COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



Prepared by:

Offices of the Town Manager and Treasurer P.O. Box 72 Bridgewater, Virginia 22812



ASSURANCE, TAX & ADVISORY SERVICES

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2017

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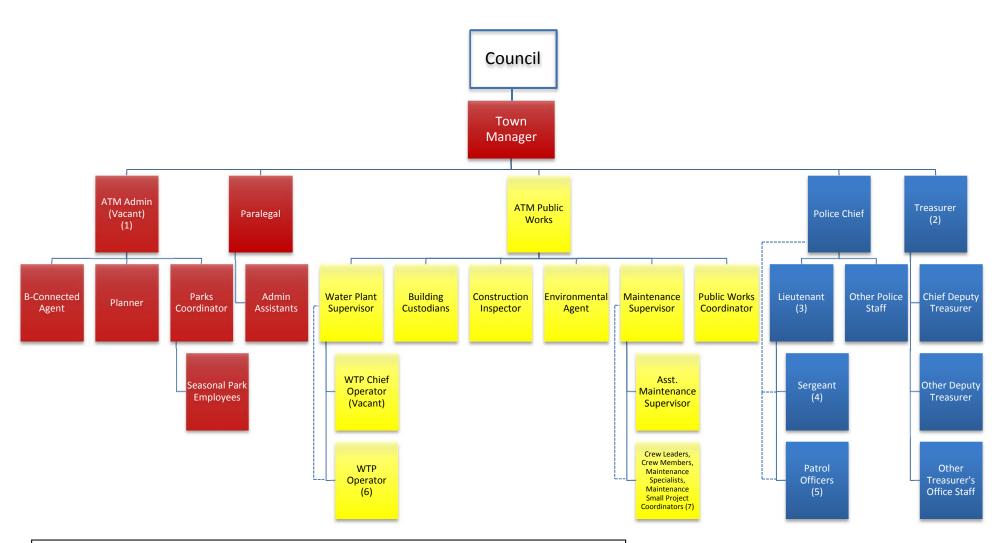
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



- (1) Where employees are designated to report to a vacant position, they simply report to the next level up the chain.
- (2) Treasurer reports to the Town Manager, but she has other reporting duties also. See Employment Manual.
- (3) Lieutenant is not a position likely to be refilled. After the current occupant leaves, we expect to use two sergeants.
- (4) Police Sergeant reports to Chief only if Lieutenant is not available.
- (5) Patrol officers report to the Sergeant or the Lieutenant depending on the squad.
- (6) Water Plant Operators report directly to the Water Plant Supervisor in the absence of the WTP Chief Operator.
- (7) Crew leaders, crew members, small project coordinators, and maintenance specialists report to the Maintenance Supervisor in the absence of the Assistant Maintenance Supervisor.

Directory of Principal Officials

OFFICIALS

Theodore W. Flory	Mayor
A. Fontaine Canada	Vice-Mayor
J. Jay Litten	Town Manager
Cherie N. Bowen	Treasurer
Jason A. Botkins	Town Attorney
Betsy Putney	Clerk

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL

Travis Bowman

William D. Miracle

Jim Tongue

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF BRIDGEWATER, VIRGINIA BOARD MEMBERS

Jason T. Burkholder

Jane Z. Fulk

Wesley W. Griffin

Brantley Somma

James R. Harper

Steven A. Schofield

Dillina W. Stickley

Kevin Kunowsky

Debbie Snider

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council Town of Bridgewater, Virginia Bridgewater, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2017, the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the Industrial Development Authority Component Unit restated net position to record a note receivable and remove certain capital asset activity.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 6-11 and 61-63, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules listed in the table of contents as supplementary schedules, introductory section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2017 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PBMares, ZZP

Harrisonburg, Virginia October 2, 2017

Town of Bridgewater, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia's (Town) financial statements provides an overview of the Town's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2017 by approximately \$5.3 million (net position). Of the total net position, approximately \$537,000 was an unrestricted deficit.

The Town's total net position decreased approximately \$32,000 from the previous year's total net position.

As of June 30, 2017, the Town's governmental funds had combined ending fund balances of approximately \$123,000, a decrease of approximately \$796,000 in comparison with the prior year.

The Town's total long-term liabilities decreased approximately \$229,000 during fiscal year 2017 due primarily to scheduled debt repayments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and compliance. The financial section has four components: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, the required supplementary information, and supplementary schedules. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The first government-wide statement, the Statement of Net Position, presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. This statement provides both long-term and short-term information. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the Town is improving or declining. In addition, nonfinancial factors, such as a change in the Town's real estate assessment values or the condition of the Town's facilities and infrastructure, should be considered in assessing the overall financial health of the Town.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Industrial Development Authority. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Statement of Net Position

Total net position

3,100,752

\$

3,103,875

\$

2,196,007 \$

2,225,240

\$

5,296,759 \$

For the most recently concluded fiscal year, the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$5.3 million. Most of this total, approximately 100%, is classified as "net investment in capital assets." This reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, easements, infrastructure, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, software, and construction in progress), less any related debt still outstanding on those assets. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets would not likely be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Of the total net position, \$537,000 can be classified as an "unrestricted deficit."

The following table presents a condensed statement of net position:

Table 1

		5 une 50, 2	1017 and 2010						
	Governm		Total Pr	•					
	Activit	ties	Activ	Activity Gover					
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
ASSETS									
Current and other assets	\$ 1,280,801 \$	5 1,759,181	\$ 431,206	\$ 425,395	\$ 1,712,007	\$ 2,651,463			
Capital assets, net	5,842,335	5,319,846	2,793,736	2,961,565	8,636,071	8,281,411			
Total assets	7,123,136	7,079,027	3,224,942	3,386,960	10,348,078	10,465,987			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension plan	270,493	155,178	124,825	69,166	395,318	224,344			
Total deferred outflows of resources	270,493	155,178	124,825	69,166	395,318	224,344			
01 105001 005	270,190	100,170	121,020	09,100	0,0,010	221,311			
LIABILITIES									
Current and other liabilities	997,196	674,651	93,870	81,596	1,091,066	756,247			
Long-term liabilities	2,970,190	3,112,660	987,504	1,074,496	3,957,694	4,187,156			
Total liabilities	3,967,386	3,787,311	1,081,374	1,156,092	5,048,760	4,943,403			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension plan Unavailable revenue - property	156,858	167,805	72,386	74,794	229,244	242,599			
taxes	168,633	175,214	-	-	168,633	175,214			
Total deferred inflows of resources	325,491	343,019	72,386	74,794	397,877	417,813			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	3,736,218	2,983,582	2,075,168	2,133,564	5,811,386	5,117,146			
Restricted	22,403	22,382	-	-	22,403	22,382			
Unrestricted	(657,869)	97,911	120,839	91,676	(537,030)	189,587			
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Summary Statements of Net Position June 30, 2017 and 2016

5,329,115

Statement of Activities

Governmental Activities

Revenues: For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, revenue from governmental activities totaled \$3.7 million. Sources of revenue are comprised of many different types with taxes constituting the largest source of Town revenues in this category. In addition to real estate taxes, the Town assesses other local taxes and fees including consumer utility taxes, bank stock taxes, business license (BPOL) fees, meals tax and the Town's share of the local sales tax. In addition to taxes, the Town receives intergovernmental revenues, revenue from renting property such as space on water towers to telecommunications companies; as well as use fees for recreational facilities such as the tennis, golf and skating facilities.

Expenses: Expenses for governmental activities, including interest on debt service, totaled \$4.4 million. As the table below indicates, Public Safety and Public Works, which together comprise about 61% of expenses, are the Town's two largest functions in the category of governmental activities.

The following table summarizes the changes in net position for the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

Table 2

Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Governmental			Business-type				Total Primary				
	Activities		Activities			Governme			nt			
		2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	147,384	\$	45,313	\$	3,288,061	\$	3,159,138	\$	3,435,445	\$	3,204,451
Operating grants and contributions		999,482		1,366,254		-		-		999,482		1,366,254
Capital grants and contributions		7,750		-		210,119		226,982		217,869		226,982
Total program revenues		1,154,616		1,411,567		3,498,180		3,386,120		4,652,796		4,797,687
General revenues:												
General property taxes		611,129		590,960		-		-		611,129		590,960
Other local taxes		1,645,885		1,630,253		-		-		1,645,885		1,630,253
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid		187,398		191,335		-		-		187,398		191,335
Use of money and property		96,141		175,097		-		-		96,141		175,097
Miscellaneous		26,134		621,785		33,972		32,979		60,106		654,764
Total general revenues		2,566,687		3,209,430		33,972		32,979		2,600,659		3,242,409
Total revenues		3,721,303		4,620,997		3,532,152		3,419,099		7,253,455		8,040,096
Expenses:												
General government administration		780,506		1,064,171		-		-		780,506		1,064,171
Public safety		784,779		815,116		-		-		784,779		815,116
Public works		1,919,106		2,012,876		-		-		1,919,106		2,012,876
Parks, recreation and cultural		740,707		670,901		-		-		740,707		670,901
Community and economic development		151,255		145,009		-		-		151,255		145,009
Interest		56,345		53,294		-		-		56,345		53,294
Water, sewer and sanitation		-		-		2,631,063		2,424,121		2,631,063		2,424,121
Stormwater management		-		-		222,050		171,900		222,050		171,900
Total expenses		4,432,698		4,761,367		2,853,113		2,596,021		7,285,811		7,357,388
Changes in net position before												
transfers		(711,395)		(140,370)		679,039		823,078		(32,356)		682,708
Transfers		708,272		516,786		(708,272)		(516,786)		-		-
Change in net position		(3,123)		376,416		(29,233)		306,292		(32,356)		682,708
Net position, beginning		3,103,875		2,727,459		2,225,240		1,918,948		5,329,115		4,646,407
Net position, ending	\$	3,100,752	\$	3,103,875	\$	2,196,007	\$	2,225,240	\$	5,296,759	\$	5,329,115

Business-Type Activity

The Town has two business-type activities, the *Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund* and *Stormwater Management Fund*. These are accounted for as enterprise funds. For fiscal year 2017, total operating and non-operating revenues amounted to \$3.5 million, which is an increase of approximately \$113,000 from the prior fiscal year. Approximately 93% of water, sewer, sanitation and stormwater revenues come from charges for service. Approximately 6% of revenues come from capital grants and contributions.

Expenses amounted to \$2.8 million for fiscal year 2017. This is an increase of 10% from the previous year and is due primarily to increases of materials and other repairs. Change in net position before transfers was \$679,000 in fiscal year 2017 compared to \$823,000 in fiscal year 2016, a decrease of \$144,000.

The business-type activities' net position decreased by approximately \$29,000 for the year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

Governmental funds - The *General Fund* is the major governmental fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance decreased approximately \$806,000 resulting in an unassigned balance of approximately \$90,000.

Proprietary funds - The Town's *Enterprise Funds*, which are a type of proprietary fund, provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. At June 30, 2017, the unrestricted net position for the enterprise funds totaled about \$121,000, which is an increase of approximately \$29,000 from the previous year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Overall, actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues by \$290,000 largely due to transportation enhancement grants that were not received in the current year. Expenditures were less than budgeted amounts by \$7,000 primarily due to transportation projects not commencing, but it should be noted that a concentrated effort was made to reduce expenditures as much as possible without affecting service to Town residents.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Reflected in Table 3, *Changes in Capital Assets*, net capital asset balances have increased from the previous year. Capital asset additions for fiscal year 2017 totaled approximately \$847,000. The increase can be attributed largely to the construction progress on Oakwood Drive and Mt. View Drive.

Table 3

Changes in Capital Assets Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and easements Construction in progress	\$ 1,817,982 26,641		1,815,982 298,028	\$	4,600 -	\$	4,600	\$	1,822,582 26,641	\$	1,820,582 298,028
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,844,623		2,114,010		4,600		4,600		1,849,223		2,118,610
Capital assets being depreciated or amortized:											
Buildings and improvements Distribution and collection system	3,763,996		3,418,653		913,432 3,029,646		889,632 3,012,426		4,677,428 3,029,646		4,308,285 3,012,426
Equipment	- 964,723		941,293		2,389,297		2,352,137		3,354,020		3,293,430
Software	26,551		26,551				2,332,137		26,551		26,551
Infrastructure	1,244,706		631,371		-		-		1,244,706		631,371
Vehicles	424,621		382,069		965,403		965,403		1,390,024		1,347,472
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized	6,424,597		5,399,937		7,297,778		7,219,598		13,722,375		12,619,535
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization:											
Buildings and improvements Distribution and collection system	1,235,944		1,116,265		803,387 1,715,916		784,168 1,650,901		2,039,331 1,715,916		1,900,433 1,650,901
Equipment	707,591		681,769		1,233,332		1,122,840		1,940,923		1,804,609
Software	26,551		26,551		-,,		-,,		26,551		26,551
Infrastructure	221,012		189,744		-		-		221,012		189,744
Vehicles	235,787		179,772		756,007		704,724		991,794		884,496
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	2,426,885		2,194,101		4,508,642		4,262,633		6,935,527		6,456,734
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net	3,997,712		3,205,836		2,789,136		2,956,965		6,786,848		6,162,801
Capital assets, net	\$ 5,842,335	\$	5,319,846	\$	2,793,736	\$	2,961,565	\$	8,636,071	\$	8,281,411

LONG-TERM DEBT

As of June 30, 2017, the Town's long-term liabilities, exclusive of compensated absences and other postemployment benefits, totaled \$2.1 million for governmental activities. Additionally, \$719,000 of debt, exclusive of compensated absences, net pension liability and other post-employment benefits, is shown in the business-type activity category. The Town's maximum legal debt margin permitted by the Commonwealth of Virginia is approximately \$40 million, which is computed based on 10% of the assessed value of real estate subject to taxation less applicable outstanding bonded debt.

The ratio of net bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the Town's debt position. Data for the Town at June 30, 2017 are shown below:

Estimated Population	Assessed Valuation of Taxable Real Property	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Debt to Assessed Valuation	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
6,048	\$420,796,856	\$2,106,117	.0050	\$348

The net bonded debt increased approximately \$230,000, which correlates to an increase in debt per capita of \$49.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Here are some factors to consider in the fiscal year 2018 budget.

