

## CITY OF POQUOSON, VIRGINIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2010



# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

City of Poquoson, Virginia

## Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Prepared by:

The Department of Finance
Theresa S. Owens, CPA, Director of Finance



# Introductory Section

# City of Poquoson, Virginia Government Officials

## **City Council**

Gordon C. Helsel, Jr., Mayor
W. Eugene Hunt, Jr., Vice Mayor
Traci-Dale Crawford
Carey L. Freeman
Frank A. Kreiger
E. Thomas Meree
Charles M. Southall, III

## **City Officials**

J. Randall Wheeler, City Manager
Theresa S. Owens, CPA, Director of Finance
Steven D. Clarke, Treasurer
Graham P. Wilson, Commissioner of the Revenue
D. Wayne Moore, City Attorney
Judy F. Wiggins, City Clerk

#### **School Board**

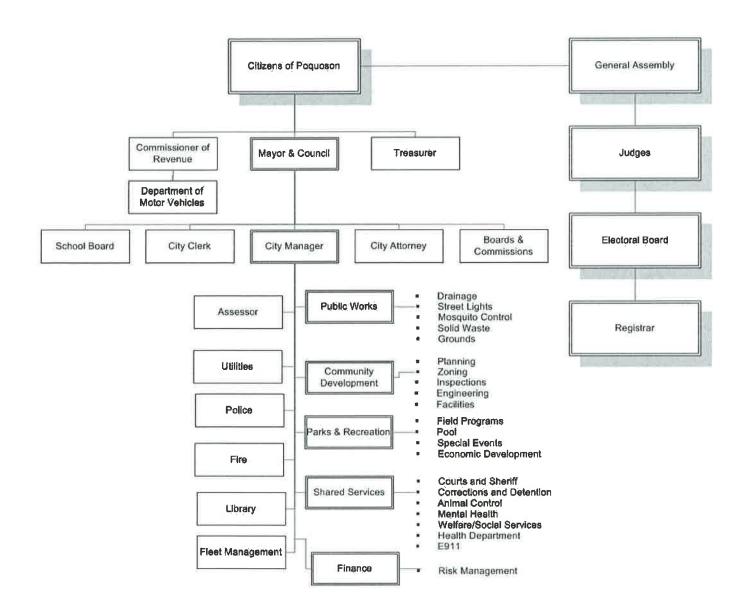
R. Scott Diggs, Chair
Constance B. Sledd, Vice Chair
Robin C. Sydnor
Garry Carter
Beth A. Wilson
William K. Smith
Mark L. Bellamy, Jr.

## **School Officials**

Dr. Jennifer Parrish, Superintendent Dr. Linda Reviea, Deputy Superintendent Bill Bowen, Executive Director of Business and Finance Steven G. Pappas, Executive Director of Operations

## CITY OF POQUOSON, VIRGINIA

#### CITY GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION CHART



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Poquoson Virginia

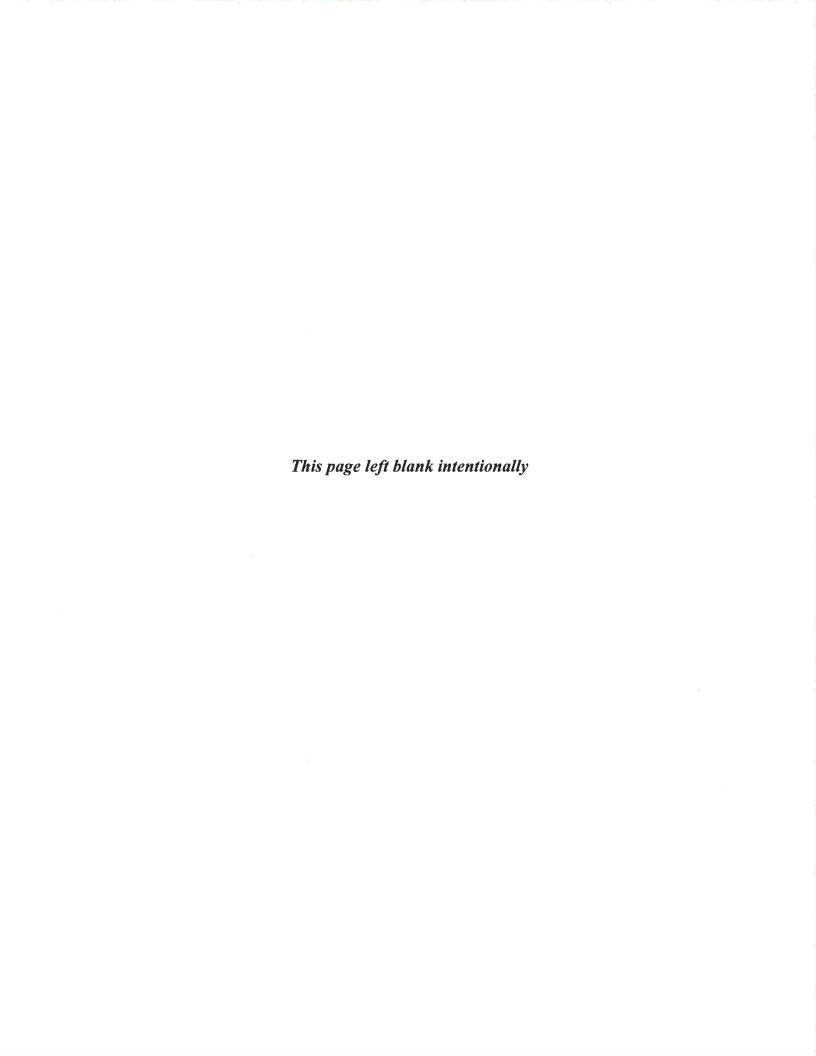
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



714

Executive Director



## City of Poquoson, Virginia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

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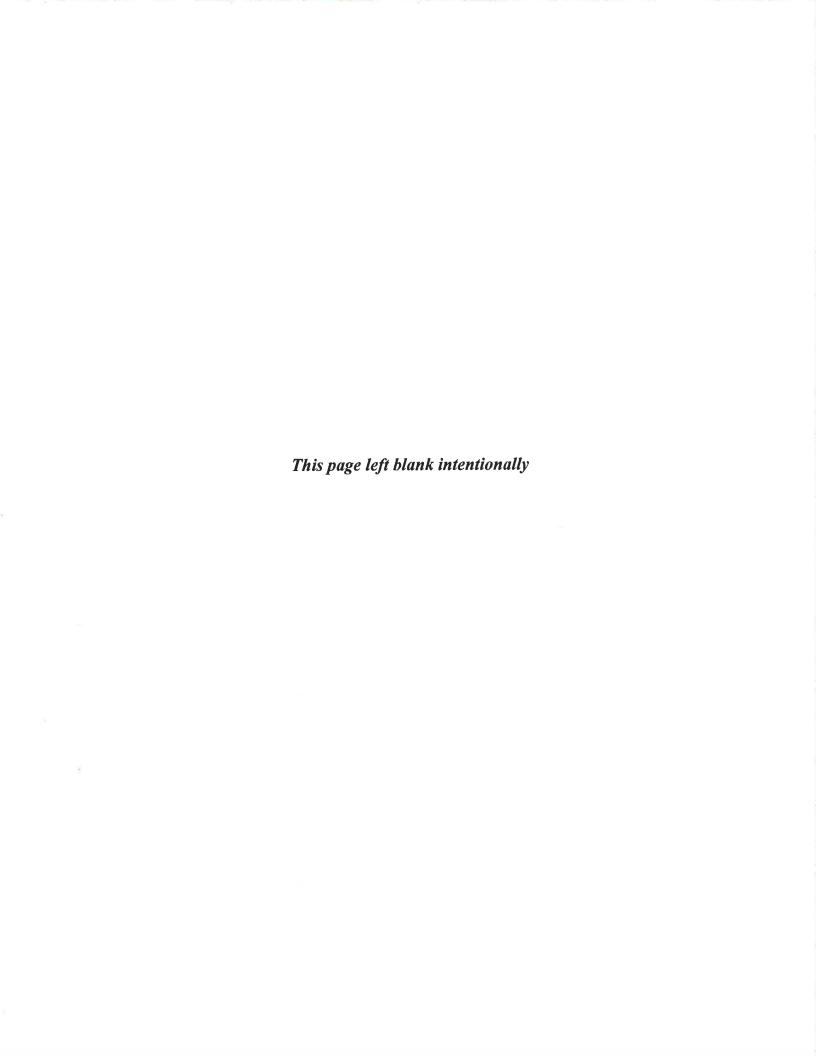
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## CITY OF POOUOSON

500 CITY HALL AVENUE, POQUOSON, VIRGINIA 23662-1996 (757) 868-3000 FAX (757) 868-3101

Office of the City Manage

J. Randall Wheeler

December 6, 2010

To the Honorable Mayor Helsel, Members of City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Poquoson:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Poquoson (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. An audited annual financial report is required in accordance with Article V, Section 11 of the Poquoson City Charter and is presented in conformity with general accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Management assumes full responsibility for the reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Poquoson's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Cherry, Bekaert & Holland, L.L.P., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010. The unqualified report of Cherry, Bekaert & Holland, L.L.P., the highest possible result of the audit process, is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Poquoson was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies and a state compliance audit. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the City's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Poquoson's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### Profile of the City of Poquoson

The City of Poquoson, which had been a part of York County for many years, became a town in 1952 and an independent city in 1975 upon referendum of the citizens. Certain municipal functions continue to be shared with York County.

The City is located in the southeastern part of the state in the Hampton Roads area. The region is the 27<sup>th</sup> largest metropolitan statistical area in the country. The City of Poquoson is a suburban community in the Hampton Roads area and residents often work in neighboring cities and typically have the region's highest median income. The City of Poquoson occupies a land area of 14.7 square miles, and serves an estimated population of 11,800.

The City is organized under the Council-Manager form of government. The Poquoson City Council is comprised of seven members who are elected by voters on a non-partisan basis and serve four-year staggered terms. The City is divided into three precincts, with each precinct entitled to two representatives. The City Mayor is elected at large. Persons elected to City Council take office on the first day of January following the election.

The City Council is the policy determining body of the City. Its responsibilities include: adoption of the City budget; creation, combination or elimination of City departments; approval of all tax levies; approval of amendments, supplements or repeals to ordinances and the City Code; and appointment of the City Manager, City Clerk, City Attorney and various local boards, commissions and committees. The Manager serves at the pleasure of Council, carries out its policies, directs business procedures and has the power of appointment and removal of all heads of departments (except Constitutional Officers) as well as all other employees of the City.

Virginia state statutes put Virginia schools under the dual control of the State Education Board and a local school board. The State Education Board provides operational procedures, standards of education and state school and formulas for partial funding. The City must provide all capital improvement funds, pay debt on school projects and provide any additional operating funds required, but not provided by the State Education Board. The City Council's authority is limited to appointing local school board members and appropriating funds by state established categories. Local school boards do not have taxing or bond issuance authority.

The City of Poquoson provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; and recreational activities, library services, community development activities, and cultural events. The City also owns and operates sewage facilities; picks up trash, recycling, landscaping and bulky items; owns and operates a City pool; and manages various paid recreational activities. In addition to general governing activities, the governing body has significant financial influence over the Schools and the Industrial Development Authority (IDA), both of which are reported separately within the City of Poquoson's financial statements. Additional information on these two legally separate entities can be found in Note 1 in the notes to basic financial statements starting on page 30.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Poquoson's financial planning and control. All agencies and departments of the City of Poquoson are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager in January. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager presents a proposed budget to City Council for review in April. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and must adopt a final budget no later than May 31. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments and additional appropriations require approval of City Council. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Encumbrances are included as budgetary expenditures and therefore do not lapse after year-end. The budget-to-actual comparison for the General Fund starts on page 59 of the report.

#### Local Economy

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City continued to feel the impact of the national and state economic downturns. Real estate sales within the City are down. The decline in the number of home sales has caused a reduction in the number of building permits being issued and the revenue collected for recordation taxes. However, the City did see an increase in the number of vehicles purchased and an increase in value of vehicles resulting in an increase of personal property tax revenue at the end of the fiscal year.

The City is primarily residential in nature and the lack of a strong commercial base in the City places a much higher burden on residents to fund the services of the City compared to neighboring localities. Although the City of Poquoson's tax base is challenged by few commercial enterprises, it is not as susceptible to change as other localities that depend on commercial revenue to fund services. Because of this, the City has seen other types of local revenue remain stable.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

Budgets and the Capital Improvement Plans are adopted annually, taking into consideration input from all organizational levels of the City. The Planning Commission adopts the Capital Improvement Plan; the document then goes to City Council for final approval. Approved capital projects are included in the annual budget document to the extent funds are available. The long-term revenue, expenditure and service implication of continuing or ending existing programs or adding new programs, services, and debt are considered while formulating budgets annually. The City assesses the condition of all major capital assets, including buildings, roads, sewer lines, vehicles, and equipment annually.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

In October 2009, the City formally adopted a series of financial policy guidelines to include debt policies as well as fund balance policies. The City believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the City to provide a stable financial base at all times, therefore one of the fund balance polices adopted included maintaining a minimum unobligated fund balance of 12%-15% of the current year budgeted expenditures.

#### **Major Initiatives**

The City began construction on capacity improvements to pump station 2. The increase in capacity allows the system to meet existing flow requirements and allows for the potential development in the service area. The improvements were substantially complete in the Fall of 2010.

During the fiscal year 2010, the City began implementing the Sanitation Sewer Evaluation Study plan (SSES) as required by the Federal Department of Environmental Quality in order to be in full compliance with the Hampton Roads-wide consent order on sanitary sewer overflows. The first phase is a three-year plan to determine action needing to take place to control sewer overflows. The City is expected to complete this phase of the plan by November 2011.

The City was allocated Federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 funds through the Hampton Roads Transportation Planning Organization for resurfacing part of Wythe Creek Road. Construction on this project began just after the fiscal year ended and was completed in September 2010.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Poquoson for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This was the twenty second consecutive year that the government has received the prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its Annual Appropriated Budget for FY 2010. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, and organization.

For the first time, the City was ranked the "#1 Best Affordable Suburb 2010" in the state of Virginia by Bloomberg *Business Week Magazine*. The factors that were considered in the selection of the City included livability, education, crime, economy and affordability.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department, the School Board Finance Department, the Commissioner's office and the Treasurer's office. Credit also must be given to City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards in the management of the City finances.

Respectfully submitted,

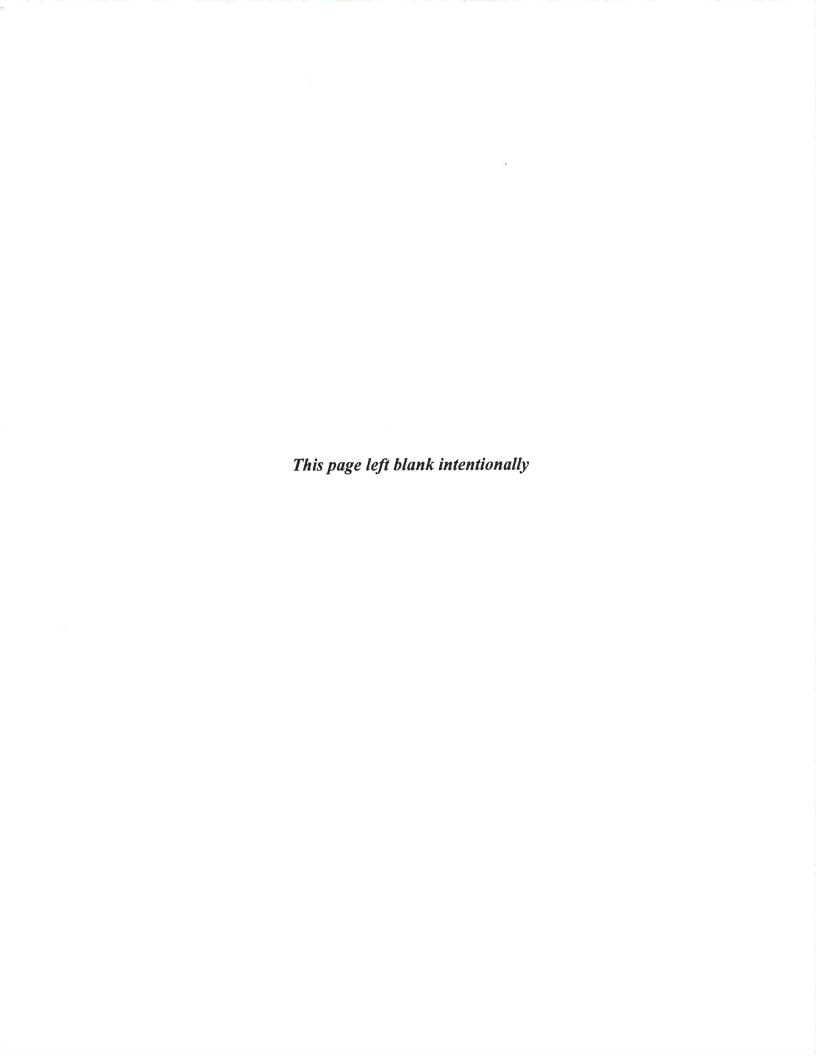
Theresa S. Owens, CPA

Kuya S. Owas

Director of Finance

James R. Wheeler

City Manager





# Financial Section



#### Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Poquoson, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Poquoson, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Poquoson, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audit of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Poquoson, Virginia as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2010 on our consideration of the City of Poquoson, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-17, the budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund on pages 59-64, and the schedules of funding in progress on pages 65-66 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Poquoson, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund statements, statistical section, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund statements and schedules, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections of this report have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Cherry, Bekant . Holland, J. J. P.

Virginia Beach, Virginia December 6, 2010



## City of Poquoson, Virginia

500 City Hall Avenue Poquoson, Virginia 23662

Management's Discussion and Analysis
Financial Highlights
Overview of the Financial Statements
Government-Wide Financial Analysis
Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds
General Fund Budgetary Highlights
Capital Asset and Debt Administration
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets
and Rates
Requests for Information

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fiscal Year July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2010

As management of the City of Poquoson, we offer readers of the City of Poquoson's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our Letter of Transmittal, which can be found on pages vii through xi of this report.

## Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Poquoson exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2010 by \$29.0 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$6.6 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets decreased by \$0.9 million.
- As of June 30, 2010, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.8 million, of which \$4.6 million is available to spend at the City's discretion.
- As of June 30, 2010, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$4.3 million, or 22% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City of Poquoson's total debt outstanding at June 30, 2010 was \$41.3 million.

## Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City of Poquoson's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the City presents financial information with two different perspectives. With GASB Statement No. 34 the City presents government-wide financial statements, which provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status and the fund financial statements, which presents fund-type information on a current financial resource basis.

**Government–Wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Poquoson's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Poquoson's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Poquoson is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Poquoson that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Poquoson include general government and administration; judicial; public safety; public works; health and welfare; recreation and cultural; community development; and grants. The business-type activities of the City of Poquoson include a Sewer Operations Fund, a Parks and Recreation Fund, and a Solid Waste Fund.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Poquoson itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school system, Poquoson Public Schools, and a legally separate Poquoson Industrial Development Authority (IDA) for which the City of Poquoson is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits A and B of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Poquoson uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Poquoson can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Poquoson maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Grant Fund.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on Exhibits C and D of this report.

The City of Poquoson adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget on Exhibit K.

**Proprietary Funds.** The City of Poquoson maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds provide both long-term and short-term information on business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Poquoson uses enterprise funds to account for its Sewer Operations Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund, and Solid Waste Fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Poquoson's departments. The City of Poquoson uses an internal service fund to account for its fleet of vehicles. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, the Fleet fund has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits E, F and G of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of the Friends of the Library, a party outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Poquoson's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund statement can be found on Exhibit H of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 30-58 of this report.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary and other supplementary information concerning the City of Poquoson including financial information on the Poquoson Public School component unit. Supplementary information can be found on pages 59-67 of this report.

## Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Summary of Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

,	Govern Activ		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	FY 2010	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2009
Current and other assets	\$7,369,720	\$6,827,244	\$1,798,009	\$1,295,818	\$9,167,729	\$8,123,062
Capital assets	48,857,538	51,139,328	14,656,576	15,187,650	63,514,114	66,326,978
<b>Total assets</b>	\$56,227,258	\$57,966,572	\$16,454,585	\$16,483,468	\$72,681,843	\$74,450,040
Current and other liabilities	\$2,493,639	\$2,945,103	\$995,561	\$782,851	\$3,489,200	\$3,727,954
Long-term liabilities	31,004,130	31,698,184	9,177,551	9,067,077	40,181,681	40,765,261
Total liabilities	33,497,769	34,643,287	10,173,112	9,849,928	43,670,881	44,493,215
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
Net of related debt	17,493,727	18,654,461	4,923,135	5,595,258	22,416,862	24,249,719
Unrestricted	5,235,762	4,668,824	1,358,338	1,038,282	6,594,100	5,707,106
<b>Total net assets</b>	\$22,729,489	\$23,323,285	\$6,281,473	\$6,633,540	\$29,010,962	\$29,956,825

Net assets serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's combined net assets total \$29.0 million, excluding discretely presented component units. By far, the largest portion of this represents investments in capital assets, such as land, buildings, machinery, and equipment. Capital assets net of related debt total \$22.4 million. The City of Poquoson uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; and thus these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities. Total net assets of \$6.6 million are unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Poquoson is able to report positive balances in both categories of net assets, for the governmental and business-type activities.

**Governmental Activities.** The government's net assets decreased by \$0.9 million during FY 2010. The governmental activities decreased by \$0.6 million and the business-type activities decreased by \$0.3 million. The decrease in the governmental activities is due to the transfer of a jointly owned asset with the School Board. The decrease of the net assets of the business-type activities is primarily due to expenses relating to a special order by consent for sanitary sewer overflows as ordered by the Federal Department of Environmental Quality.

