Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
June 30, 2011

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Prepared by the Department of Financial and Management Services
James City County, Virginia

### **Table of Contents**

	Exhibit	Pages
Introductory Section (Unaudited):		
Title Page		i
Table of Contents		ii-iv
County Officials		v-vi
Organization Chart		vii
Letter of Transmittal		viii-xiii
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting		xiv
Financial Section:		
Report of Independent Auditors		1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)		3-13
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Assets	1	15
Statement of Activities	2	16-17
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	3	18-19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –		
Governmental Funds	4	20-21
Balance Sheet – Proprietary Fund	5	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets –		
Proprietary Fund	6	23
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	7	24
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	8	25
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	9	26
Notes to Basic Financial Statements		27-70
Required Supplementary Information Other than MD&A (Unaudited):		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund		
Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	10	71-76
Schedules of Funding Progress – VRS	11	77
Note to Required Supplementary Information		78

### **Table of Contents**

	Exhibit	Pages
Financial Section, continued:		
Supplementary Information – Combining and Individual Fund Statements and		
Schedules – by Fund Type:		
Debt Service Fund:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –		
Budget to Actual	Α	80
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	B-1	82
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	D 2	02
Fund Balances	B-2	83
Virginia Public Assistance Fund – Schedule of Revenues,	B-3	84
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Agency Funds:	<b>D-</b> 3	04
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	C-1	86
Combining Statement of Platelary Net Assets  Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	C-2	87-88
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Entermies	© <b>2</b>	0, 00
Supplementary Information – Discretely Presented Component Units:		
Balance Sheet – Public Schools – Governmental Funds	D-1	90
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund		
Balances – Public Schools – Governmental Funds	D-2	91-92
Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Public Schools –	D 2	0.2
Agency Funds	D-3	93
Balance Sheet – Economic Development Authority	D-4	94
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets –	D-5	95
Economic Development Authority Statement of Cash Flows – Economic Development Authority	D-6	95 96
Statement of Cash Flows – Economic Development Authority		
	Table	Pages
Statistical Section (Unaudited):		
Statistical Section Overview		97
Net Assets by Component	1	98
Government-Wide Expenses and Program Revenues by Function	2	99-100
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	3	101
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	4	102
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	5	103
Tax Rates	6	104
Principal Property Tax Payers	7	105
Principal Personal Property Tax Payers Principal Real Estate Tax Payers	7A 7B	106 107
Property Tax Levies and Collections	7 <b>Б</b> 8	107
Taxable Sales by Category	9	108
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	10	110
ratios of Outstanding Door of Type	10	110

### **Table of Contents**

	Table/ Exhibit	Pages
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt		
per Capita	11	111
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total	HA	112
General Government Expenditures Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total	ПА	112
General Government Revenues	11B	113
Pledged Revenue Coverage – James City Service Authority	12	114
Demographic and Economic Statistics	13	115-118
Principal Employers in James City County	14	119
Full-time County Government Employees by Function/Program	15	120-121
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	16	122
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	17	123
Miscellaneous Statistics	18	124-126
Compliance Section:		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Primary Government and		
Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools	E-1	127-131
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		132
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance		
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed		
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	7.00	133-134
Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material E		
Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Circular A-133	ith OMB	135-136
Report of Independent Auditors' on Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia La	aws,	
Regulations, Contracts and Grants		137-138
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	E-2	139-140

### Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

### **County Officials**

Year ended June 30, 2011

Dag	-4	Λf	C···	ervis	0.00
13()21		431	3111	H-I VIS	

Mary K. Jones, Berkeley District Chair

Bruce C. Goodson, Roberts District Vice Chair

James O. Icenhour, Jr., Powhatan District

James G. Kennedy, Stonehouse District

John J. McGlennon, Jamestown District

Robert C. Middaugh Clerk

**Officials** 

Samuel T. Powell, III Judge of the Circuit Court

Thomas B. Hoover Judge of the Circuit Court

Betsy B. Woolridge Clerk of the Circuit Court

Nathan R. Green Commonwealth's Attorney

Richard W. Bradshaw Commissioner of the Revenue

M. Ann Davis

Treasurer

Colleen K. Killilea Judge of the General District Court

George C. Fairbanks, IV Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court

Robert J. Deeds Sheriff

Emmett H. Harmon Chief of Police

Dr. Steven M. Constantino Superintendent of Schools

Robert C. Middaugh County Administrator

Leo P. Rogers County Attorney

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report County Officials

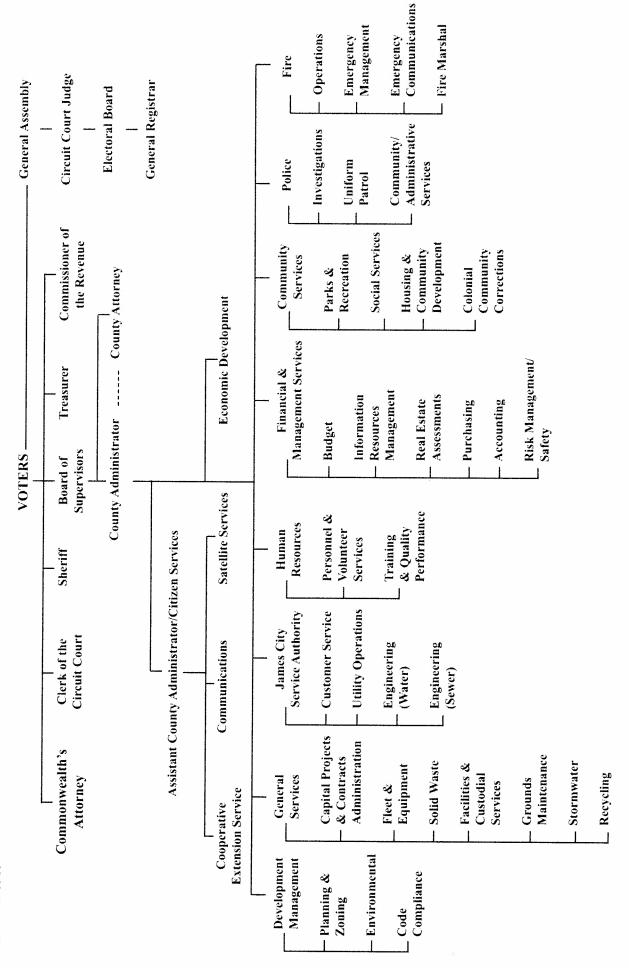
Year ended June 30, 2011

### **Board of Directors, James City Service Authority** James G. Kennedy Chair James O. Icenhour, Jr. Vice Chair Bruce C. Goodson Mary K. Jones John J. McGlennon Secretary Robert C. Middaugh Treasurer Robert H. Smith General Manager Larry M. Foster School Board, Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools Chair James Nickols Vice Chair Ruth Larson Elise Emanuel Joe Fuentes James Kelly Denise Koch Dr. Oscar Prater **Board Members, Economic Development Authority** Chair Thomas G. Tingle Leanne DuBois Paul W. Gerhardt Tim Harris Stephen Montgomery

Marshall N. Warner

# lames City County Organization Chart





### **Financial and Management Services**

101-F Mounts Bay Road P.O. Box 8784 Williamsburg, VA 23187-8784 fms@james-city.va.us



Accounting
P: 757-253-6636
F: 757-253-6619

**Budget/Finance** P: 757-253-6630 F: 757-253-6619

Purchasing P: 757-253-6646 F: 757-253-6753 **Real Estate Assessments** P: 757-253-6650 F: 757-253-6601

**Risk Management** P: 757-259-4033 F: 757-253-6840

November 23, 2011

The Members of the Board of Supervisors and the Citizens of James City County:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of James City County, Virginia (the County), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, as required by the Code of Virginia. The Department of Financial and Management Services has prepared this report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and the standards of financial reporting prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and specifications of the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Section 15.1-67 of the Code of Virginia (1950, as amended) requires the County to have an annual audit of the books of account, financial records, and the transactions of the County. Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP was selected to perform the required audit. The unqualified report of Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP, the highest possible result of the audit process, accompanies the financial statements in this report.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the various funds of the County; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the County's financial activity have been included.

The County government is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, as amended, and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the schedule of findings and questioned costs, and the auditors' reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are included in the compliance section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors on pages 3-13 of this report.

### **Profile of the Government**

The County is located in southeastern Virginia and partially surrounds the City of Williamsburg. Although much of the County's 144 square miles consists of developed suburban areas, it has retained a considerable amount of undeveloped agricultural and forest land. There are no incorporated towns within the County. The County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The County is organized under the County Administrator form of government (as defined under Virginia Law). Under this form of government, the Board of Supervisors appoints a County Administrator to serve as the Chief Executive Officer of the County. The Administrator serves at the pleasure of the Board of Supervisors, implements its policies, appoints department heads, and directs business and administrative procedures.

The Board of Supervisors is a five-member body, elected by the voters of the Electoral Districts in which they live to staggered terms. The Chairman of the Board is elected annually by its members. Each member serves a four-year term. This body enacts ordinances, appropriates funds, sets tax rates, and establishes policies for the administration of the County's public services.

The County provides a full range of services, including law enforcement, fire protection, and recreational activities. Water and sewer services are provided through the legally separate James City Service Authority (JCSA). The Board of Supervisors of James City County serves as the board of directors of the JCSA. The financial activity of the JCSA is included as an integral part of the County's financial statements. The County is also financially accountable for the legally separate Williamsburg-James City County (WJCC) School Board and the legally separate James City County Economic Development Authority, both of which are reported separately as discretely presented component units within the County's financial statements. Additional information on each of these legally separate entities can be found in note 1(a) in the notes to the basic financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. In the spring of each year, departments and agencies of the County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the County Administrator. The County Administrator then submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget and capital budget include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.

Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund and function level. The appropriation for each fund and function can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors; however, the County Administrator may amend the budget within functions. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on pages 72-76 as part of the required supplementary information other than management's discussion and analysis. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated budgets, these comparisons are presented in the other supplementary information subsection of this report which starts on page 79.

### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

James City County has seen a gradual increase in economy activity during the current fiscal year. Overall, revenues increased 1.3% from last year. Revenues are expected to have a modest increase of 2% during fiscal year 2012. The real estate tax revenue is expected to increase during the next fiscal year due to new development, as the next scheduled reassessment will be January 1, 2012.

In October 2010, the County was upgraded by Standard & Poor's to a AAA rating, which is the highest rating possible. The County also maintains a AAA rating with Fitch Ratings and Aa1 rating from Moody's Investors Service. These bond ratings are based on analysts' recommendations after a review of economic and fiscal performance, fiscal policies and practices, current debt outstanding and evidence of financial planning to meet future capital needs. These ratings are excellent for a community the size of James City County and give the County additional leverage in the bond market for potential bond buyers and investors.

### **Major Initiatives**

In fiscal year 2011, the County continued to utilize its Strategic Management Plan as a framework for planning and accountability and continued to seek out new partnerships to help achieve its goals.

The County continues to manage finances wisely and encourage a balanced economy. This year the County was upgraded to a AAA bond rating from Standard & Poor's, becoming one of only 67 counties in the nation with that rating. High bond ratings result in lower borrowing costs on future loans. The upgrade allowed the County to refinance older general obligations bonds at a lower interest rate through a new bond sale. Federal, state and local grants totaled more than \$3.6 million help to offset the County's costs for public safety and housing assistance.

The County improves the lives of citizens and fosters a sense of community. The police department partnered with Bair Software to provide a new public crime mapping website called RAIDS Online (Regional Analysis and Information Data Sharing) to make it easier for citizens to keep track of crime in their area. The citizens will not incur any costs when accessing this program and the police department values this opportunity to increase services to citizens. Anticipating the need for additional advanced life support trained personnel, the fire department sought and received certification from the State to conduct advanced medical training for staff. The intensive course consists of over 400 hours of instruction and clinical time. Six to eight employees will complete the training each year.

It is essential for the County to plan responsibly for the needs of a growing, diverse community. Two new schools, J. Blaine Blayton Elementary School and Lois S. Hornsby Middle School, opened at the beginning of the 2010-11 school year. These schools added seven new athletic fields, which are used for County and school recreation programs.

As stewards of the natural environment and historic heritage, the Mill and Gordon Creek Watershed Management Plans were completed and approved by the Board of Supervisors. The plans reflect the input received from citizens and other stakeholders during the drafting process and assess the natural resources, identify goals for the areas and include plans for implementation. There was an extensive shoreline restoration project completed at Jamestown Beach. As part of the effort, 80 volunteers planted beach grasses to help hold sand in place and offer habitat for shoreline animals.

The County also provided outstanding customer service when fire and EMS personnel responded in April 2011 when a tornado caused significant damage in the eastern part of the County. Calls for service included 36 reports of damaged homes due to fallen trees or power lines. This year, the County Administrator and Executive Leadership Team developed new Mission, Vision and Values statements to

ensure that community needs continue to be a staff priority and are reflected in all items that go before the Board of Supervisors.

### **Economic Development**

The County expanded the enterprise zone to include a portion of Route 60 corridor in the southern portion of the County and created a sub-zone in upper James City County to include the Stonehouse Commerce Park, Jacobs and Hankins Industrial Parks and a portion of the Route 60 and Route 30 corridor. This expansion allows more businesses to take advantage of the Virginia Enterprise Zone Program.

The County maintains a Business and Technology Incubator, which is managed by the College of William and Mary and provides a wide variety of services to new businesses in the community. During this fiscal year, the incubator became home to three new businesses. These three new businesses are diverse and each utilizes technology or e-commerce in their business plan.

### **Capital Improvement Program**

Capital expenditures totaled \$30,042,723 (including transfers) in fiscal year 2011. The largest capital expenditures this year were related to the construction costs for the public safety building and the new Freedom Park interpretive center. There were transfers to the schools for construction costs for the new middle and elementary schools, as well as renovation of James Blair Middle School which is currently being used as an administrative building.

James City County will continue to face challenges over the next several years. Several years of population growth have produced demands for public services and facilities. The six-year Capital Improvement Program totals \$74,113,000 and focuses on a wide variety of needs. An indication of anticipated impacts can be seen in the adopted budget and capital improvements program for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2011.

In fiscal year 2012, funding is included for refurbishment of the fire station at Olde Towne Road, demolition of government center building C and renovation of government center building D, as well as renovations to Kidsburg at Mid County Park. Future planning includes fire pumper replacements, ambulance replacements, human services building rehabilitation, parking lot overlays and renovations at the James City-Williamsburg Community Center.

### **James City Service Authority**

The financial statements of the JCSA are included in this report in accordance with GAAP. The JCSA, for legal and management purposes, issues its own comprehensive annual financial report which is audited and available from the Department of Financial and Management Services.

The Board of Directors has authorized water and sewer operations for the JCSA within the Primary Service Area (PSA) in the County. The JCSA also provides water and/or sewer service to limited sections of York County and the City of Williamsburg with the concurrence of the appropriate governing bodies. The JCSA's operating funds are self-supporting, and the JCSA receives no share of any local or property tax levies.

The JCSA's water system includes the central water system with 10 water production facilities, and 7 independent water production facilities that are located outside the PSA. There are approximately 393 miles of water transmission and distribution lines throughout the entire system. The water system facilities supply approximately 5 million gallons of water per day to 19,719 water customers.

The JCSA's sewer system includes 77 pump stations with approximately 419 miles of sewer collection lines. The sewer system facilities collect and move approximately 5.7 million gallons of sewage per day for 21,127 sewer customers. The JCSA has no sewage treatment facilities. Sewage treatment for areas served by the JCSA, as well as for other Hampton Roads communities, is provided by the Hampton Roads Sanitation District.

The JCSA currently has groundwater permits for its central system to withdraw 8.9 million gallons per day to support the residential and commercial customers. In March 2008, the JCSA entered into an agreement with Newport News to purchase 4.0-6.2 million gallons of water per day depending on drought conditions to meet the County's water needs through 2040. The JCSA is also working on conversion of its water disinfection system from chlorine to chloramines to accommodate water from Newport News. Improvements to the Ironbound Road Water Storage Facility and Stonehouse Water Production Facility were completed in during fiscal year 2011 along with the installation of a major water transmission line in Longhill Connector Road. In addition, water distribution system upgrades for College Creek were completed during fiscal year 2010 and a second phase of improvements to Ironbound Road will begin soon.

In November 2009, the JCSA Board approved the design and construction of a new operations center on Tewning Road. This effort evolved into a plan to relocate the existing convenience center on Tewning Road where a 12,500 square foot building is under construction. The new center will house the JCSA field operating forces and engineering staff and was completed in the Fall of 2011.

### **Treasury Management**

A conservative cash management system is carried out by the County Treasurer. Temporary idle funds are automatically invested overnight in repurchase agreements that are secured or collateralized by government securities as required by the Code of Virginia. Funds that are available for a longer period of time are part of a comprehensive investment strategy that maximizes short and medium term interest rate.

### **Risk Management**

In our opinion, the County maintains a practical insurance program through a variety of vendors which affords adequate protection against loss and includes comprehensive public liability insurance for bodily injury and property damage.

### **Awards of Achievement**

The Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to James City County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. This was the twenty-sixth year that the County has received this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

### Acknowledgments

The County has established and continues to maintain a strong and stable financial position through progressive management of financial operations and through sound accounting and financial reporting practices. Appreciation is expressed to the Members of the James City County Board of Supervisors and all of the Constitutional Officers for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the extensive effort and efficient services of the staff of Financial and Management Services. We would like to express our appreciation to each employee of the department who assisted with the annual audit and preparation of the financial statements.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert C. Middaugh County Administrator

John E. McDonald

Manager of Financial and Management Services

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# James City County Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

CHANGE OFFICE LINE C. Danish

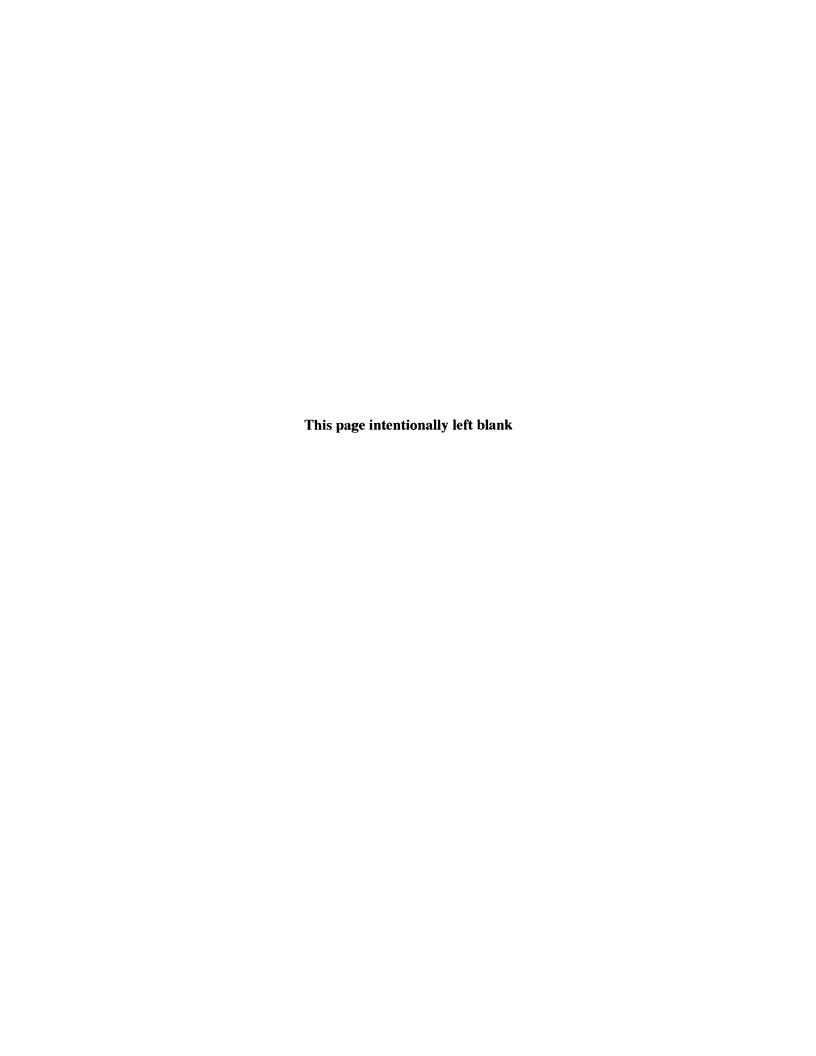
CHANGE OFFICE LINE C. Danish

CHANGE CHANGE

CHANGE CHANGE

CHANGE CHANGE

Executive Director







### Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Supervisors

County of James City, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *County of James City*, *Virginia* as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the *County of James City*, *Virginia's* basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the *County of James City*, *Virginia's* management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform our audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial positions of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *County of James City, Virginia* as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2011, on our consideration of the County of James City, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13 and the required supplementary information included in Exhibits 10 and 11 and related notes on pages 71 through 78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental* 



Accounting Standards Board, who considers them to be an essential parts of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of James City, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. introductory section, supplementary information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, supplementary information and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Dixon Hughes Goodnan LLP

Newport News, Virginia November 23, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

As management of James City County (County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the County's financial statements, which follow this analysis.

### Financial Highlights

- The County's total net assets increased by approximately \$5 million over the course of this year's operations, which represents a 1.3% increase from fiscal year 2010. The increase is primarily a result of increased revenues in general property taxes, other local taxes and business license fees.
- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2011 by approximately \$376.2 million. Of this amount, approximately \$182.6 million, or 48.5%, is the net investment in capital assets.
- The County's total long-term liabilities for governmental activities at June 30, 2011 were \$214,304,033. In October 2010, the County issued \$4,820,000 in refunding bonds with a true interest cost of 1.294%. This resulted in a net present value savings of \$357,773.
- Actual General Fund revenues received were 2.7%, or \$4,331,658 more than what had been budgeted and showed a 1.3% increase, or \$2,169,818 from fiscal year 2010.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and compliance. The financial section consists of three primary components – government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the County's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the County's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the County's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the County's property tax base.
- The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into three categories:
  - Governmental activities Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal funding finance most of these activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

- Business-type activities Activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fee charges to external parties for goods or services are included here.
- Component units The County includes two other entities in its report The Public Schools and the
  Economic Development Authority. Although legally separate, these "component units" are
  important because of the County's financial accountability for them.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds, not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. Other funds are established to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the County is properly using certain taxes and grants. The County has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances remaining at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees are generally reported in the proprietary fund. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long and short-term financing information. The County's enterprise fund (one type of proprietary fund) is the same as its business-type activity, but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary funds The County is responsible for assets of various agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use their assets to finance its operations.

### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's General Fund budget and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. The combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on the General Fund budget and defined benefit pension plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

### **Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$376,237,830 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents a 1.3% increase from last year.

### **Condensed Summary of Net Assets**

June 30, 2011

	Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	Component unit – public schools
Assets:				
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 100,756,354 328,406,073	41,254,213 169,831,622	142,010,567 498,237,695	20,807,022 44,767,708
Total assets	\$ 429,162,427	211,085,835	640,248,262	65,574,730
Liabilities:				
Long-term liabilities	\$ 214,304,033	35,001,394	249,305,427	3,692,754
Other liabilities	13,060,830	1,644,175	14,705,005	16,689,873
Total liabilities	\$ 227,364,863	36,645,569	264,010,432	20,382,627
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	\$ 46,961,066	135,641,623	182,602,689	44,767,708
Restricted net assets:				
Capital projects	20,005,183	4,740,769	24,745,952	
Unrestricted net assets	134,831,315	34,057,874	168,889,189	424,395
Total net assets	\$ 201,797,564	174,440,266	376,237,830	45,192,103

5

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

## Condensed Summary of Net Assets June 30, 2010

		Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	Component unit – public schools
Assets:	Φ.	121 007 010	12.507.901	164 602 611	22 650 640
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	121,005,810 312,905,448	43,596,801 171,021,858	164,602,611 483,927,306	22,650,649 37,866,251
Total assets	\$	433,911,258	214,618,659	648,529,917	60,516,900
Liabilities:					
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$	228,283,958 10,471,114	34,667,258 3,839,127	262,951,216 14,310,241	2,453,780 17,345,971
Total liabilities	\$	238,755,072	38,506,385	277,261,457	19,799,751
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	\$	91,045,788	135,071,435	226,117,223	37,866,251
Restricted net assets:  Capital projects		41,296,767	4,610,218	45,906,985	
Unrestricted net assets		62,813,631	36,430,621	99,244,252	2,850,898
Total net assets	\$	195,156,186	176,112,274	371,268,460	40,717,149

The largest portion of the County's net assets at June 30, 2011 (48.5%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The unrestricted portion of net assets (44.9%) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The remaining portion of net assets (6.6%) is restricted for specific purposes.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the primary government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The Public Schools' net assets increased 10.9% to approximately \$45.2 million. Of the balance, approximately \$0.4 million of net assets are unrestricted, but designated for specific purposes. The increase in net assets is primarily attributable to the ongoing and completed capital projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

### **Summary of Changes in Net Assets**

### Year ended June 30, 2011

	Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	Component unit – public schools
Revenues:				
Program revenues:	A 11202 17	16 442 520	20 725 007	2.450.140
Charges for services	\$ 14,282,467	16,443,520	30,725,987	2,459,149
Operating grants and contributions	32,049,993		32,049,993	19,437,453
Capital grants and contributions	434,823	1,750,073	2,184,896	
General revenues:	100 515 000		100 545 003	
Property taxes	109,545,003		109,545,003	
Other taxes	19,100,086	<del></del>	19,100,086	
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs				104,117,528
Interest and investment earnings	442.698	509,675	952,373	3,661
Miscellaneous	1,201,369	521,384	1,722,753	44,934
Wiscendieous	1,201,307	321,304	1,722,733	
Total revenues	177,056,439	19,224,652	196,281,091	126,062,725
Expenses:				
General government administration	23,061,671		23,061,671	
Judicial administration	5,394,548		5,394,548	
Public safety	15,003,864		15,003,864	<del></del>
Public works	7,332,972	<del></del>	7,332,972	
Health and welfare	7,582,994		7,582,994	
Education	83,737,593		83,737,593	121,587,771
Parks, recreation and cultural	8,980,597		8,980,597	
Community development	9,467,357		9,467,357	
Interest on long-term debt	9,853,465	<del></del>	9,853,465	_
Service Authority		20,896,660	20,896,660	
Total expenses	170,415,061	20,896,660	191,311,721	121,587,771
Change in net assets	6,641,378	(1,672,008)	4,969,370	4,474,954
Net assets at beginning of year, as restated	195,156,186	176,112,274	371,268,460	40,717,149
Net assets at end of year	\$201,797,564	174,440,266	376,237,830	45,192,103

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

### **Summary of Changes in Net Assets**

### Year ended June 30, 2010

	Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	unit – public schools
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 13,814,706	15,575,143	29,389,849	2,504,799
Operating grants and contributions	23,161,669	2,756	23,164,425	18,623,895
Capital grants and contributions	423,581	3,427,510	3,851,091	
General revenues:				
Property taxes	109,159,897		109,159,897	
Other taxes and permits, fees and licenses	25,027,203		25,027,203	<del></del>
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs		<del></del>		105,639,757
Interest and investment earnings	673,668	956,056	1,629,724	6,021
Miscellaneous	1,390,966	644,620	2,035,586	75,690
Total revenues	173,651,690	20,606,085	194,257,775	126,850,162
Expenses:				
General government administration	23,962,622		23,962,622	
Judicial administration	5,321,244		5,321,244	
Public safety	22,477,094		22,477,094	
Public works	19,240,014		19,240,014	
Health and welfare	7,332,607		7,332,607	
Education	81,441,066		81,441,066	121,494,525
Parks, recreation and cultural	8,938,509		8,938,509	
Community development	11,472,198		11,472,198	
Interest on long-term debt	10,671,318		10,671,318	
Service Authority		20,074,066	20,074,066	
Total expenses	190,856,672	20,074,066	210,930,738	121,494,525
Change in net assets	(17,204,982)	532,019	(16,672,963)	5,355,637
Net assets at beginning of year, as restated	212,361,168	175,580,255	387,941,423	35,361,512
Net assets at end of year	\$195,156,186	176,112,274	371,268,460	40,717,149

### **Governmental Activities**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$177,056,439. Of this amount, \$48,411,350, or 27.3%, is received from sources other than local tax revenue. Real estate tax revenues, the County's largest single revenue source, totaled \$85,605,707. The County's assessed real property tax base for fiscal year 2011 was \$11,172,929,700, which was an increase of 0.2% over fiscal year 2010. Overall, the net assets increased by \$6,641,378 from last year.

