# TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

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#### TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

#### **TOWN COUNCIL**

Beth A. Taylor, Mayor

Cathy D. Pattison, Vice-Mayor

Holly E. Atkins

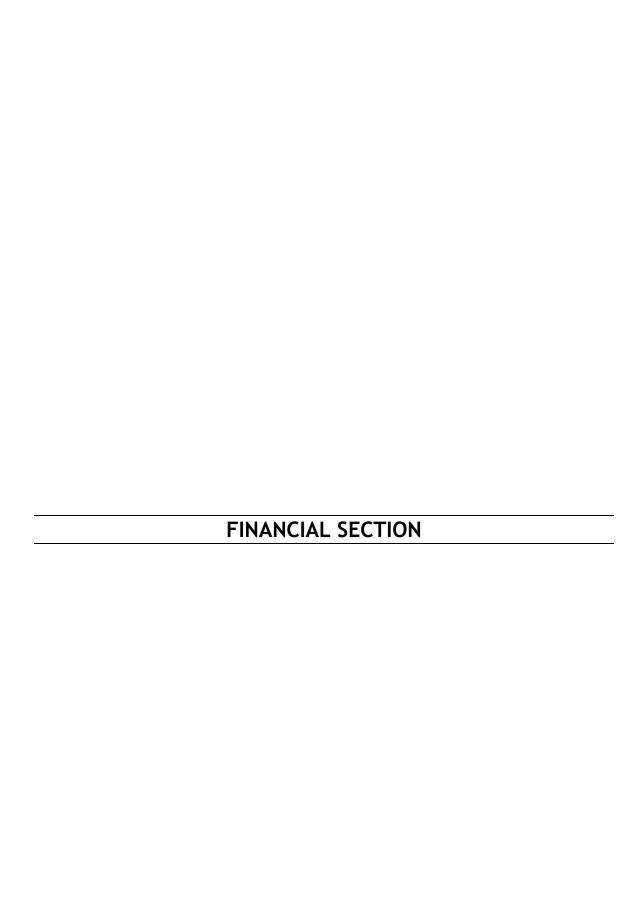
Gary L. Gillman

Candice N. Johnson

#### OTHER OFFICIALS

T. Brian Freeman
Elaine R. Holeton
Michael G. Stephens
Sharon G. Corvin
Paul Cassell

Town Manager
Assistant Town Manager
Town Treasurer
Town Clerk
Town Attorney





### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Wytheville, Virginia Wytheville, Virginia

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 19 to the financial statements, in 2023, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and supporting schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and supporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and other statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rolinsa Janes, lox associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2023, on our consideration of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 18, 2023



#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary Government					
	G	overnmental	Ві	usiness-type		
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,248,734	\$	1,542,585	\$	24,791,319
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		197,635		-		197,635
Accounts receivable		657,807		794,219		1,452,026
Leases receivable		64,194		-		64,194
Internal balances		425,000		(425,000)		-
Due from other governmental units		218,898		-		218,898
Prepaid items		9,275		-		9,275
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments:		20 120		2 544 204		2 554 404
Cash and cash equivalents		38,120 2,062,256		2,516,286		2,554,406 2,446,376
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		23,339,516		384,120 16,469,980		39,809,496
Total assets	\$	50,261,435	\$		\$	71,543,625
		, ,	-			, ,
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	4,582	\$	20,875	\$	25,457
Pension related items		1,774,312		315,503		2,089,815
OPEB related items	_	1,466,029		125,128		1,591,157
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,244,923	\$	461,506	\$	3,706,429
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	414,369	\$	137,701	\$	552,070
Accrued payroll/fringes		771,145		115,364		886,509
Customer deposits		38,120		66,868		104,988
Accrued interest payable		47,519		50,838		98,357
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		1,631,705		1,342,884		2,974,589
Due in more than one year		15,371,581		11,518,020		26,889,601
Total liabilities	\$	18,274,439	\$	13,231,675	\$	31,506,114
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	13,721	\$	-	\$	13,721
Pension related items	•	884,421	•	144,341	-	1,028,762
OPEB related items		964,424		69,385		1,033,809
Lease related items		63,896		-		63,896
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,926,462	\$	213,726	\$	2,140,188
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	17,100,459	ς	7,644,871	\$	24,745,330
Unrestricted	Ţ	16,204,998	Ţ	653,424	٠	16,858,422
Total net position	\$	33,305,457	\$	8,298,295	\$	41,603,752
35, pos.c.o		55,555, 157	7	-,-,-,-,-	7	,555,752

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		<u>a.</u>	Program Revenues	es		Net (Expe Changes	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	-
			Operating	Capital		Primar	Primary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Gove	Governmental Bu <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
General government administration	\$ 3,526,768	\$ 23,750	\$ 24,720	\$ 16,183	∽	(3,462,115) \$	\$	(3,462,115)
Public safety	6,278,727	970,198	266,999	•		(5,041,530)		(5,041,530)
Public works	5,418,262	186,137	3,221,248	•		(2,010,877)		(2,010,877)
Health and welfare	26,435	1 6		•		(26,435)		(26,435)
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,896,803	1,102,363	4,500	•		(1,789,940)		(1,789,940)
Community development	1,645,465	6,018	/2,388	•		(1,567,059)		(1,567,059)
interest on tong-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 20,000,620	\$ 2,288,466	3,589,855	\$ 16,183	\$	(14,106,116) \$	\$ .	(14,106,116)
Business-type activities:	25 080 7 3	C18 C87 7 3	v	v	v	J	\$ 1002 2007	(006 706)
rater and sewer Total primary government	\$ 26,980,852	\$ 8,971,308	\$ 3,589,855	\$ 16,183	\$	(14,106,116) \$	(297,390) \$	(14,403,506)
	General revenues:							
		y taxes			s	2,493,601 \$	\$	2,493,601
	Local sales and	sales and use taxes				824,491		824,491
	Consumers' utility taxes	lity taxes				242,969		242,969
	Business license taxes	e taxes				1,941,633		1,941,633
	Bank stock taxes	es				432,946		432,946
	Hotel and mot	and motel room taxes				2,096,368		2,096,368
	Restaurant food taxes	d taxes				3,949,719		3,949,719
	Tobacco tax					336,521		336,521
	Other local taxes	es				223,968		223,968
	Unrestricted rev	Unrestricted revenues from use of money	of money			751,523	46,237	797,760
	Miscellaneous					640,912	3,912	644,824
	Grants and cont	ributions not re	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	fic programs		459,571		459,571
	Total general revenues	venues				14,394,222 \$	50,149 \$	14,444,371
	Change in net position	sition			\$	288,106 \$	(247,241) \$	40,865
	Net position - beginning	ginning			v	33,017,351	8,545,536	41,562,887
	ואכר הספורוסוו	ກ				¢ יכר,טטט,טט		357,500,17

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		<u>General</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,487,424	\$	664,722	\$	23,152,146
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		197,635		-		197,635
Accounts receivable		657,787		20		657,807
Leases receivable		64,194		-		64,194
Due from other funds		500,000		-		500,000
Due from other governmental units		218,898		-		218,898
Prepaid items		9,275		-		9,275
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		38,120		-		38,120
Total assets	\$	24,173,333	\$	664,742	\$	24,838,075
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	414,369	\$	_	\$	414,369
Accrued payroll/fringes	٠	771,145	۲	_	٠	771,145
Customer deposits		38,120		_		38,120
Due to other funds		75,000		_		75,000
Total liabilities	\$	1,298,634	\$	-	\$	1,298,634
DEFENDED WELOWS OF DESCRIPCES						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,	240.047	,		_	240.047
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	210,817	\$	-	\$	210,817
Lease related items	_	63,896		-		63,896
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	274,713	\$	-	\$	274,713
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items	\$	9,275	\$	-	\$	9,275
Committed:						
Debt service		4,540,872		-		4,540,872
Rainy day		2,518,938		-		2,518,938
Community Center		5,894,434		-		5,894,434
Special revenue funds		-		654,263		654,263
Assigned:						
Capital projects funds		-		10,479		10,479
Unassigned		9,636,467		<u> </u>		9,636,467
Total fund balances	\$	22,599,986	\$	664,742	\$	23,264,728
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	24,173,333	\$	664,742	\$	24,838,075

# Town of Wytheville, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	23,264,728
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore				
are not reported in the funds.	,	2 0/2 25/		
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	\$	2,062,256		
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized		41,987,927		25 404 772
Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(18,648,411)	-	25,401,772
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and				
therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes				197,096
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	_			
Pension related items	\$	1,774,312		2 2 42 2 44
OPEB related items		1,466,029	_	3,240,341
Internal service funds are used by management to account for retiree health insurance benefits. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.				96,588
<b>'</b>				,
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Bonds payable	Ś	(7,968,481)		
Less deferred charge on refunding	•	4,582		
Compensated absences		(1,191,656)		
Lease liabilities		(148,590)		
Subscription liability		(188,824)		
Landfill accrued post-closure costs		(698,567)		
Accrued interest payable		(47,519)		
Net OPEB liabilities		(3,723,985)		
Net pension liability		(3,083,183)	_	(17,046,223)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,				
are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items	\$	(884,421)		
OPEB related items	Y	(964,424)		(1,848,845)
of Lb reduced rectifi		(701,121)	-	(1,010,010)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	33,305,457
			_	

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenue from the use of money and property       746,121       23,073       769,7         Charges for services       1,966,518       -       1,966,5         Miscellaneous       629,767       11,145       640,9	Other Governmental <u>General</u> <u>Funds</u> <u>To</u>	<u>otal</u>
Other local taxes 10,048,615 - 10,048,6 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 265,955 - 265,95 Fines and forfeitures 34,854 - 34,8 Revenue from the use of money and property 746,121 23,073 769,7 Charges for services 1,966,518 - 1,966,5 Miscellaneous 629,767 11,145 640,9	s \$ 2.440.527 \$ . \$ 2	440 527
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 265,955 - 265,955 Fines and forfeitures 34,854 - 34,854 Revenue from the use of money and property 746,121 23,073 769,700 Charges for services 1,966,518 - 1,966,518 Miscellaneous 629,767 11,145 640,900		
Fines and forfeitures       34,854       -       34,8         Revenue from the use of money and property       746,121       23,073       769,7         Charges for services       1,966,518       -       1,966,5         Miscellaneous       629,767       11,145       640,9	, ,	
Revenue from the use of money and property       746,121       23,073       769,7         Charges for services       1,966,518       -       1,966,5         Miscellaneous       629,767       11,145       640,9		34,854
Charges for services       1,966,518       -       1,966,5         Miscellaneous       629,767       11,145       640,9	,	769,194
Miscellaneous 629,767 11,145 640,9		-
,		640,912
	·	470,265
Intergovernmental:	170,203	170,203
	3 947 116 - 3	3,947,116
, ,		118,493
	·	),702,449
<u></u>		
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
		3,632,486
	• • •	,863,565
	· · ·	1,415,470
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	26,435
	•	3,040,588
	opment 2,034,554 - 2	2,034,554
Debt service:		
·		716,816
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	211,032
Total expenditures \$ 19,922,472 \$ 18,474 \$ 19,940,9	ures \$ 19,922,472 \$ 18,474 \$ 19	9,940,946
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	f revenues over	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		761,503
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	· · ·	(0.1.000)
	• • • • •	(24,000)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	233,286
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 209,286 \$ - \$ 209,2	ancing sources (uses) \$ 209,286 \$ - \$	209,286
Net change in fund balances \$ 955,045 \$ 15,744 \$ 970,7	alances \$ 955.045 \$ 15.744 \$	970,789
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,293,939
		3,264,728

# Town of Wytheville, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	970,789
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment:  Capital asset additions  Depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 906,687 (1,552,060)	-	(645,373)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Change in unavailable property taxes			53,074
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Debt issued or incurred:			
Issuance of subscription Change in accrued landfill postclosure cost Principal repayments:	\$ (233,286) (176,304)		
General obligation bonds Lease liabilities Subscription liability	594,518 77,836 44,462		307,226
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Change in pension related items Change in OPEB related items	\$ (133,799) 3,636 (764) (25,952) (260,099)		(416,978)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as retiree health insurance benefits, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain			
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			19,368
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	200,100

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023				
		erprise Fund	nal Service	
	M	ajor Funds		Fund
	S,	Water & ewer Funds		ree Health rance Fund
	<u> 36</u>	ewei Fullus	ilisui	ance runu
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,542,585	\$	96,588
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		794,219		-
Due from other funds		140,284		-
Total current assets	\$	2,477,088	\$	96,588
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments:  Cash and cash equivalents	ċ	2,516,286	\$	
Cash and Cash equivalents  Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	\$	384,120	۶	
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized  Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	ş	16,469,980		_
Total capital assets	\$	16,854,100	\$	
Total noncurrent assets	\$	19,370,386	\$	
Total assets	\$	21,847,474	\$	96,588
Total assets		21,047,474	7	70,300
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	20,875	\$	-
Pension related items		315,503		-
OPEB related items		125,128		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	461,506	\$	-
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	137,701	\$	-
Accrued payroll/fringes		115,364		-
Accrued interest payable		50,838		-
Due to other funds		565,284		-
Compensated absences - current portion		148,962		-
Bonds payable - current portion		1,051,037		-
Amount due to Wythe County - current portion		127,699		-
Lease liabilities - current portion		15,186		
Total current liabilities	\$	2,212,071	\$	-
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Customer deposits payable	\$	66,868	\$	-
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	9,357,985	\$	-
Compensated absences - net of current portion		49,653	•	-
Amount due to Wythe County - net of current portion		1,120,341		-
Lease liabilities - net of current portion		7,274		
Net pension liability		538,390		-
Net OPEB liabilities		444,377		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	11,518,020	\$	-
Total liabilities	\$	13,796,959	\$	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related items	\$	144,341	\$	_
OPEB related items	Ą	69,385	۲	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	213,726	\$	-
NET POSITION	-			
NET POSITION		7 / / / 07 :		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,644,871	\$	-
Unrestricted		653,424		96,588
Total net position	\$	8,298,295	\$	96,588

## Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Ent	Enterprise Fund Major Funds		Internal Service Fund			
	M						
		Water &	Reti	ree Health			
	<u>Se</u>	ewer Funds	Insur	rance Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services:							
Water revenues	\$	4,103,863	\$	-			
Sewer revenues		2,515,305		-			
Penalties		63,674		-			
Miscellaneous		3,912		-			
Total operating revenues	\$	6,686,754	\$	-			
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries	\$	1,411,686	\$	-			
Fringe benefits		530,430		8,100			
Professional services		397,561		-			
Repair and maintenance		506,363		-			
Operating materials and supplies		1,374,807		-			
Permits, licenses and memberships		15,890		-			
Utilities		641,721		-			
Travel		7,372		-			
Office supplies		7,653		-			
Postal services		7,166		-			
Insurance		19,767		-			
Miscellaneous expenses		36,233		-			
Depreciation/amortization		1,357,818		-			
Total operating expenses	\$	6,314,467	\$	8,100			
Operating income (loss)	\$	372,287	\$	(8,100)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment income	\$	46,237	\$	3,468			
Payment to NRRWA		(440,964)		-			
Interest expense		(224,801)		-			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(619,528)	\$	3,468			
Income before transfers	\$	(247,241)	\$	(4,632)			
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	24,000			
Change in net position	\$	(247,241)	\$	19,368			
Net position - beginning		8,545,536		77,220			
Net position - ending	\$	8,298,295	\$	96,588			

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

For the fear chided Julie 30, 2023	Enterprise Fund		Internal Service		
		Najor Funds	Fund		
		Water &	Retiree Health		
	<u>S</u>	ewer Funds	Insurance Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	6,685,455	\$ -		
Payments to suppliers		(3,000,266)	-		
Payments to and for employees		(1,913,272)	(8,100)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	1,771,917	\$ (8,100)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES					
Transfers from other funds	\$	500,000	\$ 24,000		
Payment to NRRWA		(440,964)	-		
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	59,036	\$ 24,000		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Additions to capital assets	\$	(1,223,862)	\$ -		
Proceeds from bonds	•	2,470,000	-		
Principal payments on bonds		(934,295)	-		
Principal payments on lease liabilities		(13,737)	-		
Contributions in aid of construction		384,276	-		
Interest payments		(211,609)	-		
Loan payments to other localities		(127,697)	-		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	343,076	\$ -		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest and dividends received	\$	46,237	\$ 3,468		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	46,237	\$ 3,468		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,220,266	\$ 19,368		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted		1,838,605	77,220		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted	\$	4,058,871	\$ 96,588		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	372,287	\$ (8,100)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation/amortization expense	\$	1,357,818	\$ -		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(48)	-		
(Increase) decrease in pension related items		(366,532)	-		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		29,731	-		
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable		14,267	-		
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		369,541	-		
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		(10,602)	-		
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities		9,851	-		
(Increase) decrease in OPEB related items		(3,145)	-		
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(1,251)	-		
Total adjustments	\$ \$	1,399,630	\$ -		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	1,771,917	\$ (8,100)		

#### TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of Virginia. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Town are discussed below.

#### A. Financial reporting entity:

Town of Wytheville, Virginia (the Town) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member Town Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government.

Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - None

Related Organizations - None

Jointly Governed Organizations:

The Town along with the Counties of Wythe and Carroll participate in New River Regional Water Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The Town is also the fiscal manager for New River Regional Water Authority. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Town contributed \$440,964 to New River Regional Water Authority.

The Town along with the Counties of Wythe and Bland participate in Crossroads Regional Industrial Facilities Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Town contributed \$84,227 to Crossroads Regional Industrial Facilities Authority.

The Town along with the Counties of Wythe and Smyth participate in Smyth-Wythe Airport. The governing body of this organization is appointed by respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Town contributed \$25,280 to Smyth-Wythe Airport.

The Town along with the County of Wythe and Town of Rural Retreat participate in Joint Wythe Industrial Development Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The employees of the Joint IDA are paid by the Town. Payroll of \$168,555 and a contribution amount of \$131,115 totaled \$299,670 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities). Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense, the cost of "using up" capital assets, in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases and subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenue.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the Town.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in other funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Town operates a sewage collection and treatment system and a water distribution system. The activities of the systems are accounted for in the water and sewer funds.

The funding of the Retiree Health Insurance, internally, is accounted for in an internal service fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Town reports the Homestead Endowment, Wall of Honor, Perpetual Care, and Memorial funds as nonmajor funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Town reports the CDBG fund as a nonmajor fund.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance:

#### 1. Cash and cash equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### 2. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and other nonparticipating investments and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

## D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

#### 3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 15<sup>th</sup>. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 15<sup>th</sup>. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

#### 4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 5. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### 6. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$216,120 at June 30, 2023. The allowance consists of delinquent taxes in the amount of \$7,395, mowing and special assessments of \$67,861 and delinquent water and sewer bills of \$140,864.

#### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, lease, subscription, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

#### 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

As the Town constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, subscription assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-15
Lease machinery and equipment	4-15
Subscription asset	5

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The Town accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

#### 9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has multiple types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

#### 10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

#### 11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 12. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI and LODA OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In addition to the VRS related OPEB, the Town allows their retirees to stay on the health insurance plan after retirement. The retiree is required to pay the blended premium cost creating an implicit subsidy OPEB liability. In addition, retirees receive a monthly stipend towards their health insurance cost until the retiree is Medicare eligible.

#### 13. Fund Balance

The following classifications of fund balance describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Town Council prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Council adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

#### 13. Fund Balance (Continued)

- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generallyl only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

#### Committed Fund Balance Policy:

The Town Council is the Town's highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is an ordinance approved by Town Council. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded, as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

#### Assigned Fund Balance Policy:

The Town Council has authorized the Town Treasurer as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by this fund balance policy.

#### Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy:

The Town will maintain an assigned fund balance in the general fund equal to an amount established by the Town Council for expenditures/operating revenues. The Town considers a balance of less than the amount established by the Town Council to be a cause for concern, barring unusual or deliberate circumstances.

#### Resource Flow Policy:

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the Town's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned, as they are needed.

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D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

#### 13. Fund Balance (Continued)

The details of committed fund balance, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

	Other		
	Governmental		
	Funds		
Fund Balances:			
Committed:			
Homestead Endowment	\$	281,614	
Wall of Honor		14,936	
Perpetual Care		333,396	
Memorial Fund		24,317	
<b>Total Committed</b>	\$	654,263	

#### 14. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

#### 14. Net Position (Continued)

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### 15. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements

The Town has various lease assets and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs) requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

#### Lessor

The Town recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

#### Lessee

The Town recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
  - 15. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (Continued)

#### Subscriptions

The Town recognizes intangible right-to-use subscription assets (subscription assets) and corresponding subscription liabilities with an initial value of \$5,000, in individually or in the aggregate, in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription, the subscription liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription liability term (less any contract incentives). The subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is measured at the initial amount of the subscription liability payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. The subscription asset is amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

#### **Key Estimates and Judgments**

Lease and subscription-based IT arrangement accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease and subscription payments to present value, (2) lease and subscription term, and (3) lease and subscription payments.

- The Town uses the interest rate stated in lease or subscription contracts. When the
  interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Town
  uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and
  subscriptions.
- The lease and subscription terms include the noncancellable period of the lease or subscription and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease or subscription is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease or subscription incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease receivable (lessor), lease liability (lessee), or subscription liability.

The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases and subscriptions. The Town will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor), the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable, lease liability or subscription liability.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

#### A. Budgetary information:

The following procedures are used by the Town in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to May 1, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The General Fund, Water/Sewer Fund, Wall of Honor Fund, Homestead Endowment Fund and the Perpetual Care Fund have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. Only the Town Council can revise the appropriation for each fund. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all Town units.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the Town's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations:

For the year ended June 30, 2023, no fund had expenditures in excess of its appropriations.

C. Deficit fund balance:

At June 30, 2023, there were no funds with deficit fund balance.

#### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:**

<u>Deposits</u>: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Town has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

Investment Maturities (in years)					
Investment Type	Type Fair \		Les	ess than 1 Year	
VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool (VIP)	\$	22,691,011	\$	22,691,011	

#### Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The Town has not adopted an investment policy for credit risk. The Town's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2023 were rated by Standard & Poor's rating scale and the ratings are presented below.

Town's Rated Debt Investments' Values			
Rated Debt Investments	Fair	Quality Ratings	
	AAAm		
VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool (VIP)	\$	22,691,011	

#### External Investment Pool

The Town is a participant in the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP). VIP is a Section 115 governmental fund created under the Joint Exercise of Powers statute of the Commonwealth of Virginia to provide political subdivisions with an investment vehicle to pool surplus funds and to invest such funds into one or more investment portfolios under the direction and daily supervision of a professional fund manager. The VIP Trust is governed by a Board of Trustees. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Town has measured fair value of the above VML/VACO Investment Pool investment at the net asset value (NAV). VML/VACO VIP allows the Town to have the option to have access to withdraw funds twice a month, with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources with one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

#### TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

#### Custodial Credit Risk

At year end, the Town was not exposed to any custodial credit risk for deposits or investments. The Town limits deposits to those banks fully collateralized under the Commonwealth's Security for Public Deposits Act. The Town policy in regards to investments requires that all investments be held in the Town's name. As of June 30, 2023, the Town did not hold any investments that were subject to custodial credit risk.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2023, the Town did not have any investments requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

#### NOTE 4 - DEFERRED/UNAVAILABLE REVENUE:

Deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

<u>Unavailable Revenue</u> - Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings that was not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$197,096 at June 30, 2023.

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2023 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$13,721 at June 30, 2023.

#### NOTE 5 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

The following amount represents receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government Governmental Activities		
Commonwealth of Virginia Local Sales Tax Noncategorical Aid	\$	144,751 74,147	
Total Due from Other Governmental Units	\$	218,898	

#### **NOTE 6 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY:**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	24,000
Retiree Health Insurance Fund		24,000		-
Total	\$	24,000	\$	24,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Fund	Due To		Due From		
General Fund	\$	75,000	\$	500,000	
Sewer Fund		565,284		75,000	
Water Fund		-		65,284	
Total	\$	640,284	\$	640,284	

During fiscal year 2018, the water fund paid \$65,284 in debt service for the sewer fund. As of June 30, 2023, the amount has not been repaid to the water fund. During fiscal year 2022, grants in the amount of \$75,000 that should have been posted to the sewer fund were posted to the general fund. Lastly, during fiscal year 2023, the general fund loaned \$500,000 to the sewer fund. The \$75,000 was netted from the \$500,000 resulting in a net loan to the sewer fund of \$425,000. Repayment terms are not available as of the date of this report.

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## **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS:**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 1,572,278	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,572,278
Construction in progress	118,593	371,385	-	489,978
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	\$ 1,690,871	\$ 371,385	\$ -	\$ 2,062,256
Capital asset being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 32,034,448	\$ 58,355	\$ -	\$ 32,092,803
Machinery and equipment	9,121,726	243,661	-	9,365,387
Lease machinery and equipment	296,451	-	-	296,451
Subscription asset	-	233,286	-	233,286
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$ 41,452,625	\$ 535,302	\$ -	\$ 41,987,927
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (9,516,208)	\$ (806,578)	\$ -	\$(10,322,786)
Machinery and equipment	(7,502,283)	(649,347)	-	(8,151,630)
Lease machinery and equipment	(77,860)	(80,676)	-	(158,536)
Subscription asset	-	(15,459)	-	(15,459)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$(17,096,351)	\$(1,552,060)	\$ -	\$(18,648,411)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	\$ 24,356,274	\$(1,016,758)	\$ -	\$ 23,339,516
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,047,145	\$ (645,373)	\$ -	\$ 25,401,772

## NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 163,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163,236
Land rights	94,838	-	-	94,838
Construction in progress	307,996	652,333	(834,283)	126,046
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	\$ 566,070	\$ 652,333	\$ (834,283)	\$ 384,120
Capital asset being depreciated/amortized:				
Utility plant and equipment	\$ 57,392,869	\$ 872,803	\$ (384,276)	\$ 57,881,396
Machinery and equipment	4,487,867	274,869	(6,245)	4,756,491
Lease machinery and equipment	48,625	-	-	48,625
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$ 61,929,361	\$ 1,147,672	\$ (390,521)	\$ 62,686,512
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Utility plant and equipment	\$ (42,167,896)	\$(1,150,171)	\$ -	\$ (43,318,067)
Machinery and equipment	(2,682,979)	(193,563)	6,245	(2,870,297)
Lease machinery and equipment	(14,084)	(14,084)	-	(28,168)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ (44,864,959)	\$(1,357,818)	\$ 6,245	\$ (46,216,532)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	\$ 17,064,402	\$ (210,146)	\$ (384,276)	\$ 16,469,980
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,630,472	\$ 442,187	\$(1,218,559)	\$ 16,854,100

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 114,511
Public safety	430,105
Public works	878,704
Parks, recreation, and cultural	124,365
Community development	 4,375
Total depreciation/amortization expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 1,552,060
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 690,328
Sewer	 667,490
Total depreciation/amortization expense -	
business-type activities	\$ 1,357,818

## TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2023

## **NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:**

## Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance		Increases/		Decreases/			Balance
	July 1, 2022		Issuances		Retirements		Ju	ne 30, 2023
Direct borrowings and placements								
General obligation refunding bonds	\$	8,562,999	\$	-	\$	(594,518)	\$	7,968,481
Total direct borrowings and placements	\$	8,562,999	\$	-	\$	(594,518)	\$	7,968,481
Lease liabilities	\$	226,426	\$	-	\$	(77,836)	\$	148,590
Subscription liability		-		233,286		(44,462)		188,824
Net pension liability		975,929		3,091,771		(984,517)		3,083,183
Landfill postclosure monitoring liability		522,263		176,304		-		698,567
Net OPEB liabilities		3,742,565		1,683,623	(	1,702,203)		3,723,985
Compensated absences		1,057,857		927,192		(793,393)		1,191,656
Total	\$	15,088,039	\$	6,112,176	\$ (	4,196,929)	\$	17,003,286

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Dire	ct Borrowing	orrowings and Placements			Lease Liabilities				Subscription Liability			
June 30,	F	rincipal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2024	\$	607,899	\$	175,765	\$	84,531	\$	9,634	\$	45,533	\$	4,551	
2025		619,146		161,991		47,820		3,075		46,631		3,453	
2026		631,985		147,956		12,836		992		47,754		2,330	
2027		646,590		133,625		3,403		54		48,906		1,179	
2028		661,265		118,962		-		-		-		-	
2029-2033		3,381,359		367,743		-		-		-		-	
2034-2035		1,420,237		39,989		-				-		-	
Total	\$	7,968,481	\$	1,146,031	\$	148,590	\$	13,755	\$	188,824	\$	11,513	

## TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

## Details of long-term obligations:

			Final				Amount
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Amount of	Total	Due Within	
	Rate	Issued	Date	Original Issue	Amount	One Year	
Direct Borrowings and Placements:			_				
General obligation refunding bond	2.24%	3/27/2015	4/1/2035	\$ 9,219,826	\$ 6,015,511	\$	442,185
General obligation refunding bond	2.45%	12/1/2014	2/1/2030	727,720	322,856		45,889
General obligation refunding bond	2.24%	2/5/2016	3/27/2035	2,468,148	 1,630,114		119,825
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements					\$ 7,968,481	\$	607,899
Other Obligations:							
		9/4/2019-	9/4/2024-	\$15,606-			
Leases liabilities - machinery and equipment	1.26%-10.01%	10/1/2021	10/1/2026	\$41,966	\$ 148,590	\$	84,531
Subscription liability	2.45%	3/1/2023	2/28/2027	233,286	188,824		45,533
Landfill postclosure liability					698,567		-
Net OPEB liabilities					3,723,985		-
Net pension liability					3,083,183		-
Compensated absences					 1,191,656		893,742
Total Other Obligations					\$ 9,034,805	\$	1,023,806
Total Long-term Obligations					\$ 17,003,286	\$	1,631,705

Collateral for leases is the underlying assets. Default provisions for leases include repossession of the asset.

