FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

County of Giles, Virginia Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Gary Eaton, Chair

Richard McCoy, Vice Chairman Larry Williams Jeffery Morris Paul Baker

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Eric G. Gentry, Chair

Marion C. Ballard, Vice Chairman Mark A. Wilburn Stephen M. Steele Drema K. McMahon

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Amanda Tickle, Clerk

Claude Wimmer, Chair

Nancy Rader, Vice Chairman Jeffery Morris Lester Tickle Gina Franklin Gregory Lee Tanya Perdue, Clerk

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Charles Fraley
Commonwealth's Attorney	
Commissioner of the Revenue	Lisa Corell
Treasurer	Gerald W. Duncan
Sheriff	W. Morgan Millirons
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Terry Arbogast, II
Director of Social Services	Sherri Nipper-Williams
County Administrator	Chris McKlarney
County Attorney	Richard Chidester

FINANCIAL SECTION

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Supervisors County of Giles, Virginia Pearisburg, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Giles, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Giles, Virginia, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2017, the County adopted new accounting guidance, 77 Tax Abatement Disclosures. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 75 and 76-82 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Giles, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and other statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and other statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2017, on our consideration of the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Prolinan Faren, lop associates

Blacksburg, Virginia November 30, 2017

Basic Financial Statements

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	G	P overnmental		ry Governmer Jsiness-type	nt		_	Component Unit	C	component Unit
		<u>Activities</u>	5	<u>Activities</u>		Total	5	ichool Board		IDA
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,041,778	\$	99	\$	4,041,877	\$	2,499,987	\$	-
Cash in custody of others		-		-		-		425,782		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								,		
Taxes receivable		3,824,236		-		3,824,236		-		-
Accounts receivable		99,661		123,142		222,803		10,479		-
Due from other governmental units		1,240,098				1,240,098		737,017		-
Inventories (Commodities)				-				42,647		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		160,837		-
Restricted assets:								,		
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)		1,450,785		-		1,450,785		-		-
Notes receivable		-						-		609,158
Inventories (Land and buildings held for resale)						_		_		1,689,349
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):										1,007,547
Land		530,530		13,000		543,530		473,652		607,801
Buildings and improvements		16,301,168		15,000		16,301,168		2,567,502		7,503,821
Machinery and equipment		1,055,833		208,762		1,264,595		1,445,801		7,505,621
Infrastructure		1,055,055		11,720,170		11,720,170		1,445,001		-
Construction in progress		- 3,671,570		79,983		3,751,553		-		-
Total assets	ć		\$	-	\$		\$	8,363,704	\$	10,410,129
local assets	\$	32,215,659	Ş	12,145,156	Ş	44,360,815	Ş	0,303,704	Ş	10,410,129
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	604,421	Ş	30,161	\$	634,582	\$	1,787,143	Ş	10,340
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		942,213		71,493		1,013,706		1,692,967		24,698
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,546,634	\$	101,654	\$	1,648,288	\$	3,480,110	\$	35,038
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	1,184,748	\$	20,646	\$	1,205,394	\$	14,873	\$	171
Retainage payable		80,432		-		80,432		-		-
Accrued payroll		-		-		-		2,198,669		-
Customers' deposits		-		30,100		30,100		-		-
Accrued interest payable		150,197		68,308		218,505		-		5,081
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		2,264,729		135,325		2,400,054		240,688		194,030
Due in more than one year		25,141,361		8,121,627		33,262,988		23,903,327		5,611,512
Total liabilities	\$	28,821,467	\$	8,376,006	\$	37,197,473	\$	26,357,557	\$	5,810,794
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred revenue - property taxes	Ş	3,735,083	\$	_	\$	3,735,083	\$	_	\$	_
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	Ŷ	5,755,005	Ŷ	9,098	Ŷ	9,098	Ŷ	894,583	Ŷ	_
Deferred amount on refunding				45,171		45,171		074,303		3,523
Total deferred inflows of resources	Ś	3,735,083	\$	54,269	\$	3,789,352	\$	894,583	\$	3,523
	Ş	3,733,003	Ş	04,209	ç	3,707,332	ç	074, JOJ	Ş	3,523
NET POSITION					,					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	(441,003)	\$	4,174,324	\$	3,733,321	\$	4,486,955	\$	2,375,924
Unrestricted		1,646,746		(357,789)		1,288,957		(19,895,281)		2,254,926
Total Net Position	\$	1,205,743	\$	3,816,535	\$	5,022,278	\$	(15,408,326)	\$	4,630,850

			Program Revenues	S		Net (Ex Chang	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	and In	
	I	ī	Operating			Primary Government		Component Units	Units
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	School Board	<u>IDA</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:									
General government administration		\$ 60,768	\$ 248,789	۲	\$ (1,642,231)	\$	1		
Judicial administration Public safety	9/4,122 4 964 595	175 384	635,/42 1 160 366		(320,500) (3 678 845)		(320,500) (3 678 845)		
Public works	623,864	33,070	9,378		(581,416)		(581,416) (581,416)		
Health and welfare	5,461,798	•	4,207,574		(1, 254, 224)		(1, 254, 224)		
Education Darks recreation and cultural	1,225,328 671 035	- 276 812			(725,328)		(776, 728)		
Community development	1,928,771	8,638	80,262		(1,839,871)		(1,839,871)		
Interest on long-term debt	743,619			•					
Total governmental activities	\$ 24,544,920	\$ 622,553	\$ 6,342,111	۔ ج	\$ (17,580,256)	Ŷ	(17,580,256)		
Business-type activities:	¢ 1 541 739 ¢	116 683	Ū	Ū	U	\$ (2C0 878)	(200 878)		
Total primary government	26,106,158	5 1.305.764	5 6.342.111	, , ,	5 (17,580,256) 5		(18,458,283)	· ·	
COMPONENT UNITS: School Board	\$ 25,742,602	\$ 578,663	\$ 17.747.276	s.			0,	\$ (7,416,663)	
Industrial Development Authority (IDA)	2,244,601								(1,795,490)
Total component units	\$ 27,987,203	\$ 947,253	\$ 17,747,276	\$ 80,521	\$ - \$	\$ -		\$ (7,416,663) \$	(1,795,490)
	General revenues:								
	General property taxes	taxes			\$ 14,956,758 \$	\$ '	14,956,758	\$ - \$	
	Local Sales and use taxes	use taxes			1,288,101		1,288,101		
	Consumers' utility taxes	ity taxes			242,071		242,071		
	Consumption taxes	axes			50,625		50,625		
	Gross receipts tax	tax			8,769 206 260		8,769 206 260		
	Local tax on deeds	reds			68.641		68.641		
	Hotel and motel room taxes	el room taxes			117,331		117,331		
	Unrestricted reve	nues from use	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	perty	122,340	789	123,129	4,388	18,993
	Miscellaneous				171,794		171,794	86,197	23,829
	Contribution from County of Giles, Virginia	County of Gile	Contribution from County of Giles, Virginia		- 1 752 824		- 1 753 834	5,439,349	1,456,317
	Gain on disposal of	of inventory	מורנכת נס אלכרווור	programs			-		393,717
	Transfers				(395,263)	395,263	•		
	Total general revenues and transfers	enues and tran	sfers		18,591,270		18,987,322	\$ 5,529,934 \$	1,892,856
	Change in net position Net nosition - heginning	10N Brind			ج 1,011,014 ک 194 779	< (C/6,184) 4 798 510	5 29,039 5	> (1,886,/29) > /13 521 597)	97,366 4 533 484
		n				2·2(2/2)			

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

County of Giles, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

		General	<u>Im</u>	County Capital provements		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,090,483	\$	951,295	\$	4,041,778
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		3,824,236		-		3,824,236
Accounts receivable		99,661		-		99,661
Due from other governmental units		1,163,234		76,864		1,240,098
Restricted assets:				4 450 705		4 450 705
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>~</u>	-	<u> </u>	1,450,785	<u> </u>	1,450,785
Total assets	\$	8,177,614	Ş	2,478,944	Ş	10,656,558
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	250,194	\$	934,554	\$	1,184,748
Retainage payable		-		80,432		80,432
Total liabilities	\$	250,194	\$	1,014,986	\$	1,265,180
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	4,425,248	\$	-	\$	4,425,248
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted						
Capital projects fund	\$	-	\$	468,250	\$	468,250
Committed						
Capital projects		-		995,708		995,708
Unassigned		3,502,172		-		3,502,172
Total fund balances	\$	3,502,172	\$	1,463,958	\$	4,966,130
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	8,177,614	\$	2,478,944	\$	10,656,558

County of Giles, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 4,966,130
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements	\$	
Machinery and equipment	1,055,833	21,559,101
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		690,165
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		604,421
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds	\$ (2,542,619)	
Lease revenue bonds	(17,545,900)	
Unamortized bond premium	(1,786,013)	
Capital lease	(593,822)	
Landfill accrued closure/postclosure costs	(45,929)	
Net OPEB obligation	(226,065)	
Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(748,535) (150,197)	
Net pension liability	(3,917,207)	
Deferred outflows related to measurement of the net pension liability	942,213	(26,614,074)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,205,743

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES		<u>General</u>	<u>Im</u>	County Capital provements		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$	14,883,081	\$	-	Ś	14,883,081
Other local taxes	1	1,981,807	•	-	•	1,981,807
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		41,617		-		41,617
Fines and forfeitures		11,634		-		11,634
Revenue from the use of money and property		115,125		7,215		122,340
Charges for services		569,302		-		569,302
Miscellaneous		171,794		-		171,794
Recovered costs		2,307,481		-		2,307,481
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth		6,083,496		80,262		6,163,758
Federal		1,932,187		-		1,932,187
Total revenues	\$	28,097,524	\$	87,477	\$	28,185,001
EXPENDITURES Current:	\$	1,995,494	Ś		Ś	1,995,494
General government administration Judicial administration	ç	926,525	Ş	-	Ş	926,525
Public safety		5,195,900		-		5,195,900
Public works		699,683		2,491,702		3,191,385
Health and welfare		5,551,415		2,491,702		5,551,415
Education		6,577,347		420,937		6,998,284
Parks, recreation, and cultural		685,394				685,394
Community development		2,029,263		64,007		2,093,270
Nondepartmental		356,710				356,710
Debt service:		550,710				550,710
Principal retirement		1,074,786		452,846		1,527,632
Interest and other fiscal charges		191,743		717,429		909,172
Total expenditures	\$	25,284,260	\$	4,146,921	\$	29,431,181
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	Ş	2,813,264	Ş	(4,059,444)	Ş	(1,246,180)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	7,210	¢	535,732	\$	542,942
Transfers out	Ŷ	(938,205)	Ŷ		Ŷ	(938,205)
Issuance of capital leases		(750,205)		486,810		486,810
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(930,995)	\$	1,022,542	\$	91,547
	<u> </u>	(750,775)	Ŷ	1,022,012	Ŷ	71,017
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,882,269	\$	(3,036,902)	\$	(1,154,633)
Fund balances - beginning		1,619,903		4,500,860		6,120,763
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,502,172	\$	1,463,958	\$	4,966,130

County of Giles, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (1,154,633)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation expense	\$ 3,130,116 (2,113,316)	1,016,800
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (Increase) decrease in unavailable revenue-property taxes Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability	\$ 73,677 467,627	541,304
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.		
Capital lease proceeds Payments of principal: General obligation bonds Lease revenue bonds Capital lease (Increase) decrease in landfill closure and postclosure monitoring costs	\$ (486,810) 979,507 407,256 140,869 44,750	1,085,572
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premium Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows related to measurement of the net pension liability Change in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date	\$ (55,129) (41,062) 35,448 130,105 (1,000,029) 459,861 (7,223)	(478,029)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,011,014

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund Water Department			omponent Unit Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	99	\$	-
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	~	123,142	Ś	-
Total current assets Restricted current assets:	\$	123,241	Ş	-
Cash and cash equivalents				_
Investments		_		_
Total current assets	\$	123,241	\$	-
Noncurrent assets:				
Lease purchase receivable, net of current portion	\$	-	\$	609,158
Inventories (land and buildings held for resale)		-		1,689,349
Capital assets:				
Land		13,000		607,801
Construction in progress		79,983		-
Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements		17,003,179		- 9,493,633
Machinery and equipment		- 585,219		
Accumulated depreciation		(5,659,466)		(1,989,812)
Total capital assets	\$	12,021,915	\$	8,111,622
Total noncurrent assets	\$	12,021,915	\$	10,410,129
Total assets	\$	12,145,156	\$	10,410,129
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	ć	20.474	÷	40.240
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	30,161	\$	10,340
Items related to measurement of net pension liability Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	71,493	\$	24,698 35,038
Total deferred outflows of resources	Ļ	101,054	Ļ	55,050
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	20,646	\$	171
Customer deposits		30,100		-
Accrued interest payable		68,308		5,081
Compensated absences - current portion		30,347		-
Bonds payable - current portion	~	104,978	ć	194,030
Total current liabilities	\$	254,379	\$	199,282
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Net OPEB obligation	\$	25,930	\$	-
Compensated absences - net of current portion		10,116		-
Net pension liability		297,797		69,844
Bonds payable - net of current portion		7,787,784		5,541,668
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	8,121,627	\$	5,611,512
Total liabilities	\$	8,376,006	\$	5,810,794
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$	9,098	\$	-
Deferred amount on refunding		45,171		3,523
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	54,269	\$	3,523
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,174,324	\$	2,375,924
Unrestricted		(357,789)	·	2,254,926
Total net position	\$	3,816,535	\$	4,630,850
·			-	

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Enterprise Fund Water Department	Component Unit Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Water revenues	\$	547,141	ş -		
Rental of property	Ŧ	-	368,590		
Penalties		41,676			
Sale of land held as inventory:		,			
Gross sales price		-	409,850		
Cost of inventory		-	(16,133)		
Miscellaneous		80,952	23,829		
Total operating revenues	\$	669,769	\$ 786,136		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries	\$,	\$ 91,508		
Fringes		108,518	27,055		
Contracted services		17,122	3,836		
Repair and maintenance		47,200	116		
Water purchase		227,930	-		
Material and supplies		51,671	-		
Insurance		8,616	35,776		
Miscellaneous		48,262	1,784		
Utilities		26,687	18,839		
Reserve capacity payment		27,153	-		
Depreciation		502,231	250,131		
Economic development		-	1,666,661		
Total operating expenses	\$	1,343,384	\$ 2,095,706		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(673,615)	\$ (1,309,570)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	\$	789	\$ 18,993		
Connection fees		13,442	-		
Interest expense		(217,854)	(148,895)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(203,623)			
Income before contributions and transfers	\$	(877,238)			
Capital contributions and construction grants		-	80,521		
Contribution from primary government		-	1,456,317		
Transfers in		395,263	-		
Change in net position	\$	(481,975)	\$ 97,366		
Net position - beginning		4,298,510	4,533,484		
Net position - ending	Ś	3,816,535	\$ 4,630,850		
		-,	, .,,,,,,.,,.,.,.,.,.,.,.,		

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		nterprise Fund Water partment	Component Unit Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢	(22,422	¢	000 0/0		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	632,133	Ş	802,268		
Payments to suppliers		(458,666)		(1,727,141)		
Payments to employees Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(376,219) (202,752)	ć	(114,826)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	Ş	(202,752)	Ş	(1,039,699)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from other funds	\$	395,263	\$	1,456,317		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(102,751)	\$	-		
Principal payments on bonds		(40,195)		(317,837)		
Contributions in aid of construction		-		80,521		
Interest payments		(276,345)		(239,988)		
Connection fees		13,442		-		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related						
financing activities	\$	(405,849)	Ş	(477,304)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest income	\$	789	\$	<u>-</u>		
Note receivable payments	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	60,686		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	789	\$	60,686		
	<u> </u>			,		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(212,549)	\$	-		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		212,648		-		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	99	\$	-		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used for) operating activities:						
	¢	((7) (45)	ć	(1.200 570)		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(673,615)	Ş	(1,309,570)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation expense	\$	502,231	\$	250,131		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(40,736)		-		
(Increase) decrease in inventories		-		16,132		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(16,586)		(17,157)		
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		3,100		-		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(4,025)		(129)		
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		(4,890)		-		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(4,474)		-		
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		64,537		27,657		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	~	(28,294)	ć	(6,763)		
Total adjustments	\$ \$	470,863	\$	269,871		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(202,752)	Ş	(1,039,699)		

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 74,625 \$ 74,625
LIABILITIES Amounts held for Social Services clients Total liabilities	\$ 74,625 \$ 74,625

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Giles, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected fivemember Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - The County has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The County's Component Units do not prepare separate financial statements.

