County of Henry, Virginia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2020



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FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors County of Henry, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Henry, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1-9 and budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB on pages 98–107, 108-112, and 113-127 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Henry, Virginia's basic financial statements. The component unit statements and other information section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The component unit statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the component unit statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Creedle, Jones & associates, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2020, on our consideration of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Creedle, Jones & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia November 24, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the County of Henry, Virginia presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the County of Henry, Virginia's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County's governmental activities, excluding its Component Units, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$65,699,568. Of this amount, \$41,376,094 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. For the business-type activities, the assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,356,491 with an unrestricted balance of \$65,433.

The County's total net position increased by \$4,725,638 during the current fiscal year. Of this amount, an increase of \$4,562,511 is related to governmental activities and an increase of \$163,127 is attributed to business-type activities.

As of June 30, 2020, the County's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$107,957,529, an increase of \$11,076,267 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 31.87% of this amount is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the general fund's unassigned fund balance was \$33,326,867, or approximately 44.75% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those found in the private sector. They also report the County's net position and how they have changed during the fiscal year.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u>: presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities. The difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources can be used as one way to measure the County's financial health or financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position can be one indicator of whether the County's financial condition is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors will also need to be considered, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County facilities.

<u>Statement of Activities</u>: presents information using the accrual basis accounting method and shows how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are shown in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities from business-type activities identified as the primary government. The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and cultural, community development, and education. Philpott Marina activities represent the business-type activities.

Furthermore, the government-wide financial statements include legally separate entities, the school board and the Industrial Development Authority, for which the County is financially accountable. The County is the fiscal agent for the Henry-Martinsville Social Services, which is supported by funds from the Federal government, Commonwealth of Virginia, County General Fund, and the City of Martinsville, Virginia. Financial information for component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds rather than the County as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single aggregated presentation.

The County has three types of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the County's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances remaining at year end that are available for spending. The Governmental Funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided with the fund's financial statements to explain the relationship (or differences). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Children's Services Act, E-911 Central Dispatch, Law Library, Fieldale Sanitary District, and Special Grant Projects Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds.

Proprietary Funds – The County uses an Enterprise Fund which operates in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are recovered primarily through user charges. Proprietary Fund financial statements provide both long and short-term financial information. The County uses an Internal Service Fund to account for financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County government.

Fiduciary Funds – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. Agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund presentation. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to support activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information such as budgetary comparison schedules.

Governmental accounting and reporting standards also require reporting certain information about the County's other postemployment benefits as required supplementary information. The County has elected to include this information within the notes to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

Summary of Net Position

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government		
Assets	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	
Current and other assets	\$ 127,718,410	\$ 112,783,385	\$ 151,757	\$ 148,206	\$ 127,870,167	\$ 112,931,591	
Capital assets (net)	73,792,068	55,532,069	1,291,058	1,153,941	75,083,126	56,686,010	
Total Assets	201,510,478	168,315,454	1,442,815	1,302,147	202,953,293	169,617,601	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,083,035	2,536,336			4,083,035	2,536,336	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 205,593,513	\$ 170,851,790	<u>\$1,442,815</u>	\$1,302,147	\$ 207,036,328	\$ 172,153,937	
Liabilities							
Other liabilities	\$ 13,638,905	\$ 8,701,547	\$ 86,324	\$ 57,808	\$ 13,725,229	\$ 8,759,355	
Long-term liabilities	125,142,629	98,513,597			125,142,629	98,513,597	
Total Liabilities	138,781,534	107,215,144	86,324	57,808	138,867,858	107,272,952	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,112,411	2,499,589	-	50,975	1,112,411	2,550,564	
Net Position Net investment in							
capital assets	24,323,474	22,568,376	1,291,058	1,153,941	25,614,532	23,722,317	
Unrestricted	41,376,094	38,568,681	65,433	39,423	41,441,527	38,608,104	
Total Net Position	65,699,568	61,137,057	1,356,491	1,193,364	67,056,059	62,330,421	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 205,593,513	\$170,851,790	<u>\$1,442,815</u>	\$1,302,147	\$ 207,036,328	\$ 172,153,937	

The County's combined net position at June 30, 2020 of \$67,056,059 represents an increase of \$4,725,638 from the combined net position at June 30, 2019. 38.20% of the County's net position is reflected in its net investment in capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, etc.). The County uses these assets to provide services to its citizens and, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The resources needed to repay the debt related to these capital assets must be provided from other sources. 61.80% of total net position is unrestricted and available for providing services to the citizens of the County and satisfying creditors.

