



County of Fluvanna, Virginia

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

A great place to live, learn, work, and play!

COUNTY OF FLUVANNA, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Prepared By:

Department of Finance County of Fluvanna, Virginia Mary Anna Twisdale, Liz McIver, Tori Melton, Cyndi Toler

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY	SECTION	Page
Letter of Trans		1-8
Directory of Pr	incipal Officials	9
Certificate of A	chievement	11
Organizational	Chart	13-14
FINANCIAL SECT	TON.	
	uditors' Report	 15-17
	B Discussion and Analysis	19-28
Basic Financi	al Statements	
Government-	wide Financial Statements:	
Exhibit 1	Statement of Net Position	33
Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	34-35
Fund Financi	al Statements:	
Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet–Governmental Funds	39
Exhibit 4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances–Governmental Funds	40
Exhibit 5	Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities–Governmental Funds	41
Exhibit 6	Statement of Net Position—Proprietary Funds	42
Exhibit 7	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position–Proprietary Funds	43
Exhibit 8	Statement of Cash Flows–Proprietary Funds	44
Exhibit 9	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position–Fiduciary Funds	45
Exhibit 10	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position–Fiduciary Funds	46
Notes to Fina	incial Statements	47-122

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(Continued)

EINIANIOIAI SEO	TION (continued)	Page
	TION (continued) pplementary Information	
Exhibit 11	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances–Budget and Actual–General Fund	125
Exhibit 12	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios–Primary Government	126
Exhibit 13	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios–Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	127
Exhibit 14	Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan	128
Exhibit 15	Schedule of Employer Contributions–Pension	129
Exhibit 16	Notes to Required Supplementary Information–Pension	130
Exhibit 17	Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress	131
Exhibit 18	Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	132
Exhibit 19	Schedule of Employer Contributions	133
Exhibit 20	Schedule of Investment Returns	134
Exhibit 21	Notes to Required Supplementary Information–County and School Board OPEB	135
Exhibit 22	Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios–County Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program	136
Exhibit 23	Schedule of Employer Contributions–County Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program	137
Exhibit 24	Notes to Required Supplementary Information–County Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program	138
Exhibit 25	Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability–Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program	139
Exhibit 26	Schedule of Employer Contributions–Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program	140
Exhibit 27	Notes to Required Supplementary Information–Teacher Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program	141
Exhibit 28	Schedule of County and School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability–Group Life Insurance Program	142

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(Continued)

		Page
FINANCIAL SECT	rion (continued)	
Required Sup	plementary Information: (Continued)	
Exhibit 29	Schedule of Employer Contributions–Group Life Insurance Program	143
Exhibit 30	Notes to Required Supplementary Information–Group Life Insurance Program	144
Other Supple	mentary Information	
Combining a	nd Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Exhibit 31	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances–Budget and Actual–Capital Projects Fund	148
Exhibit 32	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position–Agency Fund	149
Exhibit 33	Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities–Agency Fund	150
Discretely Pr	resented Component Unit–School Board:	
Exhibit 34	Combining Balance Sheet–Governmental Funds	153
Exhibit 35	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances–Governmental Funds	154
Exhibit 36	Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	155
Exhibit 37	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances–Budget and Actual	156-157
Discretely Pr	resented Component Unit–Fluvanna County EDA	
Exhibit 38	Statement of Net Position	160
Exhibit 39	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	161
Exhibit 40	Statement of Cash Flows	162
Supporting S	Schedules:	
Schedule 1	Schedule of Revenues–Budget and Actual–Governmental Funds	164-166
Schedule 2	Schedule of Expenditures–Budget and Actual-General Fund	167-170

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	(Continued)	
STATISTICAL S	SECTION	Page
Table 1	Net Position by Component–Last Ten Fiscal Years	172-173
Table 2	Changes in Net Position–Last Ten Fiscal Years	174-175
Table 3	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds–Last Ten Fiscal Years	176-177
Table 4	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds–Last Ten Fiscal Years	178-179
Table 5	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property–Last Ten Fiscal Years	180
Table 6	Property Tax Rates–Direct and Overlapping Governments–Last Ten Fiscal Years	181
Table 7	Principal Property Taxpayers–Current and the Period Nine Years Prior	182
Table 8	Property Tax Levies and Collections–Last Ten Fiscal Years	183
Table 9	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type–Last Ten Fiscal Years	184
Table 10	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Per Capita–Last Ten Fiscal Years	185
Table 11	Debt Policy Information–Last Ten Fiscal Years	186-187
Table 12	Demographic and Economic Statistics–Last Ten Fiscal Years	188
Table 13	Principal Employers–Current Year and Nine Years Ago	189
Table 14	Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function–Last Ten Fiscal Years	190
Table 15	Operating Indicators by Function–Last Ten Fiscal Years	191
Table 16	Capital Asset Statistics by Function—Last Ten Fiscal Years	192
COMPLIANCE	SECTION:	
Complia	ent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on nce and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements ed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	193-194
	ent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal ver Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	195-196
Schedule	of Expenditures of Federal Awards	197-198
Notes to S	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	199
Schedule	of Findings and Questioned Costs	200



COUNTY OF FLUVANNA

"Responsive & Responsible Government"

132 Main Street P.O. Box 540 Palmyra, VA 22963 (434) 591-1910 Fax (434) 591-1911 www.fluvannacounty.org

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

John M. "Mike" Sheridan Chair Columbia District

Anthony P. "Tony" O'Brien Vice Chair Rivanna District

Mozell H. Booker Fork Union District

Patricia B. Eager Palmyra District

Donald W. Weaver Cunningham District

COUNTY ADMINISTRATION

Eric M. Dahl
County Administrator

Caitlin Solis
Clerk to the Board

December 8, 2020

To the Citizens of Fluvanna County, Virginia To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors of Fluvanna County

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the County of Fluvanna (the "County") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The Code of Virginia requires that local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This report has been prepared by the Department of Finance in accordance with the standards of financial reporting as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) where applicable, and the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA).

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and fairness of presentation of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to ensure compliance with applicable laws, regulations and County policies, to safeguard the County's assets, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and accurate in all material respects, and presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the County

This report is intended to provide informative and relevant financial information for the citizens of the County, the Board of Supervisors (the Board), investors, creditors and other concerned readers. All are encouraged to contact the Department of Finance with any comments or questions concerning this report.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Robinson, Farmer, Cox, Associates, L.L.P., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are fairly presented in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP. The auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

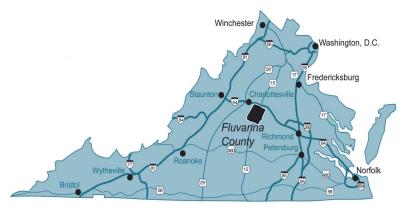
The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the County's compliance with the financial and administrative requirements applicable to each of the County's major federal programs. These reports are available in the Compliance Section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE COUNTY

The County was established in 1777 after several divisions from other counties with the final division from Albemarle County. Fluvanna County was once part of Henrico County, one of the original shires of the Virginia

Colony. In 1727, Henrico County was divided and Fluvanna County became a part of Goochland County. Goochland County was divided in 1744 and Fluvanna became a part of Albemarle County. In 1777, Albemarle County was divided to create Fluvanna County. The County was named for the Fluvanna River, the name given to the James River west of Columbia. Fluvanna is Latin for "Anne's River" — in honor of Queen Anne of England. Palmyra was made



the county seat in 1828 and remains the county seat today. It quickly became a thriving town after the courthouse was completed in 1830. While Palmyra has changed and modernized over the years, it still possesses an aura of tranquility.

The County operates under the traditional board form of government as defined under Virginia law. The governing body of the County is the Board of Supervisors, which establishes policies for the administration of the County. The Board of Supervisors consists of five members representing the five electoral districts in the County: Columbia, Cunningham, Fork Union, Palmyra, and Rivanna. The Board of Supervisors appoints a

PROFILE OF THE COUNTY: (CONTINUED)

County Administrator to serve as the administrative manager of the County. The County Administrator serves at the pleasure of the Board of Supervisors, carries out the policies established by the Board of Supervisors, and directs business and administrative procedures within the County government. The County has taxing powers subject to statewide restriction and tax limits.

Fluvanna County is centrally located in the heart of Virginia, 120 miles south of Washington, D.C., 60 miles west of Richmond, Virginia, and 25 miles southeast of Charlottesville, Virginia. The location of the County can be described as the Piedmont Plateau Physiographic Province and is characterized by gently rolling hills. The County encompasses a land area of 282 square miles. Two U.S. primary and two State primary routes traverse the County. The County is bounded, in effect, by Interstate 64 to the north and by the James River to the south. The Rivanna River, the Commonwealth's first designated "Scenic River", bisects the county and joins the James at the historic town of Columbia. Agriculture remains important in Fluvanna's economy. Two-thirds of the county's land is forested with most open land devoted to farming and grazing.

In addition to the elected Board of Supervisors, five constitutional officers are elected. These officers include the Clerk of the Circuit Court, the Sheriff, the Commonwealth's Attorney, the Treasurer, and the Commissioner of the Revenue. Two officials are elected to serve as County representatives on the Thomas Jefferson Soil & Water Conservation District Board. Five officials are elected to serve as the Fluvanna County School Board.

The departments of the Board of Supervisors, County Administrator, County Attorney, Commissioner of the Revenue, Treasurer, Information Technology, Finance, Registrar, and Human Resources constitute the general government administration of the County. The County Administrator, Constitutional officers, along with the Directors of the various departments, implement the laws and policies of the County by developing and executing the procedures that are necessary in order to provide general support services to County residents.

The Court system is made up of the Circuit Court, General District Court, Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Court Services, and Commonwealth's Attorney. The public safety operations of the County include the Sheriff, Emergency Communications, Emergency Management, Fire and Rescue Squads, Animal Control, Building Inspections, Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention, and Central Virginia Regional Jail.

Public Works is comprised of the departments of Facilities, Utilities, and Public Works which administers capital projects of the County and oversees solid waste management, Sewer, the Zion Crossroads Water and Sewer System and the Fork Union Sanitary District.

The Department of Social Services determines eligibility for public assistance programs, which are mandated by federal and state law. The Community Services Board provides mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services. In addition, it provides adult services, group home services, and supervised living services. Fluvanna is served by the Thomas Jefferson Health District along with Charlottesville, and Albemarle, Greene, Louisa, and Nelson counties.

Parks and Recreation provides and promotes leisure services including park activities, educational and hobby programs, senior citizen activities, youth programs, adult athletic leagues, special events, and other activities for County residents. The Fluvanna County Library provides public library service to the County.

PROFILE OF THE COUNTY: (CONTINUED)

The Planning and Zoning Department provides numerous services that relate to the well-being and orderly development of the community. Primary areas of responsibility include the Comprehensive Plan, current and long range planning, and code enforcement. This Department also maintains the geographic information system (GIS) for developing, maintaining, and distributing geographic related data sets and applications. The Economic Development Department has responsibility for attracting and retaining high quality business and industry.

The County provides education through its own school system administered by the Fluvanna County School Board (the School Board). The County promotes commerce through the Economic Development Authority of Fluvanna County, Virginia (the EDA). These agencies have been classified as discretely presented component units in the financial reporting entity because they are legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The EDA has the power to issue tax-exempt industrial development revenue bonds on behalf of qualifying enterprises wishing to utilize that form of financing, as well as to finance County facilities. Those bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the County, but represent limited obligations of the EDA payable solely from the revenue and receipts derived from the projects funded with the proceeds.

The School Board administers its own appropriations within the categories defined by the Commonwealth of Virginia. The Board of Supervisors' financial accountability over the School Board is also limited to approving transfers to the education funds and authorizing school debt issuances. The Fluvanna County Public Schools is the single largest service provided by the County. The elected School Board is composed of five members who represent the five electoral districts. The School Board appoints a Superintendent to administer the policies of the School Board. The school system is comprised of one high school, one middle school, and three elementary schools. The K-12 End-of-Year Membership as of June 2020 totaled 3,444 students. The Fluvanna High School Completion Rate is 95.56% (VA On-Time Graduation Rate) with 83.9% of graduates seeking higher education.

Virginia law requires the County to maintain a balanced budget in each fiscal year. The annual budget serves as the foundation of the County's financial planning and control. These budgetary controls ensure compliance with provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Supervisors. Activities of the general fund and capital projects fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. All agencies and departments of the County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the County Administrator by the date established in the budget calendar. The County Administrator uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. Then, the County Administrator presents the proposed budget to the Board who begin a series of work sessions. The Board is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than June 30th, the close of the County's fiscal year, as required by 15.2-2503, Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended. A budget is not required for fiduciary funds. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function (e.g., public safety) with the appropriations resolution adopted by the Board placing legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund and function level.

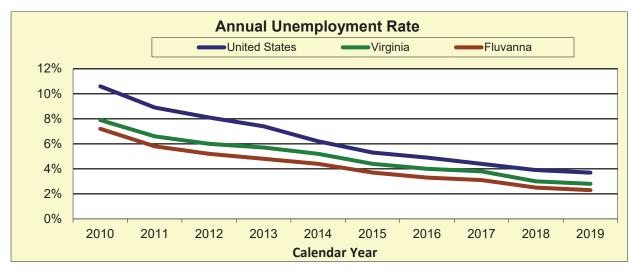
When necessary, the Board of Supervisors approves amendments to the adopted budget in accordance with 15.2-2507, Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended. Budgetary compliance is monitored and reported at the department level. The budget is implemented through appropriations that the Board makes annually, with supplemental appropriations made as required. These appropriations, except those to incur mandated expenditures, may be greater or less than contemplated in the budget.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Fluvanna County operates.

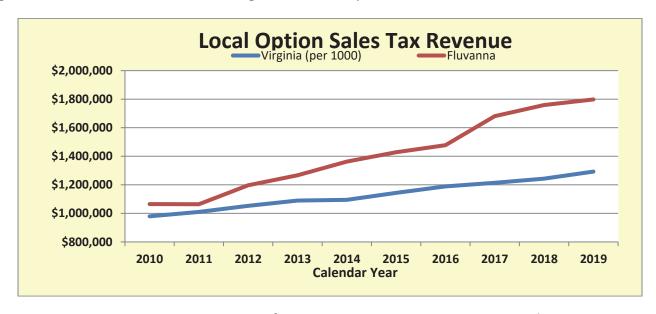
Local Economy

Based on available economic data, the annual local unemployment rate for 2019 was 2.3%, 0.2% lower than the 2.5% annual local unemployment rate for 2018. The local unemployment rate compares favorably to the state and national rate of 2.8% and 3.7%, respectively. The predominant industries are government, education, administrative and support services, health care, and retail trade. As seen in the chart below, unemployment in Fluvanna County has continued on a downward trend since 2011.



Source: Virginia Employment Commission, Local Area Unemployment Statistics - Annual, Not Seasonally Adjusted

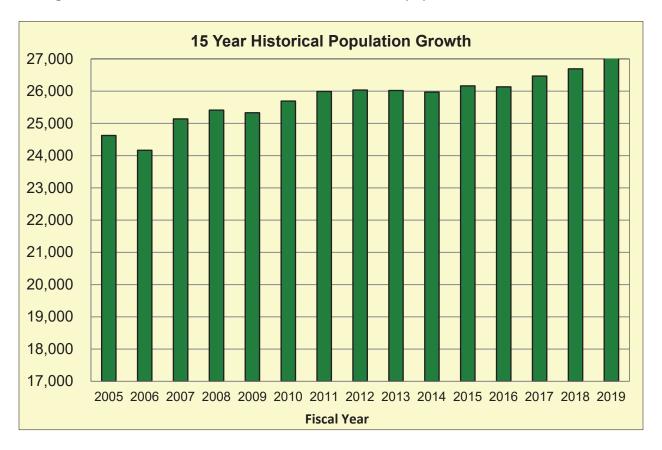
Sales tax revenue can also be an indicator of the overall condition of the County's economy. As seen in the chart below, there has been strong growth in the Local Option Sales Tax revenue in Fluvanna County over the past seven years. Local Option Sales Tax revenue has increased 42.0% from 2013 to 2019. In contrast, Virginia has seen an 18.6% increase during the same time period.



Source: Virginia Department of Taxation, Revenue Forecasting – Annual

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION: (CONTINUED)

The population growth in the County has increased over the years due to competitively priced housing, a rural setting, and approximation to major urban centers, including Charlottesville and Richmond. Fluvanna County saw an increase of 28.2% in population growth between the 2000 and the 2010 census. However, population growth has moderated from the 2010 census to 2019 population estimates at a rate of 5.2%.



Source: Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, Demographics & Workforce Group - July 1st Estimates

The County received their first formal public credit ratings in July 2008. Standard & Poor's provided a rating of AA- with remarks of "strong wealth and income levels, developing local economy has access to the Charlottesville core based statistical area, and solid financial performance with positive operating results and strong reserves." In April 2020, Moody's affirmed its rating of Aa2 with remarks of the key credit factors include a healthy financial position, a small tax base with a strong wealth and income profile, and manageable debt and pension liabilities. As of April 2020, Standard & Poor's affirmed its rating for Fluvanna County as AA with a stable outlook.

Financial Policies

Fluvanna continues to adhere to a conservative fund balance policy that maintains unassigned fund balance at a minimum of 12% of General Fund revenues plus Component Unit School Fund revenues, less the operating transfer from the General Fund.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For fiscal year 2020, following the priorities established by the County of Fluvanna Board of Supervisors, and with the assistance and guidance of the County Administrator, County staff and agencies implemented and continued a number of specific projects designed to provide County residents with cost efficient government while enhancing their home and employment environment. Major initiatives begun, continued, or completed during this fiscal year are:

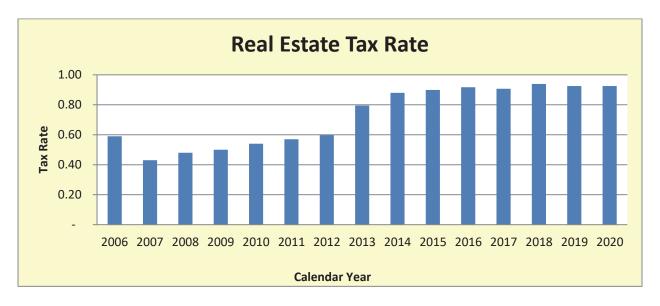
- The Zion Crossroads Water and Sewer system will provide water and sewer infrastructure for Fluvanna County's growth corridor from the intersection of U.S. Route 250/Route 15, going west approximately 2.5 miles on U.S. Route 250 towards Charlottesville and going south approximately 1 mile on Route 15. The Board of Supervisors has to date appropriated \$775,000 from unassigned fund balance for the design of the Zion Crossroads Water and Sewer System. In August 2017, a Water and Sewer Revenue Bond was issued, providing \$8.5 million in project funds. The final design was completed and approved by the Board of Supervisors in November 2017. An Invitation for Bid for construction was issued in May 2018 and all bids were received in October 2018, coming in \$1.0 million below estimates. Construction Notice to Proceed was issued for March 11 2019 and final completion is planned by April 30, 2021.
- James River Water Authority (JRWA) Water System is supported 50/50 and made up of the County of Fluvanna and the County of Louisa. This project will construct a raw water intake system and pipeline from the James River to serve the 50 year water supply needs of Fluvanna and Louisa County. The pipeline from the water intake system will stop at Route 6 in the southeast corner of Fluvanna County. Both County's will have access to the system and be responsible for building any future pipelines that connect to the system. In May 2016, a Revenue Bond was issued, providing \$9.0 million in project funds. The project is currently in the permitting phase. The project will take 18 months to complete after construction begins.
- A Fork Union Fire Training Building is proposed and will provide Fluvanna County Fire and Rescue Volunteers with a training facility located inside the county. The building will be a 2 story metal building, approximately 1881 square foot, burning class A flammable material as fuel. It is being partially funded by a \$480,000 grant from the Virginia Department of Fire Programs. Designs have been completed and an IFB for construction has been issued.

FUTURE BUDGET CONSIDERATIONS

For fiscal year 2020, the Board of Supervisors approved an Operating Budget of \$82.8 million inclusive of a General Fund budget of \$52 million. The Board of Supervisors elected to hold the real estate tax rate steady at \$0.925 per \$100 of assessed value for calendar year 2020.

FUTURE BUDGET CONSIDERATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Below is the real estate tax rate history for 15 years.



Awards and Acknowledgments

The Governmental Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting (CAFR) to the County of Fluvanna for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This is the eleventh year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the cooperation and dedication of the staff of the Fluvanna County Finance Department, Robinson Farmer Cox Associates, and all County agencies and departments that assisted and contributed to the preparation of this Report. Credit also must be given to the Board of Supervisors for their unwavering support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Fluvanna County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric M. Dahl County Administrator Mary Anna Twisdale Director of Finance

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DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2020

Board of Supervisors

Anthony P. O'Brien, Vice Chair Mozell H. Booker Patricia B. Eager Donald W. Weaver	
	Constitutional Officers
Linda H. Lenherr Jeffrey W. Haislip	
Tristana Treadway	
	County Administrative Officials
Eric M. Dahl	
	School Board
Shirley Stewart, Vice Chair Charles Rittenhouse Andrew Pullen Dr. James Kelly	Fork Union District Rivanna District Cunningham District Columbia District Palmyra District Clerk
	School Administrative Officials
Chuck Winkler	Superintendent of Schools
	Social Services Board
Joe Chesser, Vice Chair Sandra Patterson Martha Brown Linda Y. Mitchell	Fork Union District Rivanna District Columbia District Palmyra District Cunningham District Board of Supervisor's Representative
<u>So</u>	cial Services Administrative Official
Kimberly Mabe	Director of Social Services
	Other Officials
Hon. Theresa W. Carter	Judge of the Circuit Court Judge of the General District Court Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Fluvanna Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

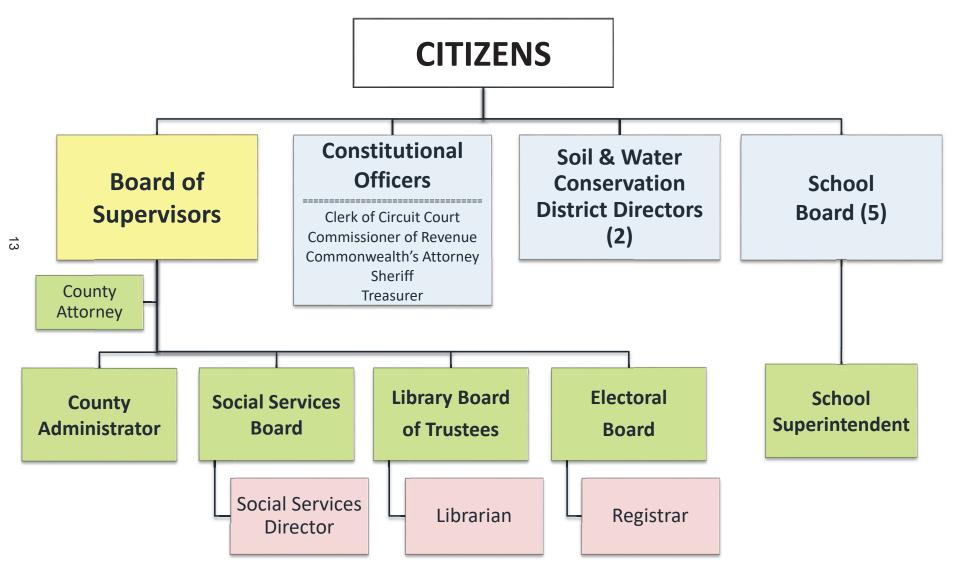
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



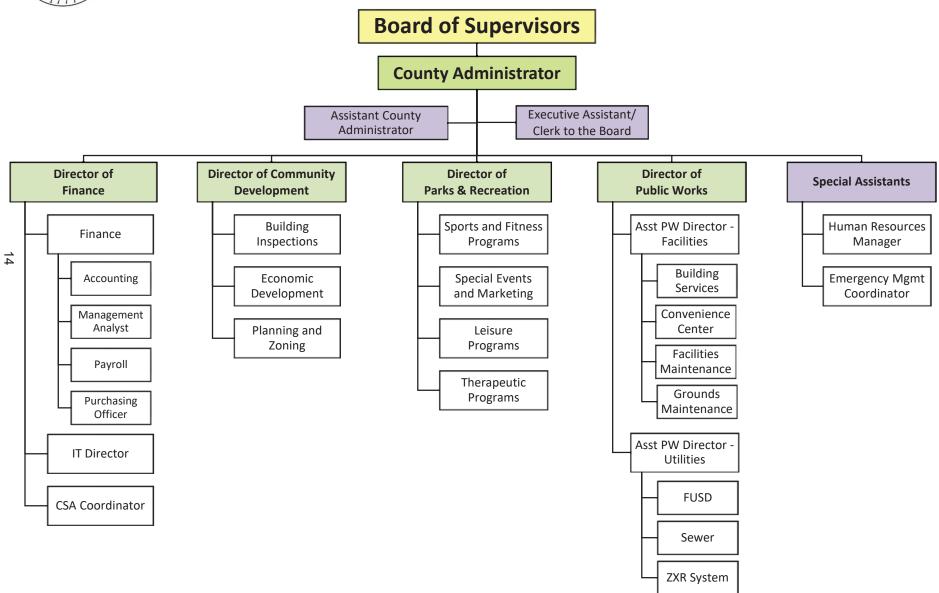


County Organization





County Administration Structure





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Fluvanna, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Fluvanna, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Fluvanna, Virginia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 19-28, 125, and 126-144 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Fluvanna, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Matters: (Continued)

Supplementary and Other Information: (Continued)

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2020, on our consideration of the County of Fluvanna, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Fluvanna, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Fluvanna, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Arbinson, Found, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia December 8, 2020



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Fluvanna County County of Fluvanna, Virginia

The management of the County of Fluvanna, Virginia presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section of this report, and the County's financial statements which follow this discussion and analysis.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$49.1 million (net position). Of this amount, \$27.9 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$3.1 million, of which the governmental activities increased by \$2.7 million and business-type activities increased by \$400,000.
- As of the close of fiscal year 2020, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances
 of \$26.3 million. Approximately 75.6% of this amount (\$19.9 million) is available for spending at the
 government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$26.2 million, or approximately 51.5% of total general fund expenditures.
- The total long-term obligations for Primary Government decreased by \$5.9 million during fiscal year 2020 (Note 7). This decrease was the result of retirements on existing debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* (Exhibits 1 and 2) are designed to report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those found in the private sector. They also report the County's net position and how it has changed during the fiscal year. These statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the County's overall financial status.

