County of Page, Virginia

FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2012



COUNTY OF PAGE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

COUNTY OF PAGE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT **FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012**

Table of Contents	D
	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Directory of Principal Officials	i
Organizational Chart	ii
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government—wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit 1 Statement of Net Assets	9

	9		
Ind	dependent Audit	tors' Report	1-2
Ma	anagement's Dis	scussion and Analysis	3-8
Ba	sic Financial S	Statements	
Go	overnment—wid	e Financial Statements	
	Exhibit 1	Statement of Net Assets	9
	Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	10-11
Fu	ınd Financial Sta	atements	
	Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet — Governmental Funds	12
	Exhibit 4	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	13
	Exhibit 5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	14
	Exhibit 6	Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
	Exhibit 7	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets — Fiduciary Funds	16
No	otes to Financial	Statements	17-50
Re	equired Supple	mentary Information	
	Exhibit 8	General Fund — Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual	51
	Exhibit 9	Schedule of Pension Funding Progress	52
	Exhibit 10	Other Post-Employment Benefit Program Schedule of Funding Progress	53

Table of Contents (Continued)

Other Supplemen	ntary Information	raye
Exhibit 11	Capital Projects Fund — Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances — Budget and Actual	54
Exhibit 12	Combining Balance Sheet — Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	55
Exhibit 13	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances — Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	56
Exhibit 14	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual — Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	57-58
Exhibit 15	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets — Fiduciary Funds	59
Exhibit 16	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities — Agency Funds.	60
Exhibit 17	Combining Balance Sheet — Discretely Presented Component Unit — School Board	61
Exhibit 18	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances — Governmental Funds — Discretely Presented Component Unit — School Board	62
Exhibit 19	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual — Discretely Presented Component Unit — School Board	63-64
Exhibit 20	Statement of Net Assets — Proprietary Funds — Discretely Presented Component Unit — School Board	65
Exhibit 21	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Assets — Proprietary Funds — Discretely Presented Component Unit — School Board	66
Exhibit 22	Statement of Cash Flows — Proprietary Funds — Discretely Presented Component Unit — School Board	67
Supporting Sche	edules and Tables	
Schedule 1	Schedule of Revenues — Budget and Actual — Governmental Funds	68-71
Schedule 2	Schedule of Expenditures — Budget and Actual — Governmental Funds	72-75
Table 1	Government-Wide Expenses by Function	76-77
Table 2	Government-Wide Revenues by Function	78-79
Table 3	General Governmental Expenditures by Function — Last Ten Fiscal Years	80-81
Table 4	General Governmental Revenues by Source — Last Ten Fiscal Years	82-83
Table 5	Property Tax Levies and Collections — Last Ten Fiscal Years	84

Table of Contents (Continued)

Supporting Schedules and Tables (Continued)					
capporung come					
Table 6	Assessed Value of Taxable Property — Last Ten Fiscal Years	85			
Table 7	Property Tax Rates — Last Ten Fiscal Years	86			
Table 8	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita — Last Ten Fiscal Years	87			
Table 9	Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures — Last Ten Fiscal Years	88			
Compliance					
Based on an A	l Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government dards	89-90			
and Material E	tors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in ith OMB Circular A-133	91-92			
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards					
Schedule of Findi	ngs and Questioned Costs	96-97			

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Johnny Woodward, Chairman

J.D. Cave David Wiatrowski Robert Griffith Darrell Short Jeff Vaughan

Mark Belton, County Administrator

OFFICIALS

Judge of the General District Court	Judge of the Circuit Court	James V. Lane
Clerk of the Circuit Court		
Commonwealth's Attorney	Judge of the Juvenile & Domestic Relations District Court	William W. Sharp
Commissioner of the Revenue Charles L. Campbour Treasurer Penny Grasheriff John Thomas Superintendent of Schools Randall W. Thomas	Clerk of the Circuit Court	Ron Wilson
TreasurerPenny Gra SheriffJohn Thoma Superintendent of SchoolsRandall W. Thoma		
SheriffJohn Thoma Superintendent of SchoolsRandall W. Thoma		
Superintendent of SchoolsRandall W. Thoma	Treasurer	Penny Gray
	Sheriff	John Thomas
Director of Department of Social Services	Superintendent of Schools	Randall W. Thomas
	Director of Department of Social Services	Peter J. Creaturo

SCHOOL BOARD

Morgan S. Phenix, Chairman

Larry W. Foltz, Vice Chairman Melissa S. Deibert Jackie Sullivan-Smoot Randy J. Bailey Sharon K. Lucas Ellen H. Fields, Clerk

FINANCE BOARD

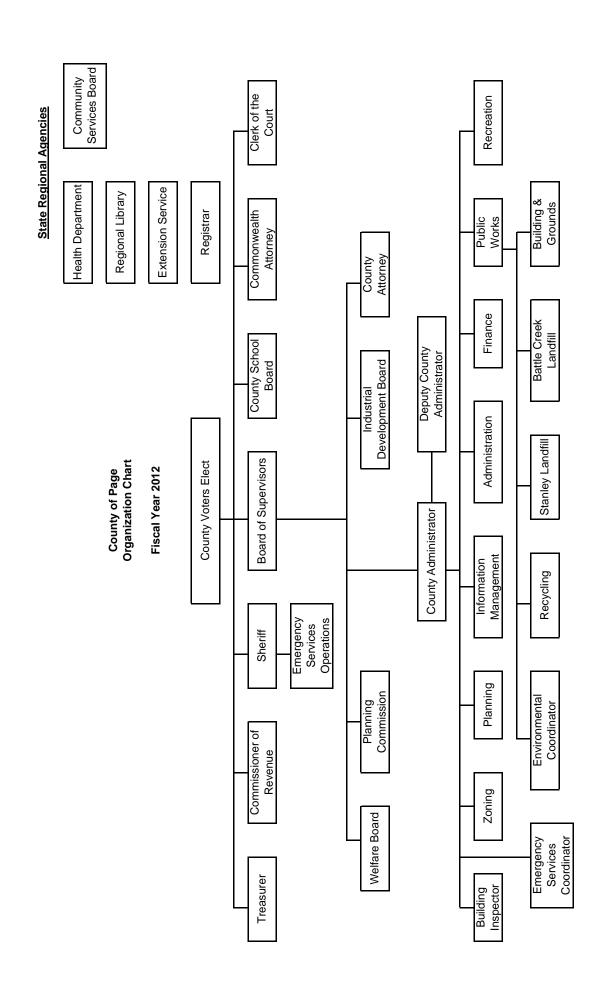
Members, Page County Board of Supervisors Penny Gray

BOARD OF SOCIAL SERVICES

Louise Kyger, Chairman

Gary Breeden Donnie Roudabush Fred Fielding Darrell Short

Jan Sletten



Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF PAGE, VIRGINIA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Page, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Page, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Page, Virginia, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2012, on our consideration of the County of Page, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Page, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Staunton, Virginia November 30, 2012

Robinson, Farmer, Cax Associates

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following is a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Page, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the County of Page, Virginia were short of its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$(2,263,832). Of this amount, \$(4,324,176) is unrestricted. The School Board's net assets were \$19,189,077 of which \$444,608 is unrestricted.

At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,825,396.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,076,273, an increase of \$805,784 in comparison to the prior year. \$5,825,396 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. These statements are comprised of three components: 1) government wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Local governmental accounting and financial reporting originally focused on funds that were designed to enhance and demonstrate fiscal accountability, now to be accompanied by government-wide financial statements, the objective of operational accountability will also be met. These objectives will provide financial statements users with both justifications from the government that public monies have been used to comply with public decisions and as to whether operating objectives have been met efficiently and effectively and can continue to be met in the future.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide financial statement users with a general overview of County finances. The statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All current year revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Both the financial overview and accrual accounting factors are used in the reporting of a private-sector business. Two financial statements are used to present this information: 1) the statement of net assets and 2) the statement of activities.

The statement of net assets presents all of the County's permanent accounts, or assets, liabilities and net assets. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors will also need to be considered to determine the overall financial position of the County.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. The statement is focused on the gross and net cost of various governmental functions that are supported by general tax and other revenue. The statement of activities presents expenses before revenues, emphasizing that in government revenues are generated for the express purpose of providing services and not as an end unto itself.

Both government-wide financial statements separate governmental activities and business-type activities of the County. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues principally support governmental activities. They include general government administration; judicial administration; public safety; public works; health and welfare; parks, recreation and cultural; and community development. Business-type activities recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The County currently shows no business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include, in addition to the primary government or County, three component units; the Page County School Board, the Page County EDA and the Luray-Page Airport Commission. Although the component units are legally separate entities, the County is financially accountable for them. A primary government is accountable for an organization if the primary government appoints a majority of the organization's governing body. A primary government is financially accountable if, in addition, either the government is able to impose its will on the organization or the organization is capable of imposing specific financial burdens on the primary government. For example, the primary government may approve debt issuance, rate structure and/or provide significant funding for operations of the component unit.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements will be more familiar to past financial statement users. The only difference from prior year presentation of the fund statements is that only major, or significant, funds will be presented. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions, or services, reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation of the two methods is provided in Exhibits 4 & 6 in this report.

Proprietary Funds

There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds which are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and internal service funds which account for the delivery of goods and services to other departments or agencies of the government. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business.

The County of Page has one internal service fund: Health Insurance Fund. The Health Insurance Fund accounts for insurance premiums paid by the School Board for all departments. Individual fund data for the internal funds is provided in Exhibits 20-22 in this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government as a trustee or agent for another organization or individual. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the funds are not available to support the County's own activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is needed to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As previously noted, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The County of Page's assets failed to exceed its liabilities by \$(2,263,832) at fiscal year end.

The County's net assets are divided into three categories: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted; and (3) unrestricted.

COUNTY OF PAGE'S NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities			
		2012		2011
Current and other assets	\$	25,456,585	\$	24,380,824
Capital assets		54,646,392		56,060,162
Total assets	\$	80,102,977	\$	80,440,986
Long-term liabilities	\$	69,044,462	\$	71,393,106
Other liabilities		13,322,347		12,979,844
Total liabilities	\$	82,366,809	\$	84,372,950
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	1,614,736	\$	1,325,386
Restricted		445,608		367,629
Unrestricted		(4,324,176)		(5,624,979)
Total net assets	\$	(2,263,832)	\$	(3,931,964)

The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. All \$445,608 of these net assets are reserved for debt service and bond covenants.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in two of the three categories of net assets.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities have increased the County's net assets by \$1,668,132 due in large part to departmental expenditure cuts.

COUNTY OF PAGE'S CHANGES IN NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities			
	2012		2011	
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,349,005	\$	2,310,520	
Operating grants & contribtuions	5,546,582		5,951,332	
General revneues:				
General property taxes	19,396,791		18,577,570	
Other local taxes	3,332,411		3,148,384	
Use of money & property	58,428		61,410	
Miscellaneous	144,457		204,922	
Grants and cont. not restricted	 1,809,987		1,828,905	
Total revenues	\$ 32,637,661	_\$_	32,083,043	
Expenses:				
General government	\$ 2,256,222	\$	3,036,414	
Judicial administration	1,115,093		1,119,582	
Public safety	7,072,258		6,755,169	
Health and welfare	3,582,940		3,804,608	
Education	11,437,383		11,261,780	
Parks, recreation and cultural	271,922		237,294	
Community development	645,888		491,427	
Public works	1,530,469		3,393,399	
Interest on long-term debt	 3,057,354		3,038,008	
Total expenses	\$ 30,969,529	_\$_	33,137,681	
Changes in net assets	\$ 1,668,132	\$	(1,054,638)	
Net assets, July 1, 2011	 (3,931,964)		(2,877,326)	
Net assets, June 30, 2012	\$ (2,263,832)	\$_	(3,931,964)	

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As mentioned earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of financial resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the year end, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,076,273, an increase of \$805,784 over the prior year. \$445,608 is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to bond covenance for the USDA loan for improvements to Battlecreek Landfill. \$3,703,805 was assigned for future capital projects fund expenditures.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. As of June 30, 2012, the unassigned fund balance was \$5,825,396.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original expenditure budgeted appropriations and the final amended budgeted appropriations totaled \$1,437,137.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Investments in capital assets may be made in five different categories, which include land, buildings, and major subsystems, machinery and equipment, infrastructure or construction in process.

COUNTY OF PAGE, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSETS FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
	2012	2011		
Land	\$ 1,970,464	\$	1,970,464	
Buildings and system	50,679,506		52,814,312	
Machinery and equipment	1,634,821		1,275,386	
Construction in progress	 361,601			
Totals	\$ 54,646,392	\$_	56,060,162	

Additional information on the County's assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt: At fiscal year end the County had the following outstanding debt:

COUNTY OF PAGE'S OUTSTANDING DEBT For Year Ended June 30, 2012

	 Governmental Activities		
	 2012		2011
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 63,791,048	\$	65,621,718
Revenue notes	374,399		436,466
Landfill closure/post closure	3,035,431		3,591,242
Capital leases	-		7,899
Premiums on bond issuance	732,225		761,000
Accrued OPEB liability	454,000		384,300
Compensated absences	657,359	_	590,481
Totals	\$ 69,044,462	\$_	71,393,106

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The annual unemployment rate has been as high as 11 percent but for the month of November it is 8.5 percent, which is lower than the rate a year ago. This is high in comparison with the state's average of 5.9 percent and the national average of 7.7 percent. These factors will be considered when preparing the County's budget for the 2013 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide readers with a general overview of the County of Page's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to: Finance Department, 551 Mechanic Street, Luray, Virginia, 22835.

This space left blank intentionally.