Statement of Activities

The following table summarizes revenues and expenses for the primary government:

Summary of Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	oe Activities	Total Primary Governmen	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 479,766	\$ 557,512	\$ 156,418	\$ 155,170	\$ 636,184	\$ 712,682
Grants and contributions	9,729,778	9,112,270	47,475	11,525	9,777,253	9,123,795
General Revenues						
General property taxes,						
real and personal	28,171,542	28,142,350	-	-	28,171,542	28,142,350
Other taxes	13,826,354	13,397,099	-	-	13,826,354	13,397,099
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific programs	6,536,986	3,924,408	_	-	6,536,986	3,924,408
Unrestricted revenues from						
use of money and property	2,404,002	2,386,106	_	-	2,404,002	2,386,106
Miscellaneous	68,720	91,646	_	-	68,720	91,646
Total Revenues	61,217,148	57,611,391	203,893	166,695	61,421,041	57,778,086
Expenses						
General government						
administration	3,131,010	2,557,858	-	-	3,131,010	2,557,858
Judicial administration	3,493,139	2,746,877	-	-	3,493,139	2,746,877
Public safety	16,218,463	16,014,373	-	-	16,218,463	16,014,373
Public works	3,682,516	3,184,809	-	-	3,682,516	3,184,809
Health and welfare Education	3,807,115 18,008,268	2,808,270 6,765,458	-	-	3,807,115 18,008,268	2,808,270 6,765,458
Parks, recreation, and	10,000,200	0,700,400		-	10,000,200	0,705,456
cultural	1,967,534	1,375,802	217,361	200,749	2,184,895	1,576,551
Community development	3,046,202	3,228,762	217,301	200,749	3,046,202	3,228,762
Interest on long-term debt	3,123,795	2,985,587	_	_	3,123,795	2,985,587
interest on long-term debt	3,123,733	2,900,007			3,123,733	2,300,307
Total Expenses	56,478,042	41,667,796	217,361	200,749	56,695,403	41,868,545
Change in Net Position						
Before Transfers	4,739,106	15,943,595	(13,468)	(34,054)	4,725,638	15,909,541
Boloro manoloro	1,100,100	10,010,000	(10, 100)	(01,001)	1,1 20,000	10,000,011
Transfers	(176,595)	(41,298)	176,595	41,298	_	_
						-
Change in Net Position	4,562,511	15,902,297	163,127	7,244	4,725,638	15,909,541
Beginning Net Position	61,137,057	45,234,760	1,193,364	1,186,120	62,330,421	46,420,880
Dog. amig Not 1 Conton	01,101,001	10,207,700	1,100,004	1,100,120	02,000,721	70,720,000
Ending Net Position	\$65,699,568	\$61,137,057	\$1,356,491	\$1,193,364	\$67,056,059	\$ 62,330,421

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$4,562,511 for fiscal year 2020. Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$61,217,148. General property taxes comprise the largest source of these revenues, totaling \$28,171,542 or 46.02% of all governmental activities revenue. Business-type activities revenues totaled \$203,893 and expenses totaled \$217,361, increasing the net position by \$163,127.

The total cost of all governmental activities for this fiscal year was \$56,478,042. Education was the County's largest program with expenses totaling \$18,008,268. Public safety, which totals \$16,218,463, represents the second largest expense.

