COUNTY OF POWHATAN, VIRGINIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



COUNTY OF POWHATAN, VIRGINIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



PREPARED BY:

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE POWHATAN, VIRGINIA



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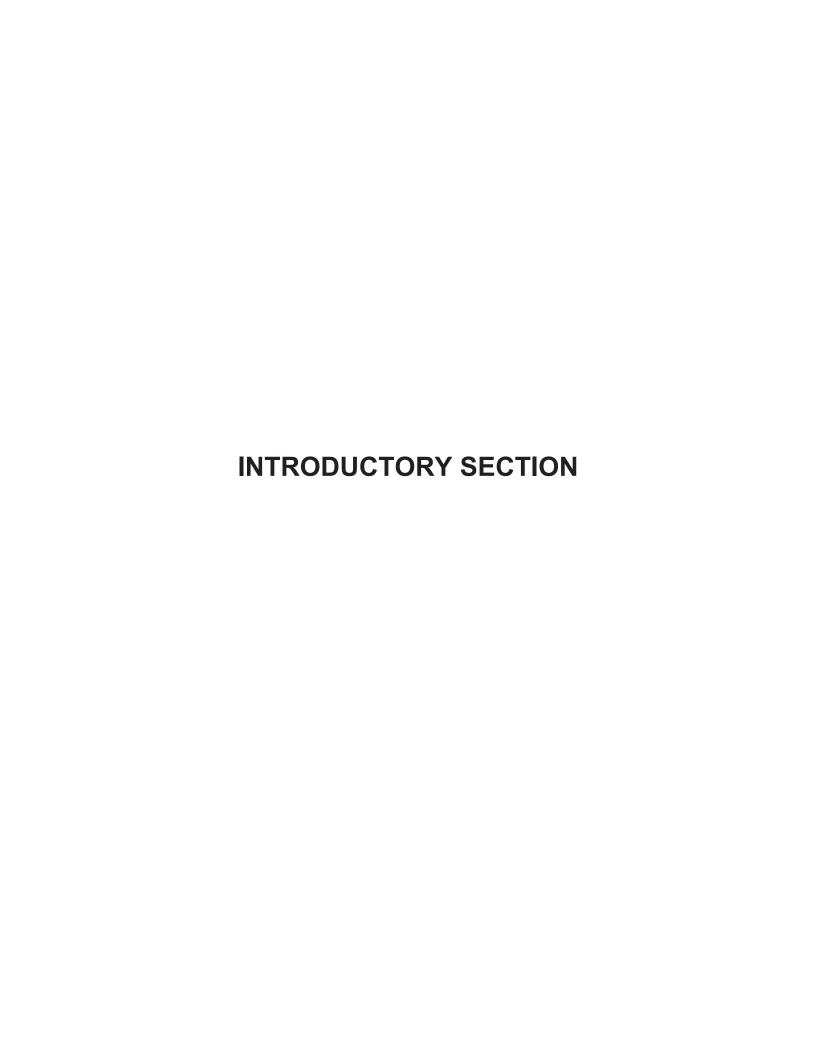
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COUNTY OF POWHATAN, VIRGINIA

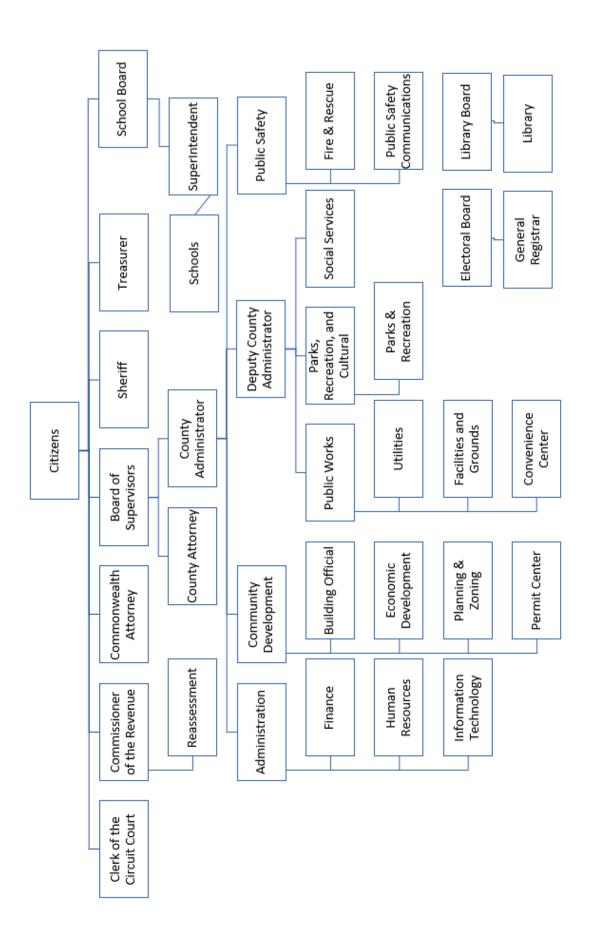
DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

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	DOTALD OF GOT ENVIOUNG			
	Steve W. McClung, Chair Denise Morrissette, Vice Chair			
William (Bill) Donati, Jr	Robert Powers	Mark Kinney		
	SCHOOL BOARD			
	Dr. James Taylor, Chair Vicki Hurt, Vice Chair			
Susan Smith	Jeanne Wade	Michele Ward		
	SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD			
	Ken Filiben, Chair			
Sean Campbell	Connie Thompson Lynne LaPierre	Lindia Cox		
	OTHER OFFICIALS			
Clerk of the Circuit Court Commonwealth's Attorney		Teresa H. Dobbins Rob Cerullo		

Clerk of the Circuit Court
Commonwealth's Attorney
Treasurer
Sheriff
Superintendent of Schools
Director of Social Services
Commissioner of the Revenue
County Administrator
Director of Finance – County
Assistant Superintendent of Finance

Teresa H. Dobbins
Rob Cerullo
Rebecca Nunnally
Bradford Nunnally
Dr. Beth Teigen
Megan Carroll
James B. Timberlake, II
Bret Schardein
Charla W. Schubert
Debbie Halloway



Board of Supervisors
Steve McClung, Chair
Denise Morrissette, Vice Chair
William (Bill) Donati, Jr.
Robert Powers
Mark Kinney



<u>County Administrator</u> Bret Schardein

The County Of Powhatan

November 30, 2025

Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors and Citizens County of Powhatan Powhatan, Virginia:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the County of Powhatan, Virginia, (the County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, is hereby submitted. The *Code of Virginia* requires that all local governments shall be audited annually with a report to the governing body by December 31. This report is published to fulfill that requirement.

As management, we assume full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information contained in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, we have established a comprehensive internal control framework that is established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatements.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Brown, Edwards & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor has issued an unmodified opinion on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the Financial Section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is found immediately following the independent auditor's report. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. These reports are available in the Single Audit Section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Profile of the County

Powhatan II lived from 1550 - 1618 and was the paramount Virginia Native American chief during the period of the founding of Jamestown in a land Europeans called "The New World". Jamestown (1607) had the distinction of being the first permanent English colony in the Americas. Chief Powhatan headed a tribal alliance of 32 Indian nations, known as the "Powhatan Confederacy". Its boundaries stretched from North Carolina to Washington, D.C., to the Eastern Shore region (approximately 16,000 square miles). He is popularly well-known to be the father of Pocahontas, the Pamunkey Indian child who supposedly saved the life of Captain John Smith. In early 1617 Powhatan went to the Tauxenent (Dogue) town of May-umps near the mouth of Virginia's Occoquan River. By May 1618 he died and his body may have remained with the Tauxenents until its transfer for burial in a sacred place in 1621. His interment site is believed to be in a large mound on the Pamunkey Reservation in King William County.

Profile of the County (Continued)

The first European settlers along the James River in the area west of present-day Chesterfield County were the French Huguenots in the early 1700's. Subsequently, the County was created by the Virginia General Assembly in 1777 and was named in honor of Chief Powhatan. The County of Powhatan, a community of 31,365 people and 272 square miles, is located in Virginia's Central Piedmont region between the Appomattox and James Rivers. Powhatan is twenty miles west of Richmond, the Commonwealth's capital city, and is within an easy two-hour drive to the Atlantic Ocean, Washington D.C., Colonial Williamsburg, and the Blue Ridge Mountains.



The governing body, a five-member Board of Supervisors elected by district for four-year terms, sets the policies for the County. The Board of Supervisors hires a County Administrator to act as Chief Administrative Officer. The County Administrator serves at the pleasure of the Board of Supervisors, carries out the policies established by the Board of Supervisors, and oversees the daily administration of the County. Powhatan County Public Schools (PCPS) is governed by a five-member School Board who are elected by district for four-year terms. The School Board hires the Superintendent who is the Chief Administrative Officer of PCPS. The County Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Revenue, the Commonwealth's Attorney, the Clerk of the Circuit Court and the Sheriff are elected at-large by the voters. The judges of the Circuit Court, General District Court, and the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Courts are appointed by the Virginia legislature.

The County provides a full range of municipal-type services including public safety (sheriff, fire, and EMS), health and social services, public improvements, planning, zoning and building inspections, recreation and cultural services, solid waste and recycling disposal, and general administrative services. The County also operates a public water system along the eastern portion of Andersen Highway and two wastewater treatment plants in the central and eastern parts of the County.

Profile of the County (Continued)

In accordance with the requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units qualifying for inclusion in this report is Powhatan County Public Schools (PCPS) and Powhatan County Economic Development Authority. The discretely presented component units are reported separately in the financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operation and cash flows from those of the primary government.

The annual operating budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. All departments of the County are required to submit their recommended budgets to the County Administrator in January. The County Administrator uses these recommendations as the starting point for developing his proposed budget. The County Administrator presents the proposed budget to the Board of Supervisors usually by the beginning of March. The School Board presents the proposed budget for PCPS to the Board of Supervisors by mid-March. The Board of Supervisors holds public work sessions in March and April to discuss the budget. The Board of Supervisors is required to hold a public hearing and adopt a budget by May 15 for the fiscal year beginning July 1. PCPS budget is appropriated and controlled at the total budget level. The County's appropriated budget is legally controlled at the fund level. The Board of Supervisors must approve all transfers between funds. The County Administrator may make transfers of appropriations within a fund.

Local economy

The 2024 residential/commercial is 93% / 7%. For the fiscal year end (FYE) 2024, revenue from sales tax increased 6.3% over FYE 2023. The County's unemployment rate increased to 2.8% in FY 2024, which is higher than the state rate of 2.7% and lower than the national rate of 4%.

Long term financial planning

On June 22, 2016, Standard & Poor's affirmed the County's bond rating of AA+ and assigned a stable outlook. Standard & Poor's AA+ rating was based on their assessment of the county's strong economy, strong management conditions with what they considered "strong" financial policies and practices, very strong budgetary flexibility with a history of available reserves above 29% of expenditures, very strong liquidity, and very weak debt and contingent liabilities, which includes overall net debt at less than 3.8% of market value.

Relevant financial policies

The County believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the County to always provide a stable financial base. To retain this stable financial base, the County maintains an unassigned General Fund Balance sufficient to fund all cash flows of the County, to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and for revenue shortfalls. Policy guidelines have established this amount at a minimum of 15% of operating revenues of the same fiscal year net of transfers. The County has also established a capital maintenance reserve within its fund balance policy where any fund balance remaining over and above the assigned fund balances is to be maintained for non-recurring needs of the County. Only the Board of Supervisors can determine these needs and authorize the use of the capital reserve fund balance.

In addition, policies and procedures are being developed or revised periodically to provide better clarification, more detail of practice, and to strengthen documentation of management.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Powhatan for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department. We wish to thank all county departments and Powhatan County Public Schools for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. The Board of Supervisors are to be commended for their support in strategically planning and managing the fiscal policies of the County.

Respectfully submitted,

But Schanden

Bret Schardein

County Administrator

Charla W. Schubert Director of Finance

Charle W. Schubert



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Powhatan Virginia

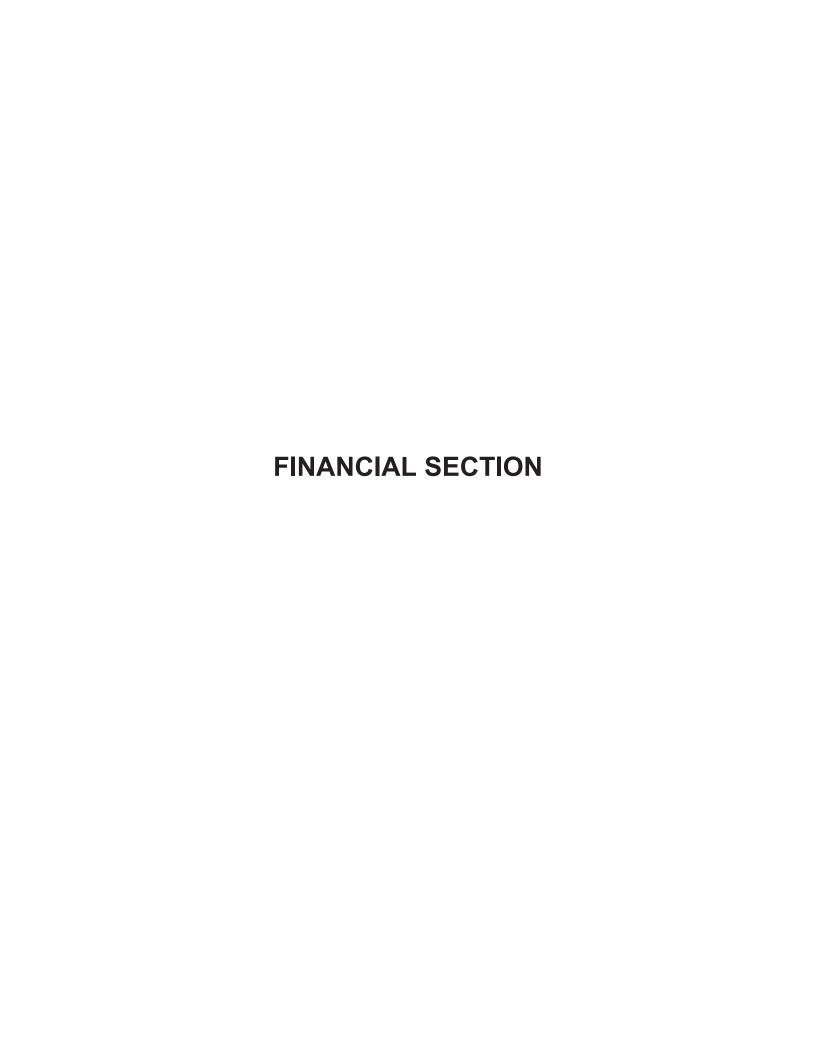
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Powhatan, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business -type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Powhatan (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* and *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States

of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2024 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an

integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 18, 2024

County of Powhatan, Virginia

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

This section of the County of Powhatan (the "County") comprehensive annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which can be found on pages iii-vi and with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County, on a government-wide basis excluding
 component units, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent
 fiscal year by \$70,617,820 (net position). Of this amount, \$54,410,226 (unrestricted net position) may be
 used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position, excluding component units, increased by \$1,826,049, of which the governmental activities increased \$1,5551,511 and business-type activities increased by \$274,538.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$51,319,678, an increase of \$2,681,159 in comparison with the prior year. The increase was due largely due to an increase in general property taxes, which grew as a result of a 5.5% increase in real estate assessments and 7.5% in personal property assessments. The real estate growth was driven by the increase in real estate market values. Approximately 22% of this amount, \$11,435,177, is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$16,257,104 or 15% of total operating revenues of the general, school operating and school cafeteria funds (\$108,380,694). The County's policy is to maintain the general fund unassigned fund balance of 15% of operating revenues. General fund unassigned fund balance as a percent of operating revenues as calculated in accordance with the County's Unassigned Fund Balance Policy R-2015-62 of 15 percent is \$16,257,104. The County maintains a capital maintenance reserve for the County's capital needs. The County funds the capital maintenance reserve with fund balance in excess of the 15 percent policy less any budget carryforwards, nonspendable fund balance, transportation capital reserve, broadband capital investment reserve, economic incentive program, road construction and schools' capital maintenance reserve. The amount in the County capital maintenance reserve is \$9,972,309.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of the County's finances using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Additionally, to assess the overall financial health of the County one must also consider non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and cultural, community development, and education. The business-type activities are for water and sewer utilities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate school board for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for the *component units* are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, this measures cash and other liquid assets that can be readily converted to cash.

The County maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, County Capital Projects Fund and the Grants Fund, which are all considered to be major funds. Data for the other seven County funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund financial statements (continued)

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

The County maintains one type of *Proprietary Fund.* The County uses *enterprise funds*, which are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements, to account for its water and sewer utilities. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-25 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund statement can be found on pages 26-27 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28-130 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. It also provides information on the progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and health insurance to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 131-145 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found starting on page 147 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

An analysis of the County's financial position with a review of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These two statements report the County's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the County's financial position can also be affected by non-financial factors, including economic conditions, population growth and new regulations.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial standing. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$70.6 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A portion of the County's net position (\$16,207,694, 23% of total) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities (i.e., the County's investment in capital assets are of a permanent nature as assets acquired are generally not sold or otherwise disposed of during their useful life).

Unrestricted net position of \$54.4 million or 77% may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

capital assets

Unrestricted (deficit)

Total net position

Restricted

The following table reflects the condensed Summary of Net Position as presented in the government-wide financial statement:

										Primary Go	vernr	nent				
		Government	tal Ac	tivities	Business-type Activities				Tot		Component Units					
		2024		2023		2024		2023		2024	_	2023		2024		2023
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	87,186,116 95,069,913	\$	85,055,699 93,752,845	\$	2,456,536 19,479,876	\$	2,336,823 20,077,504	\$	89,642,652 114,549,789	\$	87,392,522 113,830,349	\$	5,651,699 30,892,550	\$	5,367,088 24,408,500
Total assets	\$	182,256,029	\$	178,808,544	\$	21,936,412	\$	22,414,327	\$	204,192,441	\$	201,222,871	\$	36,544,249	\$	29,775,588
Deferred outflows of resources:																
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,868,657	\$	1,574,532	\$	37,518	\$	37,211	\$	1,906,175	\$	1,611,743	\$	4,905,647	\$	4,712,574
Difference between expected and actual experience and change in assumptions - pension		503,771		1,332,984		10,124		31,550		513,895		1,364,534		1,283,576		2,683,259
Other deferred outflows - pension		1,171,771		-		23,548		-		1,195,319		-		2,596,275		-
Deferred outflows - OPEB		1,259,625		1,392,076		33,491		41,439		1,293,116		1,433,515		5,488,999		6,850,593
Change in proportion - teacher cost sharing pool		-		-		-		-		-		-		286,608		391,824
Deferred amounts on bond																
refunding		930,673		1,058,789		564,845		616,070		1,495,518		1,674,859		-	_	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	5,734,497	\$	5,358,381	\$	669,526	\$	726,270	\$	6,404,023	\$	6,084,651	\$	14,561,105	\$	14,638,250
Current liabilities	\$	2,542,682	\$	2,516,542	\$	336,893	\$	240,480	\$	2,879,575	\$	2,757,022	\$	3,700,566	\$	3,048,802
Long-term liabilities:																
Net pension liability		3,545,578		2,502,312		71,217		59,226		3,616,795		2,561,538		28,534,661		9,520,598
Other postemployment payable		2,728,296		3,642,548		56,638		91,123		2,784,934		3,733,671		10,711,319		24,647,108
Due within one year		7,423,129		6,742,879		950,536		881,270		8,373,665		7,624,149		216,080		228,527
Due in more than one year		82,756,833		82,123,750	_	12,019,977	_	12,973,873		94,776,810		95,097,623	_	2,433,545	_	2,449,343
Total liabilities	\$	98,996,518	\$	97,528,031	\$	13,435,261	\$	14,245,972	\$	112,431,779	\$	111,774,003	\$	45,596,171	\$	39,894,378
Deferred inflows of resources:																
Net difference between projected and actual																
investment earnings on pension plan investments Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	434,574	\$	810,905	\$	8,733	\$	19,193	\$	443,307	\$	830,098	\$	2,026,128	\$	3,921,070
pensions		355,844		546,558		7,144		12,936		362,988		559,494		1,141,269		2,025,779
Difference between expected and actual experience OPEB		1,952,019		1,213,739		54,128		36,362		2,006,147		1,250,101		4,788,523		3,340,926
Change in proportion - teacher cost sharing pool		-		-		-		-		-		-		996,244		636,631
Leases		529,119		601,307		-		-		529,119		601,307		-		
Deferred property taxes		24,205,304		23,500,748		-				24,205,304		23,500,748		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	s	27,476,860	\$	26,673,257	S	70,005	\$	68,491	S	27,546,865	\$	26,741,748	\$	8,952,164	\$	9,924,406

6,493,489

2,607,183

9,100,672

6,878,162

1,947,972

\$ 8,826,134

16,207,594

54,410,226

70,617,820

16,147,968

52,643,803

\$ 68,791,771

\$ 30,892,550

528,800

(34,864,331)

\$ 24,408,500

(29,813,446)

\$ (5,404,946)

9,714,105

51,803,043

\$ 61,517,148

9,269,806

50,695,831

59,965,637

\$

The County's combined net position, which is the County's bottom line, increased by \$1,864,709 or 2.7% from the prior year. The change in the County's combined net position is a combination of an increase of \$1.5 million from the efforts of governmental activities and an increase of \$274,538 from the efforts of business-type activities. A significant portion of the increase from the efforts of the governmental activities can be attributed to an increase in collection of property taxes and local sales tax, as well as a reduction in spending across the County.

The School Board and Economic Development Authority (EDA) make up the County's component units. In FY 2024, the net position of the two component units' totals (\$3,442,981) compared to (\$5,404,946) in FY 2023. Powhatan County Public Schools, liabilities exceeded assets by \$3.6 million at the close of fiscal year 2024. The deficit is due to GASB Statements 68 and 75, which requires for the recording of the net pension liability and net other postemployment liabilities. The Powhatan County Public Schools net pension liability at June 30, 2024 is \$28,534,661 and net other post-employment benefits liability is \$10,711,319. The Commonwealth of Virginia requires that counties, as well as their financial dependent component units, be financed under a single taxing structure. This results in counties issuing debt to finance capital assets, such as public schools, for their component units. The capital assets of the Powhatan County Public Schools are jointly owned with the County. The County maintains ownership of the capital asset and as debt is paid a portion of the asset is transferred back to the component unit. The County also reports depreciation expense on these assets and as debt is paid a portion of the jointly owned assets are transferred back to the component unit. The EDA's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$157,268 at the close of fiscal year 2024.

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The statement of activities, which also uses the full accrual basis of accounting, illustrates the cost of governmental activities net of related revenues. It also shows the general revenue sources that fund governmental operations. The following table shows the revenue and expenses of government-wide activities:

County of Powhatan, Virginia's Statement of Activities

			· · ·						Primary G	overn	ment			
	Government	al Ac	tivities]	Business-type Activities				То	tals		Component Units		
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023	2024	2023	
Revenues:														
Program Revenues:														
Charges for Services	\$ 1,939,187	\$	2,387,829	\$	745,646	\$	781,483	\$	2,684,833	\$	3,169,312	\$ 2,378,823	\$ 2,330,860	
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,588,423		6,464,118		-		-		7,588,423		6,464,118	30,981,698	29,328,464	
Capital Grants and Contributions	45,466		2,694,013		-		-		45,466		2,694,013	-	-	
Property Taxes	55,585,672		53,122,542		-		-		55,585,672		53,122,542	-	-	
Other local taxes	10,058,722		9,380,952		-		-		10,058,722		9,380,952	-	-	
Grants and Contributions not														
restricted to specific programs	3,789,714		3,803,171		-		-		3,789,714		3,803,171	-	-	
Other	937,224		1,195,091		18,240		2,943		955,464		1,198,034	973,921	871,507	
Total revenues	\$ 79,944,408	\$	79,047,716	\$	763,886	\$	784,426	\$	80,708,294	\$	79,832,142	\$ 34,334,442	\$ 32,530,831	
Expenses:														
General government administration	\$ 6,191,203	\$	5,318,059	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,191,203	\$	5,318,059	\$ -	\$ -	
Judicial administration	1,614,580		1,485,251		-		-		1,614,580		1,485,251	-	-	
Public safety	17,102,140		14,828,899		-		-		17,102,140		14,828,899	-	-	
Public works	3,699,885		2,807,458		2,352,765		2,374,677		6,052,650		5,182,135	-	-	
Health and welfare	7,183,141		6,267,296		-		-		7,183,141		6,267,296	-	-	
Education	35,338,587		31,412,737		-		-		35,338,587		31,412,737	62,886,977	35,429,325	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,469,224		1,095,549		-		-		1,469,224		1,095,549	-	-	
Community development	1,437,681		1,966,462		-		-		1,437,681		1,966,462	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,493,039		2,416,724		-		-		2,493,039		2,416,724			
Total expenses	\$ 76,529,480	\$	67,598,435	\$	2,352,765	\$	2,374,677	\$	78,882,245	\$	69,973,112	\$ 62,886,977	\$ 35,429,325	
Change in net position before														
transfers	\$ 3,414,928	\$	11,449,281	\$ ((1,588,879)	\$	(1,590,251)	\$	1,826,049	\$	9,859,030	\$ (28,552,535)	\$ (2,898,494)	
Transfers	(1,863,417)		(1,879,105)		1,863,417		1,879,105					30,514,500	26,522,286	
Change in net position	\$ 1,551,511	\$	9,570,176	\$	274,538	\$	288,854	\$	1,826,049	\$	9,859,030	\$ 1,961,965	\$ 23,623,792	
Net position - beginning	 59,965,637	_	50,395,461		8,826,134		8,537,280	_	68,791,771		58,932,741	(5,404,946)	(29,028,738)	
Net position - ending	\$ 61,517,148	\$	59,965,637	\$	9,100,672	\$	8,826,134	\$	70,617,820	\$	68,791,771	\$ (3,442,981)	\$ (5,404,946)	

Governmental activities – For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, revenues from governmental activities (not including Capital Projects) totaled \$79.9 million, which was an increase of \$896,692 from the prior year. Real estate tax revenues, the County's largest revenue source, real estate billing of \$38.3 million. The County's

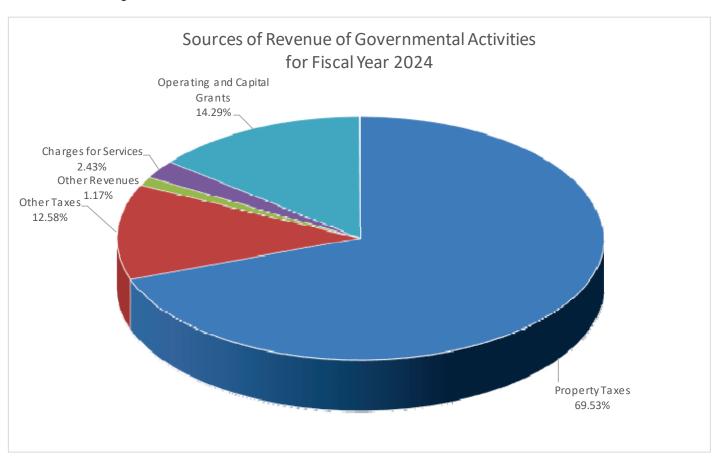
assessed real property tax base for fiscal year 2024 saw an increase of \$301 million. The increase is due to increase in value based on the sales study. The real estate tax rate remained at \$.69 for the tax year 2024.

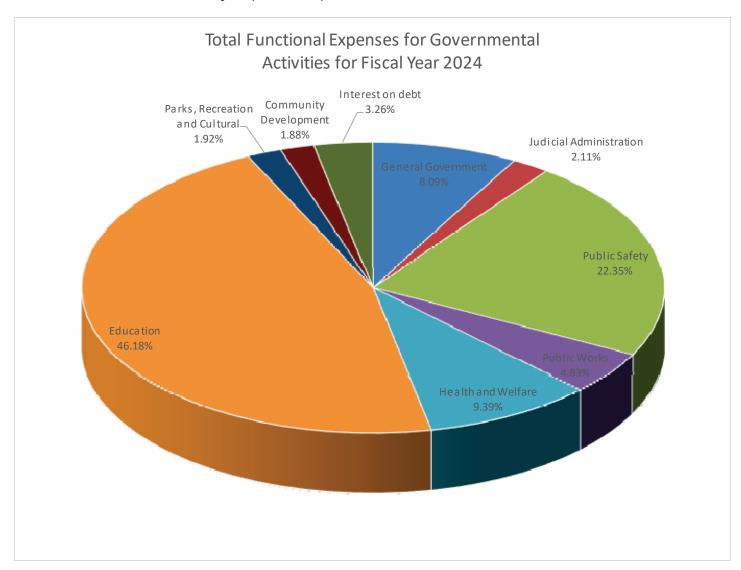
In the General Fund, the County reported current year collections of \$18.9 million in personal property taxes, the County's second largest revenue source. Of that amount, \$3.02 million was received as reimbursement from the Commonwealth of Virginia. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA), the state's share of local personal property taxes remains stable, which is attributed to the tax rate remaining at \$3.60.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, expenses relating to governmental activities (not including Capital Projects) were \$1,894,269 less than planned. The decrease in spending can be contributed to conservative spending by all departments in the County as well as departmental staff vacancies.

