FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Falling Spring Falls

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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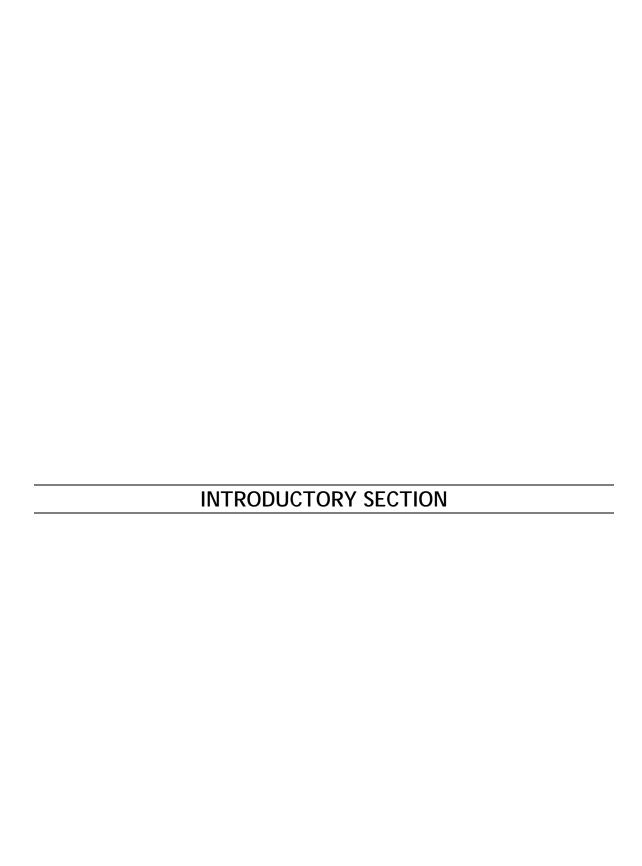
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COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Stephen A. Bennett, Chairman

G. Matt Garten, Vice Chairman Shannon P. Cox Cletus W. Nicely Suzanne T. Adcock James M. Griffith Richard L. Shull

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Randy Tucker, Chairman

Gerald E. Franson, Vice-Chairman Danielle I. Morgan Jennifer Seckner R. Craig Lane Norman "Todd" Persinger, Jr. Jacob Wright

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Shannon P. Cox, Chair

Thomas Sibold, Jr., Vice Chairman Kenneth R. Lane

Kathy Harris

Carolyn T. Barnette David Crosier

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Debbie Byer
Commissioner of the Revenue	Valerie Bruffey
Treasurer	
Sheriff	Kevin Hall
Director of Social Services	H. Dawn Riddle
County Administrator	Jon Lanford
County Attorney	Jim Guynn



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Board of Supervisors County of Alleghany, Virginia Covington, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Alleghany, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Alleghany, Virginia, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to OPEB funding and pensions on pages 69-70 and 71-75 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Alleghany, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and other statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and other statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

linear, Farmer, Cox Associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2017, on our consideration of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 30, 2017



County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	G	overnmental		ary Governme usiness-type	HIL		- `	Component Unit
	G	<u>Activities</u>	ы	Activities		<u>Total</u>	S	chool Board
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,277,611		1,664,274	\$	9,941,885	\$	6,008,60
Cash in custody of others	Ψ	0,277,011		1,004,274	Ψ	7,741,003	Ψ	348,70
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								340,70
Taxes receivable		795,920		_		795,920		_
Accounts receivable		69,442		487,731		557,173		50,48
Due from component unit		80,106		-		80,106		30,40
Due from other governmental units-current portion		2,393,171		262,015		2,655,186		277,10
Inventories		6,246		202,013		6,246		16,15
Prepaid items		0,240		_		0,240		340,79
Restricted assets:								340,77
Temporarily restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents				54,643		54,643		
Cash and cash equivalents - debt reserve funds		_		707,802		707,802		_
Due from other governmental units-net of current portion		_		1,119,068		1,119,068		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		_		1,117,000		1,117,000		_
Land		3,706,509		88,980		3,795,489		971,02
Buildings and improvements		22,154,134		-		22,154,134		5,594,45
Machinery and equipment		1,627,962		467,339		2,095,301		2,111,81
Infrastructure		1,027,702						2,111,01
		2 720 646		42,993,870		42,993,870		
Construction in progress Total assets	\$	2,720,646 41,831,747	\$	249,435 48,095,157	\$	2,970,081 89,926,904	\$	176,54 15,895,69
Total assets	Φ_	41,031,747	Φ	40,075,157	Ф	07,720,704	Ф	13,673,07
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	750,199	\$	62,293	\$	812,492	\$	1,807,43
tems related to measurement of net pension liability		671,377		73,411		744,788		1,491,95
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,421,576	\$	135,704	\$	1,557,280	\$	3,299,39
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	800,020	\$	391,259	\$	1,191,279	¢	277 46
Accrued liabilities	Ф		Φ		Φ		Φ	277,46
		149,195		14,092 54,643		163,287		1,938,58
Customers' deposits		104 411		•		54,643		-
Accrued interest payable		126,411		56,114		182,525		
Due to primary government		-		-		-		80,10
Long-term liabilities:		1 052 /5/		002 001		2.04/ 747		105.70
Due within one year		1,853,656		993,091		2,846,747		125,78
Due in more than one year	_	12,742,528	Φ.	13,568,727		26,311,255		22,793,39
Total liabilities	\$	15,671,810	\$	15,077,926	\$	30,749,736	\$	25,215,33
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	18,873	\$	-	\$	18,873	\$	-
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		1,271,221		92,031		1,363,252		3,071,10
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,290,094	\$	92,031	\$	1,382,125	\$	3,071,10
NOTION								
NET POSITION	•	22 007 007	4	20.000.420	φ.	E1 000 F2F	۴	0.053.0
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	22,087,897	\$	29,800,638	\$	51,888,535	\$	8,853,84
Restricted:		057.057				057.054		05/ 05
Jail Operations		257,956		-		257,956		356,95
CDBG Housing		29,531		-		29,531		-
Law Library		18,830		-		18,830		-
Asset Forfeiture Funds		73,827		-		73,827		-
Indoor Plumbing Rehab		68,491		-		68,491		-
Emergency Repair Fund		47,631		-		47,631		-
Debt Service Reserves		-		707,802		707,802		-
School Cafeterias		-		-		-		348,70
Health insurance		340,939		-		340,939		-
Jnrestricted		3,366,317		2,552,464		5,918,781		(18,650,84
Total net position	\$	26,291,419	\$	33,060,904	\$	59,352,323	\$	(9,091,35

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues	v			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Revenue and	
	I		Operating	Capital		Prim	Primary Government		Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Gov	Governmental B Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:									
General government administration		\$ 64,812	\$ 313,500	\$ 28,600	↔	(1,606,774) \$	-	(1,606,774)	· •
Judicial administration	1,727,111	8,150	723,695			(995, 266)		(995,266)	
Public safety	6,281,243	144,855	2,605,258			(3, 531, 130)		(3,531,130)	
Public works	3,069,619	319,765	34,401			(2, 715, 453)	i	(2,715,453)	
Health and welfare	4,328,093	,	3,439,947	1		(888, 146)	,	(888,146)	•
Education	11,953,884	1	2,376,670	,		(9,577,214)	ı	(9,577,214)	٠
Parks, recreation, and cultural	810,438	30,684	4,500	2,069,335		1,294,081	ı	1,294,081	•
Community development	2,120,959		٠			(2,120,959)		(2,120,959)	
Interest on long-term debt	252,340	•	٠			(252,340)		(252,340)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 32,557,373	\$ 568,266	\$ 9,497,971	\$ 2,097,935	\$	(20,393,201)	-	(20,393,201)	· \$
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 5.174.652	\$ 4.353.681	↔	\$ 98.736	€7		(722,235) \$	(722,235)	6
Total primary government	37,732,025		\$ 9,497,971	\$ 2,196,671		(20, 393, 201) \$	(722,235)	(21,115,436)	- \$
COMPONENT UNIT: School Board	\$ 26,224,177	\$ 499,236	\$ 14,506,532	6	↔		\$		\$ (11,218,409)
Total component unit	26,224,177		\$ 14,506,532		\$	\$ -	\$ -		\$ (11,218,409)
	General revenues:								
	General property taxes	taxes			↔	16,216,009 \$	·	16,216,009	
	Other local taxes								
	Local sales and use taxes	ise taxes				755,943		755,943	•
	Consumers' utility taxes	y taxes				280, 379		280,379	ı
	Business license taxes	taxes				398,894		398,894	
	Utility consumption taxes	ion taxes				223,314	·	223,314	•
	Motor vehicle licenses	enses				389,901		389,901	
	Restaurant food taxes	taxes				355,785		355,785	٠
	Transient lodging taxes	g taxes				107,113	i	107,113	٠
	Other local taxes	6				71,569		71,569	•
	Unrestricted reve	nues from use of	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	erty		37,962	16,335	54,297	6,389
	Miscellaneous					1,646,749	10,624	1,657,373	535,471
	Payments from the County of Alleghany	e County of Alle	ghany			,		,	11,296,651
	Grants and contril	outions not restr	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	rograms		2,485,685	•	2,485,685	•
	Transfers					100,000	(100,000)		-
	Total general revenues and transfers	enues and transf	ers				(73,041)	22,996,262	11
	Change in net position	ion			↔	2,676,102 \$		1,880,826	\$ 620,102
	Net position - beginning	ning				23,615,317	33,856,180	57,471,497	(9,711,453)
	Net position - ending	Đ.			↔	26,291,419 \$	33,060,904 \$	59,352,323	\$ (9,091,351)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

		General <u>Fund</u>	Sp	ecial Law <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,684,399	\$	252,273	\$	7,936,672
Cash in custody of others		-		-		-
Investments				-		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		705 020				705 020
Taxes receivable		795,920		10.074		795,920
Accounts receivable		58,468		10,974		69,442
Due from component unit		80,106		-		80,106
Due from other governmental units Inventories		2,393,171 6,246		-		2,393,171
Total assets	•	11,018,310	\$	263,247	\$	6,246
Total assets	Þ	11,010,310	φ	203,247	φ	11,201,337
LIABILITIES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	794,729	\$	5,291	\$	800,020
Accrued liabilities		149,195		-		149,195
Total liabilities	\$	943,924	\$	5,291	\$	949,215
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes	\$	601,287 18,872	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	601,287 18,872
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	620,159	\$		\$	620,159
Total deferred millows of resources		020,107	Ψ		Ψ	020,107
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable						
Inventory	\$	6,246	\$	-	\$	6,246
Restricted						
Jail Operations		-		257,956		257,956
CDBG Housing		29,531		-		29,531
Law Library		18,830		-		18,830
Asset Forfeiture Funds		73,827		-		73,827
Indoor Plumbing Rehab		68,491		-		68,491
Emergency Repair Fund		47,631		-		47,631
Unassigned		9,209,671		-		9,209,671
Total fund balances	\$	9,454,227	\$	257,956	\$	9,712,183
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	11,018,310	\$	263,247	\$	11,281,557

County of Alleghany, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

·		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 9,712,183
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,		
are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 3,706,509	
Buildings and improvements	22,154,134	
Machinery and equipment	1,627,962	
Construction in progress	2,720,646	30,209,251
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		601,286
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities,		
such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the		
internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net position.		340,939
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to		
the net pension liabilty in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		750,199
Items related to measurement of the net pension liability are considered deferred outflows		
or deferred inflows and will be amortized and recognized in pension expense over future years.		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 671,377	
Deferred inflows of resources	(1,271,221)	(599,844)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current		
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This amount is net of any corresponding		
unamortized bond issuance costs and deferred amounts on refundings.		
General obligation bonds	\$ (4,323,590)	
Premium on issuance	(47,764)	
Literary loans	(3,750,000)	
Accrued interest payable	(126,411)	
Compensated absences	(328,778)	
Net pension liability	(6,146,052)	(14,722,595)
Net position of governmental activities	- -	\$ 26,291,419

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES	<u>General</u>	ecial Law <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$ 16,146,070	\$ -	\$ 16,146,070
Other local taxes	2,582,898	-	2,582,898
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	29,471	-	29,471
Fines and forfeitures	101,353	-	101,353
Revenue from the use of money and property	35,828	1,453	37,281
Charges for services	437,442	-	437,442
Miscellaneous	1,583,610	63,139	1,646,749
Recovered costs	1,380,361	-	1,380,361
Intergovernmental	 14,052,991	-	14,052,991
Total revenues	\$ 36,350,024	\$ 64,592	\$ 36,414,616
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government administration	\$ 2,358,500	\$ -	\$ 2,358,500
Judicial administration	1,766,569	-	1,766,569
Public safety	6,737,885	27,179	6,765,064
Public works	3,021,282	-	3,021,282
Health and welfare	4,518,362	-	4,518,362
Education	11,305,881	-	11,305,881
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,940,320	-	2,940,320
Community development	2,124,181	-	2,124,181
Nondepartmental	-	-	-
Capital projects	80,775	-	80,775
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	1,578,604	-	1,578,604
Interest and other fiscal charges	311,769	-	311,769
Total expenditures	\$ 36,744,128	\$ 27,179	\$ 36,771,307
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	\$ (394,104)	\$ 37,413	\$ (356,691)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ (294,104)	\$ 37,413	\$ (256,691)
Fund balances - beginning	 9,748,331	 220,543	9,968,874
Fund balances - ending	\$ 9,454,227	\$ 257,956	\$ 9,712,183

County of Alleghany, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Tot the Tear Ended Sune Co, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(256,691)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 2,806,303 (1,895,845)	-	910,458
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position.			28,600
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability	\$ 69,939 (350,351)	-	(280,412)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal repayments:	220 (04		
General obligation bonds Literary loans	\$ 828,604 750,000	-	1,578,604
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a decrease to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and therefore, are not reported in the funds.			(179,843)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absenses Change in accrued interest payable Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability Amortization of bond premium	\$ (20,021) 24,487 163,920 671,377 34,942	<u>-</u>	874,705
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			681
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	2,676,102

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund Internal Water and Service Sewer Fund Funds
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,664,274 \$ 340,939
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	487,731 -
Due from other governmental units	262,015 -
Total current assets	\$ 2,414,020 \$ 340,939
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:	
Customers' deposits	\$ 54,643 \$ -
Debt service reserves	707,802 -
Total restricted assets	\$ 762,445 \$ -
Due from other governmental units	\$ 1,119,068
Capital assets:	
Infrastructure and equipment	\$ 55,692,711 \$ -
Land	88,980 -
Machinery and equipment	776,885 -
Accumulated depreciation	(13,008,387) -
Construction in progress	249,435 -
Total capital assets	\$ 43,799,624 \$ -
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 45,681,137 \$ -
Total assets	\$ 48,095,157 \$ 340,939
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 62,293 \$ -
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	73,411 -
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 135,704 \$ -
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 391,259 \$ -
Payroll liabilities	14,092 -
Customers' deposits	54,643 -
Accrued interest payable	56,114 -
Compensated absences - current portion	63,662 -
Bonds payable - current portion	929,429 -
Total current liabilities	\$ 1,509,199 \$ -
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$ 21,220 \$ -
Bonds payable - net of current portion	13,069,557 -
Net pension liability	477,950 -
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 13,568,727 \$ -
Total liabilities	\$ 15,077,926 \$ -
Total liabilities	\$ 15,077,720 \$ -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$ 92,031 \$ -
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 29,800,638 \$ -
Restricted for debt service	707,802 -
Restricted for health claims	- 340,939
Unrestricted	2,552,464 -
Total net position	\$ 33,060,904 \$ 340,939
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County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