For the County's governmental activities, the net expense (total cost less fees generated by the activities and program-specific governmental aid) is illustrated in the following table:

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	<u>2020</u>				<u>20</u>	<u>)19</u>	
	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services		Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	
General government administration	\$	3,131,010	\$	(2,584,543)	\$ 2,557,858	\$ (2,046,775)	
Judicial administration		3,493,139		(2,175,483)	2,746,877	(1,507,306)	
Public safety		16,218,463		(10,026,039)	16,014,373	(10,208,147)	
Public works		3,682,516		(3,219,903)	3,184,809	(2,067,851)	
Health and welfare		3,807,115		(2,393,855)	2,808,270	(1,846,752)	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,967,534		(1,946,410)	1,375,802	(1,341,376)	
Community development		3,046,202		(2,790,202)	3,228,762	(3,228,762)	
Education		18,008,268		(18,008,268)	6,765,458	(6,765,458)	
Interest on long-term debt		3,123,795	_	(3,123,795)	2,985,587	(2,985,587)	
Total	\$	56,478,042	\$	(46,268,498)	\$41,667,796	<u>\$(31,998,014</u>)	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year. The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$107,957,529. The combined governmental fund balance increased \$11,076,267 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$33,326,867. The General Fund's liquidity can be measured by comparing unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 44.75% of total fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 144.46% of that same amount.

The General Fund contributed operating funds to finance the component units as follows: \$17,764,408 School Board operations, \$1,332,053 to finance the Industrial Development Authority, and \$619,679 to the Social Services Board.

The Special Grant Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$227,222, all of which is assigned for ongoing and future grant projects.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund

The following table provides a comparison of original budget, final budget, and actual revenues and expenditures in the General Fund:

Budgetary Comparison

General Fund

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>				
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 27,645,670	\$ 27,645,670	\$ 27,893,373	\$27,299,924	\$27,299,924	\$28,230,794		
Other	16,958,674	18,434,900	20,099,858	15,817,077	17,068,702	19,385,352		
Intergovernmental	10,448,785	16,377,523	14,031,880	10,409,659	11,202,374	10,651,120		
Total	55,053,129	62,458,093	62,025,111	53,526,660	55,571,000	58,267,266		
Expenditures	53,684,987	149,610,626	74,475,176	52,169,972	123,829,704	57,494,295		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	1,368,142	(87,152,533)	(12,450,065)	1,356,688	(68,258,704)	772,971		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of debt	-	25,300,000	25,300,000	=	62,168,959	62,336,352		
Transfers in (out)	(1,368,142)	(2,197,894)	(1,728,520)	(1,356,688)	(1,706,276)	(1,378,162)		
Total	(1,368,142)	23,102,106	23,571,480	(1,356,688)	60,462,683	60,958,190		
Net Change in Fund Balance Before								
Transfer from Surplus	-	(64,050,427)	11,121,415	-	(7,796,021)	61,731,161		
Transfer from Surplus Funds		64,050,427			7,796,021			
Change in Fund Balance	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,121,415</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$61,731,161		

Final amended budget revenues were more than the original budget by \$7,404,964.

The final amended budget appropriations for expenditures exceeded the original appropriation by \$95,925,639 primarily due to appropriations carried forward on encumbrances, open grants, incomplete capital projects, additional money appropriated to the new jail facility project, and new funding from the CARES Act.

Actual revenues were less than final budget amounts by \$432,982, or .69%, while actual expenditures were \$75,135,450, or 50.22% less than final budget amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2020, the County's governmental activities net capital assets after allocation of net school buildings with outstanding debt total \$73,792,068, which represents a net increase of \$18,259,999 or 32.88% over the previous fiscal year-end balance. The business-type activities net capital assets total \$1,291,058, an increase of \$137,117 or 11.88% over the previous fiscal year. The Component Unit School Board's net capital assets after allocation of net school buildings with outstanding debt total \$35,601,440, an increase of \$1,394,616 or 4.08% from the previous year. The Component Unit IDA's net capital assets total \$-0-. The Component Unit Social Services net capital assets total \$74,115, a decrease of \$3,387 or 4.37% from the previous year.