Public education continues to be one of the County's highest priorities and commitments. The County contributed \$28.4 million to public education school operations and \$6.3 million toward debt payments relating to school projects for a total contribution of \$34.7 million.

The following graphs illustrate by source for governmental activities, as well as illustrating expenses for each of the functional areas of governmental activities:





Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$274,538 for fiscal year 2024. Similar to the changes in net position attributable to governmental activities, changes in business-type activity net position also result from the difference between revenues and expenses. Unlike governmental activities, which primarily rely on general tax revenue to finance operations, business-type activities are financed by fees charged for goods and services provided.

The County has one enterprise fund, which provides water and wastewater services to approximately 200 customers in the County. Like all business-type activities, the Utility Fund attempts to recover much of the operating expenses it incurs to meet service demands through user fees. The primary factors affecting the Utility Fund are:

• Efforts to make the fund self-supporting have been unsuccessful; however, the fund is showing improvements. The County recognizes the need to continue support of the fund through annual General Fund transfers. The budgeted transfer was \$1,700,617 in fiscal year 2024.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$51.3 million, an increase of \$2.7 million in comparison with the prior year. The \$2.7 million increase can be attributed to an increase of \$3.6 million in property tax collections and increases in all major revenue sources.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's grants fund reported a fund balance of (\$4,793,417), a decrease of (\$1,356,802) in comparison with the prior year. The decrease can be attributed to the transfer of \$1,887,111 in grant funds transferred to the capital projects fund. The negative fund balance is attributed to the deferred American Rescue Plan Act funds that have not been obligated but not spent at the end of FY 2024 in the amount of \$5,096,889.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$16.3 million, while total fund balance reached \$28.2 million. The Board of Supervisors adopted a fund balance policy to keep unassigned fund balance at a minimum of 15% of operating revenues of the same fiscal year. The fund balance in excess of 15% is assigned to capital maintenance reserve. In fiscal year 2024 the County's fund balance was 26% of fiscal year 2024 operating revenues. The excess fund balance of \$11.8 million is assigned to the capital maintenance needs of the County and Schools. The fund balance increased by \$1.8M. The increase can be contributed to the \$3.6M in additional property taxes collected and increase in other local revenues. The County also reduced the amount of funds for pay go capital projects in comparison to FY 2023.

The County Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those reported by the Proprietary Fund. The County Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$18.8 million, which \$2.7 million was restricted for bonded projects and financed purchases and \$16.1 million has been assigned for future capital projects. The fund balance decreased from the prior year by \$950,929. The County completed several projects in FY 2024 from bonded funds and pay go funds transferred in prior years.

Proprietary funds: The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Utility Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$2.6 million, which is an increase of \$659,211 from fiscal year 2023. The increase is largely in part to the pay down in debt and therefore a decrease in net investment in capital assets. There was also an increase in water and sewer revenues due to an increase in the rates charged. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Total General Fund expenditures in fiscal year 2024 came in at \$1.9 million or 2.6% below the final amended budget. Local expenditures for Education were under budget by \$204,935.

General Fund revenues exceeded budget projections in fiscal year 2024 by \$1.1 million, which can be attributed to very conservative revenue forecasting and increase in real estate and personal property assessments.

There was an increase of \$560,330 between the original General Fund budget and the final amended General Fund budget, and the major differences can be summarized as follows:

- An increase of \$452,093 can be associated with the Sheriff's office due to unforeseen overtime and increase in salaries and wages, as well as auto repairs and maintenance.
- An increase of \$108,237 can be attributed to various minor budget changes across multiple departments.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024, amounts to \$114.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, and machinery and equipment.

The County does not own its own roads; therefore, roads are not included in the capital assets.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The County completed the Village RTU project.
- The County began the Softball Concessions and Fire Station #1 addition projects.
- The County purchased voting machines and several Sheriff's office and Administration vehicles

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are illustrated in the following table:

							•	al Assets), 2024 and 20	23							
										Primary G	overr	nment				
		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities		To	tals			Inits		
		2024		2023	2024 2023				2024	2023		2024		2023		
Land	\$	2,448,781	\$	2,448,781	\$	859,030	\$	859,030	\$	3,307,811	\$	3,307,811	\$	918,851	\$	918,851
Construction in progress		1,314,549		846,648		-		262,968		1,314,549		1,109,616		2,372,675		1,000,499
Buildings		14,721,948		14,394,765		18,174,637		18,477,153		32,896,585		32,871,918		-		-
Machinery & equipment		17,815,596		19,181,397		446,209		478,353		18,261,805		19,659,750		5,860,856		1,887,513
Lease assets		838,849		937,188		-		-		838,849		937,188		-		-
Subscription assets		6,556,991		35,945		-		-		6,556,991		35,945		52,800		102,172
Jointly owned assets	_	51,373,199	_	55,908,121	_		_			51,373,199	_	55,908,121	_	21,687,368		20,499,465
Total	\$	95,069,913	\$	93,752,845	\$	19,479,876	\$	20,077,504	\$	114,549,789	\$	113,830,349	\$	30,892,550	\$	24,408,500

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 8 on pages 47-50 of this report.

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Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Long-term debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had a total outstanding debt of \$105.8 million and details are summarized in the following table:

				ng-Term Debt e 30, 2024 and 202	3					
					Primary G	overnment				
	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	tals	Component Units			
	2024	2024 2023 2024 2023		2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Bonds Payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$ 12,936,878	\$ 14,751,130	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,936,878	\$ 14,751,130	\$ -	\$ -		
Revenue bonds	61,651,000	65,658,000	12,325,000	13,155,000	73,976,000	78,813,000	-	-		
Premium on bonds	4,907,442	5,321,197	613,116	660,412	5,520,558	5,981,609	-	-		
Lease liability	888,594	972,823	-	-	888,594	972,823	-	-		
Subscription liability	6,758,967	24,905	-	-	6,758,967	24,905	49,364	97,673		
Financed purchases	1,560,232	1,063,289	-	-	1,560,232	1,063,289	-	-		
Compensated absences	1,476,849	1,075,285	32,397	39,731	1,509,246	1,115,016	2,600,161	2,580,197		
Total	\$ 90,179,962	\$ 88,866,629	\$ 12,970,513	\$ 13,855,143	\$ 103,150,475	\$ 102,721,772	\$ 2,649,525	\$ 2,677,870		

Debt associated with governmental activities increased \$1.3 million, which is the net amount of pay down of principal during the year and the issuance of financed purchases and Subscription Based Information Technology Agreement. The debt associated with business-type activities decreased by \$884,630, which can be attributed to pay down of principal during the current year.

The County is not subject to a statutory debt limitation, but the County limits its debt to a net debt as a percentage of assessed value of taxable property which shall not exceed 4%. The County also limits its ratio of debt service as a percentage of governmental operating funds expenditures to 15%. The County's net tax supported debt as a percentage of assessed value was 1.35%, the net debt per capita ratio was \$3,201, and the debt payments percentage was 9.70%.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 on pages 51-59.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County as of June 2024 was 2.8 percent, which is higher than the state rate (2.7 percent), but lower than the national rate (4.0 percent).
- Real property taxable assessed values increased 5.5 percent from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2024 from \$5,443,483,373 to \$5,744,146,992 due to the County's general reassessment. The County anticipates the assessments to continue to increase for new construction and this will be taken into consideration in the development of the FY 2026 Budget, which is currently underway.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, County of Powhatan, 3834 Old Buckingham Road, Suite B, Powhatan VA 23139. General information relating to the County of Powhatan is available on the County's website http://www.powhatanva.gov.











		Prim	ary Government		Component U	nits
			Business-type	Total	School	EDA
	_	Activities	Activities	Total	Board	EDA
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	51,872,363 \$	2,299,127 \$	54,171,490 \$	3,349,586 \$	57,268
Receivables, net:						
Taxes (Note 5)		29,092,735	-	29,092,735	-	-
Accounts (Note 5)		269,424	157,409	426,833	233,722	-
Leases receivable (Note 10)		572,298	-	572,298	4 070 070	-
Due from other governmental units (Note 6)		2,449,883	-	2,449,883	1,373,979	-
Inventories		-	-	-	108,344	-
Prepaid expenses		39,359	-	39,359	-	-
Restricted assets:						
Temporarily restricted: Investments (Note 3)		2,890,054		2,890,054		
Net pension asset (Note 11)		2,090,034	-	2,090,034	528,800	-
		-	-	-	320,000	-
Capital assets (Note 8):		2 762 220	050 030	4 600 360	2 101 526	100 000
Nondepreciable		3,763,330	859,030	4,622,360	3,191,526	100,000
Depreciable, net	_	91,306,583	18,620,846	109,927,429	27,601,024	457.000
Total assets	\$	182,256,029 \$	21,936,412 \$	204,192,441 \$	36,386,981 \$	157,268
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension contributions made subsequent						
to the measurement date (Notes 11 &12)	\$	1,868,657 \$	37,518 \$	1,906,175 \$	4,905,647 \$	_
Changes in assumptions - pension (Note 11 & 12)	•	503,771	10,124	513.895	1,283,576	_
Other deferred outflows -pension (Notes 11 & 12)		1,171,771	23,548	1,195,319	2,596,275	_
Deferred outflows - OPEB (Notes 13 and 14)		1,259,625	33,491	1,293,116	5,488,999	_
Change in proportion - teacher cost sharing		1,200,020	33, 13 1	1,200,110	0,100,000	
pool (Note 12)		_	_	_	286,608	_
Deferred amount on bond refundings		930,673	564,845	1,495,518	200,000	_
Deferred amount on bond retundings	\$	5,734,497 \$	669,526 \$	6,404,023 \$	14,561,105 \$	
	Ψ	5,754,497 φ	009,320 φ	0,404,023 φ	14,501,105 ψ	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	1,692,296 \$	214,161 \$	1,906,457 \$	580,157 \$	-
Accrued liabilities		118,234	-	118,234	2,659,518	-
Retainage payable		77,864	-	77,864	-	-
Accrued interest payable		654,288	118,643	772,931	-	-
Unearned revenue		-	4,089	4,089	460,891	-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year (Note 10)		7,423,129	925,536	8,348,665	216,080	-
Due in more than one year (Note 10)		82,756,833	12,044,977	94,801,810	2,433,545	-
Net pension liability (Notes 11 & 12)		3,545,578	71,217	3,616,795	28,534,661	-
Net other postemployment benefits liability						
(Notes 13, 14, 15 & 17)		2,728,296	56,638	2,784,934	10,711,319	
Total liabilities	\$	98,996,518 \$	13,435,261 \$	112,431,779 \$	45,596,171 \$	-
DEFENDED INELOWS OF DESCRIPTION						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Difference between expected and actual	•	055.044	7 4 4 4	000 000 4	4 4 4 4 000 \$	
experience - pension (Notes 11 & 12)	\$	355,844 \$	7,144 \$	362,988 \$	1,141,269 \$	-
Difference between expected and actual						
earnings on investments - Pensions (Notes 11 & 12)		434,574	8,733	443,307	2,026,128	-
Difference between expected and actual						
experience - OPEB (Notes 13 & 14)		1,952,019	54,128	2,006,147	4,788,523	-
Change in proportion - teacher cost sharing						
pool (Note 12)		-	-	-	996,244	-
Leases (Note 10)		529,119	-	529,119	-	-
Deferred property taxes (Note 9)	_	24,205,304	<u> </u>	24,205,304	<u> </u>	
	\$	27,476,860 \$	70,005 \$	27,546,865 \$	8,952,164 \$	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,714,105 \$	7,106,605 \$	16,820,710 \$	30,792,550 \$	100,000
Restricted for:	Ψ	ο,, ι τ , ιου ψ	1,100,000 ψ	10,020,710 ψ	σσ,1σ2,000 ψ	100,000
Pension		_	_	_	528,800	_
Unrestricted (deficit)		51,803,043	1,994,067	53,797,110	(34,921,599)	57,268
Total net position	\$	61,517,148 \$	9,100,672 \$	70,617,820 \$	(3,600,249) \$	157,268
rotal flot pooliton	Ψ=	σ1,σ17,140 ψ	υ, 100,072 ψ	7 0,0 17,020 ψ	(υ,υυυ,Σ-τυ) ψ	101,200

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	6,191,203 \$	- \$	806,683 \$	-			
Judicial administration		1,614,580	243,631	760,822	-			
Public safety		17,102,140	1,469,931	2,318,000	45,466			
Public works		3,699,885	90,011	-	-			
Health and welfare		7,183,141	-	3,506,317	-			
Education		35,338,587	-	-	-			
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,469,224	32,912	169,993	-			
Community development		1,437,681	102,702	26,608	-			
Interest on long-term debt	_	2,493,039						
Total governmental activities	\$	76,529,480 \$	1,939,187 \$	7,588,423 \$	45,466			
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer	\$	2,352,765 \$	745,646 \$	- \$	-			
Total business-type activities	\$	2,352,765 \$	745,646 \$	- \$	-			
Total primary government	\$ =	78,882,245 \$	2,684,833 \$	7,588,423 \$	45,466			
COMPONENT UNITS:								
School Board	\$	62,886,956 \$	2,378,823 \$	30,981,698 \$	_			
Economic Development Authority	*	21	_,,0 +	=	_			
Total component units	\$	62,886,977 \$	2,378,823 \$	30,981,698 \$				
•	• =	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use tax

Consumer utility tax

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Payment from Powhatan County

Transfers (Note 7)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Governmental Activities				hanges in Net Position						
\$ (5,384,520) \$ - \$ (5,384,520) \$ - \$ - \$ (13,268,743) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (610,127) (13,268,743) (13,609,874) (13,609,874) (12,66,319) (13,66,319)					Component Units					
\$ (5,384,520) \$ - \$ (5,384,520) \$ - \$ - \$ (610,127) - 610,127)										
(610,127) - (610,127)		Activities	Activities	Total	Board		EDA			
(610,127) - (610,127)										
(13,268,743) - (13,268,743)	\$	(5,384,520) \$	- \$	(5,384,520) \$	-	\$	-			
(3,609,874) - (3,609,874) -		(610,127)	-	(610,127)	-		-			
(3,676,824) - (3,676,824)		(13,268,743)	-	(13,268,743)	-		-			
(35,338,587) - (35,338,587) - <td></td> <td>(3,609,874)</td> <td>-</td> <td>(3,609,874)</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>		(3,609,874)	-	(3,609,874)	-		-			
(1,266,319) - (1,266,319) -		(3,676,824)	-	(3,676,824)	-		-			
(1,308,371) - (1,308,371) -		(35,338,587)	-	(35,338,587)	-		-			
\$\frac{(2,493,039)}{(66,956,404)}\$\$ - \$\frac{(2,493,039)}{(66,956,404)}\$\$ - \$\$ - \$\frac{(2,493,039)}{(66,956,404)}\$\$ - \$\$ - \$\frac{(1,607,119)}{(1,607,119)}\$\$ - \$\$ - \$\frac{(1,607,119)}{(1,607,119)}\$\$ - \$\$ - \$\frac{(1,607,119)}{(1,607,119)}\$\$ - \$\$ - \$\frac{(29,526,435)}{(29,526,435)}\$\$ - \$\frac{(21)}{(29,526,435)}\$\$ - \$\frac{(21)}{(29,526,		(1,266,319)	-	(1,266,319)	-		-			
\$ \(\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c		(1,308,371)	-	(1,308,371)	-		-			
\$ - \$ (1,607,119) \$ (1,607,119) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (1,607,119) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (1,607,119) \$ (1,607,119) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (66,956,404) \$ (1,607,119) \$ (68,563,523) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (29,526,435) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$					-		-			
\$	\$	(66,956,404) \$	\$	(66,956,404) \$	-	\$	-			
\$	Φ.	Φ.	(4.607.440) ft	(4 CO7 440) ¢		Φ.				
\$ \(\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c										
\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (29,526,435) \$ - (21) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (29,526,435) \$ (21) \$ 55,585,672 \$ - \$ 55,585,672 \$ - \$ - 5,518,761 5,518,761					<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
- - - - (21) \$ - \$ - \$ (29,526,435) \$ (21) \$ 55,585,672 \$ - \$ -	Ψ	(00,930,404)	(1,007,119 <u>)</u> φ	(00,000,020)		Ψ ==				
\$	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	(29,526,435)	\$	-			
\$ 55,585,672 \$ - \$ 55,585,672 \$ - \$ - 5,518,761			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	\$	\$	\$	(29,526,435)	\$	(21)			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	55 585 672 \$	- \$	55 585 672 \$	_	\$	_			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ψ		- ψ			Ψ	_			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$, ,		, ,			_			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,	_		_					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			_		23.098		552			
3,789,714 - 3,789,714 - - - - - 30,514,500 - (1,863,417) 1,863,417 - - - \$ 68,507,915 1,881,657 70,389,572 31,487,869 552 \$ 1,551,511 274,538 1,826,049 1,961,434 531 59,965,637 8,826,134 68,791,771 (5,561,683) 156,737			18.240	·	,		-			
- - - - 30,514,500 - (1,863,417) 1,863,417 - - - - \$ 68,507,915 1,881,657 70,389,572 31,487,869 552 \$ 1,551,511 274,538 1,826,049 1,961,434 531 59,965,637 8,826,134 68,791,771 (5,561,683) 156,737			-	·	-		_			
(1,863,417) 1,863,417 - - - \$ 68,507,915 \$ 1,881,657 \$ 70,389,572 \$ 31,487,869 \$ 552 \$ 1,551,511 \$ 274,538 \$ 1,826,049 \$ 1,961,434 \$ 531 59,965,637 8,826,134 68,791,771 (5,561,683) 156,737		-	-	-	30.514.500		_			
\$ 68,507,915 \$ 1,881,657 \$ 70,389,572 \$ 31,487,869 \$ 552 \$ 1,551,511 \$ 274,538 \$ 1,826,049 \$ 1,961,434 \$ 531 59,965,637 8,826,134 68,791,771 (5,561,683) 156,737		(1.863.417)	1.863.417	_	-		_			
\$ 1,551,511 \$ 274,538 \$ 1,826,049 \$ 1,961,434 \$ 531 59,965,637 8,826,134 68,791,771 (5,561,683) 156,737	\$			70,389,572 \$	31,487,869	\$	552			
59,965,637 8,826,134 68,791,771 (5,561,683) 156,737							531			
							156,737			
	\$					\$				



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General		County Capital Projects		Grants Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total
	_	00110101		0,000	_	- una		_	· otal
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,425,183	\$	16,727,116	\$	302,675 \$	8,417,389 \$	5	51,872,363
Receivables, net:									
Taxes		29,092,735		-		-	-		29,092,735
Accounts		182,583		-		-	86,841		269,424
Leases receivable		572,298		-		-	-		572,298
Due from other governmental units		1,770,675		-		18,648	660,560		2,449,883
Prepaid items		10,849		-		28,510	-		39,359
Restricted assets:									
Temporarily restricted:									
Investments	. –		. —	2,890,054	. —	<u> </u>	 .	_	2,890,054
Total assets	\$_	58,054,323	\$	19,617,170	\$_	349,833 \$	9,164,790	<u> </u>	87,186,116
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	833,229	\$	737,235	\$	43,136 \$	78,696 \$	5	1,692,296
Accrued liabilities		115,009		-		3,225	-		118,234
Retainage payable		-		77,864		-	-		77,864
Total liabilities	\$	948,238	\$	815,099	\$	46,361 \$	78,696		1,888,394
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable/deferred revenue (Note 9)	\$	28,352,036	\$	_	\$	5,096,889 \$	- \$	6	33,448,925
Leases		529,119		_		-	<u>-</u>		529,119
Total deferred inflows of resurces	\$	28,881,155	\$	-	\$	5,096,889 \$	- \$	_	33,978,044
FUND BALANCES:									
Nonspendable	\$	10,849	\$	_	\$	28.510 \$	- 9	6	39,359
Restricted		-	*	2,692,275	*		8.401.328		11,093,603
Committed		_		-		_	684,766		684,766
Assigned		11,956,977		16,109,796		_	-		28,066,773
Unassigned		16,257,104		-		(4,821,927)	_		11,435,177
Total fund balances	\$	28,224,930	\$	18,802,071	\$	(4,793,417) \$	9,086,094	<u> </u>	51,319,678
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	58,054,323		19,617,170		349,833 \$	9,164,790		87,186,116

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:					
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	51,319,678	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.					
Capital assets, cost Less: accumulated depreciation	\$	164,274,654 (69,204,741)		95,069,913	
Deferred inflows of resources (i.e. taxes levied) are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.				9,243,621	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.					
Deferred outflows of resources for employer contributions - pension Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows of resources for differences between expected and actual	\$	1,868,657 1,675,542			
experience - pension		(355,844)			
Deferred inflows of resources for the net difference between projected and actual plan investments - pension		(434,574)			
Deferred outflows - OPEB		1,259,625			
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(1,952,019)			
Net other postemployment benefits liability Net Pension Liability		(2,728,296) (3,545,578)		(4,212,487)	
Net Pension Liability	_	(3,343,376)		(4,212,407)	
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.					
Bonds and loans payable	\$	(74,587,878)			
Bond issuance premium		(4,907,442)			
Deferred charge on refundings Interest payable		930,673 (654,288)			
Financed purchases obligations		(1,560,232)			
Subscription liability		(6,758,967)			
Lease liability		(888,594)		,	
Compensated absences	_	(1,476,849)	_	(89,903,577)	
Net position of governmental activities			\$_	61,517,148	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		General		County Capital Projects	Grants Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES							
General property taxes	\$	56,855,859	\$	- \$	- 3	\$ - \$	56,855,859
Other local taxes		7,435,481		-	-	2,623,241	10,058,722
Permits, privilege fees,							
and regulatory licenses		760,927		-	-	102,702	863,629
Fines and forfeitures		91,633		-	-	-	91,633
Revenue from the use of							
money and property		414,181		116,386	-	495	531,062
Charges for services		281,305		-	-	702,620	983,925
Miscellaneous		258,603		-	143,409	4,150	406,162
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Commonwealth		8,863,465		45,466	126,059	172,575	9,207,565
Federal	_	1,210,446		<u> </u>	995,142	10,450	2,216,038
Total revenues	\$	76,171,900	\$	161,852 \$	1,264,610	\$ 3,616,233	81,214,595
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government administration	\$	5,359,595	\$	747,121 \$	24,370	\$ - \$	6,131,086
Judicial administration		1,451,697		(7)	24,949	-	1,476,639
Public safety		13,587,960		1,041,959	360,100	762,463	15,752,482
Public works		3,120,780		1,195,600	-	-	4,316,380
Health and welfare		6,878,210		-	286,307	-	7,164,517
Education		28,402,625		2,401,039	-	-	30,803,664
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,045,194		344,352	23,319	-	1,412,865
Community development		1,359,687		2,370	16,756	30,932	1,409,745
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		6,390,996		-	-	-	6,390,996
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,644,331		-	-	-	2,644,331
Total expenditures	\$	70,241,075	\$	5,732,434 \$	735,801	\$ 793,395	77,502,705
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	\$	5,930,825	\$_	(5,570,582) \$	528,809	\$\$,822,838_\$	3,711,890
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	1,126,425	\$	5,918,873 \$	1,500 \$	\$ 1,005,481 \$	8,052,279
Transfers out		(5,247,106)		(2,131,906)	(1,887,111)	(649,573)	(9,915,696)
Issuance of SBITA financing		6,883,834		-	-	-	6,883,834
Payment for SBITAs		(6,883,834)		-	-	-	(6,883,834)
Proceeds from financed purchases	_		_	832,686			832,686
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(4,120,681)	\$	4,619,653 \$	(1,885,611)	\$ 355,908	(1,030,731)
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,810,144	\$	(950,929) \$	(1,356,802)	\$ 3,178,746 \$	2,681,159
Fund balances - beginning	_	26,414,786	_	19,753,000	(3,436,615)	5,907,348	48,638,519
Fund balances - ending	\$_	28,224,930	\$_	18,802,071 \$	(4,793,417)	\$9,086,094_\$	51,319,678

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	se:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 2,681,159
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Allocation of jointly owned assets, net Depreciation expense	\$	2,307,650 (4,631,823) (2,781,467)	(5,105,640)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			(1,270,187)
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.			
Employer pension contributions Pension expense	\$	1,868,657 (2,035,305)	(39,749)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal payments Financed purchases Amortization of leases Amortization of subscriptions Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding Amortization of premium on bonds payable	\$	6,390,996 (832,686) (88,730) (362,788) 128,118 413,755	5,648,665
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	\$	(401,564)	
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in interest payable		(16,153) 60,937	 (356,780)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 1,551,511

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2024

w	2,299,127 157,409 2,456,536 859,030 18,620,846 19,479,876
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) \$	2,299,127 157,409 2,456,536 859,030 18,620,846
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) \$	157,409 2,456,536 859,030 18,620,846
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) \$	157,409 2,456,536 859,030 18,620,846
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) \$	157,409 2,456,536 859,030 18,620,846
	157,409 2,456,536 859,030 18,620,846
Accounts receivable, her of allowance for uncollectibles (Note 3)	2,456,536 859,030 18,620,846
Total current assets	859,030 18,620,846
Noncurrent assets (Note 8):	18,620,846
•	18,620,846
Capital assets:	18,620,846
Nondepreciable \$	
Depreciable, net Total noncurrent assets \$	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total assets \$	21,936,412
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date (Note 11) \$	37,518
Differences between expected and actual experience, difference between projected	
and actual earnings and changes in assumptions on pension plan investments -	00.540
pension (Note 11) Change in assumptions (Note 11)	23,548 10,124
Deferred Outflows - OPEB (Note 13)	33,491
Deferred amount on bond refunding	564,845
Total deferred outflows of resources \$	669,526
·	
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable \$	214,161
Accrued interest payable	118,643
Deferred Revenue	4,089
Compensated absences - current portion	3,240
Bonds payable - current portion	922,296
Total current liabilities \$	1,262,429
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable - net of current portion \$	12,015,820
Compensated absences - net of current portion	29,157
Net pension liability	71,217
Other post-employment benefits payable	56,638
Total noncurrent liabilities \$	12,172,832
Total liabilities \$	13,435,261
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Difference between expected and actual experience on pension (Note 11) \$	7,144
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension (Note 11)	8,733
Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Note 13)	54,128
Total deferred inflows of resources \$	70,005
Ψ	70,000
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets \$	7,106,605
Unrestricted	1,994,067
Total net position \$	9,100,672

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Enterprise Fund Water & Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Water and sewer revenues	\$	565,621
Connection and reconnection fees		180,025
Miscellaneous		18,240
Total operating revenues	\$	763,886
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal services	\$	313,485
Fringe benefits		105,791
Contractual services		337,879
Other charges		472,381
Depreciation		618,876
Total operating expenses	\$	1,848,412
Operating loss	\$	(1,084,526)
NONOPERATING EXPENSES		
Interest and fiscal charges	\$	(504,353)
Total nonoperating expenses	\$	(504,353)
Loss before contributions and transfers	\$	(1,588,879)
Transfers in		1,963,417
Transfers out		(100,000)
Change in net position	\$	274,538
Total net position - beginning		8,826,134
Total net position - ending	\$	9,100,672
	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Payments to suppliers (747) Payments to employees (442)	5,623
Receipts from customers and users \$ 738 Payments to suppliers (747 Payments to employees \$ (442)	5,623
Payments to suppliers (747) Payments to employees (442)	5,623
Payments to employees (442)	
	7,782)
Net cash used in operating activities \$ (454	2,071)
· · ·	4,230)
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers from other funds \$	3,417
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities \$ 1,860	3,417
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Additions to capital assets \$ (38)	8,542)
Principal payments on bonds (830	0,000)
Interest payments (453	3,128)
Net cash used in capital and related	
financing activities \$ (1,32)	1,670)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents \$	7,517
	1,610
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted \$ 2,299	9,127
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash	
used in operating activities:	
Operating loss \$	4,526)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
used in operating activities:	
·	8,876
·	2,196)
	2,478
	3,933 6,105)
	6,690)
	0,296
Net cash used in operating activities \$ (454)	4,230)

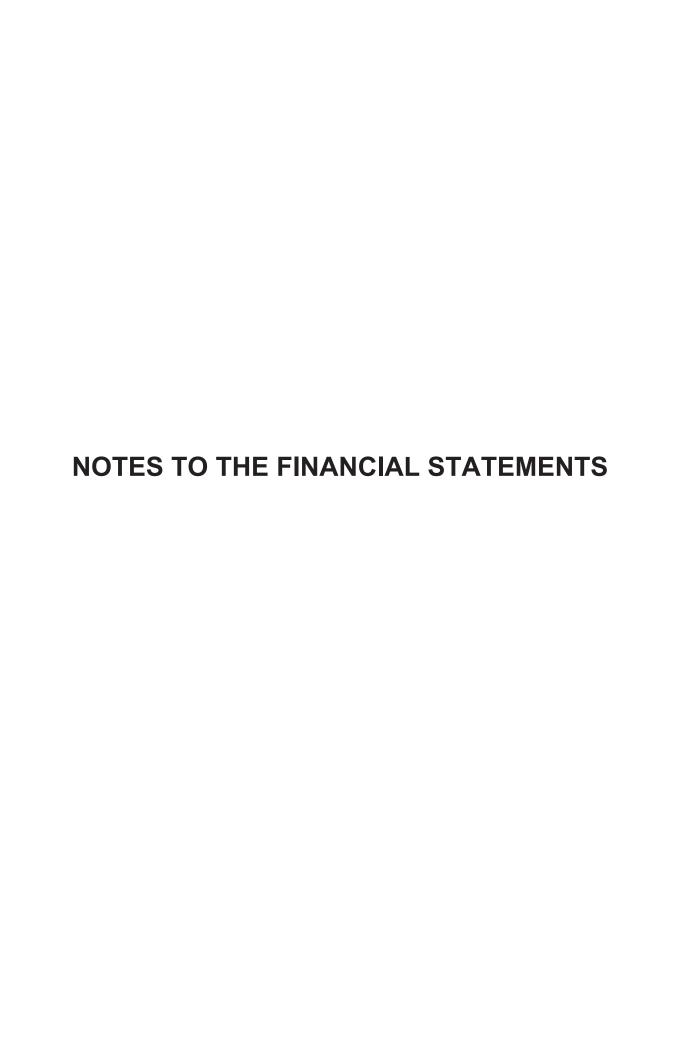
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2024

	-	Custodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	357,032
Total assets	\$	357,032
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Social Services clients	\$	40,578
Bond escrow		316,454
Total net position	\$ -	357,032

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Custodial Funds
Additions:		_
Member contributions	\$	47,754
Performance bonds		147,570
Total additions	\$	195,324
Deductions: Payments made to welfare recipients Repayment of performance bonds	\$	29,697 264,918
Total deductions	\$_	294,615
Change in fiduciary net position Total net position, beginning Total net position, ending	\$ _ \$_	(99,291) 456,323 357,032





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Powhatan, Virginia (County) is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

B. Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government is broken down into three categories – 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities

The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Statement of Activities (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Governments provide budgetary comparison information in their financial statements, including the government's original budget with a comparison of final budget and actual results.

C. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the Organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Powhatan, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. The discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Discretely Presented Component Units

School Board

The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Powhatan County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School does not issue a separate financial report.

Economic Development Authority

The Powhatan County Economic Development Authority (EDA) is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of six members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, as the County is involved in the day-to-day operations of the EDA, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

E. Other Related Organizations

James River Juvenile Detention Commission

The James River Juvenile Detention Commission is jointly governed by the localities of Goochland, Henrico, and Powhatan. The Commission is funded primarily through monthly fees paid by the member jurisdictions for operating support which is determined annually by the Commission. The County's annual fee for fiscal year 2024 was \$295,219.

Central Virginia Waste Management Authority

The Counties of Charles City, Chesterfield, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, New Kent, Powhatan, and Prince George, and the Cities of Colonial Heights, Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond, and the Town of Ashland provide financial support for the Authority, which is determined annually by the Board, and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. The County appoints one or more members to the Board. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Authority's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. The County has no equity interest in the Authority. During fiscal year 2013, the County executed and renewed 6 contracts with the CVWMA. The County's contribution for fiscal year 2024 was \$14,614.

Goochland-Powhatan Community Services Board

The Board was created by resolution pursuant to state statute and is considered a jointly governed organization, and therefore, its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The counties of Goochland and Powhatan provide the financial support for the Board, which is determined annually by the Board, and appoint its governing Board in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. The County has no equity interest in the Board and made operating contributions of \$392,312 to the Board during fiscal year 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Other Related Organizations (Continued)

Virginia Department of Health - Chesterfield Health District

The Chesterfield Health District includes the localities of Chesterfield, Powhatan, and Colonial Heights. The County makes an annual contribution for operating support, which is based on the needs of the Department and determined annually by the Board of Supervisors. The County's contribution for fiscal year 2024 was \$318,318.

Monacan Soil and Water Conservation District

The County entered into an agreement with the District to work together in the development of effective soil and water conversation programs. The County's contribution during fiscal year 2024 was \$46,200.

Piedmont Court Services

Piedmont Court Services is an agency dedicated to enhancing public safety, reducing crime, reinforcing offender accountability, promoting lawful and productive lifestyles among offenders, and assisting the Courts in managing offenders by utilizing evidence-based practices and principles and establishing collaborative community partnerships in order to promote offender self-efficacy and to reduce recidivism. The agency is jointly governed by the following localities: Amelia, Buckingham, Charlotte, Cumberland, Lunenburg, Nottoway, Powhatan, and Prince Edward. The County made no contribution during fiscal year 2024.

Richmond Regional Planning District

The Richmond Regional Planning District Commission is a regional planning agency with major emphasis in the areas of transportation, local technical assistance and information services including demographic, economic and geographic information systems. The Commission, which was formed by local governments on August 14, 1969 under the authority of the Virginia Area Development Act, which was revised and retitled as the Regional Cooperation Act in 1995, is comprised of elected officials and citizens who address mutual problems and work out solutions for the local governments which benefit from intergovernmental cooperation. Each county within the Richmond region is required to pay annual dues, which is based on estimated population. The County's dues for fiscal year 2024 were \$18,267.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Other Related Organizations (Continued)

Maggie L. Walker Governor's School for Government and International Studies

The Maggie L. Walker Governor's School for Government and International Studies provides broad-based educational opportunities that develop gifted students' understanding of world cultures and languages, as well as their ability to lead, participate, and contribute in a rapidly changing global society. The Regional School Board is jointly governed by a representative from each of the following localities: the counties of Charles City, Chesterfield, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, King and Queen, New Kent, Powhatan, and Prince George and the cities of Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond. The County of Powhatan pays the school a set rate for each student that attends. The School Board's contribution for fiscal year 2024 was \$83,781.

Appomattox Regional Governor's School

The Appomattox Regional Governor's School for the Arts and Technology provides gifted and talented students a differentiated and rigorous education, cultivates a supportive environment that inspires unique artistic and technological visions, promotes cultural tolerance, nurtures community partnerships, and produces active, engaged citizens. This school board is jointly governed by a representative from each of the following localities: the counties of Amelia, Charles City, Chesterfield, Dinwiddie, Powhatan, Prince George, Southampton, Surry and Sussex and the cities of Colonial Heights, Franklin, Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond. The County of Powhatan pays the school a set rate for each student that attends. The School Board's contribution for fiscal year 2024 was \$72,000.

CodeRVA Regional School

The CodeRVA Regional School is an alternative program of studies that partners with private industry and institutions of higher education where students will graduate with a high school diploma and more than 400 hours of paid information technology work experience. The Regional School Board is jointly governed by a representative from each of the following localities: the counties of Chesterfield, Dinwiddie, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, New Kent, Powhatan, Prince George, and Sussex and the cities of Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond. The County of Powhatan pays a pro rata portion of operating costs based on the average of the percent of average daily membership (ADM) of the students of the respective school divisions in CodeRVA as of March 30th of the preceding year. The School Board's contribution for fiscal year 2024 was \$52,750.

F. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property taxes, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers most revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are for assets held by the government as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Fiduciary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting as described in the proprietary funds presentation. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the following as major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for government-wide reporting purposes.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The Grants Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for grants awarded to the County.

The **Proprietary Fund** accounts for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. It distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The County's major proprietary fund is the water and sewer fund.

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administration action. Special Revenue Funds consist of the following funds: Cash Proffers, State Asset Forfeiture, Federal Asset Forfeiture, Fire and Rescue, Tourism and CVTA.

The *Fiduciary Funds* (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Custodial Funds. The custodial funds account for donations and support for welfare clients and bonds held in escrow to ensure that site improvements, roadway and erosion control performance is completed in accordance with developers site plans. If all requirements are met the bond is released. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and are described as follows.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets;
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs;
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property	
Levy	January 1	January 1	
Due Date	June 5 / November 5	June 5 / November 5	
Lien Date	January 1	January 1	

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	5-40
Utility plant in service	30-50
Machinery and equipment	3-20

Local governments in Virginia may have a tenancy in common with their school systems whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation, including right-to-use-leased assets, for school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. The County reports this debt in its financial statements. The capital assets acquired by such debt are reported by the County until such time as the outstanding indebtedness is retired, at which time, the net book value is transferred to and reported by the Schools.

Lease and subscription assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

Compensated Absences

The County and School Board have policies to allow the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of paid leave and sick leave until termination or retirement. Amounts of such absences are accrued when earned in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds when the amounts are due for payment.

Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring all financial statement elements related to pension and OPEB plans, information about fiduciary net position of the County's Plans and the additions to/deductions from the County's Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activity, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period of issuance. The face amounts of debt issued are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid expenditures in governmental funds are offset by a nonspendable fund balance.

Fund Net Position

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans, if applicable.

Restricted – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County, using authority resolution; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the same highest level of action is taken to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned – Amounts are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by County management based on governing body direction through adoption or amendment of the budget or through ordinance or resolution.

Unassigned – Amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The County Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through the adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Supervisors has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The Powhatan County Board of Supervisors adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which requires the unassigned fund balance at June 30th to be at least 15 percent of operating revenues of the same fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements which present financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements which present financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These items represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The County has the following items that qualify as deferred inflows or outflows:

- Deferred amount on refunding. A deferred charge on refunding is a deferred outflow which results from the
 difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and
 amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions and OPEB are always a deferred outflow; this will be applied to the net pension or OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.
- Differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension or OPEB liability. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the expected average remaining service life of all employees provided with benefits in the plan and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate.
- Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the closed five-year period and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.
- Changes in assumptions on pension or OPEB investments. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the closed five-year period and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.
- Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions are reported as a deferred inflow or outflow, as appropriate.
- Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds
 report unavailable revenue from property taxes and other receivable not collected within 60 days of year
 end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts
 become available.
- Unearned revenue related to the prepayment of taxes not due until the following year.
- Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the County is the lessor. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Leases

Lessee: The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment, buildings, infrastructure and land. The County recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of the lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to me made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate
 charged by the lessor is not provided, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the
 discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise. The lease term should also include options that are likely to be used.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a measurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The County is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of tower space. The County recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of the lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the County determines (1) discount rate, (2) lease term and (3) lease receipts.

- The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a measurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

A SBITA is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The County recognizes a subscription liability and a subscription asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of the subscription, the County initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to me made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over it's useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to subscriptions include how the County determines (1) the discount rate, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.
- The term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and initial direct costs incurred. The subscription term should also include options that are likely to be used.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a measurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each fund can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 4. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 5. The Appropriations Ordinance is adopted at the fund level. Department Directors may transfer appropriations within a department within a fund. The County administrator may approve transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund. The appropriation for each fund can be revised through resolution by the Board of Supervisors.
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 7. Cash proffers, State Asset Forfeiture, Federal Asset Forfeiture and Tourism funds do not have legally adopted budgets.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits:

All deposits of the primary government and its discretely presented component unit are held in banks covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

At June 30, all investments held by the County were in external investment pools which were considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of presentation in the basic financial statements. Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development Bank (World Bank), the Asian Development bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Pursuant to Sec. 2.1-234.7 of the *Code*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings and the carrying value of the position in LGIP and SNAP is the same value of the pool shares (i.e., the LGIP maintains a stable net asset value of \$1 per share in accordance with GASB 79).

Credit Risk Debt Securities:

The County's investment limits investments to those allowed by the *Code of Virginia*. The County may however restrict investments beyond the limits imposed by the *Code of Virginia* as such restrictions serve the purpose of further safeguarding County funds or are in the best interest of the County.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values			
Rated Debt Investments		r Quality Ratings	
		AAAm	
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	19,649	

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk Debt Securities: (Continued)

At June 30, the deposit and investment balances were as follows:

Deposits: Demand deposits Demand Deposits - School Activity Funds Certificates of deposit Cash on hand	\$ 55,584,929 656,490 2,500,000 1,050
Investments:	
LGIP	19,649
SNAP	1,776,111
Trust	 287,201
Total deposits and investments	\$ 60,825,430
The deposits and investments are comprised as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents - Primary Government	\$ 51,872,363
Cash and cash equivalents - Component Unit - School Board	3,349,586
Cash and cash equivalents - Component Unit - EDA	57,268
Cash and cash equivalents - Enterprise Funds	2,299,127
Cash and cash equivalents - Component Unit - Custodial Funds	357,032
Restricted assets - Primary Government	
Investments	 2,890,054
Total deposits and investments	\$ 60,825,430

Restricted cash and cash equivalents is comprised of cash held for capital projects financed with debt proceeds.

Note 4. Fair Value Measurement

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Mutual Funds US Treasury Note	\$ 2,063,312	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,063,312
	\$ 2,063,312	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,063,312

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 4. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

Note 5. Receivables

Receivables consist of the following:

	-	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	_	Total Primary Government
Taxes Less: allowance for	\$	29,627,588	\$	- \$	\$	29,627,588
uncollectible accounts		(534,853)	_		_	(534,853)
Net taxes receivable		29,092,735		-		29,092,735
Accounts Receivable, net of allowance	_	269,424	_	157,409	_	426,833
Total receivables, net	\$_	29,362,159	\$_	157,409	\$_	29,519,568

Taxes receivable represent the current and past four years of uncollected tax levies for personal property taxes and the current and past nineteen years for uncollected tax levies on real property. Governmental activities accounts receivable is comprised of amounts due for EMS billings and other local revenues. The allowances for uncollectible accounts is based on historical collection rates aging of receivable balances, and specific account analysis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Amounts due from other governments consist of the following:

		Primary	Component Unit School
	_(Government	Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
State sales tax	\$	- \$	1,046,677
Auto rental		4,804	-
Rolling stock tax		11,258	-
Victim witness grant		4,733	-
E-911 wireless funds		18,099	-
Comprehensive services		257,782	-
VPA funds		51,592	-
LEMPG Grant		7,500	-
CVTA Funds		660,560	-
Communication tax		88,321	-
Constitutional officer reimbursements		224,078	-
School resource officer grant		20,290	-
DMV revenue		2,307	-
Moped sales tax		3,561	-
Local sales tax		971,995	-
Federal Government:			
School fund grants		-	323,540
School food		-	3,762
DMV funds		6,630	-
PSAP education funds		3,943	-
Victim witness		9,943	-
CSBG funds		575	-
VPA funds		101,912	-
Total due from other governments	\$	2,449,883 \$	1,373,979

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 7. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of the following:

		Transfers		Transfers
	_	In	-	Out
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	1,126,425	\$	5,247,106
County Capital Projects Fund		5,918,873		2,131,906
Grants Fund		1,500		1,887,111
Other Governmental Funds		1,005,481		649,573
Proprietary Funds:				
Water and Sewer Fund	_	1,963,417	_	100,000
Total	\$	10,015,696	\$	10,015,696

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget required to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds. Transfers from the General Fund are to fund capital projects and debt service in the water and sewer fund. The remaining transfers were from grant or special revenue funds to fund capital projects.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year consists of the following:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not depreciated: Land	\$	2,448,781	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 2,448,781
Construction in progress	_	846,648		768,788		300,887	1,314,549
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$	3,295,429	\$	768,788	\$_	300,887	\$ 3,763,330
Capital assets depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	27,263,516 32,867,003 94,366,501	\$	1,072,187 670,663 96,900	\$	153,774 3,730,510	\$ 28,335,703 33,383,892 90,732,891
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	154,497,020	\$	1,839,750	\$	3,884,284	\$ 152,452,486
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	12,868,751 13,685,606 38,458,380	\$	745,004 2,036,464 2,519,947	\$	- 153,774 1,618,635	\$ 13,613,755 15,568,296 39,359,692
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	65,012,737	\$	5,301,415	\$_	1,772,409	\$ 68,541,743
Capital assets depreciated, net	\$_	89,484,283	\$	(3,461,665)	\$_	2,111,875	\$ 83,910,743
Lease assets: Land Equipment Buildings and Improvement Infrastructure	\$	677,423 9,609 69,958 381,393	\$	- - -	\$	9,609 - -	\$ 677,423 - 69,958 381,393
Total lease assets	\$	1,138,383	\$	-	\$	9,609	\$ 1,128,774
Less: accumulated amortization Land Equipment Buildings and Improvement Infrastructure	\$	98,356 3,652 20,988 78,199	\$	49,966 - 13,992 28,424	\$	- 3,652 - -	\$ 148,322 - 34,980 106,623
Total accumulated amortization	\$	201,195	\$	92,382	\$	3,652	\$ 289,925
Total lease assets being amortized, net	\$	937,188	\$	(92,382)	\$_	5,957	\$ 838,849
Subscription assets: Software	\$_	46,230	\$	6,883,834	\$_	-	\$ 6,930,064
Total subscription assets	\$_	46,230	\$	6,883,834	\$_	-	\$ 6,930,064
Less: accumulated amortization Software	\$_	10,285	\$_	362,788	\$_	-	\$ 373,073
Total accumulated amortization	\$	10,285	\$	362,788	\$_	-	\$ 373,073
Total lease/subscription assets being amortized, net	\$	35,945	\$	6,521,046	\$_		\$ 6,556,991
Net capital assets	\$_	93,752,845	\$	3,735,787	\$_	2,418,719	\$ 95,069,913

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases	_	Ending Balance		
Business-type Activities:								
Capital assets not depreciated:	Φ.	050 000	Φ		Φ.		Φ	050 000
Land	\$	859,030	Ъ	-	\$		\$	859,030
Construction in progress	_	262,968				262,968	_	
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$_	1,121,998	\$_	-	\$_	262,968	\$_	859,030
Capital assets depreciated:								
Utility plant in service	\$	26,573,883	\$	245,674	\$	-	\$	26,819,557
Machinery and equipment	_	809,499	_	38,542	_	-		848,041
Total capital assets depreciated	\$_	27,383,382	\$_	284,216	\$_	-	\$	27,667,598
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Utility plant in service	\$	8,096,730	\$	548,190	\$	-	\$	8,644,920
Machinery and equipment		331,146	_	70,686		-	_	401,832
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	8,427,876	\$_	618,876	\$_	-	\$_	9,046,752
Capital assets depreciated, net	\$_	18,955,506	\$_	(334,660)	\$_	-	\$_	18,620,846
Net capital assets	\$_	20,077,504	\$_	(334,660)	\$	262,968	\$_	19,479,876

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
General government administration \$	197,675	\$ - 9	197,675
Judicial administration	109,710	-	109,710
Public safety	1,930,079	-	1,930,079
Public works	197,620	-	197,620
Health and welfare	36,835	-	36,835
Education	2,519,948	-	2,519,948
Parks, recreation, and cultural	305,817	-	305,817
Community Development	3,731	-	3,731
Water and sewer		618,876	618,876
Total depreciation expense - primary government \$	5,301,415	\$ 618,876	5,920,291

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year consists of the following:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not depreciated:								
Land	\$	818,851	\$	-	\$		\$	818,851
Construction in progress	_	1,000,499		1,463,553		91,377		2,372,675
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$_	1,819,350	\$_	1,463,553	\$_	91,377	\$_	3,191,526
Capital assets depreciated:								
Jointly owned assets	\$	34,600,747	\$	3,702,445	\$		\$	38,303,192
Machinery and equipment	_	3,929,545		4,602,717		103,300	_	8,428,962
Total capital assets depreciated	\$_	38,530,292	\$_	8,305,162	\$_	103,300	\$	46,732,154
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Jointly owned assets	\$	14,101,282	\$	2,514,542	\$	-	\$	16,615,824
Machinery and equipment	_	2,042,032		619,480	_	93,406	_	2,568,106
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	16,143,314	\$_	3,134,022	\$_	93,406	\$	19,183,930
Capital assets depreciated, net	\$_	22,386,978	\$_	5,171,140	\$_	9,894	\$	27,548,224
Net capital assets	\$_	24,206,328	\$_	6,634,693	\$_	101,271	\$	30,739,750
Subscription assets:								
Software	\$_	148,115	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	148,115
Total subscription assets	\$_	148,115	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	148,115
Less: accumulated amortization								
Software	\$_	45,943	\$_	49,372	\$_	-	\$	95,315
Total accumulated amortization	\$_	45,943	\$_	49,372	\$_	-	\$	95,315
Total lease assets being amortized, net	\$_	102,172	\$_	(49,372)	\$_	_	\$	52,800
Net capital assets	\$_	24,308,500	\$_	6,585,321	\$_	101,271	\$	30,792,550

School Board depreciation expense was charged to education in the amount of \$923,972. The remaining \$2,514,542 increase to accumulated depreciation is for depreciation taken on jointly owned assets and transferred to the Component Unit – School Board. The School Board amortization expense for SBITAs was charged to education in the amount of \$49,372.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority

Capital asset activity for the EDA for the year consists of the following:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	<u> </u>	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not depreciated:								
Land	\$_	100,000	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	100,000
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$_	100,000	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	100,000
Net capital assets	\$_	100,000	\$_	-	\$_	_	\$_	100,000

Note 9. Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable/unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities in the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At year end, unavailable and unearned revenue were as follows:

	_	Unavailable	Unearned	_	Total
Proporty toyog	\$	9,243,621 \$	18,964,545	Ф	28,208,166
Property taxes Property taxes paid in advance	φ	9,243,021 \$	140.366	φ	140,366
VJCCA Grant		_	3.504		3.504
ARPA Funding		_	5,096,889		5,096,889
7tt 7tt anding	-		0,000,000	-	0,000,000
Totals	\$_	9,243,621 \$	24,205,304	\$_	33,448,925

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities consist of the following:

		Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance		Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Incurred by County:									
Compensated absences payable	\$	1,075,285	\$	1,089,108	\$	687,544 \$	1,476,849	\$	147,685
Financed purchases		724,946		-		150,914	574,032		154,983
Lease revenue bonds		24,839,353		-		1,471,159	23,368,194		1,551,592
Lease liability		972,823		-		84,229	888,594		81,272
Subscription liability		24,905		6,883,834		149,772	6,758,967		270,010
Premium on bonds	_	1,696,987	_	-	_	132,759	1,564,228		132,759
Total incurred by County	\$_	29,334,299	\$_	7,972,942	\$_	2,676,377 \$	34,630,864	\$	2,338,301
Incurred by School Board:									
General obligation bonds	\$	14,751,130	\$	-	\$	1,814,252 \$	12,936,878	\$	1,838,121
Financed purchases		338,343		832,686	•	184,829	986,200		306,303
Lease revenue bonds		40,818,647		-		2,535,841	38,282,806		2,659,408
Premium on bonds		3,624,210	_	-	_	280,996	3,343,214		280,996
Total incurred by School Board	\$_	59,532,330	\$_	832,686	\$_	4,815,918 \$	55,549,098	\$	5,084,828
Total Governmental Activities	\$	88,866,629	\$_	8,805,628	\$_	7,492,295 \$	90,179,962	\$ <u></u>	7,423,129
Business-Type Activities:									
Compensated absences payable	\$	39,731	\$	15,980	\$	23,314 \$	32,397	\$	3,240
Premium on bonds		660,412		-		47,296	613,116		47,296
Lease revenue bonds	_	13,155,000	_	-	_	830,000	12,325,000		875,000
Total Business-type Activities	\$_	13,855,143	\$_	15,980	\$_	900,610 \$	12,970,513	\$	925,536
Component Unit - School Board									
Compensated absences payable	\$	2,580,197	\$	171,624	\$	151,560 \$	2,600,261	Б	166,716
Subscription liability	Ψ	97,673	~	-	Ψ	48,309	49,364	7	49,364
2.2.2paon nabin'y	-	01,010	_		-	10,000	10,001	_	10,001
Total Component Unit - School Board	\$	2,677,870	\$_	171,624	\$_	199,869 \$	2,649,625	\$	216,080

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 10	Long Torm	Lighilities	(Continued)
Note 10.	Long-Term	Liabilities	(Continued)

Detaile	of long-term	indebtedness	are as	follows:
Details	or iona-term	muebleuness	are as	lollows.

Details of long-term indebtedness are a	as follows:						
			Final				
	Interest	Date	Maturity		Amount of		Amount
	Rates	Issued	Date		Original Issue		Outstanding
Governmental Activities:							
Incurred by County:							
Lease revenue bonds							
EDA	3.50	05/2015	09/2031	\$	8,584,200	\$	4,051,800
EDA	2.00-5.00	07/2016	10/2037		15,321,750		12,404,650
EDA	3.919	11/2018	04/2035		5,563,000		5,126,744
VRA	1.953-3.047	10/2019	04/2034		2,150,000		1,785,000
						\$	23,368,194
Einanaad purahaasa							
Financed purchases Fire Truck	2.02	08/2016	06/2027	φ	700,000	ф	100 000
Fire Truck				\$	•	\$	188,008
FIRE TRUCK	3.34	07/2018	07/2028		786,000	\$	386,024 574,032
						φ	374,032
Incurred by School Board:							
General obligation bonds							
VPSA Bond	5.10	05/2004	07/2024	\$	3,770,000	\$	185,000
VPSA Bond	4.96-5.27	07/2008	07/2028		6,350,705		1,782,878
School improvement bond	1.30	01/2021	01/2032		15,927,000		10,969,000
						\$	12,936,878
Financed purchases							
School Buses	2.20	07/2021	07/2024	\$	599,718		153,514
School Buses	4.20	03/2024	03/2029		832,686		832,686
						\$	986,200
Lease revenue bonds							
EDA	3.50	05/2015	09/2031	\$	15,260,800	\$	7,203,200
EDA	2.00-5.00	07/2016	10/2037		34,103,250		27,610,350
EDA	3.919	11/2018	04/2035		4,000,000		3,469,256
						\$	38,282,806

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

Lease revenue bonds

VRA	3.125-5.125	05/2017	10/2037	\$ 3,270,000	\$	2,820,000
VRA	4.10	11/2014	10/2036	6,075,000		4,190,000
VRA	1.951-3.047	10/2019	04/2034	6,415,000	_	5,315,000
Total Business-Type Activities					\$	12.325.000

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	_	Cou	nty	Schools							
Year		Leas			General Obligation			Lease Revenue			
Ending	-	Revenue		_		ond		_	and Refu	nai	
June 30,		Principal	Interest	-	Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest
2025	\$	1,551,592 \$	819,604	\$	1,838,121	\$	230,818	\$	2,659,408	\$	1,342,907
2026		1,756,457	746,317		1,676,369		190,560		2,869,543		1,207,845
2027		1,748,547	662,818		1,700,556		154,872		3,140,453		1,059,899
2028		1,771,446	578,705		1,726,672		119,034		3,367,555		899,575
2029		1,837,787	514,513		1,749,160		82,576		3,497,213		774,799
2030-2034		10,963,159	1,588,484		4,246,000		110,929		15,876,840		2,311,336
2035-2038		3,739,206	210,044		-		-		6,871,794		410,666
	_			_		_		_		-	
Total	\$_	23,368,194 \$	5,120,485	\$	12,936,878	\$_	888,789	\$_	38,282,806	\$_	8,007,027

	_	Business-type Activities						
Year		Lease Revenue						
Ending June 30,	_	and Refunding Bonds Principal Interest						
		-						
2025	\$	875,000	\$	423,323				
2026		900,000		391,460				
2027		930,000		358,312				
2028		960,000		325,003				
2029		990,000		291,718				
2030-2034		5,520,000		910,541				
2035-2038		2,150,000		136,464				
Total	\$	12,325,000	\$	2,836,821				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Financed Purchases

The assets acquired through finance purchasing are as follows:

			Governmental
		_	Activities
School I	Buses	\$	2,693,068
Fire Truc	cks		2,114,587
Less:	Accumulated depreciation		(2,353,988)
		_	
Total		\$	2,453,667

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year EndingJune 30		Governmental Activities	_	Component Unit- School Board
2025	\$	170,634	\$	343,971
2026 2027		170,634		186,563
2027		131,869 93,105		186,563 186,563
2029	_	46,552		186,563
Total minimum lease payments	\$	612,794	\$	1,090,223
Less: amount representing interest	_	(38,762)		(104,023)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$_	574,032	\$	986,200

Leases

Lease Receivable

On September 1, 1999, the County entered into a 36 month lease as lessor for the use of radio tower space by T-Mobile. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$99,683. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$0. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,798.41. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7270%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024, was \$0 and the County recognized lease revenue of \$33,581 during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Lease Receivable (Continued)

On September 5, 2014, the County entered into a 279 month lease as lessor for the use of radio tower space by Uniti Fiber. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$573,020. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$525,952. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,696.21. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7270%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024, was \$499,161 and the County recognized lease revenue of \$20,256 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 4 extensions option(s), each for 60 months.

On August 4, 2021, the County entered into a 60 month lease as lessor for the use of radio tower space by Verizon Wireless. An initial lease receivable was recorded of \$71,707. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$46,346. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$21,600. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8690%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024, was \$29,958 and the County recognized lease revenue of \$21,600 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 4 extensions option(s), each for 60 months.

Annual lease receipts and amortization of deferred inflows:

		Governmental Activities				
Year Ending June 30,			Leases Receivable		Deferred Inflows	
2025	\$		38,276	\$	38,961	
2026			39,210		38,961	
2027			22,112		25,894	
2028			19,314		24,620	
2029			20,138		24,620	
2030-2034			114,001		123,097	
2035-2039			138,930		123,098	
2040-2044			168,081		123,098	
2045			12,236		6,770	
Total	9	\$	572,298	\$	529,119	

Lease Payable

On January 31, 2020, the County entered into a 463-month lease as lessee for the use radio tower space. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$294,926. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$290,529. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$758. The lease has an interest rate of 2.583%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$271,995 with accumulated amortization of \$7,644. The County has 1 extension option, each for 60 months.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Lease Payable (Continued)

On December 5, 2019, the County entered into a 120-month lease as lessee for the use radio tower space. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$145,311. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$107,029. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,125.51. The lease has an interest rate of .316%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$101,983 with accumulated amortization of \$14,443. The County has 1 extension option, each for 60 months.