To the roal Endod outle oo,		Enterprise Fund		Internal
		Water and Sewer Fund		Service <u>Funds</u>
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services:				
Water revenues (serves as security for revenue bonds)	\$	1,877,060	\$	_
Sewer revenues (serves as security for revenue bonds)	,	2,439,632	•	_
Penalty		36,989		_
Miscellaneous		10,624		_
Total operating revenues	\$	4,364,305	\$	-
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and wages	\$	635,109	\$	-
Fringe benefits		271,895		-
Professional services		588,812		-
Utilities		287,069		_
Materials and supplies		406,329		-
Insurance		40,410		-
Travel		5,282		_
Dues and memberships		400		_
Permits		20,769		_
Rentals and leases		13,566		_
Repairs and maintenance		108,215		_
Purchased services		1,584,242		_
Depreciation		1,108,812		_
Total operating expenses	\$	5,070,910	\$	-
Operating income (loss)	\$	(706,605)	\$	-
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	\$	16,335	\$	681
Loss on disposal of assets		(21,947)		-
Connection fees		19,750		-
Interest expense		(81,795)		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(67,657)	\$	681
Income before contributions and transfers	\$	(774,262)	\$	681
Capital contributions and construction grants		78,986		-
Transfers out		(100,000)		-
Change in net position	\$	(795,276)	\$	681
Total net position - beginning		33,856,180		340,258
Total net position - ending	\$	33,060,904	\$	340,939

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund		Internal Service Funds	
	_				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢	4 / / 2 200	¢		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	4,663,200	\$	-	
Payments to suppliers Payments to and for employees		(3,207,151) (912,708)		-	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	543,341	\$		
CACLUELOWS FROM NONGARITAL FINANCING					
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers to other funds	¢	(100,000)	\$		
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	<u>\$</u> \$	(100,000)	\$		
net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	<u> </u>	(100,000)	Þ	-	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES	•	(0.4/5.007)	Φ.		
Additions to utility plant	\$	(2,465,237)	\$	-	
Sale of capital assets Principal payments on bonds		100,000		-	
Connection fees		(845,126)		-	
Contributions in aid of construction		19,750 78,986		-	
Proceeds from indebtedness		2,471,571		-	
Interest expense		(41,572)		-	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related		(41,372)			
financing activities	\$	(681,628)	\$	-	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest income	\$	16,335	\$	681	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	16,335	\$	681	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(221,952)	\$	681	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted of \$759,716		2,648,671		340,258	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted of \$762,445	\$	2,426,719	\$	340,939	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(706,605)	\$	-	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	\$	1,108,812	\$	-	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		34,151		-	
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		262,015			
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(63,503)		-	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		2,729		-	
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable		(152,057)		-	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		11,003		-	
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		3,091		-	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		25,008		-	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		18,697		-	
Total adjustments	\$	1,249,946	\$	-	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	543,341	\$	-	

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,237,664
Total assets	\$ 1,237,664
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 715
Accrued liabilities	3,382
Amounts held for Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation	128,007
Amounts held for social services clients	20,392
Amounts held for Friends of Youth	3,489
Amounts held for Human and Leisure Activity	798
Amounts held for Jackson River Vocational Center	393,799
Amounts held for United Fire and Rescue Association	663,579
Amounts held for other localities	18,372
Amounts held for Humane Society	5,131
Total liabilities	\$ 1,237,664

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Alleghany, Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component unit, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit column in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

The Alleghany County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are appointed. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Related Organizations - The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

Jointly Governed Organizations - None

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (Continued)

The statement of net position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Law Library, Employee Function, Indoor Plumbing Rehab, Emergency Repair, Drug Asset Forfeiture, Courthouse Security, Children Coping with Divorce and Community Development Block Grant Funds. Such funds have been merged for financial reporting purposes.

The *special law fund* is a major special revenue fund. It accounts for and reports revenues generated by the Jail that are restricted as to use.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The County operates a sewage collection and treatment system and water distribution system. The activities of these systems are accounted for in the Water and Sewer Fund.

The *Internal Service Fund* accounts for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County government. The self-insured health insurance plan is accounted for in this fund. The self-insurance plan was terminated on July 1, 2012 and the fund remains solely to pay any lingering claims.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Special Welfare, Friends of Youth, Humane Society Capital Improvements, Human and Leisure Service, Jackson River Vocational Center, United Fire and Rescue Association, Funds held for other localities, and the AHEDC Fund.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$132,873 at June 30, 2017 and is comprised of \$96,097 in property taxes and \$36,776 in water and sewer billings.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

6. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when purchased. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current or previous year.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20 - 40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20 - 65
Machinery and equipment	5 - 12

8. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation, sick, and holiday pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive benefits. All vacation, sick, and holiday pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent of amounts that are paid out to employees upon termination.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

11. Fund Equity

Fund balances, presented in the governmental fund financial statements, represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported in a governmental fund. The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> -items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form (such as prepaid items and inventory) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);

<u>Restricted</u> -items that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation;

<u>Committed</u> -items that have been committed (modified or rescinded) by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the County considers to be the Board of Supervisors. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> -items that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County considers this level of authority to be the Board of Supervisors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Supervisors.

<u>Unassigned</u> -this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance / resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

12. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

13. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

14. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. It is also comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

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- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)
 - 14. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30th and amounts prepaid on taxes due December 5th and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on taxes due on December 5th are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on the pension items, reference the pension note.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All nonfiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. The School Operating Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (Continued)

- B. Budgetary information (Continued)
 - 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
 - 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
 - 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is part of the County's accounting system.
- C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2017, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

D. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any funds during the year.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). At year end, the government was not in compliance with certain requirements of the State Code regarding investments.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County has not adopted an investment policy for credit risk. The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2017 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or and equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings							
	AAAm	AAA	AA+	AA				
Fidelity money market	\$ 57,020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
LGIP	1,380		-					
Corporate bonds and notes	-	200,856	1,158,576	847,359				
U.S. Agencies	-	-	952,378	-				

External Investment Pools

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Interest Rate Risk

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	-	Fair Value	1 Year	•	1-5 Years	6-10 Years
Money market funds US Agency Securities	\$	58,400 952,378	\$ 58,400 197,725	\$	- 754 652	\$ -
Corporate bonds Certificates of deposi	+	2,206,791	191,125		754,653 2,008,155	198,636
Totals	۱ - \$	1,766,706 4,984,275	\$ 256,125	. \$	1,715,721 4,478,529	\$ 50,985 249,621

Investments with a maturity of more than 5 years are not in compliance with the Virginia Investment of Public Funds Act.

Custodial Credit Risk

At year end, the County was not exposed to any custodial credit risk for deposits or investments. The County limits deposits to those banks fully collateralized under the Commonwealth's Security for Public Deposits Act. The County policy in regards to investments requires that all investments be held in the County's name.

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary overnment	Business-Type Activities		•	oonent Unit ool Board
Local:					
City of Covington	\$ 301,245	\$	-	\$	-
County of Bath	92,888		-		-
Clifton Forge	-		1,381,083		-
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Local sales tax	134,371		-		-
State sales tax	418,504		-		-
Categorical aid, shared expenses	267,376		-		-
Other categorical aid	181,368		-		-
Non-categorical aid	154,309		-		-
Virginia public assistance funds	69,288		-		-
Community Services Authority	301,565		-		-
Federal government:					
Virginia public assistance funds	166,331		-		-
Categorical aid	305,926		-		277,104
	\$ 2,393,171	\$	1,381,083	\$	277,104

Note 5-Component-Unit Obligations and Contributions:

At June 30, 2017 there was a balance of \$80,106 due to the Primary Government from the Component-unit School Board to reimburse costs related to the School Resource Officer Program.

Primary government contributions to the component unit for the year ended June 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

Component Unit:

School Board \$ 11,296,651

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2017.

			ncreases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements		Balance ne 30, 2017	
General obligation bonds	\$	5,152,194	\$	-	\$ (828,604)	\$	4,323,590
Premium on issuance		82,706		-	(34,942)		47,764
Literary loans		4,500,000		-	(750,000)		3,750,000
Compensated absences		308,757		251,589	(231,568)		328,778
Net pension liability		6,309,972		2,969,063	(3,132,983)		6,146,052
Total	\$	16,353,629	\$	3,220,652	\$ (4,978,097)	\$	14,596,184

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obli	gatior	n Bonds		Literary Loans			
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest	
2018	\$ 857,072	\$	181,629	\$	750,000	\$	75,000	
2019	895,087		142,319		750,000		60,000	
2020	523,339		109,474		750,000		45,000	
2021	541,736		83,589		750,000		30,000	
2022	565,508		56,437		750,000		15,000	
2023-2027	940,848		109,152		-		-	
Totals	\$ 4,323,590	\$	682,600	\$	3,750,000	\$	225,000	

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Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations</u>: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

5	Total Amount		ount Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds: \$5,000,000 General Obligation Bond (Alleghany Highlands School Project) issued March 20, 2001 bearing interest at a rate of 5.60% payable semi-annually on July 15 and January 15 through 2021. Principal payments are due annually in			
installments varying from \$140,000 to \$405,000.	\$	1,770,000	\$ 320,000
\$3,205,141 General Obligation Bond bearing interest at a rate between 4.225% and 5.1% payable semi-annually on July 15 and January 15 through 2026. Principal payments are due annually in installments varying from \$122,176 to \$197,459.		1,783,590	162,072
\$1,825,000 General Obligation Bond bearing interest at a rate between 3.05% and 4.05% payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 through 2018. Principal payments are due annually in installments varying from \$340,000 to \$395,000.			
		770,000	 375,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	4,323,590	\$ 857,072
Literary Loans: \$7,500,000 State Literary Loan issued January 15, 2002 due in annual principal installments of \$375,000 through December 1, 2022 with interest payable at 2.00%.	\$	1,875,000	\$ 375,000
\$7,500,000 State Literary Loan issued January 15, 2002 due in annual principal installments of \$375,000 through December 1, 2022 with interest payable at 2.00%.		1,875,000	 375,000
Total Literary Loans	\$	3,750,000	\$ 750,000

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations</u>: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations: (Continued)

	Amount Due	 mount Due nin One Year
Other Obligations (liquidated in the General Fund)	 	
Compensated Absences	\$ 328,778	\$ 246,584
Unamortized Premium on Issuance	47,764	-
Net Pension Liability	 6,146,052	
Total Other Obligations	\$ 6,522,594	\$ 246,584
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 14,596,184	\$ 1,853,656

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities</u>:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2017.

	Balanc July 1, 2			reases/ rements	_ Jui	Balance ne 30, 2017
Revenue bonds Compensated absences Net pension liability		\$,541 \$ 2,471,571 5,879 66,412 9,253 254,824		(845,126) (55,409) (236,127)	\$	13,998,986 84,882 477,950
Total	\$ 12,905	\$ 2,792,807	\$ (1	,136,662)	\$	14,561,818

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities</u>: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds			
June 30,		Principal		Interest
		_		
2018	\$	929,429	\$	160,797
2019		1,016,736		134,593
2020		1,021,551		129,778
2021		1,026,473		124,856
2022		927,772		119,825
2023-2027		3,465,360		520,393
2028-2032		2,815,997		387,171
2033-2037		1,524,780		241,220
2038-2042		538,213		120,415
2043-2047		428,871		59,183
2048-2051		303,804		11,760
Totals	\$	13,998,986	\$	2,009,991

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities</u>: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

Total Amount Due Amount Within One Year	J J
	Revenue Bonds:
50%. Monthly principal and	\$463,000 Rural Development Bond issued February 13, 2001, bearing interest at 4.50%. Monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,126 begin on August 6, 2002 and continue through 2039.
semi-annual installments on ne amount of \$51,866 through	\$2,153,232 Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond issued December 17, 1999 with semi-annual installments on February 1 and August 1 in the amount of \$51,866 through February 1, 2021. This is a non-interest bearing loan.
of 2.25% with interest only 2011 and 2012 and principal 37,943 due monthly starting	\$2,429,000 Rural Development Bond issued November 9, 2010, at an interest rate of 2.25% with interest only payments due November 9, 2011 and 2012 and principal and interest payments of \$7,943 due monthly starting December 9, 2012 and continuing until October 9, 2050.
nnual principal payments of	\$4,385,649 interest free Virginia Resource Authority Bond issued in 2011 with semi-annual principal payments of \$109,641 beginning August 1, 2012 and continuing until August 1, 2019.
Semi-annual principal and	\$563,500 Virginia Resource Authority Bond issued in 2012, bearing interest at 3.00%. Semi-annual principal and interest payments of \$14,459 beginning January 2014 and continuing until July 2043.
nnual principal payments of	\$1,759,875 interest free Virginia Resource Authority Bond issued in 2016 with semi-annual principal payments of \$135,375 beginning September 1, 2016 and continuing until September 1, 2022.
Semi-annual principal and 0 beginning August 2017 and 037. As of June 30, 2017,	\$3,733,313 Virginia Resource Authority Bond issued in 2016, bearing interest at 1.45%. Semi-annual principal and interest payments of \$110,240 beginning August 2017 and continuing until February 2037. As of June 30, 2017, \$3,650,295 of this loan has been drawn down.
2011 and 2012 and principal 37,943 due monthly starting uing until October 9, 2050. 2,232,658 inia Resource Authority Bond annual principal payments of , 2012 and continuing until 3,289,237 uthority Bond issued in 2012, Semi-annual principal and beginning January 2014 and 502,069 inia Resource Authority Bond annual principal payments of ber 1, 2016 and continuing 1,489,125 Authority Bond issued in 2016, Semi-annual principal and 0 beginning August 2017 and 037. As of June 30, 2017,	payments due November 9, 2011 and 2012 and principal and interest payments of \$7,943 due monthly starting December 9, 2012 and continuing until October 9, 2050. \$4,385,649 interest free Virginia Resource Authority Bond issued in 2011 with semi-annual principal payments of \$109,641 beginning August 1, 2012 and continuing until August 1, 2019. \$563,500 Virginia Resource Authority Bond issued in 2012, bearing interest at 3.00%. Semi-annual principal and interest payments of \$14,459 beginning January 2014 and continuing until July 2043. \$1,759,875 interest free Virginia Resource Authority Bond issued in 2016 with semi-annual principal payments of \$135,375 beginning September 1, 2016 and continuing until September 1, 2022. \$3,733,313 Virginia Resource Authority Bond issued in 2016, bearing interest at 1.45%. Semi-annual principal and interest payments of \$110,240 beginning August 2017 and continuing until February 2037. As of June 30, 2017,

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations</u>: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations: (Continued)

	Total Amount	nount Due in One Year
Revenue Bonds (Continued)		
\$248,548 Revenue Bond issued February 1, 2005, at an interest rate of 3.00%, with principal and interest payments of \$8,464 due every February 1 and August 1 beginning February 1, 2006 until February 1, 2032.	\$ 119,610	\$ 13,440
\$5,887,182 interest free Virginia Resource Authority bond issued in 2007 with semi - annual principal payments of \$85,204 due until September 1, 2028.	1,959,701	 170,409
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 13,998,986	\$ 929,429
Other Obligations: (liquidated in the Water and Sewer Fund)		
Compensated Absences Net pension liability	\$ 84,882 477,950	\$ 63,662 -
Total Other Obligations	\$ 562,832	\$ 63,662
Total Long - term Obligations	\$ 14,561,818	\$ 993,091

Note 7-Long-term Obligations-Component Unit School Board:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017.

		Balance				Balance
	_Jı	uly 1, 2016	Increases	 Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2017
Net OPEB obligation	\$	473,844	\$ 106,264	\$ (97,200)	\$	482,908
Compensated absences		168,561	125,576	(126,421)		167,716
Net pension liability		20,378,143	 6,967,480	 (5,077,061)		22,268,562
			 	 _		_
Total	\$	21,020,548	\$ 7,199,320	\$ (5,300,682)	\$	22,919,186

Details of long-term obligations:

	Total		ount Due
	Amount	with	in One Year
Other Obligations: (liquidated in School Operating Fund)			
Net OPEB obligation	\$ 482,908	\$	-
Compensated absences	167,716		125,787
Net pension liability	22,268,562		-
			_
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 22,919,186	\$	125,787

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report participate in the VRS plan through the County of Alleghany and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.				

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RET	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.				
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.				

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan.They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered		
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.		
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees re paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified		

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.			

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.				

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.				
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.				