- The fiscal year 2018 budget anticipates no tax increases of any kind. We expect moderate increases in tax receipts, based on an increasing number of taxable transactions.
- Likewise, most classes of expenditures should see nominal increases, but in a town of this size, a few large projects can influence totals greatly. For example, because the Oakwood Drive and Mt. View Drive projects have now been completed, there should be a drastic drop in spending for streets in 2018.
- In the enterprise funds, the fiscal year 2018 budget anticipates only minimal, inflationary increases, except for the stormwater fund. Because the stormwater utility continues to operate at a substantial deficit, the stormwater rates were increased significantly. Still, the increase amounts to only about 35 cents per residence per month.
- The fiscal year 2018 budget anticipates the creation of no new positions. The average wage increase should be about 2.8%, with another 0.9% to be applied to awards given employees at the end of the calendar year.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Town Manager or the Town Treasurer at 201 Green Street, Bridgewater, Virginia 22812.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

		Component Unit Industrial		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals	Development Authority
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 502,283	\$-	\$ 502,283	\$ 38,866
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes	170,771	-	170,771	-
Trade and other accounts	55,132		486,338	-
Due from other governments	46,000	-	46,000	-
Note receivable	-	-	-	121,964
Restricted investment	22,403	-	22,403	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	484,212	-	484,212	-
Capital assets:				
Land	1,809,582	4,600	1,814,182	79,747
Land easements	8,400		8,400	-
Buildings and improvements	3,763,996		4,677,428	407,886
Infrastructure	1,244,706		1,244,706	-
Distribution and collection systems	-	3,029,646	3,029,646	-
Equipment	964,723	2,389,297	3,354,020	20,880
Software	26,551	-	26,551	-
Vehicles	424,621	965,403	1,390,024	-
Construction in progress	26,641	-	26,641	-
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(2,426,885)) (4,508,642)	(6,935,527)	(18,818)
Total assets	7,123,136	3,224,942	10,348,078	650,525
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plan	270,493	124,825	395,318	_
	270,495	124,025	575,510	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts and deposits payable	49,958	72,425	122,383	-
Retainage payable	44,661	-	44,661	-
Accrued payroll and benefits	37,664	16,612	54,276	-
Accrued interest	16,778	4,833	21,611	2,811
Unearned revenue	848,135	-	848,135	4,375
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year:				
Capital leases	-	46,434	46,434	-
Bonds payable	154,491	64,500	218,991	15,569
Compensated absences	93,509	30,504	124,013	-
Due in more than one year:				
Capital leases	-	106,689	106,689	-
Bonds payable	1,951,626	500,945	2,452,571	518,017
Compensated absences	62,340	20,335	82,675	-
Net pension liability	472,610	218,097	690,707	-
Other postemployment benefits	235,614	-	235,614	-
Total liabilities	3,967,386	1,081,374	5,048,760	540,772
DEFEDRED INFLOWS OF DESCLIDCES				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension plan	156,858	72,386	229,244	
1		72,380	· · · · ·	-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>168,633</u> 325,491	72,386	168,633 397,877	
		,. 00		
NET POSITION		0.077.1.77	F 0 4 4 90 -	
Net investment in capital assets (deficit)	3,736,218	2,075,168	5,811,386	279,029
Restricted:				
Nonexpendable trust principal	6,000	-	6,000	-
Cemetery maintenance	16,403	-	16,403	-
Unrestricted	(657,869)) 120,839	(537,030)	(169,276)
Total net position	\$ 3,100,752	\$ 2,196,007	\$ 5,296,759	\$ 109,753

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2017

					Net (E	et Position		
]	Program Revenue		P	Component Unit		
Entity/Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals	Industrial Development Authority
Primary Government:	•							
Governmental activities: General government administration Public safety Public works Parks, recreation and cultural Community and economic development Interest	\$ 780,506 784,779 1,919,106 740,707 151,255 56,345	\$ 485 25,907 6,025 114,967	\$ - 179,549 819,933 - -	\$ - - 7,750 -	\$ (780,021) (579,323) (1,093,148) (617,990) (151,255) (56,345)	-	(780,021) (579,323) (1,093,148) (617,990) (151,255) (56,345)	\$ - - - - -
Total governmental activities	4,432,698	147,384	999,482	7,750	(3,278,082)	-	(3,278,082)	
Business-type activities: Water, sewer and sanitation Stormwater management	2,631,063 222,050	3,187,973 100,088	-	210,119	-	767,029 (121,962)	767,029 (121,962)	-
Total business-type activities	2,853,113	3,288,061	-	210,119		645,067	645,067	
Total primary government	\$ 7,285,811	\$ 3,435,445	\$ 999,482	\$ 217,869	(3,278,082)	645,067	(2,633,015)	
Component Unit: Industrial Development Authority	\$ 35,076	\$ 11,161	\$ -	\$ -		-		(23,915)
	General Revenue Taxes: General prop Other local ta	erty taxes			611,129	-	611,129	-
	Consumer Meals Local sales	utility and use			388,104 548,988 192,639	- -	388,104 548,988 192,639	- -
	Business lie Bank stock Other				220,114 154,259 141,781	- - -	220,114 154,259 141,781	
	Intergovernmen Use of money a Miscellaneous Transfers		ical aid		187,398 96,141 26,134 708,272	- 33,972 (708,272)	187,398 96,141 60,106	35,450
		eneral revenues	s and transfers, 1	net	3,274,959	(674,300)	2,600,659	35,450
	Chang Net position, beg	e in net position ginning, as restate			(3,123) 3,103,875	(29,233) 2,225,240	(32,356) 5,329,115	11,535 98,218
	Net position, end	ling			\$ 3,100,752	\$ 2,196,007 \$	5,296,759	\$ 109,753

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

		Constal	0	Permanent Fund Greenwood Cemetery	Go	Total overnmental
ASSETS		General		Trust Fund		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	502,283	\$	-	\$	502,283
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts:						150 551
Property taxes		170,771		-		170,771
Trade and other accounts		55,132		-		55,132
Due from other governments		46,000		-		46,000
Restricted investment		-		22,403		22,403
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		484,212		-		484,212
Total assets	\$	1,258,398	\$	22,403	\$	1,280,801
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and deposits payable	\$	49,958	\$	_	\$	49,958
Retainage payable	+	44,661	Ŧ	-	+	44,661
Accrued payroll and benefits		37,664		-		37,664
Unearned revenue		848,135		-		848,135
Total liabilities		980,418		-		980,418
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		177,633		-		177,633
Total deferred inflows of resources		177,633		-		177,633
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Permanent fund principal		-		6,000		6,000
Restricted for:						
Cemetery maintenance		-		16,403		16,403
Assigned:		10.00-				10.000
Key corridors		10,000		-		10,000
Unassigned		90,347		-		90,347
Total fund balances		100,347		22,403		122,750
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,258,398	\$	22,403	\$	1,280,801

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

	G	overnmenta Funds	al
Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	122,750
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization Net capital assets	\$ 8,269,22 (2,426,88		5,842,335
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.			270,493
Other long-term assets are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.			9,000
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.			
General obligation bonds Compensated absences Interest payable Net pension liability Other postemployement benefits	(2,106,11 (155,84 (16,77 (472,61 (235,61	19) 78) .0)	
			(2,986,968)
Deferred inflows of resources - pension plan represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.			(156,858)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	3,100,752

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

		H Gree	manent Fund enwood metery	G	Total
	General		st Fund	0.	Funds
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$ 611,129	\$	-	\$	611,129
Other local taxes	1,645,885		-		1,645,885
Permits and other licenses	6,510		-		6,510
Fines and forfeitures	25,907		-		25,907
Use of money and property	96,120		21		96,141
Charges for services	114,967		-		114,967
Miscellaneous	26,134		-		26,134
Intergovernmental	 1,186,880		-		1,186,880
Total revenues	 3,713,532		21		3,713,553
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government administration	771,999		-		771,999
Public safety	769,232		-		769,232
Public works	2,492,724		-		2,492,724
Parks, recreation and cultural	745,407		-		745,407
Community and economic development	150,315		-		150,315
Debt service:					
Principal	230,147		-		230,147
Interest	 57,953		-		57,953
Total expenditures	 5,217,777		-		5,217,777
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	 (1,504,245)		21		(1,504,224)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	841,971		-		841,971
Transfers out	 (133,699)		-		(133,699)
Total other financing sources, net	 708,272		-		708,272
Net change in fund balances	(795,973)		21		(795,952)
Fund balances, beginning	 896,320		22,382		918,702
Fund balances, ending	\$ 100,347	\$	22,403	\$	122,750

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2017

		nmental nds	
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$	(795,952
Reconciliation of amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.			
However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those			
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and			
reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This			
is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded			
depreciation and amortization in the current period.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 769,033		
Less: depreciation and amortization expense	(254,294)		
Excess of capital outlays over depreciation and amortization			514,739
The net effect of transactions involving capital assets			
(i.e. disposals, donations, and transfers) is to increase net position			7,750
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to			
governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term			
liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment			
of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds,			
but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the			
Statement of Net Position.			
Principal repayments on general obligation bonds			230,147
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension plan contributions subsequent to measurement date			(29,647
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities			
do not require the use of current financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds.			
Accrued interest	1,608		
Compensated absences	4,816		
Pension expense	104,362		
Other postemployment benefits	(40,946)		
			69,840
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(3,123)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund							
		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual		riance with nal Budget Over
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Revenues:								
General property taxes	\$	575,500	\$	575,500	\$	611,129	\$	35,629
Other local taxes		1,625,500		1,625,500		1,645,885		20,385
Permits and other licenses		4,200		4,200		6,510		2,310
Fines and forfeitures		41,000		41,000		25,907		(15,093)
Use of money and property		84,900		84,900		96,120		11,220
Charges for services		105,000		105,000		114,967		9,967
Miscellaneous		23,000		23,000		26,134		3,134
Intergovernmental		1,544,200		1,544,200		1,186,880		(357,320)
Total revenues		4,003,300		4,003,300		3,713,532		(289,768)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government administration		826,420		826,420		771,999		(54,421)
Public safety		831,150		831,150		769,232		(61,918)
Public works		1,825,960		2,475,960		2,492,724		16,764
Parks, recreation and cultural		675,400		675,400		745,407		70,007
Community and economic development		126,000		126,000		150,315		24,315
Debt service:				- ,		,		7
Principal		231,300		231,300		230,147		(1,153)
Interest		59,000		59,000		57,953		(1,047)
Total expenditures		4,575,230		5,225,230		5,217,777		(7,453)
Deficiency of revenues under								
expenditures		(571,930)		(1,221,930)		(1,504,245)		(282,315)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		-		841,971		841,971
Transfers out		-		-		(133,699)		(133,699)
Total other financing sources, net		-		-		708,272		708,272
Net change in fund balance	\$	(571,930)	\$	(1,221,930)		(795,973)	\$	425,957
Fund balance, beginning			_	_		896,320		_
Fund balance, ending					\$	100,347		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund	Non-major Business-type Activity - Stormwater Management Fund	Total Business-type Activities	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts	\$ 415,681	\$ 15,525	\$ 431,206	
Total current assets	415,681	15,525	431,206	
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land	4,600	_	4,600	
Buildings and improvements	913,432	_	913,432	
Distribution and collection systems	3,029,646	-	3,029,646	
	2,389,297	-	2,389,297	
Equipment Vehicles		-		
	965,403	-	965,403	
Total capital assets	7,302,378	-	7,302,378	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(4,508,642)	-	(4,508,642)	
Total noncurrent assets	2,793,736	_	2,793,736	
Total assets	3,209,417	15,525	3,224,942	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plan	124,825	-	124,825	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts and deposits payable	72,207	218	72,425	
Accrued payroll and benefits	15,227	1,385	16,612	
Accrued interest	4,833	1,505	4,833	
Compensated absences	30,504	_	30,504	
Capital leases payable	46,434	-	46,434	
Bonds payable	40,434 64,500	-	64,500	
Total current liabilities	233,705	1,603	235,308	
Total current naointies	255,705	1,005	255,508	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Capital leases payable	106,689	-	106,689	
Bonds payable	500,945	-	500,945	
Net pension liability	218,097	-	218,097	
Compensated absences	20,335	-	20,335	
Total noncurrent liabilities	846,066	-	846,066	
Total liabilities	1,079,771	1,603	1,081,374	
	1,079,771	1,005	1,001,574	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension plan	72,386	-	72,386	
NET POSITION				
	0.075.150		0.075 1.50	
Net investment in capital assets	2,075,168	-	2,075,168	
Unrestricted	106,917	13,922	120,839	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Operating revenues: Charges for services \$ 3,182,464 \$ 100,088 \$ 3,282,552 Connection fees \$ 3,182,464 \$ 100,088 \$ 3,282,552 Connection fees 3,972 - 33,972 Total operating revenues 3,221,945 100,088 \$ 3,222,033 Operating expenses: 3,221,945 100,088 \$ 3,322,033 Personal services 707,523 98,401 805,924 Fringe benefits 250,659 19,505 270,164 Materials, line repairs and other 550,487 104,144 654,631 Regional Sewer Authority assessment: 0perating expenses 305,148 - 305,148 Obet service 499,752 - 499,752 - 52,220 Construction 52,220 - 52,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 00 00 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses (19,265) - (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 - 210,119 <th></th> <th colspan="2">Business-typeNon-majoActivity -Business-typeEnterprise FundActivityWater, SewerStormwatand SanitationManagementFundFund</th> <th>siness-type ctivity - ormwater magement</th> <th colspan="2">Total Business-typ Activities</th>		Business-typeNon-majoActivity -Business-typeEnterprise FundActivityWater, SewerStormwatand SanitationManagementFundFund		siness-type ctivity - ormwater magement	Total Business-typ Activities		
Connection fees 5,509 - 5,509 Penalties 33,972 - 33,972 Total operating revenues 3,221,945 100,088 3,322,033 Operating expenses: 23,221,945 100,088 3,322,033 Personal services 707,523 98,401 805,924 Fringe benefits 250,659 19,505 270,164 Materials, line repairs and other 550,487 104,144 654,631 Regional Sewer Authority assessment: 305,148 - 305,148 Operations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 Construction 252,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): 1 1 210,119 - 210,119 Interset expense (19,2	Operating revenues:						
Penalties 33,972 - 33,972 Total operating revenues 3,221,945 100,088 3,322,033 Operating expenses: Personal services 707,523 98,401 805,924 Fringe benefits 250,655 19,505 270,164 Materials, line repairs and other 550,487 104,144 654,631 Regional Sewer Authority assessment: 0 00erations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 Operations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 - 305,148 Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 - 499,752 Construction 52,220 - 52,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 - Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): - 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) befo		\$		\$	100,088	\$	
Total operating revenues 3,221,945 100,088 3,322,033 Operating expenses: Personal services 707,523 98,401 805,924 Fringe benefits 250,659 19,505 270,164 Materials, line repairs and other 550,487 104,144 654,631 Regional Sewer Authority assessment: 0perations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 - 499,752 Construction 246,009 - 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): (19,265) - (19,265) Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) - Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039					-		
Operating expenses: 707,523 98,401 805,924 Fringe benefits 250,659 19,505 270,164 Materials, line repairs and other 550,487 104,144 654,631 Regional Sewer Authority assessment: 0perations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 Operations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 - 305,148 Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 - 52,220 Construction 52,220 - 52,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): - 190,854 - 190,854 Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 - 210,119 <t< td=""><th>Penalties</th><td></td><td>33,972</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>33,972</td></t<>	Penalties		33,972		-		33,972
Personal services 707,523 98,401 805,924 Fringe benefits 250,659 19,505 270,164 Materials, line repairs and other 550,487 104,144 654,631 Regional Sewer Authority assessment: 00 305,148 - 305,148 Operations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 - Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 - 499,752 Construction 52,220 - 52,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): (19,265) - (19,265) Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 190,854 - 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 679,039 Transfers in (out)	Total operating revenues		3,221,945		100,088		3,322,033
Personal services 707,523 98,401 805,924 Fringe benefits 250,659 19,505 270,164 Materials, line repairs and other 550,487 104,144 654,631 Regional Sewer Authority assessment: 00 305,148 - 305,148 Operations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 - Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 - 499,752 Construction 52,220 - 52,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): (19,265) - (19,265) Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 190,854 - 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 679,039 Transfers in (out)	Operating expenses:						
Materials, line repairs and other 550,487 104,144 654,631 Regional Sewer Authority assessment: 305,148 - 305,148 Operations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 Construction 52,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): 1 1 192,655 - (19,265) Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)			707,523		98,401		805,924
Regional Sewer Authority assessment: 305,148 - 305,148 Operations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 Construction 52,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): 1 - 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Fringe benefits		250,659		19,505		270,164
Operations and maintenance 305,148 - 305,148 Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 Construction 52,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): (19,265) - (19,265) Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Materials, line repairs and other		550,487		104,144		654,631
Debt service 499,752 - 499,752 Construction 52,220 - 52,220 Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): - (19,265) - (19,265) Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Regional Sewer Authority assessment:						
Construction Depreciation 52,220 246,009 - 52,220 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): Interest expense Connection availability fees (19,265) - (19,265) Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Operations and maintenance		305,148		-		305,148
Depreciation 246,009 - 246,009 Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): (19,265) - (19,265) Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Debt service		499,752		-		499,752
Total operating expenses 2,611,798 222,050 2,833,848 Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): (19,265) - (19,265) - (19,265) Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Construction		52,220		-		52,220
Operating income (loss) 610,147 (121,962) 488,185 Nonoperating revenue (expense): Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Depreciation		246,009		-		246,009
Nonoperating revenue (expense): (19,265) - (19,265) Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Total operating expenses		2,611,798		222,050		2,833,848
Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Operating income (loss)		610,147		(121,962)		488,185
Interest expense (19,265) - (19,265) Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Nonoperating revenue (expense):						
Connection availability fees 210,119 - 210,119 Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)			(19.265)		_		(19.265)
Total nonoperating revenue, net 190,854 - 190,854 Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	•				_		
Income (loss) before transfers 801,001 (121,962) 679,039 Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Connection availability rees		210,117				210,117
Transfers in (out) (841,971) 133,699 (708,272) Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Total nonoperating revenue, net		190,854		-		190,854
Change in net position (40,970) 11,737 (29,233)	Income (loss) before transfers		801,001		(121,962)		679,039
	Transfers in (out)		(841,971)		133,699		(708,272)
Net position, beginning 2,223,055 2,185 2,225,240	Change in net position		(40,970)		11,737		(29,233)
	Net position, beginning		2,223,055		2,185		2,225,240
Net position, ending \$ 2,182,085 \$ 13,922 \$ 2,196,007	Net position, ending	\$	2,182,085	\$	13,922	\$	2,196,007