On January 24, 2020, the County entered into a 102-month lease as lessee for the use radio tower space. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$225,249. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$165,804. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,316.58. The lease has an interest rate of 1.527%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$155,123 with accumulated amortization of \$27,880. The County has 2 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On December 1, 2021, the County entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of office space. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$69,958. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$35,458. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,200.00. The lease has an interest rate of 1.177%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$34,979 with accumulated amortization of \$13,992. The County has 1 extension option, each for 12 months.

On March 1, 2009, the County entered into a 152-month lease as lessee for the use radio tower space. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$360,043. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$289,774. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,185.47. The lease has an interest rate of .727%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$274,770 with accumulated amortization of \$28,424. The County has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Lease Payable (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

		Governmental Activities				
Year Ending		Leases				
June 30,		Principal		Interest		
2025	\$	81,272	\$	12,516		
2026		84,421		11,657		
2027		80,456		10,779		
2028		76,470		9,991		
2029		79,767		9,189		
2030-2034		224,078		38,024		
2035-2039		25,848		32,312		
2040-2044		35,855		28,358		
2045-2049		47,911		22,986		
2050-2054		62,367		15,909		
2055-2059		79,633		6,790		
2060		10,516		91		
Total	\$ 6	888,594	\$	198,602		

Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements

Subscription Liability

On August 1, 2022, the County entered into a 36-month lease as lessee for the use of a jury management system. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$18,572. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$6,190. The County is required to make an annual fixed payment of \$6,325. The lease has an interest rate of 2.184%. The value of the subscription asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$6,707 with accumulated amortization of \$6.191.

On March 1, 2023, the County entered into a 24-month lease as lessee for the use of DebtBook. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$25,657. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$0. The County is required to make an annual fixed payment of \$13,000. The lease has an interest rate of 2.707%. The value of the subscription asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$9,219 with accumulated amortization of \$9,219.

On November 5, 2019, the County entered into a 240-month lease beginning July 1, 2023 as lessee for the use of L3Harris Communications System. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$6,883,934. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$6,752,777. The County is required to make an annual fixed payment of \$433,990. The lease has an interest rate of 2.52%. The value of the subscription asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$6,541,165 with accumulated amortization of \$342,768.

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (Continued)</u>

Subscription Liability (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
Year Ending		Subscriptions							
June 30,	_	Principal		Interest					
2025	\$	270,010	\$	170,305					
2026	Ψ	270,468	Ψ	270,468					
2027		277,284		277,284					
2028		284,272		284,272					
2029		291,435		291,435					
2030-2034		1,571,111		598,839					
2035-2039		1,779,303		390,647					
2040-2044	_	2,015,084		154,867					
	-			_					
Total	\$	6,758,967	\$	2,438,117					

On July 26, 2022, the Component Unit-School Board entered into a 36-month lease as lessee for the use of Microsoft. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$148,115. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$49,364. The County is required to make an annual fixed payment of \$50,442. The lease has an interest rate of 2.184%. The value of the subscription asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$52,800 with accumulated amortization of \$49,372.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Component Unit- School Board							
Year Ending	Subscriptions							
June 30,	 Principal		Interest					
2025	\$ 49,364	\$	1,078					
Total	\$ 49,364	\$	1,078					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivisions Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County of Powhatan, VA (the "Political Subdivision") are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan, upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1	About Plan 2	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	Same as Plan 1.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. • The defined benefit is based on
		 The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
	HYBRID	
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Eligible Members	Eligible Members	Eligible Members
Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.	Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees*
Hybrid Opt-In Election	Hybrid Opt-In Election	 Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held
VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement	Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1	January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
Plan during a special election window held January 1 through	through April 30, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members
April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:
members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also	Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty
returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid	eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	employees Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP)
Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the	Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select
Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.		Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions
Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Same as Plan 1.	A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Service Credit	Service Credit	Service Credit
Creditable service includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.
		Defined Contributions Component:
		Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting	Vesting	Vesting
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
DI ANI 4	DI AN 2	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN Vesting (Continued)
		Defined Contributions Component: (Continued)
		After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
		 After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
		After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.
		Distribution is not required, except as governed by law.
Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit
The basic benefit is determined	See definition under Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
using the average final compensation, service credit and plan multiplier.		See definition under Plan 1.
An early retirement reduction is		Defined Contribution Component:
applied to this amount if the member is retiring with a reduced benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement payment, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.		The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	DI AN 2	HYBRID
Average Final Compensation	PLAN 2 Average Final Compensation	RETIREMENT PLAN Average Final Compensation
A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier
VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to	VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted	Defined Benefit Component:
determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased,	VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.
	or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component:
		Not applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
VRS: Age 65.	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Defined Benefit Component:
	Total official age.	VRS: Same as Plan 2.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
Age ou.	Same as Flan 1.	Defined Contribution Component:
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility
VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit	VRS: Normal Social Security	Defined Benefit Component:
or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equals 90.	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equals 90.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component:
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
DI ANI 4	DI ANI G	HYBRID
PLAN 1 Earliest Reduced Retirement	PLAN 2 Earliest Reduced Retirement	RETIREMENT PLAN Earliest Unreduced Retirement
Eligibility	Eligibility	Eligibility
VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service	Defined Benefit Component:
or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.	credit.	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 50 with at least five years of	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
service credit.	Same as Flam 1.	Defined Contribution Component:
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3%	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2%	Defined Benefit Component:
increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers	increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%),	Same as Plan 2.
(CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	for a maximum COLA of 3%.	<u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component</u> :
Eligibility:	Eligibility:	Not applicable.
		Eligibility:
For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20	Same as Plan 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued)
Eligibility: (Continued)		
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.		
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:
The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:	Same as Plan 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
 The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. 		
The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability.		
The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued)		
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Continued)		
The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.		
Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage
Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.	Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.	Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides and employer-paid comparable program for its members.
		Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service
Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous	Same as Plan 1.	<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> :
public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service		Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:
as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit.		Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to		Defined Contribution Component:
purchase periods of leave without pay.		Not applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	County	School Board Non- Professional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	71	84
Inactive members:		
Vested inactive members	18	21
Non-vested inactive members	27	37
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	54	11
Total inactive members	99	69
Active members	191	82
Total covered employees	361	235

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's and School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 13.52% and 4.12% respectively, of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,906,175 and \$1,611,743 for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan were \$82,108 and \$80,196 for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability/Asset

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability/asset determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For Powhatan County, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50 - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (Continued)

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Mortality rates: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Mortality rates: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table PUB2010 public sector mortality tables
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- No change on disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- · No change to Line of Duty Disability
- No change to Discount Rate

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table PUB2010 public sector mortality tables
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- No change on disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- No change to Line of Duty Disability
- No change to Discount Rate

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50 – 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Largest 10 - LEOS:

Mortality rates: 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Largest 10 - LEOS: (Continued)

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

Mortality rates: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2010. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 -Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table PUB2010 public sector mortality tables
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
- Decreased withdrawal rates
- No change on disability rates
- No change to salary scale

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Largest 10 -Hazardous Duty: (Continued)

- No change to Line of Duty Disability
- No change to Discount Rate

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table PUB2010 public sector mortality tables
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
- Decreased withdrawal rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
- No change on disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- No change to Line of Duty Disability
- No change to Discount Rate

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long -Term Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
	Inflation		2.50%
*Expected arithmetic r	nominal return		8.25%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2023, on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability - County

		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability (a)	•	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net Pension Liability (a-b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	33,489,828	\$	30,928,290	\$	2,561,538
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,596,013		-		1,596,013
Interest		2,322,046		-		2,322,046
Difference between expected and	actual					
experience		1,258,886		_		1,258,886
Contributions - employer		_		1,529,668		(1,529,668)
Contributions - employee		-		560,244		(560,244)
Net investment income		-		2,050,304		(2,050,304)
Benefit payments, including refund	ds					
of employee contributions		(1,370,321)		(1,370,321)		-
Administrative expense		_		(19,363)		19,363
Other changes	-	-		835	_	(835)
	Net changes	3,806,624		2,751,367		1,055,257
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	37,296,452	\$	33,679,657	\$	3,616,795

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) - School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan

		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a-b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	9,771,516	\$	10,578,212	\$	(806,696)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		201,650		-		201,650
Interest		657,847		-		657,847
Difference between expected and act	ual					
experience		261,221		-		261,221
Contributions - employer		-		71,196		(71,196)
Contributions - employee		-		101,190		(101,190)
Net investment income		-		677,003		(677,003)
Benefit payments, including refunds						, ,
of employee contributions		(454,564)		(454,564)		_
Administrative expense		-		(6,839)		6,839
Other changes		-		272	_	(272)
N	let changes	666,154		388,258	_	277,896
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	10,437,670	\$	10,966,470	\$_	(528,800)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	_	1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	_	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	1.00% Increase (7.75%)
County net pension liability	\$ _	9,028,249	\$	3,616,795 \$	(1,071,735)
School Board Non-Professional net pension liability (asset)	\$_	721,415	\$	(528,800) \$	(1,601,922)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,656,948. At June 30, 2024, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,195,319	\$ 362,988
Change in assumptions		513,895	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	443,307
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,906,175	
Total	\$ _	3,615,389	\$ 806,295

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan recognized pension expense of \$45,794. At June 30, 2024, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	145,123	\$	27,725
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		170,799
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	82,108	_	
Total	\$	227,231	\$	198,524

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The \$1,906,175 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Increase (Reduction)
Year Ending	to Pension
June 30,	Expense
2025	\$ 261,266
2026	(175,099)
2027	649,945
2028	166,807
2029	-
Thereafter	-

The \$82,108 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school non-professional's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to Pension Expense
2025	\$ (33,389)
2026	(177,480)
2027	152,011
2028	5,457
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS political subdivision retirement plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Report. A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-22500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, cost-sharing plan. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
About Plan 1	About Plan 2	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan			
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.			
		The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.			
		The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
		About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Continued) In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.		
Eligible Members	Eligible Members	Eligible Members		
Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.	Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • School division employees.		
Hybrid Opt-In Election	Hybrid Opt-In Election	Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan diving the planting window hold.		
VRS non-hazardous duty-covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	during the election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions			
Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Same as Plan 1.	A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Service Credit	Service Credit	Service Credit		
Service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
PLAN 1	DI AN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting	PLAN 2 Vesting	Vesting PLAN	
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:	
for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested		Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.	
in the contributions that they make.		Defined Contributions Component:	
		Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.	
		Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	
		Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
		Vesting (Continued) Defined Contributions Component: (Continued) • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required, except		
		as governed by law.		
Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit		
The basic benefit is determined using the average final compensation, service credit and plan multiplier. An early retirement reduction is applied to this amount if the member is retiring with a reduced benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement plan, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.	See definition under Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Average Final Compensation	Average Final Compensation	Average Final Compensation		
A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.		
Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier		
The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a	Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted	Defined Benefit Component:		
final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for members is 1.70%.	prior to January 1, 2013. The retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1,	The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.		
	2013.	For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.		
		Defined Contribution Component:		
		Not applicable.		
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age		
Age 65.	Normal Social Security retirement age.	Defined Benefit Component:		
	aye.			
		Defined Contribution Component:		
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	
Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit.	Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90.	Defined Benefit Component: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90.	
		Defined Contribution Component:	
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	
VRS: Age 55 with at least five	VRS: Age 60 with at least five	Defined Benefit Component:	
years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.	years (60 months) of service credit.	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.	
		Defined Contribution Component:	
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
PLAN 1	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3%	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2%	Defined Benefit Component:	
increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional	any additional increase (up to 2%),		
increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.		Component:	
Eligibility:	Eligibility:	Not applicable.	
For members who retire with an	Same as Plan 1.	Eligibility:	
unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Same as Plan 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.			
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	
The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:	Same as Plan 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
HYBRID			
PLAN 1 Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continue) Exceptions to COLA Effective	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN	
 Dates: (Continued) The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the 			
monthly benefit begins. Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	
Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Employees of school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
		Disability Coverage (Continued) Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	
Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	
Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$4,823,539 and \$4,632,378 for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Employee Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The School Division's proportionate share is reflected in Exhibit 1 under change in proportion.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$28,534,661 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.28232% as compared to 0.29064% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,519,033. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022, measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is include with the pension expense calculation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,451,152	\$	1,113,544
Change in assumptions		1,283,576		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,855,329
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		286,608		996,244
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	4,823,539	_	
Total	\$_	8,844,875	\$_	3,965,117

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$4,823,539 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u></u>	Increase (Reduction) to Pension Expense
2025	\$	(759,310)
2026		(1,799,307)
2027		2,206,754
2028		408,082
2029		-
Thereafter		_

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

imation	2.30 /0
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 – 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

2 50%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all.
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- No changes to disability rates
- No changes to salary scale
- No changes to discount rate

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public			
Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment			
Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
	Inflation		2.50%
*Expected arithmetic n	ominal return		8.25%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023, on, school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total net pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$ 57,574,609
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	47,467,405
Emloyers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 10,107,204
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.45%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	_	1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
School Board division's proportionate share of the VRS teacher employee retirement plan net pension				
liability	\$_	50,581,776	\$ 28,534,661	\$ 10,410,119

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 **VRS** Annual Report be downloaded from the **VRS** website may http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan

Plan Provisions and Benefits

In addition to providing the benefits described in Note 14, the County and School Board administers a single-employer defined healthcare plan for qualifying retired employees, their spouses and dependents. The plan's benefit levels and employer contributions are governed by the County and School Board and can be amended by the County and School Board. The Plan provides for healthcare insurance coverage for eligible retirees, their spouses and dependents.

Plan Description

Covered full-time active employees who retire directly from the County with at least 5 years of service and attain the age of 50 prior to retirement are eligible to receive postretirement health care benefits. Retirees not eligible for Medicare may elect one of the following medical options which include medical, dental, and vision coverage: Key

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Advantage Expanded (PPO), Key Advantage 500 (PPO), or TLC High Deductible (PPO). Retirees who are eligible for Medicare may only elect the Medicare supplement provided by Key Advantage 65 and must pay 100% of the supplement less the health insurance credit. Retirees may elect to cover a spouse and dependents.

County retirees who have at least 15 years of service with the County receive a health insurance credit with the County. Retirees receive \$4 per year of County service per month, up to a maximum of \$120 per month for their elected medical coverage from the County. The retiree must pay the remainder of the premium. This benefit ended 12/31/2015. Those that are receiving this benefit are grandfathered in. All others get HIC of \$45 per month upon retirement. County retirees who have less than 15 years of service with the County must pay 100% of the premium cost. County membership in the plan at the time of the actuarial study consisted of 208 active members with total active covered payroll of \$14,026,000 and 12 retirees.

The Powhatan County Schools retirees who attain the age of 50 with at least 5 years of service are eligible to participate in the retiree medical plan. Retirees who are age 65 and older may only participate in the Medicare Supplement and must pay 100% of the cost. The School Board pays 100% of the premium cost for retirees' single coverage. Retirees pay 100% of any additional premium for spouse and dependent coverage. Schools membership in the plan at the time of the actuarial study consisted of 542 active members with total active covered payroll of \$26,696,000 and 48 retirees. There are no financial statements issued for the OPEB plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the plan:

	County	School Board
Inactive members or their beneficiaries: Currently receiving benefits	12_	48
Total inactive members	12	48
Active members	208	542
Total	220	590

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$1,627,000 was measured as of July 1, 2023 and was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2023. The School Non-Professional employee's total OPEB liability of \$5,692,000 was measured as of July 1, 2023, and was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	County	School Board
Inflation	3.86%	3.86%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.75%	3.75%
Healthcare cost trends rates*	6.50%	6.50%

 $^{^{\}ast}$ 6.50% for FY2024 and then decreasing .25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

Mortality rates: RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021. For county employees and non-teachers, a four year set forward in age for males and a two year setback in age for females is applied. For law enforcement officers, a two year setback in age for both males and females applied. For teachers a three year setback in age applied to males and a five year set back in age is applied to females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2022 through July 30, 2023. The actuarial cost method discount rate has been set equal to 3.86% and represents the Municipal GO AA 20-year yield curve rate as of the measurement date.

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(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

THE POWE OF ED ENDING	County	School Board
Balances at July 1, 2023	\$ 2,531,000 \$	19,241,000
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	118,000	830,000
Interest	97,000	729,000
Benefit changes	-	(11,977,000)
Difference between expected and actual		
experience	(1,075,000)	(2,430,000)
Assumption or other input changes	(29,000)	(47,000)
Contributions - employer	(15,000)	(654,000)
Net changes	(904,000)	(13,549,000)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 1,627,000 \$	5,692,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the County and School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.86%) or one percentage point higher (4.86%) than the current discount rate:

			County			School Board					
	-	1.00% Decrease (2.86%)		Current Discount Rate (3.86%)		1.00% Increase (4.86%)	_	1.00% Decrease (2.86%)		Current Discount Rate (3.86%)	1.00% Increase (4.86%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,806,000	\$	1,627,000	\$	1,467,000	\$_	5,974,000	\$.	5,692,000 \$	5,419,000

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of County and School Board, as well as what the County and School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			County			School Board					
	-		Current		_		Current				
			Healthcare				Healthcare				
		1.00%	Cost Trend	1.00%		1.00%	Cost Trend	1.00%			
	_	Decrease (5.50%)	Rates Rate (6.50%)	(7.50%)	_	Decrease (5.50%)	Rates Rate (6.50%)	Increase (7.50%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$_	1,440,000 \$	1,627,000 \$	1,849,000	\$_	5,489,000	5,692,000 \$	5,908,000			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and School Board employees recognized OPEB expense (credit) of \$45,000 and (\$10,125,000), respectively. At June 30, 2024, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Co	ount	У	School Board			
	_	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources		Resources	_	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	684,000	\$	(1,221,000)	\$	2,847,000	\$	(2,483,000)
Change in assumptions		337,000		(660,000)		1,323,000		(1,594,000)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	11,808		<u>-</u>		428,451	_	
Total	\$_	1,032,808	\$	(1,881,000)	\$_	4,598,451	\$	(4,077,000)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The \$11,808 and \$428,451 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County and School Board's contributions, respectively subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB Liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		County		School Board
		Increase	_	Increase
		(Reduction) to		(Reduction) to
Year Ending June 30,	_	OPEB Expense	_	OPEB Expense
2025	\$	(174,000)	\$	388,000
2026		(174,000)		230,000
2027		(168,000)		-
2028		(167,000)		(153,000)
2029		(150,000)		(372,000)
Therafter		(27,000)		-

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the County and Schools also participates in various cost-sharing and agent multi-employer other postemployment benefit plans, described as follows.

Plan Descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance Program is a multi-employer, cost-sharing plan. All full-time, salaried permanent teachers and employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Specific information for the GLI is available at https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance/basic-group-life-insurance.asp

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program is a multi-employer, cost-sharing plan. All full time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Specific information about the Teacher HIC is available at https://www.varetire.org/retirees/insurance/healthinscredit/index.asp

Health Insurance Credit Program

The County Health Insurance Credit Program is a multi-employer, agent defined benefit plan. The General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) is available for all full time, salaried employees of local government entities other than Teachers. The General Employee HIC provides all the same benefits as the Teacher HIC, except that this plan is considered a multi-employer agent plan.

As of the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the Health Insurance Credit Program:

	County	School Board
Inactive members or their beneficiaries receiving benefits	6	14
Inactive members:		
Vested inactive members	2	6
Total inactive members	8	20
Active members	83	81
Total covered employees	91	101

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2021 (General Employee HIC program) and June 30, 2021 (GLI and Teacher HIC Program). The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

General Employee Group Life Insurance Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly
Total rate:	1.34% of covered employee compensation. Rate allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and 0.54% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee compensation.
June 30, 2024 Contribution	\$75,570
June 30, 2023 Contribution	\$63,898

Teacher Group Life Insurance Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly
Total rate:	1.34% of covered employee compensation. Rate allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and 0.54% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee compensation.
June 30, 2024 Contribution	\$12,354
June 30, 2023 Contribution	\$11,915

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session. Our proportionate share is reflected in Note 14 of our financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

School Board Group Life Insurance Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly
Total rate:	1.34% of covered employee compensation. Rate allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and 0.54% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee compensation.
June 30, 2024 Contribution	\$155,205
June 30, 2023 Contribution	\$150,121

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1401(E) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	1.21% of covered employee compensation.
June 30, 2024 Contribution	\$350,303
June 30, 2023 Contribution	\$336,486

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1402(E) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	0.26% of covered employee compensation.
June 30, 2024 Contribution	\$16,992
June 30, 2023 Contribution	\$14,101

School Board Non-Professional Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1402(E) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to governmental agencies by the Virginia			
	General Assembly.			
Total rate:	1.06% of covered employee compensation.			
June 30, 2024 Contribution	\$24,196			
June 30, 2023 Contribution	\$23,364			

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities, except for LODA, were based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

Group Life Insurance Program

	County	School Board	Teachers
June 30, 2024 proportionate share of			
liability	\$607,332	\$113,215	\$1,426,224
June 30, 2023 proportion	0.05064%	0.00944%	0.11892%
June 30, 2022 proportion	0.04811%	0.01025%	0.12340%
June 30, 2024 expense	\$48,136	\$4,945	\$40,006

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

June 30, 2024 proportionate share of	
liability	\$3,379,128
June 30, 2023 proportion	0.27894%
June 30, 2022 proportion	0.28678%
June 30, 2024 expense	\$219,800

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Changes in net OPEB liability of the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were as follows:

		Increase (Decrease)		
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	114,220	\$ 70,170 \$	44,050
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		4,165	-	4,165
Interest		7,920	-	7,920
Difference between expected and actual				
experience		(37, 162)	-	(37,162)
Assumption changes		-	-	-
Contributions - employer		-	14,111	(14,111)
Net investment income		-	4,732	(4,732)
Benefit payments		(2,112)	(2,112)	-
Administrative expenses		-	(123)	123
Other changes	_		113	(113)
Net cha	nges _	(27,189)	16,721	(43,910)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	87,031	\$ 86,891 \$	140

In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$671 related to the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

School Board Non-Professional Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Changes in net OPEB liability of the School Board Non-Professional Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were as follows:

	_	Increase (Decrease)				
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	254,780	\$ 39,963	\$ 214,817		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		2,051	-	2,051		
Interest		17,136	-	17,136		
Difference between expected and act	ual					
experience		(106,706)	-	(106,706)		
Assumption changes		-	-	-		
Contributions - employer		-	23,364	(23,364)		
Net investment income		-	3,253	(3,253)		
Benefit payments		(5,928)	(5,928)	-		
Administrative expenses		-	(91)	91		
Other changes	_		20	(20)		
N	et changes _	(93,447)	20,618	(114,065)		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ _	161,333	\$ 60,581	\$ 100,752		

In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized OPEB expense (income) of (\$6,020) related to the School Board Non-Professional Employee Health Insurance Credit Program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the County and Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Group Life Insurance Program

		Count	County Teachers			Schools Non-professional			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	60,658 \$	18,436 \$	142,445 \$	43,293 \$	11,307 \$	3,437		
Change in assumptions		12,982	42,078	30,486	98,814	2,420	7,844		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on									
OPEB plan investments		-	24,406	-	57,314	-	4,550		
Changes in proportion		74,156	651	18,598	75,275	17,570	12,254		
Employer contributions subsequent to the									
measurement date	_	75,570	<u> </u>	155,205	<u> </u>	12,354			
Total	\$_	223,366 \$	85,571 \$	346,734 \$	274,696 \$	43,651 \$	28,085		

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Changes in proportion	\$	1,696 78,660 37,625	\$	148,732 3,405 173,669
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	350,303	_	
Total	\$_	468,284	\$	325,806

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,273	\$	39,503
Change in assumptions		14,677		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		73
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	16,992	_	
Total	\$_	36,942	\$	39,576

School Board Non-Professional Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 87,486
Change in assumptions		6,984	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
OPEB plan investments		699	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	24,196	
Total	\$	31,879	\$ 87,486

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County and School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	County Increase (Reduction) to	Teachers Increase (Reduction) to	Schools Non-professional Increase (Reduction) to
Year Ending June 30,	OPEB Expense	OPEB Expense	OPEB Expense
2025	15,573 \$	(26,511) \$	39
2026	(6,836)	(78,497)	(2,779)
2027	25,992	13,918	4,680
2028	16,235	3,178	1,845
2029	11,261	4,745	(573)
Thereafter	_	-	-

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Year Ending June 30,	 Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense
2025	\$ (56,816)
2026	(47,209)
2027	(26,787)
2028	(33,882)
2029	(25,403)
Thereafter	(17,728)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

General and School Board Non-Professional Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

		County	School Board Non-Professional
Year Ending June 30,	_	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense
2025	\$	(6.225) ¢	(21.004)
2023	Φ	(6,325) \$ (6,493)	(21,994) (22,630)
		,	, ,
2027		(4,035)	(23, 120)
2028		(4,071)	(12,059)
2029		(328)	-
Thereafter		1,626	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases, including inflation: Locality - general employees	3.50-5.35%
Locality - hazardous duty employees Teachers	3.50-4.75% 3.50-5.95%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	7.00 4.750/
Under age 65	7.00-4.75%
Ages 65 and older	5.375-4.75%
Investment rate of return, net of expenses,	6.750/
including inflation	6.75%

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note 11.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Net OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	-	Group Life Insurance Program	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,907,052	\$	1,475,471
Plan fiduciary net position		2,707,739		264,054
Employers' net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,199,313	\$	1,211,417
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		69.30%		17.90%

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit Programs

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public			
Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment			
Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
	Inflation		2.50%
*Expected arithmetic n	ominal return		8.25%

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.5%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI and HIC OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate for GLI and 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate for all other OPEB plans. From July 1, 2023, on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liabilities of the County and School Board, as well as what the County and School Board's net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current discount rate:

	_	1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
GLI Net OPEB liability - County	\$	900,256	\$ 607,332	\$ 370,501
GLI Net OPEB liability - Teachers		2,114,109	1,426,224	870,064
GLI Net OPEB liability - Schools Non-professional		167,820	113,215	69,067
Teacher HIC Net OPEB liability		3,822,171	3,379,128	3,003,087
HIC Net OPEB liability - Schools Non-professional		119,049	100,752	85,236
General Employee HIC Net OPEB liability		11,248	140	(9,093)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the various VRS OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Report. A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 15.	Summary	/ of Pension and	Other Post-Emp	nployment Benefits Elements

Deferred outflows of resources - pensions:	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Component Unit
Difference between expected and actual	\$	1,171,771	\$	23,548 \$		1,195,319 \$		2,596,275
experience - VRS Changes in assumptions - VRS Changes in proportions - VRS	Ψ	503,771	Ψ	10,124		513,895 -		1,283,576 286,608
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date - VRS	_	1,868,657		37,518	_	1,906,175		4,905,647
Total deferred outflows of resources - pensions	\$_	3,544,199	\$	71,190 \$	_	3,615,389 \$		9,072,106
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Component Unit
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB:								
Difference between expected and actual experience:								
Local plan	\$	665,190	9	\$ 18,810	\$	684,000	\$	2,847,000
VRS GLI		59,463		1,195		60,658		153,75
VRS HIC		5,168		105		5,273		1,69
Difference in projected and actual investment earnings:		2,123				2,		,,,,
VRS HIC		_		_		_		69
Changes in assumptions								
Local plan		327,767		9,233		337,000		1,323,00
VRS GLI		12,732		250		12,982		32,90
VRS HIC		14,388		289		14,677		85,64
Changes in proportional share		,000				,		33,3 .
VRS GLI VRS HIC		72,695		1,461		74,156		36,16 37,62
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		_		_		_		31,02
Local plan		11,483		325		11,808		428,45
VRS GLI		74,081		1,489		75,570		167,55
VRS HIC		16,658	_	334	-	16,992	_	374,49
Total deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	\$	1,259,625	9	\$ 33,491	\$	1,293,116	\$_	5,488,999

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 15. Summary of Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Elements (Continued)

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Component Unit	
VRS Pension Asset									
VRS	\$_	-	\$		\$	-	\$_	528,800	
Total net pension asset	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	528,800	
Net Pension Liability									
VRS	\$	3,545,578	\$	71,217	\$	3,616,795	\$	28,534,661	
Total net pension liability	\$	3,545,578	\$	71,217	\$	3,616,795	\$	28,534,661	
Net OPEB Liability									
Local plan	\$	1,582,312	\$	44,688	\$	1,627,000	\$	5,692,000	
VRS GLI		595,385		11,947		607,332		1,539,439	
VRS HIC		137		3		140		3,479,880	
LODA		550,462		-		550,462		-	
Total net OPEB liability	\$	2,728,296	\$	56,638	\$	2,784,934	\$	10,711,319	
		Governmental Activities	I	Business-Type Activities	9	Total Primary Government	t	Component Unit	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions:			_		_		_		
Difference between expected and actual experience - VRS	\$	355,844	(5 7,144	1 \$	362,988	8 \$	5 1,141,269	
Changes in proportion - VRS		_			_		-	996,244	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments - VRS		434,574	_	8,733	3	443,30	7	2,026,128	
Total deferred inflows of resources - pensions	\$	790,418	5	\$ 15,877	7 \$	806,29	5 \$	4,163,641	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

	_	Governmental Activities	I	Business-Type Activities	_	Total Primary Government	C	omponent Unit
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB:								
Difference between expected and actual								
experience:								
Local plan	\$	1,187,485	\$	33,515	6	1,221,000 \$		2,483,000
VRS GLI	·	18,076		360		18,436		46,730
VRS HIC		38,724		779		39,503		236,218
Changes in assumptions		,				,		
Local plan		641,850		18,150		660,000		1,594,000
VRS GLI		41,249		829		42,078		106,658
VRS HIC		,2.10		020		-		3,405
Net difference between projected and actual								0, 100
earnings on OPEB plan investments								
VRS GLI		23,925		481		24,406		61,864
VRS HIC		72		1		73		-
Changes in proportional share						, 0		
VRS GLI		638		13		651		87,529
VRS HIC		-		-		-		173,669
VIOLIC	-		-		_			170,000
Total deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	\$_	1,952,019	\$_	54,128	-	2,006,147 \$		4,793,073
		Governmenta	ı	Business-Type		Total Primary		Component
		Activities	_	Activities	_	Government	_	Unit
Pension expense								
VRS	\$	1,702,485				1,736,682	_	2,333,248
Total pension expense	\$	1,702,485	\$ —	34,197	\$	1,736,682	\$ _	2,333,248
OPEB expense								
Local plan	\$	36,770		,	\$	37,808	\$	2,048,000
VRS GLI		41,641		836		42,477		39,694
VRS HIC		648	3	13		661		275,929
LODA		28,868	3_			28,868		<u> </u>
Total OPEB expense	\$	107,927	′ \$	1,887	\$	109,814	\$	2,363,623

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies

Federal programs

Federal programs in which the County and discretely presented component unit participate may be subject to audit by the Federal Government, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Construction Contracts Outstanding

The following construction contracts were outstanding at June 30, 2024:

Fund	Fund Project		 Contract Amount	Amount Remaining
Capital Projects Fund	Powhatan Village Reroofing	Old Dominion Roofing & Construction, Inc	\$ 238,995 \$	75,868
Capital Projects Fund	Powhatan Elem HVAC	EMC Mechanical Services	1,412,020	95,735
Capital Projects Fund	Turner Field Concessions	Norman Company Inc	1,390,695	1,371,714

Note 17. Line of Duty Act Liability (LODA)

The County covers LODA through insurance with VACorp. They do not have an OPEB liability for current safety employees. However, prior to starting coverage with VACorp, an officer died in the line of duty and his spouse and child were grandfathered into the original State LODA plan. The County pays approximately \$8,000/year currently for health insurance for the two individuals. The spouse's insurance will be paid until she dies while the child is covered until he reaches age 26 (unless he meets the requirements as an incapacitated dependent child). The following is the calculated liability for the County at June 30, 2024:

Present value of total estimated liability at 6/30/24	\$ 550,462
Annual increase in health insurance costs:	 6.0%
Years remaining for child: Born July 2003	5
Years remaining for spouse: Approximately	34
Annual premiums paid by County for child:	9,186
Annual premiums paid by County for spouse:	\$ 13,398

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 18. Risk Management

The County and School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurances.

