

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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OTHER OFFICIALS

Judge of the Circuit Court
Judge of the Circuit Court
Clerk of the Circuit Court
Commonwealth's Attorney
Treasurer
Sheriff
Superintendent of Schools
Director of Social Services
Commissioner of the Revenue
County Administrator

Harry T. Taliaferro Joseph J. Ellis Gwynne Chatham Julia Sichol Elizabeth Nash C.O. Balderson Dr. Rebecca Lowry Helen Wilkins Carol B.Gawen Norm Risavi

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Westmoreland Westmoreland, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Westmoreland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2013, on our consideration of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management

about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, supporting schedules and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, supporting schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Fredericksburg, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

January 9, 2013

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Citizens of Westmoreland County County of Westmoreland, Virginia

As management of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

• On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,803,647 (net assets). For business-type activities, assets exceeded liabilities by \$20,383,354.

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other financing sources in excess of expenditures of (\$52,240) (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$7,812,960 to the School Board.

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$10,061,262 a decrease of (\$52,240) in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,558,481 or 15% of total general fund expenditures.
- Combined long-term obligations for the governmental funds decreased (\$517,659) during the current fiscal year.

The Proprietary Funds, on an accrual basis, reported an increase in net assets of \$273,052 (Exhibit 8).

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's proprietary funds reported ending net assets of \$20,383,354, an increase \$273,052.
- Combined long-term obligations in the proprietary funds decreased (\$118,823) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Overview of the Financial Statements: (Continued)

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's nets assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Westmoreland, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Westmoreland, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information present for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Westmoreland, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation between the two methods is provided following the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County's major funds are the General Fund and the County Capital Improvements Fund.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

Overview of the Financial Statements: (Continued)

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County's governmental activities, assets exceeded liabilities by \$11,803,647 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Summary	Statement	of Net Assets
---------	-----------	---------------

				Business	-Tvpe		
		Governmenta	al Activities	ties	Totals		
	_	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	11,416,231 \$ 7,920,169	11,389,269 \$ 8,119,788	2,169,410 \$ 28,793,815	1,942,486 \$ 28,955,659	13,585,641 \$ 36,713,984	13,331,755 37,075,447
Capital assets	-	7,720,107	0,117,700	20,773,013	20,733,037	30,713,704	37,073,447
Total assets	\$_	19,336,400 \$	19,509,057 \$	30,963,225 \$	30,898,145 \$	50,299,625 \$	50,407,202
Long-term liabilities	\$	6,791,915 \$	7,309,574 \$	10,483,252 \$	10,602,075 \$	17,275,167 \$	17,911,649
Current liabilities	_	740,838	732,609	96,619	185,768	837,457	918,377
Total liabilities	\$_	7,532,753 \$	8,042,183 \$	10,579,871 \$	10,787,843 \$	18,112,624 \$	18,830,026
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets	,						
net of related debt	\$	4,522,423 \$	4,358,042 \$	18,326,965 \$	18,368,417 \$	22,849,388 \$	22,726,459
Restricted		-	-	538,590	538,590	538,590	538,590
Unrestricted	_	7,281,224	7,108,832	1,517,799	1,203,295	8,799,023	8,312,127
Total net assets	\$_	11,803,647 \$	11,466,874 \$	20,383,354 \$	20,110,302 \$	32,187,001 \$	31,577,176

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's investment in capital assets net of related debt used to acquire those assets was \$4,522,423 for governmental activities. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens therefore; these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County's net assets increased by \$609,825 during the current fiscal year.

Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

<u>Governmental Activities</u> - Governmental activities and business-type activities increased the County's net assets by \$336,773 and \$273,052 respectively. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

County of Westmoreland, Virginia's Net Assets Summary Statement of Change in Net Assets

					Business	-Туре			
	Governmen	tal	l Activities		Activi	ties	Total		
_	2012		2011		2012	2011	2012	2011	
Revenues:			_						
Program revenues:									
Charges for services \$	511,444	\$	398,463 \$	Ş	1,175,338 \$	920,262 \$	1,686,782 \$	1,318,725	
Operating grants and contributions	4,009,950		4,033,130		253,868	148,135	4,263,818	4,181,265	
Capital grants and contributions	150,000		3,000		883,337	1,128,915	1,033,337	1,131,915	
General revenues:									
General property taxes	14,110,456		14,032,052		-	-	14,110,456	14,032,052	
Other local taxes	1,750,911		1,691,688		-	-	1,750,911	1,691,688	
Grants and other contributions									
not restricted	1,914,849		1,927,017		-	-	1,914,849	1,927,017	
Use of money and property	303,864		379,679		7,392	9,860	311,256	389,539	
Gain /(loss) on disposal of capital									
assets	209,852				-	-	209,852	0	
Miscellaneous	147,919		62,010	_	17,468	1,380	165,387	63,390	
Total revenues \$_	23,109,245	\$	22,527,039 \$	<u>`</u>	2,337,403 \$	2,208,552 \$	25,446,648 \$	24,735,591	
Expenses:									
General government									
administration \$	2,035,878	\$	2,047,166 \$	Ş	- \$	- \$	2,035,878 \$	2,047,166	
Judicial administration	917,536		907,476		-	-	917,536	907,476	
Public safety	4,550,670		4,186,005		-	-	4,550,670	4,186,005	
Public works	2,471,093		2,392,400		-	-	2,471,093	2,392,400	
Health and welfare	3,436,498		3,267,173		-	-	3,436,498	3,267,173	
Education	7,929,075		7,866,868		-	-	7,929,075	7,866,868	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	652,666		666,480		-	-	652,666	666,480	
Community development	537,924		557,743		-	-	537,924	557,743	
Interest on long-term debt	241,132		194,661		-	-	241,132	194,661	
Water and Sewer	-			_	2,064,351	1,641,291	2,064,351	1,641,291	
Total expenses \$_	22,772,472	\$	22,085,972 \$	<u>`</u>	2,064,351 \$	1,641,291 \$	24,836,823 \$	23,727,263	
Increase in net assets \$	336,773	\$	441,067 \$	š	273,052 \$	567,261 \$	609,825 \$	1,008,328	
Net assets, July 1, as restated	11,466,874		11,025,807		20,110,302	19,543,041	31,577,176	30,568,848	
Net assets, June 30 \$	11,803,647	\$	11,466,874 \$	Ş —	20,383,354 \$	20,110,302 \$	32,187,001 \$	31,577,176	

Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

- The increase of \$336,773 in the governmental activities net assets was largely attributable to the gain on disposal of capital assets.
- Net assets for business-type activities showed an increase of \$273,052 during fiscal year 2012. This increase is comparable with the \$567,261 increase in fiscal year 2011 and is due to increase in operating efficiencies.

For the most part, increases in expenditures closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$10,061,262 a decrease of (\$52,240) in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 35% of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, committed, and assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been constrained.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The focus of the County's proprietary funds is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Funds are accounted for in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The County's proprietary funds consist of the Water and Sewer Fund and the Montross Sewer Fund. The proprietary funds reflected a combined increase in net assets of \$273,052.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was an increase of \$2,523,848 in expenditures and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$134,385 in increases for general government administration
- \$ 62,809 in increases for judicial administration
- \$744,739 in increases for public safety
- \$202,789 in increases for public works
- \$233,942 in increases for health and welfare
- \$226,507 in increases for education
- \$640,998 in increases for capital projects
- \$277,679 in other increases

Of this increase, \$137,307 was to be funded from intergovernmental revenues. The remaining \$2,386,541 was to be budgeted from available fund balance and other revenue increases. During the year, however, expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$2,023,323 thus eliminating the need to draw upon all of the \$2,360,164 of the existing fund balance which was budgeted.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

• <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2012 amounts to \$7,920,169 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. Investment in capital assets for the County's proprietary operations amounts to \$28,793,815 as of June 30, 2012. This investment includes land, water systems, sewer systems, and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 8 of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$6,791,915 for its governmental operations. Of this amount \$5,217,692 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt for governmental operations \$1,574,223 represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). Business-type debt is comprised of \$10,270,219 bonds secured solely by water and sewer revenues, \$196,631 treatment plant upgrade and compensated absences of \$16,402.

The County's total debt outstanding decreased by \$636,482 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 11 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County is currently 6.7 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 7.4 percent a year ago. This is slightly higher than the state's average unemployment rate of 5.4 percent and compares favorably to the national average rate of 7.5 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

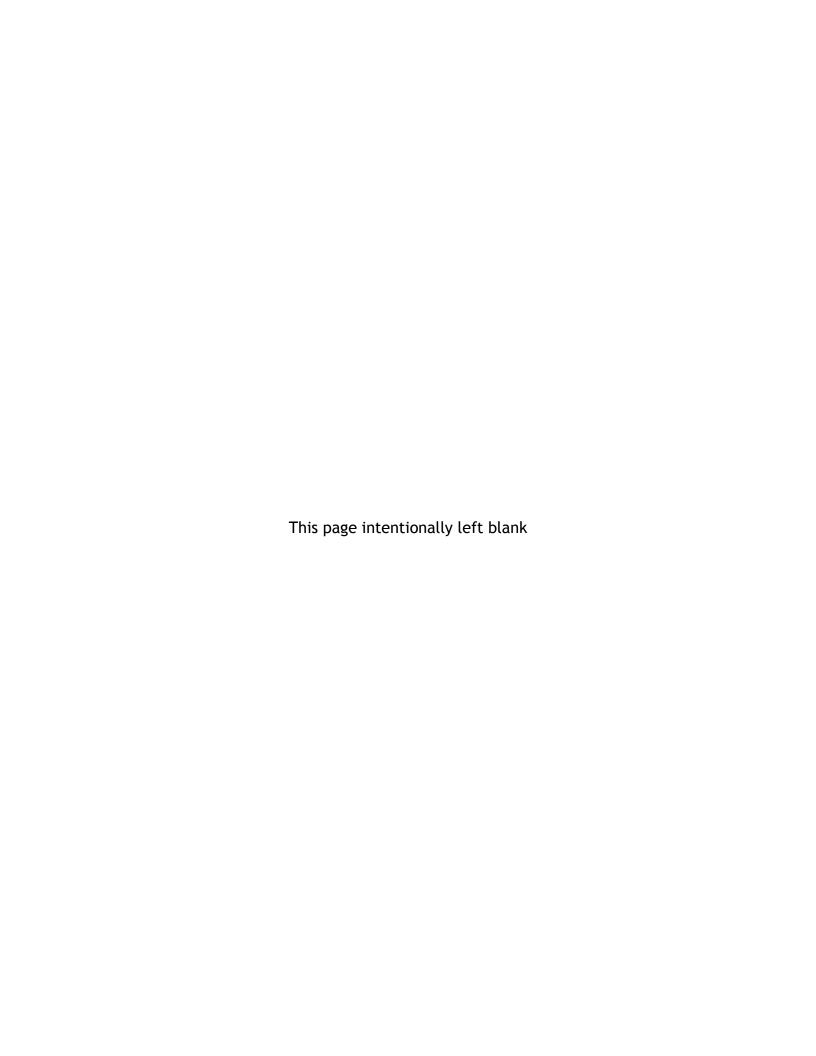
All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2013 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2013 general fund budget amounted to \$25,685,272.

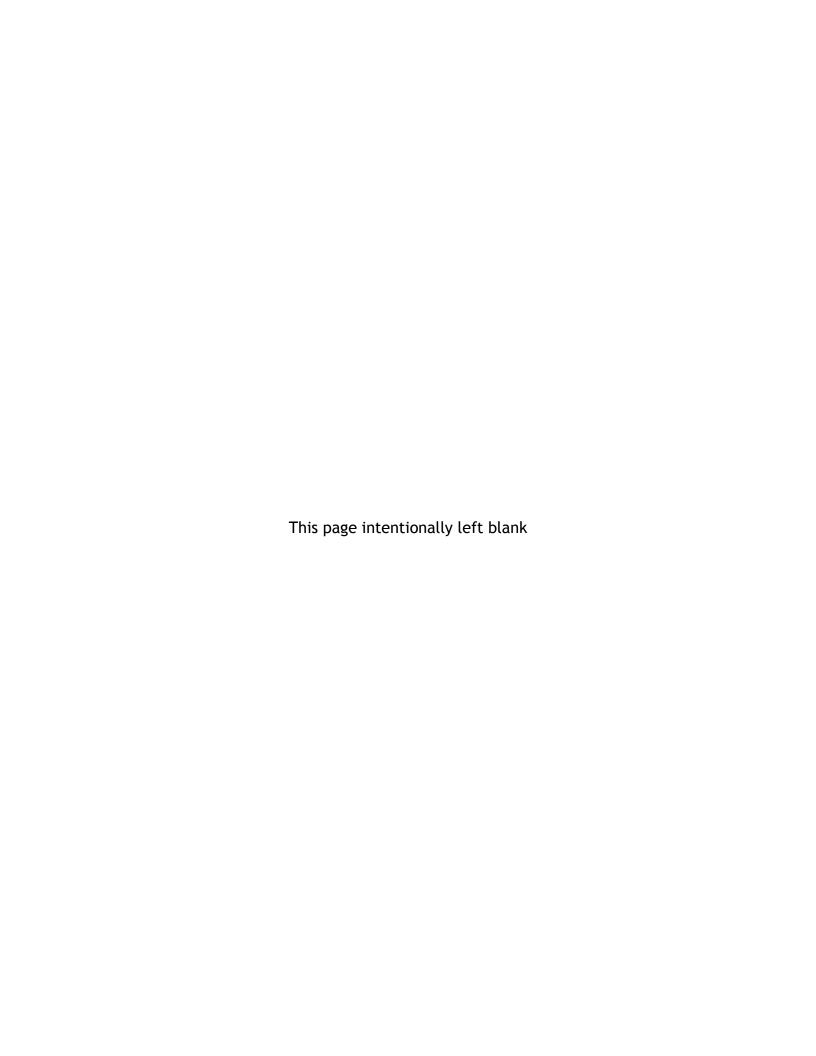
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box 1000, Montross, Virginia 22520.









Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Primary Government					Component
	Governmental		Business-type			Unit
	Activities		Activities		Total	School Board
		-		_		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,445,026	\$	1,027,886	\$	7,472,912 \$	330,019
Cash in custody of others	-		-		-	78,479
Investments	3,424,348		514,508		3,938,856	2,247,439
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable	746,543		-		746,543	-
Accounts receivable	107,767		88,426		196,193	64,540
Due from other governmental units	692,547		-		692,547	677,257
Restricted assets:						
Temporarily restricted:						
Cash and investments	-		538,590		538,590	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land	378,301		427,377		805,678	258,916
Buildings and system	6,268,620		19,063,161		25,331,781	6,743,287
Machinery and equipment	644,312		42,976		687,288	762,368
Intangible assets	-		1,131,363		1,131,363	-
Construction in progress	628,936	_	8,128,938		8,757,874	383,765
Total assets	\$ 19,336,400	\$	30,963,225	\$	50,299,625 \$	11,546,070
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 618,891	\$	80,197	\$	699,088 \$	155,053
Accrued liabilities	-		-		-	1,609,505
Customers' deposits	-		35		35	-
Accrued interest payable	60,172		16,387		76,559	38,806
Due to other governmental units	34,292		-		34,292	72,751
Unearned revenue	27,483		-		27,483	-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	628,290		161,085		789,375	249,884
Due in more than one year	6,163,625		10,322,167		16,485,792	3,043,990
Total liabilities	\$ 7,532,753	\$	10,579,871	\$	18,112,624 \$	5,169,989
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 4,522,423	\$	18,326,965	\$	22,849,388 \$	6,309,174
Restricted for:	· · · · ·		· •			· · · ·
Debt service and bond covenants	-		538,590		538,590	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	7,281,224		1,517,799		8,799,023	66,907
Total net assets	\$ 11,803,647	\$	20,383,354	\$	32,187,001 \$	6,376,081

			Program Revenues					
			_			Operating		Capital
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services	_	Contributions		Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	2,035,878	\$	-	\$	217,736	\$	-
Judicial administration		917,536		92,185		439,836		-
Public safety		4,550,670		96,520		1,235,718		150,000
Public works		2,471,093		322,715		22,000		
Health and welfare		3,436,498		-		2,079,965		-
Education		7,929,075		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		652,666		24		8,599		-
Community development		537,924		-		6,096		-
Interest on long-term debt		241,132		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	\$ _	22,772,472	\$	511,444	\$	4,009,950	\$	150,000
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer	\$	1,678,618	\$	919,632	\$	-	\$	883,337
Montross sewer		385,733		255,706		253,868		-
Total business-type activities	\$ <u></u>	2,064,351	\$	1,175,338	\$	253,868	\$	883,337
Total primary government	\$	24,836,823	\$	1,686,782	\$	4,263,818	\$	1,033,337
COMPONENT UNIT:								
School Board	\$ _	18,771,563	\$	273,427	\$	9,811,599	\$	151,322

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use taxes

Consumers' utility taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Taxes on recordation and wills

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Payment from local government

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Total general revenues

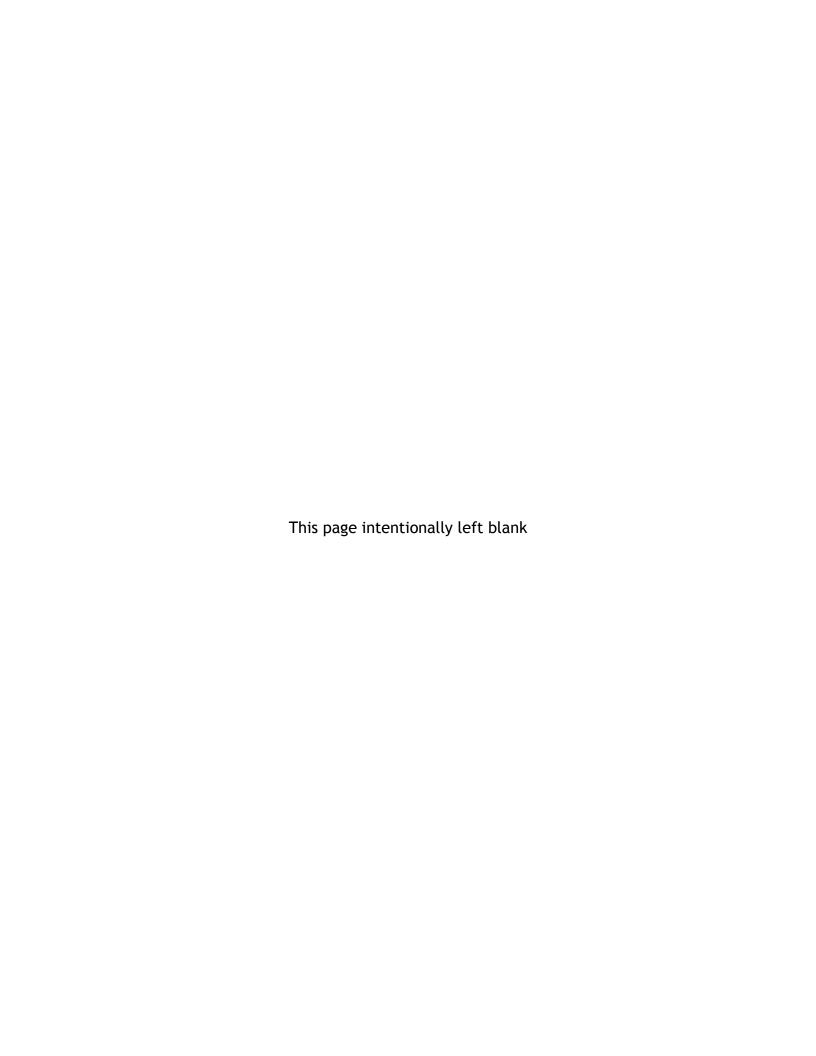
Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning, as restated

