

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Annual Financial Report

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013



Board of Supervisors

Jack J. Green, Chairperson

Gary L. Simmons Sherman C. Vaughn, Vice-Chairperson Steve W. Bowen Clarence A. Simpson

School Board

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Wallace B. Hurt, Vice-Chairperson Shelli Hinton, Jr.

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Board of Social Services

Erika Jackson Quarles, Chairperson

Lisa D. Wallace, Vice-Chairperson Betsy Davis

Lillie Lewis Nicole Martin

Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	
Commonwealth's Attorney	3
Treasurer	· ·
Sheriff	Larry J. Parrish
Superintendent of Schools	Daniel Grounard
Director of Social Services	Robert H. Reitmeier
Commissioner of the Revenue	Irving J. Arnold
County Administrator	Ronald E. Roark



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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nottoway Nottoway, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Nottoway, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Nottoway, Virginia, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2013, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-9, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Nottoway, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, and other statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2014, on our consideration of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia January 13, 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Nottoway County County of Nottoway, Virginia

As management of the County of Nottoway, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

< The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$38,959,133 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses of \$377,302 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$3,938,679 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$15,024,761, an increase of \$377,302 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$13,745,348 or 104% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased by \$294,863 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-wide financial statements (Continued)

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's nets assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Nottoway, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Nottoway, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Nottoway, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds - the General Fund and the Landfill Fund.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$38,959,133 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities					
	2013	2012				
Current and other assets	\$ 15,731,966	\$ 15,424,681				
Capital assets	32,341,517	32,662,731				
Total assets	\$ 48,073,483	\$ 48,087,412				
Current liabilities	\$ 175,384	\$ 252,550				
Long-term liabilities outstanding	8,919,549	9,214,412				
Total liabilities	\$ 9,094,933	\$ 9,466,962				
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 19,417	\$ -				
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 19,417	\$ -				
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 26,959,833	\$ 26,657,104				
Unrestricted	11,999,300	11,963,346				
Total net position	\$ 38,959,133	\$ 38,620,450				

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

During the current fiscal year, the County's net position increased by \$338,683. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities

County of Nottoway, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2013	2012			
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 475,600	\$ 473,252			
Operating grants and contributions	4,026,666	4,031,460			
Capital grants and contributions	-	71,955			
General revenues:					
General property taxes	6,034,409	6,396,185			
Other local taxes	1,555,276	1,474,067			
Grants and other contributions not restricted	1,538,961	1,443,945			
Other general revenues	885,769	823,201			
Total revenues	\$ 14,516,681	\$ 14,714,065			
-					
Expenses:	A 4 407 044	ф. 4.0E0.700			
General government administration	\$ 1,137,841	\$ 1,052,738			
Judicial administration	760,916	749,812			
Public safety	2,508,940	2,134,591			
Public works	613,101	1,281,092			
Health and welfare	2,623,446	2,550,832			
Education	4,526,212	4,779,326			
Parks, recreation, and cultural	339,258	328,756			
Community development	1,457,207	839,415			
Interest and other fiscal charges	211,077	174,484			
Total expenses	\$ 14,177,998	\$ 13,891,046			
Change in net position	\$ 338,683	\$ 823,019			
Net position, beginning of year	38,620,450	37,797,431			
Net position, end of year	\$ 38,959,133	\$ 38,620,450			

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$15,024,761, an increase of \$377,302 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 91% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were increases of \$2,033,082 and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- < \$914,478 increase in capital project expenditures
- < \$359,248 increase in public safety expenditures
- < \$ 5,543 increase in education expenditures
- < \$191,620 increase in community development expenditures
- < \$562,193 net increase in various other expenditures

During the year, revenues and other financing sources exceeded budgetary estimates by \$236,450 and expenditures and other financing uses were less than budgetary estimates by \$1,895,031, resulting in a positive variance of \$2,131,481.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

< <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2013 amounted to \$32,341,517 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

< <u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$5,207,502. Of this amount, \$5,207,502 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

During the current fiscal year, the County's total debt decreased by \$617,664.

Additional information on the County of Nottoway, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- < The unemployment rate for the County was 7.8 percent compared to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.5 percent.
- < Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2014 fiscal year.

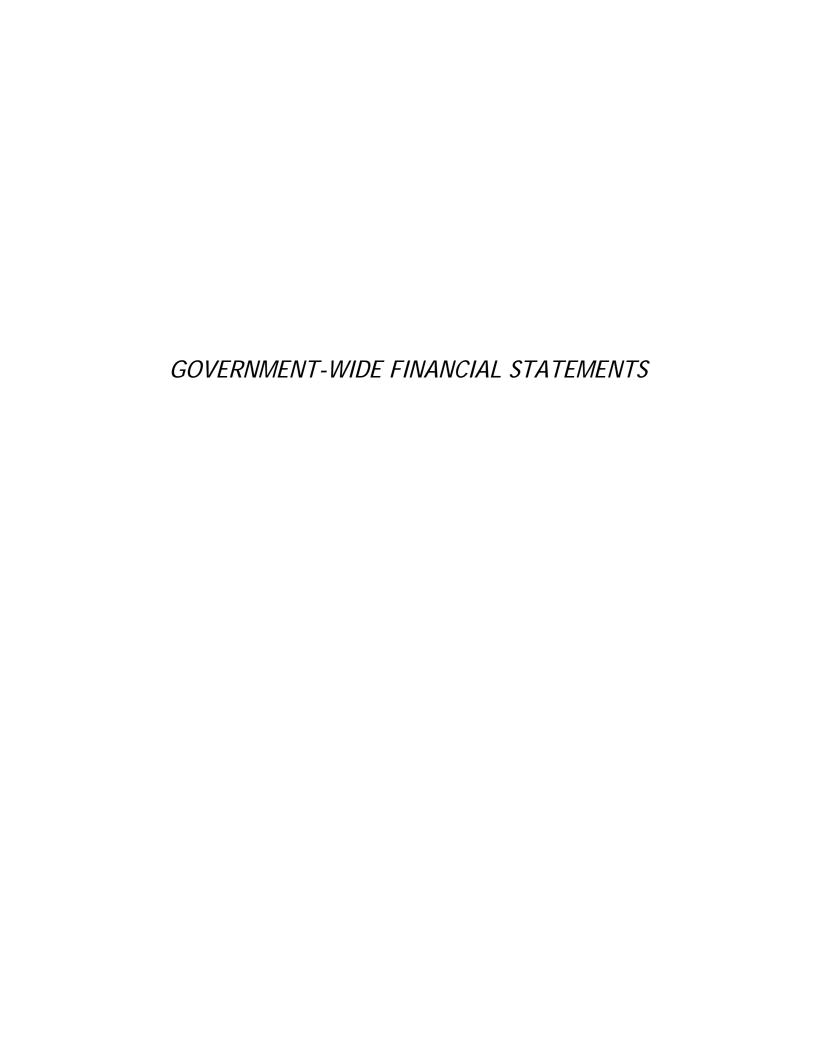
The fiscal year 2014 budget increased by approximately 3 percent. The County's Real Estate rate increased from \$0.44 per \$100 of assessed value to \$0.47 and the personal property rate increased from \$3.50 per \$100 of assessed value to \$3.75. All other tax rates remain unchanged.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 328 West Court House Road, Nottoway, Virginia 23955.









County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Drimoru

		Primary				
	G	overnment	_			
		vernmental		Compon		
		<u>Activities</u>	<u>Sc</u>	chool Board		<u>IDA</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,400,725	\$	3,070,457	\$	598,344
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		757,052		-		-
Accounts receivable		34,492		-		-
Due from other governmental units		2,529,002		758,424		-
Prepaid items		10,695		453,100		-
Other assets:						
Notes receivable		-		-		1,809,166
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land		18,269,410		88,670		-
Buildings and improvements		13,156,834		12,213,000		-
Equipment and vehicles		915,273		1,842,271		-
Total assets	\$	48,073,483	\$	18,425,922	\$	2,407,510
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	71,985	\$	49,368	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		1,020,206		-
Accrued interest payable		103,399		-		
Due to other governmental units		-		1,708,835		76,378
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		1,201,339		14,866		59,228
Due in more than one year		7,718,210		205,111		519,993
Total liabilities	\$	9,094,933	\$	2,998,386	\$	655,599
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	19,417	\$	-	\$	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	19,417	\$	-	\$	-
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	26,959,833	\$	14,143,941	\$	-
Unrestricted	*	11,999,300	*	1,283,595	*	1,751,911
Total net position	\$	38,959,133	\$	15,427,536	\$	1,751,911

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				ogram Revenues	1		
	<u>Expenses</u>		Charges for		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and
Functions/Programs			<u>Services</u>		<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$	1,137,841	\$ 200	\$	199,212	\$	-
Judicial administration		760,916	56,474		369,059		-
Public safety		2,508,940	89,616		952,007		-
Public works		613,101	329,260		1,590		-
Health and welfare		2,623,446	-		1,810,230		-
Education		4,526,212	-		-		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		339,258	50		44,725		-
Community development		1,457,207	-		649,843		-
Interest on long-term debt		211,077	-		-		-
Total government activities	\$	14,177,998	\$ 475,600	\$	4,026,666	\$	-
COMPONENT UNITS:							
School Board	\$	23,209,744	\$ 228,809	\$	17,231,129	\$	-
Industrial Development Authority		125,430	202,494		-		-
Total component units	\$	23,335,174	\$ 431,303	\$	17,231,129	\$	-

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use taxes

Consumer utility taxes

Business licenses

Motor vehicle licenses

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Payment from Nottoway County

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning - as restated

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Pri	mary Government		Component Units					
	Governmental							
	<u>Activities</u>		School Board		<u>IDA</u>			
\$	(938,429)	\$	-	\$	-			
	(335,383)		-		-			
	(1,467,317)		-		-			
	(282,251)		-		-			
	(813,216)		-		-			
	(4,526,212)		-		-			
	(294,483)		-		-			
	(807,364)		-		-			
	(211,077)		-		-			
\$	(9,675,732)	\$	-	\$	-			
\$	-	\$	(5,749,806)	\$	-			
	-		-		77,064			
\$	-	\$	(5,749,806)	\$	77,064			
\$	6,034,409	\$	-	\$	-			
	1,039,676		-		-			
	146,658		-		-			
	159,038		-		-			
	130,965		-		-			
	78,939		-		-			
	716,771		3,576		911			
	112,145		250,195		-			
	1,538,961		-		-			
	-		4,735,929		-			
	56,853		-		-			
\$	10,014,415	\$	4,989,700	\$	911			
	338,683		(760,106)		77,975			
	38,620,450		16,187,642		1,673,936			
\$	38,959,133	\$	15,427,536	\$	1,751,911			







County of Nottoway, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

	<u>General</u>	<u>Landfill</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,630,019	\$ 273,575	\$	497,131	\$ 12,400,725
Receivables (net of allowance					
for uncollectibles):					
Taxes receivable	757,052	-		-	757,052
Accounts receivable	8,200	26,292		-	34,492
Due from other governmental units	2,393,978	42,148		92,876	2,529,002
Prepaid items	10,695	-		-	10,695
Total assets	\$ 14,799,944	\$ 342,015	\$	590,007	\$ 15,731,966
AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 53,287 53,287	\$ 18,698 18,698	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 71,985 71,985
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 635,220	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 635,220
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 635,220	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 635,220
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	\$ 10,695	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 10,695
Committed	355,394	323,317		590,007	1,268,718
Unassigned	13,745,348	-		-	13,745,348
Total fund balances	\$ 14,111,437	\$ 323,317	\$	590,007	\$ 15,024,761
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 14,799,944	\$ 342,015	\$	590,007	\$ 15,731,966

County of Nottoway, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

therefore, are unavailable in the funds.