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions				
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.				
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.				
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component:				

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIR	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.				
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.				
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.				

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)					
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.					
ci cuitable sei vice.		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.					
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.					

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires directly from short-term or longterm disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.					

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.				
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: •Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. •The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. •Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.				

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 11.29% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$812,492 and \$1,002,243 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$6,624,002 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Contributions during the year ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the County's proportion was 98.5707% and 99.6400%, respectively.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees: (Continued)

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Alleghany County's Retirement Plan and the Alleghany County Public Schools Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees</u>: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
 - Decrease in rates of disability retirement
 - Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the Alleghany County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees: (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation_	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Alleghany County Retirement Plan, Alleghany County Public Schools Retirement Plan, and the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Current Discount		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
County's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	10,974,276	6,624,002	2,998,987	

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$494,831. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government		
	Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources
	Resources	-	1 Coources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	1,285,989
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	19,147		77,263
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	725,641		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	812,492		
Total	\$ 1,557,280	\$	1,363,252

\$812,492 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

			Primary
	Year ended June 30	_	Government
	2018	\$	(433,542)
	2019		(433,542)
	2020		56,541
	2021		192,079
	Thereafter		· <u>-</u>

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional):

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	74
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	8
Non-vested inactive members	10
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	8
Total inactive members	26
Active members	81
Total covered employees	181

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 6.10% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional): (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$109,438 and \$161,091 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Changes in Net Pension Liability	Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) Increase (Decrease)					ofessional)
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary I Net Position I		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	10,093,230	\$_	9,930,087	\$	163,143
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	194,012	\$	-	\$	194,012
Interest		687,123		-		687,123
Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions - employer		(81,090)		- 161,091		(81,090) (161,091)
Contributions - employee		-		89,220		(89,220)
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds		-		166,660		(166,660)
of employee contributions		(554,368)		(554,368)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(6,273)		6,273
Other changes		-		(72)		72
Net changes	\$	245,677	\$	(143,742)	\$	389,419
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	10,338,907	\$	9,786,345	\$	552,562

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional):</u> (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
	1% Decrease	1% Increase		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	1,668,464	552,562	(397,282)	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$10,699.

At June 30, 2017, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School		
	Board (nonprofessional)		
	Deferred Deferred		
	Outflows of		Inflows of
	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	138,100
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	250,955		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	109,438		
Total	\$ 360,393	\$	138,100

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional):</u> (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

\$109,438 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2018	\$ (103,319)
2019	(37,241)
2020	149,897
2021	103,518
Thereafter	-

Component Unit School Board (professional):

Plan Description

Additional Information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.66% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and reflects for the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 16.32%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 89.84% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,698,000 and \$1,645,809 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported a liability of \$21,716,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2016 the school division's proportion was 0.15496% as compared to 0.16061% at June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,157,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Component Unit School			
		Board (professional)			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	704,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,241,000		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		2,229,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,698,000	_		
Total	\$	2,939,000	\$	2,933,000	
	=		- :		

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

\$1,698,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Component Unit School Board (professional)
2018	\$ (522,500)
2019	(522,500)
2020	(522,500)
2021	(522,500)
Thereafter	398,000

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	44,182,326
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Ψ	30,168,211
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	14,014,115
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability		68.28%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)		
School division's proportionate					
share of the VRS Teacher					
Employee Retirement Plan					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	30,956,225	21,716,000	14,104,284		

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional):</u> (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

Component Unit: School Board:

A. Plan Description

The County of Alleghany's Component Unit - School Board administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the School Board and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the School Board. An eligible School Board retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have a minimum of 15 years of service with the Virginia Retirement System. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the School Board and can be amended through School Board action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board currently pays for post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Board currently has 341 employees that are eligible for the program. In addition, for retirees of the School Board, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree. The School Board health insurance rates are blended for retirees and active employees. As such, the liability arising from this plan represents an "implicit subsidy" of retirees' rates. The monthly rates for 2017 were as follows:

Participants	Key	Advantage 250	Ke	y Advantage 1000	High	n-Deductible HSA
Single	\$	728	\$	631	\$	529
Dual		1,347		1,167		979
Family		1,966		1,704		1,428

Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

Component Unit: School Board: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the Board's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 107,200
Interest on net OPEB obligation	16,585
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(17,521)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 106,264
Contributions made	(97,200)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 9,064
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	473,844
Net OPEB obligation - ending of year	\$ 482,908

The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Percentage of					
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	N	et OPEB		
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	0	bligation		
6/30/2017	\$ 106,264	91%	\$	482,908		
6/30/2016	83,567	97%		473,844		
6/30/2015	81,868	99%		471,577		

Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

Component Unit: School Board: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of June 30, 2017 (the most recent actuarial valuation date), was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,389,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,389,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 13,372,300
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	10.39%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the most recent actuarial valuation, dated June 30, 2017, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility. The actuarial assumptions included: inflation at 3.00%, an investment rate of return at 3.50%, and a health care trend rate of 5.50% graded to 4.50% over 79 years. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis.

Note 10-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	Beginning					Ending		
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,677,909	\$	28,600	\$	-	\$	3,706,509
Construction in progress		498,013		2,222,633		-		2,720,646
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	4,175,922	\$	2,251,233	\$		\$	6,427,155
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	38,894,776	\$	76,207	\$	-	\$	38,970,983
Machinery and equipment		5,367,867		507,463		-		5,875,330
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	44,262,643	\$	583,670	\$		\$	44,846,313
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(15,575,246)	\$	(1,241,603)	\$	-	\$	(16,816,849)
Machinery and equipment		(3,593,126)		(654,242)		-		(4,247,368)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(19,168,372)	\$	(1,895,845)	\$		\$	(21,064,217)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	25,094,271	\$	(1,312,175)	\$		\$	23,782,096
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	29,270,193	\$	939,058	\$	_	\$	30,209,251

Note 10-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

, ,	Beginning					Ending		
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance	
Business-type activities:					,			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	88,980	\$	-	\$	-	\$	88,980
Construction in progress		1,501,516		2,418,553		(3,670,634)		249,435
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,590,496	\$	2,418,553	\$	(3,670,634)	\$	338,415
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Infrastructure	\$	52,231,870	\$	3,670,634	\$	(209,793)	\$	55,692,711
Machinery and equipment		762,908		46,684		(32,707)		776,885
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	52,994,778	\$	3,717,318	\$	(242,500)	\$	56,469,596
Accumulated depreciation:								
Infrastructure	\$	(11,741,838)	\$	(1,044,849)	\$	87,846	\$	(12,698,841)
Machinery and equipment		(278, 290)		(63,963)		32,707		(309,546)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(12,020,128)	\$	(1,108,812)	\$	120,553	\$	(13,008,387)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	40,974,650	\$	2,608,506	\$	(121,947)	\$	43,461,209
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	42,565,146	\$	5,027,059	\$	(3,792,581)	\$	43,799,624

Note 10-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 563,927
Judicial administration	13,846
Public safety	472,762
Public works	81,833
Health and welfare	76,476
Education	648,003
Parks, recreation, and culture	38,998
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1,895,845
Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer fund	\$ 1,108,812
Total depreciation expense-primary government	\$ 3,004,657

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

	Beginning Balance	ı	ncreases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	 Dalarice		Tior cases		cor cases	 Dalarico
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 971,024	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 971,024
Construction in progress	 15,974		187,795		(27,220)	176,549
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 986,998	\$	187,795	\$	(27,220)	\$ 1,147,573
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	\$ 12,875,381	\$	80,183	\$	-	\$ 12,955,564
Machinery and equipment	5,658,320		553,911		(396,101)	5,816,130
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 18,533,701	\$	634,094	\$	(396,101)	\$ 18,771,694
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$ (6,974,054)	\$	(387,057)	\$	-	\$ (7,361,111)
Machinery and equipment	(3,759,913)		(340,502)		396,101	(3,704,314)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (10,733,967)	\$	(727,559)	\$	396,101	\$ (11,065,425)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 7,799,734	\$	(93,465)	\$		\$ 7,706,269
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,786,732	\$	94,330	\$	(27,220)	\$ 8,853,842

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 11-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and public officials liability with the Virginia Association of Counties group self insurance risk pool and VaCoRP. Each member of each of these risk pools jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit - School Board pay VACO and VaCoRP contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pools, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pools may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12-Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Pursuant to the provisions of this regulation all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

The County provides certain shared services to the City of Covington, Virginia. At year end, the County believes approximately \$562,904 is due to the County from this City in accordance with the shared services agreement. The County has refrained from recording a receivable for this amount as it cannot be reasonably estimated how much (if any) of this amount will be received.

Note 13-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety:	_	
Debbie Byer, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	103,000
Wanda Simpson, Treasurer		400,000
Valerie Bruffey, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Kevin Hall, Sheriff		30,000
All Constitutional Office employees: blanket bond		50,000
Additional Treasurer's Office bond		100,000
All Social Services employees: blanket bond		100,000
Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool:		
County Administrator's Employees	\$	250,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 13-Surety Bonds: (Continued)	
Component Unit - School Board:	
VACoRP:	
All School Board employees: blanket bond	\$ 250,000

Note 14-Litigation:

At June 30, 2017, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 15-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

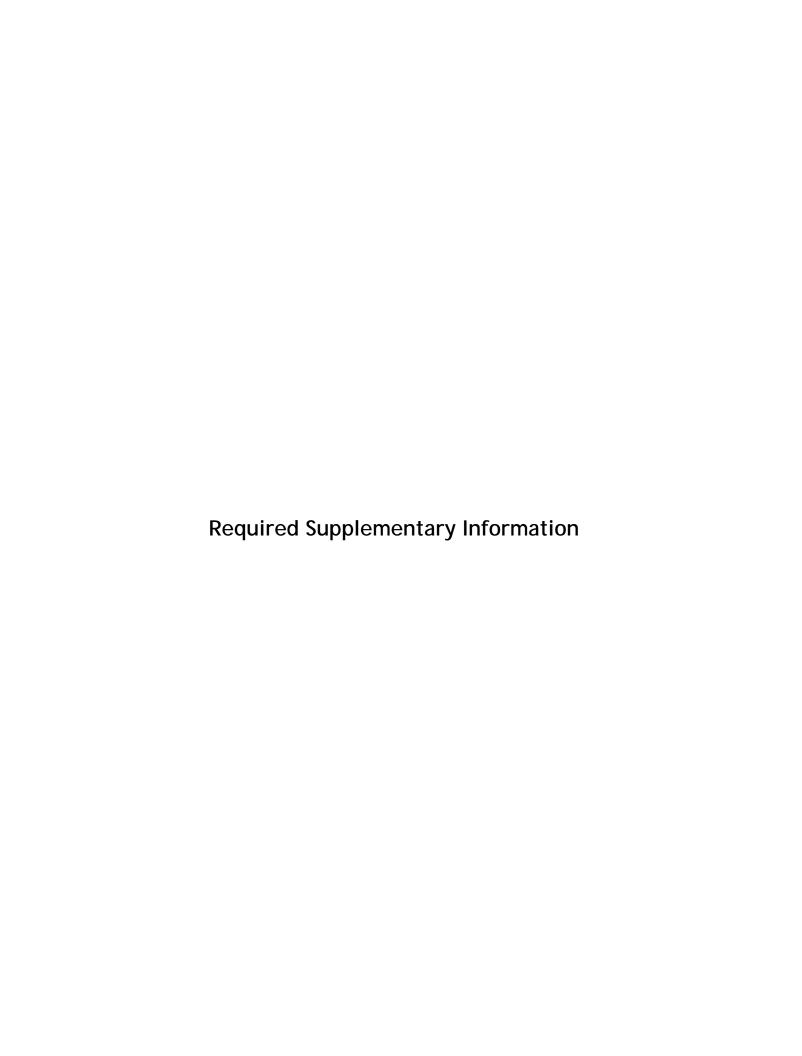
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 15-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 87, Leases, increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Alleghany, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Refereir property taxes \$ 15,884,605 \$ 15,884,603 \$ 16,146,070 \$ 261,467 Other local taxes 2,724,000 2,724,000 2,582,898 (141,102) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 30,600 30,600 29,471 (1,29) Revenue from the use of money and property 59,620 59,620 35,828 (23,792) Charges for services 460,548 460,548 4437,442 (23,102) Miscellaneous 1,901,720 2,011,740 1,583,610 (428,130) Recovered costs 1,519,935 1,519,935 1,380,361 (139,574) Intergovernmental 12,222,036 15,519,935 1,380,361 (139,574) Intergovernmental 12,222,036 3,5824,530 36,350,024 \$555,494 EXPENDITURES EXPENDITURES Carrent deministration \$2,471,143 \$3,083,917 \$2,358,500 \$725,417 Judicial administration \$2,471,143 \$3,083,91 \$2,358,500 \$725,417 Judicial administration </th <th>REVENUES</th> <th></th> <th>Budgeted Original</th> <th>Am</th> <th>nounts <u>Final</u></th> <th></th> <th>Actual Amounts</th> <th>Fir</th> <th>ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)</th>	REVENUES		Budgeted Original	Am	nounts <u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts	Fir	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Other local taxes 2,724,000 2,724,000 2,582,898 (141,102) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 30,600 30,600 29,471 (1,129) Fines and forfeitures 41,500 31,600 30,600 29,471 (1,129) Fines and forfeitures 41,500 59,620 35,828 59,853 Revenue from the use of money and property 59,620 59,620 35,828 (23,792) Charges for services 460,548 460,548 437,442 (23,106) Miscellaneous 1,519,935 1,519,935 1,380,361 (139,574) Recovered costs 1,519,935 1,519,935 1,380,361 (139,574) Intergovernmental 12,222,036 13,091,984 14,052,991 961,007 Total revenues 5 2,471,143 3,383,453 36,350,024 \$525,494 EVENDITURES Current Current 5 2,471,143 3,083,917 \$2,358,500 \$725,417 Juid cial administration <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>15 884 605</td><td>\$</td><td>15 884 603</td><td>\$</td><td>16 146 070</td><td>\$</td><td>261 467</td></td<>		\$	15 884 605	\$	15 884 603	\$	16 146 070	\$	261 467
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 30,600 30,600 29,471 (1,129) Fines and forfeitures 41,500 41,500 101,335 59,853 Revenue from the use of money and property 59,620 59,620 35,828 (23,792) Charges for services 460,548 460,548 437,442 (23,106) Miscellaneous 1,901,720 2,011,740 1,583,610 (428,130) Recovered costs 1,519,935 1,519,935 1,380,361 (139,774) Intergovernmental 12,222,036 13,091,984 14,052,991 961,007 Total revenues 2 34,844,564 3,884,530 36,350,024 \$525,494 EXPENDITURES Current Expenditures General government administration 2,471,143 3,083,917 \$2,358,500 \$725,417 Judicial administration \$2,471,143 3,083,917 \$2,358,500 \$244,581 Public safety 6,154,765 6,982,466 6,737,885 244,581 <	• • •	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
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Miscellaneous 1,901,720 2,011,740 1,583,610 (428,130) Recovered costs 1,519,935 1,519,935 1,380,361 (139,574) Intergovernmental 12,222,036 13,091,984 14,052,991 961,007 Total revenues \$34,844,564 \$35,824,530 \$36,350,024 \$525,494 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$2,471,143 \$3,083,917 \$2,358,500 \$725,417 Judicial administration \$2,471,143 \$3,083,917 \$2,358,500 \$725,417 Judicial administration \$1,588,831 \$1,805,402 \$1,766,569 38,833 Public safety \$6,154,765 \$6,982,466 \$6,737,885 244,581 Public works \$2,899,726 \$6,992,466 \$6,737,885 244,581 Health and welfare 4,321,839 \$5,007,373 \$4,518,362 38,833 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198	3								
Recovered costs 1,519,935 1,519,935 1,380,361 1,319,74 1,140,74	-								
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EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$2,471,143 \$3,083,917 \$2,358,500 \$725,417 Judicial administration 1,588,831 1,805,402 1,766,569 38,833 Public safety 6,154,765 6,982,466 6,737,885 244,581 Public works 2,899,726 3,329,705 3,021,282 308,423 Health and welfare 4,321,839 5,007,373 4,518,362 489,011 Education 11,339,714 11,339,714 11,339,5881 33,833 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,76	-	-\$		\$		\$		\$	
Current: Ceneral government administration \$ 2,471,143 \$ 3,083,917 \$ 2,358,500 \$ 725,417 Judicial administration 1,588,831 1,805,402 1,766,569 38,833 Public safety 6,154,765 6,982,466 6,737,885 244,581 Public works 2,899,726 3,329,705 3,021,282 308,423 Health and welfare 4,321,839 5,007,373 4,518,362 489,011 Education 11,339,714 11,339,714 11,305,881 33,833 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 35,274,864 \$ 41,845,900 \$ 36,744,128 \$ 5,627,266	Total Tovolides		01/011/001	Ψ	00/02 1/000	Ψ	00,000,021	Ψ	020/171
Judicial administration 1,588,831 1,805,402 1,766,569 38,831 Public safety 6,154,765 6,982,466 6,737,885 244,581 Public works 2,899,726 3,329,705 3,021,282 308,423 Health and welfare 4,321,839 5,007,373 4,518,362 489,011 Education 11,339,714 11,339,784 11,305,881 33,833 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 311,769 5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(394,104) 5,627,266 OT									
Judicial administration 1,588,831 1,805,402 1,766,569 38,831 Public safety 6,154,765 6,982,466 6,737,885 244,581 Public works 2,899,726 3,329,705 3,021,282 308,423 Health and welfare 4,321,839 5,007,373 4,518,362 489,011 Education 11,339,714 11,339,784 11,305,881 33,833 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 311,769 5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(394,104) 5,627,266 OT	General government administration	\$	2,471,143	\$	3,083,917	\$	2,358,500	\$	725,417
Public safety 6,154,765 6,982,466 6,737,885 244,581 Public works 2,899,726 3,329,705 3,021,282 308,423 Health and welfare 4,321,839 5,007,373 4,518,362 489,011 Education 11,339,714 11,339,714 11,305,881 33,833 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Principal retirement for placest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 311,769 311,769 311,769 311,769 5,01,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (394,104) \$ 5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ -	_				1,805,402				
Public works 2,899,726 3,329,705 3,021,282 308,423 Health and welfare 4,321,839 5,007,373 4,518,362 489,011 Education 11,339,714 11,339,714 11,305,881 33,833 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 - Total expenditures \$35,274,864 \$41,845,900 \$36,744,128 \$5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(394,104) \$5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$100,000 \$100,000 \$100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>									•
Health and welfare 4,321,839 5,007,373 4,518,362 489,011 Education 11,339,714 11,339,714 11,305,881 33,833 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 - - Total expenditures \$35,274,864 \$41,845,900 \$36,744,128 \$5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(394,104) \$5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$100,000 \$100,000 \$100,000 \$100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$- \$- \$100,000 \$5,727,266									
Education 11,339,714 11,339,714 11,339,714 11,305,881 33,833 Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 - Total expenditures \$35,274,864 \$41,845,900 \$36,744,128 \$5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(394,104) \$5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$- \$- \$100,000 \$100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$- \$- \$100,000 \$5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning \$3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928	Health and welfare								
Parks, recreation, and cultural 1,857,490 4,442,845 2,940,320 1,502,525 Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 - Total expenditures \$35,274,864 \$41,845,900 \$36,744,128 5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(394,104) 5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$- \$- \$100,000 \$100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$- \$- \$100,000 \$5,727,266 Net change in fund balances \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(294,104) \$5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning \$- 3,378,403	Education		11,339,714		11,339,714		11,305,881		
Community development 2,564,972 3,439,198 2,124,181 1,315,017 Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 - Total expenditures \$35,274,864 \$41,845,900 \$36,744,128 \$5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(394,104) \$5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$100,000 \$100,000 \$100,000 \$100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$2 \$2 \$100,000 \$5,727,266 Net change in fund balances \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(294,104) \$5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning \$3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928	Parks, recreation, and cultural								
Nondepartmental 105,859 424,274 - 424,274 Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 - Total expenditures \$35,274,864 \$41,845,900 \$36,744,128 \$5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(394,104) \$5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$- \$- \$100,000 \$100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$- \$- \$100,000 \$100,000 Net change in fund balances \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(294,104) \$5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928									
Capital projects 80,800 100,632 80,775 19,857 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 311,769 - Total expenditures \$35,274,864 \$41,845,900 \$36,744,128 \$5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(394,104) \$5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$- \$- \$100,000 \$100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$- \$- \$100,000 \$100,000 Net change in fund balances \$(430,300) \$(6,021,370) \$(294,104) \$5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928	•						· · · · · -		
Debt service: Principal retirement 1,577,956 1,578,605 1,578,604 1 Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 -	•						80,775		
Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 - Total expenditures \$ 35,274,864 \$ 41,845,900 \$ 36,744,128 \$ 5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (394,104) \$ 5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ -									,
Interest and other fiscal charges 311,769 311,769 311,769 - Total expenditures \$ 35,274,864 \$ 41,845,900 \$ 36,744,128 \$ 5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (394,104) \$ 5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ -	Principal retirement		1,577,956		1,578,605		1,578,604		1
Total expenditures \$ 35,274,864 \$ 41,845,900 \$ 36,744,128 \$ 5,101,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (394,104) \$ 5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (294,104) \$ 5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928	•								-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (394,104) \$ 5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (294,104) \$ 5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928		\$	35,274,864	\$		\$		\$	5,101,772
expenditures \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (394,104) \$ 5,627,266 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (294,104) \$ 5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (294,104) \$ 5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928	•	\$	(430,300)	\$	(6,021,370)	\$	(394,104)	\$	5,627,266
Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (294,104) \$ 5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928	•					-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (294,104) \$ 5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Net change in fund balances \$ (430,300) \$ (6,021,370) \$ (294,104) \$ 5,727,266 Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928	Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928	Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Fund balances - beginning - 3,378,403 9,748,331 6,369,928									
	Net change in fund balances	\$	(430,300)	\$	(6,021,370)	\$	(294,104)	\$	5,727,266
Fund balances - ending \$ (430,300) \$ (2,642,967) \$ 9,454,227 \$ 12,097,194	Fund balances - beginning		-		3,378,403		9,748,331		6,369,928
	Fund balances - ending	\$	(430,300)	\$	(2,642,967)	\$	9,454,227	\$	12,097,194