The Giles County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type and does not issue a separate financial report.

The Giles County Industrial Development Authority encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the County. The Industrial Development Authority board members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Industrial Development Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. The Industrial Development Authority is presented as an enterprise fund type and does not issue a separate financial report.

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County and the Counties of Bland, Carroll, Floyd, Grayson, and Wythe and the City of Radford participate in supporting the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority. The monthly payment made by the County to the Regional Jail is based on the number of prisoners housed for the County. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County paid \$1,000,057 for the confinement of prisoners.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities). Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government is broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Dare Program, the Asset Forfeiture Fund, the Comprehensive Services Fund, the Social Services Fund, the Restitution Fund, the Rev Max Fund, and the Emergency Replacement Fund.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for and reports all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital project funds consist of the County Capital Improvements Fund.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The County operates a water distribution system. The activities of the system are accounted for in the Water Department fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds (trust and agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds consist of the Special Welfare fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund and the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance
 - 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act").

2. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$75,545 at June 30, 2017 and is comprised solely of property taxes. The allowance amounted to approximately \$349,904 for the Water department at June 30, 2017 and is comprised solely of water billings and penalties.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)
 - 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. In the water fund, no interest was capitalized during the current year or prior year.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

9. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

12. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision making authority, and the formal action that is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board of Supervisors. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

12. Fund Equity (Continued)

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County of Giles' policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned as they are needed.

The policy also authorizes and directs the Treasurer to prepare financial reports which accurately categorize fund balance as required by GASB Statement No. 54. The County of Giles will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 3% of the expenditures/operating revenues. The County considers a balance of less than 3% to be a cause for concern, barring unusual of deliberate circumstances.

13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. It is also comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30th, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)
 - 14. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

15. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted—net position and unrestricted—net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted—net position to have been depleted before unrestricted—net position is applied.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund), and the General Capital Projects Funds. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the ACCE Program Fund, School Fund, and VDOT Sharing Program Fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

At June 30, 2017, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and Collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). At June 30, 2017, the County had no investments.

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary		Component
		Government		Unit-
	-	Governmental	-	School
	_	Activities	_	Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:	-		-	
Local sales tax	\$	211,097	\$	-
State sales tax		-		494,424
Categorical aid		179,442		1,943
Shared expenses		149,844		-
Non-categorical aid		169,795		-
Virginia public assistance funds		127,559		-
Community services act		233,104		-
Federal Government:				
Virginia public assistance funds		167,487		-
School grants		-		240,650
Categorical aid	-	1,770	-	-
Totals	\$_	1,240,098	\$	737,017

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 5-Interfund Transfers and Balances:

Interfund transfers and remaining balances for the year ended June 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

Fund	Tra	ansfers In	Transfers Out			
Primary Government:						
General Fund	\$	7,210	\$	938,205		
Water and Sewer Fund		395,263		-		
County Capital Improvements Fund		535,732		-		
Total	\$	938,205	\$	938,205		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2017
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,522,126	Ş -	\$ (979,507)	\$ 2,542,619
Lease revenue bonds	17,953,156	-	(407,256)	17,545,900
Unamortized premiums	1,916,118	-	(130,105)	1,786,013
Capital leases	247,881	486,810	(140,869)	593,822
Landfill postclosure liability	90,679	-	(44,750)	45,929
Net OPEB obligation	185,003	96,503	(55,441)	226,065
Compensated absences	693,406	575,184	(520,055)	748,535
Net pension liability	2,917,178	2,223,258	(1,223,229)	3,917,207
Total	\$ 27,525,547	\$ 3,381,755	\$ (3,501,212)	\$ 27,406,090

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		General Oblig	gation Bonds			Lease Revenue Bonds				
June 30,		Principal	Interest		Principal			Interest		
2018	ć	1 002 119	ċ	121 000	ć	277 666	ć	449 207		
2018	\$	1,002,118 760,895	Ş	131,099 79,541	\$	377,666 628,512	Ş	668,307 640,948		
2020		779,606		40,260		667,043		612,484		
2021		-		-		1,194,875		572,467		
2022		-		-		1,254,364		518,724		
2023-2027		-		-		6,310,761		1,808,260		
2028-2032		-		-		5,872,761		733,304		
2033-2034		-		-		1,239,918		30,916		
Totals	\$	2,542,619	\$	250,900	\$	17,545,900	\$	5,585,410		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Installment <u>Amounts</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	G	Balance overnmental <u>Activities</u>	D	Amount ue Within One Year
General Obligation (GO) Bonds: General Obligation 2000A VPSA Bond	5.10-5.60%	5/18/2000	7/15/2020	\$75,000-100,000 a+	\$ 1,270,000	Ś	285,000	s	90,000
General Obligation 2000B VPSA Bond	5.10-5.27%	11/25/2000	7/15/2020	\$606,914-679,606 a+	11,508,990	Ŧ	1,998,366	Ŧ	652,865
General Obligation 1998A VPSA Bond	4.35-5.10%	11/19/1998	7/15/2018	\$194,058-209,765 a+	3,684,045		209,765		209,765
General Obligation 1998B VPSA Bond	4.35-5.10%	11/19/1998	7/15/2018	\$45,782-49,488 a+	869,126		49,488		49,488
Total General Obligation Bonds						\$	2,542,619	\$	1,002,118
Lease Revenue Bonds:									
Lease Revenue Bond Series 2008A	4.73%	11/20/2008	1/15/2024	\$178,000-291,732 a+	\$ 3,110,000	\$	152,262	\$	152,262
Lease Revenue Bond Series 2012C	2.82-4.83%	12/6/2012	4/1/2033	\$261,697-989,344 a+	13,943,366		10,410,375		-
Lease Revenue Bond Series 2014C	2.12%	6/11/2014	1/15/2034	\$146,000-212,000 a+	3,536,000		3,069,000		152,000
Lease Revenue Bond Series 2015D	3.13%	11/18/2015	10/1/2032	\$54,255-526,598 a+	2,508,519		2,454,263		73,404
Lease Revenue Bond Series 2015D	3.13%	11/18/2015	10/1/2023	\$215,000-275,000 a+	1,460,000		1,460,000		-
Total Lease Revenue Bonds						\$	17,545,900	\$	377,666
Deferred Amount:									
2012C Unamortized Premium						\$	1,298,316	\$	83,762
2015D Unamortized Premium							166,559		25,624
2015D Unamortized Premium							321,138		20,719
Total Unamortized Premiums						\$	1,786,013	\$	130,105
Other Obligations:									
Capital Leases (Note 8)						\$	593,822	\$	193,439
Landfill Postclosure Liability							45,929		-
Net OPEB Obligation							226,065		-
Compensated Absences							748,535		561,401
Net pension liability							3,917,207		-
Total Other Obligations						\$	5,531,558	\$	754,840
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	27,406,090	\$	2,264,729

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2017:

			BalanceIncreases/Ily 1, 2016Issuances			ecreases/ tirements	Balance June 30, 2017		
Revenue bond	\$	275,301	\$	-	\$	(11,592)	\$	263,709	
Lease revenue bonds		6,809,970		-		(28,603)		6,781,367	
Unamortized premiums		902,376		-		(54,690)		847,686	
Net OPEB obligation		30,820		1,469		(6,359)		25,930	
Compensated absences		44,937		29,229		(33,703)		40,463	
Net pension liability		233,260		168,903		(104,366)		297,797	
Total	\$	8,296,664	\$	199,601	\$	(239,313)	\$	8,256,952	

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bond					Lease Revenue Bonds					
June 30,	Р	rincipal	Interest		Principal			Interest			
2018	\$	11,591	\$	-	\$	38,698	\$	271,983			
2019		11,591		-		136,282		259,932			
2020		11,591		-		149,742		244,930			
2021		11,591		-		420,625		226,191			
2022		11,591		-		442,497		228,337			
2023-2027		57,957		-		2,580,955		830,650			
2028-2032		57,957		-		2,580,955		329,876			
2033-2037		57,957		-		431,613		9,235			
2038-2040		31,883		-		-		-			
			1								
Totals	\$	263,709	\$	-	\$	6,781,367	\$	2,401,134			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Installment <u>Amounts</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>		Balance Isiness-Type Activities	Du	amount e Within ne Year
<u>Revenue Bond:</u> Revenue Bond	0.00%	3/5/2009	3/5/2039	\$11,591 a	\$ 347,742	\$	263,709	\$	11,591
<u>Lease Revenue Bonds:</u> Lease Revenue Bond Series 2012C Lease Revenue Bond Series 2015D Total Lease Revenue Bonds	2.82-4.83% 3.13%	12/6/2012 11/18/2015	4/1/2033 10/1/2032	\$137,950-521,955 a+ \$28,603-277,613 a+	\$ 7,350,053 1,322,445	\$ \$	5,487,525 1,293,842 6,781,367	\$ \$	- 38,698 38,698
<u>Deferred Amount:</u> 2012C Unamortized Premium 2015D Unamortized Premium Total Unamortized Premiums						\$ \$	678,388 169,298 847,686	\$ \$	43,767 10,922 54,689
Other Obligations: Net OPEB Obligation Compensated Absences Net pension liability Total Other Obligations						\$ \$	25,930 40,463 297,797 364,190	\$ \$	30,347 - - - -
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	8,256,952	\$	135,325

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations-Component Units:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Increases	Decreases	Balance July 1, 2017
Net OPEB Obligation Compensated Absences Net pension liability	\$ 487,642 343,433 20,904,120	\$ 442,353 235,059 5,555,547	\$ (397,400) (257,575) (3,169,164)	\$ 532,595 320,917 23,290,503
Total	\$ 21,735,195	\$ 6,232,959	\$ (3,824,139)	\$ 24,144,015

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations-Component Units: (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	 Total Amount		nount Due in One Year
Other Obligations:			
Net OPEB obligation	\$ 532,595	\$	-
Compensated absences	320,917		240,688
Net pension liability	 23,290,503	_	-
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 24,144,015	\$	240,688

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit Industrial Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2017
Notes Payable	\$ 2,507,362	\$ -	\$ (133,695)	\$ 2,373,667
Lease Revenue Bonds Unamortized Premium	3,482,135 68,169	-	(184,142) (4,131)	3,297,993 64,038
Net pension liability	42,187	49,466	(21,809)	69,844
Total	\$ 6,099,853	\$ 49,466	\$ (343,777)	\$ 5,805,542

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Ν	lotes Paya	able		Lease Rev	venue Bonds		
June 30,	Principa	al	Interest		Principal	I	nterest	
2018	\$	- \$	50,678	\$	189,898	\$	56,144	
2019	139,	528	98,377		202,206		87,253	
2020	145,	616	92,289		207,214		81,746	
2021	151,	970	85,935		231,500		75,623	
2022	158,	600	79,305		240,138		68,883	
2023-2027	903,	042	286,485		1,310,284		237,331	
2028-2032	874,	911	76,711		800,284		63,015	
2033-2034		-	-		116,469		3,342	
Totals	\$ 2,373,	667 \$	769,780	\$	3,297,993	\$	673,337	

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations-Component Units: (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final <u>Maturity Date</u>	Installment <u>Amounts</u>	Amount of riginal Issue		ance Business- pe Activities	Ar	nount Due with- <u>in One Year</u>
<u>Notes Payable:</u> Notes Payable Notes Payable Total Notes Payable	4.27% 4.27%	8/12/2010 8/12/2010	7/15/2031 7/15/2031	\$103,611 a \$134,294 a	\$ 1,393,644 1,806,356	\$ \$	1,033,765 1,339,902 2,373,667	\$ \$	
Lease Revenue Bonds: Lease Revenue Bond Series 2012C Lease Revenue Bond Series 2014A Lease Revenue Bond Series 2014B Lease Revenue Bond Series 2014C Lease Revenue Bond Series 2015D Total Lease Revenue Bonds	2.82-4.83% 2.12% 3.93% 2.12% 3.13%	12/6/2012 6/11/2014 6/11/2014 6/11/2014 11/18/2015	4/1/2033 1/15/2029 1/15/209 1/15/2034 10/1/2032	\$10,352-39,137 a+ \$105,000-138,000 a+ \$43,000-71,000 a+ \$29,000-42,000 a+ \$2,142-20,790 a+	\$ 551,581 1,809,000 844,000 702,000 99,036	\$ \$	412,099 1,479,000 701,000 609,000 96,894 3,297,993	\$ \$	110,000 47,000 30,000 2,898 189,898
<u>Deferred Amount:</u> 2012C Unamortized Premium 2015D Unamortized Premium Total Unamortized Premiums						\$ \$	51,359 12,679 64,038	\$ \$	3,314 818 4,132
<u>Other Obligations:</u> Net pension liability Total Long-Term Obligations						\$ \$	69,844 5,805,542		- 194,030

Note 8-Capital Leases:

Primary Government

The County has entered into lease agreements to finance the acquisition of E-911 equipment, two modular classrooms, voting machines, three school buses, and two vans. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the date of inception.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 E-911 Equipment	_	Modular Classrooms	_	Buses & Vans	Voting Machines
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 170,718 (141,197)	\$	203,141 (18,394)	\$	311,184 (43,548)	\$ 63,250 (14,487)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 29,521	\$_	184,747	\$	267,636	\$ 48,763

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Capital Leases: (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 E-911 Equipment	 Modular Classrooms		Buses & Vans	 Voting Machines
2018	\$ 49,112	\$ 54,882	\$	65,383	\$ 37,848
2019	-	54,882		65,383	37,848
2020	-	-		65,383	37,848
2021	-	-		65,383	37,848
2022	-	-		32,691	 18,926
Subtotal	\$ 49,112	\$ 109,764	\$	294,223	\$ 170,318
Less, amount					
representing interest	(1,610)	 (4,663)		(12,490)	 (10,832)
-					
Present Value of					
Lease Agreement	\$ 47,502	\$ 105,101	Ş	281,733	\$ 159,486

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	 About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. 					