The *statement of net position* (Exhibit 1) presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources including governmental activities, business-type activities, and component unit activities. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, which provides a measure of the County's financial health, or financial condition. Over time increases or decreases in the net position may serve as an indicator of whether the County's financial condition is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors will also need to be considered, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's facilities.

The *statement of activities* (Exhibit 2) presents information using the accrual basis of accounting, and shows how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are shown in this statement, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The Statement of Activities presents expenses before revenues to emphasize that the government's revenue is generated for the express purpose of providing services.

In the government-wide financial statements, the County's activities are divided into three categories:

Governmental activities: Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including general governmental; judicial administration; public safety; public works; health and welfare; education; parks, recreation and cultural; and community development. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other local taxes, and Federal and State grants.

Business-type activities: The County charges fees to users to cover all, or a significant portion, of the costs associated with the provision of certain services. These business-type activities of Fluvanna County are intended to be self-supporting and include the Fork Union Sanitary District, Palmyra Sewer and the Zion Crossroads Water and Sewer System.

Component units: The County has two component units, the Fluvanna County Public Schools (School Board) and the Economic Development Authority of Fluvanna County, which are included in this annual financial report. Although legally separate, the discretely presented component units are important because the County is financially accountable for them. A primary government is accountable for an organization if the primary government is able to impose its will on the organization or the organization is capable of imposing specific financial burdens on the primary government. The County approves debt issuances to finance School Board assets and provides significant funding for its operation. Additional information on the component units can be found in Note 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

These statements focus on individual parts of the County's government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Funds are used to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements and are to keep track of specific sources of revenue and expenses for particular purposes. The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) the in flows and out flows of cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash, and (2) the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided with the fund financial statements to explain the relationship (or differences). The County has two major funds, the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. The General fund is the main operating account of the County and therefore, the largest of the governmental funds. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for major capital projects, primarily construction related. It provides control over resources that have been segregated for specific capital projects. All other governmental funds, which include special revenue funds, are collectively referred to as non-major governmental funds.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds – The County maintains two types of Proprietary Funds: enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer programs. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer activities, which are considered to be major funds of the County. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate for the County's healthcare activities.

Fiduciary funds – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

Table 1 summarizes the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1 in the Financial Section of the CAFR) for the primary government as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Table 1

County of Fluvanna, Virginia Summary of Net Position (\$ in millions)

	Primary Government									
		Governmental Activities			Busines: Activi			Total		
		2020	2019	_	2020	2019		2020	2019	
Current and other assets	\$	51.9	46.5	\$	0.6 \$	7.1	\$	52.5 \$	53.6	
Capital assets	_	91.1	97.7	_	14.9	8.4	_	106.0	106.1	
Total assets	\$	143.0 \$	144.2	\$	15.5 \$	15.5	\$	158.5 \$	159.7	
Total deferred outflows of resources	_		-	_	-	-		-	-	
Long-term liablilities outstanding	\$	84.0	89.6	\$	8.2 \$	8.7	\$	92.2 \$	98.3	
Other liabilities	_	10.2	9.0	_	1.5	1.3	_	11.7	10.3	
Total liabilities	\$_	94.2 \$	98.6	\$_	9.7 \$	10.0	\$_	103.9 \$	108.6	
Total deferred inflows of resources		19.2	19.0		-	-		19.2	19.0	
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	15.8	16.7	\$	5.3 \$	3.7	\$	21.1 \$	20.4	
Restricted		0.1	0.1		-	-		0.1	0.1	
Unrestricted	_	27.4	23.7	-	0.5	1.8	-	27.9	25.5	
Total net position	\$_	43.3 \$	40.5	\$	5.8 \$	5.5	\$	49.1 \$	46.0	

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$49.1 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The County's overall net position increased \$3.1 million from the prior year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental and business-type activities.

The County's investment in capital assets of \$21.1 million, or 42.9% of total net position, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens, like schools, libraries, law enforcement, fire and emergency medical services. Consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities (i.e., the County's investment in capital assets is of a permanent nature, as assets acquired are generally not sold or otherwise disposed of during their useful life).

The remaining \$28.0 million balance of net position contains \$27.9 million unrestricted, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, and \$100,000 restricted, due to an assets liability.

Statement of Activities

Table 2 summarizes the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2 in the Financial Section of the CAFR) for the primary government.

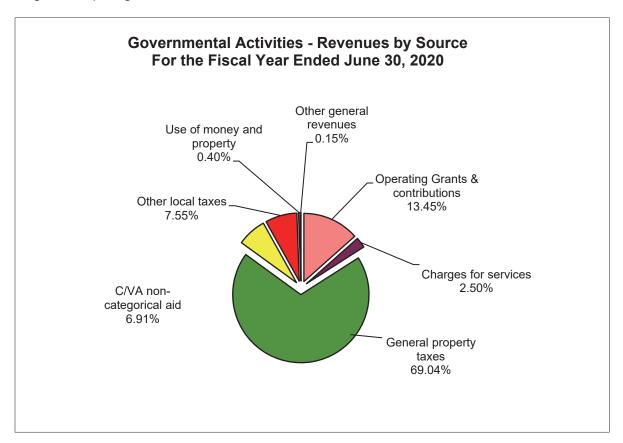
Table 2

County of Fluvanna, Virginia
Changes in Net Position
(\$in millions)

					Pı	rimary (Gον	/ernme	nt			
	_	Gove		nental ties		Busin Act	s-type	To	ota	ls		
	-	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Revenues:	-											
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	1.4	\$	1.3	\$	0.4	\$	0.4	\$	1.8	\$	1.7
Operating grants and												
contributions		7.4		5.9		-		-		7.4		5.9
Capital grants and												
contributions		0.1		-		-		-		0.1		-
General revenues:												
General property taxes		38.1		36.5		-		-		38.1		36.5
Other local taxes		4.1		3.7		-		-		4.1		3.7
Use of money and property		0.2		0.6		-		0.2		0.2		8.0
C/VA non-categorical aid		3.8		3.9		-		-		3.8		3.9
Other general revenues	_	0.1		0.2		-		-		0.1		0.2
Total revenues	\$_	55.2	\$_	52.1	\$_	0.4	\$_	0.6	\$_	55.6	\$_	52.7
Expenses:												
General government												
administration	\$	3.0	\$	2.9	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3.0	\$	2.9
Judicial administration		1.4		1.3		-		-		1.4		1.3
Public safety		10.4		9.3		-		-		10.4		9.3
Public works		2.9		2.7		-		-		2.9		2.7
Health and welfare		6.1		5.8		-		-		6.1		5.8
Education		23.0		22.9		-		-		23.0		22.9
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1.0		0.9		-		-		1.0		0.9
Community development		0.7		0.9		-		-		0.7		0.9
Interest and other fiscal charges		3.2		3.3		-		-		3.2		3.3
Fork Union Sanitary District		-		-		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3
Zion Crossroads Water & Sewer		-		-		0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2
Palmyra Sewer	_	-		-		0.3		0.2		0.3		0.2
Total expenses	\$_	51.7	\$_	50.0	\$_	8.0	\$_	0.7	\$_	52.5	\$_	50.7
Increase in net position before transfers	\$	3.5	\$	2.1	\$	(0.4)	\$	(0.1)	\$	3.1	\$	2.0
Transfers		(8.0)		(0.7)		0.8		0.7		-		-
Increase in net position	\$	2.7		1.4		0.4	\$	0.6	\$	3.1	\$	2.0
Net position, July 1, 2019		40.5		39.1		5.5		4.9		46.0		44.0
Net position, June 30, 2020	\$_	43.2	\$	40.5	\$	5.9	\$	5.5	\$	49.1	\$	46.0

The net position for governmental activities increased \$3.5 million for the current fiscal year, for an ending balance of \$43.2 million. Generally, net asset changes are the result of the difference between revenues and expenses. Total revenues exceeded expenses by \$3.5 million in the current fiscal year and transfers of \$800,000 reduced the net position to \$2.7 million. Revenues for fiscal year 2020 increased by \$3.1 million over the previous year and the key revenue elements include:

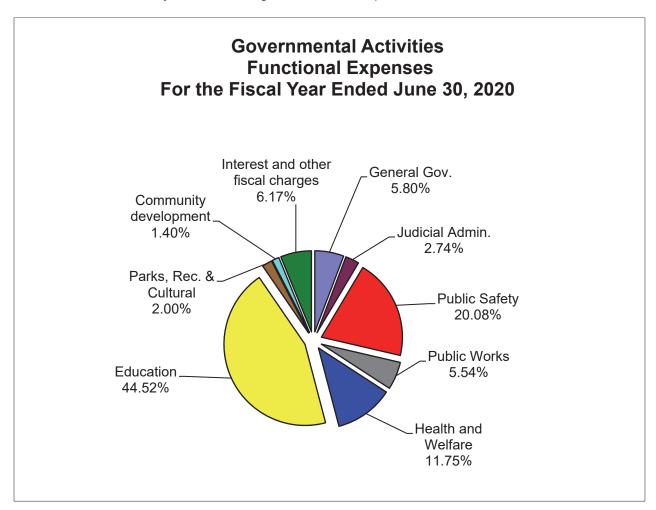
- General property taxes are the largest source of County revenue, totaling \$38.1 million for fiscal year 2020, an increase of \$1.6 million, in comparison to fiscal year 2019. There was a higher than anticipated collection of delinquent real property and personal property taxes, as well as penalties and interest.
- Operating and Capital grants and contributions increased \$1.5 million.



For the fiscal year June 30, 2020, the expenses for governmental activities totaled \$51.7 million, an increase of \$1.7 million compared to the prior fiscal year. Key expense elements include:

- Public Safety increased \$1.1 million:
 - Addition of Fluvanna SPCA budget
 - Salary increases and increased overtime for Public Safety Personnel
 - Capital Equipment Purchases for Fire Department and Sheriff's Office
- Public Works increased \$200.000:
 - Assistant Director of Public Works/Public Utilities position added
 - Development of Comprehensive Water and Sewer Plan
- Health and Welfare increased \$300,000 due to expenses related to CSA program placements and Countywide COVID19 related expenses
- Education increased by \$100,000 over the previous fiscal year

The following graph illustrates the County's expenses for each functional area comprising its governmental activities. Education continues to be the County's largest program and highest priority, with Public Safety and Health and Welfare the County's next two largest functional expenses.



<u>Business-Type Activities</u> – For the County's business-type activities, the net position for the current fiscal year increased \$400,000 for an ending balance of \$5.9 million. Expenses exceeded revenues by \$400,000 for fiscal year 2020. A transfer from the General Fund of \$800,000 resulted in the net position increasing.

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources.

Governmental Funds

At June 30, 2020, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26.3 million (Exhibit 3), increasing in comparison with the prior year by \$3.5 million. Of the \$26.3 million fiscal year 2020 fund balance: \$36,731 is nonspendable from pre-paid items; \$59,520 is classified as restricted to indicate that it can only be spent for specific purposes as stipulated by external resource providers such as debt covenants; \$5.4 million is classified as committed to indicate that it has been set aside for specific purposes by the County's Board of Supervisors; \$919,057 is assigned to expenditures for capital outlays; and \$19.9 million is unassigned or available for any purpose, but maintained at targeted levels in accordance with sound financial management practices.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$3.7 million (Exhibit 4) at \$25.4 million during fiscal year 2020, of which \$5.4 million is committed and \$19.9 million is unassigned. The excess of revenues over expenditures was \$6.7 million, offset by \$3.0 million of interfund transfers for the Capital Improvements Fund, Zion Crossroads Water and Sewer Fund and the Sewer Fund. General Fund revenues exceeded budget by \$4.0 million; with \$2.4 million coming from CARES Act Funding, \$1.1 million higher than anticipated collection of current and delinquent general property taxes, \$400,00 from other local taxes, predominantly Local Sales Tax. General Fund expenditures came in below budget by \$6.6 million, with \$2.3 million in savings from Public Safety and Health & Welfare, \$1.4 million from Education and \$1.5 million from Community Development. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total General Fund revenues. Unassigned fund balance represents 36.2% of General Fund revenues for fiscal year 2020. The Board of Supervisors uses a policy to maintain unassigned General Fund balance at a minimum of 12% of the total General Fund revenues and component unit – school board operating revenues, reduced by the General Fund contribution. The unassigned fund balance policy minimum for June 30, 2020 is \$9.4 million and the unassigned General Fund balance exceeds this policy by \$10.5 million.

The fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$195,934, to a balance of \$919,057 for fiscal year 2020.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Operations of the proprietary funds were included in the discussion of business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General fund budget amendments resulted in a net increase of \$2,443,888 between the original budget and the final budget. Significant changes included:

- \$2,379,202 increase Health and Welfare
 - Increase due to CARES funds received

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The County's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020 totals \$106.2 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This represents an increase of \$100,000, or .09% above fiscal year 2019. Capital assets are illustrated in Table 3 below.

Table 3

(\$ in millions)

	Governmental Business-type				Totals at Jur	Totals at June 30			
	Activities	_	Activities	_	2020	2019			
Land and improvements	\$ 2.0	\$	0.3	\$	2.3 \$	2.3			
Construction in progress - jointly owned	-		-		-	-			
Construction in progress	0.6	_	10.6		11.2	4.8			
Subtotal, capital assets not being									
depreciated	\$ 2.6	\$	10.9	\$_	13.5 \$	7.1			
Buildings and improvements	\$ 34.1	\$	-	\$	34.1 \$	33.5			
Equipment	9.5		0.2		9.7	9.4			
Infrastructure	-		7.0		7.0	7.0			
Jointly owned assets	76.1	_			76.1	80.4			
Subtotal, capital assets being depreciated	\$ 119.7	\$	7.2	\$_	126.9 \$	130.3			
Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 31.2	\$	3.0	\$_	34.2 \$	31.3			
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$ 88.5	\$	4.2	\$_	92.7 \$	99.0			
Capital assets, net	\$ 91.1	\$	15.1	\$_	106.2 \$	106.1			

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Long-term debt

Table 4 illustrates the County's outstanding debt at June 30, 2020.

Table 4

(\$ in millions)

	Governmental B		Business-type		Totals at Ju	ne 30
	Activities	_	Activities	_	2020	2019
General obligations bonds	\$ 70.4	\$	-	\$	70.4 \$	74.4
Qualified energy conservation revenue bonds	6.5		-		6.5	7.0
State moral obligation bonds	1.7		-		1.7	2.1
Revenue bonds	-		7.9		7.9	8.3
Capital lease obligations	4.8	_	_		4.8	6.0
Total	\$ 83.4	\$	7.9	\$	91.3 \$	97.8

The County has adopted two debt ratios as a management tool. The first ratio adopted limits the annual general governmental debt service to no more than 12% of total General Fund revenues. In fiscal year 2020, the County's debt service to revenue ratio was 16.51%, which decreased from the previous fiscal year (Table 11). The second ratio is the net general obligation of debt to assessed value which should not exceed 3.5%. This ratio measures the relationship between County's tax-supported debts to the taxable value of property in the County. In fiscal year 2020, this ratio increased 0.5%, to 3% (Table 10).

Additional information on the County's long-term obligations can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Economic Factors

The annual local unemployment rate was 2.3% for calendar year 2019, which is a 0.2% improvement from 2.5% for calendar year 2018. The local unemployment rate compares favorably to the State's rate of 2.8% and national rate of 3.7% for calendar year 2019.

Fiscal Year 2021 Budget and Rates

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the adopted total budget is \$79.8 million, a decrease of \$3 million from fiscal year 2020. This net decrease over the previous fiscal year was primarily the result of the following:

- \$160,000 increase for County operations
- \$3.7 million decrease for Capital Projects
- \$300,000 decrease for Debt Service
- \$500,000 increase for Education
- \$300,000 increase for Enterprise Funds

For calendar year 2020, the real estate tax rate remained flat at \$0.925 per \$100 of assessed value.

Key factors that are expected to impact future budgets include:

- Continued gradual increases in assessed property values
- Options for new revenue sources and enhancing existing sources
- State mandates on localities
- Economic Development opportunities for Zions Crossroads and the County as a whole
- Maintenance, repair and replacement of County government and school buildings
- Increases for Public Safety services, personnel, vehicles and equipment
- Continued Economic Impact of Corona Virus

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Fluvanna, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, 132 Main Street, Fluvanna, Virginia 22963.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Government-wide Financial Statements



			Primary Government					Component Unit	Component Unit
ASSETS Carban dash quivalents Carban dash quivalents Carban dash quivalents Carban dash quivalents Properly laxes Properly lax		(Type	Total	-		County
Cash and cash equivalents Say 1, 25, 25, 26, 28 \$1, 25, 27, 27 \$1, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20		_					_		
Property taxes 18,000		ф	25 226 280 6	ተ	¢ 000 000	25 025 200	Φ	4 754 075 ¢	67.022
Property taxes	·	Ъ	25,326,380 \$	Ф	608,909 \$	25,935,289	Ъ	1,754,275 \$	67,032
Notes receivable	,		23,377,000		-	23,377,000		-	-
Penal dexpenses 38,731 36,731 3			587,528		18,777	606,305		10,817	-
Public Note of the governments \$2,573,05 \$0,257,105 \$0,0732 \$0,0000000000000000000000000000000000			-		-	-		-	-
Noncurrent Assets	• •		,		-	,		- 890 732	-
Not current Assets Net other postemployment benefit asset Net other postemployment benefit asset Net other postemployment benefit asset Net pension asset Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land S	·	φ-		_ _	607.696. ¢				67.022
Not ther postemployment benefit asset \$ 198,006 \$ 198,006 \$ 404,456 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Φ_	51,900,744	Φ_	027,080 \$	52,526,430	Φ_	2,000,824 \$	67,032
Net pension asset		φ	100 606 6	ሱ	Φ.	100 606	φ	450.004 ¢	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land				_					
Buildings and improvements 1,28,78,386 8,8 2,28,79,271 14,618 1,011 1,01	•	Ψ_		Ψ_	Ψ_		Ψ_	- 101,100 φ	
Intenstructure		\$		\$			\$		-
Equipment 1,931,055 3,138,805 3,138,805 3,105 1,050 1,05	•		22,878,386					14,618	-
Section Sect			- 1 931 055		4,053,563			3 138 805	-
Total capital assets	• •				-				-
Total Noncurrent Assets	Construction in progress	_					_		
Total Assets	Total capital assets	\$_	91,108,502	\$_	14,960,242 \$	106,068,744	\$_	28,560,790 \$	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on refunding \$12,149,814 \$ \$ \$ \$12,149,814 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total Noncurrent Assets	\$_	91,307,108	\$_	14,960,242 \$	106,267,350	\$_	29,423,340 \$	
Deferred charge on refunding	Total Assets	\$_	143,207,852	\$_	15,587,928 \$	158,795,780	\$_	32,079,164 \$	67,032
Pension deferrals	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension deferrals		\$		\$	- \$		\$		-
Total Deferred Outflows of resources \$ 13,685,799 \$. \$ 13,685,799 \$ 7,817,626 \$. \$. \$					-				-
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$156,893,651 \$15,587,928 \$172,481,579 \$39,896,790 \$67,032 LIABILITIES		_		_					
Current Liabilities		· -					_		
Current Liabilities		Φ_	150,695,051	Φ=	15,567,926 p	172,461,579	Φ_	<u>59,690,790</u> \$	07,032
Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$804,223 \$981,369 \$1,785,592 \$2,319,074 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201 \$-201,201,201,201 \$-201,201,201,201 \$-201,201,201,201 \$-201,201,201,201,201,201,201,201,201,201,									
Amounts held for others Unearned revenue - grants 1,301,124 1,221,2523 1,4502 1,297,025 1,297,026 1,197,036 1,197,03		\$	804 223 .9	\$	981 369 \$	1 785 592	\$	2 319 074 \$	_
Accrued interest payable 1,222,523 74,502 1,297,025	1 7	Ψ		Ψ	- ·		Ψ	-	-
Current portion of long-term obligations 6,698,884 441,793 7,140,677 199,395 - Total Current Liabilities \$10,237,975 \$1,497,664 \$11,735,639 \$2,518,469 \$ Noncurrent Liabilities \$84,093,301 \$8,212,905 \$92,306,206 39,411,169 - Total Liabilities \$94,331,276 \$9,710,569 \$104,041,845 \$41,929,638 \$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$94,331,276 \$9,710,569 \$104,041,845 \$41,929,638 \$ Deferred revenues - taxes \$18,927,226	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-			-	-
Total Current Liabilities \$ 10,237,975 \$ 1,497,664 \$ 11,735,639 \$ 2,518,469 \$ - Noncurrent Liabilities 84,093,301 8,212,905 92,306,206 39,411,169 - Total Liabilities \$ 94,331,276 \$ 9,710,569 \$ 104,041,845 \$ 41,929,638 \$ - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenues - taxes \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>400.005</td> <td>-</td>								400.005	-
Noncurrent Liabilities 84,093,301 8,212,905 92,306,206 39,411,169 - Total Liabilities \$ 94,331,276 \$ 9,710,569 \$ 104,041,845 \$ 41,929,638 \$ - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenues - taxes \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td><u>-</u></td><td></td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		\$		<u>-</u>			\$		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations 84,093,301 8,212,905 92,306,206 39,411,169 - Total Liabilities \$ 94,331,276 \$ 9,710,569 \$ 104,041,845 \$ 41,929,638 \$ - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenues - taxes \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 143,249 \$ 205,062 3 3,974,183 \$ - Total Deferred Inflows of resources \$ 19,275,537 \$ 21,62,496 \$ 28,560,790 \$ - Net rowspan="2">Total Deferred Inflows of resources \$ 15,820,345 \$ 5,342,151 \$ 21,162,496 <		Ψ	10,237,373	Ψ	1,431,004 ψ	11,733,033	Ψ	2,010,400 ψ	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenues - taxes \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability/asset 143,249 - 143,249 561,862 - Items related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - 205,062 3,974,183 - Total Deferred Inflows of resources \$ 19,275,537 \$ - \$ 19,275,537 \$ 4,536,045 \$ - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 15,820,345 \$ 5,342,151 \$ 21,162,496 \$ 28,560,790 \$ - Restricted for: 59,520 - 59,520 - - Unrestricted 27,406,973 535,208 27,942,181 (35,129,683) 67,032 Total Net Position \$ 43,286,838 \$ 5,877,359 \$ 49,164,197 \$ (6,568,893) \$ 67,032		_	84,093,301		8,212,905	92,306,206		39,411,169	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenues - taxes Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability/asset ltems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset Items related to measurement of net opension liability/asset Items related to me	Total Liabilities	\$	94,331,276	\$	9,710,569 \$	104,041,845	\$	41,929,638 \$	_
Deferred revenues - taxes \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ 18,927,226 \$ - \$ - \$ 1 tems related to measurement of net OPEB liability/asset 143,249 - 143,249 561,862 - 1 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 143,249 - \$ 143,249 561,862 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 143,249 - \$ 143,249 561,862 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - \$ 205,062 3,974,183 - 2 tems related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - \$ 2	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOLIRCES	-		_					
Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability/asset 143,249 - 143,249 561,862 - Items related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 205,062 - 205,062 3,974,183 - Total Deferred Inflows of resources \$ 19,275,537 \$ - \$ 19,275,537 \$ 4,536,045 \$ - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 15,820,345 \$ 5,342,151 \$ 21,162,496 \$ 28,560,790 \$ - Restricted for: Debt service 59,520 - 59,520 - - - Unrestricted 27,406,973 535,208 27,942,181 (35,129,683) 67,032 Total Net Position \$ 43,286,838 \$ 5,877,359 \$ 49,164,197 \$ (6,568,893) \$ 67,032		\$	18.927.226	\$	- \$	18.927.226	\$	- \$	_
Total Deferred Inflows of resources \$ 19,275,537 \$ - \$ 19,275,537 \$ 4,536,045 \$ - \$ NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 15,820,345 \$ 5,342,151 \$ 21,162,496 \$ 28,560,790 \$ - Restricted for: Debt service \$ 59,520 \$ - 59,520 \$ - 5 59,520 \$ \$ Unrestricted \$ 27,406,973 \$ 535,208 \$ 27,942,181 \$ (35,129,683) \$ 67,032 \$ Total Net Position \$ 43,286,838 \$ 5,877,359 \$ 49,164,197 \$ (6,568,893) \$ 67,032		*		*	-		_		-
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 15,820,345 \$ 5,342,151 \$ 21,162,496 \$ 28,560,790 \$ - Restricted for: 59,520	Items related to measurement of net pension liability/asset	_	205,062	_	<u> </u>	205,062		3,974,183	
Net investment in capital assets \$ 15,820,345 \$ 5,342,151 \$ 21,162,496 \$ 28,560,790 \$ - Restricted for: Debt service 59,520 - 59,520 - 59,520 - - - Unrestricted 27,406,973 535,208 27,942,181 (35,129,683) 67,032 - 67,032 Total Net Position \$ 43,286,838 \$ 5,877,359 \$ 49,164,197 \$ (6,568,893) \$ 67,032	Total Deferred Inflows of resources	\$_	19,275,537	\$_	- \$	19,275,537	\$	4,536,045 \$	
Unrestricted 27,406,973 535,208 27,942,181 (35,129,683) 67,032 Total Net Position \$ 43,286,838 \$ 5,877,359 \$ 49,164,197 \$ (6,568,893) \$ 67,032	Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$		\$	5,342,151 \$		\$	28,560,790 \$	-
Total Net Position \$ 43,286,838 \$ 5,877,359 \$ 49,164,197 \$ (6,568,893) \$ 67,032					- 535,208			(35,129,683)	- 67,032
Total Liabilities Deferred Outflows of Resources and Net Position \$ 156.893.651 \$ 15.587.928 \$ 172.481.579 \$ 39.896.790 \$ 67.032		\$		_ \$_			\$		
13.64 EldSillads, 25151154 Cutilotto of 105001005, und 11011 Collidit	Total Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	156,893,651	\$_	15,587,928 \$	172,481,579	\$	39,896,790 \$	67,032