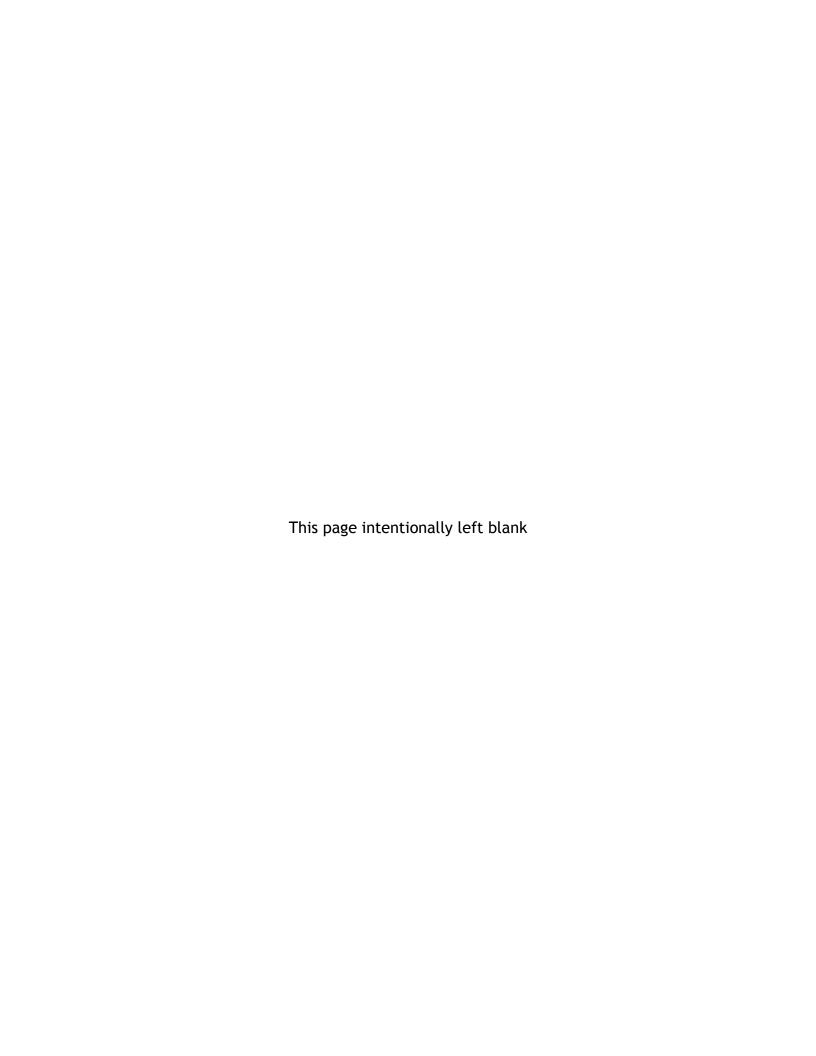
Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue au	nd
Changes in Net Assets	

	Dr	imary Governme		NCI ASSCIS	Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type	<i>></i> 1110		School
	Activities	Activities		Total	Board
	Activities	Activities	-	Total	board
\$	(1,818,142)		\$	(1,818,142)	
·	(385,515)			(385,515)	
	(3,068,432)			(3,068,432)	
	(2,126,378)			(2,126,378)	
	(1,356,533)			(1,356,533)	
	(7,929,075)			(7,929,075)	
	(644,043)			(644,043)	
	(531,828)			(531,828)	
				(241,132)	
ċ	(241,132)		\$		
\$	(18,101,078)		Ç	(18,101,078)	
	\$	124,351	\$	124,351	
	•	123,841	7	123,841	
	\$	248,192	ς	248,192	
	\$	248,192	\$	(17,852,886)	
	*		• •	(11,002,000)	
				Ş	(8,535,215)
				•	(0,333,213)
\$	14,110,456 \$	-	\$	14,110,456	-
	702,646	-		702,646	-
	321,200	-		321,200	-
	506,275	-		506,275	-
	164,307	-		164,307	-
	56,483	-		56,483	-
	303,864	7,392		311,256	29,995
	147,919	17,468		165,387	218,286
	1,914,849	-		1,914,849	7,878,866
	209,852	-		209,852	- -
\$	18,437,851 \$	24,860	S	18,462,711	8,127,147
7	336,773	273,052	•	609,825	(408,068)
	11,466,874	20,110,302		31,577,176	6,784,149
\$	11,803,647 \$	20,383,354	\$	32,187,001	
			. :		







Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	_	General	_	General Capital Projects	 Other Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,354,190	\$	41,542	\$ 49,294	\$	6,445,026
Investments		2,116,039		1,164,804	143,505		3,424,348
Receivables (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles):							
Taxes receivable		746,543		-	-		746,543
Accounts receivable		96,576		-	11,191		107,767
Due from other governmental units	_	692,547	_	-	 -		692,547
Total assets	\$ _	10,005,895	\$_	1,206,346	\$ 203,990	\$ _	11,416,231
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	618,891	\$	-	\$ -	\$	618,891
Due to other governmental units		34,292		-	-		34,292
Deferred revenue	_	701,786	_	-	 -		701,786
Total liabilities	\$_	1,354,969	\$_	-	\$ -	\$_	1,354,969
Fund balances:							
Restricted	\$	1,490,211	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,490,211
Committed		2,271,871		-	203,990		2,475,861
Assigned		1,330,363		1,206,346	-		2,536,709
Unassigned	_	3,558,481		-	 -		3,558,481
Total fund balances	\$_	8,650,926	\$	1,206,346	\$ 203,990	\$_	10,061,262
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	10,005,895	\$_	1,206,346	\$ 203,990	\$_	11,416,231

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:				
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	10,061,262
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Land	\$	378,301		
Construction in progress		628,936		
Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation		6,268,620		
Machinery and equipment, net of depreciation	_	644,312		7,920,169
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are deferred in the funds.				674,303
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current				
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Accrued interest on debt	\$	(60,172)		
Bonds and notes payable		(4,971,969)		
Compensated absences		(488,907)		
Landfill accrued closure/post-closure costs	_	(1,331,039)	_	(6,852,087)
Net assets of governmental activities			\$	11,803,647

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		General	_	General Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES		4 4 0 40 700				
General property taxes	\$	14,042,729	\$	- \$	- \$	14,042,729
Other local taxes		1,750,911		-	-	1,750,911
Permits, privilege fees,		242.022				242 022
and regulatory licenses		312,833		-	-	312,833
Fines and forfeitures		73,609		-	-	73,609
Revenue from the use of		120 174		E 7E7	450.022	202.064
money and property		138,174		5,757	159,933 5,125	303,864
Charges for services		119,877		400	5,125	125,002
Miscellaneous Recovered costs		147,519		400	-	147,919
		877,416		-	-	877,416
Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth		5,009,964				5,009,964
Federal		1,064,835		-	<u>-</u>	1,064,835
Total revenues	Ś	23,537,867	٠ –	6,157	165,058 \$	23,709,082
Total Tevenues	٠,	23,337,007	۷ –	0,137	105,050 5	23,707,002
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	1,944,503	\$	- \$	- \$	1,944,503
Judicial administration		913,738		-	-	913,738
Public safety		5,336,694		-	-	5,336,694
Public works		2,473,391		-	-	2,473,391
Health and welfare		3,279,533		-	-	3,279,533
Education		7,821,850		-	-	7,821,850
Parks, recreation, and cultural		442,584		-	-	442,584
Community development		509,465		-	-	509,465
Nondepartmental		199,991		-	-	199,991
Capital projects		666,131		14,804	-	680,935
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		364,000		59,579	148,013	571,592
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	161,925	_	19,898	50,137	231,960
Total expenditures	\$	24,113,805	\$	94,281	198,150 \$	24,406,236
France (deficiency) of revenues over						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	ċ	(E7E 020)	ċ	(00 124) Č	(22,002) ¢	(407 154)
(under) expenditures	\$	(575,938)	۰ -	(88,124)	(33,092) \$	(697,154)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	79,477 \$	- \$	79,477
Transfers out	·	(79,477)	•	, . -	<u>.</u>	(79,477)
Sale of capital assets		-		644,914	_	644,914
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(79,477)	<u> </u>	724,391	- \$	644,914
Total Care Tinding Sources (discs)	٠.	(. ,, ., ,)	Ť –	, 4	· *	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(655,415)	\$	636,267 \$	(33,092) \$	(52,240)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		9,306,341		570,079	237,082	10,113,502
Fund balances - ending	\$	8,650,926	\$ _	1,206,346 \$	203,990 \$	10,061,262
		1	_			

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (52,240)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital asset additions	\$ 933,221	
Depreciation expense	 (537,872)	395,349

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.

(435,062)

Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit

(159,906)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

67,727

336,773

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Increase in landfill accrued closure/post-closure liability	\$ (7,759)	
Lease revenue bonds	195,174	
General obligation bonds	115,000	
State literary fund loans	249,000	551,415

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences	\$ (33,756)	
Accrued interest on debt	3,246	(30,510)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2012

		Enterprise Funds			
		Water and	Montross		
		Sewer	Sewer		
	_	Fund	Fund	Total	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	721,101 \$	306,785 \$	1,027,886	
Investments	7	514,156	352	514,508	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		311,130	332	311,300	
for uncollectibles		69,649	18,777	88,426	
Due from other governmental units		07,047	10,777	-	
Total current assets	\$ [_]	1,304,906 \$	325,914 \$	1,630,820	
Noncurrent assets:	٧_	7,304,700 \$	323,717 \$	1,030,020	
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	484,590 \$	54,000 \$	538,590	
Total restricted assets	ζ-	484,590 \$	54,000 \$ 54,000 \$	538,590	
Capital assets:	Ť-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	330,370	
Land	\$	381,020 \$	46,357 \$	427,377	
Buildings and system	7	18,145,652	5,360,621	23,506,273	
Machinery and equipment		105,123	3,395	108,518	
Intangible assets		1,209,113	-	1,209,113	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(3,919,074)	(667,330)	(4,586,404)	
Construction in progress		8,128,938	(007,550)	8,128,938	
Total capital assets	\$	24,050,772 \$	4,743,043 \$	28,793,815	
Total noncurrent assets	š-	24,535,362 \$	4,797,043 \$	29,332,405	
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	25,840,268 \$	5,122,957 \$	30,963,225	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	64,018 \$	16,179 \$	80,197	
Customers' deposits		35	-	35	
Accrued interest payable		15,186	1,201	16,387	
Compensated absences - current portion		1,288	352	1,640	
Treatment plant agreement - current portion		11,232	-	11,232	
Bonds payable - current portion		137,217	10,996	148,213	
Total current liabilities	\$	228,976 \$	28,728 \$	257,704	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	9,172,366 \$	949,640 \$	10,122,006	
Treatment plant agreement - noncurrent portion		185,399	-	185,399	
Compensated absences - net of current portion	_	11,591	3,171	14,762	
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$_	9,369,356 \$	952,811 \$	10,322,167	
Total liabilities	\$_	9,598,332 \$	981,539 \$	10,579,871	
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	14,544,558 \$	3,782,407 \$	18,326,965	
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants		484,590	54,000	538,590	
Unrestricted	. –	1,212,788	305,011	1,517,799	
Total net assets	\$ <u></u>	16,241,936 \$	4,141,418 \$	20,383,354	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water and	Montross			
	Sewer	Sewer			
	Fund	Fund	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Water revenues \$	30,574 \$	- \$	30,574		
Sewer revenues	856,105	255,706	1,111,811		
Other revenues	32,953	· -	32,953		
Total operating revenues \$	919,632 \$	255,706 \$	1,175,338		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Water \$	16,809 \$	- \$	16,809		
Sewer	589,052	172,748	761,800		
Other expenses	2,793	-	2,793		
Depreciation	648,045	169,511	817,556		
Total operating expenses \$	1,256,699 \$	342,259 \$	1,598,958		
Operating income (loss) \$	(337,067) \$	(86,553) \$	(423,620)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment earnings \$	6,996 \$	396 \$	7,392		
Availability/connection/tap fees	211,118	42,750	253,868		
Interest expense	(421,919)	(43,474)	(465,393)		
Other nonoperating item	15,559	1,909	17,468		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$	(188,246) \$	1,581 \$	(186,665)		
Income before contributions and transfers \$	(525,313) \$	(84,972) \$	(610,285)		
Capital contributions and construction grants \$	883,337 \$	\$_	883,337		
Change in net assets \$	358,024 \$	(84,972) \$	273,052		
Total net assets - beginning, as restated	15,883,912	4,226,390	20,110,302		
Total net assets - ending \$	16,241,936 \$	4,141,418 \$	20,383,354		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Enterprise Funds			
		Water and	Montross		
		Sewer	Sewer		
	_	Fund	Fund	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	885,226 \$	252,454 \$	1,137,680	
Payments to suppliers	•	(533,391)	(109,760)	(643,151)	
Payments to and for employees		(169,939)	(52,838)	(222,777)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	181,896 \$	89,856 \$	271,752	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Additions to utility plant	\$	(655,713) \$	- \$	(655,713)	
Principal payments on bonds		(98,643)	(10,513)	(109,156)	
Principal payments on tratment plant agreement		(11,236)	-	(11,236)	
Contributions and grants in aid of construction		988,903	-	988,903	
Interest payments		(411,229)	(43,487)	(454,716)	
Availability/connection fees		211,118	42,750	253,868	
Other		15,559	1,909	17,468	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related					
financing activities	\$_	38,759 \$	(9,341) \$	29,418	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Sale (purchase) of investments	\$	(2,097) \$	(130) \$	(2,227)	
Interest and dividends received		6,996	396	7,392	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	4,899 \$	266 \$	5,165	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	225,554 \$	80,781 \$	306,335	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		495,547	226,004	721,551	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	721,101 \$	306,785 \$	1,027,886	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	_				
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(337,067) \$	(86,553) \$	(423,620)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	\$	648,045 \$	169,511 \$	817,556	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(20,677)	(3,252)	(23,929)	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(13,729)	-	(13,729)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(95,944)	9,849	(86,095)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	<u> </u>	1,268	301	1,569	
Total adjustments	<u>+</u> _	518,963 \$	176,409 \$	695,372	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	181,896 \$	89,856 \$	271,752	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	_	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	212,274
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	50,055
Amounts held for social services clients		14,061
Amounts held for alternative education program		148,158
Total liabilities	\$	212,274

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Narrative Profile

The County of Westmoreland, located in the northern neck of Virginia and bordered by the counties of Essex, King George, Northumberland and Richmond, was founded in 1653. The County has a population of 16,718 and a land area of 222 square miles.

The County is governed under the County Administrator - Board of Supervisors form of government. Westmoreland County engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, public safety and administration of justice, education, health, welfare, human service programs, landfill operations, planning, community development and recreation, cultural, and historic activities.

The financial statements of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u>: GASB Statement No. 34 requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u>: The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u>: The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u>: Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The County and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the original budget, final budget, and actual results.

As required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, these financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The County has no component units that meet the requirements for blending. The discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the primary government. The discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

Inclusions in the Reporting Entity:

1. Component Unit:

a. Westmoreland County School Board:

The Westmoreland County School Board is elected to four year terms by the County voters. The School Board may hold property and issue debt subject to approval by the Board of Supervisors. The School Board provides public primary and secondary education services to the County residents. The primary funding sources of the School Board are state and federal grants, and appropriations from the County, which are significant since the School Board does not have separate taxing authority. The County also approves the School Board budget. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity:

1. Jointly Governed Organizations:

Jointly governed organizations are regional governments or other multi-governmental arrangements that are governed by representation from each of the governments that create the organizations, and the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the organization.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity: (Continued)

1. Jointly Governed Organizations: (Continued)

The financial activities of the following organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements for the reasons indicated:

a. Northern Neck Regional Jail

The Northern Neck Regional Jail is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The counties of Richmond, Northumberland, and Westmoreland and the Town of Warsaw provide the financial support for the Jail through the assessment of user fees for prisoner care and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. The Westmoreland County Board of Supervisors appoints two (2) of the seven (7) members of the Jail Board. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Authority's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. The County of Westmoreland acts as fiscal agent for the Authority.

b. Rappahannock Regional Library

The Rappahannock Regional Library is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The Counties of Westmoreland, Stafford and Spotsylvania and the City of Fredericksburg provide the financial support for the Library and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and to expend funds. The County appoints one (1) of the seven (7) members of the Board. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Library's funding. The County provided \$396,198 in operating funds to the Library in 2012.

c. Middle Peninsula Northern Neck Community Services Board

The Middle Peninsula Northern Neck Community Services Board is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. This organization provides mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services to ten counties. The Counties of Essex, King and Queen, King William, Middlesex, Richmond, Mathews, Gloucester, Westmoreland, Lancaster and Northumberland appoint one member each to the Board. The governing board has the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. Westmoreland County contributed \$53,182 as operating grants to the Middle Peninsula Northern Neck Community Services Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity: (Continued)

d. Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission

The Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. Westmoreland County along with 16 other counties appoint one member each to the Board. The governing board has the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. Westmoreland County contributed \$136,982 to the Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Obtaining of Financial Statements for Jointly Governed Organizations

Complete financial statements of the jointly governed organizations may be obtained by contacting the County of Westmoreland, Virginia County Administrator, P.O. Box 1000, Montross, Virginia 22520-1000.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the County as a whole) and fund financial statements. The focus is on both the County as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds, (by category) and the component units. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information. The County generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The County may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The County does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Internal service charges if applicable, are eliminated and the net income or loss from internal service activities are allocated to the various functional expense categories based on the internal charges to each function.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental column of the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund operating revenues consist of charges for services and related revenues. Nonoperating revenues consist of contributions, grants, investment earnings and other revenues not directly derived from the providing of services.

The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (private purpose, if applicable, and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the County in FY 2012.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental Funds account for and report the expendable financial resources, other than those accounted for in Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds. The Governmental Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination as would apply to a commercial enterprise. The individual Governmental Funds are:

- a. <u>General Fund</u> The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues are used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.
- b. <u>Debt Service Funds</u> The Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should also be used to report financial resources being accumulated for future debt service. The A.T. Johnson Fund is the only debt service fund.
- c. <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The General Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund.

2. Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

- a. <u>Enterprise or Business Funds</u> Enterprise or Business Funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services. The Enterprise Funds consist of the following funds:
 - <u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> This fund accounts for income and expenses of the Rt. 3 Corridor, water services, Washington District sewer service and the Coles Point Sewer Service.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Proprietary Funds: (Continued)

- <u>Montross Sewer Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the income and expenses of the sewer system providing service to the Town of Montross area.

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds):

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The funds include Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. Private purpose trust funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting as described in the Proprietary Funds presentation. Agency funds also utilize the accrual basis of accounting. The County has no Private Purpose Trust Funds. The Agency Funds consist of the following:

a. Agency Funds:

- <u>Special Welfare Fund</u> This fund accounts for monies provided primarily through private donors for assistance of children in foster care and needy senior citizens. This fund is also used to account for monies received from other governments and individuals (i.e., social security and child support) to be paid to special welfare recipients.
- <u>Bridge House Fund</u> This fund accounts for monies held on behalf of the adolescent treatment facility. These funds are incorporated into the investment practices of the County.
- Adult Education Fund This fund accounts for the operation of the Northern Neck Regional Alternative Education Program. The Program is a regional program utilized by local school districts for alternative education activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

4. Component Unit:

Westmoreland County School Board:

The Westmoreland County School Board has the following funds:

Governmental Funds:

- School Operating Fund This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Westmoreland and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.
- Special Revenue Fund Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
- <u>School Cafeteria Fund</u> This special revenue fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's food service program. Financing is provided primarily by food and beverage sales, and state and federal grants.

C. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Operating statements of the governmental funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities and all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are either included on the statement of net assets or on the statement of fiduciary net assets. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

The statement of net assets, statement of activities, financial statements of the Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The fund financial statements of the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects (for the primary government and component unit School Board) are maintained and reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available. With respect to real and personal property tax revenue and other local taxes, the term "available" is limited to collection within forty-five days of the fiscal year-end. Levies made prior to the fiscal year-end but which are not available are deferred. Interest income is recorded as earned. Federal and state reimbursement-type grants are recorded as revenue when related eligible expenditures are incurred. Expenditures, other than accrued interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the fund liability is incurred.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Supervisors annually adopts budgets for the various funds of the primary government and component unit School Board. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the primary government funds. The School Board appropriation is determined by the Board of Supervisors and controlled in total by the primary government.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all major funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the major funds presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts, and other monetary commitments in order to commit an applicable portion of an appropriation, is used as an extension of formal budgetary control in the primary government and component unit School Board. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as commitments of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent fiscal year. These encumbrances are subject to reappropriation by the Board of Supervisors in the succeeding fiscal year.

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings and open-houses are conducted to obtain citizen comments. Also, several work sessions between the Board of Supervisors and School Board are conducted on the School Board budget.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>: (Continued)

- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund, function and departmental level. The appropriation for each fund, function and department can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments and the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories. Supplemental appropriations in addition to the appropriated budget were necessary during the year. Supplemental appropriations may not be made without amending the budget.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except School Funds), General Capital Projects Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Proprietary Funds. The School Operating and School Cafeteria Funds are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.