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Ent W	usiness-type Activity - terprise Fund Yater, Sewer d Sanitation Fund	B	Non-major usiness-type Activity - Stormwater Janagement Fund		Total isiness-type Activities
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$	3,222,014	\$	94,558	\$	3,316,572
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,394,344)		(109,852)		(1,504,196)
Payments to employees for services and benefits		(988,436)		(118,405)		(1,106,841)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		839,234		(133,699)		705,535
Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities:						
Transfers in (out)		(841,971)		133,699		(708,272)
Cook Flows From Conital and Polated First size Asticities						
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(79, 190)				(79, 190)
Connection availability fees		(78,180) 210,119		-		(78,180)
•		210,119		-		210,119
Principal paid on:		(61 555)				(61 555)
General obligation bonds Capital leases		(64,555)		-		(64,555)
Interest paid on outstanding debt		(44,878) (10,760)		-		(44,878) (10,760)
Net cash provided by capital and related		(19,769)		-		(19,769)
financing activities		2 727				2 727
mancing activities		2,737		-		2,737
Cash and Cash Equivalents: Beginning		-		-		
Ending	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	610,147	\$	(121,962)	¢	199 195
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Φ	010,147	Ф	(121,902)	Ф	488,185
Depreciation		246,009		-		246,009
Pension expense		(16,409)		-		(16,409)
Changes in operating accounts:						
Increase in accounts receivable		(281)		(5,530)		(5,811)
Increase in deferred outflows		(11,237)		-		(11,237)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		11,005		(6,207)		4,798
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	839,234	\$	(133,699)	\$	705,535

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (the Town) was incorporated in 1835 and provides a wide range of municipal services contemplated by statute or charter. The Town is governed by an elected mayor and six member council.

The accounting principles of the Town conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

In determining how to define the financial reporting entity, management considered all potential component units using the standards prescribed under GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 34.* Component units include any legally separate organizations for which the Town Council is financially accountable. Financial accountability results where 1) there is fiscal dependence and a financial benefit or burden relationship, 2) there is a voting majority of the organization's governing body appointed by the Town Council and a financial benefit or burden relationship, or 3) there is a voting majority of the organization's governing body appointed by Town Council and the Town Council has the ability to impose its will on the organization. Even if financial accountability is not established, a potential component unit may still need to be reported simply because it would be misleading to exclude it.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations, and functions as an integral part of the primary government, so data from these units would be combined with data of the Town. The Town has no blended component units at June 30, 2017. The Town reports one discretely presented component unit in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the Town.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Industrial Development Authority of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (Authority) was created as a governmental subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Town Council of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia on July 15, 1975 pursuant to the provisions of the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act, Title 15.2, Chapter 49, Sections 15.2-4900 et seq. (formerly Title 15.1, Chapter 33, Sections 15.1-1373, et seq.) of the *Code of Virginia* of 1950, as amended. The Authority is governed by seven directors appointed by the Mayor of the Town and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. A director is appointed to a four year term and can serve two consecutive terms. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements but is included in the Town's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 as a discretely presented component unit.

The Authority is empowered, among other things, to acquire, own, lease and dispose of any of its facilities and to make loans or grants in furtherance of its purposes as set forth by law, including to promote industry and develop trade by inducing manufacturing, industrial, governmental, nonprofit and commercial enterprises and institutions of higher education to locate in or remain in the Commonwealth and further the use of its agricultural products and natural resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit (Continued)

The Authority is specifically authorized to issue bonds for any of its purposes, including the payment of the cost of its facilities and the payment or retirement of bonds previously issued by it. All bonds issued by the Authority are payable solely from the revenues and receipts derived from the leasing or sale by the Authority of its facilities or any part thereof or from the payments received by the Authority in connection with its loans. In addition, depending upon the financing structure, the bonds of the Authority may be further secured by a deed of trust or other collateral documents. No bonds of the Authority shall be deemed to constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the Town) and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component unit for which the primary government is fiscally responsible.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds and separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund

The Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund accounts for services to the general public which are financed primarily by charges to users of those services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following non-major governmental fund:

Permanent Fund

The purpose of the Greenwood Cemetery Trust Fund is to account for assets of which principal may not be spent.

The Town reports the following non-major enterprise fund:

Stormwater Management Fund

The Stormwater Management Fund accounts for services to the general public which are financed primarily by charges to users for those services.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. *Direct expenses* are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. *Program revenues* include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as *general revenues*.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 75 days after year-end, except property taxes which are recognized as revenue if they have been collected within 45 days after year-end. All taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions.

C. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Town Council's fiscal control is exercised through budgeting. The Town budget is developed for informative and fiscal planning purposes only and presents an itemized listing of contemplated expenditures and estimated revenues for the ensuing fiscal year. The Town Council approves the budget after a public hearing.

The budget is prepared using the same accounting basis and practices as are used to account for and prepare the financial reports; thus, the budget presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts is presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

When the budget becomes effective at the beginning of the fiscal year, the Town Council must make appropriations before money may be expended for any budgeted item. Appropriations are made on a monthly basis and may be greater than contemplated in the annual budget. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund</u> <u>Balance/ Net Position</u>

1) <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Town considers all cash accounts, including cash on hand, demand deposits, and all short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments

The Town participates in a local government external investment pool which is reported at amortized cost and classified as cash and cash equivalents. The Town reports a certificate of deposit at fair value and is classified as an investment.

2) <u>Property Taxes Receivable</u>

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable when levied and attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are due and collectible twice a year, by June 5 and December 5. That portion of the taxes receivable which is not collected within 45 days is shown as unavailable revenue. Since the Town has an enforceable lien on the property, the Town records the December 5 levy as property taxes receivable and unavailable revenue at year end. A penalty of 10% of the tax is assessed after the applicable payment date. Interest is charged to all unpaid accounts beginning July 1st and January 1st, as appropriate, at an annual rate of 10%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund</u> <u>Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

3) <u>Prepaid Items</u>

The Town has elected to follow the purchases method for prepaid items.

Under the purchases method, the Town may recognize the entire amount of a prepayment as an expenditure of the period that payment is made. Therefore, insurance and similar services expenditures are recognized as expenditures in the periods in which payments are made and, therefore, do not appear as prepaid items on the Balance Sheet or Statement of Net Position.

4) <u>Restricted Cash</u>

The General Fund's restricted cash and cash equivalents includes grant proceeds in which cash was received before expenditures have been incurred.

5) <u>Restricted Investment</u>

The Greenwood Cemetery Trust Fund's investment balance is restricted in accordance with the trust agreement.

6) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The Town has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the employer's fiscal year 2017 Virginia Retirement System contributions plus the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, and the proprietary funds Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, one item, unavailable revenue, which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item, the difference between expected and actual experience, is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary funds Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund</u> <u>Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

7) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, infrastructure, and intangible assets, are reported in the applicable governmental, or business-type activity, or proprietary fund columns in the financial statements. Capital assets and infrastructure are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and \$15,000, respectively, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures/expenses which materially increase values or extend useful lives are capitalized.

As allowed by GASB standards, the Town has elected not to capitalize infrastructure already in place as of June 30, 2003. Effective July 1, 2003, the Town began capitalizing infrastructure additions that meet the aforementioned capitalization requirements.

The Town's intangible assets include land easements and software. Land easements have indefinite useful lives and thus are not subject to amortization.

Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	15-40 years
Distribution and collection systems	20-40 years
Equipment	3-40 years
Vehicles	5-7 years
Infrastructure	30 years
Software	3 years

8) <u>Compensated Absences</u>

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Town does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the Town. Employees can earn up to 160 hours of vacation annually depending on their years of service and can accumulate up to 280 hours of vacation. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The General Fund is responsible for paying the liability for compensated absences for general government employees and has been used in prior years to liquidate the governmental funds' liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund</u> <u>Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

9) <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activity or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

10) <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11) <u>Fund Balance</u>

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report classifications of fund balance as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact (such as the principal of a permanent fund that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact).

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, creditors, or laws and regulations of other governments), or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority that can, by adoption of an ordinance, prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (adoption of another ordinance) to remove or reverse the limitation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund</u> <u>Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

11) <u>Fund Balance</u> (Continued)

Assigned fund balance – amounts intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily.

Unassigned fund balance – residual balance of the General Fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the Town's policy to use the most restricted funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned, as they are needed.

12) <u>Net Position</u>

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

E. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Loans of the Industrial Development Authority and Pass-Through Financing

Generally, the principal financing activity of the Authority reflects either a loan structure or a pass-through financing lease structure. The documentation provides for periodic payments from the borrowers to the Authority in amounts, which mirror, and are equal to, the principal and interest payments that are due to the bondholders of the Authority.

The Authority has assigned all rights to the payments to the trustees or other fiduciaries of the bondholders, and the lessees, purchasers or borrowers have assumed responsibility for all operating costs such as utilities, repairs, and property taxes. In such cases, the Authority neither receives nor disburses funds.

Although title to these properties may rest with the Authority, bargain purchase options or other lease provisions eliminate any equity interest that would otherwise be retained with the transactions. Deeds of trust collateralize outstanding bond obligations and title will pass to the lessee or purchaser when the bonds are fully paid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Loans of the Industrial Development Authority and Pass-Through Financing (Continued)

Although the Authority provides a conduit to execute such transactions, it does not retain either the benefits of asset ownership or the liability for bond liquidation. Accordingly, the Authority does not recognize associated assets, liabilities, rental income, or interest expense in its financial statements for the pass-through lease.

The Authority issued bonds during fiscal year 2015 for the construction of a building adjacent to Generations Park and added equipment to the building for a restaurant. The Authority leases this facility to a restaurant and the rental income is used to reimburse the Authority for project costs that were incurred prior to the issuance of the bond. The associated liabilities and assets are recognized in the Authority's financial statements.

G. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

The Town has evaluated subsequent events through October 2, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u>: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et., seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk (Deposits)</u>: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to the Town. The Town requires all deposits to comply with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. At year-end, none of the Town's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The Town has investments in the LGIP. The LGIP is a professionally managed money market fund which invests in qualifying obligations and securities as permitted by Virginia statutes. Pursuant to Section 2.2-4605 *Code of Virginia*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings. The Town's investments in the LGIP totaling, \$494,834, are stated at amortized cost and classified as cash and cash equivalents. The LGIP has been assigned an "AAAm" rating by Standard & Poor's. The maturity of the LGIP is less than one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Town does not have a formal investment policy.

At year-end, the Town's investment balance was as follows:

Certificate of deposit (maturing 10/26/17) \$

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Town has the following investment subject to recurring fair value measurement as of June 30, 2017:

• Certificate of deposit of \$22,403 is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Note 3. Receivables and Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Receivables at June 30, 2017, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund		Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund		~	tormwater anagement Fund	Totals
Property taxes Trade and other accounts Gross receivables	\$	181,771 55,132 236,903	\$	422,681 422,681	\$	15,525 15,525	\$ 181,771 493,338 675,109
Less allowance for uncollectable accounts		11,000		7,000		-	18,000
Net receivables	\$	225,903	\$	415,681	\$	15,525	\$ 657,109

The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to \$11,000 and \$7,000 at June 30, 2017 for the General Fund and Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund, respectively.

22,403

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. **Receivables and Unavailable/Unearned Revenue (Continued)**

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the General Fund and Statement of Net Position were as follows:

	Ur	navailable	Unearned		
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$	9,000	\$	-	
Advance collection of 2017-2018 taxes		-		17,144	
Assessment due December 5, net of collections		168,633		-	
Urban Construction Program funds		-		460,060	
VDOT Maintenance funds		-		341,531	
Other		-		29,400	
	\$	177,633	\$	848,135	

Component Unit – Industrial Development Authority

The Authority defers revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. The amount reported as unearned revenue for the Authority consists of assessments received for the last six months of the calendar year. Unearned revenue was \$4,375 at June 30, 2017.