	•	Primary Government Governmental Activities	•	Component Unit School Board	 Component Unit Economic Development Authority		Component Unit Luray-Page Airport Commission
		Activities		Doard	 Authority		Commission
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	11,441,043	\$	1,619,865	\$ 209,349	\$	162,903
Taxes receivable		12,037,163			4 0 40 500		-
Accounts receivable		557,783		74,647	1,643,592		144,958
Due from primary government		-		2,269,399	-		-
Due from other governmental units		957,096		826,820	-		-
Inventories		47.000		55,108	-		-
Prepaid expenses Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:		17,892		90,242	-		-
Cash and cash equivalents Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		445,608		-	-		-
Land		1,970,464		885,591	2,751,000		1,368,977
Buildings and improvements		50,679,506		16,651,304	-		5,757,374
Machinery and equipment		1,634,821		1,207,574	-		74,071
Construction in progress		361,601		-	 -		800
Total assets	\$	80,102,977	\$	23,680,550	\$ 4,603,941	\$_	7,509,083
LIABILITIES						_	
Accounts payable	\$	618,492	\$	173,963	\$ -	\$	140
Accrued liabilities		293,199		3,175,000	-		-
Accrued interest payable		1,131,750		-	-		-
Due to component unit		2,269,399		-	-		-
Unearned revenue		9,009,507		-	-		-
Long-term liabilities:		2 222 240			10 415		
Due within one year		2,022,249		1 110 510	18,415		-
Due in more than one year		67,022,213		1,142,510	 1,625,177		
Total liabilities	\$.	82,366,809	\$	4,491,473	\$ 1,643,592	\$_	140_
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	\$	1,614,736	\$	18,744,469	\$ 1,107,408	\$	7,201,222
Debt service and bond covenants		445,608		-	-		_
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,324,176)		444,608	 1,852,941		307,721
Total net assets	\$	(2,263,832)	\$	19,189,077	\$ 2,960,349	\$_	7,508,943

						Program Revenue	es	
			-			Operating		Capital
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	2,256,222	\$	124,380	\$	269,682	\$	-
Judicial administration		1,115,093		96,469		553,570		-
Public safety		7,072,258		719,369		2,511,217		-
Public works		1,530,469		1,349,343		10,068		-
Health and welfare		3,582,940		20,589		2,188,399		-
Education		11,437,383		-		13,646		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		271,922		38,855		-		-
Community development		645,888		-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt	_	3,057,354		-		-	_	
Total governmental activities	\$_	30,969,529	\$_	2,349,005	\$_	5,546,582	\$_	-
COMPONENT UNITS:								
School Board	\$	35,734,513	\$	1,910,998	\$	23,498,542	\$	-
Economic Development Authority		216,737		30,791		193,012		-
Luray-Page Airport Commission		293,009		67,300		_		6,779
Total component units	\$_	36,244,259	\$_	2,009,089	\$_	23,691,554	\$_	6,779

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales tax

Motor vehicle licenses

Transient occupancy taxes

Meals tax

Tax on recordation and wills

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Chai	nges in Net Assets			
	Component Unit	Component Unit		Component Unit
 Governmental				Luray-Page
 Activities	School Board	EDA	_	Airport Commission
\$ (1,862,160) \$	· - ;	-	\$	-
(465,054)	-	-		-
(3,841,672)	•	-		-
(171,058)	-	-		-
(1,373,952)	-	-		<u>-</u>
(11,423,737)	-	-		-
(233,067)	-	-		-
(645,888)	-	-		-
 (3,057,354)	-	-		
\$ (23,073,942) \$			= \$	
\$ - \$	(10,324,973) \$	-	\$	-
-	· _	7,066		-
 -	-	-	_	(218,930)
\$ \$_	(10,324,973)	7,066	\$	(218,930)
\$ 19,396,791 \$	- 5	-	\$	-
1,432,754	-	-		-
319,477	-	-		-
491,143	-	-		-
237,664	-	-		-
119,169	-	-		-
732,204	-	-		-
58,428	171	1,128		6,426
144,457	-	-		-
 1,809,987	11,189,482			-
\$ 24,742,074 \$	11,189,653			6,426
\$ 1,668,132 \$	864,680		\$	(212,504)
(3,931,964)	18,324,397	2,952,155	_	7,721,447
\$ (2,263,832) \$	19,189,077	2,960,349	\$	7,508,943





Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

		General	-	Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds	•	Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	7,666,994	\$	3,705,411	\$	68,638	\$	11,441,043
Taxes receivable		12,037,163		-		•		12,037,163
Accounts receivable		557,783		_		-		557,783
Due from other funds		156,891		_		-		156,891
Due from other governmental units		713,441		-		243,655		957,096
Prepaid items Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:		17,892		-		<u>-</u>		17,892
Cash and cash equivalents		_		445,608		_		445,608
Total assets	\$_	21,150,164	\$	4,151,019	\$	312,293	\$	25,613,476
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	531,565	\$	1,606	\$	85,321	\$	618,492
Accrued liabilities		291,181		-		2,018		293,199
Due to other funds		-		-		156,891		156,891
Due to component unit		2,269,399		***		-		2,269,399
Deferred revenue		12,199,222		_		•		12,199,222
Total liabilities	\$_	15,291,367	\$.	1,606	\$	244,230	\$.	15,537,203
Fund balances:								
Restricted:			_		_			
Debt service	\$	-	\$	445,608	\$	-	\$	445,608
Committed: Parks and recreation		-		-		68,063		68,063
Assigned: Page County water quality		14 095						14 095
Local dare		14,985		-		-		14,985
Crime victim witness		1,749		-		-		1,749
		14,185		-		-		14,185 1,267
Department of Justice VJCAA		1,267		-		-		•
DHCD		1,215		2 702 005		-		1,215
Capital projects Unassigned, reported in:		-		3,703,805		-		3,703,805
General fund		5,825,396		-		-		5,825,396
Total fund balances	\$_	5,858,797	\$.	4,149,413	\$.	68,063	\$_	10,076,273
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	21,150,164	\$	4,151,019	\$	312,293	\$_	25,613,476

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

because:	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$ 10,076,273
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	54,646,392
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	3,189,715
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	

period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net assets of governmental activities

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different

(2,263,832)

(70,176,212)

County of Page, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		General		Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total
REVENUES	_						-	
General property taxes	\$	19,256,025	\$	-	\$	- (\$	19,256,025
Other local taxes		3,332,411		-		-		3,332,411
Permits, privilege fees,								
and regulatory licenses		162,688		-		-		162,688
Fines and forfeitures		91,632		-		-		91,632
Revenue from the use of								
money and property		51,204		7,224		-		58,428
Charges for services		2,035,241		-		59,444		2,094,685
Miscellaneous		144,457		-				144,457
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		4,806,882		-		1,217,430		6,024,312
Federal		361,288		-		970,969		1,332,257
Total revenues	\$_	30,241,828	\$_	7,224	. \$.	2,247,843	\$_	32,496,895
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government administration	\$	2,039,067	\$	-	\$	- 9	\$	2,039,067
Judicial administration		1,103,368		-		-		1,103,368
Public safety		7,252,991		-		-		7,252,991
Public works		2,437,670		-		-		2,437,670
Health and welfare		621,021		-		2,978,653		3,599,674
Education		9,116,517		-		-		9,116,517
Parks, recreation, and cultural		244,794		-		26,904		271,698
Community development		643,068		-		-		643,068
Nondepartmental		138,650		-		-		138,650
Capital projects		-		314,935		-		314,935
Debt service: Principal retirement		1,900,636						1,900,636
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,872,837		-		-		2,872,837
Total expenditures	\$		s	314,935	- ۵-	3,005,557	<u> </u>	31,691,111
i otal expenditures	Ψ_	20,370,019	Ψ_	314,933	- Ψ-	3,005,557	Φ_	31,081,111
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$_	1,871,209	\$_	(307,711)	\$.	(757,714)	\$_	805,784
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	c	1 501 600	ው	77 070	ው	770 200 (Φ.	0.240.040
Transfers in Transfers out	\$	1,501,622	Φ	77,979		770,309	Φ	2,349,910
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(849,910) 651,712	s –	(1,500,000) (1,422,021)		770,309	s —	(2,349,910)
-				(1,1-2,0-1)	- * -			
Net change in fund balances	\$	2,522,921	\$	(1,729,732)	\$	12,595	\$	805,784
Fund balances - beginning		3,335,876	_	5,879,145		55,468		9,270,489
Fund balances - ending	\$_	<u>5,858,797</u> S	\$_	4,149,413	\$	68,063	\$	10,076,273

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

805,784

\$

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

(1,413,770)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

140,766

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

2,485,222

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(349,870)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

1,668,132

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	_	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	211,263
Total assets	\$	211,263
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients Amounts held for others Amounts held for inmates	\$	136 196,655 14,472
Total liabilities	\$	211,263

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Page, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units. The County has no blended component units.

Discretely presented component units. The Page County School Board (Board) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the government's jurisdiction. The members of the Board's governing board are elected by the voters. However, the government is financially accountable for the Board because the government's council approves the Boards' budget, levies taxes (if necessary), and must approve any debt issuances. The Board is presented as a governmental fund type.

The Economic Development Authority of Page County, Virginia is included as a component unit because the Authority's primary use of funds is to provide for economic development of the County, thereby benefiting the County even though it does not provide services directly to the County. The Economic Development Authority of Page County, Virginia does prepare separate financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained at the Authority's administrative office at 1 Cave Street, Luray, Virginia 22835.

The Luray-Page Airport Commission is included as a component unit because the Commission's primary use of funds is to provide for airport for the County of Page and Town of Luray, VA, thereby benefiting the County even though it does not provide services directly to the County. The Luray-Page Airport Commission does prepare separate financial statements. The Commission's fiscal year ends on December 31st, accordingly, the financial information on Exhibits 1 and 2 are for the year ended December 31, 2011. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained at the Commission's administrative offices at 270 Circle View Road, Luray, Virginia 22835.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The Statement of Net Assets demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded form the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Related Organizations

The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment. The Board of Supervisors appoints the board members of the Economic Development Authority of Page County, Virginia.

D. Jointly Governed Organizations

A jointly governed organization is a multi-governmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organization, but that is not a joint venture because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility.

Rockingham Library Association — The County of Page, the County of Rockingham, and the City of Harrisonburg participate in the Rockingham County Library Association which provides library services to its participants. The Rockingham Library Association is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of 19 members, who are elected at the annual meeting each year of the Rockingham Library Association. Each locality's contribution is set by contractual agreement with the Rockingham Library Association. The County of Page contributed \$182,758 to the Association for operating purposes for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The County, in conjunction with other localities, has created the Northwestern Community Services Board. The School Board participates in the Shenandoah Valley Regional Program for Special Education. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$71,100 to the Northwestern Community Services Board.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, other local taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund includes the activities of Department of Justice VJCCCA, Community Development, Crime Victim Witness Program, Local DARE, and Water Quality Funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County capital projects fund is considered a major fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special revenue funds included Virginia Public Assistance, Comprehensive Services Act, E-911 and Parks and Recreation funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Agency funds account for assets held by the County as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units or other funds. The special welfare, cash bonds fund, neutering/spaying and sheriff funds are the County's agency funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the government's internal service funds are charges to funds for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

F. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the government and the School Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance was \$272,916 or equal to 2 percent of outstanding property taxes at June 30, 2012.

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due and collectible semi-annually on June 5th and December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Quantities on hand at year-end are considered immaterial and have not been recorded, except in the School Cafeteria Fund where it can be easily measured.

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20
Vehicles	5
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

5. Compensated absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

8. Fund equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

8. Fund equity (continued)

- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent
 can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body
 delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The County establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In the general fund, the County strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies of approximately 15% of the actual GAAP basis expenditures and other financing sources and uses.

9. Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

G. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Certificates of deposit, short-term repurchase agreements, and equity investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2—RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance—total* governmental funds and net assets—governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statements of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of these differences are as follows:

		Primary	Component Unit
		Government	School Board
Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums	\$	(64,897,672)	-
Accrued interest payable		(1,131,750)	-
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		(3,035,431)	-
Accrued OPEB liability		(454,000)	(840,800)
Compensated absences		(657,359)	(301,710)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental	·		
funds to arrive at net assets-governmental activities	\$_	(70,176,212)	(1,142,510)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances—total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of these differences are as follows:

		Primary	Component Unit
	_	Government	School Board
Capital outlay	\$	1,074,220	1,414,940
Depreciation expense		(1,172,925)	(1,766,307)
Primary government capital asset allocation	_	(1,315,065)	1,315,065
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at			
changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$_	(1,413,770)	963,698

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2—RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of these differences are as follows:

		Primary		Component Unit
	_	Government		School Board
Principal repayments:	_			
General obligation debt	\$	1,830,670	\$	-
Capital lease payable		7,899		-
Lease revenue bond		62,067		-
Decrease in landfill closure and post-closure costs		555,811		-
Amortization of bond premium	_	28,775	_	-
Net adjustment to (decrease) increase net changes in	,			
balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in				
net assets of governmental activities	\$_	2,485,222	\$	

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of these differences are as follows:

		Primary	Component Unit
	_	Government	School Board
Compensated absences	\$	(66,878)	(6,587)
OPEB liability		(69,700)	(212,500)
Accrued interest	_	(213,292)	
Net adjustment to (decrease) increase net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive a			
changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$_	(349,870)	(219,087)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 3—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the activity level within each department. The appropriation for each department or activity can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government activities and the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The School Fund and School Cafeteria Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all County units.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30.

NOTE 4—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 4—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

The County of Page sets forth the following authorized investments to mitigate custodial credit risk. Whereas, authorized investments for public funds are limited to those set forth in Chapter 18, Section 2.2-4501 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Investment vehicles for the County of Page shall be further restricted in consideration of the size of the portfolio and the absence of professional investment personnel.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County of Page may invest any and all funds belonging to it or in its control in the following:

- 1. U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds and other direct obligations of the United States Government.
- 2. Obligations of Agencies of the Federal Government, including but not limited to the Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, Government National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Student Loan Marketing Association.
- 3. Obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia and of its local governments and public bodies, provided such obligations have a debt rating of at least "AA" or equivalent by Moody's and/or Standard & Poor's.
- 4. Repurchase Agreements executed through Federal Reserve Member Banks or Primary Dealers in U.S. Government securities, and collateralized by Treasury or Agency obligations the market value of which is at least 102% of the purchase price of the repo.
- 5. Certificates of deposit or other deposits of national banks located within the Commonwealth and state-chartered banks under Commonwealth supervision provided such deposits are insured or collateralized as provided by the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act.
- 6. U.S. dollar denominated Bankers' Acceptances issued by a domestic bank or a foreign bank with an agency domiciled in the U.S., and rated by Thomson Bankwatch at least B/C (issuing bank) and I (country of origin). Not more than 40% of the total funds available for investment may be invested in banker's acceptances.
- 7. U.S. dollar denominated Commercial Paper issued by an entity incorporated in the U.S. and rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corp. and P-1 by Moody's Investors Service. Not more than 35% of the total funds available for investment may be invested in commercial paper, and not more than 5% in the obligations of any one issuer.
- The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2012 were rated by Moody and/or an
 equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Moody
 rating scale.

Locality's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings									
		AAA		AA		Α		A1		Unrated
Local Government			_							
Investment Pool	\$	5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
SNAP External Investment Pool		2,748,521		-		-		-		-
Total	\$_	2,748,526	\$_	-	\$	-	\$_	-	\$_	-

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 4—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The fair value of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD:

Note: All deposits of the health insurance fund were allocated to the component unit school board on the government-wide financial statements — Exhibit 1.