In fiscal year 2011, the County reported current year collections of \$15,147,316 in personal property taxes, and received reimbursement from the Commonwealth of Virginia of \$9,770,137. Under the provisions of the

8 (Continued)

Component

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA), the state's share of local personal property tax was approximately 58.5% of most taxpayer's payments.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$170,415,061, including payments of \$88,918,475 to Public Schools. Expenses decreased by \$20,441,611 over fiscal year 2010. This was primarily due to a decrease in capital spending related to school projects.

### **Business-Type Activity**

The business-type activity decreased the County's net assets by \$1,672,008. This decrease is primarily due to the Department of Environmental Quality consent order spending for diagnostic testing and related repair that was classified as maintenance expenses and funded through the Capital Improvements Program budget. Overall, the expenses increased from last year by 4.1%. The primary source of revenue consists of charges for water and sewer services, which totaled \$12,603,818 and increased by 2.4% over last year. There was also an increase in facility charges collected for new connections.

### **Component Unit – Public Schools**

The Schools received \$88,918,475 from the County during fiscal year 2011. This money supported the operating and capital activities for the Schools. Expenses increased by 0.1% from fiscal year 2010. This is primarily a result of a slight increase in spending during the year. Revenues also decreased by 0.6% from the previous fiscal year. This is primarily due to a reduction in funding received from the County, City of Williamsburg and the Commonwealth of Virginia.

### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The County's General Fund experienced an overall increase in fund balance of \$4,191,276. This was mostly due to an increase in revenue received in general property taxes, local sales tax, business licenses and building permits. The portion of the unassigned fund balance for fiscal liquidity totaled \$20,449,054, which was 10.3% of the total general governmental expenditures (from table 11A on page 110), including the County's share of the Public Schools' operating expenditures, and within the goal of 8% to 12%.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The overall difference between the original budget and the final amended budget for revenues increased by \$1,033,509, which was primarily a result of increase in state funding for sales tax for education. Actual General Fund revenues received were 2.7%, or \$4,331,658 more than what had been projected in the amended budget and showed a 1.3% increase, or \$2,169,818 from fiscal year 2010.

The largest increase in revenues from fiscal year 2010 to fiscal year 2011 occurred in personal property tax revenues totaling \$565,407 as a result of an increase to the tax base. Real estate tax revenues, both current and delinquent, are the County's largest revenue source and for fiscal year 2011 totaled \$85,605,707 and was \$1,403,632 more than the amended budget. Personal property taxes, another large source of local tax funding, had combined collections from the state and local taxpayers of \$24,917,453. State revenues, not including the personal property tax reimbursement, were \$614,744 more than budgeted. State revenues, not including the personal property tax reimbursement, increased \$360,465 in fiscal year 2011 from fiscal year 2010 levels. This increase is primarily due receiving more in state sales tax, which increased \$339,776 from fiscal year 2010.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

General Fund budgeted expenditures were 1.8% below the final budget, or \$2,496,877, which was primarily due to reduced spending and an increase in the health insurance reserve. Of this amount, \$543,313 is for encumbrances and is unassigned in the fund balance.

### **Other Governmental Funds**

The County maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all funds, which can be found on pages 82-84. The other governmental funds had a decrease of \$340,534 in net assets during the fiscal year.

### **Proprietary Fund**

The County operates one proprietary fund, James City Service Authority (JCSA or the Authority), which provides water and sewer service to County residents. The proprietary funds had a decrease of \$1,672,008 in net assets during the fiscal year primarily due to expenses related to the Department of Environmental Quality consent order.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

At the end of fiscal year 2011, the County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities totaled \$498,237,695 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, water and sewer systems, infrastructure, equipment, and vehicles. The County does not own its roads and they are therefore not included in the capital assets. In addition, the Public Schools own all school buildings and the related debt is County debt. The value associated with the purchase and/or construction of the Public Schools' buildings is reported as capital assets in the governmental activities of the County to properly match with the associated debt, as allowed by Virginia state law. In fiscal year 2011, the net value of school buildings reflected in the governmental activities of the County equals \$208,674,485, and the associated current year's depreciation expense of \$5,008,700 is reflected in the educational expense line of the County's governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

### Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation and Amortization

June 30, 2011 and 2010

	Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	2010 Total
Land	\$	1,750,391	1,750,391	1,750,391
Land and land rights – utility plant		962,695	962,695	962,695
Land and land improvements	26,131,163	13,183	26,144,346	25,438,400
Construction in progress	16,604,224	6,051,258	22,655,482	61,248,917
Water and sewer systems		135,169,554	135,169,554	137,603,360
Buildings and improvements	245,856,188	1,288,941	247,145,129	190,199,202
Improvements other than buildings	18,369,003		18,369,003	18,693,620
Equipment and vehicles	13,856,982	971,398	14,828,380	15,901,484
Infrastructure	5,184,850		5,184,850	5,487,875
Intangible assets – easements	2,403,663	4,570	2,408,233	2,408,233
Intangible assets – water rights		23,619,632	23,619,632	24,233,129
Total	\$ 328,406,073	169,831,622	498,237,695	483,927,306

Additional information about the County's capital assets can be found in note 7 to the financial statements.

### **Capital Projects Fund**

The Capital Projects Fund is used by the County to account for the financing sources used to acquire and construct major capital projects for the general government. A major source of funding for the capital projects is transfers from the General Fund.

For fiscal year 2011, \$1,650,000 was transferred to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund. During the year, capital project expenditures of \$30,042,723 (including transfer) included the following:

11

- Transfers to schools for construction costs for the two new schools
- Transfers to schools for renovation of James Blair Middle School to use as an administrative building
- Construction costs for the new public safety building
- Construction costs for the new Freedom Park interpretive center
- Costs associated with water quality improvements

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

### **Long-Term Debt**

At June 30, 2011 and 2010, the County had total outstanding debt of \$257,810,082 and \$257,810,082, respectively. Compensated absences, OPEB obligation and landfill postclosure care costs of \$6,679,887 and \$6,329,268 at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, are not included in these amounts.

### **Summary of Long-Term Debt**

### June 30, 2011 and 2010

		Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	2010 Total
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Capital lease – radio system Other capital leases	\$	93,283,624 104,055,000 8,973,000 1,312,522	35,001,394	93,283,624 139,056,394 8,973,000 1,312,522	101,414,765 146,225,422 9,877,000 292,895
Total	\$	207,624,146	35,001,394	242,625,540	257,810,082

In October 2010, the County issued \$4,820,000 in General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds. These refunded the Series 2002 and 2002B bonds that were outstanding. These refunding bonds were issued at a true interest cost of 1.294%, which resulted in a net present value savings of \$357,773.

Additional information about the County's long-term debt can be found in note 10 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Tax Rates**

The County has a two-year budget cycle. The first year of a two-year cycle is adopted and appropriated and the second year is adopted for planning purposes. Fiscal year 2012 is the second year of the next two-year cycle. The fiscal year 2012 approved budget for the General Fund is \$164,000,000.

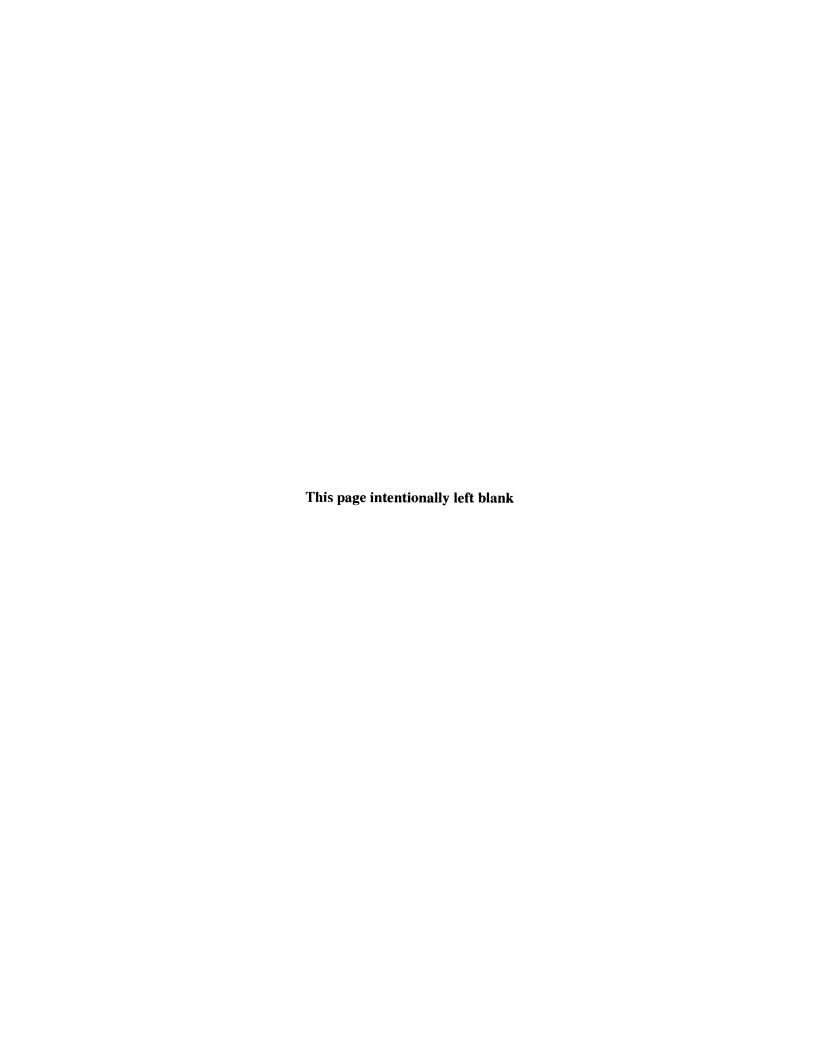
This amended budget, adopted on April 26, 2011, reflects a \$3,282,779, or a 2% increase over the amended fiscal year 2011 budget. This reduction is primarily a result of an increase in real and personal property taxes due to new development and additional vehicles from growth in population.

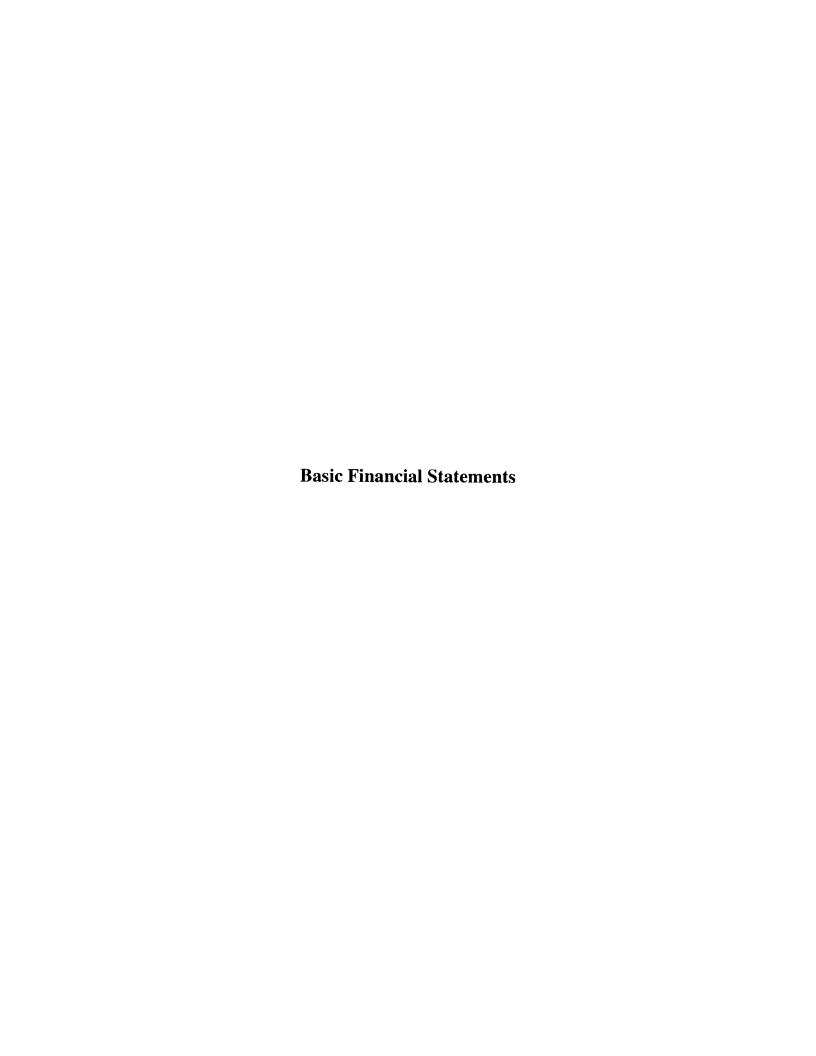
During fiscal year 2012, real estate revenues, the largest source of general fund revenue, are projected to increase 1.8% over last year due to an increase in new development. Other areas of increased revenue include personal property and machinery and tools, which are projected to increase from 2011 by 10.2% and 5.1%, respectively. In addition, building permit revenue is projected to increase by 28% as both residential and non-residential construction begins a modest upward curve. State revenues decline slightly, except for the sales tax for education which is expected to be about \$450,000 more than last year's budget. This increase is a result of an increase in state sales tax and a higher census of school-age children.

Expenditures includes increased costs for leases and maintenance of emergency communications systems and the County's fiber network, and costs associated with opening three new public facilities-the new police building, the Freedom Park interpretive center and a new fire administration and training facility. The County's general fund contribution to the Williamsburg-James City County School Board will be \$74,250,000, which is a 0.6% or \$450,000 increase from fiscal year 2011.

### Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Department of Financial and Management Services, 101-F Mounts Bay Road, P.O. Box 8784, Williamsburg, Virginia 23187-8784.





Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2011

			Primary governme		presented ent units	
Assets		Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	Public schools	Economic Development Authority
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2) Investments (note 2)	\$	14,992,008 33,060,634	678,298 32,768,360	15,670,306 65,828,994	12,681,511	1,916,309
Cash and cash equivalents and investments - restricted (notes 2 and 3) Receivables, net of allowance for		9,835,613	4,740,769	14,576,382		
uncollectibles: Taxes, including penalties		25,907,599	Add ASSESSED.	25,907,599		AAAAMMA
Accounts			2,372,562	2,372,562		
Interest		30,801	107,871	138,672		AAAAA
Loans Notes		155,940	200.752	155,940		_
Miscellaneous		4,558,294	388,753 58,822	388,753 4,617,116	200 202	
Internal balances (note 5)		1,272,463	(1,272,463)	4,017,110	299,302	
Due from primary government (note 8)			(1,2/2,405)		5,955,228	318.346
Due from other governments, net (note 6)		9,136,060	***	9,136,060	1,827,662	310,540
Inventory		298,757	783,347	1,082,104	43,319	
Prepaid and other assets		1,508,185	627,894	2,136,079	-makkana	****
Capital assets (note 7):						
Land and land improvements		26,131,163	2,726,269	28,857,432	8,435,126	2,483,106
Construction in progress (note 17)		16,604,224	6,051,258	22,655,482	5,141,861	166,510
Buildings, improvements and equipment		374,290,812	226,880,208	601,171,020	50,916,328	
Intangible assets Less accumulated depreciation		2,403,663	25,004,570	27,408,233		
and amortization		(91,023,789)	(90,830,683)	(181,854,472)	(19,725,607)	
Net capital assets		328,406,073	169,831,622	498,237,695	44,767,708	2,649,616
Total assets	\$ .	429,162,427	211,085,835	640,248,262	65,574,730	4,884,271
Liabilities and Net Assets						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable (note 4)	\$	2,893,784	505,386	3,399,170	4,703,301	313,633
Accrued liabilities (note 4)		2,138,310	720,353	2,858,663	11,768,809	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		827,011		827,011		
Due to component units (note 8) Advances for construction (note 17)		6,273,574	33.003	6,273,574		
Amounts held for others			32,902 128,335	32,902 128,335		
Unearned revenue (note 9)		928,151	257,199	1,185,350	217,763	_
Long-term liabilities (notes 10, 11 and 13):		220,131	257,177	1,165,550	217,703	
Due within one year		17,386,249	1,833,064	19,219,313	421,404	
Due in more than one year		196,917,784	33,168,330	230,086,114	3,271,350	
Total liabilities	_	227,364,863	36,645,569	264,010,432	20,382,627	313,633
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		46,961,066	135,641,623	182,602,689	44,767,708	2,649,616
Restricted net assets:		20.005.102				
Capital projects Unrestricted net assets		20,005,183	4,740,769	24,745,952		
Total net assets	-	134,831,315 201,797,564	34,057,874 174,440,266	<u>168,889,189</u> <u>376,237,830</u>	424,395	1,921,022 4,570,638
	-				****	<del></del>
rotai nadinties and net assets	\$ _	429,162,427	211,085,835	640,248,262	65,574,730	4,884,271

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2011

			Program revenues				
Functions/programs		Expenses	Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions		
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$	23,061,671	6,845,682	21,418,550	137,228		
Judicial administration		5,394,548	1,864,708	1,125,075	156,883		
Public safety		15,003,864	2,874,239	1,963,966	18,950		
Public works		7,332,972	203,302	1,141,194	21,762		
Health and welfare		7,582,994		4,405,783			
Education (including payments to							
school system)		83,737,593		<del></del>			
Parks, recreation and cultural		8,980,597	2,494,536	115,200	100,000		
Community development		9,467,357		1,880,225			
Interest on long-term debt		9,853,465					
Total governmental activities		170,415,061	14,282,467	32,049,993	434,823		
Business-type activity -							
Service Authority		20,896,660	16,443,520		1,750,073		
Total primary government	\$	191,311,721	30,725,987	32,049,993	2,184,896		
Component units:	_						
Economic Development Authority	\$	951,821	68,774	318,350	<del></del>		
Public Schools		121,587,771	2,459,149	19,437,453			
Total component units	\$	122,539,592	2,527,923	19,755,803			

### General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Local sales and use taxes

Franchise license tax

Taxes on recordation and wills

Hotel and motel room taxes

Restaurant food taxes

Deeds of conveyance

Penalties and interest

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

			revenues and chang	Discretely compone		
_	P Governmental	rimary governmen Business-type	Public	Economic		
_	activities	activity	Total	schools	Development Authority	
	5,339,789		5,339,789		-	
	(2,247,882)		(2,247,882)	******		
	(10,146,709)		(10,146,709)	<del></del>		
	(5,966,714)		(5,966,714)			
	(3,177,211)		(3,177,211)			
	(83,737,593)		(83,737,593)			
	(6,270,861)		(6,270,861)		<del></del>	
	(7,587,132)		(7,587,132)			
_	(9,853,465)		(9,853,465)			
	(123,647,778)		(123,647,778)			
		(2,703,067)	(2,703,067)			
	(123,647,778)	(2,703,067)	(126,350,845)			
_			(100,010,010)			
		<del></del>		<del></del>	(564,697)	
_				(99,691,169)		
===				(99,691,169)	(564,697)	
	109,545,003		109,545,003			
	8,924,450		8,924,450			
	571,043		571,043			
	1,132,789		1,132,789		_	
	2,520,379		2,520,379		<del></del>	
	5,617,380		5,617,380			
	298,533		298,533			
	35,512		35,512			
		<del></del>	***************************************	104,117,528		
	442,698	509,675	952,373	3,661	60,176	
	1,201,369	521,384	1,722,753	44,934	31,372	
	130,289,156	1,031,059	131,320,215	104,166,123	91,548	
	6,641,378	(1,672,008)	4,969,370	4,474,954	(473,149)	
	195,156,186	176,112,274	371,268,460	40,717,149	5,043,787	
	201,797,564	174,440,266	376,237,830	45,192,103	4,570,638	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

Assets	_	General	Capital projects	Debt service	Other governmental funds	Total governmental funds
Cash and cash equivalents and investments	\$	11,758,897		***************************************	3,233,111	14.992,008
Investments		9,735,188	23,325,446	_	, ,	33,060,634
Cash and cash equivalents and						
investments – restricted (note 3)		773,659	8,719,611		342,343	9,835,613
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		25 004 151				
Taxes Interest		25,906,454	1,145			25,907,599
Loans		_	30,694		107	30,801
Miscellaneous (note 4)		4,472,323	46,954		155,940 39,017	155,940
Due from other funds (note 5)		294,642	40,934	109,730	1,592	4,558,294 405,964
Due from blended component unit (note 8)		1,272,463		109,730	1,392	1,272,463
Due from other governments, net (note 6)		7,164,618	158,557		1.812,885	9,136,060
Inventory		298,757			1,012,005	298,757
Total assets	\$_	61,677,001	32,282,407	109,730	5,584,995	99,654,133
Liabilities and Fund Balances	-					
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable (note 4)	\$	1,530,072	1,016,523	109,730	237,459	2,893,784
Accrued liabilities (note 4)		244,381	192,926		23,792	461,099
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		789,746		*********	37,265	827,011
Due to other funds (note 5)		111,322		_	294,642	405,964
Due to component units (note 8)		328,401	5,921,227	vedounne	23,946	6,273,574
Deferred revenue (note 9)		19,201,178	1,145		853,983	20,056,306
Total liabilities	_	22,205,100	7,131,821	109,730	1,471,087	30,917,738
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Loans					155,940	155,940
Inventory		298,757			-	298,757
Committed:			<b>4-1-0-0</b>			
Capital projects			25,150,586	**********		25,150,586
Other governmental funds Assigned:					741,113	741,113
General		2,678,655				2 (70 (55
Capital projects		16,045,435				2,678,655
Other governmental funds		10,043,433			3.216.855	16,045,435 3,216,855
Unassigned:					3,210,633	3,210,833
General	_	20,449,054				20,449,054
Total fund balances	_	39,471,901	25,150,586		4,113,908	68,736,395
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ _	61,677,001	32,282,407	109,730	5,584,995	99,654,133

**Balance Sheet** 

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2011

Reconciliation of the balance sheet for governmental funds to the government-wide statement of net assets:

tatement of het assets.			
Ending fund balance – governmental funds		\$	68,736,395
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the balance sheet are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			328,406,073
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.			19,128,155
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs when the debt is issued.  These costs are deferred in the government-wide statement of net assets.			1,508,185
Obligation for OPEB is not due and payable in the current period and is not recorded as a liability in the governmental funds.			(958,962)
Unmatured interest payable reported in governmental activities will not be paid with current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(1,677,211)
Long-term liabilities, including notes and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			,
	(93,283,624) (10,285,522) (104,055,000) (3,413,498) (2,307,427)		
	(=,500,100)	· 	(213,345,071)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$_	201,797,564

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

#### Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2011

		General	Capital projects	Debt service	Other governmental funds	Total governmental funds
Revenues:						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General property taxes	\$	108,564,306				100 564 206
Other local taxes	*	19,100,086	makindan			108,564,306 19,100,086
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		7,055,618	_	-		7,055,618
Fines and forfeitures		334,633				334,633
Revenue from use of money and property		283,769	96,397	58,164	4,368	442,698
Charges for services		4,861,478	·	· <del>-</del>	_	4,861,478
Miscellaneous		232,827	420,945	229,269	236,376	1,119,417
Intergovernmental: Local		_			255,618	255,618
Commonwealth		24,930,225	211,023		3,308,019	28,449,267
Federal	_	126,826	105,961		5,577,882	5,810,669
Total revenues		165,489,768	834,326	287,433	9,382,263	175,993,790
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government administration		8,265,513	_			8,265,513
Judicial administration		4,060,816	_	-	1,250,868	5,311,684
Public safety		23,323,388	_	_	469,417	23,792,805
Public works		5,708,475			1,533,397	7,241,872
Health and welfare Education		1,551,733	_		6,031,261	7,582,994
Parks, recreation and cultural		73,830,796			_	73,830,796
Community development		9,067,610 7,125,705		254 457	112,551	9,180,161
Nondepartmental		(266,150)		256,657	2,907,536	10,289,898
Debt service:		(200,130)			_	(266,150)
Principal retirement				14,830,524		14,830,524
Interest, other fiscal charges and				14,030,324		14,830,324
early retirement		_		9,853,465		9,853,465
Capital outlay – governmental activities		-	14,924,248	· · · · ·		14,924,248
Capital outlay – school activities	_		15,118,475			15,118,475
Total expenditures	_	132,667,886	30,042,723	24,940,646	12,305,030	199,956,285
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	32,821,882	(29,208,397)	(24,653,213)	(2,922,767)	(23,962,495)
Other financing sources (uses):				<del></del>		
Sale of land		_	81,953			81,953
Proceeds from issuance of debt		_	, <del>-</del>	4,820,000		4,820,000
Payment to escrow agent			_	(5,019,743)	_	(5,019,743)
Premium on bond issuance Transfers in (note 5)		_		321,834		321,834
Underwriter's discount		_	1,650,334	24,551,125	2,582,567	28,784,026
Transfers out (note 5)		(20 702 (02)		(20,003)		(20,003)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(28,783,692)	1,732,287	24.652.212	(334)	(28,784,026)
Net change in fund balances	_	4,038,190	(27,476,110)	24,653,213	2,582,233	184,041
Fund balances at beginning of year		35,433,711	52,626,696	_	(340,534) 4,454,442	(23,778,454)
Fund balances at end of year	-					92,514,849
i and omanices at end of year	\$ _	39,471,901	25,150,586		4,113,908	68,736,395

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

#### Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2011

Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities:

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds

\$ (23,778,454)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount represents the difference between depreciation expense and capital outlay expenditures. The details of this difference are as follows:

 Depreciation expense
 \$ (10,907,811)

 Capital outlay expenditures
 26,952,245

 Cost of assets sold
 (543,809)

15,500,625

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred revenue decreased by this amount this year.

980,697

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, refunding costs, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related accounts. The details of this difference are as follows:

ns difference are as follows.	
Issuance of debt	(5,839,627)
Premium on debt issuance	(321,834)
Cost of issuance	74,675
Underwriter's discount	20,003
Amortization of issuance costs	(117,826)
Principal payments	19,770,324
Deferred costs	606,648
OPEB obligation	(250,000)

13,942,363

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This difference includes the increase in vested compensated absences of \$24,198, decrease in landfill postclosure care cost of \$18,609 and decrease in accrued interest of \$1,736.