## **Business-type Activities Indebtedness:**

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance	Increases/	Decreases/	Balance
	July 1, 2022	Issuances	Retirements	June 30, 2023
Direct borrowings and placements				
General obligation bonds and refunding bonds	\$ 8,873,317	\$ 2,470,000	\$ (934,295)	\$ 10,409,022
Lease liabilities	36,197	-	(13,737)	22,460
Amount due to Wythe Co.	1,375,737	-	(127,697)	1,248,040
Net pension liability	168,849	539,890	(170,349)	538,390
Net OPEB liabilities	434,526	85,011	(75,160)	444,377
Compensated absences	168,884	156,394	(126,663)	198,615
Total	\$11,057,510	\$ 3,251,295	\$ (1,447,901)	\$ 12,860,904

## NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

**Business-type Activities Indebtedness:** (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Di	rect Borrowing	Placements	Leases Payable				
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		terest
2024	\$	1,051,037	\$	259,467	\$	15,186	\$	1,569
2025		748,165		242,152		7,274		209
2026		615,873		225,325		-		-
2027		630,712		209,779		-		-
2028		644,379		193,824		-		-
2029-2033		2,456,943		744,220		-		-
2034-2038		1,651,896		493,382		-		-
2039-2043		1,379,146		273,090		-		-
2044-2048		705,235		100,205		-		-
2049-2052		525,636		20,790		-		-
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total	\$	10,409,022	\$	2,762,234	\$	22,460	\$	1,778

## Details of long-term obligations:

			Final			Amount
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Amount of	Total	Due Within
	Rate	Issued	Date	Original Issue	Amount	One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:						
General obligation bonds	2.25%	12/13/2011	2052	\$ 4,105,000	\$ 3,377,641	\$ 85,975
General obligation bonds	2.73%	12/2/2011	2032	964,540	515,286	50,388
General obligation refunding bonds	2.45%	12/1/2014	2030	4,470,280	1,893,711	269,151
General obligation refunding bonds	2.20%	12/1/2014	2025	4,127,500	577,734	439,407
General obligation bonds	0.00%	3/28/2019	2039	1,386,000	1,065,556	69,300
General obligation bonds	2.24%	3/27/2015	2035	780,174	509,094	37,416
General obligation bonds	4.45%	6/23/2023	2043	2,470,000	2,470,000	99,400
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements					\$ 10,409,022	\$ 1,051,037
Other Obligations:						
Leases payable - Machinery and Equipment	9.89%-10.42%	10/1/19-2/1/20	2024-2025	\$16,840-\$28,912	\$ 22,460	\$ 15,186
Amount due to Wythe Co. (1)					1,248,040	127,699
Net OPEB liabilities					444,377	-
Net pension liability					538,390	-
Compensated absences					198,615	148,962
Total Other Obligations					\$ 2,451,882	\$ 291,847
Total Long-term Obligations					\$ 12,860,904	\$ 1,342,884

<sup>(1)</sup> This amount is related to construction of water/sewer lines for New River Regional Water Authority. The Town has agreed to pay 50% of three Rural Development revenue bonds and 21.28% of a VACO/VML revenue bond, all of which are issued by County of Wythe, Virginia.

TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

#### **Events of Default:**

In the event of default for any general obligation bond, the Commonwealth of Virginia may withhold state aid from the locality until such time that the event of default is cured in accordance with Section 15.2-2659 of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended.

Collateral for leases is the underlying assets. Default provisions for leases include repossession of the asset.

## **NOTE 9 - LEASES RECEIVABLE:**

### Governmental activities:

The following is a summary of lessor activity of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2023.

	Beginning Balance	_	Decreases/ Retirements	Ending Balance	Interest Revenue	
Leases receivable	\$ 85,333	\$ -	\$ (21,139)	\$ 64,194	\$ 461	

Lease revenue recognized during the year was \$21,139.

#### Details of leases receivable:

			Payment		Ending	Amou	nt Due Within
Lease Description	Start Date	<b>End Date</b>	Frequency	В	alance	C	One Year
Two-Way Radio	7/1/2021	6/30/2026	Monthly	\$	28,531	\$	9,452
Child Care Facility	7/1/2021	6/30/2026	Monthly		35,663		11,815
Total				\$	64,194	\$	21,267

The Town uses a discount rate of 0.61% for each of its leases.

#### NOTE 10 - LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE MONITORING LIABILITY:

State and Federal laws and regulations require the Town to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 10 years after closure. The Town closed the landfill in December 1997. As a result of a new estimate provided by the Town's landfill engineer in 2022, total postclosure monitoring costs were estimated to be \$745,676. This estimate is based on ten years of monitoring starting with fiscal year 2022 and ending in fiscal year 2032. The amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure in 2022. Actual costs for postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The 2022 estimate was increased by the DEQ inflation factor to estimate the postclosure cost at June 30, 2023. The estimate at June 30, 2023 is \$698,567.

The Town demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test for the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN:

## **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment, through the Town of Wytheville, Virginia. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, the IDA and the NRRWA whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through the Town of Wytheville, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

#### **Benefit Structures**

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

## NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

## **Benefit Structures (Continued)**

- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

### Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

## NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

## Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The Town's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 12.86% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$1,026,854 and \$780,197 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

At June 30, 2023, the Town reported a liability of \$3,621,573 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The Town's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The Town's proportionate share of the same was calculated using contributions to the plan as of June 30, 2022 as a basis for allocation. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Town's proportion was 94.1655% and 95.4771%, respectively.

### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Town's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

#### TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

## Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

#### Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

#### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

### Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

## NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

## Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

## All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
retirement healthy, and disabled)	For future mortality improvements, replace load
	with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1;
	set separate rates based on experience for Plan
	2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age
	and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Town's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

#### Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

## NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

## Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

#### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

## Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

### All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.		
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future		
	mortality improvements, replace load with a		
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020		
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed		
	final retirement age from 65 to 70		
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on		
	age and service to rates based on service only to		
	better fit experience and to be more consistent with		
	Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty		
Disability Rates	No change		
Salary Scale	No change		
Line of Duty Disability	No change		
Discount Rate	No change		

## NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

## Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Target	Arithmetic Long-term	Weighted Average Long-term
	Asset	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
Exped	ted arithmetic	nominal return**	7.83%

<sup>\*</sup> The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

<sup>\*\*</sup>On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the Town was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	19	6 Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1%	6 Increase
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
Town's proportionate share of						
the Town Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	8,349,678	\$	3,621,573	\$	(226,748)

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,052,169. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

## NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

_	Primary Govern			ment
	De	eferred	De	eferred
	Out	tflows of	Int	flows of
_	Re	esources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	546,068	\$	-
Change in assumptions		502,751		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		941,098
Change in proportionate share		14,142		87,664
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	1,	026,854		-
Total	\$2,	089,815	\$1	,028,762

\$1,026,854 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	F	Primary
Year Ended June 30,	Go	vernment
2024	\$	159,756
2025		(41,867)
2026		(525,037)
2027		441,347

TOWN OF WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

#### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - MEDICAL:

#### Plan Description

The Town administers a cost-sharing defined benefit healthcare plan, The Plan. Several entities participate in the defined benefit healthcare plan through the Town and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. The plan provides post-employment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the Town's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

## **Benefits Provided**

Post-employment benefits are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Life insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the Town who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive post-employment health care benefits.

#### **Contributions**

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Council. The amount paid by the Town for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$91,684.

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

At June 30, 2023, the Town reported a liability of \$2,668,430 for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability. The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The Town's proportionate share of the same was calculated using the same allocation basis as Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB as of June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Town's proportion was 93.3352% and 94.2086%, respectively.

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - MEDICAL: (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary Increases General and public safety rates start at 5.35% and 4.75%, respectively, in 2021 and gradually decreases to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service

Discount Rate 3.54% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2022;

3.65% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2023

Mortality rates for Active employees and healthy retirees, disabled retirees were based on a RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is June 30, 2016.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year Bond GO Municipal Index.

## Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.65%) or one percentage point higher (4.65%) than the current discount rate:

	Rate					
1%	1% Decrease Current Discount				% Increase	
	(2.65%)	(3.65%)		(3.65%)		
\$	2,913,684	\$ 2,668,430		\$	2,444,693	

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - MEDICAL: (CONTINUED)

### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (non-disabled retirees - 6.70% decreasing to 2.90%) and disabled retirees - 3.50% decreasing to 2.90%) or one percentage point higher (non-disabled retirees - 8.70% decreasing to 4.90% and disabled retirees - 5.50% decreasing to 4.90%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rate		
(Non-di 6.70% 2.90% reti	S Decrease sabled retirees - decreasing to and disabled rees - 3.50% asing to 2.90%)	(Non-d 7.70% 3.90% ret	care Cost Trend isabled retirees - decreasing to and disabled irees - 4.50% asing to 3.90%)	(Non-di 8.70% 4.90% reti	% Increase isabled retirees - decreasing to and disabled irees - 5.50% asing to 4.90%)
\$	2,331,940	\$	2,668,430	\$	3,071,173

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$296,632. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 538,030	\$ 151,499
Change in assumptions	203,372	225,892
Total	\$ 741,402	\$ 377,391

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - MEDICAL: (CONTINUED)

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2024	\$ 61,167
2025	60,182
2026	59,765
2027	64,550
2028	65,746
Thereafter	52,601

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

#### NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

## Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, the IDA whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participates in the GLI Plan through the Town of Wytheville, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

#### Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

## NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

### **Benefit Amounts**

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,984 as of June 30, 2023.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the GLI Plan from the Town were \$45,446 and \$41,725 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$30.4 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

## NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the Town reported a liability of \$427,768 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the Town's proportion of the statewide total was 0.03552% as compared to 0.03733% at June 30, 2021. The Town's allocated portion of the liability was 94.2086% in 2022 and 95.4771% in 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$19,720. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2023, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government			ment
	D	eferred	De	eferred
	Out	tflows of	Inf	flows of
	Re	sources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	33,874	\$	17,162
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments		-		26,729
Change in assumptions		15,955		41,666
Changes in proportionate share		36,782		18,690
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		45,446		-
Total	\$	132,057	\$	104,247

## NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$45,446 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2024	\$ (1,439)
2025	(38)
2026	(15,719)
2027	5,901
2028	(6,341)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Inflation

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

2 50%

intation	2.30%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Locality - General employees	3.50% - 5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses,

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

including inflation

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

## NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

## **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

## Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

#### Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
For future mortality improvements, replace load
with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
2020
Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1;
set separate rates based on experience for Plan
2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to
80 for all
Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age
and service decrement through 9 years of service
No change
No change
No change
No change

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

## NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

#### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

## Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

11 . 12 . 5	III I				
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.				
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future				
	mortality improvements, replace load with a				
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020				
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed				
	final retirement age from 65 to 70				
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on				
	age and service to rates based on service only to				
	better fit experience and to be more consistent with				
	Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty				
Disability Rates	No change				
Salary Scale	No change				
Line of Duty Disability	No change				
Discount Rate	No change				

## NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

## **NET GLI OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,672,085 2,467,989 1,204,096
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	67.21%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

## NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
Exped	cted arithmetic	nominal return**	7.83%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

<sup>\*\*</sup>On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

## NOTE 13 - GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

## Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate				
	1%	Decrease	Curre	ent Discount	19	6 Increase
		(5.75%) (6.75%		(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
Town's proportionate share of the GLI Plan				_		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	622,452	\$	427,768	\$	270,437

## **GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM:

## **Plan Description**

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) was established pursuant to \$9.1-400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA Program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System). Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in FY 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the System's actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers.

The specific information for LODA OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

## Eligible Employees

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities as well as hazardous duty employees who are covered under the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS), or the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) are automatically covered by the LODA Program. As required by statute, the Virginia Retirement System (the System) is responsible for managing the assets of the program.

#### **Benefit Amounts**

The LODA program death benefit is a one-time payment made to the beneficiary or beneficiaries of a covered individual. Amounts vary as follows: \$100,000 when a death occurs as the direct or proximate result of performing duty as of January 1, 2006, or after; \$25,000 when the cause of death is attributed to one of the applicable presumptions and occurred earlier than five years after the retirement date; or an additional \$20,000 benefit is payable when certain members of the National Guard and U.S. military reserves are killed in action in any armed conflict on or after October 7, 2001.