NOTE 5—INTERFUND OBLIGATIONS

		Interfund Receivable Primary Government/ Component Unit		Interfund Payable Primary Government/ Component Unit		Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds
Fund	_				-		
Primary Government:							
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,269,399	\$	156,891	\$ -
Virginia Public Assistance Fund		-		-		-	119,491
Comprehensive Services Act		-		-		-	37,400
Sub-total	\$	-	\$	2,269,399	\$	156,891	\$ 156,891
Discretely Presented Component Units:	_		•		_	·	
School Fund	\$	2,269,399	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Total reporting entity	\$	2,269,399	\$	2,269,399	\$	156,891	\$ 156,891

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 6—INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

Fund		Transfers In	_	Transfers Out
Primary Government:				_
General Fund	\$	1,501,622	\$	849,910
Virginia Public Assistance Fund		370,490		-
Comprehensive Services Act		399,175		-
E-911 Fund		644		-
County Capital Projects Fund		77,979		1,500,000
Total reporting entity	\$	2,349,910	\$	2,349,910

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

NOTE 7—DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

	_	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:			_	
State sales taxes	\$	-	\$	574,028
Local sales taxes		266,709		-
Comprehensive Services Act funds		124,164		-
Public assistance and welfare		50,909		-
Other funds		392,137		872
Federal Government:				
Public assistance and welfare		68,582		-
School funds		-		251,920
Other funds		54,595	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	957,096	\$	826,820

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 8—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

Primary Government

		Beginning			Ending
	_	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	1,970,464 \$	- \$	- \$	1,970,464
Construction in progress	_		361,601		361,601
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	1,970,464 \$	361,601 \$	\$_	2,332,065
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	\$	56,325,203 \$	- \$	(1,462,082) \$	54,863,121
Machinery and equipment	_	4,776,689	712,619	(66,608)	5,422,700
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	61,101,892 \$	712,619 \$	(1,528,690) \$	60,285,821
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	\$	(3,510,891) \$	(819,741) \$	147,017 \$	(4,183,615)
Machinery and equipment		(3,501,303)	(353,184)	66,608	(3,787,879)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(7,012,194) \$	(1,172,925) \$	213,625 \$	(7,971,494)
Total capital assets being					
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	54,089,698 \$	(460,306) \$	(1,315,065) \$	52,314,327
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	56,060,162 \$	(98,705) \$	(1,315,065) \$	54,646,392

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 33,583
Judicial administration	2,260
Public safety	126,396
Public works	238,296
Health and welfare	3,144
Education	766,426
Community Development	 2,820
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities:	\$ 1,172,925

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 8—CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Discretely presented component unit-School Board

Activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

		Beginning					Ending
	_	Balance	_	Increases	Decreases	_	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$_	885,591	\$_	\$		\$_	885,591
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	885,591	\$_	- \$		\$_	885,591
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$	21,307,794	\$	1,523,963 \$	-	\$	22,831,757
Machinery and equipment		4,861,768		586,633	(12,650)	_	5,435,751
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	26,169,562	\$	2,110,596 \$	(12,650)	\$	28,267,508
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	\$	(5,323,225)	\$	(1,476,637) \$	619,409	\$	(6,180,453)
Machinery and equipment	_	(3,951,157)		(289,670)	12,650	_	(4,228,177)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(9,274,382)	\$	(1,766,307) \$	632,059	\$	(10,408,630)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	16,895,180	\$_	344,289 \$	619,409	\$_	17,858,878
School Board capital assets, net	\$	17,780,771	\$	344,289 \$	619,409	\$	18,744,469

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2012 totaled \$1,766,307.

Discretely presented component unit-Economic Development Authority of Page County

Activity for the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets							_
Land	\$_	2,751,000	\$_	-	\$ - (\$_	2,751,000
Total capital assets	\$	2,751,000	\$	-	\$ 	\$ <u> </u>	2,751,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 8—CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Discretely presented component unit-Luray-Page County Airport Commission

Activity for the Commission for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows:

		Beginning	lacrosos		Daaraaaa	Ending
	_	Balance	 Increases	_	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	1,363,189	\$ 5,788	\$	- \$	1,368,977
Construction in progress	_	5,850	 800	_	(5,850)	800
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,369,039	\$ 6,588	\$	(5,850) \$	1,369,777
Capital assets being depreciated:						_
Buildings and improvements	\$	7,276,946	\$ -	\$	- \$	7,276,946
Equipment	_	160,040	 -	_	<u> </u>	160,040
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	7,436,986	\$ -	\$	- \$	7,436,986
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	(1,333,592)	\$ (185,980)	\$	- \$	(1,519,572)
Machinery and equipment	_	(74,030)	 (11,939)		<u> </u>	(85,969)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(1,407,622)	\$ (197,919)	\$	- \$	(1,605,541)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	6,029,364	\$ (197,919)	\$	- \$	5,831,445
Total capital assets, net	\$	7,398,403	\$ (191,331)	\$	(5,850) \$	7,201,222

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 9— DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. Plan Description (continued)

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are
 covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced
 retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50
 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at
 age 55 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service
 credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

NOTE 9— DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. Plan Description (continued)

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at http://www.varetire.org/PDF/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P. O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's and School's non-professional employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2012 were 10.03% and 13.99%, respectively, of annual covered payroll.

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$1,629,233, \$1,573,854, and \$1,219,851 to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively and these contributions represented 11.33% for July 2011 through April 2012 and (0.00%) for May through June 2012, 8.93%, and 8.81% for July 2009 through March 2010 and zero (0.00%) for April through June 2010 respectively, of current covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2012, the County's annual pension cost of \$548,974 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2012, the County School Board's annual pension cost for the Board's non-professional employees was \$200,481 which was equal to the board's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information									
	Fiscal		Annual	Percentage		Net			
	Year		Pension	of APC		Pension			
	Ending		Cost (APC)	Contributed		Obligation			
Primary Government:									
County	6/30/10	\$	643,765	100%	\$	-			
	6/30/11		574,279	100%		-			
	6/30/12		548,974	100%		-			
Discretely Presented C	omponent L	Jnit	• •						
School Board									
Non-Professional	6/30/10	\$	208,807	100%	\$	-			
	6/30/11		153,953	100%		-			
	6/30/12		200,481	100%		-			

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 9— DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

C. <u>Annual Pension Cost (continued)</u>

The FY 2012 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and the County School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 79.46% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$23,291,085 and the actuarial value of assets was \$18,507,221, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,783,864. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,726,771, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 83.54%.

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County School Board's non-professional plan was 76.93% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,267,424, and the actuarial value of assets was \$5,591,047, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,676,377. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,696,745, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 98.80%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the note to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

NOTE 10—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM

Beginning in fiscal year 2009, the County and School Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees. This standard addresses how local governments should account for and report their costs related to post-employment health care and other non-pension benefits, such as the County and School Board retiree health benefit subsidy. Historically, the County and School Board's subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you go basis, but GASB Statement No. 45 requires that the County and School Board accrue the cost of the retiree health subsidy and other post-employment benefits during the period of the employee's active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclose the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in order to accurately account for the total future cost of post-employment benefits and the financial impact on the County and School Board. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used to pension benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 10—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

County

A. Plan Description

The County of Page provides post-retirement health care insurance benefits for employees who are eligible. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for reduced VRS retirement and be a current employee at least 50 years of age and have been employed by the County in a benefits-eligible position for 15 years prior to retirement.

B. Funding Policy

The Page County Government establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The county also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Retirees pay 100% of their premiums, less a subsidy of 4% per year for each year of service with Page County up to a maximum of 30 years. Retirees pay 100% of spousal premiums. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of other post employment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is calculated based on the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits is \$159,800 for fiscal year 2012. The County has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The ARC is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (of funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the county's net OPEB obligation:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 159,800
Interest on OPEB Obligation	15,400
Adjustment to ARC	 (16,000)
Annual OPEB cost	\$ 159,200
Estimated Contributions Made During FY12	 (89,500)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$ 69,700
Net OPEB Obligation - beginning of year	 384,300
Net OPEB Obligation - end of year	\$ 454,000

NOTE 10—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Annual OPEB Cost

For 2012, the County's expected cash payment of \$89,500 was \$69,700 less than the OPEB cost (expense) of \$159,200. The Government's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 are as follows:

Fiscal Annual Year OPEB Ended Cost		OPEB	Percentage of Annual OPEE Cost Contribute	3	Net OPEB Obligation		
June 30, 2010	\$	218,900	43%	\$	242,000		
June 30, 2011		228,400	38%		384,300		
June 30, 2012		159,200	56%		454,000		

D. <u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> The funded status of the plan as of April 1, 2011, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,834,500
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 1,834,500
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 5,316,600
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	34.51%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 10—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Cost Method

In the April 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method, with linear pro-ration to assumed benefit commencement was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 1, 2011, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, was 30 years.

Actuarial Assumptions	Not funded
Discount rate	4.0%
Payroll growth	2.5%

School Board

A. Plan Description

The School Board provides post-retirement health care insurance benefits for employees who are eligible. The plan is administered by the School Board. Retired employees, who were employed by Page County Public Schools with at least 26 years of service, who have attained the age of 55, and who retire under the VRS plan are eligible to receive a subsidy from the post-retirement medical plan. The plan has no separate financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The School Board also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Again, this is determined annually as part of the budgetary process. Retirees pay 100% of premiums for themselves and spouses. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 10—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

School Board (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of other post-employment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is calculated based on the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits was \$404,700 for fiscal year 2012. The School Board has paid \$191,100 towards this obligation during FY 12. The ARC is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 404,700
Interest on OPEB Obligation	25,100
Adjustment to ARC	 (26,200)
Annual OPEB cost	\$ 403,600
Estimated Contributions Made During FY11	 (191,100)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$ 212,500
Net OPEB Obligation - beginning of year	 628,300
Net OPEB Obligation - end of year	\$ 840,800

Annual OPEB Cost

For 2012, the School Board's expected cash payment of \$191,100 was \$212,500 less than the OPEB cost (expense) of \$403,600. The Government's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 are as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ended			Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
•	June 30, 2010	- \$	318,000	45%	- \$-	374,400	
	June 30, 2011		388,000	62%		628,300	
	June 30, 2012		403,600	47%		840,800	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 10—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

School Board (continued)

D. <u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2010, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 4,176,500
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 4,176,500
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	18,606,100
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	22.45%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes tot the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern o sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Cost Method

In the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method, with linear pro-ration to assumed benefit commencement was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll as an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2010 was 30 years.

Interest Assumptions

Actuarial Assumptions	Not funded
Discount rate	4.0%
Payroll growth	2.5%

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 10—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

School Board (continued)

Health Insurance Credit Program

A. Plan description

The School board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 9.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is .60% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$86,279, \$105,746, and \$144,001, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 11—LONG-TERM INDEBTEDNESS

Primary Government Indebtedness

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2012:

		Balance						Balance
		July1,						June 30,
		2011	_	Issuances	_	Retirements	_	2012
Claims, judgments and	_				_			_
compensated absences payable	\$	590,481	\$	66,878	\$	-	\$	657,359
Landfill closure and post-								
closure care costs		3,591,242		-		555,811		3,035,431
Lease revenue bond		436,466		-		62,067		374,399
Capital lease payable		7,899		-		7,899		-
Tax anticipation note		-		3,004,500		3,004,500		-
Net OPEB obligation		384,300		159,200		89,500		454,000
Revenue bonds		12,234,606				368,588		11,866,018
General obligation bonds		53,387,112		-		1,462,082		51,925,030
Premiums on bond issue		761,000	_	-	_	28,775	_	732,225
Total	\$	71,393,106	\$	3,230,578	\$	5,579,222	\$	69,044,462

(1) Note: Section 15.2-1800.1, <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, was enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, which affected the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. All debt historically reported by the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board, has been assumed by the Primary Government as a result of this legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 11—LONG-TERM INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Primary Government Indebtedness (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term indebtedness and related interest are as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
Year Ending									
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest				
2013	\$ 62,067	\$ 14,151	\$	1,931,407	2,914,735				
2014	62,067	11,578		2,013,974	2,816,198				
2015	62,067	9,005		2,083,737	2,713,864				
2016	62,067	6,432		2,174,132	2,607,552				
2017	62,067	3,859		2,265,756	2,496,696				
2018	64,064	1,286		2,350,939	2,388,629				
2019	-	-		2,439,949	2,282,520				
2020	-	-		2,530,400	2,171,378				
2021	-	-		2,505,519	2,056,032				
2022	-	-		2,522,334	1,938,694				
2023	-	-		2,621,776	1,820,985				
2024	-	-		2,731,897	1,699,645				
2025	-	-		2,843,401	1,572,482				
2026	-	-		2,961,553	1,438,682				
2027	-	-		3,086,082	1,297,891				
2028	-	-		2,457,716	1,170,598				
2029	-	-	- 2,564,968		1,042,234				
2030	-	-		2,682,751	926,896				
2031	-	-		2,806,088	805,111				
2032	-	-		2,935,004	676,581				
2033	-	-		3,069,522	540,900				
2034	-	-		1,114,669	433,719				
2035	-	-		1,165,473	382,610				
2036	-	-		1,221,962	329,091				
2037	-	-		1,274,166	273,133				
2038	-	-		1,337,115	206,160				
2039	-	-		450,841	166,619				
2040	-	-		470,380	147,080				
2041	-	-		490,765	126,695				
2042	-	-		512,034	105,426				
2043	-	-		534,224	83,236				
2044	-	-		557,376	60,084				
2045	-	-		581,532	35,928				
2046				501,606	10,726				
Totals	\$ 374,399	\$ 46,311	\$	63,791,048	39,738,810				

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 11—LONG-TERM INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Details of Long-Term Liabilities		
Governmental Activities	Total Amount Outstanding	Amount Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds: <u>Virginia Public School Authority (V.P.S.A.) Bonds:</u> \$1,000,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bond Series 1993 due in annual installments of \$5,000 to \$95,000 through 2014. Interest payable annually at varying interest rates of 4.475% to 5.0%	\$ 10,000 \$	5,000
\$1,500,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bond issued November 16, 2000, due in annual installments of \$80,000 to \$85,000 through July 15, 2020. Interest payable semi-annually at varying interest rates of 4.975% to 5.85%	735,000	85,000
\$30,695,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bond issued November 19, 2006, at a premium of \$305,572 due in annual installments of \$655,000 to \$2,005,000 through November 19, 2032. Interest payable semi-annually at 6.1% to 6.4%	27,870,000	800,000
\$12,019,506 Virginia Public School Authority Bond issued November 19, 2006, at a premium of \$331,039 due in annual installments of \$458,384 to \$740,470 through November 19, 2032. Interest payable semi-annually at 6.1% to 6.4%	9,520,030	539,274
\$13,790,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bond issued May 2, 2008, at a premium of \$210,714, due in annual installments of \$444,193 to \$925,815 through July 15, 2037. Interest is payable semi-annually at 4.6% to 5.1%	13,790,000	265,000
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 51,925,030 \$	1,694,274
Lease Revenue Bonds:		
\$931,000 lease revenue bonds issued January 15, 2003 due in annual installments of \$62,067 through January 15, 2018. Interest payable annually at 4.11%.	\$ <u>374,399</u> \$	62,067
Series 2006 Revenue Bonds		
\$13,000,000 bonds issued June 16, 2006, payments vary throughout the life of the loan. Interest on the bonds is 2.76% through June 2046. These bonds were issued in connection with the Battle Creek landfill.		
bonds were issued in connection with the Dattle Creek landing.	\$ <u>11,866,018</u> \$	237,133