(3,853)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

6,641,378

Balance Sheet

Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2011

Assets	James City Service Authority
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 678,298
Investments	32,768,360
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	32,700,300
Accounts	2,372,562
Interest	107,871
Notes	388,753
Miscellaneous	58,822
Inventory	783,347
Total current assets	37,158,013
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets (notes 7, 10 and 17):	
Land	1,750,391
Land – utility plant Land improvements	962,695
Construction in progress	13,183
Water and sewer systems – utility plant	6,051,258
Buildings and improvements	221,077,670
Office fixtures and equipment	2,270,619 1,168,028
Automotive equipment	2,363,891
Intangible assets	25,004,570
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(90,830,683)
Net capital assets	169,831,622
Investments restricted for future use (note 2)	4,740,769
Bond issuance costs, net	627,894
Total noncurrent assets	175,200,285
Total assets	\$ 212,358,298
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 505,386
Accrued salaries	15,197
Compensated absences, current portion	301,940
Due to other funds (note 5)	1,272,463
Deposits	128,335
Interest payable Deferred liability	705,156
Current portion of bonds payable (note 10)	257,199
Total current liabilities	1,531,124
	4,716,800
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Advances for construction (note 17) OPEB liability	32,902
	129,509
Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion	32,938,174
·	100,647
Total noncurrent liabilities  Total liabilities	33,201,232
	37,918,032
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt  Restricted for capital projects	135,641,623
Unrestricted for capital projects Unrestricted net assets	4,740,769
	34,057,874
Total net assets	174,440,266
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 212,358,298

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

# Proprietary Fund

# Year ended June 30, 2011

		James City Service Authority
Operating revenues:	-	
Water and sewer services	\$	12,603,818
Water supply proffers	·	125,192
Rental income		171,401
Miscellaneous		190,467
Total operating revenues	_	13,090,878
Operating expenses:		
Salaries		4,040,543
Fringe benefits		1,585,037
Operating supplies		888,559
Maintenance of buildings and equipment		3,193,116
Utilities		813,478
Contractual fees		873,110
Depreciation and amortization		7,273,473
Other		697,629
Total operating expenses	_	19,364,945
Operating loss	-	(6,274,067)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Facility charges		3,839,702
Investment income		509,675
Gain on disposal of capital assets		34,324
Interest expense, net		(1,531,715)
Total nonoperating revenues, net	_	2,851,986
Loss before contributions		(3,422,081)
Capital contributions		1,750,073
Decrease in net assets	-	(1,672,008)
Total fund net assets at beginning of year		176,112,274
Total fund net assets at end of year	\$ _	174,440,266

#### Statement of Cash Flows

#### Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2011

Cash froom porating activities:         \$ 13,324,006           Cash receipts from cushores         \$ 567,643           Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services         \$ 5,589,115           Facility charges         3,899,702           Net cash provided by operating activities         6,197,976           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (1,590,508)           Payment of debt         (1,597,058)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (1,597,058)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (3,73,190)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         7,301,904           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         (45,795,597)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         7,301,904           Cash flows from investing activities:         (45,795,597)           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         46,206,295           Interest received         5,402,81           Net cash provided by investing activities         950,979           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (55,249,67)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         81,247           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         831,247           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         (			James City Service Authority
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (1,440,000)           Payment of debt         (1,597,058)           Interest paid         (1,597,058)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (4,301,881)           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         37,035           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (7,301,904)           Purchases of investments         (45,795,597)           Sales of investments         46,206,295           Interest received         340,281           Net cash provided by investing activities         950,979           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (152,949)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         331,247           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         86,274,067           Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         (6,274,067)           Operating loss         1,273,473           Facility charges         3,839,702           Depreciation and amortization         7,273,473           Facility charges         3,839,702           Changes in assets and liabilities:         7,254,476           Accounts receivable         3,596           Accounts receivable, miscellaneous         5,909	Cash receipts from customers Other operating cash receipts Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$	567,643 (5,944,260) (5,589,115)
Payment of debr	Net cash provided by operating activities		6,197,976
Cash flows from investing activities:         (45,795,597)           Purchases of investments         (45,795,597)           Sales of investments         46,206,295           Interest received         540,281           Net cash provided by investing activities         950,979           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (152,949)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         831,247           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         \$678,298           Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         (6,274,067)           Operating loss         (6,274,067)           Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         7,273,473           Depreciation and amortization         7,273,473           Facility charges         3,839,702           Changes in assets and liabilities:         735,496           Accounts receivable         735,496           Accounts receivable, miscellaneous         59,090           Notes receivable, miscellaneous         264,294           Inventory         (18,848)           Accounts payable         (144,962)           Accrued salaries         20,598           Due to other funds         674,309           Deposits <td< td=""><td>Payment of debt Interest paid Acquisition and construction of capital assets</td><td></td><td>(1,597,058) (4,301,881)</td></td<>	Payment of debt Interest paid Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,597,058) (4,301,881)
Purchases of investments         (45,795,597)           Sales of investments         46,206,295           Interest received         540,281           Net cash provided by investing activities         950,979           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (152,949)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         831,247           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         \$678,298           Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         \$(6,274,067)           Operating loss         (6,274,067)           Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         7,273,473           Pepreciation and amortization         7,273,473           Facility charges         3,839,702           Changes in assets and liabilities:         735,496           Accounts receivable         735,496           Accounts receivable, miscellaneous         59,090           Notes receivable, miscellaneous         59,090           Notes receivable, miscellaneous         20,598           Accounts payable         (144,962)           Accrued salaries         20,598           Due to other funds         674,309           Deferred liability         27,000           Advances for construction	Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(7,301,904)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (152,949)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         831,247           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         \$ 678,298           Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	Purchases of investments Sales of investments		46,206,295
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         831,247           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         \$ 678,298           Reconcilitation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         \$ (6,274,067)           Operating loss         \$ (6,274,067)           Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         7,273,473           Depreciation and amortization         7,273,473           Facility charges         3,839,702           Changes in assets and liabilities:         735,496           Accounts receivable         59,090           Accounts receivable, miscellaneous         59,090           Notes receivable         264,294           Inventory         (18,848)           Accounts payable         (144,962)           Accrued salaries         20,598           Due to other funds         674,309           Deposits         87,092           Deferred liability         (242,801)           Advances for construction         (102,400)           OPEB liability         27,000           Net cash provided by operating activities         \$ 6,197,976           Supplemental schedule – noncash capital and investing activities:         \$ 1,750,073	Net cash provided by investing activities		950,979
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         \$ 678,298           Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         \$ (6,274,067)           Operating loss         \$ (6,274,067)           Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         7,273,473           Depreciation and amortization         7,273,473           Facility charges         3,839,702           Changes in assets and liabilities:         735,496           Accounts receivable         59,090           Notes receivable, miscellaneous         59,090           Notes receivable inventory         (18,848)           Accounts payable         (144,962)           Accrued salaries         20,598           Due to other funds         674,309           Deposits         87,092           Deferred liability         (242,801)           Advances for construction         (102,400)           OPEB liability         27,000           Net cash provided by operating activities         \$ 6,197,976           Supplemental schedule – noncash capital and investing activities:         \$ 1,750,073	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(152,949)
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         \$ (6,274,067)           Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         7,273,473           Depreciation and amortization         7,273,473           Facility charges         3,839,702           Changes in assets and liabilities:         735,496           Accounts receivable         735,496           Accounts receivable, miscellaneous         59,090           Notes receivable         264,294           Inventory         (18,848)           Accounts payable         (144,962)           Accrued salaries         20,598           Due to other funds         674,309           Deposits         87,092           Deferred liability         (242,801)           Advances for construction         (102,400)           OPEB liability         27,000           Net cash provided by operating activities         \$ 6,197,976           Supplemental schedule – noncash capital and investing activities:         \$ 1,750,073	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		831,247
Operating loss         \$ (6,274,067)           Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:         ***           Depreciation and amortization         7,273,473           Facility charges         3,839,702           Changes in assets and liabilities:         ***           Accounts receivable         735,496           Accounts receivable, miscellaneous         59,090           Notes receivable         264,294           Inventory         (18,848)           Accounts payable         (144,962)           Accrued salaries         20,598           Due to other funds         674,309           Deposits         87,092           Deferred liability         (242,801)           Advances for construction         (102,400)           OPEB liability         27,000           Net cash provided by operating activities         \$ 6,197,976           Supplemental schedule – noncash capital and investing activities:         \$ 1,750,073	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	678,298
Depreciation and amortization       7,273,473         Facility charges       3,839,702         Changes in assets and liabilities:	Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by	\$	(6,274,067)
Accounts receivable       735,496         Accounts receivable, miscellaneous       59,090         Notes receivable       264,294         Inventory       (18,848)         Accounts payable       (144,962)         Accrued salaries       20,598         Due to other funds       674,309         Deposits       87,092         Deferred liability       (242,801)         Advances for construction       (102,400)         OPEB liability       27,000         Net cash provided by operating activities       \$ 6,197,976         Supplemental schedule – noncash capital and investing activities:       \$ 1,750,073	Depreciation and amortization Facility charges		
Due to other funds 674,309 Deposits 87,092 Deferred liability (242,801) Advances for construction (102,400) OPEB liability 27,000  Net cash provided by operating activities \$6,197,976  Supplemental schedule – noncash capital and investing activities: Capital asset contributions \$1,750,073	Accounts receivable Accounts receivable, miscellaneous Notes receivable Inventory Accounts payable		59,090 264,294 (18,848)
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 6,197,976  Supplemental schedule – noncash capital and investing activities: Capital asset contributions \$ 1,750,073	Due to other funds Deposits Deferred liability		674,309 87,092 (242,801)
Supplemental schedule – noncash capital and investing activities:  Capital asset contributions  \$ 1,750,073	·	_	
Capital asset contributions \$ 1,750,073	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ _	6,197,976
		\$	1,750,073
	Unrealized gain from change in fair value of investments	\$ _	

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

# Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2011

Assets		Pension trust fund	Agency funds
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2) Restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments with fiscal agent/trustee (notes 2 and 12):	\$		1,478,321
Money market funds		4,618,754	7,670,575
Bond mutual funds		849,851	
Debt and equities		5,944,342	
U.S. stock funds		7,301,467	
International stock funds		620,353	******
Accounts receivable		**********	2,797,205
Prepaid item	<u></u>		8,586
Total assets	\$	19,334,767	11,954,687
<b>Liabilities and Net Assets</b>			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$		793,491
Amounts held for others			11,161,196
Total liabilities			11,954,687
Net assets:			
Held in trust for employees' retirement		19,334,767	***************************************
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	19,334,767	11,954,687

#### Exhibit 9

## **COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA**

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

# Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2011

Contributions 2,263,0  Total additions 5,242,0  Deductions:  Distributions to employees 962,0  Change in net assets held in trust for employees' retirement 4,280,0  Net assets at beginning of year 15,054,7		_	Pension trust fund
Contributions 2,263,0 Total additions 5,242,0 Deductions:  Distributions to employees 962,0 Change in net assets held in trust for employees' retirement 4,280,0 Net assets at beginning of year 15,054,7			
Total additions 5,242,6  Deductions:  Distributions to employees 962,6  Change in net assets held in trust for employees' retirement 4,280,6  Net assets at beginning of year 15,054,7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	2,978,942
Deductions:  Distributions to employees  Change in net assets held in trust for employees' retirement  Net assets at beginning of year  15,054,7	Contributions	_	2,203,004
Distributions to employees 962,6 Change in net assets held in trust for employees' retirement 4,280,6 Net assets at beginning of year 15,054,7	Total additions		5,242,606
Change in net assets held in trust for employees' retirement 4,280,0  Net assets at beginning of year 15,054,7	Deductions:		
Net assets at beginning of year 15,054,7	Distributions to employees		962,603
	Change in net assets held in trust for employees' retirement		4,280,003
Not accept at and of year	Net assets at beginning of year		15,054,764
19,534,	Net assets at end of year	\$ _	19,334,767

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

# (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County of James City (the County or the primary government) operates under the County Administrator form of government (as defined under Virginia Law). The elected five-member Board of Supervisors appoints a County Administrator to serve as the Chief Executive Officer of the County.

The accompanying financial statements of the County of James City, Virginia conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the County's more significant accounting policies:

# (a) The Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by U.S. GAAP established by GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the Board of Supervisors of the County is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the primary government.

These financial statements present the County and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of the operational or financial relationships with the County.

# **Blended Component Unit**

# 1. James City Service Authority

The James City Service Authority (the Authority) was established on June 30, 1969, by resolution of the Board of Supervisors of James City County, Virginia and was chartered by the Commonwealth of Virginia State Corporation Commission in July 1969 to provide water and sewer service to County residents as permitted under the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended (the Enabling Act).

The Authority's governing body is appointed by the James City County Board of Supervisors, although the Authority is legally separate. The James City County Board of Supervisors is the appointed Board of Directors of the Authority.

The County can impose its will over the Authority, significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of service. Although a financial benefit or burden relationship may not exist, the County is financially accountable. The Authority is accounted for as a proprietary fund and its financial statements have been blended with the County's financial statements for reporting purposes.

The Authority's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 may be obtained from the Department of Financial and Management Services, 101-F Mounts Bay Road, P.O. Box 8784, Williamsburg, Virginia 23187-8784.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

## **Discretely Presented Component Units**

# 1. Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools

The Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools (the Public Schools), pursuant to an agreement dated January 14, 1954, as amended, is responsible for educating the school-age population of the City of Williamsburg, Virginia (the City) and the County. Two members of the School Board are appointed by the City Council of the City. Five members of the School Board represent James City County and are elected by the citizens of James City County.

Although the Public Schools are legally separate, the County is financially accountable due to the significance of the fiscal dependency relationship with the Public Schools.

Local costs related to operations of the Public Schools are apportioned between the participating localities in accordance with the agreement, as amended. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the apportionment of the Public Schools' operating costs to the City and County was \$6,979,332 and 8.64% and \$73,800,000 and 91.36%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the contributions for the Public Schools' capital project costs from the City and County were \$745,709 and 4.70% and \$15,118,475 and 95.30%, respectively.

The Public Schools' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 may be obtained from the Finance Department, 101-D Mounts Bay Road, Williamsburg, Virginia 23185.

# 2. James City County Economic Development Authority

The James City County Economic Development Authority (the Development Authority) is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Development Authority makes recommendations to the James City County board of supervisors. The Development Authority consists of seven members appointed by the James City County board of supervisors. Although the Development Authority is a legally separate entity, the County is financially accountable due to the significance of the fiscal dependency relationship with the Development Authority.

From time to time, the Development Authority has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds (the Bonds) to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The Bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the Bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the Bonds. Accordingly, the Bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2011, there were 14 series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$347 million.

The Development Authority's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 may be obtained from the Director of Economic Development, 5308 Discovery Park Boulevard, Suite 203, Williamsburg, Virginia 23188.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

# Other Related Organizations and Joint Ventures

Separate financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, for all other related organizations and joint ventures discussed below except the Colonial Community Corrections Program, Inc., the Virginia Peninsulas Public Service Authority, and the Williamsburg Regional Library, may be obtained from the Director of Accounting of James City County, 101-F Mounts Bay Road, P.O. Box 8784, Williamsburg, Virginia 23187-8784.

# Williamsburg Area Medical Assistance Corporation

The Williamsburg Area Medical Assistance Corporation (the Corporation) was incorporated on February 19, 1993. The Corporation provides a primary medical care clinic to economically disadvantaged persons in the Counties of James City and York and the City of Williamsburg. The County appoints one board member to the Corporation. The Corporation is a legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the Corporation. The program is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County is fiscal agent for the Corporation, and as a result, the Corporation's financial transactions are included as an agency fund in the County's financial statements.

# 2. Colonial Community Corrections Program

The Colonial Community Corrections Program (the Program) serves the Counties of James City, New Kent, York and Charles City, and the City of Williamsburg. Each jurisdiction appoints one member to the Board. The Program is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County is the fiscal and administrative agent and the Program is included as a special revenue fund in the County's financial statements.

# 3. Virginia Peninsulas Public Service Authority

The Virginia Peninsulas Public Service Authority (the Public Service Authority), was created pursuant to the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended, between the Cities of Hampton, Newport News, Poquoson and Williamsburg, and the Counties of Essex, Gloucester, James City, King and Queen, King William, Mathews, Middlesex and York. The Public Service Authority's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 may be obtained from the Public Service Authority, 300 McLaws Circle, Suite 200, Williamsburg, Virginia 23185-5676.

Each jurisdiction appoints one board member. The Public Service Authority is a legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the Public Service Authority. The Public Service Authority is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County; therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

# 4. Williamsburg Regional Library

Pursuant to an agreement dated May 26, 1977, as amended, the Williamsburg Regional Library (the Library) provides library services to the City and the County. The Library is operated by a board of trustees. Each jurisdiction appoints four trustees. The Library is a

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the trustees. The Library is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County; therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements. The Library's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 may be obtained from the Library, 7770 Croaker Road, Williamsburg, Virginia 23188.

# 5. Virginia Peninsula Regional Jail Authority

The Virginia Peninsula Regional Jail Authority (the Jail Authority) was organized and exists pursuant to resolutions adopted in 1993 by and between the Cities of Williamsburg and Poquoson and the Counties of James City and York. The Jail Authority is operated by a board. Each member jurisdiction appoints one member. The Jail Authority is a legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the Jail Authority.

The Jail Authority is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County is charged user fees based on inmate population in order to cover direct and indirect costs of the Jail Authority. The County is fiscal agent for the Jail Authority, and as such, the Jail Authority's financial transactions are included as an agency fund in the County's financial statements.

# 6. Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission

The Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission (the Commission) was created as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by resolutions adopted in 1993. The member jurisdictions are as follows: Caroline County, Charles City County, Essex County, Gloucester County, Hanover County, James City County, King and Queen County, King William County, Lancaster County, Mathews County, Middlesex County, New Kent County, Northumberland County, City of Poquoson, Richmond County, Westmoreland County, City of Williamsburg and York County. The Commission is operated by a board.

Each member jurisdiction appoints one member. The Commission is a legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the Commission. The Commission is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County is charged user fees based on juvenile population in order to cover direct and indirect costs of the Commission. The County is fiscal agent for the Commission, and as such, the Commission's financial statements are included as an agency fund in the County's financial statements.

# 7. Williamsburg Area Transit Authority

The Williamsburg Area Transport Company (the Company) was originally incorporated on October 15, 1980. The Company provided transportation systems to James City County, the City of Williamsburg and the Bruton District of York County. Although the Company was legally separate, the James City County Board of Supervisors was the appointed Board of Directors of the Company. The County could impose its will over the Company and was financially accountable for the Company. On August 28, 2008, the Company was reorganized as the Williamsburg Area Transit Authority (the Transit Authority) with its own Board of Directors. However, its operations and the financial relationship remained unchanged through

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

June 30, 2009. Effective July 1, 2009, the Transit Authority became financially independent from the County. Separately issued financial statements were prepared, and the County accounts for the Transit Authority as an agency fund since it continues to serve as its fiscal agent.

# (b) The Financial Reporting Model

In June 1999, GASB issued Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. This statement, known as the "Reporting Model" statement, affects the way the County prepares and presents financial information. State and local governments, including other governmental entities such as the County, traditionally have used a financial reporting model substantially different from the one used to prepare private-sector financial reports.

GASB Statement No. 34 establishes requirements and a new reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments, including other governmental entities. The statement was developed to make annual reports easier to understand and more useful to the people who use governmental financial information to make decisions and includes:

Management's Discussion and Analysis – GASB Statement No. 34 requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and cost of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

Statement of Net Assets – The government-wide statement of net assets is designed to display the financial position of the County. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net assets and report depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the statement of activities. The net assets of a government are broken down into three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities – The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Fund Financial Statements – These statements are, in substance, very similar to the financial statements presented in the previous financial reporting model. Emphasis here is on major funds.

# (c) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The accompanying basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the County as a whole) and fund financial statements. While the previous reporting model emphasized fund types

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

(the total of all funds of a particular type), in the new reporting model, the focus is on either the County as a whole or major individual funds (within the fund financial statements). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide statement of net assets, the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The County may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Administrative overhead charges are allocated to the programs and included in direct expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The governmental fund statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented which explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements. Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of third parties and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the County, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is contributed to the joint-school operations of the City and County or is transferred to other funds principally to fund debt service, capital projects and social services requirements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by the proprietary fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term debt of governmental funds.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

James City Service Authority – The James City Service Authority accounts for the operation of the County's water and sewer services.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Nonmajor Governmental Funds include special revenue funds which account for revenue derived from specific sources that are restricted by legal and regulatory provisions to finance specific activities of the County.

Nonmajor Fiduciary Funds – Nonmajor Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The Fiduciary Funds of the County are the Pension Trust Fund, which is the Deferred Compensation Plan and is accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Also included are the Agency Funds, which consist of Special Welfare, Williamsburg Area Medical Assistance Corporation, Regional Jail, Juvenile Detention, Williamsburg Area Transit Authority and School Activity Funds.

# (d) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Operating statements of the governmental funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The accompanying fund financial statements of the governmental funds are maintained and reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available to finance operations during the year. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the fund liability is incurred. Interest on long-term debt is recorded when due.

In applying the modified accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however,

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

essentially two types of those revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County, which is usually within 45 days; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Real estate and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when levied and billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes levied but not collected within 45 days after year end are reflected as deferred revenue. Sales taxes, which are collected by the state and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon execution of the sale, which is generally two months preceding receipt by the County.

License and permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded at fair value as earned since they are measurable and available.

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are included on the statement of net assets. The proprietary fund-type operating statement presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

The statement of net assets, statement of activities and financial statements of the proprietary fund are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash. The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's proprietary fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the proprietary fund include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting, proprietary fund types follow all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and predecessor Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) issued on or before November 30, 1989. Under paragraph 7 of GASB Statement No. 20, the County has elected not to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

## (e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both (a) readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and (b) so near the maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

Generally, the County considers investments with original maturities of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents.

## (f) Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and specific account analysis. The allowance for uncollectible accounts relating solely to property taxes was \$69,008 in the General Fund at June 30, 2011. Additionally, the County recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$24,759 related to business, professional and occupational license taxes and \$326,236 for the Advance Life Support/Basic Life Support (ALS/BLS) fees.

The Authority has few uncollectible receivables and does not use allowance accounts. State law permits filing of liens against real property for unpaid utility charges. The write-off of bad debts only occurs when the property is sold prior to the lien process being instituted.

#### (g) Investments

All investments of the County are stated at fair value as of June 30, 2011, in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools.

#### (h) Inventory

All inventories, which consist of materials and supplies, are valued at cost using the average-cost method. Reported inventories are accounted for under the consumption method (i.e., recorded as expenditures when used) in the governmental and proprietary funds. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Quantities on hand at year end are recorded at cost on the balance sheet with an offsetting reserve to fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

#### (i) Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General and Special Revenue Funds and as assets in the accompanying government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis. Capital outlays of the proprietary funds are recorded as capital assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis on both the funds basis and the government-wide basis. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Maintenance, repairs and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

Depreciation of capital assets is calculated on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	10 to 50 years 6 to 40 years 3 to 20 years
umasuucture	20 to 40 years

## (j) Compensated Absences

County employees are granted sick and vacation leave in varying amounts based on length of service. They may accumulate, subject to certain limitations, unused sick and vacation leave, and upon retirement, termination, or death, may be compensated for certain amounts at their then current rates of pay. The accumulated annual sick and vacation leave estimated to be payable upon separation are recorded in the accompanying government-wide financial statements.

#### (k) Unbilled Revenue

The Authority records the amount of earned but unbilled service charges revenue by prorating actual subsequent billings. Amounts accrued but unbilled were approximately \$1,072,000 at June 30, 2011.

## (l) Property Taxes

Real property taxes are recognized as receivables when levied. Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property automatically. Taxes are levied no later than October 1 and are due by December 5 and June 5.

Property taxes levied in the current and prior year have been recorded in governmental activities as receivables as of the date the County has the legal right to receive payments thereon. Personal property taxes create a lien on the assessed property. The receivables collected during the fiscal year and during the first 45 days of the succeeding fiscal year are recognized in the General Fund as revenues in the current fiscal year.

A penalty of 10% of the tax is assessed on December 6 and June 6 on taxes outstanding as of those dates and interest at 10% per annum is added.

#### (m) Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Property and liability coverages are provided through third-party insurance. The County's retention is through deductibles on a per-claim basis. Deductibles and coverage limits at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2011

		Deductibles
Property	<b>\$</b> —	10,000
Flood		25,000
Earthquake		25,000
General liability and law enforcement Automobile:		100,000
Liability		100,000
Comprehensive		1,000
Collision		1,000
Crime		250
Workers' compensation		None

	_	Coverage limits
Property insurance:		
Valuation at functional replacement	\$	66,839,965
Flood (outside 100 year flood plain)		17,394,893
Business interruption/extra expense		3,000,000
Property in transit		5,000,000
Increased cost of construction/ordinance		2,000,000
demolition		20,000,000
Back-up of sewers and drains		1,000,000
Debris removal		20,000,000
Pollutant clean-up and removal		500,000
Off premises power failure		1,000,000
Media reproduction		100,000
Newly acquired locations for up to 120 days		10,000,000
General liability and law enforcement		9,000,000
Automobile liability		9,000,000
Public officials		9,000,000
Crime		500,000
Workers' compensation	St	atutory limits

There have been no reductions in insurance coverages from the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

# (n) Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

In the accompanying government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the terms of the related issues on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest method.

In the accompanying fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### (o) Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

#### (p) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, in which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities under GAAP.

#### (q) Fund Balances

Fund balances are reported according to the following categories:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, and long term receivables.
- Restricted Amounts reported when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation..
- Committed Amounts that require formal action of the Board of Supervisors either by resolution or ordinance that identifies the specific circumstances under which the resources may be expended.
- Assigned Amounts that are constrained by the County's expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, another body (such as a finance committee) or by an

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

official to whom authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

• Unassigned – Includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classification. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. This includes the County's goal of maintaining a fiscal liquidity balance between 8%-12% of the total general governmental expenditures.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the General Fund has the following amounts assigned or unassigned:

	,	Assigned	Unassigned
Health insurance	\$	1,835,342	
Potential insurance loss		300,000	<b></b>
Encumbrances		543,313	
Capital reserve fund		16,045,435	
Fiscal liquidity			20,449,054
	\$	18,724,090	20,449,054

#### (r) Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Such estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

#### (s) New Accounting Principles

Effective with the financial report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, the County has adopted the following statement of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB): GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

#### (t) Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the County has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 23, 2011, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### (2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

#### **Primary Government**

#### (a) Deposits

At year end, the carrying value of the deposits with banks and savings and loans was \$16,774,176 and the bank balance was \$17,955,872. The difference between the carrying value of bank deposits and the bank balance is primarily due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act).

Under the Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) must pledge collateral in the amount of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings and loan institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. If any member financial institution fails, the entire collateral becomes available to satisfy the claims of the County. If the value of the pool's collateral is inadequate to cover a loss, additional amounts would be assessed on a pro rata basis to the members (banks and savings and loans) of the pool; therefore, these deposits are considered collateralized and as a result are considered insured. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and for notifying local governments of compliance by banks and savings and loans.

#### (b) Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the primary government had the following investments and maturities:

		Original investment maturity (in years)			
	Fair value	Less than 1	1-2	2-5	
Commonwealth of Virginia					
LGIP	\$ 24,264,461	24,264,461	-		
Money market funds	12,824,515	12,824,515			
Certificates of deposit	3,114,065	500,000	2,251,479	362,586	
Federal agency bonds/notes	19,867,744			19,867,744	
Corporate notes	6,852,815		263,556	6,589,259	
Municipal bonds	289,149		-	289,149	
U.S. government corp debt	2,404,201		1,645,397	758,804	
U.S. Treasury notes	9,684,556		4,968,701	4,715,855	
	\$ 79,301,506	37,588,976	9,129,133	32,583,397	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### (c) Summary of Deposits

A reconciliation of the carrying value of deposits and investments reported above to amounts reported in the statement of net assets is as follows:

Deposits	\$ 16,774,176
Investments	 79,301,506
	\$ 96,075,682
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Cash and cash equivalents and	\$ 15,670,306 65,828,994
investments - restricted	 14,576,382
	\$ 96,075,682

#### (d) Investment Policy

In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable law, including regulations, the County's Investment Policy (the Policy) permits investments in U.S. government obligations, municipal obligations, prime quality commercial paper, and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, negotiable certificates of deposit, bank deposit notes, mutual funds that invest exclusively in securities specifically permitted under the Policy, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (the Virginia LGIP, a 2a-7 like pool). The fair value of the Commission's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares. The Treasury Board of the Commonwealth of Virginia has regulatory oversight of the LGIP.