County of Alleghany, Virginia Special Law Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Specia	al La	aw Fund		
		Declarate					Fir	iance with
		Budgeted	ı An		-			Positive
REVENUES	<u>O</u>	<u>riginal</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>legative)</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	500	\$	500	\$	1,453	\$	953
Miscellaneous		40,500		40,500		63,139		22,639
Total revenues	\$	41,000	\$	41,000	\$	64,592	\$	23,592
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety	\$	41,000	\$	41,000	\$	27,179	\$	13,821
Total expenditures	\$	41,000	\$	41,000	\$	27,179	\$	13,821
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,413	\$	37,413
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,413	\$	37,413
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		220,543		220,543
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	257,956	\$	257,956

County of Alleghany, Virginia Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

School Board Retirees Medical Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of (1)	-	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (3)	Jnfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded (2)/	(3)	Covered Payroll (6)	% of (L as a Covered I (4)/(6) (7)
June 30, 2017	\$	-	\$ 1,389,000	\$ 1,389,000	0.00	0%	\$ 13,372,300		10.39%
June 30, 2015		-	1,055,800	1,055,800	0.0	0%	13,511,600		7.81%
June 30, 2013		-	1,531,600	1,531,600	0.0	0%	15,373,600		9.96%

County of Alleghany, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

Date (1)	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) (2)	Proportionate Share of the NPL (3)	Covered Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
,	nment - County Retiren		. 040 047	07.04%	00.05%
2016	98.5707%		\$ 6,810,317	97.26%	80.95%
2015	99.6400%	6,769,225	6,838,216	98.99%	80.70%
2014	99.6400%	6,554,832	6,909,250	94.87%	80.72%
nponent Ur	nit School Board (profes	sional)			
2016	0.15496%	\$ 21,716,000	\$ 11,761,955	184.63%	68.28%
2015	0.16061%	20,215,000	11,937,215	169.34%	70.68%
2013	0.10001/0	20/2.0/000			

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Alleghany, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability	-		_		-	
Service cost	\$	194,012	\$	202,249	\$	205,338
Interest		687,123		680,454		657,392
Differences between expected and actual experience		(81,090)		(233,793)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(554,368)	_	(552,911)	_	(513,630)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	245,677	\$	95,999	\$	349,100
Total pension liability - beginning		10,093,230		9,997,231		9,648,131
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	10,338,907	\$	10,093,230	\$	9,997,231
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	161,091	\$	161,117	\$	167,792
Contributions - employee		89,220		88,820		89,850
Net investment income		166,660		443,017		1,355,703
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(554,368)		(552,911)		(513,630)
Administrative expense		(6,273)		(6,277)		(7,457)
Other		(72)		(93)		72
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(143,742)	\$	133,673	\$	1,092,330
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		9,930,087		9,796,414		8,704,084
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	9,786,345	\$	9,930,087	\$	9,796,414
School division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	552,562	\$	163,143	\$	200,817
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		94.66%		98.38%		97.99%
Covered payroll	\$	1,788,428	\$	1,794,106	\$	1,800,159
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll		30.90%		9.09%		11.16%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 through June 30, 2017

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary	Government							
2017	\$ 812,492	\$	812,492	\$	_	\$	7,149,766	11.36%
2016	1,002,243		1,002,243	•	_	•	6,810,317	14.72%
2015	999,546		999,546		-		6,838,216	14.62%
Compone	ent Unit School B	oard	I (nonprofessional)				
2017	\$ 109,438		109,438	\$	-	\$	1,835,735	5.96%
2016	161,091		161,091		-		1,788,428	9.01%
2015	161,117		161,117		-		1,794,106	8.98%
2014	167,792		167,792		-		1,800,159	9.32%
2013	179,312		179,312		-		1,921,890	9.33%
2012	102,371		102,371		-		1,871,505	5.47%
2011	103,401		103,401		-		1,890,329	5.47%
2010	54,792		54,792		-		1,915,803	2.86%
2009	54,725		54,725		-		1,913,469	2.86%
2008	81,061		81,061		-		1,859,192	4.36%
Compone	ent Unit School B	oard	l (professional)					
2017	\$ 1,698,000	\$	1,698,000	\$	-	\$	11,675,097	14.54%
2016	1,645,809		1,645,809		-		11,761,955	13.99%
2015	1,726,000		1,726,000		-		11,937,215	14.46%
2014	1,434,698		1,434,698		-		12,304,443	11.66%
2013	1,532,448		1,532,448		-		13,142,779	11.66%
2012	832,414		832,414		-		13,150,300	6.33%
2011	519,276		519,276		-		13,213,130	3.93%
2010	896,563		896,563		-		14,367,997	6.24%
2009	1,282,735		1,282,735		-		14,559,989	8.81%
2008	1,452,951		1,452,951		-		14,106,320	10.30%

Current year contributions are from County records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015 the County information reported in the County's report included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 is not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Friends of Youth</u> - The Friends of Youth fund accounts for funds belonging to the youth in the area for health and welfare purposes.

<u>Human and Leisure</u> - The Human and Leisure fund accounts for funds from patrons for prepayments of recreational activities.

<u>Humane Society Capital Improvements</u> - The Humane Society Capital Improvements fund accounts for funds held in a fiduciary capacity for the Humane Society for capital improvements.

<u>Jackson River Vocational Center</u> - The Jackson River Vocational Center fund accounts for funds held in a fiduciary capacity for the Jackson River Vocational Center.

 $\underline{\text{Covington Holding Account}}$ - The Covington Holding Account fund accounts for those funds collected by the County for the City of Covington.

<u>Special Welfare</u> - The Special Welfare fund accounts for funds belonging to individuals entrusted to the local social services agency, such as foster care children.

<u>United Fire and Rescue Association</u> - The United Fire and Rescue fund accounts for funds held for local fire and rescue agencies.

<u>Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation</u> - The Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation fund accounts for funds held in a fiduciary capacity for the Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

Friends Human & of Leisure Vouth Service								A	Allegnany	
of <u>Youth</u>		Humane Society Jackson River	, Jackson R	iver		Covington	United Fire		Highlands Economic	
ASSETS	Leisure <u>Service</u>	Capital <u>Improvements</u>	Vocational <u>Center</u>		Special <u>Welfare</u>	Holding Account	& Rescue <u>Association</u>	_	Development <u>Corporation</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 3,489 \$ 798	\$ 798	\$ 5,131	⇔	\$ 661	20,392	393,799 \$ 20,392 \$ 18,372 \$	\$ 663,579	\$ 6/	132,104 \$ 1,237,664	1,237,664
Total assets \$ 3,489 \$ 798	\$ 798	\$ 5,131	\$	393,799 \$ 20,392	20,392	\$ 18,372	\$ 663,579	\$ 6/	132,104 \$ 1,237,664	1,237,664
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable \$ - \$ -	· \$	•	\$	\$,	· \$	\$	\$	715 \$	715
Accrued liabilities -		•			,	•	•		3,382	3,382
Amounts held for AHEDC		•			,	•	•		128,007	128,007
Amounts held for social services clients		•			20,392	•	•			20,392
Amounts held for Friends of Youth		•			,	٠	•			3,489
Amounts held for Human and Leisure activity	798	•			,	•	•			798
Amounts held for Jackson River Vocational Center		•	393	393,799	,	•	•			393,799
Amounts held for United Fire and Rescue Association		•			,	•	663,579	6/		663,579
Amounts held for other localites	٠	•			,	18,372		,		18,372
Amounts held for Humane Society		5,131	_		,	٠	•			5,131
Total liabilities \$ 3,489 \$ 798	\$ 798	\$ 5,131	\$	363,799 \$	\$ 20,392	\$ 18,372	\$ 663,579	\$ 6/	132,104 \$	\$ 1,237,664

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for and reports the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2017

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,797,533	\$	211,074	\$	6,008,607
Cash in custody of others		348,700		-		348,700
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		15 000		24 (07		FO 407
Accounts receivable Due from other funds		15,800		34,687 25,996		50,487 25,996
Due from other governmental units		277,104		25,770		277,104
Inventories		16,152		_		16,152
Prepaid items		340,799		_		340,799
Total assets	\$	6,796,088	\$	271,757	\$	7,067,845
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	275,863	\$	1,599	\$	277,462
Accrued liabilities		1,904,344		34,237		1,938,581
Due to other funds		25,996		-		25,996
Due to primary government		80,106		-		80,106
Total liabilities	\$	2,286,309	\$	35,836	\$	2,322,145
Fund balance:						
Nonspendable	\$	356,951	\$	-	\$	356,951
Restricted for the school food program		348,700		-		348,700
Committed		3,804,128		235,921	_	4,040,049
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u> \$	4,509,779 6,796,088	\$	235,921 271,757	\$	4,745,700 7,067,845
				<u> </u>	Ψ	7,007,043
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position	(EXIIIDI	t i) are different bed	ause		¢	4 745 700
Total fund balances per above					\$	4,745,700
$\label{lem:capital} \textbf{Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,}$	therefo	ore,				
are not reported in the funds.						
Land			\$	971,024		
Buildings and improvements				5,594,453		
Machinery and equipment				2,111,816		8,853,842
Construction in progress				176,549	-	0,000,042
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not repo		the funds.				1,807,438
Items related to measurement of the net pension liability are considered defer	rred out	tflows				
or deferred inflows and will be amortized and recognized in pension expens						
Deferred outflows of resources			\$	1,491,955		
Deferred inflows of resources			_	(3,071,100)		(1,579,145)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current						
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Compensated absences			\$	(167,716)		
Net OPEB obligation				(482,908)		
Net pension liability				(22,268,562)	•	(22,919,186)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(9,091,351)