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 11—LONG-TERM INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Details of Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

	_	Total Amount Outstanding		Amount Due Within One Year
Net OPEB obligation	\$	454,000	\$_	
Compensated absences	\$_	657,359	\$_	-
Estimated cost of landfill closure and post closure monitoring care,				
payable over the next 16 years	\$_	3,035,431	\$_	
Unamortized premium on bond issues	\$	732,225	\$_	28,775
Total Long-term liabilities	\$	69,044,462	\$_	2,022,249

Change in Component Unit-School Board Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2012:

		Balance July 1, 2011	Issuances	 Balance June 30, 2012		
Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation Total	\$ _	295,123 \$ 628,300 923,423 \$	6,587 403,600 410,187	\$	191,100 191,100	\$ 301,710 840,800 1,142,510

<u>Details of Long-Term Liabilities Component Unit – Economic Development Authority of Page County, Virginia</u>

The following is a summary of long-term debt for the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2012:

\$1,672,600 Revenue Bond issued on October 14, 2009 by USDA	
(the lender) with monthly payments of \$7,326, and an interest rate of	
4.25%, balance at June 30, 2012	\$ 1,643,592
Less: current portion	 (18,415)
Total Long-term obligations	\$ 1,625,177

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 11—LONG-TERM INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Years Ending	_	Revenue Bond					
June 30,		Principal	_	Interest			
2013	\$	18,415	\$	69,497			
2014		19,213		68,699			
2015		20,046		67,866			
2016		20,915		66,997			
2017		21,821		66,091			
2018		22,767		65,145			
2019		23,754		64,158			
2020		24,783		63,129			
2021		25,857		62,055			
2022		26,978		60,934			
2023		28,147		59,765			
2024		29,367		58,545			
2025		30,639		57,273			
2026		31,967		55,945			
2027		33,352		54,560			
2028		34,798		53,114			
2029		36,306		51,606			
2030		37,879		50,033			
2031		39,521		48,391			
2032		41,234		46,678			
2033		43,021		44,891			
2034		44,885		43,027			
2035		46,830		41,082			
2036		48,860		39,052			
2037		50,977		36,935			
2038		53,187		34,725			
2039		55,492		32,420			
2040		57,896		30,016			
2041		60,406		27,506			
2042		63,023		24,889			
2043		65,755		22,157			
2044		68,604		19,308			
2045		71,577		16,335			
2046		74,679		13,233			
2047		77,916		9,996			
2048		81,293		6,619			
2049		84,816		3,096			
2050	_	26,616	_	224			
Total	\$_	1,643,592	\$_	1,635,992			

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 12—RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. The County is also a member of the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool for general property liability insurance. These programs are administered by servicing contractors that furnish claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group and Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and Risk Pool and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association and Risk Pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The Component Unit School Board administers the health insurance program for the Health Insurance Fund (an Internal Service Fund) by charging the various fund types a portion of the premium.

NOTE 13—CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. The Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 14—UNEARNED/DEFERRED REVENUE

The following is a summary of deferred revenue for the year ended June 30, 2012:

		Government- wide Statements Governmental Activities		Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
Primary Government:				_
Deferred property tax revenue:				
Deferred revenue representing uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria has not been met. The uncollected tax billings are not available for the funding of current	•	0.400.404	•	44,000,400
expenditures	\$	8,493,484	\$	11,683,199
Prepaid property tax revenues representing collections received for property taxes that are applicable to the subsequent budget				
year		516,023	_	516,023
Total primary government	\$	9,009,507	\$	12,199,222

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 15—HEALTH INSURANCE FUND

The County maintains an internal service fund entitled Health Insurance Fund that has been included in the fund financial statements. The purpose of this fund is to disclose the County's self-insured health insurance transactions for the fiscal year as required by GASB 10. The County was self-insured for health insurance purposes in prior years, but is not longer self-insured and has retained Anthem to administer the program. The School Board uses Anthem as the administrator of their self-insured plan. The Health Insurance fund pays Anthem an administrative fee for these services. This fund serves the School Board component unit and accounts for the health insurance activities of the aforementioned funds but does not constitute a transfer of risk from the County.

Significant losses, over \$50,000 with a maximum of \$60,000, are covered by commercial insurance. There have been no changes in coverage for the last three years, nor have settlement amounts exceeded coverage during this time period.

The County records an estimated liability for indemnity health care claims. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) based on historical experience.

Anthem has established a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. At June 30, 2012 the plan liability was \$5,509. The Net Assets, \$625,190 of the Plan maintained by the School Board can be found on Exhibit 20.The following represents the change in approximate aggregate liabilities for the fund:

	Beginning of			Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Claims and		Fiscal Year End
	(Surplus)	Changes in	Claim	(Surplus)
_	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Liability
2011-2012 \$	18,397 \$	5,881,457 \$	5,894,345 \$	5,509
2010-2011	476,524	6,194,888	6,653,015	18,397
2009-2010	(320,099)	4,612,469	3,815,846	476,524
2008-2009	90,684	3,784,964	4,195,747	(320,099)
2007-2008	(122,208)	3,450,357	3,237,465	90,684

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 16—SURETY BONDS

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety: Ron Wilson, Clerk of the Circuit Court Penny Gray, Treasurer Charles L. Campbell, Commissioner of the Revenue John Thomas, Sheriff All Constitutional Officer's Employees - Blanket Bond	\$ 25,000 400,000 3,000 30,000 50,000
The Travelers Indemnity Company - Surety: Randall Thomas, Superintendent of Schools Michelle Miller, Director of Finance All School Board Employees - Blanket Bond	100,000 100,000 100,000
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety: All County Employees - Blanket Bond	10,000
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety: Johnny Woodward, Chairman	1,000
Robert Griffith, Supervisor	1,000
David Wiatrowski, Supervisor	1,000
J.D. Cave, Supervisor	1,000
Darrell Short, Supervisor	1,000
Jeff Vaughan, Supervisor	1,000
Department of Social Services	1,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 17—CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS

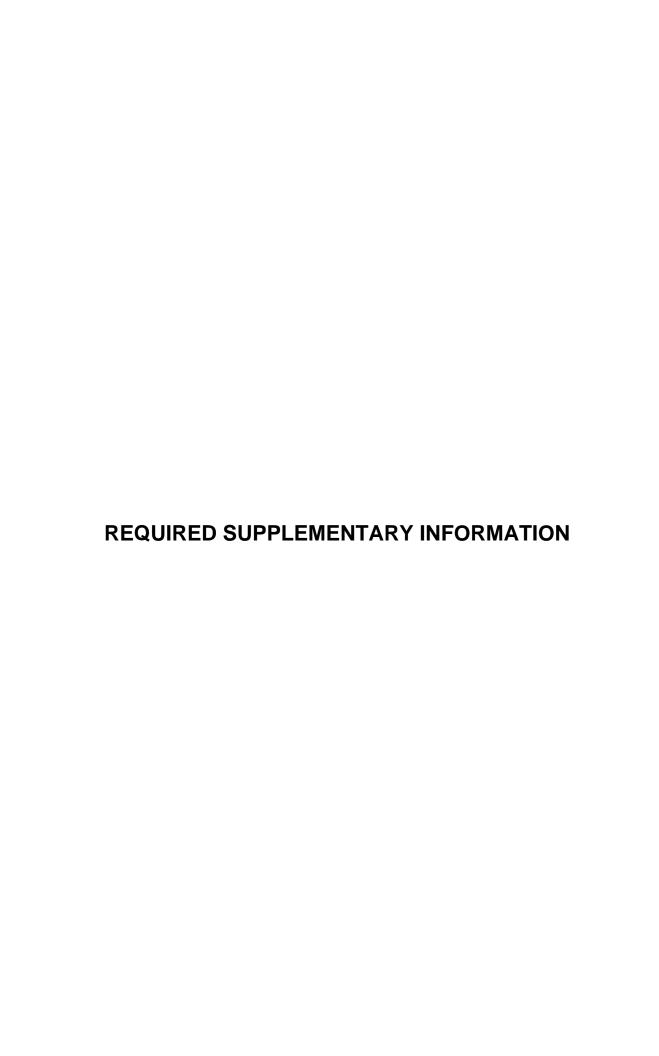
State and federal laws and regulations require that the County place a final cover on its landfill when closed and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts wastes. The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs are based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care cost is attributable to the Stanley landfill, which was closed in February 1999 and Battle Creek landfill which was acquired in June 2005.

The post-closure and thirty year monitoring costs for the Stanley landfill are estimated at \$2,023,173. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care of \$2,149,865 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were performed as of June 30, 2012. Included in the County's post-closure and thirty year monitoring costs of \$2,149,865 is \$1,317,785 for corrective action costs for exceeding groundwater protection standards. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure may be different due to inflation, changes in technology, or change in landfill laws and regulations.

During June of 2005, the County acquired Battle Creek landfill. The post-closure and thirty year monitoring costs are estimated at \$5,009,088. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care of \$885,566 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were performed as of June 30, 2012. The estimated useful life of the Battle Creek landfill is 35 years. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure may be different due to inflation, changes in technology, or change in landfill laws and regulations.

The County will finance the closure and post-closure care from future revenues earned by the General Fund and charges derived from the use of the landfill. No assets have been restricted at this time to pay these costs. The anticipated future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in post-closure requirements (due to changes in technology or laws and regulations, for example) may need to be covered from future tax revenue.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Assurance Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.



General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	-	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
General property taxes	\$	19,061,758 \$	19,061,758	\$	19,256,025 \$	194,267
Other local taxes		3,266,570	3,266,570		3,332,411	65,841
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		205,534	205,534		162,688	(42,846)
Fines and forfeitures		87,400	90,371		91,632	1,261
Revenue from the use of money and property		63,791	63,791		51,204	(12,587)
Charges for services		1,884,172	1,905,222		2,035,241	130,019
Miscellaneous		96,840	103,390		144,457	41,067
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Commonwealth		4,914,240	5,070,105		4,806,882	(263,223)
Federal		124,287	192,432	_	361,288	168,856
Total revenues	\$.	29,704,592 \$	29,959,173	\$_	30,241,828 \$	282,655
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government administration	\$	2,157,082 \$	2,166,781	\$	2,039,067 \$	127,714
Judicial administration		1,130,623	1,131,121		1,103,368	27,753
Public safety		6,881,744	7,629,227		7,252,991	376,236
Public works		2,398,822	2,481,315		2,437,670	43,645
Health and welfare		382,013	382,013		621,021	(239,008)
Education		9,286,804	9,988,019		9,116,517	871,502
Parks, recreation, and cultural		249,238	249,238		244,794	4,444
Community development		622,272	638,037		643,068	(5,031)
Nondepartmental		293,000	283,018		138,650	144,368
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		1,986,150	1,986,150		1,900,636	85,514
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,872,837	2,872,837		2,872,837	-
Total expenditures	\$	28,260,585 \$	29,807,756	\$_	28,370,619 \$	1,437,137
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	•	4 444 007 Ф	454 447	Φ.	4 074 000	4 740 700
expenditures	\$.	1,444,007\$	151,417	Ф_	1,871,209 \$	1,719,792
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	- \$	_	\$	1,501,622 \$	1,501,622
Transfers out	Ψ	-	(1,180,302)	Ψ	(849,910) \$	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$	(1,180,302)		¢	651,712 \$	
Total office infamiling sources and (uses)	Ψ.	(1,100,002) Φ	(1,100,302)	Ψ_		1,032,014
Net change in fund balances	\$	263,705 \$	(1,028,885)	\$	2,522,921 \$	3,551,806
Fund balances - beginning		(263,705)	1,028,885		3,335,876	2,306,991
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$		\$_	5,858,797 \$	
	=					

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

County Retirement Plan

			Unfunded (Excess			
			Funded)			
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			UAAL as
	Value of	Accrued	Accrued		Annual	% of
Actuarial	Assets	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	(AVA)	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	 (b)	 (b-a)	<u>(a/b)</u>	(c)	<u>((b-a)/c)</u>
06/30/11 \$	18,507,221	\$ 23,291,085	\$ 4,783,864	79.46% \$	5,726,771	83.54%
06/30/10	17,989,301	22,199,959	4,210,658	81.03%	5,961,522	70.63%
06/30/09	17,760,836	20,164,231	2,403,395	88.08%	6,268,178	38.34%
06/30/08	17,263,600	19,254,442	1,990,842	89.66%	6,285,156	31.68%
06/30/07	15,517,007	18,054,154	2,537,147	85.95%	5,918,176	42.87%

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT:

School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/11 \$ 06/30/10 06/30/09	5,591,047 \$ 5,517,582 5,386,907	7,267,424 \$ 6,908,711 6,428,117	1,676,377 1,391,129 1,041,210	76.93% \$ 79.86% 83.80%	1,696,745 1,905,201 1,815,514	98.80% 73.02% 57.35%
06/30/09 06/30/08 06/30/07	5,360,907 5,205,712 4,693,491	6,179,003 5,744,972	973,291 1,051,481	84.25% 81.70%	1,741,996 1,670,109	55.87% 62.96%

Other Post-Employment Benefit Program Schedule of Funding Progress As of June 30, 2012

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

County Other Post-Employment Benefit Program

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va A	tuarial lue of ssets AVA) (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
6/30/2008 6/30/2008 (as updated for FY2010) 6/30/2008 (as updated for FY2011) 4/1/2011	\$	- \$ - -	986,500 \$1,543,200 1,669,500 1,834,500	986,500 1,543,200 1,669,500 1,834,500	0.00% \$ 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	6,297,100 6,454,500 6,615,900 5,316,600	15.67% 23.91% 25.23% 34.51%

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT:

School Board Other Post-Employment Benefit Program

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll
Date	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
6/30/2008	\$	- \$	2,832,700	\$	2,832,700	0.00%	19,661,300	14.41%
6/30/2008 (as updated for FY2010		-	3,036,000		3,036,000	0.00%	20,152,800	15.06%
7/1/2010			3,926,600		3,926,600	0.00%	18,606,100	21.10%
7/1/2010 (as updated for FY2012)		-	4,176,500		4,176,500	0.00%	18,606,100	22.45%

Note:

Fiscal Year 2009 is the first year of implementation of GASB 45 for the Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	-	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			-	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	-	Original	-	1 IIIai		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenue from the use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	- S	\$	- 49,000	\$	7,224	\$	7,224 (49,000)
Total revenues	\$		\$-	49,000	\$	7,224	\$	(41,776)
EXPENDITURES Current: Capital projects Total expenditures	\$ _.		\$_ \$_	400,054 400,054	- - - \$_	314,935 314,935		85,119 85,119
rotal experientaree	Ψ-	100,001	Ψ_	100,001	- ¥ -	011,000	- Ψ.	00,110
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(351,054)	\$_	(351,054)	_\$_	(307,711)	\$	43,343
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in Transfers out	\$	_	\$ -	-	\$ 	77,979 (1,500,000)		77,979 (1,500,000)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$_		\$_		\$_	(1,422,021)	\$	(1,422,021)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	(351,054) S 351,054	\$_	(351,054) 351,054	\$	(1,729,732) 5,879,145	\$	(1,378,678) 5,528,091
Fund balances - ending	\$_	- 9	\$ <u>_</u>	_	\$_	4,149,413	\$	4,149,413

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2012

	_	Virginia Public Assistance Fund		Comprehensive Services Act Fund		E-911 Fund		Parks and Recreation Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental units	\$_	- 119,491	\$	- 124,164	\$	644	\$	67,994 S	\$	68,638 243,655
Total assets	\$_	119,491	\$.	124,164	\$_	644	\$	67,994	\$_	312,293
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ -	119,491	\$	84,746 2,018 37,400 124,164		- - -	\$	575 \$	\$ - \$_	85,321 2,018 156,891 244,230
Fund balances: Committed: For subsequent expenditure	\$_	_	.\$.	_	_\$_	644	.\$.	67,419	\$_	68,063
Total fund balances	\$_	_	\$	_	_\$_	644	\$.	67,419	\$_	68,063
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	119,491	\$	124,164	\$_	644	\$.	67,994	\$_	312,293

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Virginia Public Assistance Fund		Comprehensive Services Act Fund		E-911 Fund		Parks and Recreation Fund		Total
REVENUES		· unu		i diid	-	- r unu	•		•	
Charges for services	\$	20,589	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,855	\$	59,444
Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth		607.069		640.262						4 047 400
Federal		607,068 970,969		610,362		-		-		1,217,430 970,969
i ederal		910,909			-		•		-	970,909
Total revenues	\$	1,598,626	\$	610,362	\$	_	\$	38,855	\$	2,247,843
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Health and welfare	\$	1,969,116	\$	1,009,537		-	\$	-	\$	2,978,653
Parks, recreation, and cultural		-		-	-		-	26,904		26,904
Total expenditures	\$	1,969,116	\$	1,009,537	\$_	_	\$.	26,904	.\$_	3,005,557
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(370,490)	\$.	(399,175)	.\$_		\$_	11,951	.\$_	(757,714)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	\$	370,490	\$	399,175	\$_	644	\$_	-	\$_	770,309
Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$.	370,490	\$	399,175	\$_	644	\$_	-	\$_	770,309
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	644	\$	11,951	\$	12,595
Fund balances - beginning		-	_	-	_	_	_	55,468		55,468
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$_		\$_	644_	\$_	67,419	\$_	68,063

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	_	VPA Fund											
	_	Budgete	d A	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive					
	-	Original		Final	-	Actual		(Negative)					
REVENUES	_		_		_								
Charges for services Intergovernmental revenues:	\$	24,826	\$	24,826	\$	20,589	\$	(4,237)					
Commonwealth		732,006		732,006		607,068		(124,938)					
Federal		1,170,800		1,170,800		970,969		(199,831)					
Total revenues	\$	1,927,632	\$	1,927,632	\$	1,598,626	\$	(329,006)					
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and welfare	\$	2,401,053	· -	2,401,053	œ.	1,969,116	 Ф	431,937					
Total expenditures	\$_ \$_	2,401,053	-	2,401,053		1,969,116		431,937					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(473,421)	.\$_	(473,421)	.\$_	(370,490)	_\$_	102,931					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers in	\$	473,421	\$	473,421	\$	370,490	\$	(102,931)					
Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$_	473,421	\$_	473,421	\$	370,490	\$_	(102,931)					
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Fund balances - ending	\$_	-	\$_	_	\$_	-	\$_	-					

			Comprehens	siv	e Services F	un	d
_		d.	Amounts	-			Variance with Final Budget Positive
-	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	1,448,389		1,448,389		610,362		(838,027)
\$_	1,448,389	\$	1,448,389	\$	610,362	\$_	(838,027)
\$_	2,067,741	\$	2,067,741	\$	1,009,537	\$_	1,058,204
\$	2,067,741	\$	2,067,741	\$	1,009,537	\$_	1,058,204
\$_	(619,352)	\$	(619,352)	\$.	(399,175)	\$_	220,177
\$_	619,352		619,352		399,175		(220,177)
\$_	619,352	\$	619,352	\$.	399,175	\$_	(220,177)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	_	`\$		\$		·s -	-

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Agency Funds											
	_	Special Welfare		Cash Bonds Fund		Neutering/ Spaying Fund		Jail Inmate		Luray/Page Airport Hangar		Total
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	136	_\$	35,562	\$.	16,135	- \$ _	14,472	\$.	144,958	\$_	211,263
Total assets	\$_	136	\$	35,562	\$.	16,135	\$_	14,472	\$	144,958	\$_	211,263
LIABILITIES												
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	136	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	136
Amounts held for others				35,562		16,135		-		144,958		196,655
Amounts held for inmates	_	-	_	-		_		14,472		_		14,472
Total liabilities	\$	136	\$	35,562	\$	16,135	\$	14,472	\$	144,958	\$	211,263

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Balance Beginning of Year		Additions		Deletions	Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund: ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	725	\$	910	\$_	1,499 \$	136
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients	\$	725	\$	910	\$_	<u>1,499</u> \$	136
Neutering/Spaying Fund: ASSETS					_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,449	\$	2,266	\$ =	<u>1,580</u> \$	16,135
LIABILITIES Amounts held for neutering/spaying	\$	15,449	\$	2,266	\$_	1,580 \$	16,135
Cash Bonds Fund: ASSETS					_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,562	\$	- (\$ =		35,562
LIABILITIES Amounts held for bonds fund	\$	35,562	\$	_ (\$_	\$_	35,562
Jail Inmate Accounts Fund: ASSETS Cash in custody of others	\$	30,100	\$	186,257 \$	\$	201,885 \$	14,472
LIABILITIES Amounts held for inmates	\$_		•			201,885 \$	
Luray/Page Airport Hangar Fund: ASSETS			•			•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	167,793	\$	67,300	\$ _	<u>90,135</u> \$ _	144,958
LIABILITIES Amounts held for Airport	\$_	167,793	\$	67,300	\$_	90,135 \$	144,958
Totals - All Agency Funds: ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Cash in custody of others	\$ -	219,529 30,100	\$	70,476 \$ 186,257	\$ 	93,214 \$ 201,885	196,791 14,472
Total assets	\$_	249,629	\$	256,733	\$_	295,099 \$	211,263
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients Amounts held for neutering/spaying Amounts held for bonds fund Amounts held for inmates	\$	725 15,449 35,562 30,100	\$	910 \$ 2,266 - 186,257	\$	1,499 \$ 1,580 - 201,885	136 16,135 35,562 14,472
Amounts held for Airport	_	167,793		67,300		90,135	144,958
Total liabilities	\$_	249,629	\$	256,733	\$_	295,099 \$	211,263

Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2012

	-	School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance	\$	-	\$	994,675	\$	994,675
for uncollectibles): Accounts receivable Due from primary government Due from other governmental units Inventories Prepaid items		74,647 2,269,399 796,839 - 90,242		- - 29,981 55,108		74,647 2,269,399 826,820 55,108 90,242
Total assets	\$_	3,231,127	\$_	1,079,764	\$	4,310,891
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Total liabilities	\$ \$_	152,842 3,078,285 3,231,127	· _	21,121 96,715 117,836		173,963 3,175,000 3,348,963
Fund balances: Nonspendable:						
Inventories Prepaid items	\$	90,242	\$	55,108 -	\$	55,108 90,242
Assigned: School lunch program Unassigned, reported in:		-		906,820		906,820
School operating fund Total fund balances	\$_	(90,242)	[\$_	961,928	\$	(90,242) 961,928
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	3,231,127	. \$_	1,079,764	\$	4,310,891
Amounts reported for governmental acti (Exhibit 1) are different because:	vities	in the staten	nent	t of net assets		
Total fund balances per above					\$	961,928
Capital assets used in governmental acti therefore, are not reported in the funds.	resources and,		18,744,469			
Internal service funds are used by managactivities, such as insurance and telecomassets and liabilities of the internal service activities in the statement of net assets.		625,190				
Long-term liabilities, including compensate in the current period and, therefore, are no	_	(1,142,510)				
Net assets of governmental activities					\$	19,189,077

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	_	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services	\$	- 1,209,932	\$	171 701,066	\$	171 1,910,998
Intergovernmental revenues: Local government Commonwealth Federal		9,107,991 19,007,405 3,319,045		- 35,604 1,136,488		9,107,991 19,043,009 4,455,533
Total revenues	\$_	32,644,373	- \$ _	1,873,329	_ \$ _	34,517,702
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Education	\$_	32,644,373		1,761,241		34,405,614
Total expenditures	\$_	32,644,373	_\$_	1,761,241	_\$_	34,405,614
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_		_\$_	112,088	_\$_	112,088
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	112,088	\$	112,088
Fund balances - beginning				849,840	- _^ -	849,840
Fund balances - ending	^ъ =	_	\$ _	961,928	= [*] =	961,928
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the are different because:	stat	ement of acti	vitie	es (Exhibit 2))	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund	ds - I	per above			\$	112,088
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expending of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount exceeded depreciation in the current period.	er th	eir estimated	use	eful lives and		963,698
exocoded depresiation in the current period.						000,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities financial resources and, therefore are not reported						
funds.						(219,087)
Internal service funds are used by management to cha such as insurance and telecommunications, to ind	divid	ual funds. T	he	net revenue		7.004
(expense) of certain internal service funds is reported	with	governmenta	al ad	ctivities.		7,981
Change in net assets of governmental activities					\$_	864,680

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	School Operating Fund										
	_		ed A	Amounts	_			Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	-	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)			
REVENUES			_								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	4 504 400	\$	-	\$	4 000 000	\$	(044.470)			
Charges for services		1,524,408		1,524,408		1,209,932		(314,476)			
Intergovernmental revenues:		0.070.070		0.070.400		0 407 004		(074 500)			
Local government		9,278,278		9,979,493		9,107,991		(871,502)			
Commonwealth		18,974,014		18,974,014		19,007,405		33,391			
Federal	_	2,732,275		2,732,275		3,319,045		586,770			
Total revenues	\$_	32,508,975	_\$_	33,210,190	_\$_	32,644,373	_\$_	(565,817)			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Education	\$	32,508,975	\$	33,210,190	\$	32,644,373	\$	565,817			
Total expenditures	\$_	32,508,975	_\$_	33,210,190		32,644,373	\$	565,817			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)											
expenditures	\$_	_	\$_	_	_\$_		\$_	_			
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$		\$		\$				
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_			
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	-			
5	· <u></u>	~~~~	<u> </u>				= '=				

			School C	afe	eteria Fund		
-	Budgete Original	d /	Amounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	- 771,117	\$	- 771,117	\$	171 701,066	\$	171 (70,051)
\$	34,645 938,168 1,743,930	- \$	34,645 1,093,593 1,899,355	٠ ۍ	35,604 1,136,488 1,873,329	- \$	959 42,895 (26,026)
Ψ_	1,743,930	-Ψ-	1,699,333	. Ψ.	1,073,329	- Ψ.	(20,020)
\$ \$	1,743,930 1,743,930	\$.	1,899,355 1,899,355	. \$.		\$	138,114 138,114
						•	
\$_	-	\$_	-	\$.	112,088	\$	112,088
\$	 -	\$	-	\$	112,088 849,840	\$	112,088 849,840
\$_	-	\$	-	\$	961,928	\$	961,928

Exhibit 20

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2012

	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ <u>625,190</u> \$ <u>625,190</u>
NET ASSETS Unrestricted Total net assets	\$ <u>625,190</u> \$ <u>625,190</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services: Insurance premiums	\$	5,918,252
Total operating revenues	\$	5,918,252
OPERATING EXPENSES Insurance claims and expenses	\$	5,918,252
Total operating expenses	\$	5,918,252
Operating income (loss)	\$	_
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment earnings	\$_	7,981
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	7,981
Change in net assets	\$	7,981
Total net assets - beginning		617,209
Total net assets - ending	\$	625,190

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts for insurance premiums Payments for premiums Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ _ \$_	5,918,252 (5,918,252)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$_ \$_	7,981 7,981
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,981
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$_	617,209 625,190



For the Year Ended June 30, 2012		Original		Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Budget		Budget		Actual	(Negative)
General Fund: Revenue from local sources: General property taxes:							
Real property taxes Real and personal public service corporation taxes Personal property taxes	\$	12,645,820 360,000 5,644,378	\$	12,645,820 360,000 5,644,378	\$	12,502,300 \$ 452,365 5,788,253	(143,520) 92,365 143,875
Penalties Interest	_	222,935 188,625		222,935 188,625		264,838 248,269	41,903 59,644
Total general property taxes	\$_	19,061,758	_\$_	19,061,758	- \$ -	19,256,025	194,267
Other local taxes:	•	1 017 100	•	4 047 400	•	4 400 754 .0	445.054
Local sales and use taxes Business licenses	\$	1,317,400 152,000	\$	1,317,400 152,000	Þ	1,432,754 \$ 141,397	115,354 (10,603)
Communication taxes		520,750		520,750		541,029	20,279
Consumption taxes		54,200		54,200		49,778	(4,422)
Motor vehicle licenses		312,865		312,865		319,477	6,612
Taxes on recordation and wills		100,000		100,000		119,169	19,169
Transient occupancy taxes		557,355		557,355 252,000		491,143	(66,212)
Meals taxes Total other local taxes	s-	252,000 3,266,570	- _{\$} -	3,266,570	· s	237,664 3,332,411	(14,336) 65,841
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:	*-	0,200,0.0	- * -		- ~ -		
Animal licenses	\$	11,770	\$	11,770	\$	9,015	(2,755)
Land use application fees		2,132		2,132		2,024	(108)
Transfer fees		712		712		734	22
Permits and other licenses		190,920	- "-	190,920	۰,۰	150,915	(40,005)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	Φ_	205,534	- ^Ф -	205,534	. [.]	162,688	(42,846)
Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures	ď	87,400	r.	00 271	Φ	91,632	S 1,261
Total fines and forfeitures	\$_	87,400	-	90,371 90,371	- ^Φ -	91,632	1,261
Revenue from use of money and property:	_						
Revenue from use of money	\$	18,791	\$	18,791	\$	4,518	
Revenue from use of property		45,000		45,000		46,686	1,686
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	63,791	- ^ֆ -	63,791	- ^{\$} -	51,204	(12,587)
Charges for services: Sheriff's fees	\$	1,943	ድ	1,943	\$	1,943	
Ambulance and rescue service	Ψ	410.000	Ψ	410,000	Ψ	531,393	121,393
Charges for Animal Protection		12,000		12,000		12,628	628
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		-		1,000		4,837	3,837
Work release and other inmate fees		16,478		14,478		22,490	8,012
Charges for sanitation and waste removal Other charges for services		1,370,713 73,038		1,370,713 95,088		1,349,343 112,607	(21,370) 17,519
Total charges for services	\$	1,884,172	- \$	1,905,222	\$	2,035,241	
Miscellaneous revenue:	-						
Miscellaneous	\$	96,840	\$	103,390	\$	144,457	41,067
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	96,840	\$	103,390	\$	144,457	41,067
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	24,666,065	\$.	24,696,636	\$_	25,073,658	377,022
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid:							
Mobile home titling tax	\$	_	\$		\$	20,075	\$ 20,075
State recordation tax		24,000		24,000		35,525	11,525
Railroad rolling stock tax		35,010		35,010		-	(35,010)
Motor vehicle rental tax		2,275		2,275		117	(2,158)
Personal property tax relief funds Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,640,791 1,702,076	- \$	1,640,791 1,702,076	- <u>.</u>	1,640,791 1,696,508	(5,568)
. Star Horioutogoriour ara	Ψ_	1,702,070	Ψ.	1,702,070	Ψ.	1,000,000	(0,000)