The LODA program also provides health insurance benefits. The health insurance benefits are managed through the Virginia Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM). The health benefits are modeled after the State Employee Health Benefits Program plans and provide consistent, premium-free continued health plan coverage for LODA-eligible disabled individuals, survivors and family members.

## **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the LODA Program are governed by §9.1-400.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the LODA Act Program for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$681.84 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and represents the pay-as-you-go funding rate and not the full actuarial cost of the benefits under the program. The actuarially determined pay-as-you-go rate was expected to finance the costs and related expenses of benefits payable during the year. Contributions to the LODA Program from the entity were \$42,956 and \$39,018 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

## NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

# LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the entity reported a liability \$1,072,164 for its proportionate share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability. The Net LODA OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total LODA OPEB liability used to calculate the Net LODA OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The entity's proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability was based on the entity's actuarially determined pay-asyou-go employer contributions to the LODA OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the entity's proportion was 0.28330% as compared to 0.28660% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the entity recognized LODA OPEB expense of \$167,437. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the LODA OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2023, the entity reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB from the following sources:

Primary Government			ment
De	eferred	D	eferred
Ou	tflows of	ln	flows of
Re	sources	Re	esources
\$	82,371	\$	200,385
	-		4,585
	298,997		264,446
	293,374		82,755
	42,956		
\$	717,698	\$	552,171
	Ou Re	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 82,371	Deferred D Outflows of In Resources Re \$ 82,371 \$

#### NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB (Continued)

\$42,956 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB resulting from the entity's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net LODA OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB will be recognized in LODA OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

_	Year Ended June 30,	
	2024	\$ 23,247
	2025	23,345
	2026	23,449
	2027	22,547
	2028	17,853
	Thereafter	12,130

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Inflation

Investment rate of return

The total LODA OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

2 50%

3.69%, including inflation\*

2.50%
N/A
7.00% - 4.75% 5.25% - 4.75%
Fiscal year ended 2028 Fiscal year ended 2023

<sup>\*</sup>Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.69% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return.

## NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

#### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

### Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Pates (pre-retirement post	- Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.			
,,,	1 .			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future			
	mortality improvements, replace load with a			
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020			
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed			
	final retirement age from 65 to 70			
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on			
	age and service to rates based on service only to			
	better fit experience and to be more consistent with			
	Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty			
Disability Rates	No change			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	No change			

#### NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

## **Net LODA OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the LODA Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the LODA Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	LOD	A Program
Total LODA OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position LODA Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	385,669 7,214 378,455
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total LODA OPEB Liability		1.87%

The total LODA OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on LODA OPEB Program's investments was set at 3.69% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS Pooled Investments 6.75% assumption. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.69% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. This Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published monthly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System as of the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total LODA OPEB liability was 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and that they will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by participating employers to the LODA OPEB Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly.

## NOTE 14 - LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

# Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the discount rate of 3.69%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.69%) or one percentage point higher (4.69%) than the current rate:

		Discount Rate				
	19	% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1	% Increase
		(2.69%)	(3.69%)			(4.69%)
Town's proportionate share of the LODA Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,223,865	\$	1,072,164	\$	948,055

## Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rate

Because the LODA Program contains a provision for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the health care trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care trend rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate:

	Health Care Trend Rates					
	1%	1% Decrease		Current	1	% Increase
	(6.00% decreasing (7.00% decreasing (8.00%)		ecreasing (7.00% decreasing		0% decreasing	
	t	o 3.75%)	to 4.75%)		to 5.75%)	
Town's proportionate share of the LODA		_				
Net OPEB Liability	\$	903,532	\$	1,072,164	\$	1,283,824

#### **LODA OPEB Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the LODA Program Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

### NOTE 15 - SUMMARY OF OPEB PLANS:

	Primary Government			
	Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB
	Outflows	Inflows	Liabilities	Expense
Town Stand-Alone Plan (Note 12)	\$ 741,402	\$ 377,391	\$ 2,668,430	\$ 296,632
VRS OPEB Plans:				
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 13)	132,057	104,247	427,768	19,720
Line of Duty Act Program (Note 14)	717,698	552,171	1,072,164	167,437
Totals	\$1,591,157	\$1,033,809	\$ 4,168,362	\$ 483,789

### NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of worker's compensation with the Virginia Risk Sharing Association (VRSA). The Town pays an annual premium to the pools for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of the pool provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### **NOTE 17 - SURETY BONDS:**

Clorendon National Insurance Company
All Town Employees - blanket bond \$ 1,000,000

#### **NOTE 18 - LITIGATION:**

As of June 30, 2023, there were no matters of litigation involving the Town which would materially affect the Town's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

#### NOTE 19 - ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE:

The Town implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Statement No. 96, SBITAs requires recognition of certain subscription assets and liabilities for certain contracts that convey control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. No restatement of beginning net position was required as a result of this implementation.

#### **NOTE 20 - UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:**

Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, addresses (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from April 2022 to for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, provides more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability for accounting changes and error corrections. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2021, with dates ranging from reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2023-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2023, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia General Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		ariance with nal Budget - Positive	
		Original		<u>Final</u>		Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	2,354,607	\$	2,354,607	\$	2,440,527	\$	85,920
Other local taxes		8,655,415		8,655,415		10,048,615		1,393,200
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		262,150		262,150		265,955		3,805
Fines and forfeitures		18,000		18,000		34,854		16,854
Revenue from the use of money and property		196,800		196,800		746,121		549,321
Charges for services		1,386,825		1,386,825		1,966,518		579,693
Miscellaneous		422,401		432,501		629,767		197,266
Recovered costs		432,303		432,303		470,265		37,962
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		3,436,000		3,436,000		3,947,116		511,116
Federal		537,026		537,026		118,493		(418,533)
Total revenues	\$	17,701,527	\$	17,711,627	\$	20,668,231	\$	2,956,604
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	3,475,879	Ś	3,619,479	Ś	3,632,486	Ś	(13,007)
Public safety	•	5,937,687	•	5,962,687	•	5,863,565	•	99,122
Public works		5,188,909		4,753,409		4,403,156		350,253
Health and welfare		20,000		22,000		21,325		675
Parks, recreation, and cultural		3,072,377		3,269,377		3,039,538		229,839
Community development		2,062,746		2,140,746		2,034,554		106,192
Debt service:		_,00_,0		_, ,		_,00 .,00 .		.00,.72
Principal retirement		847,239		847,239		716,816		130,423
Interest and other fiscal charges		252,614		252,614		211,032		41,582
Total expenditures	Ś	20,857,451	\$	20,867,551	\$	19,922,472	Ś	945,079
rotat experiareares		20,037,131	7	20,007,551	7	17,722, 172	7	713,077
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(3,155,924)	\$	(3,155,924)	\$	745,759	\$	3,901,683
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(24,000)	\$	(24,000)	\$	(24,000)	\$	-
Issuance of subscription		-		-		233,286		233,286
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(24,000)	\$	(24,000)	\$	209,286	\$	233,286
Net change in fund balances	\$	(3,179,924)	¢	(3,179,924)	¢	955,045	\$	4,134,969
Fund balances - beginning	٠	3,179,924)	ڔ	3,179,924)	ڔ	21,644,941	ب	18,465,017
Fund balances - beginning  Fund balances - ending	\$	3,179,924	\$	3,177,724	\$	22,599,986	\$	22,599,986
i una patances - chung	٠		ڔ		ڔ	44,377,700	ڔ	44,377,700

### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2022

Town of Wytheville, Virginia's Pension Plan (a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the VRS):

Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPLA)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the NPLA as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2022	94.1655%	\$ 3,621,573	\$ 7,692,544	47.08%	89.69%
2021	95.4771%	1,144,778	7,666,658	14.93%	96.61%
2020	97.6468%	5,555,985	7,212,823	77.03%	82.95%
2019	97.6468%	3,482,397	6,985,218	49.85%	88.55%
2018	97.6000%	2,286,644	6,556,692	34.87%	91.80%
2017	97.6300%	24,147	6,503,135	0.37%	99.90%
2016	97.6300%	2,337,873	6,314,595	37.02%	90.34%
2015	97.8893%	2,089,948	5,967,595	35.02%	91.14%
2014	97.8893%	1,977,140	5,733,462	34.48%	91.23%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

## Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Town of Wytheville, Virginia's Pension Plan (a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the VRS):

Date	ontractually Required Contribution (1)*	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2023	\$ 1,026,854	\$ 1,026,854	\$	-	\$ 8,416,206	12.20%
2022	780,197	780,197		-	7,692,544	10.14%
2021	783,213	783,213		-	7,666,658	10.22%
2020	654,818	654,818		-	7,212,823	9.08%
2019	598,688	598,688		-	6,985,218	8.57%
2018	615,041	615,041		-	6,556,692	9.38%
2017	376,531	376,531		-	6,503,135	5.79%
2016	535,937	535,937		-	6,314,454	8.49%
2015	517,261	517,261		-	5,967,595	8.67%
2014	501,678	501,678		-	5,733,462	8.75%

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

## Town of Wytheville, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
retirement healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
	retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service
	to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be
	more consistent with Local Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Town's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Town OPEB Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)
2023	93.3352% \$	2,668,430	N/A	N/A
2022	94.2086%	2,478,188	N/A	N/A
2021	95.4771%	1,909,200	N/A	N/A
2020	97.7216%	1,847,580	N/A	N/A
2019	97.6400%	1,821,182	N/A	N/A
2018	97.6000%	1,685,005	N/A	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 measurement date is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# Town of Wytheville, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Town OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Valuation Date: 7/1/2021 Measurement Date: 6/30/2023

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of pay
Discount Rate	3.54% as of June 30, 2022;
	3.65% as of June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.50% per year
Healthcare Trend Rate	The expected healthcare trend rates are based on long-term healthcare trend rates generated by the Getzen Trend Model. The healthcare trend rate for non-disabled retirees rates start at 7.70% in 2021 and gradually decrease to 3.90% by the year 2073. The healthcare trend rate for disabled retirees rates start at 4.50% in 2021 and gradually decrease to 3.90% by the year 2073.
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate includes an inflation rate of 2.50%, a productivity component of 1.00% and a variable merit component that is dependent upon years of service. The general and public safety rates start at 5.35% and 4.75%, respectively, salary increase for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service.
Mortality Rates	Mortality is based in the RP-2014 mortality tables, sex distinct and fully generational.

### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Town's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
2022	0.03552% \$	427,768	\$	7,726,779	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.03733%	435,197		7,717,477	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.03680%	600,303		7,402,862	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.03681%	566,112		6,817,573	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.03448%	511,423		6,399,383	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.03526%	517,439		6,349,095	8.15%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

## Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2023	\$ 45,446 \$	45,446 \$	- \$	8,415,710	0.54%
2022	41,725	41,725	-	7,726,779	0.54%
2021	41,675	41,675	-	7,717,477	0.54%
2020	38,494	38,494	-	7,402,862	0.52%
2019	35,466	35,466	-	6,817,573	0.52%
2018	33,277	33,277	-	6,399,383	0.52%
2017	33,015	33,015	•	6,349,095	0.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

·					
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.				
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality				
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality				
	Improvement Scale MP-2020				
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final				
Retirement Rates	retirement age from 65 to 70				
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and				
	service to rates based on service only to better fit				
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10				
	Hazardous Duty				
Disability Rates	No change				
Salary Scale	No change				
Line of Duty Disability	No change				
Discount Rate	No change				

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Town's Share of Net LODA OPEB Liability Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

	Employer's Proportion of the Net LODA OPEB	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB	Covered- Employee	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total
Date (1)	Liability (Asset) (2)	Liability (Asset) (3)	Payroll * (4)	(3)/(4)	LODA OPEB Liability (6)
2022	0.28330% \$	1,072,164 \$	N/A	N/A	1.87%
2021	0.28660%	1,263,706	N/A	N/A	1.68%
2020	0.21290%	891,741	N/A	N/A	1.02%
2019	0.18140%	650,910	N/A	N/A	0.79%
2018	0.22106%	693,000	N/A	N/A	0.60%
2017	0.22489%	591,000	N/A	N/A	1.30%

<sup>\*</sup> The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of the employees in the OPEB plan.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# Town of Wytheville, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Covered- Employee Payroll * (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered - Employee Payroll (5)
2023	\$ 42,956	\$	42,956 \$	-	N/A	N/A
2022	39,018		39,018	-	N/A	N/A
2021	39,452		39,452	-	N/A	N/A
2020	28,936		28,936	-	N/A	N/A
2019	24,349		24,349	-	N/A	N/A
2018	23,546		23,546	-	N/A	N/A
2017	24,255		24,255	-	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of employees in the OPEB plan.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2017 is the first year for this presentation, only seven years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

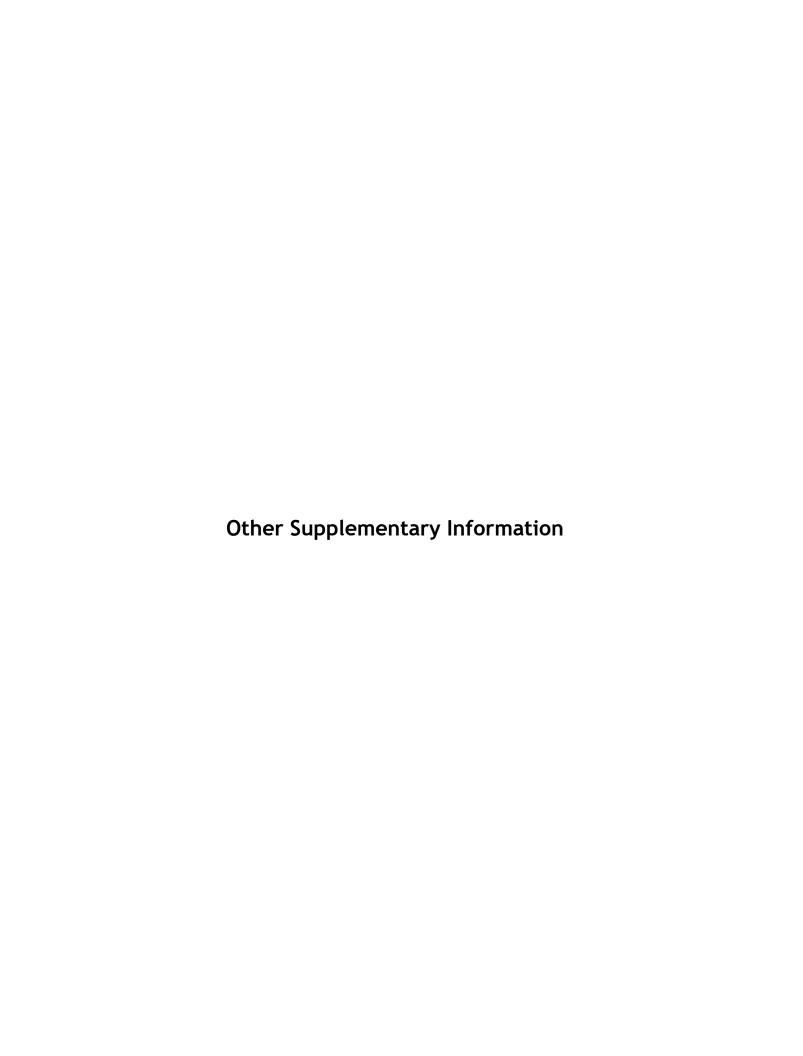
# Town of Wytheville, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