The Policy establishes limitations on the holdings of non-U.S. government obligations. The maximum percentage of the portfolio (book value at the date of acquisition) permitted in each security is as follows:

Registered money market mutual funds	100% maximum
Commonwealth of Virginia LGIP	100% maximum
Repurchase agreements	50% maximum
Bankers' acceptances	40% maximum
Commercial paper	35% maximum
Negotiable certificates of deposit/bank notes	20% maximum
Municipal obligations	20% maximum
Corporate notes	15% maximum
Bank deposits	25% maximum

#### (e) Credit Risk

As required by state statute, the Policy requires that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following; Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's, Fitch Investor's Service, and Duff and Phelps. Corporate notes must have a minimum of "Aa" long-term debt rating by Moody's Investors Service and a minimum of "AA" long-term debt rating by Standard & Poor's. Negotiable Certificates of Deposit and bank

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

deposit notes maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investors Service. Notes having a maturity of greater than one year must be rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investors Service.

Although state statute does not impose credit standards on repurchase agreement counterparties, bankers' acceptances or money market mutual funds, the County has established stringent credit standards for these investments to minimize portfolio risk.

The County's investments as of June 30, 2011 were rated by Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented on the following page:

	Investment ratings							
AAA	AA+	AA	AA-	A-1+	Unrated			
				•				
\$ 24,264,461								
_				999,627	11,824,889			
washing.			1,250,000	1,251,479	612,586			
2,597,327	2,234,045	802,945	1,218,498		,			
19,867,744								
	289,149							
2,404,201								
				-	9,684,555			
\$ 49,133,733	2,523,194	802,945	2,468,498	2,251,106	22,122,030			
	\$ 24,264,461  2,597,327 19,867,744  2,404,201 	\$ 24,264,461	AAA     AA+     AA       \$ 24,264,461     —     —       —     —     —       2,597,327     2,234,045     802,945       19,867,744     —     —       —     289,149     —       2,404,201     —     —       —     —     —	AAA       AA+       AA       AA-         \$ 24,264,461       —       —       —         —       —       —       —         —       —       —       1,250,000         2,597,327       2,234,045       802,945       1,218,498         19,867,744       —       —       —         —       289,149       —       —         2,404,201       —       —       —         —       —       —       —	AAA         AA+         AA         AA-         A-1+           \$ 24,264,461         —         —         —         —         —         999,627           —         —         —         —         999,627         —			

## (f) Concentration of Credit Risk

The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by issuer in order to control concentration of credit risk. No more than 5% of the County's portfolio will be invested in the securities of any single issuer with the following exceptions:

U.S. Treasury	100% maximum
Each money market mutual fund	50% maximum
Each federal agency	35% maximum
Each repurchase agreement	
counterparty	25% maximum

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

As of June 30, 2011, the portions of the County's portfolio (excluding the blended component units), excluding U.S. Treasury notes, that exceed 5% of the total portfolio are as follows:

Issuer	% of portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank Federal National Mortgage	12.1%
Association	11.2

#### (g) Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's Policy limits the investment of short-term operating funds to an average weighted maturity of no more than 180 days, with a portion of the portfolio continuously invested in readily available funds. The operating fund core portfolio will be invested in permitted investments with a stated maturity of no more than five years from the date of purchase. To control the volatility of the core portfolio, the Treasurer will determine a duration target, not to exceed three years.

Proceeds from the sale of bonds must be invested in compliance with the specific requirements of the bond covenants and may be invested in securities with longer maturities, so long as the maturity does not exceed the expected disbursement date of those funds.

#### (h) Custodial Credit Risk

The Policy requires that all investment securities purchased by the County or held as collateral on deposits or investments shall be held by the County or by a third-party custodial agent who may not otherwise be a counterparty to the investment transaction. As of June 30, 2011, all of the County's investments are held in a bank's trust department in the name of James City County.

# (i) Component Unit - Public Schools

Cash and cash equivalents:
Bank deposits (including school agency funds)

Certificates of deposit
Investment in LGIP

\$ 13,237,751
47,891
246,075
\$ 13,531,717

At year end, the carrying value of the Public Schools' deposits with banks and savings institutions in the General Fund and the Agency Fund was \$13,531,717 (including \$850,206 of the School Activity Funds) and the bank balance was \$16,619,599. The difference between the carrying value of bank deposits and the bank balance is primarily due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit. The bank balance is fully covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Act.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

# (j) Component Unit - Economic Development Authority - Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents:

Bank deposits \$ 120,668

Investment in LGIP 241

Certificates of deposits \$ 1,795,400

\$ 1,916,309

At year end, the carrying value and bank balance of the Development Authority's deposits with banks and savings institutions was \$120,668. The bank balance, which may differ from the carrying value of deposits primarily due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit, is fully covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or collateralized in accordance with the Act.

#### (3) Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments of the County's governmental activities at June 30, 2011, are detailed as follows:

Fund	Purpose		Amount
Capital projects Capital projects	Lease bonds General obligation bond	\$	7,887,926
Grants and special projects	Grants and special projects		831,685 4,729
General Community development	Subdivision escrow Community rehabilitation		773,659 337,614
		\$ _	9,835,613

#### (4) Receivables and Payables

Amounts due from miscellaneous sources in the General Fund at June 30, 2011, are detailed as follows:

Sales tax	\$	1,601,103
Emergency medical services		1,463,348
Meals tax		620,981
Other		318,533
Williamsburg Regional Library		124,315
Business license		106,833
Recordation tax		93,621
Utility consumption fee		47,058
Charges for services		45,314
Deeds of conveyance		27,422
Fines and forfeitures	_	23,795
	\$	4,472,323

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2011, are comprised of the following:

	_	Accounts payable	Accrued liabilities	Total
General Capital projects Debt service Other governmental funds	\$	1,530,072 1,016,523 109,730 237,459	244,381 192,926 — 23,792	1,774,453 1,209,449 109,730 261,251
Governmental funds	_	2,893,784	461,099	3,354,883
Accrued interest			1,677,211	1,677,211
Governmental activities	\$ _	2,893,784	2,138,310	5,032,094

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### (5) Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund receivable and payable balances are considered short-term in nature. All other balances resulted from the time-lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. At June 30, 2011, the balances are as follows:

	Due from other funds					
	General		Debt service	Nonmajor governmental funds	Total	
Due to other funds: General fund Nonmajor	\$ _		109,730	1,592	111,322	
governmental funds Service Authority	294,642 1,272,463	_	_		294,642 1,272,463	
Total	\$ 1,567,105	_	109,730	1,592	1,678,427	

	_	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General fund	\$	294,642	
Nonmajor			
governmental funds:			
Virginia public assistance		_	267,647
Colonial community corrections			15,500
Community development			4,763
Trust fund	_		6,732
Total	\$ _	294,642	294,642

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2011, consisted of the following:

	-	Transfers to Other Funds	Transfers from Other Funds
General fund	\$	28,783,692	_
Capital projects		<del>_</del>	1,650,334
Debt service			24,551,125
Nonmajor governmental funds		334	2,582,567
Total	\$	28,784,026	28,784,026

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

		Transfers in	Transfers out	Net transfers
Governmental funds:	•			
General fund	\$	_	(28,783,692)	(28,783,692)
Capital projects		1,650,334	_	1,650,334
Debt service		24,551,125	_	24,551,125
Nonmajor governmental funds		2,582,567	(334)	2,582,233
Total	\$	28,784,026	(28,784,026)	

Transfers from the General Fund to Capital Projects Fund represent the County's budgeted pay-as-you-go funding.

Transfers from the General Fund to Debt Service Fund represent the movement of restricted receipts from the funds collecting the receipts as debt service payments become due.

Transfers from the General Fund to various Nonmajor governmental funds represent the movement of funds collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### (6) Due from Other Governments

Details of amounts due from other governments as of June 30, 2011 are as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

		General	Capital projects	Nonmajor governmental funds	Total governmental
Lagal gavammenta		fund	<u>fund</u>	Tunas	<u>activities</u>
Local governments:	<b>d</b> r	127 212			107.010
City of Williamsburg	\$	127,212	_	_	127,212
Other		15,755		_	15,755
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Recordation taxes		106,966			106,966
Rolling stock tax		47,036		_	47,036
Communications sales and					
use tax		270,446			270,446
State sales taxes		1,548,778			1,548,778
Personal property tax relief		4,836,856			4,836,856
Compensation Board		166,608			166,608
Virginia Department of					
Transportation				1,167,337	1,167,337
Virginia Department of					
Social Services				282,199	282,199
Other		44,961	158,557	57,077	260,595
Federal government:					
Department of Social					
Services			_	281,255	281,255
Other		_	_	25,017	25,017
Total	\$_	7,164,618	158,557	1,812,885	9,136,060

# Component Unit - Public Schools:

Federal government	\$ 1,521,468
City of Williamsburg	154,992
Commonwealth of Virginia	151,202
Total	\$ 1,827,662

All amounts due from other governments are expected to be collected within one year.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2011

# (7) Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011:

#### **Governmental Activities**

	-	Balances July 1, 2010	Increases	Decreases	Balances June 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land improvements Construction in progress Intangible assets - easements	\$	25,425,217 56,964,016 2,403,663	717,946 23,551,708	12,000 63,911,500 —	26,131,163 16,604,224 2,403,663
Total capital assets not being depreciated		84,792,896	24,269,654	63,923,500	45,139,050
Other capital assets: Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure		241,550,852 22,829,888 37,423,367 7,745,208	63,460,093 643,799 2,482,699 7,500	37,985 — 1,814,609 —	304,972,960 23,473,687 38,091,457 7,752,708
Total other capital assets		309,549,315	66,594,091	1,852,594	374,290,812
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure		52,700,474 4,136,268 22,342,689 2,257,332	6,420,689 968,416 3,208,180 310,526	4,391 — 1,316,394 ————	59,116,772 5,104,684 24,234,475 2,567,858
Total accumulated depreciation		81,436,763	10,907,811	1,320,785	91,023,789
Other capital assets, net		228,112,552	55,686,280	531,809	283,267,023
	\$	312,905,448	79,955,934	64,455,309	328,406,073
Depreciation was charged to government	nent	al functions as t	follows:		
General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Parks, recreation and cultural Community development Education Nondepartmental  Total depreciation exp	ens	e – government:	al activities	2 1,9 2 1,4 4 5,0	48,131 41,560 86,289 11,826 47,416 45,169 08,700 18,720 07,811
- star aspession only		G			

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2011

# Business-Type Activity

	Balances July 1, 2010	Increases	Decreases	Balances June 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
	\$ 1,750,391		***************************************	1,750,391
Land – utility plant	962,695			962,695
Land improvements	13,183			13,183
Construction in progress	4,284,901	9,065,061	7,298,704	6,051,258
Intangible assets - easements	4,570			4,570
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	7,015,740	9,065,061	7,298,704	8,782,097
Other capital assets:				
Water and sewer systems -				
utility plant	217,344,865	3,863,384	130,579	221,077,670
Buildings and improvements	2,260,462	13,185	3,028	2,270,619
Office fixtures and equipment	1,023,103	144,925		1,168,028
Automotive equipment	2,099,788	336,878	72,775	2,363,891
Intangible assets – water rights	25,000,000			25,000,000
Total other capital assets	247,728,218	4,358,372	206,382	251,880,208
Less accumulated depreciation and				
amortization for:				
Water and sewer systems -				
utility plant	79,741,505	6,296,144	129,534	85,908,115
Buildings and improvements	911,638	71,403	1,362	981,679
Office fixtures and equipment	712,444	131,837		844,281
Automotive equipment	1,589,642	199,373	72,775	1,716,240
Intangible assets – water rights	766,871	613,497		1,380,368
Total accumulated				
depreciation and amortization	83,722,100	7,312,254	203,671	90,830,683
Other capital assets, net	164,006,118	(2,953,882)	2,711	161,049,525
	\$ 171,021,858	6,111,179	7,301,415	169,831,622

Depreciation and amortization of \$7,312,254 was charged to water and sewer operations as follows:

Water Sewer	\$	4,572,763 2,739,491
	\$	7,312,254
	· :	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

### Component Unit - Public Schools

		Balances July 1, 2010	Increases	Decreases	Balances June 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land improvements	\$	8,435,126			8,435,126
Construction in progress	_	1,763,305	6,873,956	3,495,400	5,141,861
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	****	10,198,431	6,873,956	3,495,400	13,576,987
Other capital assets:					
Buildings and improvements		28,486,490	3,741,773	283,213	31,945,050
Furniture and equipment		17,722,202	2,461,172	1,212,096	18,971,278
Total other capital assets	_	46,208,692	6,202,945	1,495,309	50,916,328
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements		7,511,846	1,333,058	106,123	8,738,781
Furniture and equipment		11,029,026	1,111,078	1,153,278	10,986,826
Total accumulated					
depreciation		18,540,872	2,444,136	1,259,401	19,725,607
Other capital assets, net	_	27,667,820	3,758,809	235,908	31,190,721
	\$_	37,866,251	10,632,765	3,731,308	44,767,708

Depreciation of \$2,444,136 was charged to the Public Schools' governmental functions.

The total construction in progress for the Public Schools is \$5,266,682. Capital outlay expenditures totaling \$124,821 are presented in the County's construction in progress balance in order to match the corresponding debt.

#### Component Unit - Economic Development Authority

	***************************************	Balance at July 1, 2010	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2011
Land Construction in progress	\$	2,483,106 166,510			2,483,106 166,510
	\$	2,649,616			2,649,616

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

# (8) Amounts Due From and To Component Units

The Service Authority owes the County \$1,272,463 at June 30, 2011, which primarily represents payroll expenses.

The County funds its construction costs for new schools through the Capital Projects Fund for the component unit – Public Schools. At June 30, 2011, the County owed the Public Schools \$5,955,228, which primarily represents construction incurred by the Public Schools. Additionally, the County owed the Development Authority \$318,346, which primarily represents payments for Development Authority grants.

#### (9) Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Details of unearned revenue as of June 30, 2011 follow:

		General fund	Capital projects	Other governmental funds	Total
Prepaid property taxes Unexpended grants	\$_	74,168		853,983	74,168 853,983
Governmental activities		74,168		853,983	928,151
Property taxes not collected within 45 days		19,127,010	1,145		19,128,155
Governmental funds	\$_	19,201,178	1,145	853,983	20,056,306

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### (10) Long-Term Debt

#### **Primary Government**

A summary of the County's long-term liability activity for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, is presented below:

	Amounts payable at July 1, 2010	Additions	Retirements and reductions	Amounts payable at June 30, 2011	Amounts due within one year
Governmental activities:			12 (4( 224	85,196,591	7,499,906
General obligation bonds \$	93,022,915	4,820,000	12,646,324	65,190,591	7,433,300
Deferred amounts:			C 10 505	0.501.301	
Add bond premium	8,902,232	321,834	642,785	8,581,281	
Deduct underwriter's discount	(510,382)	(20,003)	(36,137)	(494,248)	
Total general				02 202 (24	7 400 006
obligation bonds	101,414,765	5,121,831	13,252,972	93,283,624	7,499,906
Capital lease – Radio					
System	9,877,000		904,000	8,973,000	947,000
Other capital lease	292,895	1,312,522	292,895	1,312,522	103,449
Lease revenue bonds	110,275,000		6,220,000	104,055,000	6,225,000
	708,962	250,000		958,962	
OPEB obligation	3,389,300	3,252,421	3,228,223	3.413.498	2,560,124
Compensated absences	2,326,036	3,232, 121	18,609	2,307,427	50,770
Landfill postclosure care cost	2,320,030		10,007	2,307,127	
Governmental					
activities long-					
term liabilities \$	228,283,958	9,936,774	23,916,699	214,304,033	17,386,249
term flaorities • •	220,200,700				

The General Fund or the Special Revenue Fund where the employees' salaries are charged generally liquidates compensated absences.

In October 2010, the County issued \$4,820,000 in General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds. These refunded the Series 2002 and 2002B bonds that were outstanding. These refunding bonds were issued at a true interest cost of 1.294%, which resulted in a net present value savings of \$357,773.

The County entered into a capital lease agreement with SunTrust Bank during fiscal year 2004 to lease radio system equipment for the County 911 facility. Included in capital assets are \$12,099,132 related to this lease arrangement, and depreciation expense incurred on the capital asset totaled \$1,196,619 for fiscal year 2011.

In November 2010, the County executed a regional lease purchase agreement with York County totaling \$1,312,522 to purchase enhanced 911 equipment to service each respective jurisdiction's Dispatch Center and to be compatible with current technology and telephone systems. At June 30, 2011, \$1,008,200 was included in capital assets, and \$67,213 depreciation expense was incurred during fiscal year 2011.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2011

The present value of future minimum capital lease payments of the County as of June 30, 2011, is as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30:		
2012	\$	1,530,269
2013		1,531,097
2014		1,530,732
2015		1,538,235
2016		1,537,242
2017-2021	<del></del>	4,938,321
Total minimum lease payments		12,605,896
Less amount representing interest		(2,320,374)
Present value of minimum		
capital lease payments	\$	10,285,522

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

# (a) Governmental Activities

Details of long-term bonded indebtedness: \$2,350,959 School Bonds, 1992 GO, issued November 12, 1992, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2012, with interest payable semiannually at 6.35% \$23,610,000 School Bonds, 1997-I, Refunding, issued November 20, 1997,	\$	246,591
maturing in various annual installments through December 15, 2011, with interest payable semiannually at 6.37% \$18,800,000 School Bonds, issued May 1, 1997, maturing in various		240,000
annual installments through January 15, 2018, with interest payable semiannually at 5.475% \$19,220,000 School Bonds, Series 1999A, issued May 13, 1999,		9,035,000
maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2019, with interest payable semiannually at 4.60% \$1,250,000 School Bonds, Series 1999B, issued August 17, 1999,		10,855,000
maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2019, with interest payable semiannually at 5.75% \$21,510,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bond, Series 2003, issued June 26, 2003, maturing in various		540,000
installments through December 15, 2014, with interest payable semiannually at 3.00% \$39,820,000 General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2005, issued		9,685,000
June 8, 2005, maturing in various installments through December 15, 2029, with interest payable semiannually at 4.00% \$21,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006, issued		34,025,000
December 28, 2006, maturing in annual installments of \$1,050,000 through June 15, 2026, with interest payable semiannually at 4.00% \$4,820,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series, 2010, issued on October 20, 2010, maturing in various annual installments through December 15, 2015, with interest payable		15,750,000
semiannually at 3.00%	_	4,820,000
		85,196,591
Add premiums Deduct underwriter's discount	****	8,581,281 (494,248)
Total general obligation bonds		93,283,624

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

Capital lease obligations: \$14,500,000 entered into on November 7, 2003, due in various installments through March 1, 2019, with interest paid	
semiannually at 4.77%	8,973,000
\$1,312,522 entered into on November 10, 2010, due in various annual	
installments through December 1, 2020, with interest paid	
semiannually at 3.725%	1,312,522
Lease revenue bonds:	
\$22,570,000 issued August 24, 2005, due in various installments	
through July 25, 2025, with interest paid semiannually at 4.00%	18,480,000
\$95,775,000 issued December 28, 2006, due in various installments	
through June 15, 2026, with interest paid semiannually at 5.00%	71,825,000
\$14,935,000 issued September 23, 2009, due in various installments	
through January 15, 2030, with interest paid semiannually at 1.55%	13,750,000
OPEB obligation	958,962
Compensated absences	3,413,498
Landfill postclosure care costs	2,307,427
Total governmental activities	\$ 214,304,033

#### (b) Business-Type Activity

A summary of the County's long-term liability activity for the business-type activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, is presented below:

	-	Amounts payable at July 1, 2010	Additions	Retirements and reductions	Amounts payable at June 30, 2011	Amounts due within one year
Business-type activity:						
Revenue bonds	\$	35,630,000		1,440,000	34,190,000	1,490,000
Add bond premium		320,422	******	41,124	279,298	41,124
OPEB obligation		102,509	27,000	_	129,509	
Compensated absences	_	381,802	440,183	419,398	402,587	301,940
Total	\$	36,434,733	467,183	1,900,522	35,001,394	1,833,064

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

Details of long-term bonded indebtedness:

reams of fong term conded indebtedness.		
\$14,650,000 Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 issued April, 2003,		
maturing in various annual installments through 2018		
with interest payable semiannually at 3.75%	\$	8,005,000
\$27,120,000 Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 issued August, 2008,		
maturing in various annual installments through 2040		
with interest payable semiannually at 3.50%		26,185,000
Add premium		279,298
Total	\$ _	34,469,298

Future maturities of the County's various debt obligations together with scheduled interest payments are as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

		General obligation bonds		Lease r bor	
		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
Fiscal year ending					
June 30:					
2012	\$	7,482,506	3,818,548	6,255,000	5,024,421
2013		7,469,085	3,498,170	6,300,000	4,735,509
2014		7,635,000	3,153,410	6,350,000	4,442,715
2015		7,935,000	2,797,938	6,395,000	4,145,234
2016		7,890,000	2,458,129	6,455,000	3,842,290
2017-2021		21,735,000	8,415,188	33,325,000	14,380,451
2022-2026		15,175,000	4,363,063	35,350,000	6,012,106
2027-2031		9,875,000	919,094	3,625,000	493,270
2032-2036			_		_
2037-2040	_				
	\$_	85,196,591	29,423,540	104,055,000	43,075,996

Future maturities of compensated absences and landfill postclosure care costs are not determinable (see note 11).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### Business-type activity:

	_	Revenue bonds			
	_	Principal	Interest		
Fiscal year ending					
June 30:					
2012	\$	1,490,000	1,537,750		
2013		1,545,000	1,483,100		
2014		1,605,000	1,423,850		
2015		1,680,000	1,350,125		
2016		1,755,000	1,274,300		
2017-2021		5,720,000	5,278,156		
2022-2026		3,845,000	4,381,019		
2027-2031		2,730,000	3,511,150		
2032-2036		3,110,000	2,703,138		
2037-2040		10,710,000	1,616,162		
	\$_	34,190,000	24,558,750		

Future maturities of compensated absences are not determinable (see note 11).

#### (c) Component Unit - Public Schools

		Amounts payable at July 1, 2010	Additions	Retirements and reductions	Amounts payable at June 30, 2011	Amounts due within one year
OPEB obligation Compensated absences	\$	1,972,300 875,418	1,074,000	290,000 819,734	2,756,300 936,454	421,404
Component Unit – Public Schools						
long-term liabilitie	es \$	2,847,718	1,954,770	1,109,734	3,692,754	421,404

#### (11) Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

The County closed its landfill during fiscal year 1994 and contracted with a third party to provide solid waste disposal services to its residents. This third party operates the site, collects fees based upon the source of the waste, and pays the associated expenditures. The County was responsible for construction of the transfer station and all major maintenance and repairs to it.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 10 to 30 years after closure. The \$2,307,427 reported as landfill postclosure liability at June 30, 2011, represents the liability estimated to monitor the landfill for an average monitoring period of 25 years plus the cost of a corrective action plan. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2011. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, technology changes, or regulation changes. The County intends to fund these costs from the net revenues collected from the above contract and from any funds accumulated for this purpose in the County General Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### (12) Pension Plan

#### (a) Plan Description

The County, the Authority and the Public Schools contribute to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS or the System), an agent multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the VRS. All full-time, salaried regular employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for employees - Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Employees hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 1. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with five years of service or as early as age 50 with at least 30 years of service.
- Employees hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service or when their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Participating law enforcement officers and firefighters in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit as member's plan apply.

The VRS basic benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for all employees is 1.7%. At retirement, employees can elect the basic benefit, the survivor option, a partial lump-sum option payment (PLOP) or the advance pension option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the basic benefit amount for employees electing the survivor option, PLOP or advance pension option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

In addition, retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year after retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the system's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

### (b) Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their annual salary to the VRS. All of the 5% member contribution has been assumed by the employer. In addition, the County, the Authority and the Public Schools are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund their participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the statute and approved by the VRS board of trustees. The employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 were 13.46%, 9.99% and 6.56% of annual covered payroll for the County, the Authority and the Public Schools, respectively.

## (c) Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the annual pension cost of \$4,680,445, \$379,057, and \$5543,878 for the County, Authority, Public Schools (non-professional), respectively, was equal to the annual required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the unfunded actuarial valuation using the entry-age-normal-actuarial-cost method amortizing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 20 years using the level percent, open method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.0% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases between 3.75% and 5.60%, and (c) 2.5% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term liability in the market value of assets over a 5 year period. The County's unfunded actuarial accrued remaining amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The was 20 years.

The trend information for each entity's employees is as follows:

## Governmental activities:

Three-year trend information					
Fiscal year ending		Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	Net pension	
June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$	4,680,445 4,555,954 4,621,707	100% 100 100	None None None None	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2011

## Business-type activity:

Three-year trend	information
------------------	-------------

I nree-year trend information					
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2011	Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	Net pension		
June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$ 379,057 350,878 362,769	100% 100 100	obligation  None  None  None		

# Component Unit - Public Schools (non-professional):

7	hree-year trend inform	ation	
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	Annual pension cost (APC)  \$ 543,878   568,724   556,172	Percentage of APC contributed 100% 100 100	Net pension obligation  None None None

#### (d) Funded Status and Funding Progress

The most recent actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2010 indicated the following with respect to the plan's funded status and funding progress: Governmental activities:

Actuarial value of assets Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) Funded ratio	\$	101,235,996 127,031,132 25,795,136
Covered payroll	\$	79.69%
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	Ψ	35,200,976 73.28%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### Business-type activity:

Actuarial value of assets	\$	0.270.772
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	Ψ	9,379,772
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)		11,139,934
Funded ratio		1,760,162
		84.20%
Covered payroll	\$	3,762,294
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	*	, , , , ,
. S		46.78%

## Component Unit - Public Schools (non-professional):

Actuarial value of assets	ď	10.45.
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	12,134,124
		14,053,571
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)		1,919,447
Funded ratio		86.34%
Covered payroll	\$	
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	Þ	4,839,145
as a percentage of covered payroll		39.67%

Immediately following the notes to basic financial statements in the Required Supplementary Information is a schedule of funding progress for the County, Authority and its Component Unit-Public Schools' defined benefit pension plan, which presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits over time.

## (13) Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the County, Authority and Public Schools adopted GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Statement establishes standards for reporting the liability for the County's nonpension postemployment benefit, the health care plan for retirees.

A valuation report was prepared for the County by Bolton Partners, Inc. The report may be obtained from the James City County Department of Financial and Management Services, 101-F Mounts Bay Road, P.O. Box 8784, Williamsburg, Virginia 23187-8784.

#### (a) Plan Provisions

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in footnote 12, the County, Authority and Public Schools provide postemployment health care (OPEB) for qualifying retired employees who are not yet eligible for Medicare through single-employer defined benefit plans. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the County and Public Schools and can be amended through their personnel manuals.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### (b) Funding Policy

The County, Authority and Public Schools do not intend to establish a trust to prefund this liability. The anticipated growth in the net OPEB obligation is based on contributions to the benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go cost basis. The data has been projected into the future based on the assumption the current active population remains constant. Retirees pay the full rate of coverage under the medical plan.