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	3,000,393 \$	-	\$	310,935	\$	-	
Judicial administration		1,416,769	91,928		596,765		-	
Public safety		10,384,660	1,085,154		2,413,011		112,500	
Public works		2,862,090	121,286		6,730		-	
Health and welfare		6,075,481	-		3,796,592		-	
Education		23,016,433	-		-		-	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,036,357	82,455		97,917		-	
Community development		723,779	-		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt	_	3,188,309		-	201,087			
Total governmental activities	\$_	51,704,272 \$	1,380,823	\$	7,423,037	\$_	112,500	
Business-type activities:								
Fork Union Sanitary District	\$	340,165 \$	366,593	\$	-	\$	-	
Zion Crossroads Water & Sewer		248,084	-		-		-	
Sewer	_	252,529	22,896		-			
Total business-type activities	\$	840,778 \$	389,489	\$	-	\$		
Total primary government	\$_	52,545,050 \$	1,770,312	\$	7,423,037	\$	112,500	
COMPONENT UNITS:								
School Board	\$	41,511,828 \$	594,297	\$	23,611,427	\$	-	
Fluvanna County EDA	_	2,510	6,125		<u> </u>	· -		
Total component units	\$_	41,514,338 \$	600,422	\$	23,611,427	\$	_	
		Conorc	l rovonuoc:					

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use taxes

Consumer utility taxes

Motor vehicle license taxes

Recordation taxes

Other local taxes

Commonwealth of Virginia non-categorical aid

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Contribution from county

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Primary Governmental Activities		Net	(Expense) Re	ve	nue and Chang	es	in Net Position	1	
School S		Deimon	0				•		Component
County C		Primary				-	Unit	-	
\$ (2,689,458) \$ - \$ (2,689,458) \$ - \$ - \$ (728,076) - (728,076) - (728,076) - (723,076) - (723,076) - (723,076) - (723,076) - (723,076) - (723,074) - (2,734,074) - (2,734,074) - (2,734,074) - (2,278,889) - (2,278,889) - (2,278,889) - (2,278,889) - (2,3016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,017,912)			Type		Total				County
(728,076) - (728,076) -				•		-		-	
(728,076) - (728,076) -									
(6,773,995) - (6,773,995) (2,734,074) (2,734,074) (2,734,074) (2,734,074) (2,734,074) (2,738,89) (23,016,433) (23,016,433) (23,016,433) (23,079) (723,779) (723,779) (723,779) (723,779)	\$, ,	_	\$,	\$	-	\$	-
(2,734,074) - (2,734,074) -		,	-		,		-		-
(2,278,889) - (2,278,889) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (23,017) - (2,987,222)		, ,	-		, ,		-		-
(23,016,433) - (23,016,433) - (855,985) - (855,985) - (723,779) - (723,779) - (2,987,222) - (2,987,222) - \$ (42,787,912) \$ - \$ (42,787,912) \$ - \$ - (248,084) (248,084) - - - (229,633) (229,633) - - \$ - \$ (451,289) \$ (451,289) - \$ - \$ - \$ (451,289) \$ (43,239,201) - - 3,615 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (451,289) \$ (43,239,201) - - - 3,615 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) - - - 3,615 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) - - - 3,615 \$ 38,115,382 - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104) - \$ (17,306,104)		, ,	-		,		-		-
(855,985)		, ,	-		,		-		-
(723,779) - (723,779) -		,	-		,		-		-
(2,987,222) - (2,987,222) -			-				-		-
\$ (42,787,912) \$ - \$ (42,787,912) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (246,084)		,	-		, ,		-		-
\$ - \$ 26,428 \$ 26,428 \$ - \$ - \$ - (248,084)		(2,987,222)			(2,987,222)	-	-	-	
- (248,084) (248,084)	\$	(42,787,912) \$		\$	(42,787,912)	\$	-	\$	
- (248,084) (248,084)									
- (229,633) (229,633) -	\$	- \$	26,428	\$	26,428	\$	-	\$	-
\$ \$ (451,289) \$ (451,289) \$		-	(248,084)		(248,084)		-		-
\$ \$ (451,289) \$ (43,239,201) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			(229,633)		(229,633)	_	-		
\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 3,615 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) \$ - 3,615 \$ 38,115,382 \$ - \$ 38,115,382 \$ - \$ - 2,207,343 - 2,207,343 - 431,308 - 431,308 - 431,308 - 430,296 - 430,296 - 430,296 - 213,317 - 213,317 - 213,317 - 213,317 - 213,317 - 213,317 - 213,317 - 13,815,835 - 3,815,835 - 3,815,835 - 3,815,835 - 1222,317 74,085 296,402 28,710 48 81,846 - 81,846 692,970 - 19,609,242 1,000 (794,430) 794,430 - 19,609,242 1,000 (794	\$	\$	(451,289)	\$	(451,289)	\$	-	\$	-
- - - 3,615 \$ - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) \$ 3,615 \$ - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) \$ 3,615 \$ - - \$ - - - - - \$ 2,207,343 -	\$	\$	(451,289)	\$	(43,239,201)	\$	_	\$	
- - - 3,615 \$ - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) \$ 3,615 \$ - \$ - \$ (17,306,104) \$ 3,615 \$ - - \$ - - - - - \$ 2,207,343 -									
\$ 38,115,382 \$ - \$ 38,115,382 \$ - \$ 2,207,343 - 2,207,343 - 431,308 - 431,308 - 430,296 - 430,296 - 213,317 - 213,317 - 3,815,835 - 3,815,835 - 3,815,835 - 222,317 74,085 296,402 28,710 48 81,846 - 81,846 692,970 - 19,609,242 1,000 (794,430) 794,430 - 19,609,242 1,000 (\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	(17,306,104)	\$	- 0.045
\$ 38,115,382 \$ - \$ 38,115,382 \$ - \$ - 431,308	Φ			φ.		φ.	(47,200,404)	Φ.	•
2,207,343 - 2,207,343 -	Ф			Ф		Ф	(17,306,104)	Ф	3,015
431,308 - 431,308 - <	\$		-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
885,451 - 885,451 - <			-				-		-
430,296 - 430,296 - <			-				-		-
213,317 - 213,317 - <			-				-		-
3,815,835 - 3,815,835 -			-				-		-
222,317 74,085 296,402 28,710 48 81,846 - 81,846 692,970 - - - - 19,609,242 1,000 (794,430) 794,430 - - - - \$ 45,608,665 868,515 46,477,180 20,330,922 1,048 \$ 2,820,753 417,226 3,237,979 3,024,818 4,663 40,466,085 5,460,133 45,926,218 (9,593,711) 62,369			-				-		-
81,846 - 81,846 692,970 - - - - 19,609,242 1,000 (794,430) 794,430 - - - \$ 45,608,665 \$ 868,515 \$ 46,477,180 \$ 20,330,922 \$ 1,048 \$ 2,820,753 \$ 417,226 \$ 3,237,979 \$ 3,024,818 \$ 4,663 \$ 40,466,085 5,460,133 45,926,218 (9,593,711) 62,369			74 085				- 20 710		10
(794,430) 794,430 - - 19,609,242 1,000 \$ 45,608,665 \$ 868,515 \$ 46,477,180 \$ 20,330,922 \$ 1,048 \$ 2,820,753 \$ 417,226 \$ 3,237,979 \$ 3,024,818 \$ 4,663 40,466,085 5,460,133 45,926,218 (9,593,711) 62,369			74,000						40
(794,430) 794,430 - - - - \$ 45,608,665 \$ 868,515 \$ 46,477,180 \$ 20,330,922 \$ 1,048 \$ 2,820,753 \$ 417,226 \$ 3,237,979 \$ 3,024,818 \$ 4,663 \$ 40,466,085 5,460,133 45,926,218 (9,593,711) 62,369		-	-		01,040				1 000
\$ 45,608,665 \$ 868,515 \$ 46,477,180 \$ 20,330,922 \$ 1,048 \$ 2,820,753 \$ 417,226 \$ 3,237,979 \$ 3,024,818 \$ 4,663 40,466,085 5,460,133 45,926,218 (9,593,711) 62,369		(794 430)	794 430		_				- 1,000
\$ 2,820,753 \$ 417,226 \$ 3,237,979 \$ 3,024,818 \$ 4,663 40,466,085 5,460,133 45,926,218 (9,593,711) 62,369	\$			\$	46,477,180	\$	20,330.922	\$	1.048
40,466,085 5,460,133 45,926,218 (9,593,711) 62,369									4,663
						•			
	\$			\$		\$		\$	67,032



Fund Financial Statements



Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds At June 30, 2020

	_	Governm				
	_	General		Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (Net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	24,337,837	\$	988,543	\$	25,326,380
Taxes, including penalties Accounts Prepaid items Due from other governmental units	_	23,377,000 587,528 36,731 2,573,105		- - -		23,377,000 587,528 36,731 2,573,105
Total assets	\$_	50,912,201	\$_	988,543	\$	51,900,744
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue - grants Amounts held for others	\$	734,737 1,301,124 211,221	\$	69,486 - -	\$	804,223 1,301,124 211,221
Total liabilities	\$_	2,247,082	\$_	69,486	\$	2,316,568
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$_	23,260,264	\$_	-	\$	23,260,264
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	\$	36,731 59,520 5,368,959	\$	- - - 919,057	\$	36,731 59,520 5,368,959 919,057
Unassigned	_	19,939,645		-		19,939,645
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ \$	25,404,855 50,912,201		919,057 988,543	\$	26,323,912
Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statements to government-	vide	statement of r	net p	osition:		
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that are to be used in government or constructed, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of	gove	ernmental fund	ds. F	lowever, the		91,108,502
The net OPEB asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not rep	ortec	d in the funds.			Ψ	198,606
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rath when due.	er is	recognized as	s an	expenditure	:	(1,222,523)
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are the governmental funds and thus are not included in the fund balance.						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Items related to measurement of net pension liability/asset Items related to measurement of net OPEB liability/asset						4,333,038 (205,062) (143,249)
Deferred outflows - Pension deferrals Deferred outflows - OPEB deferrals						1,332,351 203,634
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities reported in the statement of net position.						(78,642,371)
Net position of General Government Activities					\$	43,286,838
						, ,,,,,,,,

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	_	Government		
	_	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	•	07.004.000.0		07.004.000
General property taxes	\$	37,831,969 \$	- \$	
Other local taxes		4,167,715	-	4,167,715
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		312,286	-	312,286
Fines and forfeitures		57,037	-	57,037
Revenue from use of money and property		221,540	777	222,317
Charges for services		1,011,500	-	1,011,500
Miscellaneous		81,846	-	81,846
Recovered costs		143,214	-	143,214
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth		8,273,102	112,500	8,385,602
Federal	_	2,965,770		2,965,770
Total revenues	\$_	55,065,979 \$	113,277 \$	55,179,256
Expenditures: Current:				
General government administration	\$	2,890,553 \$	377 \$	2,890,930
Judicial administration		1,187,690	_	1,187,690
Public safety		8,846,941	294,182	9,141,123
Public works		2,305,757	490,140	2,795,897
Health and welfare		5,952,734	_	5,952,734
Education		16,523,625	1,699,798	18,223,423
Parks, recreation, and cultural		927,843	-	927,843
Community development		637,737	_	637,737
Nondepartmental		36,757	_	36,757
Debt service:		33,.3.		33,.3.
Principal retirement		5,999,039	_	5,999,039
Interest and other fiscal charges		3,076,001	-	3,076,001
Total expenditures	\$	48,384,677 \$	2,484,497 \$	50,869,174
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	6,681,302 \$	(2,371,220) \$	4,310,082
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	\$	- \$	2,175,286 \$	2,175,286
Transfers (out)		(2,969,716)	<u> </u>	(2,969,716)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(2,969,716) \$	2,175,286 \$	(794,430)
Changes in fund balances	\$	3,711,586 \$	(195,934) \$	3,515,652
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	21,693,269	1,114,991	22,808,260
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	25,404,855 \$	919,057 \$	26,323,912

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Primary Government Governmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			. undo
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	3,515,652
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period The following details support this adjustment.			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$_	564,606 (4,073,296)	(3,508,690)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit			(3,136,222)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Details of this item consist of the change in unavailable taxes.	t		
Unearned revenue - property taxes	\$	283,413	
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net OPEB liability/asset (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability		(30,549) 141,159	394,023
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on neithosition. A summary of items supporting this adjustment is as follows:	t		
Principal retired on school general obligation bonds	\$	3,956,834	
Principal retired on public facility note Principal retired on qualified energy conservation revenue bonds		400,000 478,320	
Principal retired on capital lease obligations		1,163,885	
Landfill postclosure costs	_	28,999	6,028,038
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:			
Change in compensated absences	\$	(81,524)	
Change in net OPEB asset		67,243	
Deferred amount on refunding Amortization of bond discount		(754,998) (31,697)	
Amortization of bond discount Amortization of bond premium		608,568	
Change in net pension liability		(1,000,494)	
Change in net GLI OPEB liability		(55,364)	
Change in net HIC OPEB liability		767	
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions		648,403	
Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB		61,229	
Change in accrued interest payable	_	65,819	(472,048)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	2,820,753

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds At June 30, 2020

		Bus	ine	ess-Type Activitie	es - Enterprise F	unds
		Fork Union Sanitary		Zion Crossroads		
		District	٧	Water & Sewer	Sewer	Totals
ASSETS	_					
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	141,455	\$	- \$	505,803 \$	647,258
Accounts receivable	-	15,410		<u> </u>	3,367	18,777
Total Current Assets	\$_	156,865	\$	\$_	509,170 \$	666,035
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress	\$	11,736	\$	10,609,618 \$	284,440 \$	10,905,794
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		1,303,833	·	-	2,750,615	4,054,448
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	1,315,569	\$	10,609,618 \$	3,035,055 \$	14,960,242
Total Assets	\$	1,472,434	\$	10,609,618 \$	3,544,225 \$	15,626,277
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	14,926	\$	963,393 \$	3,050 \$	981,369
Reconciled overdraft		-		38,349	-	38,349
Accrued interest payable		-		74,502	-	74,502
Current portion of long-term obligations	_	45,587		336,206	60,000	441,793
Total Current Liabilities	\$	60,513	\$	1,412,450 \$	63,050 \$	1,536,013
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	\$_	284,791	\$	7,568,114 \$	360,000 \$	8,212,905
Total Liabilities	\$_	345,304	\$	8,980,564 \$	423,050 \$	9,748,918
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	985,191	\$	1,741,905 \$	2,615,055 \$	5,342,151
Unrestricted	_	141,939		(112,851)	506,120	535,208
Total Net Position	\$_	1,127,130	\$	1,629,054 \$	3,121,175 \$	5,877,359
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and						
Net Position	\$	1,472,434	\$	10,609,618 \$	3,544,225 \$	15,626,277

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position --Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Bus	sin	ess-Type Activit	ies	- Enterprise	Fund	s
		Fork Union Sanitary District		Zion Crossroads Water & Sewer		Sewer		Totals
Operating revenues:	_							
Charges for services	\$_	366,593	\$		\$	22,896	\$	389,489
Total operating revenues	\$_	366,593	\$		\$_	22,896	\$	389,489
Operating expenses:								
Contractual services	\$	258,388		-		143,811		402,199
Other charges		7,156		18,055		12,103		37,314
Depreciation	_	58,682			_	96,615		155,297
Total operating expenses	\$_	324,226	\$	18,055	\$	252,529	\$	594,810
Operating income (loss)	\$_	42,367	\$	(18,055)	\$_	(229,633)	\$	(205,321)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Interest income	\$	-	\$	74,085	\$	- :	\$	74,085
Interest expense	_	(15,939)		(230,029)				(245,968)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	(15,939)	\$	(155,944)	\$_		\$	(171,883)
Income (loss) before contributions								
and transfers	\$_	26,428	\$	(173,999)	\$_	(229,633)	\$	(377,204)
Transfers								
Transfers in	\$_	-	\$	586,373	\$_	208,057	\$	794,430
Change in net position	\$	26,428	\$	412,374	\$	(21,576)	\$	417,226
Net position at beginning of year	_	1,100,702		1,216,680		3,142,751		5,460,133
Net position at end of year	\$_	1,127,130	\$	1,629,054	\$	3,121,175	\$	5,877,359

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	_	Busin		vities - Enterprise	Funds
	-	Fork Union Sanitary District	Zion Crossroads Water & Sewer	Sewer	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$	375,694 (263,894)	5 - S 108,073	\$ 20,833 \$ (153,639)	396,527 (309,460)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	111,800	108,073	\$(132,806) \$	87,067
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	\$	- 9	5 586,373 S 38,349_	\$ 208,057 \$ 	794,430 38,349
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	- 9	624,722	\$ 208,057 \$	832,779
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Construction and acquisition of capital assets Interest expense Retirement of indebtedness	\$	- ((15,939) (43,581)	6 (6,764,910) 8 (232,259) (328,607)	- \$ - (60,000)	(6,764,910) (248,198) (432,188)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(59,520)	S (7,325,776) S	\$ (60,000) \$	(7,445,296)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income	\$	- 9	S74,085_S	\$\$	74,085
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	52,280	6 (6,518,896)	15,251 \$	(6,451,365)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		89,175	6,518,896	490,552	7,098,623
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	141,455	<u> </u>	\$ 505,803 \$	647,258
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	42,367	S(18,055 <u>)</u> S	\$(229,633)\$	(205,321)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation Changes in operating assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources:	\$	58,682	- 5	\$ 96,615 \$	155,297
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable		9,101	-	(2,063)	7,038
Increase/(Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Total adjustments	\$	1,650 69,433	126,128 126,128 S	2,275 \$ 96,827 \$	130,053 292,388
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	φ \$	111,800			87,067

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds At June 30 2020

		Other Post - Employment Benefits Trust	Agency Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 167,605
Investments:			
Fixed income		461,060	-
Stocks		1,295,362	-
Real Estate		153,687	-
Alternative investments	_	285,419	
Total investments	\$_	2,195,528	\$
Total assets	\$_	2,195,528	\$ 167,605
LIABILITIES			
Amounts held for social services clients	\$_	-	\$ 167,605
Total liabilities	\$_		\$ 167,605
NET POSITION			
Restricted - postemployment benefits other than pensions	\$_	2,195,528	\$
Total liabilities and net position	\$_	2,195,528	\$ 167,605

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Other Post - Employment Benefits Trust
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	107,261
Total contributions	\$	107,261
Investment income or (loss)		
Net increase in the fair market value of investments	\$	65,204
Total investment earnings	\$	65,204
Total additions	\$_	172,465
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits	\$	107,261
Administrative expenses		2,871
Total deductions	\$	110,132
Change in net position	\$	62,333
Net Position Restricted for Postemployment Benefits other than	Pensio	ns
Net position - beginning		2,133,195
Net position - ending	\$	2,195,528

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The County of Fluvanna, Virginia is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include sheriff and volunteer fire protection, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Fluvanna, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its components unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government is broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Statement of Activities: (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the requirement to report the government's original budget in addition to the comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Fluvanna, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended component Units:

The County has no blended component units.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures: (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units:

<u>School Board:</u> The School Board operates the County Public School System. Members are currently elected by popular vote. The School Board adopts an annual budget for the schools. The School Board submits an appropriation request to the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors can decline to fund the entire appropriation which they adopt (as modified) in the annual County Budget. A separate financial report for the School Board is not prepared.

Economic Development Authority: The Economic Development Authority of Fluvanna County, Virginia (the EDA) was established by the Fluvanna County Board of Supervisors pursuant to the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act (Chapter 33, Title 15.1, Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended) so that such authorities may be able to promote industry and develop trade in the Commonwealth. The County appoints the board members of the EDA. The County may significantly influence the fiscal affairs of the Authority. The EDA does not issue separate financial statements.

Other Related Organizations included in the County's CAFR: None

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures in general long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following major governmental funds:

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds: (Continued)

b. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund (Capital Improvements) accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is based upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Enterprise funds consist of Fork Union Sanitary District (F.U.S.D.), Sewer, Zion Crossroads Water and Sewer.

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The County's only Agency Fund is the Special Welfare Fund. The County's only Trust Fund is the Other Post Employment Benefits Fund.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting: (Continued)</u>

- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; and the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Capital Project Fund. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original to the current comparison of the final budget and actual results.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end. All other investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments consist of assets held by a trustee. Bond proceeds are maintained to comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Tax Code and various bond indentures. Bond proceeds are deposited in the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). Values of shares in the SNAP reflect fair value. Capital lease proceeds are held in escrow and deposited in money market funds.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

F. Investments: (Continued)

State statutes authorize the County government and the School Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds." (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$329,421 at June 30, 2020 and is comprised of the following:

Fork Union Sanitary District	\$ 25,993
Sewer	10,763
Property Taxes	292,665
Total	\$ 329,421

Property Tax Calendar

The County collects real and personal property taxes semiannually. Real and personal property taxes are levied as of January 1 for a calendar year and are due on June 5 and December 5; penalties and interest accrue on all unpaid balances as of these dates. Unpaid real and personal property taxes constitute a lien against the property as of the due date of the tax. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The County records prepaids using the consumption method.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, road registered vehicles, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

I. Capital Assets: (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40 to 50
Building improvements	30 to 40
Vehicles and equipment	5 to 10
Water and sewer system	20 to 50
Buses	12

J. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

L. Fund Balances

Financial Policies

The Board of Supervisors meets on a monthly basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. It is the County's policy to fund current expenditures with current revenues and the County's mission is to strive to maintain a diversified and stable revenue stream to protect the government from problematic fluctuations in any single revenue source and provide stability to ongoing services. The County's unassigned General Fund balance will be maintained to provide the County with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

L. Fund Balances: (Continued)

Financial Policies: (Continued)

Fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, long-term receivables and corpus of a permanent fund.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal action (resolution) by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – Amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, another body (such as a Finance Committee), or by an official to whom that authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Supervisors may also assign fund balance as it does through the adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment. Please see detail of County's Fund Balances on the following page.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

L. Fund Balances: (Continued)

Financial Policies: (Continued)

Category		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Component Unit School Board Cafeteria Fund
Nonspendable:		. and	-	· una	-	- Carotoria i aria
Prepaid Items	\$	36,731	\$	_	\$	_
Total Nonspendable	\$	36,731			\$	
Restricted:	Ψ_	30,731	- Ψ=		Ψ=	
USDA Debt Reserve	\$	59,520	œ		\$	
	_				-	
Total Restricted	\$	59,520	Φ_		\$_	
Committed:						
Capital Projects:						
Old HS (Middle School) Waste Water Treatment Plant	\$	7,595	\$	-	\$	-
Building Assessment		1,628		-		-
Recoat Central Waste Water Treatment Plant		70,000		-		-
Carysbrook Elementary Renovation		706,256		-		-
County VoIP Phone System		23,886		-		-
Library & Public Safety - Combined Water System		50,000		-		-
Computer Aided Dispatch/Records Management System		122,775		-		-
F&R Personal Protective Equipment		4,461		-		-
Schools Computer Instructional Technology & Infrastructure Repl.		37,607		-		-
School Board Office Renovations		63,674		-		-
Schools Floor Covering Replacement		5,783		-		-
Access Control Monitoring		9,519		-		-
Facilities Security Upgrade		4,840		-		-
Pleasant Grove Road Paving		98,000		-		-
County Capital Reserve		479,272		-		-
School Capital Reserve		424,903		-		-
Fleet Replacement - F&R Apparatus and Vehicles		273,000				
Fleet Replacement - County Government Vehicles		74,398		_		-
Fleet Replacement - Sheriff Vehicles		76,850		_		_
Fleet Replacement - Social Service Vehicles		11,475		_		_
Fleet Replacement - School Buses		108,402		_		_
Fleet Replacement - School Student Transport/ Facilities Vehicles		20,225		_		_
Thermal Imaging Camera Replacement		11,279		_		_
Carysbrook Softball Field		12,070		_		_
Historic Courthouse		250,130		_		_
Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA)		939,000		_		_
Columbia Sewer Study		1,343		_		_
Heart Monitor Replacement		100,000		_		_
Burn Building		975		_		_
Master Water and Sewer Plan		96,315		_		_
Courthouse Security Upgrades		3,509		_		_
Pleasant Grove Playground Expansion		56,500		_		_
FY21 Budget - Use of Fund Balance		179,398		_		_
Other Carryforwards		1,043,891		_		_
Total Committed	¢-	5,368,959	- ₀ -			
	\$	3,300,939	Φ_		\$_	-
Assigned:	_		•	0		
Other capital projects	\$	-	\$	919,057	\$	-
Cafeteria	_	-			_	336,750
Total Assigned	\$	-	\$	919,057	\$_	336,750
Unassigned:	\$	16,632,750	\$	-	\$	-
Total Fund Balance	\$	22,097,960	-	919,057	\$	336,750

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

M. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Component Unit – School Board Capital Asset and Debt Presentation

By law, the School Board does not have taxing authority and, therefore, it cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds to fund the acquisition, construction or improvement of its capital assets. That responsibility lies with the County who issues the debt on behalf of the School Board. However, the <u>Code of Virginia</u> requires the School Board to hold title to the capital assets (buildings and equipment) due to their responsibility for maintaining the asset.