#### Employees in the Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality
improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
Improvement Scale MP-2020
Adjusted rates to better fix experience and changed final
retirement age from 65 to 70
Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and
service to rates based on service only to better fit
experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10
Hazardous Duty
No change
No change
No change



#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

					Spe	cial Revenue					Capit	al Projects		Total
		omestead dowment <u>Fund</u>	Wa	ll of Honor <u>Fund</u>	Per	petual Care <u>Fund</u>		Memorial <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>		CDBG Funds	Gov	onmajor ernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	281,614	\$	14,936	\$	333,396	\$	24,317	\$	654,263	\$	10,459	\$	664,722
Receivables Accounts receivable												20		20
Total assets	-	281,614	,	14,936	,	333,396	,	24,317	,	654,263	_	10,479	_	664,742
	<u> </u>	201,011		1 1,730	<u> </u>	333,370	<u> </u>	2 1,5 17	<u> </u>	03 1,203		10, 117	<u> </u>	00 1,7 12
FUND BALANCES														
Committed:					_									
Homestead Endowment	\$	281,614	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	281,614	\$	-	\$	281,614
Wall of Honor		-		14,936		-		-		14,936		-		14,936
Perpetual care		-		-		333,396		-		333,396		-		333,396
Memorial		-		-		-		24,317		24,317		-		24,317
Assigned:														
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-		-		10,479		10,479
Total fund balances	\$	281,614	\$	14,936	\$	333,396	\$	24,317	\$	654,263	\$	10,479	\$	664,742
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	281,614	\$	14,936	\$	333,396	\$	24,317	\$	654,263	\$	10,479	\$	664,742

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Spe	ecial Revenue			Capit	tal Projects		Total
	mestead dowment <u>Fund</u>	W	all of Honor <u>Fund</u>	Pe	rpetual Care <u>Fund</u>	Memorial <u>Fund</u>	Total		CDBG Funds	Gov	onmajor ernmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES											
Revenue from the use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 9,891 8,322	\$	537 1,000	\$	11,987 -	\$ 314	\$ 22,729 9,322	\$	344 1,823	\$	23,073 11,145
Total revenues	\$ 18,213	\$	1,537	\$	11,987	\$ 314	\$ 32,051	\$	2,167	\$	34,218
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Public works	\$ -	\$	-	\$	12,314	\$ -	\$ 12,314	\$	-	\$	12,314
Health and welfare	5,110		-		-	-	5,110		-		5,110
Parks, recreation, and cultural	-		1,050		-	-	1,050		-		1,050
Total expenditures	\$ 5,110	\$	1,050	\$	12,314	\$ -	\$ 18,474	\$	-	\$	18,474
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)											
expenditures	\$ 13,103	\$	487	\$	(327)	\$ 314	\$ 13,577	\$	2,167	\$	15,744
Net change in fund balances	\$ 13,103	\$	487	\$	(327)	\$ 314	\$ 13,577	\$	2,167	\$	15,744
Fund balances - beginning	268,511		14,449		333,723	24,003	640,686		8,312		648,998
Fund balances - ending	\$ 281,614	\$	14,936	\$	333,396	\$ 24,317	\$ 654,263	\$	10,479	\$	664,742

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	<u>v</u>	Vater Fund	<u>S</u>	ewer Fund		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,230,941	\$	311,644	\$	1,542,585
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		456,118		338,101		794,219
Due from other funds		65,284		75,000		140,284
Total current assets	\$	1,752,343	\$	724,745	\$	2,477,088
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,879,437	\$	636,849	\$	2,516,286
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		214,463		169,657		384,120
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		9,987,766		6,482,214		16,469,980
Total capital assets	\$	10,202,229	\$	6,651,871	\$	16,854,100
Total noncurrent assets	\$	12,081,666	\$	7,288,720	\$	19,370,386
Total assets	\$	13,834,009	\$	8,013,465	\$	21,847,474
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	10,306	\$	10,569	\$	20,875
Pension related items		163,509		151,994		315,503
OPEB related items		67,390		57,738		125,128
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	241,205	\$	220,301	\$	461,506
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	70,259	\$	67,442	\$	137,701
Accrued payroll/fringes		64,460		50,904		115,364
Accrued interest payable		35,214		15,624		50,838
Due to other funds		-		565,284		565,284
Compensated absences - current portion		71,954		77,008		148,962
Bonds payable - current portion		474,216		576,821		1,051,037
Amount due to Wythe County - current portion		127,699		-		127,699
Lease liabilities - current portion		-		15,186		15,186
Total current liabilities	\$	843,802	\$	1,368,269	\$	2,212,071
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:						
Customer deposits payable	\$	66,868	\$	-	\$	66,868
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	6,365,080	\$	2,992,905	\$	9,357,985
Compensated absences - net of current portion		23,984		25,669		49,653
Amount due to Wythe County - net of current portion		1,120,341		-		1,120,341
Lease liabilities - net of current portion		-		7,274		7,274
Net pension liability		295,160		243,230		538,390
Net OPEB liabilities		239,379		204,998		444,377
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	8,043,944	\$	3,474,076	\$	11,518,020
Total liabilities	\$	8,954,614	\$	4,842,345	\$	13,796,959
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	78,532	\$	65,809	\$	144,341
OPEB related items		37,392		31,993		69,385
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	115,924	\$	97,802	\$	213,726
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,937,768	\$	3,707,103	¢	7,644,871
Unrestricted	Ţ	1,066,908	Y	(413,484)		653,424
Total net position	ς	5,004,676	\$	3,293,619	\$	8,298,295
rotat net position	7	3,007,070	٠	3,273,017	٧	0,270,273

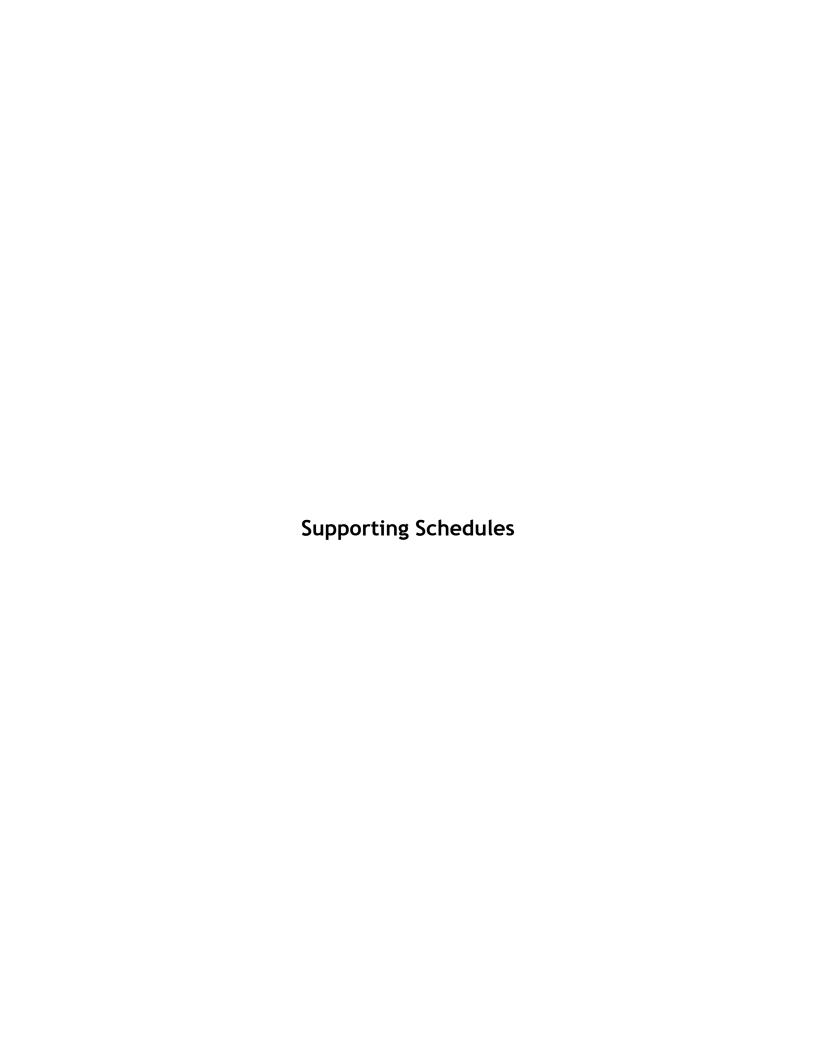
## Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	<u>w</u>	ater Fund	<u>S</u>	ewer Fund	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Water revenues	\$	4,103,863	\$	-	\$ 4,103,863
Sewer revenues		-		2,515,305	2,515,305
Penalties		63,674		-	63,674
Miscellaneous		273		3,639	3,912
Total operating revenues	\$	4,167,810	\$	2,518,944	\$ 6,686,754
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries	\$	791,976	\$	619,710	\$ 1,411,686
Fringe benefits		297,228		233,202	530,430
Professional services		264,765		132,796	397,561
Repair and maintenance		201,329		305,034	506,363
Operating materials and supplies		999,644		375,163	1,374,807
Permits, licenses and memberships		2,932		12,958	15,890
Utilities		279,422		362,299	641,721
Travel		853		6,519	7,372
Office supplies		910		6,743	7,653
Postal services		3,583		3,583	7,166
Insurance		-		19,767	19,767
Miscellaneous expenses		22,140		14,093	36,233
Depreciation/amortization		690,328		667,490	1,357,818
Total operating expenses	\$	3,555,110	\$	2,759,357	\$ 6,314,467
Operating income (loss)	\$	612,700	\$	(240,413)	\$ 372,287
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income	\$	43,761	\$	2,476	\$ 46,237
Payment to NRRWA		(440,964)		-	(440,964)
Interest expense		(176,067)		(48,734)	(224,801)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(573,270)	\$	(46,258)	\$ (619,528)
Change in net position	\$	39,430	\$	(286,671)	\$ (247,241)
Net position - beginning		4,965,246		3,580,290	8,545,536
Net position - ending	\$	5,004,676	\$	3,293,619	\$ 8,298,295