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.				
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	 Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: Political subdivision employees* School division employees Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. *Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. 				

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.			
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.			

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.				

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	 Vesting (Cont.) <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½. 			
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.		
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.		
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.		
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution Component</u> : Not applicable.		

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.		

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.) Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.) Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.) Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.			
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. <u>Eligibility:</u> For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. <u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
 Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. 	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.		
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	 Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable. 		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	98	49
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	29	6
Non-vested inactive members	18	17
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	54	12
Total inactive members	101	35
Active members	103	55
Total covered employees	302	139

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 11.30% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$634,582 and \$658,143 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

The Component Unit Industrial Development Authority's (IDA) contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 11.30% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit IDA were \$10,340 and \$10,905 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 9.64% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$35,143 and \$46,776 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The County's, Component Unit IDA, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS: Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithmet	tic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County, Component Unit IDA, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Primary Government Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	22,409,465	\$	19,259,027	\$	3,150,438
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	526,089	\$	-	\$	526,089
Interest		1,521,355		-		1,521,355
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		331,152		-		331,152
Impact in change of proportion		(70,081)		(60,229)		(9,852)
Contributions - employer		-		707,686		(707,686)
Contributions - employee		-		272,361		(272,361)
Net investment income		-		336,177		(336,177)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(1,211,475)		(1,211,475)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(11,904)		11,904
Other changes		-		(142)		142
Net changes	\$	1,097,040	\$	32,474	\$	1,064,566
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	23,506,505	\$	19,291,501	\$	4,215,004

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Component Unit Industrial Development Authority						
	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	300,084	\$	257,897	\$42,187		
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	8,717	\$	- 9	\$ 8,717		
Interest		25,209		-	25,209		
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		5,487		-	5,487		
Impact in change of proportion		70,082		60,229	9,853		
Contributions - employer		-		11,725	(11,725)		
Contributions - employee		-		4,513	(4,513)		
Net investment income		-		5,570	(5,570)		
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(20,074)		(20,074)	-		
Administrative expenses		-		(197)	197		
Other changes		-		(2)	2		
Net changes	\$	89,421	\$	61,764	\$ 27,657		
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	389,505	\$	319,661	\$69,844		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional)							
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		ncrease (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	5,624,358	\$	4,430,238	\$	1,194,120		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	105,253	\$	-	\$	105,253		
Interest		382,399		-		382,399		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		(155,047)		-		(155,047)		
Contributions - employer		-		46,775		(46,775)		
Contributions - employee		-		18,866		(18,866)		
Net investment income		-		70,476		(70,476)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(323,028)		(323,028)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(2,864)		2,864		
Other changes		-		(31)		31		
Net changes	\$	9,577	\$	(189,806)	\$	199,383		
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	5,633,935	\$	4,240,432	\$	1,393,503		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, Component Unit IDA, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's, Component Unit IDA's, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)		
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	7,288,089	4,215,004	1,671,177		
Component Unit Industrial Development Authority Net Pension Liability (Asset)	120,764	69,844	27,692		
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability	2,074,406	1,393,503	823,603		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County, Component Unit IDA, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$785,517, \$12,927, and \$140,117, respectively. At June 30, 2017, the County, Component Unit IDA, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

					Component Un	component Unit-Industrial			Component Unit-School		
		Primary Government				Development	Authority	Board (nonprofessional)			
	_	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		Deferred	
	(Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of Inflows of			Outflows of	Inflows of	
	_	Resources		Resources		Resources	Resources		Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	519,788	\$	-	\$	7,677 \$	- -	\$	23,808 \$	101,583	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		492,702		-		9,139	-		113,159	-	
Change in proportionate share		1,216		9,098		7,882	-		-	-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		634,582		-		10,340			35,143		
Total	\$	1,648,288	\$	9,098	\$	35,038 \$	-	\$	172,110 \$	101,583	

\$634,582, \$10,340, and \$35,143 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's, Component Unit IDA's, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	 Primary Government	_	Component Unit Industiral Development Authority	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2018	\$ 331,813	\$	7,412 \$	(30,557)
2019	173,274		5,289	(47,187)
2020	301,647		6,715	67,021
2021	197,874		5,282	46,107
Thereafter	-		-	-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.66% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and reflects the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 16.32%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 89.84% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,752,000 and \$1,662,000 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported a liability of \$21,897,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the school division's proportion was 0.15625% as compared to 0.15660% at June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,973,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	710,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,251,000		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		305,000		83,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,752,000		<u> </u>	
Total	\$	3,308,000	\$	793,000	

\$1,752,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

\$ (56,000)
(56,000)
587,000
338,000
(50,000)
\$

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2016, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	-	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ \$_	44,182,326 30,168,211 14,014,115
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		68.28%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*	Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate							
	(6.00%)			(7.00%)	(8.00%)				
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pos	\$	31,214,000	Ş	21,897,000	\$	14,222,000			

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016 CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 10- Unavailable/Deferred Revenue:

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *deferred revenue* reported in the governmental funds and governmental activities, respectively, were as follows:

		<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Deferred</u>
Property taxes receivable due after June 30, 2017	\$	2,961,748 \$	2,961,748
Property taxes receivable due prior to June 30, 2017		690,165	-
ACCE contribution		411,526	411,526
Prepaid taxes	_	361,809	361,809
Total unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$	4,425,248 \$	3,735,083

Note 11-Capital Assets:notes

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	530,530	\$	-	Ş	-	\$	530,530
Construction in progress		1,298,805		2,612,030		(239,265)		3,671,570
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,829,335	\$	2,612,030	\$	(239,265)	\$	4,202,100
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	35,935,328	\$	239,265	\$	-	\$	36,174,593
Machinery and equipment		3,823,080		518,086		(67,800)		4,273,366
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	39,758,408	\$	757,351	\$	(67,800)	\$	40,447,959
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(18,094,928)	\$	(1,778,497)	\$	-	\$	(19,873,425)
Machinery and equipment		(2,950,514)		(334,819)		67,800		(3,217,533)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(21,045,442)	\$	(2,113,316)	\$	67,800	\$	(23,090,958)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	18,712,966	\$	(1,355,965)	\$		\$	17,357,001
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	20,542,301	\$	1,256,065	\$	(239,265)	\$	21,559,101

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 11-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 13,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,000
Construction in progress	2,712,328	43,565	(2,675,910)	79,983
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 2,725,328	\$ 43,565	\$ (2,675,910)	\$ 92,983
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Utility plant and infrastructure	\$ 14,327,270	\$ 2,675,910	\$ -	\$ 17,003,180
Machinery and equipment	553,393	31,825	-	585,218
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 14,880,663	\$ 2,707,735	\$ -	\$ 17,588,398
Accumulated depreciation:				
Utility plant and infrastructure	\$ (4,817,685)	\$ (465,325)	\$ -	\$ (5,283,010)
Machinery and equipment	(339,550)	(36,906)	-	(376,456)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (5,157,235)	\$ (502,231)	\$ -	\$ (5,659,466)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 9,723,428	\$ 2,205,504	\$ -	\$ 11,928,932
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,448,756	\$ 2,249,069	\$ (2,675,910)	\$ 12,021,915

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	148,171
Judicial administration		32,111
Public safety		174,232
Public works		22,910
Education		1,649,670
Parks, recreation, and cultural		5,974
Community development		80,248
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$_	2,113,316
Business-type activities: Water department	\$_	502,231

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 11-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	473,652	\$	-	\$	-	\$	473,652
Construction in progress		78,422		77,089		(155,511)		-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	552,074	\$	77,089	\$	(155,511)	\$	473,652
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	14,957,933	\$	175,242	\$	-	\$	15,133,175
Machinery and equipment		5,138,554		399,479		(119,153)		5,418,880
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	20,096,487	\$	574,721	\$	(119,153)	\$	20,552,055
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(12,208,821)	\$	(356,852)	\$	-	\$	(12,565,673)
Machinery and equipment		(3,785,563)		(306,669)		119,153		(3,973,079)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(15,994,384)	\$	(663,521)	\$	119,153	\$	(16,538,752)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	4,102,103	\$	(88,800)	\$		\$	4,013,303
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	4,654,177	\$	(11,711)	\$	(155,511)	\$	4,486,955

Depreciation expense of \$663,521 was charged to education in the Statement of Activities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 11-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the Industrial Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 607,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 607,801
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 607,801	\$ -	\$-	\$ 607,801
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 9,493,633	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,493,633
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (1,739,681)	\$ (250,131)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (1,989,812)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 7,753,952	\$ (250,131)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 7,503,821
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,361,753	\$ (250,131)	\$ -	\$ 8,111,622

All Depreciation of the Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority was charged to Community Development.

Note 12-Inventories/Assets Held for Resale:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:

The Industrial Development Authority has assets consisting of land and structures specifically held for resale that are not depreciated. At June 30, 2017, the value of these assets was \$1,689,349.

The following is a summary of transactions for these assets for the year ended June 30, 2017.

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Inventories/				
Assets held for resale	\$ 1,705,481	\$ -	\$ (16,132)	\$ 1,689,349

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 13-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, and auto insurance with the VACO Risk Management Program. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit - School Board pay contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of the loss, deficit, or depletion of all available funds and/or excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 14-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 15-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:	_	
Charles Fraley, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	550,000
Gerald W. Duncan, Treasurer		400,000
Lisa Corell, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
William M. Millirons, Sheriff		30,000

Note 16-Landfill Postclosure Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County landfill has been closed. Total costs for landfill postclosure are estimated to be \$45,929. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2017. Actual costs for postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill post-closure costs.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 16-Landfill Postclosure Liability: (Continued)

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care:

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of postemployment health care benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in future years when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2009, the County recognizes the cost of post-employment health care in the year when the employee services are rendered, reports the accumulating liability, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the County's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

A. Plan Description

The County of Giles and Giles County's Component Unit - School Board administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to County and School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the County and School Board. Any County eligible retiree and spouse may receive this benefit until he/she has reaches the earlier of sixty five years of age or death. Coverage for the spouse ends at the earliest of the retiree's death, the retiree's attainment of age 65, the spouse's death, and the spouse's attainment of age 65. The School Boards coverage ends at the earlier of attainment of age 65 and death unless the participant enrolls in the Medicare supplement plan. If a participant enrolls in the Medicare supplement plan, coverage may continue for life. A spouse may continue coverage after the death of the retiree at their own cost.

For the County, to be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet at least one of the following criteria: attained age 50 and 10 years of service, attained age 55 and 5 years of service, or disabled with no age or service requirements. For the School Board, to be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet at least one of the following criteria for those hired before July 1, 2010: attained age 50 and 10 years of service, attained after July 1, 2010 age plus service is at least 90 or age 60 with at least 5 years of service, or disabled with no age or service. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the Board of Supervisors and the School Board and can be amended through the Board of Supervisors and the School Board action respectively. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The County and School Board currently pay for the post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-yougo basis. The County and School Board currently have 129 and 303 employees that are eligible, respectively, for the program. In addition, the County pays up to \$503.00 per month for retirees with at least 30 years of service with the County and up to \$251.50 per month for retirees with at least 20 years of service with the County does not make contributions to the medical premium for retirees with less than 20 years of service.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care: (Continued)

B. Funding Policy (Continued)

Retirees must pay the difference between the premium and the employer contribution. Any additional premium to cover a spouse and dependents is paid by the retiree. In addition, the School Board pays for retirees under age 65 who have at least 30 years of service with the System, the System contributes a monthly amount equal to the Retiree Only premium of the Key Advantage 500 plan (\$595.00 as of 7/1/2016). Once the retiree reaches age 65, all employer contributions stop. Retirees under age 65 who have less than 30 years of service with the System receive no contribution from the System. Retirees with under 30 years of service may enter a 30 Day Employment program. The System makes contributions for participants in the 30 Day Employment Program as though they had 30 years of service. All retirees are responsible for providing the difference between the premium and the amount contributed by the System.

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the County. The rates are as follows:

	Anthem Key			nthem Key	Anthem Key		
Medical & Dental	٨d	/antage 500	Adv	antage 1000	Adv	antage HDHP	
Employee Only	\$	595.00	\$	565.00	\$	466.00	
Employee & Spouse		1,101.00		1,045.00		862.00	
Family		1,607.00		1,526.00		1,258.00	

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the School Board. The rates are as follows:

	Anthem Key			nthem Key	Anthem Key		
Medical & Dental	Adv	antage 500	Adv	antage 1000	Adva	antage HDHP	
Employee Only	\$	595.00	\$	565.00	\$	466.00	
Employee & Spouse		1,101.00		1,045.00		862.00	
Family		1,607.00		1,526.00		1,258.00	

The County and School Board are required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the County and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County and School Board's net OPEB obligation:

		Primary Government						oonent Unit
	General		Wa	ater and Sewer		Total	Sch	ool Board
Annual required contribution	\$	88,275	\$	10,125	\$	98,400	\$	451,800
Interest on net OPEB obligation		6,777		777		7,554		17,067
Adjustment to annual required contribution		1,451		(9,433)		(7,982)		(26,514)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		96,503		1,469		97,972		442,353
Contributions made		(55,441)		(6,359)		(61,800)		(397,400)
Increase (Decrease) in net OPEB obligation		41,062		(4,890)		36,172		44,953
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		185,003		30,820		215,823		487,642
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	226,065	\$	25,930	\$	251,995	\$	532,595

The County and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Fiscal		Annual OPEB Cost	Ν	et OPEB	
Entity	Year Ended	0	PEB Cost	Contributed	0	bligation
County	6/30/2017	\$	97,972	63%	\$	251,995
County	6/30/2016		69,729	59 %		215,823
County	6/30/2015		67,296	50%		187,294
School Board	6/30/2017		442,353	90%		532,595
School Board	6/30/2016		437,284	75%		487,642
School Board	6/30/2015		431,188	80%		377,658

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan for the County as of January 1, 2017, the most recent valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,184,900
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,184,900
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 5,605,500
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	21.14%

The funded status of the Plan for the School Board as of January 1, 2017, the most recent valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 4,492,300
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 4,492,300
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 11,037,600
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	40.70%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, morality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Primary Government:

As of January 1, 2017, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: inflations at 2.50 percent, investments rate of return at 3.50 percent, and a health care trend rate of 8.70 percent graded to 4.00 percent over 70 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at January 1, 2017 was 30 years.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

As of January 1, 2017, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: investments rate of return at 3.50 percent, and a health care trend rate of 8.90 percent graded to 4.30 percent over 57 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at January 1, 2017 was 30 years.

