

FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

COUNTY OF CLARKE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Board of Supervisors

David Weiss, Chairman Bev McKay, Vice Chairman

Barbara J. Byrd

Terri T. Catlett

Mary L. C. Daniel

County School Board

Chuyen Kochinsky, Chairman Charles "Chip" Schutte, Vice-Chairman Renée F. Weir, Clerk

Monica Singh-Smith

Dennis Graham

Tom Parker

Board of Social Services

Dwight Brown, Chairman E. Ralph Pierce, Vice-Chairman

Barbara Byrd

Bob Ferrebee

Lynn Gray

Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	Clark Andrew Ritchie
Judge of the Circuit Court	Ronald Lewis Napier
Judge of the Circuit Court	Alexander R. Iden
Judge of the Circuit Court	Thomas J. Wilson, IV
Judge of the Circuit Court	Clifford Lynwood Athey, Jr.
Judge of the Circuit Court	
Judge of the Circuit Court	
Judge of the Circuit Court	
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Helen Butts
Judge of the General District Court	
Judge of the General District Court	
Judge of the General District Court	W. Dale Houff
Judge of the General District Court	
Judge of the General District Court	
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	
Commonwealth's Attorney	
Commissioner of the Revenue	Donna Peake
Treasurer	Sharon Keeler
Sheriff	3 1
Superintendent of Schools	
County Administrator	
Director of Joint Administrative Services	9
Director of Department of Social Services	Angie W. Jones

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Clarke, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Clarke, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Clarke, Virginia, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2016, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application, 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, and 82 Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-10, 70-71, and 72-76 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Clarke, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information (continued)

The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 13, 2017, on our consideration of the County of Clarke, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Clarke, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charlottesville, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

April 13, 2017



County of Clarke, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the County of Clarke (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County (excluding component units) exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$36.1 million (*net position*). Of this amount, \$13.4 million (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$3.3 million, of which the governmental activities accounted for 100% of the increase.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$630,440. The Fiscal Policy of Clarke County requires that certain financial designations of General Fund balance be maintained. These financial designations are reported as assigned fund balance of \$13,628,633 and are comprised of the numerous designations. Liquidity and stabilization funds comprise \$4,237,905. Saving for pay-as-you-go capital expenditures comprises \$3,087,639. A total of \$4,573,399 is assigned for carryover requests from unexpended FY 16 funds. \$75,000 is assigned for compensated absences.
- The County's total long-term obligations decreased by \$2,633,007 (7%) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of how the financial position of the County may be changing. Increases in net position may indicate an improved financial position; however, even decreases in net position may reflect a changing manner in which the County may have used previously accumulated funds.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-wide financial statements: (Continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and cultural, community development, and education. The County did not operate any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate school board, a legally separate industrial development authority and a legally separate sanitary authority for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 13 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The County reports ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Virginia Public Assistance Fund and the School Debt Service Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other County funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund financial statements: (Continued)

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 17 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund statement can be found on page 18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 69 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning budgetary comparisons for the general fund and VPA special revenue fund. Required supplementary information can be found on page 70 through 76 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found starting on page 77 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$36.1 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A large portion of the County's net position (\$22.6 million, 63% of total) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities (i.e., the County's investment in capital assets are of a permanent nature as assets acquired are generally not sold or otherwise disposed of during their useful life).

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

The following table provides a comparative summary of the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Clarke, Virginia Summary of Net Position As of June 30, 2016 and 2015

		Governmental Activities		
	_	2016	_	2015
Current and other assets	\$	29,871,095	\$	28,542,250
Capital assets		55,264,369		55,844,161
Total assets	\$	85,135,464	\$	84,386,411
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	466,768	\$.	457,305
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$	35,211,779	\$	37,844,786
Other liabilities		3,047,048		2,830,045
Total liabilities	\$	38,258,827	\$	40,674,831
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	11,284,227	\$.	11,432,673
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	22,639,790	\$	20,531,094
Restricted		5,255		5,255
Unrestricted		13,414,133		12,199,863
Total net position	\$	36,059,178	\$	32,736,212

An additional portion of the County's net position (\$5,255) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$13.4 million) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

As noted previously, the County's net position increased by \$3.3 million during the current fiscal year. This is largely attributable to paying principal due on long-term debt obligations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$3.3 million. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

County of Clarke, Virginia Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

		Governmental Activities		
		2016	2015	
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	1,562,964 \$	1,268,169	
Operating grants and contributions		2,706,176	2,704,325	
Capital grants and contributions		371,215	946,620	
General revenues:				
Property taxes		19,814,919	19,310,001	
Other taxes		1,921,422	1,777,225	
Unrestricted revenues from the use of money and property		87,662	62,859	
Miscellaneous		205,626	105,278	
Grants and contributions not restricted to				
specific programs	_	3,018,096	3,011,502	
Total revenues	\$_	29,688,080 \$	29,185,979	
Expenses:				
General governmental administration	\$	2,236,563 \$	2,228,785	
Judicial administration		602,451	598,469	
Public safety		4,094,648	4,414,115	
Public works		1,076,881	1,013,865	
Health and welfare		2,646,112	2,418,330	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,046,408	1,048,103	
Community development		866,154	980,692	
Interest on long-term debt		1,453,276	1,559,976	
Education	_	12,342,621	11,763,711	
Total expenses	\$_	26,365,114 \$		
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	3,322,966 \$		
Net position - beginning of year	<u> </u>	32,736,212	29,576,279	
Net position - end of year	\$_	<u>36,059,178</u> \$	32,736,212	

Generally, net asset changes are for the difference between revenues and expenses. Key elements of this net increase are as follows:

- Overall stabilization in operating expenses.
- Increase in charges for services.
- Increase in transfers out to School Board reported as education expense. These transfers represent a change in long-term assets and liability transferred between Component Unit School Board and the County, as well as unexpended local transfer at year end.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15.1 million, an increase of 0.7 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$14.3 million or 96% constitutes assigned and unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to a specific purpose.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, assigned and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$14.3 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Assigned and unassigned fund balance represents 66% of total General Fund expenditures. This is a common measure for the strength of the County's equity and an overall indicator of a healthy financial condition.

Restricted fund balance of \$5,225 for the swim team and pool in the Parks Construction Fund is included in other governmental funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was an increase of \$29,197 between the original budget and the final amended budgeted expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2016 amounts to \$55.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment and construction in progress. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of several Sheriff and administrative vehicles and equipment.
- Investment in voting equipment.
- Sheriff vehicle repairs.
- Time sync server for communications.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are illustrated in the following table:

	 Governmental Activities				
	2016		2015		
Land	\$ 745,500	\$	745,500		
Buildings	44,595,496		45,335,880		
Improvements	632,446		697,778		
Machinery & Equipment	934,341		827,489		
Construction in progress	 8,356,586		8,237,514		
Total	\$ 55,264,369	\$	55,844,161		

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 6 on pages 36 through 37 of this report.

Long-term debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total outstanding debt of \$35.2 million and details are summarized in the following table:

	Governmental Activities				
	2016			2015	
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$	27,400,000	\$	29,720,000	
Premiums and discounts		237,185		278,864	
Lease revenue bond		4,167,233		4,245,272	
Note payable		-		94,000	
Capital leases		820,161		974,931	
Net pension liability		1,969,166		1,857,942	
Compensated absences		618,034	_	673,777	
Total	\$	35,211,779	\$	37,844,786	

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Revenue from the Commonwealth and Federal Government will continue to be weak.
- Employee benefit costs will continue to rise.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Joint Administrative Services, County of Clarke, 524 Westwood Road, Berryville, VA 22611.











	Primary		Component Units						
		Government	_			Clarke County		Industrial	
	(Sovernmental		School		Sanitary		Development	
		Activities	_	Board	_	Authority		Authority	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,691,510	\$	52,451	\$	319,455	\$	108,927	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		10 50/ 010							
Taxes receivable Accounts receivable		12,536,818 182,139		138,581		- 141,216		-	
Notes receivable		2,989		130,301		141,210		-	
Due from other funds		463,820		_		_		_	
Due from primary government		-		1,892,388		_		_	
Due from other governmental units		1,706,625		622,224		-		-	
Inventories		22,385		-					
Prepaid items		46,700		31,618		-		1,333	
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents		203,501		-		-		-	
Notes receivable - net of current portion		14,608		-		-		-	
Net pension asset		-		66,371		-		-	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		745 500				10.000			
Land		745,500		647,266		13,200		-	
Buildings		44,595,496 632,446		5,969,287 413,904		-		-	
Improvements other than buildings Equipment		934,341		1,139,814		-		_	
Utility plant in service		754,541		1,137,014		8,304,438		_	
Construction in progress		8,356,586		-		1,260,980		-	
Total assets	\$	85,135,464	\$	10,973,904	\$	10,039,289	\$	110,260	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	_		_		_				
Pension contribution subsequent to measurement date	\$	466,768	\$	1,735,614	\$	4,524	\$	_	
·	Ψ	400,700	Ψ_	1,733,014	-Ψ_	7,324	-Ψ-		
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	247,286	\$	361,783	\$	134,743	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities Customers' deposits		1,110		2,316,270		- 6,717		-	
Accrued interest payable		595,189		_		4,771		_	
Due to other funds		2,203,463		_		-		_	
Unearned revenue		-,,		28,112		12,976		_	
Long-term liabilities:									
Due within one year		2,738,951		50,030		328,405		-	
Due in more than one year		32,472,828		19,769,267	_	4,240,593			
Total liabilities	\$	38,258,827	\$	22,525,462	\$	4,728,205	\$		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred property tax revenue	\$	10,732,145	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Changes to proportionate share of net pension liability		-		201,000		-		-	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	_	552,082	-	1,588,371		5,351			
Total deferred inflows of resurces	\$	11,284,227	\$	1,789,371	\$	5,351	\$	-	
NET POSITION								_	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	22,639,790	\$	8,170,271	\$	5,028,710	\$	-	
Restricted									
Swim team		3,596		-		-		-	
Pool		1,659		-		-		-	
Unrestricted	_	13,414,133		(19,775,586)		281,547		110,260	
Total net position	\$	36,059,178	\$	(11,605,315)	\$_	5,310,257	\$	110,260	

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:

Public safety

Public works

Education

Judicial administration

Health and welfare

Total primary government

COMPONENT UNITS:

Total component units

School Board

Functions/Programs

General government administration

Parks, recreation, and cultural

Total governmental activities

Clarke County Industrial Development Authority

Community development

Interest on long-term debt

Clarke County Sanitary Authority

	Operating	Capital
Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
Services	Contributions	Contributions
109,591	\$ 213,679	\$ -
2,415	354,893	-
767,587	916,170	70,344
277,176	-	-
-	1,216,434	-

5,000

2,706,176 \$

2,706,176 \$

10,054,822 \$

10,054,822 \$

121,711

179,160

371,215

371,215

33,927

33,927

Program Revenues

General revenues: General property taxes

Expenses

2,236,563 \$

602,451

406,195

1,562,964 \$

699,905 \$

535,168

54,000

1,289,073 \$

1,562,964

4,094,648

1,076,881

2,646,112

12,342,621

1,046,407

1,453,276

866,154

26,365,114 \$

26,365,114 \$

23,411,637 \$

928,141

24,349,868 \$

10,090

\$

\$

\$

\$

Other local taxes:

Local sales and use tax

Consumer utility tax

Taxes on recordation and wills

Motor vehicle licenses

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Contribution from County of Clarke

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and
Changes in Net Position

			Changes in Ne	et F	Position							
_	Primary											
	Government		Component Units									
_	Governmental Activities		School Board		Clarke County Sanitary Authority		Industrial Development Authority					
\$	(1,913,293) (245,143) (2,340,547) (799,705) (1,429,678) (12,220,910) (640,212) (681,994) (1,453,276)		- - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - - -					
\$_	(21,724,759)	\$	-	\$_	-	\$						
\$_	(21,724,759)	\$		\$		\$						
\$	- - -	\$	(12,656,910) - -	\$	- (359,046) -	\$	- - 43,910					
\$_	-	\$	(12,656,910)	\$	(359,046)	\$	43,910					
\$	19,814,919	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
	877,365 340,856 296,446 322,646 84,109 87,662		- - - - 69,554		- - - - 2,270		- - - - - 33					
	205,626 3,018,096		173,634 - 12,391,397		151,627 - 133,377		-					
\$	25,047,725	\$	12,634,585	\$	287,274	\$	33					
- -	3,322,966 32,736,212	. ' .	(22,325) (11,582,990)		(71,772) 5,382,029		43,943 66,317					
\$	36,059,178	\$	(11,605,315)	\$	5,310,257	\$	110,260					







Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

		General	Virginia Public Assistance		School Debt Service		Other Govern- mental Funds	Total
ASSETS		<u>.</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance	\$	14,259,406 \$	610	\$	-	\$	431,494 \$	14,691,510
for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable		12,536,818	_		_		_	12,536,818
Accounts receivable		182,139	_		_		_	182,139
Due from other funds		384,598	_		_		79,222	463,820
Due from other governmental units		1,428,418	142,138		_		136,069	1,706,625
Inventories		22,385	112,100		_		-	22,385
Prepaid items		26,941	5,495		14,264		_	46,700
Restricted assets:		20// 11	0,170		11/201			10,700
Cash and cash equivalents	_	194,104					9,397	203,501
Total assets	\$_	29,034,809 \$	148,243	\$_	14,264	\$	656,182 \$	29,853,498
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	162,973 \$	9,685	\$	- (\$	74,628 \$	247,286
Accrued liabilities		1,110	-		-		-	1,110
Due to other funds	_	2,035,856	137,948		14,264	_	15,395	2,203,463
Total liabilities	\$_	2,199,939 \$	147,633	\$_	14,264	\$	90,023 \$	2,451,859
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable property tax revenue	\$_	12,332,367 \$	-	\$_	- 5	\$	- \$	12,332,367
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:	ф	27 041 ¢	F 40F	ф	14 0/4 (ተ	¢	47.700
Prepaid items Inventory	\$	26,941 \$ 22,385	5,495	Þ	14,264	Þ	- \$	46,700 22,385
Restricted:		22,303			_		_	22,303
Swim team		-	-		_		3,596	3,596
Pool		-	-		-		1,659	1,659
Debt service		194,104	-		-		-	194,104
Committed: Animal care expenditures							9,397	9,397
Commnity development		-	-		_		259,960	259,960
Public safety expenditures		-	-		_		130,730	130,730
Assigned:							•	•
Capital projects		-	-		-		160,817	160,817
Other (Note 15)		13,628,633	-		-		-	13,628,633
Unassigned	_	630,440	(4,885)		(14,264)			611,291
Total fund balances	\$_	14,502,503 \$	610	_\$_	- ;	\$	566,159 \$	15,069,272
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,							, .	
and fund balances	\$_	29,034,809 \$	148,243	\$	14,264	\$	656,182 \$	29,853,498

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

\$ 15,069,272

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

55,264,369

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Unavailable property taxes
Items related to measurement of net pension liability

\$ 1,600,222 (552,082)

1,048,140

Long-term note receivable is not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.

17,597

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized when paid.

(595, 189)

Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

466,768

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(35,211,779)

Net position of governmental activities

36,059,178

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		General		Virginia Public Assistance		School Debt Service	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total
REVENUES										
General property taxes	\$	19,724,104	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,688	\$	19,734,792
Other local taxes		1,921,422		-		-		-		1,921,422
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory										
licenses		280,881		-		-		-		280,881
Fines and forfeitures		304,861		-		-		-		304,861
Revenue from the use of money and										
property		85,383		-		-		2,279		87,662
Charges for services		967,312		-		-		9,910		977,222
Miscellaneous		73,955		-		52,464		82,128		208,547
Recovered costs		102,138		62,657		-		-		164,795
Intergovernmental:										
Commonwealth		4,408,322		282,213		-		432,377		5,122,912
Federal		94,167		696,181		121,711		60,516		972,575
Total revenues	\$	27,962,545	\$	1,041,051	\$	174,175	\$	597,898	\$	29,775,669
EXPENDITURES							_			
Current:										
General government administration	\$	1,822,898	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,822,898
Judicial administration		629,270		-		-		-		629,270
Public safety		3,953,538		-		-		120,395		4,073,933
Public works		1,087,367		_		_		· -		1,087,367
Health and welfare		611,389		1,459,270		-		591,785		2,662,444
Education		12,027,351		-		_		-		12,027,351
Parks, recreation, and cultural		962,519		_		_		_		962,519
Community development		561,512		_		_		288,361		849,873
Nondepartmental		12,956		_		_		200,301		12,956
Capital projects		12,730						755,712		755,712
Debt service:		_				_		755,712		755,712
Principal retirement						2,474,772		172,039		2,646,811
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		1,372,174		172,039		
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	21,668,800	 ¢	1,459,270		3,846,946	-	2,101,953	-	1,545,835 29,076,969
·	^Ф —	21,000,000	φ.	1,437,270	- [•] –	3,040,740	Ψ_	2,101,733	Φ_	27,070,707
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	\$	6,293,745	\$	(418,219)	\$_	(3,672,771)	\$_	(1,504,055)	\$_	698,700
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	\$	50,600	\$	418,829	\$	3,672,771	\$	1,371,394	\$	5,513,594
Transfers out	Ψ	(5,462,994)	Ψ	110/027	Ψ	-	Ψ	(50,600)	Ψ	(5,513,594)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(5,412,394)	 ¢	418,829	- <u>-</u>	3,672,771	¢ _	1,320,794	<u> </u>	(0,010,074)
	_					5,012,111	Ψ_		_	
Net change in fund balances	\$	881,351	\$	610	\$	-	\$	(183,261)	\$	698,700
Fund balances - beginning		13,621,152		-	_	-	_	749,420	_	14,370,572
Fund balances - ending	\$_	14,502,503	\$	610	\$	-	\$_	566,159	\$_	15,069,272

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 698,700

3,322,966

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital outlay	\$ 488,062	
Depreciation expense	(688,229)	
Joint tenancy asset transfer	(379,625)	(579,792)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes \$80,127

The issuance of notes receivable requires the use of current financial resources, while the receipt of payments on these notes provides current financial resources to governmental funds. However, these transactions have no effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term assets.

Principal payments received (2,921)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Principal retired	\$ 2,646,809	
Bond discount amortization	(2,404)	
Bond premium amortization	 44,083	2,688,488

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(Increase)/decrease in compensated absences	\$ 55,743	
(Increase)/decrease in net pension liability	(111,224)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to		
pension expected and actual experience and earnings	433,500	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to		
pension contributions subsequent to measurment date	9,463	
(Increase)/decrease in accrued interest payable	 50,882	438,364

Change in net position of governmental activities

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

	_	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	168,440
Accounts receivable		2,948
Due from other governments		196,223
Total assets	\$	367,611
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	12,458
Amounts held for Town		47,633
Sales tax payable to other towns		40,530
Due to other funds		155,693
Amounts held for social services clients		38,257
Accrued liabilities		73,040
Total liabilities	\$	367,611

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Clarke, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection and rescue service, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Clarke, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary comparison schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Clarke (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit: The Conservation Easement Authority is reported as a blended component unit.