#### (c) Plan Description

Currently, covered full-time active employees who retire directly from the County or Authority and are at least 50 years of age with 15 years of service are eligible to receive postretirement health care benefits. Each year, retirees participating in the County or Authority's sponsored plans will be given the opportunity to change plans or drop coverage during an open enrollment period. The pre-Medicare retirees have a choice of three plans: Optima, Healthkeepers and KeyCare. The majority of the participants are in Healthkeepers. Dental plans are available at the retiree's cost, and therefore, have no GASB 45 liability. There is no coverage for post-Medicare retirees. There were 327 County and 74 Authority participants at the time of the actuarial study. The County and Authority do not contribute towards the retiree's health insurance premiums. Therefore, since the retirees pay their health insurance premiums based on a blended rate, the County and Authority has an implicit liability.

The Public Schools provides a single-employer defined benefit medical plan and a retiree health insurance premium contribution plan that covers retirees until they reach 65 years of age. There is no coverage for retirees or their spouses once they reach the age of 65 and are eligible for Medicare. Both plans were established under the authority of the Williamsburg-James City County School Board and any amendments to the plans must be approved by the School Board. The Schools' retiree health insurance premium contribution plan allows eligible retirees to receive a \$75 contribution monthly toward their health insurance premium. The retiring employee must have a minimum of twelve continuous years of service with Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools. The Public Schools' current membership is 43.

## (d) Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2011 was calculated as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

Annual required contribution	\$	292,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	·	30,000
Actuarial adjustments		(31,530)
Annual OPEB cost		290,470
Contributions made		(40,470)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		250,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		708,962
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	958,962

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2011

## Business-type activity:

Annual required contribution	\$	32,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	*	3,000
Actuarial adjustments		(3,440)
Annual OPEB cost	<del></del>	31,560
Contributions made		(4,560)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	<del></del>	27,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		102,509
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	129,509

## Component Unit - Public Schools:

Annual required contribution	\$	1,068,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		79,000
Actuarial adjustments		(73,000)
Annual OPEB cost		1,074,000
Contributions made		(290,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		784,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		1,972,300
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$_	2,756,300

The trend information for the OPEB plans is as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

Three-year trend information

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Annual OPEB cost	Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	Net OPEB obligation
2011 2010 2009	\$ 290,470 270,760 595,948	13.9% 14.7 19.8	\$ 958,962 708,962 477,962

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### Business-type activity:

Three-year trend information

Fiscal year ended June 30,	 Annual OPEB cost	Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	Net OPEB obligation
2011 2010 2009	\$ 31,560 30,480 80,883	14.4% 14.7 15.7	\$ 129,509 102,509 76,509

#### Component Unit - Public Schools:

Three-year trend information

Fiscal year ended June 30,	···	Annual OPEB cost	Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	Net OPEB obligation
2011 2010 2009	\$	1,074,000 998,000 1,729,300	27.0% 26.6 28.3	\$ 2,756,300 1,972,300 1,239,300

#### (e) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

#### Valuation Methods

The projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used to calculate all of the expense amounts and the funded status of the plan. The calculations were performed in accordance with the methodologies set forth in GASB Statement No. 45. Under the methods, benefits provided by the substantive plans (the plans as understood by the employers and the members of the plans) at the time of the actuarial study are projected and their present value is determined. The present value is divided into equal parts which are earned over the period from date of hire to the full eligibility date.

#### **Employees Included in the Calculations**

All active employees who are expected to meet the plan's eligibility requirements on or before the ultimate assumed retirement age are included in the calculations. Retirees, spouses and spouse survivors who are entitled to a benefit under the provisions of the plan are also included.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

In the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included calculations based on a discount rate of 4% for the unfunded liability, rate of inflation of 3.2%, payroll growth of 3%, and amortization of the initial unfunded actuarial liability over a closed 28 year period based on a level percent of payroll method. The actuarial accrued liability was \$2,194,000, \$244,000 and \$7,988,000 for the County, Authority and Public Schools, respectively. Future increases for the cost of medical benefits were assumed to range from

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

5% to 9% with the larger increases in the early years and gradually decreasing to 5% thereafter. It should be noted actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and, therefore, actuarially determined amounts are subject to revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

#### (f) Schedule of Funding Progress

#### Governmental activities:

Actuarial valuation date July 1,	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) project unit credit	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	Funding ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
2007	<b>—</b>	5,468,818	5,468,818		34,244,502	16.0%
2009		2,009,000	2,009,000		33,008,935	6.1
2010		2,194,000	2,194,000		32,436,359	6.8

#### Business-type activity:

Actuarial valuation	Actuarial	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	Unfunded actuarial accrued			UAAL as a percentage
dateJuly 1,	value of assets	project unit credit	liability (UAAL)	Funding ratio	Covered payroll	of cove red payroll
2007 \$		628,267	628,267	<del></del>	4,360,870	14.4%
2009		225,000	225,000		4,133,261	5.4
2010		244,000	244,000		4,040,543	6.0

#### Component Unit - Public Schools:

Actuarial valuation date July 1,	Actuarial value of assets	accrued liability (AAL) project unit credit	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	Funding ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
2007 \$	· —	14,841,033	14,841,033		\$ 71,828,743	20.7%
2007 4		, ,			Ψ /1,020,/15	20.770
2009		7,231,000	7,231,000		72,061,802	10.0

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### (14) Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The plan, available to permanent part-time and full-time County and Authority employees, permits them to defer 25% of their gross income up to the maximum allowable by the IRC (\$16,500 in 2011). The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are held in trust for the participants. The County acts as trustee for the plan with the choice of investment options being made by the participants. The activity of the plan is accounted for in the Deferred Compensation Plan trust fund in the accompanying basic financial statements in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

#### (15) Related-Party Transactions

Certain financial management, accounting, legal and other services are provided to the Authority by the County. The charge for these services amounted to \$791,401 for the year ended June 30, 2011. In addition, the County rents space in the Authority administration building under a lease agreement. This is a 25-year noncancelable operating lease agreement, which expires in 2014. The yearly rate was \$85,537 for 2011, and continues through 2014. The rental charge includes the following: utilities, insurance, maintenance, housekeeping supplies and custodian services.

In September 2009, the County entered into an agreement with the Schools for maintenance and custodial services. The agreement is in place for one year, which may be renewed or amended by November 1 each year. The County paid the Schools \$95,952 for the year ended June 30, 2011 for these services.

#### (16) Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. Property, liability and worker's compensation coverage are provided through the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County reports all of its risk management expenditures in the General Fund.

The County maintains surety coverage for principal officials through the Virginia Association of Counties Self Insurance Risk Pool. Surety coverage is provided under the general liability coverage with a limit of \$9,000,000. All elected officials, appointed officials, members of all appointed governing bodies, employees and volunteers are covered while acting within the scope of their duties with the County.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, June 30, 2011

#### (17) Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Primary Government**

Construction in Progress - Governmental Activities

At June 30, 2011, the County had several major projects under construction which are presented in the accompanying financial statements as construction in progress. Presented below is a list of major projects, by budget, expenditures to date, balance of contract and budget balance.

			Expenditures	<b>Balance</b> of	Budget
Project		Budget	to date	contract	balance
Public safety		15,508,346	12,156,213	1,519,303	1,832,830
General governmental		2,528,645	848,708	323,712	1,356,225
Education		2,516,851	124,821	1,575,027	817,003
Community development		3,584,051	2,086,726	444,970	1,052,355
Parks and recreation		11,061,767	1,387,756	1,649,943	8,024,068
	\$_	35,199,660	16,604,224	5,512,955	13,082,481

Construction in Progress – Business-Type Activity

At June 30, 2011, the Authority had several major projects under construction which are presented in the accompanying financial statements as construction in progress. Presented below is a list of major projects, by budget, expenditures to date, balance of contract and budget balance.

Project		Budget	Expenditures to date	Balance of contract	Budget balance
Sewer improvements		2,365,037	46,547	468,884	1,849,606
Water supply		10,485,587	2,744,599	517,895	7,223,093
Water distribution		94,934	45,298	32,241	17,395
Water transmission		987,500	776,476	994	210,030
Water storage		724,683	14,380		710,303
Other		3,046,921	2,423,958	580,843	42,120
	\$_	17,704,662	6,051,258	1,600,857	10,052,547

#### Advances for Construction

The Authority records advances for construction representing two separate agreement types. The first one represents funds advanced by developers for the construction of specific facilities. These agreements call for rebates, up to the amount advanced, and have no expiration date. Secondly, developers can also construct a facility, dedicate it to the Authority and receive rebates, up to the cost of the facility, for up to 10 years. The Authority no longer enters into these types of agreements. At June 30, 2011, the Authority had \$32,902 outstanding in advances for construction.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

#### **Operating Leases**

#### Primary Government

The County leases certain land and office space under noncancelable operating lease agreements. A summary of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011 are as follows:

	n	Lease
	<u> </u>	ayments due
Year ending June 30:		
2012	\$	600,809
2013		602,040
<b>2</b> 014		504,065
<b>*</b> 2015		467,126
<b>*</b> 2016		266,692
2017-2021		117,317
2022-2026		120,837
2027-2029		73,791
	\$	2,752,677

Rental expenditures related to these lease agreements were \$579,656 for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Component Unit - Public Schools

The Public Schools had commitments under operating leases with initial terms in excess of one year as follows:

	<u>_ p</u>	Lease ayments due
Year ending June 30:		
2012	\$	228,100
2013		131,681
2014		48,310
	\$	408,091

#### Other

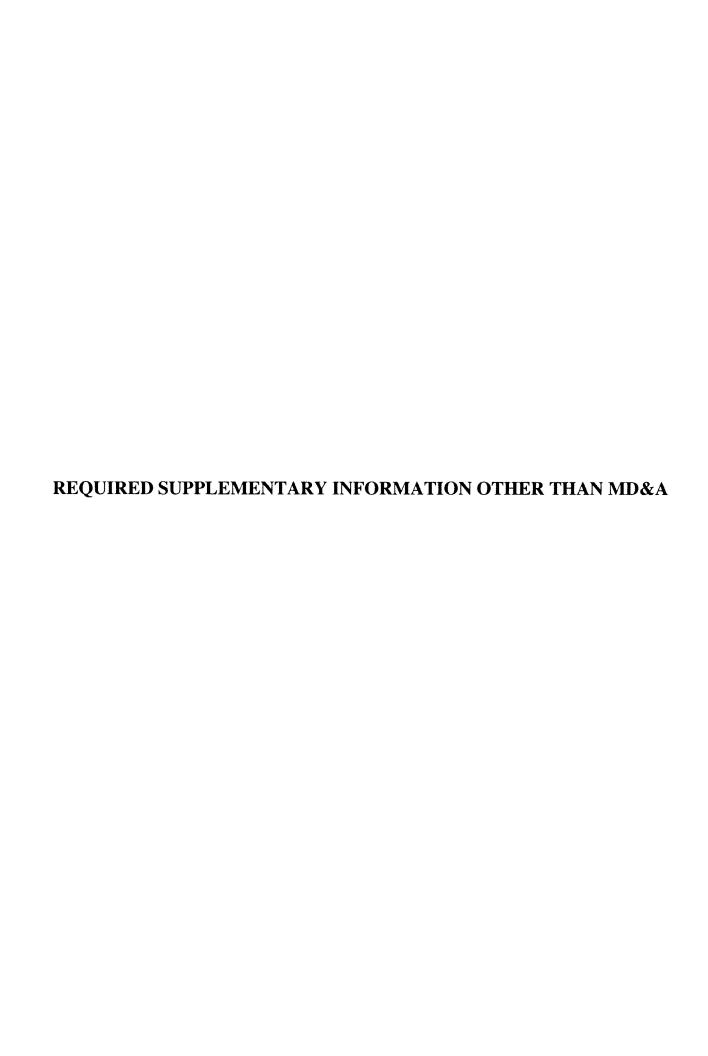
The County and the Public Schools participate in a number of federal awards. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

The County, the Public Schools and the Development Authority are currently not involved in any litigation which management feels could have a significant impact on the County's, the Public Schools', or the Development Authority's financial condition.

#### (18) Subsequent Event

On September 30, 2011, the County issued lease revenue bonds totaling \$6,672,000 at 2.18% interest to finance a refurbished fire station, renovations to a government center building and infrastructure improvements at a district park.



General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County, which is used to account for all of the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from general property taxes, other local taxes, licenses, permits and fees and intergovernmental revenues. Primary expenditures are for public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and culture, education and the general administration of the County.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Unaudited)

#### General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2011

Fund, major and minor revenue source	 Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	\$ 84,202,075	84,202,075	85,605,707	1,403,632
Real and personal public service				
corporation property taxes	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,626,469	126,469
Personal property taxes	14,978,359	14,978,359	15,147,316	168,957
Machinery and tools taxes	4,900,000	4,900,000	5,498,296	598,296
Penalties	475.000	475,000	491,826	16,826
Interest	150,000	150,000	194,692	44,692
Total general property taxes	106,205,434	106,205,434	108,564,306	2,358,872
Other local taxes:				
Local sales and use taxes	8,400,000	8,400,000	8,924,450	524,450
Franchise license taxes	340,000	340,000	571,043	231,043
Taxes on recordation and wills	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,132,789	(67,211)
Hotel and motel room taxes	2,475,000	2,475,000	2,520,379	45,379
Restaurant food taxes	5,525,000	5,525,000	5,617,380	92,380
Deeds of conveyance	275,000	275,000	298,533	23,533
Penalties			23,257	23,257
Interest			12,255	12,255
Total other local taxes	18,215,000	18,215,000	19,100,086	885,086
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:				
Animal licenses	40,000	40,000	31,903	(8,097)
Business licenses	4,915,000	4,915,000	5,448,076	533,076
Motor vehicle licenses	130,000	130,000	127,140	(2,860)
Building permits	625,000	625,000	825,608	200,608
Permits and other licenses	531,250	531,250	622,891	91,641
Total permits, privilege fees and	< 0.44.0.50	6.241.250	7.055.610	014.260
regulatory licenses	6,241,250	6,241,250	7,055,618	814,368
Fines and forfeitures	300,000	300,000	334,633	34,633
Revenue from use of property	280,000	280,000	283,769	3,769
Charges for services:				
Excess fees of the clerk	165,000	165,000	200,340	35,340
Charges for Commonwealth's attorney	2,500	2,500	3,234	734
Charges for law enforcement and traffic		.=		(15.065)
control	170,000	170,000	152,933	(17,067)
Charges for emergency medical services	1,670,000	1,670,000	1,736,655	66,655
Charges for parks and recreation	2,901,221	2,901,221	2,494,536	(406,685)
Landfill user fees	206,000	206,000	203,302	(2,698)
Other fees	98,000	98,000	70,478	(27,522)
Total charges for services	5,212,721	5,212,721	4,861,478	(351,243)
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Sale of property	50,000	50,000	55,140	5,140
Miscellaneous	121,983	201,554	177,687	(23,867)
Total miscellaneous revenue	171,983	251,554	232,827	(18,727)
Total revenue from local sources	136,626,388	136,705,959	140,432,717	3,726,758

#### $Schedule\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balance-Budget\ and\ Actual\ (Unaudited)$

#### General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2011

Fund, major and minor revenue source		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Mobile home titling taxes	\$	40,000	40,000	30,083	(9,917)
Tax on deeds Railroad rolling stock taxes		321,485 51,000	321,485 51,000	502,924 47.036	181,439 (3,964)
Personal property tax relief		9,770,137	9,770,137	9,770,137	(3,904)
Car rental tax		70,000	70,000	72,113	2,113
Total noncategorical aid		10,252,622	10,252,622	10,422,293	169,671
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney		491,415	491,415	513,087	21,672
Sheriff		672,788	672,788	691,710	18,922
Commissioner of the revenue		158,019	158,019	162,200	4,181
Treasurer		156,297 300	156,297 300	160,441	4,144 (300)
Medical examiner Registrar/electoral board		48,214	48.214	46,963	(1,251)
Clerk of the circuit court		445,019	445,019	456,337	11,318
Total shared expenses	_	1,972,052	1,972,052	2,030,738	58,686
Other categorical aid:	_				
Wireless Board		150,135	150,135	186,295	36,160
Commission of the arts		5,000	5,000	5,000	
HB 599 payments		1,368,428	1,368,428	1,368,532	104
Share of state sales tax		8,000,000	8,900,000	9,068,076	168,076
Communications sales and use tax		1,600,000	1,600,000	1,775,943	175,943
Victim's assistance Other		25,244 42,000	25,244 42,000	25,244 48,104	6,104
Total other categorical aid	-	11,190,807	12,090,807	12,477,194	386,387
Total categorical aid	-	13,162,859	14,062,859	14,507,932	445,073
· ·	-			24,930,225	614,744
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	-	23,415,481	24,315,481		014,744
Revenue from the federal government:		75 730	100 (70	110.447	(10.000)
Victim's assistance		75,732 7,000	129,670 7,000	119,447 7,038	(10,223)
Payments in lieu of taxes Other		7,000	7,000	7,038 341	36 341
	-				
Total revenue from the federal government		82,732	136,670	126,826	(9,844)
	-				
Total revenues	-	160,124,601	161,158,110	165,489,768	4,331,658

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Unaudited)

#### General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2011

Fund, major and minor expenditure source		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
General government administration:					
Legislative:					
Board of supervisors	\$	187,925	214,536	214,277	259
General and financial administration:					
County administrator		402,901	453,630	448,790	4,840
County attorney		440,894	398,954	388,612	10,342
Human resources		412,030	424,463	399,213	25,250
TQP		209,605	210,991	208,980	2,011
Legal services		8,975	52,961	42,799	10,162
Commissioner of the revenue		693,072	693,127	664,732	28,395
Real estate assessments		749,423	714,332	620,497	93,835
Treasurer		1,055,735	1,055,746	1,044,051	11,695
Financial management		865,942	934,808	882,434	52,374
Accounting		150,326	150,404	74,322	76,082
Publications management		184,925	184,925	176,862	8,063
Purchasing		266,893	306,798	301,529	5,269
Records management		222,217	247,255	235,072	12,183
Telecommunications		196,362	208,014	187,729	20,285
Information technology		1,410,146	1,455,107	1,389,729	65,378
Fleet maintenance	_	773,077	810,604	760,279	50,325
Total general and financial administration	_	8,042,523	8,302,119	7,825,630	476,489
Board of elections:					
Electoral board and officials		115,512	125,034	57,481	67,553
Registrar	_	180,143	174,143	168,125	6,018
Total board of elections		295,655	299,177	225,606	73,571
Total general government administration		8,526,103	8,815,832	8,265,513	550,319
Judicial administration:					
Courts:					
Circuit court and judicial services		457,077	460,577	454,306	6,271
General district court		46,500	46,559	30,130	16,429
Juvenile and domestic relations district court		23,505	23,505	17,582	5,923
Clerk of the circuit court		699,408	700,180	673,244	26,936
Sheriff		1,191,979	1,194,979	1,173,339	21,640
9th judicial district		9,044	9,044	8,600	444
Court services and juvenile detention		444,270	391,431	339,484	51,947
Courthouse		439,567	452,195	411,880	40,315
Victim and witness assistance	_	119,259	234,889	174,468	60,421
Total courts		3,430,609	3,513,359	3,283,033	230,326
Commonwealth's attorney	_	792,877	804,998	777,783	27,215
Total judicial administration	_	4,223,486	4,318,357	4,060,816	257,541
Public safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control:					
Police department		8,108,160	8,183,111	8,012,008	171,103
Emergency communications	_	2,420,154	2,530,855	2,489,940	40,915
Total law enforcement and traffic control	_	10,528,314	10,713,966	10,501,948	212,018
Fire and rescue services:					
Fire department		7,084,079	7,329,075	7,285,615	43,460
Emergency medical services		2,195,824	2,006,444	1,941,062	65,382
Total fire and rescue services	-	9,279,903	9,335,519	9,226,677	108,842
tomi me and resour services	-	-,,,,,,,		- , , ,	

## $Schedule\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balance-Budget\ and\ Actual\ (Unaudited)$

#### General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2011

Fund, major and minor expenditure source		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Correction and detention: Regional jail	\$_	1,935,192	2,106,731	2,298,187	(191,456)
Inspections: Code compliance	~	944,382	949,848	894,210	55,638
Other protection: Animal control Emergency management	_	170,846 249,622	170,846 251,387	161,428 240,938	9,418 10,449
Total other protection		420,468	422,233	402,366	19,867
Total public safety	_	23,108,259	23,528,297	23,323,388	204,909
Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Grounds maintenance Refuse disposal	-	1,171,100 1,573,742	1,216,018 1,645,621	1,135,257 1,553,332	80,761 92,289
Total sanitation and waste removal		2,744,842	2,861,639	2,688,589	173.050
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: Facilities management	_	3,205,272	3,238,929	3,019,886	219,043
Total public works	_	5,950,114	6,100,568	5,708,475	392,093
Health and welfare:  Local health department  Mental health and mental retardation		697,323 854,795	697,323 854,795	696,938 854,795	385
Total health and welfare		1,552,118	1,552,118	1,551,733	385
Education: School board administration		73,830,815	73,830,815	73,830,796	19
Parks, recreation and cultural: Parks and recreation: Administration Community centers Park operations Recreation services	-	615,599 1,338,963 1,059,726 2,286,198	615,372 1,339,041 1,060,938 2,294,714	606,726 1,255,572 1,011,588 2,090,901	8,646 83,469 49,350 203,813
Total parks and recreation		5,300,486	5,310,065	4,964,787	345,278
Library: Regional library	-	4,102,823	4,102,823	4,102,823	245 279
Total parks, recreation and cultural	-	9,403,309	9,412,888	9,067,610	345,278
Community development: Planning and community development: Planning Development management Communications Economic development Satellite office Contributions – other Regional transportation		1,321,666 237,006 533,741 370,587 192,160 2,575,978 481,158	1,342,881 245,492 537,734 386,563 192,160 2,575,978 481,158	1,195,387 243,754 522,737 381,399 191,011 2,565,362 481,158	147,494 1,738 14,997 5,164 1,149 10,616
Total planning and community development	-	5,712,296	5,761,966	5,580,808	181,158

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Unaudited) General Fund

#### Year ended June 30, 2011

Fund, major and minor expenditure source		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Environmental management: Environmental services Stormwater management	\$	883,980 642,822	884,037 771,431	864,754 636,745	19,283 134,686
Total environmental management	_	1,526,802	1,655,468	1,501,499	153,969
Cooperative extension program: Community development		48,861	48,861	43,398	5,463
Total community development	_	7,287,959	7,466,295	7,125,705	340,590
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	_	590,556	139,603	(266,150)	405,753
Total expenditures	_	134,472,719	135,164,773	132,667,886	2,496,887
Excess of revenues over expenditures		25,651,882	25,993,337	32,821,882	6,828,545
Other financing uses: Operating transfers out	_	(25,651,882)	(26,551,882)	(28,783,692)	(2,231,810)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other uses		<del></del>	(558,545)	4,038,190	4,596,735
Fund balance at beginning of year	-		558,545	35,433,711	32,146,514
Fund balance at end of year	\$ _			39,471,901	36,743,249

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

Schedules of Funding Progress - VRS
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2011

#### **County employees:**

Actuarial valuation date		Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	Funded ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2006	s <sup>-</sup>	70,571,572	82,689,433	12,117,861	85.35% \$	30,932,350	40.42%
June 30, 2007	•	82,716,140	92,545,110	9,828,970	89.38	33,380,299	29.45
June 30, 2008		93,426,419	103,829,642	10,403,223	89.98	35,800,046	29.06
June 30, 2009		98.175.234	112,735,283	14,560,049	87.08	36,393,488	40.01
June 30, 2010		101,235,996	127,031,132	25,795,136	79.69	35,200,976	73.28

#### James City Service Authority employees:

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability / (funding excess) (UAAL)	Funded ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL / excess funding as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2006 \$ June 30, 2007 June 30, 2008 June 30, 2009 June 30, 2010	6,349,198 7,577,511 8,716,528 9,259,271 9,379,722	6,466,131 7,464,623 8,860,331 9,773,570 11,139,934	116,933 (112,888) 143,803 514,299 1,760,212	98.19% \$ 101.51 98.38 94.74 84.20	3,405,987 3,633,388 3,762,899 3,995,122 3,762,294	3.43% (3.11) 3.82 12.87 46.79

#### **Public Schools' - non-professional:**

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability / (UAAL)	Funded ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2006	8,591,996	9,646,268	1.054,272	89.07% \$ 94.87 98.70 95.04 86.34	3,712,031	28.40%
June 30, 2007	9,953,121	10,491,400	538,279		3,911,323	13.76
June 30, 2008	11,280,529	11,431,652	151,123		4,500,204	3.40
June 30, 2009	11,767,848	12,381,835	613,987		4,819,099	12.74
June 30, 2010	12,134,124	14,053,571	1,919,447		4,839,145	39.67

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

Note to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2011

#### (1) Budgeting and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to April 1, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget and capital budget include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are then conducted to obtain citizen comments.

Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund and function level. The appropriation for each fund and function can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors; however, the County Administrator may amend the budget within functions. Supplemental appropriations in addition to the appropriated budget were necessary during the year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for those funds with legally adopted annual budgets which are the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund – Virginia Public Assistance, and Debt Service Fund, and these funds are integrated only at the level of legal adoption. Program and project budgets are utilized in the Capital Projects; Colonial Community Corrections; Community Development; and Revolving Loan Funds where appropriations remain open and carry over to the succeeding year.

All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The budget was increased by \$917,879 in supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This increase was a result of an increase in state funding for sales tax for education. All appropriations lapse on June 30 for all County funds, except the funds referenced above. All budget data presented in the accompanying basic financial statements represents the appropriated budget as of June 30, 2011, as adopted and amended by supplemental appropriations.

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES – BY FUND TYPE

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund - accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal,	interest and
related costs on long-term debt of governmental funds.	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund

Year ended June 30, 2011

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Revenues: Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	75,000 230,788	75,000 230,788	58,164 229,269	(16,836) (1,519)
Total revenues	_	305,788	305,788	287,433	(18,355)
Expenditures:  Community development Principal retirement Interest, other fiscal charges and early retirement		75,000 15,254,035 10,835,470	75,000 15,254,035 10,835,470	256,657 14,830,524 9,853,465	(181,657) 423,511 982,005
Total expenditures	_	26,164,505	26,164,505	24,940,646	1,223,859
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(25,858,717)	(25,858,717)	(24,653,213)	1,205,504
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from issuance of debt Payment to escrow agent Premium on bond issuance Operating transfers in Underwriter's discount		22,150,000	22,150,000	4,820,000 (5,019,743) 321,834 24,551,125 (20,003)	4,820,000 (5,019,743) 321,834 2,401,125 (20,003)
Total other financing sources		22,150,000	22,150,000	24,653,213	2,503,213
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures		(3,708,717)	(3,708,717)	<del></del>	3,708,717
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,708,717	3,708,717		(3,708,717)
Fund balance at end of year	\$				

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Virginia Public Assistance Fund – accounts for funds received from the federal and state governments and transfers from the General Fund that are utilized for Social Service programs.

Colonial Community Corrections Fund – accounts for the revenues and expenditures, under the Virginia Community Corrections Act, for providing the judicial system with sentencing alternatives for certain nonviolent offenders requiring less than institutional custody, but more than probation supervision.

Community Development Fund – accounts for the revenues that are utilized to improve targeted areas within the County.