The County may adopt budgets for other funds, such as the Agency Funds, for use as a management control device over such funds. Capital Project and County Facility budgets are adopted at the time the project is approved and the construction contract awarded. Any unexpended current year appropriations are reappropriated in the ensuing fiscal year(s) until the project is completed.

- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. All appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County and School Board funds.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget as of June 30, 2012, as adopted, appropriated and legally amended.
- 9. The expenditure budget is enacted through an annual appropriations ordinance. Appropriations are made at the departmental level for the primary government and at the function level for the School Board. State law requires that if budget amendments exceed 1% of the original adopted budget the Board of Supervisors may legally amend the budget only by following procedures used in the adoption of the original budget.

E. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

F. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$141,097 at June 30, 2012 and is comprised of the following:

General Fund--taxes receivable \$ 141,097

G. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported on the consumption method.

H. Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds of the primary government and component unit School Board, and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's and School Board's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met and the asset has an estimated life in excess of two years. The County and Component Unit School Board do not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements 10 to 40 years Furniture and other equipment 3 to 20 years

To the extent the County's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met and the asset has an estimated life in excess of two years, capital outlays of the Proprietary Funds are recorded as capital assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis on both the funds basis and the government-wide basis using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and systems 10 to 40 years Equipment 5 to 10 years Intangibles 20 to 40 years

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The County and School Board do not capitalize historical treasures or works of art.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenses that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Interest on cost of construction funds for the Proprietary Funds is capitalized where applicable. No interest was capitalized in fiscal year 2012.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences

The County and Component Unit School Board accrue compensated absences (annual and sick leave benefits) when vested. The amounts include all balances earned by employees which would be paid upon employee terminations, resignations or retirements.

An estimate of ten percent of the liability has been classified as current in the government-wide financial statements.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Long-Term Obligations

The County reports long-term obligations at face value. The face value of the obligations is believed to approximate fair value.

L. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

L. Fund Equity: (Continued)

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors or the County Administrator.

In the general fund, the County strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies of 15% of the actual GAAP basis expenditures/operating revenues.

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

		General		General Capital Projects	Other Governmental		
	_	Fund		Fund	Funds		Total
Fund Balances:			_				
Restricted:							
Post closure	\$	1,378,858	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,378,858
Underground tanks		20,000		-	-		20,000
Car tax relief		91,353		-	-		91,353
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	1,490,211	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,490,211
Committed:							
Debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 203,990	\$	203,990
New courthouse		1,833,452		-	-		1,833,452
Land purchase		418,419		-	-		418,419
Other purposes		20,000		-	-		20,000
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	2,271,871	\$	-	\$ 203,990	\$	2,475,861
Assigned:							
Capital projects	\$	206,063	\$	1,206,346	\$ -	\$	1,412,409
Planning		73,755		-	-		73,755
General properties		114,926		-	-		114,926
Tourism		72,474		-	-		72,474
Comprehensive services		72,525		-	-		72,525
Other purposes		790,620		-	-		790,620
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$	1,330,363	\$	1,206,346	\$ -	\$	2,536,709
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	3,558,481	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,558,481
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	8,650,926	Ş	1,206,346	\$ 203,990	Ş	10,061,262

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

The County's investments at June 30, 2012 were held in the County's name by the County's custodial bank.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's investment policy stipulates that U.S. dollar denominated commercial paper issued by an entity incorporated in the U.S. must be rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poor Corp. and P-1 by Moody's Investors Service. The policy also stipulates that U.S. dollar denominated Corporate Notes and Bonds must have a rating of at least A by Standard & Poor Corp. and by Moody's Investors Service.

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2012 were rated by *Standard & Poor's* and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the *Standard & Poor's* rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quality Ratings				
	_	AAAm	AA+	A+	A-	
U.S. Agencies Corporate Debt Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program	\$	- \$ - 78,479	2,777,082 \$ 825,428	- \$ 820,106 -	645,643 -	
Money Market Mutual Fund Total	- \$	3,569,512 3,647,991 \$	3,602,510 \$	820,106 \$	645,643	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County's investment policy contains several stipulations concerning the amount of funds that can be invested. Not more than 40% of the total funds available for investment may be invested in bankers' acceptances. Not more than 35% of the total funds available for investment may be invested in commercial paper, and not more than 5% in the obligations of any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk

The County's investment policy contains certain guidelines concerning interest rate risk. Funds must be invested at all times in keeping with the seasonal pattern of the County's cash balances. County personnel must monitor and update cash flow projections to be communicated to the investment managers. A minimum of 10% of the portfolio must be invested in securities maturing within 30 days, and a minimum of 50% of the portfolio must be invested in securities maturing within 24 months.

The interest rate risk is summarized below:

	 timorit mataritios	(iii youro)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1-5 Years
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 1,087,113 \$	1,063,753	\$ 23,360
U.S. Agencies	2,777,082	372,330	2,404,752
Corporate Bonds	2,291,177	406,230	1,884,947

\$ 6,155,372 \$ 1,842,313 \$ 4,313,059

Investment Maturities (in years)

External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The fair value of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are the same as the value of the pool shares.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES:

Real property taxes are assessed on property values as of January 1, and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date levied by the Board of Supervisors. Personal property taxes are assessed on a prorated basis for the period the property is located in the County and also attach as an enforceable lien on the property.

Real estate and personal property taxes are due on December 5.

Total

A ten percent penalty is levied on all taxes not collected on or before their due date. An interest charge of ten percent per annum is also levied on such taxes beginning on their due date.

Property taxes for calendar year 2011 were levied by the County Board of Supervisors on May 1, 2011, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2011.

Property taxes levied in the prior year have been recorded as receivables as of the date the County has the legal right to receive payments thereon. The receivables collected during the fiscal year and during the first 45 days of the succeeding fiscal year are recognized as revenues in the current fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES: (CONTINUED)

Taxes receivable as of the end of the year (June 30) and not collected until the succeeding year are reported as deferred revenues.

On April 18, 2000 the County adopted a resolution which established a separate tax district to pay all or any portion of the County's expenditures for operating the Westmoreland County school division. This resulted in two separate sets of tax rates. One set of rates for taxpayers residing in the area of the Town of Colonial Beach, and a different set of rates for those residing in the remainder of the County. For calendar year 2011 the rates per \$100 of assessed value were as follows:

	Colonial Beach	All Other
Real Estate	0.29	0.46
Personal Property	1.61	3.00
Machinery and Tools	1.50	1.50
Merchants Capital	0.24	0.46

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES:

Accounts Receivable:

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consist of the following:

		Pr	ima	ry Governme	ent		Component
		Gov	ern	mental Activ	rities	Business-	Unit
				Other		Type	School
	_	General	Go	vernmental	Total	Activities	Board
Property taxes	\$	887,640	\$	- \$	887,640	- 9	-
Utility taxes		27,075		-	27,075	-	-
Rescue recovery		25,414		-	25,414	-	-
E-Rate		-		-	-	-	42,017
Water and sewer charges		-		-	-	88,426	-
Other		44,087		11,191	55,278	-	22,523
Total	\$	984,216	\$	11,191 \$	995,407	88,426	64,540
Allowance for uncollectibles		(141,097)		-	(141,097)		
Net receivables	\$	843,119	\$	11,191 \$	854,310	88,426	64,540

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

At June 30, 2012:

		Governmental	Component
	_	Activities	Unit
	-		School
	_	General	Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
Local sales taxes	\$	163,843 \$	-
Communication taxes		110,928	-
State sales taxes		-	387,180
Social Services		119,233	-
Comprehensive Services Act		88,983	-
Shared expenses and grants		141,109	-
Other		68,451	2,806
Federal pass-through school funds	-	<u> </u>	287,271
Total	\$	692,547 \$	677,257

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS:

Primary Government:

Transfers To/From Other Funds:

Transfers to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund to pay gene	ral obligation	
debt service and related costs	\$	79,477
	_	70.477
Total transfers	\$	79,477
Reconciliation of transfers:		
Transfers in - governmental funds	\$	79,477
Total transfors	ċ	70 477
Total transfers	Ş	79,477

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

At June 30, 2012:

	_	Governmental Activities		Component Unit		
	-	General		School Board		
Town of Colonial Beach: Sales tax	\$	30,786	\$	72,751		
Town of Montross: Sales tax	_	3,506	. ,	<u>-</u>		
Total	\$_	34,292	\$	72,751		

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the year:

Primary Government:

		Balance July 1, 2011	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2012
Governmental activities:	_				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$_	378,301 \$ 60,971	- \$ 567,965	- \$ 	378,301 628,936
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	439,272 \$	567,965 \$	\$	1,007,237
Other capital assets: Buildings Machinery, equipment and vehicles Jointly owned assets	\$	8,768,132 \$ 2,638,447 3,581,860	42,065 \$ 229,191 94,000	644,536 \$ 78,515 249,000	8,165,661 2,789,123 3,426,860
Total other capital assets	\$_	14,988,439 \$	365,256 \$	972,051 \$	14,381,644
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings Machinery, equipment and vehicles Jointly owned assets	\$	4,623,029 \$ 2,035,747 649,147	308,974 \$ 187,579 41,319	209,474 \$ 78,515 89,094	4,722,529 2,144,811 601,372
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	7,307,923 \$	537,872 \$	377,083 \$	7,468,712
Other capital assets, net	\$_	7,680,516 \$	(172,616) \$	594,968 \$	6,912,932
Net capital assets	\$_	8,119,788 \$	395,349 \$	<u>594,968</u> \$	7,920,169
Depreciation is allocated to: General government administration Public safety Health and welfare Education Public works Parks and recreation Community Development		\$	94,706 150,843 93,831 41,319 24,297 103,512 29,364		
Total		\$_	537,872		

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (Continued)

		Balance July 1, 2011	Increases	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2012
Business-Type Activities:					_	
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	427,377 \$	- \$	-	\$	427,377
Construction in progress	_	7,473,225	655,713	-	_	8,128,938
Total capital assets not being						
depreciated	\$_	7,900,602 \$	655,713 \$	-	\$_	8,556,315
Other capital assets:						
Buildings and systems	\$	23,506,273 \$	- \$	-	\$	23,506,273
Intangible assets		1,209,113	-	-		1,209,113
Machinery and equipment	_	108,518	<u> </u>	-	_	108,518
Total other capital assets	\$_	24,823,904 \$	\$	-	\$_	24,823,904
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and systems	\$	3,672,320 \$	770,792 \$	-	\$	4,443,112
Intangible assets		41,163	36,587	-		77,750
Machinery and equipment	_	55,364	10,178	-	_	65,542
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	3,768,847 \$	817,557 \$	-	\$_	4,586,404
Other capital assets, net	\$_	21,055,057 \$	(817,557) \$		\$_	20,237,500
Net capital assets	\$_	28,955,659 \$	(161,844) \$	-	\$_	28,793,815
Depreciation is allocated to:						
Water operations		\$	47,354			
Sewer operations		-	770,203			
Total		\$ __	817,557			

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (Continued)

Component Unit-School Board:

	_	Balance July 1, 2011	Increases	Decreases	_	Balance June 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$	258,916 \$ -	- \$ 383,765	- -	\$ _	258,916 383,765
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	<u>258,916</u> \$	383,765 \$		\$_	642,681
Other capital assets: Buildings Machinery, equipment and vehicles Jointly owned assets	\$	8,463,298 \$ 3,439,960 6,392,000	- \$ 109,341 249,000	- : - -	\$ _	8,463,298 3,549,301 6,641,000
Total other capital assets	\$_	18,295,258 \$	358,341 \$		\$_	18,653,599
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings Machinery, equipment and vehicles Jointly owned assets	\$	6,306,820 \$ 2,648,385 1,429,036	536,061 \$ 138,548 89,094	- : - -	\$ _	6,842,881 2,786,933 1,518,130
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	10,384,241 \$	763,703 \$		\$_	11,147,944
Other capital assets, net	\$_	7,911,017 \$	(405,362) \$		\$_	7,505,655
Net capital assets	\$_	8,169,933 \$	(21,597) \$		\$_	8,148,336
Depreciation is allocated to education		\$_	674,609			
Depreciation expense Transfer of accumulated depreciation or owned assets	ı joir	\$ atly	674,609 89,094			
Total increases in accumulated deprecia	tion	above \$	763,703			

Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments on-behalf of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the law, local governments have a tenancy in common with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the School Board of Westmoreland, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2012, is that school financed assets in the amount of \$3,426,860 are reported in the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

The County and Component Unit School Board participate in the Virginia Retirement System defined benefit pension plan.

A. Plan Description:

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers and (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered
 under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit
 beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of
 service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least five years of
 service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN: (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description: (Continued)</u>

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-Annual-Report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's and School's non-professional employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2012 were 10.81% and 8.07% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$501,935, \$302,083 and \$581,325, to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively and these contributions represented 6.33%, 3.93% and 8.81%, respectively, of current covered payroll. The contribution rate for April - June 2010 was 0%.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN: (Continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost:

For fiscal year 2012, the County's annual pension cost of \$483,488 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information - County

	THI CO TOU	 ma miloimation	oounty	
		Annual	Percentage	Net
		Pension	of APC	Pension
_	Fiscal Year Ending	 Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
		 _		
	June 30, 2010	\$ 425,343	100%	-
	June 30, 2011	478,623	100%	-
	June 30, 2012	483,488	100%	-

For fiscal year 2012, the County School Board's annual pension cost for the Board's non-professional employees was \$75,402 which was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information - School Board Non-Professional

	Annual	Percentage	Net
	Pension	of APC	Pension
Fiscal Year Ending	 Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2010	\$ 86,172	100%	-
June 30, 2011	77,553	100%	-
June 30, 2012	75,402	100%	-

The FY2012 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and the County School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 75.47% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$20,636,913, and the actuarial value of assets was \$15,575,423 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$5,061,490. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,502,014 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 112.43%.

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County School Board's plan was 84.02% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,550,164, and the actuarial value of assets was \$2,982,900, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$567,264. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$885,929, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 64.03%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

NOTE 10 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

In accordance with GASB Statement 16 "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the County and its component unit have accrued the liability arising from all outstanding compensated absences. The liability for future vacation and sick leave benefits is accrued when such benefits meet certain conditions. See note 11 for details of changes.

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	_	Balance July 1, 2011		Issuances/ Increases	Retirements/ _Decreases	Balance June 30, 2012
Long-term obligations from governmental activities:			_			
Lease revenue bonds Less deferred amount on refunding General obligation bonds:	\$	1,868,743 (99,346)		- 12,418	\$ 207,592 \$	1,661,151 (86,928)
School State Literary Fund loans:		1,860,000		-	115,000	1,745,000
School Landfill closure/postclosure liability Compensated absences	_	1,901,746 1,323,280 455,151	_	- 7,759 33,756	249,000 - -	1,652,746 1,331,039 488,907
Total from governmental activities	\$_	7,309,574	\$_	53,933	\$ <u>571,592</u> \$	6,791,915
Long-term obligations from business activities:						
Virginia Resources Authority revenue bonds Treatment plant upgrade agreement Compensated absences	\$ _	10,379,375 207,867 14,833	\$ 	- - 1,569	\$ 109,156 \$ 11,236 	10,270,219 196,631 16,402
Total from business activities	\$_	10,602,075	\$_	1,569	\$ <u>120,392</u> \$	10,483,252
Long-term obligations from component unit:						
Retirement incentive obligation Capital leases Other post employment benefits Compensated absences	\$ _	195,305 1,968,173 886,644 125,350	\$	- - 442,644 20,820	\$ 94,551 \$ 129,011 121,500	100,754 1,839,162 1,207,788 146,170
Total from component unit	\$_	3,175,472	\$_	463,464	\$345,062 \$	3,293,874
Total long-term obligations	\$_	21,087,121	\$_	518,966	\$ <u>1,037,046</u> \$	20,569,041
Reconciliation to Exhibit 1: Primary Government	_					
Long-term liabilities due within one year Long-term liabilities due in more than one year Component Unit					\$	789,375 16,485,792
Long-term liabilities due within one year Long-term liabilities due in more than one year Total long-term obligations					ς-	249,884 3,043,990 20,569,041
··· ··· J ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					*=	-,,-

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize all long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest
			_	
2013	\$	974,111	\$	689,307
2014		886,725		655,840
2015		907,475		628,438
2016		932,171		600,224
2017		951,950		571,033
2018-2022		3,425,297		2,448,783
2023-2027		2,023,010		2,056,333
2028-2032		1,441,330		1,279,925
2033-2037		1,712,328		980,772
2038-2042		2,048,070		616,255
2043-2047		1,599,134		244,037
2048-2050		564,062		25,548
Total	\$	17,465,663	\$	10,796,495

Note: The above includes all long-term bonds, capital leases, treatment plant upgrade agreement, and early retirement incentive obligation. Compensated absences, Other Post Employment Benefits and landfill closure/postclosure liability are not included.

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

		Amount Outstanding		Due within One year
Governmental Activities:	-	Outstanding	-	One year
General Obligation Bonds:				
\$1,975,000 general obligation school bonds, payable in annual principal installments of \$115,000, due on June 1 through 2027, interest payable semi-annually at 5.31%.	\$_	1,745,000	\$_	115,000
Lease Revenue Bonds:				
\$2,848,683 Refunding lease revenue bonds, payable in various annual installments ranging from \$166,844 to \$260,989, due on January 15 through 2020, interest payable semi-annually at 3.71%.	\$	1,661,151	\$	215,399
Less deferred amount on refunding	_	(86,928)	_	-
Total lease revenue bonds	\$_	1,574,223	\$_	215,399

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

		Amount Outstanding		Due within One year
Governmental Activities: (Continued)	•	-	•	
State Literary Fund Loans:				
\$680,635, issued July 25, 1996, due in annual installments of \$34,000 through May 15, 2018, interest payable annually at 3%.	\$	204,835	\$	34,000
\$992,911, issued July 25, 1996, due in annual installments of \$50,000 through May 15, 2015, interest payable annually at 3%.		292,911		50,000
\$3,300,000, issued November 15, 1997, due in annual installments of \$165,000 through November 15, 2019, interest at 3%.		1,155,000		165,000
Total State Literary Fund Loans	\$	1,652,746	\$	249,000
	-	Amount Outstanding	-	Due within One year
Landfill closure and post-closure care monitoring liability	\$ <u>_</u>	1,331,039	\$	
Compensated absences payable from general fund	\$_	488,907	\$	48,891
Total long-term obligations from governmental activities	\$_	6,791,915	\$	628,290
Business-Type Activities:	_		-	_
Lease Revenue Bonds:				
\$308,200 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$1,400 beginning on November 12, 2002, interest payable at 4.50% per year.	\$	272,787	\$	4,619
\$1,206,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,619 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 3.25% per year.		1,057,918		21,362
\$608,930 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$2,795 beginning on July 18, 2004, interest payable at 4.50% per year.		549,954		8,976
\$375,100 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$1,722 beginning on March 22, 2007, interest payable at 4.50% per year. \$295,700 Lease revenue bonds, payable in \$454 monthly installments		352,336		4,909
of \$1,310 beginning on July 17, 2007, interest payable at 4.25% per year.		278,171		3,975
\$1,174,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,107 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.		1,106,665		15,933

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)		Amount		Due within
Dustress True Astistities (Continued)	_	Outstanding	_	One year
Business-Type Activities: (Continued)				
Lease Revenue Bonds: (Continued)				
\$1,000,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 480 monthly installments of \$4,500 beginning on July 20, 2008, interest payable at 4.50% per year.	\$	960,636	\$	10,996
\$1,287,000 Lease revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,599 beginning on October 26, 2007, interest payable at 4.125% per year.		1,213,156		17,473
\$1,500,000 revenue bonds, payable in 454 monthly installments of \$5,010 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 2.375% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.		1,489,755		25,011
\$3,003,000 revenue bonds, payable in 456 monthly installments of \$12,823 beginning on February 5, 2012, interest payable at 4.00% per year. Interest only due on January 5, 2011 and January 5, 2012.		2,988,841		34,959
Total Lease Revenue bonds	\$_	10,270,219	\$	148,213
Treatment plant upgrade agreement with the Town of Colonial Beach payable in 222 monthly installments of \$936 beginning July 1, 2011. Interest payable at 0.00% per year.	\$	196,631	\$	11,232
Compensated absences payable from water and sewer funds	۰ ۲	16,402	۰ د	1,640
	`-		· •	
Total long-term obligations from business-type activities	\$ =	10,483,252	\$ <u>-</u>	161,085
Component Unit:				
Early Retirement Incentive Costs:				
The Westmoreland County School Board adopted the early retirement incentive program. \$1,005,614, early retirement incentive obligation loan payable in annual installments of \$107,363 including principal and interest through 2012, interest at 6.56%. The balance of this liability is	\$_	100,754	\$_	100,754
Capital Leases:				
The School Board purchased energy savings equipment under a capital lease agreement. Title to the equipment passes to the entity upon completion of payment of the minimum lease payments. There are no restrictions imposed by the agreements. The balance of				121.512
capital leases at June 30, 2011 is	\$_	1,839,162	Ş	134,513
Compensated absences payable from school fund	> _	146,170	Ş.	14,617
Other Post Employment Benefits from school fund	\$_	1,207,788	\$_	-
Total long-term obligations from component unit	\$_	3,293,874	\$	249,884
Total long-term obligations	\$_	20,569,041	\$_	1,039,259

NOTE 12 - UNEARNED/DEFERRED REVENUE:

At June 30, 2012:

Primary Government:	Government-wide Statements Governmental Activities		Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
Deferred property tax revenue:			
Deferred revenue representing uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria has not been met. The uncollected tax billings are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	\$.	\$	674,303
Deferred revenue representing rescue recovery collections	27,483		27,483
Total	\$ 27,483	. Ş = =	701,786

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Federal Programs

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 14 - LITIGATION:

At June 30, 2012 there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County financial position should any court decision or pending matter not be favorable to the County.