(329,006)

Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds								Page 2 of 4
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued) Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	риургания под	Original Budget	ADIEBRA (SAFE	All Maries and Control of the Contro	www.			/ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
					-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued) Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued) Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:			•		•	0.00.00.4	•	(0= 000)
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	291,040	\$	291,040	\$	253,351	\$	(37,689)
Sheriff		2,055,202		2,060,659		1,966,318		(94,341)
Commissioner of revenue		130,224		130,224		124,184		(6,040)
Treasurer		104,745		104,745		97,085 43,845		(7,660)
Registrar/electoral board Clerk of the Circuit Court		48,735 223,433		48,735 223,433		238,112		(4,890) 14,679
Total shared expenses	\$	2,853,379	- \$	2,858,836	· s -	2,722,895	s	(135,941)
Total Glidiou oxpoliood	Ψ_	2,000,010	- ۳ ـ	2,000,000	۰ ۳ ـ		Ψ	(,00,0,1)
Other categorical aid:							_	
CJS GTS grant	\$	-	\$		\$	5,097	\$	5,097
Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act		82,854		32,757		24,516		(8,241)
PSAP grant				18,254		135,558		117,304
Litter control		11,527		21,488		9,961		(11,527)
Fire programs funds		42,000		42,000		40,325		(1,675)
Victims witness grant		48,903		48,903		62,107		13,204
Two-for-life grant		24,000		24,000		23,794		(206)
School resource officer grant		42,272		42,272		13,646		(28,626)
Crime against kids grant Other		96,864		96,864		67,907		(28,957)
Total other categorical aid	\$-	10,365 358,785	- ۍ -	182,655 509,193	- _æ -	4,568 387,479	<u>. —</u>	(178,087)
·	` -		_		_			
Total categorical aid	\$_	3,212,164		3,368,029	. \$ _	3,110,374		(257,655)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	4,914,240	. \$ _	5,070,105	- \$_	4,806,882	\$	(263,223)
Revenue from the federal government: Noncategorical aid:	ø	96,251	æ	00.054	æ	442.470.0	•	47.000
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$_	90,231	- Ψ_	96,251	- Ф_	113,479	₽—	17,228
Categorical aid:								
Forfeited assets	\$	-	\$	4,512	\$	- 9	\$	(4,512)
Byrne grant		-		61,388		86,782		25,394
DMV ground transportation safety grant		23,781 4,255		23,781		20,226		(3,555)
Bullet proof vest grant Homeland Security		4,255		-		20 007		20 007
Emergency management planning grant		-		-		28,897 24,723		28,897 24,723
Economic development grant		-		-		62,000		62,000
Congressional juvenile prevention grant		_		_		6,958		6,958
Citizens corp		_		6,500		10,100		3,600
Disaster recovery grant		-		-		8,016		8,016
DEQ royalties		_		-		107		107
Total categorical aid	\$_	28,036	\$_	96,181	\$_	247,809	\$ <u></u>	151,628
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	124,287	\$	192,432	\$	361,288	\$	168,856
Total General Fund	\$	29,704,592	\$	29,959,173	\$	30,241,828	\$ 	282,655
Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services: Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ \$	24,826	: =	24,826	: =	20,589		(4,237)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:	Ψ_	2-1,020	- ۳ –	24,020	. Ψ	20,000	-	(4,237)
Categorical aid: Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	732,006	\$	732,006	\$	607,068	\$	(124,938)
Revenue from the federal government:	Ψ_	, 52,000	· ~ _	, 02,000	· ~ -	331,000	-	(124,000)
Categorical aid:	•	4 470 000	æ	4 4770 000	•	070 000	•	/460 00 ··
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$_	1,170,800	٠ 4_	1,170,800	. ¥_	970,969	Þ	(199,831)
	_		_		_		_	

69

For the Year E	Ended June 30,	2012 (Continued)
----------------	----------------	------------------

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Comprehensive Services Act Fund: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:						
Comprehensive Services Act program Child support public assistance funds Total categorical aid	\$ \$	1,446,389 \$ 2,000 1,448,389 \$	2,000	_	607,393 5 2,969 610,362 5	969
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	1,448,389	1,448,389	\$	610,362	(838,027)
Total Comprehensive Services Act Fund	\$	1,448,389	1,448,389	\$	610,362	(838,027)
Parks and Recreation Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services: Parks and recreation fees	* * =	30,000 \$	30,000	= = = \$ <u>=</u>	38,855	8,855
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_ -		-	_\$_	7,224 7,224	7,224 7,224
Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous	\$_	49,000	49,000	_\$_	((49,000)
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$_	49,000	49,000	\$_	7,224	(41,776)
Total Primary Government	\$_	33,159,613	33,414,194	 - \$_	32,496,895	(917,299)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Special Revenue Funds: School Operating Fund: Charges for services: Charges for education	\$	1,524,408	1,524,408	\$	1,209,932	§ (314,476)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	1,524,408		\$	1,209,932	
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenues from local governments: Contribution from County of Page, Virginia Total revenues from local governments	\$ \$_ \$_	9,278,278 9,278,278			9,107,991 9,107,991	
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax Basic school aid GED funding Regular foster children education Remedial summer education Gifted and talented Remedial education Special education Textbook payments Vocational standards of quality payments Social security Retirement fringe benefits Vocational occupational technical education Early reading intervention Group life instructional Adult literacy Homebound education Regional program tuition	\$	2,995,186 \$10,376,373 15,717 33,642 100,252 106,325 285,897 1,023,085 95,835 302,436 597,784 541,077 43,116 53,869 21,265 2,880 18,139 666,548	2,995,186 10,376,373 15,717 33,642 100,252 106,325 285,897 1,023,085 95,835 302,436 597,784 541,077 43,116 53,869 21,265 2,880 18,139 666,548	\$	3,078,005 S 10,369,049 29,496 6,191 83,075 106,541 286,478 1,025,164 120,038 303,051 573,901 519,460 28,846 55,941 20,415 7,698 611,673	82,819 (7,324) 13,779 (27,451) (17,177) 216 581 2,079 24,203 615 (23,883) (21,617) (14,270) 2,072 (850) (2,880) (10,441) (54,875)

Fund Major and Minor Dayanya Sauras		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source				Duuget		Actual	(Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (C Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)	ontinu	ed)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)							
Intergovernmental Revenues: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continuned)							
Categorical aid: (continued)							
At risk payments	\$	347,769	\$	347,769	\$	286,423 \$	(61,346)
Primary class size		406,972		406,972		404,442	(2,530)
Technology		284,000		284,000		284,000	-
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		38,222		38,222		38,222	-
At risk four-year olds		285,718		285,718		347,769	62,051
English as a second language		16,144		16,144		16,144	4.063
Admin software support Other state funds		308,602		308,602 7,161		312,664 92,719	4,062
Total categorical aid	\$	7,161 18,974,014	- و-		- _e -	19,007,405 \$	85,558 33,391
Total categorical aid	Ψ-	10,377,017	-Ψ-	10,374,014	-Ψ-	10,007,400 \$	30,001
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
Federal land use	\$	55,000	\$	55,000	\$	43,215 \$, , ,
Adult literacy		65,000		65,000		39,667	(25,333)
Title I		797,480		797,480		1,038,680	241,200
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		800,000		800,000		1,089,386	289,386
Vocational education		70,537		70,537		69,578 31,145	(959)
Title VI-B, special education pre-school Drug free schools		31,109		31,109		31,145 5,230	36 5,230
Title II Part A		138,149		138,149		186,769	48,620
Education technology		100,140		100,140		3,000	3,000
State fiscal stabilization fund		750,000		750,000		781,154	31,154
Education jobs fund		-		-		12,653	12,653
National community service grant		-		-		15,802	15,802
Learn and serve grant	_	25,000		25,000		2,766	(22,234)
Total categorical aid	\$_	2,732,275	\$	2,732,275	\$	3,319,045 \$	586,770
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	2,732,275	\$_	2,732,275	\$_	3,319,045	586,770
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	32,508,975	\$_	33,210,190	\$_	32,644,373 \$	(565,817)
School Cafeteria Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of money	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	171\$	171
Charries for consistent							
Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$	771,117	\$	771,117	\$	701,066 \$	(70,051)
outsiona suite	Ψ_						(10,001)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	771,117	. \$.	771,117	\$_	701,237_\$	(69,880)
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:	_		_		_		
School food program grant	\$_	34,645	. \$ _	34,645	. \$ _	35,604 \$	959
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	34,645	. \$_	34,645	.\$_	35,604 \$	959
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
School food program grant	\$_	938,168	. \$ _	1,093,593	\$_	1,136,488_\$	42,895
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	1,743,930	\$_	1,899,355	\$_	1,873,329 \$	(26,026)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Be	ard ¢	34 252 905	\$	35 109 545	\$	34 517 702 \$	(591,843)
Total Discretely Flesented Component Onit - School Bo	Jaiu # _	U4,2U2,3UU	· Ψ=	00,108,040	٠Ψ=	U-1,U 11,1UZ D	(331,043)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Fund, Function, Actvity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:					
General government administration:					
Legislative:					
Board of supervisors	\$_	119,153_\$_	119,153_\$_	85,875	\$ 33,278
General and financial administration:					
County administrator	\$	274,722 \$	274,722 \$	262,447	\$ 12,275
Accounting		222,891	222,891	214,122	8,769
Legal services		101,600	101,600	91,199	10,401
Commissioner of revenue		472,538	472,538	457,581	14,957
Reassessment		-	-	13,544	(13,544)
Geographic information systems		163,055	163,055	138,629	24,426
Treasurer		408,070	408,530	404,565	3,965
Data processing	_	240,000	240,000	220,521	19,479
Total general and financial administration	\$_	1,882,876_\$_	1,883,336 \$	1,802,608	\$ 80,728
Board of elections:					
Electoral board and officials	\$	59,945 \$	59,945 \$	54,973	
Registrar	_	95,108	104,347	95,611	8,736
Total board of elections	\$_	<u> 155,053</u> \$_	164,292 \$	150,584	\$13,708
Total general government administration	\$	2,157,082 \$	2,166,781_\$_	2,039,067	\$ <u>127,714</u>
Judicial administration:					
Courts:					
Circuit court	\$	9,750 \$	9,750 \$	9,421	
General district court		15,640	15,640	11,138	4,502
Special magistrates		4,700	4,700	2,298	2,402
Juvenile and domestic relations court		12,420	12,420	12,492	(72)
Sheriff		223,100	223,100	219,142	3,958
Victim witness program		55,863	55,863	53,942	1,921
Clerk of the circuit court	_	377,585	377,585	386,621	(9,036)
Total courts	\$_	699,058 \$	699,058 \$	695,054	\$4,004
Commonwealth's attorney:	Ф	404 FOF #	422.0C2. ft	400.044	ф 22.740
Commonwealth's attorney	\$_	431,565 \$_	432,063 \$	408,314	
Total judicial administration	\$_	1,130,623 \$_	1,131,121 \$	1,103,368	\$ 27,753
Public safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control:	_				
Sheriff	\$	3,071,273 \$	3,448,049 \$	3,244,134	
Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act		27,757	27,757	27,495	262
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$_	3,099,030_\$_	3,475,806 \$	3,271,629	\$ 204,177
Fire and rescue services:	_			70:	
Volunteer fire departments and rescue squads	\$	797,000 \$	797,000 \$	784,853	
Fire and rescue services	_	416,404	755,114	720,382	34,732
Total fire and rescue services	\$_	1,213,404 \$_	1,552,114_\$	1,505,235	\$ 46,879
Correction and detention:					
Jail	\$	1,585,230 \$	1,617,687 \$	1,570,610	
Juvenile detention		321,582	321,582	268,901	52,681
Total correction and detention	\$	1,906,812_\$_	1,939,269 \$	1,839,511	\$ 99,758

For the	Year end	ed June 30	. 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Actvity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Public safety: (Continued)					
Inspections:					
Building	\$	216,597 \$	216,597 \$	215,632	
Zoning		111,891	111,891	107,811	4,080
Total inspections	\$_	328,488 \$_	328,488 \$_	323,443	\$5,045_
Other protection:					
Animal control	\$	323,087 \$	322,627 \$	302,310	\$ 20,317
Medical examiner		500	500	440	60
Concern hotline		2,000	2,000	2,000	-
Emergency services		8,423	8,423	8,423	*
Total other protection	\$_	334,010 \$	333,550 \$	313,173	\$ 20,377
Total public safety	\$	6,881,744 \$_	7,629,227 \$_	7,252,991	\$ 376,236
Public works:					
Sanitation and waste removal:					
Compactor sites	\$	93,550 \$	93,550 \$	75,512	\$ 18,038
Landfill	_	1,837,181	1,919,674	1,912,179	7,495
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$_	1,930,731 \$	2,013,224 \$	1,987,691	\$25,533_
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:					
General properties	\$_	468,091 \$	468,091 \$	449,979	\$ 18,112
Total public works	\$_	2,398,822 \$	2,481,315 \$	2,437,670	\$43,645_
Health and welfare: Health:					
Supplement of local health department	\$	238,796 \$	238,796 \$	238,796	-
Total health	\$_	238,796 \$	238,796 \$	238,796	\$
Mental health and mental retardation:					
Community services board	\$	71,100 \$	71,100 \$	71,100	-
Choices		5,000	5,000	5,000	
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$_	76,100 \$	76,100 \$	76,100	\$
Welfare:					
Welfare administration	\$	19,867 \$	19,867 \$	18,359	\$ 1,508
Shenandoah Area Agency on Aging		45,000	45,000	45,000	-
Shen-Paco industries		2,250	2,250	2,250	-
Tax relief for the elderly			-	240,516	(240,516)
Total welfare	\$_	<u>67,117</u> \$	67,117 \$	306,125	(239,008)
Total health and welfare	\$_	382,013 \$	382,013 \$	621,021	(239,008)
Education:					
Other instructional costs:					_
Contributions to L.F. Community College	\$	8,526 \$	8,526 \$	8,526	
Contribution to County School Board	ф	9,278,278	9,979,493	9,107,991	871,502
Total education	\$_	9,286,804 \$	9,988,019 \$	9,116,517	\$ 871,502
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks and recreation:					
Administration	\$_	66,480 \$_	66,480 \$_	62,036	
Total parks and recreation	\$	66,480 \$_	66,480 \$	62,036	§4,444_