Note 4. **Due From Other Governments**

Due from other governments includes the following:

General Fund:

Commonwealth of Virginia:	
Local sales and communication tax	\$ 46,000
Total General Fund	\$ 46.000

Note 5. Note Receivable

Note receivable as of June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

	De	ndustrial velopment authority
3.47% note, due in monthly installments of \$1,382, including interest through December 2025	\$	121,964
Less current maturities Long-term portion	\$	(12,556)
Long-term portion	Ψ	107,400

\$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Increases	,	Deletions) / lassifications	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
or amortized:								
Land	\$	1,809,582	\$	-	\$	- \$	1,809,582	
Land easements		6,400		2,000		-	8,400	
Construction in progress		298,028		26,641		(298,028)	26,641	
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated or amortized		2,114,010		28,641		(298,028)	1,844,623	
Capital assets being depreciated								
or amortized:								
Buildings and improvements		3,418,653		83,969		261,374	3,763,996	
Equipment		941,293		44,940		(21,510)	964,723	
Software		26,551		-		-	26,551	
Infrastructure		631,371		576,681		36,654	1,244,706	
Vehicles		382,069		42,552		-	424,621	
Total capital assets being								
depreciated or amortized		5,399,937		748,142		276,518	6,424,597	
Less accumulated depreciation								
and amortization for:								
Buildings and improvements		1,116,265		119,679		-	1,235,944	
Equipment		681,769		47,332		(21,510)	707,591	
Software		26,551		-		-	26,551	
Infrastructure		189,744		31,268		-	221,012	
Vehicles		179,772		56,015		-	235,787	
Total accumulated depreciation	1							
and amortization		2,194,101		254,294		(21,510)	2,426,885	
Total capital assets being								
depreciated or amortized, net		3,205,836		493,848		298,028	3,997,712	
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$	5,319,846	\$	522,489	\$	- \$	5,842,335	

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 24,168
Public safety	54,416
Public works	77,990
Parks, recreation and cultural	97,720
Total depreciation and amortization expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 254,294

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance Increases		Increases	(Deletions) / Reclassifications		Ending Balance	
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	4,600	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,600
Total capital assets, not being							
depreciated		4,600		-	-		4,600
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		889,632		23,800	-		913,432
Distribution and collection systems		3,012,426		17,220	-		3,029,646
Equipment		2,352,137		37,160	-		2,389,297
Vehicles		965,403		-	-		965,403
Total capital assets being							
depreciated		7,219,598		78,180	-		7,297,778
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		784,168		19,219	-		803,387
Distribution and collection							
systems		1,650,901		65,015	-		1,715,916
Equipment		1,122,840		110,492	-		1,233,332
Vehicles		704,724		51,283	-		756,007
Total accumulated							
depreciation		4,262,633		246,009	-		4,508,642
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net		2,956,965		(167,829)	-		2,789,136
Business-type activities capital							
assets, net	\$	2,961,565	\$	(167,829)	\$ -	\$	2,793,736

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 140,551
Sewer	80,263
Sanitation	 25,195
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 246,009

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance, as restated Increa		Increases	(Deletions) / Reclassifications			Ending Balance	
Component unit - IDA:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	79,747	\$	-	\$	-	\$	79,747
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated		79,747		-		-		79,747
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		384,545		23,341		-		407,886
Equipment		20,880		-		-		20,880
Total capital assets being								
depreciated		405,425		23,341		-		428,766
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		4,969		10,717		-		15,686
Equipment		1,044		2,088		-		3,132
Total accumulated								
depreciation		6,013		12,805		-		18,818
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		399,412		10,536		-		409,948
Component unit - IDA capital								
assets, net	\$	479,159	\$	10,536	\$	-	\$	489,695

See Note 16, Restatement, for more information.

Note 7. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the Town's governmental activities:

]	Beginning Balance	I	ncreases	Decreases	Ending Balance	 ue Within Dne Year
Governmental activities: Bonds and notes payable: General obligation bonds Compensated absences	\$	2,336,264 160,665	\$	- 116,103	\$ (230,147) (120,919)	\$ 2,106,117 155,849	\$ 154,491 93,509
Governmental activities long-term activities	\$	2,496,929	\$	116,103	\$ (351,066)	\$ 2,261,966	\$ 248,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt exclusive of compensated absences are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds					
Year(s) Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest		
2018	\$	154,491	\$	52,999		
2019		156,899		49,037		
2020		159,313		45,065		
2021		161,905		40,917		
2022		115,711		36,755		
2023-2027		620,221		136,410		
2028-2032		295,563		72,409		
2033-2037		307,656		35,653		
2038-2040		134,358		4,739		
	\$	2,106,117	\$	473,984		

General Obligation Bonds

\$915,000 general obligation bond issued December 2011, due in annual installments of \$57,257 to \$73,670 through December 2026, plus interest payable annually at 2.84%.	\$ 651,575
\$1,055,000 general obligation bond, issued December 2014, due in semi-annual installments of \$16,590 to \$27,615 through December 2039, plus interest payable semi-annually at 2.29% for the first ten years then five year adjustable rate mortgage with rate caps for the remainder of the 25 year amortization.	974,342
\$244,000 general obligation public improvement bond issued January 2016, due in annual installments of \$48,800 through January 2021, plus interest payable semi-annually at 2.38%.	195,200
\$300,000 general obligation public improvement bond issued January 2016, due in annual installments of \$15,000 through January 2036, plus interest payable semi-annually at 2.63%.	 285,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,106,117

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Property tax revenues are generally used to pay off long-term debt.

The December 2011 bond was issued to refinance the \$915,000 general obligation bond that was issued in December 2001 for the purchase of real property.

The December 2014 bond was issued for the construction of a facility in Generations Park.

The January 2016 bonds were issued to provide matching funds for a VDOT Revenue Sharing grant for street maintenance projects.

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the Town's business-type activities:

	eginning Balance	Ir	ncreases	Decreases	Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Business-type activities:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 630,000	\$	-	\$ (64,555)	\$ 565,445	\$ 64,500
Capital leases	198,001		-	(44,878)	153,123	46,434
	 828,001		-	(109,433)	718,568	110,934
Compensated absences	 58,819		40,267	(48,247)	50,839	30,504
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 886,820	\$	40,267	\$ (157,680)	\$ 769,407	\$ 141,438

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt are as follows:

	(General Obligation Bonds				Capital	Lea	ses
Year(s) Ending June 30,	F	Principal		Interest	I	Principal		Interest
2018	\$	64,500	\$	12,547	\$	46,434	\$	4,539
2019		64,500		11,199		48,042		2,930
2020		64,500		9,851		42,251		1,310
2021		64,500		8,503		16,396		170
2022		64,500		7,154		-		-
2023-2027		157,500		18,816		-		-
2028-2032		47,500		9,070		-		-
2033-2036		37,945		2,592		-		-
	\$	565,445	\$	79,732	\$	153,123	\$	8,949

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds

\$550,000 general obligation public improvement bond, Series 2014, issued March 2014, due in annual installment of \$55,000 through March 2024, plus interest payable semi-annually at 1.98%.	\$ 385,000
\$190,000 general obligation public improvement bond, issued January 2016, due in annual installments of \$9,500 through January 2036, plus interest payable semi-annually at 2.63%.	190 //5
annuary at 2.05%.	 180,445
Total bonded debt	\$ 565,445

Series 2014 bond was issued for the purpose of construction of a water tank adjacent to the Bridgewater Treatment Plant.

The January 2016 bond was issued for financing the cost of replacing a sewer line on West Bank Street.

Capital Leases

\$151,633 capital lease issued December 2015, secured by equipment with a net book value of \$119,140, annual maturity from \$2,439 to \$2,753 through December 2020, interest payable annually at 3.55%.	\$ 108,923
\$66,900 capital lease issued December 2015, secured by equipment with a net book value of \$52,564, annual maturity from \$1,369 to \$1,483 through December 2010, interact prover the secure large of 2,20%	44,200
2019, interest payable annually at 3.20%.	 44,200
Total capital leases	\$ 153,123

The December 2015 capital leases were for the purchase of a trash truck and excavator.

At June 30, 2017, the Town had an available legal debt margin of \$39,973,569.

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the Town's component unit – Industrial Development Authority:

	eginning Balance	Increases	5	D	ecreases	Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Component Unit - IDA: Bonds and notes payable:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 547,818	\$	-	\$	(14,232)	\$ 533,586	\$ 15,569
Component Unit - IDA long-term liabilities	\$ 547,818	\$	_	\$	(14,232)	\$ 533,586	\$ 15,569

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds					
Year(s) Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest		
2018	\$	15,569	\$	18,604		
2019		16,121		18,052		
2020		16,646		17,527		
2021		17,284		16,889		
2022		17,898		16,275		
2023-2027		99,435		71,431		
2028-2032		118,362		52,504		
2033-2037		140,959		29,907		
2038-2040		91,312		5,355		
	\$	533,586	\$	246,544		

General Obligation Bonds

\$225,000 general obligation bond issued December 2014, due in semi-annual installments of \$3,095 to \$6,688 through December 2039, plus interest payable semi-annually at 3.47% for the first ten years then adjustable rate mortgage with rate caps for the remaining 15 years. The rate cap will not exceed a 2.0% adjustment at each five year period. This debt is guaranteed by the Town.

\$340,000 general obligation bond, issued April 2015, due in semi-annual installments of \$4,596 to \$10,107 through April 2040, plus interest payable semi-annually at 3.47% for the first ten years then adjustable rate mortgage with rate caps for the remaining 15 years. The rate cap will not exceed a 2.0% adjustment at each five year period. This debt is guaranteed by the Town.

The December 2014 bond was issued for the purpose of construction of a restaurant shell adjacent to Generations Park.

The April 2015 bond was issued for the purpose of improving and equipping a restaurant facility adjacent to Generations Park.

Note 8. Line of Credit

The Town renewed an unsecured line of credit on February 15, 2015 in the amount of \$250,000 which bears interest at a variable rate (3.25% at June 30, 2017). There was no outstanding balance at June 30, 2017. The line of credit matures February 2020.

\$

\$

210,666

322,920

533,586

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan

Name of Plan:Virginia Retirement System (VRS)Identification of Plan:Agent Multiple-Employer Pension PlanAdministering Entity:Virginia Retirement System (System)

A. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

		Hybrid
Plan 1	Plan 2	Retirement Plan
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	 About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members") The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

ORP.

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
		 About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Continued) In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	 Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: Political subdivision employees.* Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. <u>*Non-Eligible Members</u> Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: Political subdivision employees
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible	Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Betirement Plan and must
Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or	for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

		Hybrid			
Plan 1	Plan 2	Retirement Plan			
Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions			
Members contribute 5% of their	Employees contribute 5% of	A member's retirement benefit is			
compensation each month to	their compensation each	funded through mandatory and			
their member contribution	month to their member	voluntary contributions made by the			
account through a pre-tax salary	contribution account through	member and the employer to both the			
reduction. Some political	a pre-tax salary reduction.	defined benefit and the defined			
subdivisions elected to phase in	Some political subdivisions	contribution components of the plan.			
the required 5% member	elected to phase in the	Mandatory contributions are based on			
contribution, but all employees	required 5% member	a percentage of the employee's			
will be paying the full 5% by	contribution; all employees	creditable compensation and are			
July 1, 2016. Member	will be paying the full 5% by	required from both the member and			
contributions are tax-deferred	July 1, 2016.	the employer. Additionally, members			
until they are withdrawn as part	-	may choose to make voluntary			

Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.

Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component

voluntary

according to specified percentages.

to the

contribution component of the plan,

and the employer is required to match

defined

contributions

contributions

those

Unhaid

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contribution Component

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Creditable Service

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. А member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

of a retirement benefit or as a

refund. The employer makes a

separate actuarially determined

contribution to VRS for all

covered employees. VRS invests

both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined contribution Component Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.
		 Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

employer.

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.0%. For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employeer	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution Component</u> Not applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan			
Normal Retirement Age Age 65.	Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> Same as Plan 2.			
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.			
		Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.			
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.			
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.			
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.			
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. <u>Eligibility:</u> For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 2%) up to a maximum COLA of 3%. <u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
 For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. 	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

• The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

		Hybrid
Plan 1	Plan 2	Retirement Plan

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates (continued):

- The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability and retirement retire on disability. the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP) members are subject to a oneyear waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Disability Coverage

Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a oneyear waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	 Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component</u>. Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.
without pay.		Defined Contribution Component

Not applicable.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	21
Inactive members:	
Vested	9
Non-vested	16
Active elsewhere in VRS	22
Total inactive members	47
Active members	48
Total covered employees	116

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Sections 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 7.98% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$183,460 and \$224,345 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u>

The Town's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employee's in the Town's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5 %
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (Continued)

Mortality Rates:	14% of deaths are assumed to be service related.
– Pre-retirement:	RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years.
– Post-retirement:	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.
– Post-disablement:	RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the Town's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date as of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5 %
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality Rates:	60% of deaths are assumed to be service related.
– Pre-retirement:	RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.
– Post-retirement:	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.
– Post-disablement:	RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
		- 1 - C - L	
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non-U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non-Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%	=	5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	* Europeted orithmet	is nominal nature	9 220/

* Expected arithmetic nominal return 8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons, the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Town's retirement plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

		otal Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	8,542,739	\$	7,934,000	\$	608,739
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		237,721		-		237,721
Interest		585,551		-		585,551
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(277,323)		-		(277,323)
Contributions – employer		-		224,345		(224,345)
Contributions – employee		-		106,156		(106,156)
Net investment income		-		138,422		(138,422)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(355,438)		(355,438)		-
Administrative expense		-		(4,883)		4,883
Other changes	_	-		(59)		59
Net changes		190,511		108,543		81,968
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	8,733,250	\$	8,042,543	\$	690,707

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

C. <u>Changes in the Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)	
Town's net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,888,441	\$	690,707	\$	(302,543)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan's is also available in the separately issues VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the VRS Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

D. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$81,100. The Town also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	-	\$	(229,244)
pension plan investments		211,858		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		183,460		
Total	\$	395,318	\$	(229,244)

\$183,460 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pensions</u> (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount			
2018	\$	(86,624)			
2019		(82,336)			
2020		68,390			
2021		83,184			
	\$	(17,386)			

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Plan Description

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) provided by the Town include single-employer defined benefit retiree health insurance premium and disability retirement benefit plan.

A retiree, eligible for the plan, is defined as a full-time employee who retires directly from the Town who has completed at least 25 years of service with the Town, or has attained the age of 65 with at least 20 years of service with the Town. Health benefits include medical, dental, and vision coverage. The Town contributes 50% towards health insurance premiums for retirees only and is dependent on if the retiree is covered under the non-Medicare plan or Medicare plan (age 65 or older). The plan was established by Town Council, and any amendments to the plan must be approved by Town Council.

The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The Town Council establishes employer contribution rates for their plan participants. The Town Council has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Town had an actuarial valuation performed of postemployment benefits as of June 30, 2016. The annual cost of OPEB under GASB Statement No. 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The pay-as-you-go cost for OPEB benefits for the Town's plan was \$20,719 and the annual benefit cost was \$61,665. The percentage of OPEB cost contributed was 33.60%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 45 does not require prefunding of OPEB liabilities and the Town has elected not to prefund OPEB liabilities at this time. The difference between the OPEB annual expense and cash payments for OPEB benefits is treated as a liability in the financial statements when the liability is not prefunded. At June 30, 2017, the Town has recorded a liability of \$235,614 on the Statement of Net Position.

The Town is required to contribute the ARC of the employer an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years on an open basis. The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB costs for the year, the estimated amount contributed for the year, and the changes in the net OPEB obligations.

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 62,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	5,914
Adjustment to ARC	 (6,249)
Annual OPEB cost	61,665
Contributions made	 (20,719)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	40,946
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 194,668
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 235,614

Trend Information

Trend information is as follows:

			Percentage of	Net
	An	inual	Annual OPEB	OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	OPEI	B Costs	Cost Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2015	\$	38,886	33.80%	\$ 154,188
June 30, 2016		60,402	33.00%	194,668
June 30, 2017		61,665	33.60%	235,614

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

D. Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation, the plan was not funded. The actuarial value of assets was \$-0- resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$749,800.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made for the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, present trend information that will show whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

An actuarial valuation is required to be obtained every three years.

The following table shows the funding status for the Town.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2010	\$ -	\$ 452,600	\$ 452,600	0.00%	\$ 1,858,400	24.35%
June 30, 2013	-	436,200	436,200	0.00%	1,995,500	21.86%
June 30, 2016	-	749,800	749,800	0.00%	2,432,300	30.83%

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 2016 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 3.5% rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.0%. The unfunded liability is amortized over a period of 30 years based on a level percent of payroll method on an open basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Interfund Transfers

The Town transferred \$841,971 from the Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund to the General Fund for operations and administrative costs.

The Town transferred \$133,699 from the General Fund to the Stormwater Management Fund for operations and administrative costs.