Other

\$ 15,024,761

615,803

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Capital assets, cost	\$ 41,817,943	
Accumulated depreciation	(9,476,426)	32,341,517
long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

General obligation bonds	\$ 2,640,911	
Bond anticpation note	575,000	
Premium on general obligation bond	94,182	
Note payable	80,000	
State literary loans	1,991,591	
Landfill closure liability	3,330,691	
Compensated absences	207,174	
Accrued interest payable	103,399	(9,022,948)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Net position of governmental activities \$ 38,959,133

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Comerci	l on deill	Other Governmental		
REVENUES	<u>General</u>	<u>Landfill</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>	
General property taxes	\$ 6,054,653	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,054,653	
Other local taxes	1,381,463			1,555,276	
Permits, privilege fees,	1,301,403	175,575	440	1,555,270	
and regulatory licenses	79,368	1		79,368	
Fines and forfeitures	7,972		-	7,972	
Revenue from the use of	1,712			1,712	
money and property	716,771	_	_	716,771	
Charges for services	59,000		_	388,260	
Miscellaneous	108,279		3,866	112,145	
Recovered costs	17,747		3,000	17,747	
Intergovernmental revenues:	17,747			17,747	
Commonwealth	4,298,339	266,580	198,760	4,763,679	
Federal	801,948		170,700	801,948	
Total revenues	\$ 13,525,540		\$ 203,066	\$ 14,497,819	
rotarrevenues	Ψ 13,323,340	ψ 707,213	Ψ 203,000	Ψ 14,477,017	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$ 1,104,664	. \$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,104,664	
Judicial administration	650,265		· -	650,265	
Public safety	2,131,821		153,937	2,285,758	
Public works	242,999		-	1,030,169	
Health and welfare	2,646,524		_	2,646,524	
Education	3,942,269		_	3,942,269	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	246,125		_	246,125	
Community development	666,420		_	666,420	
Capital projects	780,327		_	780,327	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	577,664	40,000	_	617,664	
Interest and other fiscal charges	225,332	•	-	225,332	
Total expenditures	\$ 13,214,410		\$ 153,937		
·	-				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	\$ 311,130	\$ (57,957)) \$ 49,129	\$ 302,302	
•			•		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of property	\$ 75,000	- \$	\$ -	\$ 75,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 75,000	- \$	\$ -	\$ 75,000	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 386,130	\$ (57,957)) \$ 49,129	\$ 377,302	
Fund balances - beginning	13,725,307	381,274	540,878	14,647,459	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 14,111,437	\$ 323,317	\$ 590,007	\$ 15,024,761	

County of Nottoway, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 377,302

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Capital asset additions	\$ 1,074,617	
Depreciation expense	(580,434)	
Jointly owned asset allocation	(797,250)	(303,067)

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.

(18,147)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(20, 244)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Principal retirement on general obligation bonds	\$ 156,858	
Principal retirement on bond anticipation note	15,602	
Principal retirement on state literary fund loans	405,204	
Principal retirement on note payable	40,000	
Increase in landfill closure liability	(307,599)	310,065

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Decrease in compensated absences	\$ (21,481)	
Decrease in premium on general obligation bond	6,279	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	 7,976	(7,226)

Change in net position of governmental activities

338,683

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2013

	Agency <u>Fund</u>	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,929
Total assets	\$	5,929
LIABILITIES		
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	5,929
Total liabilities	\$	5,929







Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Nottoway, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection; sanitation services; recreational activities; cultural events; education; and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Nottoway, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary comparison schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including a requirement to report the government's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Nottoway (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2013.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Nottoway County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

The Industrial Development Authority of Nottoway County is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of members that are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2013. The Industrial Development Authority of Nottoway County does not issue a separate financial report.

C. Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Report

None

D. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General Fund as a major governmental fund.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special Revenue Funds consist of the following funds: Landfill, E-911, LRA Land Sale, and Dare. The Landfill fund is reported as a major fund.

2. <u>Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> - account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds. These funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

F. Investments

Investments for the primary government, as well as for its component units, are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$251,678 at June 30, 2013 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy Due Date	January 1 December 5	January 1 December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	15-45
Motor vehicles	3-10
Equipment	2-15

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

J. Retirement Plan

Retirement plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current service costs and amortization of prior service cost over a 30-year period. The County's policy is to fund pension cost as it accrues.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

L. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

L. Fund Equity (Continued)

General Fund	,	Revenue Fund Landfill Fund	-	Other Governmental Funds		Total
	_ ,		_		_	
\$ 10,695	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,695
\$ 10,695	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,695
\$ 355,394	\$	154,011	\$	10,162	\$	519,567
-		169,306		-		169,306
-		-		569,845		569,845
-		-		10,000		10,000
\$ 355,394	\$	323,317	\$	590,007	\$	1,268,718
\$ 13,745,348	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,745,348
\$ 14,111,437	\$	323,317	\$	590,007	\$	15,024,761
\$ \$ \$	Fund \$ 10,695 \$ 10,695 \$ 355,394	Fund \$ 10,695 \$ \$ 10,695 \$ \$ \$ 10,695 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	General Fund Landfill Fund \$ 10,695 \$ - - \$ 10,695 \$ - - \$ 355,394 \$ 154,011 - 169,306 - - \$ 355,394 \$ 323,317 \$ 13,745,348 \$ -	General Fund Landfill Fund \$ 10,695 \$ - \$ \$ 10,695 \$ - \$ \$ 355,394 \$ 154,011 \$ - \$ - 169,306 \$ 355,394 \$ 323,317 \$ \$ 13,745,348 \$ - \$	General Fund Landfill Fund Governmental Funds \$ 10,695 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 10,695 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	General Fund Landfill Funds \$ 10,695 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 10,695 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 355,394 \$ 154,011 \$ 10,162 \$ - \$ - 169,306 - 569,845 - 10,000 \$ 355,394 \$ 323,317 \$ 590,007 \$ \$ 13,745,348 \$ - \$ - \$

M. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

N. <u>Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position,</u> Statement No. 63 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board

The County elected to early implement the financial reporting provisions of the above Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The Statement provides guidance for reporting deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on an entity's net position. With the implementation of this Statement certain terminology has changed and financial statement descriptions have changed from "net assets" to "net position." The net equity reported in the financial statements was not changed as a result of implementing this Statement and no restatement of prior balances was required.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County reported a deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2013 related to the financial reporting for the derivative debt incurred by the Component Unit and certain deferred charges on refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County reported a deferred inflows of resources for property taxes unavailable at June 30, 2013. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

P. <u>Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, Statement No. 65 of Governmental Accounting</u> Standards Board

The County early implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

Q. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

R. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximate the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

<u>Investments</u>

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The County had no investments at June 30, 2013.

Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2013, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

	_	Primary Government	,	Component Unit School Board		Component Unit Industrial Development Authority
Other Local Governments:	ф	1 700 025	ф		ф	
County of Nottoway School Board	\$	1,708,835	\$	-	\$	-
Nottoway County Industrial		76,378		_		_
Development Authority		70,070				
Commonwealth of Virginia:						
Local sales tax		176,477		-		-
Shared expenses		110,243		-		-
Recordation tax		4,034		-		-
Rolling stock tax		87,695		-		-
VPA funds		33,794		-		-
State sales tax		-		361,590		-
Mobile home titling tax		3,651		-		-
Comprehensive services act		133,245		-		-
Rental vehicle tax		432		-		-
Equipment grant		71,614		-		-
Wireless grant		7,213		-		-
Communications tax		56,197		-		-
Other state funds		2,118		-		-
Federal Government:						
School fund grants		-		396,834		-
VPA funds	_	57,076	•	-	-	
Total due from other governments	\$	2,529,002	\$	758,424	\$	-

At June 30, 2013 amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

Other Local Governments:	
County of Nottoway	

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

Primary Government:		Balance July 1, 2012		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2013
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	_	341y 1, 2012		mereases	_	Deci cases		<u> </u>
Land	\$_	18,287,557	\$	-	\$_	18,147	\$	18,269,410
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	18,287,557 \$	\$ <u></u>	-	\$_	18,147	\$	18,269,410
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets	\$ _	9,850,120 \$ 3,087,089 10,252,730	—	692,627 168,683 213,307	\$ _	22,082 693,941	\$	10,542,747 3,233,690 9,772,096
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$_	23,189,939 \$	\$	1,074,617	\$_	716,023	\$	23,548,533
Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	2,410,060 \$ 2,037,603 4,367,102		277,538 302,896 354,380	\$ 	- 22,082 251,071	\$	2,687,598 2,318,417 4,470,411
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	8,814,765	\$	934,814	\$_	273,153	\$	9,476,426
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	14,375,174	\$ <u></u>	139,803	\$_	442,870	\$	14,072,107
Governmental capital assets, net	\$_	32,662,731 \$	\$ <u></u>	139,803	\$	461,017	\$	32,341,517
Component Unit - School Board: Governmental activities:	_	Balance July 1, 2012		Increases	· <u>-</u>	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2013
•	- \$_		_	Increases -		Decreases -	\$	
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	_	July 1, 2012	_		\$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases -	\$	June 30, 2013
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land	\$_	38,670 \$	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	· · -	Decreases (693,941)	\$ \$ \$	June 30, 2013 88,670
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment	\$_ \$_	88,670 \$ 88,670 \$ 5,198,954 \$			\$_ \$_	<u>-</u>	\$	88,670 88,670 5,542,396
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets	\$_ \$_ \$_	88,670 \$ 88,670 \$ 5,198,954 \$ 21,817,134		343,442	\$ _	(693,941)	\$	88,670 88,670 5,542,396 22,511,075
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets Total capital assets subject to depreciation Accumulated Depreciation: Machinery and equipment	\$_ \$_ \$_	88,670 \$ 88,670 \$ 5,198,954 \$ 21,817,134 27,016,088 \$ 3,325,312 \$		343,442 - 343,442 374,813	\$ _ \$ _ \$ _ \$ _	(693,941) (693,941)	\$ \$	88,670 88,670 5,542,396 22,511,075 28,053,471 3,700,125
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets Total capital assets subject to depreciation Accumulated Depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	88,670 \$ 88,670 \$ 5,198,954 \$ 21,817,134 \$ 27,016,088 \$ 3,325,312 \$ 9,292,907		343,442 - 343,442 374,813 754,097	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	(693,941) (693,941) (251,071)	\$ \$ \$	88,670 88,670 5,542,396 22,511,075 28,053,471 3,700,125 10,298,075

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works	\$	26,790 109,840 230,499 47,203
Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation and cultural Community development		61,672 354,380 93,579 10,851
Total Governmental activities	\$_	934,814
Component Unit School Board	\$	1,128,910