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The School's Boards contributions to VRS were \$134,652, \$126,270, and \$123,401 for the fiscal years ended 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively, and equaled the required contributions. The School Board's contributions represented 1.11%, 1.06%, 1.06% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 19 - Commitments and Contingencies:

At June 30, 2017, the following construction commitments were outstanding:

Project	Total Due		Re	etainage	А	Net mount Due
Governmental Activities Sheriff's Office Upfit	\$ 2,018,126	*	\$	80,432	\$	1,937,694

*Includes accounts payable of \$892,957.

Note 20-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2017, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should an court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 21-Adoption of Accounting Principle:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures

GASB Statement 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information about the agreements:

- Brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients.
- The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period.
- Commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement.

The County entered into a performance agreement with Celanese Acetate, LLC on October 16, 2012. Under the agreement, the Company was obligated to make capital investments at the Facility of at least \$145,000,000 and to create and maintain at least 22 new jobs at the Facility, all as of the initial performance date of December 31, 2015. Upon completion of the Capital Investment project, the Locality provided funds to the Industrial Development Authority in an amount equal to the new taxes paid by the Company in the prior tax year, provided the Company had paid all taxes due to the Locality for the prior tax year. After receipt of funds from the Locality, the Authority provided a grant to the Company in an amount equal to such new taxes. Under the agreement, such reimbursement request shall be submitted no later than January 31st of each year thereafter for a maximum of five years. In fiscal year 2017, \$1,344,174 was reimbursed to the Company.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 22 - Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 22 - Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 87, Leases, increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Required Supplementary Information

County of Giles, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts		_	Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
General property taxes	\$ 14,744,257	\$ 14,744,257	\$ 14,883,081	\$ 138,824
Other local taxes	2,163,248	2,163,248	1,981,807	(181,441)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	41,762	41,762	41,617	(145)
Fines and forfeitures	37,100	37,100	11,634	(25,466)
Revenue from the use of money and property	140,754	140,756	115,125	(25,631)
Charges for services	600,701	600,701	569,302	(31,399)
Miscellaneous	155,625	172,751	171,794	(957)
Recovered costs	2,005,426	2,070,796	2,307,481	236,685
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	5,981,544	6,247,193	6,083,496	(163,697)
Federal	1,821,332	1,821,332	1,932,187	110,855
Total revenues	\$ 27,691,749	\$ 28,039,896	\$ 28,097,524	\$ 57,628
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government administration	\$ 1,758,575	\$ 2,141,685	\$ 1,995,494	\$ 146,191
Judicial administration	811,783	934,686	926,525	8,161
Public safety	5,207,820	5,496,548	5,195,900	300,648
Public works	707,325	749,607	699,683	49,924
Health and welfare	5,290,311	5,296,965	5,551,415	(254,450)
Education	8,371,875	8,719,354	6,577,347	2,142,007
Parks, recreation, and cultural	590,936	704,755	685,394	19,361
Community development	2,212,165	2,272,450	2,029,263	243,187
Nondepartmental	531,900	456,260	356,710	99,550
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,013,664	1,013,664	1,074,786	(61,122)
Interest and other fiscal charges	178,882	178,882	191,743	(12,861)
Total expenditures	\$ 26,675,236	\$ 27,964,856	\$ 25,284,260	\$ 2,680,596
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	\$ 1,016,513	\$ 75,040	\$ 2,813,264	\$ 2,738,224
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	¢	¢	ć 7 .240	ć 7 .240
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,210	. ,
Transfers out	(1,648,091)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (1,648,091)	\$ (1,295,405)	\$ (930,995)	\$ 364,410
Net change in fund balances	\$ (631,578)	\$ (1,220,365)	\$ 1,882,269	\$ 3,102,634
Fund balances - beginning	631,578	1,220,365	1,619,903	399,538
Fund balances - ending	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 3,502,172	\$ 3,502,172
satanees enang	÷	т	- 3,302,172	- 3,302,172

County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Primary Government: Other Postemployment Benefit

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	V	ctuarial ′alue of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
1/1/2017 1/1/2015 1/1/2013	Ş	- -	\$ 1,184,900 805,900 755,000	1,184,900 805,900 755,000	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 5,605,500 4,586,600 3,957,400	21.14% 17.57% 19.08%

Discretely Presented Component Unit: School Board Other Postemployment Benefit

Actuarial Valuation Date	Valu	uarial ue of sets	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)	(2)	 (3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1/1/2017	\$	-	\$ 4,492,300	4,492,300	0.00%	\$ 11,037,600	40.70%
1/1/2015		-	4,355,100	4,355,100	0.00%	11,318,500	38.48%
1/1/2013		-	6,593,500	6,593,500	0.00%	11,601,200	56.83%

County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	526,089	\$	533,859	Ş	470,527
Interest		1,521,355		1,418,513		1,365,894
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		331,152		747,408		-
Impact in change of proportion		(70,081)		-		-
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	. —	(1,211,475)	. –	(1,109,557)	. –	(1,059,912)
Net change in total pension liability	Ş	1,097,040	Ş	1,590,223	\$	776,509
Total pension liability - beginning	. —	22,409,465	. –	20,819,241		20,042,729
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	23,506,505	\$	22,409,464	\$	20,819,238
Plan fiduciary net position	<i>c</i>	((0.220)	~		~	
Impact in change of proportion	\$	(60,229)	Ş	-	\$	-
Contributions - employer		707,686		543,957		532,111
Contributions - employee		272,361		222,825		219,470
Net investment income		336,177		850,887		2,585,528
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,211,475)		(1,109,557)		(1,059,912)
Administrative expense		(11,904)		(11,820)		(14,071)
Other		(142)		(181)		136
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	32,474	\$	496,111	\$	2,263,262
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		19,259,027		18,762,916		16,499,651
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	19,291,501	\$	19,259,027	\$	18,762,913
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,215,004	\$	3,150,437	\$	2,056,325
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				6- 0 (6)		
pension liability		82.07%		85.94%		90.12%
Covered payroll	\$	5,447,257	\$	4,637,626	\$	4,475,295
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		77.38%		67.93%		45.95%

County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Industrial Development Authority For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	8,717	\$	7,149	\$	6,301
Interest		25,209		18,995		18,291
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,487		10,009		-
Impact in change of proportion		70,082				
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(20,074)		(14,858)		(14,193)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	89,421	\$	21,295	\$	10,399
Total pension liability - beginning		300,084		278,789		268,395
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	389,505	\$	300,084	\$	278,794
Dian fiduciary not position						
Plan fiduciary net position Impact in change of proportion	\$	60,229	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions - employer	Ŧ	11,725	Ŧ	7,284	Ŧ	7,126
Contributions - employee		4,513		2,984		2,939
Net investment income		5,570		11,394		34,623
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(20,074)		(14,858)		(14,193)
Administrative expense		(197)		(158)		(188)
Other		(2)		(2)		2
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	61,764	s_	6,644	\$	30,309
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	•	257,897	*	251,253	Ŧ	220,949
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	319,661	\$	257,897	\$	251,258
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	69,844	\$	42,187	\$	27,536
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		82.07%		85.94%		90.12%
Covered payroll	\$	72,944	\$	62,102	\$	59,137
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		95.75%		67.93%		46.56%

County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	105,253	\$	108,343	\$	107,050
Interest		382,399		366,994		356,957
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(155,047)		69,592		-
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(323,028)		(326,696)		(314,534)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	9,577	\$	218,233	\$	149,473
Total pension liability - beginning		5,624,358		5,406,125		5,256,652
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	5,633,935	\$	5,624,358	\$	5,406,125
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	46,775	\$	141,960	Ś	181,467
Contributions - employee	*	18,866	Ŧ	57,024	Ŧ	57,830
Net investment income		70,476		196,357		601,209
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(323,028)		(326,696)		(314,534)
Administrative expense		(2,864)		(2,775)		(3,272)
Other		(31)		(42)		32
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(189,806)	\$	65,828	\$	522,732
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	'	4,430,238		4,364,410	'	3,841,678
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	4,240,432	\$	4,430,238	\$	4,364,410
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,393,503	\$	1,194,120	\$	1,041,715
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		75.27%		78.77%		80.73%
Covered payroll	\$	380,778	\$	1,158,779	\$	1,156,588
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		365.96%		103.05%		90.07%

County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

	 2016	2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.15625%	0.15660%	0.15711%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 21,897,000 \$	19,710,000 \$	18,986,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	11,912,257	11,641,598	11,479,014
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	183.82%	169.31%	165.40%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.28%	70.68%	70.88%

County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 through June 30, 2017

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	. –	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go									
2017	\$	634,582	\$	634,582	\$	-	\$	5,604,478	11.32%
2016		658,143		658,143		-		5,447,257	12.08%
2015		543,957		543,957		-		4,637,626	11.73%
2014		541,511		541,511		-		4,475,295	12.10%
2013		493,406		493,406		-		4,077,736	12.10%
2012		364,517		364,517		-		3,727,167	9.78%
2011		377,548		377,548		-		3,860,410	9.78%
2010		223,900		223,900		-		3,976,909	5.63%
2009		225,204		225,204		-		4,000,078	5.63%
2008		171,864		171,864		-		3,870,808	4.44%
Component	llni	t School Board ('noi	aprofossional)					
2017	\$	35,143	۱۱۵۱ \$	35,143	Ş		\$	371,866	9.45%
2016	Ŷ	46,766	Ŷ	46,766	Ŷ	_	Ŷ	380,778	12.28%
2010		141,960		141,960		_		1,158,779	12.25%
2013		181,469		181,469		-		1,156,588	15.69%
2014		170,853		170,853		-		1,088,927	15.69%
2013		132,884		132,884		-		1,058,837	12.55%
2012						-		1,050,914	12.55%
		131,890		131,890		-			
2010		135,141		135,141		-		1,218,586	11.09%
2009		136,203		136,203		-		1,228,165	11.09%
2008		167,410		167,410		-		1,245,610	13.44%
Component	t Uni	t School Board ((pro	ofessional)					
2016	\$	1,752,000	<u></u> ې	1,752,000	\$	-	\$	12,130,823	14.44%
2016	-	1,662,000	-	1,662,000		-	-	11,912,257	13.95%
2015		1,682,000		1,682,000		-		11,641,598	14.45%
2014		1,338,453		1,338,453		-		11,479,014	11.66%
2013		1,274,429		1,274,429		-		10,929,923	11.66%
2012		1,228,780		1,228,780		-		19,412,006	6.33%
2011		982,990		982,990		-		11,157,662	8.81%
2010		1,322,115		1,322,115		-		15,006,981	8.81%
2009		1,617,526		1,617,526		_		18,360,114	8.81%
2008		1,749,891		1,749,891		-		16,989,233	10.30%
		,, <u>-</u> , .		,,-,.				-,	
Component	t Uni								
2017	\$	10,340	\$	10,340	\$	-	\$	102,799	10.06%
2016		10,905		10,905		-		72,944	14.95%
2015		7,284		7,284		-		62,102	11.73%

Current year contributions are from County records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015, the IDA's information was consolidated in the County's totals and presented in the County report. Therefore, sufficient information to allocate the prior year balances is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Giles, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 are not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Other Supplementary Information

County of Giles, Virginia Capital Improvements Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		C	ou	inty Capital I	mp	rovements Fu	nd	
					-			riance with
		Budgeted	Ar	nounts				al Budget -
		Onininal		Final		Actual		Positive
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(<u>Negative)</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,215	Ś	7,215
Intergovernmental:	Ŷ		Ŷ		Ŷ	7,213	÷	7,213
Commonwealth		-		-		80,262		80,262
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	87,477	\$	87,477
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Public works		3,500,000		3,500,000		2,491,702		1,008,298
Education		-		-		420,937		(420,937)
Community development		100,000		100,000		64,007		35,993
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		927,818		780,321		452,846		327,475
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		181,750		717,429		(535,679)
Total expenditures	\$	4,547,818	\$	4,562,071	\$	4,146,921	\$	415,150
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(4,547,818)	\$	(4,562,071)	\$	(4,059,444)	\$	502,627
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	1,026,720	\$	680,845	\$	535,732	\$	(145,113)
Issuance of capital leases		-		360,128		486,810		126,682
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,026,720	\$	1,040,973	\$	1,022,542	\$	(18,431)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(3,521,098)	\$	(3,521,098)	\$	(3,036,902)	\$	484,196
Fund balances - beginning		3,521,098		3,521,098		4,500,860		979,762
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,463,958	\$	1,463,958

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Special Welfare</u> - The Special Welfare fund accounts for those funds belonging to individuals entrusted to the local social services agency, such as foster care children.