In the Statement of Net Position, this scenario presents a dilemma for the County. Debt issued on behalf of the School Board is reported as a liability of the primary government, thereby reducing the net position of the County. The corresponding capital assets are reported as assets of the Component Unit-School Board (title holder), thereby increasing its net position.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

O. Component Unit – School Board Capital Asset and Debt Presentation: (Continued)

The Virginia General Assembly amended the <u>Code of Virginia</u> to allow a tenancy in common with the School Board whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation which is payable over more than one fiscal year for any school property. The tenancy in common terminates when the associated debt has been paid in full. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of the school property related to any outstanding financial obligation, thus eliminating a potential deficit from financing capital assets with debt.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability(ies) and/or contributions to the pension and OPEB plan(s) made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability(ies) are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

R. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County limits the investment of funds in Debt Securities to those with credit ratings of at least Aa3/AA-.

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2020 were rated by <u>Standard & Poor's</u> and the ratings are presented below using <u>Standard & Poor's</u> rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments		Fair Value	AAAm	AA+f	i
VIP Stable NAV Liquidity Pool	\$_	18,469,818 \$	18,469,818	\$	
Total	\$_	18,469,818 \$	18,469,818	\$	_

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

The County Investment Policy requires that investment cash flows be optimized to match expected cash flow needs and are limited to investments with an average life of 5 years or less.

Investment Maturities (in years)									
Investment Type		Fair Less Than nent Type Value 1 Year							
VIP Stable NAV Liquidity Pool	\$.	18,469,818 \$	18,469,818	_\$_	_				
Total	\$	18,469,818 \$	18,469,818	\$_	-				

Custodial Credit Risk

The County's investments are all insured, registered in the County's name and held in an account in the County's name, or invested in an external investment pool.

Fair Value Measurements:

Fair value of the Virginia Investment Pool is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above investments at the net asset value (NAV). There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

External Investment Pool:

The fair values of the positions in the SNAP is the same as the value of the pool shares. As these pools are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. SNAP is amortized cost basis portfolios. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

Receivables due from other governmental units consist of the following at June 30, 2020:

		Primary Government		Component Unit School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:	_			
Local sales tax	\$	409,450	\$	-
Communication tax		113,948		-
Public assistance and welfare administration		79,786		-
State sales tax		-		562,198
PPTRA		1,438,261		-
Shared expenses		160,365		-
Children's services		192,861		-
Other		31,222		24,272
Federal Government:				
School grants		-		304,262
Public assistance and welfare administration		145,498		-
Other	_	1,714		
Totals	\$_	2,573,105	\$	890,732

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND OBLIGATIONS/TRANSFERS:

There were no Interfund obligations at June 30, 2020.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Fund	Fund		 Transfers Out
Primary Government			
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 2,969,716
Sewer		208,057	-
Zion Crossroads Water & Sewer		586,373	
Capital Projects Fund	_	2,175,286	 -
Total	\$	2,969,716	\$ 2,969,716

Transfers are used to (1) move revenue from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - DUE TO/FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT/COMPONENT UNIT:

There were no interfund obligations between the primary government and its component unit.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

		Beginning Balance July 1,				.		Ending Balance June 30,
Covernmental Activities	_	2019		Additions		Deletions		2020
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,969,296	\$	60,985	\$	_	\$	2,030,281
Construction in progress	Ψ	955,430	Ψ	377	Ψ	351,768	Ψ	604,039
Constitution in progress	_	000,400		077		001,700		004,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	2,924,726	\$	61,362	\$_	351,768	\$	2,634,320
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	33,560,558	\$	510,457	\$		\$	34,071,015
Equipment	Ψ	9,183,170	Ψ	344,555	Ψ	7,375	Ψ	9,520,350
Jointly owned assets		80,434,087		-		4,372,972		76,061,115
coming owned about	_	00, 10 1,007			-	1,012,012		70,001,110
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	123,177,815	\$	855,012	\$_	4,380,347	\$	119,652,480
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	9,865,937	\$	1,326,692	\$		\$	11,192,629
Equipment	*	6,885,132	_	711,538	*	7,375	•	7,589,295
Jointly owned assets		11,598,058		2,035,066		1,236,750		12,396,374
•	_							
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	28,349,127	\$_	4,073,296	\$_	1,244,125	\$	31,178,298
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	94,828,688	\$_	(3,218,284)	\$_	3,136,222	\$	88,474,182
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	97,753,414	\$	(3,156,922)	\$	3,487,990	\$	91,108,502

<u>Tenancy in Common</u> – State legislation enacted in 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, (1950), as amended, granted the County a tenancy in common with the School Board when the County incurs a financial obligation for school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the net book value of School capital assets financed by the County guaranteed debt is shown under the County up to the amount of outstanding debt. At June 30, 2020, the School component unit capital assets financed by the outstanding County guaranteed debt with a book value of \$63,664,741 were reported in the Primary Government as tenant in common with the School Board.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance June 30, 2020
Business-type Activities:	-	July 1, 2019		Additions	-	Deletions	2020
Fork Union Sanitary District:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	11,736	\$	_	\$	- \$	11,736
Lanu	Ψ_	11,730	-Ψ-		Ψ_		11,730
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	11,736	\$_	-	\$_	\$_	11,736
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	18,079	\$	_	\$	- \$	18,079
Infrastructure	•	3,106,057	-	_		<u>-</u>	3,106,057
Equipment		163,911		_		_	163,911
_qupo	-	100,011			-		
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	3,288,047	\$_	_	\$_	\$_	3,288,047
Language design for the second							
Less accumulated depreciation for:	\$	40.070	Ф	221	ф	- \$	17 101
Buildings and improvements	φ	16,973	Φ		Φ	- \$	17,194
Infrastructure		1,744,648		58,461		-	1,803,109
Equipment	-	163,911		-	-	<u> </u>	163,911
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	1,925,532	_\$_	58,682	\$_	\$_	1,984,214
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	1,362,515	_\$_	(58,682)	\$_	\$_	1,303,833
Fork Union Sanitary District capital assets, net	\$_	1,374,251	\$	(58,682)	\$_	\$_	1,315,569
Zion Crossroads Water & Sewer: Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress	\$	3,844,708	\$	6,764,910	\$	- \$	10,609,618
· -	_				_		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	3,844,708	_\$_	6,764,910	\$_	\$	10,609,618
Zion Crossroads Water &							
Sewer capital assets, net	\$	3,844,708	\$	6,764,910	\$_	\$	10,609,618

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

		Beginning Balance July 1, 2019		Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance June 30, 2020
Business-type Activities: (continued)	_	.,,		7 101011010110	-		
Sewer Fund: Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$_	284,440	\$_	-	\$_	\$	284,440
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	284,440	\$_	_	\$_	\$	284,440
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure	\$_	3,864,580	\$_		\$_	\$	3,864,580
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	3,864,580	\$_	-	\$_	\$	3,864,580
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure	\$_	1,017,350	_\$_	96,615	\$_	\$	1,113,965
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	1,017,350	\$_	96,615	\$_	\$	1,113,965
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	2,847,230	\$_	(96,615)	\$_	\$	2,750,615
Sewer capital assets, net	\$_	3,131,670	\$_	(96,615)	\$_	\$	3,035,055
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	8,350,629	\$	6,609,613	\$_	- \$	14,960,242

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

		Beginning Balance						Ending Balance June 30,
	-	July 1, 2019		Additions		Deletions	-	2020
Discretely Presented Component-Unit School Board:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	359,782	\$	-	\$	-	\$	359,782
Construction in progress	_	827,516		675,960		166,216	_	1,337,260
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	1,187,298	_\$_	675,960	\$_	166,216	\$_	1,697,042
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	9,010,914	\$	28,787	\$	_	\$	9,039,701
Equipment		8,166,640		941,632		301,094		8,807,178
Jointly owned assets	_	32,377,485		4,372,972		-	_	36,750,457
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	49,555,039	_\$_	5,343,391	\$_	301,094	\$_	54,597,336
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	7,977,913	\$	1,047,170	\$	-	\$	9,025,083
Equipment		5,238,985		730,482		301,094		5,668,373
Jointly owned assets	_	11,803,382		1,236,750		-	_	13,040,132
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	25,020,280	_\$_	3,014,402	_\$_	301,094	\$_	27,733,588
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	24,534,759	_\$_	2,328,989	\$_	-	\$_	26,863,748
School Board capital assets, net	\$_	25,722,057	\$	3,004,949	\$_	166,216	\$_	28,560,790

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and component unit as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government administration	\$	211,604
Judicial administration		199,008
Public safety		1,315,151
Public works		117,689
Health and welfare		31,293
Education		2,035,066
Parks, recreation and cultural		88,760
Community development	_	74,725
Total	\$	4,073,296
Business-Type Activities:	Φ.	50.000
Fork Union Sanitary District	\$ =	58,682
Sewer	\$_	96,615
Component Unit School Board	\$_	3,014,402 (1)
(1) Depreciation Expense	\$	1,777,652
Accumulated depreciation on joint tenancy asset transfer	_	1,236,750
Total additions to accumulated depreciation	\$ _	3,014,402

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance		Issuances/	Retirements/	Balance		Amounts Due Within
	July 1, 2019		Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2020		One Year
	- cary 1, 2010		moroaccc	 	 04110 00, 2020		0110 1001
Governmental Activities:							
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:							
School general obligation bonds	74,391,999	\$	-	\$ 3,956,834	\$ 70,435,165	\$	3,973,139
Premium on general obligation bonds	4,671,012		-	549,398	4,121,614		523,269
Discount on general obligation bonds	(253,573))	_	(31,697)	(221,876)		(31,697)
Infrastructure and state moral	,			, ,	,		, ,
obligation revenue bonds	2,095,000		_	400,000	1,695,000		420,000
Premium on infrastructure							
revenue bonds	185,942		-	59,170	126,772		46,075
Qualified energy conservation							
revenue bonds	6,944,928		-	478,320	6,466,608		483,893
Landfill postclosure costs	674,470		6,861	35,860	645,471		35,860
Capital leases	5,978,573		-	1,163,885	4,814,688		1,179,587
Net pension liability	378,804		3,443,213	2,442,719	1,379,298		-
Net OPEB liability:							
Net Group Life Insurance OPEB liability	556,000	\$	187,097	\$ 131,733	\$ 611,364	\$	-
Net Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability	31,264		14,265	15,032	30,497		-
Total net OPEB liability	587,264	\$	201,362	\$ 146,765	\$ 641,861	\$	_
Compensated absences	606,060		142,130	 60,606	 687,584	_	68,758
Total governmental activities	96,260,479	\$	3,793,566	\$ 9,261,860	\$ 90,792,185	\$	6,698,884

The general fund revenues are used to liquidate compensated absences and other long-term obligations.

		Balance July 1, 2019	Issuances/ Increases	Retirements/ Decreases	,	Balance June 30, 2020	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities:							
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:							
Water facilities bonds	\$	373,959	\$ - \$	43,581	\$	330,378	\$ 45,587
Sewer system revenue bonds		480,000	-	60,000		420,000	60,000
Water and sewer system							
revenue bonds		7,465,000	-	255,000		7,210,000	265,000
Premium on revenue bonds	_	767,927	 	73,607	_	694,320	 71,206
Total business-type activities	\$_	9,086,886	\$ \$	432,188	\$	8,654,698	\$ 441,793
Total Primary Government	\$_	105,347,365	\$ 3,793,566 \$	9,694,048	\$	99,446,883	\$ 7,140,677

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

_	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements									
_	Infrastructure and									
	Gene	ral	State Moral C	Obligation						
_	Obligation	Bonds	Revenue	Bond						
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest						
2021 \$	3,973,139 \$	2,483,111 \$	420,000 \$	74,631						
2022	4,114,442	2,327,283	440,000	54,069						
2023	4,286,073	2,151,613	205,000	37,541						
2024	4,292,128	1,959,676	220,000	26,650						
2025	4,458,030	1,780,723	230,000	15,119						
2026	4,624,210	1,611,025	180,000	4,612						
2027	4,407,143	1,443,584	-	-						
2028	4,195,000	1,276,646	-	-						
2029	4,340,000	1,134,003	-	-						
2030	4,480,000	989,337	-	-						
2031	4,240,000	817,391	-	-						
2032	4,415,000	645,883	-	-						
2033	4,575,000	489,720	-	-						
2034	4,535,000	353,025	-	-						
2035	4,675,000	214,875	-	-						
2036	4,825,000	72,375		-						
Totals \$	70,435,165 \$	19,750,270 \$	1,695,000 \$	212,622						

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

	D	irect B and		owings rect					Direct B	orrowings a	nd Direct Pl	acements	
		Place	eme	ents							ie Bonds		
		Qua	alifi	ied	-							Water	and
	En	ergy C	ons	servation				Wate	er	Sewer S	System	Sewer S	ystem
		Reveni	ue l	Bonds		Capital Leases		Facilities	Bond	Revenue	e Bond	Revenue	e Bond
Year	Pri	ncipal		Interest		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 48	3,893	\$	241,517	\$	1,179,587 \$	56,614	\$ 45,587 \$	13,934 \$	60,000 \$	- \$	265,000 \$	295,891
2022	48	9,530		222,632		1,195,500	40,701	47,681	11,839	60,000	-	280,000	283,250
2023	49	5,233		203,528		1,211,628	24,573	49,871	9,649	60,000	-	290,000	269,494
2024	50	1,002		184,201		1,227,973	8,227	52,162	7,358	60,000	-	305,000	256,147
2025	50	6,839		164,649		-	-	54,559	4,961	60,000	-	320,000	241,181
2026	51	2,744		144,869		-	-	57,065	2,455	60,000	-	335,000	225,397
2027	51	8,717		124,859		-	-	23,453	209	60,000	-	350,000	208,844
2028	52	24,760		104,615		-	-	-	-	-	-	370,000	190,394
2029	53	80,873		84,136		-	-	-	-	-	-	390,000	171,494
2030	53	37,058		63,418		-	-	-	-	-	-	410,000	153,210
2031	54	3,315		42,459		-	-	-	-	-	-	425,000	135,016
2032	54	9,644		21,255		-	-	-	-	-	-	445,000	117,184
2033	27	3,000		5,296		-	-	-	-	-	-	460,000	99,869
2034		-		-		_	-	-	-	-	-	480,000	81,881
2035		-		-		_	-	-	-	-	-	495,000	64,972
2036		-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	510,000	49,269
2037		-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	530,000	31,169
2038		-				_					_	550,000	10,519
Totals	\$ 6,4	66,608	\$	1,607,434	\$	4,814,688 \$	130,115	\$ 330,378 \$	50,405	420,000 \$	<u> </u>	7,210,000 \$	2,885,181

The total cost of equipment under current capital leases is \$8,223,125.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Detail of Long-Term Obligations

		Amount Outstanding	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: Infrastructure and State Moral Obligation Revenue Bonds:	_	Outstanding	 One real
\$3,520,000 Virginia Resources Authority Infrastructure and State Moral Obligation Revenue Bonds Series 2014C, issued November 19, 2014 maturing annually in installments ranging from \$180,000 to \$440,000 through October 1, 2025. Interest payable semiannually at ranging			
3.007% to 5.125%.	\$	1,695,000	\$ 420,000
Premium on School Bonds 2014C	_	126,772	 46,075
Total infrastructure and state moral obligation revenue bonds	\$_	1,821,772	\$ 466,075
School General Obligation Bonds:			
\$6,411,957 School Bonds, 2005A, issued November 10, 2005, maturing annually in installments ranging from \$273,104 to \$372,067 through July 15, 2025, interest payable semiannually at 5.1%.	\$	2,140,165	\$ 340,997

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

<u>Detail of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)</u>

	_	Amount Outstanding	Amounts Due Within One Year
School General Obligation Bonds: (continued)			
\$5,420,000 School Bonds, 2009A, issued November 13, 2009, maturing annually in installments ranging from \$135,500 to \$387,143 through September 15, 2026. The interest rate is 0.0%.	\$	2,710,000 \$	387,142
Discount on School Bonds 2009A		(221,876)	(31,697)
\$66,120,000 School Refunding Bonds, 2012B, issued December 20, 2012, maturing annually in installments ranging from \$345,000 to \$4,825,000 through June 30, 2036, interest payable semiannually			
ranging from 1.25% to 5.00%.		59,850,000	2,705,000
Premium on School Bonds 2012B		3,686,114	436,959
\$3,995,000 School Bonds, 2012, issued November 15, 2012, maturing annually in installments ranging from \$135,000 to \$305,000 through July 15, 2032, interest payable semiannually ranging from 2.05% to			
5.05%.		2,415,000	275,000
Premium on School Bonds 2012		111,578	25,813
\$4,420,000 School Bonds, 2014C, issued November 20, 2014, maturing annually in installments ranging from \$170,000 to \$405,000 through July 15, 2029, interest payable semiannually at ranging from			
2.05% to 5.05%.		3,320,000	265,000
Premium on School Bonds 2014C	_	323,922	60,497
Total school general obligation bonds	\$_	74,334,903 \$	4,464,711

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Detail of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Detail of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)</u>			
	_	Amount Outstanding	Amounts Due Within One Year
Qualified Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds:			
\$7,653,740 Qualified Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, issued February 28, 2017, maturing annually in installments ranging from \$236,000 to \$549,644 through August 1, 2032, interest payable semiannually at 3.88%. Capital Leases:	\$_	6,466,608	483,893
\$8,223,125 capital lease dated October 31, 2016 maturing annually in installments ranging from \$1,096,159 to \$1,227,973 through September 1, 2023. Interest payable semiannually at 1.34%. Lease is			
for Radio Equipment.	\$_	4,814,688 \$	1,179,587
Total capital leases	\$_	4,814,688 \$	1,179,587
Landfill postclosure costs	\$_	645,471	35,860
Net pension liability	\$_	1,379,298 \$	
Net Group Life Insurance OPEB liability	\$_	611,364 \$	
Net Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability	\$_	30,497 \$	
Compensated absences	\$_	687,584 \$	68,758
Total Governmental Activities	\$	90,792,185	6,698,884
Business-type Activities:			
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:			
Water Facilities Bond:			
\$1,000,000, Series 1998-A, authorized June 25, 1998, due in monthly installments of \$4,960, including principal and interest. The interest rate is 4.5% and final payment is due October 31, 2026.	\$	330,378	45,587
Sewer System Revenue Bond: \$1,200,000, Series 2006, authorized August 1, 2006, due in semi- annual installments of \$30,000, principal only. The interest rate is			
0.0% and final payment is due March 1, 2027.		420,000	60,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond: \$7,715,000, Series 2017B, authorized August 16, 2017, due in annual installments ranging from \$250,000 to \$550,000 through October 1, 2037, interest payable semiannually ranging from 2.825% to 5.125%		7,210,000	265,000
Premium on revenue bonds		694,320	71,206
Total Business-type Activities Obligations	\$	8,654,698 \$	441,793
Total Primary Government	\$	99,446,883	7,140,677
	_		

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

USDA Revenue Bond

Under the terms of the USDA Revenue Bonds, the County is required to establish a reserve equal to 10% of the monthly installments of principal and interest until an amount equal to twelve monthly installments has been established. The funds are not required to be held in a separate bank account. The County has established this reserve and has a balance of \$59,520. The reserve had been reflected as restricted fund balance in the General Fund in the accompanying financial statements.

Component Unit School Board

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

	-	Balance July 1, 2019	 Increases		Decreases	Balance June 30, 2020		Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Net OPEB liability:	\$	1,993,952	\$ 462,651	\$	199,395 \$	2,257,208	\$	199,395
Net Group Life Insurance OPEB liability	\$	1,789,050	\$ 476,905	\$	387,351 \$	1,878,604	\$	-
Net Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability	_	3,157,320	426,923	_	400,323	3,183,920	_	
Total net OPEB liability	\$	4,946,370	\$ 903,828	\$	787,674 \$	5,062,524	\$	-
Net pension liability	_	29,470,129	10,426,252	_	7,605,548	32,290,832	_	
Total	\$	36,410,451	\$ 11,792,731	\$	8,592,617 \$	39,610,564	\$	199,395

The School Operating and School Cafeteria Funds are used to liquidate the School Board's compensated absences liability.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN:

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees hired before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefit	s 96	49
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	37	15
Non-vested inactive members	56	44
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	111	27
Total inactive members	204	86
Active members	151	92
Total covered employees	451	227

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 8.14% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$633,955 and \$562,352 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 3.16% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$71,015 and \$60,409 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability/asset were measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability/asset were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% – 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% – 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
Withdrawal Rates	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithme	7.63%	

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate: (Continued)

employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Primary Government Increase (Decrease)							
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	23,397,530	\$_	23,018,726	\$_	378,804			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	\$	789,985	\$	-	\$	789,985			
Interest		1,601,171		-		1,601,171			
Changes of assumptions		741,345		-		741,345			
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		294,773		-		294,773			
Contributions - employer		-		559,085		(559,085)			
Contributions - employee		-		344,979		(344,979)			
Net investment income		-		1,538,655		(1,538,655)			
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(1,047,317)		(1,047,317)		-			
Administrative expenses		-		(14,965)		14,965			
Other changes		-	_	(974)		974			
Net changes	\$	2,379,957	\$_	1,379,463	\$_	1,000,494			
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	25,777,487	\$_	24,398,189	\$	1,379,298			

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)								
		Increase (Decrease)								
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)				
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	6,422,084	\$_	7,093,363	\$_	(671,279)				
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	\$	196,264	\$	-	\$	196,264				
Interest		439,279		-		439,279				
Changes of assumptions		200,113								
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		58,691		-		58,691				
Contributions - employer		-		58,626		(58,626)				
Contributions - employee		-		102,157		(102,157)				
Net investment income		-		471,722		(471,722)				
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of employee contributions		(293,326)		(293,326)		-				
Administrative expenses		-		(4,685)		4,685				
Other changes		-	_	(296)		296				
Net changes	\$	601,021	-\$_	334,198	. \$ _	266,823				
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	7,023,105	\$_	7,427,561	\$	(404,456)				

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,748,841	\$ 1,379,298 \$	(1,290,470)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 469,985	\$ (404,456) \$	(1,104,223)

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$841,620 and \$11,557, respectively. At June 30, 2020, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						Component Unit School				
		Primary (vernment	_	Board (nonprofessional)					
		Deferred		Deferred	•	Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual										
experience	\$	232,644	\$	-	\$	37,271	\$	136,860		
Change in assumptions		465,752		-		127,079		8,328		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		205,062		-		65,459		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		633,955		_		71,015	. ,			
Total	\$	1,332,351	\$	205,062	\$	235,365	\$	210,647		
				·	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

\$633,955 and \$71,015 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	_	Primary Government	_	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2021	\$	425,159	\$	(45,288)
2022		58,816		(3,322)
2023		(4,056)		(1,687)
2024		13,415		4,000
Thereafter		-		-

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Al full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Division were \$3,270,851 and \$3,030,022 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported a liability of \$32,290,832 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the school division's proportion was .24554% as compared to .25059% at June 30, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the school division recognized pension expense of \$3,067,656. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 2,067,719
Change in assumptions	3,197,550	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	709,030
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	150,809	986,787
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,270,851	
Total	\$ 6,619,210	\$ 3,763,536

\$3,270,851 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	_	
2021	\$	(249,669)
2022		(894,159)
2023		105,163
2024		420,426
Thereafter		203,062

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% – 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement
Retirement Rates	from 70 to 75
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
Withdrawal Rates	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	49,683,336 36,522,769
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	13,160,567
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.51%

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability: (Continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Nate		
	1	% Decrease	Cu	rrent Discour	nt _	1% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the						
VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	48,611,730	\$	32,290,832	\$	18,796,471

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Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

	_		Primary Gov	/ernment		Component Unit School Board			
		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pension Expense	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pension Expense
VRS Pension Plans:									
Primary Government	\$	1,332,351 \$	205,062 \$	1,379,298 \$	841,620 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
School Board Nonprofessional		-	-	-	-	235,365	210,647	(404,456)	11,557
School Board Professional		<u> </u>	_			6,619,210	3,763,536	32,290,832	3,067,656
Totals	\$	1,332,351 \$	205,062 \$	1,379,298 \$	841,620 \$	6,854,575 \$	3,974,183 \$	31,886,376 \$	3,079,213

NOTE 9 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

The County has accrued the liability arising from outstanding claims and judgments and compensated absences.