Revolving Loan Fund – accounts for revenues and expenditures that provide housing rehabilitation to qualified recipients.

Trust Fund – accounts for monies and donations held to celebrate historical events and various special purposes.

Grants and Special Projects Fund - accounts for monies held for use for grants and special projects.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2011

Total	3,233,111 342,343 39,017 107 155,940 1,592 1,812,885	5.584,995	237.459 23.792	37,265 294,642 23,946 853,983	1,471,087	155,940	741,113	3,216,855	5,584,995
Grants and Special Projects Fund	4,729 32,720 — — 1,592 1,321,819	1,360,860	121,239	23.946 694,119	839,304	1	521,556	521,556	1,360,860
Trust Fund	484,233	484.282	167	6.732	668'9	1	1	477,383	484,282
Revolving Loan Fund	379,894	379,952	1 1	1		1	1	379,952	379,952
Community Development Fund	1,153,569 337,614 — 155,940	1,647,123	1,892	37,265 4,763 — 142,364	204,874	155,940	219,557	1,066.752	1,647,123
Colonial Community Corrections Fund	6,297 6,297	125,695	11,182	15,500	45.607	1	1	80,088	125,695
Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$ 1,096,017	\$ 1,587,083	\$ 102,979	267,647	374,403	1	1	1,212,680	\$ 1,587.083
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents and investments Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Accounts receivable Interest receivable Loans receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments	Total assets  Liabilities and Fund Balances	Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	Liabilities payable from restricted assets Due to other funds Due to component unit Deferred revenue	Total liabilities	Fund balances: Nonspendable - Loans	Committed - Grants	Assigned - Special revenue Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund balances

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2011

Total	4,368 236,376	255,618 3,308,019 5,577,882 9,382,263		1,250,868	1,533,397	6,031,261	2,907,536	12,305,030	(2,922,767)	2,582,567	2,582,233	(340,534)	4,454,442	4,113,908
Grants and Special Projects Fund	1 1	133,475 526,409 1,346,923 2,006,807		253,458 245,346	1,533,397	436,646	62,194	2,635,280	(628,473)	348,111	348,111	(280,362)	816,108	521,556
Trust Fund	1,350 14,391	205,894 14,559		7,340		150	8,312	239,723	(3,529)	(334)	(334)	(3,863)	481,246	477.383
Revolving Loan Fund	872 2,762	1 1 1 2632				1		name.	3,634		1	3,634	376,318	379,952
Community Development Fund	2,146 119,593	218,209	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	1		1	2.845,342	2,845,342	(863,316)	637,995	637,995	(225,321)	1,667,570	1,442,249
Colonial Community Corrections Fund	69,690	744,514	102,007	040,066		1	11	990,070	(23,783)	34,470	34,470	10,687	69,401	80,088
Virginia Public Assistance Fund	11	1,612,993	7,101,7	1		5,594,615		5,594,615	(1,407,300)	1,561,991	1,561,991	154,691	1,057,989	1,212,680
	Revenues: Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous	Local Commonwealth Federal	Total tevenues	Expenditures: Current: Judicial administration	Public safety Public works	Health and welfare	Parks, recreation and cultural Community development	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balances	Fund balances at beginning of year	Fund balances at end of year

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Virginia Public Assistance Fund Year ended June 30, 2011

Intergovernmental:   Commonwealth   \$ —   1.612.993   1.612.993     Federal   4.462,009   2.574,322   (1.887,687)     Total intergovernmental revenues   4.462,009   4.187,315   (274,694)     Expenditures:   Current:			Budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Commonwealth   \$	Revenues:				
Federal  Total intergovernmental revenues  Expenditures:  Current:  Health and welfare  expenditures  Other financing sources:  Operating transfers in  Excess (deficiency) of revenues  and other sources over (under)  expenditures  (397,270)  Excess (397,270)  Fund balance at beginning of year  4,462,009  4,187,315  (274,694)  6,421,270  5,594,615  826,655  826,655  1,561,991  1,561,991  1,561,991   (397,270)  154,691  (551,961)  1,057,989  (660,719)	Intergovernmental:				
Total intergovernmental revenues 4,462,009 4,187,315 (274,694)  Expenditures:  Current:  Health and welfare 6,421,270 5,594,615 826,655  Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (1,959,261) (1,407,300) 551,961  Other financing sources:  Operating transfers in 1,561,991 1,561,991 —  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures (397,270) 154,691 (551,961)  Fund balance at beginning of year 397,270 1,057,989 (660,719)	Commonwealth	\$			
Expenditures:  Current:  Health and welfare	Federal	_	4,462,009	2,574,322	
Current:       Health and welfare       6,421,270       5,594,615       826,655         Deficiency of revenues under expenditures       (1,959,261)       (1,407,300)       551,961         Other financing sources:       1,561,991       1,561,991       —         Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures       (397,270)       154,691       (551,961)         Fund balance at beginning of year       397,270       1,057,989       (660,719)	Total intergovernmental revenues		4,462,009	4,187,315	(274,694)
Health and welfare       6,421,270       5,594,615       826,655         Deficiency of revenues under expenditures       (1,959,261)       (1,407,300)       551,961         Other financing sources:       1,561,991       1,561,991       —         Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures       (397,270)       154,691       (551,961)         Fund balance at beginning of year       397,270       1,057,989       (660,719)	Expenditures:				
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures  Other financing sources: Operating transfers in Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures  (1,959,261)  (1,407,300)  551,961  —  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures  (397,270)  154,691  (551,961)  Fund balance at beginning of year  (4212,680)	Current:				
expenditures       (1,959,261)       (1,407,300)       551,961         Other financing sources:       1,561,991       1,561,991       —         Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures       (397,270)       154,691       (551,961)         Fund balance at beginning of year       397,270       1,057,989       (660,719)	Health and welfare		6,421,270	5,594,615	826,655
Other financing sources:  Operating transfers in  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures  Fund balance at beginning of year  1,561,991  1,561,991  1,561,991  1,561,991	Deficiency of revenues under				
Operating transfers in Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures       1,561,991       1,561,991       —         Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures       (397,270)       154,691       (551,961)         Fund balance at beginning of year       397,270       1,057,989       (660,719)	expenditures		(1,959,261)	(1,407,300)	551,961
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures  (397,270)  Fund balance at beginning of year  (397,270)  (397,270)  (397,270)  (397,270)  (400,719)	Other financing sources:				
and other sources over (under) expenditures (397,270) 154,691 (551,961)  Fund balance at beginning of year 397,270 1,057,989 (660,719)	Operating transfers in	_	1,561,991	1,561,991	
expenditures       (397,270)       154,691       (551,961)         Fund balance at beginning of year       397,270       1,057,989       (660,719)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Fund balance at beginning of year 397,270 1,057,989 (660,719)	and other sources over (under)				
1 and balance at beginning of year	expenditures		(397,270)	154,691	(551,961)
Fund balance at end of year \$	Fund balance at beginning of year		397,270	1,057,989	(660,719)
	Fund balance at end of year	\$_		1,212,680	(1,212,680)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Agency Funds

Trust and Agency funds account for money received and held by the County in the capacity of trustee, custodian, or agent for individuals, other governmental agencies and private organizations. The County reports the following Trust and Agency funds:

#### **Pension Trust Fund**

Deferred Compensation Plan – accounts for wages of employees participating in the deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457.

#### **Agency Funds**

Special Welfare – accounts for the transfer of funds provided by the Virginia Public Assistance Fund for aid to dependent children.

WAMAC - accounts for the fiscal agent funds held for the Williamsburg Area Medical Assistance Corporation.

Regional Jail - accounts for the fiscal agency funds held for the Virginia Peninsula Regional Jail Authority.

Juvenile Detention - accounts for fiscal agency funds held for the Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission.

Williamsburg Area Transit - accounts for the fiscal agency funds held for the Williamsburg Area Transit Authority.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

Agency Funds June 30, 2011

					:	Williamsburg Area	
Assets		Special Welfare	WAMAC	Regional Jail	Juvenile Detention	Transit Authority	Total
Cash and cash equivalents  Bactricted cash and cash equivalents	<del></del>	2,716	317,794	274,730	462,226	420,855	1,478,321
and investments with fiscal							313 013 1
agent/trustee		l	3,976,471	3,694,104	110 421	8 859	325.959
Accounts receivable			1,00	8 586	12,011	2010	8,586
rrepard Item  Due from other governmental units			l	1,791,228		810,089	2,471,246
Total assets	<b>9</b>	2,716	4,374,709	5,894,883	572,647	1,109,732	11,954,687
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8		75,346	165,379	295,008	257,758	793,491
Amounts held for others		2,716	4,299,363	5,729,504	277,639	851,974	11,161,196
Total liabilities	<b>S</b>	2,716	4,374,709	5,894,883	572,647	1,109,732	11,954,687

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

## Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2011

		Balances beginning of year	Additions	Reductions	Balances end of year
Special Welfare Fund:					
Assets: Cash	\$ _	3,444	5,569	6,297	2,716
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$ _	3,444	5,569	6,297	2,716
WAMAC Fund:					
Assets:  Cash  Restricted cash	\$	542,157 3,757,784	2,695,990 218,704	2,920,353 17	317,794 3,976,471
Accounts receivable	_	144,962	145,357	209,875	80,444
Total assets	\$ _	4,444,903	3,060,051	3,130,245	4,374,709
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	43,036 4,401,867	2,839,066 2,382,143	2,806,756 2,484,647	75,346 4,299,363
Total liabilities	s -	4,444,903	5,221,209	5,291,403	4,374,709
Regional Jail Fund:	=				
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	388,591	11,822,468	11,936,329	274.730
Restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments with fiscal agent/trustee		3,759,658	2,838,778	2,904,332	3,694,104
Accounts receivable		94,644 5,889	126,235 8,586	94,644 5,889	126,235 8,586
Prepaid item  Due from other governmental units		1,694,769	1,791,228	1,694,769	1,791,228
Total assets	\$	5,943,551	16,587,295	16,635,963	5,894,883
Liabilities:	<b>a</b>				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	124,594 5,818,957	10,558,468 15,682,919	10,517,683 15,772,372	165,379 5,729,504
Total liabilities	\$	5,943,551	26,241,387	26,290,055	5,894,883
Juvenile Detention Fund:					
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents and investments	\$	582,223	3,259,302	3,379,299	462,226
Accounts receivable		83,670	110,422	83,671	110,421
Total assets	\$ .	665,893	3,369,724	3,462,970	572,647
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	118,416 547,477	3,827,943 3,909,127	3,651,351 4,178,965	295,008 277,639
Amounts held for others	\$	665,893	7,737,070	7,830,316	572,647
Total liabilities		003,893	7,757,070	7,000,010	
Williamsburg Area Transit Authority Fund: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	165,471	6,217,918	5,962,534 27,283	420,855 8,859
Accounts receivable  Due from other governmental units		27,283 1,054,251	8,859 680,018	1,054,251	680,018
Total assets	\$	1,247,005	6,906,795	7,044,068	1,109,732
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Amounts held for others	\$	567,405 679,600	5,155,790 15,235,705	5,465,437 15,063,331	257,758 851,974
Total liabilities	\$	1,247,005	20,391,495	20,528,768	1,109,732

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

#### Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2011

		Balances beginning of year	Additions	Reductions	Balances end of year
The state of the s					
Total:					
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents and investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents and	\$	1,681,886	24,001,247	24,204,812	1,478,321
investments with fiscal agent/trustee		7,517,442	3,057,482	2,904,349	7,670,575
Accounts receivable		350,559	390.873	415,473	325,959
Prepaid item		5.889	8,586	5,889	8,586
Due from other governmental units		2,749,020	2,471,246	2,749,020	2,471,246
Total assets	\$ _	12,304,796	29,929,434	30,279,543	11,954,687
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	853,451	22,381,267	22,441,227	793,491
Amounts held for others	-	11,451,345	37,215,463	37,505,612	11,161,196
Total liabilities	\$_	12,304,796	59,596,730	59,946,839	11,954,687
	_				

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The County reports the following discretely presented component units:

*Public Schools* – responsible for educating the school-age population of the City of Williamsburg, Virginia and the County.

Economic Development Authority - responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County.

## Balance Sheet

# Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools – Governmental Funds ${\tt June~30,\,2011}$

Assets		General	Grants	Schools' food services	Capital projects	Total governmental funds
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	12,456,764 293,420	1,251	224,747 4,631		12,681,511 299,302 3,155,648
Due from other funds Due from federal government Due from Commonwealth of Virginia		3,155,648 9,524 123,548	1,024,163 27,654	442,029	45,752	1,521,468 151,202
Due from the City of Williamsburg and James City County Inventory	_	79,154	- Andrews	43,319	6,031,066	6,110,220 43,319
Total assets	\$ <b>_</b>	16,118,058	1,053,068	714,726	6,076,818	23,962,670
<b>Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued benefits Due to other funds	\$	3,260,651 6,434,237 4,544,702	187,387 343,252 226,232 78,434	36,464 129,512 90,874	1,218,799	4,703,301 6,907,001 4,861,808 3,155,648
Total liabilities	_	14,239,590	835,305	256,850	4,296,013	19,627,758
Fund balances:  Nonspendable -  Inventory				43,319		43,319
Restricted to - Grants		an-makka.	217,763			217,763
Committed to: Capital projects Strategic plan Student advancement coach training		1,140,227 60,000 40,000			1,780,805	2,921,032 60,000 40,000
Assigned to - Encumbrances Schools' food services fund		238,241		414,557		238,241 414,557
Unassigned, reported in - General fund		400,000				400,000
Total fund balances	**	1,878,468	217,763	457,876	1,780,805	4,334,912
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ _	16,118,058	1,053,068	714,726	6,076,818	
Adjustments for the statement of net assets:  Capital assets used in governmental activities and financial resources and therefore are not report governmental funds.  Unearned revenue is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.  Long-term liabilities are not reported as liabilitie governmental funds.	rted in	n the	(936,454)			44,767,708 (217,763)
Compensated absences Other post employment benefits			(2,756,300)			(3,692,754)
Net assets of governmental activities						\$ 45,192,103

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools – Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2011

	General	Grants	Schools' food services	Capital projects	Total governmental funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental: From City of Williamsburg and				5 466 640	07.245.000
James City County From Commonwealth of Virginia From federal government	\$ 80,779,332 26,107,540 2,453,890	813,199 4,913,999	51,042 1,889,127	5,466,648	86,245,980 26,971,781 9,807,806
Total intergovernmental	109,340,762	5,727,198	1,940,169	6,017,438	123,025,567
Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous	454,799 2,367 44,934	8,829  578,907	1,995,521 1,294		2,459,149 3,661 623,841
Total revenues	109,842,862	6,314,934	3,936,984	6,017,438	126,112,218
Expenditures: General and administrative Instruction Attendance and health services Pupil transportation Operations and maintenance Technology Food services Capital outlay  Total expenditures Excess of revenues	2,375,576 80,170,627 3,643,755 6,494,969 10,352,143 5,196,232 2,460,233 110,693,535	5,098,143 419,347 200 431,775 115,852 200,124 6,265,441	3,764,072 47,188 3,811,260	6,873,956	2,375,576 85,268,770 4,063,102 6,494,969 10,352,343 5,628,007 3,879,924 9,581,501 127,644,192
over expenditures	(850,673)	49,493	125,724	(856,518)	(1,531,974)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(2,569,449)			2,569,449	2,569,449 (2,569,449)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,569,449)			2,569,449	
Net change in fund balances	(3,420,122)	49,493	125,724	1,712,931	(1,531,974)
Fund balances at beginning of year	5,298,590	168,270	332,152	67,874	5,866,886
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,878,468	217,763	457,876	1,780,805	4,334,912

91 (Continued)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools – Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2011

Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	\$	(1,531,974)
Adjustments for the statement of activities: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which new capital assets exceeded depreciation expense in the current period:		
Capital outlay		9,581,501 (2,444,136)
Depreciation expense		7,137,365
In the statement of activities, the loss on the sale of equipment is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, only the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the equipment sold.		(235,908)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences liability Change in net OPEB obligation		(61,036) (784,000) (845,036)
Governmental funds recognize revenues when they are both measurable and available, that is collected during the period or within two months after year end. However, they are recognized in full for the period they are earned in the statement of activities.		(49,493)
Change in net assets	\$ _	4,474,954

# Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools – Agency Funds Year ended June 30, 2011

	Balances beginning			Balances end of
	of year	Additions	Reductions	year
			0.7 < 0.7 0	(172.706)
\$			,	(172,786)
_	237,923	237,119	237,923	237,119
\$	54,426	1,104,769	1,094,862	64,333
\$ <b>_</b>	54,426	1,612,806	1,602,899	64,333
\$ _	1,004,309	1,746,676	1,727,993	1,022,992
\$ _	1,004,309	1,746,676	1,727,993	1,022,992
ats.	020.012	0.614.206	2 594 022	850,206
\$				237,119
****	231,923	237,119	231,923	237,117
\$ _	1,058,735	2,851,445	2,822,855	1,087,325
\$	54,426	1,612,806	1,602,899	64,333
	1,004,309	1,746,676	1,727,993	1,022,992
\$	1,058,735	3,359,482	3,330,892	1,087,325
	\$ <b>=</b> \$ <b>=</b> \$ <b>=</b> \$ <b>=</b>	\$ (183,497) 237,923 \$ 54,426 \$ 1,004,309 \$ 1,004,309 \$ 237,923 \$ 1,058,735 \$ 54,426 1,004,309	beginning of year         Additions           \$ (183,497)	beginning of year         Additions         Reductions           \$ (183,497) 237,923         867,650 237,919 237,923           \$ 54,426         1,104,769 1,094,862           \$ 54,426         1,612,806 1,602,899           \$ 1,004,309         1,746,676 1,727,993           \$ 820,812 237,923         2,614,326 237,119 237,923           \$ 1,058,735         2,851,445 2,822,855           \$ 54,426 1,612,806 1,602,899 1,746,676 1,727,993

# **Balance Sheet**

Discretely Presented Component Unit – Economic Development Authority

June 30, 2011

# Assets

Current assets: Cash and short-term investments (note 2) Due from James City County	\$	1,916,309 318,346
Total current assets		2,234,655
Capital assets (note 7):  Land  Construction in progress	_	2,483,106 166,510
Total capital assets		2,649,616
Total assets	\$	4,884,271
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities: Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	313,633
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	_	2,649,616 1,921,022
Total net assets	******	4,570,638
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	4,884,271

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Unit – Economic Development Authority Year ended June 30, 2011

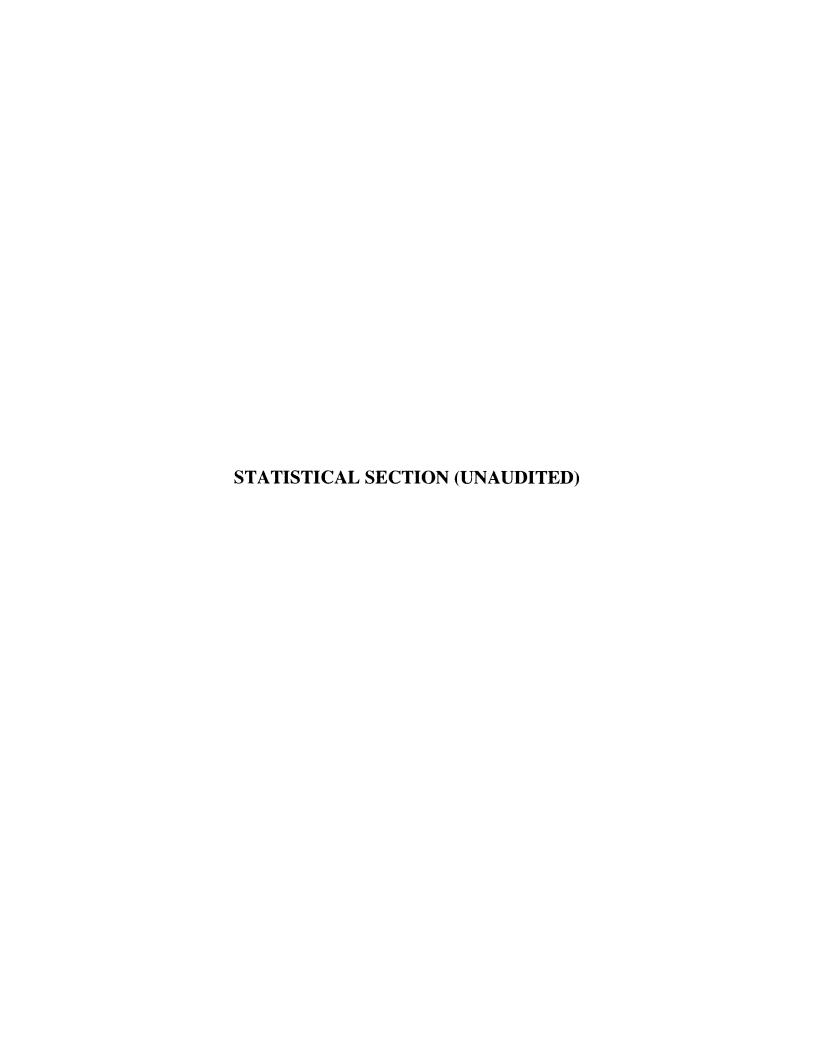
Operating revenues:	_	***
County contribution	\$	318,350
Bond fees		10,119
Lease income		68,774
Incubator revenue		21,253
Total operating revenues	***************************************	418,496
Operating expenses:		
Community development		628,387
Advertising		21,100
Professional fees		12,147
Note forgiveness		201,364
Travel and training		1,932
Performance based agreements		86,891
Total operating expenses		951,821
Operating loss	_	(533,325)
Nonoperating revenue:		
Interest income		60,176
Net nonoperating expense		60,176
Change in net assets		(473,149)
Net assets at beginning of year	******	5,043,787
Net assets at end of year	\$	4,570,638

# Statement of Cash Flows

# Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority

# Year ended June 30, 2011

Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	208,631 (440,526)
Net cash used by operating activities	****	(231,895)
Cash flows from investing activities - Interest received		60,176
Net decrease in cash and short-term investments		(171,719)
Cash and short-term investments at beginning of year		2,088,028
Cash and short-term investments at end of year	\$_	1,916,309
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:  Operating loss  Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to cash used by operating activities:	\$	(533,325) 201,364
Note forgiveness Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Due from James City County Accounts payable	_	64 (209,929) 309,931
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ _	(231,895)
Cash and short term investments at June 30, 2011 are comprised of the following amounts:		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ _	1,916,309



Statistical Section Overview

This part of the James City County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

### **CONTENTS**

Financial Trends Tables 1 - 4

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Tables 5 - 9

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.

Debt Capacity Tables 10 - 12

These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.

### **Demographic & Economic Information**

**Tables 13 - 14** 

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

# Operation Information Tables 15 - 18

These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003; tables presenting information relating to GASB Statement 34 include information beginning in that year.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Net Assets by Component (1)

Last Nine Fiscal Years

					Fiscal year	year				
		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	<del>\$</del>	66,576,674	72,906,650	47,458,012	57,943,767	25,413,961	160,168,505	155,643,755	91,045,788	46,961,066
Nesd'ed. Capter. Paste carriero			1 8	43,794,137	41,541,322	124,329,355	6,498,734	15,716,245	41,296,767	20,005,183
Den service Other purposes Unrestricted		1,350,042 1,350,042 57,788,196	58,697,908 1,587,781 58,697,908	0.3,7,4 1,741,595 55,102,486	14,148,422 47,114,240	6.214.172 37,081,001	433,272 44,309,703	394,831 42,816,887	813,685 61,999,946	134,831,315
Total governmental activities net assets	φ.	125,822,615	133,288,929	148,182,004	160,747,751	193,038,489	211,410,214	214,571,718	195,156,186	201,797,564
Business-type activity: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	<del>69</del>	88,966,049	104,781,826	112,013,177	123,710,597	132,145,149	134,569,730	134,314,330	135,071,435	135,641,623
reserved: Capital projects Unrestricted		15,048,381	3,155.428 23,422,019	696,483 27,135,809	703,494 29,627.748	709,584 33,151,555	1,305,775	4.674.837 36.591,088	4,610,218 36,430,621	4,740,769 34,057,874
Total business-type activity net assets	<b>∽</b>	\$ 123,914,115	131,359,273	139,845,469	154,041,839	166.006,288	172,150,930	175,580,255	176,112,274	174,440,266
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	<del>∨^</del>	\$ 155,542,723	177,688,476	159,471,189	181,654,364	157,559,110	294,738,235	289,958,085	226,117,223	182,602,689
RESERVEU: Depte carriera Dabte carriera		15,048,381	3,155,428	44,490,620	42,244,816	125,038,939	7,804,509	20,391,082	45,906,985	24,745,952
Other purposes Unrestricted		1,350,042	95,555 1,587,781 82,119,927	1,741,595 82,238,295	14,148,422	6,214,172	433.272 80.585.128	394,831 79,407,975	813,685 98,430,567	- 168,889,189
Total primary government net assets	⊌÷	249,736,730	264,648,202	288,027,473	314,789,590	359,044,777	383,561,144	390,151,973	371,268,460	376,237,830

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, which requires government-wide financial statements that provide the above financial information was adopted by the County as of July 1, 2002. Hence, the financial information for fiscal years prior to 2003 is not available.  $\equiv$ 