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>	(Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	6,389	\$	_	\$	6,389
Charges for services	Ф	390,567	Ф	108,669	Ф	499,236
Miscellaneous		227,148		308,323		535,471
Recovered costs		146,208		-		146,208
Intergovernmental		25,713,257		89,926		25,803,183
Total revenues	\$	26,483,569	\$	506,918	\$	26,990,487
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$	26,212,002	\$	486,941	\$	26,698,943
Capital projects		377,846		=		377,846
Total expenditures	\$	26,589,848	\$	486,941	\$	27,076,789
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	(106,279)	\$	19,977	\$	(86,302)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of capital assets	\$	6,491	\$	-	\$	6,491
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	6,491	\$	-	\$	6,491
Net change in fund balances	\$	(99,788)	\$	19,977	\$	(79,811)
Fund balances - beginning		4,609,567		215,944		4,825,511
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,509,779	\$	235,921	\$	4,745,700
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are	differ	ent because:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above					\$	(79,811)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and repo as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	rted					
Capital outlay Depreciation expense			\$	794,669 (727,559)		67,110
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.						
Change in deferred inflows of resources related to pensions						1,037,856
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a decrease to the net p liability in the next fiscal year and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ensior	า				1,630
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental fur	ıds.					
Change in compensated absenses			\$	845		
Change in net OPEB obligation				(9,064)		
Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pen	sion li	iability		(1,890,419) 1,491,955		(406,683)
Change in net position of governmental activities					-	620,102

County of Alleghany, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

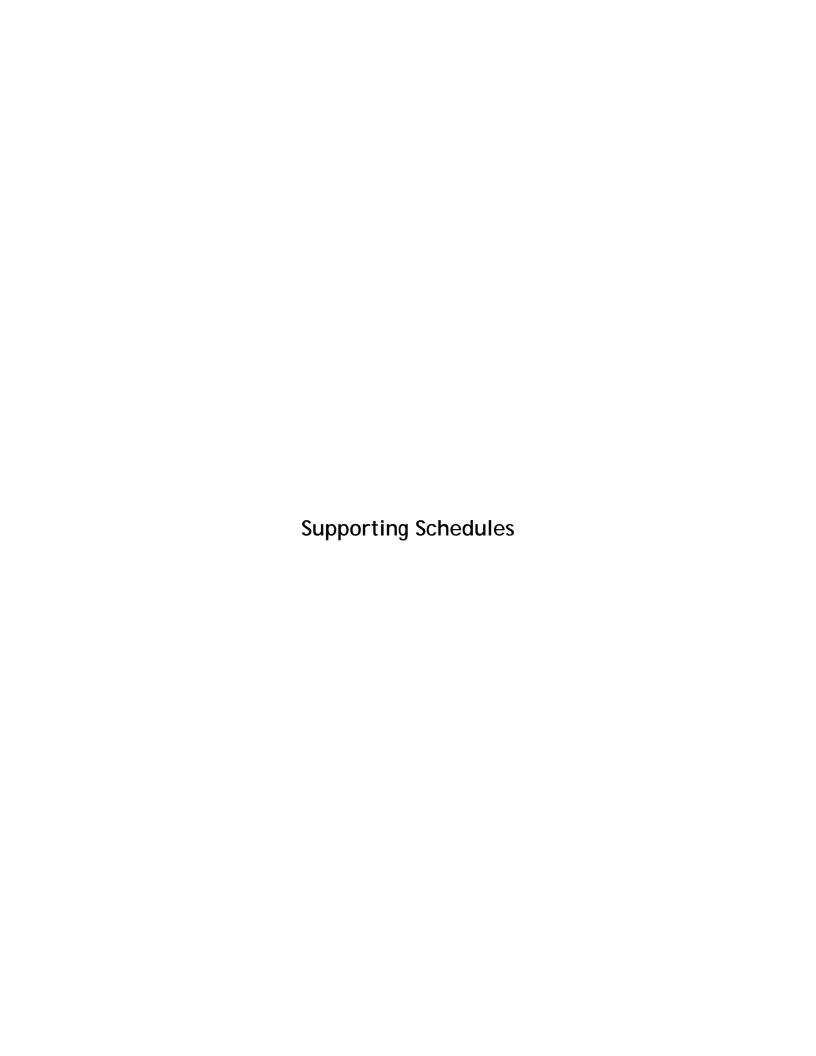
	School Operating Fund											
		Budgeted		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive							
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)				
REVENUES							_					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	900	\$	900	\$	6,389	\$	5,489				
Charges for services		447,870		447,870		390,567		(57,303)				
Miscellaneous		307,801		171,177		227,148		55,971				
Recovered costs		127,114		126,114		146,208		20,094				
Intergovernmental		25,471,795		25,425,898		25,713,257		287,359				
Total revenues	\$	26,355,480	\$	26,171,959	\$	26,483,569	\$	311,610				
EXPENDITURES Current: Education Capital projects Total expenditures	\$	27,451,480 - 27,451,480	\$	27,215,980 535,000 27,750,980	\$	26,212,002 377,846 26,589,848	\$	1,003,978 157,154 1,161,132				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(1,096,000)	\$	(1,579,021)	\$	(106,279)	\$	1,472,742				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	5,000 5,000	\$	5,000 5,000	\$	6,491 6,491	\$	1,491 1,491				
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	(1,091,000) 1,091,000	\$	(1,574,021) 1,574,021	\$	(99,788) 4,609,567 4,509,779	\$	1,474,233 3,035,546 4,509,779				
runu balances - enumy	Φ	-	Ф	-	Ф	4,509,779	φ	4,507,779				

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2017

	Alleghany Highlands <u>Fund</u>	Highlands			<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,721	\$	158,353	\$	211,074
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Accounts receivable	34,687		-		34,687
Due from other funds	25,996		-		25,996
Total assets	\$ 113,404	\$	158,353	\$	271,757
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accrued liabilities	\$ 34,237	\$	-	\$	34,237
Accounts payable	 1,599		-		1,599
Total liabilities	\$ 35,836	\$	-	\$	35,836
Fund balances:					
Committed	\$ 77,568	\$	158,353	\$	235,921
Total fund balances	\$ 77,568	\$	158,353	\$	235,921
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 113,404	\$	158,353	\$	271,757

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Alleghany Highlands <u>Fund</u>	Governor's School <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>		
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 108,669	\$ 108,669		
Miscellaneous	308,323	-	308,323		
Intergovernmental	-	89,926	89,926		
Total revenues	\$ 308,323	\$ 198,595	\$ 506,918		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Education	\$ 307,822	\$ 179,119	\$ 486,941		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 501	\$ 19,476	\$ 19,977		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 501	\$ 19,476	\$ 19,977		
Fund balances - beginning	77,067	138,877	215,944		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 77,568	\$ 158,353	\$ 235,921		



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	7,184,205	\$	7,184,203	\$	7,186,527	\$	2,324
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		1,254,000		1,254,000		1,219,765		(34,235)
Personal property taxes		2,043,000		2,043,000		2,246,414		203,414
Mobile home taxes		26,000		26,000		23,814		(2,186)
Machinery and tools taxes		5,236,000		5,236,000		5,307,570		71,570
Penalties		91,400		91,400		99,624		8,224
Interest		50,000		50,000		62,356		12,356
Total general property taxes	\$	15,884,605	\$	15,884,603	\$	16,146,070	\$	261,467
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	871,000	\$	871,000	\$	755,943	\$	(115,057)
Consumers' utility taxes		270,000		270,000		280,379		10,379
Probate taxes		4,000		4,000		4,700		700
Business license taxes		392,000		392,000		398,894		6,894
Utility consumption taxes		195,000		195,000		223,314		28,314
Motor vehicle licenses		385,000		385,000		389,901		4,901
Taxes on recordation and wills		67,000		67,000		66,869		(131)
Hotel and motel room taxes		163,000		163,000		107,113		(55,887)
Restaurant food taxes		377,000		377,000		355,785		(21,215)
Total other local taxes	\$	2,724,000	\$	2,724,000	\$	2,582,898	\$	(141,102)
Total other local taxes		2,721,000	Ψ	2,721,000	Ψ_	2,002,070	Ψ	(111,102)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$	5,883	\$	383
Land use application fees		500		500		84		(416)
Transfer fees		500		500		638		138
Zoning and subdivision fees		2,000		2,000		1,604		(396)
Erosion and sediment control		600		600		820		220
Permits and other licenses		21,500		21,500		20,442		(1,058)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	30,600	\$	30,600	\$	29,471	\$	(1,129)
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	41,500	\$	41,500	\$	101,353	\$	59,853
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	41,500	\$	41,500	\$	101,353	_	59,853
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	54,620	\$	54,620	\$	28,328	\$	(26,292)
Revenue from use of property	,	5,000	•	5,000	•	7,500	,	2,500
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	59,620	\$	59,620	\$	35,828	\$	(23,792)
Charges for services:								
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	9,898	\$	9,898	\$	9,304	\$	(594)
Charges for courthouse maintenance	,	13,000	•	13,000	•	11,319	,	(1,681)
Sale of publications and maps		50		50		-		(50)
Charges for gasoline		85,000		85,000		54,561		(30,439)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		3,300		3,300		3,454		154
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees		4,700		4,700		4,727		27
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		238,000		238,000		250,484		12,484

Original Final <u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u> <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u> <u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)			
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)			
Charges for services: (Continued)			
Charges for copies \$ 3,100 \$ 3,100 \$ 5,671	\$ 2,571		
Charges for parks and recreation 35,000 35,000 30,684	(4,316)		
Charges for law library 4,500 4,500 4,696	196		
Charges for courthouse security 60,000 60,000 57,962	(2,038)		
Charges for other services 4,000 4,000 4,580	580		
Total charges for services \$ 460,548 \$ 460,548 \$ 437,442			
Miscellaneous:			
Miscellaneous \$ 30,100 \$ 76,464 \$ 82,614	\$ 6,150		
Donations 18,120 23,497 25,286	1,789		
Sale of surplus 3,000 3,000 8,687	5,687		
Sale of supplies 500 500 -	(500)		
Alleghany Foundation contributions - 58,279 59,535	1,256		
Corporate contribution 1,850,000 1,850,000 1,407,488	(442,512)		
Total miscellaneous \$ 1,901,720 \$ 2,011,740 \$ 1,583,610	\$ (428,130)		
Recovered costs:			
Care of prisoners \$ 200,000 \$ 200,000 \$ 179,466	\$ (20,534)		
Co-payment for medical charges 11,500 11,500 16,324	4,824		
Program income IPR 385 385 419	34		
LOA County reimbursement 16,000 16,000 16,994	994		
Health department 1,500 1,500 1,500	-		
Bath county-jail 80,000 80,000 68,396	(11,604)		
Covington-magistrate, probation 3,800 3,800 4,768	968		
Clifton Forge E911 67,817 67,817 71,975	4,158		
Covington-welfare 343,499 343,499 207,720	(135,779)		
AHSD resource officer 80,000 80,000 80,106	106		
General government 700,000 700,000 725,568	25,568		
General District Court postage 5,000 5,000 4,803	(197)		
Other recovered costs 10,434 10,434 2,322	(8,112)		
Total recovered costs \$ 1,519,935 \$ 1,519,935 \$ 1,380,361	\$ (139,574)		
Total revenue from local sources \$ 22,622,528 \$ 22,732,546 \$ 22,297,033	\$ (435,513)		
Intergovernmental:			
Revenue from the Commonwealth:			
Noncategorical aid:			
Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 92,500 \$ 92,500 \$ 179,091	\$ 86,591		
Mobile home titling tax 10,000 10,000 16,445	6,445		
State recordation tax 2,000 2,000 26,604	24,604		
Communication taxes 395,000 395,000 390,875	(4,125)		
Additional tax on deeds 27,000 27,000 18,736	(8,264)		
Personal property tax relief funds 1,610,808 1,610,808 1,610,808	-		
Total noncategorical aid \$ 2,137,308 \$ 2,137,308 \$ 2,242,559	\$ 105,251		

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Final Budget Budget			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)							
Intergovernmental: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)							
Categorical aid:							
Shared expenses:							
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	408,982	\$	408,982	\$ 403,155	\$	(5,827)
Sheriff		2,121,313		2,190,637	2,190,636		(1)
Commissioner of revenue		125,845		125,845	123,875		(1,970)
Treasurer		108,690		108,690	106,600		(2,090)
Registrar/electoral board		42,000		42,000	37,029		(4,971)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		307,642		307,642	320,540		12,898
Total shared expenses	\$	3,114,472	\$	3,183,796	\$ 3,181,835	\$	(1,961)
Other categorical aid:							
Welfare administration and public assistance	\$	774,499	\$	774,499	\$ 551,116	\$	(223,383)
Comprehensive services act		1,130,640		1,611,550	1,542,002		(69,548)
Wireless E-911 grant		45,000		45,000	46,470		1,470
Drug asset forfeiture revenue		3,000		3,000	5,642		2,642
Emergency medical services		21,700		59,979	14,542		(45,437)
IPR funds		3,069		3,069	3,216		147
Litter control grant		15,000		15,000	15,701		701
Fire services grant		38,000		38,000	38,870		870
State sales tax		2,409,000		2,409,000	2,376,670		(32,330)
Criminal Justice Grant		1,500		1,500	· · ·		(1,500)
VITA Grant		8,800		9,000	9,000		-
Stormwater grant		5,500		5,500	18,700		13,200
Emergency preparedness grant		-		7,317	69,798		62,481
Other state grants		_		-	45,996		45,996
Total other categorical aid	\$	4,455,708	\$	4,982,414	\$ 4,737,723	\$	(244,691)
Total official catogorical and		1,100,700		1,702,111	 1,707,720	*	(211/071)
Total categorical aid	_\$	7,570,180	\$	8,166,210	\$ 7,919,558	\$	(246,652)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	9,707,488	\$	10,303,518	\$ 10,162,117	\$	(141,401)
Revenue from the federal government:							
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	225,000	\$	225,000	\$ 243,126	\$	18,126
r agriculta in nea en taxes		220,000	<u> </u>	220,000	 2.07.20	*	10/120
Categorical aid:							
Welfare administration and public assistance	\$	1,162,434	\$	1,162,434	\$ 1,343,613	\$	181,179
State and community highway safety (154 funds)		20,000		20,000	18,525		(1,475)
Virginia Commission for the Arts grant		5,000		5,000	4,500		(500)
T-21 trail grant		1,102,114		1,102,114	2,069,335		967,221
State and community highway safety		-		50,000	50,000		-
Emergency Management Preparedness grant		-		41,329	37,526		(3,803)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							•

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>		riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental: (Continued)						
Revenue from the federal government: (Continued)						
Categorical aid: (Continued)						
Victim witness	\$ -	\$	182,589	\$ 124,249	\$	(58,340)
Total categorical aid	\$ 2,289,548	\$	2,563,466	\$ 3,647,748	\$	1,084,282
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 2,514,548	\$	2,788,466	\$ 3,890,874	\$	1,102,408
Total General Fund	\$ 34,844,564	\$	35,824,530	\$ 36,350,024	\$	525,494
Special Revenue Fund:						
Special Law Fund:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 500	\$	500	\$ 1,453	\$	953
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 500	\$	500	\$ 1,453	\$	953
Miscellaneous:						
Vending machine collections	\$ 30,500	\$	30,500	\$ 34,690	\$	4,190
Jail commissary collections	10,000		10,000	24,799		14,799
Work release collections	-		-	3,650		3,650
Total miscellaneous	\$ 40,500	\$	40,500	\$ 63,139	\$	22,639
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 41,000	\$	41,000	\$ 64,592	\$	23,592
Total Special Law Fund	\$ 41,000	\$	41,000	\$ 64,592	\$	23,592
Total Primary Government	\$ 34,885,564	\$	35,865,530	\$ 36,414,616	\$	549,086
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:						
School Operating Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 900	\$	900	\$ 6,389	\$	5,489
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 900	\$	900	\$ 6,389	\$	5,489
Charges for services:						
Charges for education	\$ 12,063	\$	12,063	\$ 20,415	\$	8,352
Cafeteria sales	422,733		422,733	352,459		(70,274)
Use of buses and facilities	13,074		13,074	17,693		4,619
Total charges for services	\$ 447,870	\$	447,870	\$ 390,567	\$	(57,303)
Miscellaneous:						
Other miscellaneous	\$ 307,801	\$	171,177	\$ 227,148	\$	55,971
Total miscellaneous	\$ 307,801	\$	171,177	\$ 227,148	\$	55,971