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2012	 Issuances/ Increases	_	Retirements/ Decreases		Balance at June 30, 2013		Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Obligations: Incurred by County:									
Compensated absences	\$	185,693	\$ 21,481	\$	-	\$	207,174	\$	20,717
Non-interest bearing note		120,000	-		40,000		80,000		40,000
Landfill closure liability	_	3,023,092	 307,599	_	-		3,330,691		
Total incurred by County	\$_	3,328,785	\$ 329,080	\$	40,000	\$_	3,617,865	\$_	60,717
Incurred by School Board:									
State Literary Fund Loans	\$	2,396,795	\$ -	\$	405,204	\$	1,991,591	\$	405,204
Bond anticipation note		590,602	-		15,602		575,000		575,000
General obligation bonds		2,797,769	-		156,858		2,640,911		160,418
Add issuance premium	_	100,461	-	_	6,279	_	94,182		-
Total incurred by School Board	\$_	5,885,627	\$ 	\$	583,943	\$_	5,301,684	_\$_	1,140,622
Total Governmental Obligations	\$_	9,214,412	\$ 329,080	\$	623,943	\$	8,919,549	\$	1,201,339

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

		School Obligations										
Year		Ge	ner	al		State						
Ending	_	Obligat	ion	Bonds	_	Literary	Fur	nd Loans				
June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest				
2014	\$	160,418	\$	127,226	\$	405,204	\$	39,832				
2015		164,164		118,949		405,204		31,728				
2016		168,106		120,475		405,204		18,623				
2017		172,254		101,796		155,204		15,520				
2018		176,619		92,901		155,204		12,415				
2019		181,213		83,766		155,204		9,311				
2020		186,048		74,410		155,204		6,207				
2021		190,783		65,146		155,163		3,103				
2022		195,448		55,949		-		-				
2023		200,034		46,831		-		-				
2024		204,988		37,347		-		-				
2025		210,683		27,121		-		-				
2026		139,109		18,391		-		-				
2027		143,311		11,189		-		-				
2028		147,733	_	3,767	_	-						
Total	\$	2,640,911	\$_	985,264	\$_	1,991,591	\$_	136,739				

Year	_	County Obligations									
Ending		Non-Interest Bearing Note									
June 30		Principal	Interest								
2014	\$	40,000	\$ -								
2015		40,000	-								
	-										
Total	\$	80,000	\$								

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations:	(Continued)
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Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Governmental Obligations:

Incurred by County:		Amount Outstanding
Landfill closure liability	\$	3,330,691
Non-interest bearing note payable, issued March 7, 2012, due in annual installments of \$40,000 through 2014 (Payable from the General Fund)	\$_	80,000
Compensated absences (Payable from the General Fund)	\$_	207,174
Total Incurred by County	\$_	3,617,865
Incurred by School Board:		
General Obligation Bonds:		
\$1,204,354 general obligation bond, issued November 10, 2004, due in varying installments of principal and interest through January 15, 2025, interest payable semi-annually at varying rates.	\$	795,320
\$2,324,114 general obligation bond, issued November 1, 2007, due in varying installments of principal and interest through July 15, 2027, interest payable semi-annually at 5.10%. Face amount of bonds outstanding \$1,946,358 plus unamortized issuance premium of \$100,461.		1,939,773
issuance premium or \$100,401.	-	1,737,113
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$_	2,735,093

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations are as follows: (Continued)

		Amount Outstanding
Bond Anticipation Note:	-	
\$2,000,000 Bond Anticipation Note issued March 1, 2009; due in one lump principal payment no later than January 31, 2019, interest payable semi-annually at varying rates.	\$_	575,000
State Literary Fund Loans:		
\$1,439,954 State Literary Fund Loan issued April 15, 2000; due in annual principal installments of \$72,000 through 2020; interest payable annually at 2%	\$	575,954
\$1,664,085 State Literary Fund Loan issued August 15, 2000, due in annual principal installments of \$83,204 through 2020; interest payable annually at 2%		665,637
\$2,500,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued May 1996, due in annual principal installments of \$125,000 through 2016; interest payable annually at 2%		375,000
\$2,500,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued May, 1996, due in annual principal installments of \$125,000 through 2016; interest payable annually at 2%	_	375,000
Total State Literary Fund Loans	\$_	1,991,591
Total Incurred by School Board	\$_	5,301,684
Total Governmental Obligations	\$_	8,919,549

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit - School Board:</u>

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

		Balance at July 1, 2012	 Increases	 Decreases	 Balance at June 30, 2013		Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Obligations : Incurred by School Board:							
Compensated absences	\$	158,182	\$ -	\$ 9,526	\$ 148,656	\$	14,866
Net OPEB obligation		56,556	79,274	64,509	71,321		-
Early retirement liability	-	234,704	 -	 234,704	 -		<u>-</u>
Total Governmental Obligations	\$	449,442	\$ 79,274	\$ 308,739	\$ 219,977	\$_	14,866

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Net OPEB obligation	\$ 71,321
Compensated absences (Payable from the School Fund)	\$ 148,656
Total governmental obligations	\$ 219,977

Component Unit Industrial Development Authority:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance at July 1, 2012	Issuances	_	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2013	_	Amounts Due Within One Year
Deed of trust note	\$ 646,364	\$ -	\$	67,143	\$ 579,221	\$	59,228

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		Deed of	Tru	ust Note
June 30		Principal		Interest
2014	\$	59,228	\$	21,727
2015		67,321		20,994
2016		70,266		18,049
2017		73,340		14,974
2018		76,549		11,765
2019		79,899		8,416
2020		83,395		4,920
2021	_	69,223	_	1,305
Total	\$	579,221	\$	102,150

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Deed of trust note:

\$700,309 deed of trust note payable, issued June, 2011 due in monthly installments of \$7,359 including principal and interest at 4.29% through March 2021. \$ 579,221

Total deed of trust note \$ 579,221

Note 7—Unearned and Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. The County reports unavailable revenue totaling \$635,220 is comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$615,803 at June 30, 2013.

<u>Unavailable Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2013 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$19,417 at June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 8—Contingent Liablities:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate in were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 9—Litigation:

At June 30, 2013, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 10—Risk Management:

The County and the Component Unit School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County and the School Board are members of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County also participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with Virginia Municipal League and public officials liability with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County and Component Unit School Board pay an annual premium to the pools for general insurance through member premiums. The County and Component Unit School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 11—Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who were vested as January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 1.
 Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least ten years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and Plan 1 members who were not vested on January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. The multiplier for Plan 2 members was reduced to 1.65% effective January 1, 2013 unless they are hazardous duty employees and their employer has elected the enhanced retirement multiplier. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 11—Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board: (continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1, of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at: http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2012-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2013 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund their participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County and School Board non-professional's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2013 were 7.51 and 8.51% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The Nottoway County School Board professional employees rate was 11.66%, 6.33% and 3.93% of annual covered payroll the years ending June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and Nottoway County School Board are established and may be amended by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ending June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$1,270,428, \$662,435 and \$412,700, respectively, and equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 11—Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board: (continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2013, the County's annual pension cost of \$228,542 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

For the fiscal year 2013, the School Board's annual pension cost for the School Board's non-professional employees was \$97,628 which was equal to the School Board's required and actual contributions.

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending			Percentage of APC Contributed	 Net Pension Obligation
County:				
June 30, 2013	\$	228,542	100%	\$ -
June 30, 2012		190,628	100%	-
June 30, 2011		190,267	100%	-
School Board:				
Non-Professional:				
June 30, 2013	\$	97,628	100%	\$ -
June 30, 2012		63,647	100%	-
June 30, 2011		63,199	100%	-

(1) Employer portion only

The fiscal year 2013 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 11—Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 85.21% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$13,738,002, and the actuarial value of assets was \$11,705,641, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,032,361. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,937,789, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 69.18%.

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's Non-Professions plan was 79.13% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$5,456,703 and the actuarial value of assets was \$4,318,046, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,138,657. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,097,963 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 103.71%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Note 12–Surety Bonds:

Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of General Services, Division of Risk Management-Surety	<u>Amount</u>	
Jane L. Brown, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 500,000	
Barbara L. Senger, Treasurer	400,000	
Irving J. Arnold, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000	
Larry J. Parrish, Sheriff	30,000	
State Farm Insurance - Surety		
Jack J. Green, Chairperson	2,500	
Sherman C. Vaughn, Vice-Chairperson	2,500	
Gary L. Simmons, Supervisor	2,500	
Clarence A. Simpson, Supervisor	2,500	
Steve Bowen, Supervisor	2,500	
Ronald E. Roark, County Administrator	5,000	
Utica Mutual Insurance - Surety		
Clerk of the School Board	15,000	
Deputy Clerk of School Board	15,000	
Payroll Clerk	15,000	
Great American Insurance Company - Surety		
All Social Services Employees - Blanket Bond	100,000	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 13-Jointly Governed Organizations:

The County in conjunction with other localities, has created the Piedmont Regional Jail, the Piedmont Juvenile Detention Center, the Amelia-Nottoway Vocational Center and the Crossroads Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdiction. During the year, the County contributed \$43,700 to the operations of the Crossroads Community Services Board.

Note 14-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The \$3,330,691 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2013, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 65% of the estimated capacity of the landfill with the total amount of \$5,124,140 to be recognized over the landfill's remaining life. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2013. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in the technology, or changes in regulation. The County intends to fund these costs from tipping fee revenues and from any funds accumulated for this purpose in the Landfill Fund.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 15-Lease-Purchase/Notes Receivable:

On May 15, 2001, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Colonial Forest Products to sell a shell building. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$7,567 for 20 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The interest rate is 5.5%, and the total amount financed was \$1,100,000. At June 30, 2013, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$709,477.

On February 25, 2000, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Trout River Plant to sell a shell building. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$6,060 for 20 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The interest rate is 5.24% and the total amount financed was \$900,000. At June 30, 2013, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$596,670.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 15-Lease-Purchase/Notes Receivable (Continued):

On June 5, 2002, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Trout River Plant to sell a storage building. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$1,900 for 15 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The interest rate is 6.10% and the total amount financed is \$223,720. At June 30, 2013, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$147,514.

On February 18, 2005, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Trout River Plant. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$3,344 for 15 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The total amount financed is \$440,000. At June 30, 2013, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$355,505.

Note 16-Restatement of Beginning Net Position:

The following adjustment was made to beginning net position:

	Co	mponent Unit
		Industrial Development Authority
Net position as previously reported	\$	1,775,103
Adjustment for loan receivable paid off in prior year		(101,167)
Net position, as restated	\$	1,673,936

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits VRS Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 11.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$120,941, \$62,790 and \$63,008, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

Beginning in fiscal year 2010, the School Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees. The standard addresses how local governments should account for and report their costs related to postemployment health care and other non-pension benefits, such as the School Board retiree health benefit subsidy. Historically, the School Board subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, but GASB Statement No. 45 requires that the School Board accrue the cost of the retiree health subsidy and other post-employment benefits during the period of the employees' active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclose the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in order to accurately account for the total future cost of post-employment benefits and the financial impact on the School Board. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used for pension benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 18- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

A. Plan Description

Nottoway County Public Schools retirees must meet one of the following requirements to be eligible for health benefits.

- retire with years of service and years of participation in the school's health plan that is greater or equal to 20.
- has medical coverage prior to retirement.