Note 12. Government Services Provided by Authorities

The City of Harrisonburg, the County of Rockingham, and the Towns of Bridgewater, Mt. Crawford, and Dayton entered into a guaranty agreement with the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority (Authority) dated December 15, 1992. Under the terms of this agreement, these municipalities jointly and severally guaranteed the Authority's 2007 Sewer Revenue Bonds and 2008 Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds, which then qualifies as a nonexchange of financial guarentees. In December 2007, the Authority issued \$30,000,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds bearing interest at 2.52% to upgrade and expand its treatment plant, due in semi-annual installments of combined principal and interest of \$984,273 thereafter, with final maturity at September 1, 2030. The bonds currently outstanding total \$22,408,444. In June 2008, the Authority issued \$12,650,000 Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2008 bearing interest from 2.95% to 4.8% with final maturity at October 1, 2021. The bonds currently outstanding are \$5,433,129. In November 2008, the Authority issued \$33,219,297 Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 bearing interest at 2.72%, due in semi-annual installments of combined principal and interest of \$1,116,129, with final maturity at September 1, 2030. The bonds currently outstanding are \$25,081,130. In February 2015, with an allonge dated September 2015, the Authority issued \$8,665,505 Sewer Revenue Bonds bearing interest at 1.2%, due in semi-annual installments beginning November 1, 2017 of combined principal and interest of \$249,865 thereafter, with a final maturity at November 1, 2036. The bonds currently outstanding total \$8,174,606.

The Town is obligated for 7.785% of the debt service.

The Authority bills the municipalities a monthly charge which includes an assessment for their respective share of the Authority's debt service, operating, and construction expenditures based on the municipality usage of the sewage treatment facilities. Based on the current average usage, the Town's assessment for the Authority's operating, capital outlay and maintenance, construction and debt service expenditures for the ensuing year will approximate \$340,000, \$45,000 and \$510,000, respectively. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the Authority at 856 North River Road, P.O. Box 8, Mt. Crawford, Virginia 22841.

Note 13. Major Customer

The Town has one major water and sewer customer. For the year ended June 30, 2017, water and sewer revenue from this customer was approximately \$1,013,000. There are accounts receivable from this customer of approximately \$88,000 at June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and others; and natural disasters. To reduce insurance costs and the need for self-insurance, the Town has joined with other municipalities in the Commonwealth of Virginia in several public entity risk pools that operate as common risk management and insurance programs for member municipalities. The Town is not self-insured.

The Town has coverage with the Virginia Municipal League Insurance Program (the "Pool") for all insurable risks identified by the Town. Each Pool member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The Town pays the Pool contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Pool and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

Note 15. Contingency

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 16. Restatement

Prior period adjustments to beginning net position of the Component Unit – Industrial Development Authority (IDA) are required to correctly state the impact of a note receivable not recorded in the prior fiscal year and to remove capital assets not owned by the IDA. The following adjustments have been made:

	De	ndustrial velopment authority
Net position, as originally reported, July 1, 2016	\$	(1,033)
Adjustment to record a note receivable		134,092
Adjustment to remove capital assets and related accumulated depreciation		(34,841)
Net position, as restated, July 1, 2016	\$	98,218

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 17. Pending GASB Statements

At June 30, 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) had issued statements not yet implemented by the Town. The statements which might impact the Town are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, will improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. It will also require the recognition of the entire OPEB liability and a comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. Statement No. 75 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (ARO's). This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for ARO's. Statement No. 83 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, will improve the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. Statement No. 84 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, will enhance consistency in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements. Consistent reporting will improve the usefulness of information for users of state and local government financial statements. Statement No. 85 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*, will improve accounting and financial reporting for debt extinguishments by establishing uniform guidance for derecognizing debt that is defeased in substance. Statement No. 86 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, will increase the usefulness of the Town's financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. Statement No. 87 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management has not determined the effect these new Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

Note 18. Subsequent Event

Subsequent to year-end, the Town issued a general obligation bond for the purchase of land and replacement of several sewer lines within the Town. The amount of the bond is \$823,750, with payments beginning February 2018 and a final maturity of August 2027.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	1	Jnfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Date	Assets	Liaointy	-	Liaonity	Katio	1 ayıon	1 ayıon
June 30, 2010	\$-	\$ 452,600	\$	452,600	0.00%	\$ 1,858,400	24.35%
June 30, 2013	-	436,200		436,200	0.00%	1,995,500	21.86%
June 30, 2016	-	749,800		749,800	0.00%	2,432,300	30.83%

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRSS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

	1	Annual			
Fiscal Year	R	equired		Actual	Percent
Ended	Contribution		tribution Contr		Funded
June 30, 2015	\$	38,800	\$	13,155	33.90%
June 30, 2016		60,300		19,922	33.04%
June 30, 2017		62,000		20,719	33.42%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	Fiscal Year June 30,					
		2014	2015	2016		
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	239,778 \$	238,817 \$	237,721		
Interest		516,842	554,431	585,551		
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	(59,260)	(277,323)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(215,871)	(223,389)	(355,438)		
Net change in total pension liability		540,749	510,599	190,511		
Total pension liability - beginning		7,491,391	8,032,140	8,542,739		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	8,032,140 \$	8,542,739 \$	8,733,250		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	212,519 \$	210,910 \$	224,345		
Contributions - employee		100,101	100,255	106,156		
Net investment income		1,021,390	348,875	138,422		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(215,871)	(223,389)	(355,438)		
Administrative expense		(5,367)	(4,619)	(4,883)		
Other		54	(75)	(59)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,112,826	431,957	108,543		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,389,217	7,502,043	7,934,000		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	7,502,043 \$	7,934,000 \$	8,042,543		
Town net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	530,097 \$	608,739 \$	690,707		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		93.40%	92.87%	92.09%		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,027,853 \$	2,012,500 \$	2,140,697		
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered-employee payroll		26.14%	30.25%	32.27%		

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Changes of benefit terms: There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 are not material.
- (2) Changes of assumptions: The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ended June, 2012: LEOS: NON-LEOS:

LEOS.	1011-LE05.
a. Update mortality table	a. Update mortality table
b. Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females	b. Decrease in rates of service retirement
c. Increase in rates of withdrawal	c. Decrease in rates of disability retirement
d. Decrease in male and female rates of disability	d. Reduce rates of salary increases by 0.25% per year

(3) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year June 30,				
		2014		2015	2016
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$	212,519	\$	210,910	\$ 224,345
Contributions in relation to the CRC		212,519		210,910	224,345
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,027,853	\$	2,012,500	\$ 2,140,697
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		10.48%		10.48%	10.48%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Valuation date: June 30, 2014
- (2) Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
- (3) Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	20-29 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.25%-2.50%
Projected salary increases	3.50%-5.35%, including inflation at 2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, including inflation 2.50%

(4) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Amounts for 2016)

	2017	2016
Revenues:		
General property taxes	\$ 611,129	\$ 593,960
Other local taxes	1,645,885	1,630,253
Permits and other licenses	6,510	3,499
Fines and forfeitures	25,907	41,814
Use of money and property	96,120	92,345
Charges for services	114,967	56,976
Miscellaneous	26,134	56,833
Intergovernmental	1,186,880	1,557,589
Total revenues	3,713,532	4,033,269
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government administration	771,999	760,492
Public safety	769,232	953,365
Public works	2,492,724	2,273,855
Parks, recreation and cultural	745,407	1,515,081
Community and economic development	150,315	137,385
Debt service:		
Principal	230,147	164,155
Interest	57,953	48,165
Total expenditures	5,217,777	5,852,498
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(1,504,245)	(1,819,229)
Other financing sources (uses):		
Sale of capital asset	-	590,722
General obligation bond issued	-	544,000
Transfers in	841,971	618,780
Transfers out	(133,699)	(101,994)
Total other financing sources, net	708,272	1,651,508
Net change in fund balance	(795,973)	(167,721)
Fund balance, beginning	896,320	1,064,041
Fund balance, ending	\$ 100,347	\$ 896,320

							riance with
		Budgeted			-	Actual	Over
ntity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	O	riginal]	Final		Amounts	(Under)
rimary Government:							
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real estate taxes	\$	365,000	\$	365,000	\$	353,780	\$ (11,220
Personal property taxes		201,100		201,100		248,741	47,641
Public service corporations property taxes		6,400		6,400		6,161	(239
Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes		3,000		3,000		2,447	(553
Total general property taxes		575,500		575,500		611,129	35,629
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes		187,000		187,000		192,639	5,639
Consumer utility taxes		397,600		397,600		388,104	(9,496
Consumption taxes		23,000		23,000		24,186	1,186
Cigarette taxes		22,100		22,100		19,854	(2,246
Business license taxes		209,100		209,100		220,114	11,014
Vehicle license taxes		84,000		84,000		84,417	417
Bank stock taxes		148,000		148,000		154,259	6,259
Meals taxes		541,500		541,500		548,988	7,488
Right-of-way use fee		13,200		13,200		13,324	124
Total other local taxes	1	,625,500	1	,625,500		1,645,885	20,385
Permits and other licenses:							
Zoning and building		4,200		4,200		4,749	549
Passport application fee		-		-		485	485
Land disturbing		-		-		1,276	1,276
Total permits and other licenses		4,200		4,200		6,510	2,310
Fines and forfeitures		41,000		41,000		25,907	(15,093
Use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money		1,800		1,800		5,014	3,214
Revenue from use of property		83,100		83,100		91,106	8,006
Total revenue from use of money and property		84,900		84,900		96,120	11,220
Charges for services:							
Generations park		55,000		55,000		70,848	15,848
Golf fees		50,000		50,000		44,119	(5,881
Total charges for services		105,000		105,000		114,967	9,967
Miscellaneous		23,000		23,000		26,134	3,134
Total revenue from local sources	2	2,459,100	2	2,459,100		2,526,652	67,552

								riance with nal Budget
		Budgetec	l Am		-	Actual	Over	
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Intergovernmental:								
Local aid:								
Town of Mt. Crawford:	ሱ	40.000	¢	10.000	¢	46 700	¢	(2 100)
Public safety	\$	48,900	\$	48,900	\$	46,720	\$	(2,180)
Town of Dayton:		2 200		2 200		1 (50		(1.650)
Public safety		3,300		3,300		1,650		(1,650)
Total local aid		52,200		52,200		48,370		(3,830)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Non-categorical aid:								
Communication sales and use tax		88,000		88,000		85,364		(2,636)
Personal property tax relief		102,000		102,000		102,034		34
Total non-categorical aid		190,000		190,000		187,398		(2,602)
Categorical aid:								
Litter control		3,000		3,000		2,959		(41
Law enforcement assistance		127,000		127,000		130,945		3,945
Urban construction		-		-		7,235		7,235
Transportation enhancement		475,000		475,000		161,630		(313,370
Street and highway maintenance		697,000		697,000		377,209		(319,791
Virginia Department of Transportation revenue								
sharing project		-		-		6,191		6,191
Asset forfeiture funds		-		-		234		234
Other		-		-		358		358
Total categorical aid		1,302,000		1,302,000		686,761		(615,239)
Total intergovernmental revenue from the Commonwealth		1,492,000		1,492,000		874,159		(617,841)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
ISTEA		_		_		233,796		233,796
Urban construction		-		-		30,555		30,555
		-		-		50,555		50,555
Total intergovernmental revenue from the federal government		-		-		264,351		264,351
Total intergovernmental revenue		1,544,200		1,544,200		1,186,880		(357,320)
-			¢		¢		¢	
Total General Fund	\$	4,003,300	\$	4,003,300	\$	3,713,532	\$	(289,768)

						iance with al Budget
		Budgeted	Amo		Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Ori	ginal		Final	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government:						
General Fund:						
General government administration:						
Legislative:						
Town Council:						
Personal services	\$	32,100	\$	32,100	\$ 31,578	\$ (522)
Fringe benefits		2,400		2,400	2,417	17
Other charges		4,000		4,000	4,373	373
Total town council		38,500		38,500	38,368	(132)
Town Manager's office:						
Personal services		226,000		226,000	240,303	14,303
Fringe benefits		69,460		69,460	64,269	(5,191)
Other charges		13,000		13,000	6,884	(6,116)
Capital outlay		9,000		9,000	-	(9,000)
Contractual services		2,000		2,000	5,984	3,984
Total town manager's office		319,460		319,460	317,440	(2,020)
Treasurer's office:						
Personal services		188,100		188,100	164,543	(23,557)
Fringe benefits		56,160		56,160	49,817	(6,343)
Other charges		13,000		13,000	4,210	(8,790)
Contractual services		5,000		5,000	14,373	9,373
Total treasurer's office		262,260		262,260	232,943	(29,317)
Total legislative		620,220		620,220	588,751	(31,469)
General and financial administration:						
Legal		41,000		41,000	27,895	(13,105)
Independent auditor		45,200		45,200	50,864	5,664
Insurance and bonding		120,000		120,000	104,489	(15,511)
Total general and financial administration		206,200		206,200	183,248	(22,952)
Total general government administration		826,420		826,420	771,999	(54,421)

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over		
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original		Final	•	Amounts		(Under)	
Primary Government:		0						· · · · · ·	
General Fund:									
Public safety:									
Law enforcement and traffic control:									
Police department:									
Personal services	\$	547,200	\$	547,200	\$	509,259	\$	(37,941)	
Fringe benefits		169,050		169,050		164,796		(4,254)	
Vehicle operation		24,900		24,900		15,140		(9,760)	
Other charges		30,000		30,000		12,626		(17,374)	
Contractual services		30,000		30,000		37,411		7,411	
Total law enforcement and traffic control		801,150		801,150		739,232		(61,918)	
Fire and rescue services:									
Fire department and rescue squad		30,000		30,000		30,000			
Total fire and rescue services		30,000		30,000		30,000			
Total public safety		831,150		831,150		769,232		(61,918)	
Public works:									
Public works department:									
Personal services		206,700		206,700		240,429		33,729	
Fringe benefits		62,160		62,160		70,244		8,084	
Other charges		13,000		13,000		5,004		(7,996)	
Contractual services		2,000		2,000		14,309		12,309	
Total public works department		283,860		283,860		329,986		46,126	

								riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted	l Am		-	Actual		Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Primary Government: General Fund:								
Public works: (continued)								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges, street lights,								
and sidewalks:								
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Personal services	\$	181,900	\$	181,900	\$	98,193	\$	(83,707)
Fringe benefits	ψ	67,600	Ψ	67,600	ψ	55,824	Ψ	(11,776)
Other charges		70,000		70,000		68,755		(11,770)
Capital outlay		33,300		283,300		598,372		315,072
Contractual services		85,000		283,300 85,000		112,769		27,769
						112,709		
Street paving Virginia Department of Transportation		132,000		132,000		-		(132,000)
						10 292		10 202
revenue sharing project		-		-		12,383		12,383
Urban construction program		-		-		40,105		40,105
T-21 project		400,000		800,000		644,522		(155,478)
Total highways, streets, bridges, and sidewalks		969,800		1,619,800		1,630,923		11,123
Street lights		81,000		81,000		82,286		1,286
Total maintenance of highways, streets,		1 0 5 0 0 0 0		1 700 000		1 712 200		12 400
bridges, street lights, and sidewalks		1,050,800		1,700,800		1,713,209		12,409
Key corridors:								
Personal services		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)
Fringe benefits		3,000		3,000		-		(3,000)
Other charges		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)
Capital outlay		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)
Contractual services		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)
				- ,				(- , ,
Total key corridors		43,000		43,000		-		(43,000)
General properties:								
Personal services		199,400		199,400		175,175		(24,225)
Fringe benefits		76,400		76,400		72,791		(3,609)
Other charges		36,500		36,500		34,977		(1,523)
Capital outlay		56,000		56,000		76,802		20,802
Contractual services		80,000		80,000		89,784		9,784
		,		-,				- ,
Total general properties		448,300		448,300		449,529		1,229
Total public works		1,825,960		2,475,960		2,492,724		16,764