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2017

	_	alance y 1, 2016	A	dditions	<u>[</u>	Deletions	_	alance 2 30, 2017
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Special Welfare Fund	\$	59,934	\$	161,984	\$	(147,293)	\$	74,625
LIABILITIES Amounts held for Social Services clients	\$	59,934	\$	161,984	\$	(147,293)	\$	74,625

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

County of Giles, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2017

				(School Dperating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents				\$	2,499,987
Cash in custody of others				Ŧ	425,782
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Accounts receivable					10,479
Due from other governmental units Inventories					737,017 42,647
Prepaid items					42,647
Total assets			_	Ś	3,876,749
			=		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable			:	\$	14,873
Accrued payroll			_	1	2,198,669
Total liabilities			_	\$	2,213,542
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items				\$	160,837
Inventory					42,647
Committed:					1,459,723
Total fund balances			_	\$	1,663,207
Total liabilities and fund balances				\$	3,876,749
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are differen because:	t				
Total fund balances per above			2	\$	1,663,207
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are no reported in the funds.	t				
Land	\$	473,65	2		
Buildings and improvements		2,567,50	2		
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		1,445,80	1		4,486,955
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are					
deferred in the funds. Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability					(894,583)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.					1,787,143
Long term lightlities, including componented absonces, are not due and payable in the surrout period					
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.					
Net OPEB obligation	\$	(532,59	5)		
Compensated absences	Ŧ	(320,91			
Net pension liability		(23,290,50			
Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability		1,692,96	7		(22,451,048)
Net position of governmental activities			-	\$	(15,408,326)

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES		1	School Operating <u>Fund</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental:		\$	4,388 578,663 86,197 254,416
Local government Commonwealth Federal Total revenues		\$	5,439,349 15,326,529 2,420,747 24,110,289
EXPENDITURES Current: Education Total expenditures		\$ \$	25,478,394 25,478,394
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		\$	(1,368,105)
Net change in fund balances		\$	(1,368,105)
Fund balances - beginning			3,031,312
Fund balances - ending		\$	1,663,207
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above		\$	(1,368,105)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions	\$ 496,299		
Depreciation expense	(663,521)		(167,222)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability			758,774
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 22,516 (44,953) (2,386,383) 78 377		
Change in deferred inflows related to measurement of the net pension liability	78,377 1,220,267		(1,110,176)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(1,886,729)

County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				School Oper	atiı	ng Fund		
		Budgetec Original	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)				
REVENUES							_	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	150	\$	150	\$	4,388	\$	4,238
Charges for services		557,199		557,199		578,663		21,464
Miscellaneous		126,676		126,676		86,197		(40,479)
Recovered costs		88,136		173,247		254,416		81,169
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		6,968,431		7,127,385		5,439,349		(1,688,036)
Commonwealth		15,512,226		15,572,926		15,326,529		(246,397)
Federal		2,300,121		2,300,121		2,420,747		120,626
Total revenues	\$	25,552,939	\$	25,857,704	\$	24,110,289	\$	(1,747,415)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	25,552,939	\$	25,857,704	\$	25,478,394	\$	379,310
Total expenditures	\$	25,552,939	\$	25,857,704	\$	25,478,394	\$	379,310
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,368,105)	\$	(1,368,105)
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	_	Ś	(1,368,105)	¢	(1,368,105)
Fund balances - beginning	Ļ	_	Ļ	_	Ļ	3,031,312	Ļ	3,031,312
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	ć	-	\$	-	\$	1,663,207	ċ	1,663,207
	ç	-	Ş	-	Ş	1,003,207	ç	1,003,207

Supporting Schedules

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	6,713,114	\$	6,713,114	\$	6,657,087	\$	(56,027)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		515,632		515,632		680,295		164,663
Personal property taxes		2,212,695		2,212,695		2,249,025		36,330
Mobile home taxes		49,700		49,700		44,721		(4,979)
Machinery and tools taxes		4,915,997		4,915,997		4,865,129		(50,868)
Merchant's capital		194,691		194,691		207,637		12,946
Common carrier		6,928		6,928		11,476		4,548
Penalties		90,500		90,500		101,697		11,197
Interest		45,000		45,000		66,014		21,014
Total general property taxes	\$	14,744,257	\$	14,744,257	\$	14,883,081	\$	138,824
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,288,101	\$	(211,899)
Consumers' utility taxes		241,063		241,063		242,071		1,008
Consumption taxes		53,753		53,753		50,625		(3,128)
Gross receipts tax		5,000		5,000		8,769		3,769
Motor vehicle licenses		208,583		208,583		206,269		(2,314)
Local tax on deeds		54,000		54,000		68,641		14,641
Hotel and motel room taxes		100,849		100,849		117,331		16,482
Total other local taxes	\$	2,163,248	\$	2,163,248	\$	1,981,807	\$	(181,441)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	4,798	\$	(2,202)
Land use application fees	•	400	'	400	•	568	•	168
Transfer fees		562		562		583		21
Variance and rezoning fees		3,500		3,500		8,070		4,570
Building permits		30,000		30,000		27,598		(2,402)
Other permits and other licenses		300		300		-		(300)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	41,762	\$	41,762	\$	41,617	\$	(145)
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	37,100	\$	37,100	\$	11,634	\$	(25,466)
Revenue from use of money and property:	ć	00 400	÷	00 444	ć	((202	÷	(22,740)
Revenue from use of money	\$	90,109	\$	90,111	\$	66,392	\$	(23,719)
Revenue from use of property Total revenue from use of money and property	5	50,645 140,754	\$	50,645 140,756	\$	48,733	\$	(1,912) (25,631)
Total revenue from use of money and property	<u> </u>	1-0,754	Ļ	140,750	Ļ	115,125	ç	(25,051)
Charges for services:		= :		= .	¢	, . .	<u>,</u>	
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	6,476	Ş	6,476	Ş	11,540	\$	5,064
Charges for courthouse maintenance		31,000		31,000		33,070		2,070
Charges for processing arrest fee		2,200		2,200		2,260		60
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		2,650		2,650		4,823		2,173
Charges for nonconsecutive jail and blood test/dna fees		375		375		434		59
Charges for law library		1,500		1,500		1,626		126