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	•			<u>Actual</u>		riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)							
School Operating Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)							
Recovered costs:							
Erate	\$ 115,000	\$	114,000	\$	134,674	\$	20,674
Other recovered costs	 12,114		12,114		11,534		(580)
Total recovered costs	\$ 127,114	\$	126,114	\$	146,208	\$	20,094
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 883,685	\$	746,061	\$	770,312	\$	24,251
Intergovernmental:							
Revenues from local governments:							
Contribution from County of Alleghany, Virginia	\$ 11,362,989	\$	11,362,989	\$	11,296,651	\$	(66,338)
Total revenues from local governments	\$ 11,362,989	\$	11,362,989	\$	11,296,651	\$	(66,338)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Basic school aid	\$ 7,286,570	\$	7,286,570	\$	7,398,868	\$	112,298
Remedial summer education	45,806		45,806		41,757		(4,049)
Regular foster care	82,202		82,202		98,149		15,947
GED prep program	54,756		8,859		95,724		86,865
Gifted and talented	77,967		77,967		78,521		554
Remedial education	284,819		284,819		286,842		2,023
Enrollment loss	-		-		388,339		388,339
Special education	930,834		930,834		937,443		6,609
Textbook payment	174,679		174,679		175,919		1,240
Vocational standards of quality payments	280,046		280,046		282,034		1,988
Social security fringe benefits	461,439		461,439		464,716		3,277
Retirement fringe benefits	951,520		951,520		958,275		6,755
Governor's school grant	71,344		71,344		-		(71,344)
State lottery payments	83,409		83,409		84,226		817
Early reading intervention	49,481		49,481		49,481		-
School food	11,601		11,601		13,401		1,800
Mental health initiative	-		-		68,519		68,519
Salary supplement	117,594		117,594		-		(117,594)
Special education - foster children	-		-		52,830		52,830
Homebound	19,640		19,640		19,306		(334)
At risk payments	223,487		223,487		225,143		1,656
Board certifications	15,000		15,000		10,000		(5,000)
Preschool pilot program	255,250		255,250		208,841		(46,409)
Technology	282,000		282,000		137,804		(144,196)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness	30,494		30,494		33,103		2,609
Group life insurance	31,823		31,823		32,049		226
Career and Technical Education	40,034		40,034		29,628		(10,406)
Project graduation	-		-		9,896		9,896

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	•			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)							
School Operating Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)							
Categorical aid: (Continued)							
Mentor teacher program	\$ 2,033	\$	2,033	\$	1,685	\$	(348)
Primary class size	300,532		300,532		310,660		10,128
English as a second language	3,430		3,430		4,900		1,470
Other state funds	 -		-		14,120		14,120
Total categorical aid	\$ 12,167,790	\$	12,121,893	\$	12,512,179	\$	390,286
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 12,167,790	\$	12,121,893	\$	12,512,179	\$	390,286
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
Federal land use	\$ 127,633	\$	127,633	\$	24,792	\$	(102,841)
Title I	535,755		535,755		505,103		(30,652)
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	532,908		532,908		546,623		13,715
Title VI-B, special education pre-school	19,772		19,772		30,193		10,421
Vocational education	39,154		39,154		36,490		(2,664)
Title II - Part A	108,837		108,837		109,818		981
School food program	567,450		567,450		643,250		75,800
Adult education	9,507		9,507		7,892		(1,615)
AP test fees	-		-		266		266
Total categorical aid	\$ 1,941,016	\$	1,941,016	\$	1,904,427	\$	(36,589)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 1,941,016	\$	1,941,016	\$	1,904,427	\$	(36,589)
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 26,355,480	\$	26,171,959	\$	26,483,569	\$	311,610
Nonmajor Special Revenue funds: Alleghany Highlands Fund:							
Miscellaneous:							
Other miscellaneous	\$ 299,425	\$	311,930	\$	308,323	\$	(3,607)
Total miscellaneous	\$ 299,425	\$	311,930	\$	308,323	\$	(3,607)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 299,425	\$	311,930	\$	308,323	\$	(3,607)
Total Alleghany Highlands Fund	\$ 299,425	\$	311,930	\$	308,323	\$	(3,607)
Governor's School Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Charges for services:							
Tuition	\$ 106,399	\$	106,399	\$	108,669	\$	2,270
Total charges for services	\$ 106,399		106,399	\$	108,669	\$	2,270
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 106,399	\$	106,399	\$	108,669	\$	2,270

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u>	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
Nonmajor Special Revenue funds: (Continued)								
Governor's School Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Governor's school grant	\$	65,372	\$	65,372	\$	65,372	\$	-
Technology funds	\$	24,554	\$	24,554		24,554		-
Total categorical aid	\$	89,926	\$	89,926	\$	89,926	\$	-
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	89,926	\$	89,926	\$	89,926	\$	
Total Governor's School Fund	\$	196,325	\$	196,325	\$	198,595	\$	2,270
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	26,851,230	\$	26,680,214	\$	26,990,487	\$	310,273

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Fina I	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	67,268	\$	74,268	\$	69,594	\$	4,674
Total legislative	\$	67,268	\$	74,268	\$	69,594	\$	4,674
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	865,172	\$	1,049,718	\$	806,142	\$	243,576
Personnel	•	14,700	,	14,700	•	11,798	•	2,902
Legal services		60,000		60,000		43,848		16,152
Special legal services		5,000		5,000		3,864		1,136
Commissioner of the revenue		379,818		391,718		382,818		8,900
Reassessment		50,000		246,444		394		246,050
Automotive motor pool		431,007		405,473		322,119		83,354
Treasurer		390,874		393,378		383,192		10,186
Audit services		57,000		57,000		52,091		4,909
Technology department		18,100		89,276		17,562		71,714
Total general and financial administration	\$ 2	2,271,671	\$	2,712,707	\$	2,023,828	\$	688,879
Board of elections:								
Registrar	\$	86,742	\$	89,442	\$	- ,	\$	2,114
Electoral board and officials		45,462		207,500		177,750		29,750
Total board of elections	\$	132,204	\$	296,942	\$	265,078	\$	31,864
Total general government administration	\$ 2	2,471,143	\$	3,083,917	\$	2,358,500	\$	725,417
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	71,729	\$	71,929	\$	68,782	\$	3,147
General district court	•	17,400	,	18,211	•	17,603	•	608
Special magistrates		1,450		1,450		1,383		67
Sheriff		444,213		455,569		455,569		-
Law library		4,500		5,235		5,235		_
Clerk of the circuit court		457,719		465,617		454,170		11,447
Total courts	\$	997,011	\$	1,018,011	\$	1,002,742	\$	15,269
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	591,820	\$	787,391	\$	763,827	\$	23,564
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	591,820	\$	787,391	\$	763,827	\$	23,564
Total judicial administration	\$ 1	1,588,831	\$	1,805,402	\$	1,766,569	\$	38,833
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$ 1	1,895,929	\$	2,359,262	\$	2,172,895	\$	186,367
Crime prevention	Ψ '	18,120	Ψ	23,593	Ψ	23,593	Ψ	-
DARE program		45,583		47,791		47,791		_
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Public safety: (Continued) Fublic safety: (Continued) Fublic safety: (Continued) School resource officer Sq.4,867 \$100,133 \$100,1	Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Schoff resource officer S 94.867 100.133 100.133 100.137 Radar transportation 15.204 23.704 2										
School resource officer \$ 94,867 \$ 100,133 \$ 100,133 \$ 23,704 23,704 23,704 23,704 23,704 23,704 23,704 23,704 23,704 23,704 23,704 20,00 14,500 6,830 7,670 For total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 2,069,903 \$ 2,568,983 \$ 2,374,946 \$ 194,007 Fire and rescue services \$ 67,500 \$ 67,500 \$ 67,409 \$ 91 Volunteer fire departments \$ 67,500 \$ 349,870 \$ 349,779 \$ 121 Emergency services \$ 25,80 \$ 325 \$ 244 6 Ambulance and rescue services \$ 362,875 \$ 362,875 \$ 35,201 \$ 7,674 Sar III Emergency Council \$ 150 \$ 98 \$ 52 United fire and rescue association \$ 273,861 \$ 39,214 \$ 382,285 \$ 14,809 Total If re and rescue association \$ 2,160,629 \$ 2,383,245 \$ 2,399,630 \$ 6,385 Ferrection and detention \$ 2,160,629 \$ 2,383,245 \$ 2,399,630 \$ 6,385 Porbation	Public safety: (Continued)									
Radar transportation Drug asset forfeiture 15,204 23,704 -7,670 Total law enforcement and traffic control 2,069,093 2,566,083 2,3704 3,767 Fire and rescue services: Fire departments 6,75,00 6,75,00 349,70 349,70 9.91 Voluncer fire departments 348,500 349,870 349,70 121 121 Emergency services 250 250 254 6 6 Ambulance and rescue services 362,875 355,201 7,674 Sara Il Emergency Council 150 3,89,214 382,289 6,945 Total fire and rescue association 273,861 389,214 382,289 6,945 Total fire and rescue services 5,150,629 2,383,245 2,389,630 8,6385 Total fire and rescue services 8,160,629 2,383,245 2,389,630 8,6385 Total fire and rescue services 3,361 3,617 3,617 3,617 14,889 Correction and detention 3,362,875 2,389,630 8,66,385 6,6324	Law enforcement and traffic control: (Continued)									
Drug asset forfeiture 200 14,500 6,830 7,670 Total law enforcement and traffic control 2,069,903 \$ 2,568,903 \$ 2,374,946 \$ 194,037 Fire and rescue services: 8 67,500 \$ 67,500 \$ 67,409 \$ 90 Fire departments 348,500 349,870 349,749 121 Energency services 26,00 32,875 355,201 7,674 Sara III Emergency Council 150 302,875 355,201 7,674 Sara III Emergency Council 150 38,100 9,85 52 United fire and rescue services 362,875 365,201 7,674 Sara III Emergency Council 150 38,100 9,815 Total fire and rescue services 1,053,136 1,169,895 1,15,490 1,480 Total fire and rescue services 3,000 3,300 3,15,970 1,480 Total fire and rescue services 2,160,629 2,383,245 2,389,630 \$ 6,283 Sheriff-Correction and detention 3,161 3,617 3,617 3,6		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	
Total law enforcement and traffic control \$2,069,903 \$2,568,983 \$2,374,946 \$194,037					23,704				-	
Fire and rescue services: Fire departments \$ 67,500 \$ 67,500 \$ 67,409 \$ 91 Volunteer fire departments 348,500 349,870 349,749 121 Emergency services 250 250 2244 6 Ambulance and rescue services 362,875 362,875 355,201 7,674 Sara III Emergency Council 150 150 98 52 United fire and rescue association 273,861 389,214 382,269 6,945 Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,053,136 \$ 1,169,859 \$ 1,154,970 \$ 14,889 Correction and detention: \$ 2,160,629 \$ 2,383,245 \$ 2,389,630 \$ (6,385) Probation \$ 3,000 3,300 3,159 141 VJCCA grant 3,300 3,300 3,159 141 VJCCA grant \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Total correction and detention \$ 2,167,546 \$ 2,390,162 \$ 2,396,406 \$ 6,244 Inspections: Image: security security security security se										
Fire departments \$ 67,500 \$ 67,500 \$ 67,409 \$ 91 Volunteer fire departments 348,500 349,870 349,749 121 Emergency services 250 250 254 6 Ambulance and rescue services 362,875 362,875 355,201 7,674 Sara Ill Emergency Council 150 389,214 382,269 6,945 Total fire and rescue association 273,861 389,214 382,269 6,945 Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,053,136 \$ 1,169,859 \$ 1,154,970 \$ 14,889 **Sheriff-correction and detention: **Sheriff-correction and detention \$ 2,160,629 \$ 2,383,245 \$ 2,389,630 \$ (6,385) **Probation 3,300 3,300 3,159 141 **VICCA grant 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 4,644 4,644 4,644	Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	2,069,903	\$	2,568,983	\$	2,374,946	\$	194,037	
Volunteer fire departments 348,500 349,870 349,749 121 Emergency services 250 250 244 6 Ambulance and rescue services 362,875 362,875 355,201 7,674 Sara Ill Emergency Council 150 150 98 52 United fire and rescue association 273,861 389,214 382,269 6,945 Total fire and rescue services \$1,053,136 \$1,169,859 \$1,154,970 \$14,889 Correction and detention Sheriff-correction and detention \$2,160,629 \$2,383,245 \$2,389,630 \$(6,385) Probation 3,300 3,300 3,519 141 VJCCA grant 3,617 3,617 3,617 - Total correction and detention \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Inspections \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Total correction and detention \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Inspections \$119,281 \$119,5										
Emergency services 250 250 244 6 Ambulance and rescue services 362,875 355,201 7,674 Sara Ill Emergency Council 150 150 298 52 United fire and rescue association 273,861 389,214 382,269 6,945 Total fire and rescue services \$1,053,136 \$1,169,859 \$1,154,970 \$14,889 Correction and detention Sheriff-correction and detention \$2,160,629 \$2,383,245 \$2,389,630 \$ (6,385) Probation 3,300 3,300 3,507 3,617 3,617 Total correction and detention \$2,167,546 \$2,390,162 \$2,396,406 \$ (6,244) Inspections Building \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Total inspections \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Total protection \$69,211 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$6,204 \$6,204 \$6,204 \$6,204 \$6,204 \$6,204 \$6,204 \$6,204		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Ambulance and rescue services 362,875 362,875 355,201 7,674 Sara III Emergency Council 273,861 389,214 382,269 6,945 Total fire and rescue association \$1,053,136 \$1,169,859 \$1,154,970 \$14,889 Correction and detention \$2,160,629 \$2,383,245 \$2,389,630 \$(6,385) Sheriff-correction and detention \$2,160,629 \$2,383,245 \$2,396,30 \$(6,385) Probation 3,300 3,300 3,159 141 VJCCA grant 3,617 3,617 3,617 1,614 VJCCA grant 3,301 3,517 3,617 1,62 Total correction and detention \$2,167,546 \$2,390,162 \$2,396,406 \$6,241 Inspections \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Total inspections \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Other protection \$6,9211 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$6,204 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004										
Sara III Emergency Council 150 38, 24 382, 269 6,945 United fire and rescue association \$1,053,136 \$1,169,859 \$1,154,707 \$1,889 Correction and detention: \$1,053,136 \$1,169,859 \$1,154,707 \$1,889 Sheriff-correction and detention \$2,160,629 \$2,383,245 \$2,389,630 \$(6,385) Probation \$3,300 3,300 3,159 141 VJCCA grant \$3,617 3,617 3,617 -3,617 -6,244 Inspections: Total correction and detention \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Inspections: Building \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Total inspections \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Total inspections \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Total inspections \$69,211 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004										
United fire and rescue services 273,861 389,214 382,269 6,945 Total fire and rescue services \$1,053,136 \$1,169,859 \$1,154,970 \$1,889 Correction and detention: Sheriff-correction and detention \$2,160,629 \$2,383,245 \$2,389,630 \$ (6,385) Probation 3,300 3,300 3,159 141 VJCCA grant 3,617 3,617 3,617 3,617 - Total correction and detention \$2,167,546 \$2,390,162 \$2,396,406 \$ (6,244) Inspections: Building \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Total inspections \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Other protection: Total inspections \$19,281 \$10,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Animal control \$69,211 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 \$67,004 <td></td> <td></td> <td>362,875</td> <td></td> <td>362,875</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			362,875		362,875					
Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,053,136 \$ 1,169,859 \$ 1,154,970 \$ 14,889 Correction and detention: Sheriff-correction and detention \$ 2,160,629 \$ 2,383,245 \$ 2,389,630 \$ (6,385) Probation 3,300 3,300 3,159 1-1 VJCCA grant 3,617 3,617 3,617 Total correction and detention \$ 2,167,546 \$ 2,390,162 \$ 2,396,406 \$ (6,244) Inspections: Building \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Total inspections ** 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Other protection: ** 19,281 \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Animal control \$ 69,211 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004										
Correction and detention: Sheriff-correction and detention \$2,160,629 \$2,383,245 \$2,389,630 \$6,385) Probation 3,300 3,300 3,159 141	United fire and rescue association									
Sheriff-correction and detention \$ 2,160,629 \$ 2,383,245 \$ 2,389,630 \$ (6,385) Probation 3,300 3,300 3,507 3,617 - 1 VJCCA grant 3,617 3,617 3,617 - 2,396,400 \$ (6,244) Inspections: Building \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Total inspections \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Other protections Animal control \$ 69,211 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ - Animal protection 101,354 101,354 101,354 - Courthouse security 96,146 96,146 93,909 2,237 E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$ 744,899 \$ 733,950 \$ 724,005 \$ 9,945 Total public safety \$ 6,154,765 \$ 6,982,466 \$ 6,737,885 \$ 244,581 Public works: S \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115	Total fire and rescue services		1,053,136	\$	1,169,859	\$	1,154,970	\$	14,889	
Probation VICCA grant Total correction and detention 3,300 3,617 3,310 3,617 3,157 3,617 141 3,617 Inspections: Building Total inspections \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Other protection: \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Animal control \$69,211 \$67,004	Correction and detention:									
Probation VICCA grant Total correction and detention 3,300 3,617 3,310 3,617 3,157 3,617 141 3,617 Inspections: Building Total inspections \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Other protection: \$119,281 \$119,512 \$87,558 \$31,954 Animal control \$69,211 \$67,004	Sheriff-correction and detention	\$	2,160,629	\$	2,383,245	\$	2,389,630	\$	(6,385)	
Dispections Same and selection Same and selec	Probation									
Dispections Same and selection Same and selec	VJCCA grant								_	
Building Total inspections \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Other protection: \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Other protection: Animal control \$ 69,211 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ - Animal protection 101,354 101,354 101,354 - Medical examiner 300 380 380 - Courthouse security 96,146 96,146 93,909 2,237 E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$ 744,899 \$ 733,950 \$ 724,005 \$ 9,945 Total public safety \$ 6,154,765 \$ 6,982,466 \$ 6,737,885 \$ 244,581 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering		\$	2,167,546	\$		\$		\$	(6,244)	
Building Total inspections \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Other protection: \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Other protection: Animal control \$ 69,211 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ - Animal protection 101,354 101,354 101,354 - Medical examiner 300 380 380 - Courthouse security 96,146 96,146 93,909 2,237 E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$ 744,899 \$ 733,950 \$ 724,005 \$ 9,945 Total public safety \$ 6,154,765 \$ 6,982,466 \$ 6,737,885 \$ 244,581 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering	Inspections:									
Total inspections \$ 119,281 \$ 119,512 \$ 87,558 \$ 31,954 Other protection: Animal control \$ 69,211 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ - Animal protection 101,354 101,354 101,354 - Medical examiner 300 380 380 - Courthouse security 96,146 96,146 93,909 2,237 E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$ 744,899 \$ 733,950 \$ 724,005 \$ 9,945 Total public safety \$ 6,154,765 \$ 6,982,466 \$ 6,737,885 \$ 244,581 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program <	•	\$	119,281	\$	119,512	\$	87,558	\$	31,954	
Animal control \$ 69,211 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ - Animal protection 101,354 101,354 101,354 - Medical examiner 300 380 380 - Courthouse security 96,146 96,146 93,909 2,237 E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$ 744,899 \$ 733,950 \$ 724,005 \$ 9,945 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 35,000 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>	•							\$		
Animal control \$ 69,211 \$ 67,004 \$ 67,004 \$ - Animal protection 101,354 101,354 101,354 - Medical examiner 300 380 380 - Courthouse security 96,146 96,146 93,909 2,237 E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$ 744,899 \$ 733,950 \$ 724,005 \$ 9,945 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 35,000 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897 <td>Other protection:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Other protection:									
Animal protection 101,354 101,354 101,354 - Medical examiner 300 380 380 - Courthouse security 96,146 96,146 93,909 2,237 E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$744,899 \$733,950 \$724,005 \$9,945 Total public safety E-9th model \$6,154,765 \$6,982,466 \$6,737,885 \$244,581 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$705,094 \$946,747 \$765,632 \$181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Rec		\$	69.211	\$	67.004	\$	67.004	\$	_	
Medical examiner 300 380 380 - Courthouse security 96,146 96,146 93,909 2,237 E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$744,899 733,950 724,005 9,945 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$705,094 946,747 765,632 \$181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897		*		•		•		•	_	
Courthouse security 96,146 96,146 93,909 2,237 E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$744,899 \$733,950 \$724,005 9,945 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$705,094 \$946,747 \$765,632 \$181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897	·								_	
E-911 477,888 469,066 461,358 7,708 Total other protection \$ 744,899 \$ 733,950 \$ 724,005 \$ 9,945 Total public safety \$ 6,154,765 \$ 6,982,466 \$ 6,737,885 \$ 244,581 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897									2.237	
Total other protection \$ 744,899 \$ 733,950 \$ 724,005 \$ 9,945 Total public safety \$ 6,154,765 \$ 6,982,466 \$ 6,737,885 \$ 244,581 Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897	3									
Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897	Total public safety	\$	6,154,765	\$	6,982,466	\$	6,737,885	\$	244,581	
Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897	Public works:									
Refuse collection \$ 705,094 \$ 946,747 \$ 765,632 \$ 181,115 Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897										
Refuse disposal 1,255,831 1,355,501 1,342,807 12,694 General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897		\$	705.094	\$	946.747	\$	765.632	\$	181,115	
General engineering 55,871 59,374 21,856 37,518 Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897				~		Ÿ		*		
Multiflora Rose program 3,500 3,500 3,455 45 Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897										
Storm water management 31,448 31,219 23,292 7,927 Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897										
Storm damage - 17,152 16,600 552 Recycling program 73,196 73,196 72,299 897	1 3									
Recycling program			- ,							
			73,196							
		\$		\$		\$		\$		