## Summary of Changes in Net Assets June 30, 2010

Revenues:         FY 2010         FY 2019         FY 2010         FY 2019         FY 2019         FY 2019         PY 2019		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Program revenues:   Charges for services		FY 2010	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2009
Charges for services         \$597,637         \$461,386         \$2,410,192         \$2,286,174         \$3,007,829         \$2,747,560           Operating grants and contributions         1,986,470         1,658,180         -         -         1,986,470         1,658,180           General grants and contributions         330,892         2,873,294         -         -         330,892         2,873,294           General revenues:         Real estate and personal property taxes         18,054,307         17,989,555         -         -         18,054,307         17,989,555           Other local taxes         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         102,239         95,694           Reimbursements from other agencies         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694           Miscellaneous         51,462         99,725         99,480         141,797         150,942         241,522           Unrestricted investment earnings         156,139         179,671         30,522         29,264         186,661         208,935           Total revenues         \$2,373,1078         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,271,272         \$28,835,294           Expenses:         General government         2,960,944 </th <th>Revenues:</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Revenues:						
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions (330,892) 2,873,294         -         -         1,986,470         1,658,180           Ceneral revenues:         330,892         2,873,294         -         -         330,892         2,873,294           Real estate and personal property taxes         18,054,307         17,989,555         -         -         18,054,307         17,989,555           Other local taxes         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         2,451,932         2,537,554           Reimbursements from other agencies         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694           Miscellaneous         51,462         99,725         99,480         141,797         150,942         241,522           Unrestricted investment earnings         156,139         179,671         30,522         29,264         186,661         208,935           Total revenues         2,960,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,	Program revenues:						
Capital grants and contributions         330,892         2,873,294         -         -         330,892         2,873,294           General revenues:         Real estate and personal property taxes         18,054,307         17,989,555         -         -         18,054,307         17,989,555           Other local taxes         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         2,451,932         2,537,554           Reimbursements from other agencies         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694           Miscellaneous         51,462         99,725         99,480         141,797         150,942         241,522           Unrestricted investment earnings         156,139         179,671         30,522         29,264         186,661         208,935           Total revenues         523,731,078         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,71,272         \$28,352,294           Expenses:         66,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -	Charges for services	\$597,637	\$461,386	\$2,410,192	\$2,286,174	\$3,007,829	\$2,747,560
General revenues:           Real estate and personal property taxes         18,054,307         17,989,555         -         -         18,054,307         17,989,555         Other local taxes         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694         241,522         29,604         241,522         241,523         241	Operating grants and contributions	1,986,470	1,658,180	-	-	1,986,470	1,658,180
Real estate and personal property taxes         18,054,307         17,989,555         -         -         18,054,307         17,989,555           Other local taxes         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         2,451,932         2,537,554           Reimbursements from other agencies         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694           Miscellaneous         51,462         99,725         99,480         141,797         150,942         241,522           Unrestricted investment earnings         156,139         179,671         30,522         29,264         186,661         208,935           Total revenues         \$23,731,078         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,271,272         \$28,352,294           Expenses:         ****         ****         ****         ****         \$2,60,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286		330,892	2,873,294	-	-	330,892	2,873,294
taxes         18,054,307         17,989,555         -         -         18,054,307         17,989,555           Other local taxes         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         2,451,932         2,537,554           Reimbursements from other agencies         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694           Miscellaneous         51,462         99,725         99,480         141,797         150,942         241,522           Unrestricted investment earnings         156,139         179,671         30,522         29,264         186,661         208,935           Total revenues         \$23,731,078         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,271,272         \$28,352,294           Expenses:         \$2,960,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         1,022,735         1,162,301           Education	General revenues:						
Other local taxes         2,451,932         2,537,554         -         -         2,451,932         2,537,554           Reimbursements from other agencies         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694           Miscellaneous         51,462         99,725         99,480         141,797         150,942         241,522           Unrestricted investment earnings         156,139         179,671         30,522         29,264         186,661         208,935           Total revenues         2,960,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635 <td< td=""><td>Real estate and personal property</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Real estate and personal property						
Reimbursements from other agencies         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694           Miscellaneous         51,462         99,725         99,480         141,797         150,942         241,522           Unrestricted investment earnings         156,139         179,671         30,522         29,264         186,661         208,935           Total revenues         \$23,731,078         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,271,272         \$28,352,294           Expenses:           General government         2,960,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         1,022,735         1,162,301           Education         10,906,525         8,364,349         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -	taxes	18,054,307	17,989,555	·	=	18,054,307	17,989,555
agencies         102,239         95,694         -         -         102,239         95,694           Miscellaneous         51,462         99,725         99,480         141,797         150,942         241,522           Unrestricted investment earnings         156,139         179,671         30,522         29,264         186,661         208,935           Total revenues         \$23,731,078         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,271,272         \$28,352,294           Expenses:         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,271,272         \$28,352,294           Expenses:         \$26,609,44         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,960,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,760,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,760,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,760,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,760,944         \$2,735,018         \$2,822,426         \$2,822,42	Other local taxes	2,451,932	2,537,554	300	-	2,451,932	2,537,554
Miscellaneous Unrestricted investment earnings Total revenues         51,462 179,671         99,725 30,522         99,480 29,264 186,661 208,935         241,522 208,935           Total revenues         \$23,731,078         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,271,272         \$28,352,294           Expenses:         General government         2,960,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         -         -         -         1,100,826         1,263,686         -         -         1,100,826         1,248,390           Sewer         -         -         1,685,334	Reimbursements from other						
Unrestricted investment earnings         156,139         179,671         30,522         29,264         186,661         208,935           Total revenues         \$23,731,078         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,271,272         \$28,352,294           Expensess:         General government         2,960,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         1,022,735         1,162,301           Education         10,906,525         8,364,349         -         -         1,096,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         1,100,826         1,263,686         -         -         1,100,826         1,24	agencies	102,239	95,694	(34)	<u>;=</u>	102,239	95,694
Total revenues         \$23,731,078         \$25,895,059         \$2,540,194         \$2,457,235         \$26,271,272         \$28,352,294           Expenses:           General government         2,960,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         1,100,826         1,263,686         -         -         1,100,826         1,248,390           Sewer         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,665	Miscellaneous	51,462	99,725	99,480	141,797	150,942	241,522
Expenses: General government Public safety & judicial Public works Public Public Works Public Pu	Unrestricted investment earnings	156,139	179,671		29,264	186,661	208,935
General government         2,960,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         1,022,735         1,162,301           Education         10,906,525         8,364,349         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         -         -         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Sewer         -         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste	Total revenues	\$23,731,078	\$25,895,059	\$2,540,194	\$2,457,235	\$26,271,272	\$28,352,294
General government         2,960,944         2,735,018         -         -         2,960,944         2,735,018           Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         1,022,735         1,162,301           Education         10,906,525         8,364,349         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         -         -         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Sewer         -         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste	Expenses:						
Public safety & judicial         6,016,699         5,844,764         -         -         6,016,699         5,741,765           Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         1,022,735         1,162,301           Education         10,906,525         8,364,349         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         -         -         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nomepartmental         -         -         -         -         -         1,100,826         1,248,390           Sewer         -         -         -         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662 <t< td=""><td></td><td>2,960,944</td><td>2.735.018</td><td>22</td><td>9</td><td>2,960,944</td><td>2.735.018</td></t<>		2,960,944	2.735.018	22	9	2,960,944	2.735.018
Public works         950,043         1,780,286         -         -         950,043         1,780,286           Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         1,022,735         1,162,301           Education         10,906,525         8,364,349         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         -         -         -         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         1,100,826         1,248,390           Sewer         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste         -         -         -         766,921         768,565         766,921         768,565           Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,				8	<u>u</u>	, ,	
Health and welfare         1,022,735         1,162,301         -         -         1,022,735         1,162,301           Education         10,906,525         8,364,349         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         -         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nower         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste         -         -         -         766,921         768,565         766,921         768,565           Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,766,970         27,217,135         26,579,009           Change in net a	• •			2 <b>=</b> :	≦		
Education         10,906,525         8,364,349         -         -         10,906,525         8,364,349           Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         -         -         -         -         -         1,100,826         1,263,686         -         -         -         1,100,826         1,248,390           Sewer         -         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste         -         -         -         766,921         768,565         766,921         768,565           Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,766,970         27,217,135         26,579,009           Change in net assets before transfers		,		::=:	-	,	
Parks, recreation, cultural         859,051         1,389,000         -         -         859,051         1,389,000           Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         -         -         -         -         -         1,100,826         1,248,390           Sewer         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste         -         -         -         766,921         768,565         766,921         768,565           Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,766,970         27,217,135         26,579,009           Change in net assets before transfers         (632,796)         2,083,020         (313,067)         (309,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         -         -           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         <				28	-	, ,	, ,
Community development         547,051         1,272,635         -         -         547,051         1,272,635           Nondepartmental         -         -         -         -         1,100,826         1,263,686         -         -         1,100,826         1,248,390           Sewer         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste         -         -         766,921         768,565         766,921         768,565           Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,766,970         27,217,135         26,579,009           Change in net assets before transfers         (632,796)         2,083,020         (313,067)         (309,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         -         -           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540				200			
Nondepartmental   Interest and fees on long-term debt   1,100,826   1,263,686   -   -   1,100,826   1,248,390		,		(: <u>=</u> )	<u>_</u>		
Interest and fees on long-term debt         1,100,826         1,263,686         -         -         1,100,826         1,248,390           Sewer         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste         -         -         766,921         768,565         766,921         768,565           Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,766,970         27,217,135         26,579,009           Change in net assets before transfers         (632,796)         2,083,020         (313,067)         (309,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540         6,973,275         29,956,825         28,183,540		,	-,-,-,-,-	50 <b>4</b> 0	-	,	-,,
Sewer         -         -         1,685,334         1,534,743         1,685,334         1,534,743           Parks and recreation         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste         -         -         766,921         768,565         766,921         768,565           Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,766,970         27,217,135         26,579,009           Change in net assets before transfers         (632,796)         2,083,020         (313,067)         (309,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         -         -           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540         6,973,275         29,956,825         28,183,540		1,100,826	1,263,686	1040	-	1,100,826	1.248.390
Parks and recreation         -         -         401,006         463,662         401,006         463,662           Solid waste         -         -         -         766,921         768,565         766,921         768,565           Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,766,970         27,217,135         26,579,009           Change in net assets before transfers         (632,796)         2,083,020         (313,067)         (309,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         -         -           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540         6,973,275         29,956,825         28,183,540		#	9#S	1,685,334	1,534,743		
Solid waste         -         -         766,921         768,565         766,921         768,565           Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,766,970         27,217,135         26,579,009           Change in net assets before transfers         (632,796)         2,083,020         (313,067)         (309,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         -         -           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540         6,973,275         29,956,825         28,183,540		-	(#):				
Total expenses         24,363,874         23,812,039         2,853,261         2,766,970         27,217,135         26,579,009           Change in net assets before transfers         (632,796)         2,083,020         (313,067)         (309,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         -         -           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540         6,973,275         29,956,825         28,183,540	Solid waste	_	(#)	· ·		,	
Change in net assets before transfers         (632,796)         2,083,020         (313,067)         (309,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         -         -         -           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540         6,973,275         29,956,825         28,183,540	Total expenses	24,363,874	23,812,039				
transfers         (632,796)         2,083,020         (313,067)         (309,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         -         -         -           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540         6,973,275         29,956,825         28,183,540	_	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Transfers         39,000         30,000         (39,000)         (30,000)         -         -           Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540         6,973,275         29,956,825         28,183,540		(632,796)	2,083,020	(313,067)	(309,735)	(945,863)	1,773,285
Decrease in net assets         (593,796)         2,113,020         (352,067)         (339,735)         (945,863)         1,773,285           Net assets, beginning of year         23,323,285         21,210,265         6,633,540         6,973,275         29,956,825         28,183,540			, ,				_,,
Net assets, beginning of year 23,323,285 21,210,265 6,633,540 6,973,275 29,956,825 28,183,540	Decrease in net assets					(945,863)	1,773,285
		` ' '	, ,		, , ,	. , ,	
					<del></del>		<del></del>

The City's largest revenue source is general property taxes.

	FY 2010	FY 2009
Real estate tax revenue	\$13,511,422	\$13,451,653
Public service corporation taxes	137,777	109,197
Personal property taxes	2,251,205	2,335,554
Penalties and interest	123,433	138,018
Total	\$16,023,837	\$16,034,422

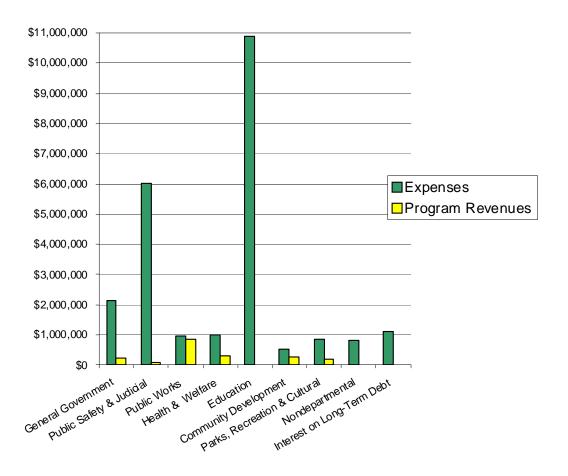
Real estate revenue increases in FY 2010 were due to an increase in assessments of public service corporations. The City's real estate property tax assessments were \$1,719,852,121 and \$1,698,795,508 for FY 2010 and FY 2009, respectively. The City's real estate tax rate was \$0.81 per \$100 of assessed value in FY 2010 and FY 2009.

The City's personal property tax assessments were \$130,921,970 and \$120,265,823 for FY 2010 and FY 2009 respectively. In FY 2010 and FY 2009 the City's personal property tax rate was \$4.15 per \$100 of assessed value for vehicles, \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed value for recreational vehicles and boats, and \$0.81 per \$100 of assessed value for mobile homes. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA), the state's share of local personal property tax was \$1,923,431 for FY 2010 and FY 2009, and is classified as reimbursements from other agencies on the statement of activities.

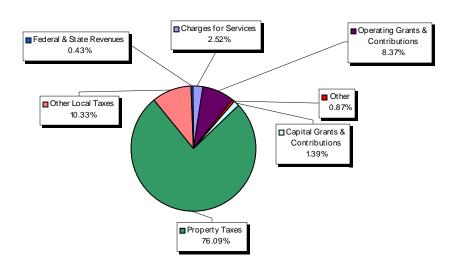
Other local taxes were \$2.5 million for FY 2010 and FY 2009, respectively, and consisted of meals taxes, consumers' utilities taxes, franchise license taxes, motor vehicle license taxes and a variety of other taxes.

For FY 2010, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$24.3 million, including an expense of \$10.9 million to the School Board component unit and a \$40,000 payment to the IDA component unit. For FY 2009, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$23.8 million, including a net payment of \$8.7 million to the School Board component unit and \$51,250 payment to the IDA component unit.

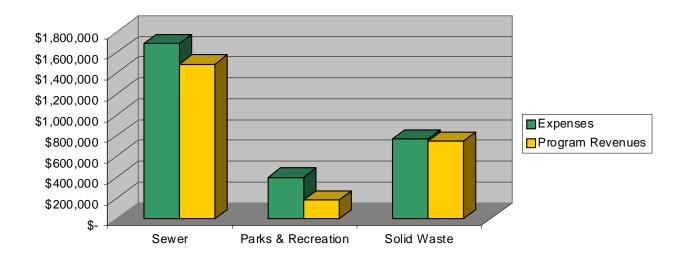
#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities**



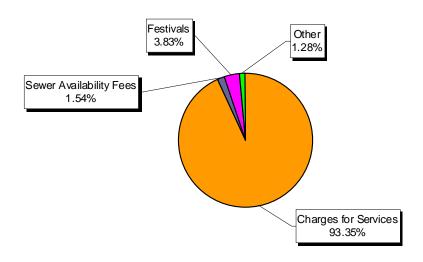
#### **Revenues by Sources - Governmental Activities**



#### **Expense and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities**



#### **Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities**

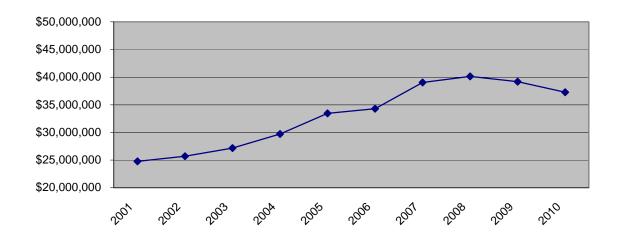


**Business-Type Activities.** Business-type activities decreased the City's net assets before transfers by \$.31 million and \$.35 million after transfers. In order to keep the sewer usage rates from increasing significantly, City Council has budgeted to use a portion of net assets. In FY 2010, the City began the implementation of the evaluation of the sewer system as called for by the Sanitary Sewer Evaluation Study to comply with the special order by consent for the sanitary sewer overflows as ordered by the Department of Environmental Quality. Parks and Recreation user charges continue to be held as low as possible to accommodate all citizens, but have increasing expenses. The Parks and Recreation Fund had net losses over the last few years, indicating the need to either raise user fees or to receive supplemental government funds.

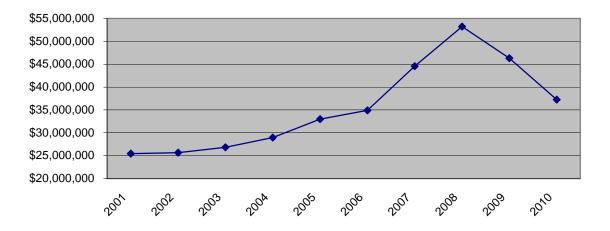
## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Below is a summary of general governmental revenues and expenditures over a ten-year period. Amounts include the City's General, Debt Service, Grant, and Capital Projects Funds, and the school's General and Special Revenue Funds.

## **General Governmental Revenues**



## **General Governmental Expenditures**



## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City of Poquoson uses fund accounting and budgeting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The General Fund budgetary comparison to actual can be found on Exhibit K. The City records actual revenues and expenditures using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) with the exception of encumbrances, which are included as budgetary expenditures. At the end of Exhibit K, the non-GAAP budgetary expenditures are reconciled to the GAAP statements. The budget differences of \$.76 million between the original budget and the final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$.11 million additional transfer to the schools for the prior year unspent transfer for the outdoor classroom and to offset various revenue reductions from the state.
- \$.19 million re-appropriation of restricted revenue received for the Police Department, Fire Department and Library.
- \$.07 million appropriation for various grants for public safety.
- \$.07 million appropriation for additional revenue for donations relating to a park.
- \$.28 million appropriation of public assistance funds from both the state and federal emergency management agencies for reimbursement of a declared disaster.

The charts on the following page show the original approved budget, the final amended budget, and actual amounts for both revenues and expenditures in the General Fund.

#### **General Fund Revenue**

\$18,000,000 \$16,000,000 \$14,000,000

\$12,000,000

\$10,000,000

\$8,000,000 \$6,000,000 \$4,000,000 \$2,000,000

# Comparison of Budget to Actual Original Budget Amended Budget Actual

**Transfers** 

State &

Federal

Revenue

The City's actual general fund revenues of \$23.4 million surpassed the original budget by \$.4 million and show a decrease of \$.3 million from the amended budget. The City saw an increase in personal property tax assessments for calendar year 2010, therefore the June personal property tax revenue was approximately \$.32 million higher than originally budgeted. There was also an increase in the assessment of personal service corporations causing a slight increase in the real estate tax revenue.

Other Local

Revenue

#### **General Fund Expenditures**

General

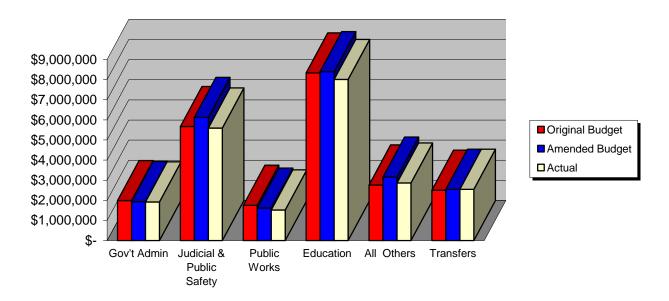
Property

Taxes

Other Local

**Taxes** 

## **Comparison of Budget to Actual**



As reflected above, actual General Fund expenditures were \$22.5 million. The decrease in expenditures is a result of various vacancies in public safety and public works that were not filled for a majority of the year and the City reducing capital outlay and capital fund projects.

The budgetary comparison can be found on Exhibit K. For budgetary purposes, the City includes encumbrances outstanding at year-end in expenditures, which is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP). A reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP is also shown on Exhibit K.

## Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used by the City to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects and large equipment purchases for the general government.

The major sources of funding for the Capital Projects are transfers from the General Fund and debt proceeds. The Capital Projects Fund also received state funding for street projects.

During FY 2010, capital projects of \$.8 million included the final construction costs for the new elementary school, new park development, and highway and drainage improvements.

## Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010, amounted to \$63.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, sewer system, and allocated school buildings. The City owns roads, streetlights, and other infrastructure, but has only capitalized these assets placed in service since July 1, 2002. Infrastructure was capitalized beginning in FY 2007. The School Board component unit owns their school buildings; however, the City has issued the debt and/or provided the resources to build and renovate school buildings. Thus the State Code allows the schools to allocate a portion of their asset to the City, if the City has outstanding debt on the school building.

The following table summarizes capital assets, net of depreciation:

	Govern Activ		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	FY 2010	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2009
Land	\$3,014,479	\$2,898,979	\$243,216	\$243,216	\$3,257,695	\$3,142,195
Construction in progress	379,374	19,943,410	101,066	2 <u>0</u> 9	480,440	19,943,410
Buildings	6,878,161	7,104,575	4,516	7,628	6,882,677	7,112,203
Infrastructure	7,229,151	6,434,046	9	-	7,229,151	6,434,046
Land Improvements	1,855,574	1,973,353	<u> </u>	•	1,855,574	1,973,353
Machinery and equipment	6,048,811	3,015,887	247,267	309,711	6,296,078	3,325,598
Sewer system	3	=	13,982,233	14,568,138	13,982,233	14,568,138
Sewer easement			7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
Intangible	<b>=</b>	<del></del>	71,278	51,957	71,278	51,957
Allocated school buildings	26,451,988	9,769,078			26,451,988	9,769,078
Total	\$48,857,538	\$51,139,328	\$14,656,576	\$15,187,650	\$63,514,114	\$66,326,968

**Debt Administration.** Total outstanding general obligation debt at June 30, 2010 was \$41.2 million of which \$31.3 million is considered to be net direct tax supported debt. Included in the total debt are \$29.0 million in bonds and leases, and \$2.3 million in State Literary Loans. The remaining \$9.9 million are bonds for the sewer system that are essentially paid for by revenues in the Sewer Operations Fund.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government may issue up to 10% of its total assessed valuation of real estate and public service corporations. The June 30, 2010 debt limitation for the City of Poquoson is \$172 million, which is significantly in excess of the City of Poquoson's \$41.2 million outstanding net direct bonded debt.

Net Direct Tax Supported Debt General Governmental Activities

	FY 2010	FY 2009
Net direct bonded debt	\$31,367,902	\$32,705,705
Ratio of outstanding direct debt to assessed value	1.82%	1.92%
Net debt per capita	\$2,640	\$2,773

More detailed information on the City of Poquoson's long-term debt activity and capital asset activity can be found in Notes 7, 8 and 9 of this report.

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

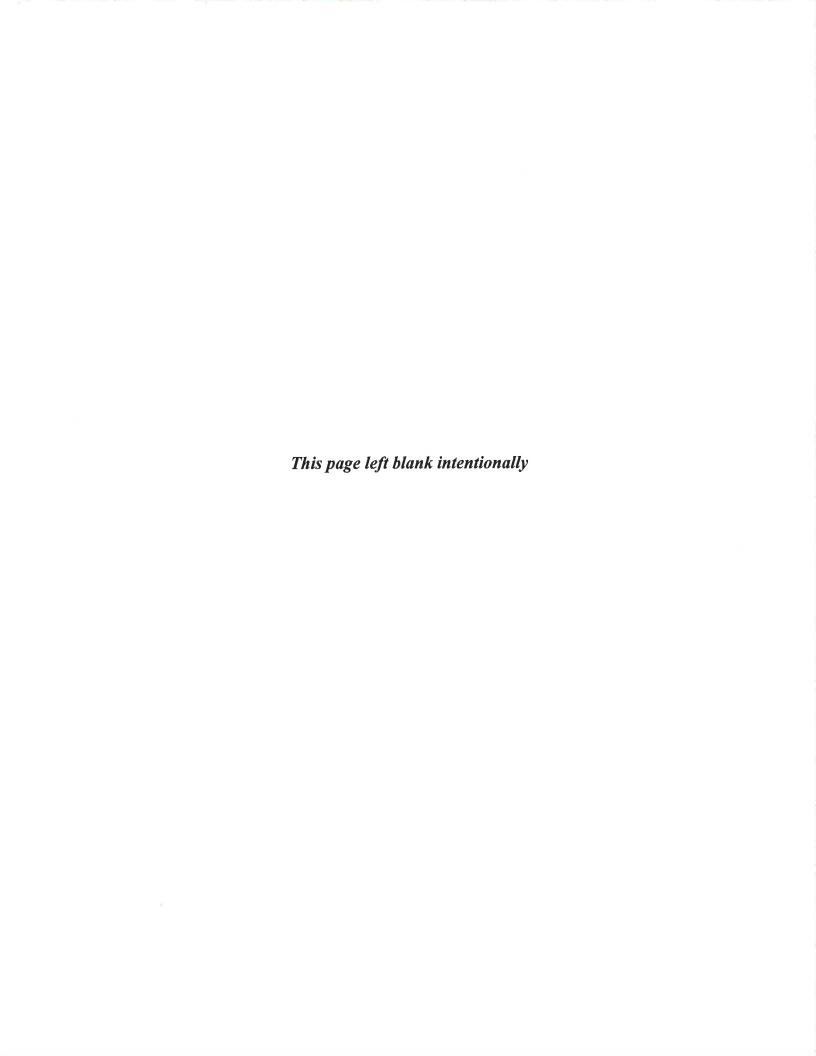
The FY 2011 budget was prepared with economic trends within the City taken into account:

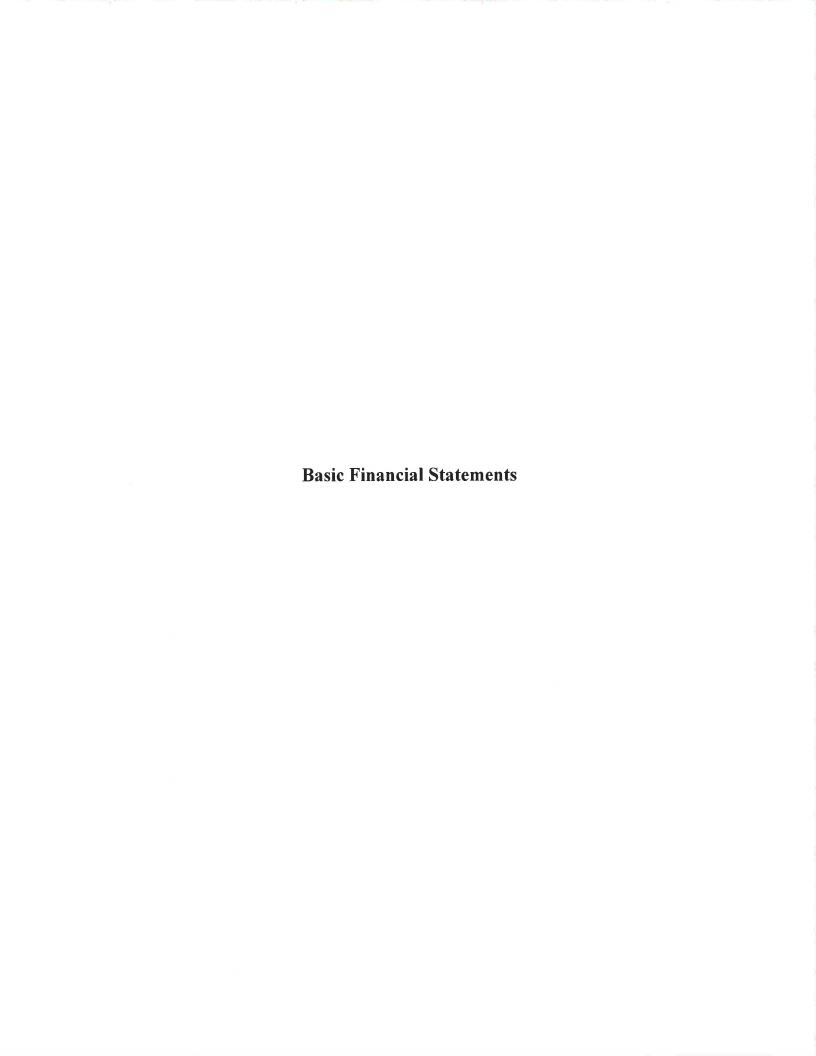
- The unemployment rate for the City of Poquoson was 5.7% compared to a state-wide rate of 6.7% and a national average of 9.7%.
- The real estate tax rate of \$0.81 per \$100 of assessed value and personal property tax rate of \$4.15.
- It is expected that there will be decreases in funding from the Commonwealth of Virginia in FY 2011 and FY 2012 due to economic conditions state-wide and nationally.
- FY 2011 is not a reassessment year. Therefore the budget was developed using a small growth factor of less than \( \frac{1}{4} \)%.