Discretely Presented Component Units:

The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Clarke County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding of the School Board is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

The Clarke County Sanitary Authority is responsible for water and sewer treatment for many citizens in Clarke County. The Sanitary Authority consists of five members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors has the ability to impose its will on the Sanitary Authority and therefore it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Sanitary Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures: (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued)

The Clarke County Industrial Development Authority is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of seven members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

C. Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Report

None

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as does the proprietary fund. The fiduciary fund financial statements have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures are either recognized when earned, at the time other specific expenditures are recognized or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues are used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds: (Continued)

b. Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Virginia Public Assistance Fund is considered a major fund. The CSA Fund, Drug Enforcement Fund, Animal Care Fund, and Conservation Easement Fund are considered nonmajor funds.

c. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The General Government Capital Projects Fund and Parks Construction Fund are considered nonmajor funds.

d. Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should also be used to report financial resources being accumulated for future debt service. The School Debt Service Fund is considered a major fund. The Primary Government Debt Service Fund is considered a nonmajor fund.

2. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds consisting of the Special Welfare Fund, Town of Berryville, Undistributed Local Sales Tax, Cafeteria Plan Withholding, Gang Task Force, and the Unemployment Compensation Benefits. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

3. Component Unit:

The Clarke County School Board has the following funds:

Governmental Funds:

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Clarke and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>School Food Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's food service program. Financing is provided primarily by food and beverage sales and state and federal grants. This fund is considered a major fund.

<u>School Capital Projects Proffers Fund</u>: Capital projects funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. This fund is considered a nonmajor fund.

<u>School Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital needs. This fund is considered a major fund.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

F. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$259,167 at June 30, 2016 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	June 5/December 5	June 5/December 5
	(50% each date)	(50% each date)
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The Component Unit, Clarke County Sanitary Authority, a proprietary fund type, is required to capitalize its capital assets including the infrastructure constructed.

The Component Unit, Industrial Development Authority of Clarke County, does not have any capital assets to report.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Capital Assets: (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Interest attributable to capitalized assets as of June 30, 2016 was immaterial.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Plant, equipment and system	20-45
Motor vehicles	5-10
Equipment	5-15
Infrastructure	25-50

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

L. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

M. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

N. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

O. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Fund Equity: (Continued)

- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be
 expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the
 authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

In accordance with GASB Statement 54, when fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one type that qualifies for reporting in this category. Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability next fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue reporting in this category. representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County of Clarke, Virginia's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County of Clarke, Virginia's Retirement Plan net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

R. Adoption of Accounting Principles

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application

The County implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Statement generally requires investments to be measured at fair value. The Statement requires the County to use valuation techniques which are appropriate under the circumstances and are either a market approach, a cost approach or an income approach. The Statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value. There was no material impact on the County's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 72.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants

The County implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. There was no material impact on the County's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 79. All required disclosures are located in Note 3.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73

The County early implemented provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 15th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the Component Unit School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds of the Primary Government and Component Unit School Board.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. Several Supplemental Appropriations were necessary during the fiscal year.

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

As of June 30, 2016 the County does not have a formal investment policy addressing the various types of risks related to investments.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2016 were rated by *Standard and Poor's* and the ratings are presented below using the *Standard and Poor's* rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values						
		Fair Quality				
Rated Debt Investments		Ratings				
		AAAm				
	•					
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	2,146,314				
Total	\$	2,146,314				

External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In May 2016, the Board voted to convert the SNAP fund to an LGIP structure, which would be managed in conformance with GASB 79. On October 3, 2016, the Prime Series became a government money market fund and the name was changed to Government Select Series. The Government Select Series has a policy of investing at least 99.5% of its assets in cash, U.S. government securities (including securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities) and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully.

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Investment Maturity (in years)							
Investment Type		Maturity					
		Fair Value 1					
Local Government Investment Pool	\$_	2,146,314	\$	2,146,314			
Total	\$ _	2,146,314	\$	2,146,314			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 4—Due from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2016, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

				Component Unit
	_	Primary Government	_	School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Virginia Public Assistance funds	\$	48,820	\$	-
State sales tax		-		409,357
Constitutional officer reimbursements		108,364		-
PPTRA		1,212,896		-
Communication taxes		67,871		-
Comprehensive Services Act		75,361		-
School fund grants		-		54,598
Other general grants		3,024		-
Federal Government:				
Virginia Public Assistance funds		93,318		-
Other general grants		96,971		-
School fund grants	_	-		158,269
Total due from other governments	\$_	1,706,625	\$	622,224

Note 5—Interfund Obligations:

Details of the Primary Government's interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivable			Interfund Payable	
Primary Government:					
General	\$	384,598	\$	2,035,856	
Comprehensive Services Act		-		15,395	
County Capital Projects Fund		79,222		-	
Virginia Public Assistance		-		137,948	
School Debt Service Fund	-	-		14,264	
Total Primary Government	\$	463,820	\$	2,203,463	
Component Unit:					
•	\$	1,776,848	\$	-	
School Capital Projects Fund		115,540			
Total Component Unit	\$	1,892,388	\$	_	
Agency Funds:					
Unemployment Compensation Fund	\$	2,948	\$	-	
Undistributed Local Sales Tax Fund		-		155,693	
Total Agency Funds	\$	2,948	\$	155,693	
Grand Total		2,359,156		2,359,156	

The above interfund obligations represent temporary advances between funds or amounts allocable to one fund and not yet transferred between the funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Joint Tenancy Transfer (Net)	Balance June 30, 2016
Primary Government: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 745,500 \$ 8,237,514	- \$ 176,526	- \$ 57,454	- \$ -	745,500 8,356,586
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 8,983,014 \$	176,526 \$	57,454 \$	- \$	9,102,086
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment	\$ 52,011,818 \$ 1,849,800 4,043,245	- \$ - 368,990	- \$ - 25,251	(410,000) \$ - -	51,601,818 1,849,800 4,386,984
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 57,904,863 \$	368,990 \$	25,251 \$	(410,000) \$	57,838,602
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment	\$ 6,675,938 \$ 1,152,022 3,215,756	360,759 \$ 65,332 262,138	- \$ - (25,251)	(30,375) \$	7,006,322 1,217,354 3,452,643
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ <u>11,043,716</u> \$	688,229 \$	(25,251) \$	(30,375) \$	11,676,319
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 46,861,147 \$	(319,239) \$	\$	(379,625) \$	46,162,283
Net capital assets governmental activities	\$ <u>55,844,161</u> \$	(142,713) \$	57,454 \$	(379,625) \$	55,264,369
Component Unit-School Board:					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ <u>647,266</u> \$	\$_	\$	\$	647,266
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 647,266 \$	\$_	- \$	- \$	647,266
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment	\$ 18,350,546 \$ 370,124 5,083,680	19,920 \$ 133,410 368,918	- \$ - 102,956	410,000 \$ - -	18,780,466 503,534 5,349,642
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 23,804,350 \$	522,248 \$	102,956 \$	410,000 \$	24,633,642
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment	\$ 11,336,160 \$ 76,099 4,095,445	1,444,644 \$ 13,531 217,339	- \$ - (102,956)	30,375 \$ - -	12,811,179 89,630 4,209,828
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ <u>15,507,704</u> \$	1,675,514 \$	(102,956) \$	30,375 \$	17,110,637
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ <u>8,296,646</u> \$	(1,153,266) \$	\$	379,625 \$	7,523,005
Net capital assets component unit school board	\$ <u>8,943,912</u> \$	(1,153,266) \$	\$	379,625 \$	8,170,271

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

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(¬()\/	ærnm	eniai	achiv	mes:

General government administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Parks, recreation and cultural	\$ 326,008 199,493 13,895 5,327 111,937
Community development Total Governmental activities	\$ 31,569 688,229
Component Unit School Board	\$ 1,675,514

Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, has changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments "on-behalf" of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the new law, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Clarke, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2016 is that school financed assets in the amount of \$36,738,288 are reported in the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes. Unspent bond proceeds reported as restricted cash and proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt are reported in the School Capital Projects Fund of the Component Unit School Board in the fund financial statements, and are reported within the Primary Government in the government-wide financial statements.

Component Unit-Sanitary Authority:

A summary of the component unit Sanitary Authority property, plant, and equipment at June 30, 2016 follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	13,200 780,436	\$ - 480,544	\$ - :	\$ 13,200 1,260,980
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	793,636	\$ 480,544	\$	\$1,274,180
Capital Assets being depreciated: Utility plant and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	12,085,222 (3,476,542)	- (304,242)	\$ - :	\$ 12,085,222 (3,780,784)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	8,608,680	\$ (304,242)	\$	\$ 8,304,438
Capital assets, net	\$	9,402,316	\$ 176,302	\$	\$ 9,578,618

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 7—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Fund		Transfers In	_	Transfers Out
Primary Government:				
General Fund	\$	50,600	\$	5,462,994
Conservation Easement Fund		25,000		-
Parks Construction Fund		-		600
Unemployment Compensation Benefits		-		-
School Debt Service		3,672,771		-
Parks Construction Fund		-		-
County Capital Improvements		660,136		-
Virginia Public Assistance		418,829		-
Comprehensive Services Act		350,468		-
Drug Enforcement		-		50,000
General Debt Service		335,790		
			_	
Total	\$	5,513,594	\$	5,513,594

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

A summary of long-term obligations is as follows:

Governmental Activities Obligations:	_	Balance July 1, 2015		Issuances/ Increases		Retirements/ Decreases		Balance June 30, 2016		Amounts Due Within One Year
Incurred by County: Compensated absences	\$	673,777	Ф		\$	55,743	¢	618,034	¢	61,803
Net pension liability	φ	1,857,942	Φ	1,693,632	Φ	1,582,408	Φ	1,969,166	φ	01,003
Lease revenue bond		4,245,272		-		78,039		4,167,233		81,328
Boyce wastewater VRA Bonds		94,000		-		94,000		-		-
Total incurred by County	\$_	6,870,991	\$_	1,693,632	\$	1,810,190	\$	6,754,433	\$	143,131
Incurred by School Board: General obligation bonds Capital leases	\$	29,720,000 974,931	\$	- -	\$	2,320,000 154,770	\$	27,400,000 820,161	\$	2,405,000 161,110
Total Incurred by School Board	\$	30,694,931	\$	-	\$	2,474,770	\$	28,220,161	\$	2,566,110
Premiums on bonds issued Discount on bonds issued	\$	302,769 (23,905)	\$	-	\$	44,083 (2,404)		258,686 (21,501)		32,114 (2,404)
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$	37,844,786	\$	1,693,632	\$	4,326,639	\$	35,211,779	\$	2,738,951

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	County School Board										
Year		RDA Le	ease	Bonds	Bonds and						
Ending		Revenue	Bond	Literary	Loans	Capital Leases					
June 30,		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2017	\$	81,328 \$	170,372 \$	2,405,000 \$	1,215,689\$	161,110 \$	30,963				
2018		84,747	166,953	1,655,000	1,122,592	167,709	24,363				
2019		88,310	163,390	1,700,000	1,048,292	174,579	17,493				
2020		92,022	159,678	1,345,000	980,535	181,751	10,323				
2021		95,891	155,809	1,395,000	920,349	52,145	4,909				
2022-2026		543,419	715,081	7,855,000	3,568,869	82,867	3,102				
2027-2031		667,658	590,842	9,560,000	1,511,184	-	-				
2032-2036		820,302	438,198	1,485,000	33,227	-	-				
2037-2041		1,007,844	250,656	-	-	-	-				
2042-2044	_	685,712	42,939								
Total	\$_	4,167,233	2,853,918 \$	27,400,000 \$	10,400,737 \$	820,161 \$	91,153				

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: ((Continued)
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	<u>Primary</u>	y Government:	(Continued)
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Details of long-term indebtedness:

betails of long-term indebtedness.		
	_	Amount Outstanding
Lease Revenue Bond:		
\$4,822,000 lease revenue bond for capital projects issued May 16, 2007 due in monthly installments of \$20,975 commencing May 16, 2009 payable through May 16, 2044 including interest at 4.125%.	\$_	4,167,233
Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Bonds:		
\$410,000 Series A issued November 10, 2004 due in annual principal installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2024, and interest payments between 4.6% and 5.6% due July 15 and January 15 of each year through July 15, 2024	\$	180,000
\$29,200,000 plus a premium of \$635,208 Series 2006B issued November 9, 2006 due in annual principal installments varying from \$800,000 to \$1,565,000 through January 26, 2026; interest payable at rates between 4.225% to 5.1% due January 15 and July 15 each year through January 26, 2026		18,195,000
\$8,185,000 Series B bonds issued November 20, 1998, due in annual principal installments of varying amounts on July 15 of each year and interest payments between 4.10% and 5.10% due July 15 and January 15 of each year through July 15, 2018		1,215,000
\$2,230,000 plus a premium of \$200,813 Series 2010 A bonds issued May 13, 2010, due in semi-annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2016; interest payable at rates between 3.050% to 5.050%.		415,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)	Note 8-Long-	Term	Obligations:	(Continued
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Primary Government:	(Continued)
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Total

Details of long-term indebtedness:

Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Bonds: (Continued)	_	Amount Outstanding
\$7,395,000 less a discount of \$35,137 Series 2010 B Build America Bondunder the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 on May 1 Interest only payments due semi-annually through January 15, 2017; princinterest payments due semi-annually begining July 15, 2017 through July 1 Interest rate varies between 3.854% to 5.562% and is offset by a 35% interest subsidy received semi-annually.	13, 2010. cipal and 15, 2030.	7 205 000
Total Virginia Public School Authority Bonds	\$	7,395,000
Capital Leases:		
\$1,525,605 School Energy Management Lease dated June 21, 2005 due in installments of principal and interest of \$33,755, interest at 3.95%	quarterly \$	497,324
\$630,000 capital lease for elementary school gym, dated October 4, 200 quarterly installments of principal and interest of \$14,264, interest at 4.26		322,837
Total Capital Leases	\$	820,161
Compensated absences	\$	618,034
Net pension liability	\$	1,969,166
Premium on bonds issued	\$	258,686
Discount on bonds issued	\$	(21,501)
Total Primary Government	\$	35,211,779
The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:		
Asset:		
Machinery and equipment \$ Building improvements	284,380 2,155,605	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,400,738)	

\$ 1,039,247

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

		Component Unit -
Year ending June 30		School Board
2017	\$	192,073
2018		192,073
2019		192,073
2020		192,073
2021		57,054
2022-2023		85,968
Total minimum lease payments	-	911,314
Less: amount representing interest	_	(91,153)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	820,161

Component Unit—School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component Unit—School Board for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	 Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	 Decreases	 Balance June 30, 2016	 Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$ 494,126 \$ 18,629,000	6,171 4,285,000	\$ - 3,595,000	\$ 500,297 19,319,000	\$ 50,030 -
Total	\$ 19,123,126 \$	4,291,171	\$ 3,595,000	\$ 19,819,297	\$ 50,030

Component Unit—Sanitary Authority:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component Unit—Sanitary Authority for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Changes in Long-Term Obligations:

	_	Balance July 1, 2015	 Issuances/ Increases	 Retirements/ Decreases	_	Balance June 30, 2016
General Obligation Bond Net pension liability Notes payable	\$	563,378 18,010 4,313,759	\$ - 16,418 -	\$ 33,140 15,338 294,089	\$	530,238 19,090 4,019,670
Totals	\$	4,895,147	\$ 16,418	\$ 342,567	\$	4,568,998

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit—Sanitary Authority: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

		Total Amount	I	Amount Due Within One Year
Water Operating Fund:	_			
General Obligation Bond:				
\$997,000 water system revenue bonds issued August 21, 2001 due in semi- annual installments of \$16,570 beginning September 1, 2002 through August 1, 2031. No interest.	\$	530,238	\$	33,140
Notes Payable:				
Note payable to VRA for the grouting project. Due June 2032. \$940 payable semiannually. No interest.		31,021		1,880
Note payable to VRA for new Boyce to Millwood line. Due June 2032. \$3,125 payable semiannually. No interest.		106,250		6,250
\$600,000 note payable to Bank of Clarke County issued February 27, 2015, due in semiannual installments of \$27,647 - \$20,259 payable through February 27, 2030, including 2.57% interest		560,000		40,000
\$787,546 note payable to VRA issued September 2, 2005 due in semiannual installments of \$26,792 payable through July 1, 2026, including 3.00% interest		459,984		40,083
Net pension liability	_	9,545		
Total Water Fund	\$_	1,697,038	\$_	121,353
Boyce Wastewater Facility				
Note payable to VRA for the Millwood Sewer project. Due June 2032. \$9,602 payable semiannually. No interest.	\$	326,476	\$	19,205
\$3,761,429 note payable to VRA issued October 1, 2008 due in semi- annual installments of \$93,924 payable through November 1, 2029. No interest.		2,535,939		187,847
Net pension liability		9,545		-
Total Boyce Wastewater Facility	\$	2,871,960	\$	207,052
Total Clarke County Sanitary Authority	\$	4,568,998	\$	328,405

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit—Sanitary Authority: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize the long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Ob	lig	ation Bond	Notes	Pa	ayable
June 30,	 Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2017	\$ 33,140	\$	- \$	295,265	\$	27,635
2018	33,140		-	296,477		25,394
2019	33,140		-	297,725		23,118
2020	33,140		-	299,011		20,805
2021	33,140		-	300,335		18,453
2022-2026	165,700		-	1,522,992		55,524
2027-2031	165,700		-	954,139		9,244
2032-2033	33,138		-	53,727		-
Total	\$ 530,238	\$	- \$	4,019,670	\$	180,173

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 9—Unearned/Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

The following is a summary of unearned/deferred/unavailable revenue for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Government- wide Statements Governmental Activities	Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
Primary Government: General Fund:		
Deferred/unavailable property tax revenue:		
Deferred/unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the		
funding of current expenditures \$	-	\$ 1,600,222
2nd half assessments due in December 2016	10,700,828	10,700,828
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2016, but paid in		
advance by the taxpayers	31,317	31,317
Total deferred/unavailable revenue \$	10,732,145	\$ 12,332,367

Note 10—Commitments and Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.			

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.		
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. *Non-Eligible Members		
members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.		
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.			
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.			

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.		
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.		
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.		

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)		
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
	<u> </u>	· ·		
separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the				
date the monthly benefit begins.				