Charges for services: \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 5,0700 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,675 \$ 6,675 \$ 6,675 \$ 6,675 \$ 6,600 \$ 5,675 \$ 6,675 \$ 6,600 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,625 \$ 1,125 \$ 1,65,205 \$ 1,12,751 \$ 5,53,38 \$ \$ (119,213) \$ 6,007,01 \$ 5,69,302 \$ \$ (119,213) \$ 6,0761 \$ 6,007,01 \$ 5,625 \$ 1,72,751 \$ 1,72,751 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,18,256 \$ 1,27,751 \$ 5,77,102 \$ 2,7,751 \$ 5,77,420 <th>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</th> <th></th> <th>Original <u>Budget</u></th> <th></th> <th>Final <u>Budget</u></th> <th></th> <th><u>Actual</u></th> <th>Fi</th> <th>riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)</th>	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Charges for services: (Continued) 5 4,000 5 3,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5 1,625 1,625 5 1,625 5 1,625 5 1,625 5 1,72,751 5 3,73,750 5 5,7525 5 1,72,751 5 1,71,724 5 (69,307) 1,46,813 1,44,943 1,44,943 1,44,943 1,44,943 1,44,943 1,44,943 1,44,943 1,44,943 1,44,943 1,44,943 1	· ,								
Charges for courtons excurity fee \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 5,670 \$ 5,600 <									
Charges for courtoon security fee 57,000 57,000 56,000 56,676 676 Charges for pask and recreation 246,500 246,500 246,500 25,222 (31,278) Charges for services 178,000 178,000 161,591 (16,409) Other charges for services \$ 0.00701 \$ 569,302 \$ (31,399) Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ (19,213) Miscellaneous: - - 118,256 (119,213) (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (0971) \$ (09,071) \$ (09,071) \$ (09,071) \$ (09,071) \$ (09,071) \$ (09,071) \$		ć	4 000	ć	4 000	ć	4 002	÷	02
Charges for PSA billings 56,000 56,000 246,500 246,500 246,500 215,222 (31,278) Charges for ull forest patrols 5,000 5,000 178,000 178,000 161,591 (16,402) Other charges for services 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,002 10,048 848 Total charges for services 5 600,701 5 600,701 5 55,032 5 (17,900) 178,000 178,000 178,000 178,000 178,000 172,751 5 53,538 5 (119,213) Miscellaneous: ACCE Donations 5 155,625 5 172,751 5 57,274 5 (19,808) Recovered costs: S 5 377,102 5 27,274 5 (119,808) Health insurance recoveries 74,200 74,200 22,1013 146,633 DWI license agent reimbursement 29,800 37,876 8,076 8,076 For Accovered costs 11,605,624 1,123,575 (42,049) <td></td> <td>Ş</td> <td></td> <td>Ş</td> <td></td> <td>Ş</td> <td>,</td> <td>Ş</td> <td></td>		Ş		Ş		Ş	,	Ş	
Charges for parks and recreation 246,500 246,500 215,222 (31,278) Charges for Velloes center fees 5,000 5,000 5,000 161,591 (16,499) Other charges for services 5 600,701 5 600,701 5 569,302 5 (31,379) Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous 5 155,625 5 172,751 5 53,538 5 (119,213) ACCE Donations - - 118,256 (119,213) (119,020) 134,100 246,703 5 57,794 5 (179,797) 5 257,294 5 (179,800) 134,100 246,703 (19,900) 134,100 246,703 (19,900) 134,100 146,813 144,000 14,400									,
Charges for US forest patrols 5,000 5,000 6,625 1,625 Charges for wellness center fees 178,000 178,000 161,591 (16,499) Other charges for services 5 600,701 \$ 500,701 \$ 509,702 \$ (11,213) Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous 5 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 53,538 \$ (119,213) ACCE Donations - - 118,256 118,256 (119,213) ACCE Donations - - 118,256 (119,213) ACCE Donations - - 118,256 (119,213) Recovered costs: 5 377,102 \$ 257,294 \$ (119,808) Pieath insurance recoveries 97,080 134,100 84,793 (49,007) Health insurance recoveries 97,080 134,100 84,793 (49,07) DWI license agent reimbursement 29,800 29,800 37,876 8,076 8,076 Schools 1,165,624 1,165,624									
Charges for vertices Total charges for services 178,000 161,591 (16,409) Other charges for services 5 600,701 5 600,201 5 569,302 5 (31,399) Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous 5 155,625 5 172,751 5 53,538 5 (119,213) ACCE Donations 5 155,625 5 172,751 5 171,794 5 (957) Recovered costs: School resource officer 5 377,102 5 377,102 5 257,294 5 (119,808) DWI license agent renoweries 97,080 134,100 84,793 144,813 448,81 DWI license agent renobursement 29,800 29,800 37,876 8,076 PSA recovered costs 61,000 64,703 48,483 4,483 Schools 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reinbursements 1,155,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reinbursements 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel	- ,								,
Other charges for services 10,000 10,000 10,048 848 Total charges for services \$ 600,701 \$ 600,701 \$ 569,302 \$ (31,399) Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 53,538 \$ (119,213) ACCE Donations \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 53,538 \$ (119,213) ACCE Donations \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 53,538 \$ (119,213) ACCE Donations \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 54,732 \$ (19,808) Health insurance recoveries \$ 77,102 \$ 377,102 \$ 277,294 \$ (19,808) PA recovered costs: \$ 74,200 \$ 24,013 \$ (48,937) \$ (49,97) PSA recovered costs \$ 10,66,24 \$ 165,624 \$ 171,702 \$ 277,744 \$ (19,808) DW license agent reimbursement \$ 29,800 \$ 27,776 \$ 8,779 \$ (49,807) \$ 4,076 PSA recovered costs \$ 1,165,624 \$ 1,165,624 \$ 1,123,775 \$ 23,074,81 \$ 236,685 Total recovered costs \$ 1,20,274 \$ 1,070 \$ 1,23,77	- ,								
Total charges for services \$ 600,701 \$ 600,701 \$ 569,302 \$ (31,399) Miscellaneous Miscellaneous \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 53,538 \$ (119,213) ACCE Donations \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 53,538 \$ (119,213) Total miscellaneous \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 51,734 \$ (119,808) Recovered costs: \$ 500 resource officer \$ 377,102 \$ 377,102 \$ 257,294 \$ (119,808) DWI license agent reimbursement \$ 74,200 74,200 \$ 74,200 \$ 74,200 \$ 74,200 \$ 74,200 \$ 74,200 \$ 257,294 \$ (119,808) \$ 60,600 \$ 60,000 \$ 60,374 \$ 2,574 \$ (119,808) \$ 60,500 \$ \$ 74,200 \$ 74,200 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> ,</td>									,
Miscellaneous S 155,625 S 172,751 S 53,538 S (119,213) ACCE Donations 5 155,625 S 172,751 S 118,256 118,256 Total miscellaneous 5 155,625 S 172,751 S 171,794 S (957) Recovered costs 5 377,102 S 277,294 S (119,808) Health insurance recoveries 97,080 134,100 84,793 (49,307) PSA recovered costs 61,000 61,000 61,070 62,774 2,574 Bicentennial Celebration - 75 75 Collections 44,000 48,483 4,483 Schools 145,620 153,800 142,443 (113,57) (42,049) Fuel reinbursements 145,620 153,800 142,443 (113,57) Other recovered costs 5 19,888,873 5 19,971,371 5 20,081,841 5 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue		5	,	Ś	,	Ś	,	Ś	
Miscellaneous ACCE Donations \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 5,3538 \$ (119,213) ACCE Donations - - 118,256 118,256 Total miscellaneous \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 172,751 \$ (19,213) Recovered costs: \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 118,256 (1957) Recovered costs: \$ 77,002 \$ 377,102 \$ 27,294 \$ (119,808) Health insurance recoveries 97,080 134,100 84,793 (49,307) PMS recovered costs 61,000 63,574 2,574 8,076 Bicentennial Celebration - - 75 75 Collections 44,000 44,4000 44,843 (4,433) Schools 1,165,624 1,165,624 1,123,575 (24,049) Fuel reimbursements 1,165,624 1,123,757 (23,685) 230,7481 \$ 210,724 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from local sources \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Notor vehicle car	for a charges for services	<u> </u>	000,701	Ŷ	000,701	Ŷ	507,502	Ŷ	(31,377)
ACCE Donations 118,256 118,256 118,256 Total miscellaneous \$ 155,625 \$ 172,751 \$ 171,794 \$ (957) Recovered costs: \$ 377,102 \$ 377,102 \$ 257,294 \$ (119,808) Health insurance recoveries 97,080 134,100 84,793 (49,307) Health department and Social Services 74,200 74,200 221,013 146,813 DWI license agent reimbursement 29,800 27,800 37,876 8.076 PSA recovered costs 61,000 44,000 44,000 48,483 4,483 Schools 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reimbursements 145,620 153,800 142,443 (41,357) Otlections 44,000 44,000 44,403 (42,043) Fuel reimbursements 145,620 153,800 142,443 (41,357) Other recovered costs 5 2,005,426 \$ 2,070,796 \$ 2,307,481 \$ 236,685 Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 2,00,81,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: 305 305 290 (16) Motor vehicle carrier's tax \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle creatiat tax 2,000 23,600 41,594 \$ 5,594 Communication sales taxes 223,776 233,776 238,814 (14,962) Total noncategorical aid	Miscellaneous:								
Total miscellaneous 5 155,625 5 171,794 5 (957) Recovered costs: School resource officer \$ 377,102 \$ 257,294 \$ (119,808) Health insurance recoveries 97,000 134,000 144,793 (49,307) Health department and Social Services 97,800 134,100 84,793 (49,307) DWV license agent reimbursement 29,800 134,100 84,473 (40,307) DWV license agent reimbursement 29,800 44,000 46,483 4,483 Schools 1165,624 1,135,575 (42,049) Fuel reimbursements 145,620 133,800 142,433 (11,357) Other recovered costs 5 100,023,137,17 5 20,081,841 5 110,470 Intergovernamental: Revenue from local sources \$ 119,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Mobile home titling tax 305 305 305 290 (15) Mobile hom	Miscellaneous	\$	155,625	\$	172,751	\$	53,538	\$	(119,213)
Recovered costs: School resource officer \$ 377,102 \$ 377,102 \$ 257,294 \$ (119,808) Health insurance recoveries 97,080 134,100 84,793 (49,307) Health department and Social Services 74,200 221,013 146,813 DWV license agent reimbursement 29,800 37,876 8,076 PSA recovered costs 61,000 63,574 2,574 Bicentennial Celebration - - 75 75 Collections 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,040) 44,483 4,483 Schools 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,040) 142,443 (11,357) Other recovered costs 5 2,005,426 5 2,007,796 5 2,307,481 5 210,707 Intergovernimental: Revenue from hocal sources \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,110 10 10 State recor	ACCE Donations		-		-		118,256		118,256
School resource officer \$ 377,102 \$ 377,102 \$ 257,294 \$ (119,808) Health insurance recoveries 97,080 134,100 84,793 (49,307) Health department and Social Services 74,200 724,00 74,200 221,013 146,813 DMV license agent reimbursement 29,800 29,800 37,876 8,076 PSA recovered costs 61,000 61,000 63,574 2,574 Bicentennial Celebration - - 75 75 Collections 146,620 153,800 142,443 (41,357) Other recovered costs 11,000 31,170 328,355 297,185 Total recovered costs \$ 19,981,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax 16,000 16,000 14,040 (19,960) Anima friendly plates 305 305 230 (46,320 \$ (14,876) Mobile	Total miscellaneous	\$	155,625	\$	172,751	\$	171,794	\$	(957)
School resource officer \$ 377,102 \$ 377,102 \$ 377,102 \$ 257,294 \$ (119,808) Health insurance recoveries 77,000 74,200 724,000 74,200 724,000 74,200 74,400 146,813 44,683 4,483 56,601 2,574 5 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Health insurance recoveries 97,080 134,100 84,733 (49,307) Health department and Social Services 74,200 74,200 221,013 146,813 DMV license agent relimbursement 29,800 29,800 63,574 2,574 Bicentennial Celebration - - 75 75 Collections 44,000 44,000 48,483 4,483 Schools 1,165,624 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reimbursements 145,620 153,800 142,443 (11,357) Other recovered costs 11,000 31,170 328,355 297,181 \$ 236,685 Total recourd costs \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobr vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobr vehicle carriers tax \$ 305 305 290 (15)	Recovered costs:								
Health department and Social Services 74,200 74,200 221,013 146,813 DWV license agent reimbursement 29,800 37,876 8,076 PSA recovered costs 61,000 61,000 63,574 2,574 Bicentennial Celebration - - 75 75 Collections 44,000 48,483 -4,483 Schools 1,165,624 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reimbursements 1,45,620 153,800 142,443 (11,357) Other recovered costs 11,000 31,170 328,355 237,685 Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Nocartegorical aid: \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carrier's tax \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) \$ 110,470 State recordation tax 3,05 305 230 (15) \$ Motor vehicle carrier's tax \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876)	School resource officer	\$	377,102	\$	377,102	\$	257,294	\$	(119,808)
DWV license agent reimbursement 29,800 29,800 37,876 8,076 PSA recovered costs 61,000 63,574 2,574 Bicentennial Celebration 44,000 44,000 48,483 4,483 Schools 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reimbursements 1,105,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Other recovered costs 11,000 31,170 28,835 297,185 Total recovered costs 11,000 31,170 22,007,96 \$ 2,307,481 \$ 236,685 Intergovernmental: Revenue from local sources \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titting tax 16,000 16,000 14,040 (1,960) Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 Personal property tax relief fund	Health insurance recoveries		97,080		134,100		84,793		
PSA recovered costs 61,000 61,000 63,574 2,574 Bicentennial Celebration - - 75 75 Collections 44,000 44,000 48,483 4,483 Schools 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reinbursements 145,620 153,800 142,443 (11,357) Other recovered costs 5 2,005,426 5 2,307,481 5 236,685 Total recovered costs 5 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: 5 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carriers' tax 5 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carriers' tax 2 1,000 14,040 (14,960) (14,960) 14,940 (14,960) Actor vehicle carriers' tax 2 2,100 2,110 2,110	Health department and Social Services		74,200		74,200		221,013		146,813
Bicentennial Celebration 75 75 Collections 44,000 44,000 48,483 4,483 Schools 1,165,624 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reimbursements 145,620 153,800 142,443 (11,357) Other recovered costs 5 2,005,426 5 2,007,796 5 2,307,481 5 236,685 Total recovered costs 5 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carrier's tax 5 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carrier's tax 5 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,110 0 (15) \$ (15) \$ (14,962) \$ <td< td=""><td>DMV license agent reimbursement</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>29,800</td><td></td><td>37,876</td><td></td><td>,</td></td<>	DMV license agent reimbursement				29,800		37,876		,
Collections 44,000 44,000 48,483 4,483 Schools 1,165,624 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reimbursements 145,620 153,800 142,443 (11,357) Other recovered costs 1 11,000 31,170 328,355 297,185 Total recovered costs \$ 2,005,426 \$ 2,007,796 \$ 2,307,481 \$ 236,685 Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: \$ 135,000 \$ 132,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax \$ 135,000 \$ 132,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle rental tax \$ 305 305 290 (15) \$	PSA recovered costs		61,000		61,000		63,574		2,574
Schools 1,165,624 1,165,624 1,123,575 (42,049) Fuel reinbursements 145,620 153,800 142,443 (11,357) Other recovered costs 5 2,005,426 \$ 2,070,796 \$ 2,307,481 \$ 236,685 Total recovered costs \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobro vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax 16,000 16,000 14,040 (1,960) Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,100 2,110 10 10 State recordation tax 36,000 34,640 1,227,860 227,860 227,860 227,860 227,860 227,860 227,860 227,860 227,860 227,860 227,860	Bicentennial Celebration		-		-		75		75
Fuel reimbursements 145,620 153,800 142,443 (11,357) Other recovered costs 11,000 31,170 328,355 297,185 Total recovered costs \$ 2,005,426 \$ 2,007,976 \$ 2,307,481 \$ 236,685 Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: 16,000 16,000 14,040 (1,960) Mobile home titling tax \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle cental tax 2,100 2,100 2,110 10 State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308	Collections		44,000		44,000		48,483		4,483
Other recovered costs $11,000$ $31,170$ $328,355$ $297,185$ Total recovered costs\$ 2,005,426\$ 2,070,796\$ 2,307,481\$ 236,685Total revenue from local sources\$ 19,888,873\$ 19,971,371\$ 20,081,841\$ 110,470Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Mobile home titling tax\$ 135,000\$ 135,000\$ 120,124\$ (14,876)Mobile home titling tax\$ 135,000\$ 135,000\$ 120,124\$ (14,876)Motor vehicle carriers' tax\$ 135,000\$ 135,000\$ 120,124\$ (14,876)Mobile home titling tax16,00016,00014,040(1,960)Animal friendly plates305305290(15)Motor vehicle rental tax2,1002,1102,11010State recordation tax36,00036,00041,5945,594Communications sales taxes $1,227,860$ $1,227,860$ $1,227,860$ $1,227,860$ Total noncategorical aid 5 $1,671,041$ \$ $1,644,832$ \$ (26,209)Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commonwealth's attorney\$ $284,022$ \$ $321,050$ \$ $350,308$ \$ $29,258$ Commissioner of revenue $113,482$ $113,482$ $112,721$ (761)Treasurer $101,113$ $101,113$ $101,113$ $99,038$ $(2,075)$ Registrar/electoral board $35,155$ $37,030$ $1,875$ Clerk of circuit court $225,914$ $225,914$ $226,813$ 899	Schools		1,165,624		1,165,624		1,123,575		(42,049)
Total recovered costs \$ 2,005,426 \$ 2,007,796 \$ 2,307,481 \$ 236,685 Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax \$ 16,000 \$ 16,000 \$ 14,040 (1,960) Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,100 2,110 10 State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: \$ Shareiff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547)	Fuel reimbursements		145,620		153,800		142,443		(11,357)
Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,888,873 \$ 19,971,371 \$ 20,081,841 \$ 110,470 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titting tax \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle rental tax \$ 2,100 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Motor vehicle rental tax \$ 2,100 \$ 2,110 10 State recordation tax \$ 36,000 36,000 41,594 \$,5594 Communications sales taxes \$ 253,776 \$ 253,776 \$ 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds \$ 1,227,860 \$ 1,227,860 \$ 2,27,860 \$ 2,258 Shared expenses: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 284,732 \$ 984,732	Other recovered costs		11,000		31,170		328,355		297,185
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax 16,000 16,000 14,040 (1,960) Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,100 2,110 10 State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 233,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (29,258) Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 <	Total recovered costs	\$	2,005,426	\$	2,070,796	\$	2,307,481	\$	236,685
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax 16,000 16,000 14,040 (1,960) Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,110 10 State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) - - - Categorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) - Commonwealth's attorney \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 \$ (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) \$ 350,555 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,9	Total revenue from local sources	\$	19,888,873	\$	19,971,371	\$	20,081,841	\$	110,470
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax 16,000 16,000 14,040 (1,960) Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,100 2,110 10 State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) - Categorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ (30,547) \$ (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899 <	Intergovernmental								
Noncategorical aid: \$ 135,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax 16,000 16,000 14,040 (1,960) Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,100 2,110 10 State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) - Categorical aid: \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: \$ 13,482 113,482 (30,547) Commonwealth's attorney \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258	5								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 135,000 \$ 120,124 \$ (14,876) Mobile home titling tax 16,000 16,000 14,040 (1,960) Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,100 2,110 10 State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899									
Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,100 2,110 10 State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) - Categorical aid:	•	\$	135,000	\$	135,000	\$	120,124	\$	(14,876)
Animal friendly plates 305 305 290 (15) Motor vehicle rental tax 2,100 2,100 2,110 10 State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899	Mobile home titling tax		16,000		16,000		14,040		(1,960)
State recordation tax 36,000 36,000 41,594 5,594 Communications sales taxes 253,776 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899	Animal friendly plates		305		305		290		
Communications sales taxes 253,776 253,776 238,814 (14,962) Personal property tax relief funds 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 - Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899	Motor vehicle rental tax		2,100		2,100		2,110		10
Personal property tax relief funds Total noncategorical aid 1,227,860 1,227,860 1,227,860 - \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899	State recordation tax		36,000		36,000		41,594		5,594
Total noncategorical aid \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,671,041 \$ 1,644,832 \$ (26,209) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899	Communications sales taxes		253,776		253,776		238,814		(14,962)
Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899	Personal property tax relief funds		1,227,860		1,227,860		1,227,860		-
Shared expenses: \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 Commonwealth's attorney \$ 284,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899	Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,671,041	\$	1,671,041	\$	1,644,832	\$	(26,209)
Shared expenses: \$ 284,022 \$ 321,050 \$ 350,308 \$ 29,258 Commonwealth's attorney \$ 284,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Sheriff 984,732 984,732 954,185 (30,547) Commissioner of revenue 113,482 113,482 112,721 (761) Treasurer 101,113 101,113 99,038 (2,075) Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899	Categorical aid:								
Commonwealth's attorney\$284,022\$321,050\$350,308\$29,258Sheriff984,732984,732984,732954,185(30,547)Commissioner of revenue113,482113,482112,721(761)Treasurer101,113101,11399,038(2,075)Registrar/electoral board35,15535,15537,0301,875Clerk of circuit court225,914225,914226,813899	-								
Sheriff984,732984,732954,185(30,547)Commissioner of revenue113,482113,482112,721(761)Treasurer101,113101,11399,038(2,075)Registrar/electoral board35,15535,15537,0301,875Clerk of circuit court225,914225,914226,813899	•	ς	284.022	s	321.050	s	350.308	\$	29.258
Commissioner of revenue113,482113,482112,721(761)Treasurer101,113101,11399,038(2,075)Registrar/electoral board35,15535,15537,0301,875Clerk of circuit court225,914225,914226,813899	-	Ŷ	,	Ŧ		Ŧ	,	7	
Treasurer101,113101,11399,038(2,075)Registrar/electoral board35,15535,15537,0301,875Clerk of circuit court225,914225,914226,813899			,						
Registrar/electoral board 35,155 35,155 37,030 1,875 Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899							,		
Clerk of circuit court 225,914 225,914 226,813 899									
	Total shared expenses	\$	1,744,418	\$	1,781,446	\$		\$	(1,351)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fii	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,164,214	\$	1,164,214	\$	1,197,689	\$	33,475
State and Local Foster Care		-	·	-		6,139		6,139
Comprehensive Services Act program		1,213,700		1,213,700		1,186,231		(27,469)
Litter control grant		9,577		9,577		9,378		(199)
Juvenile justice		8,962		8,962		9,243		281
Two-for-Life		16,048		16,048		13,804		(2,244)
Fire programs		38,084		38,084		33,926		(4,158)
Records Preservation		-		58,621		58,621		-
Circuit court records grant		-		20,000		-		(20,000)
911 wireless grant		40,500		40,500		42,810		2,310
VA information tech agency grant		-		-		77,587		77,587
Other categorical aid		75,000		225,000		23,141		(201,859)
Total other categorical aid	\$	2,566,085	\$	2,794,706	\$	2,658,569	\$	(136,137)
Total categorical aid	\$	4,310,503	\$	4,576,152	\$	4,438,664	\$	(137,488)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	5,981,544	\$	6,247,193	\$	6,083,496	\$	(163,697)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Non-categorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	109,002	\$	(30,998)
Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	Ś	1,675,332	\$	1,675,332	\$	1,697,693	Ś	22,361
Comprehensive Services Act program	+		Ŧ	-	•	119,822	*	119,822
State and community highway safety grants		6,000		6,000		5,670		(330)
Total categorical aid	\$	1,681,332	\$	1,681,332	\$	1,823,185	\$	141,853
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,821,332	\$	1,821,332	\$	1,932,187	\$	110,855
Total General Fund	\$	27,691,749	\$	28,039,896	\$	28,097,524	\$	57,628
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,215	\$	7,215
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
VDOT Grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,262	\$	80,262
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,262	\$	80,262
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	87,477	\$	87,477
Total Primary Government	ć	27,691,749	ć	28,039,896	ć	28,185,001	\$	145,105