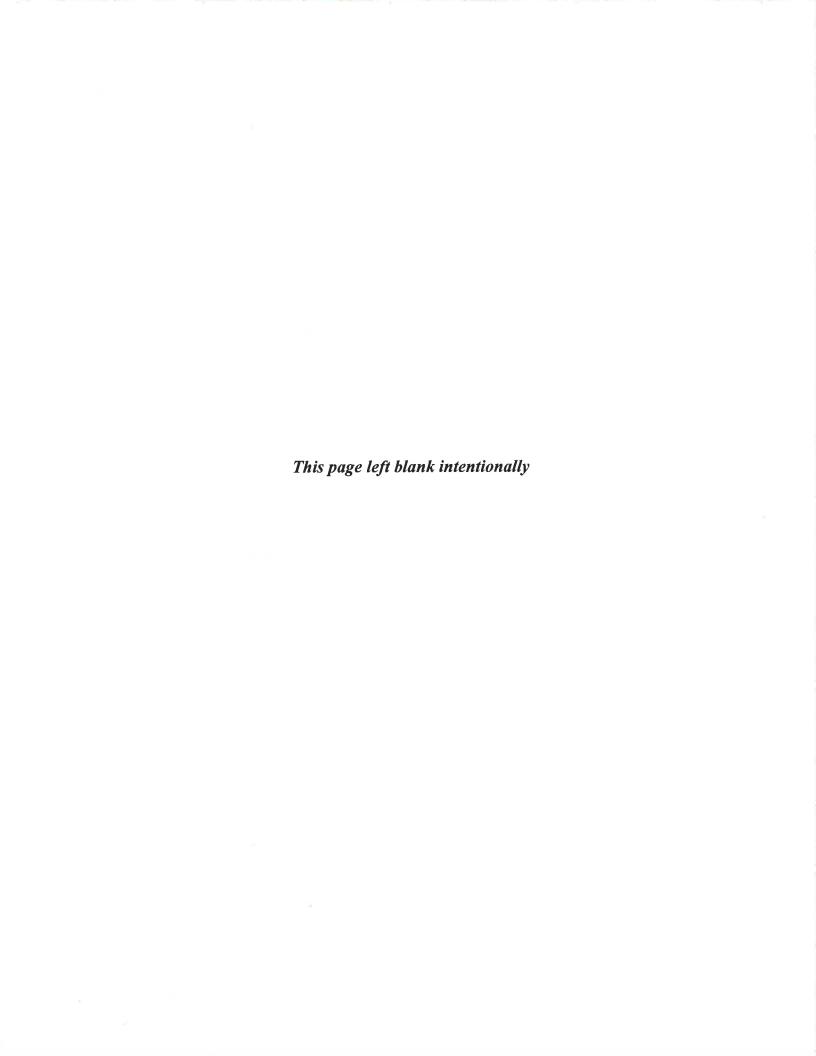
## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Poquoson's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Theresa S. Owens, CPA Director of Finance 500 City Hall Avenue Poquoson, Virginia 23662







# Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

	1	Pri	imary Governm	ent			
	Governmenta	1	Business-Type			(	Component
	Activities		Activities		Total		Units
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 5,025,055	5	\$ 1,384,100	\$	6,409,155	\$	3,181,592
Property taxes receivable, net	539,184	ļ.	*		539,184		*
Other receivables, net	134,479	)	408,018		542,497		22
Due from component units	89,096	ó	<u> </u>		89,096		<u> </u>
Due from other governments	1,269,053	}	=		1,269,053		405,411
Inventory	20,574	ŀ	2,270		22,844		8,090
Prepaid items	2		150		150		#
Notes receivable	292,279	)	3,471		295,750		-
Capital assets	2 202 252		244 202		2 720 125		0.710.56
Land and construction-in-process	3,393,853		344,282		3,738,135		2,718,563
Other capital assets, net	45,463,685		14,312,294	-	59,775,979		5,748,204
Capital assets, net	48,857,538	3	14,656,576		63,514,114		8,466,767
Total assets	\$ 56,227,258	3	\$ 16,454,585	\$	72,681,843	\$	12,061,860
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,202,570	)	\$ 246,490	\$	1,449,060	\$	2,695,568
Bank overdraft	-		40,295		40,295		-
Accrued interest	340,444	ŀ	120,077		460,521		-
Line of credit	-		<b>(4)</b>		¥		1,416,438
Due to primary government					-		89,096
Noncurrent liabilities							
Due within one year	950,625	5	588,699		1,539,324		80,431
Due in more than one year	30,951,505		9,174,594		40,126,099		297,898
Other post employment benefit obligation	52,625		2,957		55,582		77,537
Total liabilities	33,497,769		10,173,112		43,670,881		4,656,968
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	17,493,727	7	4,923,135		22,416,862		7,050,329
Unrestricted	5,235,762		1,358,338		6,594,100		354,563
Total net assets	22,729,489		6,281,473		29,010,962		7,404,892
	\$ 56,227,258	3	\$ 16,454,585	\$	72,681,843	\$	12,061,860

# Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2010						D				Not Dave	voa (Evrana	aa) am	d Changes in Net	Aggeta
			_		_	ram Revenues		Comital	_		nary Govern		1 Changes in Net	Assets
				CI.		Operating		Capital	_		*			C
		_		Charges		Grants and		rants and	G		Business-Ty	pe	T . 1	Component
Functions/Programs		Expenses	F	or Services	C	ontributions	Co	ntributions		Activities	Activities		Total	Units
Primary Government														
Government activities			•	254 122	_				Φ.	(0.50(.4(0).4	,	•	(2.50(.4(2)	Φ.
General government and administration	\$	2,960,944	\$	254,482	\$	451.460	\$	S <del>*</del>	\$	(2,706,462)	•	\$	( ) / /	2 = 3
Public safety and judicial		6,016,699		103,169		451,462				(5,462,068)	•		(5,462,068)	•
Public works		950,043		-		840,000		327,802		217,759	-		217,759	(4)
Health and welfare		1,022,735		: 🐠 🤆		290,993		( <del>*</del>		(731,742)	-		(731,742)	:50
Education		10,906,525		=		8		3/5		(10,906,525)	-		(10,906,525)	•
Parks, recreation, cultural		859,051		217,372		150,890		-		(490,789)	-		(490,789)	-
Community development		547,051		22,614		253,125		3,090		(268,222)	7.		(268,222)	350
Interest and fees on long-term debt		1,100,826				3				(1,100,826)	1		(1,100,826)	
Total governmental activities		24,363,874		597,637		1,986,470		330,892	_	(21,448,875)	-		(21,448,875)	(⊕)
Business-type activities														
Sewer		1,685,334		1,487,157		10		2		-	(198,1		(198,177)	3€3
Parks and recreation		401,006		179,070		9		*		-	(221,9	36)	(221,936)	(*3)
Solid waste		766,921		743,965				=		( <del>-</del> )	(22,9	56)	(22,956)	3
Total business-type activities		2,853,261		2,410,192		3		•	_	(2)	(443,0	69)	(443,069)	
Total primary government	\$	27,217,135	\$	3,007,829	\$	1,986,470	\$	330,892		(21,448,875)	(443,0	69)	(21,891,944)	
Component Units														
Poquoson Public Schools	\$	21,968,642	\$		\$	13,175,647	\$	<u>#</u>		120			12	(8,341,422)
Industrial Development Authority	_	102,461		27,419		-			_				19:	(75,042)
Total component units	\$	22,071,103	\$	478,992	\$	13,175,647	\$	<u> </u>	0	2	Ē		~	(8,416,464)
Ge		l Revenues												
	Re	eal estate and	perso	onal property t	axes	3				18,054,307			18,054,307	·**
		ther local taxe								2,451,932	ŧ.		2,451,932	-
		yments from								320			2	10,392,148
	Re	eimbursement	s fro	m other agenc	ies 1	not restricted to	o spe	cific programs		102,239			102,239	3 <b></b>
	M	iscellaneous								51,462	99,4	80	150,942	141,501
	Uı	nrestricted inv	estm	ent earnings						156,139	30,5	22	186,661	(2)
	Ga	ain (Loss) on o	dispo	sal of capital	asse	ts				-	8		₩.	(283,621)
Tra	ansfo	ers	-							39,000	(39,0	00)		
		Total genera	al rev	venues, trans	fers	and miscella	neou	5	_	20,855,079	91,0	02	20,946,081	10,250,028
Ch	ange	in net assets	3							(593,796)	(352,0	67)	(945,863)	1,833,564
Ne	t ass	ets, beginnin	g of	year						23,323,285	6,633,5	40	29,956,825	5,571,328
No	+ 000	ets, end of ye								22,729,489			29,010,962	\$ 7,404,892

# Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

# June 30, 2010

Assets		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	*(	Grant	Go	Total overnmental Funds
G. I. and an I. Sanatan and	¢.	2 620 225	\$		\$	1,238,423	\$	18,875	\$	4,877,633
Cash and cash investments	\$	3,620,335	Ф	1,00	Ф	1,230,423	Ф	10,075	Φ	539,184
Property taxes receivable, net		539,184		-				29,199		134,315
Other receivables		105,116				-		,		
Notes receivable		292,279				\ <del>_</del>		•		292,279
Due from component units		89,096		383		2.		ē <del>5</del> 3		89,096
Due from other governmental units		1,269,053						•		1,269,053
Total assets	\$	5,915,063	\$	•	\$	1,238,423	\$	48,074	\$	7,201,560
Liabilities										
4 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	φ	(21 000	\$		\$	328,519	\$	48,074	\$	998,401
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	621,808	Ф	-	Ф	·	Φ	46,074	Φ	403,173
Deferred revenue	_	403,173		((€)		220.510		48,074	_	1,401,574
Total liabilities	-	1,024,981		(¥)		328,519		40,074		1,401,574_
Fund Balances										
Fund balances										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances		55,584				=		ŝ		55,584
Loans		292,279				π.		<del></del>		292,279
Construction		*		*		651,191		=		651,191
Asset forfeiture		83,704		*		#		*		83,704
Fire department		100,858		#		*		-		100,858
Heritage Park		6,060		22		<u></u>		¥		6,060
Library		13,015		-		2		-		13,015
Undesignated		4,338,582				258,713		ä		4,597,295
Total fund balances	Ξ	4,890,082		-		909,904				5,799,986
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,915,063	\$	¥	\$	1,238,423	\$	48,074	\$	7,201,560

# Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

### Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Assets

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	5,799,986
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation.		48,848,839
Other long-term assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		403,173
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		126,483
Other liabilities not paid from current-period revenues are not reported in funds for:		
Accrued interest Accrued compensated absences Accrued termination benefits Other post employment benefit obligation		(340,444) (513,964) (179,701) (51,073)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net of capitalized bond issuance costs and deferred bond issuance charges, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	1	(31,363,810)
Total net assets - governmental activities	\$	22,729,489

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2010

		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Grant	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues					•			ф	16 002 025
General property taxes	\$	16,023,837	\$	( <b>5</b> )	\$	·-· \$	ā	Э	16,023,837
Other local taxes		2,451,932		5 <del>0.</del> 33		350	-		2,451,932
Permits, privilege fees		=0.04=							70.047
and regulatory licenses		70,947		-		3 <del> +</del> 3	=		70,947
Fines and forfeitures		54,836		-		1.000	-		54,836
Revenue from use of money and property		156,138		-		1,288	-		157,426
Charges for services		217,372		**			2 000		217,372
Intergovernmental		4,266,620		•		327,802	3,090		4,597,512
Miscellaneous		60,625			_	*			60,625
Total revenues		23,302,307			_	329,090	3,090	_	23,634,487
Expenditures									
General government administration		1,924,481		:=:		*	75		1,924,481
Public safety and judicial		5,601,358		-		€	9		5,601,358
Public works		1,530,904		***		#3	94.5		1,530,904
Health and welfare		1,016,083		=		<u>2</u>	<b>2</b> 9		1,016,083
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,003,795				#	G#4		1,003,795
Community development		494,362		-		ŝ	35,167		529,529
Nondepartmental		329,279		953			₩.		329,279
Education		8,008,392					1 <del>11</del> 40		8,008,392
Industrial Development Authority		40,000		(( <del>#</del> )		=	:=::		40,000
Capital outlay		,		9₩:		838,069	(4)		838,069
Debt service:						<b>,</b>			ŕ
Principal retirement		3 <u>4</u> 0		1,358,073		2	-		1,358,073
Interest and fiscal charges				1,201,041		2 ■	-		1,201,041
Bond issuance costs		-		234,339		ω_	-		234,339
Total expenditures	_	19,948,654	_	2,793,453	_	838,069	35,167	_	23,615,343
1 otal expenditures	_	17,740,034		2,775,155		000,000	55,257		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							4		10.111
over expenditures	_	3,353,653		(2,793,453)	_	(508,979)	(32,077)		19,144
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		130,000		2,410,984		46,751	923		2,587,735
Transfers out		(2,548,735)	,	¥		<u> </u>	724		(2,548,735)
Issuance of debt:		, , ,							
Refunding bonds issued		31 <b>-</b> 3		15,170,000		1 <del>0</del> .0	-		15,170,000
GO bonds issued		97#0				215,000	85		215,000
Preimum on issuance of debt				662,479		8,052			670,531
Payment of refunded bonds		241		(15,598,140)		-	o <del>2=</del> 1		(15,598,140)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,418,735)	)	2,645,323		269,803	-		496,391
Net change in fund balances		934,918		(148,130)		(239,176)	(32,077)		515,535
Fund balances, July 1, 2009		3,955,164		148,130		1,149,080	32,077		5,284,451
Fund balances, June 30, 2010	\$	4,890,082	\$		\$	909,904 \$		\$	5,799,986

\$

(593,796)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

### Year Ended June 30, 2010

Change in net assets - governmental activities

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	515,535
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		107,039
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense Assets transferred to component unit		1,710,928 (1,794,327) (2,195,091)
Proceeds from bond issuance provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
Debt issued		(15,385,000)
Premiums on debt issued, net		(664,036)
Deferred refunding charge, net Repayment of debt principal		447,920 16,722,173
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Interest expense		114,178
Compensated absences		39,025
Other post employment benefits liability		(18,692)
Accrued termination benefits		(179,701)
Internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of fleet management to individual		(12 = 1=)
departments. The net gain of the fleet management fund is reported with governmental activities.	<u> </u>	(13,747)

# Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds

T		_	2	Λ	1	n	1	n
J	un	c	J	V٩	4	v	1	v

Assets  Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Note receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses Total current assets  Noncurrent assets Capital assets	\$	Sewer Operation  1,257,389 266,101 3,471 1,526,961	-	Proprieta Parks and Lecreation 150	\$	Solid Waste 126,711 141,917	\$	Total	]	ctivities - Internal vice Funds
Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Note receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses Total current assets  Noncurrent assets Capital assets		1,257,389 266,101 3,471	R	Lecreation -	\$	Waste 126,711 141,917	\$	1,384,100	Ser	vice Funds
Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Note receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses Total current assets  Noncurrent assets Capital assets		1,257,389 266,101 3,471		•	\$	126,711 141,917	\$	1,384,100		
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Note receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses Total current assets  Noncurrent assets Capital assets	\$	266,101 3,471	\$		\$	141,917	\$		\$	1.45 100
Accounts receivable Note receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses Total current assets  Noncurrent assets Capital assets	<u> </u>	266,101 3,471	Ψ	-	Ψ	141,917	Ψ		Ψ	147,422
Note receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses Total current assets  Noncurrent assets Capital assets		3,471		- 150				408,018		164
Inventory Prepaid expenses Total current assets  Noncurrent assets Capital assets				150		72		3,471		(4)
Prepaid expenses Total current assets  Noncurrent assets Capital assets		1,526,961		150		2,270		2,270		20,574
Total current assets  Noncurrent assets  Capital assets		1,526,961	_			2,270		150		= 0,0 / .
Noncurrent assets Capital assets		1,520,701		150		270,898		1,798,009		168,160
Capital assets				100		210,050		2,77 0,0 05		
-										
<b>₽</b>										
Land		214,666		28,550		<u>#</u>		243,216		-
Construction in progress		101,066				-		101,066		-
Buildings				254,179		9,943		264,122		41,742
Sewer system		21,737,935		-		*		21,737,935		-
Equipment		476,424		152,756		314,713		943,893		31,887
Less - accumulated depreciation		(8,083,406)		(321,733)		(228,517)		(8,633,656)		(64,929)
Total capital assets (net of										
accumulated depreciation)		14,446,685		113,752		96,139		14,656,576		8,700
Total noncurrent assets		14,446,685		113,752		96,139		14,656,576		8,700
	_\$	15,973,646	\$	113,902	\$	367,037	\$	16,454,585	\$	176,860
Liabilities										
Current liabilities										
Vouchers and accounts payable	\$	141,686	\$	38,160	\$	45,142	\$	224,988	\$	14,545
Bank overdraft		3 <del>7</del> 5		40,295		-		40,295		628
Accrued payroll		9,775		9,855		1,872		21,502		9,923
Accrued interest		120,077		π:		-		120,077		-
Compensated absences		18,007		9,014		2,831		29,852		24,357
Bonds payable, current portion	_	558,847				350		558,847		1,00
Total current liabilities	_	848,392		97,324		49,845		995,561		48,825
Noncurrent liabilities		0.154.504						0.174.504		
Bonds payable, less current portion		9,174,594		1.004		211		9,174,594		1 550
Other post employment benefit obligation	_	1,552		1,094	_	311	_	2,957		1,552
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	9,176,146		1,094	_	311	_	9,177,551		1,552
Total liabilities		10,024,538		98,418		50,156		10,173,112		50,377
Net Assets										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,713,244		113,752		96,139		4,923,135		8,700
Unrestricted		1,235,864		(98,268)		220,742		1,358,338		117,783
Total net assets	-	5,949,108		15,484	0	316,881		6,281,473		126,483
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	15,973,646	\$	113,902	\$	367,037	\$	16,454,585	\$	176,860

# Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Governmental
		Proprietary Fun			Activities -
	Sewer	Parks and	Solid	Total	Internal Service Funds
0	Operation	Recreation	Waste	Total	Service Fullds
Operating revenues	\$ 1,448,157	\$ 179,070 \$	743,965 \$	2,371,192	\$ 625,042
Charges for services Festivals	\$ 1,448,157	97,338	743,903 \$	97,338	\$ 023,042
Miscellaneous	102	1,995	45	2,142	_
	1,448,259	278,403	744,010	2,470,672	625,042
Total operating revenues	1,440,239	276,403	744,010	2,470,072	023,042
Operating expenses					
Personnel services	249,692	155,846	56,532	462,070	228,680
Contractual services	273,120	192,222	134,684	600,026	40,426
Materials and supplies	25,184	20,452	33,450	79,086	353,183
Utilities	59,606	6,991	72	66,669	3,465
Depreciation and amortization	618,751	17,124	30,505	666,380	3,299
Other charges	74,364	8,371	47,945	130,680	9,736
Waste disposal			463,733	463,733	
Total operating expenses	1,300,717	401,006	766,921	2,468,644	638,789
Operating income (loss)	147,542	(122,603)	(22,911)	2,028	(13,747)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest income	30,522	9	â	30,522	<del>-</del>
Interest and fiscal charges	(384,617)	=		(384,617)	-
Sewer availability fees	39,000			39,000	
Net nonoperating revenues					
(expenses)	(315,095)	<u>*                                    </u>	2	(315,095)	
Income (loss) before transfers	(167,553)	(122,603)	(22,911)	(313,067)	(13,747)
Transfers					
Transfers in		46,000	45,000	91,000	_
Transfers out	(130,000)	-	-	(130,000)	) -
Net transfers	(130,000)	46,000	45,000	(39,000)	
Tive wantstell					
Change in net assets	(297,553)	(76,603)	22,089	(352,067)	(13,747)
Net assets, July 1, 2009	6,246,661	92,087	294,792	6,633,540	140,230
Net assets, June 30, 2010	\$ 5,949,108	\$ 15,484 \$	316,881 \$	6,281,473	\$ 126,483

# Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30,
---------------------

Cash flows from operating activities  Received from customers and users \$ 1,  Payments to suppliers for goods and services  Payments to employees (	ewer eration 448,717 (305,106) (244,792)	arks and ecreation 278,403		Solid Waste	Total	Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities  Received from customers and users \$ 1,  Payments to suppliers for goods and services  Payments to employees (	448,717 305,106)		-	Waste	Total	Fund
Received from customers and users \$ 1, Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees (	305,106)	\$ 278 403				
Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees  (	305,106)	\$ 278 403				
Payments to employees(		270,703	\$	711,769	\$ 2,438,889	\$ 625,059
1 7	244,792)	(238,770)		(672,618)	(1,216,494)	(404,423)
		(156,202)		(56,990)	(457,984)	(229,581)
Net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities	898,819	(116,569)		(17,839)	764,411	 (8,945)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
	(130,000)	(#)		( <b>*</b> :	(130,000)	: <del>=</del> :
Transfers from other funds		46,000		45,000	91,000	
Net cash provided by (used in)						
	(130,000)	46,000		45,000	(39,000)	
Cash flows from capital and related						
financing activities						
	,247,383)	950		8 <b>.5</b> 8	(1,247,383)	₩.
1 1	354,222	( <b>*</b> €		100	1,354,222	<u> </u>
Sewer availability fees	39,000	140		(A#E)	39,000	1.50
•	(366,794)			( <del>(4</del> )	(366,794)	15
1	(101,066)	(#S		0 <b>14</b> 0	(101,066)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital						
	(322,021)	-		22	(322,021)	
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest received	30,522				30,522	 -
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	477,320	(70,569)		27,161	433,912	(8,945)
Cash and investments, beginning of year	780,069	30,274_		99,550	909,893	156,367
Cash and investments, end of year \$ 1	,257,389	\$ (40,295)	\$	126,711	\$ 1,343,805	\$ 147,422
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided by (used in) operating activities						
Operating income (loss) \$	147,542	\$ (122,603)	\$	(22,911)	\$ 2,028	\$ (13,747)
Adjustments						
Depreciation and amortization	618,751	17,124		30,505	666,380	3,299
Changes in assets and liabilities						
Receivables, net	458	ŝ		(32,241)	(31,783)	17
Inventories	5	-		(261)	(261)	1,915
Prepaid items	=	4,100		-	4,100	450
Vouchers and accounts payable	127,168	(14,834)		7,527	119,861	472
Accrued compensated absences	3,423	364		331	4,118	3,738
Other post-employment benefits liability	641	799		(3)	1,437	1,552
Accrued payroll	836	(1,519)		(786)	 (1,469)	 (6,191)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	898,819	\$ (116,569)	\$	(17,839)	\$ 764,411	\$ (8,945)

# Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

ibrary ncy Fund
\$ 38,121
\$

# Combining Statement of Net Assets - Component Units

June 3	0,	20	1	0
--------	----	----	---	---

Assets	x <del></del>	Poquoson Public Schools	D	Industrial evelopment Authority		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,071,765	\$	109,827	\$	3,181,592
Due from other governments		405,411		-		405,411
Inventory		8,090				8,090
Land		450,876		2,267,687		2,718,563
Other capital assets, net	_	5,404,789		343,415	_	5,748,204
Total assets	\$	9,340,931	\$	2,720,929	\$	12,061,860
Liabilities						
Vouchers and accounts payable	\$	2,676,503	\$	19,065	\$	2,695,568
Line of credit		85		1,416,438		1,416,438
Compensated absences, current		80,431		*		80,431
Due to primary government		89,096		2		89,096
Compensated absences, noncurrent		297,898		â		297,898
Other post-employment benefit obligation	-	77,537		<del></del>		77,537
Total liabilities	-	3,221,465		1,435,503	_	4,656,968
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,855,665		1,194,664		7,050,329
Unrestricted		263,801		90,762		354,563
Total net assets	1 <del></del>	6,119,466		1,285,426		7,404,892
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	9,340,931	\$	2,720,929	\$	12,061,860

# Combining Statement of Activities - Component Units

Year Ended June 3	U,	20	Ц	J
-------------------	----	----	---	---

							Net Revenues		-
		_		Changes i					
			Operating				Poquoson	I	ndustrial
		C	harges for	Grants and		Capital	Public	De	velopment
	Expenses	i	Services	Contributions	Co	ntributions	Schools	Α	uthority
Poquoson Public Schools									
Education	\$ 21,968,642	\$	451,573	\$ 13,175,647	\$	300	\$(8,341,422)	\$	940
T. D. at J. D. D. and Andhedden									
Industrial Development Authority  Economic Development	102,461		27,419	-		-	¥		(75,042)
Economic Bevelopment		_							
Total component units	\$ 22,071,103	\$	478,992	\$ 13,175,647	\$	380	(8,341,422)		(75,042)
		Ge	neral reve	nues					
			City of Poo	luoson			10,352,148		40,000
			Miscellane	ous			141,501		
			Gain (loss)	on disposal of c	apit	al assets	(19,811)		(263,810)
			Total	general revenu	ıes		10,473,838		(223,810)
			Chan	ge in net assets	1		2,132,416		(298,852)
			Net a	ssets, beginning	g of	year	3,987,050		1,584,278
			Net a	ssets, end of ye	ar		\$ 6,119,466	\$	1,285,426

### City of Poquoson, Virginia

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2010

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Poquoson, Virginia (City) and its component units conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to government units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The City of Poquoson, Virginia is a municipality governed by an elected seven-member council. The reporting entity of the City has been determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. As required by those principles, these financial statements present the City of Poquoson, Virginia (Primary Government) and its discretely presented component units, the City of Poquoson School Board (School Board) and the Industrial Development Authority (IDA).