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual	riance with nal Budget Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	0	riginal		Final	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government:		0				
General Fund:						
Parks, recreation and cultural:						
Personal services	\$	371,400	\$	371,400	\$ 356,948	\$ (14,452)
Fringe benefits		98,000		98,000	95,173	(2,827)
Other charges		70,000		70,000	96,030	26,030
Capital outlay		76,000		76,000	93,859	17,859
Contractual services		60,000		60,000	103,397	43,397
Total parks, recreation and cultural		675,400		675,400	745,407	70,007
Community and economic development: Community development:						
Personal services		28,000		28,000	38,632	10,632
Fringe benefits		11,000		11,000	11,137	137
Other charges		82,000		82,000	91,608	9,608
Contractual services		-		-	3,780	3,780
Total community development		121,000		121,000	145,157	24,157
Economic development:						
Other charges		3,000		3,000	-	(3,000)
Contractual services		2,000		2,000	5,158	3,158
Total economic development		5,000		5,000	5,158	158
Total community and economic development		126,000		126,000	150,315	24,315
Debt service:						
Principal		231,300		231,300	230,147	(1,153)
Interest		59,000		59,000	57,953	(1,047)
Total debt service		290,300		290,300	288,100	(2,200)
Total General Fund	\$	4,575,230	\$	5,225,230	\$ 5,217,777	\$ (7,453)

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL OUTLAYS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Total General Fund		769,03
Mini golf course		25,46 93,85
Lighting at tennis courts		23,76
Playground sets at parks		23,34
Security system at golf course		6,88
Grasshopper mower		6,66
Grasshopper mower		7,74
Capital outlays:		
Parks, recreation and cultural:		
		675,17
V-plow pickup		7,32
2500 pickup truck		6,49
Dump truck body		28,74
Parking lot at farmers' market		11,4
Land easement		2,0
Oakwood Drive improvements		294,40
Mt. View Drive sidewalks		282,27
Air compressor	Ψ	15,90
Shop bay	\$	26,64
Capital outlays:		
eneral Fund: Public works:		

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL OUTLAYS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund:	
Water treatment:	
Capital outlay:	
Water monitoring equipment	\$ 8,530
Chemical feed pumps	28,630
Water treatment plant improvements	23,800
	 60,960
Sewer:	
Capital outlays:	
Vista Heights sewer line	17,220
	 17,220
Total Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund	\$ 78,180

SCHEDULE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Amounts for 2016)

	2017		2016
Taxes receivable: *			
General Fund:			
Real estate:			
2008	\$	- \$	67
2009	13	4	134
2010	12	7	127
2011	12	7	127
2012	22	5	225
2013	36	6	366
2014	37	4	374
2015	37	4	693
2016	1,11		1,913
2017	2,92	2	-
December billing for next fiscal year	168,63	3	175,214
	174,40	0	179,240
Personal property:			
2012		-	1,852
2013	2,00	0	2,117
2014	1,27	9	1,377
2015	82	2	2,814
2016	3,27	0	-
	7,37	1	8,160
Less:			
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	11,00	0	11,000
Taxes receivable - General Fund	\$ 170,77	1 \$	176,400

* Includes 10% penalty

SCHEDULE REVENUES AND EXPENSES PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE Year Ended June 30, 2017

	D	Water Department		ewer artment	nitation partment	Totals
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	981,255	\$ 1	1,699,768	\$ 501,441	\$ 3,182,464
Connection fees		2,975		2,534	-	5,509
Penalties		17,498		16,474	-	33,972
Total operating revenues		1,001,728	1	1,718,776	501,441	3,221,945
Operating expenses:						
Personal services		410,416		86,616	210,491	707,523
Fringe benefits		145,340		42,670	62,649	250,659
Materials, line repairs and other		330,623		65,514	154,350	550,487
Regional Sewer Authority assessment:						
Operations and maintenance		-		305,148	-	305,148
Debt service		-		499,752	-	499,752
Construction		-		52,220	-	52,220
Depreciation		140,551		80,263	25,195	246,009
Total operating expenses		1,026,930	1	1,132,183	452,685	2,611,798
Operating income (loss)		(25,202)		586,593	48,756	610,147
Nonoperating revenue (expense):						
Interest expense		(8,334)		(6,538)	(4,393)	(19,265)
Connection availability fees		93,419		116,700	-	210,119
Total nonoperating revenue (expense), net		85,085		110,162	(4,393)	190,854
Income before transfers		59,883		696,755	44,363	801,001
Transfers out		(179,483)		(662,488)	-	(841,971)
Change in net position	\$	(119,600)	\$	34,267	\$ 44,363	\$ (40,970)

SCHEDULE REVENUES AND EXPENSES – ACTUAL AND RATE PER 1,000 GALLONS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Totals for 2016)

								Totals (Memorandum Only)									
	 Water Dep	artment		Sewer l	epart	ment		201	7			201	6				
		Rate Pe	r		Rate Per				Rate Per					Rate Per			
		1,000				1,000				1,000			1,000				
	Amount	Gallons		Amount	Amount			Amount		Gallons	Amount		(Gallons			
Operating revenues:																	
Charges for services	\$ 981,255	\$ 4.26	5	\$ 1,699,7	68 \$	7.387	\$	2,681,023	\$	11.652	\$	2,594,493	\$	11.672			
Connection fees	2,975	0.01	3	2,5	34	0.011		5,509		0.024		4,960		0.022			
Penalties	 17,498	0.07	6	16,4	'4	0.072		33,972		0.148		32,979		0.148			
Total operating revenues	 1,001,728	4.35	4	1,718,7	6	7.470		2,720,504		11.824		2,632,432		11.842			
Operating expenses:																	
Personal services	410,416	1.78	4	86,6	6	0.376		497,032		2.160		415,986		1.871			
Fringe benefits	145,340	0.63	2	42,6	0	0.185		188,010		0.817		163,480		0.735			
Materials, line repairs and other	330,623	1.43	7	65,5	4	0.285		396,137		1.722		340,920		1.534			
Regional Sewer Authority assessment:																	
Operations and maintenance	-		-	305,1	8	1.326		305,148		1.326		309,731		1.393			
Debt service	-		-	499,7	52	2.172		499,752		2.172		492,178		2.214			
Construction	-		-	52,2	20	0.227		52,220		0.227		42,863		0.193			
Depreciation	140,551	0.61	1	80,2	53	0.349		220,814		0.960		214,454		0.965			
Total operating expenses	 1,026,930	4.46	4	1,132,1	3	4.920		2,159,113		9.384		1,979,612		8.905			
Operating income (loss)	 (25,202)	(0.11	0)	586,5	03	2.550		561,391		2.440		652,820		2.937			
Nonoperating revenue (expense):																	
Interest expense	(8,334)	(0.03	6)	(6,5	(8)	(0.028)		(14,872)		(0.064)		(12,420)		(0.056)			
Connection availability fees	 93,419	0.40	6	116,7	0	0.507		210,119		0.913		226,982		1.021			
Total nonoperating revenue, net	 85,085	0.37	0	110,1	52	0.479		195,247		0.849		214,562		0.965			
Income before transfers	\$ 59,883	\$ 0.26	0	\$ 696,7	5\$	3.029	\$	756,638	\$	3.289	\$	867,382	\$	3.902			
Total water consumption:																	
Thousands of gallons	 230,091	_										222,276					

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY June 30, 2017

ASSETS

Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 38,866
Note receivable	12,556
Total current assets	 51,422
Noncurrent Assets:	100,400
Note receivable	 109,408
Capital assets:	
Land	79,747
Buildings and improvements	407,886
Equipment	20,880
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (18,818)
Total capital assets, net	 489,695
Total noncurrent assets	 599,103
Total assets	 650,525
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accrued interest	2,811
Unearned revenue	4,375
Bonds payable	15,569
Total current liabilities	22,755
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Bonds payable	518,017
Total noncurrent liabilities	518,017
	5 40 550
Total liabilities	 540,772
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	279,029
Unrestricted	(169,276)
	 (,- · ~)
Total net position	\$ 109,753

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Year Ended June 30, 2017

Operating Revenues:	
Use of money and property	\$ 35,450
Charges for services	 11,161
Total operating revenues	 46,611
Operating Expenses:	
Personal services	300
Fringe benefits	24
Other charges	2,080
Depreciation	 12,805
Total operating expenses	 15,209
Operating income	31,402
Nonoperating Expense:	
Interest	 19,867
Change in net position	11,535
Net Position, beginning, as restated	 98,218
Net Position, ending	\$ 109,753

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Year Ended June 30, 2017

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$	44,200
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	φ	(2,080)
		,
Payments to employees for services and benefits Net cash provided by operating activities		(324) 41,796
Net cash provided by operating activities		41,790
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(23,341)
Principal paid on:		
General obligation bonds		(14,232)
Interest paid on outstanding debt		(19,941)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(57,514)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Principal from collection of note receivable		12,128
Net cash provided by investing activities		12,128
Net change in cash		(3,590)
Cash:		
Beginning		42,456
Ending	\$	38,866
C		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By		
Operating Activities:		
Operating income	\$	31,402
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided		
by operating activities:		
Depreciation		12,805
Decrease in unearned revenue		(2,411)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	41,796

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BONDS OUTSTANDING DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY June 30, 2017

Issued on Behalf of	Amount Issued	Date of Issue	Outstanding June 30, 2017	Stated Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Name of Trustee
Bridgewater Home - Series 2013 A	\$ 4,053,540	06/05/13	\$ 2,806,297	1.52%	06/05/26	SunTrust Bank
Bridgewater Village - Series 2013 B	3,716,890	06/05/13	2,654,921	1.52%	06/05/27	SunTrust Bank
Bridgewater College - Educational Revenue	3,783,629	11/03/15	3,659,209	2.28%	04/01/31	Bank of the James
			\$ 9,120,427			

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN REVENUE BONDS OUTSTANDING DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Year Ended June 30, 2017

Issued on Behalf of	Date of Issue	(Dutstanding July 1, 2016		Outstanding June 30, 2017	Increase (Decrease)
Bridgewater College - 2012	08/24/12	\$	1,451,486	\$	-	\$ (1,451,486)
Bridgewater Home - Series 2013 A	06/05/13		3,118,108		2,806,297	(311,811)
Bridgewater Village - Series 2013 B	06/05/13		2,920,413		2,654,921	(265,492)
Bridgewater College - Educational Revenue	11/03/15 3,783,629				3,659,209	(124,420)
Totals		\$	11,273,636	\$	9,120,427	\$ (2,153,209)

Note: This schedule is based upon statements of the respective fiduciaries.

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

The statistical section of the Town's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the Town's overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

Contents	Tables
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and financial well being have changed over time.	1-5
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax, as well as other revenue sources.	6-10
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current level of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	11-14
Demographic and Economic Information This table offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	15
Operating Information This table contains service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	16

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

NET POSITION / ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

										Fiscal Yea	r Jun	ie 30,								
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
Governmental activities:																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,764,563	\$	2,144,020	\$	2,256,573	\$	2,409,533 \$	2	2,177,934	\$	2,471,324	\$	2,599,041	\$	2,458,550	\$	2,983,582	\$	3,736,218
Restricted		20,107		20,896		21,640		22,774		22,884		22,884		22,884		836,130		22,382		22,403
Unrestricted (deficit)		255,937		(94,208)		76,087		247,986		274,804		243,717		478,614		(567,221)		97,911		(657,869)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	2,040,607	\$	2,070,708	\$	2,354,300	\$	2,680,293 \$	-	2,475,622										
Total governmental activities net position										<u> </u>	\$	2,737,925	\$	3,100,539	\$	2,727,459	\$	3,103,875	\$	3,100,752
Business-type activities:																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1.424.292	\$	1,587,711	\$	1,578,327	\$	1,590,879 \$		1,682,446	\$	1,763,316	\$	1,510,862	\$	1,908,627	\$	2,133,564	\$	2,075,168
Unrestricted	-	8,108	Ŧ	128,309	+	116,214	Ŧ	113,563		165,764	Ŧ	143,719	Ŧ	175,474	Ŧ	10,321	Ŧ	91,676	Ŧ	120,839
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	1,432,400	\$	1.716.020	\$	1,694,541	\$	1,704,442 \$		1,848,210										
Total business-type activities net position	Ψ	1,132,100	Ψ	1,710,020	Ψ	1,071,011	Ψ	1,701,112 @		1,010,210	\$	1,907,035	\$	1,686,336	\$	1,918,948	\$	2,225,240	\$	2,196,007
Primary government:																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3.188.855	\$	3.731.731	\$	3,834,900	\$	4.000.412 \$	1	3,860,380	\$	4,234,640	\$	4,109,903	\$	4,367,177	\$	5.117.146	\$	5,811,386
Restricted	Ŧ	20,107	Ŧ	20,896	-	21,640	+	22,774		22,884	Ŧ	22,884	Ŧ	22,884	-	836,130	-	22,382	Ŧ	22,403
Unrestricted (deficit)		264,045		34,101		192,301		361,549		440,568		387,436		654,088		(556,900)		189,587		(537,030)
Total primary government net assets	\$	3,473,007	\$	3,786,728	\$	4,048,841	\$	4,384,735 \$	4	4,323,832										
Total primary government net position		. /						· · ·		<u> </u>	\$	4,644,960	\$	4,786,875	\$	4,646,407	\$	5,329,115	\$	5,296,759
														(2)						

Notes:

(1) This table reports financial information based on the accrual basis of accounting. The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 63, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2013. This standard eliminated the use of the term 'net assets' and now refers to this measurement as 'net position.'