The County employees earn vacation and sick leave based on years of service at the rate of eight hours per month for each full-time employee with less than 5 years of service. Twenty-five percent of the unused sick leave or \$2,500 for County or \$5,000 for Social Services, whichever is less, will be paid to an employee who leaves county employment after five or more years of service. Accumulated vacation is paid upon termination based on length of employment as defined in the County's personnel policy. The County has accrued vacation and sick leave pay as follows:

Governmental Activities \$ 687,584
Component Unit School Board \$ 2,257,208

NOTE 10 - SELF INSURANCE/RISK MANAGEMENT:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County contracts with the Virginia Association of Counties Municipal Liability Pool to provide insurance coverage for these risk losses. The County pays an annual premium to the association for its general workers compensation insurance coverage. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including general liabilities and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - DEFERRED/UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE:

Deferred revenue /unavailable revenue represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

	-	Government-wide Statements Governmental Activities	(Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
Primary Government: Deferred/Unavailable property tax revenue: Deferred/Unavailable revenue representing uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria has not been met. The uncollected tax billings are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	\$	Activities	\$	4,333,038
Tax assessments due after June 30 Prepaid property tax revenues representing collections received for property taxes that are applicable to the		18,638,659		18,638,659
subsequent budget year.	\$	288,567 18,927,226	_ _	288,567
Total governmental activities	Φ.	10,921,220	Ψ_	23,200,204

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Federal assistance programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the above provisions, major and nonmajor programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While there are no items of non-compliance, as noted in the compliance report, the federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance testing which may result in disallowances of current grant program expenditures. However, management believes that if any of these expenditures were disallowed it would be immaterial to the overall general-purpose financial statements.

NOTE 13 - LITIGATION:

At June 30, 2020, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST:

The County of Fluvanna, Virginia owns and operates a landfill site. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on each phase of its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste. In accordance with Statement 18 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board entitled Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$645,471 reported as a landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2020, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity used of the landfill. The County has closed the landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closures and postclosure care in 2020. Actual closure and postclosure care costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and postclosure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

The County plans to meet all federal laws, regulations and tests of financial assurance related to the financing of closure and postclosure care when they become effective.

NOTE 15 - SURETY BONDS:

Fidelit	∉and De	posit Com	pany of l	Mary	land - S	Surety:
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Tristana Treadway, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 25,000
Linda H. Lenherr, Treasurer	\$ 400,000
Andrew M. Sheridan, Commissioner of the Revenue	\$ 3,000
Eric B. Hess, Sheriff	\$ 30,000

The Department of Risk Management of the Virginia General Services Administration maintains a self-insurance plan which covers any duly elected Constitutional Officer required to present a bond and all deputies and/or employees of such Constitutional Officers. The coverage provided by the plan is \$500,000.

Western Surety Company - Surety:

Chuck Winkler, Superintendent of Schools	\$ 10,000
Brandi Critzer, Clerk of the School Board	\$ 10,000
Eric M. Dahl, County Administrator	\$ 2,000
John M. Sheridan, Supervisor	\$ 2,500
Anthony P. O'Brien, Supervisor	\$ 2,500
Donald W. Weaver, Supervisor	\$ 2,500
Mozell Booker, Supervisor	\$ 2,500
Patricia B. Eager, Supervisor	\$ 2,500
Continental Insurance Company - Surety:	
Social Services Department employees - blanket bond	\$ 100,000
The Travelers - Surety:	
Manager, Fork Union Sanitary District	\$ 10,500

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND LIFE INSURANCE - (OPEB PLAN):

County and School Board

Plan Description

The County Post-Retirement Medical Plan (CPRMP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which offers health insurance for retired employees. Retirees are eligible for postretirement medical coverage if they are a full-time employee who retires directly from the County and is eligible for retirement from VRS. The County's post-retirement medical plan does not issue a separate, audited GAAP basis report.

The School Board Post-Retirement Medical Plan (CPRMP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which offers health insurance for retired employees. Retirees are eligible for postretirement medical coverage if they are a full-time employee who retires directly from the County and is eligible for retirement from VRS. The School Board's Post-Retirement Medical Plan does not issue a separate, audited GAAP basis report.

Management of the CPRMP is vested in the County Finance Board, which consists of three members-the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, the County Treasurer, and a Citizen of the County of proven integrity and business ability appointed by the current Court of the County.

Benefits Provided

The County of Fluvanna has established a irrevocable trust pursuant to Section 15.2-1544 of the Code of Virginia, as amended for the purpose of accumulated and investing assets to fund Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) and to participate in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund and has established a Local Finance Board to become a Participating Employer in the Trust Fund. The Trust Fund provides administrative, custodial and investment services to the Participating Employers in the Trust Fund. The County participates in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund, an irrevocable trust established for the purpose of accumulating assets to fund postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Trust Fund issues a separate report, which can be obtained by requesting a copy from the plan administrator, Virginia Municipal League (VML) at P.O. Box 12164, Richmond, Virginia 23241.

Postemployment benefits are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Life insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the County who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. Retirees pay 100% of premiums. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

Postemployment benefits are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Life insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. The School Board Post-Retirement Medical Plan (SBPRMP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which offers health insurance for retired employees. Retirees are eligible for postretirement medical coverage if they are a full-time employee who retires directly from the School Board and is eligible for retirement from VRS.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND LIFE INSURANCE – (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

County and School Board: (Continued)

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2019 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	_	Primary Government	 School Board
Total active employees with coverage Total retirees with coverage	\$	143 2	\$ 457 17
Total	\$	145	\$ 474

Chapter 2 of the County Code grants the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the County and plan members to the County Finance Board. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County and School Board's average contribution rate was 0.48% percent of covered-employee payroll. For the year ended June 30, 2020 the County and School Board contributed \$21,687 and \$85,574, respectively, to the Plan. Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan.

Investment Policy

The County and School Board's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the County Finance Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the County Finance Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. FCRBP's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2020:

Asset Class	Target Percentage
Core Fixed Income	21.00%
Large Cap US Equities	26.00%
Small Cap US Equities	10.00%
Global Equities	5.00%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.00%
Emerging Market Equities	5.00%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	10.00%
Real Estate (REITS)	7.00%
Commodities	3.00%
Total	100.00%

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND LIFE INSURANCE - (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

County and School Board: (Continued)

Concentrations

The Trust does not hold investments in any one organization that represent five percent or more of the OPEB Trust's Fiduciary Net Position.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 3.06 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Schedule of Investment Returns

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense								
6/30/2017	12.89%							
6/30/2018	9.58%							
6/30/2019	4.60%							
6/30/2020	3.06%							

The chart is intended to show information for 10 years. More data will be added as it becomes available.

Net/Total OPEB Liability

The County and School Board's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	No change
Discount Rate	6.50%
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND LIFE INSURANCE - (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

County and School Board: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study with valuation date of July 1, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 (see the discussion of FCRBP's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	of Return
Core Fixed Income	1.47%
Large Cap US Equities	3.23%
Small Cap US Equities	3.82%
Gloibal Equities	4.01%
Developed Foreign Equities	4.45%
Emerging Market Equities	5.28%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	2.40%
Real Estate (REITS)	3.13%
Commodities	1.27%
Assumed Inflation	2.60%
Portfolio Real Mean Return	3.53%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return	6.22%
Portfolio Standard Deviation	10.53%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	6.50%

Discount Rate

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND LIFE INSURANCE - (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

County and School Board: (Continued)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

			Primary Governmen Increase (Decrease)	
	-	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balances at June 30, 2019 Changes for the year:	\$	292,501 \$	423,864 \$	(131,363)
Service cost		24,631	-	24,631
Interest		15,934	-	15,934
Difference between expected and actual experience		_	-	_
Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses		(61,336)	-	(61,336)
Changes in assumptions		(12,399)	-	(12,399)
Contributions - employer		-	21,687	(21,687)
Net investment income		-	12,956	(12,956)
Administrative expenses		-	(570)	570
Benefit payments		(21,687)	(21,687)	-
Net changes		(54,857)	12,386	(67,243)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	237,644 \$	436,250 \$	(198,606)

		School Board	
		Increase (Decrease)	
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	Liability (a)-(b)
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ 1,154,586 \$	1,709,331 \$	(554,745)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	49,976	-	49,976
Interest	71,547	-	71,547
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	_	-
Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	(61,742)	-	(61,742)
Changes in assumptions	172,391	-	172,391
Contributions - employer	-	85,574	(85,574)
Net investment income	-	52,248	(52,248)
Administrative expenses	-	(2,301)	2,301
Benefit payments	(85,574)	(85,574)	-
Net changes	146,598	49,947	96,651
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 1,301,184 \$	1,759,278 \$	(458,094)

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND LIFE INSURANCE - (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

County and School Board: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the net OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current discount rate:

		Rate				
	_	1% Decrease (5.50%)	_	Current Discount Rate (6.50%)	_	1% Increase (7.50%)
Primary Government	\$	(173,116)	\$	(198,606)	\$	(221,001)
School Board	\$	(369,933)	\$	(458,094)	\$	(540,003)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.00%) or one percentage point higher (7.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Rates		
		Healthcare Cost				
	_	1% Decrease (5.00%)	_	Trend (6.00%)	_	1% Increase (7.00%)
Primary Government	\$	(231,808)	\$	(198,606)	\$	(159,303)
School Board	\$	(578,088)	\$	(458,094)	\$	(320,641)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County and School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$2,317 and (\$5,703), respectively. At June 30, 2020, the County and School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Primary Government				School Board			
	Deferred			Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		:	Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resouces		Resources		Resouces		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual	-				•				
experience	\$	-	\$	88,290	\$	- \$	5	131,096	
Changes in assumptions		21,043		10,298		169,323		68,239	
Net difference between projected and actual									
earnings on OPEB plan investments	_	13,681		-		55,165			
Total	\$	34,724	\$	98,588	\$	224,488 \$	} _	199,335	
	-								

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND LIFE INSURANCE - (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

County and School Board: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Primary Government	School Board
2021	\$ (15,919) \$	(7,088)
2022	(15,918)	(7,089)
2023	(11,200)	618
2024	(9,581)	18,758
2025	(11,246)	18,139
Thereafter	-	1,815

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

NOTE 17—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN:

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 17—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	21
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	-
Total inactive members	-
Active members	48
Total covered employees	69

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 17—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.22% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the County to the Health Insurance Credit Plan were \$5,355 and \$5,048 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The County's net Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 17—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Ten Largest Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 17—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Non-Ten Largest Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 17—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investement Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithme	tic nominal return*	7.63%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 17—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate: (Continued)

From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	,	Increase (Decrease)				
		Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	133,043 \$	101,779 \$	31,264		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	2,190 \$	- \$	2,190		
Interest		9,098	-	9,098		
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(3,484)	-	(3,484)		
Assumption changes		2,827	-	2,827		
Contributions - employer		-	5,048	(5,048)		
Net investment income		-	6,500	(6,500)		
Benefit payments		(6,146)	(6,146)	-		
Administrative expenses		-	(142)	142		
Other changes			(8)	8		
Net changes	\$	4,485 \$	5,252 \$	(767)		
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	137,528 \$	107,031 \$	30,497		

Sensitivity of the County's Health Insurance Credit Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The follow presents the County's Health Insurance Credit Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate					
		1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase			
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)			
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	42,970 \$	30,497 \$	19,795			

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 17—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB expense of \$4,915. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County's Health Insurance Credit Plan from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	. ,	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,320	\$	2,825
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		465		1,661
Change in assumptions		2,293		1,243
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	5,355	- ,	<u>-</u> _
Total	\$	14,433	\$	5,729

\$5,355 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended	_	
0004	•	
2021	\$	558
2022		558
2023		1,698
2024		567
2025		(32)
Thereafter		-

Health Insurance Credit Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 18—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 18—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 1.20% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$250,502 and \$244,801 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported a liability of \$3,183,920 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC was 0.243215% as compared to 0.248618% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB expense of \$243,113. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 18—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	201	\$ 18,034
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		74,105	-
Change in assumptions		-	22,124
Change in proportion		4,924	108,772
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	250,502	
Total	\$_	329,732	\$ 148,930

\$250,502 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Year Ended June 30	
Ī		
	2021	\$ (15,911)
	2022	(15,914)
	2023	(14,519)
	2024	(14,986)
	2025	(9,582)
	Thereafter	1,212

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 18—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teacher employees 3.50%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

Mortality Rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 18—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Teachers: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	1,438,114 129,016
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ _	1,309,098
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		8.97%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 18—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithme	etic nominal return*	7.63%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 18—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The follow presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate				
	1	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase		
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)		
School division's proportionate share of the						
VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	3,563,348	\$ 3,183,920	\$ 2,861,597		

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2019-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,463 as of June 30, 2020.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Plan was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the entity were \$40,498 and \$38,298 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively, for the County; \$11,704 and \$11,602 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively, for the School Board (nonprofessional); and \$108,619 and \$104,282 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively, for the School Board (professional).

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the entity reported a liability of \$611,364, \$185,183, and \$1,693,421 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the participating employer's proportion was 0.03757%, 0.01138%, and 0.104065% as compared to 0.03554%, 0.01254%, and 0.106455% at June 30, 2018 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB: (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$22,118, \$386, and \$29,016 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2020, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Primary Government			•	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	40,659	\$	7,929
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		38,598		12,558
Change in assumptions		-		18,435
Changes in proportion		34,722		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		40,498	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	154,477	\$	38,922
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	12,316	\$	2,402
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		11,691		3,804
Change in assumptions		-		5,584
Changes in proportion		-		17,871
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	11,704		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	35,711	\$	29,661
Component Unit School Board (professional)				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	135,690	\$	26,464
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		128,811		41,909
Change in assumptions		-		61,523
Changes in proportion		-		54,041
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		108,619		-
Total	\$	373,120	\$	183,937

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$40,498, \$11,704 and \$108,619 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OEPB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	•	ent Unit Board sional)
2021	\$	10,153	\$ (3,239)	3	(4,971)
2022		10,154	(3,238)		(4,969)
2023		15,472	(1,627)		12,781
2024		18,842	338		31,700
2025		16,117	1,613		36,024
Thereafter		4,319	499		9,999

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Ten Largest Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality Rates - Non-Ten Largest Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Non-Ten Largest Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Group Life Insurance OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,390,238
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,762,972
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,627,266
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		52.00%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithme	7.63%	

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	_	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
	_	(5.75%)	_	(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program					•	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	803,163	\$	611,364	\$	455,820
School Board(nonporfessional)'s proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	243,279	\$	185,183	\$	138,069
School Board(porfessional)'s proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,224,686	\$	1,693,421	\$	1,262,579

Group Life Insurance Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 20—SUMMARY OF NET OPEB LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

						Net/Total		
		Deferred		Deferred		OPEB		OPEB
	_	Outflows	Inflows		Liability/(Asset)		Expense	
Primary Government					_			
VRS OPEB Plans:	-							
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 19):								
County	\$	154,477	\$	38,922	\$	611,364	\$	22,118
Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 17):								
County		14,433		5,729		30,497		4,915
County Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)		34,724		98,598		(198,606)		(2,317)
Totals	\$	203,634	\$	143,249	\$	443,255	\$_	24,716
	-				-		_	
Component Unit School Board								
VRS OPEB Plans:	•							
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 19):								
School Board Nonprofessional	\$	35,711	\$	29,661	\$	185,183	\$	386
School Board Professional		373,120		183,937		1,693,421		34,959
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 18)		329,732		148,930		3,183,920		243,113
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)		224,488	_	199,335		(458,094)		5,703
Totals	\$	963,051	\$	561,863	\$	4,604,430	\$ _	284,161

NOTE 21—UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 21—UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, provides guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and for reporting financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics such as leases, assets related to pension and postemployment benefits, and reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. The effective dates differ by topic, ranging from January 2020 to periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

NOTE 22—COVID-19 PANDEMIC SUBSEQUENT EVENT:

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency stemming from a new strain of coronavirus that was spreading globally (the "COVID-19 outbreak"). On March 11, 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, triggering volatility in financial markets and a significant negative impact on the global economy. The COVID-19 pandemic has developed rapidly in 2020 and remains a quickly evolving situation. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact economic activity. County of Fluvanna, Virginia is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic for fiscal year 2021.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was passed by the federal government to alleviate some of the effects of the sharp economic downturn due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Among the CARES Act key provisions was \$339.8 billion designated for programs for state and local government, which included \$150 billion in direct aid for state and local governments from the federal Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF), pursuant to the federal CARES Act, to address spending shortages related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Commonwealth of Virginia received approximately \$3.1 billion from the CRF, of which \$1.3 billion was allocated for localities with fewer than 500,000 people. Localities with populations greater than 500,000 could apply to receive funds directly. All other CRF funds were distributed to the states to determine the allocations to localities.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 22—COVID-19 PANDEMIC SUBSEQUENT EVENT: (CONTINUED)

On May 12, 2020, the first round of the allocations to local governments was authorized by the Commonwealth. On June 1, 2020, each locality received its share of the first half, or fifty (50) percent, of the locally based allocations. Unspent funds at June 30 from the initial allocation are reported as unearned revenue. Like the first round, the second round of allocations was based on population and was for the same total amount distributed in the first round. County of Fluvanna, Virginia, received the second round of CRF funds in the amount of \$2,379,202 on August 12, 2020.

The federal guidance for the CARES Act states that the CRF funds can be used only for the direct costs associated with the response to the COVID-19 pandemic and cannot be used to address revenue shortfalls. CRF funds are considered one-time funds and should not be used for ongoing services or base operations. As a condition of receiving CRF funds, any funds unexpended as of December 30, 2020 will be returned to the federal government.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The basis of budgeting is the same as generally accepted accounting principles.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

		General Fund						
		Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:								
General property taxes	\$	37,153,145 \$	37,153,145 \$	37,831,969 \$	678,824			
Other local taxes		3,726,500	3,726,500	4,167,715	441,215			
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		293,600	293,600	312,286	18,686			
Fines and forfeitures		61,500	61,500	57,037	(4,463)			
Revenue from use of money and property		178,000	178,000	221,540	43,540			
Charges for services		910,125	919,603	1,011,500	91,897			
Miscellaneous		134,012	134,537	81,846	(52,691)			
Recovered costs		120,950	227,247	143,214	(84,033)			
Intergovernmental:		0.007.000	0.000.050	0.070.400	(442.054)			
Commonwealth		8,627,022	8,686,953	8,273,102	(413,851)			
Federal	_	1,576,681	4,234,855	2,965,770	(1,269,085)			
Total revenues	\$_	52,781,535 \$	55,615,940 \$	55,065,979 \$	(549,961)			
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	2,906,402 \$	3,125,650 \$	2,890,553 \$	235,097			
Judicial administration		1,189,080	1,239,858	1,187,690	52,168			
Public safety		8,609,773	11,355,153	8,846,941	2,508,212			
Public works		2,457,668	2,537,295	2,305,757	231,538			
Health and welfare		6,524,860	7,119,836	5,952,734	1,167,102			
Education		17,915,202	17,915,202	16,523,625	1,391,577			
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,006,821	1,046,511	927,843	118,668			
Community development		771,899	710,562	637,737	72,825			
Nondepartmental		1,211,905	451,062	36,757	414,305			
Debt service:		, ,	,	•	,			
Principal retirement		5,999,039	5,999,039	5,999,039	_			
Interest and other fiscal charges		3,243,645	3,243,645	3,076,001	167,644			
morest and other head only	_	0,210,010	0,210,010	0,010,001	107,011			
Total expenditures	\$_	51,836,294 \$	54,743,813 \$	48,384,677 \$	6,359,136			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	945,241 \$	872,127 \$	6,681,302 \$	5,809,175			
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers (out)	\$	(2,668,070) \$	(5,297,861) \$	(2,969,716)\$	2,328,145			
Transiers (out)	Ψ_	(2,000,070) φ	(3,237,001) ψ	(2,909,710) φ	2,020,140			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(2,668,070) \$	(5,297,861) \$	(2,969,716) \$	2,328,145			
Changes in fund balances	\$	(1,722,829) \$	(4,425,734) \$	3,711,586 \$	8,137,320			
Fund balances at beginning of year		693,402	693,402	21,693,269	20,999,867			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	(1,029,427) \$	(3,732,332) \$	25,404,855 \$	29,137,187			

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Pension Plans Primary Government

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2019

		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$	751,409 \$	730,337 \$	776,673 \$	739,955 \$	774,664 \$	789,985
Interest		1,250,832	1,338,612	1,388,974	1,476,546	1,502,751	1,601,171
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	(517,486)	31,303	(724,313)	195,740	294,773
Changes in assumptions		-	-	-	(70,252)	-	741,345
Benefit payments		(716, 133)	(780,346)	(883,686)	(1,008,142)	(1,087,007)	(1,047,317)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,286,108 \$	771,117 \$	1,313,264 \$	413,794 \$	1,386,148 \$	2,379,957
Total pension liability - beginning		18,227,099	19,513,207	20,284,324	21,597,588	22,011,382	23,397,530
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	19,513,207 \$	20,284,324 \$	21,597,588 \$	22,011,382 \$	23,397,530 \$	25,777,487
	=						
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	753,913 \$	645,140 \$	636,560 \$	518,149 \$	546,067 \$	559,085
Contributions - employee		294,866	304,586	299,883	311,591	330,070	344,979
Net investment income		2,447,855	836,435	340,419	2,370,791	1,594,955	1,538,655
Benefit payments		(716, 133)	(780,346)	(883,686)	(1,008,142)	(1,087,007)	(1,047,317)
Administrator charges		(12,807)	(11,109)	(11,717)	(13,584)	(13,651)	(14,965)
Other		129	(179)	(143)	(2,116)	(1,429)	(974)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,767,823 \$	994,527 \$	381,316 \$	2,176,689 \$	1,369,005 \$	1,379,463
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		15,329,366	18,097,189	19,091,716	19,473,032	21,649,721	23,018,726
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	18,097,189 \$	19,091,716 \$	19,473,032 \$	21,649,721 \$	23,018,726 \$	24,398,189
	=						
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,416,018 \$	1,192,608 \$	2,124,556 \$	361,661 \$	378,804 \$	1,379,298
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total							
pension liability		92.74%	94.12%	90.16%	98.36%	98.38%	94.65%
Covered payroll	\$	5,879,750 \$	6,175,095 \$	6,116,923 \$	6,538,898 \$	6,531,269 \$	7,364,870
County's net pension liability as a percentage of							
covered payroll		24.08%	19.31%	34.73%	5.53%	5.80%	18.73%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset) and Related Ratios - Pension Plans Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2019

		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$	232,280 \$	191,346 \$	205,816 \$	211,644 \$	195,750 \$	196,264
Interest		345,212	369,056	389,212	433,369	433,621	439,279
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	(27,711)	290,694	(318, 329)	(275,526)	58,691
Changes in assumptions		-	-	-	(67,824)	-	200,113
Benefit payments		(236,272)	(237,449)	(252,043)	(257,790)	(252,705)	(293,326)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	341,220 \$	295,242 \$	633,679 \$	1,070 \$	101,140 \$	601,021
Total pension liability - beginning		5,049,733	5,390,953	5,686,195	6,319,874	6,320,944	6,422,084
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	5,390,953 \$	5,686,195 \$	6,319,874 \$	6,320,944 \$	6,422,084 \$	7,023,105
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	167,500 \$	141,552 \$	- , - +	-,	-,	58,626
Contributions - employee		104,820	106,079	111,415	110,414	104,890	102,157
Net investment income		760,024	257,575	104,465	728,404	491,976	471,722
Benefit payments		(236,272)	(237,449)	(252,043)	(257,790)	(252,705)	(293,326)
Administrator charges		(4,020)	(3,467)	(3,586)	(4,161)	(4,201)	(4,685)
Other	_	40	(54)	(44)	(649)	(440)	(296)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	792,092 \$	264,236 \$	109,528 \$	694,724 \$	450,489 \$	334,198
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	4,782,294	5,574,386	5,838,622	5,948,150	6,642,874	7,093,363
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	5,574,386 \$	5,838,622 \$	5,948,150 \$	6,642,874 \$	7,093,363 \$	7,427,561
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(183,433) \$	(152,427) \$	371,724 \$	(321,930) \$	(671,279) \$	(404,456)
Blood of the state							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		103.40%	102.68%	94.12%	105.09%	110.45%	105.76%
pension hability		103.40%	102.00%	94.1270	105.09%	110.45%	105.76%
Covered payroll	\$	2,094,015 \$	2,152,114 \$	2,312,495 \$	2,222,315 \$	2,179,000 \$	2,231,153
• •			. , ,				
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage							
of covered payroll		-8.76%	-7.08%	16.07%	-14.49%	-30.81%	-18.13%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

COUNTY OF FLUVANNA, VIRGINIA Exhibit 14

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - Pension Plans For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.23700%	0.25892%	0.28335%	0.24403%	0.25059%	0.24554%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 28,804,733 \$	32,588,917 \$	35,663,409 \$	30,715,053 \$	29,470,129 \$	32,290,832
Employer's Covered Payroll	22,170,275	19,224,600	19,922,568	19,412,333	19,529,406	19,325,395
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	129.93%	169.52%	179.01%	158.22%	150.90%	167.09%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.88%	70.88%	70.88%	72.92%	74.81%	73.51%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions ir Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)) 	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	.vor	mont							
2020	\$	633,955	\$	633,955	\$	_	\$	7,788,143	8.14%
2019	Ψ	562,352	Ψ	562,352	Ψ	_	Ψ	7,364,870	7.64%
2018		545,361		545,361		_		6,531,269	8.35%
2017		545,998		545,998		-		6,538,898	8.35%
2016		647,170		647,170		-		6,116,923	10.58%
2015		653,325		653,325		-		6,175,095	10.58%
2014		755,548		755,548		-		5,879,750	12.85%
2013		718,465		718,465		-		5,591,165	12.85%
2012		550,380		550,380		-		5,206,999	10.57%
2011		558,946		558,946		-		5,288,046	10.57%
Componen	t Un	it School Board	(no	onprofessional)					
2020	\$	71,015	\$	71,015		-	\$	2,247,317	3.16%
2019		60,409		60,409		-		2,231,153	2.71%
2018		117,666		117,666		-		2,179,000	5.40%
2017		120,005		120,005		-		2,222,315	5.40%
2016		153,781		153,781		-		2,312,495	6.65%
2015		143,116		143,116		-		2,152,114	6.65%
2014		167,312		167,312		-		2,094,015	7.99%
2013		169,325		169,325		-		2,119,206	7.99%
2012		106,915		106,915		-		1,936,870	5.52%
2011		107,190		107,190		-		1,941,842	5.52%
Componen	t Un	it School Board	(pr	ofessional)					
2020	\$	3,270,851	\$	3,270,851	\$	-	\$	20,860,019	15.68%
2019		3,030,222		3,030,222		-		19,325,395	15.68%
2018		3,187,199		3,187,199		-		19,529,406	16.32%
2017		2,845,848		2,845,848		-		19,412,333	14.66%
2016		2,801,113		2,801,113		-		19,922,568	14.06%
2015		2,787,567		2,787,567		-		19,224,600	14.50%