The City's reporting entity consists of the Primary Government as well as its component units, which are legally separate entities for which a Primary Government is financially accountable. Financial accountability ordinarily involves meeting both of the following criteria: (a) the Primary Government is accountable for the component unit and (b) the Primary Government is able to impose its will upon the component unit (or there is a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the Primary Government).

The School Board is responsible for elementary and secondary education in the City. The members of the School Board are appointed by the City Council. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the City because the City's governing body, City Council, levies the necessary taxes, approves the issuance of bonds, and provides the financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of School Board facilities and to provide funding for the operations. Therefore, the School Board is included in the component unit column of the City's financial statements because of the significance of its financial relationship with the City. Furthermore, the School Board meets the criteria for discrete presentation and is, therefore, presented in a separate component unit's column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Industrial Development Authority is a legally separate corporation established under the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act of the Commonwealth of Virginia, together with ordinances adopted by the City Council. The IDA was established to promote industry, to develop trade within the City, and to attract institutions of higher education to locate or remain in the City. The IDA is also included in the component units column of the City's financial statements because the City is able to impose its will on the IDA by appointment of the governing body. In addition, the City Council funds a portion of the IDA's operating budget and guarantees its line of credit. Therefore, the IDA is financially dependent on the City. The IDA does not issue separate financial statements.

The entities described in Note 15, Related Party Transactions, are excluded from the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, as the City does not have financial accountability over their activities.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Primary Government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. Likewise, the Primary Government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the Primary Government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. The agency fund financial statements have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major City or School Board capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds and accounted for in the Facilities Improvement Fund.

The *Grant Fund* accounts for resources and expenditures related to state and federal grants for community development and public safety.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Operations Fund provides maintenance to the sewer lines and pump stations and derives the majority of its revenue through user charges and fees.

The Parks and Recreation Fund accounts for the operation of the City's pool and parks and derives its primary revenue from user fees for recreational programs.

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the collection, disposal, and recycling of household and municipal solid waste, bulky items, and landscaping debris and derives its primary revenue from user fees.

Additionally, the City reports the following proprietary Fund type:

Internal Service Fund consists of the fleet management fund which accounts for the operation of the City's central automotive maintenance service facility. The fleet management fund provides services to all City and School Board departments and / or other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. As permitted under Governmental Accounting Standards, the City has elected not to apply private-sector standards issued after November 30, 1989.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fiduciary Fund - Agency Fund Types

The Fiduciary Fund is used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for a private organization. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements since they are used to report assets held in trust for others and therefore cannot be used to support the City's own programs. The Fiduciary Fund type consists of the Agency Fund that accounts for monies donated by the Friends of the Library for furnishings and supplies for the library.

#### Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

The Industrial Development Authority, a legally separate organization, was established under the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act of the Code of Virginia and ordinances adopted by the City Council. City Council also appoints the IDA Board. The IDA is responsible for promoting industry and developing trade by inducing private enterprises to remain or relocate in the City. Its income is derived from appropriations from the City, fees and land sales, and rental of property. The IDA does not issue separate financial statements and, consequently, has been included in the financial statements as a component unit.

#### Component Unit - School Board

There are no separate financial statements issued for the School Board and, consequently, combining statements that contain fund type data are included in the City's financial statements. Following are the School Board's funds.

#### School Board General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board. It is used to account for the general operation and administration costs of the school system. It receives funds transferred to it by the City's General Fund. It also derives revenue from state and federal funds allocated specifically for the operation of the school system.

#### School Board Special Revenue Fund

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Accordingly, the Special Revenue Fund is used to account for operations of the various school cafeterias. Cafeteria revenue is comprised of federal grants and charges to students for meals and, accordingly, is restricted as to the purpose for which they may be used.

#### School Board Agency Funds

The Agency Funds account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Poquoson Instructional Support Fund accounts for monies donated for support of several after school programs such as Odyssey of the Mind. The School Activities Fund is used to account for the funds of various student activities in each of the schools.

#### **Budgeting and Budgetary Accounting**

Budgets are employed by the Primary Government as a financial control device for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Grant Fund and Proprietary Funds. An annual appropriated budget is legally adopted for the General Fund through ordinances passed by City Council.

Annual budgets prepared by management are utilized for the Debt Service Fund, Grant Fund and Proprietary Funds. Program and project budgets are utilized to control expenditures in the Capital Projects Fund. Therefore, the Debt Service Fund, Grant Fund, Capital Projects and Proprietary Funds are not included in the budget and actual comparisons.

The School Board approves the annual operating budget for its General Fund. An annual operating budget is not adopted for the School Board Special Revenue Fund; therefore, it is not included in the budget and actual comparison of the component unit.

For the School Board General Fund, the Superintendent has authorization to transfer funds within categories, but must obtain authorization from the School Board for transfers between categories. City Council appropriates local funds. The School Board must authorize any increase in grant funds.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America except that encumbrances are included as budgetary expenditures. Budgeted amounts reflected in the Primary Government are as originally adopted and amended by City Council.

Supplemental budget appropriations were approved during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, for an increase in appropriations in the amount of \$763,736 and \$1,241,813 for the Primary Government General Fund and School Board General Fund, respectively.

For the General Fund, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items of departments. Revisions that alter the total appropriations for a department must be approved by City Council. Therefore, the level of control at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations is the total expenditure level of each department. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows for all proprietary fund types the City considers all highly liquid investments, which, when purchased, had a maturity of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### **Investments**

Investments consist of the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), federal government obligations, money market funds, and the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). Investments with a maturity date of one year or less are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. The City considers investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds, and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the City's capitalization threshold is met.

Capital outlays of the proprietary funds and the IDA are recorded as capital assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis on both the fund's basis and the government-wide basis. For assets constructed, interest expense is capitalized on proprietary fund type assets financed with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest expense capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project against interest income earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

#### Capital Assets (Continued)

The City's capitalization policy threshold is \$5,000. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Assets acquired under capital leases are capitalized at the net present value of all lease payments.

The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Years
Buildings	40
Infrastructure	20 - 50
Machinery and equipment	3 - 50

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, or equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the current year's operations.

#### Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City (Primary Government) calculates its allowance for uncollectible property taxes receivable using historical collection data. At June 30, 2010, the allowance approximated \$305,000 in the General Fund. All other receivables have experienced a high collection rate; therefore, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established by City management for other receivables.

#### **Inventory**

Inventory in the Special Revenue Fund of the School Board consist principally of items held for resale and are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method).

Inventory in the Fleet Management Fund (Internal Service Fund) consists of supplies held for future use and is valued at average cost (weighted average method).

Reported inventory for the Special Revenue Fund of the School Board is offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates it does not constitute "available expendable resources."

Inventory is recognized as expenditures when consumed.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund of the City.

While encumbrances do not constitute expenditures in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not lapse and are reported as reservations of fund balances.

Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the School Board General Fund of the component unit. Again, encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not lapse and are reported as reservations of fund balance.

#### **Compensated Absences**

City employees are granted vacation and sick pay in varying amounts based on years of service. Employees may accumulate, subject to certain limitations, unused vacation and sick pay earned and, upon retirement, termination or death, may be compensated for certain amounts at specified rates. The cost of accumulated vacation and sick pay expected to be paid from future expendable resources, both the current and noncurrent portions, is accounted for as a liability in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, and charged to the general governmental fund, sewer fund, parks and recreation fund, solid waste fund and internal service fund based upon employees' duties. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured (i.e. unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement).

The Component Unit - School Board also accrues compensated absences (annual and sick leave benefits) when vested. The current and noncurrent portions of the compensated absences are recorded in the Component Unit - School Board government-wide financial statements.

#### **Sewer Availability Fees**

Amounts charged customers to connect to the City's sewer system are recognized as nonoperating revenue.

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Deferred revenue in the governmental fund types consists of revenue that is measurable but not available for use during the current period. Property taxes receivable at June 30, not collected within 45 days after that date are reported as deferred revenue in the accompanying combined financial statements.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities for the reported periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

#### Credit Risk

The assessed value of real estate for the City's ten largest taxpayers comprises 2.89% of the City's real estate tax base. Concentration of credit risk with respect to receivables is limited due to the large number of customers comprising the City's customer base.

#### 2. Deposits and Investments

#### **Deposits**

At year-end, the carrying value of the City's deposits with banks and savings institutions was \$3,923,550 including agency fund cash of \$38,121. All cash of the City is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia (Act) or covered by federal depository insurance.

Under this Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral equal to 50% of such deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings and loan institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and for notifying local governments of compliance by banks and savings and loans.

However, all qualified bank's public deposits are considered 100% "insured" because the Act provides for additional assessments to be made. This means that if a qualified bank were to fail, all collateral in the pool would be used to recover the public deposits held at that bank. In addition, if the collateral were inadequate to cover all public deposits, additional amounts would be assessed on a pro rata basis to each member of the pool. Therefore, the Act ensures that there will be no loss of public funds and that makes the pool similar to depository insurance. At June 30, 2010, no balances of the Primary Government were uninsured or uncollateralized in banks or savings institutions because of failure of the institutions to qualify under the Act.

The carrying amount of deposits for the School Board was \$2,968,667 and the bank balance was \$2,084,540. The bank balance was covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized in accordance with the Act. At June 30, 2010, no balances of the component unit were uninsured or uncollateralized in banks or savings institutions because of failure of the institutions to qualify under the Act.

#### **Investments**

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). LGIP is managed in accordance with the "2a-7 like pool" risk limiting requirements of GASB Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" with portfolio securities valued by the amortized cost method. The fair value of the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares. Investments with a maturity date of one year or less are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. As of June 30, 2010, the City had \$595,811 invested in the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). SNAP funds are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. LGIP funds are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

#### 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **Investment Policy**

In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable laws and regulations, the City's investment policy (Policy) permits investments in U.S. government obligations, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, prime quality commercial paper, and certain corporate notes, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, negotiable certificates of deposit, bank deposit notes, mutual funds that invest exclusively in securities specifically permitted under the Policy, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (Virginia LGIP, a 2a-7 like pool).

The policy establishes limitations on the holdings on non-U.S. government obligations. The maximum percentage of the portfolio (book value at the date of acquisition) permitted in each security is as follows:

Commonwealth of Virginia LGIP	100% maximum
Repurchase Agreements	50% maximum
Bankers' Acceptances	40% maximum
Commercial Paper	20% maximum
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit / Bank	
Notes	20% maximum
Municipal Obligations	20% maximum
Corporate Notes	10% maximum
Bank Deposits	15% maximum

For the purposes of this Policy, assets of the City shall be segregated into three categories based on expected liquidity needs and purposes: short-term operating funds, the core portfolio and bond proceeds.

#### Short-term Operating Funds

Assets categorized as short-term funds will be invested in permitted investments maturing in twelve months or less. The average weighted maturity of the short-term assets will not exceed 180 days. Because of inherent difficulties in accurately forecasting cash flow requirements, a portion of the portfolio will be continuously invested in readily available funds such as the LGIP, money market mutual funds or overnight repurchase agreements to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet ongoing obligations.

#### Core Portfolio

The general fund core portfolio will be invested in permitted investments with a stated maturity of no more than three years from the date of purchase.

#### Bond Proceeds

Proceeds from the sale of bonds will be invested in compliance with the specific requirements of the bond covenants without further restriction as to the maximum term to maturity of securities purchased. However, in no case will bond proceeds be invested in securities with a term to maturity that exceeds the expected disbursement date of those funds.

#### 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### Credit Risk

As required by state statute, the Policy requires that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following; Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Investor's Service. Corporate notes, negotiable certificates of deposit and bank deposit notes maturing in less than one year must have short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investor Service. Notes having a maturity of greater than one year must be rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investor Service.

Although state statute does not impose credit standards on repurchase agreement counterparties, bankers' acceptances or money market mutual funds, the City has established stringent credit standards for these investments to minimize portfolio risk. The City's investments held by Scott & Stringfellow are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by issuer in order to control concentration of credit risk. No more than 5% of the City's portfolio will be invested in the securities of any single issuer with the following exceptions:

U.S. Treasury	100% maximum
Commonwealth of Virginia LGIP	100% maximum
Each Money Market Fund	50% maximum
Each Repurchase Agreement Counterparty	25% maximum

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

As means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's policy limits investment of operating funds to investments with a stated maturity of no more than three years from the date of purchase.

Proceeds from the sale of bonds must be invested in compliance with the specific requirements of the bond covenants and may be invested in securities with longer maturities.

#### **Custodial Risk**

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Policy requires that all investment securities purchased by the City or held as collateral on deposits or investments shall be held by the City or by a third-party custodial agent who may not otherwise be counterparty to the investment transaction. As of June 30, 2010, with the exception of the Virginia LGIP, all of the City's investments are held in a bank's trust department in the City's name.

#### 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The carrying values and weighted average maturity of the City's investments were as follows:

	Investment Maturities (in years)					
	1	Fair Value		Less Than 1 year		1 - 3 years
Money market funds, Virginia LGIP	\$	398,850	\$	398,850	\$	-
Money market funds, Scott & Stringfellow		1,058,391		1,058,391		-
Money market funds, RBC Dain Rauscher		213,778		213,778		-
Virginia SNAP Accounts		595,811		-		595,811
Total investments		2,266,830	\$	1,671,019	\$	595,811
Reconciliation to total cash and investments						
Add:						
Cash on hand and in banks		7,821,767	-			
Total cash and investments		10,088,597				
Less:						
Cash held in fiduciary funds		497,850	-			
Total cash and investments, Exhibit A	\$	9,590,747	-			

#### 3. Property Taxes Receivable

Real estate taxes are levied based on the assessed value of the property on each July 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1. Personal property taxes are levied based on the assessed value of the property on each January 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are payable in two installments on December 5th and June 5th. The City bills and collects its own property taxes.

		Business- Type	
	 General	Activities	Total
Real estate taxes	\$ 438,758	\$ -	\$ 438,758
Personal property taxes	405,426	-	405,426
Accounts receivable	133,674	408,018	541,692
	977,858	408,018	1,385,876
Less - allowance for uncollectible accounts	(305,000)	-	(305,000)
Receivables, net	\$ 672,858	\$ 408,018	\$ 1,080,876

#### 4. Notes Receivable

A \$100,000 note receivable in the General Fund represents a deed of trust note to a business for relocation expenses. As an incentive to move to the City, the City advanced the business moving expenses. The \$100,000 note bears interest at 6%. Beginning December 1, 2008, one-fifth of the principal balance and accrued interest will be forgiven each year once the business meets various conditions outlined in the agreement. Failure to meet the conditions shall be considered a default under this agreement.

A \$192,279 note receivable in the General Fund represents a deed of trust note to Poquoson Historical and Cultural Museum Foundation. The \$192,279 note bears interest at 7.25%. Beginning June 1, 2009, interest only is due and payable each June 1 and December 1 thereafter. In all events the accrued interest and unpaid principal is due in full on December 1, 2018.

# 5. Due From Other Governments

Due from other governments consists of the following:

<b>Primary</b>	Government
----------------	------------

Commonwealth of Virginia		General Fund
Comprehensive Services Act	\$	86,070
Sales tax	Ψ	39,647
Division of Motor Vehicles reimbursement		12,554
Compensation Board		18,920
Public Assistance		49,353
Communications Sales and Use tax		36,788
VOPEX Grant		4,065
Mobil Home Titling Tax		1,616
PPTRA		884,118
Total due from the Commonwealth of Virginia		1,133,131
Federal Government		
Citizen Corp 2008		1,913
DUI Grants - Selective Enforcement		8,774
FEMA Public Assistance		125,235
Total due from the federal government		135,922
Total due from other governments	\$	1,269,053
Component Unit - School Board		
Commonwealth of Virginia		
State sales tax	\$	148,603
State technology reimbursement		13,765
Total due from the Commonwealth of Virginia		162,368
Federal Government		
Department of Education Program		40.006
Title I		43,996
Title II		29,965
Title IV		3,141
Title VI-B		107,227
Various grants		58,714
Total due from the federal government		243,043
Total due from the other governments	\$	405,411

# 6. Receivables and Payables - Component Units

Details of the receivables and payables between the Primary Government and component units at June 30, 2010, are as follows:

Primary Government	Component Unit	Payable Amount	
Receivable	Payable		Amount
Due from School Board	Due to Primary Government	\$	89,096

## 7. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the Primary Government follows:

Capital assets not being depreciated Land         2.009         Increases         Decreases         2010           Capital assets not being depreciated         \$ 2,898,979         \$ 115,500         \$ 3.014,479         379,374           Total capital assets not being depreciated         22,842,389         548,611         19,997,147         379,378           Other capital assets         8 2,842,389         548,611         19,997,147         3,393,853           Buildings         9,452,743         85,100         9,537,843           Infrastructure         37,914,717         950,500         38,865,217           Land improvements         2,542,583         63,649         2,606,232           Machinery and equipment         6,168,114         479,171         259,735         6,387,550           Total other capital assets         56,078,157         1,578,421         259,735         57,396,841           Less - accumulated depreciation         8 311,514         2,659,682         1,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         31,52,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,851,45 </th <th></th> <th>Balance July 1,</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Balance June 30,</th>		Balance July 1,			Balance June 30,
Land Construction-in-process         \$ 2,898,979         \$ 115,500         -         \$ 3,014,479           Construction-in-process         19,943,410         433,111         19,997,147         379,374           Total capital assets not being depreciated         22,842,389         548,611         19,997,147         3,393,853           Other capital assets         Buildings         9,452,743         85,100         9,537,843           Buildings         9,452,743         85,100         9,537,843           Infrastructure         37,914,717         950,500         38,865,217           Land improvements         2,542,583         63,649         2,606,232           Machinery and equipment         6,168,114         479,171         259,735         6,387,550           Total other capital assets         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,5		2009	Increases	Decreases	2010
Total capital assets not being depreciated         22,842,389         548,611         19,997,147         3,393,853           Other capital assets         Buildings         9,452,743         85,100         9,537,843           Infrastructure         37,914,717         950,500         38,865,217           Land improvements         2,542,583         63,649         2,606,232           Machinery and equipment         6,168,114         479,171         259,735         6,387,550           Total other capital assets         56,078,157         1,578,421         259,735         57,396,841           Less - accumulated depreciation         Buildings         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets         Buildings         1,032,448         19,997,147         22,405,5	Land		. ,		
being depreciated         22,842,389         548,611         19,997,147         3,393,853           Other capital assets         Buildings         9,452,743         85,100         9,537,843           Infrastructure         37,914,717         950,500         38,865,217           Land improvements         2,542,583         63,649         2,606,232           Machinery and equipment         6,168,114         479,171         259,735         6,387,550           Total other capital assets         56,078,157         1,578,421         259,735         57,396,841           Less - accumulated depreciation         Buildings         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets Buildings         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580 </td <td><u>-</u></td> <td>19,943,410</td> <td>433,111</td> <td>19,997,147</td> <td>319,317</td>	<u>-</u>	19,943,410	433,111	19,997,147	319,317
Other capital assets         9,452,743         85,100         9,537,843           Buildings         9,452,743         85,100         9,537,843           Infrastructure         37,914,717         950,500         38,865,217           Land improvements         2,542,583         63,649         2,606,232           Machinery and equipment         6,168,114         479,171         259,735         6,387,550           Total other capital assets         56,078,157         1,578,421         259,735         57,396,841           Less - accumulated depreciation         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets         Buildings         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580	•	22 042 200	549.611	10 007 147	2 202 852
Buildings         9,452,743         85,100         9,537,843           Infrastructure         37,914,717         950,500         38,865,217           Land improvements         2,542,583         63,649         2,606,232           Machinery and equipment         6,168,114         479,171         259,735         6,387,550           Total other capital assets         56,078,157         1,578,421         259,735         57,396,841           Less - accumulated depreciation         Buildings         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets         Buildings         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592      <	being depreciated	22,042,309	340,011	17,227,147	3,393,033
Infrastructure         37,914,717         950,500         38,865,217           Land improvements         2,542,583         63,649         2,606,232           Machinery and equipment         6,168,114         479,171         259,735         6,387,550           Total other capital assets         56,078,157         1,578,421         259,735         57,396,841           Less - accumulated depreciation         Buildings         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets         Buildings         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091 <td>Other capital assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Other capital assets				
Land improvements         2,542,583         63,649         2,606,232           Machinery and equipment         6,168,114         479,171         259,735         6,387,550           Total other capital assets         56,078,157         1,578,421         259,735         57,396,841           Less - accumulated depreciation         Buildings         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091         26,451,988	Buildings	9,452,743	85,100		9,537,843
Machinery and equipment         6,168,114         479,171         259,735         6,387,550           Total other capital assets         56,078,157         1,578,421         259,735         57,396,841           Less - accumulated depreciation         Buildings         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091         26,451,988	Infrastructure	37,914,717	950,500		38,865,217
Total other capital assets         56,078,157         1,578,421         259,735         57,396,841           Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets Buildings         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091         26,451,988	Land improvements	2,542,583	63,649		2,606,232
Less - accumulated depreciation         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets         1,032,448         19,997,147         22,405,550           Allocation of School Board Assets         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091         26,451,988	Machinery and equipment	6,168,114	479,171	259,735	6,387,550
Buildings         2,348,168         311,514         2,659,682           Infrastructure         31,480,671         155,395         31,636,066           Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets         41,370,250         1,032,448         19,997,147         22,405,550           Allocation of School Board Assets         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091         26,451,988	Total other capital assets	56,078,157	1,578,421	259,735	57,396,841
Land improvements         569,230         181,428         750,658           Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets Buildings         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091         26,451,988	Buildings		· ·		
Machinery and equipment         3,152,227         446,247         259,735         338,739           Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets Buildings         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091         26,451,988			•		-
Total accumulated depreciation         37,550,296         1,094,584         259,735         38,385,145           Other capital assets, net         18,527,861         483,837         -         19,011,697           Allocation of School Board Assets Buildings         12,814,047         19,581,043         3,598,510         28,796,580           Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091         26,451,988	*	,		259 735	
Other capital assets, net       18,527,861       483,837       -       19,011,697         Allocation of School Board Assets Buildings       12,814,047       19,581,043       3,598,510       28,796,580         Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings       3,044,969       703,042       1,403,419       2,344,592         Total allocated to City       9,769,078       18,878,001       2,195,091       26,451,988	* * *				
Allocation of School Board Assets Buildings 12,814,047 19,581,043 3,598,510 28,796,580  Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings 3,044,969 703,042 1,403,419 2,344,592  Total allocated to City 9,769,078 18,878,001 2,195,091 26,451,988	Total accumulated depreciation	57,550,250	1,00 1,00 1	200,100	5 0,5 00,12 .0
Allocation of School Board Assets Buildings 12,814,047 19,581,043 3,598,510 28,796,580  Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings 3,044,969 703,042 1,403,419 2,344,592  Total allocated to City 9,769,078 18,878,001 2,195,091 26,451,988	Other capital assets, net	18,527,861	483,837	*	19,011,697
Buildings       12,814,047       19,581,043       3,598,510       28,796,580         Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings       3,044,969       703,042       1,403,419       2,344,592         Total allocated to City       9,769,078       18,878,001       2,195,091       26,451,988		41,370,250	1,032,448	19,997,147	22,405,550
Buildings         3,044,969         703,042         1,403,419         2,344,592           Total allocated to City         9,769,078         18,878,001         2,195,091         26,451,988		12,814,047	19,581,043	3,598,510	28,796,580
		3,044,969	703,042	1,403,419	2,344,592
Total \$ 51,139,328 \$ 19,910,449 \$ 22,192,238 \$ 48,857,538	Total allocated to City	9,769,078	18,878,001	2,195,091	26,451,988
	Total	\$ 51,139,328	\$ 19,910,449	\$ 22,192,238	\$ 48,857,538

# 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government Administration	\$ 16,489
Public Safety	421,574
Public Works	376,139
Health and Welfare	15,979
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	214,959
Judicial Administration	47,720
Community Development	1,724
Education	703,042
	\$ 1,797,626