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Actvity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Parks, recreation, and cultural: (Continued) Library:					
Regional library	\$_	182,758_\$_	182,758 \$	182,758	\$
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$_	249,238_\$	249,238 \$	244,794	\$4,444
Community development: Planning and community development: Planning	\$	31,580 \$	31,580 \$	13,726	\$ 17,854
Northern Shenandoah Planning Commission	•	11,047	11,047	11,595	(548)
Zoning		3,909	3,909	1,380	2,529
Economic development		228,453	228,453	230,822	(2,369)
Airport Commission		9,800	9,800	42,992	(33,192)
Chamber of Commerce	_	266,283	266,283	266,284	(1)
Total planning and community development	\$_	551,072 \$	551,072 \$	566,799	\$(15,727)
Environmental management:	c	•	15 765 ¢	5,622	10 1 4 2
Other environmental management Total environmental management	\$_ \$		15,765 \$ 15,765 \$	5,622	
•	Ψ_	Ψ_		0,022	70,110
Cooperative extension program: Administration	\$	70,200 \$	70,200 \$	69,647	\$ 553
4-H center	_	1,000	1,000	1,000	_
Total cooperative extension program	\$_	71,200 \$	71,200 \$	70,647	\$553
Total community development	\$_	622,272 \$	638,037 \$	643,068	\$ (5,031)
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	\$_	293,000 \$	283,018 \$	138,650	\$144,368
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$	1,986,150 \$	1,986,150 \$	1,900,636	\$ 85,514
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,872,837	2,872,837	2,872,837	
Total debt service	\$_	4,858,987 \$_	4,858,987 \$	4,773,473	
Total General Fund	\$_	28,260,585 \$	29,807,756 \$	28,370,619	\$ <u>1,437,137</u>
Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund:					
Health and welfare: Welfare and social services:					
Welfare administration	\$	2,401,053 \$	2,401,053 \$	1,969,116	\$ 431,937
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$_	<u>2,401,053</u> \$	2,401,053 \$	1,969,116	\$ 431,937
Comprehensive Services Act Fund: Health and welfare:					
Welfare and social services: Comprehensive services	\$	2,067,741 \$	2,067,741 \$	1,009,537	\$ 1,058,204
·	Ψ				
Total Comprehensive Services Act Fund	\$_	<u>2,067,741</u> \$	2,067,741 \$	1,009,537	\$1,058,204

Fund, Function, Actvity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)					
Parks and Recreation Fund:					
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks and recreation:	•	00.000 #	00.000		A 0.000
Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	30,000 \$	30,000	26,904	\$3,096_
Total Parks and Recreation fund	\$	30,000 \$	30,000_	26,904	\$3,096_
Capital Projects Fund:					
County Capital Improvements Fund:					
Capital projects expenditures:					
School construction	\$	49,000 \$	49,000 \$	\$ 239,375	\$ (190,375)
County office building		351,054	351,054	75,560	275,494
Total capital projects	\$	400,054 \$	400,054	314,935	\$ 85,119
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$	400,054 \$	400,054	314,935	\$85,119
Total Primary Government	\$ 3	33,159,433 \$	34,706,604	\$ 31,691,111	\$ 3,015,493
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:	-				
Special revenue funds:					
School Operating Fund:					
Education:					
Instructional	\$ 2	24,565,693 \$	25,266,908	24,252,604	\$ 1,014,304
Administration, attendance and health services		1,401,161	1,401,161	1,758,212	(357,051)
Pupil transportation		2,102,003	2,102,003	2,203,190	(101,187)
Operation and maintenance		3,417,034	3,417,034	3,366,764	50,270
Facilities		54,500	54,500	53,879	621
Technology		968,584	968,584	1,009,724	(41,140)
Total education	\$_3	32,508,975 \$	33,210,190	32,644,373	\$565,817
Total School Fund	\$3	32,508,975_\$	33,210,190	32,644,373	\$565,817
Cafeteria Fund:					
Education:					
School food services:					
Administration of school food program	\$	1,743,930 \$	1,899,355	1,761,241	\$138,114_
Total Cafeteria Fund	\$	1,743,930 \$	1,899,355	1,761,241	\$138,114
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$3	34,252,905 <u>\$</u>	35,109,545	34,405,614	\$703,931_



Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General					
Fiscal	Government	Judicial	Public	Publ	ic	Health and
 Year	Administration	Administration	 Safety	Work	(S	Welfare
2003	\$ 1,802,088	\$ 511,950	\$ 3,773,049	\$ 872	2,084 \$	3,578,116
2004	1,775,099	536,525	4,119,161	1,402	2,309	3,410,508
2005	2,242,701	567,197	5,130,121	3,645	,202	5,023,348
2006	2,391,188	912,629	5,562,040	4,237	,339	4,797,023
2007	2,721,418	1,031,210	6,326,121	2,284	,169	5,010,637
2008	2,594,416	1,127,851	6,465,844	2,632	2,231	5,124,721
2009	2,958,084	1,084,091	6,721,986	3,485	,849	4,864,647
2010	2,581,708	1,088,426	7,054,231	1,864	,433	4,450,952
2011	3,036,414	1,119,582	6,755,169	3,393	,399	3,804,608
2012	2,256,222	1,115,093	7,072,258	1,530	,469	3,582,940

Includes the primary government and component unit school board.

Table 1

		Parks, Recreation,	Community	Interest on Long-	
_	Education	and Cultural	Development	Term Debt	Total
\$	24,331,059	\$ 282,110	\$ 804,207 \$	5 277,226 \$	36,231,889
	31,550,735	239,088	1,237,918	279,279	44,550,622
	33,832,956	260,385	895,947	292,062	51,889,919
	39,170,831	304,228	1,042,107	518,790	58,936,175
	41,076,429	355,263	843,537	2,057,773	61,706,557
	43,792,754	361,870	1,167,563	2,741,544	66,008,794
	47,448,393	372,810	2,394,702	3,000,078	72,330,640
	54,783,120	280,664	1,009,738	3,130,944	76,244,216
	46,251,934	237,294	491,427	3,038,008	68,127,835
	47,171,896	271,922	645,888	3,057,354	66,704,042

Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

		PF	ROG	RAM REVENU	ES		 	
Fiscal Year		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	 General Property Taxes	 Other Local Taxes
2003	\$	1,689,687	\$	11,445,428	\$	153,292	\$ 10,796,506	\$ 2,580,809
2004	·	2,019,634	•	12,344,452	•	953,309	11,874,051	2,740,223
2005		2,051,081		14,382,906		175,370	10,938,203	2.949.991
2006		3,234,225		27,467,464		440,382	13,906,915	3,326,249
2007		3,337,956		30,146,101		152,368	14,274,262	2,749,063
2008		3,357,231		33,534,523		151,763	17,042,154	3,323,138
2009		4,350,698		31,739,721		148,953	17,161,221	3,294,671
2010		4,807,491		29,524,205		275,594	17,648,296	3,139,321
2011		4,474,002		28,916,943		•	18,577,570	3,148,384
2012		4,260,003		29,045,124		-	19,396,791	3,332,411

Includes the primary government and component unit school board.

	GENERAL RE	EVI				Grants and Contributions	•			
	Privilege Fees, Regulatory		Unrestricted Investment			Not Restricted to Specific		Extraordinary		
-	Licenses	_	Earnings	_	Miscellaneous	Programs		item		Total
\$	152,574	\$	106,935	\$	16,599	\$ 12,654,359	\$	- \$;	39,596,189
	-		82,081		126,951	18,060,211		-		48,200,912
	-		242,075		481,585	19,707,978		(7,967,220)		42,961,969
	-		245,063		266,186	10,494,961		· -		59,381,445
	-		2,054,857		113,272	9,862,420		-		62,690,299
	-		2,214,945		192,889	10,976,833		•		70,793,476
	-		610,312		291,172	13,314,721				70,911,469
	-		69,257		191,687	18,088,385		-		73,744,236
	-		61,542		204,922	13,066,031		-		68,449,394
	-		58,599		144,457	12,999,469		•		69,236,854

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government Administration	Judicial Administration	Public Safety	Public Works	Health and Welfare
2012	\$ 2,039,067 \$	1,103,368 \$	7,252,991 \$	2,437,670 \$	3,599,674
2011	2,788,787	1,101,332	6,534,815	2,099,341	3,779,579
2010	2,320,872	1,064,870	6,809,527	2,325,513	4,424,999
2009	2,749,489	1,074,252	6,628,711	3,121,167	4,863,039
2008	2,261,845	1,117,154	6,448,574	2,225,291	5,121,971
2007	2,351,468	1,029,276	6,447,115	1,974,751	4,980,512
2006	2,154,250	918,482	5,561,815	2,175,521	4,793,577
2005	2,045,242	552,205	5,101,149	2,618,203	4,301,745
2004	1,748,387	534,265	4,064,554	1,444,263	3,397,920
2003	1,661,630	506,893	3,984,258	1,041,738	3,528,163

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

⁽²⁾ Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

_	Education (2)	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	_	Community Development	 Non- departmental	 Debt Service	 Total
\$	34,414,140	271,698	\$	643,068	\$ 138,650	\$ 4,773,473	\$ 56,673,799
	33,957,085	237,294		514,911	189,029	5,072,539	56,274,712
	36,483,139	282,782		1,004,646	218,375	5,101,331	60,036,054
	35,985,627	370,641		2,391,289	175,749	5,018,670	62,378,634
	34,049,948	359,460		1,168,975	121,073	4,143,954	57,018,245
	32,937,411	354,933		833,154	159,074	1,446,480	52,514,174
	30,265,796	302,498		1,031,354	193,941	11,115,864	58,513,098
	27,068,031	261,496		657,747	177,861	876,320	43,659,999
	26,294,403	238,320		1,042,445	-	904,860	39,669,417
	23,855,414	281,615		685,457	69,938	936,668	36,551,774

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Property Taxes	 Other Local Taxes	_	Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	Fines and Forfeitures	 Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	Charges for Services
2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005	\$ 19,256,025 \$ 18,277,353 17,076,620 16,636,631 16,761,743 14,484,551 12,987,869 11,281,113	3,332,411 3,148,384 3,139,321 3,294,671 3,323,138 3,349,730 3,326,249 2,949,991	\$	162,688 181,311 200,275 240,406 312,018 409,010 263,136 246,273	\$ 91,632 78,282 89,120 112,288 86,630 54,251 20,355 17,087	\$ 51,375 \$ 61,542 69,257 172,526 455,588 571,946 245,063 214,488	4,005,683 4,214,409 4,518,096 3,998,004 2,958,583 2,837,064 2,624,771 1,682,675
2004 2003	11,484,813 10,968,864	2,740,223 2,580,809		159,776 152,574	10,629 20,352	57,614 89,060	1,849,229 1,669,335

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Units.

⁽²⁾ Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

Table 4

	Inter-	
Miscellaneous	governmental (2)	Total
\$ 144,457 \$	30,855,111 \$	57,899,382
204,922	30,745,848	56,912,051
191,687	31,646,717	56,931,093
291,172	33,828,946	58,574,644
192,889	32,871,171	56,961,760
113,272	32,194,834	54,014,658
266,986	29,871,104	49,605,533
493,262	27,560,147	44,445,036
126,951	25,111,708	41,540,943
16,599	24,253,079	39,750,672

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1,3)	Current Tax Collections (1) (4)	(5) Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2,4)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2012 \$	19,403,213	\$ 18,282,591	94%	- \$	18,282,591	94.22%	2,753,537	14.19%
2011	19,403,213	18,204,086	94%	123,564	18,327,650	91.75%	2,809,901	14.48%
2010	18,389,681	17,476,832	95%	355,497	17,832,329	96.97%	2,578,334	14.02%
2009	18,041,342	16,605,832	92%	1,075,416	17,681,248	98.00%	2,290,478	12.70%
2008	17,742,263	16,109,021	91%	1,391,317	17,500,338	99.00%	2,308,858	13.01%
2007	15,621,561	14,668,962	94%	787,031	15,455,993	98.00%	2,197,649	14.07%
2006	15,810,214	12,863,380	81%	2,895,640	15,759,020	99.68%	1,573,679	9.95%
2005	12,283,947	11,309,130	92%	923,862	12,232,992	98.00%	1,286,692	10.47%
2004	12,540,769	11,334,556	90%	1,163,428	12,497,984	98.00%	1,766,421	14.09%
2003	11,821,035	10,777,131	91%	1,001,221	11,778,352	98.00%	1,431,942	12.11%

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

⁽²⁾ Includes three most current delinquent tax years and first half of current tax year.

^{(3) 1999} was the first year for personal property tax relief by the Commonwealth of Virginia.

⁽⁴⁾ During 2003-2004, a large County taxpayer filed for bankruptcy. The amount due in these years was \$259,174 and \$129,220 respectively which increased the amount of outstanding taxes at year end.

⁽⁵⁾ The first half of 2006 PPTRA levy will not be able to be collected by the County until December, resulting in a lower collection %.