Government-Wide Expenses and Program Revenues by Function

Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal year

2011		23,061,671	5,394,548	7 332 972	7.582,994	83,737,593	8,980,597	9,467.357	274 636 0	7,623,403	170,415,061	20,896,660		20.896,660	191,311,721		6.845,682	2.874.239	2,494,536	203,302	14,282,467	32,049,993 434,823	46.767,283	16 443 530	07000	1,750,073		18,193,593	64,960,876		(123,647,778) (2.703,067)	(126,350,845)
2010		23,962,622	5,321,244	19 240 014	7,332,607	81,441,066	8,938,509	11,472,198	01616701	10,0/1,318	190,856,672	20,074,066		20,074.066	210,930,738		6.594,623	2 704 770	2,547,762	713.970	13,814,706	23.161.669 423,581	37,399,956	641 843 31	275,0,01	3,427,510		19,005,409	56,405,365	***************************************	(153,456,716) (1,068.657)	(154,525,373)
2009		21,347.839	5,515,309	5 975 \$66	7,171,131	83,021,945	10,302,398	13,575,967	10 502 01	10,382,404	180,710,064	18.742,699	1,400.080	20.208.779	200,918.843		7,342,625	2,013,939	2,493,973	/36,926	15,302,252	25,171,862 804,605	41,278,719	700 100	14,767,030	4,563.025		19,372,099	60,650.818		(139,431,345) (836,680)	(140,268,025)
2008		18,873,491	5,151,971	5 990 017	7,116,193	75,880,133	6,534,492	16,633,166	00	11,198,000	172,082,789	16,551,103	882,234	17,433,357	189,516,146		7.996,663	2,200,572	2,539,147	684,719	16.371.794	24,593,841 3.087,066	44,052,701	11 000 71	10,926,117	3,154,158		20,082.275	64.134.976		(128,030,088) 2.648,918	(125,381,170)
2007		16,835,827	5,053,351	3 361 025	6,762,204	63,874,870	2,131,929	17,214,104	100,540	4,85,1,524	148,757,573	17,688,528		17,688,528	166,446,101		8,362,971	2,209,336	2,565,177	691,062	15,768,525	22,448,104 5,039,467	43.256.096	630 000 21	000,660,11	7.926.456		25.826,309	69.082.405		(105,501,477)	(97,363,696)
2006		5,790,007	4,374.852	026,886,61	7.043.503	77.265,247	8,720,218	12,662,469	1 2000	5,161,844	143,254,932	14,149,218	1	14,149,218	157.404.150		6,569,599	088'880'7	2,638,777	2,473,163	15,335,524	18,790,084 785,786	34,911.394	04 7 300 71	0.000,040	10,077,376		26.883,016	61.794.410	ti de la companya de	(108,343,538)	(95,609,740)
2005		7,715,060	4,212,935	4 300 347	6,555,435	58,841.825	8,893,143	11,835,533	30,124	4,328,942	125,521.940	12,804,913		12.804,913	138,326,853		5,607,216	1,926,242	2,530,099	2,129,972	13,819,822	18,964,343	35.841.622	VC 1 04 1 4 1	15,149,124	4.983.390		20,132,514	55.974.136		(89,680,318)	(82,352,717)
2004		7.421,564	4,006,887	3.487.007	6.141,730	55,189,245	8,304,480	9,811,644	8,239,127	1,643,125	123,298,467	11,731,280		11,731,280	135.029,747		5,176,215	1,888,854	2,509,133	617,776,1	13,049,029	14.130.212	27,496,655	600 670 67	321 538	5,233,761		18,547,802	46.044.457		(95,801,812) 6,816,522	(88,985,290)
2003		\$ 7.197.198	4.117,622	3 205 510	5.774.531	52,526,017	8,090,348	10,129,125	9	4,179,994 829,715	110,339,871	10.505,144	j	10,505,144	\$ 120,845.015	ç	•	007 995	2,432,925	1,463,335	11.630,870	6,081,590	17,712.460	102 100 11	100,100,11	5,696,575		17.498,156	\$ 35,210,616		\$ (92,627,411) 6,993,012	\$ (85,634,399)
	Expenses: Governmental activities:	General government administration	Judicial administration	rublic safety Dublic works	Health and welfare	Education	Parks, recreation, and cultural	Community development	Storm costs	interest on long-term debt Non-departmental	Total governmental activities expenses	Business-type activities: Service Authority	Stormwater Utility	Total business-type expenses	Total primary government expenses	Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charase for capaignees	General government administration	Judicial administration Public cafery	Parks, recreation and cultural	Other	Total charges for services	Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	Total governmental activities program revenues	Business-type activities:	Character grants and contributions	Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	Total business-type activities	program revenues	Total primary government program revenues		Net (expense)/revenue: Governmental activities Business-type activities	Total primary government net expense

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Expenses and Program Revenues by Function

Last Nine Fiscal Years

						Fiscal year		300	9.00	
		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General revenues and other changes in net assets: Governmental activities:										
Taxes:	37	470.000	68 374 743	74 480 869	245 207 347	94 855 055	109.559.232	106.494.452	109,159,897	109,545,003
rioperly taxes, revieu tot general purposes Other local taxes	4	14,948,074	15.297,039	17,955,400	20,366,681	21,273,019	20,486,124	18,869,282	18,355,067	19,100,086
Permits, fees and licenses	•	6,481,619	15,463,455	7.746,142	8,877,130	9.255,185	8,288,580	7,420,591	6,672,136	1 3
Interest on investment earnings		880,626	563,216	849,860	3,407,722	7,306,357	5,105,721	2,351,497	673,668	442,698
Grants and contributions not restricted to										
specific programs	Ξ	11.696,289	2,947,631	2,520.331	I	İ	I	1	j	l
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		23,809	(93,129)	(53,727)	1	I	- cases	223,203	I	-
Sale of land		1	I	I	J	-	I	4.936,444	j	I
Miscellaneous		1	715,171	1.074,518	2,053,405	5,102,599	2.962.156	2,297.380	1,390,966	1,201,369
Total governmental activities	66	99,500,507	103.268,126	104,573,393	120.909,285	137,792,215	146,401,813	142,592,849	136.251.734	130,289,156
Business-type activities:				( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )		000 000	20000	770 077 6	056.056	579 005
Interest on investment earnings	,	302,872	184,213	506,939 24 124	1/6,559	95,50C,1 —	2,004,937 181.615	74,226	100,000	-
Miscellaneous		286,296	442.554	627.532	526,601	1.378,725	1,309,152	522,513	644,620	521,384
Total business-type activities		471,294	628,636	1,158,595	1,462,572	2,882,664	3,495,724	4.266,005	1.600,676	1.031,059
Total primary government	66 \$	99,971,801	103,896.762	105,731,988	122,371.857	140,674,879	149,897,537	146.858.854	137.852,410	131.320,215
Change in net assets:	9	900 223 9		14 803 075	17 565 747	32 290 738	18 371,725	3.161.504	(17.204.982)	6,641,378
Business-type activities	÷	7,464,306	7,445.158	8,486,196	14,196,370	11.020,445	6,144,642	3,429,325	532,019	(1,672,008)
Total primary government	\$ 14	14.337,402	14,911,472	23,379,271	26,762,117	43,311,183	24,516,367	6,590,829	(16,672,963)	4,969,370

**3**3

(Continued)

Reflects expenses from Exhibit 2. Governments No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Manugement's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, which requires government-wide financial statements that provide the above financial information was adopted by the County as of July 1, 2002. Hence, the financial information for fiscal years prior to 2003 is not available.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	5009	2010	2011
General fund: Nonspendable: Inventory Prepaid items	↔	254,027	233,165	234,894	253,111	245,959	291,364	288,734	264,969	276,083 400,301	298,757
Assigned: General Capital projects		445,917 9,539,321	455,557 7,155,444	482,971 8,903,531	465,203 11,438,811	457,287 14,056,476	452,420 14,668,476	407,496 13,729,826	437,744 11,118,329	1,161,093 12,408,971	2,678,655 16,045,435
Unassigned: General Total general fund	<b>€</b>	13,374,960 \$ 23.614,225	13,869,753	15,074,120	30,979,685	21,406,435	23,904,427	22,099,383	21,311,672	21,187,263	20,449,054
All other government funds: Nonspendable - Loans	₩ ∽	133,646	150,142	143,645	158,438	147,168	170,886	144,538	129,862	137,301	155,940
Committed: Grants Capital projects		19,726,753	_ 15,578,329	20,826,056	54,962,288	51,808,002	 113,413,284	95,085,866	80,344,173	52,626,696	741,113 25,150,586
Assigned: Debt service Special revenue	1	120,254 3,123,795	107,703 4,929,400	96,590 5,320,033	6,134 4,319,239	3,662,370	2,880,529	4,248,738	5,206,988	4,317,141	3,216,855
Total all other governmental funds		\$ 23,104,448	20,765,574	26,386,324	59,446,099	55,617,540	116,464,699	99,479,142	85,681.023	57,081,138	29,264,494

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which provides clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied was adopted by the County as of July 1, 2010. Therefore, the fund balances for years 2002 through 2010 have been restated to reflect this standard. Ξ

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2003	2004	2005	Fiscal year 2006	year 2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues: General property taxes General property taxes Other local taxes Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Charges for services Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 64,994,207 14,948,074 6,241,266 240,353 80,626 3,471,380 24,804,534 1,132,835	68,756,419 15,297,039 7,233,545 2,88,221 563,216 3,846,636 3,4539,339 715,171	73,733,187 17,955,400 7,746,142 301,204 8-9,860 4,007,722 31,833,900 3,293,645	85,280,660 20,366,681 8,877,130 290,714 3,407,723 4,335,505 30,285,175 2,053,402	97,049,153 21,273,019 9,255,185 321,443 7,306,357 4,124,072 38,810,581 5,102,599	105,668,764 20,486,124 8,288,580 36,606 5,105,721 5,519,603 38,166,492 2,962,156	107.015,723 18869.282 7,420.591 348.846 2,351,497 5,504,494 35,425,379 7,457,027	107.695.813 18.355.067 6.672.136 296.886 673.668 4,857.836 32.245.254 1,390.966	108.564.306 19.100.086 7,055.618 334.633 442.698 4.861.478 34.515.554 1.201.370
Total revenues	116,713,275	131,239,586	139,721,060	154,896,990	183,242,409	186.564,046	184,392,839	1/7,18/,600	1/0,0/2,/43
Expenditures: Storm costs General government Judicial administration Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Public safety Community development Nondepartmental	6.833.152 3.795.286 3.437.085 5.814.844 49.505.679 7.667.379 14,939.911 9.377.193	8.239,127 7.202,889 3,747,921 3.341,281 6,161,651 52,556,412 7,886,872 15,176,064 9,333,332 720,813	30.124 7,101.022 3,923.755 4,218.631 6,314,548 55,459.098 8,338.914 17,26,762 14,770,525 997,581	7.681.371 4,188.180 4,494.973 6,840.336 60,797.314 9,010.847 18,791.965 13,048.650 1,267,388	166,546 10,363,474 4,837,033 5,181,021 6,762,204 64,498,554 9,825,513 22,416,276 17,191,954 1,473,817	9,564,540 5,267,359 5,885,527 7,116,193 74,228,490 10,045,603 23,322,53 16,332,072 2,492,546	8,756,912 5,323,019 5,878,757 7,171,131 74,724,304 10,100,822 23,159,401 14,520,010 1,502,034	8,323,563 5,302,279 5,650,572 7,332,607 73,757,904 9,509,436 22,987,019 11,086,234 556,381	8.265.513 5.311.884 7.241.872 7.582.994 73.830.796 9.180.161 23.792.805 10.289.898 (266,150)
Debt service (2): Principal Interest Interest Debt issuance cost Additional payments made to bond escrow agent Underwriters discount Capital outlay (1)	5.859.041 4,256.959 171,502 3,067.636 96,795 9.619,982	5,414,782 3,886,121 — — 13,469,974	6,411,051 4,275,082 — 139,659 12,611,144	7.215.460 5.962,561 — 125.640 37.898.518	14,488,702 9,857,524 — 192,900 76,594,343	14,245,257 11,253,935 — — 26,526,776	14,363,935 10,625,010 — 25,458,348	15,077,900 10,365,470 — 101,667 43,005,939	14,830,524 9,853,465 — 30,042,723
Total expenditures	125.547,985	137,137,239	142,117,896	177,323,203	243,849,861	206,340,851	201,583,683	213,056,971	199,956,285
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,834,710)	(5,897,653)	(2,396,836)	(22.426,213)	(60,607,452)	(19,776,805)	(17,190,844)	(40,869,365)	(23,880,542)
Other financing sources: Transfers in Issuance of debt Proceeds from capital lease Underwriter's discount Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Premiums on bonds issued Transfers out	18.612.049 28.970.200 ——————————————————————————————————	15,023,528 14,500,000 — — — — — (15,023,528)	15,338,857 39,820,000 — — 1,920,780 (15,338,857)	23.559.107 23.492,454 ———————————————————————————————————	32.695,840 116,775,000 — 7,830,141 (32,695,840)	33,046,784	30,904,124	29,093,987 14,935,000 ——————————————————————————————————	28.784,026 4,820,000 (20.003) (5,019,743) 321,834 (28.784,026)
Total other financing sources	3,324,779	14,500,000	41,740,780	23,784,126	124,605,141			14,947,809	102,088
Net change in fund balances	\$ (5,509,931)	8,602,347	39,343,944	1,357,913	63,997,689	(19,776,805)	(17,190,844)	(25,921,556)	(23,778,454)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (3)	8.85%	7.56%	8.43%	9.33%	15.62%	14,48%	13.92%	13.58%	14.27%

Including operating transfers to capital projects.
 Excludes costs associated with refunding of debt in 2003 of \$3,115,526.
 Noncapital expenditures equals total expenditures less amounts for capitalized assets on the government-wide statement of net assets.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Lotai
		General			Total		Total	direct
real	Total real property	personal property	Machinery and tools	Mobile homes	Personal property	Public service	assessed	tax rate
\$ 4.98	33.279.400	456,083,192	131.353.797	11.682,476	599,119,465	163,054,266	5,745,453,131	4.870
5.4	57,560,000	460.530.027	131,460,371	10,850,870	602,841,268	165,415,976	6,225,817,244	4.870
5.9	53,156,800	476,376,143	126,907,184	11,363,983	614,647,310	163,577,218	6,731,381,328	4.860
9.9	95,142,900	502,326,785	124,695,633	12,354,517	639,376,935	154,833,875	7,489,353,710	4.825
8.1	89,928,900	558,027,641	123,471,704	12,350,825	693,850,170	165,476,326	9,049,255,396	4.785
8.6	21,638,100	595,277,728	122,197,566	12,675,461	730,150,755	152,475,702	10,704,264,557	4.770
10	672,714,225	623,336,868	125,136,293	12,537,160	761,010,321	176,428,097	11,610,152,643	4.770
	002,655,000	610,316,169	128,696,107	11,641,959	750,654,235	184,750,991	11,941,060,226	4.770
1	11,155,493,300	598,149,387	132,052,632	10,994,266	741,196,285	196,289,584	12,092,979,169	4.770
	172,929,700	621,471,862	137,178,668	10,101,067	768,751,597	210,802,200	12,152,483,497	4.770
	, , , , , , ,		,					

Source: Real Estate Assessments and Commissioner of the Revenue, James City County.

Note: Tax rate is per \$100 of assessed value.

Table 6

# Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year	Real estate tax (1)	Personal property tax (1)	Room tax	Meal tax	Retail sales tax (2)
2002	\$ 0.870	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2003	0.870	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2004	0.870	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2005	0.825	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2006	0.785	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2007	0.770	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2008	0.770	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2009	0.770	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2010	0.770	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2011	0.770	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 assessed value

<sup>(2)</sup> Collected by the State and remitted to the County monthly

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Principal Property Tax Payers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2011			2002	
	l		1170	Percentage of County	Property taxes	Dog	Percentage of County
	ļ	assessed	Kank	10131	assessea	Kallk	10131
Anheuser-Busch, Inc.	↔	4,839,587	-	4.09% \$	4,788,316	1	6.97%
Wal-Mart, Inc.		1,156,567	2	0.98	627,004	S	0.91
Seaworld Parks, LLC		1,120,837	3	0.95	1,323,246	2	1.93
Powhatan Plantation Owners Association		980,194	4	0.83	543,061	7	0.79
Virginia Electric & Power Company		799,797	S	99:0	735,583	3	1.07
Busch Properties, Inc.		778,416	9	99:0	609,864	9	68.0
Williamsburg Landing, Inc.		737,636	7	0.62	450,628	6	99.0
Ball Metal Container		675,043	∞	0.57	627,389	4	0.91
Williamsburg Plantation Owners Association		654,724	6	0.55			Name of the last o
Williamsburg Outlets, LLC		588,051	10	0.50	467,567	∞	89.0
Owens - Brockway	ļ				449,699	10	0.65
Total	<del>∞</del>	\$ 12,330,852		10.43% \$	10,622,357		15.46%

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Principal Personal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2011			2002 (1)	
	1	Property taxes		Percentage of County	Property taxes		Percentage of County
	1	assessed	Rank	total	assessed	Rank	total
Anheuser-Busch, Inc.	∽	3,756,362	1	12.22% \$	*		*
Seaworld Parks, LLC		1,120,837	2	3.64	**		*
Ball Metal Container		569,956	3	1.85	*		*
Printpack, Inc.		452,854	4	1.47	*		*
Owens-Brockway Glass Cont.		400,892	S	1.30	*		*
Wal-Mart, Inc.		352,993	9	1.15	**		**
Jack L. Massie Contracting, Inc.		216,012	7	0.70	*		*
Cox Communications of Hampton Roads		191,285	<b>∞</b>	0.62	*		**
Branscome, Inc.		171,057	6	0.56	**		*
Busch Properties, Inc.	!	112,395	10	0.37	*		**
Total	<b>∽</b>	7,344,643		23.88% \$	1		%

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue

(1) The first year this was reported was fiscal year 2010. Therefore, information for fiscal year 2002 is not available.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Principal Real Estate Tax Payers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2002 (1)	Percentage of County	Rank total	**	**	**	* *	**	**	**	*	**	**	%
77	Property taxes	assessed	*	*	*	**	*	*	*	<del>*</del>	**	**	1
	Percentage of County	total	1.21% \$	1.10	0.92	0.91	0.77	0.76	0.74	0.67	99:0	09:0	8 34% \$
2011		Rank	1	2	3	4	S	9	7	8	6	10	
	Property taxes	assessed	1.083.225	966,499	803,574	799,109	675,738	666,021	650,274	588,051	581,756	521,684	7 225 021
	ı	•	Anheuser-Busch, Inc.	Powhatan Plantation Owners Association	Wal-Mart, Inc.	Virginia Electric & Power Company	Williamsburg Landing, Inc.	Busch Properties, Inc.	Williamsburg Plantation Owners Association	Williamsburg Outlets, LLC	Manor Houses Associates	Seaworld Parks, LLC (2)	Toto T

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue

(1) The first year this was reported was fiscal year 2010. Therefore, information for fiscal year 2002 is not available. (2) The name changed from Busch Entertainment Corp to SeaWorld Parks, LLC in October 2011.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Six Fiscal Years (5)

					:		
		Taxes levied	year of	rear of the levy	Collections in	Total collect	Total collections to date
		for the fiscal		Percentage	subsequent		Percentage
Fiscal year		year (1)	Amount (2)	of levy	years (3)	Amount	of levy (4)
2006	<del>\$</del>	96,341,567	77,276,680	80.21%	\$ 19,278,297	96,554,977	100.22%
2007		108,123,499	88,517,232	81.87	18,242,709	106,759,941	98.74
2008		116,924,011	96,462,155	82.50	19,362,701	115,824,856	90.66
2009		116,869,636	97,777,543	83.66	19,831,302	117,608,845	100.63
2010		118,887,565	98,995,837	83.27	18,876,296	117,872,133	99.15
2011		119,565,754	99,395,228	83.13	19,643,520	119,038,748	99.56

(1) Tax levied in current fiscal year for all tax years.

(2) Collections related to fiscal year levies includes PPTRA claimed by taxpayers.

(3) Collections in subsequent years do not include PPTRA claimed by taxpayers.

(4) Collections of delinquent taxes may result in overall collections exceeding current year levy.

(5) Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, was adopted by the County as of July 1, 2005. Hence, the information for fiscal years prior to 2006 is not available.

Source: Treasurer, James City County

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
sparel stores \$	80,764,148	77,812,731	81,257,571	97,321,446	106,280,148	129,014,904	140,648,465	167,950,739	175,885,946	183,244,309
Automotive dealers, supplies										
and repair	5,849,993	6,945,804	8,546,791	9,728,269	9,532,774	6,958,680	10,626,082	14,567,840	12,949,521	17,019,548
Building materials, machinery										
and equipment	60,997,150	66,570,828	76,748,086	95,792,695	80,881,233	70,536,701	48,814,343	31,817,138	42,771,225	16,631,597
Eating and drinking										
establishments	104,350,008	101,962,933	100,640,302	116,938,094	50,262,980	64,500,250	61,733,750	909'96'.29	89,306,904	91,552,799
Food stores	110,549,708	108,456,499	106,942,175	106,657,961	93,670,198	121,052,401	131,331,534	136,126,199	109,487,554	135,172,441
Furniture, home furnishings										
and household equipment	20,675,656	22,143,579	21,940,341	25,363,301	38,502,745	39,426,034	40,492,354	34,053,707	21,986,380	22,119,421
General merchandise	54,388,821	53,143,646	17,129,785	18,483,634	55,149,333	89,788,633	100,039,981	91,584,624	95,560,600	87,029,287
Lodging	66,098,507	62,193,694	51,125,828	41,654,420	51,474,891	58,643,553	55,764,241	47,796,238	39,984,592	32,414,685
Other outlets	17,894,132	20,419,881	65,996,384	68,466,514	42,378,637	23,256,354	27,416,608	26,130,061	25,930,390	29,255,159
Other retail stores, dealers,										
trades and services	104,778,164	121,411,709	122,429,498	137,539,091	175,126,243	205,937,385	212,079,549	182,317,205	163,456,030	188,073,849
<del>\$</del>	\$ 626,346,287	641,061,304	652,756,761	717,945,425	703,259,182	812,114,895	828,946,907	800,140,357	777,319,142	802,513,095

Source: Weldon Cooper Center

Note: Some data is not categorized to protect confidentiality of the business.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Governmer	Governmental activities			
Fiscal year	General obligation bonds	Virginia literary fund loan	Loan payable Governor's Land	Capital lease – radio system	Other capital lease	Loan payable Virginia Department of Transportation	Lease revenue bonds	Total
2002	\$ 83,636,632	144,750	259,827	Vernatura		750,000		84,791,209
2003	78,746,889	115,800	I		***************************************	625,000		79,487,689
2004	73,636,054	86,850	1	14,500,000	1	200,000	-	88,722,904
2005	109,814,071	22,900	Vanadorii .	13,816,000	1	375,000	00	174,062,971
2006	106,062,319	28,950	l	13,100,000	808,307	250,000	22,570,000	142,819,576
2007	126,590,560	1	I	12,350,000	061'889	125,000	112,780,000	252,533,750
2008	118,369,735	Mayorine	I	11,564,000	562,298	Vermaniver	107,200,000	237,696,033
5006	109,974,105	Name of the last o	{	10,740,000	430,533	I	101,595,000	222,739,638
2010	101,414,765	Vannasver	I	9,877,000	292,895	l	110,275,000	221,859,660
2011	93,283,624		Vernouse	8,973,000	1,312,522	I	104,055,000	207,624,146
	Business-type							
	activity		Total	Percentage	Per capita			
Fiscal vear	Revenue bonds		primary government	of personal income (1)	personal income (2)			
2002			\$ 84.791.209	28.23	\$ 38,021			
2003	15,258,289		94,745,978	26.55	38,906			
2004	14,782,165		103,505,069	26.99	41,731			
2005	13,961,041		138,024,012	21.39	42,713			
2006	13,034,918		155,854,494	21.10	45,778			
2007	12,133,794		264,667,544	13.40	48,135			
2008	11,212,670		248,908,703	14.89	49,520			
2009	37,386,546		260,126,184	14.57	49,551			
2010	35,950,422		257,810,082	*	*			
2011	35,001,394		242,625,540	*	*			

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Notes:

(1) Based on personal income from Table 13(2) Calendar year basis\*\* Population and income statistics not yet available

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net bonded debt per capita	1,459	1,355	1,222	1,749	1,578	1,680	1,518	1,346	1,197	1,022
Ratio of net general obligation debt to assessed value	<b>∽</b>									
Net bonded debt	74,208,314	70,851,461	65,946,856	98,779,575	92,913,248	102,244,334	92,870,543	84,985,160	76,189,512	68,599,635
(5) Less debt service monies available	9,573,068	9,686,080	9,300,903	10,686,133	13,178,021	24,346,226	25,499,192	24,988,945	25,225,253	24,683,989
(3) (4) Gross bonded debt	83,781,382	80,537,541	75,247,759	109,465,708	106,091,269	126,590,560	118,369,735	109,974,105	101,414,765	93,283,624
(2) Assessed value	5,745,453,131	6,225,817,244	6,731,381,328	7,489,353,710	9,049,255,396	10,704,264,557	11,610,152,643	11,941,060,226	12,092,979,169	12,152,483,497
(1) Population	\$ 50,858	52,303	53,952	56,463	58,893	60,867	61,195	63,135	63,675	67,101
Fiscal year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Planning Division - population figure is the estimate from the second quarter of the year From Table 5

Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Bond Anticipation notes, and Literary Fund loans Includes General Obligation Debt payable from enterprise revenues From Table 11A 

# Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt (1) to Total General Government Expenditures

Fiscal year	(1) Principal	(2) Interest	(4) Total debt service	(3) Total general governmental expenditures	Ratio of debt service to general total governmental expenditures
2002	\$ 4,904,047	4,669,021	9,573,068	126,110,078	7.59%
2003	5,442,903	4,243,177	9,686,080	133,771,807	7.24
2004	5,414,782	3,886,121	9,300,903	142,379,879	6.53
2005	6,411,051	4,275,082	10,686,133	154,634,945	6.91
2006	7,215,460	5,962,561	13,178,021	171,917,860	7.67
2007	14,488,702	9,857,524	24,346,226	199,622,475	12.20
2008	14,245,257	11,253,935	25,499,192	212,383,260	12.01
2009	14,363,935	10.625,010	24,988,945	208,510,363	11.98
2010	15,077,900	10,147,353	25,225,253	198,552,653	12.70
2011	14,830,524	9,853,465	24,683,989	198,893,176	12.41

- (1) General obligation bonds reported in the enterprise funds and special assessment debt with government commitment have been excluded.
- (2) Excludes bond issuance and other costs.
- (3) Reflects recurring expenditures included in the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, all Special Revenue funds, operating transfers to Capital Projects and the County's percentage of discretely presented Component Unit Public Schools Operating Fund.
- (4) The County has no overlapping debt.

# Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt (1) to Total General Government Revenues

Fiscal year	 (1) Principal	(2) Interest	(4) Total debt service	(3) Total general governmental revenues	Ratio of debt service to general total governmental revenues
2002	\$ 4,904,047	4,669,021	9,573,068	126,579,049	7.56%
2003	5,442,903	4,243,177	9,686,080	131,552,134	7.36
2004	5,414,782	3,886,121	9,300,903	146,620,455	6.34
2005	6,411,051	4,275,082	10,686,133	159,351,967	6.71
2006	7,215,460	5,962,561	13,178,021	177,521,975	7.42
2007	14,488,702	9,857,524	24,346,226	204,284,050	11.92
2008	14,245,257	11,253,935	25,499,192	219,920,086	11.59
2009	14,363,935	10,625,010	24,988,945	216,835,334	11.52
2010	15,077,900	10,147,353	25,225,253	200,014,429	12.61
2011	14,830,524	9,853,465	24,683,989	201,684,905	12.24

- (1) General obligation bonds reported in the enterprise funds and special assessment debt with government commitment have been excluded.
- (2) Excludes bond issuance and other costs.
- (3) Reflects recurring revenues included in the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, all Special Revenue funds, and the County's percentage of discretely presented Component Unit Public Schools Operating Fund.
- (4) The County has no overlapping debt.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Pledged Revenue Coverage

James City Service Authority

	Coverage		11.70	5.21	6.20	7.22	8.21	5.71	2.67	2.04	1.78
	Total		495,969	1,307,695	1,381,881	1,382,981	1,383,631	1,384,431	3,032,050	3,030,562	3,027,750
(2) Debt service requirements	Interest	ļ	696'09	482,695	541,881	522,981	503,631	479,431	1,637,050	1,590,562	1,537,750
I	Principal		435,000	825,000	840,000	860,000	880,000	905,000	1,395,000	1,440,000	1,490,000
Net revenue available for	debt service	4,996,097	5,803,098	6,814,055	8,564,354	9,984,501	11,362,199	7,910,272	8,081,193	6,193,342	5,383,107
(1) Operating	expenses	7,394,450	6,587,651	7,128,622	7,743,365	8,283,711	9,420,318	10,205,599	10,953,522	10,985,233	12,091,472
Gross	revenue	5 12,390,547	12,390,749	13,942,677	16,307,719	18,268,212	20,782,517	18,115,871	19,034,715	17,178,575	17,474,579
Fiscal	year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

<sup>(1)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.(2) The Authority has no debt margin nor overlapping debt.

# Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar year	Population (1)	Personal income (2)	Per capita personal income (2)	Unemployment percentage (1)
2002	50,858	\$ 2,393,678,000	38,021	2.4%
2003	52,303	2,515,632,000	38,906	2.5
2004	53,952	2,793,123,000	41,731	3.2
2005	56,463	2,952,937,000	42,713	2.9
2006	58,893	3,289,020,000	45,778	2.6
2007	60,867	3,546,329,000	48,135	2.5
2008	61,195	3,706,388,000	49,520	3.2
2009	63,135	3,788,855,000	49,551	5.3
2010	63,675	**	**	**
2011	67,101	**	**	**

- (1) Planning Division, supplemented by data from Virginia Employment Commission
- (2) Data from the Bureau of Economic Analysis, and has combined data for James City County and the City of Williamsburg
- \*\* Statistics not yet available

115 (Continued)

Demographic and Economic Statistics

# **Households and Population**

(Sources: Social Services Department and Planning Division)

	Food stamp households	Total households *	Percentage of food stamp households
Year:			
2002	666	20,553	3.2
2003	696	21,160	3.3
2004	773	22,095	3.5
2005	881	24,624	3.6
2006	974	25,659	3.8
2007	927	26,507	3.5
2008	965	27,217	3.5
2009	1,224	27,567	4.4
2010	1,638	26,860	6.1
2011	1,840	27,042	6.8

<sup>\*</sup> The number of households is the number of occupied housing.

# Population

(Source: U.S. Census)

	Population number	Percentage increase
1950	6,317	28.7%
1960	11,539	82.7
1970	17,853	54.7
1980	22,763	27.5
1990	34,859	53.1
2000	48,102	38.0
2010	67,009	39.3

# **Age Distribution**

	1970		1980	<u></u>	1990	<u></u>	2000	<u></u>	2010	<u> </u>
Age:										
0-14	5,226	29.3	5,008	22.0	7,211	20.7	9,254	19.2	11,608	17.3
15-19	1,448	8.1	2,276	10.0	2,147	6.2	2,838	5.9	4,120	6.2
20-29	2,915	16.3	3,870	17.0	5,330	15.3	_	_	_	_
20-34 **	_	_	_	_		_	7,484	15.6	9,741	14.5
30-44	3,172	17.8	4,780	21.0	8,901	25.5		_	_	_
35-44 **	_	_	_	_	_		7,866	16.4	8,133	12.1
45-64	3,531	19.8	5,235	23.0	7,255	20.8	12,563	26.1	19,537	29.2
65+	1,561	8.7	1,594	7.0	4,015	11.5_	8,097_	16.8_	13,870	20.7
	17,853	100.0	22,763	100.0	34,859	100.0	48,102	100.0	67,009	100.0

<sup>\*\*</sup> New categories, as defined by U.S. Census Source: U.S. Census

Demographic and Economic Statistics

# **Households and Population**

(Source: Planning Division)

		Total	
	Number of households *	households population **	Persons per household
Year:			
2002	20,553	50,716	2.47
2003	21,160	52,266	2.47
2004	22,095	54,573	2.47
2005	24,624	56,463	2.29
2006	25,659	57,991	2.26
2007	26,507	59,905	2.26
2008	27,217	61,511	2.26
2009	27,567	62,301	2.47
2010	26,860	65,909	2.45
2011	27,042	66,252	2.45

<sup>\*</sup> The number of households is the number of occupied housing.

# **Unemployment Rate and Labor Force \***

(Source: Planning Division supplemented by data from Virginia Employment Commission)

	Labor force	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment percentage
Year:	•			
2001	25,562	25,015	547	2.1
2002	28,453	27,759	694	2.4
2003	29,189	28,462	727	2.5
2004	26,419	25,580	839	3.2
2005	28,056	27,248	808	2.9
2006	29,348	28,573	775	2.6
2007	30,852	30,078	774	2.5
2008	31,715	30,694	1,021	3.2
2009	32,373	30,657	1,716	5.3
2010	32,494	30,659	1,835	5.6

<sup>\*\*</sup> Household population is total population less population of institutions, such as Eastern State Hospital, a state mental facility, Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Center and the Virginia Peninsula Regional Jail.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

# **Median Household Income**

	James City County	Commonwealth of Virginia	United States
Year:			
2000	58,342	46,789	41,990
2001	57,352	48,130	42,228
2002	59,483	48,224	42,409
2003	62,326	50,028	43,318
2004	66,180	51,103	44,334
2005	65,681	54,207	46,242
2006	67,054	56,297	48,451
2007	70,487	59,575	50,740
2008	76,705	61,210	52,029
2009	72,902	59,372	50,221

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates

118 (Continued)

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Table 14

Principal Employers in James City County

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2011(1)			2002	
			Percentage of			Percentage of total County
	Employees	Rank	employment	Employees	Rank	employment
Employment:						
Principal Public/Private Employers:						
Busch Gardens*	4,076	-	13.29%	4,300	-	15.49%
Williamsburg-James City County						
Public Schools	1,844	2	10.9	1,302	2	4.69
Lumber Liquidators	1,150	3	3.75	l		
Eastern State Hospital	962	4	3.14	800	4	2.88
James City County	865	S	2.82	588	9	2.12
Anheuser-Busch, Inc.	708	9	2.31	1,100	3	3.96
Busch Properties, Inc.	269	7	2.27	650	5	2.34
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	559	∞	1.82	400	7	1.44
Avid Medical	448	6	1.46			-
Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation	406	10	1.32			[
John Deere			l.	300	∞	1.08
Ball Metal			ļ	200	6	0.72
Owens-Brockway				160	10	0.58
Total	11.715		38.19%	6,800		35.30%

Source: Economic Development, James City County and Virginia Employment Commission (1) Includes seasonal employees

\* Seasonal employer

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Full-time County Government Employees by Function/Program

Function/program	2002	2003	7007	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Administrative:										
Board of supervisors	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
County administration	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Satellite services	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
County attorney	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Elections.	•	•	•	6	6	ć	,	ć	,	ć
General registrar	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Human resources:	1	4				•	i		•	•
Human resources	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	0.4	4.0 
Communications	3.5	4.5	5.0	5.0	0.9	7.5	7.5	6.5	6.5	7.5
TQP	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Financial administration:										
Accounting	08	08	08	0 8	80	0 6	0 6	0 6	8.0	8.0
Commissioner of the reseases	o =	0: -	o -	-	) <u>-</u>	2.0	13.0	13.0	0.51	11.0
Commissioner of the tevenine	0.1.	0.1.0	0.1.0	0.1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1.0	2.6
Financial and management services	6.0	0.7	0.7	0./	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Purchasing	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0
Real estate assessments	10.0	11.0	11.0	0.11	11.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	11.0	10.0
Treasurer	12.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	12.0
General services:										
Facilities maintenance	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	19.0	081	0.61	19.0	18.0	17.0
Fleet maintenance	0.5	0.03	0.0	0.03	0%	0.8	0.8	8.0	7.0	0 8
Canaral carriose	2:	9.	9.	) (	0.0	9.5	) v	) <b>y</b>	) <b>(</b>	· ·
General services	3			C.7	C.C.	0.0	C.0.		0.00	J. C.
Grounds maintenance	0.6	0.11	0.11	15.0	15.0	16.0	0.12	0.12	70.0	0.77
Solid waste management	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.0
Stornwater	***************************************	1	1	1	1	AMARANAMA	0.6	8.5	6.5	6.5
Information resources management:										
Information resources management	18.0	19.0	19.0	0.61	20.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	20.0
Development management:										
Code compliance	15.0	15.0	16.0	17.0	18.0	20.0	21.0	19.0	15.0	13.0
Development management	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3.5	4.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Economic development	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	9.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Economic de copincia	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.5	9.0
Marini Services	9.6	0.6	0.01	0.11	0.71	0.51	15.0	15.0	7.0	0.4
Mosquito control	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1		;
Flanning and Zoning	14.5	14.5	5.51	16.5	6.81	5./1	19.5	5.61	27.7	5.51
Judicial:	•	•	•	•	•	(	•	•	ć	ć
Courts/judicial	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	7.0	2.0	0.1	0.7	0.2
Courthouse	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Clerk of the circuit court	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Commonwealth's attorney	8.0	0.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Public safety:	;	;	;	;	;					
Animal control	3.0	0.5	3.0	3.0	0	3.0	3.0	10	0,0	0,0
T.	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.00	0.0	0.5	2.5	0.10	0 0	0.35
Emergency communications	19.0	0.27	0.47	0.67	0.07	0.72	0.77	0.72	0.72	0.07
Emergency management	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.7	0.2	0.2.0	0.4.0
Emergency medical services	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	24.0	24.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	72.0
Fire	70.0	71.0	74.0	77.0	77.0	80.0	83.0	0.98	86.0	0.98
Police	0.69	72.0	73.0	74.0	78.0	87.0	94.0	97.0	0.86	0.86
Radio maintenance	1.0	1.0	1.0	MANAGEMENT	I	I	**************************************	sancourate.	İ	1
Sheriff	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	16.0
	,	) •	)	)	) ;	) )				

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Full-time County Government Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/program	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Community services: Community services: Cooperative extension service Parks and recreation Volunteer services Neighborhood connections	6.0 3.0 33.0 1.5 2.5	8.0 3.0 42.0 —	5.0 2.0 43.0 3.0	5.0 2.0 43.0 3.0	5.0 2.0 45.0 45.0	4.0 2.0 52.0 4.0	4.0 2.0 56.0 - 4.0	3.0 2.0 54.0 1.0	3.0 2.0 53.0 -	2.0 48.0
Total general fund	452.5	474.0	i !	492.5	512.5	548.5	586.5	584.0	563.0	541.0
Other services: Community development JCSA	8.5 74.0	8.5 76.0	8.5 78.0	8.5 81.0	8.5 85.0	9.5	9.5	9.5 91.0	8.5	9.5
Social services Colonial community corrections Special projects/grants	46.5	50.5	52.5	52.5 13.0 3.0	53.5 13.0 3.0	53.5 13.0 1.0	57.5 13.0 2.0	57.5 11.0 2.0	52.5 11.0 2.0	12.0
Grand total all funds	592.5	620.0	631.0	650.5	675.5	712.5	756.5	755.0	727.0	701.0

Source: Financial and Management Services

(Continued)

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Function/program	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Police:										;
Calls for service	17.678	17,574	18,433	18,574	20,641	21.897	21.320	21,694	21,762	21,129
Major crimes reported (1)	1.642	1.600	992	688	1.049	971	1,007	090.1	1,080	1,071
Major crimes cleared (2)	845	651	320	306	301	351	343	363	396	325
Fire:								;		i e
Fire/other responses	2,389	2,307	3,001	2,411	2,822	3,06,	3,575	2,969	2.922	98/7
Inspections	673	692	894	1,574	1,798	1,486	2,334	1,156	2,037	1,735
EMS responses	4,158	4,227	4,642	4,688	4,869	5,219	4,851	5,276	5,573	5,956
Refuse collection:								1	ò	
Refuse collected (tons per day)	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.95	10.76	11.83	9.25	7.68	90.5 80.5	16.8
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	N/A	V/N	N/A		1.08	1.43	1.25	1.12	80.I	01.10
Parks and recreation:							1			107 671
Community center admissions	283,457	284,448	321,656	349.107	333,299	315,480	409,706	353,862	394,757	165,691
Park attendance	N/A	N/A	848,750	1,021,620	1.100,051	1,151,574	1,236,968	1,368,462	1,349,550	1,708,976
Participants in programs offered	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	228,504	250,042	408,905	422,009	384,650	395,789
Water:						:	į		300	990
New connections	683	785	606	1,068	088	694	351	203	585	990
Water mains breaks	62	82	62	59	51	42	57	3/	0+	\$
Wastewater:	(33	203	011	020	788	603	380	696	380	375
New connections	553	600	0//	UC L	F00	)	ò	•		

Beginning with fiscal year 2004, major crimes and major crimes reported no longer included simple assaults, which were counted in previous years.
 Major crimes cleared includes administrative and pending warrant clearances.
 N/A: This information is not available.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Function/program	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Police stations		_		_	_	_	_	-	-	
Fire stations	5	S	5	S	S	S	\$	5	5	s
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage	245	245	181	333	1,547	1,749	1,622	1,622	1,622	1,622
Playgrounds	4	4	S	9	7	∞	10	01	-	=
Ball fields maintained	43	43	54	58	17	23	30	30	58	65
Tennis courts maintained	12	12	61	61	3	9	9	9	5	5
Community centers	2	2	2	7	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water:										
Water lines (miles)	274	282	294	305	319	329	332	339	344	393
Water customers	14,158	14,761	15,657	16,531	17,552	18,283	18,770	19,085	19,368	19,719
Storage tanks (greater than										
250,000 gallons)	9	∞	∞	<b>∞</b>	7	7	∞	∞	∞	∞
Average ERCs (2)	16,631	15,600	16,800	18,800	19,200	20,400	20,350	25,753	20,200	20,866
Wastewater:										
Sewer lines (miles)	329	339	346	352	360	370	375	379	382	419
Gallons collected (millions)	1,639	1,509	1,471	1,469	1,606	1,680	1,727	1,956	2,116	1,598
Sewer customers	15,249	15,902	16,605	17,357	17,982	18,426	18,590	18,702	18,860	21,127

(1) Equivalent Residential Connections (ERCs) are determined based upon the rated capacity of a water meter (e.g., the average amount of water which can flow through such meter on a continuous basis) as compared to the rated capacity for a typical 5/8" residential water meter.

# Miscellaneous Statistics

# **Retail Sales**

Last 10 Years

(Source: Treasurer, James City County)

	Taxable retail sales	Percentage change
Year:		
2002	660,603,800	(1.8)
2003	678,016,200	2.6
2004	679,508,600	0.2
2005	763,697,400	12.4
2006	832,202,000	9.0
2007	882,593,500	6.1
2008	892,444,900	1.1
2009	861,852,500	(3.4)
2010	842,195,600	(2.3)
2011	892,445,000	6.0

# **Business Licenses Issued**

Last 10 Years

(Source: Commissioner of the Revenue, James City County)

	Business licenses issued	Percentage change
Year:		
2002	3,954	4.5
2003	4,099	3.7
2004	4,696	14.5
2005	4,967	5.8
2006	5,088	2.4
2007	5,983	17.6
2008	5,800	(3.1)
2009	6,446	11.1
2010	6,109	(5.2)
2011	5,931	(2.9)

**Miscellaneous Statistics** 

### **Construction Information**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Construction Commercial/Industrial Residential **Total** Number of Number of **Fiscal** Number of Value Value permits permits Value year permits 1,331 179,900,399 157,003,841 2002 158 \$ 22,896,558 1,173 169 44,596,181 1,309 189,039,265 1,478 233,635,446 2003 260,890,983 2004 187 34,879,976 1,371 226,011,007 1,558 1,675 260,028,704 1,892 364,086,857 2005 217 104,058,153 335,203,418 2006 197 70,501,744 1,645 264,701,674 1,842 1,454 256,134,794 1,685 367,156,358 2007 231 111,021,564 973 130,064,874 1,198 193,252,785 225 63,187,911 2008 790 89,989,687 973 135,231,764 2009 183 45,242,077 2010 128 24,599,420 830 99,077,199 958 123,676,619 154,789,226 953 144 809 106,315,258 2011 48,473,968

Source: Code Compliance Division

### Miscellaneous Statistics

# Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools

# **Staffing Analysis**

	Classroom teachers	Pupils	Pupil-teacher ratio
School year:			
2010-11	673.91	10,549	15.7
2009-10	668.98	10,503	15.7
2008-09	643.00	10,249	15.9
2007-08	625.00	10,137	16.2
2006-07	612.00	10,107	16.5
2005-06	596.68	9,820	16.5
2004-05	574.68	9,402	16.4
2003-04	550.50	8,961	16.3
2002-03	546.46	8,553	15.7
2001-02	542.21	8,407	15.5

Source: Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools

# **Projected Enrollment (1)**

2011-12 (2)	10,671
2012-13	10,795
2013-14	11,239
2014-15	11,563
2015-16	11,830

- (1) Based on enrollment projections provided by DeJong-Healy, October 2011.
- (2) Actual Fall 2011 enrollment provided by Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools.



# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and

# Discretely Presented Component Unit - Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2011

Year ended June 30, 2011 Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		Federal catalog number	Expenditures
Primary Government:			
Governmental Activities:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Virginia Department of Social Services:			
State Administrative Matching Grants - Supplemental Nutrition			440.071
Assistance Program		10.561 \$	448,271
ARRA - State Administrative Matching Grants - Supplemental		10.5/1	10.157
Nutrition Assistance Program	ARRA -	10.561	19,157
Total Department of Agriculture			467,428
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Virginia Department of Social Services:			2.202
Promoting Safe and Stable Families		93.556	2,283
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families		93.558	265,500
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs		93.566	860
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance		93.568	19,915
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program		93.599	8,228
Child Welfare Services		93.645	1,520
Foster Care – Title IV-E		93.658	238,696
Adoption Assistance		93.659	153,499
Social Services Block Grant		93.667	196,039
Chafee Foster Care Independent Living		93.674	5,086
State Children's Insurance Program		93.767	11,813
Medical Assistance Program		93.778	266,869
Administration for Children and Families:		00.550	1000
ARRA - Foster Care – Title IV-E	ARRA -	93.658	4,060
ARRA - Adoption Assistance	ARRA -	93.659	9,487
Child Care and Development Cluster:			
Virginia Department of Social Services:		02.555	401.003
Child Care and Development Block Grant		93.575	491,082
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the		02.507	241.202
Child Care and Development Fund		93.596	241,392
Administration for Children and Families:	4 D.D. 4	02.712	42,526
ARRA - Child Care and Development Block Grant	ARRA -	93.713	775,000
Total Child Care and Development Cluster			1,958,855
Total Department of Health and Human Services			1,936,633
Department of Energy -			< <b>202</b>
Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant		81.117	66,292
Total Department of Energy			66,292
Department of Commerce -		11.463	100,000
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration		11.703	100,000
Total Department of Commerce			100,000

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and

### Discretely Presented Component Unit - Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2011

real chaed Julie 50, 2011		Federal	
Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	·	catalog number	Expenditures
Primary Government, continued:			
Department of Homeland Security:			
Port Security Grant Program Cluster:			
Port Security Grant Program		97.056	\$ 22,410
ARRA - Port Security Grant Program	ARRA -	97.116	20,207
Total Port Security Grant Program Cluster			42,617
Homeland Security Grant Program Cluster:			
Virginia Department of Emergency Management:			
State Homeland Security Program		97.073	29,734
Homeland Security Grant Program		97.067	22,272
Total Homeland Security Grant Program Cluster			52,006
Total Department of Homeland Security			94,623
Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Housing Counselor Grant		14.169	5,600
Community Development Block Grants		14.228	340,741
ARRA-Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Assistance	ARRA -	14.257	14,577
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers		14.871	1,063,119*
Total Department of Housing and Community Development			1,424,037
Department of Interior:			
Direct Payment -			
Bureau of Cash Management Payment in lieu of taxes		15.000	7,038
Virginia Department of Health -			
Clean Vessel Act Grant Program		15.616	16,664
Total Department of Interior			23,702
Department of Labor -			
Employee Benefits Security Administration -			
ARRA - COBRA premium assistance	ARRA -	17.151	8,311
Total Department of Labor			8,311
•			

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and

### Discretely Presented Component Unit - Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2011

Year ended June 30, 2011			
Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		Federal catalog number	Expenditures
Primary Government, continued:			
Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: Federal Highway Administration -			
Highway Planning and Construction - ARRA - Federal Aid Highway Program, Federal Lands Program Virginia Department of Transportation -	ARRA -	20.205	\$ 719,343
Transportation Enhancement Programs Fund Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster National Highway Traffic Safety Administration:		20.205	378,446
Highway Safety Grant Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants Alcohol Open Container Requirements		20.600 20.601 20.607	27,699 952 6,632
Total Department of Transportation  Department of Justice:  Bureau of Justice Administration -			1,133,072
BJA - Bulletproof Vests Partnerships Office of Justice Programs:		16.607	6,218
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Office for Victims of Crime -		16.738	14,812
Crime Victim Assistance/Discretionary Grants Total Department of Justice		16.582	4,698 25,728
Department of Criminal Justice Services: Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:			
DCJS Server and DVD Grant		16.738	14,213
Violence Against Women Formula Grants		16.588	25,150
Crime Victim Assistance Total Department of Criminial Justice Services		16.575	75,732 115,095
Environmental Protection Agency - Office of Air and Radiation -			
Climate Showcase Communities Grant Program Total Environmental Protection Agency		66.041	20,482
Total federal awards, primary government-governmental activities			5,437,625
Business-type activity – James City Service Authority: Department of Energy -			
Virginia Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy -			
ARRA - Energy Efficient Appliance Rebate Program	ARRA -	81.127	4,350
Total federal awards, primary government-business-type activity - James City Service Authority			4,350
Total federal awards, primary government			5,441,975

Federal

### COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and

# Discretely Presented Component Unit - Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2011

		catalog			
Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		number	<del></del> .	Expenditures	_
Component Unit – Public Schools:					
Department of Agriculture:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services -					
Food Commodities		10.555	\$	218,583	
Virginia Department of Education:			_		
School Breakfast Program		10.553		340,095	
National School Lunch Program		10.555		1,262,641	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		10.555	-	1,821,319	-*
School Snack Program		10.554	-	6,537	-
Total Department of Agriculture		10.554	-	1,827,856	-
Department of Education:			-		_
Direct Payment -					
Impact Aid		84.041		38,237	
Virginia Department of Education:					
Adult Education – State Grant Program		84.002		43,173	
Title I, Part D, Neglected and Delinquent Children		84.013		77,517	
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund	ARRA -			2,352,319	*
Title IV. Part A, Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities -	7 11(1(2))	01.571		2,002,019	
State Grants		84.186		20,470	
Vocational Education – Basic Grants to States		84.048		122,320	
Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		84.367		298,789	
Title III, Part A, Improving Teacher Quarty State Grants  Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition Grants		84.365		11.187	
		84.215		288,096	
Carol White Physical Education Grant		04.213		200,090	
Title I, Part A Cluster:					
Virginia Department of Education:		04.010		909 440	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		84.010		898,460	
Title I, School Improvement		84.010		173,617	
Title I, Distinguished Schools	4 DD 4	84.010		15,634	
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	ARRA -	84.389	-	244,945	
Total Title I, Part A Cluster				1,332,656	_ ˆ
Special Education Cluster:					
Virginia Department of Education:					
Special Education – Grants to States		84.027		1,570,541	
ARRA - Special Education – Grants to States	ARRA -			1,017,440	
Special Education – Preschool Grants		84.173		25,740	
ARRA - Special Education – Preschool Grants	ARRA -	84.392		28,847	_
Total Special Education Cluster				2,642,568	_ *
Title II, Part D Cluster -					
Virginia Department of Education -					
Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology Program		84.318		6,932	
Total Title II, Part D Cluster				6,932	_

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2011

rear ended June 50, 2011					
Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	· -	Federal catalog number		Expenditures	
Component Unit - Public Schools, continued:					
Department of Education, continued:					
Virginia Department of Education:					
College of William and Mary -					
Project HOPE		84.387	_	16,721	
Total Department of Education			_	7,250,985	
Department of Health and Human Services -					
Head Start Program Cluster:					
Williamsburg-James City County Community Action Agency -					
Head Start		93.600		61,272	
Child Development Resource:					
ARRA - Early Head Start	ARRA -	93.709	_	550,790	
Total Department of Health and Human Services			_	612,062	*
Total federal awards, Component Unit - Public Schools			-	9,690,903	
Total federal awards, reporting entity			\$ _	15,132,878	

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

<sup>\*</sup> Type A Program. All other programs are Type B.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2011

### (1) General

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the County of James City, Virginia (the County) and its component unit, Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### (2) Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

Federal expenditures in the basic financial statements are summarized as follows:

General Fund	\$	107,920
Capital Projects Fund		4,301
Special Revenue Funds		5,325,404
Component Unit – James City Service Authority		4,350
Component Unit – Public Schools	_	9,690,903
·	\$_	15,132,878



# Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of Board of Supervisors County of James City, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *County of James City*, *Virginia*, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the *County of James City*, *Virginia's* basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the *County of James City, Virginia* is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the *County of James City, Virginia's* internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the *County of James City*, *Virginia's* internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the *County of James City, Virginia's* financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions



of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of *County of James City, Virginia* in a separate letter dated November 23, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

Newport News, Virginia November 23, 2011



# Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have A Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of Board of Supervisors County of James City, Virginia

## Compliance

We have audited *County of James City, Virginia's* compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 20111. The *County of James City, Virginia's* major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of the *County of James City, Virginia's* management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the *County of James City, Virginia's* compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program identified in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the *County of James City, Virginia's* compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the *County of James City, Virginia's* compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the *County of James City, Virginia* complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs identified in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 20111.

### **Internal Control over Compliance**

The management of the *County of James City, Virginia* is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements of referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the *County of James City, Virginia's* internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an



opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of James City, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Newport News, Virginia November 23, 2011

Dixon Hughes Goodman LIP



# Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia Laws, Regulations, Contracts and Grants

To The Honorable Members of Board of Supervisors *County of James City, Virginia* 

We have audited the financial statements of the *County of James City, Virginia*, as of and for the year ended June 30, 20111, and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2011.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

County of James City, Virginia, is the responsibility of the County of James City, Virginia's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the County of James City, Virginia's compliance with certain provisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our audit of the financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Following is a summary of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts and grants for which we performed tests of compliance:

### Code of Virginia

- Budget and Appropriation Laws
- Cash and Investments
- Conflicts of Interest
- Debt Provisions
- Retirement Systems
- Procurement
- Unclaimed Property

### **State Agency Requirements**

- Education
- Comprehensive Services Act Funds
- Social Services



The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. This instance is discussed in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 11-1. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County of James City, Virginia had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County of James City, Virginia's Board of Supervisors, management, and the Auditor of Public Accounts and all applicable state agencies and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

Newport News, Virginia November 23, 2011

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2011

### (1) Summary of Auditors' Results

- (a) The type of report issued on the financial statements: unqualified opinion
- (b) Significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed by the audit of the financial statements: **none noted**Material weaknesses: **no**
- (c) Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: no
- (d) Significant deficiencies in internal control over major programs: no
- (e) The type of report issued on compliance for major programs: unqualified opinion
- (f) Any audit findings which are required to be reported under Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133: **no**
- (g) Major programs:
  - Child Care and Development Cluster (CFDA Numbers 93.575, 93.596, and ARRA-93.713), Highway Planning and Construction (CFDA Numbers 20.205 and ARRA-20.205), Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers (CFDA Number 14.871), Title I, Part A Cluster (CFDA Numbers 84.010 and ARRA-84.389), Williamsburg-James City County Community Action Agency-Head Start (CFDA Numbers 93.600 and ARRA-93.709), Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA Numbers 10.555 and 10.553), Special Education Cluster (CFDA Numbers 84.027, 84.173, ARRA-84.391, and ARRA-84.392), State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (CFDA Number ARRA-84.394) State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (CFDA Number 10.561 and ARRA-10.561).
- (h) Dollar threshold used to determine Type A programs: \$453,986
- (i) Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee under Section 530 of OMB Circular A-133: yes
- (2) Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*: none noted
- (3) Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards: none noted
- (4) State Compliance Findings:

### Finding 11-1

**Condition:** The specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns issued by the Virginia Auditor of Public Accounts require in Chapter 3, subsection 3 that appropriate internal controls are in place to ensure that cash is available in the bank for all checks issued.

Criteria: Cash was not available to cover checks written for the Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission on June 30, 2011.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2011

**Effect:** The Treasurer's Office was not in compliance with Chapter 3-3 of the specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns.

**Recommendation:** The Treasurer should implement new controls to monitor the cash requirements for each bank account.

Management's response: The Treasurer agrees with the finding and new controls are in place.

(5) Summary Schedule of Prior Federal Audit Findings: no uncorrected prior federal audit findings-none.