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a are wear weiting period before	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.			
becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.			
Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.			
	considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits. Purchase of Prior Service			

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government (1)	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	58	31
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	16	9
Non-vested inactive members	18	31
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	38	3
Total inactive members	72	43
Active members	84	54
Total covered employees	214	128

(1) Includes Component Unit Clarke County Sanitary Authority

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's and Component Unit Clarke County Sanitary Authority's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 10.86% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Primary Government were \$462,287 and \$450,895 and Component Unit Clarke County Sanitary Authority were \$4,481 and \$4,371 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 8.61% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$56,201 and \$56,916 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability (Assets)

The County's, Component Unit Sanitary Authority and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities (assets) were measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities (assets) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's, Component Unit Clarke County Sanitary Authority and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
100.00%		5.83%
	Inflation	2.50%
*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%
	19.50% 16.50% 6.00% 15.00% 3.00% 4.50% 4.50% 3.00% 2.25% 12.75% 12.00% 1.00%	Target Allocation Expected Rate of Return 19.50% 6.46% 6.28% 6.00% 10.00% 15.00% 3.00% 3.51% 4.50% 3.51% 4.50% 3.00% 4.81% 2.25% 6.12% 12.75% 7.10% 12.00% 10.00% 10.00% 10.00% 10.00% 10.00%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Primary Government						
	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	18,071,233	\$_	16,213,291	\$	1,857,942	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	441,992	\$	-	\$	441,992	
Interest		1,241,436		-		1,241,436	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(174,129)		-		(174,129)	
Contributions - employer		-		455,266		(455,266)	
Contributions - employee		-		208,804		(208,804)	
Net investment income		-		744,209		(744,209)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(672,885)		(672,885)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(10,047)		10,047	
Other changes		-		(157)		157	
Net changes	\$	836,414	\$	725,190	\$	111,224	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	18,907,647	\$	16,938,481	\$	1,969,166	

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Clarke County Sanitary Authority Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	175,165	\$	157,156	\$	18,009
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Differences between expected	\$	4,284 12,034	\$	-	\$	4,284 12,034
and actual experience Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income		(1,688) - -		- 4,412 2,024 7,214		(1,688) (4,412) (2,024) (7,214)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other changes		(6,522) -		(6,522) (98) (3)		- 98 3
Net changes	\$	8,108	\$	7,027	\$	1,081
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	183,273	\$	164,183	\$	19,090
		Total Pension		chool Board (nonp ncrease (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension
	_	Total		ncrease (Decrease) Plan		Net
Balances at June 30, 2014	 \$	Total Pension Liability	In	ncrease (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Balances at June 30, 2014 Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Differences between expected	\$\$	Total Pension Liability (a)	!n	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest		Total Pension Liability (a) 3,132,668	!n	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	\$	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b) (69,806)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions - employer Contributions - employee		Total Pension Liability (a) 3,132,668 119,013 213,846	!n	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) 3,202,474	\$	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b) (69,806) 119,013 213,846 (96,657) (56,916) (32,933) (144,974)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses		Total Pension Liability (a) 3,132,668 119,013 213,846 (96,657) -	In	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) 3,202,474 56,916 32,933 144,974 (155,448) (2,023)	\$ \$ \$	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b) (69,806) 119,013 213,846 (96,657) (56,916) (32,933) (144,974)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County, Component Unit Clarke County Sanitary Authority and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County of Clarke - Primary Government Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,383,291 \$	1,969,165 \$	(44,064)
Component Unit Clarke County Sanitary Authority Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 42,487 \$	19,087 \$	(427)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 269,348 \$	(66,371) \$	(352,821)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County, Component Unit Clarke County Sanitary Authority, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$132,989, \$1,289 and \$5,266, respectively. At June 30, 2016, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			Component	Unit School	Component Unit Clarke County			
		Primary Gov	/ernment	Board (nonpi	rofessional)	Sanitary Authority		
		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	124,940	\$ - \$	5 54,994 5	- \$	1,211	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	427,142	-	84,377	-	4,140	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	466,768	-	56,201		4,524		
Total	\$_	466,768 \$	552,082	56,201	139,371	4,524	5,351	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$466,768, \$56,201, and \$4,524 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's, Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional), and Component Unit Clarke County Sanitary Authority contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction or component of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Yea	r ended June 30	Primary Government	_	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	Component Unit Clarke County Sanitary Authority
	2017	\$ (217,574)	\$	(74,911)	\$ (2,108)
	2018	(217,574)		(46,579)	(2,108)
	2019	(194,945)		(33,248)	(1,890)
	2020	78,011		15,367	755
	201	-		-	-
	Thereafter	-		-	_

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Al full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 adjusted for the transfer in June 2015 of \$296,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-2012 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,679,413 and \$1,584,459 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported a liability of \$19,319,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the school division's proportion was 0.15349% as compared to 0.15415% at June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,359,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 266,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	201,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	1,183,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,679,413	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	1,679,413	\$ 1,650,000

\$1,679,413 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2017	\$ (579,000)
2018	(579,000)
2019	(579,000)
2020	123,000
2021	(36,000)
Thereafter	-

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	 (7.00%)	 (8.00%)
School division's proportionate			
share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 28,271,000	\$ 19,319,000	\$ 11,949,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 12—Litigation:

At June 30, 2016, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 13—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County carries a broad range of insurance coverages, which management considers prudent for the protection of the County's assets and operations. Coverages currently include \$2,000,000 commercial general liability, \$2,000,000 automobile liability, and \$3,000,000 public official's liability. The property policy provides insurance coverage for all of the County's real and personal property up to the replacement cost value of the asset.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 14—Conduit Debt:

The County has issued economic development revenue bonds through the Clarke County Industrial Development Authority. All responsibility for the payment of this debt rests with the Borrower. The County and the Authority have no responsibility for the payment of this debt. Outstanding conduit debt obligations are as follows at June 30, 2016:

Description	Original Issue	_	Outstanding June 30, 2016
Heritage Child Development Center, Inc.	\$ 450,000	\$	-
Grafton School, Inc.	9,925,000		5,305,000
R-1 Berryville Town bond	2,327,000		2,117,968
R-2 Clarke County bond	4,822,000		4,167,233
	\$ 17,524,000	\$	11,590,201

Note 15—Assigned Fund Balances:

Fund balances have been assigned for the following purposes:

Liquidity Designation	\$	3,390,324
Stabilization Designation		847,581
School Operating Carryover		878,708
Leave Liability		75,000
Continuing Appropriations for Capital Projects		3,087,639
Parks Master Plan Implementation		80,000
Conservation Easements From Government Savings		153,462
Comprehensive Services Act Shortfall		166,866
Government Savings		247,654
Data and Communications Technology		128,000
FY 2016/2017 Original Budget Deficit	_	4,573,399
Total	\$	13,628,633

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 16—Surety Bonds:

elen Butts, Clerk of the Circuit Court naron Keeler, Treasurer onna Peake, Commissioner of the Revenue	 Amount
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety	
Helen Butts, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 25,000
Sharon Keeler, Treasurer	400,000
Donna Peake, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Anthony W. Roper, Sheriff	30,000
Western Surety	
Sharon Keeler, Treasurer	10,000

Note 17—Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions:

The County offers postemployment medical coverage to its retired employees at the employee's cost. The County has elected not to obtain an actuarial valuation to determine liability for this benefit in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of GASB 45 and believes there is no material effect on the County's financial position.

Note 18-Note Receivable:

During fiscal year 2010, the County issued a note receivable to the Berryville Main Street Program in the amount of \$35,000. The note is payable over 12 years, bearing interest at 3%. At June 30, 2016, \$17,597 of this note was outstanding. Future payments are as follows:

Fiscal			
Year	 Principal	_	Interest
		=	
2017	\$ 2,989	\$	506
2018	3,079		415
2019	3,172		322
2020	3,268		226
2021	3,367		128
2022	1,722		26
		•	
Total	\$ 17,597	\$	1,623

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 19—Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged.

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged.

Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged.

Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, improves financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged.

Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively. Earlier application is encouraged.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Budgeted A	mounts	_		Variance with Final Budget -	
		Original	Final		Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						 	
General property taxes	\$	19,181,613 \$	19,183,237	\$	19,724,104	\$ 540,867	
Other local taxes		1,924,322	1,924,322		1,921,422	(2,900)	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		296,854	296,854		280,881	(15,973)	
Fines and forfeitures		250,000	250,000		304,861	54,861	
Revenue from the use of money and property		61,143	61,143		85,383	24,240	
Charges for services		882,260	882,260		967,312	85,052	
Miscellaneous		6,372	21,372		73,955	52,583	
Recovered costs		122,524	128,383		102,138	(26,245)	
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth		4,366,867	4,371,606		4,408,322	36,716	
Federal	_	233,193	239,222	_	94,167	 (145,055)	
Total revenues	\$	27,325,148 \$	27,358,399	\$_	27,962,545	\$ 604,146	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government administration	\$	1,879,789 \$	1,891,206	\$	1,822,898	\$ 68,308	
Judicial administration		626,293	662,284		629,270	33,014	
Public safety		3,908,496	4,021,209		3,953,538	67,671	
Public works		1,089,586	1,125,867		1,087,367	38,500	
Health and welfare		376,396	391,396		611,389	(219,993)	
Education		14,889,106	14,889,106		12,027,351	2,861,755	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,055,115	1,062,816		962,519	100,297	
Community development		643,381	632,572		561,512	71,060	
Nondepartmental	_	199,000	19,903	_	12,956	 6,947	
Total expenditures	\$	24,667,162 \$	24,696,359	\$_	21,668,800	\$ 3,027,559	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	2,657,986 \$	2,662,040	\$	6,293,745	\$ 3,631,705	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	- \$	600	\$	50,600	\$ 50,000	
Transfers out	_	<u> </u>	(6,771,127)		(5,462,994)	 1,308,133	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	\$_	(6,770,527)	\$_	(5,412,394)	\$ 1,358,133	
Net change in fund balances	\$	2,657,986 \$	(4,108,487)	\$	881,351	\$ 4,989,838	
Fund balances - beginning	_	(2,657,986)	4,108,487		13,621,152	 9,512,665	
Fund balances - ending	\$	<u> </u>	-	\$_	14,502,503	\$ 14,502,503	

Virginia Public Assistance Fund - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Budgete Original	ed A	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES					_		_	
Recovered costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,657	\$	62,657
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		284,735		288,488		282,213		(6,275)
Federal	_	697,111		706,298		696,181	_	(10,117)
Total revenues	\$	981,846	\$_	994,786	\$_	1,041,051	\$_	46,265
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Health and welfare	\$ <u></u>	1,445,745	\$_	1,458,685	\$_	1,459,270	. \$ _	(585)
Total expenditures	\$	1,445,745	\$	1,458,685	\$_	1,459,270	\$	(585)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(463,899)	\$_	(463,899)	\$_	(418,219)	\$_	45,680
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	463,899	\$_	463,899	\$_	418,829	\$_	(45,070)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	463,899	\$_	463,899	\$_	418,829	\$_	(45,070)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	-	\$	-	\$	610	\$	- -
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	610	\$	<u>-</u>

COUNTY OF CLARKE, VIRGINIA Exhibit 10

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government and Clarke County Sanitary Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			201	5		2014					
	Primary			Clarke County	Primary			Clarke County			
	_	Government	_	Sanitary Authority	_	Government		Sanitary Authority			
Total pension liability											
Service cost	\$	441,992	\$	4,284	\$	452,800	\$	4,389			
Interest		1,241,436		12,034		1,173,942		11,379			
Differences between expected and actual experience		(174,129)		(1,688)		-		-			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(672,885)	_	(6,522)	_	(652,215)		(6,322)			
Net change in total pension liability	\$	836,414	\$	8,108	\$	974,527	\$	9,446			
Total pension liability - beginning	_	18,071,233	_	175,165	_	17,096,706		165,719			
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	18,907,647	\$	183,273	\$	18,071,233	\$	175,165			
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	\$	455,266	\$	4,412	\$	487,123	\$	4,722			
Contributions - employee		208,804		2,024		200,072		1,939			
Net investment income		744,209		7,214		2,211,300		21,434			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(672,885)		(6,522)		(652,215)		(6,322)			
Administrative expense		(10,047)		(98)		(11,767)		(114)			
Other		(157)		(3)		117		-			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	725,190	\$	7,027	\$	2,234,630	\$	21,659			
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		16,213,291		157,156		13,978,661		135,496			
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	16,938,481	\$	164,183	\$	16,213,291	\$	157,155			
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,969,166	\$	19,090	\$	1,857,942	\$	18,010			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		89.59%		89.58%		89.72%		89.72%			
Covered payroll	\$	4,210,911	\$	40,817	\$	3,972,930	\$	38,510			
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		46.76%		46.77%		46.77%		46.77%			

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2015	2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$ 119,013	\$ 138,591
Interest	213,846	200,591
Differences between expected and actual experience	(96,657)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(155,448)	(144,212)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 80,754	\$ 194,970
Total pension liability - beginning	3,132,668	2,937,698
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 3,213,422	\$ 3,132,668
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 56,916	\$ 95,312
Contributions - employee	32,933	49,538
Net investment income	144,974	436,730
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(155,448)	(144,212)
Administrative expense	(2,023)	(2,334)
Other	(33)	23
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 77,319	\$ 435,057
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	3,202,474	2,767,417
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,279,793	\$ 3,202,474
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (66,371)	\$ (69,806)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.07%	102.23%
Covered payroll	\$ 664,350	\$ 990,746
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-9.99%	-7.05%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2016^*

	 2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.15349%	0.15415%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 19,319,000 \$	18,629,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	11,292,534	11,256,878
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	171.08%	165.49%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.88%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	. <u>-</u>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go		• •						
2016	\$	471,292	\$	471,292	\$	-	\$ 4,374,003	10.77%
2015		461,738		461,738		-	4,251,728	10.86%
2014		490,778		490,778		-	4,042,651	12.14%
2013		495,262		495,262		-	4,079,590	12.14%
2012		340,402		340,402		-	3,868,202	8.80%
2011		350,218		350,218		-	3,979,755	8.80%
2010		381,778		381,778		-	4,031,452	9.47%
2009		383,625		383,625		-	4,050,948	9.47%
2008		309,245		309,245		-	3,894,774	7.94%
2007		300,047		300,047		-	3,778,931	7.94%
Component	Unit	School Board (nor	professional)				
2016	\$	56,201	\$	56,201	\$	-	\$ 652,740	8.61%
2015		57,201		57,201		-	664,350	8.61%
2014		95,310		95,310		-	990,747	9.62%
2013		103,670		103,670		-	1,077,653	9.62%
2012		80,540		80,540		-	1,020,784	7.89%
2011		86,945		86,945		-	1,101,964	7.89%
2010		80,801		80,801		-	1,125,360	7.18%
2009		81,717		81,717		-	1,138,124	7.18%
2008		78,576		78,576		-	1,178,048	6.67%
2007		77,102		77,102		-	1,155,953	6.67%
Component	Unit	School Board (pro	fessional)*				
2016	\$	1,679,413	\$	1,679,413	\$	-	\$ 11,656,844	14.41%
2015		1,584,459		1,584,459		-	11,292,534	14.03%

⁽¹⁾ Includes Primary Government and Clarke County Sanitary Authority

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

In 2015, Covered Employee Payroll (as defined by GASB 68) included the total payroll for employees covered under the pension plan whether that payroll is subject to pension coverage or not. This definition was modified in GASB Statement No. 82 and now is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. The ratios presented use the same measure.

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 are not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year





Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	_	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	 Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	394,763	\$	36,731	\$ 431,494
Due from other funds		-		79,222	79,222
Due from other governmental units		75,361		60,708	136,069
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	_	9,397		-	 9,397
Total assets	\$	479,521	\$	176,661	\$ 656,182
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	64,039	\$	10,589	\$ 74,628
Due to other funds	_	15,395		-	 15,395
Total liabilities	\$	79,434	\$_	10,589	\$ 90,023
Fund balances:					
Restricted:					
Swim team	\$	-	\$	3,596	\$ 3,596
Pool		-		1,659	1,659
Committed:					
Animal care expenditures		9,397		-	9,397
Community development		259,960		-	259,960
Public safety		130,730		-	130,730
Assigned:					
Capital projects	_	-		160,817	 160,817
Total fund balances	\$	400,087	\$_	166,072	\$ 566,159
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	479,521	\$_	176,661	\$ 656,182

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

ΓUI	trie	reai	Ended	June	30,	2010	

		Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES	_				
General property taxes	\$	10,688 \$	- \$	-	\$ 10,688
Revenue from the use of money and					
property		2,104	-	175	2,279
Charges for services		-	9,910	-	9,910
Miscellaneous		70,556	-	11,572	82,128
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth		372,646	-	59,731	432,377
Federal	_	22,844		37,672	60,516
Total revenues	\$_	478,838 \$	9,910 \$	109,150	\$ 597,898
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public safety	\$	120,395 \$	- \$	-	\$ 120,395
Health and welfare		591,785	-	-	591,785
Community development		288,361	-	-	288,361
Capital projects		-	-	755,712	755,712
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		-	172,039	-	172,039
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	-	173,661		173,661
Total expenditures	\$_	1,000,541 \$	345,700 \$	755,712	\$2,101,953
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	\$_	(521,703) \$	(335,790) \$	(646,562)	\$ (1,504,055)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$	375,468 \$	335,790 \$	660,136	\$ 1,371,394
Transfers out		(50,000)	-	(600)	(50,600)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	325,468 \$	335,790 \$	659,536	\$1,320,794
Net change in fund balances	\$	(196,235) \$	- \$	12,974	\$ (183,261)
Fund balances - beginning	_	596,322		153,098	749,420
Fund balances - ending	\$	400,087 \$	\$	166,072	\$566,159

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

		CSA Fund		Drug Enforcement Fund	 Animal Care Fund	 Conservation Easement Fund	_	Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	132,847	\$ -	\$ 261,916	\$	394,763
Due from other governmental units Restricted assets:		75,361		-	-	-		75,361
Cash and cash equivalents	_	-		-	 9,397	 -	_	9,397
Total assets	\$	75,361	\$_	132,847	\$ 9,397	\$ 261,916	\$	479,521
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	59,966	\$	2,117	\$ -	\$ 1,956	\$	64,039
Due to other funds	_	15,395		-	 -	 -	_	15,395
Total liabilities	\$	75,361	\$_	2,117	\$ -	\$ 1,956	\$_	79,434
Fund balances: Committed:								
Animal care expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,397	\$ -	\$	9,397
Community development		-		-	-	259,960		259,960
Public safety	_	-	-	130,730	 -	 -	_	130,730
Total fund balances	\$	-	\$	130,730	\$ 9,397	\$ 259,960	\$	400,087
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	75,361	\$	132,847	\$ 9,397	\$ 261,916	\$_	479,521

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		CCA	г.	Drug	Amimal Cana	Conservation	
		CSA Fund	EI	nforcement Fund	Animal Care Fund	Easement Fund	Total
REVENUES	_	Tunu	_	Tunu	 Tunu	 T unu	Total
General property taxes	\$	- 9	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 10,688 \$	10,688
Revenue from the use of money and property		-		1,759	5	340	2,104
Miscellaneous		3,277		7,912	500	58,867	70,556
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth		225,809		5,349	-	141,488	372,646
Federal	_	12,231	_	10,613	 -	 <u> </u>	22,844
Total revenues	\$_	241,317	\$	25,633	\$ 505	\$ 211,383 \$	478,838
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety	\$	- (\$	120,395	\$ -	\$ -	120,395
Health and welfare		591,785		-	-	-	591,785
Community development	_	-	_	-	 -	 288,361	288,361
Total expenditures	\$_	591,785	\$	120,395	\$ -	\$ 288,361 \$	1,000,541
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	\$_	(350,468)	\$	(94,762)	\$ 505	\$ (76,978) \$	(521,703)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	350,468	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 25,000 \$	375,468
Transfers out	_			(50,000)	 	 	(50,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	350,468	\$	(50,000)	\$ 	\$ 25,000 \$	325,468
Net change in fund balances	\$	- 5	\$	(144,762)	\$ 505	\$ (51,978) \$	(196,235)
Fund balances - beginning	_	-	_	275,492	 8,892	 311,938	596,322
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	130,730	\$ 9,397	\$ 259,960 \$	400,087