A summary of changes in capital assets for the enterprise funds is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2009		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated	2007		Moreases		Decreases		2010
Land	\$ 243,216	\$	-	\$	_	\$	243,216
Construction-in-process	φ 2-13,210	Ψ	101,066	Ψ		Ψ	101,066
<u>-</u>			101,000				101,000
Total capital assets not	242 216		101,066		75		344,282
being depreciated	243,216		101,000	_	272	_	344,202
Other capital assets							
Buildings	264,122		<u>.</u>		-		264,122
Machinery and equipment	943,893		=		S#8		943,893
Sewer system	21,638,904		#		-		21,638,904
Sewer easement	7,000		_		c-		7,000
Intangible	73,862		34,239		16,070		92,031
Total other capital assets	22,927,781		34,239		16,070		22,945,950
Total other capital assets	22,727,701		5 1,257		10,570		
Less - accumulated depreciation							
Buildings	256,495		3,112		82		259,607
Machinery and equipment	634,181		62,444		( <del>€</del>		696,625
Sewer system	7,070,766		585,905		10 <del>9</del> 0		7,656,671
Intangible	21,905		14,918		16,070		20,753
Total accumulated depreciation	7,983,347		666,379		16,070		8,633,656
Other capital assets, net	14,944,434		(632,140)		2		14,312,294
Total	\$ 15,187,650	\$	(531,074)	\$	ш	\$	14,656,576

# 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the Component Unit - School Board follows:

	Balanc July 1, 2009		Increases	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 450,87	76 \$		\$ <u>.</u>	\$	450,876
Other capital assets						
Buildings	19,988,12		19,283,735	64,300		39,207,564
Machinery and equipment	2,115,40	54	351,544	204,054		2,262,954
Total other capital assets	22,103,59	93	19,635,279	268,354		41,470,518
Less - accumulated depreciation Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	7,127,86 1,708,44 8,836,33	82	916,113 109,821 1,025,934	47,046 201,498 248,544		7,996,936 1,616,805 9,613,741
Other capital assets, net	13,267,2	42	18,609,345	 19,810		31,856,777
Capital assets, net	13,718,1	18	18,609,345	19,810		32,307,653
Allocation to City Buildings	(12,814,0	47)	(19,581,043)	(3,598,510)	(	(28,796,580)
Less - accumulated depreciation	3,044,9	69	703,042	1,403,419		2,344,592
Total allocated to City	(9,769,0	78)	(18,878,001)	(2,195,091)		(26,451,988)
Total	\$ 3,949,0	40 5	(268,656)	\$ (2,175,281)	\$	5,855,665

A summary of the changes in capital assets for the Industrial Development Authority is as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	_\$	2,357,687	\$ i.	\$ 90,000	\$ 2,267,687
Other capital assets					
Buildings		698,890	2	513,348	185,542
Infrastructure		315,273	=	·	315,273
Total other capital assets	_	1,014,163	-	513,348	500,815
Less - accumulated depreciation					
Buildings		90,584	22,119	55,620	57,083
Infrastructure		85,986	14,331	- m	100,317
Total accumulated depreciation		176,570	36,450	55,620	157,400
1					
Other capital assets, net		837,593	(36,450)	457,728	343,415
Total	\$	3,195,280	\$ (36,450)	\$ 547,728	\$ 2,611,102

# 8. Long-term Obligations

# **Governmental Activities**

Following is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for governmental activities and its Component Unit - School Board, respectively:

	Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2010	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligations					
Debts payable					
General obligation bonds	\$ 29,552,678	\$ 15,385,000	\$ 16,247,800	\$ 28,689,878	\$ 545,000
General obligation leases	388,577	=	72,373	316,204	74,793
State Literary Fund loans	2,763,820		402,000	2,361,820	277,000
Less refunding costs	(220,208)	(468,378)	(20,458)	(668,128)	185
Unamortized Premium	: <b>*</b> :	670,531	6,495	664,036	( <del>=</del> 1
	32,484,867	15,587,153	16,708,210	31,363,810	896,793
Accrued benefits					
Accrued compensated absences	573,608	713,531	748,819	538,320	53,832
Total	\$ 33,058,475	\$ 16,300,684	\$ 17,457,029	\$ 31,902,130	\$ 950,625
Component Unit - School Board Accrued benefits Accrued compensated absences	\$ 358,442	\$ 541,608	\$ 521,721	\$ 378,329	\$ 80,431

# Governmental Activities (Continued)

Outstanding general obligation bonds of the City's governmental activities are comprised of the following:

<i>High School Serial Bonds of 1998</i> - \$650,000 bonds issued and due in annual installments varying from \$30,000 to \$35,000 through July 2018, with interest payable semi-annually at rates varying from 3.60% to 5.10%.	\$ 270,000
General Obligation Refunding Note Series 2002 - \$3,405,000 bonds issued and due in annual installments varying from \$35,000 to \$385,000 through January 2016, with interest paid semi-annually at 2.5% to 3.72%.	2,110,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 - \$4,670,000 bonds issued and due in semi-annual installments varying from \$100,000 to \$385,000 through June 2027, with interest paid semi-annually at 4.28%.	4,670,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 - \$6,600,000 bonds issued and due in semi-annual installments varying from \$140,000 to \$1,015,000 through June 2027, with interest paid semi-annually at 4.35%.	6,600,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 - \$3,900,000 bonds issued and due in semi-annual installments varying from \$45,000 to \$580,000 through June 2027, with interest paid semi-annually at 4.49%.	3,900,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 - \$215,000 bonds issued and due in semi-annual installments varying from \$20,000 to \$60,000 through June 2016, with interest paid semi-annually at 2.48%.	215,000
General Obligation Public Bonds, Series 2007 - \$8,000,000 bonds issued and due in semi-annual installments beginning August 2007 varying from \$10,000 to \$724,100 through August 2027, with interest paid semi-annually at 3.85%.	3,918,400
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009A - \$2,806,067 bonds issued and due in annual installments varying from \$10,000 to \$284,330 through February 2029, with interest payable semi-annually at 4.5%.	2,806,067
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B - \$1,975,156 bonds issued and due in annual installments varying from \$20,000 to \$180,027 through February 2021, with interest payable semi-annually at 3.65%.	1,975,156
General Obligation Refunding Taxable Bonds, Series 2009C - \$393,255 bonds issued and due in annual installments varying from \$11,874 to \$80,000 through February 2021, with interest payable semi-annually at 5.75%.	393,255
<i>General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008</i> - \$2,000,000 bonds issued and due in annual installments varying from \$168,000 to \$235,000 through August 2018, with interest payable semi-annually at 3.75%.	 1,832,000
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 28,689,878

#### Governmental Activities (Continued)

Estimated annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds for future years ending June 30, follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2011	\$ 545,000	\$ 1,061,687
2012	821,645	1,174,364
2013	860,915	1,143,161
2014	1,232,765	1,109,669
2015	1,415,799	1,066,852
2016 - 2020	8,273,713	4,481,482
2021 - 2025	10,604,097	2,622,890
2026 - 2029	4,935,944	415,057
	\$ 28,689,878	\$ 13,075,162

In October 2004, the City of Poquoson entered into a capital lease to purchase two fire trucks, which were capitalized at a cost of \$708,522. At June 30, 2010, accumulated depreciation under this lease totaled \$127,532. The balance of this lease as of June 30, 2010, was \$316,204. Future minimum lease payments under capital lease and present value of the minimum lease payments are as follows:

2011	\$ 86,299
2012	86,299
2013	86,299
2014	86,299
Total minimum lease payments	345,196
Less - imputed interest	(28,992)
	316,204
Less - current portion	 74,793
Long-term portion	\$ 241,411

### **Current Refunding**

In April 2010, the City of Poquoson issued \$15,385,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to currently refund \$15,364,100 of general obligation refunding bonds. The refunded bonds are considered to be legally defeased and the liability has been removed from the City's financial statements. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$20,900. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is the same life as the old debt. This current refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$223,050.

Outstanding literary loan funds of the Primary Governmental activities are comprised of the following issues:

Primary School Literary Fund Loan - \$408,820 loan issued August 15, 1998, due in annual installments of \$27,000 through August 2012, and a final payment of \$30,820 due in August 2013, with interest at 3%.	\$	111,820
High School Literary Fund Loan - \$5,000,000 loan issued November 17, 1998, due in annual installments of \$250,000 through December 2019, with interest at 3%.	:	2,250,000
Total state literary fund loans outstanding	\$	2,361,820

Estimated state literary fund loans debt service requirements to maturity for future years ending June 30, follows:

Year	Principal	Intere	st
2011	\$ 277,000	\$ 70	0,855
2012	277,000	62	2,545
2013	277,000	54	4,235
2014	280,820	4:	5,925
2015	250,000	3	7,500
2016 - 2020	 1,000,000	7	5,000
	\$ 2,361,820	\$ 34	6,060

#### **Debt Limit**

The Commonwealth of Virginia imposes a legal limit on the general obligation debt that may be issued by the City to an amount equal to 10% of total assessed value of real property. As of June 30, 2010, the City's aggregate general obligation indebtedness, excluding proprietary fund debt, was \$130,727,238 less than the allowable limit.

# **Overlapping Debt**

There are no overlapping or underlying tax jurisdictions.

Following is a summary of debt transactions of the enterprise funds:

	Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2010	Amounts Due Within One Year
Enterprise Funds					
General obligation bonds	\$ 9,796,907	\$ 1,340,000	\$ 1,246,835	\$ 9,890,072	\$ 558,847
Less refunding costs	(208,773)	(43,275)	(39,014)	(213,034)	(a)
Bond premium	4,258	57,197	5,052	56,403	
•	9,592,392	1,353,922	1,212,873	9,733,441	558,847
Accrued compensated absences	25,734	30,295	26,177	29,852	29,852
	\$ 9,618,126	\$ 1,384,217	\$ 1,239,050	\$ 9,763,293	\$ 588,699

General long-term obligations and notes payable are comprised of the following:

General long-term obligations and notes payable are comprised of the following:		
General Obligation Sewer Bonds, Series 2000B (May 2000) - \$2,664,671 bonds issued with interest only due on the outstanding balance at March 1, 2001, at 3.5%. Commencing on September 1, 2001, principal and interest due in semi-annual installments of \$94,847 through September 2020, at a rate of 3.5%.	\$	1,654,835
General Obligation Sewer Bonds, Series 2000A (May 2000) - \$7,335,329 bonds authorized and issued, with interest only due on the outstanding balance at March 1, 2001. Commencing on September 1, 2001, principal and interest due in semi-annual installments of \$261,093 through September 2020, at a rate of 3.5%.		4,555,444
General Obligation Sewer Bonds, Series 2002 - \$1,095,000 bonds issued and due in annual principal installments of \$50,000 through April 2011 with interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 4.225%.		50,000
General Obligation Sewer system Refunding Bonds Series 2009B (April 2009) - \$2,289,793 bonds issued and due in annual principal installments varying from \$170,000 to \$299,871 through February 2021, with interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 3.65%.		2,289,793
General Obligation Refunding Sewer Bonds, Series 2010 - \$740,000 bonds issued and due in annual principal installments varying from \$10,000 to \$80,000 through April 2022 with interest payable semi-annually at a rates varying from 2.2% to 5.2%.		740,000
General Obligation Sewer Bonds, Series 2010 - \$600,000 bonds issued and due in February 2015, with interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 2.75%.	_	600,000
Total general obligation bonds outstanding	\$_	9,890,072

Estimated debt service on the foregoing general obligation bonds recorded in the enterprise funds is payable during future fiscal years as follows:

Year	<u> </u>	Principal	Interest			
2011	\$	558,847	\$ 339,603			
2012		571,460	322,178			
2013		841,428	302,479			
2014		858,107	273,331			
2015		1,512,240	243,313			
2016 - 2020		4,794,286	625,471			
2021 - 2022		753,704	21,376			
	\$	9,890,072	\$ 2,127,751			

The City anticipates that all amounts required for the payment of interest and principal on these bonds will be provided by the enterprise fund's revenue; however, the bonds are further collateralized by the full faith and credit of the City.

In May 2010, the City of Poquoson issued \$740,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to currently refund \$720,000 of general obligation bonds. The refunded bonds are considered to legally defeased and the liability has been removed from the City's financial statements. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$20,000. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is the same as the old debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the life of the debt by \$49,747 and resulted in a net present value savings of \$39,657.

### 9. Current Liabilities - Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority (IDA)

#### **Line of Credit**

The IDA uses a \$3,000,000 line of credit with a bank to finance a variety of land purchases. The line of credit expires on March 31, 2012, and bears interest at 30-day LIBOR plus 1.75% with a floor of 2.5%, and is unsecured. Short-term activity was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	
	July 1, 2009		Draws	Repayments	June 30, 2010
Line of credit	\$ 1,699,438	\$	*	\$ 283,000	\$ 1,416,438

#### 10. Conduit Debt Obligation

On July 1, 2001 and September 12, 2005, the IDA issued \$10,000,000 and \$5,000,000 YMCA Revenue Bonds, respectively, to finance the acquisition and construction of the Peninsula Metropolitan YMCA (YMCA). On November 1, 2003, the IDA issued \$5,000,000 Nansemond-Suffolk Academy (NSA) Revenue bonds to finance an addition. On July 13, 2004, the IDA issued \$7,500,000 Hampton-Newport News Community Services Board (HNNCSB) revenue bonds to acquire the former Hampton Medical Center and to finance improvements. The costs of financing the projects, all expenses of issuing the bonds and the payments of bond principals and interest are the responsibility of the YMCA, the NSA, and the HNNCSB, respectively. The bonds provide that neither the IDA nor the City shall be obligated to pay the bonds or interest thereon or other costs incident thereto. At June 30, 2010, \$17,390,966 remained outstanding.

#### 11. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue for the Primary Government at June 30, 2010, consists of real and personal property taxes not collected within 45 days after June 30, 2010.

#### 12. Contingency

The City receives grant funds, principally from the United States government, for various programs. Although the City has been audited in accordance with the provisions of OMB Circular A-133, these programs remain subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. In the opinion of management of the City, no material refunds will be required as a result of future disallowances of current or prior program expenditures.

#### 13. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	9	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$	130,000	\$ 2,548,735
Debt Service Fund		2,410,984	321
Capital Projects Fund		46,751	1 <del>78</del>
Parks and Recreation Fund		46,000	: <u>*</u>
Solid Waste Fund		45,000	82
Sewer Operations Fund			130,000
•	\$	2,678,735	\$ 2,678,735

#### Purpose:

Transfers from General Fund:

- \$ 2,410,894 Debt Service Fund: current year debt payments.
- \$ 46,000 Parks and Recreation Fund: fund deficit in special events
- \$ 45,000 Solid Waste Fund: fund deficit in bulky and landscaping programs.
- \$ 46,751 Capital Projects Fund: fund a capital project

Transfers from Sewer Operations Fund:

\$ 130,000 General Fund: allocate administration costs paid out of General Fund for sewer services.

#### 14. Surety Bonds

The City maintained the following surety bond coverage's on certain employees of the Primary Government and component unit during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

<u>Description</u>	Amount			
Virginia Municipal Liability Pool - All City employees -	\$	1,000,000		
employee dishonesty blanket bond				
Forest T. Jones & Company, Inc.				
Doris Feltman, Clerk of the School Board		10,000		
Linda Reviea, Deputy Clerk of the School Board		10,000		
All School Board employees, blanket bond		1,000,000		

The Commonwealth of Virginia maintained the following surety bond and blanket bond coverage on certain employees pursuant to Section 2.2-1840 of the Code of Virginia. The coverage with respect to the Treasurer does not extend to the loss of any City funds.

<u>Description</u>	 Amount
Virginia Municipal Liability Pool - Surety, Faithful Performance of	
Duty Schedule, Position Bond:	
Treasurer and employees	\$ 1,000,000
Commonwealth of Virginia Faithful Performance of Duty Bond	
Treasurer	500,000
Director of Finance	500,000
Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000

#### 15. Related Party Transactions

The City's financial statements do not include certain public commissions and authorities created as separate governmental entities under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia. These agencies are separate legal entities having governmental character and sufficient autonomy in the management of their own affairs to distinguish them as separate from the administrative organization of the City, although certain members of their governing bodies are appointed by Council. These entities are the Hampton Roads Planning District Commission (HRPDC), the Virginia Peninsula's Public Service Authority (VPPSA), the Peninsula Council Workforce Development (PCWD), the Colonial Services Board (CSB) and the Hampton Roads Partnership (HRPC). Expenditures of these agencies are financed by federal and state grants and fees, including contributions from the City. During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City provided support or paid for services to HRPDC of \$27,542, VPPSA of \$331,248, PCWD of \$5,847, CSB of \$137,343 and HRPC of \$5,050.

In addition, a conglomerate of municipalities shares certain expenses for maintaining and operating a regional jail and juvenile detention center. During FY 2010, the City incurred expenses for the regional jail and juvenile detention center of \$122,057 and \$16,638, respectively. Notes issued by the regional jail are limited obligations payable from revenues received from the member jurisdictions. The City, along with three other member jurisdictions, have agreed to provide funding makeup support to cover any deficiencies in the regional jail's debt service fund based on each member's utilization rate.

#### 15. Related-Party Transactions (Continued)

The City of Poquoson shares certain services and their associated costs with York County, including the Circuit Court, the Commonwealth's Attorney and the Sheriff of York County and E911 operations. The City also shares social services with York County. During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City paid \$856,299 to York County for these shared services.

The School Board's financial statements do not include the New Horizons Education Center. During the year ended June 30, 2010, the School Board provided support of \$509,951 to the New Horizons Education Center.

#### 16. Retirement Plan

#### A. Plan Description

The City contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), an agent multiple-employer public retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for political subdivisions in the Commonwealth of Virginia. In addition, professional and nonprofessional employees of the Poquoson School Board are covered by the VRS. Professional employees participate in a VRS statewide teacher cost-sharing pool and nonprofessional employees participate as a separate group in the agent multiple-employer retirement system.

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit at age 65 with five years of service (age 60 for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriff) or at age 50 with at least 30 years service if elected by the employer (age 50 with at least 25 years of service for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriff) payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7% of their average final compensation (AFC), for each year of credited service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living increases limited to 5% per year beginning in their second year of retirement. AFC is defined as the highest consecutive 36 months of salary.

Participating local law enforcement officers and firefighters may receive a monthly benefit supplement if they are retired prior to age 65. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The VRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. A copy of that report may be obtained by writing the VRS at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

#### B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their annual reported compensation to the VRS. This 5% member contribution has been assumed by both the City and the School Board. In addition the City and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund their participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the *Code of Virginia* and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The City's and School Board's (non-professional employees) contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2010, was 8.23% and 11.84%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The School Board's required employer contributions to the teacher cost-sharing pool for all professional employees for the fiscal years ended 2010, 2009 and 2008 and were \$1,554,807, \$1,722,715, and \$1,815,249, respectively. The School Board contributed 100% of required contributions to the pool for fiscal year ended 2010 and each of the two preceding years.

#### 16. Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### C. Annual Pension Costs

For FY 2010, 2009, and 2008, the City and School Board's annual pension costs of \$740,737, \$731,860 and \$547,466, respectively, and \$98,370, \$60,826, and \$44,884, respectively, were equal to the City and School Board's required and actual contributions. The required contributions were determined as part of the June 30, 2007, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The contribution rate set by the June 30, 2008, valuation was in effect from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2010. The actuarial assumptions included (1) 7.50% investment rate of return, (2) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year, and (3) 2.50% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (1) and (2) included an inflation component of 2.50%.

The actuarial value of the City and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage on an open basis within a period of 27 years or less.

The Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions are presented as required supplementary information. The information presented in the schedules of employer contributions and funding progress was determined as part of the actuarial valuation on June 30, 2009. Actuarial assumptions used include an investment rate of return of 7.50%.

The information presented in the schedules of employer contributions and funding progress was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information for both the City and the School Board actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2009
Actuarial cost method	Entry age Normal
Amortization method	Level percent, open
Payroll growth rate	3.00%
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market Market Value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	7.50%
Projected salary increases*	
1.) Non-LEO	3.75% to 5.60%
2.) LEO employees	3.50% to 4.75%
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.50%
* Includes inflation at 2.50%	

#### D. Funded Status

As of June 30, 2010 for the City, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 90.53% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$21,541,226, and the actuarial value of assets was \$19,500,696, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,040,530. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,561,622, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 36.69%.

As of June 30, 2010 for the School Board, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 74.99% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,120,722, and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,590,308, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$530,414. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$694,281, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 76.40%.

#### 17. Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation (OPEB)

#### **Plan Description**

The City and School Board administer a single-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan that covers all current retirees and covered dependents and will provide coverage for all future retirees and their covered dependents. Employees who are eligible for the health plan under normal retirement must have a combination of age (minimum 50 years) and years of service (minimum of 5 years) equal to 70. During the year, 107 employees were participating in the City's plan at a cost of \$59,873 and 158 employees were participating in the School Board's plan at a cost of \$77,655. Separate stand-alone statements are not issued for this plan.

#### **Funding Policy**

The City Council and the School Board have the authority to establish and amend the funding policy of their respective plans. The employer's contribution ranges from 0% - 100% of the premiums based on the retiree's years of continuous heath care coverage and the health care option selected by the retirees. The employer contributions are financed based on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the fiscal year ending 2010, the City contributed \$38,192 and the School Board contributed \$34,999.

#### **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation**

The City's and the School's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), and amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's and the School's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the net OPEB obligation:

		City of	Co	mponent Unit
		Poquoson	S	chool Board
Annual required contribution	\$	59,901	\$	77,684
Interest on net OPEB obligation		1,356		1,395
Adjustment to ARC	10	(1,384)		(1,424)
Annual OPEB cost		59,873		77,655
Contributions made		(38,192)		(34,999)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		21,681		42,656
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		33,901		34,881
NET OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	55,582	\$	77,537

#### 17. Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation (Continued)

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The City's and the School's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2009 and 2010 were as follows:

#### **City of Poquoson**

	Percentage of								
		Annual							
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Employer	<b>OPEB</b> Cost	Ne	et OPEB				
Ended	Cost	Contribution	Contributed	Ol	bligation				
June 30, 2009	\$ 54,302	\$ (20,401)	38%	\$	33,901				
June 30, 2010	\$ 59,873	\$ (38,192)	64%	\$	55,582				

#### **Component Unit - School Board**

				Percentage of						
				Annual						
	Fiscal Year	Ann	ual OPEB	E	mployer	<b>OPEB</b> Cost	Ne	et OPEB		
	Ended	Cost		Contribution		Contributed	Ol	bligation		
1	June 30, 2009	\$	70,732	\$	(35,851)	51%	\$	34,881		
	June 30, 2010	\$	77,655	\$	(34,999)	45%	\$	77,537		

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

Based on the most recent actuarial valuation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the funded status of the plan was as follows:

		City of	Co	mponent Unit
		Poquoson		chool Board
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	636,500	\$	681,279
Actuarial value of plan assets	,	<b>⊕</b> %		9 <b>4</b>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	636,500	\$	681,279
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		0%		0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	5,675,321	\$	12,452,785
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		11.20%		5.47%

#### 17. Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented below, presents information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The OPEB liability was determined on the Projected Unit Credit cost actuarial method. Because the OPEB liability is currently unfunded, the actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent rate of return on invested assets, which is the City's and the School Board's long-term expectation of investment returns under its investment policy. The actuarial assumptions also included a payroll growth rate of 2.5% per year, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10% initially for the year ended June 30, 2010, reduced annually by increments, to an ultimate rate of 5% for the fiscal year ending June 20, 2018. In calculating the fiscal year annual required contribution the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability, actuarial gains and actuarial losses were amortized over an open 30- year period as a level percentage of projected payroll.