The retirees are responsible for 100% of the premiums. Benefits end at the age of 65.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board's retirees pay 100% of the premiums. The Schools currently have 12 retirees on their plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The School Board has elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GASB parameters. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the School Board. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

	_	School Board
Annual required contribution	\$	80,311
Interest on net OPEB obligation		2,262
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(3,299)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	79,274
Estimated Contributions made		(64,509)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$	14,765
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year		56,556
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	71,321
	-	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 18- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Three Year Trend Information for School Board

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
Schools:			
6/30/2013 \$	79,274	81.37% \$	71,321
6/30/2012	78,047	88.51%	56,556
6/30/2011	85,300	78.31%	47,589

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$757,095, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$12,232,094 (based on annual payroll reported to VRS), and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 6.19 percent.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 18- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

Cost Method

In the July 1, 2011 most recent actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method, with linear pro-ration to assumed benefit commencement was used. The unfunded liability is amortized over 20 years a level percentage of pay.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees-Retirement age was estimated based on tables used for the VRS pension valuation and assumed that participants begin to retire when they become eligible to receive healthcare benefits.

Mortality-Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the 1994 Group Annuity mortality tables for males and females.

Coverage elections - The actuary assumed that 23% of eligible retirees who qualify will elect coverage.

Healthcare cost trend rate -The rate of change in per capita health claims cost over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological advances. Rates vary from 5% to 10% of medical benefits.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 4.0% was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 was twenty years.

Note 19- Upcoming Pronouncements:

The GASB has issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 related to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of Statement No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The County has not determined the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



County of Nottoway, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts				Antural		nriance with	
		<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>u.</u>		<u>rinounts</u>	-	(Negative)
General property taxes	\$	5,992,890	\$	5,995,390	\$	6,054,653	\$	59,263
Other local taxes		1,257,400		1,257,400		1,381,463		124,063
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		64,100		64,100		79,368		15,268
Fines and forfeitures		13,000		13,000		7,972		(5,028)
Revenue from the use of money and property		717,600		727,600		716,771		(10,829)
Charges for services		38,042		47,542		59,000		11,458
Miscellaneous		134,400		231,483		108,279		(123,204)
Recovered costs		44,964		44,964		17,747		(27,217)
Intergovernmental revenues:								,
Commonwealth		3,567,830		3,955,334		4,298,339		343,005
Federal		1,027,277		1,027,277		801,948		(225, 329)
Total revenues	\$	12,857,503	\$	13,364,090	\$	13,525,540	\$	161,450
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,281,909	\$	1,312,464	\$	1,104,664	\$	207,800
Judicial administration		650,310		689,435		650,265		39,170
Public safety		2,061,258		2,420,506		2,131,821		288,685
Public works		267,084		269,453		242,999		26,454
Health and welfare		2,662,906		3,102,992		2,646,524		456,468
Education		4,253,696		4,259,239		3,942,269		316,970
Parks, recreation, and cultural		241,534		247,135		246,125		1,010
Community development		829,332		1,020,952		666,420		354,532
Capital projects		-		914,478		780,327		134,151
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		679,707		656,535		577,664		78,871
Interest and other fiscal charges		148,623		216,252		225,332		(9,080)
Total expenditures	\$ '	13,076,359	\$	15,109,441	\$	13,214,410	\$	1,895,031
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(218,856)	\$	(1,745,351)	\$	311,130	\$	2,056,481
experienteres	<u> </u>	(210,030)	Ψ	(1,743,331)	Ψ	311,130	Ψ	2,030,401
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,000	\$	75,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,000	\$	75,000
N		(046.054)		(4 74F 050)		00/ 105	_	0.404.404
Net change in fund balances	\$	(218,856)	\$	(1,745,351)	\$	386,130	\$	2,131,481
Fund balances - beginning balance		518,856	Φ.	1,817,989	.	13,725,307	<u></u>	11,907,318
Fund balances - ending	\$	300,000	\$	72,638	\$	14,111,437	\$	14,038,799

County of Nottoway, Virginia Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Landfill Fund							
	Budgeted Amounts				_		Variance with Final Budget -		
						Actual		Positive	
DEVENUE	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Other local taxes	\$	173,500	\$	173,500	\$	173,373	\$	(127)	
Charges for services		309,400		309,400		329,260		19,860	
Intergovernmental revenues:									
Commonwealth		257,415		257,415		266,580		9,165	
Total revenues	\$	740,315	\$	740,315	\$	769,213	\$	28,898	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public works	\$	700,315	\$	949,952	\$	787,170	\$	162,782	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		40,000		40,000		40,000		-	
Total expenditures	\$	740,315	\$	989,952	\$	827,170	\$	162,782	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	_	\$	(249,637)	\$	(57,957)	\$	191,680	
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	(249,637)	\$	(57,957)	\$	191,680	
Fund balances - beginning balance	Ψ	_	Ψ	249,637	Ψ	381,274	Ψ	131,637	
Fund balances - beginning balance Fund balances - ending	\$	<u> </u>	\$	- 247,037	\$	323,317	\$	323,317	
i dila balances - chang	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	323,317	Ψ	323,317	

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Schedule of Pension Funding Progress

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (3-2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
County:						
6/30/2012	\$ 11,705,641 \$	13,738,002 \$	2,032,361	85.21% \$	2,937,789	69.18%
6/30/2011	11,568,387	13,437,615	1,869,228	86.09%	2,966,754	63.01%
6/30/2010	11,152,626	12,817,339	1,664,713	87.01%	2,999,941	55.49%
6/30/2009	10,890,168	11,924,799	1,034,631	91.32%	3,148,349	32.86%
6/30/2008	10,586,780	11,264,205	677,425	93.99%	2,942,340	23.02%
6/30/2007	9,574,377	10,102,698	528,321	94.77%	2,798,719	18.88%
6/30/2006	8,489,219	9,304,738	815,519	91.24%	2,623,258	31.09%
6/30/2005	7,971,700	8,680,164	708,464	91.84%	2,379,574	29.77%
6/30/2004	7,712,013	7,339,235	(372,778)	105.08%	2,277,421	-16.37%
6/30/2003	7,554,053	6,752,348	(801,705)	111.87%	2,234,052	-35.89%
School Board N	lon-Professionals:					
6/30/2012	\$ 4,318,046 \$	5,456,703 \$	1,138,657	79.13% \$	1,097,963	103.71%
6/30/2011	4,334,673	5,246,746	912,073	82.62%	1,089,636	83.70%
6/30/2010	4,252,104	5,183,492	931,388	82.03%	1,115,662	83.48%
6/30/2009	4,302,604	4,728,249	425,645	91.00%	1,166,326	36.49%
6/30/2008	4,307,256	4,543,896	236,640	94.79%	1,106,182	21.39%
6/30/2007	4,019,545	4,324,245	304,700	92.95%	1,133,856	26.87%
6/30/2006	3,450,173	3,917,270	467,097	88.08%	1,085,719	43.02%
6/30/2005	3,207,861	3,684,206	476,345	87.07%	1,050,934	45.33%
6/30/2004	3,086,522	3,172,098	85,576	97.30%	969,813	8.82%
6/30/2003	3,057,916	3,072,281	14,365	99.53%	966,975	1.49%

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress - Retiree Healthcare Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll*	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
School Board:						
7/1/2009 \$	- \$	872,423 \$	872,423	0.00% \$	12,232,094	7.13%
7/1/2011	-	757,095	757,095	0.00%	12,232,094	6.19%

 $^{^{\}star}$ Based on annual payroll reported to the Virginia Retirement System

^{**} Only two valuations available





COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUNDS STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2013

	E-911 <u>Fund</u>	Dare <u>Fund</u>	LRA Land Sale <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 486,789	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 497,131
Due from other governmental units	92,876	-	-	92,876
Total assets	\$ 579,665	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 590,007
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Fund balances:				
Committed	\$ 579,665	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 590,007
Total fund balances	\$ 579,665	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 590,007
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 579,665	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 590,007



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		E-911 <u>Fund</u>		Dare <u>Fund</u>		LRA Land Sale <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES	•	440	Φ.		Φ.			440
Other local taxes	\$	440	\$	-	\$	-	\$	440
Miscellaneous		3,866		-		-		3,866
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		198,760		-		-		198,760
Total revenues	\$	203,066	\$	-	\$	-	\$	203,066
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	153,937	\$	-	\$	-	\$	153,937
Total expenditures	\$	153,937	\$	-	\$	-	\$	153,937
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	49,129	\$	-	\$	-	\$	49,129
Net change in fund balances	\$	49,129	\$	_	\$	_	\$	49,129
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	530,536	Ψ	342	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	540,878
Fund balances - ending	\$	579,665	\$	342	\$	10,000	\$	590,007

County of Nottoway, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				E-911	Fur	nd		
								iance with
								nal Budget
		Budgete	d Am		-	A - 4 l		Positive
DEVENUEC		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(I</u>	<u>Vegative)</u>
REVENUES								
Other local taxes	\$	400	\$	400	\$	440	\$	40
Miscellaneous		-		-		3,866		3,866
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		133,308		133,308		198,760		65,452
Total revenues	\$	133,708	\$	133,708	\$	203,066	\$	69,358
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	133,708	\$	224,673	\$	153,937	\$	70,736
Total expenditures	\$	133,708	\$	224,673	\$	153,937	\$	70,736
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	(90,965)	\$	49,129	\$	140,094
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	(90,965)	\$	49,129	\$	140,094
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	_	Ψ	90,965	Ψ	530,536	Ψ	439,571
5 5	ф.	-	¢	90,903	¢		¢	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	579,665	\$	579,665

			Dare F			LRA Land Sale Fund											
0	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive Budgeted Amounts al (Negative) Original Final Actual									Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	
¢		¢	242	\$		¢	242	\$		¢			ď		¢		
\$	-	\$	342 342	\$	-	\$	342 342	\$		\$		-	\$	-	\$		
\$	-	\$	(342)	\$	-	\$	342	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	\$		
\$	-	\$	(342) 342		342	\$	342	\$	-	\$		-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	342	\$	342	\$	-	\$		-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund

For the Year	Ended Jun	e 30, 2013
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	Ве	alance ginning f Year	A	dditions	De	eletions	E	alance Ind of Year
Special Welfare Fund:								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,324	\$	16,515	\$	17,910	\$	5,929
Liabilities Amounts held for social services clients	\$	7,324	\$	16,515	\$	17,910	\$	5,929

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2013

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	School Operating <u>Fund</u> 2,088,776	\$	Textbook Fund 399,550	\$	School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u> 582,131	Gc \$	Total overnmental Funds 3,070,457
Due from other governmental units		740,939		-		17,485		758,424
Prepaid items		453,100		-		-		453,100
Total assets	\$	3,282,815	\$	399,550	\$	599,616	\$	4,281,981
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	49,368	\$	-	\$	-	\$	49,368
Accrued liabilities		983,946		-		36,260		1,020,206
Due to other governmental units		1,708,835		-		-		1,708,835
Total liabilities	\$	2,742,149	\$	-	\$	36,260	\$	2,778,409
Fund balances: Nonspendable Committed Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activities	\$ \$ \$ in the	453,100 87,566 540,666 3,282,815	\$ \$ \$	399,550 399,550 399,550	\$ \$ \$	563,356 563,356 599,616	\$ \$ \$	453,100 1,050,472 1,503,572 4,281,981
different because: Total fund balances per above Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. The following	are no	ot financial r	esour	rces and, the	erefo	re,	\$	1,503,572
Capital assets, cost Accumulated Depreciation Long-term liabilities, including compensated a	ıbsenc	ces, are not d	ue ai	nd payable ii	\$ n the	28,142,141 (13,998,200) e current	-	14,143,941
period and, therefore, are not reported in				. 3				(219,977)
Net position of governmental activities								15,427,536