Current year contributions are from County of Culpeper and Culpeper County School Board's records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

The School Board Professional Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2015 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on a VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

\ ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement
	from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
	service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased from 7.00% to 6.75%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

(14011 10 Eargoot) Hazardodo Baty.	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
	service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%
Discount Rate	Decreased from 7.00% to 6.75%

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

in Offic Control Board Trolocolonal Employees	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

		2017		2018	2019	2020
Total OPEB liability	_		_			
Service cost	\$	27,658	\$	19,880 \$	22,815 \$	24,631
Interest		23,025		18,235	19,953	15,934
Economic/Demographic gains and losses		-		-	-	(61,336)
Changes in assumptions		-		30,356	12,098	(12,399)
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(80,448)	-	-
Benefit payments	_	(16,890)	_	(45,364)	(48,382)	(21,687)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	33,793	\$	(57,341) \$	6,484 \$	(54,857)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	309,565	_	343,358	286,017	292,501
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	343,358	\$	286,017 \$	292,501 \$	237,644
	_		_			
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	16,890	\$	45,364 \$	48,382 \$	21,687
Net investment income		42,345		35,491	18,652	12,956
Administrative expenses		(494)		(515)	(540)	(570)
Benefit payments		(16,890)	_	(45,364)	(48,382)	(21,687)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	41,851	\$	34,976 \$	18,112 \$	12,386
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	328,925	_	370,776	405,752	423,864
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	370,776	\$	405,752 \$	423,864 \$	436,250
			_			
County's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	(27,418)	\$_	(119,735) \$	(131,363) \$	(198,606)
Die Galestan auf von Werten auf der der	4-1					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the to OPEB liability	tai	107.99%		141.86%	144.91%	183.57%
Covered payroll	\$	5,960,400	\$	6,132,946 \$	6,132,946 \$	7,217,890
County's net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage covered payroll	of	-0.46%		-1.95%	-2.14%	-2.75%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

		2017		2018		2019		2020
Total OPEB liability	_		_		_		_	
Service cost	\$	59,314	\$	58,813	\$	55,308	\$	49,976
Interest		88,303		81,623		75,870		71,547
Economic/Demographic gains and losses		-		-		-		(61,742)
Changes in assumptions		-		(130,276)		40,463		172,391
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(151,728)		-		-
Benefit payments	_	(93,570)		(88,009)	_	(89,686)	_	(85,574)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	54,047	\$	(229,577)	\$	81,955	\$	146,598
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	1,248,161		1,302,208	_	1,072,631	_	1,154,586
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$_	1,302,208	\$_	1,072,631	\$_	1,154,586	\$_	1,301,184
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	93,570	\$	88,009	\$	89,686	\$	85,574
Net investment income		170,771		143,127		75,216		52,248
Administrative expenses		(1,985)		(2,079)		(2,179)		(2,301)
Benefit payments	_	(93,570)		(88,009)	_	(89,686)	_	(85,574)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	168,786	\$	141,048	\$	73,037	\$	49,947
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,326,460		1,495,246		1,636,294		1,709,331
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ _	1,495,246	\$	1,636,294	\$ _	1,709,331	\$ _	1,759,278
					_			
School Board's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(193,038)	\$	(563,663)	\$ =	(554,745)	\$ _	(458,094)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		114.82%		152.55%		148.05%		135.21%
Covered payroll	\$	20,150,500	\$	21,708,114	\$	21,708,114	\$	20,828,431
School Board's net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage covered payroll	of	-0.96%		-2.60%		-2.56%		-2.20%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB Plans For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2020

Date	 Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) (1)	 Contributions in Relation to ADC (2)	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2020	\$ 48,067	\$ 107,261	\$	(59,194) \$	28,046,321	0.38%
2019	48,551	138,068		(89,517)	27,841,060	0.50%
2018	44,050	133,373		(89,323)	27,841,060	0.48%
2017	80,000	110,460		(30,460)	26,110,900	0.42%
2016	74,200	100,000		(25,800)	26,110,900	0.38%
2015	136,100	124,400		11,700	27,419,800	0.45%
2014	136,100	102,300		33,800	27,419,800	0.37%
2013	141,700	183,600		(41,900)	25,782,200	0.71%
2012	133,000	321,700		(188,700)	25,782,200	1.25%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available. .

Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	-	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	\$ 3.06%	\$ 4.60%	\$ 9.58%	\$	12.89%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2017 is the first year for this presentation, only one year is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County and School Board OPEB For the Year Ended June $30,\,2020$

Valuation Date: 7/1/2019 Measurement Date: 6/30/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, 2019, prior to the fiscal year in which they are reported, and have been projected to June 30, 2020 on a "no gain/no loss" basis.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method/Period	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed, 26 Years Remaing as of
	July 1, 2019, Amortization growth rate of 3.00%
Asset Valuation Method	Market value
Inflation	2.50%
Medical Trend Rate	The medical trend rate assumption starts at 6.0% in 2019 and
	gradually declines to 4.20% by the year 2095.
Salary Increases	No change
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was
	calculated using the RP-2014 using scale BB to 2020. The
	mortality rates for disabled retirees and calculated using the
	RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates with scale BB to 2020.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

County

Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019

		2017		2018		2019
Total HIC OPEB Liability			_		_	
Service cost	\$	3,136	\$	2,414	\$	2,190
Interest		7,882		8,104		9,098
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		10,150		(3,484)
Changes in assumptions		(2,836)		-		2,827
Benefit payments	_	(3,205)	_	(6,797)		(6,146)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	4,977	\$	13,871	\$	4,485
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		114,195		119,172		133,043
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	119,172	\$	133,043	\$	137,528
	_		-		_	
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	4,699	\$	4,823	\$	5,048
Net investment income		10,003		6,879		6,500
Benefit payments		(3,205)		(6,797)		(6,146)
Administrator charges		(164)		(161)		(142)
Other		501		(501)		(8)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	11,834	\$	4,243	\$	5,252
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		85,702		97,536		101,779
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	97,536	\$	101,779	\$	107,031
County's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	21,636	\$	31,264	\$	30,497
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		81.84%		76.50%		77.82%
Covered payroll	\$	2,135,804	\$	2,192,316	\$	2,294,629
County's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		1.01%		1.43%		1.33%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions County Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

	Contractually	Contributions ir Relation to Contractually	1	Contribution		Employer's	Contributions as a % of
	Required Contribution	Required Contribution		Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(1)	 (2)		(3)	_	(4)	(5)
2020	5,355	\$ 5,355	\$	-	\$	2,433,962	0.22%
2019	5,048	5,048		-		2,294,629	0.22%
2018	4,823	4,823		-		2,192,316	0.22%
2017	4,699	4,699		-		2,135,804	0.22%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information County Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final
	retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age
	and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%
Discount rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

ton-Eargest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardoa	5 Daty Employees
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%
Discount rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability
Teacher Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019

	Employer's	Employer's Proportionate		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary		
Date (1)	Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)		
2019 2018 2017	0.2432% \$ 0.2486% 0.2481%	3,183,920 3,157,320 3,148,190	\$ 20,400,120 19,901,142 19,412,333	15.61% 15.87% 16.22%	8.97% 8.08% 7.04%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions
Teacher Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

F Co		Contractually Required Contribution	red Required ution Contribution			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	
Date		(1)	-	(2)		(3)	-	(4)	(5)	
2020	\$	250,502	\$	250,502	\$	-	\$	20,875,186	1.20%	
2019		244,801		244,801		-		20,400,120	1.20%	
2018		244,784		244,784		-		19,901,142	1.23%	
2017		216,961		216,961		-		19,412,333	1.12%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of County and School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI Plan)

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)		
Primary Go	vernment							
2019	0.03757% \$	611,364	\$	7,364,995	8.30%	52.00%		
2018	0.03658%	556,000		6,943,704	8.01%	51.22%		
2017	0.03554%	535,000		6,538,898	8.18%	48.86%		
Component	t Unit School Board (nonpro	fessional)						
2019	0.01138% \$	185,183	\$	2,231,153	8.30%	52.00%		
2018	0.01206%	183,000		2,296,942	7.97%	51.22%		
2017	0.01254%	189,000		2,222,315	8.50%	48.86%		
Component	t Unit School Board (profess	sional)						
2019	0.10407% \$	1,693,421	\$	20,400,120	8.30%	52.00%		
2018	0.10309%	1,606,050		19,901,142	8.07%	51.22%		
2017	0.10646%	1,601,900		19,412,333	8.25%	48.86%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI Plan) For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		- <u>-</u>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	ver	nment						
2020	\$	40,498	\$	40,498	\$	-	\$ 7,788,077	0.52%
2019		38,298		38,298		-	7,364,995	0.52%
2018		36,385		36,385		-	6,943,704	0.52%
2017		34,264		34,264		-	6,538,898	0.52%
-			-	onprofessional)				
2020	\$	11,704	\$	11,704	\$	-	\$ 2,250,769	0.52%
2019		11,602		11,602		-	2,231,153	0.52%
2018		12,036		12,036		-	2,296,942	0.52%
2017		12,138		12,138		-	2,222,315	0.55%
Componen	t Un	nit School Board	l (pı	rofessional)				
2020	\$	108,619	\$	108,619	\$	-	\$ 20,888,269	0.52%
2019		106,081		106,081		-	20,400,120	0.52%
2018		104,282		104,282		-	19,901,142	0.52%
2017		102,421		102,421		-	19,412,333	0.53%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI Plan) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount rate	Decreased from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount rate	Decreased from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

~~ - ~·· , -··· , -·· , -·· ,
Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to
2020
Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Adjusted rates to better match experience
No change
Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Decreased from 7.00% to 6.75%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION





Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020

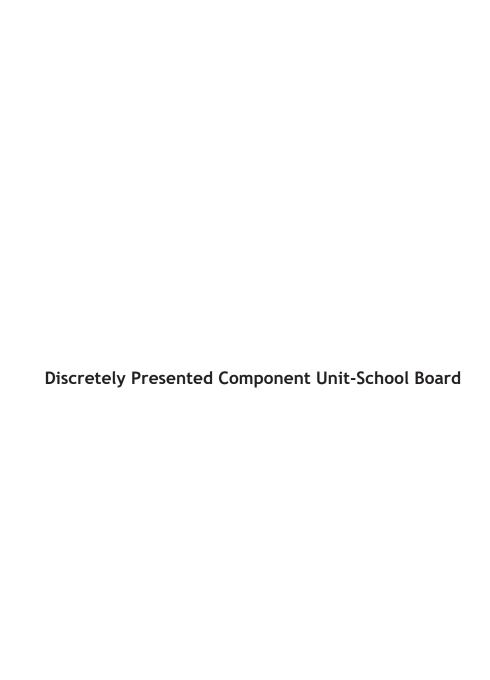
	_	Original Budget	_	Budget As Amended	_	Actual	_	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	- ;	\$	-	\$	777	\$	777
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		480,000		480,000		112,500		(367,500)
Federal	_	497,970	_	256,940	_		_	(256,940)
Total revenues	\$_	977,970	\$_	736,940	\$_	113,277	\$_	(623,663)
Expenditures:								
Capital projects:								
General government administration	\$	31,741	\$	31,741	\$	377	\$	31,364
Public safety		1,578,347		3,841,317		294,182		3,547,135
Public works		620,553		1,372,108		490,140		881,968
Education		546,637		2,300,257		1,699,798		600,459
Parks, recreation, and cultural	_	156,475	_	156,475	_		_	156,475
Total capital projects	\$_	2,933,753	\$_	7,701,898	\$_	2,484,497	\$_	5,217,401
Total expenditures	\$_	2,933,753	\$_	7,701,898	\$_	2,484,497	\$_	5,217,401
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(1,955,783)	\$_	(6,964,958)	\$_	(2,371,220)	\$_	4,593,738
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	\$_	1,873,640	\$_	3,927,815	\$_	2,175,286	\$_	(1,752,529)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	1,873,640	\$_	3,927,815	\$_	2,175,286	\$_	(1,752,529)
Changes in fund balances	\$	(82,143)	\$	(3,037,143)	\$	(195,934)	\$	2,841,209
Fund balance at beginning of the year	_	82,143	_	3,037,143	_	1,114,991	_	(1,922,152)
Fund balance at end of the year	\$_		\$_		\$_	919,057	\$_	919,057

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Agency Fund At June 30, 2020

	 Special Welfare Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 167,605
Total assets	\$ 167,605
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for social services clients	\$ 167,605
Total liabilities	\$ 167,605

Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Balance Beginning of Year		Additions	Deletions		Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:	-						
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	191,703	\$_	77,663	\$ 101,761	\$_	167,605
Liabilities:							
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	191,703	\$_	77,663	\$ 101,761	\$_	167,605
Total liabilities	\$	191,703	\$_	77,663	\$ 101,761	\$_	167,605





Combining Balance Sheet - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board At June 30, 2020

		School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	Total
ASSETS	_		-		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units	\$	1,417,525 10,817 890,732	\$	336,750 - -	\$ 1,754,275 10,817 890,732
Total assets	\$_	2,319,074	\$_	336,750	\$ 2,655,824
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities	\$_	2,319,074	\$	-	\$ 2,319,074
Total liabilities	\$_	2,319,074	\$_	-	\$ 2,319,074
FUND BALANCES					
Assigned	\$_	-	\$_	336,750	\$ 336,750
Total fund balances	\$_	-	\$_	336,750	\$ 336,750
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	2,319,074	\$_	336,750	
Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statement net position:	nts to	government-w	ide	statement of	
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that activities are purchased or constructed, the costs expenditures in governmental funds. However, the state capital assets among the assets of the School Board as a	reported as	28,560,790			
Items related to measurement of net pension and OPEB current-period expenditures	liabili	ty/asset not av	aila	ble to pay for	
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB					(3,974,183) (561,862)
Deferred outflows related to PEB					6,854,575 963,051
Net Pension and OPEB Assets					862,550
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's gov payable in the current period and accordingly are not rep	orted	as fund liabiliti			(00.015.75.)
both current and long-term, are reported in the statement	or ne	t position.			(39,610,564)
Net position of General Government Activities					\$ (6,568,893)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2020

		School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund		Total
Revenues:	_		_		•	
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	28,710	\$	-	\$	28,710
Charges for services		11,344		582,953		594,297
Miscellaneous		692,970		-		692,970
Intergovernmental:						
County contribution to School Board		16,473,020		-		16,473,020
Commonwealth		21,648,553		26,000		21,674,553
Federal	_	1,206,718		730,156		1,936,874
Total revenues	\$_	40,061,315	\$_	1,339,109	\$	41,400,424
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Education	\$_	40,061,315	\$_	1,456,953	\$	41,518,268
Total expenditures	\$_	40,061,315	\$	1,456,953	\$	41,518,268
Changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(117,844)	\$	(117,844)
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	-	_	454,594		454,594
Fund balances at end of year	\$_		\$_	336,750	\$	336,750

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Component Unit School
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			Board
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(117,844)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following details support this adjustment.			
Capital outlays	\$	1,480,163	
Depreciation expense	-	(1,777,652)	(297,489)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability/asset			
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net OPEB liability/asset			438,624 (37,725)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in compensated absences.			(, ,
Change in compensated absences Change in net pension liability/asset Change in net OPEB liability/asset Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred outflows related to pensions	\$	(263,256) (3,087,526) (212,805) 442,679 3,023,938	(96,970)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit	-		3,136,222
		Φ.	
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	3,024,818

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2020

	School Operating Fund								
	_	Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	- - 907,708	\$	- - 912,221	\$	28,710 11,344 692,970	\$	28,710 11,344 (219,251)	
Intergovernmental:									
County contribution to School Board		17,864,597		17,864,597		16,473,020		(1,391,577)	
Commonwealth		21,870,337		22,079,859		21,648,553		(431,306)	
Federal	_	1,254,200	_	1,299,021	_	1,206,718	_	(92,303)	
Total revenues	\$_	41,896,842	\$_	42,155,698	\$_	40,061,315	\$_	(2,094,383)	
Expenditures: Current:									
Instruction	\$	32,456,420	\$	32,715,276	\$	31,167,325	\$	1,547,951	
Administration, attendance, and health		1,779,639		1,779,639		1,724,289		55,350	
Pupil transportation		2,848,784		2,848,784		2,661,616		187,168	
Operation and maintenance		3,003,719		3,003,719		2,938,720		64,999	
School food service costs Technology		1,808,280		1,808,280		1,569,365		- 238,915	
Total expenditures	\$	41,896,842	\$	42,155,698	- \$	40,061,315	\$	2,094,383	
	Ψ_	+1,000,042	Ψ_	42,100,000	.Ψ_	+0,001,010	Ψ_	2,004,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			_		_		_		
over expenditures	\$		\$_	-	. \$_		\$_		
Net changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fund balances at beginning of year	_		_	_			_		
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	_	\$_		\$_		\$_	-	

School Cafeteria Fund											
Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)					
\$ - 1,597,046 -	\$	- 1,597,046 -	\$	- 582,953 -	\$	- (1,014,093) -					
- - -		- - -		26,000 730,156		- 26,000 730,156					
\$ 1,597,046	\$	1,597,046	\$	1,339,109	\$	(257,937)					
\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -					
1,597,046 -		1,597,046		1,456,953 -		140,093					
\$ 1,597,046	\$	1,597,046	\$	1,456,953	\$	140,093					
\$ _	\$		\$	(117,844)	\$	(117,844)					
\$ -	\$	-	\$	(117,844)	\$	(117,844)					
-		-		454,594		454,594					
\$ -	\$	-	\$	336,750	\$	336,750					



Discretely Presented Component Unit-EDA

Exhibit 38

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Fluvanna County EDA Statement of Net Position At June 30, 2020

Assets Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,032
Total assets	\$	67,032
Net Position Unrestricted	\$_	67,032
Total net position	\$_	67,032

Exhibit 39

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Fluvanna County EDA Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2020

Operating revenues Charges for services	\$ 6,125
Operating Expenses Other operating expenses	2,510
Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,615
Nonoperating revenues Investment income Contribution from Fluvanna County	\$ 48 1,000
Total nonoperating revenues	\$ 1,048
Change in net position	\$ 4,663
Net position, beginning of year	62,369
Net position, end of year	\$ 67,032

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Fluvanna County EDA Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	6,125 (2,510)
Net cash provided by (used for) by operating activities	\$_	3,615
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Contribution from Fluvanna County	\$_	1,000
Cash flows from investing activities Investment earnings	\$_	48
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,663
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	62,369
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	67,032
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss) Change in assets and liabilities:	\$	3,615
Net cash provided by (used for) by operating activities	\$_	3,615

Supporting Schedules

Governmental Funds Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government:					
General Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
General property taxes:	\$	24,261,720 \$	24,261,720 \$	24,432,282 \$	170 F60
Real property taxes Real and personal public service corporation taxes	Φ	5,057,321	5,057,321	5,483,117	170,562 425,796
Personal property taxes		7,375,894	7,375,894	7,297,986	(77,908)
Mobile home taxes		19,317	19,317	17,584	(1,733)
Machinery and tools taxes		13,893	13,893	22,823	8,930
Penalties		300,000	300,000	397,066	97,066
Interest	_	125,000	125,000	181,111	56,111
Total general property taxes	\$_	37,153,145	37,153,145 \$	37,831,969 \$	678,824
Other local taxes:					
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,798,500 \$	1,798,500 \$	2,207,343 \$	408,843
Consumer utility taxes		425,000	425,000	431,308	6,308
Gross receipts tax - utilities		120,000	120,000	123,526	3,526
Motor vehicle licenses		925,000	925,000	885,451	(39,549)
Bank stock taxes Recordation taxes		80,000 375,000	80,000 375,000	84,931 430,296	4,931 55,296
Tax on wills		3,000	3,000	4,860	1,860
Total other local taxes	\$	3,726,500 \$			441,215
	· –	., .,,	,		,
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: Animal licenses	\$	13,000 \$	13,000 \$	10,764 \$	(2.226)
Building permits	Φ	125,000	125,000 a	156,169	(2,236) 31,169
Other permits, fees, and licenses		155,600	155,600	145,353	(10,247)
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	\$	293,600 \$			18,686
Fines and Forfeitures:	· –	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Court and other fines and forfeitures	\$	61,500 \$	61,500 \$	57,037 \$	(4,463)
	Ψ_	<u> </u>	σφ	στ,σστ φ	(4,400)
Revenue from use of money and property:	Φ	100,000 (100.000 ф	444 404 Ф	44 404
Revenue from use of money Revenue from use of property	\$	100,000 \$ 78,000	5 100,000 \$ 78,000	141,134 \$ 80,406	41,134 2,406
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	178,000 \$			43,540
	Φ_	170,000 4	5 <u>176,000</u> \$	Φ_	43,340
Charges for Services:	Φ	2 200 (2 200 Ф	1 EO7 ¢	(603)
Charges for Commonwealth Attorney Charges for library	\$	2,200 \$ 10,000	5 2,200 \$ 10,000	1,507 \$ 6,354	(693) (3,646)
Law library fees		2,700	2,700	3,168	468
Courthouse maintenance fees		6,000	6,000	4,796	(1,204)
Courthouse security		27,000	27,000	18,402	(8,598)
Recreation program fees		118,000	118,000	76,101	(41,899)
EMS cost recovery Landfill fees		649,825 83,000	649,825 92,300	771,414 121,286	121,589 28,986
Other charges for services		1,300	92,300 1,478	1,454	28,986
Fees of clerk		10,100	10,100	7,018	(3,082)
Total charges for services	\$	910,125 \$			91,897
Total Glarges for Scivices	Ψ_	<u> </u>	, <u> </u>	1,011,300 φ	31,031

Governmental Funds Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020 (continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended	_	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued)							
Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous	\$	134,012	\$	134,537	\$	81,846 \$	(52,691)
Recovered costs:	· <u> </u>		- ' -		· –	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(2 / 2 /
Miscellaneous	\$	120,950	\$	227,247	\$	143,214 \$	(84,033)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	42,577,832				43,827,107 \$	1,132,975
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid:	_		_				
Motor vehicle carriers tax Mobile home titling taxes	\$	39,000 9,000	\$	39,000	\$	40,134 \$	1,134
Auto rental taxes		9,000 8,500		9,000 8,500		13,124 7,175	4,124 (1,325)
Recordation taxes		90,000		90,000		64,348	(25,652)
Communication taxes		740,000		740,000		694,484	(45,516)
PPTRA		2,996,570	_	2,996,570	_	2,996,570	
Total noncategorical aid	\$_	3,883,070	\$	3,883,070	\$_	3,815,835 \$	(67,235)
Categorical aid:							
Shared expenses:	Φ.	000 000	Φ	000 000	Φ	00F F40 . ft	7 400
Commonwealth's Attorney Sheriff	\$	288,080 1,064,960	Ф	288,080 1,064,960	Ф	295,512 \$ 1,062,336	7,432 (2,624)
Commissioner of the Revenue		1,004,900		1,004,900		125,252	(2,018)
Treasurer		141,587		141,587		139,558	(2,029)
Registrar/electoral board		43,000		43,000		46,125	3,125
Clerk of the Circuit Court		267,526		267,526		301,253	33,727
Total shared expenses	\$	1,932,423	\$	1,932,423	\$_	1,970,036 \$	37,613
Other categorical aid:							
Litter control	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	6,730 \$	(1,770)
Library grant		93,417		93,417		93,417	-
Public assistance and welfare administration		635,896		635,896		691,154	55,258
Children's services act		1,867,931		1,920,291		1,492,948	(427,343)
E911 funds		66,000		66,000		73,299	7,299
Fire funds Victim/witness coordinator grant		86,000 10,000		93,571 10,000		93,571 9,937	(63)
Four for life		27,000		27,000		9,937	(27,000)
Other categorical aid		16,785		16,785		26,175	9,390
Total other categorical aid	\$	2,811,529	\$	2,871,460	\$	2,487,231 \$	(384,229)
Total categorical aid	\$	4,743,952		4,803,883	_	4,457,267 \$	(346,616)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	8,627,022	\$	8,686,953	\$_	8,273,102 \$	(413,851)

Governmental Funds Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020 (continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid: Criminal justice grants Commission for arts grant Federal interest subsidy CARES Other federal revenue Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	32,500 \$ 4,500 199,279 - 148,079 1,192,323	32,500 \$ 4,500 199,279 2,379,202 148,779 1,470,595	33,068 \$ 4,500 201,087 1,082,143 32,482 1,612,490	568 - 1,808 (1,297,059) (116,297) 141,895
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	1,576,681 \$_	4,234,855 \$	2,965,770 \$	(1,269,085)
Total General Fund	\$_	52,781,535 \$	55,615,940 \$	55,065,979 \$	(549,961)
Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money	\$_	<u>-</u> \$	\$_	777_\$	777_
Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous	_		<u> </u>		
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	- \$	\$_	777_\$	777
Revenue from the commonwealth: Categorical aid: Burn building	\$_	480,000 \$	480,000 \$	112,500 \$	(367,500)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	480,000 \$	480,000 \$	112,500 \$	(367,500)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Fork Union grant	\$_	497,970_\$_	256,940_\$_	\$_	(256,940)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	497,970_\$	256,940 \$	\$_	(256,940)
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$_	977,970 \$	736,940 \$	113,277 \$	(623,663)
Total Revenues Primary Government	\$_	53,759,505 \$	56,352,880 \$	55,179,256 \$	(1,173,624)