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			CSA	Fund		Drug Enforcement Fund						
	_	Budgeted A			Variance with Final Budget Positive	Budgeted			Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
REVENUES												
General property taxes Revenue from the use of money	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- 5	- \$	- \$	- \$	1 750			
and property		-	-	-	- 2 277	-	-	1,759	1,759			
Miscellaneous Intergovernmental:		-	-	3,277	3,277	-	-	7,912	7,912			
Commonwealth		499,836	499,836	225,809	(274,027)	_	_	5,349	5,349			
Federal		-	-	12,231	12,231	-	-	10,613	10,613			
	-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				<u> </u>			
Total revenues	\$	499,836 \$	499,836 \$	241,317 \$	(258,519)	\$\$	- \$	25,633 \$	25,633			
EXPENDITURES												
Current:	Φ.	.	Φ.	Φ.	,		Φ.	120 205 ¢	(120, 205)			
Public safety	\$	- \$ 972,948	- \$ 972,948	- \$ 591,785		- \$	- \$	120,395 \$	(120,395)			
Health and welfare Community development	-	972,946	972,946	-	381,163		- 	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _			
Total expenditures	\$_	972,948 \$	972,948 \$	591,785 \$	381,163	\$\$	\$	120,395 \$	(120,395)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(473 112) \$	(473 112) \$	(350,468) \$	122,644	\$ - \$	- \$	(94,762) \$	(94,762)			
(under) expenditures	Ψ_	(475,112) ¢	(475,112) ψ	(330,400)	122,044	ΨΨ	Ψ_	(74,702) ψ	(74,702)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	473,112 \$	473,112 \$	350,468 \$	(122,644) \$	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-			
Transfers out	_							(50,000)	(50,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	473,112 \$	473,112 \$	350,468 \$	(122,644)	\$\$	\$	(50,000) \$	(50,000)			
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	- \$	- \$ -	- \$ -	- <u> </u>	- \$	- \$	(144,762) \$ 275,492	(144,762) 275,492			
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$		\$ <u>-</u> \$	- \$	130,730 \$	130,730			

Animal Care Fund									Conservation Easement Fund							
-	Budgete	ed A	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		Budgeted	d A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
(Driginal		Final	-	Actual		(Negative)	-	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	- \$	10,688 \$				
	_		-		5		5		_		-	340	340			
	-		-		500		500		-		-	58,867	58,867			
_	-	_	-		-		-		5,000	_	125,000	141,488	16,488			
\$	-	\$_	-	\$	505	\$_	505	\$_	5,000	\$_	125,000 \$	211,383 \$	86,383			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	- -			
	-		-		-		-		30,000		288,362	288,361	1			
\$	-	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	30,000	\$_	288,362 \$	288,361 \$	1			
\$	-	\$_	-	\$	505	\$_	505	\$_	(25,000)	\$_	(163,362) \$	(76,978) \$	86,384			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000 \$	25,000 \$	-			
\$	-	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	25,000 \$	25,000 \$				
\$	-	\$	-	\$	505 8,892	\$	505 8,892	\$	(25,000) 25,000	\$_	(138,362) \$ 138,362	(51,978) \$ 311,938	86,384 173,576			
\$	-	\$		\$	9,397	\$	9,397	\$	-	\$	- \$	259,960 \$	259,960			

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Primary Government Debt Service Fund	
REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$	9,910	
Total revenues	\$	9,910	
EXPENDITURES			
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	\$	172,039	
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	173,661	
Total expenditures	\$	345,700	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	\$	(335,790)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	\$	335,790	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	335,790	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	
Fund balances - beginning		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

For the Veer Ended June 20, 2017

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		ı	Prin	nary Governme	nt D	ebt Service Fun	nd	
		Budgete	mounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	_	Original		Final	•	Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES			_				_	
Charges for services	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	9,910 \$	_	9,910
Total revenues	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	9,910 \$	<u> </u>	9,910
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	273,801	\$	172,039	\$	172,039 \$	5	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	71,899	_	173,661	_	173,661	_	-
Total expenditures	\$	345,700	\$	345,700	\$	345,700 \$	_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(345,700)	\$_	(345,700)	\$	(335,790) \$	_	9,910
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$_	345,700	\$	345,700	\$	335,790 \$	<u> </u>	(9,910)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	345,700	\$_	345,700	\$	335,790 \$	<u> </u>	(9,910)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	5	-
Fund balances - beginning	_	-	_	-	_		_	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	\$_	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2016

	-	Parks Construction Fund		neral Governme Projects Fund	nt 	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,731	\$	-	\$	36,731
Due from other funds		-		79,222		79,222
Due from other governmental units	_	-	_	60,708	_	60,708
Total assets	\$_	36,731	\$	139,930	\$	176,661
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$_	-	\$	10,589	\$	10,589
Total liabilities	\$_	-	\$	10,589	\$	10,589
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Swim team	\$	3,596	\$	-	\$	3,596
Pool		1,659		-		1,659
Assigned:						
Capital projects	_	31,476	_	129,341		160,817
Total fund balances	\$_	36,731	\$	129,341	\$	166,072
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	36,731	\$	139,930	\$_	176,661

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Parks Construction Fund	eral Governmen apital Projects Fund	t	Total
REVENUES	_				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	175	\$ -	\$	175
Miscellaneous		1,572	10,000		11,572
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth		-	59,731		59,731
Federal	-	-	 37,672		37,672
Total revenues	\$_	1,747	\$ 107,403	\$	109,150
EXPENDITURES					
Capital projects	\$_	-	\$ 755,712	\$	755,712
Total expenditures	\$_	-	\$ 755,712	\$	755,712
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$_	1,747	\$ (648,309)	\$	(646,562)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$	-	\$ 660,136	\$	660,136
Transfers out	-	(600)	 -		(600)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(600)	\$ 660,136	\$	659,536
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,147	\$ 11,827	\$	12,974
Fund balances - beginning	_	35,584	 117,514	_	153,098
Fund balances - ending	\$	36,731	\$ 129,341	\$	166,072

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Parks Cons	truct	tion Fund	
		Budgete	d Am	ounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	175 \$	175
Miscellaneous		-		-		1,572	1,572
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth Federal		-		-		-	-
reuei ai	_		_		. —		
Total revenues	\$		\$	-	\$	1,747 \$	1,747
EXPENDITURES							
Capital projects	\$ <u> </u>		\$	-	\$	- \$	
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	\$	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,747 \$	1,747
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Transfers out	_	-		-	_	(600)	(600)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		\$	-	\$	(600) \$	(600)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,147 \$	1,147
Fund balances - beginning	_			-	_	35,584	35,584
Fund balances - ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	36,731 \$	36,731

							Variance with
	Budgete	d A	mounts				Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
\$		\$		\$		\$	
Ф	-	Ф	45,000	Φ	10,000	Ф	(35,000)
	-		102,956		59,731		(43,225)
_	145,067		490,216	_	37,672	-	(452,544)
\$	145,067	\$_	638,172	\$	107,403	\$_	(530,769)
\$	735,930	\$	2,427,939	\$	755,712	\$	1,672,227
\$	735,930	\$	2,427,939	\$	755,712	\$	1,672,227
\$	(590,863)	\$	(1,789,767)	\$	(648,309)	\$	1,141,458
_	(0707000)	·	(1/10//10/)	—	(010/007)	. ` -	1,111,100
\$	-	\$	1,789,767	\$	660,136	\$	(1,129,631)
\$	-	\$	1,789,767	\$	660,136	\$	(1,129,631)
\$	(590,863) 590,863	\$	-	\$	11,827 117,514	\$	11,827 117,514
_	370,000	-		_			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,341	\$	129,341

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

	-				Agency Fu	ın	ds			_	
		Special Welfare Fund		Town of Berryville	Undistributed Local Sales Tax Fund		Cafeteria Plan Withholding Fund		Unemployment Compensation Benefits Fund		Total
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,257	\$	57,143 \$	-	\$	73,040	\$	-	\$	168,440
Accounts receivable		-		-	-		-		2,948		2,948
Due from other governments			_		196,223		-	_	-	_	196,223
Total assets	\$	38,257	\$_	57,143 \$	196,223	\$	73,040	\$_	2,948	\$	367,611
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	9,510 \$	-	\$	-	\$	2,948	\$	12,458
Sales tax payable to other towns		-		-	40,530		-		-		40,530
Amounts held for Town		-		47,633	-		-		-		47,633
Due to other funds		-		-	155,693		-		-		155,693
Accrued liabilities		-		-	-		73,040		-		73,040
Amounts held for social services											
clients		38,257	_		-		-	_	-	_	38,257
Total liabilities	\$	38,257	\$	57,143 \$	196,223	\$	73,040	\$_	2,948	\$	367,611

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Balance Beginning of Year		Additions		Deletions		Balance End of Year
Special welfare:			_					
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	26,864	\$_	19,013	\$	7,620	\$	38,257
Liabilities: Amounts held for social service clients	\$	26,864	\$	19,013	\$	7,620	\$	38,257
Town of Berryville: Assets:	-		-				_	
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid items	\$	49,898 1,388	\$	76,555 -	\$	69,310 1,388	\$	57,143 -
Total assets	\$	51,286	\$	76,555	\$	70,698	\$	57,143
Liabilities: Amounts held for Town Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ - \$	46,844 4,442 51,286		47,633 9,510 57,143		46,844 4,442 51,286		47,633 9,510 57,143
	Φ=	31,200	• = •	57,143	•	31,200	• =	37,143
Undistributed local sales tax: Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	1,105,442	\$	1,105,442	\$	-
Due from other governments		186,528		196,223		186,528		196,223
Total assets	\$	186,528	\$	1,301,665	\$	1,291,970	\$	196,223
Liabilities: Sales tax payable to other towns Due to other funds	\$	36,643 149,885	\$	40,530 155,693	\$	36,643 149,885	\$	40,530 155,693
Total liabilities	\$	186,528	\$	196,223	\$	186,528	\$	196,223
Cafeteria plan withholding: Assets:	_		-		-			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,147	\$	144,149	\$	106,256	\$	73,040
Liabilities: Accrued liabilities	\$	35,147	\$	144,149	\$	106,256	\$	73,040
Total liabilities	\$	35,147	\$	144,149	\$	106,256	\$	73,040

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (continued)

	_	Balance Beginning of Year		Additions		Deletions		Balance End of Year
Unemployment compensation benefits: Assets:	ф	2 720	.	2.040	¢	2 720	Φ.	2.040
Accounts receivable	\$_	2,729	۵_	2,948	- ^{>} -	2,729	-	2,948
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$_	2,729	\$_	2,948	\$_	2,729	\$_	2,948
Total liabilities	\$_	2,729	\$_	2,948	\$	2,729	\$_	2,948
Totals All agency funds Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	111,909	\$	1,345,159	\$	1,288,628	\$	168,440
Prepaid items		1,388		-		1,388		-
Accounts receivable		2,729		2,948		2,729		2,948
Due from other governments		186,528		196,223		186,528		196,223
Total assets	\$	302,554	\$	1,544,330	\$	1,479,273	\$	367,611
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for social service clients	\$	26,864	\$	19,013	\$	7,620	\$	38,257
Sales tax payable to other towns		36,643		40,530		36,643		40,530
Amounts held for Town		46,844		47,633		46,844		47,633
Accrued liabilities		35,147		144,149		106,256		73,040
Due to other funds		149,885		155,693		149,885		155,693
Accounts payable		7,171	_	12,458	_	7,171	_	12,458
Total liabilities	\$	302,554	\$	419,476	\$	354,419	\$	367,611



Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2016

	_	School Operating Fund	_	School Food Service Fund		School Capital Projects Fund	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				47.007			_			50.454
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	500	\$	47,237	\$	-	\$	4,714	\$	52,451
Accounts receivable		95,357		43,224		-		-		138,581
Due from primary government		1,776,848		-		115,540		-		1,892,388
Due from other governmental units		558,862		8,764		54,598		-		622,224
Prepaid items	_	31,618	_	-		-	-			31,618
Total assets	\$_	2,463,185	= \$	99,225	\$ =	170,138	\$	4,714	\$	2,737,262
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	194,863	\$	28,282	\$	138,638	\$	-	\$	361,783
Accrued liabilities		2,265,299		45,060		5,911		-		2,316,270
Unearned revenue	_	2,523	_	-		25,589	-			28,112
Total liabilities	\$	2,462,685	\$	73,342	\$	170,138	\$	-	\$	2,706,165
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items	\$	31,618	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,618
Assigned: School operating		500		25,883		_		_		26,383
Capital projects		-		-		-		4,714		4,714
Unassigned	_	(31,618))			-	_			(31,618)
Total fund balances	\$	500	\$	25,883	\$	-	\$	4,714	\$	31,097
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,463,185	\$	99,225	\$	170,138	\$	4,714	\$	2,737,262
Amounts reported for governmental act	ivitio	s in the statem	oon	at of not position	n (Evhibit 1) are d	iff	orant hacquea		
	ivitie	s iii tile stateii	len	it of fiet positio) 11(exhibit i) are u	1111	erent because:	Φ.	21.007
Total fund balances per above									\$	31,097
Capital assets used in governmental act funds.	ivitie	es are not finar	ncia	al resources an	d, t	therefore, are n	ot	reported in the		8,170,271
The net pension asset is not an available	o rosi	nurce and the	r≙f	ore is not reno	ort <i>e</i>	ad in the funds				66,371
·				•						00,371
Other long-term assets are not available the funds.	e to	pay for curren	ıt-p	eriod expendit	ure	es and, therefor	e,	are deferred in		
Items related to the measurement	of ne	t pension liabil	ity							(1,588,371)
Changes in proportion and differences lof costs-sharing pension plans are not re				tributions and	pro	pportionate sha	re	of contributions		(201,000)
Pension contributions subsequent to the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not					ion	to the net pens	sio	n liability in the		1,735,614
Long-term liabilities are not due and pa	yable	e in the current	t pe	eriod and, ther	efo	re, are not repo	ort	ed in the funds.		(19,819,297)
Net position of governmental activities	_		•	,		I.			\$	(11,605,315)
not position of governmental detivities									Ψ	(11,000,010)

COUNTY OF CLARKE, VIRGINIA Exhibit 28

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		School Operating Fund	School Food Servi Fund	се	School Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	_							
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	69,412		2 \$	-	\$ -	\$	69,554
Charges for services Miscellaneous		219,693	480,21		12.004	-		699,905
Recovered costs		159,638 97,259	45,56	- 1	13,996	-		173,634 142,823
Intergovernmental:		71,207	10,00					112,020
Local government		10,885,332		-	1,126,440	-		12,011,772
Commonwealth		8,792,555	7,542		54,598	-		8,854,695
Federal	_	603,249	300,878		-			904,127
Total revenues	\$_	20,827,138	\$ 834,33	3 \$_	1,195,034	\$	\$_	22,856,510
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Education	\$	20,827,138	\$ 808,45	5 \$	_	\$ -	\$	21,635,593
Capital projects	*	-	4 000/10	-	1,195,034	-	*	1,195,034
Total expenditures	\$	20,827,138	\$ 808,45	 5	1,195,034	\$ -	\$	22,830,627
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	-					_		
(under) expenditures	\$_	-	\$ 25,883	3 \$		\$	\$	25,883
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$ 25,883	3 \$	-	\$ -	\$	25,883
Fund balances - beginning	_	500	· -		-	4,714	_	5,214
Fund balances - ending	\$_	500	\$ 25,88	\$_	-	\$ 4,714	\$	31,097
Amounts remarked for managemental activities in the	Chahamaa	-+ -£ ^ -+::+:	· /Fbibit 2) a	المصدا	fforout bossins			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			(EXIIIDIL 2) a	re ui	Herent because	: :		05.000
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fur	nas - per	above					\$	25,883
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not funds.	t provide	current finan	ncial resource	s are	e not reported	as revenues in the		
Change in deferred inflows related to the measure	ement of	the net pension	on liability					1,331,085
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend allocated over their estimated useful lives and depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current	reported							(773,641)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activiti not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		t require the u	use of current	fina	ncial resources	and, therefore are		
Sported as experiental of in governmental fullus.								
Increase in pension contributions subsequent to m	neasurem	ent date				\$ 93,954		
(Increase) in net pension liability - teachers cost-	٠.	ool				(690,000)		
(Decrease) in net pension asset - nonprofessional	group					(3,435)		((05 (56)
(Increase) in compensated absences						(6,171)		(605,652)
Change in net position of governmental activities							\$	(22,325)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				School Op	erat	ting Fund		
	_	Deadacate	-1.0					Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete	a Ai			A = 4 = 1		Positive
DEVENUE		Original	-	Final	_	Actual	-	(Negative)
REVENUES	ф	25.7//	ф	25.7//	ф	(0.412	ф	22 / 4/
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	35,766	>	35,766	\$	69,412	>	33,646
Charges for services		188,790		188,790		219,693		30,903
Miscellaneous		102,497		102,497		159,638		57,141
Recovered costs		71,489		71,489		97,259		25,770
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		11,764,040		11,764,040		10,885,332		(878,708)
Commonwealth		8,648,921		8,648,921		8,792,555		143,634
Federal		726,207	_	726,207		603,249	_	(122,958)
Total revenues	\$	21,537,710	\$_	21,537,710	\$	20,827,138	\$_	(710,572)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	21,502,710	\$	21,502,710	\$	20,827,138	\$	675,572
			_		_		_	
Total expenditures	\$	21,502,710	\$_	21,502,710	\$	20,827,138	\$	675,572
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	-	\$_	(35,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
Transfers out	Ψ	(35,000)	Ψ	(35,000)	Ψ	_	Ψ	35,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(35,000)	\$	(35,000)	\$	-	\$	35,000
					_		_	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balances - beginning	_	-	_	-	_	500	_	500
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$_		\$_	500	\$	500

		School Food	l S	ervice Fund		
Budgete	ed A	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
\$ 80 480,220	\$	80 481,185	\$	142 480,212	\$	62 (973)
21,000		21,000		45,564		24,564
 8,000 274,980		8,000 274,980		- 7,542 300,878		- (458) 25,898
\$ 784,280	\$	785,245	\$	834,338	\$_	49,093
\$ 820,245	\$	820,245	\$	808,455	\$_	11,790
\$ 820,245	\$	820,245	\$	808,455	\$	11,790
\$ (35,965)	\$	(35,000)	\$	25,883	\$_	60,883
\$ 35,000	\$	35,000	\$	-	\$	(35,000)
\$ 35,000	\$	35,000	\$	-	\$	(35,000)
\$ (965) 965	\$	-	\$	25,883 -	\$	25,883 -
\$ 	\$	-	\$	25,883	\$	25,883

Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Capital Project Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2016

	ool Capital ect Proffers Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,714
Total assets	\$ 4,714
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Total liabilities	\$
Fund balances:	
Assigned:	
Capital projects	\$ 4,714
Total fund balances	\$ 4,714
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,714

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Project Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

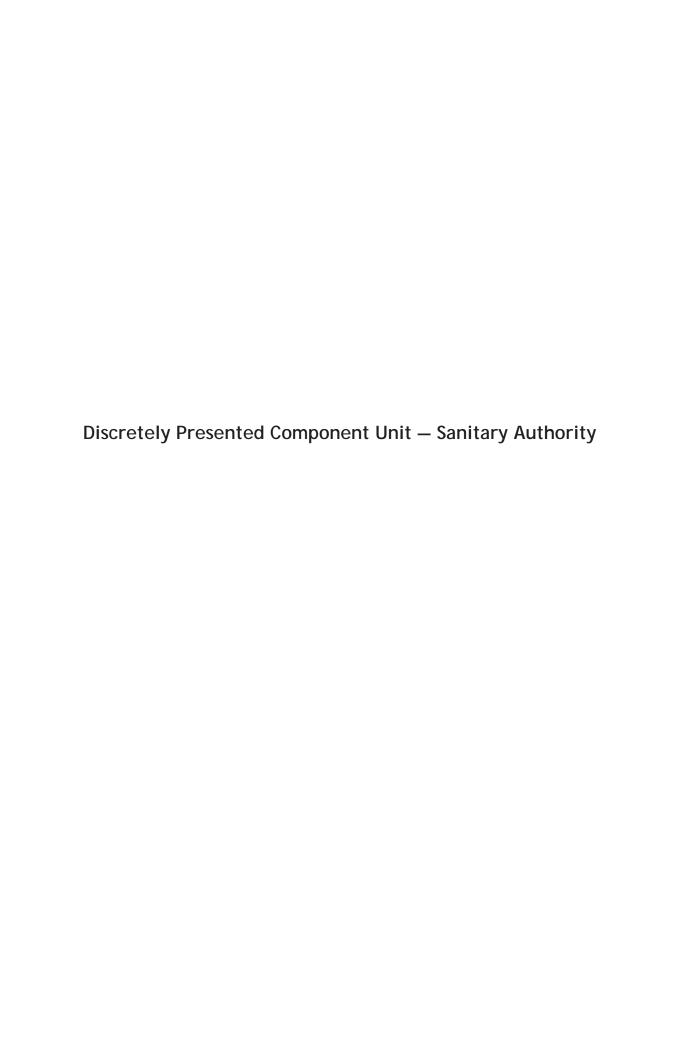
	_	School Capital Project Proffers Fund
REVENUES		
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$_	
Total revenues	\$_	
EXPENDITURES Current:		
Capital projects	\$_	-
Total expenditures	\$_	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		
expenditures	\$_	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-
Fund balances - beginning	_	4,714
Fund balances - ending	\$_	4,714

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor and Major Capital Projects Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Capital Projects Proffers Fund							
	_	Budgeted <i>F</i>	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive				
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)				
REVENUES									
Miscellaneous	\$	- \$	- 5	- \$	-				
Intergovernmental:									
Local government		-	-	-	-				
Commonwealth	_	<u> </u>			-				
Total revenues	\$	\$_		\$\$					
EXPENDITURES									
Capital projects	\$_	- \$	- (\$\$					
Total expenditures	\$_	- \$	- (\$\$					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$_	- \$	- (\$\$					
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	- (- \$	-				
Fund balances - beginning	_	- -	-	4,714	4,714				
Fund balances - ending	\$	\$	- (\$\$	4,714				

	School Capital Projects Fund									
	Budgete	d /	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)			
\$	-	\$	39,585	\$	13,996	\$	(25,589)			
	-		3,109,486		1,126,440		(1,983,046)			
_	154,000		328,725		54,598		(274,127)			
\$	154,000	\$	3,477,796	\$	1,195,034	\$_	(2,282,762)			
\$	852,000	\$	3,477,796	\$	1,195,034	\$	2,282,762			
\$	852,000	\$	3,477,796	\$	1,195,034	\$	2,282,762			
\$	(698,000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$				
	(698,000) 698,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- -			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			







Combining Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Sanitary Authority As of June 30, 2016

		Enterprise Funds				
	_	Water		Sewer		
	_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	423,858	\$	-	\$	423,858
Accounts receivable	_	62,223	_	78,993	-	141,216
Total current assets	\$_	486,081	\$	78,993	\$_	565,074
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:		40.000	Φ.			10.000
Land Utility plant in service	\$	13,200 5,255,034	\$	- 6,830,188	\$	13,200 12,085,222
Accumulated depreciation		(2,563,666)		(1,217,118)		(3,780,784)
Sub-total	\$	2,704,568	\$	5,613,070	\$	8,317,638
Construction in progress	\$	1,260,980	_	=	\$	1,260,980
Total capital assets	\$	3,965,548	_	5,613,070	\$	9,578,618
Total noncurrent assets	\$	3,965,548	_	5,613,070	\$	9,578,618
Total assets	\$	4,451,629	\$	5,692,063	\$	10,143,692
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	_				_	
Post measurement date employer pension contributions	\$	2,262	\$	2,262	\$	4,524
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Reconciled overdraft	\$		\$	104,403	\$	104,403
Accounts payable		95,596		39,147		134,743
Accrued interest payable Customers' deposits		4,771 6,717		-		4,771 6,717
Unearned revenue		12,976		-		12,976
Bonds payable - current portion		121,353		207,052		328,405
Total current liabilities	\$	241,413	\$	350,602	\$	592,015
Noncurrent liabilities:	· –		-		· -	
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	1,566,140	\$	2,655,363	\$	4,221,503
Net pension liability		9,545		9,545		19,090
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	1,575,685	\$	2,664,908	\$	4,240,593
Total liabilities	\$	1,817,098	\$	3,015,510	\$	4,832,608
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Net difference of actual and expected pension liability earnings	\$	2,070	\$	2,070	\$	4,140
Net difference of actual and expected pension experience	_	605		606	_	1,211
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	2,675	\$	2,676	\$_	5,351
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,278,055	\$	2,750,655	\$	5,028,710
Unrestricted		356,063	_	(74,516)	_	281,547
Total net position	\$ _	2,634,118	\$_	2,676,139	\$ =	5,310,257

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Sanitary Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Funds					
	_	Water Fund	_	Sewer Fund	_	Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services:						
Customer service charges Connection fees	\$	249,804 3,363	\$	278,486 2,288	\$	528,290 5,651
Miscellaneous	_	1,102	_	125	_	1,227
Total operating revenues	\$	254,269	\$_	280,899	\$	535,168
OPERATING EXPENSES Insurance Miscellaneous Office supplies and expenses	\$	11,796 99 863	\$	11,795 - 863	\$	23,591 99 1,726
Plant maintenance		4,859		4,937		9,796
Pipeline/road repairs		19,636		-		19,636
Pump station maintenance Grinder pump maintenance		-		9,713 968		9,713 968
Operating supplies / small equipment		10,676		89,362		100,038
Professional services		113,987		161,575		275,562
Salaries and wages		17,939		17,939		35,878
Benefits		4,560		4,561		9,121
Testing services		3,166		6,902		10,068
Utilities		33,305		64,859		98,164
Depreciation	-	131,641	_	172,601	-	304,242
Total operating expenses	\$_	352,527	\$_	546,075	\$	898,602
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(98,258)	\$	(265,176)	\$	(363,434)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income Tower rental County operating subsidy Transfers Interest expense	\$	2,269 151,627 - (57,352) (29,539)	\$	1 - 133,377 57,352 -	\$	2,270 151,627 133,377 - (29,539)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	67,005	\$_	190,730	\$	257,735
Income before contributions	\$	(31,253)	\$	(74,446)	\$	(105,699)
Contributed capital - availability fees	_	14,000	_	19,927	_	33,927
Change in net position	\$	(17,253)	\$	(54,519)	\$	(71,772)
Total net position - beginning	_	2,651,371	_	2,730,658	_	5,382,029
Total net position - ending	\$ _	2,634,118	\$	2,676,139	\$	5,310,257

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Unit - Sanitary Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Funds				
		Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$	237,068 \$ (376,034)	255,697 \$ (339,598)	3 492,765 (715,632)	
Payments to and on behalf of employees	_	(24,107)	(24,107)	(48,214)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$	(163,073) \$	(108,008) \$	(271,081)	
Tower rental Transfers	\$	151,627 \$ (57,352)	57,352	-	
Operating subsidy from Clarke County Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	 \$	94,275 \$	133,377 190,729 \$	133,377 285,004	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	· <u> </u>				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Capital contributions Retirements of long-term indebtedness Interest paid on debt Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related	\$ 	(480,544) \$ 14,000 (120,177) (29,866)	19,927 (207,052)	(480,544) 33,927 (327,229) (29,866)	
financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	\$	(616,587) \$	(187,125) \$	(803,712)	
Interest income	\$	2,269 \$	1 \$	2,270	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	2,269 \$	1 \$	2,270	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(683,116) \$	(104,403) \$	(787,519)	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		1,106,974	<u> </u>	1,106,974	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	423,858 \$	(104,403)	319,455	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$	(98,258) \$	(265,176) \$	(363,434)	
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		131,641 (20,784)	172,601 (25,202)	304,242 (45,986)	
(Increase) decrease in pension contributions after measurement date Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(46) (177,647)	(46) 11,376	(92) (166,271)	
Increase (decrease) in customers' deposits		2,157	-	2,157	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		540	540	1,080	
Increase (decrease) in items related to measurement of net pension liability Increase (decrease) unearned revenue	_	(2,102) 1,426	(2,101)	(4,203) 1,426	
Total adjustments	\$	(64,815) \$	157,168	92,353	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(163,073) \$	(108,008)	(271,081)	







Statement of Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority
As of June 30, 2016

	_	Industrial Development Authority
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	108,927
Prepaid items	_	1,333
Total assets	\$ _	110,260
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	-	110,260
Total net position	\$_	110,260

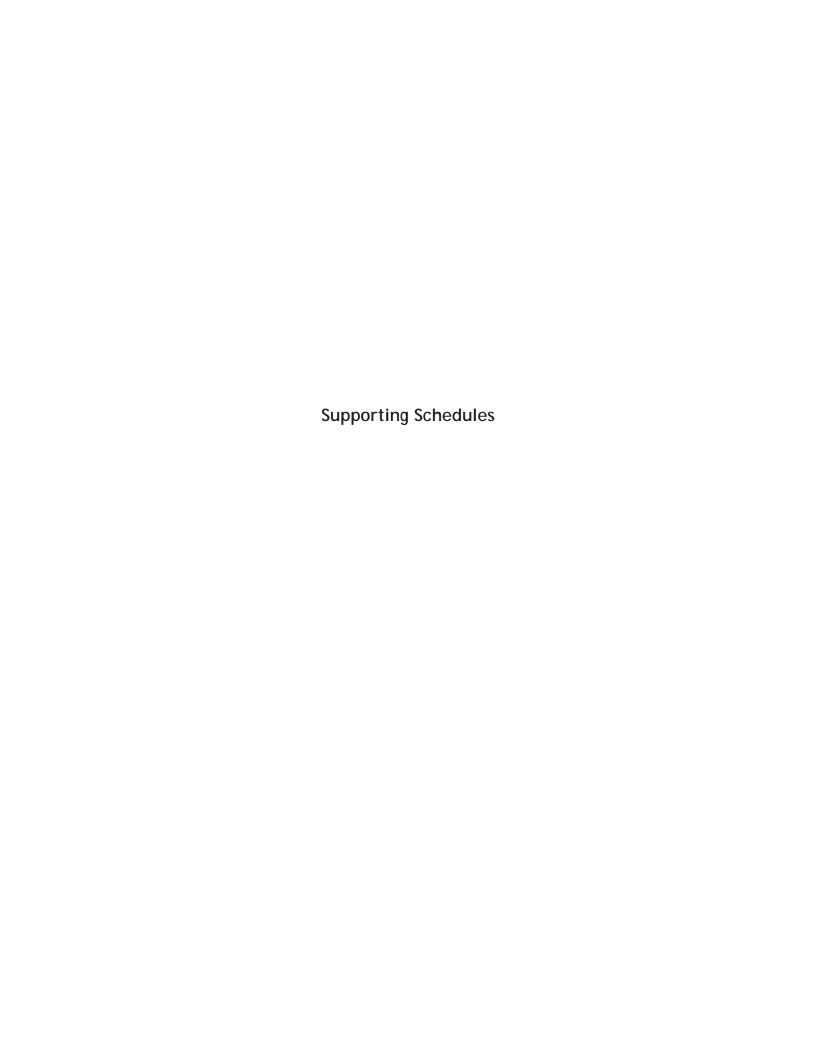
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Industrial Development Authority	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Bond repayment and application fees	\$ 54,000	
Total operating revenues	\$ 54,000	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Contribution to Lord Fairfax Small Business Park	\$ 6,000	
Professional services	1,600	
Board members' fee	650	
Insurance	1,301	
Miscellaneous	 539	
Total operating expenses	\$ 10,090	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 43,910	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$ 33	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 33	
Change in net position	\$ 43,943	
Total net position - beginning	 66,317	
Total net position - ending	\$ 110,260	

Statement of Cash Flows
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Industrial Development Authority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to board Payments to suppliers	\$	54,000 (650) (10,773)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	42,577
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$.	33
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$ _	33
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,610
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		66,317
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	108,927
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$.	43,910
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	\$ _	(1,333)
Total adjustments	\$.	(1,333)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	42,577







Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
General property taxes:					
Real property taxes	\$	14,256,431 \$	14,256,431	14,636,989 \$	380,558
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		419,200	419,200	439,021	19,821
Personal property taxes		4,068,605	4,068,605	4,178,973	110,368
Mobile home taxes		876	876	989	113
Machinery and tools taxes		174,014	174,014	172,247	(1,767)
Penalties		152,298	153,922	161,250	7,328
Interest	_	110,189	110,189	134,635	24,446
Total general property taxes	\$_	19,181,613 \$	19,183,237	19,724,104 \$	540,867
Other local taxes:					
Local sales and use taxes	\$	871,738 \$	871,738	877,365 \$	5,627
Consumers' utility taxes		379,174	379,174	340,856	(38,318)
Consumption taxes		35,950	35,950	33,942	(2,008)
Motor vehicle licenses		298,038	298,038	322,646	24,608
Taxes on recordation and wills		263,349	263,349	296,446	33,097
Franchise license taxes		12,319	12,319	-	(12,319)
Transient occupancy taxes		32,618	32,618	23,564	(9,054)
Business license taxes	_	31,136	31,136	26,603	(4,533)
Total other local taxes	\$_	1,924,322 \$	1,924,322	1,921,422 \$	(2,900)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:					
Animal licenses	\$	7,683 \$	7,683	4,985 \$	(2,698)
Land use application fees		3,600	3,600	3,600	-
Animal shelter fees		10,087	10,087	8,235	(1,852)
Building and related permits		152,845	152,845	173,825	20,980
Zoning and subdivision		112,166	112,166	78,823	(33,343)
Transfer fees		448	448	529	81
Signs permits and inspection fees		221	221	775	554
Weapons permits		5,579	5,579	5,339	(240)
Other permits and fees	_	4,225	4,225	4,770	545
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory					
licenses	\$_	296,854 \$	296,854	280,881 \$	(15,973)
Fines and forfeitures:					
Court fines and forfeitures	\$_	250,000 \$	250,000	304,861 \$	54,861
Total fines and forfeitures	\$_	250,000 \$	250,000	304,861 \$	54,861
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of money	\$	54,143 \$	54,143	33,559 \$	(20,584)
Revenue from use of property	_	7,000	7,000	51,824	44,824
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	61,143 \$	61,143	85,383 \$	24,240

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Charges for services:					
Sheriff's fees	\$	797 \$	797 \$	796 \$	(1)
Charges for emergency medical services		37,610	37,610	41,729	4,119
Charges for ambulance and rescue		275,000	275,000	354,920	79,920
Charges for courthouse security		52,000	52,000	28,575	(23,425)
Charges for jail processing		1,779	1,779	1,245	(534)
Court appointed attorney		1,174	1,174	263	(911)
Charges for other localities		69,777	69,777	69,920	143
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,743	1,743	2,152	409
Charges for parks and recreation		391,462	391,462	406,195	14,733
Charges for engineer's fees/biosolids applications		25,112	25,112	19,189	(5,923)
E-tickets		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	16,696	16,696
Other charges for services	_	25,806	25,806	25,632	(174)
Total charges for services	\$_	882,260 \$	882,260 \$	967,312 \$	85,052
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$_	6,372 \$	21,372 \$	73,955 \$	52,583
Total miscellaneous	\$_	6,372 \$	21,372 \$	73,955 \$	52,583
Recovered costs:					
Rebates and refunds	\$	27,772 \$	27,772 \$	14,000 \$	(13,772)
Insurance recovery		21,630	27,489	29,146	1,657
Gifts and donations in lieu of taxes		22,933	22,933	31,645	8,712
Sale of salvage		8,681	8,681	3,841	(4,840)
Loan repayment		3,495	3,495	3,495	-
Recycling and other rebates and refunds	_	38,013	38,013	20,011	(18,002)
Total recovered costs	\$_	122,524 \$	128,383 \$	102,138 \$	(26,245)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	22,725,088 \$	22,747,571 \$	23,460,056 \$	712,485
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	24,373 \$	24,373 \$	25,445 \$	1,072
Mobile home titling tax		-	-	300	300
Taxes on deeds		53,719	53,719	83,955	30,236
Quarterly rental tax		3,546	3,546	2,575	(971)
Communications tax		442,829	442,829	415,515	(27,314)
Personal property tax relief funds	_	2,483,842	2,483,842	2,483,842	
Total noncategorical aid	\$	3,008,309 \$	3,008,309 \$	3,011,632 \$	3,323