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Receipts from customers and users			Water <u>Fund</u>		Sewer <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Payments to suppliers         (1,765,420)         (1,243,648)         (3,000,266)           Payments to and for employees         (1,081,590)         (3,134,02)         (3,134,702)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Temperature to NRRWA         \$ (440,964)         \$ 0         (400,000)           Payment to NRRWA         \$ (440,964)         \$ 50,000         \$ 50,000           Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities         \$ (194,964)         \$ 50,000         \$ 50,000           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING         \$ (194,965)         \$ (1,028,807)         \$ (1,223,802)           Proceeds from bonds         1,827,800         642,200         2,470,000           Principal payments on bonds         3,341,276         462,200         2,470,000           Principal payments on lease tilabilities         3 34,276         413,373         413,373         413,373         413,737         413,737         413,737         413,737         413,759         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         42,700,000         4	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Payments to and for employees Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities         (1,081,590)         (831,682)         (1,913,727)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Taylor (440,964)         \$ 0.00         \$ 0.000	Receipts from customers and users	\$	4,188,415	\$	2,497,040	\$	6,685,455
Payments to and for employees Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities         (1,081,590)         (831,682)         (1,913,727)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Taylor (440,964)         \$ 0.00         \$ 0.000	Payments to suppliers		(1,765,420)		(1,234,846)		(3,000,266)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Payment to NRRWA         \$ (440,964)         \$ 0.000         \$ 440,064)           Transfers from other funds         0.0000         500,000		\$		\$		\$	
Transfers from other funds         500,000         500,000           Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities         \$ (440,964)         \$ 500,000         \$ 59,030           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING         S         \$ (194,965)         \$ (1,028,897)         \$ (1,223,862)           Proceeds from bonds         1,827,800         642,200         2,470,000           Principal payments on bonds         391,827         (54,468)         (943,295)           Principal payments on lease liabilities         384,276         384,276         241,000           Contributions in aid of construction         384,276         1(13,737)         (13,737)           Interest payments         (161,033)         (50,576)         (211,609)           Loan payments to other localities         (127,697)         1         (127,697)           Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         \$ 43,761         \$ 2,476         \$ 46,232           Interest and dividends received         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         \$ 2,962         1,008,983         1,838,605	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	Payment to NRRWA	\$	(440,964)	\$	-	\$	(440,964)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING           ACTIVITIES         Additions to capital assets         \$ (194,965)         \$ (1,028,897)         \$ (1,223,862)           Proceeds from bonds         1,827,800         642,200         2,470,000           Principal payments on loands         (391,827)         (542,468)         (934,295)           Principal payments on loads ilbilities         - (13,737)         (11,737)         (11,737)           Contributions in aid of construction         384,276         - (13,737)         (211,609)           Interest payments         (161,033)         (50,576)         (211,609)           Loan payments to other localities         (127,697)         - (127,697)         - (127,697)           Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         \$ 1,336,554         \$ (993,478)         \$ 343,076           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Interest and dividends received         \$ 43,761         \$ 2,476         \$ 46,237           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,836,605           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         \$ 612,700	Transfers from other funds		=		500,000		500,000
ACTIVITIES         Additions to capital assets         \$ (194,965)         \$ (1,028,897)         \$ (1,223,802)           Proceeds from bonds         1,827,800         642,200         2,470,000           Principal payments on bonds         (391,827)         (542,468)         (93,4295)           Principal payments on bonds         384,276         (13,737)         (13,737)           Contributions in aid of construction         384,276         .         384,276           Interest payments         (161,033)         (50,76)         (217,697)           Interest payments to other localities         (127,697)         .         (127,697)           Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         \$ 1,336,554         \$ 1,993,478         \$ 343,007           Net aish provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents received         \$ 2,310,337         \$ 948,493         \$ 1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         \$ 29,220,266         \$ 3,110,337         \$ 948,493         \$ 1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         \$ 289,622         \$ 1,008,83         \$ 1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricte	Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	(440,964)	\$	500,000	\$	59,036
Proceeds from bonds         1,827,800         642,200         2,470,000           Principal payments on bonds         391,827         542,408         (934,295)           Principal payments on lease liabilities         - (13,737)         (13,737)           Contributions in aid of construction         384,276         - (35,737)         384,276           Interest payments         (161,033)         (50,576)         (211,609)           Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         \$ 1,336,554         \$ (993,478)         \$ 343,076           Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         \$ 43,761         \$ 2,476         \$ 46,237           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$ 2,280,756         \$ 948,493         \$ 4,588,805           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Ope							
Principal payments on bonds         (391,827)         (542,468)         (934,295)           Principal payments on lease liabilities         (13,737)         (13,737)         (13,737)           Contributions in aid of construction         384,276         2.384,276           Interest payments         (161,033)         (50,576)         (211,609)           Loan payments to other localities         (127,697)         2.70,707         (127,697)         2.70,707         10,707	Additions to capital assets	\$	(194,965)	\$	(1,028,897)	\$	(1,223,862)
Principal payments on lease liabilities         (13,737)         (13,737)           Contributions in aid of construction         384,276         - 384,276           Interest payments         (161,033)         (50,576)         2(11,609)           Loan payments to other localities         (127,697)         - (127,697)         127,697)           Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         \$ 1,336,554         \$ 093,781         \$ 343,007           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Interest and dividends received         \$ 43,761         \$ 2,476         \$ 46,237           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         \$ 29,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$ 29,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         \$ 29,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         \$ 29,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         \$ 29,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash	Proceeds from bonds		1,827,800		642,200		2,470,000
Contributions in aid of construction         384,276         384,276           Interest payments         (161,033)         (50,576)         (211,609)           Loan payments to other localities         (127,697)         -         (127,607)           Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         \$1,336,554         \$193,478         \$343,070           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Interest and dividends received         \$43,761         \$2,476         \$46,237           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         \$2,280,756         \$(60,490)         \$2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$3,110,378         \$948,493         \$4,058,871           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$612,700         \$240,413         \$372,287           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$612,700         \$240,413         \$372,287           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$612,700         \$662,409         \$372,287	Principal payments on bonds		(391,827)		(542,468)		(934,295)
Interest payments   (161,033   (50,576   (211,609)   Loan payments to other localities   (127,697   (127,697)	Principal payments on lease liabilities		-		(13,737)		(13,737)
Loan payments to other localities Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         (127,697)         - (127,697)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received         \$ 43,761         \$ 2,476         \$ 46,237           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Portural devivalents - ending - including restricted         829,622 <td>Contributions in aid of construction</td> <td></td> <td>384,276</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>384,276</td>	Contributions in aid of construction		384,276		-		384,276
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities         \$ 1,336,554         \$ (993,478)         \$ 343,076           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received         \$ 43,761         \$ 2,280,766         \$ 46,237           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$ 3,110,378         \$ 948,493         \$ 4,058,871           Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 690,328         \$ 667,490         \$ 1,357,818           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         21,856         (21,904)         (48)           (Increase) decrease in pension related items         (202,183)         (164,349)         (366,532)           Increase (decrease) in compensated absences         17,926         11,805         29,731           Increase (decrease) in ept pension liability         202,777         166,764         369,541           Increase (decrease) in ecrued payroll	Interest payments		(161,033)		(50,576)		(211,609)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Interest and dividends received         \$ 43,761         \$ 2,476         \$ 46,237           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$ 3,110,378         \$ 948,493         \$ 4,058,871           Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:           Operating income (loss)         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 690,328         \$ 667,490         \$ 1,357,818           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         21,856         (21,904)         (48)           (Increase) decrease in pension related items         (202,183)         (164,349)         (366,532)           Increase (decrease) in compensated absences         17,926         11,805         29,731           Increase (decrease) in net pension liability         202,777         166,764         369,541           Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities         3,862         5,989         9,851 </td <td>Loan payments to other localities</td> <td></td> <td>(127,697)</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>(127,697)</td>	Loan payments to other localities		(127,697)		-		(127,697)
Interest and dividends received	Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	1,336,554	\$	(993,478)	\$	343,076
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         \$ 2,280,756         \$ (60,490)         \$ 2,220,266           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$ 3,110,378         \$ 948,493         \$ 4,058,871           Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:           Operating income (loss)         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 690,328         \$ 667,490         \$ 1,357,818           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         21,856         (21,904)         (48)           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         21,856         (21,904)         (48)           (Increase) decrease in pension related items         (202,183)         (164,349)         (366,532)           Increase (decrease) in compensated absences         17,926         11,805         29,731           Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable         10,158         4,109         14,267           Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable         10,158         4,109         14,267           Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted         829,622         1,008,983         1,838,605           Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted         \$ 3,110,378         \$ 948,493         \$ 4,058,871           Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:           Operating income (loss)         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         Depreciation/amortization expense         \$ 690,328         \$ 667,490         \$ 1,357,818           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         21,856         (21,904)         (48)           (Increase) decrease in pension related items         (202,183)         (164,349)         (366,532)           Increase (decrease) in compensated absences         17,926         11,805         29,731           Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable         10,158         4,109         14,267           Increase (decrease) in net pension liability         202,777         166,764         369,541           Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities         3,862         5,989         9,851           (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items         (1,581)         (1,564)         3,1459           Inc	Interest and dividends received	\$	43,761	\$	2,476	\$	46,237
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 690,328         \$ 667,490         \$ 1,357,818           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in pension related items (202,183)         (164,349)         (366,532)           Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (17,926         11,805         29,731           Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable (10,158)         4,109         14,267           Increase (decrease) in net pension liability (13,187)         2,585         (10,602)           Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities (10,602)         3,862         5,989         9,851           (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items (1,581)         (1,581)         (1,564)         (3,145)           Increase (decrease) in OPEB related items (1,581)         (1,581)         (1,564)         (3,145)           Increase (decrease) in customer deposits (1,251)         - (1,251)         - (1,251)	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,280,756	\$	(60,490)	\$	2,220,266
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 690,328         \$ 667,490         \$ 1,357,818           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in pension related items (202,183)         (164,349)         (366,532)           Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (17,926         11,805         29,731           Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable (10,158)         10,158         4,109         14,267           Increase (decrease) in net pension liability (13,187)         2,585         (10,602)           Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities (15,581)         3,862         5,989         9,851           (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items (17,581)         (1,581)         (1,561)         (3,145)           Increase (decrease) in oversel related items (17,581)         (1,581)         (1,581)         (1,581)	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted		829,622		1,008,983		1.838.605
provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 612,700         \$ (240,413)         \$ 372,287           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         \$ 690,328         \$ 667,490         \$ 1,357,818           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in pension related items         21,856         (21,904)         (48)           (Increase) decrease in pension related items         (202,183)         (164,349)         (366,532)           Increase (decrease) in compensated absences         17,926         11,805         29,731           Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable         10,158         4,109         14,267           Increase (decrease) in net pension liability         202,777         166,764         369,541           Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities         3,862         5,989         9,851           (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items         (1,581)         (1,564)         (3,145)           Increase (decrease) in customer deposits         (1,251)         -         (1,251)           Total adjustments         \$ 728,705         \$ 670,925         \$ 1,399,630		\$		\$		\$	
Operating income (loss)       \$ 612,700 \$ (240,413) \$ 372,287         Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:       \$ 690,328 \$ 667,490 \$ 1,357,818         Depreciation/amortization expense       \$ 690,328 \$ 667,490 \$ 1,357,818         (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable       21,856 (21,904) (48)         (Increase) decrease in pension related items       (202,183) (164,349) (366,532)         Increase (decrease) in compensated absences       17,926 11,805 29,731         Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable       10,158 4,109 14,267         Increase (decrease) in net pension liability       202,777 166,764 369,541         Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll       (13,187) 2,585 (10,602)         Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities       3,862 5,989 9,851         (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items       (1,581) (1,564) (3,145)         Increase (decrease) in customer deposits       (1,251) - (1,251)         Total adjustments       \$ 728,705 \$ 670,925 \$ 1,399,630	• • • •						
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:  Depreciation/amortization expense \$ 690,328 \$ 667,490 \$ 1,357,818 (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 21,856 (21,904) (48) (Increase) decrease in pension related items (202,183) (164,349) (366,532) Increase (decrease) in compensated absences 17,926 11,805 29,731 Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable 10,158 4,109 14,267 Increase (decrease) in net pension liability 202,777 166,764 369,541 Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll (13,187) 2,585 (10,602) Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities 3,862 5,989 9,851 (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items (1,581) (1,564) (3,145) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits (1,251) - (1,251) Total adjustments		\$	612,700	\$	(240,413)	\$	372,287
provided by (used for) operating activities:         5         690,328         \$         667,490         \$         1,357,818           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         21,856         (21,904)         (48)           (Increase) decrease in pension related items         (202,183)         (164,349)         (366,532)           Increase (decrease) in compensated absences         17,926         11,805         29,731           Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable         10,158         4,109         14,267           Increase (decrease) in net pension liability         202,777         166,764         369,541           Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll         (13,187)         2,585         (10,602)           Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities         3,862         5,989         9,851           (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items         (1,581)         (1,564)         (3,145)           Increase (decrease) in customer deposits         (1,251)         -         (1,251)           Total adjustments         \$ 728,705         \$ 670,925         \$ 1,399,630	•			•	. , -,	_	
Depreciation/amortization expense         \$ 690,328         \$ 667,490         \$ 1,357,818           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         21,856         (21,904)         (48)           (Increase) decrease in pension related items         (202,183)         (164,349)         (366,532)           Increase (decrease) in compensated absences         17,926         11,805         29,731           Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable         10,158         4,109         14,267           Increase (decrease) in net pension liability         202,777         166,764         369,541           Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll         (13,187)         2,585         (10,602)           Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities         3,862         5,989         9,851           (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items         (1,581)         (1,564)         (3,145)           Increase (decrease) in customer deposits         (1,251)         -         (1,251)           Total adjustments         \$ 728,705         \$ 670,925         \$ 1,399,630	, , ,						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable       21,856       (21,904)       (48)         (Increase) decrease in pension related items       (202,183)       (164,349)       (366,532)         Increase (decrease) in compensated absences       17,926       11,805       29,731         Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable       10,158       4,109       14,267         Increase (decrease) in net pension liability       202,777       166,764       369,541         Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll       (13,187)       2,585       (10,602)         Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities       3,862       5,989       9,851         (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items       (1,581)       (1,564)       (3,145)         Increase (decrease) in customer deposits       (1,251)       -       (1,251)         Total adjustments       \$ 728,705       \$ 670,925       \$ 1,399,630	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	690,328	\$	667,490	\$	1,357,818
(Increase) decrease in pension related items       (202,183)       (164,349)       (366,532)         Increase (decrease) in compensated absences       17,926       11,805       29,731         Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable       10,158       4,109       14,267         Increase (decrease) in net pension liability       202,777       166,764       369,541         Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll       (13,187)       2,585       (10,602)         Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities       3,862       5,989       9,851         (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items       (1,581)       (1,564)       (3,145)         Increase (decrease) in customer deposits       (1,251)       -       (1,251)         Total adjustments       \$ 728,705       \$ 670,925       \$ 1,399,630		Ċ	•	·	•	Ċ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences       17,926       11,805       29,731         Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable       10,158       4,109       14,267         Increase (decrease) in net pension liability       202,777       166,764       369,541         Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll       (13,187)       2,585       (10,602)         Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities       3,862       5,989       9,851         (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items       (1,581)       (1,564)       (3,145)         Increase (decrease) in customer deposits       (1,251)       -       (1,251)         Total adjustments       \$ 728,705       \$ 670,925       \$ 1,399,630	(Increase) decrease in pension related items		•				
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable       10,158       4,109       14,267         Increase (decrease) in net pension liability       202,777       166,764       369,541         Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll       (13,187)       2,585       (10,602)         Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities       3,862       5,989       9,851         (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items       (1,581)       (1,564)       (3,145)         Increase (decrease) in customer deposits       (1,251)       -       (1,251)         Total adjustments       \$ 728,705       \$ 670,925       \$ 1,399,630	·						
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability         202,777         166,764         369,541           Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll         (13,187)         2,585         (10,602)           Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities         3,862         5,989         9,851           (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items         (1,581)         (1,564)         (3,145)           Increase (decrease) in customer deposits         (1,251)         -         (1,251)           Total adjustments         \$ 728,705         \$ 670,925         \$ 1,399,630	•						
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll       (13,187)       2,585       (10,602)         Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities       3,862       5,989       9,851         (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items       (1,581)       (1,564)       (3,145)         Increase (decrease) in customer deposits       (1,251)       -       (1,251)         Total adjustments       \$ 728,705       \$ 670,925       \$ 1,399,630			,				
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liabilities         3,862         5,989         9,851           (Increase) decrease in OPEB related items         (1,581)         (1,564)         (3,145)           Increase (decrease) in customer deposits         (1,251)         -         (1,251)           Total adjustments         \$ 728,705         \$ 670,925         \$ 1,399,630							
(Increase) decrease in OPEB related items       (1,581)       (1,564)       (3,145)         Increase (decrease) in customer deposits       (1,251)       -       (1,251)         Total adjustments       \$ 728,705       \$ 670,925       \$ 1,399,630	• • •						
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits         (1,251)         -         (1,251)           Total adjustments         \$ 728,705         \$ 670,925         \$ 1,399,630	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,				,
Total adjustments \$ 728,705 \$ 670,925 \$ 1,399,630	· · · ·				-		
		\$		\$	670,925	\$	
		\$					