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,136	Ş	4,136
Revenue from the use of property		150		150		252		102
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	150	\$	150	\$	4,388	\$	4,238
Charges for services:								
Charges for education	\$	27,500	\$	27,500	\$	45,597	\$	18,097
Cafeteria sales		462,899		462,899		439,006		(23,893)
Transportation of pupils		5,300		5,300		-		(5,300)
Other charges for services		61,500		61,500		94,060		32,560
Total charges for services	\$	557,199	\$	557,199	\$	578,663	\$	21,464
Waa-U								
Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous	\$	126,676	\$	126,676	\$	86,197	\$	(40,479)
	<u> </u>	.20,070	Ŧ	.20,070	Ŧ		¥	(.e,,)
Recovered costs:								
Rebates and refunds	\$	88,136	\$	173,247	\$	254,416	\$	81,169
Total revenue from local sources	\$	772,161	\$	857,272	\$	923,664	\$	66,392
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Giles, Virginia	\$	6,968,431	\$	7,127,385	\$	5,439,349	\$	(1,688,036)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	2,788,035	\$	2,788,035	\$	2,730,520	\$	(57,515)
Basic school aid	•	7,683,011	Ŧ	7,683,011	Ŧ	7,714,742	•	31,731
Remedial summer education		19,399		19,399		20,005		606
Regular foster care		37,641		37,641				(37,641)
Gifted and talented		83,323		83,323		83,149		(174)
Remedial education		274,271		274,271		273,700		(571)
School food		2,544		2,544		22,787		20,243
Special education		921,760		921,760		919,840		(1,920)
Textbook payment		190,566		190,566		190,170		(396)
Vocational education - occupational/technology		2,600		2,600		38,786		36,186
Vocational standards of quality payments		420,087		420,087		419,212		(875)
Vocational adult education		74,280		74,280		18,014		(56,266)
Social security fringe benefits		505,145		505,145		504,093		(1,052)
Retirement fringe benefits		1,265,797		1,265,797		1,037,635		(228,162)
Group life fringe benefits		34,718		34,718		34,646		(72)
State lottery payments						90,412		90,412
Early reading intervention		68,746		68,746		52,152		(16,594)
Homebound education						21,385		21,385
Virginia preschool initiative		- 97,829		- 97,829		97,829		21,303
Primary class size		245,614		245,614		254,872		- 9,258
Technology		27J,014		273,014		2,391		2,391
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		36,460		36,460		36,587		2,391
		-,		-,		-,		

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued)	Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Fi	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Vocational education - equipment	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$		\$	144
CTE Certification Grant		-		60,700		41,971		(18,729)
E-rate		92,000		92,000		106,321		14,321
Special education - foster children		15,829		15,829		7,088		(8,741)
At risk payments		211,336		211,336		211,094		(242)
GED prep program		7,859		7,859		8,418		559
English as a second language		-		-		2,045		2,045
VPSA technology grants		234,800		234,800		251,874		17,074
Supplemental support		124,817		124,817		-		(124,817)
Project graduation		-		-		6,650		6,650
Other state funds		69,259		69,259		123,497		54,238
Total categorical aid	\$	15,512,226	\$	15,572,926	\$	15,326,529	\$	(246,397)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	15,512,226	\$	15,572,926	\$	15,326,529	\$	(246,397)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Schools and roads	\$	83,581	\$	83,581	\$	552	Ś	(83,029)
Title I		444,665	Ŧ	444,665	Ŧ	404,425	Ŧ	(40,240)
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		503,635		503,635		492,249		(11,386)
Preschool expansion grant		559,755		559,755		630,554		70,799
Vocational education		36,294		36,294		36,829		535
Summer food service program		20,965		20,965				(20,965)
Title II		94,852		94,852		77,591		(17,261)
Special Education - preschool		14,374		14,374		15,457		1,083
National school lunch program		542,000		542,000		548,801		6,801
School breakfast program				-		205,128		205,128
Forest reserve payments		-		-		9,161		9,161
Total categorical aid	\$	2,300,121	\$	2,300,121	\$	2,420,747	\$	120,626
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,300,121	\$	2,300,121	\$	2,420,747	\$	120,626
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	25,552,939	\$	25,857,704	\$	24,110,289	\$	(1,747,415)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u>
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								= .
Board of supervisors	\$	126,719	Ş	140,558	Ş	138,904	Ş	1,654
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	s	541,886	Ś	660,269	Ś	657,531	\$	2,738
Legal services		50,000		145,905	Ċ	145,631	·	274
Commissioner of revenue		342,189		331,189		328,744		2,445
Treasurer		490,648		608,206		525,216		82,990
PSA billing and collection		20,265		60,965		13,924		47,041
Department of motor vehicles		16,544		16,544		11,106		5,438
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,461,532	\$	1,823,078	\$	1,682,152	\$	140,926
								,
Board of elections:								
Registrar	\$	170,324	\$	178,049	\$	174,438	\$	3,611
Total general government administration	\$	1,758,575	\$	2,141,685	\$	1,995,494	\$	146,191
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	7,750	Ś	6,990	Ś	5,806	Ś	1,184
General district court		19,313	'	27,730		24,047	•	3,683
Magistrate		200		200		,		200
Juvenile and domestic court		19,050		15,050		13,910		1,140
Clerk of the circuit court		379,766		434,387		434,055		332
Law library		4,000		5,125		5,056		69
Total courts	\$	430,079	\$	489,482	\$	482,874	\$	6,608
Commonwoalth's attornous								
Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney	\$	381,704	\$	445,204	\$	443,651	\$	1,553
connonweaters accorney		501,701	Ŷ	113,201	Ŷ	115,051	Ŷ	1,555
Total judicial administration	\$	811,783	\$	934,686	\$	926,525	\$	8,161
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	2,268,626	\$	2,349,394	\$	2,246,911	\$	102,483
Criminal justice training		19,500		19,500		19,125		375
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	2,288,126	\$	2,368,894	\$	2,266,036	\$	102,858
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire and rescue	\$	205,593	\$	234,135	\$	239,138	\$	(5,003)
GIS system development		113,117	'	106,000	'	105,974	•	26
Ambulance service		448,000		464,786		459,783		5,003
Total fire and rescue services	\$	766,710	\$	804,921	\$	804,895	\$	26
Correction and detention:								
New River Valley Regional Jail	\$	1,125,466	¢	1,001,258	¢	1,000,057	ç	1,201
NRV juvenile detention	ç	130,713	ç	132,614	ç	132,613	Ļ	1,201
Total correction and detention	<u>د</u>	1,256,179	Ś	1,133,872	Ś	1,132,670	\$	1,202
Total concerton and detention	<u> </u>	1,230,177	Ŷ	1,133,072	7	1,132,070	~	.,202
Inspections:								
Building official	\$	131,544	\$	130,544	\$	129,158	\$	1,386

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued) Public Safety: (Continued)								
Other protection:								
Animal control	s	142,981	¢	213,459	\$	209,552	¢	3,907
Medical examiner	Ļ	500	Ļ	213,437	Ļ	180	Ļ	86
Emergency services		119.872		119,872		-		119,872
Inmate work program		192,741		193,212		190,555		2,657
Haz-mat services		6,592		3,392		3,364		2,037
Probation office		0,572		68,540		64,087		4,453
School Resource Officer		291,035		441,035		383,423		57,612
US forest service		,		9,541		3,552		5,989
		11,540		9,041				572
Law enforcement grants	ć	765,261	ć	,	ć	8,428 863,141	ċ	195,176
Total other protection	Ş	705,201	Ş	1,058,317	Ş	003,141	Ş	195,176
Total public safety	\$	5,207,820	\$	5,496,548	\$	5,195,900	\$	300,648
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	150	\$	550	\$	500	\$	50
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Landfill monitoring	s	72,400	¢	47,845	¢	47,759	¢	86
Weed control	Ŷ	3,000	Ļ	3,000	Ļ	3,000	Ļ	-
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	75,400	\$	50,845	\$	50,759	\$	86
				· · · ·		· · · ·		
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	631,775	\$	698,212	\$	648,424	\$	49,788
Total public works	\$	707,325	\$	749,607	\$	699,683	\$	49,924
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	126,000	\$	127,428	\$	127,428	\$	-
		,		,		,		
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	\$	52,994	\$	52,994	\$	53,153	\$	(159)
Welfare:								
Comprehensive services	\$	1,733,177	\$	1,741,077	\$	1,923,502	\$	(182,425)
Welfare administration and public assistance		3,230,002		3,231,802		3,304,949		(73,147)
Fairview home		18,865		18,865		18,316		549
NRVSS nutrition program		8,900		3,100		3,151		(51)
NRV disability services board		1,818		1,818		1,818		-
New River community action		15,082		15,082		15,082		-
Women's resource center		5,574		5,574		5,574		-
Free clinic of the NRV, Inc.		8,000		8,000		8,000		-
Area agency on aging		8,075		8,075		8,075		-
Senior center		81,024		81,025		80,242		783
Literacy volunteers of America		550		550		550		-
NRV cares		250		250		250		-
Total welfare	\$	5,111,317	\$	5,116,543	\$	5,370,834	\$	(254,291)
Total health and welfare	\$	5,290,311	\$	5,296,965	\$	5,551,415	\$	(254,450)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Education:								
Educational costs:								
Contributions to Community College	\$	8,336	Ş	8,336	Ş	8,336	Ş	-
Contribution to County School Board		7,127,385		7,471,404		5,329,596		2,141,808
School Transfer Employees		1,236,154		1,239,614		1,239,415		199
Total education	\$	8,371,875	Ş	8,719,354	Ş	6,577,347	Ş	2,142,007
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation:								
Swimming pool	\$	730	Ś	730	Ś	26	\$	704
Golf course	Ŷ	184,144	7	204,859	Ŷ	190,222	Ŷ	14,637
Castle Rock operations		109,350		154,050		154,748		(698)
Wellness center		184,669		224,291		228,781		(4,490)
Other recreation and cultural enrichment		82,793		91,575		82,339		9,236
Total parks and recreation	Ś	561,686	\$	675,505	\$	656,144	\$	19,361
	<u> </u>	,		,		,		,
Library:								
Contribution to county library	\$	29,250	\$	29,250	\$	29,250	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	590,936	\$	704,755	\$	685,394	\$	19,361
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
County planner	\$	89,244	\$	86,480	\$	85,889	\$	591
Planning commission		20,026		26,376		26,190		186
Contribution to IDA		1,796,843		1,773,188		1,456,317		316,871
Zoning Board		538		38		-		38
Tourism		100,806		144,074		144,074		-
Other community development		120,550		160,136		235,136		(75,000)
Total planning and community development	\$	2,128,007	\$	2,190,292	\$	1,947,606	\$	242,686
Environmental management:								
Contributions to soil and water districts	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	-
	<u> </u>	,	Ŧ	,	*	,	Ŧ	
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	71,158	\$	69,158	\$	68,657	\$	501
Total community development	\$	2,212,165	\$	2,272,450	\$	2,029,263	\$	243,187
Nondepartmental:								
Fringe benefits and fuel charges	\$	531,900	\$	456,260	\$	356,710	\$	99,550
Debt convices								
Debt service:	ć	1 012 444	ć	1 012 444	ŕ	1 074 704	ċ	(61 400)
Principal retirement	Ş	1,013,664	Ş		Ş	1,074,786	Ş	(61,122)
Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	ć	178,882	ć	178,882	ć	191,743	ć	(12,861)
ו טנמו מפטר צפו אורפ	<u>ې</u>	1,192,546	\$	1,192,546	\$	1,266,529	\$	(73,983)
Total General Fund	\$	26,675,236	\$	27,964,856	\$	25,284,260	\$	2,680,596

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Improvements Fund: General and financial administration: Information Technology	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Public Works:								
Public safety building Total Public Works	\$ \$	3,500,000 3,500,000	\$ \$	3,500,000 3,500,000	\$ \$	2,491,702 2,491,702	\$ \$	1,008,298 1,008,298
Education:								
Educational costs:								
Contribution to County School Board Buses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	109,753 311,184	Ş	(109,753) (311,184)
Total Education	\$	-	\$	-	\$	420,937	\$	(420,937)
Community development: Planning and community development:								
Economic development	\$	-	\$		\$	2,698	\$	(2,698)
VDOT Sharing Project	Ś	100,000	Ś	100,000	Ś	61,309 64,007	ċ	38,691
Total community development	Ş	100,000	Ş	100,000	Ş	04,007	\$	35,993
Debt service: Principal retirement	\$	927,818	\$	780,321 181,750	\$	452,846	\$	327,475
Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	\$	927,818	Ś	962,071	Ś	717,429	Ś	(535,679) (208,204)
	<u> </u>	,	T	,			*	(
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	\$	4,547,818	\$	4,562,071	\$	4,146,921	\$	415,150
Total Primary Government	\$	31,223,054	\$	32,526,927	\$	29,431,181	\$	3,095,746
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education: Instruction costs:								
Instruction costs	\$	18,433,215	\$	18,238,861	\$	17,710,930	\$	527,931
Operating costs: Attendance and health services Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant Facilities	\$	1,350,806 969,144 2,433,756	\$	1,322,866 1,281,822 2,613,150 85,111	\$	1,279,980 1,236,510 2,620,309 79,524	\$	42,886 45,312 (7,159) 5,587
Technology		- 1,216,018		1,294,936		1,372,747		(77,811)
Total operating costs	\$	5,969,724	\$	6,597,885	\$	6,589,070	\$	8,815
School food services:								
Administration of school food program	\$	1,150,000	\$	1,020,958	\$	1,178,394	\$	(157,436)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	25,552,939	\$	25,857,704	\$	25,478,394	\$	379,310

Other Statistical Information

		Total	26,106,158	26,071,490	24,735,150	24,387,646	23,681,521	20,677,504	20,154,426	24,446,672	19,057,266	20,450,532
		t	88 5	£	4	0	1 6	6	0	60	5	0
	Water	Department	1,561,23	1,649,92	1,648,45	1,737,46	1,791,44	1,633,876	1,543,65	1,530,16	1,595,80	1.137.39
			ş	.0	_	~	_		.0	~	~	2
Interest	on Long-	Term Debt	743,619	927,185	924,761	961,132	1,338,211	1,109,865	1,217,615	1,261,108	834,439	807,477
		al	, s									
:	-uoN	Development (1) departmental	Ş									
	_	(1)	11	107	553	667	350	320	31	ţ22	1 54	574
	Community	/elopment	1,928,7	1,816,1	1,068,5	933,2	803,3	427,820	346,1	5,036,4	323,4	1.571.5
			ŝ									
Parks,	Recreation,	and Cultural	671,035	528,821	616,476	742,703	741,059	764,944	1,072,522	861,434	839,706	813.781
	~	aı	8 \$	4	~	9	5	0	ŝ	0	-	~
		Education	7,225,328	8,788,32	8,451,87	7,837,32	7,869,35	6,418,750	6,117,46	6,222,25	5,765,13	6.903.89
		-	ŝ									
	Health and	Welfare	5,461,798	4,795,609	4,327,725	4,107,908	3,742,017	3,815,866	3,467,252	3,069,055	3,058,974	2.874.710
	Ť	-	ŝ									
	Public	Works	623,864	1,319,630	913,182	897,488	595,826	433,301	382,840	438,175	476,772	549.638
			Ş									
	Public	Safety	4,964,59	4,007,03	4,492,72	4,662,81	5,055,11	3,858,811	3,937,64	3,764,80	3,856,86	3.584.86
		_	\$	_				_			_	_
	Judicial	Administration	974,122	797,006	775,707	810,317	704,273	749,059	456,903	705,573	703,829	672.928
			\$ \$	_	~	~	.~	. .	~		~'	~
General	Government	Administration	1,951,788	1,441,83	1,515,689	1,697,198	1,040,876	1,465,212	1,612,399	1,557,685	1,602,29	1.534.26
	ט	Ad	ŝ									
i	Fiscal	Year	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