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental: (Continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)						
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:			_			
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	187,157	\$	187,157 \$	189,622 \$	2,465
Sheriff		749,413		749,413	760,380	10,967
Commissioner of revenue		75,178		75,178	76,581	1,403
Treasurer		92,369		92,369	93,654	1,285
Registrar/electoral board Clerk of the Circuit Court		39,797 152,728		39,797 153,633	43,444 165,271	3,647 11,638
Clerk of the Circuit Court	_	152,728	-	153,633	100,271	11,038
Total shared expenses	\$_	1,296,642	\$	1,297,547 \$	1,328,952 \$	31,405
Other categorical aid:						
Fire programs fund	\$	42,135	\$	45,969 \$	46,452 \$	483
Litter control grant	Ψ	6,171	Ψ	6,171	5,310	(861)
Virginia Commission for the Arts		5,000		5,000	5,000	(001)
Other categorical aid		8,610		8,610	10,976	2,366
	_	-,-	-			
Total other categorical aid	\$	61,916	\$	65,750 \$	67,738 \$	1,988
Total categorical aid	\$_	1,358,558	\$	1,363,297 \$	1,396,690 \$	33,393
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	4,366,867	\$	4,371,606 \$	4,408,322 \$	36,716
Revenue from the federal government:						
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	5,971	\$	5,971 \$	6,464 \$	493
•	· –	-,-	· –	· -		
Categorical aid:						4
Crime victim assistance	\$	39,024	\$	45,053 \$	37,547 \$	
SCAAP grant		862		862	3,283	2,421
Help America vote		2,477		2,477	3,500	1,023
DMV 402 grant		14,625		14,625	13,719	(906)
SAFER grant		140,000		140,000	923	(140,000)
Local law enforcement block grant Violence against women formula grants		2,181 28,053		2,181 28,053	923 28,731	(1,258) 678
violence against women formula grants	_	20,000	-	20,033	20,731	070
Total categorical aid	\$	227,222	\$	233,251 \$	87,703 \$	(145,548)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	233,193	\$	239,222 \$	94,167 \$	(145,055)
Total General Fund	\$	27,325,148	\$	27,358,399 \$	27,962,545 \$	604,146

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Revenue from local sources: Recovered costs:					
Payments from other jurisdictions Expenditure refunds	\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	37,528 \$ 25,129	37,528 25,129
Total recovered costs	\$_	\$_	- \$	62,657 \$	62,657
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	\$	- \$	62,657 \$	62,657
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:	Φ.	004.705.4	000 400 \$	202 242 4	(/ 075)
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$_	284,735 \$	288,488 \$	282,213 \$	(6,275)
Total categorical aid	\$_	284,735 \$	288,488 \$	282,213 \$	(6,275)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	284,735 \$	288,488 \$	282,213 \$	(6,275)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	697,111 \$	706,298 \$	696,181 \$	(10,117)
Total categorical aid	\$	697,111 \$	706,298 \$	696,181 \$	(10,117)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	697,111 \$	706,298 \$	696,181 \$	(10,117)
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$	981,846 \$	994,786 \$	1,041,051 \$	46,265
Comprehensive services act fund: Miscellaneous:	=				
Other miscellaneous Total miscellaneous	\$	- \$ - \$	- \$ - \$	3,277 \$ 3,277 \$	3,277
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Comprehensive services	\$	499,836 \$	499,836 \$	225,809 \$	(274,027)
Total categorical aid	\$	499,836 \$	499,836 \$	225,809 \$	(274,027)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	499,836 \$	499,836 \$	225,809 \$	(274,027)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:	*_	177,000 4	1777000	220,007	(271,027)
Other categorical aid	\$_	\$_	\$	12,231 \$	12,231
Total categorical aid	\$_		\$	12,231 \$	12,231
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	\$	\$	12,231 \$	12,231
Total comprehensive services fund	\$_	499,836 \$	499,836 \$	241,317 \$	(258,519)
Drug Enforcement Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property	\$_	\$	\$	1,759 \$	1,759
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	\$_	- \$	1,759 \$	1,759
Miscellaneous: Gifts and donations	\$	- \$	- \$	7,912 \$	7,912
Total miscellaneous	\$	- \$	- \$	7,912 \$	7,912
Total revenue from local sources	\$_ \$_	- \$	- \$	9,671 \$	9,671
	_				

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Drug Enforcement Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid: Asset forfeiture	\$	\$_	\$_	5,349 \$	5,349
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	\$_	\$	5,349 \$	5,349
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:					
Asset forfeiture Total drug enforcement fund	\$ \$	- \$ - \$	- \$ - \$	10,613 \$ 25,633 \$	10,613 25,633
Animal Care Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money:	· 	· ·	· ·		
Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money	\$ \$			5_\$ 5_\$	<u>5</u> 5
Miscellaneous:	_		*		
Gifts and donations	\$	- \$_	<u> </u>	500 \$	500
Total miscellaneous	\$	\$_	- \$	500 \$	500
Total Animal Care Fund Conservation Easement Fund: Revenue from local sources: General property taxes: Real property taxes	\$ <u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	505 \$	10,688
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money	\$	\$_	\$_	340 \$	340
Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous	\$	- \$	- \$	58,867 \$	58,867
Total revenue from local sources	\$	- \$	- \$	69,895 \$	69,895
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Other categorical aid:					
Conservation easement grants	\$	5,000 \$	125,000 \$	141,488 \$	16,488
Total Conservation Easement Fund Debt Service Funds: School Debt Service Fund Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous:	\$ <u></u>	5,000 \$	125,000 \$	211,383 \$	86,383
Expenditure refunds	\$	52,463 \$	52,464 \$	52,464 \$	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	52,463 \$	52,464 \$	52,464 \$	
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:					
BAB interest subsidy	\$	120,833 \$	120,833 \$	121,711 \$	878
Total School Debt Service Fund	\$	173,296 \$	173,297 \$	174,175 \$	878

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Debt Service Funds: (Continued) General Debt Service Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services:					
Charges for services	\$	- \$	- \$	9,910 \$	9,910
Total charges for services	\$	- \$	- \$	9,910 \$	9,910
Total revenue from local sources	\$	\$	- \$	9,910 \$	9,910
Total General Debt Service Fund	\$	- \$	- \$	9,910 \$	9,910
Capital Projects Fund: General Government Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous:					
Gifts and donations	\$	- \$	45,000 \$	10,000 \$	(35,000)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	\$_	45,000 \$	10,000 \$	(35,000)
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Other categorical aid	\$	- \$	102,956 \$	59,731 \$	(43,225)
•	_			•	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	\$_	102,956 \$	59,731 \$	(43,225)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Other categorical aid	\$_	145,067 \$	490,216 \$	37,672 \$	(452,544)
Total categorical aid	\$	145,067 \$	490,216 \$	37,672 \$	(452,544)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	145,067 \$	490,216 \$	37,672 \$	(452,544)
Total General Government Capital Projects Fund	\$	145,067 \$	638,172 \$	107,403 \$	(530,769)
Parks Construction Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money	\$	- \$	- \$	175 \$	175
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$		- \$		
	Ψ_	Ψ	Ψ		173
Miscellaneous: Gifts and donations	\$	\$_	\$	1,572 \$	1,572
Total miscellaneous	\$	\$_	\$	1,572 \$	1,572
Total revenue from local sources	\$	\$_	\$	1,747_\$	1,747
Total Parks Construction Fund	\$	<u>-</u> \$	- \$	1,747 \$	1,747
Total Primary Government	\$	29,130,193 \$	29,789,490 \$	29,775,669 \$	(13,821)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of property	\$_	35,766 \$	35,766 \$	69,412 \$	33,646
Charges for services: Tuition Town of Berryville Crossing Facility use fees	\$	151,036 \$ 2,500 35,254	151,036 \$ 2,500 35,254	213,070 \$ 2,500 4,123	62,034 - (31,131)
Total charges for services	\$	188,790 \$	188,790 \$	219,693 \$	30,903
Miscellaneous: Other miscellaneous Private gifts and donations	\$	68,704 \$ 33,793	68,704 \$ 33,793	103,586 \$ 56,052	34,882 22,259
Total miscellaneous	\$_	102,497 \$	102,497 \$	159,638 \$	57,141
Recovered costs: Rebates and refunds Insurance recoveries Sale of equipment	\$	44,110 \$ 20,714 6,665	44,110 \$ 20,714 6,665	91,238 \$ 5,922 99	47,128 (14,792) (6,566)
Total recovered costs	\$	71,489 \$	71,489 \$	97,259 \$	25,770
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	398,542 \$	398,542 \$	546,002 \$	147,460
Intergovernmental: Revenues from local governments: Contribution from County of Clarke, Virginia	\$	11,764,040 \$	11,764,040 \$	10,885,332 \$	(878,708)
Total revenues from local governments	\$	11,764,040 \$	11,764,040 \$	10,885,332 \$	(878,708)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:	_				
Share of state sales tax At risk payments Basic school aid Foster home children Gifted and talented children Homebound education Preschool At-Risk Special education - soq Special education - foster children Vocational education - soq Vocational edupiment Vocational - occupational Textbook payments	\$	2,268,420 \$ 23,797 4,325,293 30,494 44,973 11,687 12,000 589,326 - 66,522 4,985 7,545 90,151	2,268,420 \$ 23,797 4,325,293 30,494 44,973 11,687 12,000 589,326 - 66,522 4,985 7,545 90,151	2,300,921 \$ 24,260 4,409,828 15,321 45,736 4,705 30,000 599,332 13,750 67,651 4,092 3,394 91,682	32,501 463 84,535 (15,173) 763 (6,982) 18,000 10,006 13,750 1,129 (893) (4,151) 1,531
Remedial education		59,026	59,026	60,028	1,002

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continue School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued)	ed)				
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)					
Categorical aid: (Continued)		70/ 000	70/ 000	700 407	10.017
Share of fringe benefits		786,080	786,080	799,427	13,347
Remedial summer school		18,963 1,000	18,963 1,000	28,093 3,906	9,130 2,906
Industry certification program Mentor teacher program		2,033	2,033	1,050	(983)
SOL algebra readiness		8,112	8,112	6,458	(1,654)
Early intervention		25,197	25,197	23,622	(1,575)
Salary supplement/bonus		7,500	7,500	5,000	(2,500)
Compensation supplement		75,722	75,722	73,847	(1,875)
Teacher recruitment		1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Additional teachers assistance		10,000	10,000	2,000	(8,000)
Project graduation		27,243	27,243	6,540	(20,703)
ISAEP		7,859	7,859	7,859	-
English as a second language		16,316	16,316	16,622	306
Security officer		17,122	17,122	-	(17,122)
Regional tuition		109,298	109,298	145,992	36,694
Other categorical aid	_	1,257	1,257	1,439	182
Total categorical aid	\$_	8,648,921 \$	8,648,921 \$	8,792,555 \$	143,634
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	8,648,921 \$	8,648,921 \$	8,792,555 \$	143,634
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:					
Title I part A: Grants to local educational agencies	\$	176,920 \$	176,920 \$	163,047 \$, , ,
Title II part A: Improving teacher quality		55,133	55,133	56,988	1,855
Title III, Part A: English language acquisition grants		1,651	1,651	(1,654)	(3,305)
Medicaid Advanced placement		4,862	4,862	964 768	(3,898) 768
Vocational education basic grants to states		21,876	21,876	20,558	(1,318)
Title VI-B: Special education grants to states		453,201	453,201	351,319	(101,882)
Special education preschool handicapped grant		12,564	12,564	11,259	(1,305)
Total categorical aid	\$	726,207 \$	726,207 \$	603,249 \$	
3	\$ \$:-		
Total Cabael Capacities Fund	_	726,207 \$	726,207 \$	603,249 \$	
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	21,537,710 \$	21,537,710 \$	20,827,138 \$	(710,572)
Special Revenue Fund: School Food Service Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	80 \$	80 \$	142 \$	62
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	80 \$	80 \$	142 \$	62
Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$	480,220 \$	481,185 \$	480,212 \$	
Total charges for services	\$_	480,220 \$	481,185 \$	480,212 \$	(973)
Recovered costs: Expenditure refunds and rebates		21,000	21,000	45,564	24,564
Total recovered costs	_	21,000	21,000	45,564	24,564
	-		-		
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	501,300 \$	502,265 \$	525,918 \$	23,653

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Final B Pos	ce with Budget - itive ative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Special Revenue Fund: (Continued) School Food Service Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$_	8,000	-\$_	8,000	.\$_	7,542		(458)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: School food program grant Total categorical aid	\$_	274,980 274,980	\$_	274,980 274,980	\$_	300,878		25,898 25,898
Total revenue from the federal government		274,980		274,980		300,878		25,898
Total School Food Service Fund	\$	784,280	\$	785,245	\$	834,338		49,093
Capital Projects Funds: School Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous: Donations Total miscellaneous	\$_	-	\$	39,585 39,585	\$	13,996 13,996		(25,589) (25,589)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	_	\$	39,585	\$	13,996		(25,589)
Intergovernmental: Revenues from local governments: Contribution from County of Clarke, Virginia	\$_ \$_		_\$_	3,109,486	- · -	1,126,440		983,046)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Technology grant	\$_	154,000	\$_	328,725	\$	54,598	((274,127)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	154,000	\$	328,725	\$	54,598	((274,127)
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$	154,000	\$	3,477,796	\$	1,195,034	(2,	282,762)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	* <u>=</u>	22,475,990	\$	25,800,751	\$	22,856,510 \$	(2,	944,241)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:						
General government administration:						
Legislative:						
Board of supervisors	\$	58,964	\$_	59,616	56,713	\$ 2,903
General and financial administration:						
County administrator	\$	300,415	\$	302,738	302,700	\$ 38
Independent auditor		34,500		34,500	32,400	2,100
Legal services		70,000		70,000	28,576	41,424
Commissioner of revenue		203,717		206,540	205,187	1,353
Assessor		3,500		3,600	3,500	100
Data processing		287,244		289,993	274,583	15,410
Finance and purchasing		536,453		536,453	541,845	(5,392)
Treasurer		268,891		270,515	273,220	(2,705)
Total general and financial administration	\$_	1,704,720	\$_	1,714,339	1,662,011	\$ 52,328
Board of elections:						
Registrar	\$	72,797	\$	73,937	72,837	\$ 1,100
Electoral board and officials	_	43,308		43,314	31,337	11,977
Total board of elections	\$	116,105	\$_	117,251	104,174	\$ 13,077
Total general government administration	\$	1,879,789	\$_	1,891,206	1,822,898	\$ 68,308
Judicial administration:						
Courts:						
Circuit court	\$	12,680	\$	13,585	13,585	\$ -
General district court		3,700		6,549	6,548	1
Magistrate		400		400	97	303
Juvenile and domestic relations court		2,990		4,568	4,568	-
Clerk of the circuit court		248,563		259,160	250,722	8,438
Victim Witness Program		41,976		48,005	44,835	3,170
Regional court services		4,494		4,494	4,494	-
Blue Ridge legal services	_	1,500		1,500	1,500	-
Total courts	\$	316,303	\$_	338,261	326,349	\$ 11,912
Commonwealth's attorney:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	309,990	\$_	324,023	302,921	\$ 21,102
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	309,990	\$_	324,023	302,921	\$ 21,102
Total judicial administration	\$	626,293	\$	662,284	629,270	\$ 33,014

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	1,481,979	\$	1,516,469	\$	1,510,814	\$	5,655
Criminal justice training		18,582		19,068		19,067		1
Drug task force	_	12,500		12,014		11,557	_	457
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$_	1,513,061	\$_	1,547,551	\$	1,541,438	\$	6,113
Fire and rescue services:								
Emergency medical services	\$	621,643	\$	695,505	\$	695,504	\$	1
Communications		696,007		709,535		670,192		39,343
Fire and rescue departments		248,585		250,414		250,413		1
Lord Fairfax Emergency Medical Services		5,422		5,422		5,422		-
Forestry services	_	2,712		2,712	_	2,712	_	
Total fire and rescue services	\$_	1,574,369	_\$_	1,663,588	\$	1,624,243	\$	39,345
Correction and detention:								
Regional jail	\$	515,422	\$	520,768	\$	520,768	\$	-
Juvenile detention home		31,008		31,008		30,560		448
Probation office	_	800		800		70	_	730
Total correction and detention	\$	547,230	\$_	552,576	\$	551,398	\$	1,178
Inspections:								
Building	\$	144,092	\$_	145,878	\$_	134,503	\$	11,375
Total inspections	\$	144,092	_\$_	145,878	\$_	134,503	\$	11,375
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	128,744	\$	110,616	\$	101,856	\$	8,760
Medical examiner	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	100	Ψ	900
modisal oxaminor	_	1,000		1,000		100		,,,,
Total other protection	\$_	129,744	\$_	111,616	\$	101,956	\$	9,660
Total public safety	\$	3,908,496	\$_	4,021,209	\$	3,953,538	\$	67,671
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	100,000	\$	135,559	\$	135,558	\$	1
Sanitation	*	162,377	*	162,828	*	162,827	,	1
Litter control program	_	3,000		3,271	_	3,270	_	1
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	265,377	\$	301,658	\$	301,655	\$	3
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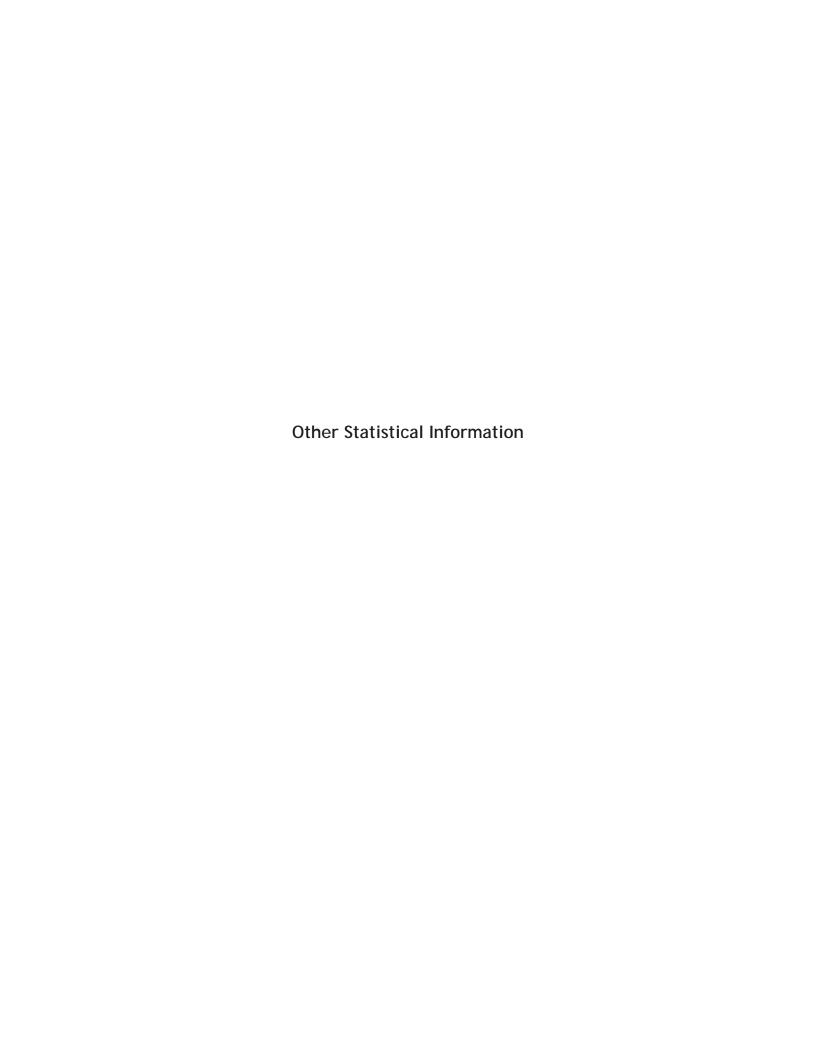
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Public Works: (continued) Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties	\$	824,209	\$	824,209	\$	785,712	\$	38,497
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	824,209		824,209	-	785,712	\$	38,497
Total public works	\$	1,089,586		1,125,867	_	1,087,367	_	38,500
Health and welfare: Health: Supplement of local health department Our Health	\$	218,594 5,000	_	218,594 5,000	\$	218,594 5,000		
Total health	\$	223,594	 \$	223,594	¢	223,594		
Mental health and mental retardation: Northwestern Community Services Concern Hotline Northern Shen. Valley Substance Abuse Coalition NW Works	\$	88,000 750 - 1,000	_	88,000 750 15,000 1,000	_	88,000 750 15,000 1,000	_	- - - -
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$_	89,750	\$_	104,750	\$_	104,750	\$	
Welfare: Shenandoah area on aging Virginia Regional Transit FISH human services Abused women's shelter Tax relief for the elderly Independent living center	\$	40,000 19,302 1,000 2,000 - 750	\$	40,000 19,302 1,000 2,000 - 750	\$	40,000 19,302 1,000 2,000 219,993 750	\$	- - - - (219,993)
Total welfare	\$	63,052	\$_	63,052	\$	283,045	\$	(219,993)
Total health and welfare	\$_	376,396	\$_	391,396	\$_	611,389	\$	(219,993)
Education: Other instructional costs: Contribution to Clarke County Public Schools Lord Fairfax Community College	\$	14,873,526 15,580	\$	14,873,526 15,580	\$	12,011,771 15,580	\$	2,861,755
Total education	\$	14,889,106	\$	14,889,106	\$	12,027,351	\$	2,861,755
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Supervision of parks and recreation Recreation center Swimming pool Concession stand Programs	\$	391,613 102,423 87,154 14,841 254,084	\$	395,598 104,552 87,154 14,841 255,671	\$	377,304 99,307 66,656 12,454 201,798	\$	18,294 5,245 20,498 2,387 53,873
Total parks and recreation	\$_	850,115	\$_	857,816	\$_	757,519	\$	100,297