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public works: (Continued)								
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General maintenance	\$	200,616	\$	192,009	\$	160,730	\$	31,279
General properties		574,170		651,007		614,611		36,396
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	774,786	\$	843,016	\$	775,341	\$	67,675
Total public works	\$ 2	2,899,726	\$ 3	,329,705	\$	3,021,282	\$	308,423
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	161,917	\$	194,713	\$	190,350	\$	4,363
Total health	\$	161,917	\$	194,713	\$	190,350	\$	4,363
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	\$	112,282	\$	112,282	\$	112,282	\$	_
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	112,282	\$	112,282	\$	112,282	\$	_
				,		,		
Welfare:								
Administration	\$ 1	1,900,313	\$ 1	,900,097	\$	1,725,798	\$	174,299
Public assistance		523,100		523,101		335,384		187,717
Emergency repair fund		6,269		6,269		5,007		1,262
Indoor plumbing rehabilitation fund		405		405		-		405
TAP		5,775		5,775		5,775		-
Tax relief for the elderly		140,000		140,000		131,395		8,605
Safehomes, Inc.		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Board of public welfare		3,875		4,091		4,091		-
Children's services act	1	1,451,291	2	,070,877		1,984,168		86,709
Feeding America		2,500		2,500		2,500		-
Other welfare		9,112		9,112		9,112		-
CDBG-housing boiling springs	<u> </u>	-	. .	33,151	Φ.	7,500	Φ.	25,651
Total welfare	\$ 4	1,047,640	\$ 4	,700,378	\$	4,215,730	\$	484,648
Total health and welfare	\$ 4	1,321,839	\$ 5	,007,373	\$	4,518,362	\$	489,011
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to Dabney S. Lancaster Community College	\$	9,230	\$	9,230	\$	9,230	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board	11	1,330,484	11	,330,484	1	1,296,651		33,833
Total education	\$11	1,339,714	\$11	,339,714	\$1	1,305,881	\$	33,833
Parks and recreation:	•	FF0 000	Φ.	750 407	_	F74 F0F	.	170 000
Parks and recreation	\$	552,380	\$	750,407	\$	571,505	\$	178,902
Scenic trail	i i	1,116,115	3	,503,443		2,187,720		1,315,723
Clifton little league		9,000		9,000		9,000		-
Alleghany Highlands youth sports Iron gate recreation		9,000		9,000		9,000		-
Total parks and recreation	¢ 1	2,000 1,688,495	¢ 1	2,000	¢	2,000 2,779,225	\$	1,494,625
rutai paiks anu recreation	\$ 1	1,000,493	P 4	,213,830	Ф	2,117,225	Φ	1,474,023

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budqet</u>		•		<u>Actual</u>		Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued) Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Cultural enrichment:	ф	г 000	ф	г 000	ф	Г 000	ф	
Alleghany concert series	\$	5,000 1,800	\$	5,000 1,800	\$	5,000 1,800	\$	-
Alleghany crafts Arts grant		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Total cultural enrichment	\$	11,800	\$	11,800	\$		\$	<u> </u>
Total cultural enficilment	<u> </u>	11,800	Ф	11,800	Ф	11,800	ф	
Library:								
Contribution to regional library	\$	134,970	\$	134,970	\$	127,070	\$	7,900
Contribution to Clifton library	Ψ	22,225	Ψ	22,225	Ψ	22,225	Ψ	-
Total library	\$	157,195	\$	157,195	\$		\$	7,900
Total fibrary		107,170	Ψ_	107,170	Ψ	117,270	Ψ_	7,700
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	1,857,490	\$	4,442,845	\$	2,940,320	\$	1,502,525
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Community development	\$	2,244,514	\$	2,244,516	\$	1,799,859	\$	444,657
Economic development		133,452		1,007,676		140,553		867,123
Boards and commissions		15,807		15,807		13,650		2,157
Tourism initiative		97,800		97,800		97,800		-
Jackson River Enterprises		15,000		15,000		15,000		-
Clifton Armory contribution		3,500		3,500		3,500		-
Clifton Forge stars and stripes		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Chamber Indust.		8,000		8,000		8,000		
Total planning and community development	\$	2,523,073	\$	3,397,299	\$	2,083,362	\$	1,313,937
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water district	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$		\$	-
Total environmental management		2,500.00	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	-
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	39,399	\$	39,399	\$		\$	1,080
Total cooperative extension program	\$	39,399	\$	39,399	\$	38,319	\$	1,080
Total community development	\$	2,564,972	\$	3,439,198	\$	2,124,181	\$	1,315,017
Nondepartmental:								
Contingencies	\$	105,859	\$	424,274	\$	-	\$	424,274
Total nondepartmental	\$	105,859	\$	424,274	\$	-	\$	424,274

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		•		•				3				<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)															
Capital projects:				07.400				47.753							
Other capital projects Jail Improvements	\$	80,800	\$	97,432	\$	80,775	\$	16,657							
Total capital projects	\$	80,800	\$	3,200	\$	80,775	\$	3,200 19,857							
				,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,							
Debt service:															
Principal retirement		577,956	\$ 1	,578,605	\$	1,578,604	\$	1							
Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service		311,769 889,725	¢ 1	311,769	φ.	311,769	\$	<u> </u>							
Total debt service	\$ 1 ,	889,723	ÞΙ	,890,374	Ф	1,890,373	Ф	<u> </u>							
Total General Fund	\$35,	274,864	\$41	,845,900	\$3	6,744,128	\$	5,101,772							
Special Revenue Fund: Special Law Fund: Public safety: Correction and detention:															
Sheriff	\$	41,000	\$	41,000	\$	27,179	\$	13,821							
Total public safety	\$	41,000	\$	41,000	\$	27,179	\$	13,821							
Total Special Law Fund	\$	41,000	\$	41,000	\$	27,179	\$	13,821							
Total Primary Government	\$35,	315,864	\$41	,886,900	\$3	6,771,307	\$	5,115,593							
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education: Administration of schools:															
Administration		932,887		,932,887		1,818,077	\$	114,810							
Total administration of schools	\$ 1,	932,887	\$ 1	,932,887	\$	1,818,077	\$	114,810							
Instruction costs:															
Instruction costs	\$19,	797,431	\$19	,561,931	\$18	8,337,794	\$	1,224,137							
Total instruction costs	\$19,	797,431	\$19	,561,931	\$18	8,337,794	\$	1,224,137							
Operating costs: Attendance and health services								()							
Pupil transportation		950,387		,950,387		2,010,075	\$	(59,688)							
Operation and maintenance of school plant		768,252		2,768,252		3,005,521		(237,269)							
School food and other non-instructional costs (1)		002,523		,002,523		1,040,535	<u></u>	(38,012)							
Total operating costs	\$ 5,	721,162	\$ 5	5,721,162	\$ (6,056,131	\$	(334,969)							
Total education	\$27,	451,480	\$27	,215,980	\$2	6,212,002	\$	1,003,978							

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budqet</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>				Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Capital projects:								
School capital projects	\$	-	\$	535,000	\$	377,846	\$	157,154
Total School Operating Fund	\$27	7,451,480	\$2	7,750,980	\$2	6,589,848	\$	1,161,132
(1) Includes Cafeteria Funds held by the School System not subject to appro	pria	tion.						
Nonmajor Special Revenue funds: Alleghany Highlands Fund: Education: Instruction costs:								
Instruction costs	\$	299,425	\$	311,930	\$	307,822	\$	4,108
Total instruction costs	\$	299,425	\$	311,930	\$	307,822	\$	4,108
Total education	\$	299,425	\$	311,930	\$	307,822	\$	4,108
Total Alleghany Highlands Fund	\$	299,425	\$	311,930	\$	307,822	\$	4,108
Governor's School Fund: Education: Instruction costs:								
Instruction costs	\$	196,325	\$	196,325	\$	179,119	\$	17,206
Total education	\$	196,325	\$	196,325	\$	179,119	\$	17,206
Total Governor's School Fund	\$	196,325	\$	196,325	\$	179,119	\$	17,206
Total Component Unit - School Board	\$27	7,947,230	\$2	3,259,235	\$2	7,076,789	\$	1,182,446



County of Alleghany, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 37,732,025	34,485,630	33,047,680	35,058,205	34,263,739	35,729,022	32,435,342	33,664,132	34,180,948	29,070,802
Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 810,438 \$ 2,120,959 \$ 252,340 \$ 5,174,652 \$ 37,732,025	4,379,654	4,433,153	4,837,124	4,208,210	4,497,392	2,914,811	2,894,787	3,466,944	2,753,856
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 252,340	295,265	324,331	394,899	430,686	1,623,370	933,168	1,038,864	1,089,090	1,127,499
Parks, Interest Recreation, Community on Long- and Cultural Development Term Debt	\$ 2,120,959	444,866	465, 186	505,841	561,469	404,069	441,036	444,648	394,485	398,708
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 810,438	861,841	720,544	812,380	963,741	1,100,281	966,811	1,096,976	632,214	871,908
Education	\$ 4,328,093 \$ 11,953,884	11,703,747	10,707,726	12,558,547	12,643,618	12,515,440	12,221,036	12,104,165	12,026,801	9,418,334
Health and Welfare	\$ 4,328,093	4,203,749	3,647,251	3,683,445	3,538,594	3,463,171	3,348,393	3,427,771	3,368,123	3,850,210
Public Works	\$ 3,069,619	3,082,441	3,332,512	2,939,564	2,894,667	2,964,372	2,773,957	4,351,861	4,970,152	3,095,922
Public Safety	1,727,111 \$ 6,281,243	5,669,932	5,962,056	5,548,155	5,340,327	5,171,713	5,234,361	4,968,106	4,898,840	5,159,785
Judicial Administration	1,727,111	1,578,405	1,476,156	1,559,654	1,482,244	1,489,784	1,447,988	1,306,191	1,346,124	1,254,663
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	3 2,013,686	2,265,730	1,978,765	2,218,596	2,200,183	2,499,430	2,153,781	2,030,763	1,988,175	1,139,917
Fiscal Year A	2016-17 \$	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