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	1,878,807	\$	1,878,807	\$	1,777,124	\$	(101,683)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		60,000		60,000		89,237		29,237
Personal property taxes		250,000		250,000		363,305		113,305
Mobile home taxes		1,300		1,300		1,940		640
Machinery and tools taxes		148,500		148,500		179,460		30,960
Penalties		10,000		10,000		17,632		7,632
Interest		6,000		6,000		11,829		5,829
Total general property taxes	\$	2,354,607	\$	2,354,607	\$	2,440,527	\$	85,920
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	707,613	\$	707,613	\$	824,491	\$	116,878
Consumers' utility taxes		235,000		235,000		242,969		7,969
Consumption taxes		52,000		52,000		49,777		(2,223)
Business license taxes		1,550,000		1,550,000		1,941,633		391,633
Motor vehicle licenses		125,000		125,000		134,836		9,836
Tobacco tax		400,000		400,000		336,521		(63,479)
Bank stock taxes		400,000		400,000		432,946		32,946
Hotel and motel room taxes		1,761,818		1,761,818		2,096,368		334,550
Restaurant food taxes		3,401,984		3,401,984		3,949,719		547,735
Interest on local taxes		22,000		22,000		39,355		17,355
Total other local taxes	\$	8,655,415	\$	8,655,415	\$	10,048,615	\$	1,393,200
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	600	\$	600
Land use permits		500		500	Ċ	-	·	(500)
Building permits		29,000		29,000		58,883		29,883
Electrical permits		10,000		10,000		35		(9,965)
Plumbing permits		4,000		4,000		_		(4,000)
Mechanical permits		7,000		7,000		_		(7,000)
Burial permits		35,000		35,000		35,460		460
Monument permits		1,200		1,200		1,915		715
Subdivision permits		200		200		-,,,,,		(200)
Zoning permits		500		500		6,018		5,518
Refuse tags and disposal permits		170,000		170,000		152,456		(17,544)
Permits and other licenses		4,750		4,750		10,588		5,838
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	262,150	\$	262,150	\$	265,955	\$	3,805
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	13,000	Ś	13,000	\$	32,695	Ś	19,695
Parking fines	Ţ	5,000	٠	5,000	7	2,159	Ţ	(2,841)
Total fines and forfeitures	\$		\$	18,000	\$	34,854	\$	16,854

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of money	\$ 155,000	\$ 155,000	\$ 676,474	\$	521,474
Revenue from use of property	41,800	41,800	69,647		27,847
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 196,800	\$ 196,800	\$ 746,121	\$	549,321
Charges for services:					
Charges for law enforcement	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 6,525	\$	(5,475)
Charges for EMS	730,000	730,000	857,673		127,673
Charges for cemetery plots	23,000	23,000	30,281		7,281
Charges for copies	2,000	2,000	2,611		611
Charges for animal control	50	50	1,040		990
Charges for gift shop	4,200	4,200	4,078		(122)
Charges for admissions	31,600	31,600	93,716		62,116
Charges for parks and recreation	559,950	559,950	914,795		354,845
Charges for weed cutting	20,750	20,750	33,681		12,931
Charges for other services	3,275	3,275	22,118		18,843
Total charges for services	\$ 1,386,825	\$ 1,386,825	\$ 1,966,518	\$	579,693
Miscellaneous:					
Donations	\$ 35,750	\$ 37,850	\$ 74,269	\$	36,419
Miscellaneous	336,651	344,651	525,498		180,847
Virginia tourism grant	50,000	50,000	30,000		(20,000)
Total miscellaneous	\$ 422,401	\$ 432,501	\$ 629,767	\$	197,266
Recovered costs:					
Recovered costs	\$ 432,303	\$ 432,303	\$ 470,265	\$	37,962
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 13,728,501	\$ 13,738,601	\$ 16,602,622	\$	2,864,021
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 19,105	\$	9,105
Mobile home titling tax	2,500	2,500	10,372		7,872
ATV sales tax	-	-	142		142
Motor vehicle rental tax	50,000	50,000	63,283		13,283
P2P vehicle share	-	-	367		367
Telecommunication tax	300,000	300,000	296,178		(3,822)
Game of skill tax	-	-	166		166
Personal property tax relief funds	 61,000	61,000	61,076		76
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 423,500	\$ 423,500	\$ 450,689	\$	27,189

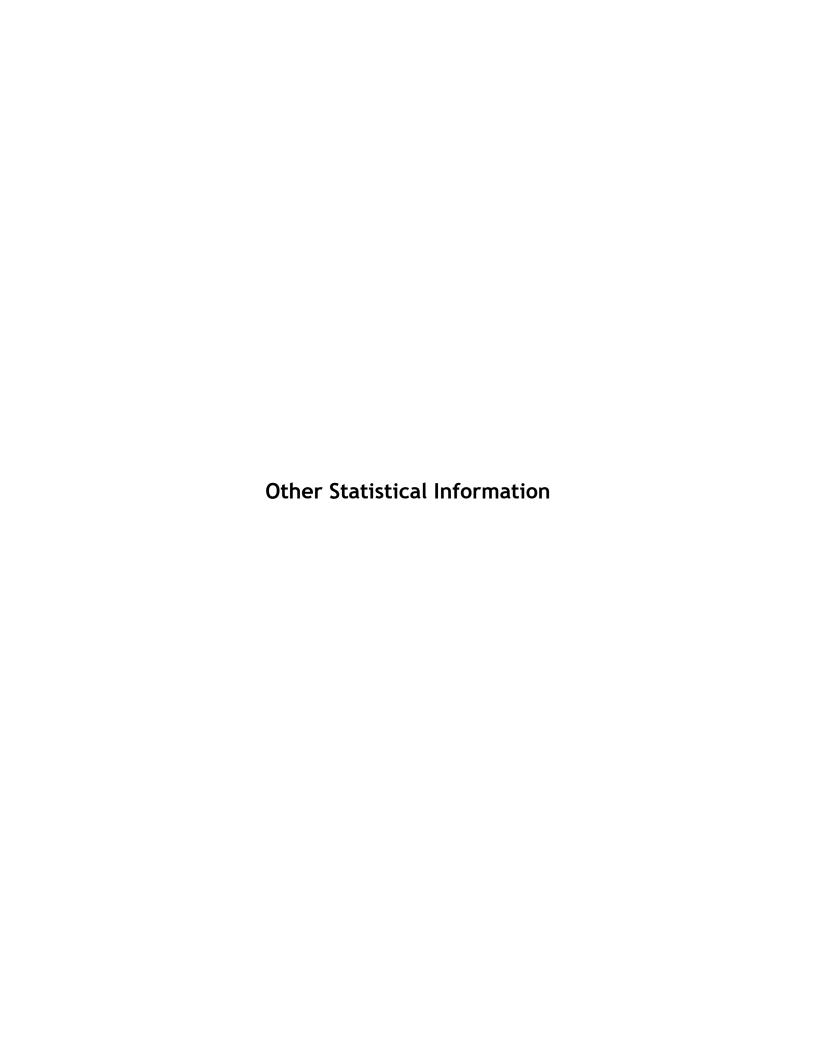
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Intergovernmental: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)							
Categorical aid:							
Other categorical aid:							
Fire programs	\$ 30,000	\$	30,000	\$	33,160	\$	3,160
Highway maintenance	2,770,000		2,770,000		3,215,879		445,879
Law enforcement block grant Litter control	205,000 3,000		205,000 3,000		231,131		26,131 2,211
Virginia foundations for humanities	3,000		3,000		5,211 6,388		6,388
Virginia roundations for flumanties  Virginia commission for the arts	4,500		4,500		4,500		0,300
Department of transportation	<del>-</del> ,500		-,500		158		158
Total other categorical aid	\$ 3,012,500	\$	3,012,500	\$	3,496,427	\$	483,927
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 3,436,000	\$	3,436,000	\$	3,947,116	\$	511,116
Revenue from the federal government:							
Noncategorical aid:							
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 8,880	\$	8,880	\$	8,882	\$	2
Categorical aid:							
DOT TEA 21 grant-Heritage Walk	\$ 528,146	\$	528,146	\$	16,183	\$	(511,963)
Community development block grant-SBRA	-		-		24,720		24,720
ARPA funds from Wythe County	-		-		66,000		66,000
Coronavirus emergency supplemental funding	 -		=		2,708		2,708
Total categorical aid	\$ 528,146	\$	528,146	\$	109,611	\$	(418,535)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 537,026	\$	537,026	\$	118,493	\$	(418,533)
Total General Fund	\$ 17,701,527	\$	17,711,627	\$	20,668,231	\$	2,956,604
Special Revenue Funds: Homestead Endowment Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 2,000	ς	2,000	\$	9,891	ς	7,891
Revenue from the use of money	 2,000	٠,	2,000	7	7,071	٠,	7,071
Miscellaneous:							
Contributions	\$ -	\$	-	\$	715	\$	715
Other miscellaneous	16,000		16,000		7,607		(8,393)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ 16,000	\$	16,000	\$	8,322	\$	(7,678)
Total Homestead Endowment Fund	\$ 18,000	\$	18,000	\$	18,213	\$	213

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Wall of Honor Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 537	\$	437
Miscellaneous:					
Contributions	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,000	\$	(900)
Total Wall of Honor Fund	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,537	\$	(463)
Perpetual Care Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ =	\$ 11,987	\$	11,987
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,987	\$	11,987
Total Perpetual Care Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,987	\$	11,987
Memorial Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ =	\$ 314		314
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 314	\$	314
Total Memorial Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 314	\$	314
Capital Projects Fund: CDBG Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 344	\$	344
Miscellaneous:					
Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,823	\$	1,823
Total CDBG Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,167	\$	2,167
Total Primary Government	\$ 17,721,527	\$ 17,731,627	\$ 20,702,449	\$	2,970,822

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Town council	\$	1,246,293	\$	1,351,293	\$	1,529,980	\$	(178,687)
General and financial administration:								
Town clerk	\$	245,757	\$	245,757	\$	245,583	\$	174
Commission member		12,621		12,621		4,546		8,075
Town manager		164,459		164,459		163,249		1,210
Assistant town manager		139,702		139,702		140,246		(544)
Legal services		131,928		131,928		114,769		17,159
Independent services		60,000		66,600		58,330		8,270
Town treasurer		316,294		316,294		284,228		32,066
Automotive/motor pool		292,532		324,532		333,500		(8,968)
Engineering department		227,579		227,579		223,271		4,308
Human resources		301,061		301,061		269,849		31,212
Computer operations		333,153		333,153		262,825		70,328
Other general and financial administration		4,500		4,500		2,110		2,390
Total general and financial administration	\$	2,229,586	\$	2,268,186	\$	2,102,506	\$	165,680
Total general government administration	\$	3,475,879	\$	3,619,479	\$	3,632,486	\$	(13,007)
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Police department	\$	2,956,327	\$	2,956,327	\$	2,992,566	\$	(36,239)
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	1,313,795	Ś	1,313,795	Ś	1,233,303	Ś	80,492
EMS	•	1,330,070	•	1,355,070	•	1,360,655	*	(5,585)
Total fire and rescue services	\$	2,643,865	\$	2,668,865	\$	2,593,958	\$	74,907
Inspections:								
Building	\$	191,130	\$	191,130	\$	155,325	\$	35,805
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	106,625	ς	106,625	ς	81,978	ς.	24,647
Transportation study grant	Y	39,740	7	39,740	7	39,738	Y	2-1,0-17
Total other protection	\$	146,365	\$	146,365	\$	121,716	\$	24,649
Total public safety	\$	5,937,687	\$	5,962,687	\$	5,863,565	\$	99,122
Dublic works								
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:	ċ	1 415 400	ċ	1 415 400	ċ	1 222 002	ċ	02 507
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	1,415,689	þ	1,415,689	Ş	1,333,092	Þ	82,597
Street construction		901,536		340,036		252,492		87,544
Snow and ice removal		67,956		119,956		118,698		1,258
Streets, signs, and lights		560,144		560,144		544,469		15,675
Administration	_	114,083	_	116,483	_	116,968	_	(485)
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	3,059,408	\$	2,552,308	\$	2,365,719	\$	186,589

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with hal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Public works: (Continued)					
Sanitation and waste removal:					
Refuse collection and disposal	\$ 183,573	\$ 204,573	\$ 203,115	\$	1,458
Landfill	84,650	93,650	99,424		(5,774)
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$ 268,223	\$ 298,223	\$ 302,539	\$	(4,316)
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:					
General properties	\$ 145,927	\$ 177,927	\$ 177,968	\$	(41)
Town hall	241,274	241,274	175,157		66,117
Community center and park	961,729	961,729	974,270		(12,541)
Parks	110,707	112,807	60,537		52,270
Emergency services buildings	84,750	88,750	79,381		9,369
Animal shelter	2,800	6,300	6,254		46
Weed control - mowing	314,091	314,091	261,331		52,760
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$ 1,861,278	\$ 1,902,878	\$ 1,734,898	\$	167,980
Total public works	\$ 5,188,909	\$ 4,753,409	\$ 4,403,156	\$	350,253
Health and welfare:					
Welfare:					
Tax relief for the elderly	\$ 20,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 21,325	\$	675
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks and recreation:					
Community activities	\$ 12,094	\$ 12,094	\$ 11,684	\$	410
Recreational programs	499,397	499,397	379,557		119,840
Swimming pools	154,823	154,823	142,795		12,028
Athletic programs	447,706	581,706	607,146		(25,440)
New community programs	173,970	173,970	103,001		70,969
Youth/Teen center	160,035	160,035	113,817		46,218
Fitness center	281,249	298,249	308,195		(9,946)
Nutrition	50,000	50,000	28,849		21,151
Cemeteries	 277,919	 295,919	297,401		(1,482)
Total parks and recreation	\$ 2,057,193	\$ 2,226,193	\$ 1,992,445	\$	233,748
Cultural enrichment:					
E. Lee Trinkle visitor center	\$ 130,923	\$ 130,923	\$ 131,334	\$	(411)
Museums and heritage education	130,440	146,440	162,729		(16,289)
Homestead museum	348,663	360,663	440,181		(79,518)
Museums and Heritage Center	 405,158	405,158	312,849		92,309
Total cultural enrichment	\$ 1,015,184	\$ 1,043,184	\$ 1,047,093	\$	(3,909)
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$ 3,072,377	\$ 3,269,377	\$ 3,039,538	\$	229,839