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

#### City of Poquoson

			1	Accrued						UAAL as a
	A	ctuarial	I	Liability						Percentage
Actuarial	V	alue of	P	rojected	Unf	unded AAL	Funded		Covered	of Covered
Valuation	A	Assets	U	nit Credit	(	(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date		(a)		(b)	(b-a)		(b-a) (a/b) (c)		(c)	((b-a)/c)
07/01/2008	\$	(24)	\$	544,329	\$	544,329	0%	\$	5,480,141	9.93%
07/01/2009	\$	:=:	\$	636,500	\$	636,500	0%	\$	5,675,321	11.20%

#### Component Unit - School Board

			1	Accrued						UAAL as a
	Actu	arial	I	Liability						Percentage
Actuarial	Valı	ie of	P	rojected	Unf	unded AAL	Funded	C	overed	of Covered
Valuation	Ass	sets	U	nit Credit	1	(UAAL)	Ratio	F	ayroll	Payroll
Date	(a	a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)		(c)	((b-a)/c)
07/01/2008	\$	: <u>=</u> :	\$	611,610	\$	611,610	0%	\$ 12	2,401,361	4.93%
07/01/2009	\$	: <del>**</del>	\$	681,279	\$	681,279	0%	\$ 12	2,452,785	5.47%

#### 18. Risk Management

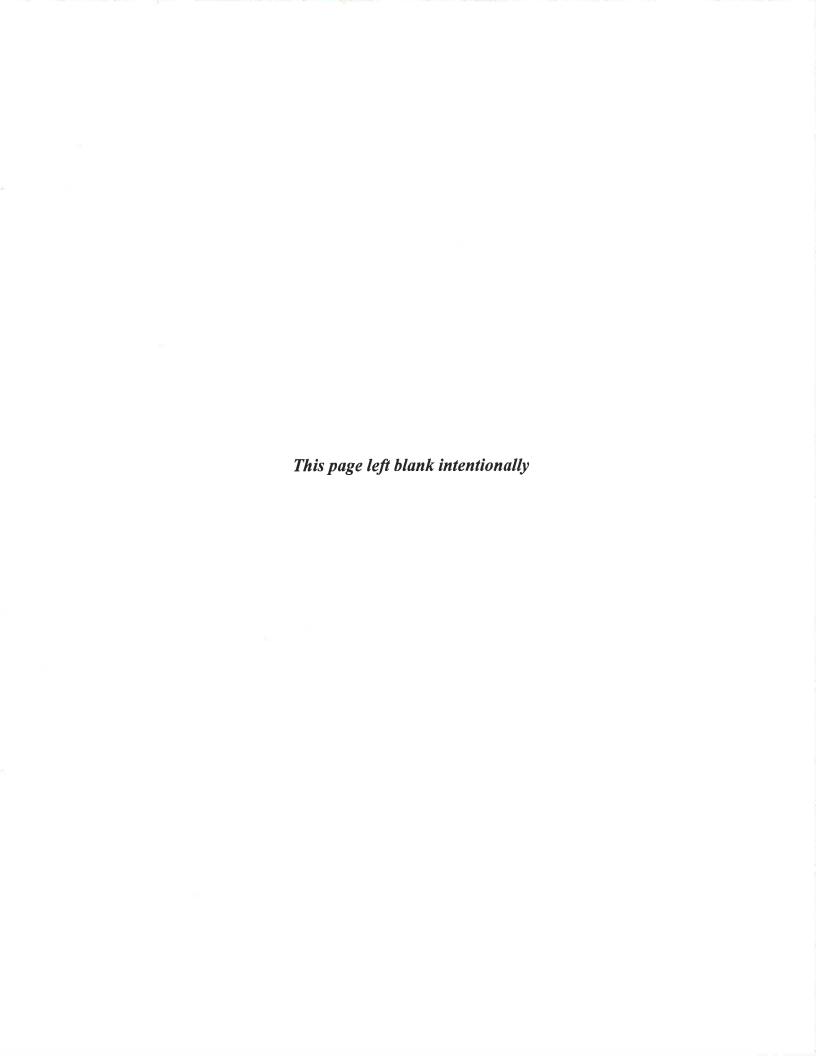
The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The risk of loss from certain acts of employees and certain elected officials is insured through commercial insurance as discussed in Note 14. Substantially all other risks are insured through participation in various public entity risk pools operating as common risk management and insurance programs for many local political subdivisions in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The City pays annual premiums to the pools for its general insurance coverage. The agreements of political subdivisions participating in the pools provide that the pools will be self-sustaining through member premiums but will reinsure through commercial companies for excess liability claims.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

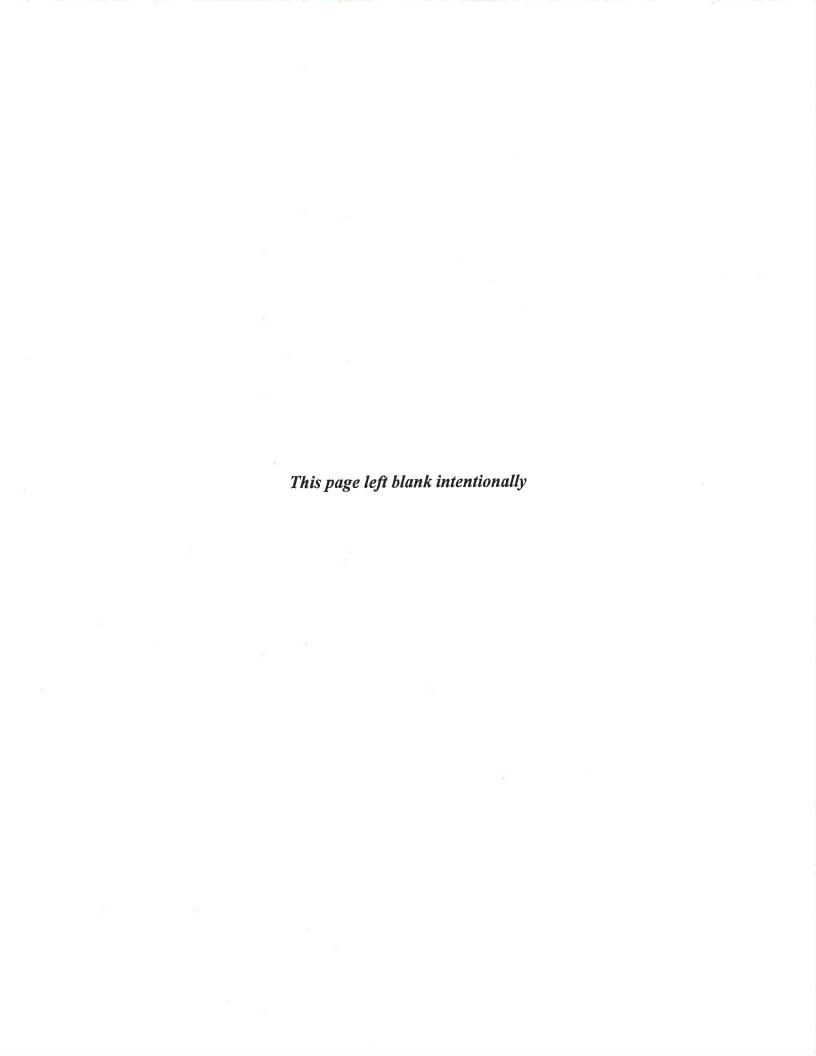
#### 19. Commitments

The City entered into contracts for the construction of a new elementary school and capacity upgrade of a pump station. The contract for the elementary school totaled \$17,872,219 with \$272,967 outstanding at June 30, 2010. The contract for the pump station upgrade totaled \$450,669 with \$450,669 outstanding at June 30, 2010.

\* \* \* \*







	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues and other financing sources				
Revenue from local sources				
General property taxes				
Real property taxes	\$13,544,295	\$ 13,544,295	\$13,511,422	\$ (32,873)
Public service corporation property taxes	110,000	110,000	137,777	27,777
Personal property	1,930,000	1,930,000	2,251,205	321,205
Penalties and interest	109,000	109,000	123,433	14,433
Total general property taxes	15,693,295	15,693,295	16,023,837	330,542
Other local taxes				
Sales and use taxes	890,500	890,500	902,127	11,627
Meals taxes	510,000	510,000	511,639	1,639
Cigarette taxes	75,000	75,000	68,192	(6,808)
Consumers' utility taxes	275,000	275,000	276,745	1,745
Consumption tax	39,500	39,500	41,937	2,437
Business license taxes	430,000	430,000	400,260	(29,740)
Bank stock taxes	26,000	26,000	37,606	11,606
Recordation and wills taxes	230,000	230,000	190,430	(39,570)
Deeds of conveyance	30,000	30,000	22,996	(7,004)
Total other local taxes	2,506,000	2,506,000	2,451,932	(54,068)
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	2 000	3,000	4,765	1,765
Animal license	3,000 73,900	73,900	66,182	(7,718)
Permits and other licenses	/3,900	/3,900	00,182	(7,710)
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	76,900	76,900	70,947	(5,953)
Fines and forfeitures	39,100	39,100	54,836	15,736
Revenue from use of money and property				
Revenue from use of money	10,000	10,000	14,008	4,008
Revenue from use of property	96,300	122,378	142,130	19,752
Total revenue from use of money and property	106,300	132,378	156,138	23,760

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues and other financing sources (Continued)	***************************************			
Charges for services				
Charges for sales of maps	600	600	229	(371)
Charges for copying	3,200	3,200	3,905	705
Charges for passport processing	35,000	35,000	22,246	(12,754)
Charges for library and fees	25,000	25,000	24,203	(797)
EMS revenue recovery	175,000	175,000	142,558	(32,442)
Charges for school grounds maintenance	52,000	52,000	24,231	(27,769)
Total charges for services	290,800	290,800	217,372	(73,428)
Miscellaneous revenue				
Miscellaneous	5,500	5,870	11,389	5,519
Insurance recoveries	-	1,000	3,267	2,267
Donations-library	-	<b>a</b>	16,346	16,346
Donations-volunteer fire and rescue		2,000	2,000	:6
Donations-Heritage Park	2 <b>3</b>	67,500	8,010	(59,490)
Gain on sale of capital assets	·	317	738	421
Donations	3#6	75	18,875	18,800
Total miscellaneous revenue	5,500	76,762	60,625	(16,137)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth				
Noncategorical aid				
DMV reimbursement	115,000	115,000	138,593	23,593
Local Aid Contra Revenue	(42,088)	(42,088)	(41,510)	578
Mobile home titling taxes	2,000	2,000	5,153	3,153
Rolling stock tax	12		3	3
Personal property tax relief	1,923,431	1,923,431	1,923,431	<u> </u>
Total noncategorical aid	1,998,343	1,998,343	2,025,670	27,327
Categorical aid				
Shared expenses				
Commissioner of the Revenue	119,000	119,000	108,752	(10,248)
Treasurer	106,800	106,800	102,434	(4,366)
Registrar/electoral board	50,875	50,875	43,296	(7,579)
Total categorical aid	276,675	276,675	254,482	(22,193)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Fina P	ance With al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues and other financing sources (Continued)					
Other categorical aid					
State 599 police funds	266,841	266,841	244,563		(22,278)
Fire and EMS	42,775	43,765	44,001		236
Department of Emergency Services	2,000	2,000	2,000		· ·
Department of Emergency Services - Public Assistance	=	32,085	49,353		17,268
Street and highway maintenance	840,000	840,000	840,000		14
Litter control	77	5,125	5,125		
Library	151,562	152,926	145,280		(7,646)
Wireless E911 PSAP	=	5 <b></b> ;	=		<b>37</b> /
Comprehensive services	275,000	275,000	290,992		15,992
State drug seizure	2	15,530	17,810		2,280
Other state grants	9	16,269	20,781		4,512
Total other categorical aid	1,578,178	1,649,541	1,659,905		10,364
Total categorical aid	1,854,853	1,926,216	1,914,387		(11,829)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	3,853,196	3,924,559	3,940,057		15,498
Revenue from the federal government					
FEMA-Public Assistance	-	243,144	243,000		(144)
Miscellaneous	6,000	72,447	83,563		11,116
Total revenue from the federal government	6,000	315,591	326,563		10,972
Other financing sources					
Transfer from Component Unit - School Board	300,000	300,000	ĝ.		(300,000)
Transfer from sewer fund	130,000	130,000	130,000		27.5
Transfer from unapproprated fund		285,442			(285,442)
Total other financing uses	430,000	715,442	130,000		(585,442)
Total revenue and other financing sources	\$23,007,091	\$ 23,770,827	\$ 23,432,307	\$	(338,520)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures and other financing uses				
General government administration				
Legislative - City Council	\$ 66,46	60 \$ 66,460	\$ 65,337	\$ 1,123
General and financial administration				
City Manager	390,90			7
Legal services	103,75			156
Independent auditor	35,00			3,711
Commissioner of the Revenue	292,68			104
Assessor/equalization board	161,81			2,152
Treasurer	288,63	292,999		401
Finance	323,49	326,879	326,867	12
Technology	17,09	20,090	20,080	10
Risk management	172,12	66,400	66,321	79
Total general and financial administration	1,785,48	1,733,585	1,726,953	6,632
Board of elections - electoral board and registrar	132,70	00 133,615	125,633	7,982
Total general government administration	1,984,64	1,933,660	1,917,923	15,737
Judicial Administration				
Courts	227,31	207,313	194,423	12,890
Sheriff	149,29	-		(5,395)
Total judicial administration	376,61			7,495
Public Safety				
Law enforcement and traffic control -				
police department	2,272,89	2,453,594	2,251,781	201,813
Fire and rescue services - fire department	2,565,47	75 2,702,001	2,442,232	259,769
Correction and detention - regional operated institutions	181,79	90 181,790	147,460	34,330
regional operated institutions	101,/3	70 101,790	147,400	J-,JJ0
Inspections - various	193,07	76 348,252	320,988	27,264
Other protection - animal control	81,63	81,630	81,627	3
Total public safety	5,294,80	5,767,267	5,244,088	523,179

Expenditures and other financing uses (Continued)  Public works	
Public works	
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	
General engineering/administration 90,732 103,472 102,5	
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks 1,048,238 1,052,427 985,6	· ·
Street lights 78,000 78,000 69,8	8,136
Total maintenance of highways, streets,	
bridges, and sidewalks 1,216,970 1,233,899 1,158,0	75,879
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds 535,722 377,823 364,9	983 12,840
Total public works 1,752,692 1,611,722 1,523,0	003 88,719
Health and welfare Health	
Local health department 42,330 42,330 41,0	1,328
Mosquito control 223,260 225,667 207,3	325 18,342
<b>Total health</b> 265,590 267,997 248,3	
Mental health and mental retardation - mental health 182,650 182,650 179,0	3,576
Welfare	
Social services 260,000 260,000 228,4	470 31,530
Comprehensive services 390,000 390,000 353,2	264 36,736
<b>Total welfare</b> 650,000 650,000 581,7	734 68,266
Total health and welfare 1,098,240 1,100,647 1,009,1	135 91,512
Education - School Board 8,334,090 8,397,488 8,008,3	392 389,096
School buses	
School capital contribution	
<b>Total education</b> 8,334,090 8,397,488 8,008,3	392 389,096
Parks, recreation and cultural - supervision of parks	
and recreation 257,450 269,133 268,5	977 156
Library - administration 747,550 764,072 753,3	
Total parks, recreation and cultural 1,005,000 1,033,205 1,022,2	

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures and other financing uses (Continued)				
Community development		000 115	226.40=	
Planning	332,820	328,445	326,407	2,038
Economic development	25,050	25,050	5,216	19,834
Community development	117,110	199,696	138,786	60,910
Community development - IDA component unit	40,000	40,000	40,000	
Total community development	514,980	593,191	510,409	82,782
Nondepartmental - miscellaneous	42,500	49,409	49,379	30
Department of motor vehicles	100,990	103,167	101,373	1,794
Recovery - Noreaster IDA		275,229	168,591	106,638
Total nondepartmental	143,490	427,805	319,343	108,462
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers to Debt Service Fund	2,411,481	2,411,481	2,410,984	497
Transfers to Capital Projects Fund		46,751	46,751	ā
Transfers to Solid Waste Fund	45,000	45,000	45,000	
Transfers to Parks Recreation Fund	46,000	46,000	46,000	
Total other financing uses	2,502,481	2,549,232	2,548,735	497
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$23,007,091	\$23,770,827	\$ 22,452,442	\$ 1,318,385
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses - budgetary basis	\$	\$	\$ 979,865	\$ 979,865
Less - Encumbrances outstanding June 30, 2009, actually expended as of June 30, 2010			(100,531)	
Add - Encumbrances outstanding June 30, 2010			55,584	e e
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses, GAAP basis			934,918	
Fund balances, July 1, 2009			3,955,164	i.
Fund balances, June 30, 2010			\$ 4,890,082	

# Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions (Unaudited) Virginia Retirement System

Year Ended June 30, 2010

# **Schedules of Funding Progress**

	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Over (Under) Funded Actuarial			Over (Under) Funded Actuarial Liability as a Percent
	Valuation	Valuation of	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered
	Date	Assets	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
City Employees	6/30/10	\$ 19,500,696	\$21,541,226	\$ (2,040,530)	90.53%	\$ 5,561,622	(36.69)%
	6/30/09	\$ 18,726,503	\$ 20,091,047	\$ (1,364,544)	93.21%	\$ 5,424,958	(25.15)%
	6/30/08	\$ 16,597,606	\$ 17,743,747	\$ (1,146,141)	93.54%	\$ 5,303,994	(21.61)%
	6/30/07	\$ 14,310,654	\$ 16,662,854	\$ (2,352,200)	85.88%	\$ 5,003,885	(41.01)%
	6/30/06	\$ 13,070,399	\$ 15,732,821	\$ (2,662,422)	83.08%	\$ 4,719,239	(56.42)%
School Board							
Non-professional Employees	6/30/10	\$ 1,590,308	\$ 2,120,722	\$ (530,414)	74.99%	\$ 694,281	(76.40)%
	6/30/09	\$ 1,479,453	\$ 1,975,378	\$ (495,924)	74.89%	\$ 619,656	(80.03)%
	6/30/08	\$ 1,314,569	\$ 1,856,849	\$ (542,280)	70.80%	\$ 557,851	(97.21)%
	6/30/07	\$ 1,151,079	\$ 1,641,274	\$ (490,195)	70.13%	\$ 675,990	(72.52)%
	6/30/06	\$ 1,012,382	\$ 1,411,419	\$ (399,037)	71.73%	\$ 656,255	(60.81)%

## **Schedules of Employer Contributions**

			Annual			
		F	Required	Percentage	N	let
	Valuation	Co	ntribution	of ARC	Per	nsion
	Date		(ARC)	Contributed	Obli	gation
City Employees	6/30/10	\$	740,737	100.00%	\$	ě
	6/30/09	\$	731,860	100.00%	\$	
	6/30/08	\$	547,466	100.00%	\$	-
	6/30/07	\$	464,805	100.00%	\$	7
	6/30/06	\$	293,618	100.00%	\$	*
School Board						
Non-professional Employees	6/30/10	\$	98,370	100.00%	\$	. <del></del>
	6/30/09	\$	60,826	100.00%	\$	*
	6/30/08	\$	44,884	100.00%	\$	ĕ
	6/30/07	\$	44,504	100.00%	\$	; <del></del>
	6/30/06	\$	52,528	100.00%	\$	<b>9</b>

# Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions (Unaudited) Other Post Employment Benefits

#### Year Ended June 30, 2010

## **Schedules of Funding Progress**

	Actuarial Valuation	-	Actuarial Value of	I	Accrued Liability rojected	Unf	unded AAL	Funded	Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered
	Date		Assets	U	nit Credit	(	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
City of Poquoson	7/1/08	\$	S <del>5</del> 2	\$	544,329	\$	544,329	0.00%	\$ 5,480,414	9.93%
	7/1/09	\$	2e:	\$	636,500	\$	636,500	0.00%	\$ 5,675,321	11.20%
Component Unit -										
School Board	7/1/08	\$	(X#)	\$	611,610	\$	611,610	0.00%	\$ 12,401,361	4.93%
	7/1/09	\$	-	\$	681,279	\$	681,279	0.00%	\$ 12,452,785	5.47%

## **Schedules of Employer Contributions**

		A	Annual									
	Fiscal	R	equired	Percentage		Net						
	Year	Contribution		Contribution		Contribution		Contribution		of ARC	P	ension
	Ended	(	(ARC)	Contributed	Ol	oligation						
City of Poquoson	7/1/08	\$	54,302	38.00%	\$	33,901						
	7/1/09	\$	59,901	63.80%	\$	55,582						
Component Unit -												
School Board	7/1/08	\$	70,732	51.00%	\$	34,881						
	71/09	\$	77,684	45.00%	\$	77,537						

### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

#### June 30, 2010

#### 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- At least 60 days prior to June 30, the City Manager submits to City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- The budget is formulated from estimates of revenues and expected expenditures from each department. The School Board is treated as a single expenditure line item.
- When the City Manager submits the proposed budget to City Council, he also recommends an appropriation ordinance and an ordinance levying the tax rates for the ensuing year.
- City Council then holds public hearings on the proposed budget. Notice of such public hearing must appear in a local newspaper not less than seven days prior to the hearing.
- The budget must be approved by a majority vote of City Council and legally adopted within 40 days of submission to City Council, but no later than May 31. If City Council does not adopt the proposed budget before May 31, the budget as submitted is automatically adopted.
- The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments. Expenditures over the original budget of any department must be approved by City Council.

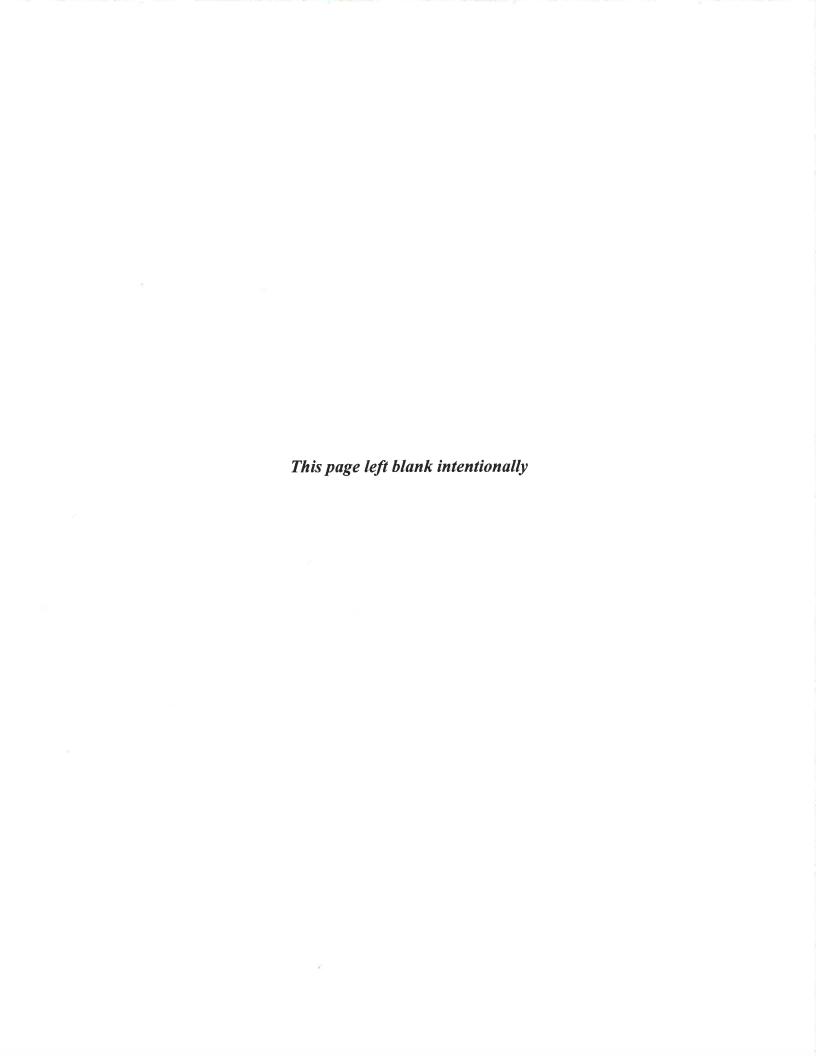
Budgets for proprietary fund types are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The General, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds' budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except for the recognition of encumbrances as expenditures in the General and Capital Projects.

Therefore, the "actual" data included in statements comparing expenditures with budgets differs from the expenditures reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles by the amount of the reported encumbrances.

Beginning fund balances for budgetary basis presentation purposes are adjusted for the carryforward of prior year encumbrances. According to City Code, unexpended and unencumbered appropriations lapse at June 30, of each year. Appropriations that are encumbered at June 30, are carried forward into the following year's appropriations to allow for liquidation of the encumbrances.

Budgeting comparisons for the General Fund are shown as required supplementary information.

\* \* \* \* \*







# Combining Balance Sheet - Component Unit - School Board

# June 30, 2010

Assets		General	ctivities Special Revenue	Total School Board
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental units Due from special revenue fund Inventory Total assets	\$	2,965,411 405,411 30,044 - 3,400,866	\$ 106,354 - - - 8,090 114,444	\$ 3,071,765 405,411 30,044 8,090 3,515,310
Liabilities				
Vouchers and accounts payable Due to primary government Due to general fund Total liabilities	\$	2,622,581 89,096  2,711,677	\$ 53,922 - 30,044 83,966	\$ 2,676,503 89,096 30,044 2,795,643
Fund Balances				
Reserved Encumbrances Inventory Unreserved Total fund balances	_	689,189 - - - 689,189	8,090 22,388 30,478	689,189 8,090 22,388 719,667
Total liabilities and fund balances	_\$	3,400,866	\$ 114,444	\$ 3,515,310

# Combining Balance Sheet - Component Unit - School Board

Reconciliation of Combining Balance Sheet Component Unit - School Board to Statement of Net Assets - Component Unit - School Board	
Total fund balances - Component Unit - School Board	\$ 719,667
Amount reported for component unit activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation.	5,855,665
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(455,866)
Fotal net assets - Component Unit - School Board	\$ 6,119,466

Fund balance, July 1, 2009

Fund balance, June 30, 2010

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Component Unit - School Board

#### Year Ended June 30, 2010 Total School General Special Fund Revenue Board Revenues Charges for services \$ 451,573 \$ 451,573 Intergovernmental 11,056,474 Commonwealth of Virginia 11,040,795 15,679 2,119,173 Federal government 1,959,521 159,652 8,157,057 8,157,057 Local government Miscellaneous 141,501 141,501 21,298,874 626,904 21,925,778 **Total revenues Expenditures** Current Education 20,886,227 751,217 21,637,444 20,886,227 751,217 21,637,444 **Total expenditures** Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 412,647 (124,313)288,334 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 124,284 124,284 (124,284)Transfers out (124,284)124,284 Total other financing sources, net (124, 284)288,334 Net change in fund balance 288,363 (29)

400,826

689,189 \$

30,507

30,478 \$

431,333

719,667

(Continued)

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Component Unit - School Board

#### Year Ended June 30, 2010

# Reconciliation of Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Component Unit - School Board to Statement of Activities - Component Unit

Net change in fund balances - total School Board funds

\$ 288,334

Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Also, in the statement of activities, the loss of disposal of assets is reported.

Depreciation expense	(322,891)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(19,811)
Donated capital assets	2,195,091
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	
Other post-employment benefit obligation	(42,656)

The City has a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the City incurs "on-behalf" of debt for any school property owned by the School Board which is payable over more than one year. This amount is the applicable net book value change for the fiscal year.