NOTE 15 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE CARE COST:

The County closed its landfill prior to the date mandated by state and federal laws and regulations; thereby, reducing the liability period for post closure monitoring to ten years subsequent to closure. The \$1,331,039 reported as landfill closure and post closure liability at June 30, 2012, represents the remainder of the liability to close the landfill and the estimated liability for post closure monitoring as well as corrective action costs. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care in 2012. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and postclosure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The County and Component Unit School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County and School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of worker's compensation with Virginia Municipal League and public official's liability with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County and School Board pay an annual premium to the pools for its general insurance through member premiums and continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 17 - SURETY BOND INFORMATION:

	 Amount
Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of General Services,	 _
Division of Risk Management-Surety	
Gwynne Chatham, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 103,000
Elizabeth Nash, Treasurer	400,000
Carol B.Gawen, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Norman Risavi, County Administrator	2,000
C.O. Balderson, Sheriff	30,000
Constitutional Officers, their employees and agents	500,000
Department of Social Service Employees - Blanket Bond	100,000
W.W. Hynson - Surety	
Dorothy Tate, Supervisor	1,000
Dorothy Tate- Surety	
Rosemary M. Mahan, Supervisor	1,000
Darryl E. Fisher - Surety	
Larry Roberson, Supervisor	1,000
Larry Roberson - Surety	
Darryl E. Fisher, Supervisor	1,000
Rosemary M. Mahan - Surety	
W.W. Hynson, Supervisor	1,000
VSBA Property and Casualty Pool	
Linda Nettles, Clerk School Board	10,000
Peerless Insurance Company - Surety	
Dr. Rebecca Lowry, Superintendent of Schools	25,000

NOTE 18—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM:

School Board:

A. <u>Plan Description:</u>

The School Board Post-Retirement Medical Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which offers health insurance for retired employees. The plan is administered by the School Board. Retired employees, who have attained the age of 50, who were employed by Westmoreland County Public Schools with at least 10 years of service which have attained the age of 50 or have at least 5 years of service and have attained the age of 55 are eligible for retiree medical benefits. The plan has no separate financial report.

B. Funding Policy:

The School Board establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The School Board also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. This is determined annually as part of the budgetary process. The School Board contributes \$430.80 per month towards participants' premiums, and \$522.30 per month for retiree and spouse/dependent coverage, participating retirees pay the remainder of the monthly premiums. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actuarially contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 439,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	35,466
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(31,822)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 442,644
Contributions made	(121,500)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 321,144
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	886,644
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 1,207,788

NOTE 18—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM: (Continued)

School Board: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal	Annual		Percentage of		Net
Year	OPEB		Annual OPEB		OPEB
Ended	 Cost		Cost Contributed		Obligation
				_	_
June 30, 2010	\$ 398,162	\$	32%	\$	555,262
June 30, 2011	441,282		25%		886,644
June 30, 2012	442,644		27%		1,207,788

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2011 is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 3,230,700
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	3,230,700
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	9,067,800
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	35.63%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 18—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM: (Continued)

School Board: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

Cost Method

The cost method for valuation of liabilities used for this valuation is the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) Actuarial Cost Method. A PUC accrued benefit is determined for each active member in the Plan on the basis of the member's average final compensation projected to the assumed date of retirement and the member's creditable service at the valuation date. The actuarial liability for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value of the PUC accrued benefit of each active member. The normal cost for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value for the expected increase in the PUC accrued benefit during the plan year for each active member under the assumed retirement age.

The actuarial liability and the normal cost for termination benefits, disability benefits, and preretirement spouse's death benefits are determined in a similar manner by projecting the member's average final compensation to each assumed date of termination, disablement, or death. The actuarial liability and normal cost for the supplemental benefits are based upon the present value of the expected supplement expected to be paid to those covered employees attaining eligibility. The actuarial liability for inactive members is determined as the actuarial present value of the pension and supplemental benefits expected to be paid.

The difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets is the unfunded actuarial liability. The annual required contribution is the sum of the normal cost and the amount necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over the amortization period and is adjusted with one-half year's interest to reflect that payments are made throughout the year. The amortization amount is determined as a level percentage of payroll.

Interest Assumptions

In the January 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.40 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.70 percent after eighty years. Both rates included a 3.75 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2011, was thirty years.

	Unfunded				
Discount rate	\$	4.00%			
Payroll growth		3.75%			

NOTE 19 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT:

A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Localities may elect to provide an additional health insurance credit of \$1 per month for each full year of the retired members' creditable service, not to exceed a maximum monthly credit of \$30. The enhanced credit is available for constitutional officers and their employees, local social services employees, and general registrars and their employees. Whereas the \$1.50 health credit cost is borne by the Commonwealth, the costs of such additional health insurance credit shall be borne by the locality.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 9.

B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2012 was .08% of annual covered payroll.

C. OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2012, the County's contribution of \$3,578 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

NOTE 19 —OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT: (Continued)

C. OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending	 Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of OPEB Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2012	\$ 3,578	100%	-
June 30, 2011	3,542	100%	-

D. <u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)		45,851
Actuarial value of plan assets		7,487
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability		38,364
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		16.33%
Covered payroll (active plan members)		1,608,390
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		2.39%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.5%, and a payroll growth rate of 3%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2011 was 30 years.

NOTE 19 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (Continued)

F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

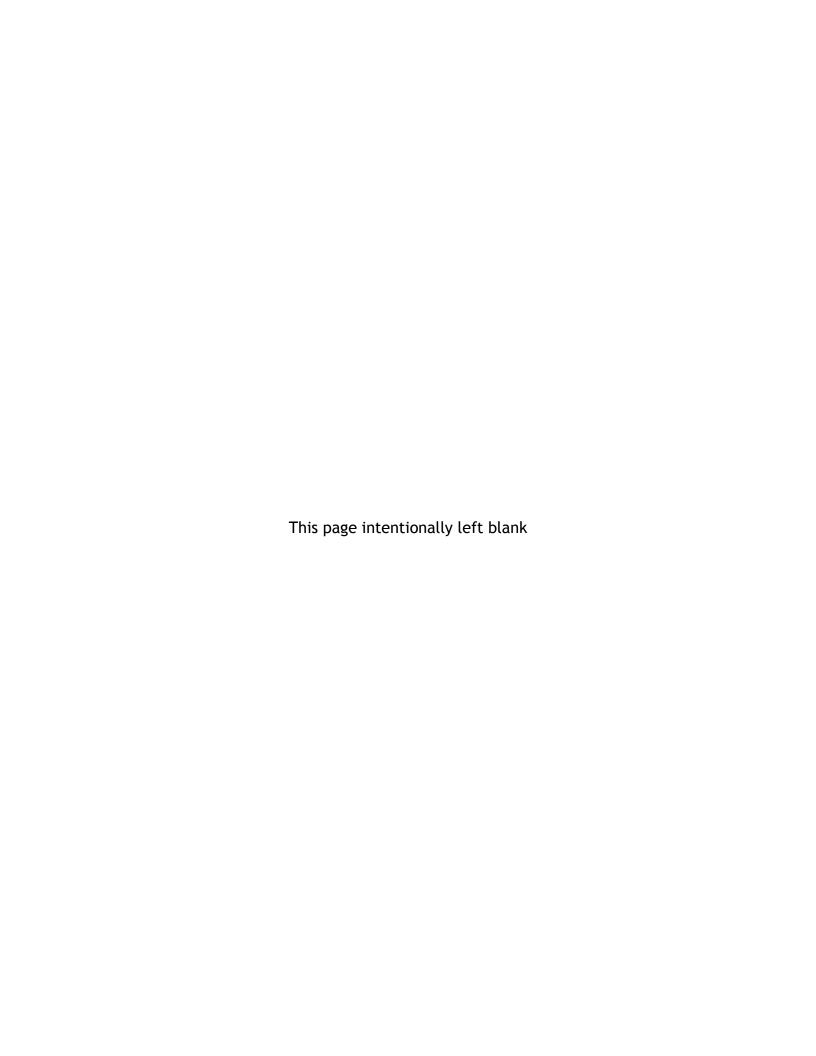
A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is .60% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$47,577, \$46,120, and \$82,234, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 20—RESTATEMENT:

Fund Balance/Net assets as of July 1, 2011 were restated as follows:

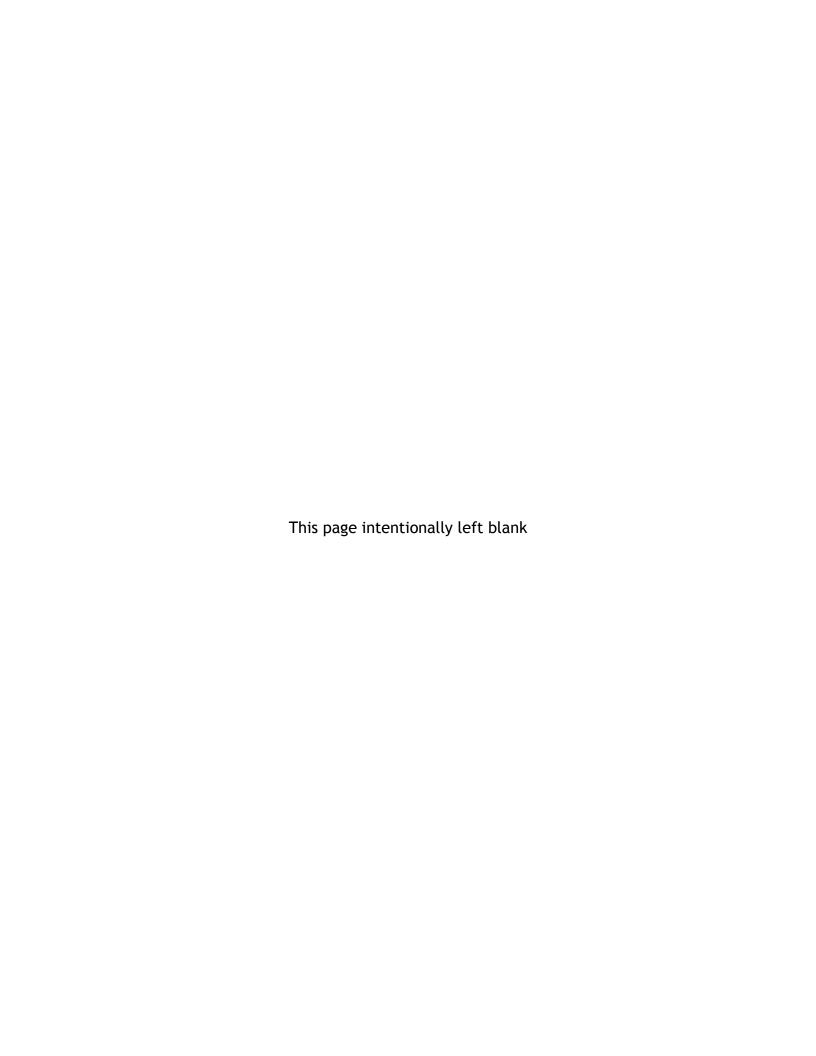
				Net Assets - Governmental Activities	•	Fund Balance - General General Fund		
Beginning balances as previously reported			\$	11,525,844	\$	9,365,311		
Reclassification of Commission on History and Archaeology Fund Restatement to reclassify rescue recovery funds as deferred revenue			15,524 (74,494)	ī	15,524 (74,494)			
Beginning balances as restated			\$	11,466,874	\$	9,306,341		
	_	Net Assets - Water Fund		Net Assets - Coles Point Wastewater Fund		Net Assets - Washington District S/W Fund	,	Net Assets - Water and Sewer Fund
Beginning balances as previously reported	\$	482,682	\$	4,923,465	\$	10,477,765	\$	-
Consolidation of Enterprise Funds	_	(482,682)	ı	(4,923,465)		(10,477,765)		15,883,912
Beginning balances as restated	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,883,912



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

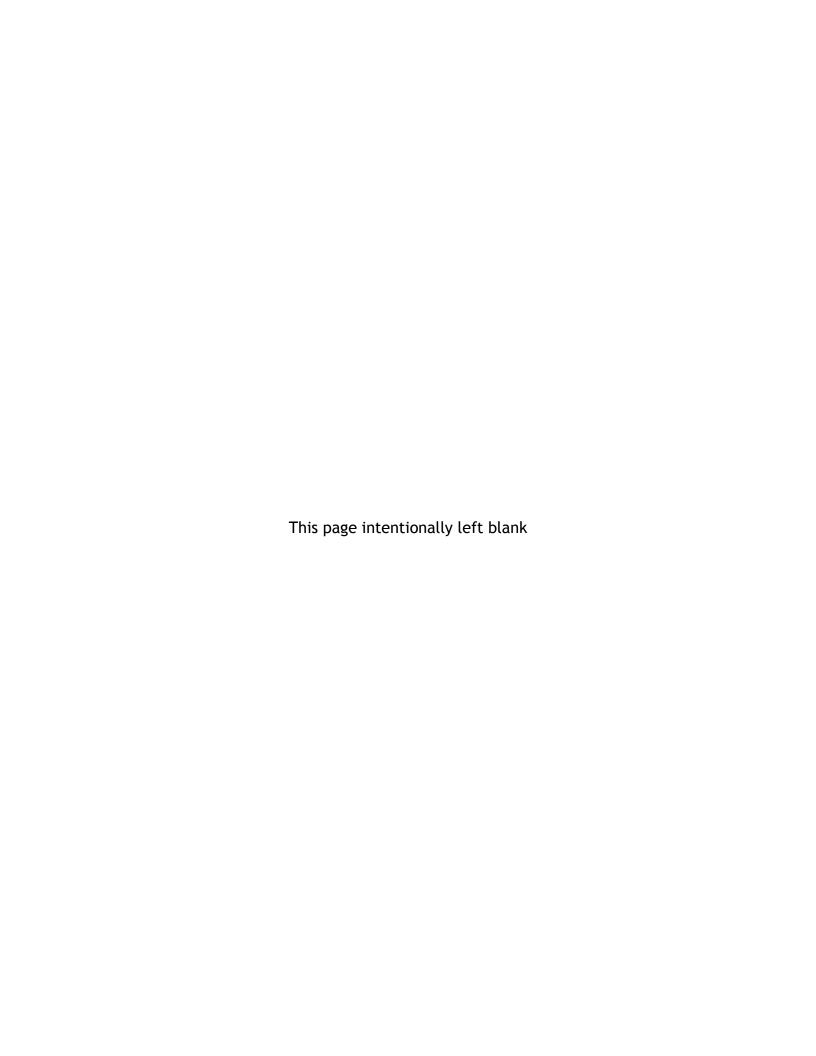
	_	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget -
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_				
General property taxes	\$	14,497,248 \$	14,497,248 \$	14,042,729 \$	(454,519)
Other local taxes		1,740,078	1,740,078	1,750,911	10,833
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		168,600	168,600	312,833	144,233
Fines and forfeitures		81,500	82,247	73,609	(8,638)
Revenue from the use of money and property		144,342	144,342	138,174	(6,168)
Charges for services		44,876	44,876	119,877	75,001
Miscellaneous		54,956	113,994	147,519	33,525
Recovered costs		595,312	725,566	877,416	151,850
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Commonwealth		4,951,115	5,259,461	5,009,964	(249,497)
Federal	_	1,251,068	1,080,029	1,064,835	(15,194)
Total revenues	\$_	23,529,095 \$	23,856,441 \$	23,537,867 \$	(318,574)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$	2,341,983 \$	2,476,368 \$	1,944,503 \$	531,865
Judicial administration		922,553	985,362	913,738	71,624
Public safety		4,619,050	5,363,789	5,336,694	27,095
Public works		2,560,283	2,763,072	2,473,391	289,681
Health and welfare		3,476,092	3,710,034	3,279,533	430,501
Education		7,595,543	7,821,850	7,821,850	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		463,718	463,718	442,584	21,134
Community development		573,334	839,454	509,465	329,989
Nondepartmental		192,887	204,446	199,991	4,455
Capital projects		342,112	983,110	666,131	316,979
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		364,000	364,000	364,000	-
Interest and other fiscal charges		161,925	161,925	161,925	
Total expenditures	\$_	23,613,480 \$	26,137,128 \$	24,113,805 \$	2,023,323
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$_	(84,385) \$	(2,280,687) \$	(575,938) \$	1,704,749
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	\$	(79,477) \$	(79,477) \$	(79,477) \$	-
	Ť –	(,,,,,,)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(163,862) \$	(2,360,164) \$	(655,415) \$	1,704,749
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		163,862	2,360,164	9,306,341	6,946,177
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	8,650,926 \$	8,650,926

Schedules of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress Last Three Fiscal Years

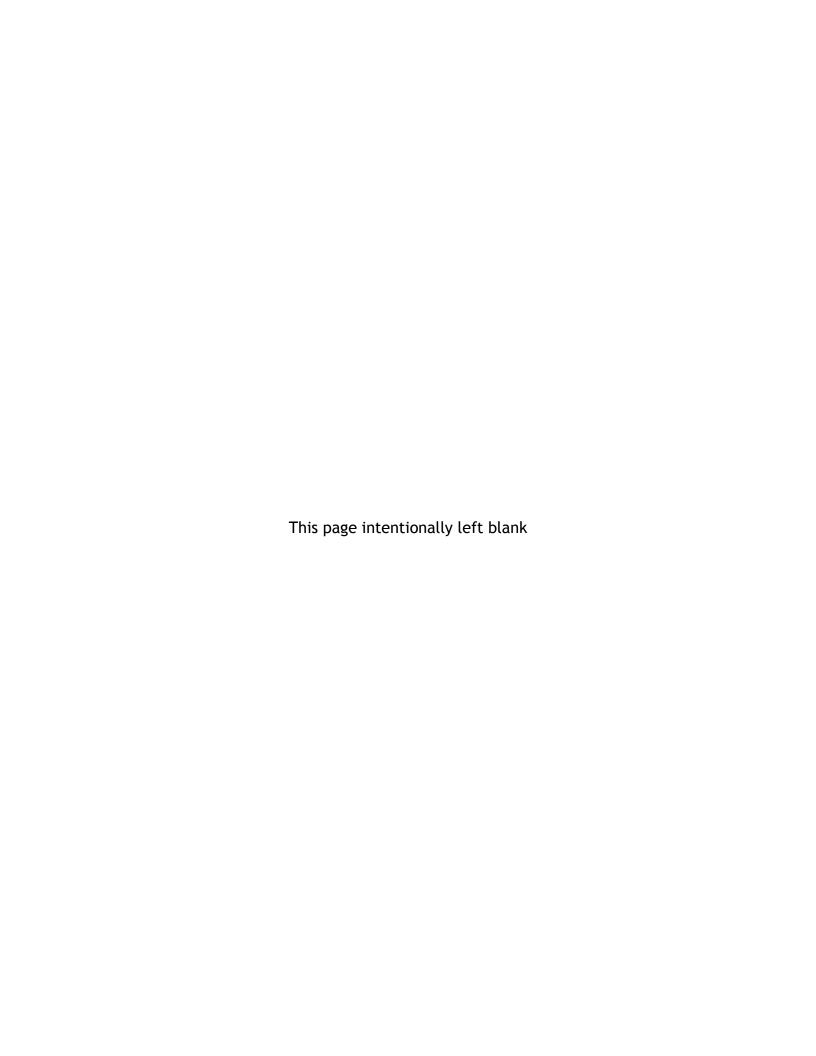
VIRGINIA RETII	REMENT SYSTEM	<u>/1:</u>				
COUNTY:			l los from al a al			
Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered	UAAL as % of Payroll
Date	(AVA)	(AAL)	(UAAL) (3) - (2)	(2) / (3)	Payroll	(4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6/30/2011 \$	15,575,423 \$	20,636,913 \$	5,061,490	75.47% \$	4,502,014	112.43%
6/30/2010	15,155,651	19,717,619	4,561,968	76.86%	4,326,727	105.44%
6/30/2009	15,060,362	17,760,240	2,699,878	84.80%	4,352,119	62.04%
Health Insurar	nce Credit Progr	ram:	Ha Carada al			
Valuation Date * (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
					, ,	
6/30/2011 \$ 6/30/2010	7,487 \$ 5,005	45,851 \$ 44,833	38,364 39,828	16.33% \$ 11.16% \$	1,608,390 4,326,727	2.39% 0.92%
0/30/2010	3,003	44,033	37,020	ر 11.10%	4,320,727	0.72/0
	RESENTED COMI D NON-PROFESS		SCHOOL BOARD			
			Unfunded			
	Actuarial	Actuarial	(Excess Funded)	Francis al	A	UAAL
Valuation	Value of Assets	Accrued Liability	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered	as % of Payroll
Date	(AVA)	(AAL)	(UAAL) (3) - (2)	(2) / (3)	Payroll	(4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6/30/2011 \$ 6/30/2010 6/30/2009	2,982,900 \$ 2,920,349 2,885,384	3,550,164 \$ 3,398,304 3,112,009	567,264 477,955 226,625	84.02% \$ 85.94% 92.72%	885,929 974,509 982,625	64.03% 49.05% 23.06%
	EMPLOYMENT BI		,		,	
OTHER POST-E	INPLOTIMENT BE	ENEFITS.	Unfunded			
Valuation	Actuarial Value of	Actuarial Accrued	(Excess Funded) Actuarial	Funded	Annual	UAAL as % of
Valuation Date *	Value of Assets	Accrued Liability	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Ratio	Covered	as % of Payroll
Valuation Date * (1)	Value of	Accrued	Actuarial			as % of

^{*} Only two years of valuations available.





Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	_	Budgete	ed Ar	mounts	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original Final			Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES	_				-		
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	5,757	\$ (2,243)
Miscellaneous	_	-		-	_	400	 400
Total revenues	\$_	8,000	\$_	8,000	\$_	6,157	\$ (1,843)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital projects	\$	25,700	\$	25,700	\$	14,804	\$ 10,896
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		59,579		59,579		59,579	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	19,898		19,898		19,898	
Total expenditures	\$_	105,177	\$ <u></u> _	105,177	\$_	94,281	\$ 10,896
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$_	(97,177)	\$ <u></u> _	(97,177)	\$_	(88,124)	\$ 9,053
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	79,477	\$	79,477	\$	79,477	\$ -
Sale of capital assets	_	-		-	_	644,914	 644,914
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	79,477	\$	79,477	\$	724,391	\$ 644,914
Net change in fund balances	\$	(17,700)	\$	(17,700)	\$	636,267	\$ 653,967
Fund balances - beginning	_	17,700	_	17,700		570,079	 552,379
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,206,346	\$ 1,206,346

Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Fund June 30, 2012

		AT Johson Debt Service Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,294
Investments		143,505
Receivables (net of allowance		
for uncollectibles):		
Accounts receivable		11,191
Total assets	\$	203,990
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Fund balances:	•	
Committed	\$	203,990
Total fund balances	\$	203,990
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	203,990

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

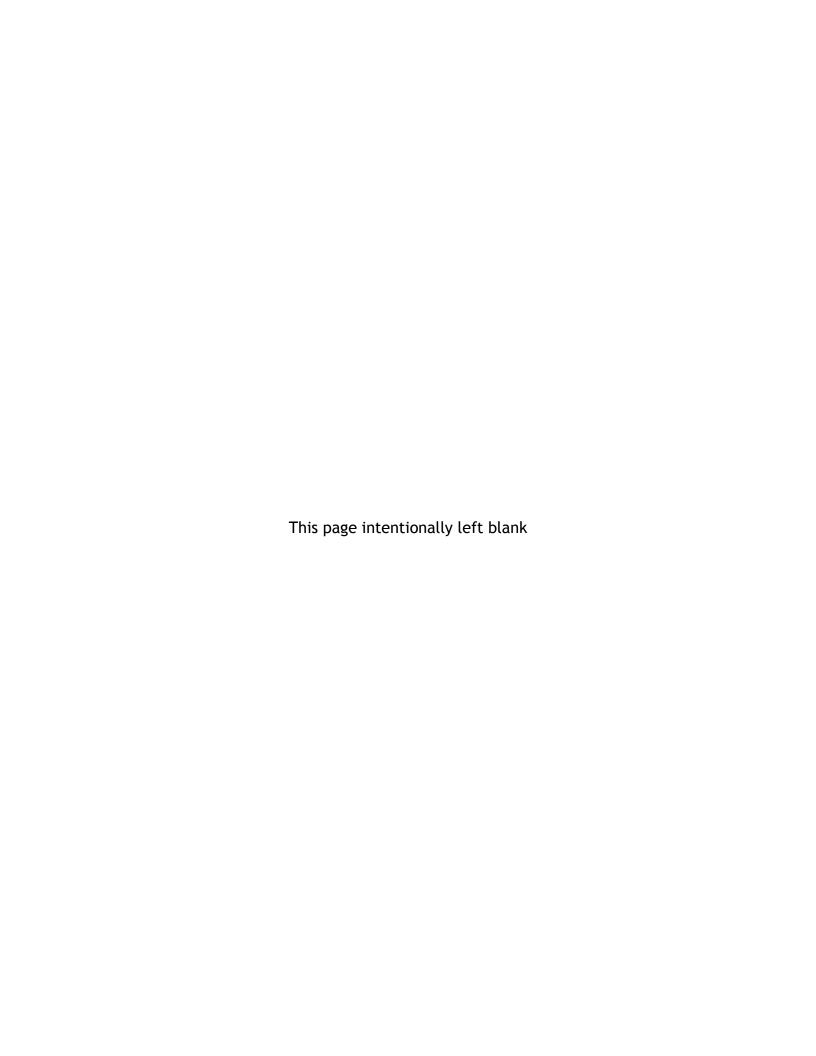
	-	AT Johson Debt Service Fund		
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	159,933		
Charges for services		5,125		
Total revenues	\$	165,058		
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	\$	148,013		
Interest and other fiscal charges		50,137		
Total expenditures	\$	198,150		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	\$_	(33,092)		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(33,092)		
Fund balances - beginning		237,082		
Fund balances - ending	\$	203,990		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			AT Johnson D	ebt S	Service Fund	
	_	Budgeted Ar	mounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	•	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	161,660 \$	161,660	\$	159,933 \$	(1,727)
Charges for services		3,000	3,000		5,125	2,125
Total revenues	\$	164,660 \$	164,660	\$	165,058 \$	398
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$	148,014 \$	148,014	\$	148,013 \$	1
Interest and other fiscal charges		51,433	51,433		50,137	1,296
Total expenditures	\$	199,447 \$	199,447	\$	198,150 \$	1,297
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$_	(34,787) \$	(34,787)	\$	(33,092) \$	1,695
Net change in fund balances	\$	(34,787) \$	(34,787)	\$	(33,092) \$	1,695
Fund balances - beginning		34,787	34,787		237,082	202,295
Fund balances - ending	ş <u> </u>	- \$	-	ş <u> </u>	203,990 \$	203,990

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	_	Agency	-		
	_	Special Welfare	Alternative Education Fund	. <u>-</u>	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	29,149 \$	183,125	\$	212,274
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	15,088 \$	34,967	\$	50,055
Amounts held for social services clients		14,061	-		14,061
Amounts held for alternative education		-	148,158		148,158
Total liabilities	\$	29,149 \$	183,125	\$	212,274



Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Balance				Dalamaa
		Beginning of year				Balance End
	<u>-</u>		Additions	Deletions	of Year	
Special Welfers Fund				_		
Special Welfare Fund: ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,098	Ċ	29,149 \$	30,098 \$	29,149
Total assets	ş —	30,098		29,149 \$	30,098 \$	29,149
Total assets	` =	30,070	=	27,147	30,070	27,147
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	16,038	\$	15,088 \$	16,038 \$	15,088
Amounts held for social services clients	_	14,060	_	14,061	14,060	14,061
Total liabilities	\$ _	30,098	\$	29,149 \$	30,098 \$	29,149
Bridge House Fund:						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,135	\$	- \$	6,135 \$	-
Investments, at fair value:		,	•		, .	
U.S. government obligations		37,256		-	37,256	-
Corporate bonds		5,061		-	5,061	-
Total assets	\$	48,452	\$	- \$	48,452 \$	-
LIABILITIES						
Amounts held for Bridge House	\$	48,452	Ś	- \$	48,452 \$	_
Total liabilities	\$_	48,452		- \$	48,452 \$	-
			_			
Alternative Education Fund: ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	177,812	Ċ	301,655 \$	296,342 \$	183,125
Total assets	ş <u> </u>	177,812		301,655 \$	296,342 \$	183,125
Total assets	⁷ =	177,012	۽ = =	301,033 3	270,342	103,123
LIABILITIES						
Amounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	34,691	\$	34,967 \$	34,691 \$	34,967
Amounts held for alternative education program	_	143,121		266,688	261,651	148,158
Total liabilities	\$	177,812	\$	301,655 \$	296,342 \$	183,125

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

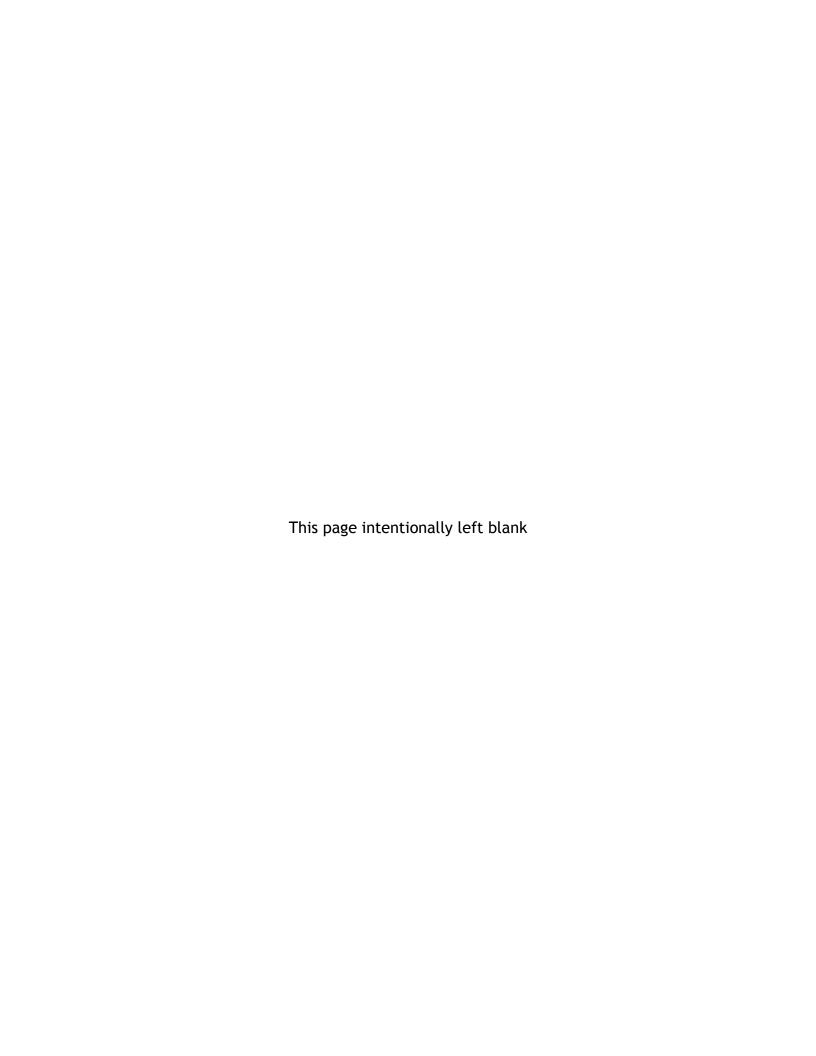
	-	Balance Beginning of Year Additions				Deletions	_	Balance End of Year
Totals - All Agency Funds:								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	214,045	\$	330,804	\$	332,575	\$	212,274
Investments, at fair value:								
U.S. government obligations		37,256		-		37,256		-
Corporate bonds		5,061		-		5,061		-
Total assets	\$	256,362	\$	330,804	\$	374,892	\$ <u>_</u>	212,274
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	50,729	\$	50,055	\$	50,729	\$	50,055
Amounts held for social services clients		14,060		14,061		14,060		14,061
Amounts held for Bridge House		48,452		-		48,452		-
Amounts held for alternative education program		143,121		266,688		261,651		148,158
Total liabilities	\$	256,362	\$	330,804	\$	374,892	\$ _	212,274

Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
June 30, 2012

	_	School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50	\$	329,969	\$	330,019
Cash in custody of others		78,479		-		78,479
Investments		2,247,439		-		2,247,439
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Accounts receivable		63,969		571		64,540
Due from other governmental units		645,213		32,044		677,257
Total assets	\$ _	3,035,150		362,584	Ş.	3,397,734
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	150,637	\$	4,416	\$	155,053
Accrued liabilities		1,565,311		44,194		1,609,505
Due to other governmental units		72,751	_	-	_	72,751
Total liabilities	\$	1,788,699	\$	48,610	\$	1,837,309
Fund balances: Committed - cafeteria	\$	_	\$	313,974	Ċ	313,974
	ڔ	E04 901	ڔ	313,774	ڔ	
Assigned - capital outlays Assigned - other purposes		504,801 220		-		504,801 220
Unassigned		741,430				741,430
Total fund balances	\$ [_]	1,246,451	ς –	313,974	S	1,560,425
Total liabilities and fund balances	š-	3,035,150	- š -	362,584		3,397,734
	*=	2,000,100	=	302,001	= ~ =	5,677,763
Amounts reported for governmental activities in t (Exhibit 1) are different because:	he sta	tement of net	asse	ets		
Total fund balances per above					\$	1,560,425
Capital assets used in governmental activities are therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land Construction in progress Buildings and systems	not fi	nancial resour	ces (258,916 383,765 6,743,287		
Machinery and equipment			_	762,368	_	8,148,336
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in therefore, are not reported in the funds.	the cu	rrent period a				
Compensated absences			\$	(146,170)		
Accrued interest payable				(38,806)		
Other post employment benefits				(1,207,788)		
Capital leases				(1,839,162)		(0.000.10=:
Retirement incentive obligation			_	(100,754)		(3,332,680)
Net assets of governmental activities					\$	6,376,081

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	_	School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	29,864 \$		\$	29,995
Charges for services		1,650	271,777		273,427
Miscellaneous Intergovernmental revenues:		214,004	4,282		218,286
Local government		7,812,960	_		7,812,960
Commonwealth		7,405,095	14,831		7,419,926
Federal		1,896,016	646,979		2,542,995
Total revenues	\$	17,359,589 \$	938,000	\$	18,297,589
EXPENDITURES	_			_	
Current:					
Education	\$	16,883,257 \$	889,275	\$	17,772,532
Capital projects		477,765	-		477,765
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		223,562	-		223,562
Interest and other fiscal charges		94,521	-		94,521
Total expenditures	\$	17,679,105 \$	889,275	\$	18,568,380
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$	(319,516) \$	48,725	\$	(270,791)
Net change in fund balances	Ś	(319,516) \$	48,725	ς	(270,791)
Fund balances - beginning	Ţ	1,565,967	265,249	۲	1,831,216
Fund balances - ending	ς_	1,246,451 \$		ς	1,560,425
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activi different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above	ties (Exhibit 2) are		\$	(270,791)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital depreciation in the current period.	lives	and reported			
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense		\$	493,106 (674,609)		(181,503)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component	ant Hr	oit			159,906
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Compone	ent or	III.			159,900
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current fin governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	debt howe of iss these	consumes the ever, has any suance costs, e amounts are			120 044
Principal retired on capital lease obligations					129,011
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in gov					
Compensated absences		\$	(20,820)		
Other post employment benefits			(321,144)		
Accrued interest payable			2,722		(244.404)
Retirement incentive obligation Change in net assets of governmental activities			94,551	ς-	(244,691)
change in her assets of governmental activities				- ۲	(400,000)