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>	-	Textbook <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	160	\$	3,416	\$	3,576
Charges for services		6,327		-		222,482		228,809
Miscellaneous		205,382		1,860		42,953		250,195
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local government		3,938,679		-		-		3,938,679
Commonwealth		14,116,926		-		24,506		14,141,432
Federal		2,248,004		-	_	841,693	_	3,089,697
Total revenues	\$	20,515,318	\$	2,020	\$	1,135,050	\$	21,652,388
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Education	\$	20,672,472	\$	287,899	\$	1,085,512	\$	22,045,883
Debt service:	Ψ	20,072,472	Ψ	201,077	Ψ	1,003,312	Ψ	22,043,003
Principal retirement		234,704						234,704
Interest and other fiscal charges		18,774		-		-		18,774
Total expenditures	\$	20,925,950	\$	287,899	\$	1,085,512	\$	22,299,361
rotal expenditures	<u> </u>	20,725,750	Φ	201,099	Φ	1,065,512	Ф	22,299,301
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		(440 (00)		(005.070)		40 500		((4(,070)
expenditures	\$	(410,632)	\$	(285,879)	\$	49,538	\$	(646,973)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	294,086	\$	-	\$	294,086
Transfers out		(294,086)		-		-		(294,086)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	(294,086)	\$	294,086	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(704,718)	\$	8,207	\$	49,538	\$	(646,973)
Fund balances - beginning		1,245,384		391,343		513,818		2,150,545
Fund balances - ending	\$	540,666	\$	399,550	\$	563,356	\$	1,503,572
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state	ment of activi	ties (Exhibit 2) a	re d	lifferent beca	ause	e:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - p	per above						\$	(646,973)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures activities the cost of those assets is allocated over thei as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays in the current period.	ir estimated u	seful lives and re	por					
Capital asset additions					\$	343,442		
Depreciation expense						(1,483,290)		
Jointly owned asset allocation						797,250		(342,598)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provid governmental funds, while the repayment of the princi the current financial resources of governmental funds. any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds r premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is fi are deferred and amortized in the statement of activit of these differences in the treatment of long-term deb	ipal of long-te Neither tran eport the effe rst issued, wh ies. This amo	erm debt consume saction, however ect of dereas these amou bunt is the net eff	es , ha unts	;				
Principal retirement on early retirement liability								234,704
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do financial resources and, therefore are not reported as			fund	ds.				
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation					\$	(14,765)		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences						9,526	•	(5,239)
Change in net position of governmental activities							\$	(760,106)

	School Operating Fund Variance with										
							Fi	nal Budget			
		Budgeted	Am				Positive <u>(Negative)</u>				
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>					
REVENUES											
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Charges for services		-		-		6,327		6,327			
Miscellaneous		80,000		80,000		205,382		125,382			
Recovered costs		30,000		30,000		-		(30,000)			
Intergovernmental revenues:		4.050.407		4 055 (40		0.000 (70		(04 (070)			
Local government		4,250,106		4,255,649		3,938,679		(316,970)			
Commonwealth		14,037,053		14,103,643		14,116,926		13,283			
Federal		2,145,015		2,352,802		2,248,004		(104,798)			
Total revenues	\$	20,542,174	\$	20,822,094	\$	20,515,318	\$	(306,776)			
EVDENDITUDES											
EXPENDITURES											
Current: Education	\$	20,216,742	\$	21,521,123	\$	20,672,472	\$	848,651			
Capital projects	Ф	553,155	Ф	553,155	Ф	20,072,472	Ф	553,155			
Debt service:		555,155		555,155		-		555,155			
Principal retirement		112,839		234,074		224 704		(620)			
Interest and other fiscal charges		112,639		19,404		234,704 18,774		(630) 630			
Total expenditures	\$	20,901,512	\$	22,327,756	\$	20,925,950	\$	1,401,806			
Total expenditules	Ψ	20,701,312	φ	22,321,730	φ	20,723,730	φ	1,401,000			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)											
expenditures	\$	(359,338)	\$	(1,505,662)	\$	(410,632)	\$	1,095,030			
expenditures	Ψ	(337,330)	Ψ	(1,303,002)	Ψ	(410,032)	Ψ	1,073,030			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_			
Transfers out	Ψ	(193,817)	Ψ	(294,086)	Ψ	(294,086)	Ψ	_			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(193,817)	\$	(294,086)	\$	(294,086)	\$				
Total other imaneing counces (acce)	<u> </u>	(.,,,,		(=7.1,000)		(=7.1,000)		_			
Net change in fund balances	\$	(553,155)	\$	(1,799,748)	\$	(704,718)	\$	1,095,030			
Fund balances - beginning	•	553,155	·	1,799,748	•	1,245,384	·	(554,364)			
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	540,666	\$	540,666			
Ŭ											

			Text	bo	ok I	Fund						School Cafe	ete	ria Fund		
	udgeted iginal	Am	ounts Final			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			Budgeted Original	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Φ.		•			•	1/0	_	1/0		0.000	_	0.000		0.447	_	4.447
\$	-	\$		-	\$	160	\$	160	\$	2,000 290,000	\$	2,000	\$	3,416	\$	1,416
	_			_		- 1,860		- 1,860		85,500		348,298 85,500		222,482 42,953		(125,816) (42,547)
	_			_		1,000		1,000		03,300		05,500		42,733		(42,547)
	_			_		-		_		_		-		-		-
	_			-		-		-		25,857		25,857		24,506		(1,351)
	-			-		-		-		710,000		710,000		841,693		131,693
\$	-	\$		-	\$	2,020	\$	2,020	\$	1,113,357	\$	1,171,655	\$	1,135,050	\$	(36,605)
\$	-	\$		-	\$	287,899	\$	(287,899) -	\$	1,113,357 -	\$	1,177,008	\$	1,085,512	\$	91,496 -
	-			-		-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	-	\$		-	\$	287,899	\$	(287,899)	\$	1,113,357	\$	1,177,008	\$	1,085,512	\$	91,496
\$	-	\$		_	\$	(285,879)	\$	(285,879)	\$	-	\$	(5,353)	\$	49,538	\$	54,891
\$	-	\$		-	\$	294,086	\$	294,086 -	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- -
\$	-	\$		-	\$	294,086	\$	294,086	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	-	\$		-	\$	8,207 391,343	\$	8,207 391,343	\$	-	\$	(5,353) 5,353	\$	49,538 513,818	\$	54,891 508,465
\$	-	\$		-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	563,356	\$	563,356



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2013

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	598,344
Notes receivable - current portion		64,364
Total current assets	\$	662,708
Noncurrent assets:		_
Other assets:		
Notes receivable - net of current portion	\$	1,744,802
Total noncurrent assets	\$	1,744,802
Total assets	\$	2,407,510
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:		
	Φ.	7/ 270
Due to other governmental units	\$	76,378
Notes payable - current portion		59,228
Total current liabilities	\$	135,606
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Notes payable - net of current portion	\$	519,993
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	519,993
Total liabilities	\$	655,599
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	\$	1,751,911
Total net position	\$	1,751,911

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Rents	\$ 109,823
Other revenues	92,671
Total operating revenues	\$ 202,494
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other charges	\$ 99,172
Total operating expenses	\$ 99,172
Operating income (loss)	\$ 103,322
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	\$ 911
Interest expense	(26,258)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ (25,347)
Change in net position	\$ 77,975
Total net position - beginning , as restated	1,673,936
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,751,911

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	531,485
Payments for operating activities		(99,172)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	432,313
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING		
ACTIVITIES		
Principal payments on note payable	\$	(67,143)
Interest payments		(28,531)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related		
financing activities	\$	(95,674)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	\$	911
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	911
not cash provided by (asea for) investing activities	<u> </u>	711
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	337,550
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		260,794
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	598,344
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	103,322
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable	\$	328,991
Total adjustments	\$	328,991
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	432,313
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final d, Major and Minor Revenue Source <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance wit Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	3,981,300	\$	3,981,300	\$	3,848,057	\$	(133,243)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		350,000		350,000		352,867		2,867
Personal property taxes		1,314,790		1,317,290		1,486,913		169,623
Mobile home taxes		12,300		12,300		12,688		388
Machinery and tools taxes		200,500		200,500		169,302		(31,198)
Penalties		89,000		89,000		123,535		34,535
Interest		45,000		45,000		61,291		16,291
Total general property taxes	\$	5,992,890	\$	5,995,390	\$	6,054,653	\$	59,263
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	910,000	\$	910,000	\$	1,039,676	\$	129,676
Business license taxes		136,400		136,400		159,038		22,638
Motor vehicle licenses		150,000		150,000		130,965		(19,035)
Taxes on recordation and wills		55,000		55,000		48,395		(6,605)
Hotel and motel room taxes		6,000		6,000		3,389		(2,611)
Total other local taxes	\$	1,257,400	\$	1,257,400	\$	1,381,463	\$	124,063
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	15,450	\$	15,450	\$	13,984	\$	(1,466)
Permits and other licenses		48,650		48,650		65,384		16,734
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	64,100	\$	64,100	\$	79,368	\$	15,268
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	7,972	\$	(5,028)
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	7,972	\$	(5,028)
Total filles and forfeitures	Ψ	13,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	1,712	Ψ	(0,020)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	63,453	\$	(36,547)
Revenue from use of property		617,600		627,600		653,318		25,718
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	717,600	\$	727,600	\$	716,771	\$	(10,829)
Charges for services:								
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	9,278	\$	1,278
Charges for court costs		1,042		1,042		2,881		1,839
Charges for courthouse security		25,000		34,500		43,163		8,663
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		500		500		1,229		729
Charges for law library		2,000		2,000		1,229		(771)
Charges for other protection		-		-		970		970
Charges for data processing		1,400		1,400		-		(1,400)
Charges for parks, rec and culture		-		-		200		200