54,236

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(19,887)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 2,132,416

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund - School Boards

				General	Fu	nd		
		Original		Final			1	Variance With Final Budget Positive
_	X	Budget		Budget	_	Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	11,990,522	Ф	11,543,212	\$	11,040,795	\$	(502,417)
Commonwealth of Virginia	Ф	1,091,017	Ф	2,644,909	Ф	1,959,521	Φ	(685,388)
Federal government		8,334,090		8,486,032		8,157,057		(328,975)
Local government Miscellaneous		217,033		200,322		141,501		(58,821)
Total revenues	_	21,632,662		22,874,475	_	21,298,874		(1,575,601)
Total revenues	-	21,032,002		22,074,475		21,270,074		(1,373,001)
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction		15,223,900		15,474,113		15,088,650		385,463
Division-wide		943,492		904,610		904,605		5
Transportation		869,899		332,251		319,493		12,758
Operation and maintenance		1,823,863		1,190,615		966,484		224,131
Food service		332,251		1,859,489		1,732,495		126,994
Technology		863,440		870,865		809,562		61,303
Grants		1,275,817		2,242,531		1,353,301		889,230
Total expenditures		21,332,662		22,874,474		21,174,590		1,699,884
Other financing courses (uses)								
Other financing sources (uses)  Transfer out - special revenue fund		(300,000)		(300,000)		(124,284)		175,716
Total other financing sources (uses)		(300,000)		(300,000)		(124,284)		175,716
Total other infancing sources (uses)	-	(300,000)		(300,000)		(124,204)	-	175,710
Excess of revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses - budgetary basis	\$_	<b>:</b>	\$	(299,999)	\$	*	\$	299,999
Less - encumbrances oustanding June 30, 2009, actually expended as of June 30, 2010	,					(400,826)		
Add - encumbrances oustanding June 30, 2010						689,189		
Excess of revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses - GAAP basis						288,363		
Fund balance, June 30, 2009				5		400,826		
Fund balance, June 30, 2010				i i	\$	689,189		

# Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets by Function and Activity - School Board

	Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2010
Education	\$ 22,554,469	\$ 19,635,279	\$ 268,354	\$ 41,921,394
Less - accumulated depreciation	(8,836,351) 13,718,118	(1,025,934) 18,609,345	(248,544) 19,810	(9,613,741) 32,307,653
Allocation of assets to City, net	(9,769,078)	(18,878,001)	(2,195,091)	(26,451,988)
	\$ 3,949,040	\$ (268,656)	\$ (2,175,281)	\$ 5,855,665

# Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

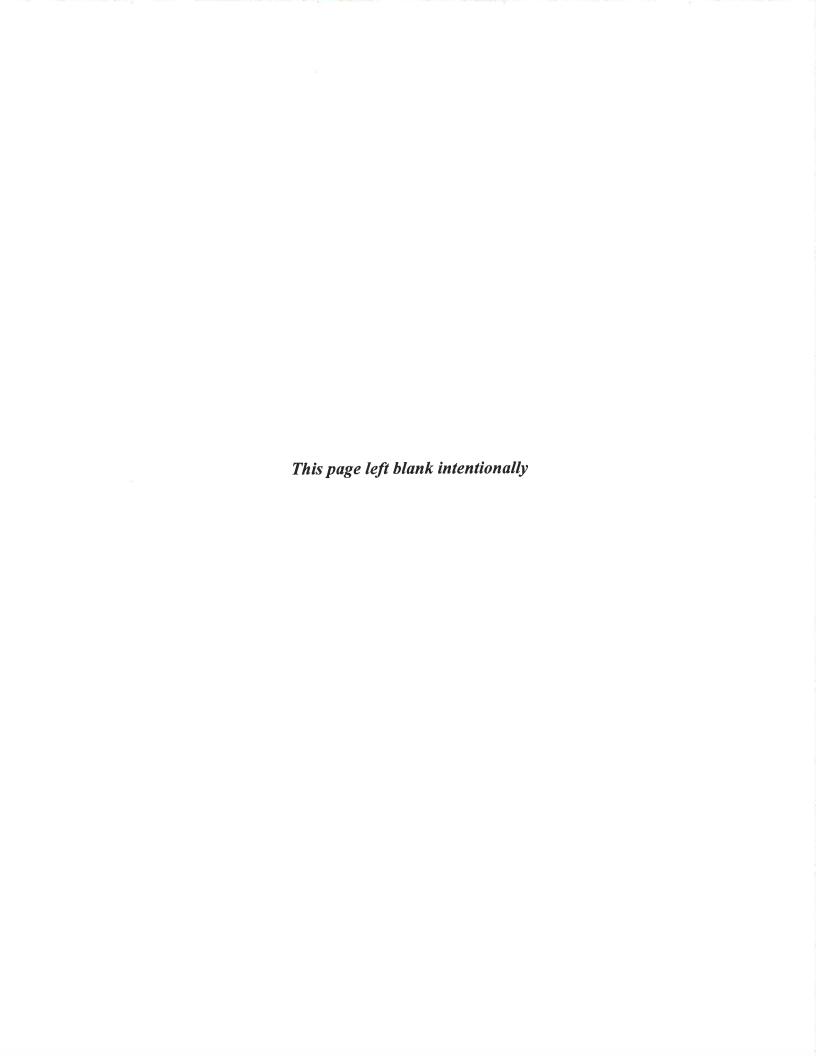
	 Balance ly 1, 2009	A	dditions	De	eductions	Balance June 30, 201		
Assets	 7 - 7							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 402,987	\$	924,367	\$	867,625	\$	459,729	
Liabilities								
Due to students	\$ 402,987	\$	924,367	\$	867,625	\$	459,729	

# Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Library Agency Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010									
	_	Salance y 1, 2009	Ado	ditions	Ded	uctions	Balance June 30, 2010		
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	_\$	38,006	\$	115	\$	S#6	\$	38,121	
Liabilities									
Amounts held for others	\$	38,006	\$	115	\$	æ	\$	38,121	

# Statement of Cash Flows - Component Unit -Industrial Development Authority

Year Ended June 30, 2010	
Cash flows from operating activities	
Received from customers and users	\$ 27,419
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(20,228)
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,191
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Interest paid on capital debt	(26,768)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	283,918
City appropriations	40,000
Borrowings repaid	(283,000)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	14,150
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	21,341
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	88,486
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 109,827
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (48,274)
Adjustments	
Depreciation and amortization	36,450
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Accounts payable	19,015
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 7,191





# Statistical Section

#### Statistical Section Overview

#### June 30, 2010

This part of the City of Poquoson's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

#### **Contents**

Financial Trends Tables 1 - 4

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Tables 5 - 7

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property taxes.

Debt Capacity Tables 8 - 10

These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

**Tables 11 - 12** 

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

#### **Operation Information**

**Tables 13 - 15** 

These tables contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in FY 2003; tables presenting information relating to GASB Statement 34 include information beginning in that year.

\* \* \* \* \*

## Net Assets by Component

Last eight fiscal years		2010	2009	2008 2007					2006		2005		2004	2003	
Governmental activities															
Invested in capital assets,			********	•	10.045.500	m	17 102 471	æ	10 104 202	r	7 570 060	e	6,026,883	\$	5,133,636
net of related debt	\$	17,493,727	\$ 18,654,461	\$	12,045,582	\$	17,183,471	\$	10,104,292	ъ	7,579,069	Ф		Ф	HEISTERS OF THE
Unrestricted	_	5,235,762	4,668,824	_	9,164,683		3,057,158	_	5,044,143		5,765,548	_	4,925,489	_	4,959,729
Total governmental activities	\$	22,729,489	\$ 23,323,285	\$	21,210,265	\$	20,240,629	\$	15,148,435	\$	13,344,617	\$	10,952,372	\$	10,093,365
Business-type activities															
Invested in capital assets -															
net of related debt	\$	4,923,135	\$ 5,595,258	\$	5,518,765	\$	5,516,767	\$	5,502,835	\$	5,164,685	\$	5,232,966	\$	4,693,016
Restricted - debt service					_		-		_		-				598,114
Restricted - sewer improvements											-		71,623		
Unrestricted		1,358,338	1,038,282		1,454,510		1,808,221		1,690,392		1,854,439		1,459,144		1,704,131
Total business-type activities	\$	6,281,473	\$ 6,633,540	\$	6,973,275	\$	7,324,988	\$	7,193,227	\$	7,019,124	\$	6,763,733	\$	6,995,261
Primary government															
Invested in capital assets -															
net of related debt	\$	22,416,862	\$ 24,249,719	\$	17,564,347	\$	22,700,238	\$	15,607,127	\$	12,743,754	\$	11,259,849	\$	9,826,652
Restricted - debt service		9	₩.				-		-		-		-		598,114
Restricted - sewer improvements					-				-		-		71,623		-
Unrestricted	_	6,594,100	5,707,106		10,619,193		4,865,379		6,734,535		7,619,987		6,384,633		6,663,860
Total primary government	\$	29,010,962	\$ 29,956,825	\$	28,183,540	\$	27,565,617	\$	22,341,662	\$	20,363,741	\$	17,716,105	\$	17,088,626

Note: GASB 34 was implemented by the City of Poquoson in FY 2003. Data for this schedule prior to FY 2003 is not available.

### Change in Net Assets

Last eight fiscal years		2010	_	2009		2008		2007		2006		2005		2004		2003
Expenses																
Governmental activities																
General government	s	2,960,944	5	2,735,018	\$	1,415,530	\$	4,532,796	5	2,379,161	S	1,846,634	\$	1,569,814	\$	1,480,465
Public safety and judicial		6,016,699	85	5,844,764	•	6,668,792	7	5,514,359		4,896,621	-	4,931,153		4,101,007		3,968,182
Public works		950,043		1,780,286		1,587,249		1,511,607		1,327,111		1,694,612		1,659,214		1,472,320
Health and welfare		1,022,735		1,162,301		1,081,767		862,689		821,356		840,310		650,092		605,334
Education		10,906,525		8,364,349		8,405,003		8,126,211		7,426,666		7,087,769		6,965,522		6,459,434
Parks and recreation		859,051		1,389,000		1,249,535		18,006		1,030,174		1,343,537		839,537		775,359
Community development		547,051		1,272,635		2,327,008		1,081,786		817,214		563,788		636,477		514,618
Interest on long-term debt		1,100,826		1,263,686		1,399,427		1,246,037		462,508		500,461		525,850		561,580
Total governmental activities		24,363,874		23,812,039		24,134,311		22,893,491		19,160,811		18,808,264		16,947,513		15,837,292
Business-type activities																
Sewer		1,685,334		1,534,743		1,604,560		1,596,599		1,554,446		1,537,870		1,609,179		1,657,238
Parks and recreation		401,006		463,662		463,668		473,754		587,701		545,799		524,504		543,323
Solid waste		766,921		768,565		904,411		595,209		528,325		475,269		446,172		430,223
Total business-type activities		2,853,261		2,766,970		2,972,639		2,665,562		2,670,472		2,558,938		2,579,855		2,630,788
Total expenses	\$	27,217,135	\$	26,579,009	\$	27,106,950	\$	25,559,053	\$	21,831,283	\$	21,367,202	\$	19,527,368	s	18,468,080
Program revenues																
Governmental activities																
Charges for services																
General government	\$	254,482	æ	274,901	¢	157,130	•	100,055	·	104,747	2	100,546	\$	92,864	\$	
Public safety and judicial	Φ	103,169	J	108,456	Ψ	102,452	Ψ	185,842	Ψ	163,397	Ψ	118,496	Ψ	95,621	•	105,102
Education		103,103		100,450		102,432		105,042		103,377		-		21,800		21,200
Parks and recreation		217,372		55,288		69,952		72,253		24,367		24,543		25,849		22,83
Community development		22,614		22,741		36,230		51,543		53,397		21,515		109,087		40,392
Nondepartmental		22,014		#:		30,230		51,545		33,371		-		107,007		60,266
Operating grants and contributions		1,986,470		1,658,180		2,290,305		2,094,100		2,122,034		2,705,293		1,718,011		1,326,011
Capital grants and contributions		330,892		2,873,294		1,745,973		1,260,858		342,400		1,187,904		193,425		694,324
Total governmental activities		2,914,999		4,992,860		4,402,042		3,764,651		2,810,342		4,136,782		2,256,657		2,270,130
- 40																
Business-type activities																
Charges for services		1 407 157		1 600 430		1 514 802		1 802 012		1 412 402		1,271,539		1,216,215		1,151,403
Sewer		1,487,157		1,528,438		1,514,893		1,803,913		1,413,403 315,082		340,230		325,361		300,715
Solid waste		743,965		586,277		511,173		329,172				340,230		325,361		331,999
Parks and recreation	-	179,070	_	171,459		177,858	_	209,147		334,911		1,937,088	_	1,866,659	_	1,784,113
Total business-type activities	_	2,410,192		2,286,174	_	2,203,924		2,342,232		2,063,396		1,937,000		1,800,039		1,/04,117
Total program revenues	\$	5,325,191	\$	7,279,034	\$	6,605,966	\$	6,106,883	\$	4,873,738	\$	6,073,870	\$	4,123,316	\$	4,054,247
Governmental activities, net expense	\$	(21,448,875)	\$	(18,819,179)	\$	(19,732,269)	\$	(19,128,840)	\$	(16,350,469)	\$	(14,671,482)	\$	(14,690,856)	\$	(13,567,16
Business-type activities, net expense		(443,069)		(480,796)	_	(768,715)	_	(323,330)	_	(607,076)		(621,850)		(713,196)		(846,671
Total primary government, net expenses	\$	(21 891 944)	\$	(19,299,975)	\$	(20 500 984)	•	(19.452.170)	. •	(16 057 545)	\$	(15 293 332)	\$	(15 404 052)	\$	(14 413 83

Change in Net Assets

Last eight fiscal years	2010		2009	2008	2007	_	2006	_	2005	_	2004	_	2003
General revenues and other changes in net assets													
Governmental activities:													
Taxes:													
Property taxes	\$ 18,054,307	\$	17,989,555	\$ 15,956,711	\$ 15,636,708	\$	13,053,028	\$	12,489,445	\$	11,135,298	\$	10,796,813
Other taxes	2,451,932		2,537,554	2,613,195	2,541,189		2,792,592		2,635,723		2,524,964		2,442,485
Reimbursements from other agencies	102,239		95,694	1,367,713	1,970,935		2,035,707		1,830,047		2,012,657		1,669,092
Payments in lieu of taxes:													
Investment earnings	156,139		179,671	728,606	1,085,397		415,638		119,801		-		52,492
Miscellaneous	51,462		99,725	294,109	146,900		75,005		116,511		83,401		67,633
Transfers	39,000		30,000	(258,430)	(270,005)		(217,683)		(127,800)		(102,200)		(74,000)
Total governmental activities	20,855,079	_	20,932,199	20,701,904	21,111,124		18,154,287		17,063,727	_	15,654,120	_	14,954,515
Business-type activities:													
Investment earnings	30,522		29,264	37,001	37,913		23,393		23,888		39,559		84,824
Miscellaneous	99,480		141,797	167,035	147,176		540,100		725,553		339,909		318,936
Loss on disposal of capital assets	- E		(34)	(45,464)	*:		30		*		<b>£</b> 3		22
Transfers	(39,000)		(30,000)	258,430	270,005		217,683		127,800		102,200		74,000
Total business-type activities	91,002		141,061	417,002	455,094		781,176		877,241		481,668		477,760
Total general revenues and other				12 000						_			
changes in net assets	\$ 20,946,081	\$	21,073,260	\$ 21,118,906	\$ 21,566,218	\$	18,935,463	\$	17,940,968	\$_	16,135,788	\$	15,432,275
Extraordinary item													
Governmental activities													
Hurricane Isabel	\$ 	S	•	\$ 	\$ 	\$	-	\$	2	\$	(104,257)	\$	1
Change in Net Assets													
Governmental activities	\$ (593,796)	\$	2,113,020	\$ 969,635	\$ 1,982,284	\$	1,803,818	\$	2,392,245	\$	859,007	\$	1,387,353
Business-type activities	(352,067)		(339,735)	(351,713)	131,764		174,100	_	255,391	_	(231,528)		(368,911)
													1,018,442

Note: GASB 34 was implemented by the City of Poquoson in FY 2003. Data for this schedule prior to FY 2003 is not available.

## Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

т	4	T	1721	17.
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	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
General fund:										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances & loans	\$ 347,863	\$ 392,810	\$ 276,571	\$ 180,562	\$ 125,336	\$ 71,459	\$ 125,653	\$ 114,656	\$ 110,644	\$ 149,263
Asset forfeiture	83,704	89,261	89,594	5 <b>=</b> 2	-	-	-	-	_ :	*
Fire department	100,858	69,671	re:	:=8	: <b>:</b> €0	-	-	-	-	***
Library	13,015	13,861	0.5	•		-	-	-	-	(€)
Heritage Park	6,060	le:	100	: <b>-</b> :		-	-	-	-	220
Unreserved:										
Undesignated	4,338,582	3,389,561	3,571,770	4,858,261	4,550,535	4,764,304	4,015,477	4,239,425	3,861,831	3,946,030
Total general fund	\$ 4,890,082	\$ 3,955,164	\$ 3,937,935	\$ 5,038,823	\$ 4,675,871	\$ 4,835,763	\$ 4,141,130	\$ 4,354,081	\$ 3,972,475	\$ 4,095,293
All other governmental funds:										
Reserved for:	¢.	e _	\$ -	\$	<b>6</b>	\$ 339,000	\$ ==	\$ °=	\$ -	\$
Reserved for: Purchase of fire truck	\$ -	\$ <u>=</u>	\$ <u>-</u> 27 168	\$ - 9.738	\$ (73.569)	\$ 339,000 52.055	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reserved for: Purchase of fire truck Grants	(2)	32,077	27,168	9,738	(73,569)		\$ -		*	*
Reserved for: Purchase of fire truck Grants Construction - bond principal	651,191	•	•	9,738 16,196,290	(73,569) 13,433,589	52,055	0.5			9 <u>8</u> 1
Reserved for: Purchase of fire truck Grants Construction - bond principal Construction - bond earnings	(2)	32,077 826,219	27,168 4,244,577	9,738	(73,569)	52,055	0.5			9 <u>8</u> 1
Reserved for: Purchase of fire truck Grants Construction - bond principal Construction - bond earnings Encumbrances	651,191	32,077 826,219	27,168 4,244,577	9,738 16,196,290 82,801	(73,569) 13,433,589	52,055	(%) (⊕) (⊕)	188 284 284	*	924 924 994
Reserved for: Purchase of fire truck Grants Construction - bond principal Construction - bond earnings Encumbrances Unreserved for:	651,191	32,077 826,219	27,168 4,244,577 -	9,738 16,196,290 82,801	(73,569) 13,433,589 318,938	52,055 - - -	(%) (⊕) (⊕)	188 284 284	*	924 924 994
Reserved for: Purchase of fire truck Grants Construction - bond principal Construction - bond earnings Encumbrances Unreserved for: Designated	651,191	32,077 826,219	27,168 4,244,577	9,738 16,196,290 82,801	(73,569) 13,433,589	52,055	05 1≠ 1± 1⊕		- - 221,203	457,695
Reserved for: Purchase of fire truck Grants Construction - bond principal Construction - bond earnings Encumbrances Unreserved for:	651,191 - - -	32,077 826,219 - -	27,168 4,244,577 - - 1,203,324	9,738 16,196,290 82,801 - 327,503	(73,569) 13,433,589 318,938 - 1,273,130	52,055 - - -	1,024,626	- - - - 767,291	221,203 628,969	457,695

## Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Revenues	2010									
General property taxes	\$ 16,023,837 \$	16,034,422 \$	16,127,168 \$	15,562,860 \$	13,012,958 \$	12,488,453 \$	11,226,560 \$	10,859,951 \$	9,716,038 \$	9,921,498
Other local taxes	2,451,932	2,537,554	2,613,195	2,541,189	2,792,592	2,635,722	2,524,964	2,442,485	2,402,784	1,984,354
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	70,947	83,775	98,233	162,218	173,401	172,455	173,525	116,843	144,907	108,412
Fines and forfeitures	54,836	46,859	38,201	73,942	37,283	30,583	24,605	27,970	22,596	25,448
Revenue from use of money and property	157,426	224,492	825,346	1,171,832	503,615	202,548	58,937	132,706	120,990	226,465
Charges for services	217,372	55,909	71,505	72,749	29,694	30,318	31,740	23,132	29,069	28,980
Intergovernmental	4,597,512	4,871,491	6,017,329	5,389,676	4,898,316	5,324,277	3,694,854	3,670,215	3,540,724	2,915,842
Miscellaneous	60,625	86,991	320,188	94,093	37,381	93,385	369,054	88,481	24,817	45,138
Total revenues	23,634,487	23,941,493	26,111,165	25,068,559	21,485,240	20,977,741	18,104,239	17,361,783	16,001,925	15,256,137
Expenditures										
Current	1,924,481	2,324,651	2,018,674	1,938,236	1,754,223	1,543,930	1,330,271	1,273,661	1,257,684	1,172,028
General government and administration		5,328,217	5,952,162	5,235,778	4,857,162	4,440,330	4,007,945	3,774,685	3,284,029	3,092,622
Public safety and judicial	5,601,358			1,428,384	1,232,132	1,284,108	1,125,448	1,013,082	1,025,194	889,179
Public works	1,530,904	1,535,411	1,503,219	843,523	802,295	819,499	657,485	601,282	447,294	464,380
Health and welfare	1,016,083	1,131,499	1,067,418		935,543	830,797	763,681	763,866	720,466	730,150
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,003,795	1,169,328	1,175,226	1,034,306	640,718	507,520	535,757	452,374	449,777	258,403
Community development	529,529	1,236,529	2,222,658	1,544,499	140,315	127,144	115,105	78,254	42,271	35,366
Nondepartmental	329,279	134,282	218,133	173,643	140,515	127,144	115,105			,
Education	8,008,392	8,078,598	8,147,463	7,880,000	7,555,104	7,311,063	6,728,536	6,901,085	6,696,939	6,981,148
Industrial Development Authority	40,000	51,250	110,000	123,861	147,530	59,900	95,000	*	*	i.e.
Capital outlays	838,069	7,085,050	14,035,793	8,460,299	2,447,596	2,338,525	986,129	993,632	1,266,450	1,558,824
Debt service	,									
Principal retirement	1,358,073	1,414,131	1,495,455	1,092,106	1,058,843	1,066,793	983,418	4,320,579	987,099	855,248
Bond issuance costs	234,339	139,699			- 2	500	2,000	17,300	₩	· ·
Interest and fiscal charges	1,201,041	1,244,582	1,258,222	1,038,815	462,632	497,733	522,623	595,909	610,220	591,570
Total expenditures	23,615,343	30,873,227	39,204,423	30,793,450	22,034,093	20,827,842	17,853,398	20,785,709	16,787,423	16,628,918
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	19,144	(6,931,734)	(13,093,258)	(5,724,891)	(548,853)	149,899	250,841	(3,423,926)	(785,498)	(1,372,78)
D4 - 5 (man)										
Other financing sources (uses)	2,587,735	2,708,519	448,610	457,417	150,000	590,000	151,800	590,651	807,468	689,963
Transfers in	457,391	2,514,557	664,414	8,000,000	14,500,000	349,640		3,405,000	597,000	1,572,428
Issuance of debt	(2,548,735)	(2,678,519)	(388,430)	(400,193)	(367,683)	(280,800)	(254,000)	(273,000)	(286,400)	(625,385
Transfers out  Total other financing sources (uses)	496,391	2,544,557	724,594	8,057,224	14,282,317	658,840	(102,200)	3,722,651	1,118,068	1,637,000
Net change in fund balances before extraordinary item	515,535	(4,387,177)	(12,368,664)	2,332,333	13,733,464	808,739	148,641	298,725	332,570	264,22
•	,	(, , ,								
Extraordinary item - Hurricane Isabel					720	:45	2,693,258		-	240
Revenues	350	3	-		===	724	(2,797,515)		52.3	240
Expenditures		- 156	3.	174						-
Total extraordinary item - Hurricane Isabel	- 40	58		<b>3</b>	<u>-</u>	3#0	(104,257)		1.5	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 515,535 \$	(4,387,177) \$	(12,368,664) \$	2,332,333 \$	13,733,464 \$	808,739 \$	44,384 \$	298,725 \$	332,570 \$	264,225
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12,26%	11.18%	11.23%	9.73%	9.78%	8,50%	9.28%	24.98%	10.14%	9.539

City of Poquoson, Virginia

## Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Real Property

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	C	Commercial / Industrial Property	A	gricultural Property	7	Total Taxable Assessed Value	 Tax Exempt Property	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2010	\$ 1,612,987,500	\$	103,065,821	\$	3,798,800	\$	1,719,852,121	\$ 109,430,730	\$0.81	\$ 1,631,859,515	105%
2009	\$ 1,604,471,900	\$	91,095,808	\$	3,227,800	\$	1,698,795,508	\$ 81,348,380	\$0.81	\$ 1,705,314,450	99%
2008	\$ 1,577,324,400	\$	97,776,982	\$	3,227,800	\$	1,678,329,182	\$ 81,410,750	\$0.81	\$ 1,730,236,270	97%
2007	\$ 1,543,797,900	\$	90,461,496	\$	3,227,800	\$	1,637,487,196	\$ 80,948,613	\$0.81	\$ 1,817,410,872	90%
2006	\$ 955,801,900	\$	79,069,841	\$	2,431,400	\$	1,037,303,141	\$ 71,268,800	\$1.06	\$ 1,548,213,643	67%
2005	\$ 933,021,200	\$	79,555,306	\$	2,425,800	\$	1,015,002,306	\$ 71,118,562	\$1.06	\$ 1,318,184,813	77%
2004	\$ 772,269,200	\$	73,015,935	\$	1,998,600	\$	847,283,735	\$ 63,679,146	\$1.12	\$ 901,365,676	94%
2003	\$ 755,651,100	\$	69,944,736	\$	2,008,300	\$	827,604,136	\$ 59,679,816	\$1.12	\$ 962,330,391	86%
2002	\$ 677,825,700	\$	69,359,197	\$	1,836,400	\$	749,021,297	\$ 54,070,535	\$1.12	\$ 851,160,565	88%
2001	\$ 677,062,200	\$	57,394,386	\$	2,253,800	\$	736,710,386	\$ 52,326,710	\$1.12	\$ 775,484,617	95%