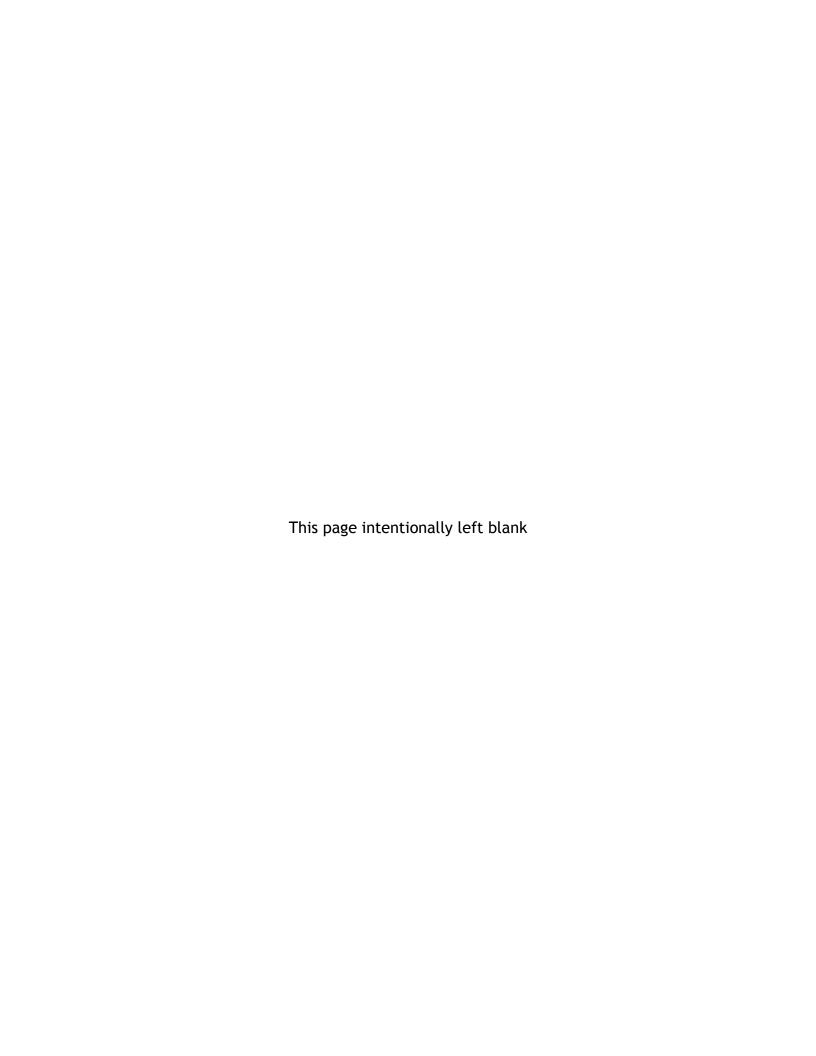


COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

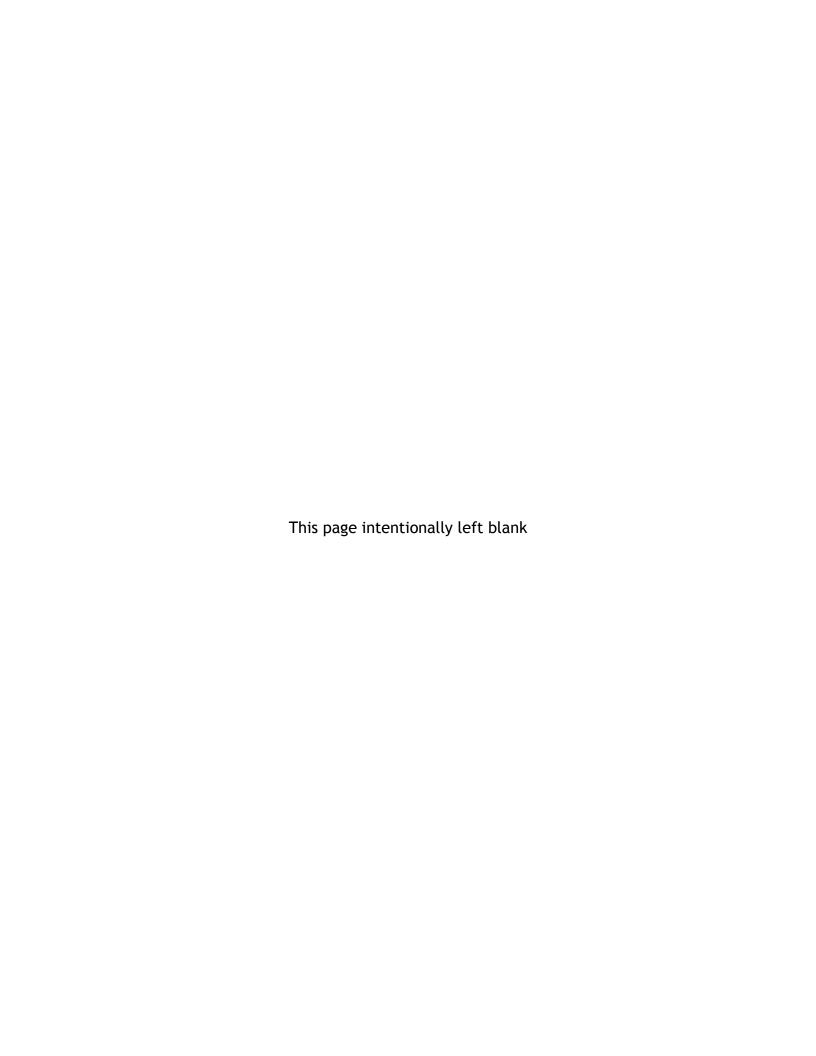
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		ing Fund					
		Budgete	d Ar	mounts		-	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	u Ai	Final	-	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	_	Original	_	ı ınaı		Actual	(Negative)
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	29,793	\$	29,793	Ś	29,864 \$	71
Charges for services	*	-7,770	τ .		τ	1,650	1,650
Miscellaneous		99,201		99,201		214,004	114,803
Intergovernmental revenues:		•		,		,	,
Local government		7,586,653		7,812,960		7,812,960	-
Commonwealth		7,114,600		7,306,136		7,405,095	98,959
Federal		1,477,235		1,883,158		1,896,016	12,858
Total revenues	\$	16,307,482	\$	17,131,248	\$	17,359,589 \$	228,341
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	\$	16,206,179	\$	17,758,619	\$	16,883,257 \$	875,362
Capital projects Debt service:		29,643		530,934		477,765	53,169
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges		223,562 97,042		223,562 97,042		223,562 94,521	- 2,521
Total expenditures	\$	16,556,426	\$	18,610,157	\$	17,679,105 \$	931,052
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$_	(248,944)	\$_	(1,478,909)	\$_	(319,516)	1,159,393
Net change in fund balances	\$	(248,944)	\$	(1,478,909)	\$	(319,516) \$	1,159,393
Fund balances - beginning		248,944		1,478,909		1,565,967	87,058
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,246,451 \$	1,246,451

	School Cafeteria Fund												
							Variance with						
							Final Budget						
	Budgete	d.	Amounts				Positive						
	Original		Final	-	Actual		(Negative)						
,				_		_							
\$	279	\$	279	\$	131	\$	(148)						
	265,468		265,468		271,777		6,309						
	-		-		4,282		4,282						
	-		-		-		-						
	15,108		15,108		14,831		(277)						
	463,052		568,845		646,979		78,134						
\$	743,907	\$	849,700	\$	938,000	\$	88,300						
,				_		_							
\$	861,785	\$	967,578	\$	889,275	\$	78,303						
	-		-		-		-						
	-		-		-		-						
\$	861,785	Ś	967,578	\$	889,275	Ś	78,303						
Τ,		Τ,	707,070	- *		- *	,						
\$	(117,878)	Ś	(117,878)	Ś	48,725	Ś	166,603						
Τ,	(111,010)	Τ,	(,0.0)	- *	,,,,	- *	,						
\$	(117,878)	\$	(117,878)	Ś	48,725	Ś	166,603						
т	117,878	т	117,878	•	265,249	т	147,371						
\$		Ś		\$	313,974	Ś	313,974						
Τ,		Τ,		• *	=======================================	= _							







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	10,732,930	\$	10,732,930	\$	10,495,659	\$	(237,271)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		222,880		222,880		231,755		8,875
Personal property taxes		3,032,672		3,032,672		2,792,115		(240,557)
Mobile home taxes		23,086		23,086		21,238		(1,848)
Machinery and tools taxes		120,000		120,000		100,193		(19,807)
Farm machinery and tools taxes		80,000		80,000		80,614		614
Merchants capital taxes		55,680		55,680		37,028		(18,652)
Penalties		167,000		167,000		191,584		24,584
Interest		63,000		63,000		92,543		29,543
Total general property taxes	\$	14,497,248	\$	14,497,248	\$	14,042,729	\$	(454,519)
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	708,978	\$	708,978	\$	702,646	\$	(6,332)
Consumers' utility taxes		314,000		314,000		321,200		7,200
Utility gross receipts taxes		48,000		48,000		49,277		1,277
Motor vehicle licenses		498,600		498,600		506,275		7,675
Bank stock taxes		6,000		6,000		3,515		(2,485)
Taxes on recordation and wills		160,000		160,000		164,307		4,307
E-911 taxes		4,500		4,500		3,691		(809)
Total other local taxes	\$	1,740,078	\$	1,740,078	\$	1,750,911	\$	10,833
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	10,179	\$	2,179
Permits and other licenses		160,600		160,600		302,654		142,054
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	168,600	\$	168,600	\$	312,833	\$	144,233
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$_	81,500	\$_	82,247	\$_	73,609	\$_	(8,638)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	86,892	\$	86,892	\$	78,561	\$	(8,331)
Revenue from use of property		57,450		57,450		59,613		2,163
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	144,342	\$	144,342	\$	138,174	\$	(6,168)
Charges for services:								
Sheriff's fees	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	1,096	\$	(404)
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control		7,676		7,676		7,404		(272)
Charges for courthouse maintenance		6,000		6,000		14,746		8,746
Charges for court appointed attorney		2,000		2,000		932		(1,068)
Concealed weapons permits		3,000		3,000		4,223		1,223
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		500		500		2,898		2,398

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Charges for services: (Continued)						
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees	\$	5,600 \$	5,600 \$	62,188	\$	56,588
Charges for animal control		8,000	8,000	11,430		3,430
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		10,500	10,500	14,936		4,436
Charges for parks, recreation and cultural		100	100	24		(76)
Total charges for services	\$	44,876 \$	44,876 \$	119,877	\$	75,001
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Expenditure refunds	\$	- \$	- \$	405	\$	405
Miscellaneous other		54,956	113,994	147,114		33,120
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	54,956 \$	113,994 \$	147,519	\$	33,525
Recovered costs:						
Other recovered costs	\$	123,812 \$	125,012 \$	171,142	\$	46,130
Rescue recovery	_	471,500	600,554	706,274		105,720
Total recovered costs	\$_	595,312 \$	725,566 \$	877,416	\$	151,850
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	17,326,912 \$	17,516,951 \$	17,463,068	\$	(53,883)
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Noncategorical aid:						
Mobile home titling tax	\$	15,000 \$	15,000 \$	18,321	Ş	3,321
Motor vehicle rental tax		1,000	1,000	2,103		1,103
State recordation tax		105,472	105,472	63,209		(42,263)
Tax on deeds		30,000	30,000	40,655		10,655
Communication sales and use taxes		600,000	600,000	649,524		49,524
Personal property tax relief funds	s ⁻	1,139,678	1,139,678	1,139,679 1,913,491		22,341
Total noncategorical aid	² -	1,891,150 \$	1,891,150 \$	1,913,491	٠ -	22,341
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	246,577 \$	246,577 \$	240,640	\$	(5,937)
Sheriff		903,777	903,777	921,777		18,000
Commissioner of revenue		92,818	92,818	92,688		(130)
Treasurer		92,790	92,790	85,548		(7,242)
Medical examiner		400	400	-		(400)
Registrar/electoral board		38,906	38,906	39,500		594
Clerk of the Circuit Court		180,080	180,217	199,196		18,979
Total shared expenses	\$_	1,555,348 \$	1,555,485 \$	1,579,349	\$	23,864

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued) Categorical aid: (Continued) Other categorical aid:						
Welfare administration and public assistance	\$	721,399 \$	675,842 \$	454,866	\$ (220,976	6)
Two for life	7	18,392	19,120	19,120	- (220,770	-
Litter control grant		6,000	6,000	6,096	96	5
E-911 wireless grant		-	150,000	150,000	-	-
DCJS grant		45,410	46,318	46,210	(108	3)
Fire programs		36,348	36,348	36,163	(185	j)
Comprehensive Services Act		488,250	650,070	616,241	(33,829))
VJCCCA grants		149,318	149,318	136,982	(12,336)
Library grant		-	8,599	8,599	-	-
DMV grants		-	30,400	-	(30,400	,
Wireless grant		38,000	38,000	40,000	2,000	
Other categorical aid		1,500	2,811	2,847	36	
Total other categorical aid	\$_	1,504,617 \$	1,812,826 \$	1,517,124	\$ (295,702)
Total categorical aid	\$_	3,059,965 \$	3,368,311 \$	3,096,473	\$ (271,838	3)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	4,951,115 \$	5,259,461 \$	5,009,964	\$ (249,497	<u>')</u>
Revenue from the federal government:						
Noncategorical aid:						
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$_	1,300 \$		1,358		_
Total noncategorical aid	\$_	1,300 \$	1,300 \$	1,358	\$ 58	<u>.</u>
Categorical aid:						
Welfare administration and public assistance	\$	1,249,768 \$	1,077,722 \$	1,008,858		
DMV grants		-	-	30,309	30,309	
FEMA grant		-	-	22,000	22,000)
Criminal justice grants		<u> </u>	1,007	2,310	1,303	
Total categorical aid	\$_	1,249,768 \$	1,078,729 \$	1,063,477	\$ (15,252	()
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	1,251,068 \$	1,080,029 \$	1,064,835	\$ (15,194	1)
Total General Fund	\$	23,529,095 \$	23,856,441 \$	23,537,867	\$ (318,574	1)
Debt Service Funds:						
AT Johnson Debt Service Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$	1,200 \$	1,200 \$	1,654	\$ 454	ļ
Revenue from the use of property	_	160,460	160,460	158,279	(2,181	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	161,660 \$	161,660 \$	159,933	\$ (1,727	<u>')</u>

Sche	ub	lle	1	
Page	4	of	6	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final Major and Minor Revenue Source Budget Budget Actual		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Debt Service Funds: (Continued) AT Johnson Debt Service Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued) Charges for services:							
Other charges for services	\$_	3,000	\$_	3,000 \$	5,125	\$_	2,125
Total revenue from local sources	\$	164,660	\$	164,660 \$	165,058	\$_	398
Total AT Johnson Debt Service Fund	\$	164,660	\$	164,660 \$	165,058	\$_	398
Capital Projects Fund: General Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money	\$_	8,000	\$_	8,000_\$	5,757	_\$_	(2,243)
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Other miscellaneous	\$_	-	\$_	<u> </u>	400	_\$_	400
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	8,000	\$_	8,000 \$	6,157	\$_	(1,843)
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$	8,000	\$	8,000 \$	6,157	\$_	(1,843)
Total Primary Government	\$	23,701,755	\$	24,029,101 \$	23,709,082	\$_	(320,019)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of money	\$	2,500	Ś	2,500 \$	2,127	Ś	(373)
Revenue from the use of property	•	27,293	•	27,293	27,737	•	444
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	29,793	\$	29,793 \$	29,864	\$	71
Charges for services:							
Charges for education	\$_	-	\$	\$	1,650	_\$_	1,650
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Expenditure refunds	\$	89,548	\$	89,548 \$	162,805	\$	73,257
Other miscellaneous		9,653	_	9,653	51,199		41,546
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	99,201	\$	99,201 \$	214,004	\$	114,803
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	128,994	\$	128,994 \$	245,518	\$_	116,524
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Revenues from local governments:		7 504 455	,	7040040	7.040.045		
Contribution from County of Westmoreland, Virginia	\$_	7,586,653	\$_	7,812,960	7,812,960	_\$_	-

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:	(Conti	nued)			
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,397,034 \$	1,397,034 \$	1,555,338 \$	158,304
Basic school aid		3,732,789	3,732,789	3,661,277	(71,512)
Remedial education		216,200	216,200	184,803	(31,397)
Gifted and talented		36,439	36,439	35,910	(529)
Special education		513,380	513,380	505,938	(7,442)
Vocational SOQ payments		78,546	78,546	77,407	(1,139)
Social security fringe benefits		223,490	223,490	220,251	(3,239)
Retirement fringe benefits		202,437	202,437	199,503	(2,934)
State lottery payments		, -	, -	42,614	42,614
Early reading intervention		19,671	19,671	19,671	-
At risk payments		204,708	204,708	201,679	(3,029)
Technology		154,000	154,000	151,322	(2,678)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		20,123	20,123	20,197	74
K-3 initiatives		-	191,536	190,037	(1,499)
Other state funds		315,783	315,783	339,148	23,365
Total categorical aid	\$	7,114,600 \$	7,306,136 \$	7,405,095	
Total categorical and	Ť -	7,111,000 \$	7,500,150 \$	7,103,073	70,737
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	7,114,600 \$	7,306,136 \$	7,405,095 \$	98,959
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Title I	\$	432,984 \$	771,747 \$	750,604 \$	(21,143)
Title VI-B, flow-through	•	306,303	312,434	333,437	21,003
Title VI-B, preschool		17,198	17,198	19,083	1,885
Title I ARRA		,	2,855	2,855	-,,,,,
		170 167	•	•	(64.042)
1003 G school improvement		179,167	179,167	114,224 150	(64,943)
Drug free schools		2 274	2 274		150 603
Education technology formula grant		3,264	3,264	3,867	
Community learning center grant		194,000	194,000	270,779	76,779
ARRA education jobs fund		-		4,891	4,891
Interest subsidy		104,872	104,872	104,873	1
Title II Part A		109,218	103,087	91,290	(11,797)
Other federal funds		130,229	194,534	199,963	5,429
Total categorical aid	\$_	1,477,235 \$	1,883,158 \$	1,896,016 \$	12,858
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	1,477,235 \$	1,883,158 \$	1,896,016 \$	12,858
Total School Operating Fund	\$	16,307,482 \$	17,131,248 \$	17,359,589 \$	228,341

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Ori nor Revenue Source Bu			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:	(Conti	nued)					
Special Revenue Fund:							
School Cafeteria Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money	\$	279	ċ	279	ċ	131 \$	(148)
Revenue from the use of money	٠ -	2/9	ب	2/9	٠,	Ç	(140)
Charges for services:							
Cafeteria sales	\$_	265,468	\$	265,468	\$	271,777 \$	6,309
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Other miscellaneous						4,282	4,282
Other miscettaneous	-		-		-	4,202	4,202
Total revenue from local sources	\$	265,747	\$	265,747	\$	276,190 \$	10,443
	-				_		
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:					_		
School food program grant	\$_	15,108	\$_	15,108	\$_	14,831 \$	(277)
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
School food program grant	\$	463,052	\$	552,258	\$	640,022 \$	87,764
Other categorical aid		-		16,587		6,957	(9,630)
Total categorical aid	\$	463,052	\$	568,845	\$	646,979 \$	78,134
Total revenue from the federal government		463,052		568,845		646,979	78,134
Total School Cafetoria Fund	٠	742 007	٠.	940 700	٠	029.000 ¢	99 200
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ <u>-</u>	743,907	<u></u> ک	849,700	۽	938,000 \$	88,300
Total Discretely Presented Component							
Unit - School Board	\$	17,051,389	\$	17,980,948	\$	18,297,589 \$	316,641
	-	·		·	-		

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:						
General government administration:						
Legislative:						
Board of supervisors	\$_	86,510	\$_	93,284 \$	72,215	\$ 21,069
General and financial administration:						
County administrator	\$	363,332	\$	363,332 \$	358,811	\$ 4,521
County attorney		77,442		93,153	58,948	34,205
Independent auditor		46,000		46,920	46,920	-
Commissioner of revenue		341,880		347,540	339,451	8,089
Assessor		346,192		346,192	-	346,192
Treasurer		352,268		364,631	351,863	12,768
Accounting		250,455		257,090	244,344	12,746
Data processing		79,375		134,699	87,669	47,030
Risk management		242,060		254,403	227,588	26,815
Delinquent tax collections		22,638		23,296	18,213	5,083
Dues for local government		5,253	. –	5,253	5,240	13
Total general and financial administration	\$_	2,126,895	\$_	2,236,509 \$	1,739,047	\$ 497,462
Board of elections:						
Electoral board and officials	\$	41,844	\$	43,386 \$	41,952	\$ 1,434
Registrar		86,734		103,189	91,289	11,900
Total board of elections	\$_	128,578	\$_	146,575 \$	133,241	13,334
Total general government administration	\$_	2,341,983	\$_	2,476,368 \$	1,944,503	531,865
Judicial administration:						
Courts:						
Circuit court	\$	32,249	\$	40,576 \$	40,163	
General district court		3,810		3,810	2,913	897
Juvenile and domestic relations district court		36,240		49,446	28,103	21,343
Clerk of the circuit court		364,314		397,425	367,519	29,906
Victim-witness		45,410		47,698	47,586	112
Other	_	15,000		15,000	8,861	6,139
Total courts	\$_	497,023	\$_	553,955 \$	495,145	58,810
Commonwealth's attorney:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$_	425,530	\$_	431,407 \$	418,593	12,814
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$_	425,530	\$_	431,407 \$	418,593	12,814
Total judicial administration	\$_	922,553	\$_	985,362 \$	913,738	71,624
Public safety:						
Law enforcement and traffic control:						
Sheriff - law enforcement	\$	2,004,185	\$	2,120,718 \$	2,059,912	\$ 60,806
Other law enforcement and traffic control		10,000		63,822	58,884	4,938
Sheriff - 911 system		502,081		804,014	778,484	25,530
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	2,516,266	\$	2,988,554 \$	2,897,280	
	· _	, -,	· -			·