(1) FY 2009-10 includes a contribution of \$4,375,511 to the Giles Industrial Development Authority in support of the hospital infrastructure projects

Table 1

County of Giles, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Total	- \$ 26,635,197	- 24,886,140	- 23,420,086	- 22,703,262	27 21,982,069	- 21,655,471	- 22,124,435	- 20,758,610	- 21,811,064	- 21,672,376
			Gain on	Sale of	Assets	Ş				14,027					
		Grants and Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	171,794 \$ 1,753,834	1,746,646	1,823,014	1,767,544	1,875,527	1,695,160	1,689,126	1,585,229	1,585,670	1,478,463
			-		Miscellaneous	Ś	160,325	38,211	43,716	47,256	24,655	462,209	35,136	994,633	37,991
	GENERAL REVENUES		Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	\$ 123,129	132,912	161,700	170,803	237,267	275,397	266,669	317,919	372,250	308,607
ears	GENERAL		Fines	and	Forfeitures	ج									•
Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years	PROGRAM REVENUES	Permits,	Privilege Fees,	Regulatory	Licenses	\$ '						•			•
Gove			Other	Local	Taxes	\$ 1,981,807	2,104,456	2,154,391	1,956,894	1,919,216	1,746,202	1,749,017	1,664,585	1,912,001	2,044,328
			General	Property	Taxes	\$ 14,956,758	13,738,261	12,826,895	12,476,520	12,073,980	11,877,251	11,722,260	11,187,893	11,050,675	10,606,003
		Capital	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ '	162,150		54,727	113,826	170,824	873,251	496,558	221,660	1,848,937
		Operating	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ 6,342,111	5,559,330	5,047,053	5,001,133	4,493,402	4,539,944	4,203,780	4,285,122	4,388,647	4,295,126
	PRC		Charges	for	Services	\$ 1,305,764 \$	1,282,060	1,318,822	1,231,925	1,207,568	1,326,038	1,158,123	1,186,168	1,285,528	1,052,921
				Fiscal	Year	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

Table 2

		Total	356,710 \$ 2,436,804 \$ 49,470,226	45,658,731	42,420,532	41,586,856	40,914,919	37,637,365	36,146,381	42,855,599	37,836,593	37.059.932
	Debt	Service	2,436,804	2,918,832	2,872,775	2,656,697	2,620,748	2,912,690	2,214,272	2,749,942	2,053,898	1.999.896
	Non-	departmental			571,052	678,231	880,871	743,593	696,032	406,302	352,012	59.637
	Community	Education (2) and Cultural Development (3) departmental	2,093,270 \$	1,734,767	965,433	847,845	721,978	344,123	262,884	4,961,680	257,520	1.254.203
Parks,	Recreation,	and Cultural D	\$ 685,394 \$	693,810	662,203	736,620	704,999	743,801	744,911	818,511	795,081	790.006
		Education (2)	\$ 5,551,415 \$ 27,037,329 \$ 685,394	26,086,780	24,349,938	24,392,929	23,806,787	22,398,858	21,974,561	24,034,314	24,734,563	23.755.018
	Health and	Welfare	\$ 5,551,415	4,901,844	4,328,086	4,183,873	3,851,966	3,865,490	3,517,234	3,269,547	3,058,680	2.869.119
	Public	Works	\$ 3,191,385	1,353,497	958,047	764,931	599,672	421,212	420,421	559,201	441,893	488.472
	Public	Safety	5,195,900	4,623,190	4,974,892	4,859,461	5,562,669	4,011,209	4,153,468	3,833,304	3,849,643	3.573.864
	Judicial	Administration	926,525 \$	784,958	765,051	751,023	752,773	706,626	726,488	702,042	695,441	663.594
General	Government	Administration Adr	3 1,995,494 \$	1,997,836	1,973,055	1,715,246	1,412,456	1,489,763	1,436,110	1,520,756	1,597,862	1.606.123
	Fiscal	Year A	2016-17 \$	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13 (5)	2011-12	2010-11 (4)	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes non-operating capital project expenditures.

(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board and contribution from School Board to the Capital Improvements Fund.
(3) FY 2009-10 includes a contribution of \$4,375,511 to the Giles Industrial Development Authority in support of the hospital infrastructure projects.
(4) Debt service excludes refunded bond anticipation note of \$13,500,000.
(5) Debt service excludes bond refundings of \$15,659,156.

County of Giles, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	 46, 855, 941 44, 833, 550 42, 072, 548 40, 873, 320 40, 502, 624 39, 512, 329 39, 946, 130 39, 662, 680 31, 458, 013 37, 881, 599
Inter - governmental (2)	<pre>5 25,843,221 25,285,297 24,203,838 23,700,159 23,403,966 23,110,381 23,095,492 24,099,204 24,797,393 23,060,256</pre>
Recovered Costs	\$ 2,561,897 2,296,096 1,530,109 1,529,023 1,174,262 1,174,262 1,102,753 433,831 391,456
Miscellaneous	 \$ 257,991 179,437 168,929 103,345 93,685 123,361 655,374 119,031 119,031 121,344
Charges for Services	1,147,965 1,042,098 985,066 1,039,479 1,150,905 1,170,525 1,241,049 1,331,462 1,189,193
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	 5 126,728 5 131,849 159,778 167,140 167,140 267,335 267,335 333,007 333,007 338,607
Fines and Forfeitures	 \$ 11,634 33,190 37,418 62,616 62,616 105,492 31,194 26,833 29,833 29,264
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	41,617 44,814 93,856 50,540 42,986 26,963 31,477 76,669 45,065
Other P Local Taxes	1,981,807 5 2,104,456 2,154,391 1,919,216 1,746,202 1,749,017 1,664,585 1,912,001 2,044,328
General Property Taxes	<pre>\$ 14,883,081 \$ 13,716,313 12,739,163 12,485,742 12,105,056 11,857,303 11,807,023 11,041,741 11,102,097 10,697,086</pre>
Fiscal Year	2016-17 \$ 2015-16 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-13 2011-12 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08

Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

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Percent of Delinquent Taxes to	Tax Levy	5.73%	6.08%	6.21%	6.01%	5.81%	6.46%	6.77%	7.42%	6.39%	7.15%
Outstanding Delinquent	Taxes (1,3)	\$ 913,294	897,336	859,505	816,733	763,561	835,655	867,642	907,800	780,033	846,963
Percent of Total Tax Collections	to Tax Levy	100.09%	100.28%	99.91%	66.66%	100.41%	103.21%	100.26%	99.05%	99.80%	99.43%
Total Tax	Collections	15,943,230	14,797,094	13,831,137	13,577,289	13,193,619	13,350,365	12,855,243	12,117,377	12,179,804	11,782,254
Delinquent Tax	Collections (1,2)	563,468	454,873	518,680	497,647	714,599	946,344	467,536	257,289	179,820	183,512
	Collected (96.55%	97.20%	96.16%	96.32%	94.97%	95.90%	96.61%	96.95%	98.33%	97.89%
Current Tax	Collections (1)	\$ 15,379,762	14, 342, 221	13,312,457	13,079,642	12,479,020	12,404,021	12,387,707	11,860,088	11,999,984	11,598,742
Total Tax	Levy (1,2)	2016-17 \$ 15,928,638 \$ 15,379,762	14,755,944	13,844,229	13,579,232	13,140,195	12,934,608	12,821,899	12,233,089	12,204,375	11,849,315
Fiscal	Year	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

Exclusive of penalties and interest.
 Includes amounts paid under the Personal Property Tax Relief Act.
 Amounts have not been reduced for taxes deemed uncollectible under audit.

County of Giles, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes (1)	Machinery and Tools	Public Utilities (2)	Merchants Capital	Common Carrier	Total
2016-17	\$ 1,060,918,050	\$ 186,038,501	\$ 225,237,446	\$ 107,143,331	\$ 25,021,646	\$ 1,062,601	\$ 1,605,421,575
2015-16	1,057,108,100	179,900,764	359,672,173	141,544,743	23,023,871	954,318	1,762,203,969
2014-15	1,066,615,300	178,489,346	330,568,526	158,033,441	22,361,237	607,475	1,756,675,325
2013-14	1,074,270,400	177,245,568	331,472,131	177,534,468	21,314,565	661,782	1,782,498,914
2012-13	1,067,749,700	172,917,073	310,297,932	179,625,302	20,571,130	703,448	1,751,864,585
2011-12	1,059,889,900	163,705,613	310,267,438	171,001,017	19,974,892	1,638,533	1,726,477,393
2010-11	1,056,729,200	161,035,270	304,393,326	187,241,026	19,526,928	3,014,800	1,731,940,550
2009-10	1,052,823,700	149,667,307	297,610,968	179,729,561	20,849,657	-	1,700,681,193
2008-09	1,049,284,251	165,541,200	279,614,150	132,446,151	22,641,189	-	1,649,526,941
2007-08	1,026,272,400	160,653,821	266,799,376	136,065,449	20,388,269	-	1,610,179,315

(1) Real estate and personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

	County of Giles, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years											
Fiscal Year	Real Estate (2)		Personal Property		Machinery and Tools		Merchant's Capital		Common Carrier			
			· · ·				-					
2016-17	\$ 0.63	\$	1.98	\$	2.16	\$		\$	1.01			
2015-16	0.61		1.96		1.06		0.81		1.01			
2014-15	0.61		1.91		1.01		0.81		1.01			
2013-14	0.54/0.56		1.91		1.01		0.81		1.01			
2012-13	0.54		1.91		1.01		0.81		1.01			
2011-12	0.54		1.91		1.01		0.81		1.01			
2010-11	0.54		1.91		1.01		0.81		1.01			
2009-10	0.52/0.54		1.89		0.99		0.79		-			
2008-09	0.52		1.89		0.99		0.79		-			
2007-08	0.63		1.89		0.99		0.79		-			

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

(2) Mobile home tax rates are the same as the real estate rate.

County of Giles, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)	Gross and Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2016-17 2015-16 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11	17,286 17,286 17,286 17,286 17,286 17,286 17,286 17,286	\$ 1,605,422 1,762,204 1,756,675 1,782,499 1,751,865 1,726,477 1,731,941	\$ 20,088,519 21,475,282 23,368,877 25,151,143 25,183,752 26,182,991 27,931,389	1.25% \$ 1.22% 1.33% 1.41% 1.44% 1.52% 1.61%	1,162 1,242 1,352 1,455 1,457 1,515 1,616
2009-10 2008-09 2007-08	16,657 16,657 16,657	1,700,681 1,649,527 1,610,179	29,073,317 16,791,312 14,694,109	1.71% 1.02% 0.91%	1,745 1,008 882

(1) Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.

(2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonds and lease revenue bonds of the Primary Government-Governmental Activities. Excludes landfill closure/post-closure care liability, net opeb obligation, and capital leases of the Primary Government-Governmental Activities and all debt of the Primary Government-Business-type Activities and Component Units.

County of Giles, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal (2)	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental penditures (1)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2016-17	\$ 1,527,632	\$ 909,172	\$ 2,436,804	\$ 49,470,226	4.93%
2015-16	1,913,399	1,005,433	2,918,832	45,658,731	6.39%
2014-15	1,825,247	1,047,528	2,872,775	42,420,532	6.77%
2013-14	1,594,104	1,028,392	2,622,496	41,586,856	6.31%
2012-13	1,299,525	1,321,223	2,620,748	40,914,919	6.41%
2011-12	1,772,087	1,140,873	2,912,960	37,637,365	7.74%
2010-11	1,255,070	959,202	2,214,272	36,146,381	6.13%
2009-10	1,381,345	1,368,597	2,749,942	42,855,599	6.42%
2008-09	1,215,308	838,590	2,053,898	37,836,593	5.43%
2007-08	1,189,703	810,193	1,999,896	37,059,932	5.40%

(1) Includes General and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

(2) See Table 3 for excluded refunding amounts.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Supervisors County of Giles, Virginia Pearisburg, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Giles, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Giles, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Giles, Virginia's Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Giles, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Prolinan, Farrer, lox associates

Blacksburg, Virginia November 30, 2017

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Supervisors County of Giles, Virginia Pearisburg, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Giles, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Giles, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. County of Giles, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Giles, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Giles, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Giles, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Giles, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Giles, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Prolinan Farrer, lox associates

Blacksburg, Virginia November 30, 2017

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/ State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number				Federal penditures
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:						
Pass Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster:						
State Department of Agriculture:						
Food Distribution-Schools (Note 3)	10.555	Not available	\$ 79,836			
Department of Education:						
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623, 40254	468,965	548,801		
National School Lunch Program Subtotal						
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591, 40253		189,755		
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not available		15,373	\$	753,929
Department of Social Services:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010116,0010117, 0040116,0040117				196,694
Department of Education:	10.775					
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841				9,161
Total Department of Agriculture				-	\$	959,784
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Social Services:	93.556	0050115 0050116			\$	11,009
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0950115, 0950116 0400116,0400117			Ş	170,180
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500116,0500117				594
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600416,0600417				21,325
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760116,0760117				32,958
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900116,0900117				259
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100116,1100117				369,680
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.599	9160115, 9160116				2,665
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120116,1120117				488,923
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000116,1000117				251,958
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150116,9150117				6,339
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540116,0540117				8,385
Medical Assistance Program Total Department of Health and Human Services	93.778	1200116,1200117		-	Ş	256,546
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:				-		
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Education: Payments to States in Lieu of Real Estate Taxes	12.112	42845			c	552
Payments to states in Lieu of Real Estate Taxes	12.112	42045		-	Ş	332
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901			\$	404,425
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	04.010	42701			Ŷ	404,425
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	43071	4	492,249		
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173	62521		15,457		507,706
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095, 61159		- / -		36,829
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	61480				77,591
Preschool Development Grants	84.419	62521		-		630,554
Total Department of Education				-	\$	1,657,105
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Motor Vehicles:	20 (00	CC 201E FE202 FO 12			ć	F (70
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	SC-2015-55203-5942		-	Ş	5,670
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				=	\$	4,243,932

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Giles, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Giles, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Giles, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

(3) The County did not elect the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.

Note 3 -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2017, Giles County, Virginia had food commodities totaling \$42,647 in inventory.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients The County did not have any subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements: Primary government: General Fund Less: Payments in lieu of taxes	
Total primary government	
Component Units: School Board	
Total Federal Expenditures per Basic Financial Statements	
Federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	

\$

\$

1,932,187 (109,002)

1,823,185

4,243,932

4,243,932

\$ 2,420,747

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Result	S	
Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No None Reported	
Noncompliance material to financial stat	No	
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No None Reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compli	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are requered in accordance with 2 CFR sec 200.516(a)?	No	
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.553/10.555/10.559 84.027/84.173 84.419	Child Nutrition Cluster Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Preschool Development Grants	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw and Type B programs:	een Type A	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No

County of Giles, Virginia

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

No federal findings or questioned costs in prior year.