County of Alleghany, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	PR	PROGRAM REVENUES	JES		GE	GENERAL REVENUES	JES		
-		Operating	Capital					Grants and Contributions	
	Charges	Grants	Grants	General	Other	Unrestricted		Not Restricted	
Fiscal	for	and	and	Property	Local	Investment		to Specific	
Year	Services	Contributions	Contributions Contributions	Taxes	Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs	Total
2016-17	2016-17 \$ 4,921,947	\$ 9,497,971	\$ 2,196,671	\$ 16,216,009	\$ 2,582,898	\$ 54,297	\$ 1,657,373	\$ 2,485,685	\$ 39,612,851
2015-16	5,767,026	9,248,437	350,815	16,438,002	2,693,879	78,919	214,733	2,392,061	37,183,872
2014-15	4,622,696	8,921,346	7,693	16,165,901	2,691,370	74,735	244,482	2,397,886	35,126,109
2013-14	4,827,467	8,458,807	23,280	15,186,511	2,554,418	82,668	244,619	2,407,155	33,784,925
2012-13	4,639,293	8,543,222	771,476	16,394,558	2,412,439	73,094	353,916	2,396,687	35,584,685
2011-12	4,669,620	8,913,175	1,888,577	15,492,843	2,190,182	50,276	251,787	2,293,952	35,750,412
2010-11	3,909,984	8,252,444	12,541,714	15,432,192	2,288,458	144,947	609,488	2,250,850	45,430,077
2009-10	3,461,695	8,234,495	4,287,265	15,715,743	2,236,077	123,133	549,032	2,276,650	36,884,090
2008-09	3,563,035	9,514,955	2,037,436	15,222,115	2,698,807	385,533	387,588	2,069,500	35,878,969
2007-08	3,418,562	8,768,681	205,853	14,784,476	2,596,051	1,016,766	261,246	1,978,185	33,029,820

County of Alleghany, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	458,621 \$ 52,551,445	48,677,971	47,869,749	51,435,736	48,587,817	58,667,001	47,921,519	51,592,962	53,629,614	51,363,553
Capital Projects	458,621 \$	421,253	338,676	4,974,279	700,450	526,086	374,624	2,796,318	3,278,167	1,603,967
Debt Service	\$ 1,890,373 \$	2,036,381	1,934,068	1,595,574	1,566,353	10,333,888	2,342,273	2,363,137	2,386,317	2,413,924
Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development Nondepartmental			•	137,782	29,505	28,856	2,567	4,900	2,899	3,399
Community Development	\$ 2,124,181	433,733	467,061	504,569	561,954	399,258	331,195	283,368	330,719	413,787
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 2,940,320 \$ 2,124,181	1,387,272	743,712	766,086	785,039	760,351	727,485	722,137	673,801	899,577
Education (2)	\$ 26,708,173	26,272,527	26,668,845	26,757,720	28,595,658	29,826,325	28,534,386	29,531,453	31,120,417	30,648,576
Health and Welfare	\$ 4,518,362	4,605,417	4,332,044	4,145,168	3,973,318	3,917,532	3,867,309	3,947,566	4,038,254	3,948,507
Public Works	3,021,282	3,196,499	3,235,630	2,853,176	2,878,188	3,246,772	2,643,170	2,893,008	2,965,524	2,726,625
Public Safety	6,765,064	6,292,769	6,287,387	5,792,074	2,695,866	5,775,857	5,436,958	2,509,607	5,324,926	5,292,272
Judicial dministration	1,766,569 \$ 6,765,064	1,623,127	1,529,864	1,561,280	1,496,501	1,429,307	1,404,529	1,381,692	1,403,618	1,372,032
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	2,358,500 \$	2,408,993	2,332,462	2,348,028	2,304,985	2,422,769	2,254,023	2,159,776	2,101,972	2,040,887
Fiscal (Year A	2016-17 \$	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) County of Alleghany, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 52,108,452	48,980,394	48,853,690	46,786,398	49,179,941	49,981,106	49,116,922	51,959,602	54,490,775	51,723,053
Inter- governmental (2)	\$ 28,559,523 \$	26,368,912	26,274,077	25,373,168	26,904,703	28,457,341	27,239,582	30,002,302	32,209,250	29,672,297
Recovered Costs	\$ 1,526,569	1,674,885	1,837,701	1,800,693	1,565,975	1,785,590	1,663,681	1,701,036	1,856,032	1,535,807
Miscellaneous	\$ 2,182,220 \$ 1,526,569	793,960	747,085	708,314	835,224	663,646	964,764	1,068,168	822,185	715,685
Charges for Services	936,678	872,014	967,427	1,040,908	1,123,697	1,334,845	1,193,313	1,097,179	1,277,105	1,284,749
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	\$ 43,670 \$	72,950	61,773	72,952	66,284	47,464	122,518	124,353	383,246	1,025,818
Fines and Forfeitures	171 \$ 101,353	37,102	40,814	59,214	43,559	61,002	81,829	65,414	64,653	57,561
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	\$ 29,4	34,	32,786	28,178	40,113	28,259	38,554	35,296	50,661	45,274
Other Local Taxes	\$ 2,582,898	2,693,879	2,691,370	2,554,418	2,412,439	2,190,182	2,288,458	2,236,077	2,698,807	2,596,051
General Property Taxes	2016-17 \$ 16,146,070 \$ 2,582,898	16,432,520	16,200,657	15,148,553	16,187,947	15,412,777	15,524,223	15,629,777	15,128,836	14,789,811
Fiscal Year	2016-17 \$	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	4.23%	3.94%	3.48%	3.63%	3.66%	2.83%	2.25%	2.89%	2.87%	2.50%
Percent of Outstanding Delinquent Delinquent Taxes to Taxes (1) Tax Levy	98.84% \$ 743,351	699,953	612,674	637,328	632,216	462,659	386,161	489,646	476,050	405,837
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	98.84%	98.94%	98.37%	%26.66	99.45%	100.29%	100.76%	100.80%	%06`66	100.17%
Total Tax Collections	227,217 \$ 17,367,681	17,561,961	17,326,438	17,564,236	17,188,410	16,421,548	17,263,701	17,100,419	16,591,206	16,287,757
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)		320,486	329,846	287,649	209,664	185,834	263,622	248,198	225,844	156,974
Percent of Levy Collected	\$ %55.26	97.14%	96.50%	98.34%	98.24%	99.15%	99.22%	99.33%	98.54%	99.21%
Current Percent Delinquent Tax of Levy Tax Collections (1) Collected Collections (1)	2016-17 \$ 17,571,198 \$ 17,140,464	17,241,475	16,996,592	17,276,587	16,978,746	16,235,714	17,000,079	16,852,221	16,365,362	16,130,783
Total Tax Levy (1)	\$ 17,571,198	17,749,218	17,613,882	17,568,748	17,282,831	16,374,806	17,133,525	16,965,119	16,607,536	16,259,572
Fiscal Year	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

Fiscal years 2012 through 2014 have been adjusted to account for refunds of approximately 1.4 million dollars. (1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. Includes PPTRA revenue from the Commonwealth.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Public Utility (2)	Total
				-	
2016-17	1,205,493,480	\$ 69,838,584	\$ 87,848,224	\$ 170,703,976	\$ 1,533,884,264
2015-16	1,202,425,765	66,764,432	98,782,735	179,762,641	1,547,735,573
2014-15	1,198,562,696	66,625,672	96,917,748	176,440,723	1,538,546,839
2013-14	1,195,599,690	66,324,208	114,611,443	119,210,453	1,495,745,794
2012-13	1,189,199,438	64,151,894	122,088,331	111,530,160	1,486,969,823
2011-12	1,183,707,713	63,193,323	116,555,738	109,080,093	1,472,536,867
2010-11	1,177,769,900	61,240,685	116,208,339	103,422,277	1,458,641,201
2009-10	1,173,850,600	59,061,239	116,248,580	100,012,946	1,449,173,365
2008-09	1,166,472,100	64,321,098	106,864,932	89,128,617	1,426,786,747
2007-08	1,146,371,600	63,346,720	102,823,797	101,263,931	1,413,806,048

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission (includes real estate and personal property).

Table 7
County of Alleghany, Virginia
Property Tax Rates (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Mobile Home	Machinery and Tools
2016-17	\$ 0.71	\$ 5.95	\$ 0.71	\$ 5.95
2015-16	0.69	5.95	0.69	5.95
2014-15	0.67	5.95	0.67	5.95
2013-14	0.67	5.95	0.67	5.95
2012-13	0.67	5.95	0.67	5.95
2011-12	0.64	5.95	0.64	5.95
2010-11	0.64	5.95	0.64	5.95
2009-10	0.66	5.95	0.66	5.95
2008-09	0.66	5.95	0.66	5.95
2007-08	0.66	5.95	0.66	5.95

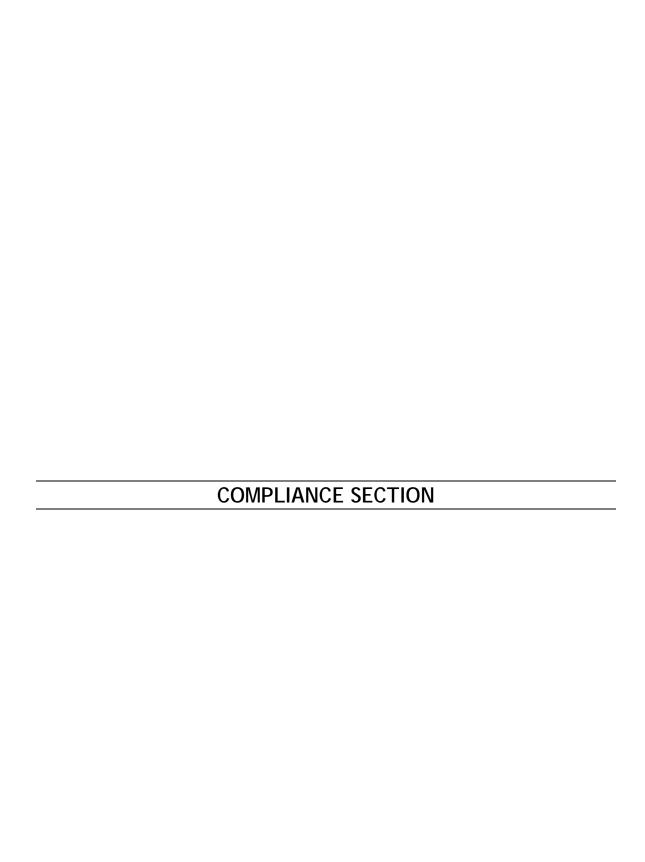
⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands)	Gross Bonded Debt (2)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2016-17	15,820	\$ 1,533,884	\$ 8,121,354	\$ 8,121,354	0.53%	\$ 513
2015-16	15,820	1,547,736	9,652,194	9,652,194	0.62%	610
2014-15	15,820	1,538,547	11,325,995	11,325,995	0.74%	716
2013-14	16,250	1,495,746	12,848,989	12,848,989	0.86%	791
2012-13	16,250	1,486,970	14,013,313	14,013,313	0.94%	862
2011-12	16,250	1,472,537	13,183,675	13,183,675	0.90%	811
2010-11	16,250	1,458,641	22,659,231	22,659,231	1.55%	1,394
2009-10	17,215	1,449,173	24,291,009	24,291,009	1.68%	1,411
2008-09	17,215	1,426,787	25,732,356	25,732,356	1.80%	1,495
2007-08	17,215	1,413,806	27,140,846	27,140,846	1.92%	1,577

⁽¹⁾ Population per the Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ Includes all long-term general obligations: bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Also includes lease revenue bonds which will be repaid using taxpayer dollars. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To The Board of Supervisors County of Alleghany, Virginia Covington, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Alleghany, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Alleghany, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a significant deficiency (2017-001).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Alleghany, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Alleghany, Virginia's Response to Findings

Sinon, Fairer, Cox Associates

County of Alleghany, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Alleghany, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 30, 2017

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To The Board of Supervisors County of Alleghany, Virginia Covington, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Alleghany, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. County of Alleghany, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Alleghany, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Alleghany, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Alleghany, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 30, 2017

linea, Fairer, Cox Associates

County of Alleghany, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

For the Year Ended June 30, 2		Pass-through		
	Federal	Entity		
Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying		Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Ex	penditures
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	950114/950115	\$	4,122
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	400115/400116	Ψ	247,647
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	500115/500116		864
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	600415/600416		29,268
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	760115/760116		52,520
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	93599		3,940
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	900115/900116		479
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100115/1100116		153,892
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120115/1120116		22,803
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000115/1000116		199,155
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	540115/540116		10,425
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200115/1200116		343,022
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150115/9150116		1,875
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	1,070,012
Department of Agriculture				
Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841	\$	24,792
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	NA		50,000
Department of Education:				,
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623 \$ 484,197		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40621 145,624		
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not available 13,429		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			_	643,250
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	010115/010116		273,601
	10.501	010113/010110		270,001
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	991,643
National Endowment for the Arts:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Commision for the Arts				
Promotion of the Arts Partnership Agreements	45.025	Not available	\$	4,500
Total National Endowment for the Arts			\$	4,500
Environmental Protection Agency:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Health: Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	VCWSTM 005	\$	2,274,138
capitalization orality for olean water state revolving runus	00.430	VOVVSTWI 003		2,274,130
Total Environmental Protection Agency			\$	2,274,138
Department of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
Formula Grants for Other than Urbanized Areas	20.509	Not Available	\$	2,069,335
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Not available	Ψ	18,525
outo and community inginitary out oxy	20.000	not available		10,020
Total Department of Transportation			\$	2,087,860
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Office of Victims of Crime:				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	NA	\$	124,249
Total Department of Justice			\$	124,249

County of Alleghany, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

To the real Ended S	Julie 50, 2017				
Department of Homeland Security:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Emergency Management					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	77502, 77801		\$	37,526
Total Department of Homeland Security				\$	37,526
Department of Education:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Education:					
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42892		\$	505,103
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	43401			36,490
Special Education Cluster:					
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	60180	\$ 546,623		
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	61136	30,193		
Total Special Education Cluster				_	576,816
Department of Education: (Continued)					
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	Not available			266
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	Not available			7,892
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	61490			109,818
Total Department of Education				\$	1,236,385
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$	7,826,313

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Alleghany, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budgets Uniform Guidance, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Alleghany, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Alleghany, Virginia.

Note B -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect to use 10% de minimis indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.

Note C -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note D -- Subrecipients

The County did not have any subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Note E -- Relationship to the Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Primary government:	
General Fund-Intergovernmental	\$ 14,052,991
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(10,162,117)
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes	(243,126)
Water and Sewer Fund Loans	2,274,138
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund-Intergovernmental	25,713,257
Less: Revenue from Local Governments	(11,296,651)
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(12,512,179)
Governor's School Fund-Intergovernmental	89,926
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(89,926)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 7,826,313

County of Alleghany, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section, 200.516 (a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
66.458	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolv	ring Funds
20.205	Highway and Planning Construction	
Dollar threshold used to distinguis	sh between Type A	
and Type B programs		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk audi	tee?	Yes

County of Alleghany, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Criteria: An organization should prepare reconciliations to ensure amounts reported in the

financial statements are materially correct.

Condition: The County's Department of Social Services failed to perform reconciliations of

Department expenditures to their request for reimbursement of same from the

Commonwealth for the final month of the fiscal year.

Cause of Condition: The Department experienced significant turnover and new employees were not

properly trained in their duties.

Effect of Condition: The Department overreported approximately \$120,000 in expenses and was

reimbursed approximately \$90,000 related to same. The Department identified this

error in a subsequent period and reduced future requests accordingly.

Recommendation: The Social Services Department should begin reconciling monthly expenses reported to

the State against actual expenses.

Management's

Response: Management concurs with the finding and will begin reconciling monthly expenditures

to requests for the reimbursement of same.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings in the prior fiscal year that related to federal programs.