provider Relief Fund	93.498	N/A	_	35,971		-
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	900,722	\$	-
Department of Agriculture:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Agriculture:						
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Food Distribution - National School Lunch Program	10.555	202020N85034 1	\$	100,251	\$	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	202020N85034 1		1,820		
Total 10.555			\$	102,071		-
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	10.553	201919N10994 1/	\$	1,143	\$	-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	202120N11994 1/	\$	927,811		-
		202121N11994 1				
COVID-19 - Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	202020N85034 1/		300,278		
Food Distribution - Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	202020N85034 1	_	5,514		-
Total 10.559			\$	1,233,603	\$	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$	1,336,817	\$	-
Department of Social Services:			_			
SNAP Cluster:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental						
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	010120/010121/040121	\$	316,579	\$	-
Total SNAP Cluster			\$	316,579	\$	
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	1,653,396	\$	-
Department of the Treasury:						
Pass through payments::						
Virginia Department of Accounts						
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF)	21.019	SLT0022	\$	2,655,861	\$	300,299
Department of Education: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF)	21.019	SLT0218		253,593		_
The state of the s	21.017	32.0210	_	200,070		
T. ( ) 24 040			,	2 002 45 /		200 20-
Total 21.019			\$	2,909,454	\$	300,299

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Payments to Subrecipients
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Emergency Management: Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	114636	\$ 7,300 \$	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	114373	27,928	
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$ 35,228 \$	
Department of the Interior: Direct payments:				
Bureau of Land Management:				
National Wildlife Refuge Fund	15.659	N/A	\$ 1,456 \$	
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation: Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development and Planning	15.916	P17AP00571/15-00443	178,475	-
			\$ 179,931 \$	
Total Department of the Interior			ډ <u> 179,931</u> ډ	
Department of Justice: Direct payments:				
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	VA09500	\$ 155,973 \$	-
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of State Police:	44,000		<b>.</b>	
Equitable Sharing Program Virginia Department of Criminal Justice:	16.922	Not Available	\$ 5,594	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	CJS7101601/CJS5101701	\$ 18,103	-
COVID 19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Pergram	16.034	449073	42 255	
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Porgram Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	118072 CJS5601701/CJS86018	43,355 76,309	-
Total Department of Justice			\$ 299,334 \$	
•			J 277,334 J	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:				
CDBG-Entitlement Grants Cluster:				
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program				
and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	HCD50790	\$ 28,750 \$	
Total CDBG-Entitlement Grants Cluster			\$ 28,750 \$	-
Department of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles: Highway Safety Cluster:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	FOP-20-50311/FSC-20-50313	\$ 14,817 \$	-
		FOP-21-51047/FSC-21-51116		
Total Highway Safety Cluster			\$ 14,817 \$	-
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-20-50321/	34,367	-
		154AL-21-51118		
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 49,184 \$	
Election Assistance Commission:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Elections:	90.404	444040	ć 20.470 ć	
COVID-19 HAVA Election Security Grants	90.404	116912	\$ 20,178 \$	
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Council of Higher Education:				
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs  Department of Education:	84.334	Not Available	12,869	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A190046/S010A180046	775,652	-
Control Education Character (IDEA)		S010A200046/S010A210046		
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education Grants to States	84.027	H027A190107	380,598	-
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A200112	19,575	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			\$ 400,173 \$	
Total Special Education Cluster			\$ 400,173 \$	
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011	S011A190047/S011A200047	\$ 102,255 \$	-
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A190046	74,538	-
Migrant Education Coordination Program Rural Education	84.144 84.358	S144F190047 S358B190046	17,267 15,028	_
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	S424A190048/S424A200048	48,809	-
	043/7	\$365A120046	74 340	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A190044/S367A180044	74,340	-
COVID 19 - Educatin Stabilization Fund: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	84.425D	S425C200042	1,176,270	
Governer's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	S425D200008	172,456	-
Total Education Stabilization Fund			\$ 1,348,726 \$	-
Total Department of Education			\$ 2,869,657 \$	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 8,945,834 \$	
. oca, Expenditures of Federal Analds			Ç 0,773,034 3	300,277

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect to use the 10% di minimis indirect cost rate.

#### Note 3 - Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed.

#### Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 4,613,578
Provider Relief Funds - see Note 5 below	35,971
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes	(1,577)
Less: Interest Subsidy	(204,709)
Total primary government	\$ 4,443,263
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 3,133,290
School Cafeteria Fund	1,369,281
Total Component Unit School Board	\$ 4,502,571
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic	 _
financial statements	\$ 8,945,834
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures	
of Federal Awards	\$ 8,945,834

#### Note 5 - Provider Relief Funds

For fiscal years ended (FYE) on or before June 29, 2021, no Provider Relief Fund (PRF) expenditures (including lost revenue) should have been reported on the SEFA. Due to guidance available when the FYE 2020 report was issued, the entity reported \$35,971 of PRF expenditures on the FYE 2020 SEFA with no significant impact on the SEFA. Based on current guidance from the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), PRF expenditures (including lost revenue) are to be reported on the SEFA based upon PRF reports submitted through the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) reporting portal. Therefore, the amount of PRF expenditures included on the FYE June 30, 2021 SEFA is based upon the PRF reporting portal guidelines for Period 1, as specified by HHS.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

# **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes
Significant deficiency(ies) reported? No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) reported? No

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR,

Section 200.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA #</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

21.019 COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) 84.425D/84.425C COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For The Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

## Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2021-001: Material Weakness - Material Audit Adjustments Proposed by the external

**Auditor - School Board** 

#### Criteria:

Identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not detected by the school board's internal controls indicates that a material weakness may exist.

#### Condition:

The financial statements were required material adjustments by the Auditor to ensure such statements complied with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Material audit adjustments were proposed to several accounts and financial statement groups of the school board including, Cash and Cash Equivalents, Due from Other Governmental Units, Accounts Payable, Accrued Liabilities and Revenues to be in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

#### Cause:

The school board's internal controls in place to capture and record all necessary balances in the automated accounting system were not adequate for the year end June 30, 2021.

#### Effect:

There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.

## Recommendation:

We recommend that the School Board strengthen internal controls to capture and record all balances accurately in accordance with General Accepted Accounting Principles and eliminate the need for material audit adjustments. In addition, capturing and recording all necessary balances in the accounting system will assist Management and those charged with governance in their decision making for the School Board.

#### Management's Response:

School Board management feels the School system has designed strong internal controls. However, in fiscal year 2021 the school system experienced significant unexpected staff turnover which contributed to the weakness noted above including turnover in the roles of accounts payable specialist and payroll specialist. In addition, the school finance department was impacted by COVID-19 which put additional strain on the accounting processes and controls. Westmoreland County Public Schools has advertised for and is in the process of hiring qualified persons to serve as Finance Officer and finance specialists

# Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no prior year findings.