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budqet</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Charges for services: (Continued)					
Charges for sale of historical material	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 50	\$	(50)
Total charges for services	\$ 38,042	\$ 47,542	\$ 59,000	\$	11,458
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 134,400	\$ 231,483	\$ 108,279	\$	(123,204)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ 134,400	\$ 231,483	\$ 108,279	\$	(123,204)
Recovered costs:					
State trooper gas charges	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25	\$	25
Dispatching - Towns	8,274	8,274	11,032		2,758
Library contribution	3,500	3,500	3,500		-
Indirect services - Jail	30,000	30,000	-		(30,000)
Planning council contributions	 3,190	 3,190	 3,190		-
Total recovered costs	\$ 44,964	\$ 44,964	\$ 17,747	\$	(27,217)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 8,262,396	\$ 8,381,479	\$ 8,425,253	\$	43,774
Intergovernmental Revenues:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Rolling stock tax	\$ 70,000	\$ 70,000	\$ 88,523	\$	18,523
Mobile home titling tax	16,000	16,000	12,745		(3,255)
Tax on Deeds	12,000	12,000	12,971		971
Motor vehicle rental tax	-	-	3,137		3,137
State recordation tax	-	-	16,355		16,355
Personal property tax relief funds	1,049,790	1,049,790	1,049,790		-
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,147,790	\$ 1,147,790	\$ 1,183,521	\$	35,731
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 202,100	\$ 202,100	\$ 197,956	\$	(4,144)
Sheriff	828,800	839,661	775,031		(64,630)
Commissioner of revenue	76,600	76,600	74,590		(2,010)
Treasurer	88,200	88,200	85,620		(2,580)
Registrar/electoral board	40,002	44,002	39,002		(5,000)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	166,900	175,216	171,103		(4,113)
Total shared expenses	\$ 1,402,602	\$ 1,425,779	\$ 1,343,302	\$	(82,477)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>		
General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental Revenues: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	529,204	\$	529,204	\$	393,842	\$	(135,362)
Comprehensive services act		420,000		779,925		649,015		(130,910)
Litter control grant		5,000		7,216		7,216		-
Bio solids fees		1,500		1,500		1,590		90
Emergency medical services		· -		-		13,102		13,102
Library grant		43,830		44,725		44,725		-
VJCCCS grant		17,904		19,195		19,399		204
Tobacco grant		-		-		642,627		642,627
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,017,438	\$	1,381,765	\$	1,771,516	\$	389,751
Total categorical aid	\$	2,420,040	\$	2,807,544	\$	3,114,818	\$	307,274
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,567,830	\$	3,955,334	\$	4,298,339	\$	343,005
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,027,277	\$	1,027,277	\$	767,373	¢	(259,904)
Homeland security	Ψ	1,021,211	Ψ	1,021,211	Ψ	24,296	Ψ	24,296
Ground transportation safety		_				8,561		8,561
Byrne justice assistance		_		_		1,718		1,718
Total categorical aid	\$	1,027,277	\$	1,027,277	\$	801,948	\$	(225,329)
	•							_
Total revenue from the federal government		1,027,277	\$	1,027,277	\$	801,948	\$	(225,329)
Total General Fund	\$	12,857,503	\$	13,364,090	\$	13,525,540	\$	161,450
Special Revenue Funds:								
Landfill Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes:								
Consumer utility tax	\$	148,500	\$	148,500	\$	146,658	\$	(1,842)
Consumption tax		25,000		25,000		26,715		1,715
Total other local taxes		173,500	\$	173,500	\$	173,373	\$	(127)
Charges for services:								
Landfill use fees	\$	309,400	\$	309,400	\$	329,260	\$	19,860
Total revenue from local sources	\$	482,900	\$	482,900	\$	502,633	\$	19,733

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)					
Landfill Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental Revenues:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Communications tax	\$ 257,415	\$ 257,415	\$ 266,580	\$	9,165
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 257,415	\$ 257,415	\$ 266,580	\$	9,165
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 257,415	\$ 257,415	\$ 266,580	\$	9,165
Total Landfill Fund	\$ 740,315	\$ 740,315	\$ 769,213	\$	28,898
E-911 Fund:				_	
Revenue from local sources:					
Other local taxes:					
E-911 taxes	\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 440	\$	40
Total other local taxes	\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 440	\$	40
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Other miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,866	\$	3,866
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,866	\$	3,866
Intergovernmental Revenues:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Communications Tax	\$ 85,805	\$ 85,805	\$ 88,860	\$	3,055
Categorical aid:					
Wireless grant funds	\$ 47,503	\$ 47,503	\$ 38,286	\$	(9,217)
PSAP grant	 -	-	71,614		71,614
Total categorical aid	\$ 47,503	\$ 47,503	\$ 109,900	\$	62,397
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 133,308	\$ 133,308	\$ 198,760	\$	65,452
Total E-911 Fund	\$ 133,708	\$ 133,708	\$ 203,066	\$	69,358
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Charges for services:					
Charges for education	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,327	\$	6,327
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Other miscellaneous	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 205,382	\$	125,382
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 205,382	\$	125,382

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Recovered costs:					
Dual enrollment	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$	(30,000)
Total recovered costs	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$	(30,000)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 110,000	\$ 110,000	\$ 211,709	\$	101,709
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Revenues from local governments:					
Contribution from County of Nottoway, Virginia	\$ 4,250,106	\$ 4,255,649	\$ 3,938,679	\$	(316,970)
Total revenues from local governments	\$ 4,250,106	\$ 4,255,649	\$ 3,938,679	\$	(316,970)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:					
Share of state sales tax	\$ 2,120,454	\$ 2,120,454	\$ 2,119,928	\$	(526)
Basic school aid	7,266,972	7,266,972	7,248,832		(18,140)
ISAEP	7,859	7,859	7,859		-
Remedial education	324,658	324,658	324,633		(25)
Regular foster care	14,720	14,720	11,872		(2,848)
Gifted and talented	75,047	75,047	75,041		(6)
Remedial summer school	111,821	111,821	100,389		(11,432)
Preschool and 4 year old At Risk	226,590	226,590	226,590		-
Special education	869,562	869,562	869,493		(69)
Project Graduation	-	19,433	-		(19,433)
Vocational education	285,877	288,577	305,822		17,245
Textbook payments	61,098	61,098	146,378		85,280
Social security and retirement fringe benefits	1,248,057	1,248,057	1,370,037		121,980
State lottery payments	85,292	85,292	-		(85,292)
Early reading intervention	25,939	25,939	30,656		4,717
Homebound education	4,800	4,800	5,212		412
Special education - foster children	-	-	5,366		5,366
At risk payments	438,398	438,398	437,780		(618)
VPSA technology funds	258,000	258,000	205,985		(52,015)
Primary class size	492,786	492,786	466,673		(26,113)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness	45,813	45,813	45,926		113
Epipens	-	-	788		788
Literary loan subsidy	-	44,457	44,457		-
IT academy program	-	-	2,700		2,700
Disaster assistance	-	-	190		190
English as a second language	71,155	71,155	60,347		(10,808)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)					
Categorical aid: (Continued)					
National Board Certification	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,500	\$	2,500
Mentor teacher program	 2,155	2,155	1,472		(683)
Total categorical aid	\$ 14,037,053	\$ 14,103,643	\$ 14,116,926	\$	13,283
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 14,037,053	\$ 14,103,643	\$ 14,116,926	\$	13,283
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Migrant education	\$ 44,279	\$ 49,887	\$ 38,878	\$	(11,009)
Rural education	55,624	55,624	17,741		(37,883)
Title I	865,942	865,942	952,804		86,862
Title III, Part A	133,235	169,110	174,877		5,767
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	595,117	603,136	543,635		(59,501)
Vocational education	56,342	56,342	53,358		(2,984)
Preschool special education	15,747	15,747	12,671		(3,076)
Preschool handicapped	8,729	18,503	-		(18,503)
Immigrant educations	_	-	2,254		2,254
21st century grant	293,000	293,000	231,609		(61,391)
ROTC	67,000	67,000	75,917		8,917
Learn and serve grant	-	15,693	15,693		-
Forest reserve	_	122,818	122,817		(1)
Gear up funds	_	5,000	5,000		-
Disaster assistance	_	-	750		750
Project hope grant	10,000	15,000	-		(15,000)
Total categorical aid	\$ 2,145,015	\$ 2,352,802	\$ 2,248,004	\$	(104,798)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 2,145,015	\$ 2,352,802	\$ 2,248,004	\$	(104,798)
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 20,542,174	\$ 20,822,094	\$ 20,515,318	\$	(306,776)
Special Revenue Funds:					
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 3,416	\$	1,416
Charges for services:					
Cafeteria sales	\$ 290,000	\$ 348,298	\$ 222,482	\$	(125,816)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>			Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) School Cafeteria Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued) Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous	\$ 85,500	\$ 85,500	\$	42,953	\$	(42,547)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 377,500	\$ 435,798	\$	268,851	\$	(166,947)
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: School food program grant	\$ 25,857	\$ ·	\$	·	\$	(1,351)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: School food program grant Commodities	\$ 710,000 -	\$ 710,000	\$	769,566 72,127	\$	59,566 72,127
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 710,000	\$ 710,000	\$	841,693	\$	131,693
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 1,113,357	\$ 1,171,655	\$	1,135,050	\$	(36,605)
School Textbook Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 	\$ 	\$	160 160	\$	160 160
Miscellaneous revenue						
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,860	\$	1,860
Total School Textbook Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,860	\$	2,020
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 21,655,531	\$ 21,993,749	\$	21,652,228	\$	(341,361)



County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

•	2013	0, 201	30,	June	Ended	Year	the	For

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	356,102	\$	346,554	\$ 187,674	\$	158,880	
Total legislative	\$	356,102	\$	346,554	\$ 187,674	\$	158,880	
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	256,367	\$	262,455	\$ 250,894	\$	11,561	
Legal services		11,650		11,650	5,263		6,387	
Commissioner of revenue		175,897		178,397	177,977		420	
Treasurer		202,055		204,362	199,417		4,945	
Data processing		125,252		149,037	129,684		19,353	
Other general and financial administration		36,000		37,423	37,423		-	
Total general and financial administration	\$	807,221	\$	843,324	\$ 800,658	\$	42,666	
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	118,586	\$	122,586	\$ 116,332	\$	6,254	
Total board of elections	\$	118,586	\$	122,586	\$ 116,332	\$	6,254	
Total general government administration	\$	1,281,909	\$	1,312,464	\$ 1,104,664	\$	207,800	
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	19,300	\$	19,300	\$ 18,049	\$	1,251	
General district court		5,700		5,700	3,677		2,023	
Commissioner of accounts		150		150	-		150	
Magistrate		100		100	-		100	
Juvenile and domestic relations district court		21,590		22,881	19,858		3,023	
Clerk of the circuit court		226,713		235,029	226,801		8,228	
Jurors and witnesses		9,412		9,412	2,070		7,342	
Sheriff		122,815		132,315	130,379		1,936	
Law library		2,000		4,123	2,185		1,938	
Total courts	\$	407,780	\$	429,010	\$ 403,019	\$	25,991	
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	242,530	\$	260,425	\$ 247,246	\$	13,179	
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	242,530	\$	260,425	\$ 247,246	\$	13,179	
Total judicial administration	\$	650,310	\$	689,435	\$ 650,265	\$	39,170	

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)									
Public safety:									
Law enforcement and traffic control:									
Sheriff	\$	979,514	\$	1,127,670	\$	986,775	\$	140,895	
Central dispatching		424,914		438,055		400,163		37,892	
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,404,428	\$	1,565,725	\$	1,386,938	\$	178,787	
Fire and rescue services:									
Volunteer fire department	\$	195,000	\$	198,579	\$	170,504	\$	28,075	
Rescue service		108,320		152,338		112,568		39,770	
State forestry service		11,435		11,435		11,435		-	
Total fire and rescue services	\$	314,755	\$	362,352	\$	294,507	\$	67,845	
Correction and detention:									
Detention home	\$	100,000	\$	73,427	\$	42,825	\$	30,602	
Juvenile probation and detention		100,000		276,573		276,573		-	
Total correction and detention	\$	200,000	\$	350,000	\$	319,398	\$	30,602	
Inspections:									
Building	\$	72,483	\$	71,165	\$	71,130	\$	35	
Total inspections	\$	72,483	\$	71,165	\$	71,130	\$	35	
Other protection:									
Animal control	\$	69,392	\$	71,064	\$	59,788	\$	11,276	
Medical examiner		200		200		60		140	
Total other protection	\$	69,592	\$	71,264	\$	59,848	\$	11,416	
Total public safety	\$	2,061,258	\$	2,420,506	\$	2,131,821	\$	288,685	
Public works:									
Sanitation and waste removal:									
Litter control	\$	5,000	\$	7,811	\$	7,811	\$	-	
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	5,000	\$	7,811	\$	7,811	\$	-	
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:									
General properties	\$	262,084	\$	261,642	\$	235,188	\$	26,454	
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	262,084	\$	261,642	\$	235,188	\$	26,454	
Total public works	\$	267,084	\$	269,453	\$	242,999	\$	26,454	