(2) June 30, 2014 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 which reduced net position by \$889,654.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year J	une 50,				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 643,634 \$	623,112 \$	670,323 \$	687,128 \$	715,110 \$	709,603 \$	765,232 \$	786,203 \$	1,064,171 \$	780,506
Public safety	723,798	714,959	768,602	796,247	861,318	826,648	833,948	812,586	815,116	784,779
Public works	1,890,305	1,722,205	1,268,346	1,170,542	2,101,001	1,302,538	1,298,405	1,369,850	2,012,876	1,919,106
Parks, recreation and cultural	440,790	426,139	407,530	448,454	428,657	426,733	482,013	464,969	670,901	740,707
Community and economic development	107,656	119,217	99,609	171,500	90,496	111,075	101,847	108,566	145,009	151,255
Interest	115,215	99,525	91,890	80,004	56,092	39,946	32,738	39,846	53,294	56,345
Total governmental activities	3,921,398	3,705,157	3,306,300	3,353,875	4,252,674	3,416,543	3,514,183	3,582,020	4,761,367	4,432,698
Business-type activities:										
Water, sewer and sanitation	1,574,221	2,059,887	2,151,399	2,285,051	2,474,727	2,500,118	2,592,145	2,478,288	2,424,121	2,631,063
Stormwater Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,626	58,743	171,900	222,050
Total business-type activities	1,574,221	2,059,887	2,151,399	2,285,051	2,474,727	2,500,118	2,662,771	2,537,031	2,596,021	2,853,113
Total government	5,495,619	5,765,044	5,457,699	5,638,926	6,727,401	5,916,661	6,176,954	6,119,051	7,357,388	7,285,811
Program revenue:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	485
Public safety	38,623	36,059	50,936	55,982	40,862	45,819	42,796	45,083	45,313	25,907
Public works	356,484	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,025
Parks, recreation and cultural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114,967
Operating grants and contributions:										
Public safety	157,503	173,053	189,271	193,197	183,947	185,342	174,442	175,484	308,443	179,549
Public works	567,653	908,566	648,682	645,407	1,259,493	668,965	653,460	728,114	1,057,811	819,933
Capital grants and contributions:										
General government administration	-	-	-	85,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	122,616	-	-	15,390	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	19,265	-	11,653	18,544	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation and cultural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,750
Total governmental activities program revenue	1,120,263	1,240,294	908,154	979,586	1,511,345	918,670	870,698	948,681	1,411,567	1,154,616
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water, sewer and sanitation	2,053,454	2,694,112	2,699,253	2,653,193	2,875,705	2,944,344	2,935,832	2,947,948	3,087,391	3,187,973
Stormwater Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,512	79,863	71,747	100,088
Capital grants and contributions:										
Water, sewer and sanitation	184,701	91,695	122,500	247,277	85,796	54,000	67,500	300,141	226,982	210,119
Total business-type activities program revenue	2,238,155	2,785,807	2,821,753	2,900,470	2,961,501	2,998,344	3,081,844	3,327,952	3,386,120	3,498,180
Total government program revenue	3,358,418	4,026,101	3,729,907	3,880,056	4,472,846	3,917,014	3,952,542	4,276,633	4,797,687	4,652,796
Net (expense) revenue:										
Governmental activities	(2,801,135)	(2,464,863)	(2,398,146)	(2,374,289)	(2,741,329)	(2,497,873)	(2,643,485)	(2,633,339)	(3,349,800)	(3,278,082)
Business-type activities	663,934	725,920	670,354	615,419	486,774	498,226	419,073	790,921	790,099	645,067
Total government net expense	(2,137,201)	(1,738,943)	(1,727,792)	(1,758,870)	(2,254,555)	(1,999,647)	(2,224,412)	(1,842,418)	(2,559,701)	(2,633,015)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year June 30. 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 General revenues and other changes in net assets: Governmental activities: Taxes: General property 598,321 \$ 589,737 \$ 557,891 \$ 560,335 \$ 538,464 \$ 554,897 \$ 576,922 \$ 590,960 \$ \$ 506,468 \$ 611,129 Consumer utility and communications sales and use 426,005 371,762 359,461 274,780 393,629 386,397 385,779 387,647 387,969 388,104 307,594 311,681 320,339 360,040 347,099 396,659 446,307 466,633 530,632 548,988 Meals Local sales and use 170,441 166,599 131,990 162,442 168,211 247,769 160,076 160,706 198,749 192,639 Bank stock 61,822 71,495 89,615 108,360 95,393 101,619 107,330 146,696 150,249 154,259 Business license 163,835 172,228 180,397 172,147 199,905 206,776 217,335 223,970 224,118 220,114 Other 117,777 117,150 117,351 98,454 122,680 150,383 136,486 144,678 138,536 141,781 Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid 103,602 108,229 98,614 198,644 195,902 198,768 191,976 197,996 191,335 187,398 Use of money and property 96,664 89,428 88,035 77,000 81,329 68,678 90,455 87,468 175,097 96,141 36,564 22,238 52,583 17,505 20,335 32,980 160,142 621,785 26,134 Miscellaneous 31,159 376,541 298,487 708,272 Transfers 712,847 465,496 715,807 635,497 476,324 682,478 516,786 Total governmental activities 2,795,472 2.494.964 2,681,738 2,700,282 2,536,658 2,760,176 3,006,099 2,851,345 3,726,216 3,274,959 Business-type activities: 23,974 33,972 Miscellaneous 35,407 23,196 29,979 33,535 36,923 42,706 38,746 32,979 (712,847) (715,807) (635,497) (476,324) (682,478) (298,487) (516,786) Transfers (465, 496)(376, 541)(708, 272)(677,440) (442,300) (691,833) (605,518) (343,006) (439,401) (639,772) (259,741) (483,807) (674,300) Total business-type activities 2,118,032 2.052.664 1,989,905 2,193,652 2.320.775 2,366,327 2,591,604 3,242,409 Total primary government 2.094.764 2,600,659 Changes in net assets: Governmental activities (5,663)30,101 283,592 325,993 (204, 671)(13,506)283,620 (21, 479)9.901 143,768 Business-type activities Total primary government (19.169) \$ 313.721 \$ 262.113 335.894 (60,903) \$ \$ Changes in net position: 262.303 362.614 376,416 (3, 123)Governmental activities 218.006 Business-type activities 58.825 (220.699)531.180 306.292 (29.233)Total primary government 321,128 141,915 749,186 682,708 (32, 356)\$

Notes:

(1) Net (expense) revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues. This difference indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. Numbers in a parentheses are net expenses indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and, therefore, general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, demonstrating that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

(2) Sanitation activities and accounts were transferred from governmental activities to business-type activities during fiscal year 2009.

(3) In fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented the Auditor of Public Accounts' requirement that communication sales and use tax be reported as non-categorical state aid instead of other local taxes as previously reported.

(4) This table reports financial information based on the accrual basis of accounting. The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 63, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2013. This standard eliminated the use of the term 'net assets' and now refers to this measurement as 'net position.'

(5) In fiscal year 2016, the Town sold property for \$590,722 and was classified as miscellaneous revenue on the Statement of Activities.

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

						Fiscal Year J	une 30,				
Function/Program	20	08	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities:											
General government administration	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ 85,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 485
Public safety		196,126	331,728	240,207	249,179	240,199	231,161	217,238	220,567	353,756	205,456
Public works		924,137	908,566	667,947	645,407	1,271,146	687,509	653,460	728,114	1,057,811	825,958
Parks, recreation and cultural		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122,717
Total governmental activities	1,	120,263	1,240,294	908,154	979,586	1,511,345	918,670	870,698	948,681	1,411,567	1,154,616
Business-type activities:											
Water, sewer and sanitation	2,	238,155	2,785,807	2,821,753	2,900,470	2,961,501	2,998,344	3,003,332	3,248,089	3,314,373	3,398,092
Stormwater management		-	-	-	-	-	-	78,512	79,863	71,747	100,088
Total business-type activities	2,	238,155	2,785,807	2,821,753	2,900,470	2,961,501	2,998,344	3,081,844	3,327,952	3,386,120	3,498,180
Total government	\$3,	358,418 \$	4,026,101	\$ 3,729,907	\$ 3,880,056	\$ 4,472,846	\$ 3,917,014	\$ 3,952,542	\$ 4,276,633	\$ 4,797,687	\$ 4,652,796

Notes:

(1) Sanitation activities and accounts were transferred from governmental activities to business-type activities during fiscal year 2009.

(2) During fiscal year 2011, the general government received a land donation from the Industrial Development Authority of the Town of Bridgewater for economic development purposes.

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fisc	al Year June 30),			
		2008	2009		2010		2011		2012
General Fund:									
Reserved	\$	14,836 \$	\$ 45	305 \$	11,817	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved		362,480	(18	849)	217,297		-		-
Committed		-		-	-		10,000		10,000
Unassigned		-		-	-		427,550		483,281
Total General Fund	\$	377,316	\$ 26	456 \$	229,114	\$	437,550	\$	493,281
All Other Governmental Funds:									
Reserved	\$	20,107 \$	\$ 20	896 \$	21,640	\$	-	\$	-
Nonspendable		-		-	-		6,000		6,000
Restricted		-		-	-		16,774		16,774
Total all other governmental funds	\$	20,107 \$	\$ 20	896 \$	21,640	\$	22,774	\$	22,774
i otar an other governmentar funds	<u>.</u>	20,107	<u> </u>	φ	21,010	Ŷ	22,771	Ψ	
	<u>φ</u>	2013	2014		al Year June 30 2015		2016	Ψ	2017
					al Year June 30			Ŷ	
	\$		2014		al Year June 30	,	2016	\$	
General Fund:		2013	2014	Fisca	al Year June 30 2015	,	2016		2017
General Fund: Restricted		2013	2014	Fisca	al Year June 30 2015 813,754	,	2016		2017
General Fund: Restricted Assigned		2013	2014	Fisca - \$ - 2000	al Year June 30 2015 813,754	,	2016		
General Fund: Restricted Assigned Committed		2013 - S - 10,000	2014 5 10 731	Fisca - \$ - 2000	al Year June 30 2015 813,754 82,000	s,	2016	\$	2017 - 10,000 -
General Fund: Restricted Assigned Committed Unassigned		2013 - 5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2014 5 10 731	Fisca - \$ - 000 144	al Year June 30 2015 813,754 82,000 - 168,287	s,	2016 - - - 896,320	\$	2017
General Fund: Restricted Assigned Committed Unassigned Total General Fund		2013 - 5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2014 5 10 731 5 741	Fisca - \$ - 000 144	al Year June 30 2015 813,754 82,000 - 168,287	9, \$ \$	2016 - - - 896,320	\$	2017
General Fund: Restricted Assigned Committed Unassigned Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds:	\$	2013 - 5 - 10,000 485,544 495,544	2014 5 10 731 5 741 5 6	Fisc: - \$ - 000 144 144 \$	al Year June 30 2015 813,754 82,000 - 168,287 1,064,041	9, \$ \$	2016 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	2017

Note:

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⁽¹⁾ In fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which effectively changed the classifications used to report fund balances. The terms reserved and unreserved are no longer used to describe fund balance. Fund balance is now classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year June 30,																		
		2008		2009	201)		2011		2012		2013		2014	2015		2016		2017
Revenues:																			
General property taxes	\$	600,321	\$	585,737 \$	55	6,891	\$	558,335	\$	541,464	\$	509,468	\$	542,897	\$ 579,922	\$	593,960	\$	611,129
Other local taxes		1,247,474		1,210,915	1,19	9,153		1,176,223		1,326,917		1,489,603		1,453,313	1,530,330		1,630,253		1,645,885
Permits and other licenses		3,534		4,021		7,070		4,144		3,425		2,965		3,078	4,160		3,499		6,510
Fines and forfeitures		35,089		32,038	4	3,866		51,838		37,437		42,854		39,718	40,923		41,814		25,907
Use of money and property		97,698		89,428	8	8,035		77,000		81,329		68,678		90,455	87,468		92,345		96,141
Charges for services		355,450		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		56,976		114,967
Miscellaneous		36,564		31,159	2	2,238		52,583		17,505		20,335		32,980	160,142		56,833		26,134
Intergovernmental		828,758		1,189,848	93	6,567		1,037,248		1,639,342		1,053,075		1,019,878	1,101,594		1,557,589		1,186,880
Total revenues		3,204,888		3,143,146	2,85	3,820		2,957,371		3,647,419		3,186,978		3,182,319	3,504,539	4	4,033,269		3,713,553
Expenditures:																			
General government administration		627,972		595,075	61	8,210		646,078		674,207		676,800		734,129	770,265		760,492		771,999
Public safety		763,730		714,718	73	0,825		725,534		835,013		767,068		825,896	878,516		953,365		769,232
Public works		1,817,252		1,843,837	1,23	3,689		1,127,277		2,090,014		1,311,656		1,245,008	1,418,584	,	2,273,855		2,492,724
Parks, recreation and cultural		505,561		429,787	35	6,422		400,891		389,595		461,846		445,772	1,174,047		1,515,081		745,407
Community and economic development		107,656		119,217	9	9,236		170,291		90,406		109,124		117,737	109,003		137,385		150,315
Debt service:																			
Principal		281,183		220,275	22	9,674		229,965		230,266		291,996		216,520	146,785		164,155		230,147
Interest and fiscal charges		120,311		100,327	9	8,169		83,262		48,618		42,549		34,135	38,437		48,165		57,953
Total expenditures		4,223,665		4,023,236	3,36	6,225		3,383,298		4,358,119		3,661,039		3,619,197	4,535,637		5,852,498		5,217,777
Revenues under expenditures	(1,018,777)		(880,090)	(51	2,405)		(425,927)		(710,700)		(474,061)		(436,878)	(1,031,098)	(1,819,229)		(1,504,224)
Other financing sources (uses):																			
Sale of capital asset		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		590,722		-
Transfers in		712,847		480,019	71	5,807		635,497		376,541		476,324		682,478	298,487		618,780		841,971
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		(101,994)		(133,699)
Issuance of debt		-		50,000		-		-		390,000		-		-	1,055,000		544,000		-
Issuance of short-term debt		-		-	29	5,000		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Payment of short-term debt				-	(29	5,000)		-		-		-		-	-				-
Total other financing sources, net		712,847		530,019	71	5,807		635,497		766,541		476,324		682,478	1,353,487		1,651,508		708,272
Net change in fund balances	\$	(305,930)	\$	(350,071) \$	20	3,402	\$	209,570	\$	55,841	\$	2,263	\$	245,600	\$ 322,389	\$	(167,721)	\$	(795,952)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

						Fiscal Year	Jun	e 30,				
	2008	2009	2010		2011	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures:												
Total debt service	\$ 401,494	\$ 320,602 \$	327,8	\$43 \$	313,227	\$ 278,884	\$	334,545	\$ 250,655	\$ 185,222	\$ 212,320	\$ 288,100
Total expenditures Less: capital outlay	\$ 4,223,665 (215,429)	\$ 4,023,236 \$ (389,155)	3,366,2 (68,2		3,383,298 (7,657)	\$ 4,358,119 (76,643)		3,661,039 (151,506)	\$ 3,619,197 (60,365)	\$ 4,535,637 (910,084)	\$ 5,852,498 (1,398,661)	\$ 5,217,777 (769,033)
Noncapital expenditures	\$ 4,008,236	\$ 3,634,081 \$	3,297,9	60 \$	3,375,641	\$ 4,281,476	\$	3,509,533	\$ 3,558,832	\$ 3,625,553	\$ 4,453,837	\$ 4,448,744
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	 10.02%	8.82%	9.9	94%	9.28%	6.51%		9.53%	7.04%	5.11%	4.77%	6.48%

Note:

(1) The amounts used for capital outlay were obtained from the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year June 30,	Proj Inclu Inte	neral perty uding erest Penalty	onsumer Utility	Con	sumption	Local Sales and Use	Bank Stock	Meals	R	ight-of-way Use Fee	Business Licenses	Motor Vehicle	nmunication les and Use	 Cigarette	Totals
2008	\$ 6	600,321	\$ 327,288	\$	25,649	\$ 170,441	\$ 61,822	\$ 307,594	\$	15,047	\$ 163,835	\$ 77,081	\$ 98,717	\$ -	\$ 1,847,795
2009	4	585,737	275,634		25,298	166,599	71,495	311,681		15,032	172,228	76,820	96,128	-	1,796,652
2010	4	556,891	266,268		24,493	131,990	89,615	320,339		17,404	180,397	75,454	93,193	-	1,756,044
2011	5	558,335	274,780		25,108	162,442	108,360	360,040		15,158	172,147	58,188	-	-	1,734,558
2012	5	541,464	393,629		24,594	168,211	95,393	347,099		13,171	199,905	84,915	-	-	1,868,381
2013	4	509,468	386,397		24,672	247,769	101,619	396,659		14,082	206,776	87,377	-	24,252	1,999,071
2014	4	542,897	385,779		24,893	160,076	107,330	446,307		13,978	217,335	75,473	-	22,142	1,996,210
2015	4	579,922	387,647		24,874	160,706	146,696	466,633		14,842	223,970	82,995	-	21,967	2,110,252
2016	4	593,960	387,969		24,225	198,749	150,249	530,632		11,983	224,118	81,893	-	20,435	2,224,213
2017	6	611,129	388,104		24,186	192,639	154,259	548,988		13,324	220,114	84,417	-	19,854	2,257,014
Change															
2008-2017		1.80%	18.58%		-5.70%	13.02%	149.52%	78.48%		-11.45%	34.35%	9.52%	-100.00%	100.00%	22.15%

Notes:

(1) Beginning January 1, 2007, the Commonwealth of Virginia began collecting Consumer Utility and Cable Franchise taxes on behalf of the Town. This revenue is shown as Communication Sales and Use through June 30, 2010.