The County and School Board are members of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay, and discharge any liability. Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments are based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County and School Board carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 19. Fund Balances

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

				County			Other		Total
		General		Capital		Grants	Governmental		Governmental
		Fund		Projects		Fund	Funds		Funds
Nonspendable:			_					_	
Prepaid items	\$	10,849	\$	-	\$	28,510	\$ -	\$	39,359
Total nonspendable	\$	10,849	\$	-	\$	28,510	\$ -	\$	39,359
Restricted for:			_		_			_	
Cash proffers	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,449,759	\$	1,449,759
State asset forfeiture		-		-		-	30,850		30,850
Federal asset forfeiture		-		-		_	214		214
Tourism		-		-		-	154,951		154,951
Fire and rescue		-		-		-	211,084		211,084
CVTA		_		-		-	6,554,470		6,554,470
Capital projects		_		2,692,275		_	_		2,692,275
Total restricted	\$	_	-\$-	2,692,275	\$	_	\$ 8,401,328	\$	11,093,603
Committed for:	· -		-		- ' -		 	·	
Fire and rescue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 684,766	\$	684,766
Total committed	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 684,766	\$	684,766
Assigned for:								_	
Capital maintenance reserve	\$	9,972,309	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	9,972,309
Capital maintenance reserve - Scho	ools	704,727		-		-	-		704,727
Road Construction		1,100,000		-		-	-		1,100,000
PCAA		32,952		-		-	-		32,952
PEG		97,916		-		-	-		97,916
FY25 Carryforwards		49,073		-		-	-		49,073
Capital projects		-		16,109,796		-	-		16,109,796
Total assigned	\$	11,956,977	\$	16,109,796	\$	-	\$ -	\$	28,066,773
Unassigned	_	16,257,104	_	-		(4,821,927)	 -	-	11,435,177
Total fund balance	\$	28,224,930	\$	18,802,071	\$	(4,793,417)	\$ 9,086,094	\$	51,319,678

Note 20. Local Choice Insurance Plan

The County's employees are covered by a professionally administered risk sharing program which provides health coverage for employees of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. Dependents are covered by the program provided they pay a premium to the County. Under the program, the County's health insurance claims are separately rated from other groups, and the County's claims experience is factored into the premiums assessed in subsequent periods. However, gains and losses resulting from the County's claims experience are not settled directly with the County, but instead are shared by the pool. If the County were to exit the risk pool, it could be assessed a settlement charge that would not exceed any net loss resulting from the County's most recent claims experience. The County has no plans to exit the pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 21. Subsequent Events

On July 23, 2024, the County issued the 2024B Summer VRA Refunding Bonds to refund the VRA 2014 C bonds and the 2018 bank loan. The amount refunded for the 2014C VRA was \$4,056,571.05 at an interest rate of 3.35% and the 2018 bank loan in amount of \$8,913,492.42 at an interest rate of 3.27%.

Note 22. New Accounting Standards

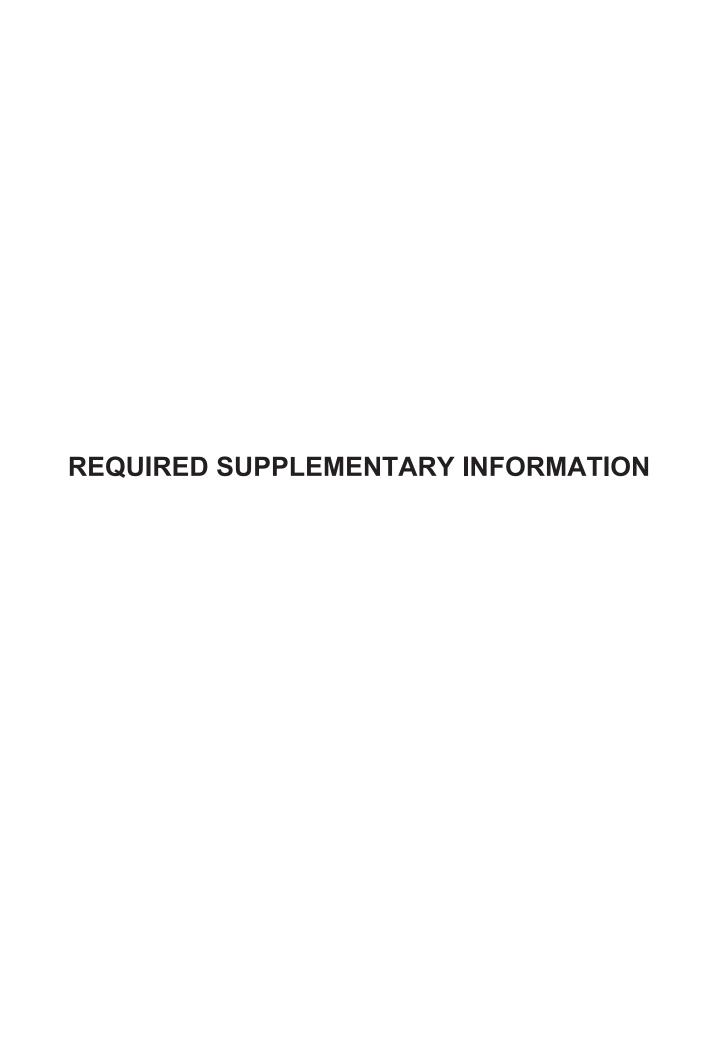
The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective.

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 101**, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

In December 2023, the GASB issued **Statement No**. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This statement defines and requires governments to disclose the risks related to concentrations of inflows or outflows of resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024.

In April 2024, the GASB issued **Statement No. 103**, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This statement improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability as well as addresses certain application issues. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgete	d Ar	nounts				Variance with Final Budget -
		Original	_	Final	. <u>-</u>	Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	50.404.044	•	50 404 044	•	50.055.050		070.045
General property taxes	\$	56,484,914	\$	56,484,914	\$	56,855,859	\$	370,945
Other local taxes		7,392,000		7,392,000		7,435,481		43,481
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		789,600		789,600		760,927		(28,673)
Fines and forfeitures		92,000		92,000		91,633		(367)
Revenue from the use of money and property		187,356		187,356		414,181		226,825
Charges for services		200,700		200,700		281,305		80,605
Miscellaneous		106,000		221,840		258,603		36,763
Intergovernmental revenues:		0.004.455		0.040.554		0.000.405		040.044
Commonwealth		8,321,455		8,646,551		8,863,465		216,914
Federal	_	1,044,295		1,044,295		1,210,446		166,151
Total revenues	\$	74,618,320	Φ_	75,059,256	\$_	76,171,900	ъ.	1,112,644
EXPENDITURES Departmental:								
General government administration	\$	5,599,778	\$	5,872,683	\$	5,359,595	\$	513,088
Judicial administration	*	1,453,275	*	1,511,302	*	1,451,697	*	59,605
Public safety		13,520,417		14,546,807		13,587,960		958,847
Public works		3,237,402		3,460,438		3,120,780		339,658
Health and welfare		6,468,828		6,496,776		6,878,210		(381,434)
Education		28,607,560		28,607,560		28,402,625		204,935
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,042,335		1,110,651		1,045,194		65,457
Community development		2,852,525		1,736,233		1,359,687		376,546
Debt service:				, ,		, ,		•
Principal retirement		6,122,830		6,122,830		6,390,996		(268,166)
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,670,064		2,670,064		2,644,331		25,733
Total expenditures	\$	71,575,014	\$	72,135,344	\$	70,241,075	\$	1,894,269
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures	\$	3,043,306	\$_	2,923,912	\$_	5,930,825	\$	3,006,913
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	1,126,425	\$	1,126,425	\$	_
Transfers out	Ψ	(4,411,389)	Ψ.	(5,480,522)	Ψ	(5,247,106)	Ψ	233,416
Proceeds of subscription financing		(1,111,000)		(0,100,022)		6,883,934		6,883,934
Payment for subscriptions		_		_		(6,883,934)		(6,883,934)
Total other financing uses	\$	(4,411,389)	\$	(4,354,097)	\$	(4,120,681)	\$	233,416
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,368,083)	¢	(1,430,185)	\$	1,810,144	\$	3,240,329
Fund balances - beginning	φ	1,368,083	Ψ	1,781,308	Ψ	26,414,786	φ	24,633,478
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	1,308,083	\$	351,123	ф —	28,224,930	œ.	27,873,807
i unu balances - enumy	Φ=	<u>-</u>	Ψ=	JJ 1, 12J	Ψ=	20,224,930	φ	21,013,001

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Major Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_			Gra	nts	Fund		
	_	Budget	ed	Amounts	•	Antoni		Variance with Final Budget -
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES							_	
Miscellaneous	\$	1,000	\$	142,409	\$	143,409	\$	1,000
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		-		154,064		126,059		(28,005)
Federal		295,350		6,358,739		995,142		(5,363,597)
Total revenues	\$_	296,350	\$	6,655,212	\$	1,264,610	\$_	(5,390,602)
EXPENDITURES								
General government administration	\$	-	\$	2,151,631	\$	24,370	\$	2,127,261
Judicial administration		-		64,974		24,949		40,025
Public safety		1,500		639,014		360,100		278,914
Health and welfare		295,350		321,302		286,307		34,995
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,000		25,641		23,319		2,322
Community development	_	-		17,535		16,756		779
Total expenditures	\$_	297,850	\$	3,220,097	\$	735,801	\$_	2,484,296
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	\$_	(1,500)	\$	3,435,115	\$	528,809	\$_	(2,906,306)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	-
Transfers out		(200,000)		(1,887,111)		(1,887,111)		
Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$_	(198,500)	\$	(1,885,611)	\$	(1,885,611)	\$_	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(200,000)	\$	1,549,504	\$	(1,356,802)	\$	(2,906,306)
Fund balances - beginning	_	200,000		(1,549,504)		(3,436,615)		(1,887,111)
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,793,417)	\$	(4,793,417)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Primary Government For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	-	2023	-	2022	_	2021
Total Pension Liability			_			
Service Cost	\$	1,596,013	\$	1,220,652	\$	1,160,493
Interest on total pension liability		2,322,046		2,187,325		1,909,425
Changes of assumptions		-		-		1,269,622
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,258,886		(460,026)		(240,822)
Benefit payments. Including refunds of employee contributions	_	(1,370,321)	_	(1,284,577)	_	(1,120,077)
Net change in total pension liability		3,806,624		1,663,374		2,978,641
Total pension liability - beginning		33,489,828		31,826,454	_	28,847,813
Total pension liability - ending	\$_	37,296,452	\$_	33,489,828	\$_	31,826,454
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	1,529,668	\$	1,153,391	\$	1,007,475
Contributions - employee		560,244		498,530		433,964
Net investment income		2,050,304		(43,693)		6,585,873
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,370,321)		(1,284,577)		(1,120,077)
Administrative expenses		(19,363)		(18,746)		(15,630)
Other changes	_	835	_	727	_	629
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,751,367		305,632		6,892,234
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		30,928,290		30,622,658	. –	23,730,424
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$_	33,679,657	\$_	30,928,290	\$_	30,622,658
N. ()	•	0.040.705	•	0.504.500		4 000 700
Net pension liability (asset) - ending	\$=	3,616,795	\$_	2,561,538	\$_	1,203,796
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	_	90%	. =	92%	_	96%
Covered payroll	\$	11,921,178	\$	10,460,754	\$	9.090.483
Ouvered payron	Ψ=	11,021,170	Ψ=	10,400,704	Ψ=	J,030, 1 00
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	_	30%	_	24%		13%
	_		_		_	

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2014 was presented in the entitys fiscal year 2015 financial report.

		Primary	Gov	ernment								
				Plan Year								
_	2020	2019		2018		2017		2016	_	2015		2014
\$	1,106,645 \$	1,003,655	\$	1,052,239	\$	1,077,603	\$	1,011,102	\$	1,009,871	\$	936,336
	1,714,336	1,620,934		1,521,621		1,330,100		1,254,963		1,149,909		1,042,365
	-	845,212		-		(204,552)		-		-		-
	1,136,432	(222,879)		(339,577)		1,129,320		(475,334)		30,886		-
_	(1,014,350)	(996,748)	<u> </u>	(634,313)	_	(558,600)	_	(876,075)	_	(503,722)	_	(380,988)
	2,943,063	2,250,174		1,599,970		2,773,871		914,656		1,686,944		1,597,713
. –	25,904,750	23,654,576		22,054,606	. –	19,280,735	. –	18,366,079		16,679,135	. –	15,081,422
§ =	28,847,813 \$	25,904,750	\$ =	23,654,576	\$=	22,054,606	\$_	19,280,735	\$_	18,366,079	\$_	16,679,135
_							_		_		_	
\$	963,905 \$	909,590	\$	854,608	\$	849,179	\$	935,300	\$	873,339	\$	895,888
	437,004	405,242		386,863		416,611		470,695		344,134		335,782
	440,244	1,450,135		1,440,147		2,058,465		288,843		672,630		1,891,730
	(1,014,350)	(996,748)		(634,313)		(558,600)		(876,075)		(503,722)		(380,988)
	(14,436)	(13,553)		(11,708)		(10,985)		(9,363)		(8,366)		(9,399
_	(535)	(915)	<u> </u>	(1,314)	_	(1,870)	_	(120)	_	(144)	_	99
	811,832	1,753,751		2,034,283		2,752,800		809,280		1,377,871		2,733,112
_	22,918,592 23,730,424 \$	21,164,841	- _{\$} -	19,130,558	s -	16,377,758	s -	15,568,478	\$	14,190,607	s -	11,457,495
' =	23,730,424 \$	22,918,592	= [⊅] =	21,164,841	Φ=	19,130,558	Φ=	16,377,758	Φ=	15,568,478	Φ=	14,190,607
\$ _	5,117,389 \$	2,986,158	\$_	2,489,735	\$_	2,924,048	\$_	2,902,977	\$_	2,797,601	\$_	2,488,528
_	82%	88%	<u> </u>	89%	_	87%	=	85%	=	85%	=	85%
S_	9,048,217 \$	8,484,602	\$_	7,984,093	\$_	7,834,118	\$_	7,376,776	\$_	6,919,350	\$_	6,640,706
	57%	35%	_ =	31%	_	37%	_	39%	=	40%	_	37%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest on total pension liability Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, Including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	\$	2023 201,650 657,847 - 261,221 (454,564) 666,154 9,771,516 10,437,670	\$	2022 171,636 642,126 - (156,681) (453,812) 203,269 9,568,247 9,771,516	\$	2021 162,871 594,860 350,298 (120,292) (464,464) 523,273 9,044,974 9,568,247
rotai pension liability - enumg	Φ=	10,437,070	Φ=	9,111,010	Φ=	9,000,247
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	71,196	\$	91,510	\$	76,319
Contributions - employee		101,190		101,584		83,764
Net investment income		677,003		(9,107)		2,375,399
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(454,564)		(453,812)		(464,464)
Administrative expenses		(6,839)		(6,810)		(6,045)
Other changes	_	272	_	249	_	223
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		388,258		(276,386)		2,065,196
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	10,578,212		10,854,598	_	8,789,402
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ =	10,966,470	\$_	10,578,212	\$_	10,854,598
Net pension liability (asset) - ending	\$_	(528,800)	\$_	(806,696)	\$_	(1,286,351)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	=	105%	=	108%	=	113%
Covered payroll	\$_	1,946,505	\$_	1,264,377	\$_	1,044,605
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	_	-27%	=	-64%	_	-123%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2014 was presented in the entitys fiscal year 2015 financial report.

PCPS Nonprofessional Employees

					Plan Year							
	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015		2014
\$	165,072	\$	166,505	\$	164,926	\$	168,494	\$	182,662 \$	183,962	\$	189,319
•	577.057	•	572.581	,	557,441	•	546.388	,	528.752	509.997	•	486,990
	-		238,399		-		36,426		-	-		-
	(8,079)		(98,308)		(18,469)		(146,382)		(41,345)	(65,172)		-
	(476,125)		(543,705)		(431,522)		(462,531)		(373,734)	(347,988)		(347,270)
_	257,925	-	335,472	-	272,376	_	142,395	_	296,335	280,799	_	329,039
	8,787,049		8,451,577		8,179,201		8,036,806		7,740,471	7,459,672		7,130,633
\$	9,044,974	\$	8,787,049	\$	8,451,577	\$	8,179,201	\$	8,036,806 \$	7,740,471	\$	7,459,672
_		-		=		_		_			-	
\$	- ,	\$	65,899	\$	73,999	\$	76,154	\$	117,830 \$	124,813	\$	163,738
	79,919		79,570		82,097		83,622		85,763	90,842		91,767
	169,504		569,118		618,226		938,490		134,511	348,309		1,053,684
	(476,125)		(543,705)		(431,522)		(462,531)		(373,734)	(347,988)		(347,270)
	(5,941)		(5,938)		(5,459)		(5,606)		(4,931)	(4,833)		(5,699)
_	(198)	_	(358)	_	(546)	_	(826)	_	(57)	(75)	_	56
	(168,088)		164,586		336,795		629,303		(40,618)	211,068		956,276
. –	8,957,490		8,792,904		8,456,109	. –	7,826,806	. –	7,867,424	7,656,356		6,700,080
\$ =	8,789,402	\$_	8,957,490	\$	8,792,904	\$_	8,456,109	\$_	7,826,806 \$	7,867,424	\$ _	7,656,356
\$_	255,572	\$_	(170,441)	\$	(341,327)	\$_	(276,908)	\$_	210,000 \$	(126,953)	\$_	(196,684)
_	97%	=	102%	=	104%	_	103%	_	97%	102%	=	103%
\$_	1,074,136	\$_	1,243,923	\$	1,398,335	\$_	1,519,194	\$_	1,620,015 \$	1,733,491	\$_	1,846,701
_	24%	=	-14%	-	-24%	_	-18%	_	13%	-7%	_	-11%

Schedule of Pension Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Year Ended June 30		Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Primary Govern	ıme	ent					
2024	\$	1,906,175	\$	1,906,175	\$ -	\$ 14,098,930	13.52%
2023		1,611,743		1,611,743	-	11,921,178	13.52%
2022		1,213,447		1,213,447	-	10,460,754	11.60%
2021		1,054,496		1,054,496	-	9,090,483	11.60%
2020		1,014,305		1,014,305	-	9,048,217	11.21%
2019		951,124		951,124	-	8,484,602	11.21%
2018		882,086		882,086	-	7,984,093	11.05%
2017		864,102		864,102	-	7,834,118	11.03%
2016		942,707		942,707	-	7,376,776	12.78%
2015		878,750		878,750	-	6,919,350	12.70%
PCPS - Nonprof	fes	sional Employee	es				
2024	\$	82,108	\$	82,108	\$ -	\$ 1,992,913	4.12%
2023		80,196		80,196	-	1,946,505	4.12%
2022		100,518		100,518	-	1,264,377	7.95%
2021		83,052		83,052	-	1,044,605	7.95%
2020		69,547		69,547	-	1,074,136	6.47%
2019		65,938		65,938	-	1,243,923	5.30%
2018		78,457		78,457	-	1,398,335	5.61%
2017		80,743		80,743	-	1,519,194	5.31%
2016		122,674		122,674	-	1,620,015	7.57%
2015		163,966		163,966	-	1,733,491	9.46%

The covered payroll amounts above are for the fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Employer's	
				Proportionate Share of the Net	
	Franksvaria	Employer's		Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary
	Employer's Proportion of the	Proportionate Share of the Net		(Asset) as a Percentage of its	Net Position as a Percentage of the
Year Ended	Net Pension	Pension	Covered	Covered	Total Pension
June 30	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2024	0.282% \$	28,534,661 \$	27,872,310	102.38%	82.45%
2023	0.291%	27,670,668	26,774,988	103.35%	82.61%
2022	0.287%	22,259,129	24,975,511	89.12%	85.46%
2021	0.290%	42,218,623	25,214,305	167.44%	71.47%
2020	0.294%	38,721,024	24,561,677	157.65%	73.51%
2019	0.294%	34,534,000	23,585,619	146.42%	74.81%
2018	0.304%	37,423,000	23,588,547	158.65%	72.92%
2017	0.303%	42,437,000	23,418,848	181.21%	68.28%
2016	0.307%	38,762,000	23,305,103	166.32%	70.68%
2015	0.307%	37,098,000	22,897,138	162.02%	51.73%

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the school division's fiscal year.

Schedule of Pension Contributions VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Year Ended June 30	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024 \$	4,823,539 \$	4,823,539 \$	-	\$	29,022,497	16.62%
2023	4,632,378	4,632,378	-		27,872,310	16.62%
2022	4,450,003	4,450,003	-		26,774,988	16.62%
2021	4,150,930	4,150,930	-		24,975,511	16.62%
2020	3,953,603	3,953,603	-		25,214,305	15.68%
2019	3,851,271	3,851,271	-		24,561,677	15.68%
2018	3,852,280	3,852,280	-		23,585,619	16.33%
2017	3,458,081	3,458,081	-		23,588,547	14.66%
2016	3,292,690	3,292,690	-		23,418,848	14.06%
2015	3,379,240	3,379,240	-		23,305,103	14.50%

The covered payroll amounts above are for the school division's fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Entitu Siccol	Employer's Proportion of the	Employer's		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a
Entity Fiscal Year Ended	Net OPEB	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	Covered	Percentage of its Covered	Percentage of the Total
June 30	Liability (Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	OPEB Liability
		urance Credit - Teachers	1 uyı on	r uyron	Of ED Elability
2024	0.2789%	\$3,379,128	\$27,872,310	12.12%	17.90%
2023	0.2868%	3,582,016	26,774,988	13.38%	15.08%
2022	0.2831%	3,633,142	24,975,511	14.55%	13.15%
2021	0.2873%	3,747,484	25,214,305	14.86%	9.95%
2020	0.2919%	3,820,600	24,561,677	15.56%	8.97%
2019	0.2912%	3,697,000	23,585,619	15.67%	8.08%
2018	0.3021%	3,833,000	23,588,547	16.25%	7.04%
-	•	Insurance - General Emplo	-	=/	
2024	0.0508%	\$607,332	\$11,921,178	5.09%	69.30%
2023 2022	0.0481%	579,291	10,460,754	5.54%	67.21%
2022	0.0441%	512,862	9,090,483	5.64% 8.11%	67.45% 52.64%
2020	0.0440% 0.0433%	733,788 704,281	9,048,217 8,484,602	8.30%	52.00%
2019	0.0433 %	639,000	7,984,093	8.00%	51.22%
2018	0.0425%	639,000	7,834,118	8.16%	48.86%
	nt System - Group Life		.,,	0070	.0.0075
2024	0.1189%	\$1,426,224	\$27,872,310	5.12%	69.30%
2023	0.1234%	1,485,855	26,774,988	5.55%	67.21%
2022	0.1218%	1,418,432	24,975,511	5.68%	67.45%
2021	0.1230%	2,051,834	25,214,305	8.14%	52.64%
2020	0.1253%	2,039,127	24,561,677	8.30%	52.00%
2019	0.1242%	1,886,000	23,585,619	8.00%	51.22%
2018	0.1293%	1,946,000	23,588,547	8.25%	48.86%
	nt System - Group Life		20,000,047	0.2070	40.0070
2024	0.0094%	\$113,215	\$1,946,505	5.82%	69.30%
2023	0.0103%	123,420	1,264,377	9.76%	67.21%
2022	0.0088%	102,340	1,044,605	9.80%	67.45%
2021	0.0083%	138,013	1,074,136	12.85%	52.64%
2020	0.0086%	139,782	1,243,923	11.24%	52.00%
2019	0.0090%	136,000	1,398,335	9.73%	51.22%
2018	0.0094%	140,000	1,519,194	9.22%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Contributions in Relation to				Contributions as a
Entity Fiscal	Contractually	Contractually	Cont	ribution		Percentage of
•	•	•			0	•
Year Ended	Required	Required		ciency	Covered	Covered
June 30	Contribution	Contribution		(cess)	Payroll	Payroll
•	•	ırance Credit - Teache				
2024	\$350,303	\$350,303	\$	-	29,022,497	1.21%
2023	336,486	336,486		-	27,872,310	1.21%
2022	323,421	323,421		-	26,774,988	1.21%
2021	301,816	301,816		-	24,975,511	1.21%
2020	302,269	302,269		-	25,214,305	1.20%
2019	294,152	294,152		-	24,561,677	1.20%
2018	289,819	289.819		_	23,585,619	1.23%
	,	urance Credit - School	Board		20,000,0.0	1.2070
2024	\$24,196	\$24,196	\$	_	1,992,913	1.21%
2023	23,364	23,364	Ψ	_	1,946,505	1.20%
2022	23,350	23,350		-	1,264,377	1.85%
2021	19,073	19,073		-	1,044,605	1.83%
•		urance Credit - General			44.000.000	0.400/
2024	\$16,992	\$16,992	\$	-	14,098,930	0.12%
2023	14,101	14,101		-	11,921,178	0.12%
2022	12,524	12,524		-	10,460,754	0.12%
2021	10,715	10,715		-	9,090,483	0.12%
2020	8,968	8,968		-	9,048,217	0.10%
2019	8,411	8,411		_	8,484,602	0.10%
2018	8,381	8,381		_	7,984,093	0.10%
	,	Insurance - General E	mnlovee		7,504,050	0.1070
2024	\$75,570	\$75,570	\$	3	14,098,930	0.54%
2023	63,898	63,898	Ψ	-		0.54%
	,	,		-	11,921,178	
2022	56,070	56,070		-	10,460,754	0.54%
2021	48,752	48,752		-	9,090,483	0.54%
2020	47,418	47,418		-	9,048,217	0.52%
2019	44,461	44,461		-	8,484,602	0.52%
2018	41,901	41,901		-	7,984,093	0.52%
Virginia Retiremer	nt System - Group Life	Insurance - Teachers				
2024	\$155,205	\$155,205	\$	-	29,022,497	0.53%
2023	150,121	150,121		-	27,872,310	0.54%
2022	143,876	143,876		-	26,774,988	0.54%
2021	134,342	134,342		_	24,975,511	0.54%
2020	132,632	131,577		1,055	25,214,305	0.52%
2019	128,858	128,377		481	24,561,677	0.52%
2018	123,755	123,755				0.52%
	nt System - Group Life	,		-	23,585,619	0.5270
2024	\$12,354		\$		1,992,913	0.62%
		\$12,354	Ф	-		
2023	11,915	11,915		-	1,946,505	0.61%
2022	11,955	11,955		-	1,264,377	0.95%
2021	9,733	9,733		-	1,044,605	0.93%
2020	8,923	8,923		-	1,107,431	0.81%
2019	8,798	9,279		(481)	1,243,923	0.75%
2018	9,068	9,068		-	1,398,335	0.65%
Local Plan - School	ols					
		*				
2024	\$654,000	\$654,000	\$	-	\$26,696,000	2.45%
2023	1,088,000	1,088,000		-	29,543,000	3.68%
2022	576,000	576,000		-	29,543,000	1.95%
2021	533,000	533,000		-	24,503,000	2.18%
2020	311,000	311,000		-	24,503,000	1.27%
2019	655,000	655,000		-	23,245,000	2.82%
2018	655,000	655,000		-	23,053,000	2.84%
Local Plan - Gener		,			,,	
		¢4E 000	¢.		¢14 006 000	0.440/
2024	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$	-	\$14,026,000	0.11%
2023	74,000	74,000		-	10,549,000	0.70%
2022	89,000	89,000		-	10,549,000	0.84%
2021	21,000	21,000		-	8,566,000	0.25%
2020	4,000	4,000		-	8,566,000	0.05%
2019	15,000	15,000		-	7,523,000	0.20%
2018	15,000	15,000		-	7,468,000	0.20%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the first year for this presentation, therefore only seven years are available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

County of Powhatan, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Plan Y	Plan Year 2023					Plan Year 2022	ar 2022		
	Primary G	Primary Government	Sch	Schools		Primary Government	overn	ment	Scho	Schools	
		VRS Health Insurance Credit General	Schools	VRS Health Insurance Credit School Board	oard	- -	SN SI O O	VRS Health Insurance Credit General	Schools	School School	VRS Health Insurance Credit School Board
Total OBER Liability	LOCAL PIAN	Ellipioyees	Local riali	Elliployees	Spp	LOCAL PIAN	Ī	Elliployees	Local riall	ū	EIIIpioyees
Service cost	418 000	7 165	\$30,000	4	2 051	147 000	¥	5 303	4 1 001 000	¥	2 807
oct vice cost.							•	5,708		>	16.250
Changes in benefit terms			(11.977.000)	:	2 '			,			,
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,075,000)	(37,162)	(2,430,000)	(106	(106,706)	832,000		7,037	3,839,000		(8,126)
Changes in assumptions	(29,000)		(47,000)		٠,	(812,000)		18,305	(2,345,000)		8,425
Other changes	•	•	•			•		•	•		'
Benefit payments	(15,000)	(2,112)	(654,000)	(5	(5,928)	(74,000)		(2,784)	(1,088,000)		(5,009)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	(904,000) \$ 2,531,000	(27,189) \$ 114,220	(13,549,000) \$ 19,241,000	↔	(93,447)	141,000	↔	33,659 80,561	1,772,000	↔	14,347 240,433
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,627,000	\$ 87,031	\$ 5,692,000	\$ 161	161,333 \$	2,531,000	↔	114,220	\$ 19,241,000	↔	254,780
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,111	\$ 654,000	\$ 23	23,364 \$	74,000	↔	12,524	\$ 1,088,000	↔	23,350
Contributions - employee	•	1	•		,	•		•	•		
Net investment income	•	4,732		က	3,253	'		(86)	•		(418)
Benefit payments	(15,000)	(2,112)	(654,000)	(2	(5,928)	(74,000)		(2,784)	(1,088,000)		(2,009)
Administrative expenses	•	(123)	•		(91)	•		(130)	•		(82)
Other		113			20	•		2,087	•		380
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	· ·	16,721 \$ 70,170	\$	\$ 39	20,618 39,963 \$	1 1	↔	11,599 58,571	· ·	↔	18,221 21,742
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	· ↔	\$ 86,891	₩	\$ 80	60,581 \$		↔	70,170		↔	39,963
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,627,000	\$ 140	\$ 5,692,000	\$ 100	100,752 \$	2,531,000	↔	44,050	\$ 19,241,000	↔	214,817
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	%0	100%	%0		38%	%0		61%	%0		16%
Covered payroll	\$ 14,026,000	11,921,178	\$ 26,696,000	1,946,505	,505 \$	10,549,000	7	10,460,754	\$ 29,543,000		1,264,377
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	12%		21%		2%	24%		%0	%59		17%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e.,

plan year 2017 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2018 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) is the first year for this presentation, therefore only seven years available.