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)									
Health and welfare:									
Health:									
Supplement of local health department	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	86,278	\$	13,722	
Total health	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	86,278	\$	13,722	
Mental health and mental retardation:									
Community services board	\$	43,700	\$	43,700	\$	43,700	\$	-	
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	43,700	\$	43,700	\$	43,700	\$	-	
Welfare:									
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,826,706	\$	1,826,706	\$	1,460,631	\$	366,075	
Comprehensive Services Act		692,500		1,132,586		1,055,915		76,671	
Total welfare	\$	2,519,206	\$	2,959,292	\$	2,516,546	\$	442,746	
Total health and welfare	\$	2,662,906	\$	3,102,992	\$	2,646,524	\$	456,468	
Education:									
Other instructional costs:									
Contribution to community colleges	\$	3,590	\$	3,590	\$	3,590	\$	-	
Contribution to County School Board		4,250,106		4,255,649		3,938,679		316,970	
Total education	\$	4,253,696	\$	4,259,239	\$	3,942,269	\$	316,970	
Parks, recreation, and cultural:									
Parks and recreation:	Φ.	/ 000		/ 000	Φ.		Φ.		
Parks and recreation	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$		
Total parks and recreation		6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	<u> </u>	
Library:	Φ.	005 504	Φ.	044 405	Φ.	0.40.405	Φ.	1 010	
Library administration	\$	235,534	\$	241,135		240,125	\$	1,010	
Total library	\$	235,534	\$	241,135	\$	240,125	\$	1,010	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural Community development:		241,534	\$	247,135	\$	246,125	Þ	1,010	
Planning and community development:									
Economic development	\$	28,211	\$	27,561	¢	24,056	¢	3,505	
Planning commission	Φ	90,928	Φ	104,983	Φ	55,517	φ	49,466	
Zoning board		2,850		2,850		2,244		606	
Total planning and community development	\$	121,989	\$	135,394	\$	81,817	\$	53,577	
Environmental management:									
Soil and water conservation district	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	-	
Other environmental management		14,771		13,850		6,067		7,783	
Total environmental management	\$	23,271	\$	22,350	\$	14,567	\$	7,783	

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budqet</u>	Final <u>Budqet</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with aal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Community development: (Continued)					
Cooperative extension program:					
Extension office	\$ 38,991	\$ 41,512	\$ 41,306	\$	206
Total cooperative extension program	\$ 38,991	\$ 41,512	\$ 41,306	\$	206
Other community development:					
Ft. Pickett local reuse authority	409,269	577,816	349,119		228,697
Community development block grant	6,000	6,000	-		6,000
Virginia's retreat	4,500	4,500	4,500		-
Virginia Institute of Government	1,000	1,000	1,000		-
Small business incubator	28,903	37,085	10,913		26,172
Blackstone area bus service	8,000	8,000	8,000		-
Lodge at Ft. Pickett	187,409	187,295	155,198		32,097
Total other community development	\$ 645,081	\$ 821,696	\$ 528,730	\$	292,966
Total community development	\$ 829,332	\$ 1,020,952	\$ 666,420	\$	354,532
Capital projects:					
Other capital projects	\$ -	\$ 39,978	\$ -	\$	39,978
Switch grass facilities	-	724,500	695,308		29,192
Switch grass equipment	 -	150,000	85,019		64,981
Total capital projects	\$ -	\$ 914,478	\$ 780,327	\$	134,151
School debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$ 679,707	\$ 656,535	\$ 577,664	\$	78,871
Interest and other fiscal charges	148,623	216,252	225,332		(9,080)
Total school debt service	\$ 828,330	\$ 872,787	\$ 802,996	\$	69,791
Total General Fund	\$ 13,076,359	\$ 15,109,441	\$ 13,214,410	\$	1,895,031
Special Revenue Funds:					
Landfill Fund:					
Public works:					
Sanitation and waste removal:					
Landfill	\$ 700,315	\$ 949,952	\$ 787,170	\$	162,782
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$	_
Total debt service	 40,000	40,000	 40,000	*	-
Total Landfill Fund	\$ 740,315	\$ 989,952	\$ 827,170	\$	162,782

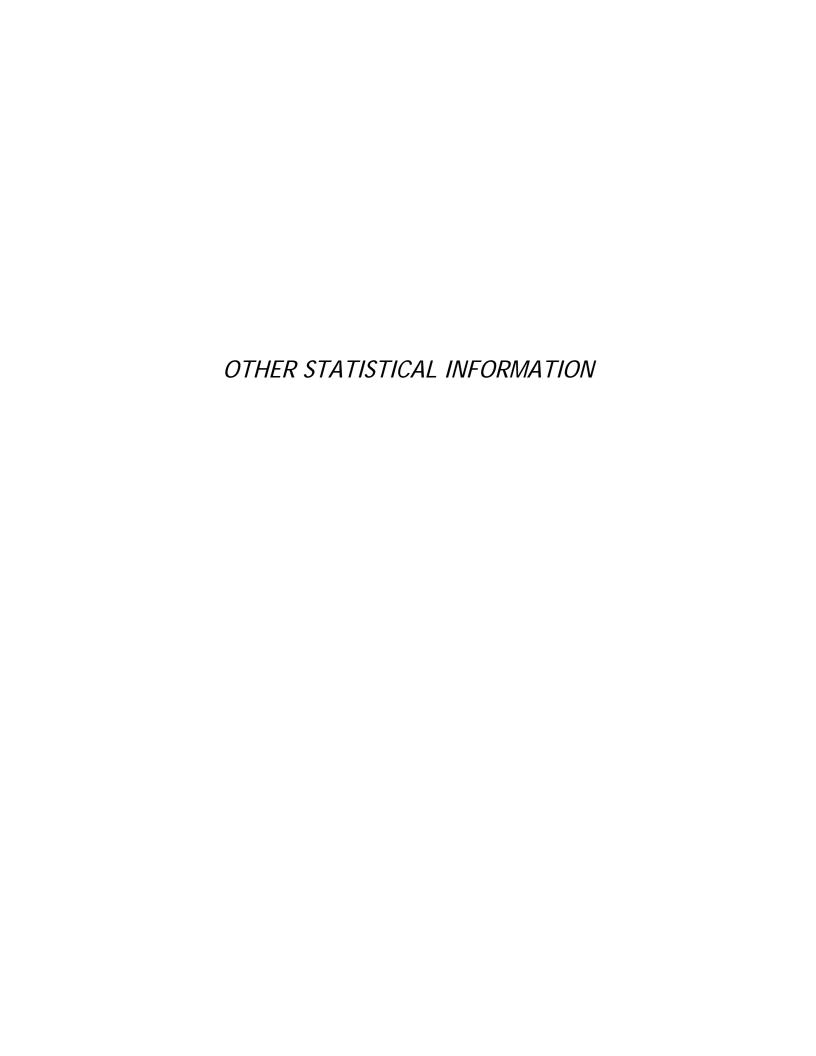
County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

FOF	tne	year	Enaea	June	30, 20	IЗ

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)								
E-911 Fund:								
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:	_		_		_	450.005	_	
Emergency 911 services	\$	133,708	\$	224,673	\$	153,937	\$	70,736
Total E-911 Fund	\$	133,708	\$	224,673	\$	153,937	\$	70,736
Dare Program Fund:								
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Dare program	\$	-	\$	342	\$	-	\$	342
Total Dare Program Fund	\$	-	\$	342	\$	-	\$	342
Total Primary Government	\$	13,950,382	\$	16,324,408	\$	14,195,517	\$	2,128,891
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Instruction costs:	Φ.	45 554 775		1/ 00/ 000	Φ.	45 (00 074	Φ.	100 100
Elementary and secondary schools Total instruction costs		15,551,775		16,026,202		15,603,074	\$	423,128
Total instruction costs	<u></u>	15,551,775		16,026,202		15,603,074	\$	423,128
Operating costs:								
Administration, attendance and health services	\$	1,098,522	\$	1,084,974	\$	1,008,925	\$	76,049
Pupil transportation		1,449,831		1,322,065		1,307,817		14,248
Operation and maintenance of school plant		2,116,614		3,087,882		2,752,656		335,226
Total operating costs	\$	4,664,967	\$	5,494,921	\$	5,069,398	\$	425,523
Total education	\$	20,216,742	\$	21,521,123	\$	20,672,472	\$	848,651
Capital projects:								
School capital projects	\$	553,155	\$	553,155	\$	-	\$	553,155
Total capital projects	\$	553,155	\$	553,155	\$	-	\$	553,155
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	112,839	\$	234,074	\$	234,704	\$	(630)
Interest and other fiscal charges		18,776		19,404		18,774		630
Total debt service	\$	131,615	\$	253,478	\$	253,478	\$	-
Total School Operating Fund	\$	20,901,512	\$	22,327,756	\$	20,925,950	\$	1,401,806

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)						
Special revenue funds: (Continued)						
School Textbook Fund:						
Education:						
Instruction:						
Elementary and secondary schools	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 287,899	\$	(287,899)
Total School Textbook Fund		-	\$ -	\$ 287,899	\$	(287,899)
School Cafeteria Fund:						
Education:						
School food services:						
Administration of school food program	\$	1,113,357	\$ 1,177,008	\$ 1,013,385	\$	163,623
Commodities		-	-	72,127		(72,127)
Total School Cafeteria Fund		1,113,357	\$ 1,177,008	\$ 1,085,512	\$	91,496
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board		22,014,869	\$ 23,504,764	\$ 22,299,361	\$	1,205,403





County of Nottoway, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 9,149,621	10,638,592	13,095,427	12,168,191	15,707,074	13,691,478	13,746,204	15,789,228	13,891,046	1/1 177 008
Interest on Long- Term Debt	148,558 \$	79,722	155,936	207,695	320,456	253,282	267,481	253,573	174,484	711 077
	\$ 339,409 \$	1,061,513	792,430	724,700	1,249,191	761,856	1,192,922	1,178,707	839,415	1 457 207
Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development	\$ 156,396	46,957	174,982	235,446	235,504	288,816	332,705	293,289	328,756	220 250
Education	3,607,359	2,542,511	5,635,335	4,053,533	4,509,077	4,105,917	4,271,797	6,279,361	4,779,326	/ E26 212
Health and Welfare	863,062 \$ 1,656,272 \$	2,015,446	2,048,848	2,516,297	2,436,410	2,960,851	2,719,493	2,490,161	2,550,832	2 673 446
Public Works	\$ 863,062	1,900,197	1,038,727	981,761	3,193,667	1,451,886	1,211,446	1,106,481	1,281,092	110 101
Public Safety	1,262,405	1,731,098	1,750,408	1,812,719	2,017,296	2,164,176	1,985,731	2,619,360	2,134,591	2 500 040
Judicial dministration	389,277 \$	425,596	596,712	666,209	742,287	751,950	734,255	715,061	749,812	760 045
General Government Judicial Administration	\$ 726,883 \$	835,552	902,049	969,831	1,003,186	952,744	1,030,374	853,235	1,052,738	1 127 041
Fiscal	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2012