General Fund - Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total law enforcement and traffic control

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund:							
General government administration:							
Legislative:							
Board of supervisors	\$_	120,857	\$_	151,253	\$_	143,857_\$	7,396
General and financial administration:							
County administrator	\$	328,007	\$	349,259	\$	349,259 \$	
County attorney		260,000		260,000		194,787	65,213
Commissioner of the revenue		381,596		378,691		376,095	2,596
Reassessment		80,209		146,724		142,928	3,796
Human resources		122,746		125,731		125,731	-
Information technology		439,157		443,131		437,279	5,852
Treasurer		491,935		503,416		453,123	50,293
Finance department	_	424,106		458,493	_	447,532	10,961
Total general and financial administration	\$_	2,527,756	\$_	2,665,445	\$_	2,526,734 \$	138,711
Board of Elections:							
Electoral board general registrar	\$_	257,789	_\$_	308,952	\$_	219,962 \$	88,990
Total general government administration	\$_	2,906,402	\$_	3,125,650	\$_	2,890,553 \$	235,097
Judicial administration:							
Courts:							
Circuit court	\$	50,940	\$	55,935	\$	29,818 \$	26,117
General district and juvenile relations court		8,390		8,390		3,364	5,026
Juvenile court service unit		3,100		3,029		2,499	530
VJCCCA		7,000		7,000		3,228	3,772
Clerk of the circuit court	_	622,911		636,523	_	620,076	16,447
Total courts	\$_	692,341	\$_	710,877	\$_	658,985 \$	51,892
Commonwealth's attorney:							
Commonwealth's attorney	\$_	496,739	\$_	528,981	\$_	528,705 \$	276
Total judicial administration	\$_	1,189,080	\$_	1,239,858	\$_	1,187,690 \$	52,168
Public safety:							
Law enforcement and traffic control:							
Sheriff	\$	3,249,512	\$	3,399,405	\$	2,714,478 \$	684,927
Public safety grants	_	76,626		77,326	_	17,926	59,400

\$___3,326,138_\$___3,476,731_\$___2,732,404_\$___744,327

General Fund - Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020 (continued)

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended	_	Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Public Safety: (Continued) Fire and rescue services:								
Forest warden Volunteer fire and rescue CARES Emergency Medical Services Council	\$	9,012 1,076,600 - 16,095	\$	9,142 1,173,692 2,379,202 16,095	\$	9,142 1,055,220 1,082,143 16,095	\$	118,472 1,297,059
Total fire and rescue services	\$	1,101,707	\$	3,578,131	\$_	2,162,600	\$_	1,415,531
Correction and detention: Care of prisoners	\$_	1,420,584	_\$_	1,420,584	\$_	1,395,516	\$_	25,068
Inspections: Building	\$_	255,096	_\$_	312,800	\$_	287,117	\$_	25,683
Other protection: Animal control Emergency management E-911 Legal aid service	\$	301,793 533,272 1,667,083 4,100	\$	301,971 538,293 1,722,543 4,100	\$	301,971 507,791 1,455,442 4,100	\$	30,502 267,101
Total other protection	\$_	2,506,248	\$_	2,566,907	\$_	2,269,304	\$_	297,603
Total public safety	\$_	8,609,773	\$_	11,355,153	\$_	8,846,941	\$_	2,508,212
Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Landfill Litter control	\$	245,950 27,200	\$	311,745 27,200	\$	310,490 1,735	\$	1,255 25,465
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	273,150	\$	338,945	\$_	312,225	\$_	26,720
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: Facilities Public works Public utilities James River Water Authority General services	\$	927,604 264,455 157,482 251,732 583,245	\$	958,891 272,757 156,725 251,732 558,245	\$	774,406 272,756 150,256 245,416 550,698	\$_	184,485 1 6,469 6,316 7,547
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$_	2,184,518	\$_	2,198,350	\$_	1,993,532	\$_	204,818
Total public works	\$_	2,457,668	\$_	2,537,295	\$_	2,305,757	\$_	231,538
Health and welfare: Health: Local health department	\$	277,884	\$	277,884	\$	278,007	\$	(123)
Mental health and mental retardation: Region Ten Community Services Board	\$_	129,000		129,000		129,000		

General Fund - Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020 (continued)

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Health and Welfare: (Continued) Welfare:						
Public assistance and welfare administration Children's services act program Jefferson area board on aging	\$	2,817,805 2,965,561 85,000	\$	3,310,808 \$ 3,067,534 85,000	2,711,113 \$ 2,500,004 85,000	599,695 567,530
JAUNT, Inc. Shelter for help in emergency		85,000 9,200		85,000 9,200	85,000 9,200	-
Sexual assault resource agency Fluvanna housing foundation Piedmont housing alliance		1,050 16,000 2,200		1,050 16,000 2,200	1,050 16,000 2,200	- - -
Hospice of the Piedmont Jefferson area chip Children, youth and family services		2,500 53,060 2,100		2,500 53,060 2,100	2,500 53,060 2,100	- - -
Foothills Child Advocacy Center Interagency council Piedmont workforce network		10,000 750 3,000		10,000 750 3,000	10,000 750 3,000	-
Offender Aid & Rescue Monticello area community action agency	_	13,750 51,000	_	13,750 51,000	13,750 51,000	- - -
Total welfare	\$_	6,117,976	\$_	6,712,952 \$	5,545,727 \$	1,167,225
Total health and welfare	\$_	6,524,860	\$_	7,119,836 \$	5,952,734 \$	1,167,102
Education: Contributions to community colleges Contribution to Component Unit School Board	\$	50,605 17,864,597	\$_	50,605 \$ 17,864,597	50,605 \$ 16,473,020	- 1,391,577
Total education	\$_	17,915,202	\$_	17,915,202 \$	16,523,625 \$	1,391,577
Parks, recreation and cultural: Parks and recreation:						
Parks and recreation	\$_	573,334	\$_	592,621 \$	477,169 \$	115,452
Cultural enrichment: Cultural arts	\$_	10,000	\$_	10,000 \$	10,000 \$	
Library: Regional library	\$_	423,487	\$_	443,890 \$	440,674 \$	3,216
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$_	1,006,821	\$_	1,046,511 \$	927,843 \$	118,668

General Fund - Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020 (continued)

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
					_		_	<u>(</u>
General Fund: (Continued) Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning commission	\$	30,812	\$	30,812	\$	16,621	\$	14,191
Zoning board	Ψ	3,150	Ψ	3,150	Ψ	1,506	Ψ	1,644
Economic development		100,699		104,133		90,423		13,710
County planner		456,338		391,567		368,120		23,447
Chamber of commerce		3,500		3,500		3,500		-
Small business development center		2,750		2,750		2,750		_
Rivanna River Basin		1,750		1,750		1,750		_
Leadership development program		1,000		1,000		1,000		_
Southeast rural community assistant project		1,000		1,000		1,000		_
Economic Development		13,223		13,223		13,223		_
Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission	_	34,273		34,273	_	34,273	_	-
Total planning and community development	\$_	648,495	\$_	587,158	\$_	534,166	\$_	52,992
Environmental management:								
Soil and water conservation district	\$_	21,000	\$_	21,000	\$_	21,000	\$_	
Cooperative extension program:								
Cooperative extension service	\$_	102,404	\$_	102,404	\$_	82,571	\$_	19,833
Total community development	\$_	771,899	\$_	710,562	\$_	637,737	\$_	72,825
Nondepartmental:								
Miscellaneous	\$	1,211,905	Ф	451,062	Ф	36,757	Ф	414,305
Miscellatieous	Φ_	1,211,905	_Φ_	451,002	Φ_	30,737	Φ_	414,303
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	5,999,039	\$	5,999,039	\$	5,999,039	\$	-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	3,243,645		3,243,645	-	3,076,001	_	167,644
Total debt service	\$_	9,242,684	\$_	9,242,684	\$_	9,075,040	\$_	167,644
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$_	51,836,294	\$_	54,743,813	\$_	48,384,677	\$_	6,359,136

Statistical Section

Contents	Tables
Financial Trends	
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the	
County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Position by Component	1
Changes in Net Position	2
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	3
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	4
Revenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting	
the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	5
Property Tax Rates	6
Principal Property Taxpayers	7
Property Tax Levies and Collections	8
Debt Capacity	
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of	
the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue	
debt in the future.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	9
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	10
Debt Policy Information	11
Demographic and Economic Information	
These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader	
understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take	
place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	12
Principal Employers	13
Operating Information	
These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources	
to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to	
the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	
Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function	14
Operating Indicators by Function	15
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	16

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	15,481,925 \$	17,779,481 \$	18,058,155 \$	18,203,194
Unrestricted	_	21,244,585	20,452,313	21,488,429	22,113,118
Total governmental activities net position	\$_	36,726,510 \$	38,231,794 \$	39,546,584 \$	40,316,312
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	4,359,941 \$	4,220,066 \$	4,130,335 \$	4,046,836
Unrestricted	_	145,337	174,173	126,485	152,478
Total business-type activities net position	\$_	4,505,278 \$	4,394,239 \$	4,256,820 \$	4,199,314
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	19,841,866 \$	21,999,547 \$	22,188,490 \$	22,250,030
Restricted Unrestricted	_	- 21,389,922	20,626,486	- 21,614,914	- 22,265,596
Total primary government net position	\$_	41,231,788 \$	42,626,033 \$	43,803,404 \$	44,515,626

Table 1

_	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$	18,855,190 \$ - 21,036,690	17,955,779 \$ 59,520 21,785,862	18,561,846 \$ 59,520 22,928,022	17,537,769 \$ 59,520 21,507,081	\$ 16,707,620 \$ 59,520 23,698,945	15,820,345 59,520 27,406,973
\$	39,891,880 \$	39,801,161 \$	41,549,388 \$	39,104,370		43,286,838
\$	3,979,806 \$	3,892,325 \$	3,806,518 \$	3,727,045 \$	3,651,962 \$	5,342,151
_	141,897	233,162	362,385	1,233,648	1,808,171	535,208
\$_	4,121,703 \$	4,125,487 \$	4,168,903 \$	4,960,693	5,460,133 \$	5,877,359
\$	22,834,996 \$	21,848,104 \$	22,368,364 \$	21,264,814 \$	20,359,582 \$	21,162,496
_	- 21,178,587	59,520 22,019,024	59,520 23,290,407	59,520 22,740,729	59,520 25,507,116	59,520 27,942,181
\$_	44,013,583 \$	43,926,648 \$	45,718,291 \$	44,065,063	\$_45,926,218_\$	49,164,197

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses						<u> </u>					
Governmental activities:											
General government adminstration	\$	2,266,965 \$	2,946,369 \$	2,179,821 \$	2,092,329 \$	2,912,977 \$	2,316,368 \$	2,660,192 \$	2,507,323 \$	2,894,457 \$	3,000,393
Judicial administration		1,092,325	1,147,418	1,168,114	1,206,938	1,164,502	1,085,464	1,302,495	1,299,463	1,277,434	1,416,769
Public Safety		4,875,996	5,298,372	5,515,173	6,549,800	6,642,850	7,061,106	7,949,729	8,992,729	9,282,343	10,384,660
Public works		1,324,088	1,461,832	1,458,736	2,135,218	2,451,166	3,512,015	1,683,873	2,313,685	2,749,824	2,862,090
Health and welfare		4,826,649	5,203,796	4,660,190	4,989,704	4,861,639	5,423,546	6,063,693	6,065,223	5,856,235	6,075,481
Education		10,796,609	14,938,085	16,997,681	19,422,301	18,425,758	21,413,366	21,054,581	25,127,190	22,902,730	23,016,433
Parks, recreation and cultural		723,393	736,581	722,937	777,854	850,915	854,231	869,068	911,313	959,127	1,036,357
Community development		447,602	592,966	1,108,602	682,766	806,016	1,008,822	854,527	749,560	773,645	723,779
Interest on long-term debt	_	4,667,841	4,653,204	4,113,741	3,381,824	3,864,041	3,724,460	3,611,012	3,399,682	3,332,219	3,188,309
Total governmental activities											
expenses	\$	31,021,468 \$	36,978,623 \$	37,924,995 \$	41,238,734 \$	41,979,864 \$	46,399,378 \$	46,049,170 \$	51,366,168 \$	50,028,014 \$	51,704,272
											<u> </u>
Business-type activities:											
Community Programs	\$	45,710 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_
Water		368,737	391,788	400,650	373,351	385,374	395,482	361,760	317,212	329,122	340,165
Water & Sewer		_		-	-	-	-	-	389,980	256,941	248,084
Sewer		182,931	195,289	203,840	200,969	207,350	191,119	302,949	300,088	244,110	252,529
Landfill		-	-	,	,		-	-	-	,	,
	-										
Total business-type activities											
expenses	\$	597,378 \$	587,077 \$	604,490 \$	574,320 \$	592,724 \$	586,601 \$	664,709 \$	1,007,280 \$	830,173 \$	840,778
охроново	Ψ_	- σοτ,στο φ	- σοι,σιι φ	φ_	014,020 φ	σοΣ,τ2+ φ	σοσ,σστ φ	- σοτ, του φ	1,007,200 φ	- σου, πο φ	040,770
Total primary government expenses	\$_	31,618,846 \$	37,565,700 \$	38,529,485 \$	41,813,054 \$	42,572,588 \$	46,985,979 \$	46,713,879 \$	52,373,448 \$	50,858,187 \$	52,545,050
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:											
General government administration	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_
Judicial administration		74,985	64,598	69,974	76,552	63,426	53,289	101,825	104,064	113.860	91,928
Public safety		196,820	240,503	292,484	272,560	332,650	698,281	836,723	980,372	948,948	1,085,154
Public works		102,391	85,096	80,067	78,475	76,198	76,173	82,127	86,314	98,192	121,286
Parks, recreation and cultural		82,284	100,865	74,038	115,460	116,282	133,330	118,073	116,745	121,537	82,455
Community development		109,880	-	,000	,	,202	-			.21,007	-
Operating grants and contributions		4,609,047	4,840,524	4,296,841	4,853,380	4,895,422	5,316,713	5,716,405	6,056,747	5,873,959	7,423,037
Capital grants and contributions		151,576	4,145	1,273,986	941,858	338,485	93,911	3,710,403	0,030,141	3,073,333	112,500
Capital grants and contributions	-	131,370	4,143	1,273,900	941,030	330,403	33,311	 _	<u>-</u>	 -	112,300
Total governmental activities											
program revenues	\$	5,326,983 \$	5,335,731 \$	6,087,390 \$	6,338,285 \$	5,822,463 \$	6,371,697 \$	6,855,153 \$	7,344,242 \$	7,156,496 \$	8,916,360
program revenues	Ψ_	J,J20,903 ø	J,JJJ,7J1 4	Φ_0,007,390_φ	0,330,203 φ	J,022,403 ø	0,371,097 φ	0,033,133 φ	7,544,242 φ	7,130,490 φ	0,910,300
Business-type activities:											
Charges for services:											
Community Programs	\$	30,134 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Water		301,071	302,522	318,506	302,439	356,573	375,863	365,562	371,481	355,953	366,593
Sewer		12,791	8,229	19,828	20,134	22,822	20,738	42,255	27,244	29,898	22,896
Capital grants and contributions	_						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total business-type activities											
program revenues	\$_	343,996 \$	310,751 \$	338,334 \$	322,573 \$	379,395 \$	396,601 \$	407,817 \$	398,725 \$	385,851 \$	389,489
Total primary government											
program revenues	\$	5,670,979 \$	5,646,482 \$	6,425,724 \$	6,660,858 \$	6,201,858 \$	6,768,298 \$	7,262,970 \$	7,742,967 \$	7,542,347 \$	9,305,849
									<u></u>		<u></u>
Net (expense) / revenue											
Governmental activities	\$	(25,694,485) \$	(31,642,892) \$	(31,837,605) \$	(34,900,449) \$	(36,157,401) \$	(40,027,681) \$	(39,194,017) \$	(44,021,926) \$	(42,871,518) \$	(42,787,912)
Business-type activities		(253,382)	(276,326)	(266,156)	(251,747)	(213,329)	(190,000)	(256,892)	(608,555)	(444,322)	(451,289)
	_						 -				
Total primary government											
net expense	\$	(25,947,867) \$	(31,919,218) \$	(32,103,761) \$	(35,152,196) \$	(36,370,730) \$	(40,217,681) \$	(39,450,909) \$	(44,630,481) \$	(43,315,840) \$	(43,239,201)
	-										

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes											
Property taxes Local sales and use taxes Taxes on recordation and wills Motor vehicle licenses taxes Consumer utility taxes Other local taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property Miscellaneous Transfers	\$	24,510,584 \$ 1,061,791 244,066 667,940 1,290,455 236,955 3,152,927 307,436 247,590 (867,924)	26,319,292 \$ 1,217,038 253,686 688,726 418,280 228,344 3,991,243 65,369 131,485 (165,287)	26,889,099 \$ 1,267,142 272,347 745,234 423,000 264,079 3,997,213 66,792 103,010 (128,737)	28,622,456 \$ 1,403,062 187,733 715,553 440,464 210,955 3,977,097 50,189 256,909 (194,241)	30,857,284 \$ 1,413,860 239,086 703,417 428,843 267,393 3,966,837 59,654 76,133 (193,783)	32,784,240 \$ 1,518,328 241,846 728,942 397,316 262,373 3,945,610 159,491 92,600 (193,784)	33,676,413 \$ 1,696,819 352,133 733,566 438,801 215,290 3,925,416 91,055 113,059 (300,308)	35,083,167 \$ 1,783,287 398,653 791,162 455,170 211,345 3,909,452 141,043 882,532 (1,281,640)	36,546,338 \$ 1,826,331 340,922 895,510 468,459 198,703 3,866,437 594,166 232,705 (736,338)	38,115,382 2,207,343 430,296 885,451 431,308 213,317 3,815,835 222,317 81,846 (794,430)
Total governmental activities	\$_		33,148,176 \$		35,670,177 \$			40,942,244 \$			
Business-type activities: Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property Transfers	\$	- \$ 867,924	- \$ 165,287	- \$ 128,737	- \$ 194,241	- \$ 193,783	- \$ 193,784	- \$ 300,308	118,705 \$ 1,281,640	207,424 \$ 736,338	74,085 794,430
Total business-type activities	\$_	867,924 \$	165,287 \$	128,737 \$	194,241 \$	193,783 \$	193,784 \$	300,308 \$	1,400,345 \$	943,762 \$	868,515
Total primary government	\$_	31,719,744 \$	33,313,463 \$	34,027,916 \$	35,864,418 \$	38,012,507 \$	40,130,746 \$	41,242,552 \$	43,774,516 \$	45,176,995 \$	46,477,180
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	5,157,335 \$ 614,542	1,505,284 \$ (111,039)	2,061,574 \$ (137,419)	769,728 \$ (57,506)	1,661,323 \$ (19,546)	(90,719) \$ 3,784	1,748,227 \$ 43,416	(1,647,755) \$ 791,790	1,361,715 \$ 499,440	2,820,753 417,226
Total primary government	\$_	5,771,877 \$	1,394,245 \$	1,924,155 \$	712,222 \$	1,641,777 \$	(86,935) \$	1,791,643 \$	(855,965) \$	1,861,155 \$	3,237,979

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2011		2012		2013	_	2014
General fund								
Nonspendable	\$	35,080	\$	2,000	\$	17,775	\$	-
Restricted		78,938		-		-		-
Committed		7,077,296		9,834,019		11,319,125		12,206,403
Assigned		63,698		29,914		22,727		1,781
Unassigned	_	13,528,036		10,348,950	_	10,271,385	_	9,576,832
Total general fund	\$_	20,783,048	\$_	20,214,883	\$_	21,631,012	\$_	21,785,016
All other governmental funds								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		16,544,058		3,312,322		519,759		70,462
Committed		183,265		-		-		50,697
Assigned		-		-		229,421		455,854
Unassigned	_	-		(655,894)	_	-		
Total all other governmental funds	\$_	16,727,323	\$	2,656,428	\$_	749,180	\$_	577,013

Table 3

_	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
\$	133,933 - 10,737,302 - 10,974,265	\$	100,000 59,520 4,875,335 - 17,198,209	\$	118,818 59,520 6,649,051 - 15,855,959	\$	78,606 59,520 6,103,010 - 14,532,691	\$	11,506 59,520 4,989,493 - 16,632,750	\$	36,731 59,520 5,368,959 - 19,939,645
\$_	21,845,500	\$_	22,233,064	\$_	22,683,348	\$_	20,773,827	\$_	21,693,269	\$_	25,404,855
\$	531,616 3,963,624 51,292 237,844	\$	1,678,501 50,000 492,023	\$	5,175,016 27,535 179,446	\$	572,077 - 369,449	\$	245,106 63,275 - 806,610	\$	- - - 919,057 -
\$_	4,784,376	\$	2,220,524	\$_	5,381,997	\$	941,526	\$_	1,114,991	\$	919,057

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues	•	0.4.000.040	05 700 040 \$	00000004	00 407 540
General property taxes	\$	24,333,649 \$	25,783,612 \$	26,886,904 \$	28,437,543
Other local taxes		3,501,207	2,806,074	2,971,802	2,957,767
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		347,774	239,463	266,139	271,315
Fines and forfeitures		60,363	26,384	30,225	36,762
Revenue from use of money and property		307,436	65,369	66,792	50,189
Charges for services Miscellaneous		158,223 247,590	225,215 131,485	220,199 103,010	234,970
Recovered costs		218,277	239,814	537,891	256,909 198,556
Intergovernmental:		210,211	239,014	337,091	190,550
Commonwealth		6,761,028	7,824,876	7,421,770	8,200,504
Federal		1,152,522	1,011,036	2,146,270	1,571,831
	_				
Total revenues	\$_	37,088,069 \$	38,353,328 \$	40,651,002 \$	42,216,346
Expenditures					
General government administration	\$	2,283,864 \$	2,948,951 \$	2,457,582 \$	2,375,839
Judicial administration		924,825	966,938	997,142	1,043,554
Public safety		5,551,650	5,111,665	7,774,015	7,046,266
Public works		1,444,944	1,527,887	1,484,008	2,302,295
Health and welfare		4,858,939	5,163,813	4,588,355	4,961,275
Education		41,174,205	28,136,631	16,921,134	14,735,070
Parks, recreation and cultural		629,182	716,477	687,593	1,734,527
Community development		453,826	517,276	1,027,505	609,918
Nondepartmental Debt service		383,995	435,867	159,496	18,742
Principal		1,436,343	2,285,259	7,272,220	3,531,444
Interest and other fiscal charges		4,748,216	4,689,001	2,858,997	3,681,338
Bond Issuance Costs		, -, -	-	393,927	-
Total expenditures	\$	63,889,989 \$	52,499,765 \$	46,621,974 \$	42,040,268
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(26,801,920) \$	(14,146,437) \$	(5,970,972) \$	176,078
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	\$	1,157,587 \$	863,523 \$	1,913,411 \$	2,590,807
Transfers out		(1,203,684)	(1,356,146)	(1,994,483)	(2,785,048)
Bonds issued		2,704,077	-	77,542,813	-
Early retirement of indebtedness		(2,670,000)	_	-	-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent		-	-	(72,784,959)	-
Issuance of capital leases	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	803,071	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(12,020) \$	(492,623) \$	5,479,853 \$	(194,241)
Net change in fund balances	\$_	(26,813,940) \$	(14,639,060) \$	(491,119) \$	(18,163)
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures		19.98%	18.57%	24.60%	18.24%

_	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$	30,390,483 \$	32,381,780 \$	33,035,019 \$	34,771,214 \$	36,606,379 \$	37,831,969
	3,052,599	3,148,805	3,436,609	3,639,617	3,729,925	4,167,715
	328,492	316,674	325,604	325,260	266,135	312,286
	19,127	17,071	52,335	55,563	66,715	57,037
	59,654	159,491	91,055	141,043	594,166	222,317
	240,937	627,328	760,809	906,672	949,687	1,011,500
	76,133	92,600	113,059	882,532	232,705	81,846
	159,452	175,019	475,312	334,311	195,792	143,214
	7,768,139	8,186,120	8,491,421	8,435,417	8,039,911	8,385,602
	1,432,605	1,170,114	1,150,400	1,530,782	1,700,485	2,965,770
\$	43,527,621 \$	46,275,002 \$	47,931,623 \$	51,022,411 \$	52,381,900 \$	55,179,256
\$	2,973,426 \$	2,504,595 \$	2,675,883 \$	2,573,114 \$	3,068,813 \$	2,890,930
·	1,033,414	1,116,896	1,140,751	1,160,743	1,156,453	1,187,690
	6,504,341	14,031,007	9,103,245	8,904,135	9,183,552	9,141,123
	2,670,609	3,340,430	3,066,682	3,598,723	2,844,074	2,795,897
	4,900,555	5,494,433	6,047,790	6,094,617	5,891,086	5,952,734
	17,150,935	18,825,010	21,054,016	21,808,677	17,599,505	18,223,423
	1,055,476	830,275	841,396	1,168,673	925,945	927,843
	1,072,057	959,759	779,505	768,397	741,256	637,737
	26,199	37,462	25,699	109,625	33,693	36,757
	7,303,148	4,257,098	11,387,489	6,947,151	5,852,348	5,999,039
	3,433,568	3,455,086	3,501,825	3,510,465	3,255,930	3,076,001
_	137,388		272,142	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	_
\$_	48,261,116 \$	54,852,051 \$	59,896,423 \$	56,644,320 \$	50,552,655 \$	50,869,174
\$_	(4,733,495) \$	(8,577,049) \$	(11,964,800) \$	(5,621,909) \$	1,829,245 \$	4,310,082
\$	2,999,934 \$	3,308,881 \$	3,398,928 \$	4,260,752 \$	2,718,812 \$	2,175,286
	(3,193,717)	(3,502,665)	(3,699,236)	(4,988,835)	(3,455,150)	(2,969,716)
	9,195,125	-	7,653,740	-	-	-
	, , , <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
_		6,594,545	8,223,125	<u> </u>		
\$_	9,001,342 \$	6,400,761 \$	15,576,557 \$	(728,083) \$	(736,338) \$	(794,430)
\$_	4,267,847 \$	(2,176,288) \$	3,611,757 \$	(6,349,992) \$	1,092,907 \$	3,515,652
_		<u></u>				
	23.64%	17.30%	29.13%	20.55%	18.49%	18.30%

Fiscal Year June 30	Real Estate	Personal Property	Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Public Service	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2011	3,095,758,000	181,590,092	2,576,016	216,911	533,735,987	3,813,877,006	7.290	3,813,877,006	100.00%
2012	3,112,787,100	184,437,171	2,587,284	230,729	532,397,425	3,832,439,709	7.350	3,832,439,709	100.00%
2013	3,517,225,600	188,459,699	2,567,684	243,801	496,073,506	4,204,570,290	7.740	4,204,570,290	100.00%
2014	2,611,906,300	191,333,953	2,201,249	636,444	501,948,833	3,308,026,779	7.910	3,308,026,779	100.00%
2015	2,625,367,600	190,731,239	2,043,565	735,590	497,863,789	3,316,741,783	8.148	3,316,741,783	100.00%
2016	2,683,562,300	192,165,797	2,029,462	538,634	543,812,012	3,422,108,205	8.184	3,422,108,205	100.00%
2017	2,725,781,920	217,648,526	1,954,200	495,288	523,791,381	3,469,671,315	8.064	3,469,671,315	100.00%
2018	2,809,690,700	221,776,610	1,807,902	551,420	522,609,364	3,556,435,996	8.128	3,556,435,996	100.00%
2019	2,983,695,602	246,788,362	2,159,942	590,595	548,679,811	3,781,914,312	8.100	3,781,914,312	100.00%
2020	3,055,289,450	254,104,060	1,990,054	758,082	574,355,430	3,886,497,076	8.100	3,886,497,076	100.00%

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue

Property Tax Rates (1)
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Direct I	Rates		
		Personal			
		Property / Business			Total
Fiscal	Real	Personal	Mobile	Machinery	Direct
Years	Estate	Property (3)	Homes	and Tools	Rates
2011	0.57	4.15	0.57	2.00	7.29
2012	0.5981	4.15	0.5981	2.00	7.3462
2013	0.7950	4.15	0.7950	2.00	7.7400
2014	0.8800	4.15	0.8800	2.00	7.9100
2015	0.8990	4.35	0.8990	2.00	8.1480
2016	0.9170	4.35	0.9170	2.00	8.1840
2017	0.9070	4.35 / 2.90	0.9070	1.90	8.0640
2018	0.9390	4.35 / 2.90	0.9390	1.90	8.1280
2019	0.9250	4.35 / 2.90	0.9250	1.90	8.1000
2020	0.9250	4.35 / 2.90	0.9250	1.90	8.1000

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ There were no overlapping Governments.