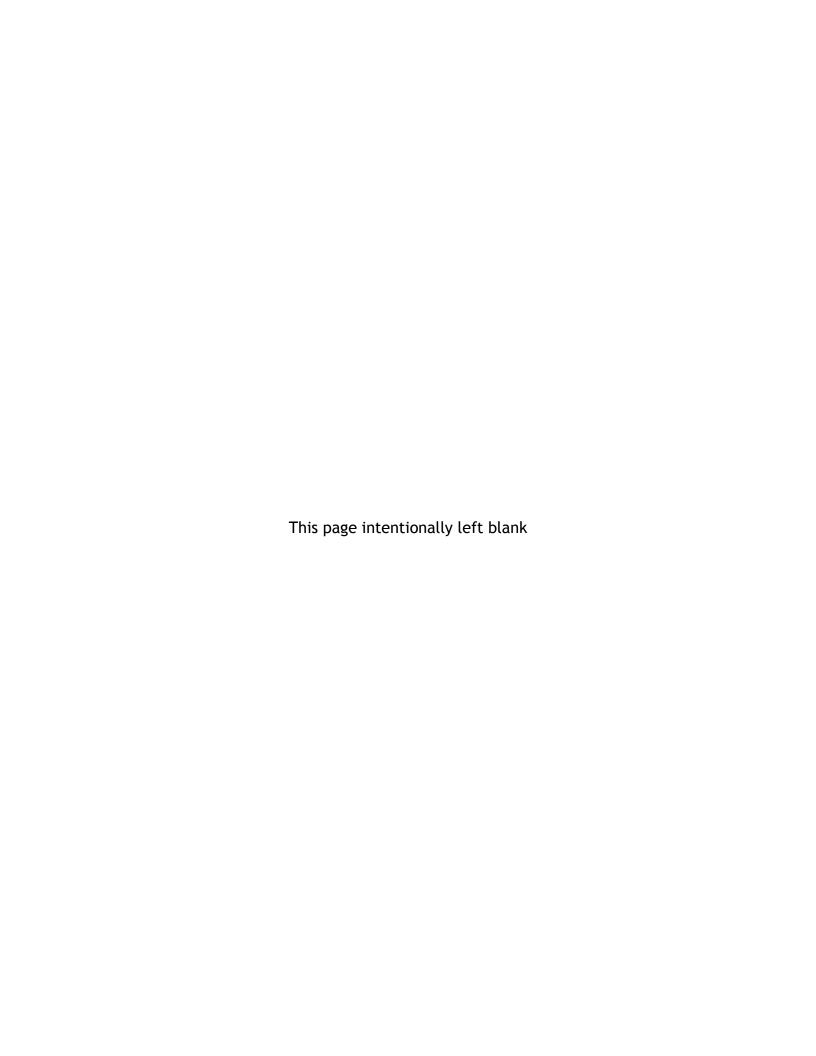
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Public Safety: (Continued)							
Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department	\$	536,348	ċ	536,348 \$	536,163	ċ	185
Ambulance and rescue services	Ş	830,627	Ş	960,009	953,119	Ş	6,890
Forestry		7,435		7,435	7,435		0,070
Total fire and rescue services	\$ ⁻	1,374,410	\$	1,503,792 \$	1,496,717	ş—	7,075
Correction and detention:	_		_				,
Juvenile and domestic relations court service unit	\$	71,911	\$	163,621 \$	94,667	\$	68,954
Juvenile commission crime control	·	149,318	·	149,318	136,982		12,336
Total correction and detention	\$	221,229	\$	312,939 \$	231,649	\$	81,290
Inspections:							
Building	\$	120,284	\$_	121,215 \$	108,750	\$	12,465
Other protection:							
Animal control	\$	134,288	\$	154,353 \$	131,258	\$	23,095
Medical examiner		200		200	60		140
Emergency management		105,098		121,012	93,378		27,634
Emergency services (civil defense)		147,275		161,724	377,602		(215,878)
Total other protection	\$	386,861	\$	437,289 \$	602,298	\$	(165,009)
Total public safety	\$_	4,619,050	\$_	5,363,789 \$	5,336,694	\$	27,095
Public works:							
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:							
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$_	40,000	\$_	40,716 \$	33,153	\$	7,563
Sanitation and waste removal:							
Refuse collection	\$	695,077	\$	570,383 \$	531,421	\$	38,962
Refuse disposal		1,095,617		1,161,119	1,141,694	_	19,425
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$_	1,790,694	\$_	1,731,502 \$	1,673,115	\$ <u></u>	58,387
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:							
General properties	\$_	729,589	\$_	990,854 \$	767,123	\$	223,731
Total public works	\$	2,560,283	\$	2,763,072 \$	2,473,391	\$	289,681
Health and welfare: Health:							_
Local health department	\$	179,243	\$	179,243 \$	177,964	\$	1,279
Mental health and mental retardation:							
Contribution to Chapter X Board	\$_	53,182	\$_	53,182 \$	53,182	\$	<u>-</u>
Welfare:							
Welfare administration	\$	1,877,010	\$	1,948,256 \$	1,651,045	\$	297,211
Public assistance		654,157		434,853	380,731		54,122
Comprehensive Services Act		712,500		1,094,500	1,016,611	. —	77,889
Total welfare	\$_	3,243,667	\$_	3,477,609 \$	3,048,387	\$ <u></u>	429,222
Total health and welfare	\$_	3,476,092	\$_	3,710,034 \$	3,279,533	\$	430,501

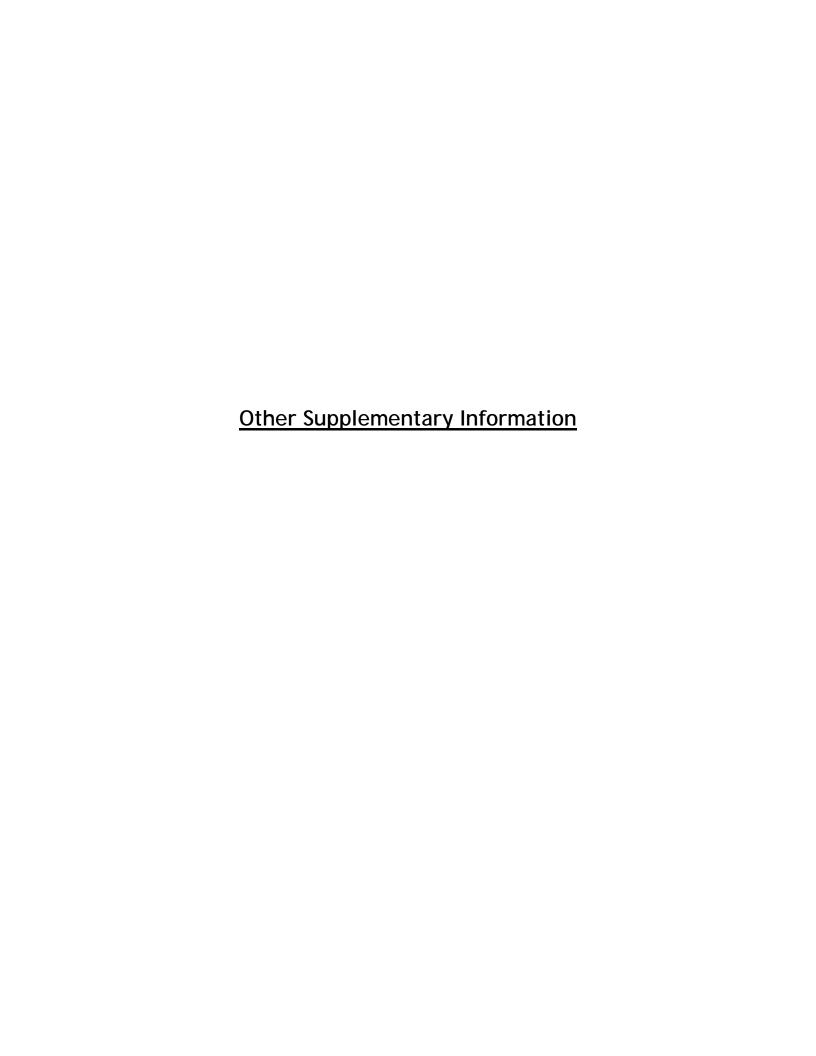
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contribution to local school board	\$	7,586,653	\$	7,812,960	\$	7,812,960	\$	-
Contributions to community college		8,890		8,890		8,890		-
Total education	\$	7,595,543	\$	7,821,850	\$	7,821,850	\$	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Public landings	\$	500		500		- :	\$	500
Total parks and recreation	\$	500	\$	500	\$	-	\$	500
Cultural enrichment:								
Westmoreland museum	\$	46,386	\$	46,386	\$	46,386	\$	-
Other cultural enrichment		16,194		16,194		-		16,194
Total cultural enrichment	_	62,580		62,580		46,386		16,194
Library:								
Contribution to regional library	\$_	400,638	\$_	400,638	\$_	396,198	\$	4,440
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$_	463,718	\$_	463,718	\$_	442,584	\$	21,134
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning	\$	380,906	\$	419,639	\$	342,937	\$	76,702
Community development		37,850		37,850		37,850		=
Northern Neck Planning Commission		32,000		32,000		32,000		-
Planning District Commission		9,500		9,488		7,595		1,893
Zoning board		2,800		2,800		1,828		972
Wetlands board		6,100		6,112		6,111		1
Tourism		31,000		77,175		4,701		72,474
Industrial Development Authority		10,574		38,774		13,774		25,000
Housing assistance		-		78,432		3,000		75,432
Other community development	<u>,</u> –	F10 720	- ۲	43,405	- , -	17,072	<u>, —</u>	26,333
Total planning and community development	\$_	510,730	- ^{>} -	745,675	- ^{>} _	466,868	-	278,807
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	11,350	\$	11,350	\$	10,450	\$	900
Litter control	. —	6,000		11,000		1,000		10,000
Total environmental management	\$	17,350	\$	22,350	<u></u> \$	11,450	\$	10,900
Cooperative extension program:								
Cooperative extension program	\$	45,254		71,429		31,147		40,282
Total cooperative extension program	\$	45,254	\$	71,429	\$	31,147	\$	40,282
Total community development	\$_	573,334	\$_	839,454	\$_	509,465	\$	329,989
Nondepartmental:								
Other nondepartmental	\$_	192,887	\$_	204,446	\$_	199,991	\$	4,455

	01	-11	Et a d			Variance with Final Budget -	
Frond Frontier Astivity, and Flaments	Original Budget		Final		A -4l	Positive	
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Bu	aget	Budget		Actual	(Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)							
Capital projects:							
New courthouse	\$	- \$	232,641	\$	200,125	32,516	
Land acquisition	2	50,000	250,000		250,000	-	
Other capital projects		92,112	500,469		216,006	284,463	
Total capital projects	\$ 3	42,112 \$	983,110	\$	666,131	316,979	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$ 3	64,000 \$	364,000	\$	364,000	-	
Interest and other fiscal charges		61,925	161,925		161,925		
Total debt service	\$5	25,925 \$	525,925	\$	525,925		
Total General Fund	\$ 23,6	13,480 \$	26,137,128	\$2	24,113,805	2,023,323	
Debt Service Fund:							
AT Johnson Debt Service Fund:							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$ 1	48,014 \$	148,014	\$	148,013	1	
Interest and other fiscal charges		51,433	51,433		50,137	1,296	
Total AT Johnson Debt Service Fund	\$ 1	99,447 \$	199,447	\$	198,150	1,297	
Capital Projects Fund:							
General Capital Projects Fund:							
Capital projects expenditures:							
Other capital projects	\$	25,700 \$	25,700	\$	14,804	10,896	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$	59,579 \$	59,579	\$	59,579	-	
Interest and other fiscal charges		19,898	19,898		19,898	-	
Total debt service	\$	79,477 \$	79,477	\$	79,477	-	
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$1	05,177 \$	105,177	\$	94,281	10,896	
Total Primary Government	\$ 23,9	18,104 \$	26,441,752	\$2	24,406,236	2,035,516	

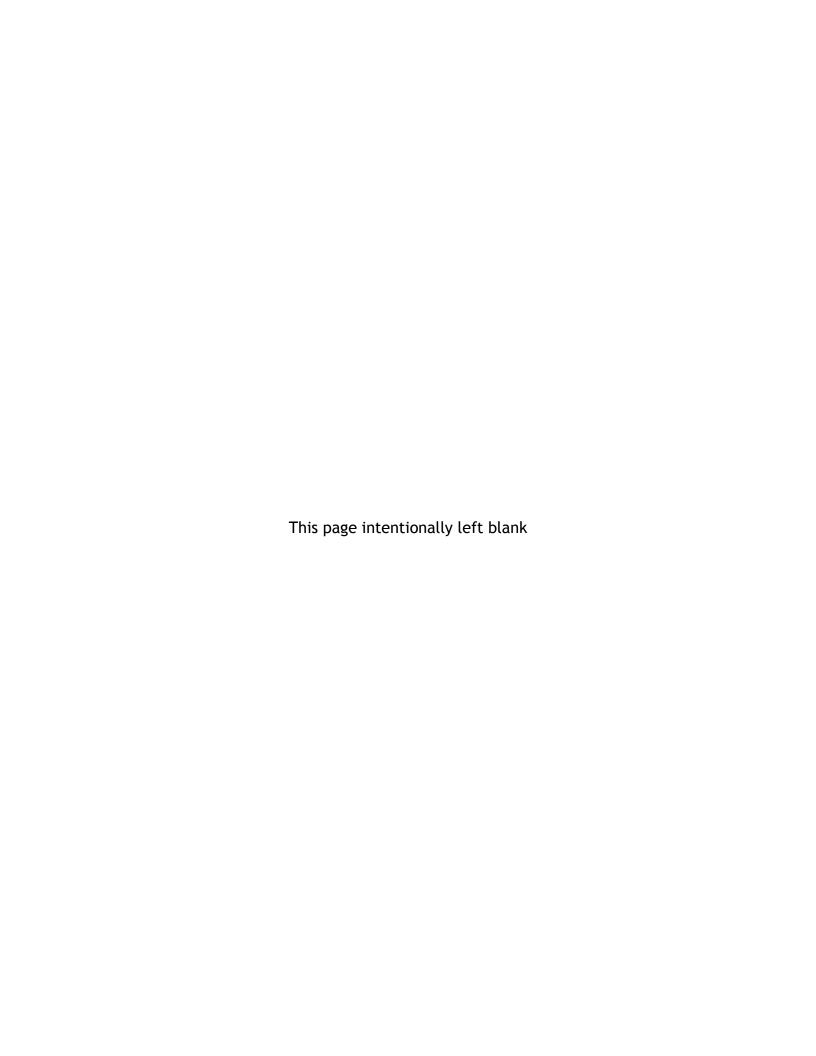
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund: Education:					
Instruction costs:					
Classroom instruction	\$	9,388,291 \$	10,135,842 \$	10,013,047 \$	*
Guidance services		398,773	401,028	400,855	173
Social worker services		8,672	15,962	15,962	-
Homebound instruction		22,312	57,322	59,149	(1,827)
Improvement of instruction		68,543	38,709	16,397	22,312
Media services		300,037	299,100	296,814	2,286
Office of the principal	_	678,820	743,257	740,168	3,089
Total instruction costs	\$_	10,865,448 \$	11,691,220 \$	11,542,392	148,828
Administration, attendance, and health:					
Board services	\$	36,207 \$	48,583 \$	47,771 \$	812
Executive administration	•	662,541	688,716	689,785	(1,069)
Fiscal services		117,718	115,295	115,007	288
Health services		159,735	158,324	154,625	3,699
Psychologist services		77,922	77,953	76,913	1,040
Attendance and health services		75,998	78,208	77,926	282
Total administration, attendance, and health	\$	1,130,121 \$	1,167,079 \$	1,162,027	
	_				
Operating costs:			0.004.104.4	. ==	
Pupil transportation	\$	1,595,007 \$	2,221,134 \$	1,756,694 \$	•
Operation and maintenance of school plant		1,654,995	1,658,819	1,535,954	122,865
Operation and maintenance - vehicle services		10,500	6,777	3,192	3,585
Facilities		36,159	29,159	19,191	9,968
Technology	<u>,</u> –	913,949	984,431	863,807	120,624
Total operating costs	- ^২	4,210,610 \$	4,900,320 \$	4,178,838	721,482
Total education	\$_	16,206,179 \$	17,758,619 \$	16,883,257	875,362
Capital projects:					
School capital projects	\$_	29,643 \$	530,934 \$	477,765	53,169
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$	223,562 \$	223,562 \$	223,562 \$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges		97,042	97,042	94,521	2,521
Total debt service	\$	320,604 \$	320,604 \$	318,083	
	_				
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	16,556,426 \$	18,610,157 \$	17,679,105	931,052
Special Revenue Fund: Cafeteria Fund: Education:					
School food services:					
Food services	\$_	861,785 \$	967,578 \$	889,275	78,303
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ <u>_</u>	17,418,211 \$	19,577,735 \$	18,568,380	1,009,355









COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	14,525,630	18,917,490	19,889,627	20,964,626	21,727,309	23,704,114	25,081,001	23,637,118	24,836,823
Water and Sewer	86,119 \$ 284,937	703,492	637,139	711,813	755,354	1,457,659	1,545,593	1,641,291	2,064,351
Interest on Long- Term Debt	733,213 \$ 704,319	644,120	599,097	533,361	463,907	409,540	357,319	194,661	241,132
Community Develop- ment	476,453 \$	850,272	790,880	947,765	776,685	477,332	676,913	557,743	537,924
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	567,168 \$ 496,022	575,161	503,245	463,444	513,610	531,349	531,032	666,480	652,666
Education	4,695,584 \$ 5,370,778	5,119,295	5,559,083	5,711,808	5,893,445	7,096,142	7,172,995	7,866,868	7,929,075
Health and Welfare	2,127,505 \$ 2,579,673	3,064,829	2,872,215	3,405,187	3,855,693	3,677,723	3,479,544	3,267,173	3,436,498
Public Works	1,430,092 \$	1,901,105	2,584,020	2,517,368	2,528,664	2,935,668	4,181,907	2,392,400	2,471,093
Public Safety	2,439,949 \$	3,280,344	3,534,557	3,813,269	4,064,706	4,070,888	4,100,518	4,095,860	4,550,670
Judicial Admini- stration	581,882 \$	789,028	936,588	923,423	946,156	920,085	882,825	907,476	917,536
General Government Admini- stration	2002-03 \$ 1,387,665 \$ 581,882 \$ 2,439,949 \$ 1,430,092 \$ 2003-04 1,499,081 677,421 2,805,002 1,769,516	1,989,844	1,872,803	1,937,188	1,929,089	2,127,728	2,152,355	2,047,166	2,035,878
Fiscal Year	2002-03 \$ 2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Total	- \$ 19,152,274	19,870,442	19,281,897	22,603,172	26,358,025	28,998,169	25,225,027	27,863,160	24,734,261	25,446,648
		Gain (loss) on	Disposal	of Capital	Assets	\$	289,757		•	(152,754)					209,852
	Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	1,255,832 \$	1,311,422	1,299,588	1,498,132	1,293,764	1,240,601	1,294,332	1,938,603	1,927,017	1,914,849
JES					Miscellaneous	467,091 \$	381,591	613,953	632,606	568,866	563,516	600,033	2,642,087	62,060	165,387
GENERAL REVENUES			Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	642,017 \$	567,648	440,142	478,634	704,259	839,422	676,723	397,181	389,539	311,256
			Other	Local	Taxes	1,861,540 \$	2,126,050	2,333,601	2,693,401	2,631,376	2,649,385	2,457,899	1,756,532	1,691,688	1,750,911
			General	Property	Taxes	8,289,037 \$	8,761,199	8,989,988	9,239,430	11,916,334	12,225,448	14,058,354	13,996,800	14,032,052	14,110,456
S	Capital	Grants	and	Contri-	butions	2,680,543 \$	1,223,409	226,804	2,807,655	2,152,054	4,770,162	ı	1,271,784	1,131,915	1,033,337
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating	Grants	and	Contri-	butions	3,615,520 \$	4,994,239	5,034,657	4,853,729	6,473,810	5,773,145	4,896,246	4,490,855	4,181,265	4,263,818
PRO(Charges	for	Services	340,694 \$	215,127	343,164	399,585	770,316	936,490	1,241,440	1,369,318	1,318,725	1,686,782
	I			Fiscal	Year	2002-03 \$	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

General Government Revenues by Source (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	26,480,204	29,871,204	31,619,887	35,136,575	35,987,064	36,323,150	37,599,186	33,649,003	34,187,554
Intergovern- mental	14,340,517 \$	16,489,708	17,107,551	17,841,962	18,326,640	16,850,180	17,116,895	15,922,121	16,037,720
Recovered	165,319 \$	223,357	501,259	496,571	568,817	812,592	749,569	656,046	877,416
Miscel- laneous	501,795 \$	790,813	815,325	802,693	817,037	1,026,982	3,011,763	296,101	365,805
Charges for Services	379,715 \$	440,360	443,567	409,437	389,705	378,683	331,088	336,127	398,429
Use of Money & Property	655,131 \$	417,798	479,949	651,529	717,712	533,265	385,746	410,906	328,102
Fines & Forfeitures	28,129 \$	68,439	61,286	60,325	75,541	136,695	117,645	97,568	73,609
Permit Privilege Fees & Regulatory Licenses		216,926	302,028	260,445	209,337	217,488	247,734	232,944	312,833
Other Local Taxes		2,333,601				2,457,899	1,756,532	1,691,688	1,750,911
General Property Taxes	8,366,669 \$	8,890,202	9,215,521	11,982,237	12,232,890	13,909,366	13,882,214	14,005,502	14,042,729
Fiscal Year	2003 \$	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds of the Primary Government and Component Unit School Board.