County of Nottoway, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

		u	of	-	s Total	- \$ 11,038,747	- 11,853,378	(60,000) 12,254,002	- 13,634,108	173,975 16,204,428	- 14,709,387	258,158 14,712,082	- 15,107,193	- 14,714,065	56 853 14 516 681
	Gain/	(Loss) on	Disposal of	Capital	Assets	↔		(90)		773,		258,			74
	Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	94,228 \$ 1,094,303	1,324,633	1,228,986	1,235,150	1,723,017	797,297	1,470,004	1,489,054	1,443,945	1 539 061
IES					Miscellaneous	∨	87,650	107,128	160,654	40,470	209,941	121,783	109,817	94,763	112 115
GENERAL REVENUES			Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	\$ 455,200	568,301	762,892	986,384	936,444	1,136,271	825,800	785,153	728,438	177 717
99			Other	Local	Taxes	4,531,789 \$ 1,729,490 \$	1,776,239	1,900,662	1,996,430	1,979,024	1,840,115	1,425,465	1,458,257	1,474,067	1 555 276
			General	Property	Taxes	\$ 4,531,789	4,381,189	4,620,680	5,278,029	6,024,635	5,926,926	6,143,978	6,189,091	6,396,185	6 03/ /00
ES		Capital	Grants	and	Contributions		387,801	1	,	82,300	50,048	242,157	1,372,452	71,955	,
PROGRAM REVENUES		Operating	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ 2,649,765	2,782,173	3,245,783	3,441,827	4,075,732	4,204,403	3,698,189	3,240,693	4,031,460	444 460 1
PŖ			Charges	for	Services	\$ 483,972	545,392	447,871	535,634	568,831	544,386	526,548	462,676	473,252	17E 600
	•			Fiscal	Year	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) County of Nottoway, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	24,627,691	29,283,135	28,646,129	30,032,939	32,277,021	34,836,690	33,847,751	32,169,015	31,647,142	31,214,472
Debt Service	\$ 692,398 \$	2,167,398	756,220	801,046	841,086	944,246	962,444	2,340,248	929,645	540,574
Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development	17,302,429 \$ 150,557 \$ 1,476,266 \$	938'829	621,278	642,529	1,091,767	748,890	2,332,406	729,300	738,042	970,950
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 150,557	170,979	165,313	182,463	183,570	237,571	243,572	235,094	238,858	246,125
Education (2)	17,302,429	19,629,616	20,944,482	21,646,837	22,412,062	24,954,627	21,989,394	21,782,328	22,119,207	22,049,473
Health and Welfare	1,606,537 \$	1,998,180	1,996,609	2,494,634	2,390,868	2,903,489	2,666,628	2,434,336	2,516,591	2,646,524
Public Works	777,704 \$	1,762,435	824,331	932,939	1,572,814	1,122,463	1,998,718	962,552	1,099,329	1,030,169
Public Safety	1,560,230 \$	1,760,881	1,837,003	1,808,213	2,067,127	2,179,682	1,957,030	1,991,119	2,174,631	2,285,758
Judicial dministration	349,536 \$	338,740	482,624	595,356	673,492	674,133	658,721	602,921	638,417	650,265
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	; 712,034 \$	815,050	1,018,269	928,922	1,044,235	1,071,589	1,038,838	1,091,117	1,192,422	1,104,664
Fiscal Year A	2004 \$	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

County of Nottoway, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	26,660,051	29,340,109	30,109,845	33,194,602	34,757,444	34,663,967	33,837,514	33,340,735	32,674,332	32,211,528
		↔									
, ,	governmental (2)	18,923,591	21,360,648	21,422,610	23,579,515	24,623,214	24,251,463	24,398,578	23,546,461	22,902,655	22,796,756
	gov	↔									
7	Costs	47,194	40,512	100,943	87,501	106,774	102,799	107,158	391,575	190,890	17,747
Ċ		↔									
	Miscellaneous	266,455	289,636	323,154	323,859	234,618	378,287	304,172	305,322	327,280	362,340
	Mis	↔									
Charges	Services	760,411	823,801	723,932	806,563	828,754	755,632	714,884	996' 189	647,763	617,069
		↔									
Revenue from the Use of	Property	462,907	569,124	763,810	988,384	937,816	1,137,683	831,138	790,040	731,551	720,347
~	_	↔							_	_	
Fines	Forfeitures	3 4,172	7,594	6,271	6,832	10,133	16,137	17,068	16,200	16,740	7,972
, S		<u>-</u>	ίζ	2	0	ღ	7	5	_	9	ထ္
Permits, Privilege Fees,	regulatory Licenses	\$ 43,557	54,335	69,822	61,140	26,693	106,037	88,505	76'62	78,966	79,368
<u> </u>		06	39	25	30	24	2	55	27	22	9,
Other	Taxes	1,729,490	1,776,239	1,900,662	1,996,430	1,979,024	1,840,115	1,425,465	1,458,257	1,474,067	1,555,276
		↔									
General	Taxes	4,422,274 \$	4,418,220	4,798,641	5,344,378	5,977,418	6,075,814	5,950,546	6,115,213	6,304,420	6,054,653
		↔									
- - - - - -	Year	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Nottoway, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Percent of		Percent of
		Total	Current	+	Percent	Delinquent	Total	Total Tax	Outstanding	Delinquent
Fiscal		Тах	Тах		of Levy	Tax (1,2)	Тах	Collections	Delinquent	Taxes to
Year		Levy (1)	Collections (1)	s (1)	Collected	Collections	Collections	to Tax Levy	Taxes (1,2)	Tax Levy
2004	↔	5,467,461	\$ 5,094,888	888	93.19%	\$ 173,679	\$ 5,268,567	96.36%	\$ 714,016	13.06%
2002		5,390,352	5,107,976	916	94.76%	177,995	5,285,971	%90.86	967,921	17.96%
2006		5,832,438	2,608,668	899	96.16%	165,194	5,773,862	%00.66	990,053	16.97%
2007		6,394,504	6,154,314	314	96.24%	146,965	6,301,279	98.54%	685,111	10.71%
2008		868'908'9	6,547,727	727	96.19%	330,336	6,878,063	101.05%	792,924	11.65%
2009		7,192,469	6,901,884	884	95.96%	145,342	7,047,226	%86'.26	835,419	11.62%
2010		6,904,508	6,572,629	679	95.19%	257,267	6,829,896	98.92%	793,701	11.50%
2011		7,071,099	6,706,433	433	94.84%	226,796	6,933,229	98.05%	832,656	11.78%
2012		7,116,812	6,802,180	180	95.58%	319,368	7,121,548	100.07%	747,418	10.50%
2013		7,029,394	6,659,268	268	94.73%	260,350	6,919,618	98.44%	775,779	11.04%

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. Includes personal property tax relief funds. (2) Does not include land redemptions.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property (in thousands) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Public Service (2)	Total
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009	\$ 527,103 536,061 540,862 777,728 790,448 798,086	\$ 70,251 66,966 72,809 74,796 76,093 80,427	\$ 16,417 15,956 18,398 18,237 14,482	\$ 51,777 46,611 44,394 64,454 66,339 57,123	\$ 665,276 666,055 674,022 935,376 951,116 950,118
2010 2011 2012 2013	805,070 819,717 819,870 945,617	69,447 73,693 72,893 72,954	13,998 15,516 14,799 13,089	56,230 62,734 72,922 77,364	944,746 971,660 980,484 1,109,024

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Public Utility		
			Machinery			
Fiscal	Real	Personal	and	Real		Personal
Year	Estate	Property	Tools	Estate		Property
2004	\$ 0.54	\$ 3.15	\$ 1.25	\$ 0.54	\$	3.15
2005	0.54	3.15	1.25	0.54		3.15
2006	0.56	3.35	1.25	0.56		3.35
2007	0.44	3.35	1.25	0.44		3.35
2008	0.47	3.40	1.35	0.47		3.40
2009	0.49	3.50	1.35	0.49		3.50
2010	0.49	3.50	1.35	0.49		3.50
2011	0.49	3.50	1.35	0.49		3.50
2012	0.49	3.50	1.35	0.49		3.50
2013	0.44	3.50	1.35	0.44		3.50

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2004	15,725	\$ 665,276	\$ 5,638,427	\$ 5,638,427	0.85%	\$ 359
2005	15,725	666,055	6,437,577	6,437,577	0.97%	409
2006	15,725	674,022	5,988,038	5,988,038	0.89%	381
2007	15,725	935,376	8,534,523	8,534,523	0.91%	543
2008	15,725	951,116	7,529,614	7,529,614	0.79%	479
2009	15,725	950,118	8,979,904	8,979,904	0.95%	571
2010	15,853	944,746	8,421,596	8,421,596	0.89%	531
2011	15,853	971,660	6,477,614	6,477,614	0.67%	409
2012	15,853	980,484	5,885,627	5,885,627	0.60%	371
2013	15,853	1,109,024	5,301,684	5,301,684	0.48%	334

⁽¹⁾ Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service - University of Virginia

⁽²⁾ From Table 6

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, notes payable, landfill closure liability and compensated absences.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nottoway Nottoway, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Nottoway Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Nottoway, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Nottoway Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Nottoway, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia January 13, 2014

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nottoway Nottoway, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Nottoway, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. County of Nottoway, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Nottoway, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Nottoway, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of County of Nottoway, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia

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January 13, 2014

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	ederal enditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	0400112/0400113	\$ 237,540
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500112/0500113	572
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	06004412/00600413	12,313
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760112/0760113	19,572
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160112/9160113	280
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900112/090113	717
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100112/1100113	38,434
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120112/1120113	27,080
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000112/1000113	105,341
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150112/9150113	2,904
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540112/0540113	4,834
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200112/1200113	 118,629
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 568,216
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Food DistributionSchool	10.555	17901-45707	72,127
Department of Education:			
National school lunch program	10.555	17901-40623	556,179
Total CFDA# 10.555			\$ 628,306
School breakfast program	10.553	17901-40591	195,903
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	17901	122,817
Department of Health:			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559		17,485
Department of Social Services:			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental			
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010112/0010113	 199,156
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 1,163,667
Department of Homeland Security:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Emergency Assistance:			
Disaster Grants (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036		\$ 750
State Homeland Security Program	97.073	77501-52708	24,296
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$ 25,046
Department of Justice:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program -	16.738	unavailable	\$ 1,718

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	Federal penditures
Department of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	60507-59257	\$	8,561
Department of the Defense:				
Direct Payments:				
JROTC	12.xxx	N/A	\$	75,917
Corporation for National and Community Service:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Learn and serve America - School and Community Based programs	94.004	17901-60185	\$	15,693
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901	\$	952,804
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	17901-42910		38,878
Migrant Education - Coordination Program	84.144	17901-61399		2,255
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071		543,635
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	17901-62521		12,670
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095		53,358
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	17901-60565		231,609
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	17117		5,000
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481		17,741
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	17901-61480		174,877
Total Department of Education			\$	2,032,827
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	3,891,645

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Nottoway, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2013. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Nottoway, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Nottoway, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reprted on the acrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recongnized following the cost priciples contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2013, the County received and disbursed food commodities totaling \$72,127.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	801,948
Total primary government	\$	801,948
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	2,248,004
School Cafeteria Fund		841,693
Total component unit school board	\$	3,089,697
Total federal expenditures per basic financial	_	
statements	\$ _	3,891,645
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards	\$	3,891,645

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued: unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? yes no Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes none reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes no Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? none reported yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: unmodified Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? yes Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.553/10.555/10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster 84.027/84.173 Special Education Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? yes no

Section II-Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

There were no prior year findings.