⁽³⁾ A separate tax rate for Business Personal Property was established in 2017.

Fiscal Year 2020

Type Business	2020 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Utility/Electric	224,299,128	5.66%
Utility/Electric	201,432,417	6.31%
Utility/Electric	44,561,406	1.25%
Utility/Gas	29,440,734	0.83%
Utility/Water	19,348,438	0.54%
Railroad	13,178,842	0.34%
Utility/Gas	12,111,884	0.37%
Utility/Gas	10,998,981	0.31%
Utility/Telephone	6,895,629	0.19%
Utility/Gas	4,114,910 \$ 566,382,369	0.12% 15.93%
	Business Utility/Electric Utility/Electric Utility/Electric Utility/Gas Utility/Water Railroad Utility/Gas Utility/Gas Utility/Gas Utility/Telephone	Type Business Assessed Valuation Utility/Electric 224,299,128 Utility/Electric 201,432,417 Utility/Electric 44,561,406 Utility/Gas 29,440,734 Utility/Water 19,348,438 Railroad 13,178,842 Utility/Gas 12,111,884 Utility/Gas 10,998,981 Utility/Telephone 6,895,629

Fiscal Year 2011

		2011	% of Total
	Туре	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Business	Valuation	Valuation
Tenaska Virginia Partners, LP	Utility/Electric	314,496,976	8.25%
Virginia Electric & Power	Utility/Electric	118,428,540	3.11%
Central Va. Electric Co-op	Utility/Electric	34,012,035	0.89%
Aqua Resources	Utility/Water	21,013,941	0.55%
Central Telephone of Virginia	Utility/Telephone	11,928,524	0.31%
Colonial Pipeline Co.	Utility/Gas	10,550,289	0.28%
Transcontinental Gas Pipeline	Utility/Gas	10,188,749	0.27%
CSX Transportation Inc.	Railroad	8,686,698	0.23%
East Coast Transportation	Commercial Property	5,564,622	0.15%
Virginia Properties LLC	Commercial Property	5,490,300 \$ 540,360,674	0.14% 14.18%

Source: Commissioner of Revenue

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total Tax			Collected within the Fiscal Total Tax Year of the Levy					Total Collections to Date				
Fiscal Year	Levy for Fiscal Year (1) (3)		_	Amount	Percentage of Levy (1)		Subsequent Years (1)	•	Amount (1)	Percentage of Levy			
2011	\$	27.322.612	\$	22,860,700	83.67%	<u> </u>	4,423,841	\$	27.284.541	99.86%			
2011	φ	29,015,715	φ	27,372,053	94.34%	φ	1,594,770	φ	28,966,823	99.83%			
2013		29,846,109		28,261,251	94.69%		1,529,260		29,790,511	99.81%			
2014		31,288,974		29,831,066	95.34%		1,387,220		31,218,286	99.77%			
2015		33,381,054		31,724,032	95.04%		1,444,749		33,168,781	99.36%			
2016		35,095,785		33,410,667	95.20%		1,307,002		34,717,669	98.92%			
2017		36,527,462		34,182,932	93.58%		1,869,821		36,052,753	98.70%			
2018		37,420,848		35,380,319	94.55%		1,351,017		36,731,336	98.16%			
2019		40,627,644		38,623,308	95.07%		900,858		39,524,166	97.28%			
2020		41,640,495		39,671,986	95.27%		-		39,671,986	95.27%			

Source: Commissioner of Revenue, County Treasurer's office

Notes: (1) Exclusive of the penalties and interest.

(3) Original levy

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Business- Type			
		Governmental A	Activities		Activities			
	General	Literary	Other		General	Total	Percentage	
	Obligation	Fund	Notes/	Capital	Obligation	Primary	of Personal	Per
_	Bonds (2)	Loans	Bonds	Leases	Bonds	Government	Income (1)	Capita (1)
\$	85,223,117 \$	3,746,605 \$	2,704,077 \$	663,377 \$	1,620,960 \$	93,958,136	9.27% \$	3,615
	83,530,386	3,264,254	2,704,077	553,200	1,529,890	91,581,807	8.65%	3,518
	101,441,566	2,788,660	-	1,092,806	1,438,771	106,761,803	9.82%	4,103
	97,882,452	2,478,809	-	868,897	1,344,780	102,574,938	9.16%	3,943
	95,742,783	2,168,958	-	638,273	1,249,965	99,799,979	9.72%	3,794
	91,684,511	1,859,107	-	7,082,582	1,153,551	101,779,751	9.92%	3,869
	98,294,056	1,549,256	-	8,223,125	1,055,463	109,121,900	9.81%	4,176
	93,346,459	-	-	7,126,966	9,514,094	109,987,519	8.51%	4,101
	88,035,308	-	-	5,978,573	9,086,886	103,100,767	7.72%	3,842
	82,623,283	-	-	4,814,688	8,654,698	96,092,669	6.77%	3,536
	\$	Obligation Bonds (2) \$ 85,223,117 \$ 83,530,386 101,441,566 97,882,452 95,742,783 91,684,511 98,294,056 93,346,459 88,035,308	General Obligation Bonds (2) Literary Fund Loans \$ 85,223,117 \$ 3,746,605 \$ 83,530,386 3,264,254 101,441,566 2,788,660 97,882,452 2,478,809 95,742,783 2,168,958 91,684,511 1,859,107 98,294,056 1,549,256 93,346,459 88,035,308 -	Obligation Bonds (2) Fund Loans Notes/Bonds \$ 85,223,117 \$ 3,746,605 \$ 2,704,077 \$ 2,704,077 \$ 83,530,386 3,264,254 2,704,077 \$ 2,704,077 \$ 101,441,566 2,788,660 - 97,882,452 2,478,809 - \$ 95,742,783 2,168,958 - - 91,684,511 1,859,107 - - \$ 98,294,056 1,549,256 - - - - - \$ 88,035,308 - - - - - -	General Obligation Bonds (2) Literary Fund Loans Other Notes/ Bonds Capital Leases \$ 85,223,117 \$ 3,746,605 \$ 2,704,077 \$ 663,377 \$ 83,530,386 3,264,254 2,704,077 553,200 101,441,566 2,788,660 - 1,092,806 97,882,452 2,478,809 - 868,897 95,742,783 2,168,958 - 638,273 91,684,511 1,859,107 - 7,082,582 98,294,056 1,549,256 - 8,223,125 93,346,459 - - 7,126,966 88,035,308 - - 5,978,573 - 5,978,573	Governmental Activities	Capital Capi	Type Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities General Total Percentage Obligation Fund Bonds Bonds Bonds Leases Bonds Bonds Bonds Government Income (1) \$ 85,223,117 \$ 3,746,605 \$ 2,704,077 \$ 663,377 \$ 1,620,960 \$ 93,958,136 9.27% \$ 83,530,386 3,264,254 2,704,077 553,200 1,529,890 91,581,807 8.65% 101,441,566 2,788,660 - 1,092,806 1,438,771 106,761,803 9.82% 97,882,452 2,478,809 - 868,897 1,344,780 102,574,938 9.16% 95,742,783 2,168,958 - 638,273 1,249,965 99,799,979 9.72% 91,684,511 1,859,107 - 7,082,582 1,153,551 101,779,751 9.92% 98,294,056 1,549,256 - 8,223,125 1,055,463 109,121,900 9.81% 93,346,459 7,126,966 9,514,094 109,987,519 8.51% 88,035,308 5,978,573 9,086,886 103,100,767 7.72%

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12.

⁽²⁾ Includes Public Facility Bonds and School General Obligation Bonds.

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Gross Bonded Debt (3)	_	Less Debt Service Monies Available	Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (2)	Net Bonded Debt per Capita (1)
2011	\$ 93,294,759	\$	- \$	93,294,759	2.45%	3,590
2012	91,028,607		-	91,028,607	2.38%	3,462
2013	105,668,997		-	105,668,997	2.51%	4,061
2014	101,706,041		-	101,706,041	3.07%	3,910
2015	99,161,706		-	99,161,706	2.99%	3,770
2016	94,697,169		59,520	94,637,649	2.85%	3,598
2017	100,898,775		59,520	100,839,255	3.04%	3,833
2018	102,860,553		59,520	102,801,033	2.89%	3,833
2019	97,122,194		59,520	97,062,674	2.57%	3,617
2020	91,277,981		59,520	91,218,461	3.16%	3,357

⁽¹⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12.

⁽²⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property - Table 5.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literary Fund Loans, excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Debt Policy Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total net debt applicable to debt limits (1)	\$ 91,218,461 \$	97,062,674 \$	102,801,033 \$	100,898,775
Ratio of net debt to assessed taxable property value (2)	3.16%	2.57%	2.89%	3.04%
Debt limit per policy for property value	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
Total general governmental revenue (3)	55,179,256	52,381,900	51,022,411	47,931,623
Debt service to general governmental revenues (3)	16.51%	17.39%	17.37%	15.98%
Debt limit per policy for general governmental revenues	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%

Notes:

- (1) Net bonded debt can be found on Table 10.
- (2) Property value data can be found on Table 5.
- (3) General governmental revenues can be found on Table 4

The County does not have any Constitutional or Statutory Debt Limits.

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 101,626,200 \$	99,161,706 \$	101,706,041 \$	105,668,997 \$	91,028,607 \$	93,294,759
3.03%	2.99%	3.07%	2.51%	2.38%	2.45%
3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
46,275,002	43,527,621	42,216,346	40,651,002	38,353,328	37,088,069
16.67%	16.55%	17.09%	14.58%	18.18%	16.68%
12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%

					Per Capita		
Fiscal			Personal		Personal	School	Unemployment
Year	Population(1)	_	Income(2)		Income (3)	Enrollment (4)	Rate (5)
2011	25,989	0.56%	926,497,000	4.82%	35,650	3,691	6.0%
2012	26,033	0.17%	953,214,000	2.88%	36,616	3,736	5.8%
2013	26,019	-0.05%	961,195,000	0.84%	36,942	3,660	5.2%
2014	25,970	-0.19%	989,636,000	2.96%	38,107	3,591	4.7%
2015	26,162	0.74%	1,052,417,000	6.34%	40,227	3,541	4.0%
2016	26,133	-0.11%	1,072,515,000	1.91%	41,041	3,482	3.5%
2017	26,467	1.28%	1,141,266,000	6.41%	43,120	3,518	3.2%
2018	26,692	0.85%	1,197,011,000	4.88%	44,845	3,565	2.5%
2019	27,038	1.30%	1,243,455,027	3.88%	45,989	3,464	2.3%
2020	27,173	0.45%	1,291,701,082	3.88%	47,536	3,444	7.4%

- (1) Source: Population estimates for 2011 to 2019 are from the Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, Demographics & Workforce Group July 1st Estimates. Estimates for 2020 was N/A. Estimates for 2020 are based on an average growth rate of 0.50% from 2011 to 2019.
- (2) Source: Personal income data for 2011 to 2020 is from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Data for 2019 and 2020 was N/A. Estimates for 2019 and 2020 are based on an average growth rate of 3.88% from 2010 to 2018.
- (3) Source: Per capita personal income is calculated by dividing the personal income data (2) by the population data (1).
- (4) Source: Virginia Department of Education "Superintendent's Annual Report" (End-of-Year Membership), Includes K-12, special education, and post graduate, but excludes pre-kindergarten. School Enrollment data was N/A for 2020. 2020 data is provided by Fluvanna County Public Schools.
- (5) Source: Virginia Employment Commission, unemployment rates for June of the fiscal year.

Principal Employers Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior

Fiscal Year 2020

Employer			Percent of total County
	Employees	Rank	Employment
Fluvanna County Public Schools	500-999	1	15%
Fluvanna Correctional Center	250-499	2	10%
County of Fluvanna	100-249	3	5%
Fork Union Military Academy	100-249	4	4%
AG Dillard Inc	100-249	5	3%
BFI Transfer Systems of Va	100-249	6	2%
Food Lion	100-249	7	2%
Dominos Pizza	100-249	8	2%
Fielders Choice Enterprise Inc	100-249	9	3%
Lake Monticello Owners	100-249	10	2%

Fiscal Year 2011

Employer			Percent of total County
	Employees	Rank	Employment
Fluvanna County Public Schools	250-499	1	-
Fluvanna Correctional Center	250-499	2	-
Fork Union Military Academy	100-249	3	-
County of Fluvanna	100-249	4	-
S&N Locating Services, LLC	50-99	5	-
Dominion Virginia Power	50-99	6	-
Karlise In Home Care LLC	50-99	7	-
Food Lion	50-99	8	-
Lake Monticell Owners	50-99	9	-
Dominos Pizza	50-99	10	-

Source: Virginia Employment Commission.

Quarter Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW)

COUNTY OF FLUVANNA, VA Table 14

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government	21	22.5	21.5	21.5	23.5	22.75	22.25	23.5	23.5	26
Judicial administration	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13
Public safety										
Sheriffs department	39	43	40.5	43.5	47.5	48	48.5	48.5	50	50.5
Fire & rescue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
Building inspections	3	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	4
Animal control	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	2
Emergency management	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.5	1
Public works										
General maintenance	18	16	16	16	17	17	17	17	18	20
Landfill	0	2	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	2	2
Engineering	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.5	0
Health and welfare										
Department of social services	22	25	29	29	28	30	33.5	33.5	31.5	32
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation	5	5	5	5	5	5	7.5	7.5	5	5
Museum	0	0	0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	1	0.5	0.5
Library	3	3	3	3	3	3.75	4.25	4.25	4.25	6.5
Community development										
Planning	4	5.5	4.5	5	5	6	6	6	5	5
Economic development	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Totals	129	141	141.75	146.75	152.75	156.25	162.25	163.5	158.75	168.5

Source: County Payroll Records.

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Public safety										
Sheriffs department:										
Physical arrests	2,246	1,648	600	724	623	576	733	838	969	721
Traffic violations	n/a	n/a	775	712	460	500	948	1,255	1,283	3,181
Civil papers received	7,179	7,907	6,493	6,105	5,754	5,221	6,370	14,017	7,129	5,251
E911:	,	,	ŕ	,	,	ŕ	ŕ	·	,	•
Total calls	25,507	24,926	20,109	25,923	21,667	18,410	26,973	33,131	32,209	N/A
Emergency calls	n/a	n/a	6,568	6,144	6,106	6,256	6,590	6,586	5,882	7,108
Fire & Rescue calls:										
Number of fire calls answered	963	1,671	1,995	1,907	1,777	1,854	1,938	2,008	2,122	1,607
Number of rescue calls answered	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,697	2,628	2,644	2,591	2,680	2,733	2,734
Building inspections:										
Permits issued	415	424	386	461	469	463	547	755	1,093	1,383
Animal control:										
Number of calls answered	1,952	1,345	1,418	1,671	1,863	1,664	1,558	1,550	1,266	1,606
Public works										
Facilities Service Requests	6,950	376	555	817	776	546	500	525	525	600
Landfill:										
Refuse collected (tons/day)	7	6.56	6.67	6.67	7.14	6.44	6.5	7.6	8	10
Recycling (tons/day)	0	0.37	0.40	0.77	0.77	0.59	0.85	0.86	1	1
Health and welfare										
Department of Social Services:										
Adpotion Cases	154	176	214	235	234	228	219	216	212	233
Adult Services	765	850	810	863	1,071	982	629	790	931	935
Child Protective Services Cases	285	327	292	382	335	342	409	350	341	235
Family Services Cases	1,127	991	952	874	955	1,051	869	612	543	427
Foster Care Cases	296	240	157	125	59	115	169	223	254	218
VIEW Cases	229	358	365	282	306	228	98	81	83	47
Auxiliary Grant Cases	43	55	27	12	35	40	27	34	27	24
General Relief Cases	30	43	47	30	6	12	5	0	6	12
Medicaid Cases	20,930	22,646	24,206	25,697	26,499	32,235	24,885	21,360	37,379	44,009
SNAP Cases	19,341	22,163	21,906	21,845	20,655	18,888	7,890	7,949	16,685	16,487
TANF Cases	622	715	777	609	663	654	575	494	460	402
Caseload	43,822	48,564	49,753	50,954	50,818	54,775	35,775	32,109	56,921	63,029
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation:										
Youth sports participants	1,300	1,350	1,400	1,359	250	1,186	1,351	1,752	2,834	764
Total program participants	n/a	n/a	n/a	4,267	10,870	8,007	12,323	16,685	17,035	18,720
Community development										
Planning:	46-	45-	4.46	401	00-	0.40	000	07-	450	F.10
Zoning permits issued	185	157	148	181	267	219	326	375	452	519
Component Unit - School Board Education:										
School age population enrolled	3,703	3,696	3,669	3,593	3,564	3,522	3,556	3,564	3,570	3,444
Number of teachers	286	293	264	280	271	272	271	266	266	273
Local expenditures per pupil	\$ 9,249	9,153	\$9,080	\$9,498	\$9,804	\$10,452	\$10,556	\$10,891	\$10,781	\$ 10,821

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government										
Administration buildings	31	31	31	31	32	32	32	32	31	31
Vehicles	4	4	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
Public safety										
Sheriffs office:										
Patrol units	43	34	35	34	28	32	32	39	42	39
Other vehicles	7	3	4	4	5	8	8	9	10	10
Building inspections:										
Vehicles	2	4	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Animal control:										
Vehicles	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
Public works										
General maintenance:										
Trucks/vehicles	14	13	14	12	13	13	18	18	15	16
Landfill:										
Vehicles	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Equipment	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Sites	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Health and welfare										
Department of Social Services:										
Vehicles	7	8	8	9	9	9	9	8	8	9
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation:										
Community centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	6	3	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
Parks	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
Swimming pools	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tennis courts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Community development										
Planning:										
Vehicles	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	4	4
Component Unit - School Board										
Education:										
Schools	9	9	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
School buses	90	74	80	78	82	84	84	86	88	89

Source: Individual County departments.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Fluvanna, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Fluvanna, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Fluvanna, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Fluvanna, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Fluvanna, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Fluvanna, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Fluvanna, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Asbinson, Famul, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia

December 8, 2020



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Fluvanna, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Fluvanna, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Fluvanna Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. County of Fluvanna, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Fluvanna, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Fluvanna, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Fluvanna, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Fluvanna, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Fluvanna, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Fluvanna, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Fluvanna, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Arbinen, Famul, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia December 8, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expendi- tures
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:			
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Pass through payments: Department of Social Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP Cluster)	0010109/0010110/0040109/0040110	10.561	\$391,747
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Pass through payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Crime Victim Assistance	Not Available CJS5601701	16.607 16.575	\$ 1,714 25,568
Total Department of Justice			\$ 27,282
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION: Pass through payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: Alcohol Open Container Requirements	154AL 1858259 154AL 1959251	20.607	\$ 13,567
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Pass Through Payments: Department of Social Services:			
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families	0950109/0950110	93.556	\$ 18,036
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement	0400109/0400110	93.558	143,081
Designee Administered Programs	0500109/0500110	93.566	175
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care	0600409/0600410	93.568	24,228
and Development Fund (CCDF Cluster)	0760109/0760110	93.596	28,450
Chafee Education and Training Voucher Program	9160108/9160109	93.599	6,998
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	0900109	93.645	206
Foster Care-Title IV-E	1100109/1100110	93.658	299,049
Adoption Assistance Social Services Block Grant	1120109/1120110 1000109/1000110	93.659 93.667	179,360 114,731
John H. Chafee Foster Care Independence Program for Successful	1000109/1000110	33.001	114,731
Transition to Adulthood	915108/9150109/9150110	93.674	2,371
Children's Health Insurance Program	0540109/0540110	93.767	6,177
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster)	1200109/1200110	93.778	397,882
Total Department of Health and Human Services	1200 100/ 1200 110	00.770	\$ 1,220,744
NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS: Pass through payments:			· <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>
Virginia Commission for the Arts:			
Promotion of the Arts - Partnership Agreements	99910-10-0440	45.025	\$ 4,500

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Units Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Federal CFDA Expendi- Number tures
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: (Continued)		
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY: Pass through payments: Virginia Department of Emergency Management: Emergency Management Performance Grants	Not Available	97.042 \$8,200
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT: Pass through payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii	Not Available	14.228 \$ 16,500
DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY: Pass through payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19-Coronavirus Relief Fund	SLT0022	21.019 \$ 1,082,143
Total Primary Government		\$ <u>2,764,683</u>
COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD:		
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Pass through payments: Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: Food distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster)	Not Available	10.555 \$ 100,486
Department of Education: COVID-19 National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster) National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	2013IN109941/2014IN109941 2013IN109941/2014IN109941	10.555 \$ 53,364 10.555 <u>398,459</u> 552,309
COVID-19 School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster) School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	2013IN109941/2014IN109941 2013IN109941/2014IN109941	10.553 \$ 23,368 10.553
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster)	Not Available	10.559 40,471
Total Department of Agriculture		\$ 730,156
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Pass through payments: Department of Education:		
Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Special Education - Grants to States (Special Education Cluster) Special Education - Preschool Grant (Special Education Cluster)	S010A120046/S010A130046 V048A130046/V048A140046 H027A130107/H027A140107 H173A140112	84.010 \$ 357,481 84.048 29,959 84.027 685,755 84.173 20,529
Total Special Education Cluster	11173A140112	\$ 706,284
English Language Acquisition State Grants	Not Available	84.365 5,155
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	S367A130044/S367A140044 S424A170048	84.367 74,990 84.424 32,849
Total Department of Education		\$ 1,206,718
Total Component Unit School Board		\$ <u>1,936,874</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ <u>4,701,557</u>

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Fluvanna, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Fluvanna, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Fluvanna, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent deminimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 5 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note 6 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note 7 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	2,965,770
Total primary government	\$	2,965,770
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	1,206,718
School Cafeteria Fund		730,156
Total component unit school board	\$	1,936,874
Total federal expenditures per basic financial	•	
statements	\$	4,902,644
Federal Interest Subsidy	\$	(201,087)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards	\$	4,701,557

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

21.019 Name of Federal Program or Cluster

COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs. \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Prior Year Findings

There were no prior year findings.