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Community development:								
Planning and community development:	ė	E40 110	ċ	E07 110	ċ	430 E44	ċ	(41 424)
Director of public information Chamber of commerce	\$	569,110 138,448	Ş	597,110	\$	638,544	>	(41,434) 61,300
Horticulture		479,048		138,448 479,048		77,148 429,403		49,645
		509,234		509,234		•		•
Meeting Center  Main Street Project		84,851		116,851		472,237 117,552		36,997 (701)
Joint IDA		282,055		300,055		299,670		385
Total planning and community development	<u> </u>	2,062,746	Ś	2,140,746	Ś	2,034,554	\$	106,192
Total planning and community development	<u> </u>	2,002,740	Ç	2,140,740	Ą	2,034,334	Ų	100,192
Total community development	\$	2,062,746	\$	2,140,746	\$	2,034,554	\$	106,192
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	847,239	\$	847,239	\$	716,816	\$	130,423
Interest and other fiscal charges		252,614		252,614		211,032		41,582
Total debt service	\$	1,099,853	\$	1,099,853	\$	927,848	\$	172,005
Total General Fund	\$	20,857,451	\$	20,867,551	\$	19,922,472	\$	945,079
Special Revenue Funds:								
Homestead Endowment Fund:								
Health and welfare:								
Welfare and social services:								
Other welfare	\$	36,000	\$	36,000	\$	5,110	\$	30,890
Total Homestead Endowment Fund	\$	36,000	\$	36,000	\$	5,110		30,890
Wall of Honor Fund:								
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Other parks and recreation	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,050	\$	(50)
Total Wall of Honor Fund	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,050	\$	(50)
Perpetual Care Fund:								
Public works:								
Public works:								
Other public works	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$	12,314	\$	2,686
Total Perpetual Care Fund	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$	12,314	\$	2,686
Total Primary Government	\$	20,894,451	\$	20,919,551	\$	19,940,946	Ś	978,605



Town of Wytheville, Virginia Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	18,186,498	19,847,925	19,269,504	20,435,948	20,490,800	23,557,095	20,765,941	24,358,310	24,243,147	26,980,852
Water and Sewer	5,607,196 \$	5,980,816	5,730,156	5,957,077	5,719,798	6,422,249	5,930,258	6,438,972	6,405,243	6,980,232
Interest on Long- Term Debt	5 569,975 \$	500,008	302,612	275,829	260,971	262,310	246,068	222,385	221,010	208,160
Community Development	\$ 944,160 \$	1,040,880	1,500,540	1,877,460	1,569,297	2,177,391	1,544,425	454,330	1,436,804	1,645,465
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 1,852,475	1,571,477	1,910,471	2,194,598	2,109,544	2,524,509	2,030,259	1,941,420	2,062,017	2,896,803
Health and Welfare	\$ 19,491		12,030	22,725	29,813	12,091	10,647	45,301	58,800	26,435
Public Works	3,792,477	5,455,338	4,131,591	4,062,403	3,484,224	3,728,163	4,084,536	4,533,570	4,759,036	5,418,262
Public Safety	3,252,873 \$	2,987,472	3,327,511	3,302,604	3,086,007	3,835,305	3,834,958	6,700,405	5,256,902	6,278,727
General Government Administration	2,147,851 \$	2,303,026	2,354,593	2,743,252	4,231,146	4,595,077	3,084,790	4,021,927	4,043,335	3,526,768
Fiscal C Year Ac	2013-14 \$	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>.</u>	PROGRAM REVENUES	IUES		U	GENERAL REVENUES	UES			
		Onerating	Capital					Grants and		
	Charges	Grants	Grants	General	Other	Unrestricted		Not Restricted		
Fiscal	for	and	and	Property	Local	Investment		to Specific		
Year	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Taxes	Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs	۲	Total
2013-14 \$	7,550,641	\$ 2,579,105	5 \$ 979,719	\$ 1,665,019	1,665,019 \$ 6,202,798	\$ 604,434	\$ 491,749	\$ 547,331	5 20	20,620,796
2014-15	7,616,718		7 199,021	1,627,470	6,499,216	603,899			21	21,487,111
-16	7,501,711	2	- 6	1,616,235	7,199,660	482,476	582,349	545,917	20	20,746,327
2016-17	7,556,643	2,855,571	1,145,672	1,638,042	7,240,639	439,097	564,510	534,059	21	21,974,233
-18	7,580,115	3,716,945	`	1,658,265	7,563,853	348,902	824,648	520,506	21	21,974,233
-19	7,029,521	3,536,179	- 6	1,646,203	7,655,285	442,257	719,858	503,581	21	21,532,884
-20	6,978,221	3,563,870	0 161,463	1,695,572	7,495,307	329,290	399,477	484,879	21	21,108,079
2020-21	7,883,076	5,222,123	3 9,500	1,701,563	7,610,832	268,273	527,692	465,957	23	23,689,016
2021-22	8,585,979	11,768,127	7 63,980	2,229,226	9,213,032	248,106	574,336	450,664	33	33,133,450
2022-23	8,971,308	3,589,855	5 16,183	2,493,601	10,048,615	797,760	644,824	459,571	27	27,021,717

Town of Wytheville, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	950,653 \$ 12,673,559	14,746,593	14,476,093	18,658,596	19,066,017	19,881,091	15,681,678	18,200,966	17,827,812	19,940,946
	Debt	Service (2)	\$ 950,653	822,079	957,917	973,105	970,332	1,054,266	1,193,002	1,128,444	1,274,541	927,848
	Capital	Projects	· •	1	11,170	1	1	1	1	12,926	1	•
	Community	Development	1,819,596 \$ 1,031,604	1,146,408	1,587,504	1,896,383	1,768,125	2,136,938	1,681,854	1,569,942	1,750,065	2,034,554
Parks,	Recreation,	and Cultural	5 1,819,596	1,858,118	2,030,196	2,350,098	2,149,288	2,482,746	1,972,704	1,746,598	2,043,375	3,040,588
	Health and	Welfare	\$ 19,491	8,908	12,030	22,725	29,813	12,091	10,647	45,301	58,800	26,435
	Public	Works	\$ 3,614,022	3,191,488 5,453,063	3,874,426	6,894,190	5,998,085	4,147,263	3,585,822	3,628,412	3,916,027	4,415,470
	Public	Safety	3,103,246	3,191,488	3,570,609	3,361,978	3,351,790	3,898,734	4,128,406	6,056,908	4,853,407	5,863,565
General	Government	Administration	\$ 2,134,947 \$	2,266,529	2,432,241	3,160,117	4,798,584	6,149,053	3,109,243	4,012,435	3,931,597	3,632,486
	Fiscal	Year	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, CARES-ARPA, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Town. (2) 2015-16 excludes refunding of \$2,468,148.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	13,611,870	15,138,043	14,657,477	15,744,384	17,398,292	15,882,257	15,429,828	17,740,596	26,746,574	20,702,449
	<b>\$</b>									
Inter- governmental	3,154,981	4,168,779	3,363,896	4,515,302	5,572,624	4,039,760	4,084,051	5,688,080	12,218,791	4,065,609
90	<b>ب</b>									
Recovered Costs	150,713	92,334	120,747	121,527	140,274	130,445	393,173	385,120	397,827	470,265
8	<b>\$</b>									
Miscellaneous	479,789	821,008	545,488	564,510	789,085	704,989	399,363	527,487	570,602	640,912
Mis	Ş									
Charges for Services	1,094,213	1,016,123	987,041	999,620	1,030,103	964,840	835,705	1,310,967	1,591,403	1,966,518
	\$									
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	591,836	587,193	467,000	427,944	343,545	437,551	315,347	251,372	272,447	769,194
# € ₹ #	\$									
Fines and Forfeitures	133,465	163,717	135,324	107,393	76,207	83,695	38,285	17,811	16,704	34,854
포	\$									
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	171,230	174,168	185,211	168,601	208,285	204,651	200,919	244,042	264,844	265,955
Pri P	\$									
Other Local Taxes	6,202,798	6,499,216	7,199,660	7,240,639	7,563,853	7,655,285	7,495,307	7,610,832	9,213,032	10,048,615
	\$									
General Property Taxes	1,632,845	1,615,505	1,653,110	1,598,818	1,674,316	1,661,041	1,667,678	1,704,885	2,200,924	2,440,527
	\$									
Fiscal	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23

(1) Includes General, CARES-ARPA, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Town.

Town of Wytheville, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	5.92%	5.83%	%60.9	%08.9	5.72%	5.39%	<b>%0.9</b> %	5.51%	3.97%	%09.9
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	69,267	96,796	101,512	112,898	95,914	91,441	104,409	94,528	87,677	169,021
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	\$ %88.66	%29.66	101.13%	98.75%	101.25%	100.15%	98.57%	101.51%	100.59%	96.52%
Total Tax Collections	\$ 1,675,098	1,654,529	1,686,115	1,638,629	1,698,887	1,699,978	1,707,517	1,742,178	2,221,334	2,472,142
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	\$ 30,268	33,077	55,772	28,308	52,725	39,027	29,388	47,193	52,492	37,211
Percent of Levy Collected	98.08%	97.68%	97.79%	97.04%	98.11%	97.85%	88.96	89.76%	98.22%	92.07%
Current Tax Collections (1,2)	\$ 1,644,830	1,621,452	1,630,343	1,610,321	1,646,162	1,660,951	1,678,129	1,694,985	2,168,842	2,434,931
Total Tax Levy (1,2)	\$ 1,677,066		1,667,267	1,659,382	1,677,878	1,697,479	1,732,231	1,716,182	2,208,215	2,561,142
Fiscal Year	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusive of penalties and interest. (2) Includes amounts paid by the Commonwealth of VA under the PPTRA.

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal Property	Public Ut	ility (2)	
Fiscal	Real	and Mobile	Real	Personal	
Year	Estate (1)	Homes (1)	Estate	Property	Total
2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 2021-22	\$ 784,643,550 784,334,286 787,945,100 788,739,181 819,838,675 827,294,409 833,233,784 838,122,615 839,420,320	\$ 111,612,912 125,978,204 125,323,183 120,809,089 119,522,050 126,212,102 134,689,684 131,656,912 141,332,422	\$ 34,148,370 34,852,734 36,368,230 37,766,390 39,192,998 40,090,579 37,772,799 39,409,565 39,190,329	\$ 150,824 110,210 117,642 113,017 236,787 299,690 263,633 290,626 167,779	\$ 930,555,656 945,275,434 949,754,155 947,427,677 978,790,510 993,896,780 1,005,959,900 1,009,479,718 1,020,110,850
2022-23	1,010,206,854	172,319,637	48,093,224	135,878	1,230,755,593

<sup>(1)</sup> Real estate, personal property and mobile homes are assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Last Ten Fiscal Years

**Public Utility** Personal Real **Fiscal** Personal Year Real Estate **Property Estate** Property 2013-14 \$ 0.160 \$ 0.280 \$ 0.160 \$ 0.280 2014-15 0.160 0.280 0.280 0.160 0.280 2015-16 0.160 0.280 0.160 2016-17 0.160 0.280 0.160 0.280 2017-18 0.280 0.280 0.155 0.155 2018-19 0.280 0.280 0.155 0.155 2019-20 0.155 0.280 0.155 0.280 2020-21 0.155 0.280 0.155 0.280 2021-22 0.195 0.380 0.195 0.380 2022-23 0.185 0.380 0.185 0.380

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	٧	ssessed alue (in ısands) (2)	Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2013-14	8,211	\$	930,556	\$ 20,847,944	2.24%	\$ 2,539
2014-15	8,211		945,275	25,905,375	2.74%	3,155
2015-16	8,211		949,754	24,629,729	2.59%	3,000
2016-17	8,211		947,428	23,252,373	2.45%	2,832
2017-18	8,211		978,791	21,844,211	2.23%	2,660
2018-19	8,211		993,897	20,824,559	2.10%	2,536
2019-20	8,211		1,005,960	20,285,268	2.02%	2,470
2020-21	8,265		1,009,480	18,931,581	1.88%	2,291
2021-22	8,265		1,020,111	17,436,317	1.71%	2,110
2022-23	8,265		1,230,756	18,377,503	1.49%	2,224

- (1) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.
- (2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and bonded anticipation notes.

Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, lease liabilities, subscription liability, compensated absences, net pension liability, and net OPEB liabilities.

# Town of Wytheville, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal (2)	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2013-14	\$ 379,544	\$ 571,109	\$ 950,653	\$ 12,673,559	7.50%
2014-15	393,322	428,757	822,079	14,751,413	5.57%
2015-16	648,406	309,511	957,917	16,944,241	5.65%
2016-17	693,032	280,073	973,105	18,658,596	5.22%
2017-18	705,803	264,529	970,332	19,066,017	5.09%
2018-19	790,267	263,999	1,054,266	19,881,091	5.30%
2019-20	939,963	253,039	1,193,002	15,681,678	7.61%
2020-21	901,504	226,940	1,128,444	18,200,966	6.20%
2021-22	1,050,393	224,148	1,274,541	18,200,966	7.00%
2022-23	716,816	211,032	927,848	19,940,946	4.65%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, CARES-ARPA, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Town.

<sup>(2) 2015-16</sup> excludes refunding amount of \$2,468,148.

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2023

Assessed valuations:	essed value (real estate)		\$ 1	,010,206,854
Deb	ot limitation - 10 percent of total assessed value of applicable to limitation:  bonded debt	(18,377,503)	\$	101,020,685
Tot	al debt applicable to limitation			(18,377,503)
Legal debt margin			\$	82,643,182





### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Wytheville, Virginia Wytheville, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Rolina. Faver, lox associates

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Wytheville, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 18, 2023

#### Town of Wytheville, Virginia

#### Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 2022-001 - Noncompliance finding

Condition: The Town does not maintain detailed records that would allow us to properly perform tests

of amounts included in the Weldon Cooper Center Local Finance Survey.

Recommendation: The Town should begin tracking all work on a daily basis in accordance with the Urban

Manual.

Current Status The Town corrected the finding during fiscal year 2023.