	Personal				Public	Se	rvice		
Real Estate	Property &		Machinery and Tools	_	Real Estate		Personal Property		Total
1,981,271,373	172,938,572	\$	24,212,520	\$	56,601,652	\$	474,580	\$	2,235,498,697
2,134,124,400	168,781,100		24,648,928		75,016,471		16,025		2,402,586,924
2,280,983,900	181,124,448		24,955,483		72,698,741		16,025		2,559,778,597
2,264,983,200	174,593,871		24,618,443		67,861,578		23,725		2,532,080,817
2,242,856,500	188,690,673		22,227,076		59,930,248		29,710		2,513,734,207
1,711,515,700	191,693,126		22,404,153		40,687,398		26,289		1,966,326,666
1,180,515,800	276,822,073		35,212,565		50,947,774		40,143		1,543,538,355
1,152,721,350	148,838,075		26,230,035		51,768,150		61,131		1,379,618,741
1,129,510,700	151,925,285		40,227,075		55,715,193		48,915		1,377,427,168
998,697,750	144,003,465		41,513,060		48,312,800		73,511		1,232,600,586
	Estate 1,981,271,373 \$ 2,134,124,400 2,280,983,900 2,264,983,200 2,242,856,500 1,711,515,700 1,180,515,800 1,152,721,350 1,129,510,700	Estate Mobile Homes 1,981,271,373 \$ 172,938,572 2,134,124,400 168,781,100 2,280,983,900 181,124,448 2,264,983,200 174,593,871 2,242,856,500 188,690,673 1,711,515,700 191,693,126 1,180,515,800 276,822,073 1,152,721,350 148,838,075 1,129,510,700 151,925,285	Estate Mobile Homes 1,981,271,373 \$ 172,938,572 \$ 2,134,124,400 168,781,100 2,280,983,900 181,124,448 124,448 2,264,983,200 174,593,871 188,690,673 1,711,515,700 191,693,126 1,180,515,800 276,822,073 1,152,721,350 148,838,075 1,129,510,700 151,925,285	Estate Mobile Homes and Tools 1,981,271,373 \$ 172,938,572 \$ 24,212,520 2,134,124,400 168,781,100 24,648,928 2,280,983,900 181,124,448 24,955,483 2,264,983,200 174,593,871 24,618,443 2,242,856,500 188,690,673 22,227,076 1,711,515,700 191,693,126 22,404,153 1,180,515,800 276,822,073 35,212,565 1,152,721,350 148,838,075 26,230,035 1,129,510,700 151,925,285 40,227,075	Estate Mobile Homes and Tools 1,981,271,373 \$ 172,938,572 \$ 24,212,520 \$ 2,134,124,400 \$ 168,781,100 24,648,928 2,280,983,900 181,124,448 24,955,483 2,264,983,200 174,593,871 24,618,443 2,242,856,500 188,690,673 22,227,076 1,711,515,700 191,693,126 22,404,153 1,180,515,800 276,822,073 35,212,565 1,152,721,350 148,838,075 26,230,035 1,129,510,700 151,925,285 40,227,075	Estate Mobile Homes and Tools Real Estate 1,981,271,373 \$ 172,938,572 \$ 24,212,520 \$ 56,601,652 2,134,124,400 168,781,100 24,648,928 75,016,471 2,280,983,900 181,124,448 24,955,483 72,698,741 2,264,983,200 174,593,871 24,618,443 67,861,578 2,242,856,500 188,690,673 22,227,076 59,930,248 1,711,515,700 191,693,126 22,404,153 40,687,398 1,180,515,800 276,822,073 35,212,565 50,947,774 1,152,721,350 148,838,075 26,230,035 51,768,150 1,129,510,700 151,925,285 40,227,075 55,715,193	Estate Mobile Homes and Tools Real Estate 1,981,271,373 \$ 172,938,572 \$ 24,212,520 \$ 56,601,652 \$ 2,134,124,400 \$ 168,781,100 24,648,928 75,016,471 72,280,983,900 \$ 181,124,448 24,955,483 72,698,741 72,698,741 72,264,983,200 174,593,871 24,618,443 67,861,578 72,242,856,500 188,690,673 22,227,076 59,930,248 1,711,515,700 191,693,126 22,404,153 40,687,398 1,180,515,800 276,822,073 35,212,565 50,947,774 1,152,721,350 148,838,075 26,230,035 51,768,150 1,129,510,700 151,925,285 40,227,075 55,715,193	Estate Mobile Homes and Tools Real Estate Property 1,981,271,373 \$ 172,938,572 \$ 24,212,520 \$ 56,601,652 \$ 474,580 2,134,124,400 168,781,100 24,648,928 75,016,471 16,025 2,280,983,900 181,124,448 24,955,483 72,698,741 16,025 2,264,983,200 174,593,871 24,618,443 67,861,578 23,725 2,242,856,500 188,690,673 22,227,076 59,930,248 29,710 1,711,515,700 191,693,126 22,404,153 40,687,398 26,289 1,180,515,800 276,822,073 35,212,565 50,947,774 40,143 1,152,721,350 148,838,075 26,230,035 51,768,150 61,131 1,129,510,700 151,925,285 40,227,075 55,715,193 48,915	Estate Mobile Homes and Tools Real Estate Property 1,981,271,373 \$ 172,938,572 \$ 24,212,520 \$ 56,601,652 \$ 474,580 \$ 2,134,124,400 168,781,100 24,648,928 75,016,471 16,025

⁽¹⁾ Assessment at 100% of value.

⁽²⁾ County began semi-annual billing in 1998 for real estate. Accordingly, the levies and collections for the year 1998 include those for calendar year 1997 and the first half of 1998.

^{(3) 2006} was the first year the County implemented semi-annual billing for personal property.

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years	_	Real Estate/ Mobile Homes (2)		Personal Property		Machinery and Tools/ Motor Carrier		Farm Machinery
2012	\$	0.48/0.64	\$	4.64	\$	2.00	\$	0.30
2011	•	0.48/0.64	т	4.64	•	2.00	*	0.30
2010		0.48		4.64		2.00		0.30
2009		0.48		4.64/3.90		2.00		0.30
2008		0.48		3.90		2.00		0.30
2007		0.67/0.48		3.00/3.90		2.00		0.60/.30
2006		0.67		3.00		2.00		0.60
2005		0.67		3.00		2.00		0.60
2004		0.67		3.00		2.00		0.60
2003		0.74/0.67		3.00		2.00		0.60

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ The rates shown are for the second half/first half of 2002/2003;2006/2007, 2010/2011. All other years the rates remained consistent throughout the fiscal year.

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)		Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2012	24,042 \$	2,235,498,697	\$	64,523,273	2.89% \$	2,683.77
2012	24,042 \$ 24,042	2,402,586,924	φ	66,382,718	2.76%	2,761.11
2011	24,164	2,559,778,597		68,254,645	2.67%	2,824.64
2009	24,164	2,532,080,817		69,800,007	2.76%	2,888.59
2008	23,177	2,513,734,207		70,872,719	2.82%	3,057.89
2007	23,177	1,966,326,666		57,653,918	2.93%	2,487.55
2006	23,177	1,543,538,355		14,429,005	0.93%	622.56
2005	23,177	1,379,618,741		14,236,867	1.03%	614.27
2004	23,177	1,377,427,168		4,758,933	0.35%	205.33
2003	23,177	1,232,600,586		5,865,000	0.48%	253.05

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ From Table 6.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and Literary Fund Loans. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, compensated absences.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Principal (4)	 Interest	 Total Debt Service (2)	 Total General Governmental Expenditures (3)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2012	\$ 1,900,636	\$ 2,872,837	\$ 4,773,473	\$ 56,673,799	8.42%
2011	1,947,591	3,124,948	5,072,539	56,274,712	9.01%
2010	1,901,841	3,199,490	5,101,331	60,036,054	8.50%
2009	1,597,801	2,486,408	4,084,209	62,378,634	6.55%
2008	888,384	2,473,509	3,361,893	57,018,245	5.90%
2007	649,837	796,643	1,446,480	52,514,174	2.75%
2006	599,369	516,495	1,115,864	58,513,098	1.91%
2005	606,826	269,494	876,320	43,659,999	2.01%
2004	615,018	289,842	904,860	39,669,417	2.28%
2003	663,283	273,385	936,668	36,823,254	2.54%

⁽¹⁾ Includes General Obligation Bonds, State Literary Fund Loans, and Capital Leases.

⁽²⁾ Excludes bond issuance and other costs.

⁽³⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

⁽⁴⁾ Does not include \$10,000,000 loan paid off with 2006 bond issue.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF PAGE, VIRGINIA

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Page, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Page, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

Management of the County of Page, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Page, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Page, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Page, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements of the County of Page, Virginia will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters:

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Page, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Page, Virginia in a separate letter dated November 30, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Staunton, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cax Associates

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF PAGE, VIRGINIA

Compliance

We have audited County of Page, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each the County of Page, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. County of Page, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Page, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Page, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Page, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County of Page, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, County of Page, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2012-1.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of County of Page, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered County of Page, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Page, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2012-1. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The County of Page, Virginia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County of Page, Virginia's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Staunton, Virginia November 30, 2012

Robinson, Farmer, lax Associates

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants For the				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010110	\$	216,979
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	216,979
Department of Natural Resources and Conservation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Environmental Quality:				
DEQ rent royalties	66.000	n/a	\$	107
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:	00.050	4400444	r.	04.040
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100111	\$	81,212
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120111		64,640
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400111		200,683
Refugee & Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500111		327
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600411		16,328
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900110		595
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000111		124,256
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150110		2,664
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950110		11,472
Medical Assistance Program (Title XIX)	93.778	1200111		131,792
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540111		6,539
CHAFEE Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160110		1,899
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster				.,000
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	0770110		69,300
Child Care - Mandatory and Matching Funds	00.070	0770110		03,300
, ,	02 506	0760444		40.000
of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760111		42,282
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	753,989
Department of the Interior: Direct Payments:				
•				
Bureau of Land Management:	45.000	1-	•	440 470
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	n/a	ъ	113,479
Department of Housing and Community Development				
Pass Through Payments:				
Appalachian Regional Commission:				
Appalachian Regional Development	23.001	n/a	\$	62,000
, pparadinari regionali Borotophiani	25.001	iva	Ψ	02,000
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
Bullet proof vest partnership program	16.607	n/a	\$	8,110
Edward Bryne Memorial justice assistance grant	16.738	39001-41000	,	78,672
•		39001-51000		,
		39001-61000		
Enforcing underage drinking laws program	16.727	n/a		6,958
	10.141	11/0		0,500
Total Department of Justice				93,740

COUNTY OF PAGE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued)
Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board
Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Homeland Security:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Emergency Services:			
Domestic preparedness equipment grant	97.067	n/a	\$ 28,897
Disaster grants - public assistance	97.036	n/a	8,016
Emergency management performance grant	97.042	n/a	24,723
Citizens community resilience innovation challenge	97.053	n/a	10,100
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$71,736
Department of Transportation:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:			
State and community highway safety program	20.600	60507-50212	\$ 20,226
		60507-50292	
		60507-59101	
		60507-50102	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government			\$1,332,256
COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD:			
Department of Agricultures			
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster			
Department of Education:	10 552	17001 40501	e 167.700
School breakfast program	10.553	17901-40591	\$ 167,729
Department of Education:			
National school lunch program	10.555	17901-40623	\$ 875,335
Department of Agriculture:			
Food distribution-school lunch	10.555	17901-40623	93,425
Total School Lunch Program			\$968,760
Schools and Roads State Grant Program	10.665	n/a	43,215
Total Department of Agriculture			\$1,179,704
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Adult Education Basic Grants to States	84.002	17901-42801	\$ 39,667
		17901-61380	
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	17901-42901	1,041,446
ARRA Education technology state grants-recovery act	84.386	17901-60897	2,177

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Education (Continued):			
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	17901-43071	681,021
Special education-preschool grant	84.173	17901-62521	16,383
ARRA-Special education - grants to states	84.391	17901-61245	408,365
ARRA-Special education-preschool grant	84.392	17901-61247	14,762
Career and Technical Education:			
Basic grants to states	84.048	17901-61095	69,578
Safe and Drug free schools and communities - National Programs	84.184	Q184L090484	5,230
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	n/a	187,592
ARRA-Education Jobs Fund	84.410	n/a	12,653
ARRA-State fiscal stabilization fund-education state grants	84.394	n/a	781,154
Total Department of Education			\$3,260,028
Corporation for National and Community Services: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education:			
Learn and Serve America-School and Community Based Programs	94.004	n/a	\$15,802
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Component Unit School Board			\$4,455,534
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Reporting Entity			\$5,787,790

NOTE 1-BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Page, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2012. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Page, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County of Page, Virginia.

NOTE 2-SUMMARY OF SIGFNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3-FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2012, the County had food commodities totaling \$55,108 in inventory.

NOTE 4-RELATIONSHIP TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 361,288
Special Revenue Fund:	
Virginia Public Assistance Fund	970,969
Total primary government	\$ 1,332,257
Discretely presented component unit - School Board:	
School operating fund	\$ 3,319,045
School cafeteria fund	1,136,488
Total discretely presented component unit - School Board	\$ 4,455,533
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of	
Federal awards	\$ 5,787,790

COUNTY OF PAGE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results Financial Statements: Type of auditors' report issued unqualified Internal control over financial reporting: - Material weakness(es) identified? ___ yes <u>x</u> no - Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ___ yes <u>x</u> no Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? ___ yes <u>x</u> no Federal Awards: Internal control over major programs: - Material weakness(es) identified? ___ yes <u>x</u> no x yes __ no - Significant deficiency(ies) identified? unqualified Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133? _x yes ___ no Identification of major programs: CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Cluster Grants

84.394	ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization F	und-Education State G			
Special Education	Cluster (IDEA):				
84.027	Special Education-Grants to States				
84.173	Special Education-Preschool Grants				
84.391	Grants to States				
84.392	Preschool Grants				
Dollar threshold use	ed to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$300,000			
Auditee qualified as	s low-risk auditee?	x yes no			

COUNTY OF PAGE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Section II-Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2012-1

CFDA Title: ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Funds (SFSF)

CFDA Number: 84.394

Federal Award Number: S394A090047/S410A100047

Federal Award Year: 2009/2010

Criteria: OMB Circular A-133 requires that ARRA funds be accounted for seperately from

expenditures of non-ARRA awards.

Condition: Upon request, school board staff was unable to provide documentation supporting

expenditures requested for reimbursement under the SFSF Basic Aid reimbursement request. Adequate records that seperately track and account for State Fiscal

Stabilization funds were not maintained.

Questioned Costs: Due to the nature and purpose of funding, there are no questioned costs.

Context: Due to the nature of the expense funding, we feel that \$781,154 did fund payroll;

however, the client did not follow program requirements documenting the use of those

funds prior to disbursement and request for reimbursement.

Effect: Expenditures may be requested for reimbursement under more than one program or

may not be allowable, resulting in questioned costs and the possibility that

reimbursements are due back to the State or Federal government.

Cause: Due to the nature of the funds, the School Finance Director was unaware that she had

to maintain documentation supporting this request.

Recommendation: Implement procedures to review compliance requirements in detail so that all

requirements are met. This is crucial when new grants are involved. Grant expenditures and requests for reimbursement should be fully documented prior to the

requests being filed.

Management's Response:

Section IV-Summary Schedule of Prior Findings

There were no prior year findings.