(2) In fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented the Auditor of Public Accounts' requirement that Communication Sales and Use Tax be reported as non-categorical state aid instead of other local taxes as described in Note 1.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Public Total Total Taxable Actual Value as a Fiscal Year Residential Service Assessed Total Direct Taxable Percentage of Assessed Percent June 30, Property Corporation Nontaxable Value Value Growth Tax Rate Value Actual Value 2008 \$ 373,604,271 \$ 0.66% \$ 0.08 \$ 378,866,066 100.00% 5,261,795 \$ 162,528,650 \$ 541,394,716 \$ 378,866,066 2009 375,779,954 4,870,702 162,774,050 543,424,706 380,650,656 0.47% 0.08 380,650,656 100.00% 2010 382,695,690 5,088,222 175,783,800 563,567,712 387,783,912 1.87% 0.08 387,783,912 100.00% 2011 389,052,878 5,795,586 189,175,750 584,024,214 394,848,464 1.82% 0.08 394,848,464 100.00% 2012 392,261,009 5,829,251 189,573,100 587,663,360 398,090,260 0.82% 398,090,260 100.00% 0.08 2013 0.94% 395,914,725 5,912,756 191,489,150 593,316,631 401,827,481 0.09 401,827,481 100.00% 2014 405,446,028 6,131,545 197,048,600 608,626,173 411,577,573 2.43% 0.09 411,577,573 100.00% 2015 409,796,273 6,429,834 200,667,200 616,893,307 416,226,107 0.09 416,226,107 100.00% 1.13% 2016 411,823,951 7,015,135 201,132,900 619,971,986 418,839,086 0.63% 0.09 418,839,086 100.00% 2017 413,540,334 7,256,522 201,203,800 622,000,656 420,796,856 0.47% 0.09 420,796,856 100.00%

Notes:

(1) Real and personal property tax assessments are made by the Commissioner of the Revenue for the County of Rockingham, Virginia for current use of the County and Town property. Real and personal property taxes of public service corporations are assessed by the State Corporation Commission.

(2) Town assesses taxes at 100% of total assessed value.

(3) Reassessments effective January 1, 2010 and 2014.

(4) The total direct tax rate is per \$100 of assessed value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Г	Tax Ra	ates - Tow	n			Tax Rate	es - R	ockinghan	n Cou	nty		Tax	Rates	s - Combi	ned	
Fiscal Year		Real	Pe	ersonal	Mac	chinery]	Real	Pe	ersonal	Ma	chinery		Real	Per	rsonal	Ma	chinery
June 30,	P	roperty	Pı	operty	and	Tools	Pro	operty	Pı	roperty	and	d Tools	Pr	operty	Pro	operty	anc	d Tools
2008	\$	0.08	\$	0.75	\$	0.75	\$	0.60	\$	2.80	\$	2.55	\$	0.68	\$	3.55	\$	3.30
2009	-	0.08	Ŧ	0.75	Ŧ	0.75	Ŧ	0.60	Ŧ	2.80	Ŧ	2.55	Ŧ	0.68	-	3.55	Ŧ	3.30
2010		0.08		0.75		0.75		0.60		2.80		2.55		0.68		3.55		3.30
2011		0.08		0.75		0.75		0.60		2.80		2.55		0.68		3.55		3.30
2012		0.08		0.75		0.38		0.64		2.85		2.55		0.72		3.60		2.93
2013		0.09		0.75		-		0.64		2.85		2.55		0.73		3.60		2.55
2014		0.09		0.75		-		0.64		2.85		2.55		0.73		3.60		2.55
2015		0.09		0.75		-		0.66		2.90		2.55		0.75		3.65		2.55
2016		0.09		0.75		-	0	.68/0.70		2.90		2.55	0).77/0.79		3.65		2.55
2017		0.09		0.75		-		0.70		2.90		2.55		0.79		3.65		2.55

Notes:

- (1) These rates are per \$100 of assessed value for real estate and personal property.
- (2) The Commonwealth of Virginia has no limitations on local tax rates.
- (3) Real property taxes are due in semi-annual installments by June 5 and December 5, and become delinquent thereafter.
- (4) No discounts are allowed for early payment.
- (5) Residents of incorporated towns in the Commonwealth of Virginia are subject to real property and personal property taxes levied by the town and the county where they reside.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2017			2008	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total Town			of Total Town
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	 Value	Rank	Value
Bridgewater Retirement Village	\$ 45,881,600	1	11.13%	\$ 39,622,000	1	10.56%
Tiben Limited Company (Marshall's)	14,593,400	2	3.54%	18,928,900	2	5.05%
French, Larry B and Pamela	5,366,400	3	1.30%	2,931,600	4	0.78%
Perdue Farms, Inc.	5,133,900	4	1.25%	10,034,800	3	2.68%
North Grove Rentals, LLC	2,119,000	5	0.51%	-		-
Heatwole Construction	2,002,500	6	0.49%	2,636,800	5	0.70%
Ashby 28, LLC	1,833,100	7	0.44%	1,356,000	8	0.36%
A Bird in Hand Land, LLC	1,598,900	8	0.39%	1,541,300	6	0.41%
Newland Enterprises	1,594,300	9	0.39%	-		-
Good Printers, Inc.	1,568,500	10	0.38%	1,540,900	7	0.41%
Long, William J. Revocable Trust	-		-	1,265,200	9	0.34%
Shickel Machine Shop, Inc.	 -			 1,260,700	10	0.34%
Total	\$ 81,691,600		19.82%	\$ 81,118,200		21.63%

Source: Treasurer

REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Collected W Fiscal Year o			 Total Collecti	ons to Date	
Fiscal Year June 30,	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year			Amount	Percentage of Levy	Sul	ections in osequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2008	\$	299,908	\$	293,160	97.75%	\$	6,748	\$ 299,908	100.00%
2009		303,025		298,634	98.55%		4,269	302,903	99.96%
2010		307,056		302,094	98.38%		4,844	306,938	99.96%
2011		312,031		305,715	97.98%		6,201	311,916	99.96%
2012		314,036		309,769	98.64%		4,152	313,921	99.96%
2013		335,295		330,693	98.63%		4,288	334,981	99.91%
2014		362,129		357,687	98.77%		4,106	361,793	99.91%
2015		367,506		363,278	98.85%		3,888	367,166	99.91%
2016		370,491		368,206	99.38%		1,695	369,901	99.84%
2017		373,345		369,909	99.08%		-	369,909	99.08%

Source: Treasurer

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE AND GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

		Governn Activi				siness-Typ Activities	e				Percentage of		C	General Bonded Debt Dutstanding	Percentage of Actual	Bo I	eneral onded Debt standing
Fiscal Year June 30,	(General Obligation Bonds	Note	I	Revenue Bonds	Note		Capital Leases	•	Total	Per Capita Personal Income	Debt Per ¦apita		General Obligation Bonds	Taxable Value of Property	Ι	Debt Per apita
2008	\$	2,205,300	\$ 53,022	\$	540,100	\$ -	\$	171,177	\$	2,969,599	1.76%	\$ 547	\$	2,205,300	0.58%	\$	407
2009		1,806,625	50,000		588,675	149,049		129,295		2,723,644	1.64%	502		1,806,625	0.47%		333
2010		1,586,350	40,601		458,850	110,143		85,092		2,281,036	1.38%	421		1,586,350	0.41%		293
2011		1,366,075	30,911		329,025	69,858		32,380		1,828,249	1.06%	324		1,366,075	0.35%		242
2012		1,535,800	20,920		199,200	47,279		-		1,803,199	0.97%	319		1,535,800	0.39%		272
2013		1,264,724	-		62,500	-		35,200		1,362,424	0.71%	241		1,264,724	0.31%		224
2014		1,048,204	-		550,000	-		8,800		1,607,004	0.81%	273		1,048,204	0.25%		178
2015		1,956,419	-		495,000	-		-		2,451,419	N/A	417		1,956,419	0.47%		333
2016		2,336,264	-		630,000	-		198,001		3,164,265	N/A	537		2,336,264	0.56%		397
2017		2,106,117	-		565,445	-		153,123		2,824,685	N/A	467		2,106,117	0.50%		348

Notes:

(1) Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt may be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

(2) Population and personal income data can be found in table 15.

(3) See table 7 for property value data.

(4) Excludes debt issued by IDA.

Table 11

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	(Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Rockingham County, Virginia	\$	84,370,318	5.44%	\$	4,589,745	
Town Direct Debt					2,106,117	
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	6,695,862	

Note:

(1) Overlapping debt is not bonded debt of the Town on either a direct or contingent basis, but represents the share of debt of overlapping governmental entities which the residents of the Town of obligated to pay through direct tax levies and charges for services of these respective governmental entities. The debt of Rockingham County, Virginia is a direct general obligation debt of the County which provides facilities that benefit all County residents including those of incorporated towns.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

									Fiscal Y	ear .	June 30,				
	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Legal debt margin	\$ 46,013,03	9\$	46,203,768	\$ 3	38,778,391	\$	39,484,846	\$	39,809,026	\$	40,182,748 \$	41,157,757 \$	41,622,611	\$ 41,883,909	\$ 42,079,686
Total net debt applicable to limit	2,258,32	2	1,856,625		1,626,951		1,396,986		1,556,720		1,264,724	1,048,204	1,956,419	2,336,264	2,106,117
Available legal debt margin	\$ 43,754,71	7 \$	44,347,143	\$ 3	37,151,440	\$	38,087,860	\$	38,252,306	\$	38,918,024 \$	40,109,553 \$	39,666,192	\$ 39,547,645	\$ 39,973,569
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	4.91	%	4.02%		4.20%		3.54%		3.91%		3.15%	2.55%	4.70%	5.58%	5.01%
Legal debt margin calculation for fis Assessed value of real estate	scal year 2017:	\$	420,796,856	:		G	nmary of outs bross bonded d ess: enterprise	lebt			\$	2,824,685 718,568			
Debt limit (10% of assessed value Debt applicable to limit: Net direct debt outstanding)	\$	42,079,686 2,106,117								\$	2,106,117			
Available legal debt margin		\$	39,973,569												

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Section 15.1-176 of 1950 *Code of Virginia*, as amended, limits to 10% the assessed valuation of the real estate subject to taxation as the amount of debt which can be issued by the Town. Debt includes any bonds or other interest bearing obligations including existing indebtedness. Excluded from the debt margin calculation are bonds payable from enterprise funds issued under Article VII Section 10(a)(2) of the Constitution of Virginia.

BOND COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Utility			Net										
Fiscal Year	Service O			Operating	ting Available Debt Service							Total			
June 30,		Charges		Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest		Totals		Coverage	
2008	\$	2,273,562	\$	1,369,202	\$	904,360	\$	85,225	\$	33,825	\$	119,050	\$	7.6	
2009		2,802,941		1,787,157		1,015,784		129,825		44,556		174,381		5.8	
2010		2,845,727		1,890,241		955,486		129,825		30,362		160,187		5.9	
2011		2,930,449		2,038,042		892,407		129,825		21,694		151,519		5.	
2012		2,990,240		2,240,339		749,901		129,825		14,975		144,800		5.	
2013		2,981,267		2,267,085		714,182		136,700		7,830		144,530		4.9	
2014		2,978,538		2,386,931		591,607		62,500		7,184		69,684		8.4	
2015		2,986,694		2,283,122		703,572		55,000		10,920		65,920		10.	
2016		3,120,370		2,179,720		940,650		55,000		15,036		70,036		13.4	
2017		3,221,945		2,365,789		856,156		64,555		19,265		83,820		10.	

Notes:

- (1) Utility service charges includes all revenues of the fund except gains on sales of capital assets, developer donated assets, capital grants, and transfers in.
- (2) Operating expenses are exclusive of depreciation, amortization, interest expense, losses on sales of capital assets, and transfers out.
- (3) Sanitation accounts were transferred from the general government to the proprietary fund during fiscal year 2009.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	(1) Population	Personal Income	Р	(2) r Capita Personal Income	(3) Unemployment Rate
2008	5,424	\$ 168,442,320	\$	31,055	3.5%
2009	5,424	166,370,352		30,673	6.4%
2010	5,420	165,044,420		30,451	6.3%
2011	5,644	173,197,428		30,687	5.9%
2012	5,644	186,240,712		32,998	5.5%
2013	5,644	192,832,904		34,166	5.0%
2014	5,879	198,139,937		33,703	4.5%
2015	5,879	209,880,300		35,700	4.6%
2016	5,889	(4)		(4)	3.7%
2017	6,048	(4)		(4)	3.4%

Notes:

- (1) Population estimates obtained from the United States Bureau of the Census for years 2008 through 2017.
- (2) This information is not maintained for Towns. The amounts used are for the County of Rockingham, Virginia, which the Town lies within. The County obtained its information from the Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (3) This information is not maintained for Towns. The amounts used are for the County of Rockingham, Virginia, which the Town lies within. The County obtained its information for years 2008 through 2009 from the Virginia Employment Commission Harrisonburg/Rockingham County Branch; 2010 through 2017 information was obtained from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics for Rockingham County.
- (4) Information was not available.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year June 30,												
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017				
Conservation administration														
General government administration:														
Legislative:		2	2						2	2				
Superintendent's office	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3				
Treasurer's office	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3				
Public safety:														
Law enforcement and traffic control	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9				
Public works:														
Public works department	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	3	4	4				
Maintenance	6	6	6	7	6	6	6	5	5	5				
General properties	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5				
Parks, recreation and cultural	4	4	4	4	4	5	6	5	8	9				
Water, Sewer and Sanitation:														
Administration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Transmission	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5				
Purification	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5				
Sewer maintenance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				
Sanitation	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6				
Total	53	52	51	52	50	52	54	51	56	57				

Note:

(1) Sanitation activities and accounts were transferred from governmental activities to business-type activities during fiscal year 2009.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council Town of Bridgewater, Virginia Bridgewater, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control as described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response as 2017-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town's Response to Finding

The Town's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PBMares, JZP

Harrisonburg, Virginia October 2, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDING AND RESPONSE Year Ended June 30, 2017

FINDING RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT AS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

A. Material Weakness in Internal Control

2017-001 Material Weakness Due to Material Audit Adjustments

Criteria: The year-end financial statements obtained from the Town and Industrial Development Authority (IDA) to be audited should be final and free of material misstatements.

Condition: Upon auditing the IDA's year-end balances, entries were required to restate prior periods to record a note receivable not previously recorded and remove capital assets not owned by the IDA.

Based on the adjustments made during the Town's annual audit, it does not appear the Town's management is able to draft financial statements, including all footnotes and disclosures, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Management provides information for year-end adjustments and management is provided all year-end journal entries made during the audit, which are verified by management and posted to the Town's general ledger.

Cause: There was a lack of review to ensure the items noted above regarding the IDA were accurately recorded.

Effect: The necessary entries and restatements above were material to the financial statements, and were included as adjustments in order to more accurately represent the financial position of the Town and IDA.

Management's Response

The Town of Bridgewater is not in a position to hire a full-time, in-house Certified Public Accountant at this time, nor will we be able to do so in the near future. It appears this would be required in order to remedy the above noted deficiency.