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Parks, recreation, and culture: (continued)								
Cultural enrichment:								
Barns of Rose Hill	\$	5,000	¢	5,000	¢	5,000	¢	
Virginia commission for the arts	Ψ <u></u>	10,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	
Total cultural enrichment	\$	15,000	_\$_	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	
Library:								
Contribution to Handley library	\$	190,000	_\$	190,000	\$	190,000	\$	
Total library	\$	190,000	\$_	190,000	\$	190,000	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	1,055,115	\$	1,062,816	\$	962,519	\$	100,297
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning administration	\$	380,073	\$	384,129	\$	384,129	\$	_
Help with housing	Ψ	5,400	Ψ	5,400	Ψ	5,400	Ψ	_
Board of zoning appeals		3,470		3,470		3,321		149
Office of Economic Development		109,544		92,261		47,928		44,333
Berryville Development Authority		4,100		4,100		1,676		2,424
Small business development center		1,500		1,500		1,500		-, 12 1
Blandy Experimental Farm		3,000		3,000		3,000		_
Planning commission		22,250		22,306		8,041		14,265
Board of septic appeals		720		2,035		2,034		1
Historic preservation		8,000		8,000		7,861		139
Northern Shenandoah Valley Regional Commission		7,329		7,329		7,329		-
Regional airport	_	2,500		2,500		2,500		
Total planning and community development	\$	547,886	\$_	536,030	\$	474,719	\$	61,311
Environmental management:								
Friends of the Shenandoah	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	-
Water quality monitoring		30,000		30,000		30,000		-
Lord Fairfax Soil and Water Conservation		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Biosolids Application	_	14,459		14,506		4,860		9,646
Total environmental management	\$	52,459	\$	52,506	\$	42,860	\$	9,646
Cooperative extension program:								
Cooperative extension service	\$	40,736	\$	41,736	\$	41,633	\$	103
Northern Virginia 4-H Center	_	2,300		2,300		2,300		
Total cooperative extension program	\$	43,036	\$	44,036	\$	43,933	\$	103
Total community development	\$	643,381	\$_	632,572	\$	561,512	\$	71,060

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	\$	_	\$	_	\$	250	\$	(250)
Unemployment compensation	Ψ	17,000	Ψ	17,000	Ψ	12,706	Ψ	4,294
Legal/professional services contingency	_	182,000	_	2,903		<u> </u>		2,903
Total nondepartmental	\$_	199,000	\$	19,903	\$_	12,956	\$	6,947
Total General Fund	\$_	24,667,162	\$	24,696,359	\$_	21,668,800	\$	3,027,559
Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Health and welfare: Welfare and social services:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$_	1,445,745	\$	1,458,685	\$_	1,459,270	\$	(585)
Total health and welfare	\$_	1,445,745	\$	1,458,685	\$_	1,459,270	\$	(585)
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$	1,445,745	\$	1,458,685	\$	1,459,270	\$	(585)
Comprehensive Services Act Fund: Health and welfare: Welfare and social services:								
Program expenditures	\$	972,948	\$	972,948	\$	591,785	\$	381,163
Total health and welfare	\$_	972,948	\$	972,948	\$_	591,785	\$	381,163
Total CSA Fund	\$	972,948	\$	972,948	\$_	591,785	\$	381,163
Drug Enforcement Fund: Public Safety: Public Safety								
Operations	\$		\$		\$	120,395	\$	(120,395)
Total public safety	\$_		\$	_	\$_	120,395	\$	(120,395)
Total Drug Enforcement Fund	\$_		\$	-	\$_	120,395	\$	(120,395)
Conservation Easement Fund: Community development: Development rights								
Development rights	\$_	30,000	\$	288,362	\$_	288,361	\$	1
Total Conservation Easement Fund	\$_	30,000	\$	288,362	\$	288,361	\$	1

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Debt Service Fund: School Debt Service Fund:								
Debt service:		0.047.405		0 474 770	_	0 474 770		
Principal retirement	\$	2,847,195	\$	2,474,772	\$	2,474,772	\$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	999,750		1,372,174		1,372,174		
Total School Debt Service Fund	\$_	3,846,945	\$_	3,846,946	\$	3,846,946	\$_	-
Primary Government Debt Service Fund:								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	273,801	\$	172,039	\$	172,039	\$	_
Interest and other fiscal charges	*	71,899	*	173,661	*	173,661	*	_
interest and other rised charges	_							
Total Primary Government Debt Service	\$	345,700	* =	345,700	\$_	345,700	\$_	-
Capital Projects Fund: General Government Capital Projects Fund: Capital projects expenditures:								
Communications equipment	\$	72,000	\$	232,968	\$	112,615	\$	120,353
Sheriff's renovations		-		31,833		10,663		21,170
Vehicles		30,000		52,569		51,086		1,483
Baseball field lighting		-		20,335		20,335		-
Office renovations		-		22,420		2,107		20,313
Technology and equipment improvements		153,000		129,308		54,208		75,100
Sheriff vehicles		91,000		92,678		91,185		1,493
Spout run improvements		-		343,279		37,672		305,607
Greenway court preservation		-		103,900		50,673		53,227
Tourism signs		-		20,000		-		20,000
Fire/EMS chase vehicle		65,000		65,000		-		65,000
Fire/EMS personal protective equipment		89,530		89,530		-		89,530
Sitework		-		56,489		35,520		20,969
HVAC		-		18,773		8,473		10,300
Roofing		-		136,633		-		136,633
Systems integration		-		288,524		120,178		168,346
Sheriff equipment		-		1,330		-		1,330
Economic development		-		116,434		14,000		102,434
Reassessment		-		27,470		22,385		5,085
Parks - Shelter		-		90,800		-		90,800
Swimming pool		119,900		119,900		-		119,900
Painting and flooring		-		27,462		6,675		20,787
Paving		22,500		72,500		-		72,500
Voting equipment		48,000		110,000		109,258		742
Landscaping		-		15,375		-		15,375
Buildings		-		72,973				72,973
Fencing - ballfield and pool		10,000		34,456		3,420		31,036
Citizens convenience center	_	35,000		35,000		5,259		29,741
Total General Government Capital Projects Fund	\$_	735,930	* =	2,427,939	\$	755,712	* =	1,672,227
Total Primary Government	\$	32,044,430	\$_	34,036,939	\$	29,076,969	\$	4,959,970

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board								
School Operating Fund:								
Education:								
Instruction	\$	16,500,103	\$	16,532,092	\$	16,143,703	\$	388,389
Administration, attendance and health		1,537,049		1,554,732		1,552,295		2,437
Pupil transportation services		1,181,469		1,100,561		993,379		107,182
Operation and maintenance services	_	2,284,089		2,315,325	_	2,137,761	_	177,564
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	21,502,710	\$_	21,502,710	\$_	20,827,138	\$	675,572
Special Revenue Fund:								
School Food Service Fund:								
Education:								
School food services:								
Administration of school food program	\$_	820,245	\$_	820,245	\$_	808,455	\$_	11,790
Total School Food Service Fund	\$	820,245	\$_	820,245	\$_	808,455	\$	11,790
Capital Projects Fund:								
School Capital Projects Fund:								
Capital projects expenditures:								
Band equipment	\$	17,000	\$	52,000	\$	44,927	\$	7,073
Athletic equipment and uniforms		_		10,410		4,044		6,366
Furniture replacement		20,000		75,732		29,354		46,378
Radon testing/remediation		-		103,604		85,879		17,725
Bus purchases		140,000		164,590		152,790		11,800
School vehicles		13,000		58,993		53,602		5,391
School security system		-		985		985		-
Instructional supplies		-		376		-		376
Fencing		115,000		148,675		148,645		30
School food - service equipment		-		31,167		17,925		13,242
Cooley Upper landscape		-		3,238		975		2,263
HVAC		18,000		514,471		165,845		348,626
Strategic space planning		-		6,500		6,500		
Roof replacements		-		417,200		19,698		397,502
Flooring replacements		20,000		24,536		6,245		18,291
Modular classroom removal		-		5,278		-		5,278
Security improvements		60,000		276,298		69,737		206,561
Surfacing Revise playground		10,000		70,803 15,000		11,036		59,767 15,000
Boyce playground Technology		329,000		737,406		- 271,287		466,119
Dorsch scholarship fund		327,000		39,585		13,996		25,589
Berryville Primary renovation		_		551,929		47,555		504,374
Cooley Upper renovation		85,000		331,727				-
Signs		-		9,111		671		8,440
Painting		25,000		64,867		25,170		39,697
Cooley Lower renovation		-		95,042		18,168		76,874
Total capital projects	\$	852,000	\$	3,477,796	\$	1,195,034	\$	2,282,762
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$	852,000	\$	3,477,796	\$	1,195,034	\$	2,282,762
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$_	23,174,955	- = - - - -	25,800,751	- = \$_	22,830,627	\$	2,970,124



Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General					
Fiscal	Government	Judicial	Public	Public		Health and
 Year	 Administration	 Administration	 Safety	Works	_	Welfare
2006-07	\$ 1,696,286	\$ 420,489	\$ 3,307,884	\$ 1,157,030	\$	2,565,678
2007-08	2,060,607	421,845	3,447,907	1,244,607		2,136,119
2008-09	2,002,482	436,680	3,612,168	1,155,450		2,388,506
2009-10	1,804,666	440,855	3,719,972	852,209		2,672,185
2010-11	1,905,789	406,759	3,205,467	900,060		2,447,164
2011-12	1,943,393	424,222	3,466,939	970,017		2,501,215
2012-13	2,039,336	566,006	3,462,973	1,001,606		2,101,344
2013-14	2,085,415	595,926	3,515,863	883,176		2,258,462
2014-15	2,228,785	598,469	4,414,115	863,529		2,418,330
2015-16	2,236,563	602,451	4,094,648	943,504		2,646,112

_	Education	•	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	 Community Development	-	Interest on Long- Term Debt	. <u>-</u>	Sanitary Authority	 IDA	. <u>-</u>	Total
\$	21,446,988	\$	898,356	\$ 1,267,673	\$	1,289,965	\$	556,260	\$ 12,371	\$	34,618,980
	22,132,397		961,293	1,096,427		1,761,950		633,795	18,030		35,914,977
	21,529,346		995,410	924,413		1,413,426		613,951	6,236		35,078,068
	21,883,310		980,707	2,475,922		1,679,649		639,747	10,032		37,159,254
	20,984,893		969,405	991,056		1,832,949		832,459	10,501		34,486,502
	21,767,329		1,001,174	708,196		2,061,986		867,469	9,081		35,721,021
	22,974,665		1,018,007	1,098,325		1,777,739		946,254	419,373		37,405,628
	23,785,661		999,980	1,656,333		1,671,404		895,992	8,714		38,356,926
	23,617,577		1,048,103	980,692		1,559,976		958,018	10,235		38,697,829
	23,362,861		1,046,407	866,154		1,453,276		928,141	10,090		38,190,208

Fiscal Year		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
2006-07	\$	2,235,396 \$	11,865,571 \$	1,137,027
2007-08		2,326,605	11,941,509	1,162,277
2008-09		2,045,018	12,366,784	574,420
2009-10		2,217,128	11,769,147	3,374,914
2010-11		2,616,152	11,706,825	406,085
2011-12		2,422,452	11,747,408	439,405
2012-13		2,346,633	12,006,615	810,499
2013-14		2,312,708	12,076,289	1,297,384
2014-15		2,461,210	12,840,732	1,006,920
2015-16		2,852,037	12,760,998	405,142

⁽¹⁾ Includes discretely presented component units.

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2010, communications tax reporting was moved from Other Local Taxes to Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

_		G	ENERAL REVENUES	S			
_	General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes (2)	Unrestricted revenues from money or property	Miscella- neous	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Asset	Total
\$	15,104,767 \$	2,457,607 \$	1,265,352 \$	480,258 \$	2,728,288 \$	- \$	37,274,266
	16,045,705	2,350,951	1,757,156	448,435	2,957,252	-	38,989,890
	16,834,336	2,222,936	744,769	440,076	2,976,959	-	38,205,298
	17,174,992	1,682,254	403,628	295,794	3,106,207	(42,433)	39,981,631
	17,655,465	1,653,965	312,727	272,123	2,995,371	-	37,618,713
	17,478,712	1,814,930	181,632	783,751	3,043,021	-	37,911,311
	18,046,810	1,855,520	168,355	324,211	2,982,591	3,336	38,544,570
	18,649,133	1,849,613	140,606	452,072	3,004,576	-	39,782,381
	19,310,001	1,777,225	134,424	318,395	3,034,774	-	40,883,681
	19,814,919	1,921,422	159,519	530,887	3,018,096	-	41,463,020
	17,174,992 17,655,465 17,478,712 18,046,810 18,649,133 19,310,001	1,682,254 1,653,965 1,814,930 1,855,520 1,849,613 1,777,225	403,628 312,727 181,632 168,355 140,606 134,424	295,794 272,123 783,751 324,211 452,072 318,395	3,106,207 2,995,371 3,043,021 2,982,591 3,004,576 3,034,774	(42,433) - - - 3,336 - -	39,981, 37,618, 37,911, 38,544, 39,782, 40,883,

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General										
	Government	Jud	licial		Public		Public		Health and		
_	Administration	Admini	istration		Safety		Works		Welfare		Education (2)
\$	1,148,248	\$ 4	119,882	\$	3,101,165	\$	1,145,874	\$	2,581,195	\$	19,688,323
	1,277,128	4	118,960		3,288,061		1,125,273		2,155,592		20,273,221
	1,250,373	4	133,671		3,363,061		989,119		2,372,269		20,593,066
	1,269,798	4	135,732		3,287,873		796,207		2,616,419		19,745,229
	1,758,864	4	106,846		3,300,190		866,886		2,558,292		19,753,538
	1,705,944	4	122,609		3,291,332		971,266		2,480,546		19,362,230
	1,723,450	Ę	566,436		3,512,071		949,685		2,115,119		21,498,917
	1,742,173	Ę	595,936		3,536,630		898,325		2,251,459		20,891,004
	1,772,923	6	518,450		4,115,259		1,003,202		2,438,840		21,320,100
	1,822,898	6	529,270		4,073,933		1,087,367		2,662,444		21,651,173
	- \$	\$ 1,148,248 1,277,128 1,250,373 1,269,798 1,758,864 1,705,944 1,723,450 1,742,173 1,772,923	Government Administration Administration Administration Administration	Government AdministrationJudicial Administration\$ 1,148,248\$ 419,8821,277,128418,9601,250,373433,6711,269,798435,7321,758,864406,8461,705,944422,6091,723,450566,4361,742,173595,9361,772,923618,450	Government Administration Judicial Administration \$ 1,148,248 \$ 419,882 \$ 1,277,128 418,960 1,250,373 433,671 1,269,798 435,732 1,758,864 406,846 1,705,944 422,609 1,723,450 566,436 1,742,173 595,936 1,772,923 618,450	Government Administration Judicial Administration Public Safety \$ 1,148,248 \$ 419,882 \$ 3,101,165 1,277,128 418,960 3,288,061 1,250,373 433,671 3,363,061 1,269,798 435,732 3,287,873 1,758,864 406,846 3,300,190 1,705,944 422,609 3,291,332 1,723,450 566,436 3,512,071 1,742,173 595,936 3,536,630 1,772,923 618,450 4,115,259	Government Administration Judicial Administration Public Safety \$ 1,148,248 \$ 419,882 \$ 3,101,165 \$ 1,277,128 \$ 418,960 \$ 3,288,061 \$ 3,288,061 \$ 3,288,061 \$ 3,287,873 \$ 3,363,061 \$ 3,287,873 \$ 3,287,873 \$ 3,287,873 \$ 3,287,873 \$ 3,287,873 \$ 3,291,332 \$ 3,291,332 \$ 3,291,332 \$ 3,536,630 \$ 3,536,630 \$ 3,536,630 \$ 3,772,923 \$ 618,450 \$ 4,115,259 \$ 4,115,259 \$ 4,115,259 \$ 3,287,873 \$ 3,287,87	Government Administration Judicial Administration Public Safety Public Works \$ 1,148,248 \$ 419,882 \$ 3,101,165 \$ 1,145,874 1,277,128 418,960 3,288,061 1,125,273 1,250,373 433,671 3,363,061 989,119 1,269,798 435,732 3,287,873 796,207 1,758,864 406,846 3,300,190 866,886 1,705,944 422,609 3,291,332 971,266 1,723,450 566,436 3,512,071 949,685 1,742,173 595,936 3,536,630 898,325 1,772,923 618,450 4,115,259 1,003,202	Government Administration Judicial Administration Public Safety Public Works \$ 1,148,248 \$ 419,882 \$ 3,101,165 \$ 1,145,874 \$ 1,277,128 \$ 418,960 3,288,061 1,125,273 \$ 1,250,373 \$ 433,671 3,363,061 989,119 \$ 1,269,798 \$ 435,732 3,287,873 796,207 \$ 1,758,864 \$ 406,846 3,300,190 \$ 866,886 \$ 1,705,944 \$ 422,609 3,291,332 971,266 \$ 1,742,173 \$ 595,936 3,536,630 898,325 \$ 1,772,923 \$ 618,450 \$ 4,115,259 1,003,202	Government AdministrationJudicial AdministrationPublic SafetyPublic WorksHealth and Welfare\$ 1,148,248\$ 419,882\$ 3,101,165\$ 1,145,874\$ 2,581,1951,277,128418,9603,288,0611,125,2732,155,5921,250,373433,6713,363,061989,1192,372,2691,269,798435,7323,287,873796,2072,616,4191,758,864406,8463,300,190866,8862,558,2921,705,944422,6093,291,332971,2662,480,5461,723,450566,4363,512,071949,6852,115,1191,742,173595,9363,536,630898,3252,251,4591,772,923618,4504,115,2591,003,2022,438,840	Government AdministrationJudicial AdministrationPublic SafetyPublic WorksHealth and Welfare\$ 1,148,248\$ 419,882\$ 3,101,165\$ 1,145,874\$ 2,581,195\$ 1,277,128\$ 1,277,128\$ 418,960\$ 3,288,061\$ 1,125,273\$ 2,155,592\$ 1,250,373\$ 433,671\$ 3,363,061\$ 989,119\$ 2,372,269\$ 1,269,798\$ 435,732\$ 3,287,873\$ 796,207\$ 2,616,419\$ 1,758,864\$ 406,846\$ 3,300,190\$ 866,886\$ 2,558,292\$ 1,705,944\$ 422,609\$ 3,291,332\$ 971,266\$ 2,480,546\$ 1,723,450\$ 566,436\$ 3,512,071\$ 949,685\$ 2,115,119\$ 1,742,173\$ 595,936\$ 3,536,630\$ 898,325\$ 2,251,459\$ 1,772,923\$ 618,450\$ 4,115,259\$ 1,003,202\$ 2,438,840