County of Powhatan, Virginia

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Plan Year 2021	ar 2021						Plan Year 2020	ır 2020		
	Primary Government	overnme	ant	Sch	Schools		Prii	Primary Government	vernme	Ħ	Sch	Schools	
	Local Plan	VRS Health Insurance Credit General Employees	VRS Health Insurance Credit General Employees	Schools Local Plan	VR Ins C Schr	VRS Health Insurance Credit School Board Employees	Local Plan	Plan	VRS Health Insurance Credit General Employees	ealth ance dit eral	Schools Local Plan	VRS Health Insurance Credit School Board Employees	ealth ance Jit Board yees
Total OPEB Liability		,			,				,			,	
Service cost	\$ 132,000	s	3,691	\$ 747,000	↔	3,280	\$	107,000	s	3,109	\$ 605,000	s	'
Interest on total OPEB liability	22,000		5,316	400,000		14,560	9	61,000		5,451	442,000		'
Changes in benefit terms	•		•	1		•		•		1	1	5	215,693
Difference between expected and actual experience	(243,000)		(7,120)	(910,000)		•	7	74,000		(7,978)	711,000		'
Changes in assumptions	287,000		1,300	1,959,000		6,900	17	178,000		1	829,000		'
Other changes	•		•	•		•		•		٠	'		
Benefit payments	(89,000)		(2,751)	(576,000)		'	(2	(21,000)		(2,430)	(533,000)		
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	144,000	69	436 80,125	1,620,000 \$ 15,849,000	↔	24,740 215,693	39.	399,000 1,847,000	↔	(1,848) 81,973	2,054,000 \$ 13,795,000	, S	215,693
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 2,390,000	\$	80,561	\$ 17,469,000	↔	240,433	\$ 2,24	2,246,000	\$	80,125	\$ 15,849,000	\$	215,693
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer	\$ 89,000	↔	10,715	\$ 576,000	↔	19,099	8	21,000	↔	8,967	\$ 533,000	↔	
Contributions - employee	•		' (1		1 6		•		'	•		
Net investment income	- (000		11,442	- (000 924)		2,728	ζ	' 6		697	- 000 664		
benefit payments	(89,000)		(4,751)	(9/6,000)		- (98)	Y)	(21,000)		(2,430)	(000,886)		
Other			(961)	' '		(60)				(0/)			' '
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	6	6	19,248		6	21,742	6		6	7,158		6	
	÷		030,00	·	9		9	, 		22,103	·	÷	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	€	€	58,571	₩	↔	21,742	↔	1	€	39,323	↔	↔	
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$ 2,390,000	φ.	21,990	\$ 17,469,000	↔	218,691	\$ 2,24	2,246,000	\$	40,802	\$ 15,849,000	\$	215,693
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	%0		73%	%0		%6		%0		49%	%0		%0
Covered payroll	\$ 10,549,000	S	9,090,483	\$ 29,543,000	\$	1,044,605	\$ 8,56	8,566,000	\$ 9,0	9,048,217	\$ 24,503,000	\$ 1,0	1,074,136
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	23%		%0	29%		21%		76%		%0	%59		20%
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	23%		%0	29%		21%			26%	26%		<u>%0</u>	<u>%0</u>

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statem plan year 2017 information was presented in the entity's fiscal ye. This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since this presentation, therefore only seven years available.

County of Powhatan, Virginia

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Pla	Plan Year 2019	119			Pla	Plan Year 2018				PI	Plan Year 2017	17	
	Primar	Primary Government	rnment	Sc	Schools	Primary Government	Gove	rnment	Sc	Schools	Primai	у Gove	Primary Government	Schools	sloc
	Local Plan		VRS Health Insurance Credit General		Schools Local Plan	Local Plan		VRS Health Insurance Credit General	S	Schools Local Plan	Local Plan		VRS Health Insurance Credit General	Schools Local Plan	ools Plan
Total OPEB Liability]]]]]]]]	
Service cost	\$ 119,0	\$ 000	2,923	23 &	688,000	\$ 131,000	\$	3,018	↔	703,000	\$ 126,000	\$ 00	3,968	↔	678,000
Interest on total OPEB liability	71,0		5,553		458,000			4,962		458,000					441,000
Changes in benefit terms															
Difference between expected and actual experience	(303,0	(000)	(6,717)	17)	483,000	(84,000)	(0	2,428		(247,000)					,
Changes in assumptions	118,0	000	2,036	36	353,000					•			(3,405)	2)	
Other changes					•	(18,000)	(0	•		(635,000)					
Benefit payments	(4,0	(000)	(2,308)		(311,000)	(15,000)	ା ଟା	(1,604)		(655,000)	(12,000)	 (0)	(982)		(655,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,000 \$ 1,846,000	\$ 000	1,487 80,486	↔	1,671,000 12,124,000	81,000 \$ 1,765,000	\$ 0 0	8,804 71,682	\$ 12	(376,000)	172,000 \$ 1,593,000	\$ 00	4,262 67,420	\$ 12,	464,000 036,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,847,0	\$ 000	81,973	↔	13,795,000	\$ 1,846,000	\$	80,486	\$	12,124,000	\$ 1,765,000	\$ 00	71,682	\$ 12,500,000	000'00
Plan Fiduciary Net Position															
Contributions - employer	\$ 4,0	\$ 000	8,411	\$	311,000	\$ 15,000	\$	8,381	↔	655,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 00	8,147	↔	655,000
Net investment income			1.897	- 26	' '			1.355		' '			1.341		
Benefit payments	(4,0	(000)	(2,308)		(311,000)	(15,000)	(0	(1,604)		(655,000)	(15,000)	(00	(982)	_	(655,000)
Administrative expenses			٠	(44)	'			(40)		•			(32)	5)	
Other		- -		(2)	•		-	(42)		•			42	\ \ \	•
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	↔		7,954 24,211	54		€9		8,050 16,161	8		↔		8,513 7,648	& 8 8	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	٠	32,165	\$ \$	'	\$	٠	24,211	8	'	\$	٠	16,161	\$	
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,847,0	\$ 000	49,808	↔	13,795,000	\$ 1,846,000	\$	56,275	\$ 12	12,124,000	\$ 1,765,000	\$ 00	55,521	1 \$ 12,500,000	000'00
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability				39%	%0		 			%0		% 0		I .	%0
Covered payroll	\$ 8,566,0	\$ 000,	3,449,198	9	24,503,000	\$ 7,523,000	\$	3,235,075	↔	23,245,000	\$ 7,468,000	\$ 00	2,993,264	\$ 23,053,000	3,000
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll					26%			2%		52%				2%	54%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statem plan year 2017 information was presented in the entity's fiscal ye. This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since this presentation, therefore only seven years available.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30,2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Update mortality table to Pub-2010

- Lowered rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered in rates of disability retirement
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Largest 10 -Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to Pub-2010
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Increased disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to Pub-2010
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

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NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to Pub-2010
- Increased retirement rate at age 50 and lowered rates at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Teacher cost-sharing pool

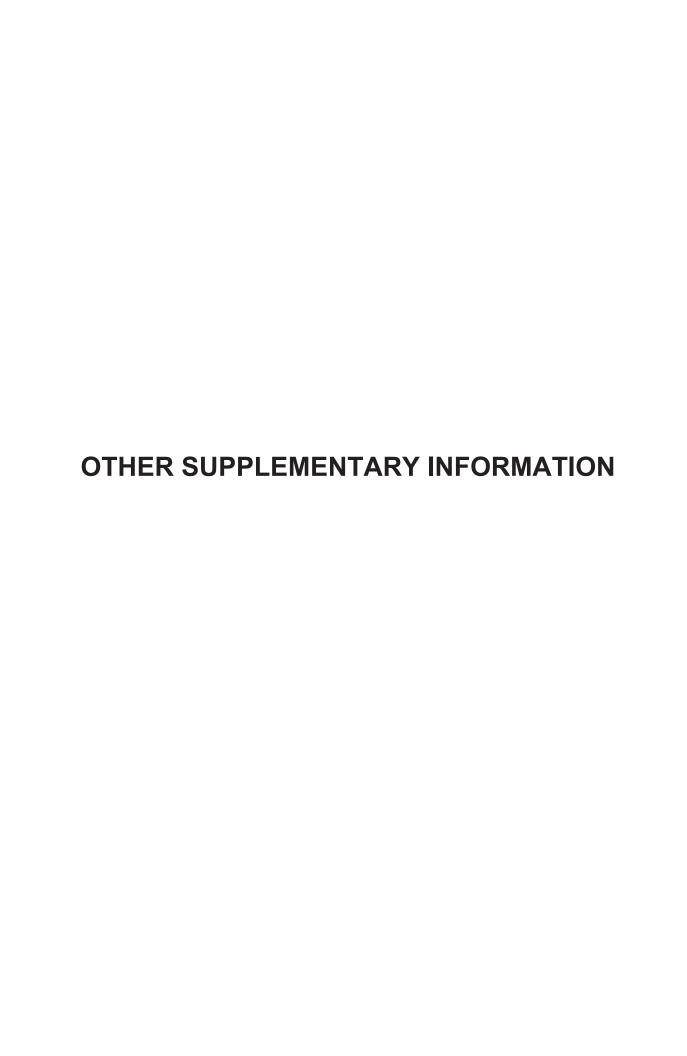
- Update mortality table to Pub-2010
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Note 3. Budgetary Statements

The State of Virginia requires all local governments prepare, approve, adopt and execute an annual budget. The budgeting process is based on estimates of revenues and expenditures. The County budgets are prepared on a modified-accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions in the appropriated budget approved by the Board of Supervisors. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the fund level and thus the budget to actual comparison is presented at this level. Amounts that do not fall under function control are categorized as nondepartmental even though they may relate to a particular function.







Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual County Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Budget	ed A	Amounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Amounts	_	(Negative)
REVENUES					_			
Revenue from the use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues:	\$	-	\$	18,398	\$	116,386	\$	97,988
Commonwealth		-		45,466		45,466		-
Federal		450,000		900,173			_	(900,173)
Total revenues	\$	450,000	\$	964,037	\$	161,852	\$	(802,185)
EXPENDITURES								
General government administration	\$	718,000	\$	4,941,566	\$	747,121	\$	4,194,445
Judicial administration		-		(7)		(7)		-
Public safety		1,745,000		7,658,907		1,041,959		6,616,948
Public works		756,000		3,733,467		1,195,600		2,537,867
Education		2,413,000		3,987,007		2,401,039		1,585,968
Parks, recreation, and cultural		450,000		3,965,627		344,352		3,621,275
Community development		2,122,000	_	1,866,979	_	2,370	_	1,864,609
Total expenditures	\$_	8,204,000	\$_	26,153,546	\$_	5,732,434	\$_	20,421,112
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	\$_	(7,754,000)	\$_	(25,189,509)	\$_	(5,570,582)	\$_	19,618,927
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	4,956,000	\$	5,918,873	\$	5,918,873	\$	-
Transfers out		-		(2,131,906)		(2,131,906)		-
Proceeds from capital leases	_	1,611,000		1,611,000		832,686	_	(778,314)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$_	6,567,000	\$_	5,397,967	\$_	4,619,653	\$_	(778,314)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,187,000)	\$	(19,791,542)	\$	(950,929)	\$	18,840,613
Fund balances - beginning	_	1,187,000	_	19,753,000	_	19,753,000	_	-
Fund balances - ending	\$ _		\$_	(38,542)	\$_	18,802,071	\$ _	18,840,613

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	_	Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,417,389
Receivables, net:		
Accounts		86,841
Due from other governmental units		660,560
Total assets	\$	9,164,790
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	78,696
Total liabilities	\$	78,696
Fund balances:		
Restricted	\$	8,401,328
Committed		684,766
Total fund balances	\$	9,086,094
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,164,790

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES		
Other local taxes	\$	2,623,241
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		102,702
Revenue from the use of money and property		495
Charges for services		702,620
Miscellaneous		4,150
Intergovernmental revenues:		
Commonwealth		172,575
Federal		10,450
Total revenues	\$	3,616,233
EXPENDITURES Public safety Community development Total expenditures	\$ \$	762,463 30,932 793,395
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		
expenditures	\$	2,822,838
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in	\$	1,005,481
Transfers out		(649,573)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$	355,908
Net change in fund balances	\$	3,178,746
Fund balances - beginning		5,907,348
Fund balances - ending	\$	9,086,094

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2024

	-	Cash Proffers Fund	 State Asset Forfeiture Fund	 Federal Asset Forfeiture Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,449,759	\$ 31,896	\$ 274
Receivables, net: Accounts				
Due from other governmental units		-	-	-
Total assets	\$	1,449,759	\$ 31,896	\$ 274
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 1,046	\$ 60
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ 1,046	\$ 60
Fund balances:				
Restricted Committed	\$	1,449,759	\$ 30,850	\$ 214
Total fund balances	\$	1,449,759	\$ 30,850	\$ 214
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,449,759	\$ 31,896	\$ 274

_	Tourism Fund	 Fire and Rescue Fund		CVTA Fund	 Total
\$	149,163	\$ 892,387	\$	5,893,910	\$ 8,417,389
	5,788	81,053 -		- 660,560	86,841 660,560
\$	154,951	\$ 973,440	\$	6,554,470	\$ 9,164,790
\$_ \$_	- -	\$ 77,590 77,590	\$_	- -	\$ 78,696 78,696
\$	154,951 -	\$ 211,084 684,766	\$	6,554,470	\$ 8,401,328 684,766
\$	154,951	\$ 895,850	\$	6,554,470	\$ 9,086,094
\$	154,951	\$ 973,440	\$	6,554,470	\$ 9,164,790

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Cash Proffers Fund		State Asset Forfeiture Fund		Federal Asset Forfeiture Fund
REVENUES					_	
Other local taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		102,702		-		-
Revenue from the use of money and property		-		-		10
Charges for services		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		4,150		-
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Commonwealth Federal		-		-		-
Total revenues	_{\$} —	102,702	Φ-	4,150	\$	10
Total revenues	Ψ	102,702	Ψ_	4,130	Ψ_	10
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety	\$	-	\$	29,031	\$	980
Community development	,	-	•	-	,	-
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	29,031	\$	980
					_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	\$	102,702	\$_	(24,881)	\$_	(970)
OTHER SINANGING HOSE						
OTHER FINANCING USES	Φ.		ው		φ	
Transfers in Transfers out	\$	(274,573)	\$	-	\$	
Total other financing uses	<u>\$</u> —	(274,573)	¢ –	<u>-</u>	\$	
Total other illianding uses	Ψ	(274,373)	Ψ_	<u> </u>	Ψ_	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(171,871)	\$	(24,881)	\$	(970)
Fund balances - beginning	*	1,621,630	т	55,731	т	1,184
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,449,759	\$	30,850	\$	214
· ·	_		=	•	=	

Tourism Fund		Fire and Rescue Fund		CVTA Fund		Total
40,546	\$	-	\$	2,582,695	\$	2,623,241
-		-		-		102,702
-		485		-		495
-		702,620		-		702,620
-		-		-		4,150
-		172,575		-		172,575
10,450		-		-		10,450
50,996	\$	875,680	\$	2,582,695	\$	3,616,233
	¢	722 452			Ф	762,463
24.052	φ	132,432		5 090	φ	30,932
<u> </u>	Φ.	732 /152	Φ.		Φ.	793,395
				·		·
26,044	\$	143,228	\$	2,576,715	\$	2,822,838
-	\$	-	\$	1,005,481	\$	1,005,481
				-		(649,573)
-	\$	(375,000)	\$	1,005,481	\$	355,908
26,044	\$	(231,772)	\$	3,582,196	\$	3,178,746
	•	,	•		•	5,907,348
154,951	\$	895,850	\$	6,554,470	\$	9,086,094
	Fund 40,546 10,450 50,996 - 24,952 24,952 26,044 26,044 128,907	Fund 40,546 \$ 10,450 50,996 \$ - 24,952 24,952 24,952 \$ 26,044 \$ - \$ 26,044 \$ 128,907	Tourism Fund Rescue Fund 40,546 \$ - - 485 - 702,620 - - 10,450 172,575 10,450 875,680 - \$ 732,452 24,952 732,452 24,952 732,452 24,952 732,452 26,044 \$ 143,228 - (375,000) - (375,000) 26,044 \$ (231,772) 128,907 1,127,622	Tourism Fund Rescue Fund 40,546 \$ - \$ - 485 702,620 - - - 172,575 -	Tourism Fund Rescue Fund CVTA Fund 40,546 \$ \$ 2,582,695 485 702,620 172,575 10,450 50,996 \$ 875,680 \$ 2,582,695 \$ 732,452 24,952 5,980 24,952 \$ 732,452 \$ 5,980 26,044 \$ 143,228 \$ 2,576,715 (375,000) (375,000) \$ 1,005,481 (375,000) \$ 1,005,481 26,044 \$ (375,000) \$ 1,005,481 26,044 \$ (231,772) \$ 3,582,196 128,907 1,127,622 2,972,274	Tourism Fund Rescue Fund CVTA Fund 40,546 \$ - \$ 2,582,695 \$ - 485 - 485

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Fire and F	Rescue Fund		CVTA Fund						
	_	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	Budgeted A	Variance with Final Budget Positive					
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
REVENUES	_								(3 3 7			
Other local taxes	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- 9	2,122,000 \$	2,122,000 \$	2,582,695 \$	460,695			
Revenue from the use of money and property		- '	- '	485	485	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services		512,000	512,000	702,620	190,620	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous				-	· -	-	-	-	-			
Intergovernmental revenues:												
Commonwealth		156,000	172,573	172,575	2	-	-	-	-			
Federal	_											
Total revenues	\$	668,000 \$	684,573 \$	875,680 \$	191,107	2,122,000 \$	2,122,000 \$	2,582,695 \$	460,695			
EXPENDITURES												
Public safety	\$	668,000 \$	842,252 \$	732,452 \$	109,800	- \$	- \$	- \$	-			
Community development		-	 .			. .	- .	5,980	(5,980)			
Total expenditures	\$_	668,000 \$	842,252 \$	732,452 \$	109,800	S\$_	\$	5,980 \$	(5,980)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	\$		(457.070) @	440,000 0	200.007.0	0.400.000 @	0.400.000 @	0.570.745 @	454.745			
expenditures	ф_	\$	(157,679) \$	143,228 \$	300,907	2,122,000 \$	2,122,000 \$	2,3/0,/13 \$	454,715			
OTHER FINANCING USES												
Transfers in	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- 9	- \$	1.005.481 \$	1.005.481 \$	_			
Transfers out	Ψ	(375,000)	(375,000)	(375,000)		(2,122,000)	1,000,401 ψ	1,000,401 ψ				
Total other financing uses	\$	(375,000) \$	(375,000) \$		- 9		1.005.481 \$	1.005.481 \$				
Total other interioring acco	Ψ_	(070,000)	(070,000)	(070,000)	' '	(Σ,122,000) Ψ	1,000,401 φ	1,000,401				
Net change in fund balances	\$	(375,000) \$	(532,679) \$	(231,772) \$	300,907	- \$	3,127,481 \$	3,582,196 \$	454,715			
Fund balances - beginning	•	375,000	532,679	1,127,622	594,943	-	-, ,	2,972,274	2,972,274			
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$			- \$	3,127,481 \$	6,554,470 \$	3,426,989			
•	· =											

			State A	sset	Forfeiture						Tou	ırisn	n Fund		
	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	Budgete	d A					Variance with Final Budget Positive			
_	Original	_	Final	-	Actual		(Negative)	-	Original	-	Final		Actual	-	(Negative)
3	- :	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,546	\$	40,546
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		4,150		4,150		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
			-	_	-		-	_	-		10,450	_	10,450		
_		_	-		4,150		4,150	\$_	-	\$_	10,450	_\$_	50,996	\$_	40,546
	- :	\$	-	\$	29,031	\$	(29,031)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
	-	_	-		-		-		-	_	10,450		24,952		(14,502
	-	\$	-	\$	29,031	\$_	(29,031)	\$_	-	\$	10,450	\$_	24,952	\$_	(14,502
		\$		\$_	(24,881)	\$_	(24,881)	\$_	_	\$_	-	\$_	26,044	\$_	26,044
		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
_		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
	- :	\$	-	\$	(24,881)	\$	(24,881)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,044	\$	26,044
	-		-	_	55,731		55,731	_	-		-	_	128,907		128,907
	- 1	\$	-	\$	30,850	\$	30,850	\$	-	\$	-	\$	154,951	\$	154,951

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2024

		Custod	lial F	unds	-	
		Special Welfare		Bond Escrow		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,578	\$	316,454	\$	357,032
Total assets	\$	40,578		316,454	\$_	357,032
NET POSITION Restricted for:	•	40.550	•			40.550
Social Services clients Bond escrow	\$	40,578	\$	316,454	\$	40,578 316,454
Total net position	\$	40,578	<u> </u>	316,454	- _{\$} —	357,032
rotal flot position	Ψ	+0,010	Ψ	310,707	Ψ	001,002

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Special Welfare		Bond Escrow		Total
Additions:	_					_
Member contributions	\$	47,754	\$	-	\$	47,754
Performance bonds		-		147,570		147,570
Total additions	\$	47,754	\$	147,570	\$	195,324
Deductions: Payments made to welfare recipients Repayment of performance bonds Total deductions	\$ _ \$	29,697 - 29,697	\$	- 264,918 264,918	\$	29,697 264,918 294,615
Total deductions	Φ_	29,097	Φ.		—	294,015
Change in fiduciary net position	\$	18,057	\$	(117,348)	\$	(99,291)
Total net position, beginning		22,521		433,802	—	456,323
Total net position, ending	\$_	40,578	\$_	316,454	. \$	357,032



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
June 30, 2024

	_	School Operating Fund	_	School Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds
400570						
ASSETS	Φ.	0.000.474	Φ	4.050.405	Φ	2.254.200
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,098,174	\$	1,253,195	\$	3,351,369
Receivables (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):		000 507		7.405		000 700
Accounts receivable		226,597		7,125		233,722
Due from other governmental units		1,229,407		144,572		1,373,979
Inventories	Φ_	73,461	- -	34,883		108,344
Total assets	\$ _	3,627,639	\$	1,439,775	Ъ	5,067,414
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	486,051	\$	94,106	\$	580,157
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	2,607,236	Ψ	52,282	Ψ	2,659,518
Reconciled overdraft payable		2,007,200		1,783		1,783
Deferred revenue		460,891		-		460,891
Total liabilities	\$	3,554,178	\$	148,171	\$	3,702,349
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	\$	73,461	\$	34,883	\$	108,344
Committed		-		719,584		719,584
Assigned Total fund balances	<u>c</u>	73,461	\$	537,137	φ.	537,137
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_ \$	3,627,639	. φ \$	1,291,604 1,439,775	\$	1,365,065 5,067,414
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s	tatement		≖ · Exh		=	
because:						
Total fund balances per above					\$	1,365,065
Capital assets used in governmental activities are reported in the funds.	not financ	cial resources an	ıd,	therefore, are not		30,792,550
Financial statement elements related to pensions are a and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		•				
Deferred outflows of resources for 2024 employ Deferred outflows of resources due to changes between employer contributions and proportion	in proport	ion and difference	es	\$ 4,905,647		
pension				286,608		
Deferred inflows of resources for the difference	between	expected and act	ual			
experience on pension				(1,141,269)		
Deferred outflows for change in assumptions - p	pension			1,283,576		
Other deferred outflows - pension	e poncio	2		2,596,275		
Deferred inflows - projected and actual earnings Deferred inflows of resources due to changes in	•		3	(2,026,128)		
between employer contributions and proportion						
teacher cost sharing pension plan				(996,244)		
Deferred Inflows - OPEB				(4,788,523)		
Deferred outflows - OPEB				5,488,999		
Net other postemployment benefits liability				(10,711,319)		
Net pension asset Net pension liability				528,800 (28,534,661)		(33,108,239)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	payable,	are not due and	pay		_	, , , ,
Compensated absences						(2,600,261)
Subscription liability						(49,364)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(3,600,249)
resident of general months doubtide					Ψ:	(0,000,240)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Operating Fund		School Special Revenue Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	_		-		-	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	22,000	\$	1,098	\$	23,098
Charges for services		239,395		2,139,428		2,378,823
Miscellaneous		354,907		595,364		950,271
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Local government		28,402,625		-		28,402,625
Commonwealth		27,239,095		0.405.505		27,239,095
Federal Total revenues	s —	1,607,068 57,865,090	Ф	2,135,535 4,871,425	¢ -	3,742,603 62,736,515
Total revenues	Φ	57,605,090	φ	4,071,425	Φ_	02,730,313
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$	57,784,868	\$	4,990,993	\$	62,775,861
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		48,309		-		48,309
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,133		4 000 000		2,133
Total expenditures	\$	57,835,310	\$	4,990,993	\$_	62,826,303
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	29,780	\$	(119,568)	\$_	(89,788)
OTHER FINANCING COURSES (1955)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	_	\$	27,524	Ф	27,524
Transfers out	φ	(27,524)	φ	27,324	φ	(27,524)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	(27,524)	\$	27,524	\$	(21,024)
rotal other infationing obtained and door	Ψ	(21,021)	Ψ.	21,021	Ψ_	
Net change in fund balances	\$	2,256	\$	(92,044)	\$	(89,788)
Fund balances - beginning		71,205		1,383,648	_	1,454,853
Fund balances - ending	\$	73,461	\$	1,291,604	\$ _	1,365,065
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities in the statement	e ever, i	n the statement of	f ac	tivities the cost of	\$	(89,788)
		•				
Capital asset additions				\$ 5,974,893		
Depreciation expense				(619,480)		0.540.050
Allocation of jointly owned assets, net Governmental funds report employer pension and OPEB contribution Activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions.			we\	1,187,903 /er, in the Statemen	t of	6,542,253
as pension/OPEB expense.						
Employer pension contributions				\$ 4,905,647		
Pension expense				755,514		
Employer OPEB contributions				970,509		(4.404.070)
OPEB expense			-	(11,093,806)		(4,461,073)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	iire the	e use of current fin	anc	ial resources and,		
Decrease in compensated absences					_	(20,064)
Change in net position of governmental activities					\$_	1,961,434