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

General Government Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	24,556,159	26,232,152	29,300,626	30,611,697	32,481,985	34,323,532	35,085,335	34,648,182	32,516,007	34,002,956
Debt Service	1,642,101 \$ 24,556,159	1,643,142	1,618,225	1,650,432	1,584,208	1,546,464	1,730,065	1,564,482	1,038,791	1,121,635
Non- Depart- mental	\$	54,791	71,116	63,474	101,102	125,211	94,121	131,460	159,931	199,991
Community Development	427,484 \$	543,968	444,360	543,575	587,469	565,853	467,666	514,554	532,286	509,465
Recreation and Cultural	535,043 \$	488,045	509,934	499,675	447,404	497,341	515,689	515,150	506,999	442,584
Education	2,132,568 \$ 13,886,672 \$	14,527,102	15,976,207	16,043,901	17,214,087	17,937,265	18,330,747	18,138,812	17,209,298	17,781,422
Health and Welfare	2,132,568 \$	2,569,845	3,055,441	2,839,575	3,331,790	3,733,412	3,596,622	3,380,986	3,124,656	3,279,533
Public Works	1,435,704 \$	1,686,590	1,916,163	2,375,560	2,397,311	2,525,615	2,833,071	2,878,497	2,459,360	2,473,391
Public Safety	630,077 \$ 2,544,457 \$	2,682,973	3,192,806	3,961,572	4,140,783	4,563,061	4,571,090	4,585,658	4,602,138	5,336,694
Judicial Admini- stration			702,249	803,974	943,246	953,929	907,316	877,830	895,219	913,738
General Government Admini- stration	2003 \$ 1,322,053 \$	1,388,636	1,814,125	1,829,959	1,734,585	1,875,381	2,038,948	2,060,753	1,987,329	1,944,503
Gc Fiscal Year	2003 \$	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

Government, debt service expenditures of the Capital Projects Funds, and Component Unit School Board. (1) Includes current expenditures of the General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds of the Primary

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	4.03%	6.33%	5.83%	4.50%	5.26%	2.56%	5.30%	2.05%	2.86%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	379,445	626,251	606,605	602,330	723,500	822,708	791,771	764,678	887,640
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	98.91% \$	98.14%	99.15%	95.93%	95.14%	%26.66	98.63%	98.05%	98.40%
(2) Total Tax Collections	9,302,814	9,708,215	10,315,091	12,849,524	13,086,329	14,786,772	14,722,772	14,847,585	14,898,281
(1) Delinquent Tax Collections	198,915 \$	156,551	156,766	168,848	146,639	211,639	259,884	280,387	282,740
Percent of Levy Collected	96.80% \$	96.56%	97.64%	94.67%	94.07%	98.54%	%68.96	96.20%	96.53%
(2) Current Tax Collections	9,103,899		_	12,680,676	12,939,690	14,575,133	14,462,888	14,567,198	14,615,541
Total Tax Levy	9,405,005 \$	9,891,744	10,403,748	13,395,105	13,755,013	14,790,793	14,926,605	15,142,218	15,140,764
Fiscal	2003 \$	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

(2) Includes Personal Property Relief Act reimbursements to the County of:

\$1,152,825 in fiscal year 2003, \$1,192,078 in fiscal year 2004,

\$1,068,848 in fiscal year 2005, \$1,268,512 in fiscal year 2006, \$1,142,742 in fiscal year 2007,

\$1,139,679 in fiscal years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012.

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	1,214,939,878	1,246,646,198	1,265,861,210	1,311,519,280	2,269,623,930	2,315,082,260	2,390,924,474	2,445,154,337	2,690,468,966	2,706,651,720
Public Utility	43,159,255 \$	41,343,710	32,989,040	26,973,380	44,414,760	34,201,410	34,946,314	48,805,697	54,042,006	54,780,490
Merchants Capital	9,941,950 \$	11,198,540	11,029,260	11,387,410	11,366,300	11,561,490	13,009,980	12,486,540	12,715,950	9,962,610
Farm Machinery	5,575,650 \$	5,498,930	5,448,420	6,072,480	6,250,300	6,165,140	6,038,600	6,686,780	6,425,400	6,496,150
Machinery & Tools	4,780,630 \$	5,046,460	4,905,060	5,537,450	5,390,610	6,311,930	6,785,990	6,671,900	7,934,310	7,060,500
(1) Personal Property	115,702,170 \$ 4,780,630	122,084,750	124,665,860	138,217,530	140,435,940	153,700,610	157,928,510	147,214,970	150,426,540	152,412,850
Real Estate	\$ 1,035,780,223 \$	1,061,473,808	1,086,823,570	1,123,331,030	2,061,766,020	2,103,141,680	2,172,215,080	2,223,288,450	2,458,924,760	2,475,939,120
Fiscal Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

(1) Includes mobile homes.

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Merchants' Capital	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.46	0.46
	Farm Machinery	1.25 \$	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Machinery	and Tools	1.50 \$	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
	Personal Property (2)	2.50 \$	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	Real Estate (2)	\$ 99:0	99.0	99.0	99.0	0.44	0.44	0.50	0.50	0.46	0.46
	Fiscal Years	2003 \$	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.(2) Also applies to public utility property.

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Net	Bonded	Debt per	Capita	756	708	929	541	492	440	380	208	309	278
Ratio of Net	General	Obligation	Debt to	Assessed	Value	1.04%	0.95%	0.87%	0.71%	0.37%	0.33%	0.28%	0.15%	0.20%	0.18%
			Net	Bonded	Debt	12,646,834	11,842,176	10,962,750	9,326,315	8,457,911	7,564,282	6,628,852	3,651,673	5,393,407	4,854,907
Less	Debt	Payable	from	Enterprise	Revenues (4)	2,121,150 \$	2,118,067	2,531,009	5,196,951	5,167,717	6,111,061	6,035,963	6,111,110	10,379,375	10,270,219
Le		Debt	Service	Monies	Available	\$ 092,929	660,344	690,166	757,270	769,838	788,055	833,640	561,771	237,082	203,990
	•		Gross	Bonded	Debt (3)	15,444,544 \$	14,620,587	14,183,925	15,280,536	14,395,466	14,463,398	13,498,455	10,324,554	16,009,864	15,329,116
				Assessed	Value (2)	1,214,939,878 \$	1,246,646,198	1,265,861,210	1,311,519,280	2,269,623,930	2,315,082,260	2,390,924,474	2,445,154,337	2,690,468,966	2,706,651,720
				Population	(1)	16,718 \$	16,718	16,718	17,227	17,188	17,188	17,462	17,515	17,454	17,460
				Fiscal	Year	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

⁽¹⁾ Welden Cooper Center for Public Service.

⁽²⁾ From Table 6.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literary Fund Loans and IDA Lease Revenue Bonds. Does not include VRS retirement incentive obligation loan, capital leases, and compensated absences.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes General Obligation Debt payable from enterprise revenues.

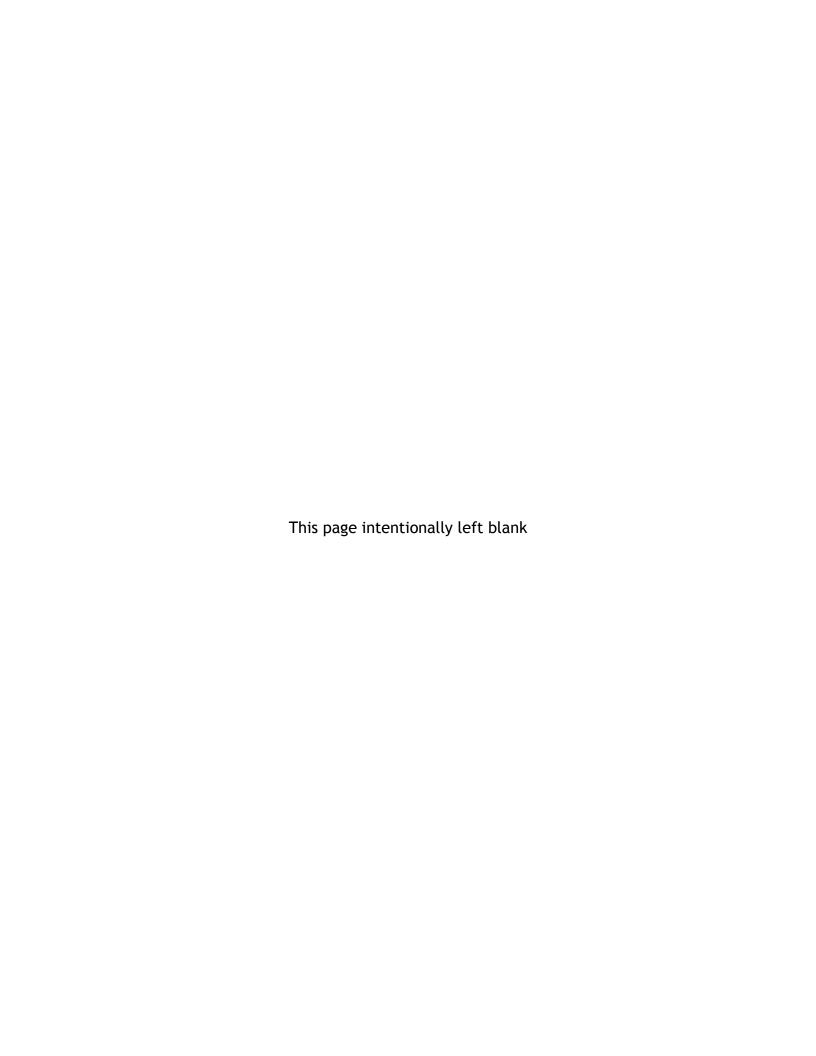
COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

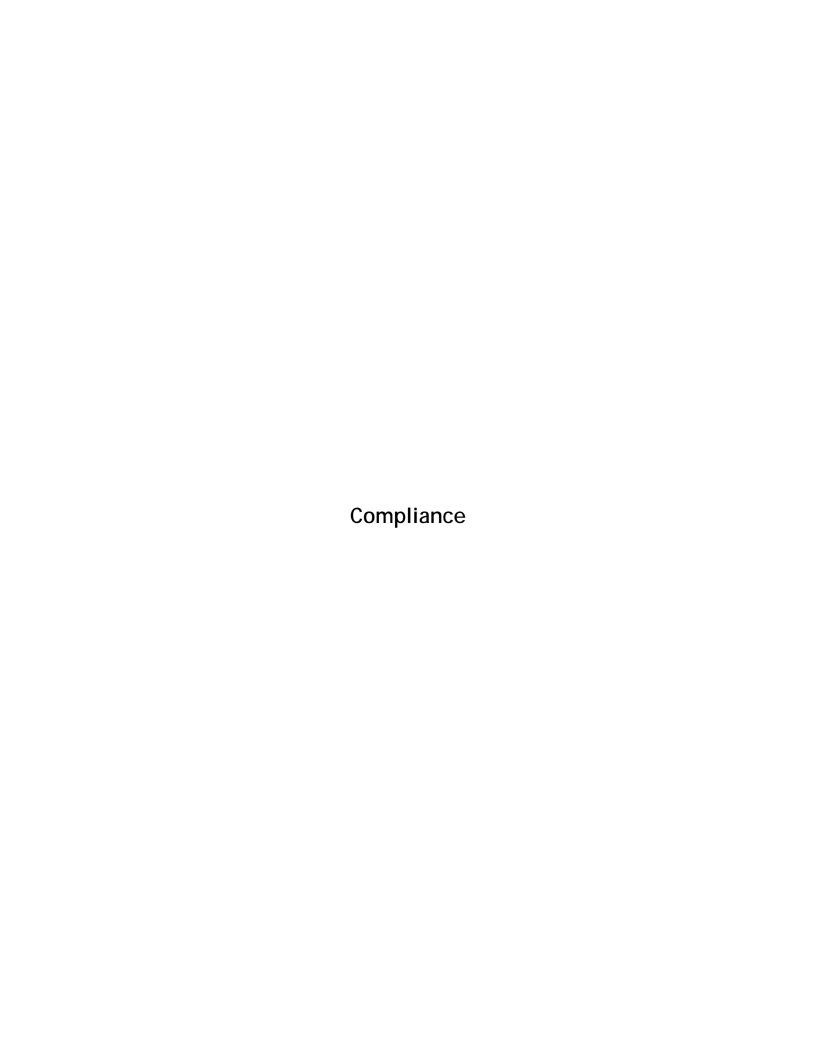
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

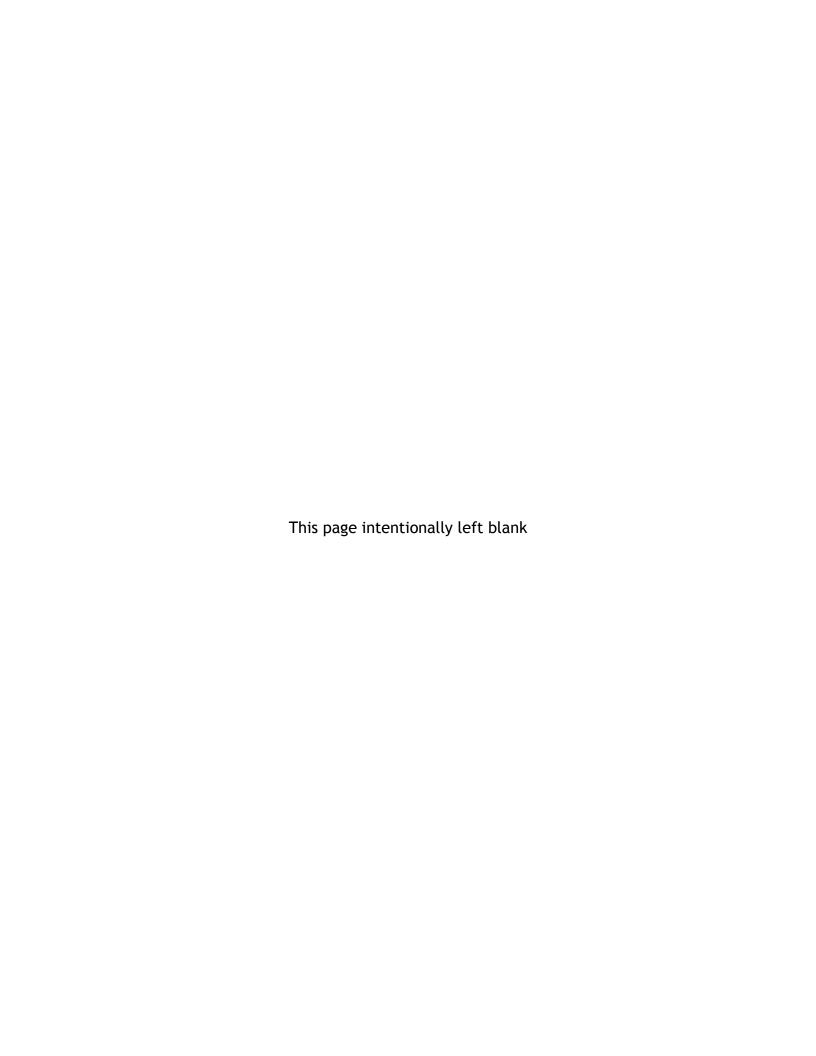
						Ratio of
					Total	Debt Service
				Total	General	to General
Fiscal				Debt	Governmental	Governmental
Year	 	Principal	Interest	Service	Expenditures (2)	Expenditures
2003	s	\$56,855 \$	705,838 \$	1,562,693 \$	24,556,159	98.36%
2004		884,316	679,519	1,563,835	26,232,152	2.96%
2002		917,307	621,805	1,539,112	29,300,626	5.25%
2006		962,619	563,773	1,526,392	30,611,697	4.99%
2007		991,674	513,597	1,505,271	32,481,985	4.63%
2008		1,021,065	446,978	1,468,043	34,323,532	4.28%
2009		1,046,022	395,615	1,441,637	35,085,335	4.11%
2010		930,089	345,142	1,275,231	34,648,182	3.68%
2011		681,689	357,102	1,038,791	32,516,007	3.19%
2012		795,154	326,481	1,121,635	34,002,956	3.30%

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds of the Primary Government and Component Unit School Board.

(2) From Table 4.







ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Westmoreland Westmoreland, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia in a separate letter dated January 9, 2013.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fredericksburg, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

January 9, 2013

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Westmoreland Westmoreland, Virginia

Compliance

We have audited the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The County of Westmoreland, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Westmoreland, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Westmoreland, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fredericksburg, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

January 9, 2013

Federal	Pass-through Entity	
CFDA Number	Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
93.575	0770111/0770112	\$ 96,943
93.596	0760111/0760112	46,713
		\$ 143,656
93 556	0950111/0950112	\$ 14,036
		191,155
		376
93.568	0600411/0600412	16,174
93,645	0900111/0900112	532
	1100111/1100112	73,939
93.659	1120111/1120112	25,109
93.667	1000111/1000112	112,075
93.674	9150111/9150112	2,100
93.767	0540111/0540112	7,226
93.778	1200111/1200112	157,075
		\$ 743,453
47.076	PT104112-SC102941	\$ 30,000
40.700	N1 / A	ć 22.000
		\$ 22,000
10.760	N/A	883,337
		\$ 905,337
		\$ 38,036
10.555	10.555/2011/2012	438,534
		\$ 476,570
10.553	10.553/2011/2012	\$ 163,452
		\$ 640,022
10.561	0010111/0010112	\$ 260,244
.0.00	001011170010112	\$ 900,266
		\$ 1,805,603
		, .,,,,,,,,,
07 024	NI / A	¢ = 1/4
97.024	IN/ A	\$ 5,161
	93.575 93.596 93.556 93.558 93.566 93.568 93.645 93.658 93.667 93.674 93.767 93.778 47.076 10.780 10.760	Federal CFDA Number

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	E	Federal xpenditures
Department of Justice: Direct payments:				
Edward Byrne memorial justice assistance grant program	16.738	N/A	\$	2,310
Total Department of Justice			\$	2,310
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles:				
Alcohol impaired driving countermeasures	20.601	60507-51241/52104	\$	30,309
Total Department of Transportation			\$	30,309
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Montgomery County Public Schools:				
ARRA statewide data systems grant Department of Education: Title I, Part A Cluster:	84.384	R384A100037	\$	21,300
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A100046/ S010A110046	\$	750,799
ARRA Title I grants to local educational agencies Total Title I, Part A Custer	84.389	S389A090046	\$	2,855 753,654
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A110107		333,437
Special education - preschool grants Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.173	H173A110112	\$	19,083 352,520
Education Technology State Grants Cluster:				
Education technology state grants	84.318	S318X100046	\$	3,867
ARRA education technology state grants	84.386	S386A090046	<u>, —</u>	2,478
Total Education Technology State Grants Cluster			\$	6,345
Migrant education - state grant program	84.011	S011A100047		43,366
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A100046/ V048A110046		47,511
Migrant education - coordination program	84.144	S144F090047/ S144F100047		20,241
Safe and drug-free schools and communities	84.186	Q186A090048		150
Twenty-First century community learning centers	84.287	S287C100047		276,366
Gaining early awareness and readiness for undergraduate programs	84.334	17117-2012		13,807
English language acquisition grants	84.365	S365A100046		21,259
Improving teacher quality state grants	84.367	S367A110044		91,290
School improvement grants	84.377	S377A090047		115,400
ARRA education jobs fund	84.410	S410A100047		4,891
Total Department of Education			\$	1,768,100
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	4,384,936

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2012. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County of Westmoreland, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 1,064,835
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes	(1,358)
Proprietary Funds:	
Water and Sewer Fund	883,337
Total primary government	\$ 1,946,814
Component Unit Public Schools:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 1,896,016
School Cafeteria Fund	646,979
Total component unit public schools	\$ 2,542,995
Total federal expenditures per basic financial	 _
statements	\$ 4,489,809
Less: Interest Subsidy	\$ (104,873)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures	
of Federal Awards	\$ 4,384,936

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) reported? No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) reported? No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)? No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster

84.027/84.173 Special education cluster

10.760 Water and waste disposal systems for rural communities 10.561 State administrative matching grants for the supplemental

nutrition assistance program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

\$300,000 and Type B programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND, VIRGINIA

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2012

Financial Statement finding 2011-1 was corrected during the year.