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue and City Assessor

City of Poquoson, Virginia

## Property Tax Levies and Collections

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

							Collected With Year of th					Total Co to Da	ate
		Taxes Levied						Percent		lections in			Percent
Fiscal	fo	r Fiscal Year	S	ubsequent	To	otal Adjusted		of Original	St	ibsequent			of Original
Year	<u>(</u> 0	riginal Levy)	Yea	r Adjustments		Net Levy	Amount	Levy	_	Years		Amount	Levy
		10 (11 0 (			Φ.	10 (14 0(6	<b># 12 271 010</b>	09.220/	¢.		¢	12 271 010	98.22%
2010	\$	13,614,366	\$	=	\$	13,614,366	\$ 13,371,918	98.22%	\$	-		13,371,918	
2009	\$	13,481,887	\$	1,593	\$	13,483,480	\$ 13,306,699	98.70%	\$	86,285	\$	13,392,984	99.33%
2008	\$	13,330,523	\$	(742)	\$	13,329,781	\$ 13,186,765	98.92%	\$	115,563	\$	13,302,328	99.79%
2007	\$	13,075,301	\$	553	\$	13,075,854	\$ 12,941,290	98.98%	\$	124,607	\$	13,065,897	99.92%
2006	\$	10,831,249	\$	2,841	\$	10,834,090	\$ 10,643,194	98.26%	\$	185,639	\$	10,828,833	99.95%
2005	\$	10,566,343	\$	5,748	\$	10,572,091	\$10,399,214	98.42%	\$	170,594	\$	10,569,808	99.98%
2004	\$	9,274,686	\$	(9,546)	\$	9,265,140	\$ 9,104,267	98.16%	\$	155,400	\$	9,259,667	99.94%
2003	\$	9,178,628	\$	(276)	\$	9,178,352	\$ 8,964,109	97.66%	\$	210,832	\$	9,174,941	99.96%
2002	\$	8,227,541	\$	40	\$	8,227,581	\$ 7,988,231	97.09%	\$	235,071	\$	8,223,302	99.95%
2001	\$	8,104,735	\$	84	\$	8,104,819	\$ 7,882,281	97.26%	\$	217,320	\$	8,099,601	99.94%

Source: City of Poquoson Treasurer's Department

City of Poquoson, Virginia

## Principal Taxpayers - 2010 and Nine Years Ago

Years Ended		20	10	20	01
			Percentage		Percentage
		Assessed	of Total	Assessed	of Total
		Valuation	Real Estate	Valuation	Real Estate
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Real Estate	Assessment	Real Estate	Assessment
			3		
Poquoson Place Apartments	Apartment Rentals	\$ 10,265,000	0.60%	\$ 6,796,800	0.92%
Poquoson Marina Associates	Marina / Mobile Home Park	6,912,100	0.40%	÷	
Poquoson Commons Retail Investors, Inc.	Shopping Center	6,844,500	0.40%	Ę	ŝ
Poquoson Shopping Center, L.L.C.	Shopping Center	5,002,300	0.29%	*	-
SGC Wythe Creek, L.L.C.	Shopping Center	4,407,200	0.26%	#	
Islander Associates	Apartment Rentals	3,960,000	0.23%	2,502,400	0.34%
Hunt Properties of Poquoson, Inc.	Storage Facilities	2,959,900	0.17%	2	2
Cosmus Investment Company, L.L.C.	Developer	2,523,000	0.15%	=	-
GPH Poquoson L.L.C.	Nursing Home	3,468,200	0.20%	<u> ~</u>	12
Universal of Poquoson	Mobile Home Park	3,378,000	0.20%	2,241,200	0.30%
Wachovia Bank	Financial Institution	9	(4)	1,664,100	0.23%
Bristol-Cardiff	Shopping Center	=	: <del>***</del> *	5,622,700	0.76%
Vantage Healthcare Corporation	Nursing Home	=	5/ <b>2</b> :	2,092,100	0.28%
Carematrix of Dominion Village	Nursing Home	i <del>.</del>	;•	1,801,800	0.24%
WCP, L.L.C.	Shopping Center			3,660,800	0.50%
Suburban Land Company	Shopping Center		8.00	3,775,300	0.51%
Langley Federal Credit Union	Financial Institution	H	<b>€</b>	1,367,700	0.19%
		\$49,720,200	2.89%	\$ 31,524,900	4.27%

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue and City Assessor

City of Poquoson, Virginia

## Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years	2010		2009	2008		2007	2006	2005	2004	 2003	2002	_	2001
Total assessed value of taxed real property													
General	\$ 1,702,517,110	\$	1,685,314,440	\$ 1,662,716,070	\$	1,627,336,017	\$ 1,025,497,078	\$ 1,002,511,357	\$ 832,002,644	\$ 814,646,831	\$ 732,405,108	\$	721,546,098
Public service corporations	17,335,01	l	13,481,068	15,613,112		10,151,179	 11,806,063	12,490,949	15,281,091	12,957,305	16,616,189	_	15,164,288
Total	\$ 1,719,852,12	1 \$	1,698,795,508	\$ 1,678,329,182	\$	1,637,487,196	\$ 1,037,303,141	\$ 1,015,002,306	\$ 847,283,735	\$ 827,604,136	\$ 749,021,297	\$	736,710,386
Debt limit (10% of total assessed value)	\$ 171,985,212	2 \$	169,879,551	\$ 167,832,918	\$	163,748,720	\$ 103,730,314	\$ 101,500,231	\$ 84,728,374	\$ 82,760,414	\$ 74,902,130	\$	73,671,039
Debt applicable to debt limit													
General obligation bonds, other than													
those authorized for a specific													
revenue producing project	28,689,87	8	29,552,678	27,460,783		28,341,971	20,966,951	7,060,912	7,645,953	8,189,853	8,455,597		8,385,678
Capital leases	316,20	4	388,577	978,046		525,899	591,024	653,906		(8)	(6)		i i
Sewer general obligation bonds	9,890,07	2	9,796,907	10,508,638		11,280,327	12,049,089	12,791,016	13,506,624	14,131,490	14,779,335		13,108,140
State literary fund loans	2,361,82	0	2,763,820	3,165,820		3,567,820	3,969,820	 4,371,820	4,811,338	5,250,856	5,690,374	_	6,150,392
	41,257,97	4	42,501,982	42,113,287	-	43,716,017	37,576,884	24,877,654	25,963,915	27,572,199	28,925,306		27,644,210
Margin for additional borrowing	\$ 130,727,23	8 \$	127,377,569	\$ 125,719,631	\$	120,032,703	\$ 66,153,430	\$ 76,622,577	\$ 58,764,459	\$ 55,188,215	\$ 45,976,824	\$	46,026,829
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	23,99	07	25.02%	25.09%		26.70%	36,23%	24.51%	30,64%	33.32%	38.62%		37.52%

City of Poquoson, Virginia

## Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

## **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

					Business-Type					
	G	overnmental Activ	ities		Activities					
	General					Total	N	Median	Percentage	
Fiscal	Obligation	Term Loans	Ca	ıpital	Sewer	Primary	Н	ousehold	of Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Payable	Le	eases	Bonds	Government	I	ncome	Income	Capita
2010	\$ 28,689,878	\$ 2,361,820	\$	316,204	\$ 9,890,072	\$ 41,257,974		N/A	N/A	\$ 3,473
2009	\$ 29,552,678	\$ 2,763,820	\$ :	388,577	\$ 9,796,907	\$ 42,501,982		N/A	N/A	\$ 3,605
2008	\$ 27,460,783	\$ 3,165,820	\$	978,046	\$ 10,508,638	\$ 42,113,287	\$	79,123	0.014%	\$ 3,563
2007	\$ 28,341,971	\$ 3,567,820	\$	525,899	\$ 11,280,327	\$ 43,716,017	\$	78,191	0.014%	\$ 3,659
2006	S 20,966,951	\$ 3,969,820	\$	591,024	\$ 12,049,089	\$ 37,576,884	\$	76,741	0.012%	\$ 3,167
2005	S 7,060,912	\$ 4,371,820	\$	653,906	\$ 12,791,016	\$ 24,877,654	\$	71,435	0.009%	\$ 2,115
2004	S 7,645,953	\$ 4,811,338	\$		\$ 13,506,624	\$ 25,963,915	\$	70,476	0.010%	\$ 2,219
2003	S 8,189,853	\$ 5,250,856	\$	: <del>-</del> 22	\$ 14,131,490	\$ 27,572,199	\$	67,664	0.011%	\$ 2,398
2002	S 8,455,597	\$ 5,690,374	\$	<del>=</del> )	\$ 14,779,335	\$ 28,925,306	\$	66,985	0.012%	\$ 2,515
2001	S 8,385,678	\$ 6,150,392	\$	=0	\$ 13,108,140	\$ 27,644,210	\$	64,011	0.013%	\$ 2,404

N/A - This information is not available

Source: Director of Finance

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City of Poquoson, Virginia

## Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

·				Ratio of Net		
				Bonded Debt	Net	Bonded
Fiscal		Assessed	Net Bonded	to Assessed	De	ebt per
<u>Year</u>	Population	Value	Debt (3)	Value	<u> </u>	apita
2010	11,881 (2)	\$ 1,719,852,121	\$ 31,367,902	1.82%	\$	2,640
2009	11,566 (1)	\$ 1,698,795,508	\$ 32,705,075	1.93%	\$	2,828
2008	11,566 (1)	\$ 1,678,329,182	\$ 31,604,649	1.88%	\$	2,733
2007	11,566 (1)	\$ 1,637,487,196	\$ 32,435,690	1.98%	\$	2,804
2006	11,566 (1)	\$ 1,037,303,141	\$ 11,027,795	1.06%	\$	953
2005	11,566 (1)	\$ 1,015,002,306	\$ 12,086,638	1.19%	\$	1,045
2004	11,566 (1)	\$ 847,283,735	\$ 12,457,291	1.47%	\$	1,077
2003	11,566 (1)	\$ 827,604,136	\$ 13,440,709	1.62%	\$	1,162
2002	11,566 (1)	\$ 749,021,297	\$ 14,145,971	1.89%	\$	1,223
2001	11,566 (1)	\$ 736,710,386	\$ 14,536,070	1.97%	\$	1,257
2001	11,566 (1)	\$ 736,710,386	\$ 14,536,070	1.97%	\$	

### Source:

- (1) 2000 United States Census
- (2) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service
- Only debt to be repaid with general government resources is included, therefore this table does not include Enterprise and Internal Service general obligation debt, which are retired through revenues of the related operations.

## Demographic Statistics

		Pe	ersonal	Pe	r Capita			
Fiscal		Inc	ome (2)	P	ersonal	School	Unemployme	nt
<u>Year</u>	Population (1)	(in i	nillions)	Inc	come (2)	Enrollment (3)	Rate	_
2010	11,881		N/A		N/A	2,390	6.0%	(5)
2009	11,791		N/A		N/A	2,531	5.4%	(4)
2008	11,818	\$	3,429	\$	46,844	2,478	3.7%	(4)
2007	11,948	\$	3,222	\$	44,148	2,583	2.3%	(5)
2006	11,865	\$	3,061	\$	42,146	2,572	2.3%	(5)
2005	11,764	\$	2,868	\$	39,603	2,563	2.8%	(5)
2004	11,700	\$	2,603	\$	35,917	2,503	3.0%	(5)
2003	11,500	\$	2,444	\$	34,029	2,503	3.1%	(5)
2002	11,500	\$	2,316	\$	32,685	2,492	2.7%	(5)
2001	11,500	\$	2,174	\$	31,460	2,483	2.4%	(5)

## N/A - This information is not available Source:

- (1) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service
- (2) Burcau of Economic Analysis combined amount for York County/Poquoson
- (3) Poquoson School Board. Data is September enrollment for each fiscal year.
- (4) Virginia Economic Development Partnership
- (5) Virginia Employment Commission

## Principal Employers in Poquoson - 2010 and Nine Years Ago

	20	010	20	001
		Percentage of		Percentage of
	Number of	Total City	Number of	<b>Total City</b>
Employment	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
Poquoson City Public Schools	313	13.81%	131	5.27%
City of Poquoson	132	5.83%	127	5.11%
Farm Fresh	68	3.00%	75	3.02%
Food Lion	50	2.21%	50	2.01%
McDonald's Restaurant	55	2.43%	55	2.21%
Golden Living Center	55	2.43%	55	2.21%
Pizza Hut	20	0.88%	N/A	N/A
Unity Business Systems	23	1.02%	N/A	N/A
Taylor Do-It Center	15	0.66%	N/A	N/A
Dominion Village at Poquoson	45	1.99%	38	1.53%
Stephen's Office Supply	25	1.10%	25	1.01%
	801	35.35%	556	22.73%

N/A - This information is not available.

Source: City of Poquoson Economic Development Department

City of Poquoson

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function / Program

T	act	Ton	Fisca	IV	earc
	.×1		PINCA		E21   S

Function / Program				Full-t	ime Equivale	ent Employee	es as of June	30		
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
General government:										
Management services	12.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	12.60	12.00	11.50	10.50	9.70	9.30
Finance	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.50	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20
Planning	4.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	3.60	3.60	3.70	3.70	3.30
Building	2.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.10	2.10	2.25	2.50	2.50
Other	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.00	2.00	2.00
Police:										
Officers	22.50	22.50	22.50	22.50	22.50	20.50	20.50	20.90	20.90	21.25
Civilians	1.00	2.00	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.10	5.75	5.75	6.75
Fire:										
Firefighters and officers	29.00	29.00	29.00	28.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	22.00	22.50
Civilians	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Refuse collection	1.00	2.00	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Other public works:	17.50	15.50	15.00	14.50	14.50	14.50	14.50	14.50	14.50	13.50
Engineering	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.85	2.85	2.75	2.75	3.75
Other	2.00	3.00	3.00	2.40	2.00	2.00	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10
Fleet	3.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.60	4.60	4.75	5.00	5.00	5.00
Parks and recreation	9.80	13.55	13.50	13.50	15.70	13.50	13.50	14.00	14.00	12.40
Library	11.95	11.95	11.95	11.45	11.45	10.45	10.45	10.45	9.95	9.95
Wastewater	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.00
., 2000										
Total	132.50	143.75	148.20	146.10	144.40	137.20	134.75	134.60	128.55	127.50

Source: Finance Department

City of Poquoson, Virginia

## Operating Indicators by Function / Program

## **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

					Fiscal Y	Year				
Function / Program	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Police (1)										
Physical arrests	315	357	410	379	444	412	350	482	438	778
Parking violations	54	N/A	8	71	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Traffic violations	987	960	804	1,041	550	712	468	701	762	795
Fire (2)										
Emergency responses	1,870	1,574	1,362	1,687	1,466	1,194	1,106	1,127	1,055	1,183
Fires extinguished	79	44	38	35	52	85	180	76	85	63
Inspections	233	56	31	41	23	12	12	12	12	10
Refuse collection (3)										
Refuse collected (tons)	2,560	2,524	2,160	1,663	1,603	1,610	1,604	1,646	1,550	1,535
Recyclables collected (tons)	1,418	2,482	1,490	1,445	1,484	1,312	1,578	1,396	1,174	1,153
Other public works (3)										
Street resurfacing (tons)	2,481	3,315	3,910	4,943	3,620	3,019	2,737	2,536	3,409	4,725
Library (4)										
Volumes in collection	59,217	60,180	58,266	58,401	57,196	53,856	52,644	51,684	50,755	47,496
Total volumes borrowed	209,768	216,065	208,534	193,354	190,000	181,360	179,276	197,299	189,127	186,450
Wastewater (5)										
Sewer connections	4,803	4,876	4,871	4,790	4,649	4,544	4,494	4,440	4,200	3,881

N/A - This information is not available

Source:

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- (1) City of Poquoson Police Department
- (2) City of Poquoson Fire Department
- (3) City of Poquoson Public Works Department
- (4) City of Poquoson Library
- (5) City of Poquoson Finance Department

## Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

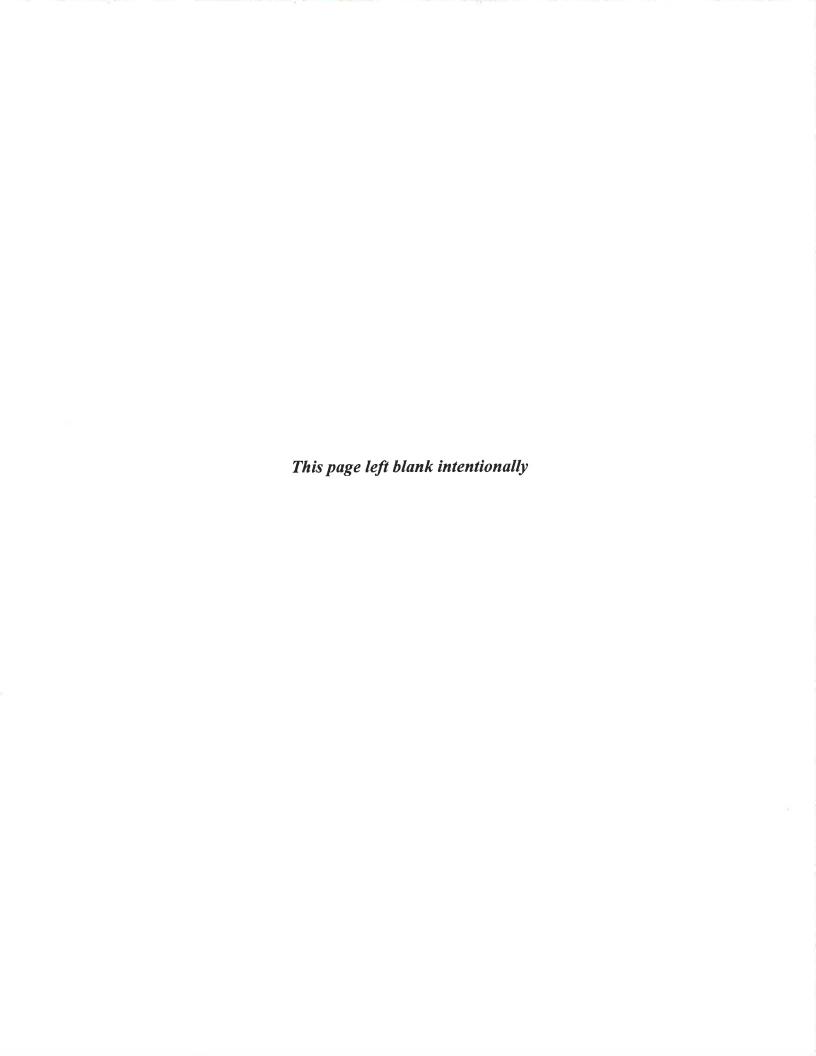
## Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Police (1)										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	23	23	23	23	23	21	21	20.9	21	21
Fire stations (2)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Refuse collection (3)										
Collection trucks	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Other public works (3)										
Street (miles)	55.4	54.6	53.16	53.16	53.16	52.88	51.95	51.76	51.76	51.76
Streetlights	574	574	561	546	542	507	502	495	477	404
Traffic signals	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Park and recreation (4)										
Acreage	48	48	48	46	39	38	31	31	31	31
Playgrounds	3	3	3	4	3	3	2	2	2	2
Baseball / softball diamonds	6	6	6	5	3	3	3	3	3	3
Soccer / football fields	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wastewater (5)										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	64	64	64	64	64	64	63	54	54	52
Storm sewers (miles)	34(*)	32(*)	16	16	16	15	14	13	12	10

(\*) Includes driveway pipes not available in previous years Source:

- (1) City of Poquoson Police Department
- (2) City of Poquoson Fire Department
- (3) City of Poquoson Public Works Department
- (4) City of Poquoson Parks and Recreation Department
- (5) City of Poquoson Utilities Department

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# Compliance Section



## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Poquoson, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Poquoson, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did identify one matter of noncompliance with state compliance requirements which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2010-1.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated December 6, 2010.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Chany, Bekant + Holland, J. Z. P.

Virginia Beach, Virginia December 6, 2010



## Report on Compliance With Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Poquoson, Virginia

## Compliance

We have audited the compliance of City of Poquoson, Virginia (the "City") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

## Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cheny, Bekant & Helland, J. J. P.

Virginia Beach, Virginia December 6, 2010

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

ederal granting agency / recipient state agency Grant program/grant number	CFDA Number	Federal Expenditure
	Number	Expenditure
Jiant program/grant number		
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Pass through payments:		
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:		
Child Nutrition Cluster:		
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	26,068
National School Lunch Program	10.555	128,259 \$ 154,32
U.S. Department of Transportation		
Pass through payments:		
Department of Motor Vehicles:		
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving		
Prevention Incentive	20.607	24,09
Highway Planning and Construction (Tea 21 Grant)	20.205	240
U.S. Department of Education		
Direct payments:		
Impact Aid	84.041	195,732
Foreign Language Grant	84,293	115,99
Pass through payments:	01,275	110,55
Virginia Department of Education:		
Title I: Grants to local educational agencies	84.010	43,99
Title II: Improving teacher quality state grants	84.367	55,76
Title II. Trechnology	84.282	1,85
	04.202	1,05
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster: Title VI-B: Assistance to states for education		
of handicapped children:	94.027	210.012
Special Education Grants	84.027	310,012
ARRA - Special Education Grants, Part B, Section 611	84.391A	39,354
Preschool Handicapped	84.173	10,064 359,436
Vocational education-basic grants to states	84.048	16,00
State and Drug-free Schools and Communities	84.186	4,430
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Funds	84.394A	932,133
U.S. Department of Justice		
Pass through payments:	1 ( 720	72
Byrne Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	733
U.S. Department of Homeland Security		
Pass through payments:		
FEMA Public Assistance	97.036	243,000
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	4,30
Local Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	5,000
2007 Citizen Corps Program	97.053	16,52
2008 Citizen Corps Program	97.053	16,60
2008 State Homeland Security Program	97.073	14,60
U.S. Department of the Interior		
Direct payments:		
Plum Tree Island Refuge	15.611	3,320
		\$2,208,076

 $<sup>\</sup>star\;$  Represents a major program of the City of Poquoson.

## Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

### Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Poquoson and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

### 2. Food Distribution

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2010, the food service organization had food commodities totaling \$8,090 in inventory.

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

### Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### 1.1. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

### **Financial Statements:**

The type of report issued on the financial statements: Unqualified opinions

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified: No Significant deficiencies identified: None reported

Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: No

#### Federal Awards:

The type of report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified opinion

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified: No

Significant deficiencies identified: None reported

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in Accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133: No

## Major Programs:

- Special Education Grants (CFDA No. 84.027, 84.173, 84.391A)
- State Fiscal Stabilization Funds ARRA (CFDA No. 84.394A)
- FEMA Public Assistance (CFDA No. 97.036)

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000

The auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee: Yes

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

#### Year Ended June 30, 2010

- 2. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT None
- 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS None
- 4. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR STATE COMPLIANCE

## 2010-1 Record-Keeping of Highway Maintenance Expenditures

#### Criteria:

Costs reported on the annual Weldon Cooper Center Local Finance Survey must be allowable costs for the maintenance, construction, or reconstruction of eligible streets (Urban Manual). Part of the testing of allowability includes verifying that work is being done on streets that have been approved by the Department of Transportation.

#### Condition:

While performing our audit procedures to ensure compliance with the Highway Maintenance section 3-13 of the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, in one instance we noted that the location of work being performed was not being recorded; therefore, we were unable to test that the street was an eligible street included on the Department of Transportation's listing of eligible streets (Urban Inventory).

#### Cause:

The individual was not aware of the requirement to record the specific location of highway maintenance work being completed.

#### Effect:

Highway maintenance expenditures could be recorded for work performed on ineligible streets.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend that exact address and street locations be recorded for all highway maintenance work performed by the City.

## Management Response:

Specific street addresses and locations will be recorded for all highway maintenance work performed by the City in the future.

## Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings

#### Year Ended June 30, 2010

## 2009-1 Record-keeping of Highway Maintenance Expenditures

#### Criteria:

Costs reported on the annual Weldon Cooper Center Local Finance Survey must be allowable costs for the maintenance, construction, or reconstruction of eligible streets (Urban Manual). Part of the testing of allowability includes verifying that work is being done on streets that have been approved by the Department of Transportation.

#### Condition:

While performing our audit procedures to ensure compliance with the Highway Maintenance section 3-13 of the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, we noted that the location of work being performed was not being recorded; therefore, we were unable to test that the street was an eligible street included on the Department of Transportation's listing of eligible streets (Urban Inventory).

#### Resolution:

Not corrected. Repeat finding.