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual School Operating Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				School O	pera	ting Fund		
		Budgete Original	d Aı	mounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	22,000	\$	12,000
Charges for services		275,000		275,000		239,395		(35,605)
Miscellaneous Intergovernmental revenues:		309,150		309,152		354,907		45,755
Local government		28,607,560		28,607,560		28,402,625		(204,935)
Commonwealth		26,600,139		27,810,238		27,239,095		(571,143)
Federal		1,516,215	_	1,818,151		1,607,068	_	(211,083)
Total revenues	\$	57,318,064	\$	58,830,101	\$	57,865,090	\$	(965,011)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	57,318,064	\$	58,830,101	\$	57,784,868	\$	1,045,233
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		48,309		(48,309)
Interest and other fiscal charges			_	-		2,133	_	(2,133)
Total expenditures	\$_	57,318,064	\$_	58,830,101	\$_	57,835,310	\$_	994,791
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	29,780	\$_	29,780
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(27,524)	\$	(27,524)
Total other financing uses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(27,524)	\$	(27,524)
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	-	\$	2,256	\$	2,256
Fund balances - beginning		-		_		71,205		71,205
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,461	\$	73,461

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit June 30, 2024

	_	School Food Fund		School Grant Fund		School Activity Fund		Total
ASSETS	Φ.	500 705	Φ.		Φ.	050 400	Φ.	4 050 405
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net:	\$	596,705	\$	-	\$	656,490	\$	1,253,195
Accounts		7,125		-		-		7,125
Due from other governmental units		3,762		140,810		-		144,572
Inventories		34,883		-		-		34,883
Total assets	\$ =	642,475	\$	140,810	\$	656,490	\$	1,439,775
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	66,642	\$	27,464	\$	-	\$	94,106
Accrued liabilities		3,813		48,469		-		52,282
Reconciled overdraft payable		-		1,783		-		1,783
Total liabilities	\$	70,455	\$	77,716	\$	-	\$	148,171
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:	•	0.4.000	•		•		•	04.000
Inventories	\$	34,883	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,883
Committed		-		63,094		656,490		719,584
Assigned		537,137		-	- <u> </u>	-		537,137
Total fund balances	\$ _	572,020	. \$ _	63,094	- : -	656,490	\$_	1,291,604
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ =	642,475	\$_	140,810	\$_	656,490	\$	1,439,775

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Cafeteria Fund		School Grants Fund		School Activity Fund		Total
REVENUES	_		-		_		_	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,098	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,098
Charges for services		783,309		-		1,356,119		2,139,428
Miscellaneous		-		-		595,364		595,364
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Federal		863,360		1,272,175		-		2,135,535
Total revenues	\$	1,647,767	\$	1,272,175	\$	1,951,483	\$	4,871,425
EXPENDITURES								
Education	\$ _	1,765,224	\$	1,272,175		1,953,594	\$	4,990,993
Total expenditures	\$ _	1,765,224	\$	1,272,175	\$	1,953,594	\$	4,990,993
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	\$ _	(117,457)	\$	-	\$	(2,111)	\$	(119,568)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers in	\$_	27,524	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,524
Total other financing uses	\$	27,524	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,524
Not shange in fund balances	¢	(90,022)	ф		\$	(2.111)	ф	(02.044)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(89,933)	Ф	62.004	Φ	(2,111)	Φ	(92,044)
Fund balances - beginning	s -	661,953	\$	63,094	φ —	658,601	\$	1,383,648
Fund balances - ending	Φ_	572,020	Ф	63,094	\$	656,490	. ^Ф —	1,291,604

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				School C	afete	eria Fund		
	_	Budgete Original	ed Am	nounts Final	. <u> </u>	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_		_					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,102	\$	1,102	\$	1,098	\$	(4)
Charges for services		490,000		490,000		783,309		293,309
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		47,988		47,988		-		(47,988)
Federal	. —	1,629,777	—	1,629,777	—	863,360		(766,417)
Total revenues	\$	2,168,867	. \$ _	2,168,867	. \$ _	1,647,767	\$_	(521,100)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Education	\$	2,168,867	\$	2,168,867	\$	1,765,224	\$	403,643
Total expenditures	\$	2,168,867	\$	2,168,867	\$	1,765,224	\$	403,643
Excess of expenditures over revenues	\$_	_	\$		\$	(117,457)	\$_	(117,457)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,524	\$	27,524
Total other financing sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,524	\$	27,524
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(89,933)	\$	(89,933)
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		661,953	_	661,953
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	572,020	\$	572,020

			School	Gr	ant	s Fund		
	Budget Original	ed .	Amounts Final	- -		Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	_	\$	_	\$		_	\$	_
	-		-			-		-
	-		264,749			_		(264,749)
	800,000		1,363,447		1	,272,175		(91,272)
\$	800,000	\$	1,628,196	\$,272,175	\$	(356,021)
\$	800,000 800,000	\$	1,628,196 1,628,196	\$		1,272,175 1,272,175	\$	356,021 356,021
Ψ	000,000	. Ψ	1,020,100	- Ψ		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	- Ψ	000,021
\$		\$		\$		-	\$	
\$		\$		\$			\$	_
\$	_	\$		- \$			\$	_
+		• •		• •			• •	
\$	-	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-
		_		_		63,094	_	63,094
\$	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$	\$	63,094	\$	\$ 63,094







Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority June 30, 2024

ASSETS Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57,268
Total current assets	\$	57,268
Noncurrent assets:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital assets:		
Land	\$	100,000
Total noncurrent assets	\$	100,000
Total assets	\$	157,268
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	100,000
Unrestricted	<u> </u>	57,268
Total net position	\$	157,268

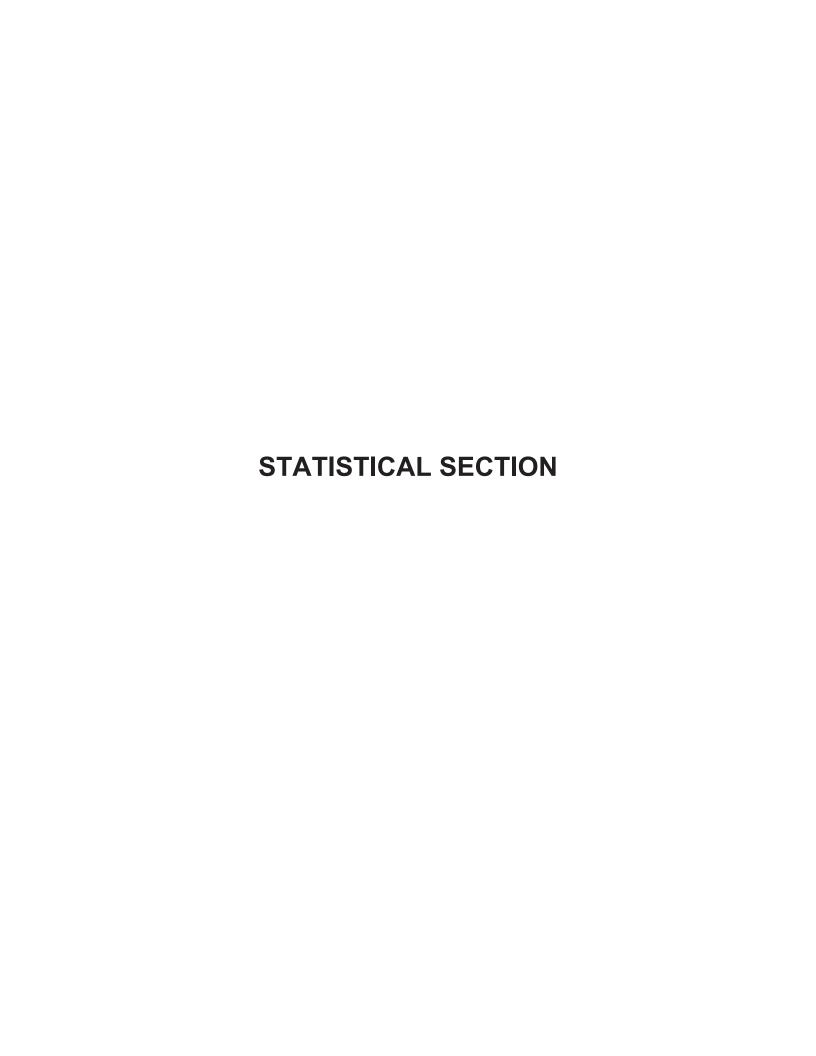
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

OPERATING EXPENSES Other charges Total operating expenses	\$ 21 21
Operating income (loss)	\$ (21)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest earnings	\$ 552
Change in net position	\$ 531
Total net position - beginning Total net position - ending	\$ 156,737 157,268

Statement of Cash Flows
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments for operating activities Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (21) (21)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received Net cash provided by investing activities	\$ 552 552
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 531
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 56,737 57,268
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities: Operating loss Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (21) (21)





This part of the County of Powhatan, Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Table</u>
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate revenues through property, sales taxes, and other means.	5-8
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	9-11
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparison over time and with other governments.	12-14
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	15-16

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

County of Powhatan, Virginia
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
Unaudited

						Fiscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Governmental activities	9	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		7 400 507	9 0400 674 9 763 604 7 9 0400 69		700 000 0 000	702	070 700	600000000000000000000000000000000000000
Restricted	- 3,7 14,103 & 3,203,	- 3,203,600		- ,402,331	- 4,781,500		81,367	158,598		321,055 \$ (1,310,008)
Unrestricted	51,803,043	50,695,831	39,985,592	27,879,687	18,286,063	15,681,310	10,541,242	13,425,357	15,376,342	15,013,626
Total governmental activities net position	\$61,517,148	\$ 59,965,637	\$ 50,395,461	\$ 35,362,224	\$ 23,077,369	\$ 16,071,803	\$ 19,545,996	\$ 18,318,650	\$ 16,671,120	\$ 14,030,666
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,493,489	\$ 6,878,162	\$ 6,521,718	\$ 5,809,458	\$ 5,600,088	\$ 6,493,489 \$ 6,878,162 \$ 6,521,718 \$ 5,809,458 \$ 5,600,088 \$ 5,927,158 \$ 3,707,241 \$ 2,745,687 \$ 2,364,754 \$ 1,004,989	\$ 3,707,241	\$ 2,745,687	\$ 2,364,754	\$ 1,004,989
Unrestricted	2,607,183	1,947,972	2,015,562	1,804,858	1,610,471	1,169,052	905,237	973,944	975,370	462,308
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 9,100,672 \$ 8,826,	\$ 8,826,134	\$ 8,537,280	\$ 7,614,316	\$ 7,210,559	\$ 7,096,210	\$ 4,612,478	\$ 3,719,631	\$ 3,340,124	\$ 1,467,297
Primary Government	1	11	1	0		11	0000	1	0000	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 10,207,594 \$ 10,147, -	\$ 10,147,908 -	\$ 14,720,278 2,211,309	- 13,291,995	\$ 10,391,394 -	968 \$14,720,278 \$13,291 \$10,391,394 \$ 6,317,651 \$12,630,628 \$ 7,480,382 \$ 3,338,477 - 2,211,309 - 321,055	\$ 12,030,028 81,367	4 7,480,382 158,598	321,055	(305,679) 327,708
Unrestricted	54,410,226 52,643	52,643,803	42,001,154	29,684,545	19,896,534	29,684,545 19,896,534 16,850,362	11,446,479	14,399,301	16,351,712	15,475,934
Total Primary government net position	\$ 70,617,820	\$ 68,791,771	\$ 58,932,741	\$ 42,976,540	\$ 30,287,928	\$ 23,168,013	\$ 24,158,474	\$ 22,038,281	\$ 20,011,244	\$ 15,497,963

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 as adopted in fiscal year 2018. Information for previous years is unavailable.

County of Powhatan, Virginia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

Unaudited										
						Fiscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
General government administration	\$ 6,191,203	\$ 5,318,059	\$ 4,482,953	\$ 7,738,202	\$ 4,048,390	\$ 3,443,815	\$ 3,138,027	\$ 3,387,951	\$ 3,328,472	\$ 2,904,327
Judicial administration	1,614,580	1,485,251	1,356,321	1,360,939	1,266,314	1,142,211	1,106,339	875,808	1,003,570	882,082
Public safety	17,102,140	14,828,899	13,574,246	11,289,757	10,940,144	10,372,753	9,340,671	8,623,661	7,886,373	7,614,265
Public works	3,699,885	2.807.458	2,582,620	2,616,404	2.245.378	4.351.097	2.437.663	2,444,844	2,063,389	1,905,609
Health and welfare	7 183 141	6 267 296	5 578 307	5 174 537	4 785 157	4 553 531	4 630 373	4 250 646	4 645 176	4 254 575
	1,000,10	0,407,400	0,00,00	0,17,00	700,000,100	20,000,100	0,000,1	0,000,10	7,000	0.0,403,40
Education	700,000,00	01,412,737	29,020,010	701,07107	70,049,091	91,205,10	50,750,915	621,700,72	24,000,341	73,636,160
Parks, Recreation and cultural	1,469,224	1,095,549	1,019,595	741,691	781,264	748,581	724,464	1,430,798	896,021	672,746
Community development	1,437,681	1,966,462	1,235,356	1,082,578	1,077,207	1,042,770	839,715	975,494	888,803	952,532
Interest and other fiscal charges	2,493,039	2,416,724	2,537,193	2,186,672	2,902,678	3,651,825	3,457,468	4,479,930	2,279,924	2,490,147
Total governmental activities	\$ 76,529,480	\$67,598,435	\$ 62,187,409	\$ 58,968,967	\$ 53,695,923	\$ 60,571,852	\$ 52,425,633	\$ 52,056,261	\$ 47,660,069	\$ 45,534,463
Business-type activities										
Water and Sewer	\$ 2,352,765	\$ 2,374,677	\$ 2,105,052	\$ 2,204,421	\$ 2,839,736	\$ 2,500,998	\$ 2,409,265	\$ 2,584,881	\$ 2,381,909	\$ 2,564,546
Total business-type activities		\$ 2,374,677		\$ 2,204,421	\$ 2,839,736		\$ 2,409,265	\$ 2,584,881	\$ 2,381,909	\$ 2,564,546
Total primary government expenses	\$ 78,882,245	\$ 69,973,112	\$ 64,292,461	\$ 61,173,388	\$ 56,535,659	\$ 63,072,850	\$ 54,834,898	\$ 54,641,142	\$ 50,041,978	\$ 48,099,009
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services:										
General government	· \$	\$ 75,168	\$ 176,314	\$	· •	\$	· •	· \$	·	· •
Judicial administration	243,631	238,171	160,599	208,154	211,306	246,764	223,978	228,999	171,772	145,738
Public safety	1,469,931	1,698,586	1,655,142	1,715,285	1,696,250	1,482,363	1,417,962	1,239,297	1,111,495	563,314
Public works	90,011	84,923	107,328	75,391	46,513	81,171	65,587	55,006	47,508	54,674
Parks, recreation and cultural	32,912	26,441	21,526	2,081	17,751	20,354	21,787	19,165	17,658	24,394
Community development	102,702	264,540	289,664	192,934	250,090	203,708	165,573	192,732	461,414	939,943
Operating grants and contributions	7,588,423	6,464,118	4,251,534	10,676,544	6,030,863	5,058,728	4,961,763	4,723,745	4,761,155	4,377,081
Capital Grants and contributions	45,466	2,694,013	1,591,227	70,000		101,639	636,597	•	32,161	212,050
Total governmental activities	\$ 9,573,076	\$ 11,545,960	\$ 8,253,334	\$ 12,940,389	\$ 8,252,773	\$ 7,194,727	\$ 7,493,247	\$ 6,458,944	\$ 6,603,163	\$ 6,317,194
Business-type activities Charges for services:										
Water and Sewer	\$ 745,646	\$ 781,483	\$ 862,259	\$ 585,590	\$ 608,843	\$ 640,352	\$ 595,446	\$ 465,893	\$ 329,569	\$ 514,988
Capital grants and contributions		•	440,000	-	88,000	1,999,558	333,797	-	300,000	
Total business-type activities	\$ 745,646	\$ 781,483	\$ 1,302,259	\$ 585,590	\$ 696,843	\$ 2,639,910	\$ 929,243	\$ 465,893	\$ 629,569	\$ 514,988
		11		1			000	- 1	1	
Total primary government revenues	\$ 10,318,722	\$ 12,327,443	\$ 9,555,593	\$ 13,525,979	\$ 8,949,616	\$ 9,834,637	\$ 8,422,490	\$ 6,924,837	\$ 7,232,732	\$ 6,832,182

County of Powhatan, Virginia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

Unaudited										
						Fiscal Year				
!	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (66,956,404) \$ (56,052,475) (1,607,119) (1,593,194)	\$ (56,052,475) (1,593,194)	\$ (53,934,075) (802,793)	\$ (46,028,578) (1,618,831)	\$ (45,443,150) (2,142,893)	\$ (53,377,125)	\$ (44,932,386) (1,480,022)	\$ (45,597,317) (2,093,988)	\$ (41,056,906) (1,601,743)	\$ (39,217,269) (2,049,548)
ı otal primary government net expense	\$ (08,503,523) \$ (57,045,008	\$ (57,645,669)	\$ (54,730,808)	\$ (47,647,409)	\$ (47,586,043)	\$ (53,238,213)	\$ (46,412,408)	\$ (47,691,305)	\$ (42,058,049)	\$ (41,200,817)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:	Net Position									
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 55,585,672	\$ 53,122,542	\$ 56,676,166	\$ 46,528,921	\$ 42,858,105	\$ 41,283,660	\$ 39,678,897	\$ 39,416,185	\$ 36,470,425	\$ 35,172,302
Other local taxes	10,058,722	9,380,952	9,467,027	9,381,449	6,785,681	5,961,295	5,746,070	5,527,619	5,049,536	4,702,903
Investment earnings	531,062	471,556	338,283	194,869	464,783	567,025	482,100	282,759	241,763	405,979
Miscellaneous		723,535	291,814	384,983	547,535	354,793	323,649	346,297	359,404	212,904
Non-categorical aid from the Commonwealth	3,789,714	3,803,171	3,899,906	3,839,879	4,041,223	4,077,493	4,090,925	4,117,081	4,176,115	4,087,845
Transfers	(1,863,417)	(1,879,105)	(1,712,286)	(2,016,668)	(2,253,109)	(2,341,334)	(2,422,675)	(2,445,094)	(2,599,883)	(2,871,782)
Special item		•			•	1	•	•	•	(305,880)
Total governmental activities	\$ 68,507,915	\$ 65,622,651	\$ 68,960,910	\$ 58,313,433	\$ 52,444,218	\$ 49,902,932	\$ 47,898,966	\$ 47,244,847	\$ 43,697,360	\$ 41,404,271
Business-type activities	€	€	€	€		€		•	€	÷
Investment earnings	, D		·	·	067	,	99	7	·	·
Miscellaneous	18,240	2,943	13,471	5,920	3,843	3,486	2,397	28,399	5,210	11,765
Transfers	1,863,417	1,879,105	1,712,286	2,016,668	2,253,109	2,341,334	2,422,675	2,445,094	2,599,883	2,871,782
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,881,657	\$ 1,882,048	\$ 1,725,757	\$ 2,022,588	\$ 2,257,242	\$ 2,344,820	\$ 2,425,138	\$ 2,473,495	\$ 2,605,093	\$ 2,883,547
Total primary government	\$ 70,389,572	\$ 67,504,699	\$ 70,686,667	\$ 60,336,021	\$ 54,701,460	\$ 52,247,752	\$ 50,324,104	\$ 49,718,342	\$ 46,302,453	\$ 44,287,818
Changes in Net Position	A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	¢ 0.570.178	4 15 006 925	40 004 055	4 004 069	(0 474 400)	088 880 6	1 647 530	0 0 640 4E4	0 107 000
Business-type activities										
Total primary government	\$ 1,826,049	\$ 9,859,030	\$ 15,949,799	\$ 12,688,612	\$ 7,115,417	\$ (990,461)	\$ 3,911,696	\$ 2,027,037	\$ 3,643,804	\$ 3,021,001

County of Powhatan, Virginia
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
Unaudited

					Fiscal Year	lYear				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General fund	40 849	\$ 205,448	4 7 537	1 3/10	3 730	1 533	\$ 84 88 88	1 969	3 530	3 0.48
Assigned	11.9	C	12.36	14.87	98.9	4.29	3	4.47	3.57	3.69
Unassigned	16,257,104	16,163,376		13,950,906	13,037,130	12,450,049	12,031,431	11,767,232	11,370,950	11,043,610
Total general fund	\$28,224,930	\$26,414,786	\$ 26,852,351	\$28,828,595	\$ 19,891,371	\$ 16,747,204	\$ 15,703,832	\$16,245,494	\$ 14,945,384	\$ 14,745,307
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable, reported in:										
Grants funds	\$ 28,510	· \$	•	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$
Restricted for:										
Capital projects funds	2,692,275	2,304,516	2,211,309	8,795,524	13,957,819	17,930,464	17,752,884	42,809,069	1	1
Grants funds	•	•	•	83,654	•	•	•	•	•	•
Special revenue funds	8,401,328	4,937,405	4,355,497	2,941,382	959,143	778,276	622,264	609,938	1,154,183	1,886,597
Committed for:										
Special revenue funds	684,766	969,943	862,687	621,988	493,552	346,094	292,691	73,812	174,737	•
Assigned for:										
Capital projects	16,109,796	17,448,484	7,025,320	434,343	1,979,397	1	1	1	2,099,137	1,610,407
Unassigned, reported in:										
Capital projects funds	•	•	•	•	•	2,836,404	(1,395,958)	(352,397)	•	•
Grants funds	(4,821,927)	(3,436,615)	(766,599)	1	-	-	-	-	1	•
Total all other governmental										
funds	\$ 23,094,748	\$23,094,748 \$22,223,733 \$13,688,214	\$13,688,214	\$ 12,876,891	\$ 17,389,911	\$ 21,891,238	\$17,271,881	\$ 43,140,422	\$ 3,428,057	\$ 3,497,004
Total fund balances	\$51.319.678	\$ 48 638 519	\$ 40 540 565	\$41 705 486	\$ 37 281 282	\$ 38 638 442	\$ 32 975 713	\$ 59 385 916	\$ 18 373 441	\$ 18 242 311
	0,000	0,00))	001,001,001		1	2,000	2000	, , , , ,	÷,1,1,0,1

County of Powhatan, Virginia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

Unaudited					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Revenues										
General property taxes	\$ 56,855,859	\$ 53,215,804	\$ 48,154,889	\$ 46,429,541	\$ 42,741,454	\$ 41,583,636	\$ 39,648,166	\$ 39,177,351	\$ 36,848,788	\$ 35,326,867
Other local taxes	10,058,722	9,456,120	9,643,341	9,381,449	6,785,681	5,961,295	5,746,071	5,527,619	5,049,536	4,702,903
Fermits, privilege rees and licenses	863,629	1,306,948	1,226,595	1,311,869	1,306,569	1,056,937	906,725	806,460	1,014,230	937,270
Revenue from use of money &	61,033	94,039	91,710	1.8,100	122,000	101,244	44,0,4	103,003	102,770	102,410
property	531,062	471,556	207,095	194,869	464,783	567,025	482,100	282,759	241,763	405,979
Charges for services	983,925	910,854	915,948	762,816	792,455	826,179	783,550	765,656	692,839	688,383
Miscellaneous	406,162	723,535	291,814	384,983	547,535	354,793	323,649	346,297	359,404	212,904
Oppose IIII ental.	0 207 565	10 211 666	9 139 509	NTC 707 7	7 733 305	7 805 434	9 277 653	7 519 561	7 685 307	7 700 247
Federal Government	2,207,303	2 746 636	1 604 069	6 789 149	2.338.761	1 432 426	1 411 632	1 322 262	1 284 034	886 729
Total revenues	\$ 81,214,595	\$ 79,140,978	\$ 70,274,065	\$ 73,171,110	\$ 62,833,449	\$ 59,738,969		\$ 55,910,051	\$ 53,278,769	\$ 51,053,692
Expenditures										
General government administration	\$ 6,131,086	\$ 5,386,395	\$ 4,691,701	\$ 8,272,557	\$ 4,125,429	\$ 3,513,818	\$ 3,337,273	\$ 3,487,696	\$ 3,202,111	\$ 2,881,108
Judicial administration	1,476,639	1,407,292	1,366,357	1,218,811	1,173,748	1,050,052	3,215,046	922,934	921,530	886,834
Public Safety	15,752,482	13,980,355	17,503,735	15,732,560	13,017,867	12,309,044	10,602,508	9,009,393	8,048,386	7,561,393
Public works	4,316,380	3,335,526	3,477,035	2,996,961	2,731,401	2,690,480	3,864,509	2,867,888	2,196,038	2,136,239
Health and welfare	7,164,517	6,239,887	5,571,246	5,228,724	4,766,253	4,527,283	4,603,678	4,491,257	4,773,276	4,285,753
Education	30,803,664	26,772,889	25,249,328	23,419,578	23,560,273	27,898,229	45,667,822	36,076,976	22,857,727	21,269,134
Community development	1,409,745	2,023,798	1,524,592	592,626	1,990,759	1,040,054	637,865	1,240,664	884,335	852,728
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,412,865	958,278	1,262,532	1,023,841	1,077,634	586,062	831,338	987,254	718,560	543,079
Capital projects	•	1,509	19,328	ı	İ	1	549	617	939,474	123,070
Debt service Principal	8 350 926	6 141 502	5 962 468	5 433 060	5 616 782	5 231 381	7 949 677	4 756 685	4 184 966	4 046 946
Interest and other fiscal charges	2,684,401	2.916.488	3.104.780	3.416.638	4,469,463	4.029,854	4.061.420	4,675,569	2.405.523	3,434,942
Total Expenditures	\$ 77,502,705	\$ 69,163,919	\$ 69,733,102	\$ 67,335,356	\$ 62,529,609	\$ 62,876,257		\$ 68,516,933	\$ 51,131,926	\$ 48,021,226
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 3 711 890	6507766 \$	\$ 540 963	\$ 5835 754	\$ 303 840	\$ (3 137 288)	\$ (23,987,527)	\$ (12 606 882)	\$ 2 146 843	\$ 3 032 466
	•	5					- 1	(12,000,002)		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	8 052 279	\$ 12 216 294	\$ 9733449	418 196	\$ 2,609,338	\$ 1944.338	\$ 2 684 130	\$ 2545726	\$ 4 169 095	\$ 3864804
Transfers out	\sim	(14,095,399)	\subseteq	\sim	_	_	$\overline{}$	\sim	_	_
Proceeds from financed purchases	832,686			599,718		1,578,350		700,000	584,170	47,942
Issuance of bonds	i	•	•	15,927,000	597,510	9,563,000	1	49,425,000	•	26,162,052
Bond issuance premium	•	•	•	(178,000)	•	•	•	5,939,451	•	•
Payments to refunding escrow agent	ı	1	1 ((15,749,000)	1	1	1	1	1	(25,586,845)
Issuance of lease financing	•	•	838,473	•	1	•	•	•	•	•
Payment on leases	1 7	1 00	(838,473)	•	•	•		•	•	
Issuance of SBITA financing	6,883,834	44,230	1 1	1 1	1	. '	1 1	1 1		1 1
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (1.030.731)	\$ (1.879.105)	\$ (1.712.286)	\$ (1.416.950)	\$ (1.655.599)	\$ 8.800.016	\$ (2.422.675)	\$ 53.619.357	\$ (2.015.713)	\$ (2.248.633)
Special Item	1	1	•	•	1	1	1	•	•	807,571
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,681,159	\$ 8,097,954	\$ (1,171,323)	\$ 4,418,804	\$ (1,351,759)	\$ 5,662,728	\$ (26,410,202)	\$ 41,012,475	\$ 131,130	\$ 1,591,404
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.02%	13.50%	14.71%	14.90%	18.20%	17.15%	17.17%	18.13%	13.83%	15.95%

	Fisca	l Year 2024		Fisca	l Year 2015	
		Percentage o			Percentage o	
		Total County	/		Total County	
	Taxable	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable	
	Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed	
Taxpayer	Value	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank
Artistry At Winterfield	\$ 60,605,400	1.56%	1	\$ -	0.00%	
Walmart	13,132,800	0.34%	2	-	0.00%	
Berk and Alp LLC	11,690,700	0.30%	3	-	0.00%	
Powhatan Shoppes at South Creek	7,502,300	0.19%	4	6,625,600	0.18%	3
AWN Union Street LLC	5,769,000	0.15%	5	-	0.00%	
Coonwill LLC	5,359,017	0.14%	6	-	0.00%	
Colony Land Investments LLC	5,342,100	0.14%	7	-	0.00%	
Scott Timberland Co LP	5,061,500	0.13%	8	-	0.00%	
CCE Charlottesville LLC	5,008,000	0.13%	9	-	0.00%	
Cole FG Powhatan VA LLC	4,590,000	0.12%	10	-	0.00%	
Carnes, W.S. et al	-	0.00%		10,446,800	0.28%	1
Prosinc, LLC	-	0.00%		5,362,200	0.14%	9
Anderson, Tamara & Delores Ranson	-	0.00%		6,030,300	0.16%	5
South Creek Properties	-	0.00%		6,960,600	0.18%	2
Milhaus Corporation	-	0.00%		6,070,000	0.16%	4
Central Virginia Bank	-	0.00%		5,759,900	0.15%	6
Reeds Landing Corp.	-	0.00%		5,393,900	0.14%	7
Donald & Teresa Sanders	-	0.00%		5,330,900	0.14%	10
American Timberlands		0.00%	-	5,594,700	0.15%	. 8
	124,060,817	3.20%		63,574,900	1.69%	ı

Source: Powhatan County Assessor

				Collected V				
Fiscal	Taxes levied for the fiscal year		Total adjusted	Fiscal Year o	Percentage of Original	Collections in Subsequent	Total Collect	Percentage of Adjusted
Year	(original levy)	Adjustments	•	Amount	Levy	Years	Amount	Levy
2024	\$ 53,696,645	\$ (633,191)	53,063,454	\$ 25,863,631	48.17%	\$ -	25,863,631	48.74%
2023	51,239,590	2,448,546	53,688,136	24,275,475	47.38%	28,522,885	52,798,360	98.34%
2022 (1)	65,176,473	2,741,983	67,918,456	39,916,123	61.24%	27,176,141	67,092,264	98.78%
2021	46,397,758	(302,996)	46,094,762	39,090,337	84.25%	6,630,302	45,720,639	99.19%
2020	39,465,437	1,400,207	40,865,644	33,535,555	84.97%	7,134,250	40,669,805	99.52%
2019	38,841,290	1,360,266	40,201,556	33,885,007	87.24%	6,219,108	40,104,115	99.76%
2018	40,262,459	247,520	40,509,979	34,046,398	84.56%	6,459,308	40,505,706	99.99%
2017	37,761,947	685,033	38,446,980	32,985,684	87.35%	5,457,393	38,443,077	99.99%
2016	35,202,596	634,837	35,837,433	30,591,755	86.90%	5,241,166	35,832,921	99.99%
2015	34,387,967	426,047	34,814,014	29,585,924	86.04%	5,223,468	34,809,392	99.99%

Source: Treasurer's Office and Commissioner of the Revenue

⁽¹⁾ In FY2022, the County did a short year for real estate and therefore the levy had an extra 6 months of a normal levy in order for the real estate levies to revert back to a calendar year tax year

Assessed and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value Real Estate	Direct Tax Rate	Personal Property and Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Public Service	Total
		(2)		(1)			(3)	
2024	\$ 6,444,416,273	\$367,922,700	\$6,076,493,573	0.69	\$478,241,706	\$ 21,968,071	\$ -	\$ 6,576,703,350
2023	6,144,545,473	358,929,500	5,785,615,973	0.69	449,373,084	17,089,840	115,263,037	6,367,341,934
2022	4,864,307,400	329,154,800	4,535,152,600	0.77	490,464,480	19,745,090	104,192,167	5,149,554,337
2021	4,379,883,500	328,274,425	4,051,609,075	0.85	377,504,062	31,432,110	105,153,403	4,565,698,650
2020	3,854,983,400	334,508,375	3,520,475,025	0.88	319,259,251	12,452,345	111,818,049	3,964,004,670
2019	3,770,803,200	332,508,550	3,438,294,650	0.88	325,965,234	11,078,665	105,919,123	3,881,257,672
2018	3,648,382,900	328,081,450	3,320,301,450	0.885	311,016,713	29,452,658	99,314,822	3,760,085,643
2017	3,608,906,400	328,439,700	3,280,466,700	0.90	293,254,816	10,716,720	100,109,095	3,684,547,331
2016	3,358,068,300	310,856,450	3,047,211,850	0.90	284,396,673	9,111,300	97,808,766	3,438,528,589
2015	3,300,165,350	308,499,100	2,991,666,250	0.90	262,062,264	9,428,908	97,811,452	3,360,968,874

Source: Commissioner of Revenue Department

Notes:

Real property is the County's primary local source revenue. Assessment information also included above for other property taxes.