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

⁽²⁾ Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	-	Community Development	_	Non- departmental	 Debt Service	 Capital Projects	 Total
\$ 828,018	\$	1,244,788	\$	429,871	\$ 1,460,101	\$ 4,595,984	\$ 36,643,449
886,456		1,068,892		486,779	4,011,771	5,360,875	40,353,008
902,369		891,594		528,021	3,766,858	6,505,229	41,595,630
887,006		2,517,665		506,161	3,850,058	3,141,660	39,053,808
900,137		814,400		3,531	4,087,218	16,577,174	51,027,076
920,144		721,318		1,242	4,497,146	14,668,743	49,042,520
948,452		1,081,175		11,430	4,420,922	3,381,480	40,209,137
929,900		1,648,207		(336)	4,286,713	7,654,661	44,434,672
952,685		984,087		18,980	4,379,113	3,055,653	40,659,292
962,519		849,873		12,956	4,192,646	1,950,746	39,895,825

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Property Taxes	 Other Local Taxes (3)	 Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	 Fines and Forfeitures	 Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	Charges for Services
2006-07	\$ 15,027,301	\$ 2,457,607	\$ 409,494	\$ 306,494	\$ 1,562,945	\$ 1,183,139
2007-08	16,150,133	2,350,951	432,043	238,256	1,749,052	1,316,037
2008-09	16,206,520	2,222,936	295,830	265,963	747,635	1,112,975
2009-10	17,169,972	1,682,254	231,078	224,547	367,505	1,203,527
2010-11	17,351,499	1,653,965	326,865	381,509	293,560	1,467,079
2011-12	17,569,637	1,814,930	236,880	362,725	165,093	1,338,568
2012-13	17,940,641	1,855,520	238,733	347,687	161,139	1,277,309
2013-14	18,466,352	1,849,613	286,818	237,835	135,704	1,280,108
2014-15	19,407,675	1,777,225	266,539	303,637	130,204	1,359,581
2015-16	19,734,792	1,921,422	280,881	304,861	157,216	1,677,127

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

⁽²⁾ Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

⁽³⁾ In fiscal year 2010, communications tax reporting was moved from Other Local Taxes to Intergovernmental Revenue.

		Recovered	ecovered Inter-					Proceeds			
	Miscellaneous	_	Costs		governmental (2)	_	Subtotal	_	From Debt	_	Total
¢	F/O 111	ф	20/ 24/	ф	15 210 /0/ ¢		27 112 122	¢	20 511 710	φ	// /24 022
\$	569,111	Ф	286,346	Þ	15,310,686 \$)	37,113,123	Ф	29,511,710	\$	66,624,833
	315,074		114,879		15,274,338		37,940,763		2,805,396		40,746,159
	153,293		486,361		15,087,521		36,579,034		1,371,046		37,950,080
	175,218		252,483		16,313,208		37,619,792		9,900,172		47,519,964
	141,845		315,412		14,907,445		36,839,179		567,178		37,406,357
	648,323		263,772		15,004,334		37,404,262		307,792		37,712,054
	194,021		351,897		15,978,905		38,165,852		-		38,165,852
	334,942		258,406		16,348,249		39,198,027		-		39,198,027
	182,402		159,612		16,822,126		40,409,001		-		40,409,001
	382,181		307,618		15,854,309		40,620,407		-		40,620,407

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1), (2)	Current Tax Collections (1), (4)	Percent	Delinquent Tax Collections (1), (3)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2006-07 \$	16,926,279 \$	17,029,772	100.61% \$	216,803	\$ 17,246,575	101.89% \$	1,416,900	8.37%
2007-08	18,057,673	17,846,889	98.83%	388,062	18,234,951	100.98%	1,206,020	6.68%
2008-09	18,811,655	18,342,029	97.50%	184,729	18,526,758	98.49%	1,806,318	9.60%
2009-10	19,462,691	19,093,650	98.10%	277,314	19,370,964	99.53%	1,834,072	9.42%
2010-11	19,716,647	19,437,175	98.58%	144,661	19,581,836	99.32%	1,939,623	9.84%
2011-12	19,776,620	19,650,841	99.36%	140,961	19,791,802	100.08%	2,008,440	10.16%
2012-13	19,976,661	20,033,782	100.29%	94,917	20,128,699	100.76%	1,991,275	9.97%
2013-14	20,499,518	20,661,349	100.79%	45,265	20,706,614	101.01%	2,261,984	11.03%
2014-15	20,980,117	21,454,716	102.26%	74,554	21,529,270	102.62%	2,096,823	9.99%
2015-16	21,383,904	21,672,649	101.35%	19,419	21,692,068	101.44%	2,095,157	9.80%

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

^{(2) 1999-00} was the first year for personal property tax relief by the Commonwealth of Virginia.

⁽³⁾ Delinquent tax collections are exclusive of land redemptions.

⁽⁴⁾ In calendar year 2006 PPTRA was established as a fixed amount by the Commonwealth. Payments will be received on specified dates, not necessarily corresponding with tax collections.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal Property		Machinery		Public Ut	ilit	y (2)	
Fiscal	Real	and Mobile		and	_	Real		Personal	
Year	Estate (1)	Homes	_	Tools	_	Estate	_	Property	Total
2006-07 \$	2,379,976,523	\$ 134,031,694	\$	23,092,118	\$	44,713,209	\$	- \$	2,581,813,544
2007-08	2,441,782,816	147,619,698		23,665,552		46,902,741		-	2,659,970,807
2008-09	2,486,836,400	116,384,130		21,681,568		51,387,105		-	2,676,289,203
2009-10	2,226,939,452	121,592,042		19,086,630		54,229,648		-	2,421,847,772
2010-11	2,189,128,079	125,806,164		17,424,033		56,051,400		-	2,388,409,676
2011-12	2,190,224,504	128,161,170		16,579,941		62,777,134		-	2,397,742,749
2012-13	2,195,199,863	133,156,000		15,478,677		63,758,974		-	2,407,593,514
2013-14	2,202,442,172	137,517,528		14,729,940		64,243,208		-	2,418,932,848
2014-15	2,209,918,924	140,683,592		14,079,731		64,514,825		-	2,429,197,072
2015-16	2,125,953,962	146,341,321		15,926,677		67,026,398		-	2,355,248,358

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

						Machinery		Public	Utility
Fiscal	(2)	Mobile	Personal		Rescue	and	_	Real	Personal
Year	 Real Estate	Homes	Property	_	Vehicles	Tools	_	Estate (2)	Property
2006-07	\$.45/.48 \$.45/.48 \$	4.00	\$	2.00	\$ 1.25	\$.45/.48 \$	4.00
2007-08	.48/.50	.48/.50	4.00		2.00	1.25		.48/.50	4.00
2008-09	.50/.53	.50/.53	4.00/4.81		2/2.41	1.25		.50/.53	4.00
2009-10	.53/.62	.53/.62	4.81/4.83		2.41/2.41	1.25		0.53	4.00
2010-11	.62/.62	.62/.62	4.83/4.69		2.41/2.35	1.25		0.62	4.00
2011-12	.62/.63	.62/.63	4.69/4.496		2.35/2.248	1.25		0.62	n/a
2012-13	.63/.63	.63/.63	4.496/4.496		2.248/2.248	1.25		0.63	n/a
2013-14	.63/.655	.63/.655	4.496/4.496		2.248/2.248	1.25		0.63	n/a
2014-15	.655/.655	.655/.655	4.496/4.496		2.248/2.248	1.25		0.655	n/a
2015-16	.655/.72	.655/.72	4.496/4.496		2.248/2.248	1.25		0.655	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ The County collects property taxes based on installments. Calendar year 2006 was a reassessment year for real property. The tax neutral rate for calendar year 2006 was computed to be \$.42/100. The rate for the first half of fiscal year 2006 was \$.81/100 (calendar year 2005); for the second half of fiscal year 2006, the rate was \$.45/100 (calendar year 2006) an effective tax increase of 7%.

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)	. <u>-</u>	Gross & Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2006-07	14,565	\$ 2,581,814	\$	36,773,330	1.42% \$	2,525
2007-08	14,565	2,659,971		37,154,725	1.40%	2,551
2008-09	14,565	2,676,289		36,767,291	1.37%	2,524
2009-10	14,565	2,421,848		44,596,490	1.84%	3,062
2010-11	14,458	2,388,410		43,187,940	1.81%	2,987
2011-12	14,458	2,397,743		36,753,000	1.53%	2,542
2012-13	14,458	2,407,594		34,490,500	1.43%	2,386
2013-14	14,348	2,418,933		32,208,000	1.33%	2,245
2014-15	14,423	2,429,197		29,814,000	1.23%	2,067
2015-16	14,423	2,355,248		27,400,000	1.16%	1,900

⁽¹⁾ http://quickfacts.census.gov/

⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, compensated absences, and VRS obligations.

COUNTY OF CLARKE, VIRGINIA Table 9

General Government Capital Projects Carryover Budget Allocations

	-	FY 15 Carryover	· -	FY 16 Original Budget	Pi	-Y16 roject ansfers	FY16 Supplemental Budget	_	Final Budget
Expenditures:									
Sheriff's Equipment (fingerprinting, etc.)	\$	1,330	\$	-	\$	- (-	\$	1,330
HVAC		18,773		-		-	-		18,773
Emergency Medical Dispatch-Total Response System		11,321		-		-	-		11,321
Pool Repair		-		119,900		-	-		119,900
Auto Replacement		22,569		30,000		-	-		52,569
Reassessment		27,470		-		-	-		27,470
Tourism signs		-		-		-	20,000		20,000
Sheriff's Vehicles		1,678		91,000		-	-		92,678
Sheriff's Mobile Radios/Repeaters		68,000		72,000		81,647	-		221,647
Fencing - Ballfield and Pool		24,456		10,000		-	-		34,456
Voting Equipment		62,000		48,000		-	-		110,000
Technology improvements		35,308		153,000		(59,000)	-		129,308
Old Park Office Modifications		88,220		-		(65,800)	-		22,420
Park lighting		-		-		20,335	-		20,335
New park shelter		-		-		65,800	25,000		90,800
Painting and flooring		15,962		-		11,500	-		27,462
Asphalt/Sidewalk		50,000		22,500		-	-		72,500
Fire/EMS protective equipment		-		89,530		-	-		89,530
Economic Development construction		116,434		-		-	-		116,434
Citizens' Convenience Center		-		35,000		-	-		35,000
Fire/EMS chase vehicle		-		65,000		-	-		65,000
Sheriff's Building Renovation		124,980		-		(93,147)	-		31,833
Roofing		136,633		-		-	-		136,633
Landscaping		15,375		-		-	-		15,375
Parks Sitework & Parking		76,824		-		(20,335)	-		56,489
General District Court Repairs		72,973		-		-	-		72,973
Systems Integration		229,524		-		59,000	-		288,524
Spout run improvement EPA		287,787		_			_		287,787
Spout run improvement NFWF		55,492		-		_	-		55,492
Greenway court preservation	-	-	_	-		_	103,900	_	103,900
Total expenditures	\$	1,543,109	\$	735,930	\$	- :	\$ 148,900	\$	2,427,939

	-	FY 15 Carryover	FY 16 Original Budget	FY16 Project Transfers	FY16 Supplemental Budget	Final Budget
Expenditures:						
School Furniture Replacement	\$	57,732 \$	20,000	\$ (2,000		\$ 75,732
Dorsch Scholarship		-	-	-	39,585	39,585
Uniform Replacements and Band Instruments		-	17,000	-	35,000	52,000
Athletic Equipment and Uniforms		10,410	-	-	-	10,410
Truck and Tractor		25,000	-	(25,000	-	-
Buses		24,590	140,000	-	-	164,590
Passenger Vehicle		5,393	13,000	25,600	15,000	58,993
Modular Classroom Removal		7,680	-	(2,402	-	5,278
Facilities - Technology		174,725	154,000	-	-	328,725
Technology		61,842	175,000	(9,027	-	227,815
Elementary Electrical Upgrades		22,269	-	(22,269	-	-
School Food		31,167	-	-	-	31,167
School Food Technology		-	-	9,027	-	9,027
School Painting		39,867	25,000	-	-	64,867
HVAC		87,802	18,000	108,669	300,000	514,471
Playground Match PTO - Boyce		15,000	-	-	-	15,000
Signage		9,111	-	-	-	9,111
School Roof Replacements		167,200	-	-	250,000	417,200
Fencing Replacements		23,675	115,000	10,000	-	148,675
Flooring		43,140	20,000	(38,604) -	24,536
Security Improvements		131,328	60,000	84,970	-	276,298
Security Grant		955	-	30	-	985
Track and Asphalt		40,803	-	(10,000) -	30,803
Paving/Sidewalk Repairs and Improvements		30,000	10,000	-	-	40,000
Cooley Upper Landscaping		3,238	-	-	-	3,238
Radon Testing and Remediation		10,000	-	93,604	-	103,604
ERP System		171,839	-	-	-	171,839
Former High Renovation		210,042	-	(115,000) -	95,042
DG Cooley Renovation		-	85,000	(85,000)	-
ADA Compliance		25,000	-	(25,000) -	-
STEM Equipment		376	-	-	-	376
Berryville Primary Renovation		48,993	-	-	502,936	551,929
Strategic Space Planning	-	4,098	-	2,402		6,500
Total expenditures	\$	1,483,275 \$	852,000	\$ -	\$ 1,142,521	\$ 3,477,796







ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Clarke Berryville, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Clarke, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Clarke, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 13, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Clarke, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Clarke, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Clarke, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management, or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Clarke, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates Charlottesville, Virginia

April 13, 2017

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Clarke Berryville, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Clarke, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Clarke, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. County of Clarke, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Clarke, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Clarke Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Clarke, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Clarke, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Clarke, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Clarke, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Clarke, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates Charlottesville, Virginia

April 13, 2017

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number			Ex	Federal openditures
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Social Services:						
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950115			\$	13,478
Temporary Assistance For Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	0400115/0400116				70,863
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500115/0500116				136
Low-income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600415/0600416				6,960
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care						
and Development Fund	93.596	0760115/0760116				15,678
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900115/0900116				526
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100115/1100116				101,165
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120115/1120116				29,790
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000115/1000116				75,258
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150115/9150116				486
Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	93.767	0540115/0540116				6,717
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200115/1200116				212,269
Total Department of Health and Human Services					\$	533,326
Department of Agriculture:						
Direct Payments:						
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Agriculture:						
Food Distribution	10.555	406230	\$	44,475		
Department of Education:	10.555	400230	Ψ	77,773		
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	406230		211,850	¢	256,325
3 , ,			-	211,030	_ Ψ	•
School Breakfast Program (SBP)	10.553	405910				44,553
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					\$	300,878
Department of Social Services:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental		0010115/0010116				
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0040115/0040116				175,086
Total Department of Agriculture					\$	475,964
					Ť—	

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	CFDA Identifying		Federal Expenditures		
Department of Justice:						
Direct payments:						
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	n/a	\$	3,283		
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	n/a		10,613		
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Criminal Justice Service:						
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	unavailable		923		
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	10WFAX0050		45,218		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	12VAGX0095		21,060		
Total Department of Justice			\$	81,097		
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles:						
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2016-54046-4630	\$	12,552		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	SC-2016-54021-5108		1,167		
Total Department of Transportation			\$	13,719		
U.S. Election Assistance Commission: Pass Through Payments:						
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	90.401	not available	\$	3,500		
Environmental Protection Agency:						
Direct Payment:						
Department of Health:						
Chesapeake Bay Program	66.466	n/a	\$	20,278		
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	n/a		17,394		
Total Environmental Protection Agency			\$	37,672		
Department of Education:						
Direct Payments:						
Department of Education:						
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	n/a	\$	964		
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Education:	04.040	0010110001//0010111001/		4/0.047		
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education Cluster:	84.010	S010A130046/S010A140046		163,047		
Special Education Cluster. Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	H027A140107/H027A150172		351,319		
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Fait b) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	H173A140112/H173A150112		11,259		
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	\$330B150008		768		
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A130046/S365A140046		(1,654)		
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States (Perkins IV)	84.048	V048A140046		20,558		
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	S367A130044/S367A140044		56,988		
Total Department of Education			\$	603,249		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	1,748,527		
Total Exponential 65 of Touchai Awards			Ψ	1,170,321		

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Clarke, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Clarke, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Clarke, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and distributed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements: Primary government: General Fund \$ 94,167 General Capital Projects Fund 37,672 Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund 696,181 Comprehensive Services Act Fund 12,231 Drug Enforcement Fund 10,613 **Debt Service Funds:** School Debt Service Fund 121,711 972,575 Total primary government Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund \$ 603.249 School Food Service Fund 300,878 Total component unit school board 904,127 Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements 1,876,702 Less amounts not reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards: Payment in lieu of taxes 6,464 Build America Bond interest rate subsidy 121,711 Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements 1,748,527 Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 1,748,527

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

No

\$750,000

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
	Special Education Cluster:	
84.027	Special Education - Grants to States	
84.173	Special Education - Preschool Grants	
93.778	Medical Assistance Program	

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section IV - Prior Year Audit Findings

None