- (1) Tax rate per \$100 of assessed value of real property. See Table 6 for other tax rates.
- (2) Source, Real Estate Assessments from Commissioner of Revenue.
- (3) Public Service Corporation property assessments performed by the State Corporation Commission.

Direct Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Public	Service		
Tax	Paul Fotata	Personal	Machinery & Tools	Personal
Year	Real Estate	Property	& 100IS	Property
2024	0.69	3.60	3.60	3.60
2023	0.69/0.77	3.60	3.60	3.60
2022	0.77/0.79	3.60	3.60	3.60
2021	0.79/0.85	3.60	3.60	3.60
2020	0.88	3.60	3.60	3.60
2019	0.88	3.60	3.60	3.60
2018	0.885	3.60	3.60	3.60
2017	0.90	3.60	3.60	3.60
2016	0.90	3.60	3.60	3.60
2015	0.90	3.60	3.60	3.60

Notes: Per \$100 assessed value. There are no overlapping property tax rates with other governments.

			Governme	ntal Activities			Business-Type Activities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	State Literary Loans	Financed Purchases	Leases	SBITAs	Revenue Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2024	\$ 12.936.878	\$ -	\$ 1.560.232	\$ 888.594	\$ 6.758.967	\$ 66.558.442	\$ 12.938.116	\$ 101.641.229	*	3,200
2023	14,751,130	-	1,063,289	972,823	24,905	70,979,197	13,815,412	101,606,756	*	3,239
2022	16,914,314	-	1,505,204	1,037,710	-	74,834,534	14,676,721	108,968,483	0.062%	3,579
2021	19,054,287	-	1,937,959	-	-	78,810,054	15,512,536	115,314,836	0.056%	3,802
2020	20,871,963	-	1,630,626	-	-	82,596,056	16,329,043	121,427,688	0.050%	4,066
2019	22,931,149	-	2,065,820	-	-	85,752,035	17,145,426	127,894,430	0.046%	4,313
2018	24,773,645	250,000	912,548	-	-	79,428,022	18,014,546	123,378,761	0.046%	4,230
2017	26,583,521	500,000	1,230,787	-	-	82,525,574	16,853,248	127,693,130	0.043%	4,465
2016	28,386,157	750,000	810,956	-	-	30,111,820	17,403,438	77,462,371	0.065%	2,724
2015	30,168,352	1,000,000	331,795	-	-	32,001,274	18,029,553	81,530,974	0.060%	2,867

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. * 2023 and 2024 information not yet available.

		General Bo	nded Debt Outs	standing	
		Gover	nmental Activit	ies	
Fiscal				Net Bonded	
Year				Debt to	
Ended		Assessed	Gross	Assessed	
June 30	Population	Taxable Value	Bonded Debt	Value	Per Capita
		(1)	(2)		
2024	31,766	\$ 6,576,703,350	\$ 12,936,878	0.20%	\$ 407
2023	31,365	6,367,341,934	14,751,130	0.23%	470
2022	30,445	5,149,554,337	16,914,314	0.33%	556
2021	30,333	4,565,698,650	19,054,287	0.42%	628
2020	29,867	3,964,004,670	20,871,963	0.53%	699
2019	29,652	3,881,257,672	22,931,149	0.59%	773
2018	29,166	3,760,085,643	25,023,645	0.67%	858
2017	28,601	3,684,547,331	27,083,521	0.74%	947
2016	28,442	3,438,528,589	29,136,157	0.85%	1,024
2015	28,442	3,360,968,874	31,168,352	0.93%	1,096

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Assessed taxable value is combination of real and other personal property per Table 7.

⁽²⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation debt and bonded anticipation notes. Excludes revenue bonds, financed purchases, and compensated absences.

Debt Management Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

Policy (1)	15.00%	4.00%
	Debt Service	Net Tax Supported Debt
Fiscal	To	То
Year	Expenditures	Assessed Value
	(2)	(3)
2024	9.70%	1.35%
2023	10.61%	1.49%
2022	11.19%	1.97%
2021	11.23%	2.37%
2020	13.25%	2.86%
2019	13.17%	3.06%
2018	13.20%	3.02%
2017	13.11%	3.23%
2016	11.17%	2.16%
2015	11.39%	2.34%

⁽¹⁾ Policy was 12% and 4.50% prior to FY 2016

⁽²⁾ Expenditures are made up of the General fund, Other Governmental funds, School Operating fund, School Cafeteria fund, Water and Sewer fund less transfers to the School Fund. Includes all debt from Table 9 less premiums.

⁽³⁾ Assessed taxable value is combination of real and other personal property per Table 7.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Total Personal Income*	Per Capita Personal Income*	Unemployment Rate %	School Enrollment
2024	31,766	*	*	2.80%**	4,215
2023	31,365	*	*	2.60%	4,307
2022	30,445	2,067,459,060	67,908	2.50%	4,230
2021	30,333	1,968,005,040	64,880	3.00%	4,076
2020	29,867	1,820,154,714	60,942	4.80%	4,247
2019	29,652	1,739,149,104	58,652	2.60%	4,227
2018	29,166	1,669,666,002	57,247	2.90%	4,222
2017	28,601	1,573,369,611	55,011	3.50%	4,208
2016	28,442	1,436,036,580	50,490	3.50%	4,312
2015	28,442	1,396,644,410	49,105	4.30%	4,157

n/a - information is not yet available

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Labor Statistics, Weldon Cooper Center

^{* 2023} and 2024 information not yet available.

^{** 2024} Unemployment Rate % is as of 07/01/2024

		2024	ļ.		201	5
Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total Employment**	Employees	Rank	% of Total Employment**
Powhatan County School Board	500-999	1	N/A	500-999	1	N/A
Deep Meadow Correctional Center	250-499	2	N/A	250-499	4	N/A
County of Powhatan	250-499	3	N/A	100-249	6	N/A
Walmart	250-499	4	N/A	100-249	5	N/A
Mid Atlantic Steel Erecto Inc	100-249	5	N/A	100-249	7	N/A
Colony Construction	100-249	6	N/A			N/A
Food Lion	100-249	7	N/A	100-249	8	N/A
2150 Management Co.	100-249	8	N/A			N/A
Independence Golf Club	50-99	9	N/A			N/A
TG Administration	50-99	10	N/A			N/A
Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice	-		N/A	250-499	2	N/A
Powhatan Correctional Center	-		N/A	250-499	3	N/A
Anderson Merchandisers, LLC	-		N/A	50-99	9	N/A
Moslow Wood Products	-		N/A	50-99	10	N/A

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

Data for 2024: Community Profile Data for 2015: 1st Quarter 2015

^{*} Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW)

^{**}The Virginia Employment Commission is precluded from disclosing the actual number of employees per the Confidential Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act - Title V of Public Law 107-347.

Department	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
County Administration										
County Administrator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy County Administrator Sr. Executive Assistant	1	2	2 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	1 1	1
Executive Associate	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Total County Administrator	3	4	4	2	2	2	2	3	4	3
Assessment										
Assessment Technician	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chief Deputy Assessor	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real Estate Appraiser Total Human Resources	2						-			
Finance										
Director of Finance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
HR and Accounting Analyst	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Budget Manager	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Budget Accountant	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
Accountant Accounting Analyst	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
Grant Coordinator	1	-	-		-	_	'			-
Purchasing Agent	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Finance	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Human Resources										
HR Manager	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
HR Analyst Total Human Resources	1	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u> 1	- 1	- 1	<u>-</u> 1	
						'	<u>'</u>	'	'	<u> </u>
Information Technology Director of IT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
IT Network Manager	1	1	1	1	1	1		_		-
IT Systems Administrator	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-
IT Specialist	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Communications and IT Specialist	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
IT Technician GIS Coordinator	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Total Information Technology	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u> 5	<u>1</u> 5	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	1 4	4	1 4	4	<u>1</u>
County Attorney										
County Attorney	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paralegal		-	-	-	-	-	1	1	_ 1	1
Total County Attorney	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Public Works			_	_	_	_				_
Director of Public Works	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Administrative Associate Public Works Recreation Program Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
Facilities Manager	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
. asiliaos Mariagor										

Department	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Public Works										
Facilitites and Grounds Manager	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Director of Facilities and Grounds	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative Assistant Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Administrative Assistant Public Works	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Building Supervisor - HVAC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Facilities Supervisor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Grounds Supervisor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Maintenance Worker III	5	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Maintenance Worker II	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
Maintenance Worker I	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Director of Utilities	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities Manager	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Utilities Operations Supervisor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Utilities Operations Superintendant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Utilities Operator	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Utilities Maintenance Technician	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-
Utilities Billing Specialist	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Convenience Center Supervisor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Convenience Center Operator III	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Convenience Center Lead Operator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Convenience Center Operator	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-
Convenience Center Operator II	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Convenience Center Operator I	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Floater	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Public Works	25	25	24	23	23	22	23	23	23	22
Commonwealth's Attorney										
Commonwealth's Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy Commonwealth's Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant Commonwealth's Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
Administrative Assistant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Commonwealth's Attorney	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3
Commissioner of the Revenue										
Commissioner of the Revenue	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chief Deputy Commissioner	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy COR I	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deputy COR II	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
Deputy COR III	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3
Total Commissioner of Revenue	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Economic Development										
Economic Development Director	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Assistant County Administrator	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
Economic Development Assistant	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic Development Program Manager	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		-	
Total Economic Development	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	-	-

Department	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Fire Administration										
Chief of Fire and Emergency Medical Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy Fire Chief	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative Associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Administrative Associate - Fire and Rescue	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-
Administrative Assistant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lieutenant	3	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-
Firefighter/EMT	16	16	13	10	10	6	6	6	-	-
Total Fire Administration	21	21	18	13	14	10	8	8	2	2
Library										
Library Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Librarian	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	_
Library Systems Technician	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_
Senior Library Clerk	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Library Administrative Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_
Library Assistant	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Total Library	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
Planning and Community Development										
Director of Community Development	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	_
Planning Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		_	
Community Development Technician	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1		_
Administrative Associate Community Dev.	_	_	_	_	_	_	'			1
Planning Manager		_		_	_	_				1
Principal Planner	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	
Planning and Zoning Manager				'	-	-	'		1	_
Environmental Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Zoning Administrator		'	'	'	'	'	1	'	1	1
Planner I/Code Enforcement Inspector	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Planner II	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı
Erosion and Sediment Technician		'	'	'	'	'	1	'	-	1
Erosion and Sediment Inspector	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	1	1
Planning/Zoning Specialist	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Planning/Zoning Specialist Planning/Zoning Technician	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	- 1	'
GIS Coordinator	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Building Official						-				-
Building Inspector	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Building Plan Reviewer	2	•	1	1	1	T	Т	1	1	1
Permit Center Manager	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building Permit Technician	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Building Inspections Permit Specialist	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Commercial Inspector/Reviewer	- 40	1	1	- 44	- 44	- 44	-	-	- 40	- 40
Total Planning and Community Developmen	13	13	13	11	11	11	10	10	12	12

Department	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Registrar										
Director of Elections	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant Registrar	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Total Registrar	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Treasurer										
Treasurer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy Treasurer II	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3
Deputy Treasurer III Chief Deputy Treasurer	3	4 1	4 1	4 1	4 1	4 1	4 1	4	2 1	2
Total Treasurer	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Comprehensive Services										
Children's Service Act Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_
Children's Services Program Assistant	1	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
Children's Services Compliance Specialist	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Children's Services Fiscal Specialist	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coordinator Total Comprehensive Services	4	<u>-</u> 1	<u>-</u> 1	<u>-</u> 1	<u>-</u> 1	<u>-</u> 1	- 1		<u>-</u> 1	<u>1</u> 1
Total Comprehensive Services		'		'	'	'	'	'	'	<u>'</u>
Clerk of the Circuit Court										
Clerk of the Circuit Court	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chief Deputy Clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy Clerk IV Deputy Clerk II	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	I -
Deputy Clerk	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Total Clerk of the Circuit Court	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Bode and Bassatian										
Parks and Recreation Director of Parks and Recreation	1	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Athletics Coordinator	1		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Recreation Coordinator	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Recreation Technician	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Parks and Recreation	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sheriff										
Office Manager	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Administrative Associate - Sheriff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Administrative Services Assistant	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative Assistant Court Services Civil Clerk II	- 1	- 1	1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	1
Sergeant	9	11	11	10	8	10	7	7	8	4
Lieutenant	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
First Sergeant	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	-	-
Deputy	15	20	20	18	17	13	23	22	22	20
Corporal	12	5	5	5	6	6	-	-	-	6
Chief Deputy	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Undersheriff		- :		-	- :		-	-	-	1
Captain	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	- 4
IT Technician	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 4	- 1	-	1
Sheriff Systems Technician Crime Analyst	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	1
Senior Detective	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
	_	-	_	-			•	_	_	_
	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	4	4	2
Detective Sheriff	2 1	2 1	2 1	2	2 1	3 1	4 1	4 1	4 1	2 1

Department	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Public Safety Communications										
Director of Public Safety Communications	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Public Safety Communications Operations Mgr	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Dispatcher	10	10	-	-	-	-	- 12	- 11	- 11	8
Public Safety Communications Officers Dispatch Manager	10	10	9	9	9	9	12	- 11	- 11	- 1
Communications Supervisor	4	4	4	4	2	2	_	_	1	-
Dispatch Supervisor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Audit & Compliance Supervisor	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Communications	17	17	16	15	13	13	14	13	12	10
Victim Witness										
Victim Witness Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Victim Witness Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Convenience Center										
Supervisor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Attendant		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total Convenience Center		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Animal Control										
Sergeant-Animal Control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Corporal - Animal Control	_	1	1	1	1	-	-	_	-	-
Animal Control Technician II	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Secretary				-		-	-			1
Total Animal Control	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	4
Total full-time positions	193	175	170	155	153	145	146	144	138	132
Per 1,000 population	6.43	5.83	5.67	5.17	5.10	5.18	5.21	5.14	4.93	4.71

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Sheriffs Office (1)										
Traffic citations	1,864	1,404	1,408	1,548	2,227	2,322	2,236	2,712	2,076	1,092
Criminal arrests	418	413	394	325	432	729	933	961	825	858
Calls for service	24,698	24,114	22,451	21,077	23,725	24,343	23,762	24,568	17,610	16,416
Calls dispatched	24,698	24,114	22,451	21,077	23,725	24,343	23,762	24,568	17,610	16,416
Calls dispatched for traffic	768	679	747	833	715	806	979	888	842	700
Criminal warrants served	891	972	877	875	1,128	1,030	1,146	1,022	1,035	1,009
Civil warrants and traffic notices	7,641	5,785	5,987	7,329	8,096	10,009	12,046	13,358	13,062	8,146
Fire and Rescue (2)										
Calls dispatched for fire/rescue	3,725	3,460	3,528	3,069	3,030	3,186	3,366	3,569	3,280	2,935
Community Development (3)										
Site plans reviewed	10	8	14	9	9	13	13	8	6	6
Rezoning Cases	9	16	13	10	6	10	10	13	24	6
CUP's	5	4	10	7	7	10	9	6	10	13
Subdivisions	4	3	6	7	7	8	9	7	3	3
Inspections	7,807	8,682	8,560	8,406	9,095	8,261	7,266	7,432	6,226	5,172
Refuse Collection (4)										
Refuse collected (tons per year)	6,194	6,166	6,457	6,807	6,495	6,682	6,611	6,673	6,562	6,390
Number of refuse sites	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Recyclables Collected (tons per year)	1,233	1,666	1,472	1,394	1,099	1,088	1,068	1,051	1,027	1,249.17
Parks, recreation and cultural (5)										
Tournaments - Baseball	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	4
Tournaments - Softball	3	3	3	2	8	8	7	5	6	4
Tournaments - Disc Golf	0	0	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	2
Special Olympics Tournaments	2	2	2	-	1	2	2	2	2	2
Benefit Tournaments	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2
School Tournaments	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
School Camps	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
League Tournaments	2	2	3	5	3	3	4	4	2	1
League Camps	3	3	3	4	5	7	8	7	6	3
Trail Runs	1	1	1	-	1	2	1	1	1	1
Leagues/Organizations	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	10	10
League Players	2,616	2,616	3,732	3,472	3,490	3,502	3,510	3,340	2,290	2,235
Library (6)										
Materials circulated	145,061	137,557	121,813	83,777	87,296	105,029	100,741	104,288	104,262	102,758
Library patrons - registered borrowers	18,817	18,005	17,036	15,959	15,508	14,930	13,980	13,372	21,067	20,716
Education (7)										
Total employees	637	637	622	616	613	606	633	634	637	632
Teachers	330	335	337	318	318	316	318	317	313	316
Students	4,214	4,307	4,230	4,076	4,247	4,227	4,222	4,208	4,312	4,157
Finance/Administration (8)										
Checks processed	5,705	5,755	3,656	5,106	5,068	4,980	5,211	5,260	5,761	5,394

^{*} Information not available

Sources

- (1) Sheriff's Office
- (2) Fire and Rescue Department
- (3) Building Inpsections and Planning Department
 (4) Department of Public Works
- (5) Recreeation Department
- (6) Library
- (7) Powhatan County Public Schools(8) Department of Finance

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Sheriff's Office (1)										
Patrol vehicles	69	69	57	56	52	52	52	48	47	50
Fire and Rescue (2)										
Companies	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Stations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Rescue Vehicles	9	9	9	9	8	10	10	10	11	11
Fire Apparatus	40	39	39	36	35	35	36	37	32	29
Parks and recreation (3)										
Parks maintained	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sports complexes maintained	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
Park/Complex acreage	233	233	233	233	233	233	233	212	212	212
Trails (miles)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1.8
Fields Maintained	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	25	*
Library (4)										
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Utilities (5) Water										
Daily average consumption (gallons)	145,605	160,901	151,575	158,145	165,003	207,002	188,586	206,510	171,224	167 400
Connections	145,005	100,901	131,373	130,143	121	113	100,300	103	96	93
Sewer	140		130	121	121	113	107	103	90	93
Average daily sewage treatment Dutoy	63	57	43	48	43	44	46	43	48	46
Average daily sewage treatment Average daily sewage treatment	03	37	43	40	43	44	40	43	40	40
Fighting Creek	45	35	35	42	30	40	34	31	39	32
0 0	43	33	33	42	30	40	34	31	39	32
(thousands of gallons) Connections	335	305	310	242	235	207	194	180	164	157
Connections	333	305	310	242	233	207	194	160	104	157
Education - Number of Schools (6)										
Elementary Schools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Jr High Schools	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Middle Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
High Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works (7)										
Buildings	25	25	25	25	25	24	24	24	23	23
Parking lots	21	21	21	21	21	20	19	19	18	18
Pump Stations/Cell Towers	4	3	3	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Water Tank	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1

^{*} Information not available

- (1) Sheriff's Office (2) Fire and Rescue Department (3) Recreation Department
- (4) Library
- (5) Department of Public Works(6) Powhatan County Public Schools(7) Department of Public Works









Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Powhatan, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Powhatan, Viriginia (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 18, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Powhatan, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Compliance for Each Major Program

We have audited the County of Powhatan (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal documentation of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
 a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in

internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. S. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 18, 2024

COUNTY OF POWHATAN, VIRGINIA

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2024

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the County's compliance wither certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants as shown below:

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia:

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Sheriff Internal Controls
Comprehensive Services Act
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act

State Agency Requirements:

Education
Social Services
Fire Programs Aid to Localities
Opioid Abatement Funds

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal program selected for testing.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Assistance	Pass-Through	Amounts Passed		
Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/	Listing	Entity	Thru to	Cluster	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number	Sub-recipients	Amounts	Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Social Services:					
Community services block grant	93.569	N/A			\$ 167,931
Promoting safe and stable families	93.556	0950115/0950116			13,283
Temporary assistance for needy families	93.558	0400115/0400116			230,602
Refugee and entrant assistance - state administered					
programs	93.566	0500115/0500116			316
Low-income home energy assistance	93.568	0600415/0600416			16,904
Title VI-E prevention program	93.472	N/A			4,209
Guardianship assistance	93.090	N/A			303
Child care mandatory and matching funds of the child care					
development fund (CCDF Cluster)	93.596	0760115/0760116			23,737
Child welfare services - state grants Foster care - Title IV-E	93.645 93.658	0900115/0900116			159 129,235
Adoption assistance	93.659	1100115/1100116 1120115/1120116			74,767
Social services block grant	93.667	1000115/1000116			93,451
Chafee foster care independence program	93.674	9150115/9150116			4,160
Elder abuse prevention interventions program	93.747	9130113/9130110 N/A			4,359
Children's health insurance program	93.767	0540115/0540116			3,608
Medical assistance program	93.778	1200115/1200116		\$ 313,835	0,000
Total Medicaid Cluster	33.770	1200113/1200110		Ψ 010,000	313,835
Total Department of Health and Human Services					\$1,080,859
Department of Agriculture:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Agriculture:					
Food distributionschool	10.555	N/A		\$ 101,936	
Department of Education:					
School breakfast program	10.553	APE40253/41110/40588/60164		145,364	
National school lunch program	10.555	APE40254/41106/41108/60049		612,804	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					\$ 860,104
Department of Education:					
COVID-19 -Pandemic electronic benefit transfer administrative					
costs	10.649	DOE86556			3,256
Department of Social Services:					
State administrative matching grants for the		0010115/001011/			
supplemental nutrition assistance program	10.561	0040115/0040116		\$ 398,190	
Total SNAP Cluster	10.001	0040110/0040110		Ψ 000,100	\$ 398,190
Total Office Gladici					Ψ
Total Department of Agriculture					\$ 1,261,550
Department of Justice:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Criminal Justice Service:					
Edward Byrne memorial justice assistance grant	16.738	N/A			\$ 4,062
Crime victims assistance	16.575	CJS7601601			38,014
COVID-19 - Coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds	21.027	5018516-LE			139,986
Total Department of Justice - pass-through					\$ 182,062
Total Department of Justice					\$182,062
Department of Treasury:					
Direct Payments:					
COVID-19 - Coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds	21.027	N/A			\$345,663

COUNTY OF POWHATAN, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Amounts Passed Thru to Sub-recipients	Cluster Amounts	Federal Expenditures
Department of Treasury (continued): Pass Through Payments: Virginia Tourism Corporation: COVID-19 - Coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds - tourism recovery	21.027	N/A			\$10,450_
Total Department of Treasury					\$356,113
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Pass Through Payments: Federal Emergency Management Agency 2020 Assistance to firefighters grant	97.044	N/A			\$ <u>143,506</u>
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security					\$ 143,506
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: State and community highway safety Total Highway Safety Cluster	20.600	BPT-2024-54113-24113		\$ 34,812	\$34,812
Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Alcohol open container requirements	20.607	ENF_AL-2024-54144-24144			20,496
Total Department of Transportation					\$55,308
Department of Defense: Direct Payments: ROTC	12.401	N/A			\$62,618_
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education:					
Title I grants to local educational agencies Special education-grants to states COVID-19 -Special education-grants to states - ARPA COVID-19 -Special education - preschool grants - ARPA Special education - preschool grants	84.010 84.027 84.027 84.173 84.173	APE42901 APE43071 APE40287 APE40286 APE62521		\$ 968,241 52,090 2,788 20,254	\$ 327,573
Total Special Education Cluster Title II: Eisenhower professional development Career and technical education basic grants to states	84.281 84.048	APE62321		20,234	1,043,373 102,692 66,125
Title IV Part A	84.424	APE60281			4,688
COVID-19 -Elementary and secondary relief fund	84.425D	APE50185			100,414
COVID-19 -American Rescue Plan - elementary and secondary emergency relief fund	84.425U	APE50175/50193			1,171,760
Total Department of Education					\$ 2,816,625
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards					\$5,958,641

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditure of federal awards.

COUNTY OF POWHATAN, VIRGINIA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with the basis of accounting used by County of Powhatan, Virginia. The schedule includes all known federal funds expended by the County for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the presentation of the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (a) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (b) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	1,186,677
Special Revenue Funds:		
Grants fund		809,959
County Project Fund		750,000
Total primary government	\$ _	2,746,636
Component Unit Public Schools:		
School Operating Fund	\$	2,021,340
School Cafeteria Fund		934,120
School Grants Fund		1,494,485
Total component unit public schools	\$	4,449,945
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		
statements	\$ _	7,196,581
Tatal for development difference was the Oak adula of Free and difference		
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures	Φ.	E 050 044
of Federal Awards	*=	5,958,641

Note 4 - De Minimus Indirect Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

Note 5 - Outstanding Loan Balances

At June 30, 2024, the County had no outstanding loan balances requiring disclosure.

County of Powhatan, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2024

A - Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses** relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings relating to the major programs**.
- 7. The programs tested as major were:

Name of Decrease	Assistance
Name of Program	Listing Number
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B –	Findings -	Financial	Statement	Audit
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None.

C - Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

None.

D – Findings – Commonwealth of Virginia

None.

County of Powhatan, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2024

A - Findings - Financial Statement Audit

2023-001: Journal Entries – Schools (Significant Deficiency)

Condition

During our review of journal entries, we noted journal entries lacked documented approval by an individual other than the preparer.

Recommendation

All entries should be initialed by the preparer and the individual approving them.

Current Status

Finding has been corrected in the current year, no similar instances noted.

COUNTY OF POWHATAN

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