Change in Capital Assets

Primary Government

Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2019	Net Additions and Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020
Land	\$ 2,136,614	\$ 28,600	\$ 2,165,214
Construction-in-progress	-	22,829,779	22,829,779
Land improvements	3,774,638	968,753	4,743,391
Buildings and improvements	26,410,733	(2,234,091)	24,176,642
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	19,212,714	304,118	19,516,832
Total Capital Assets	51,534,699	21,897,159	73,431,858
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(30,972,050)	(1,629,890)	(32,601,940)
Total Capital Assets, Net Before Allocation of Schools	\$ 20,562,649	\$ 20,267,269	40,829,918
Allocation of net school buildings with outstanding debt			32,962,150
Total Capital Assets, Net			\$ 73,792,068

Business-Type Activities

	Balance <u>July 1, 2019</u>		Net Additions and Deletions		Balance	
	<u> </u>	1 y 1, 2010	arra	DOTOLIONO	<u>oui</u>	10 00, 2020
Land and land improvements	\$	53,076	\$	37,392	\$	90,468
Buildings and improvements		1,201,444		166,388		1,367,832
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles		201,534				201,534
Total Capital Assets		1,456,054		203,780		1,659,834
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(302,113)		(66,663)		(368,776)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,153,941	\$	137,117	\$	1,291,058

Component Units

School Board

	Balance July 1, 2019	Net Additions and Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020
Land and land improvements	\$ 1,401,743	\$ (229,116)	\$ 1,172,627
Construction in progress	1,082,233	1,539,385	2,621,618
Buildings and improvements	107,095,505	(417,138)	106,678,367
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	13,859,654	(59,204)	13,800,450
Total Capital Assets	123,439,135	833,927	124,273,062
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(54,262,891)	(1,446,581)	(55,709,472)
Total Capital Assets, Net Before Allocation to County	\$ 69,176,244	\$ (612,654)	68,563,590
Allocation of net school buildings with outstanding debt			(32,962,150)
Total Capital Assets, Net			\$ 35,601,440

Note: School Board fixed assets are jointly owned by the County (primary government) and the Component Unit School Board. The County reports the School Board assets associated with outstanding debt on its books until the debt is paid off.

IDA

	Balance <u>July 1, 2019</u>	Net Additions and Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020	
Equipment	\$ 6,305	\$ -	\$ 6,305	
Total Capital Assets	6,305	-	6,305	
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(6,305)	<u>-</u>	(6,305)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	

Henry-Martinsville Social Services

		Balance July 1, 2019		Net Additions and Deletions		Balance June 30, 2020	
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$	321,603 (244,101)	\$	6,637 (10,024)	\$	328,240 (254,125)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	77,502	\$	(3,387)	\$	74,115	

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2020, the County's long-term obligations, excluding the Component Units, total \$114,782.689.

	Balance <u>July 1, 2019</u>	Net Additions and Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities			
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,501,347	\$ (987,886)	\$ 6,513,461
Lease Revenue Bonds	18,927,000	(772,000)	18,155,000
Lease Revenue Public Facility	60,615,000	5,785,000	66,400,000
Grant Revenue Anticipation Notes	-	19,515,000	19,515,000
Recovery Zone bonds	1,295,000	(100,000)	1,195,000
Landfill obligation	258,191	4,389	262,580
Compensated absences	2,533,278	118,346	2,651,624
LT Agreement	49,600	(19,200)	30,400
	91,179,416	23,543,649	114,723,065
Add: Premiums	179,570	537,188	716,758
Less: Discounts	(678,798)	21,664	(657,134)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 90,680,188	\$ 24,102,501	\$114,782,689

General obligation indebtedness must be approved by voter referendum prior to issuance except for debt incurred from the State Literary Fund or the Virginia Public School Authority.

More detailed information on the County's long-term obligations is presented in Note 11 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The average unemployment rate for the County of Henry, Virginia in June 2020 was 9.3%, an increase
 of 5.7% from June 2019. This compares unfavorably to the state's rate of 8.1% and favorably to the
 national rate of 11.1%.
- According to the 2010 U.S. Census, the population in Henry County, Virginia was 54,151, a decrease of 6.5%, since the 2000 U.S. Census. The latest estimate by University of Virginia Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service is a population of 51,019, a decrease of 5.78% from 2010 U.S. census.
- The per capita income in Henry County, Virginia was \$40,545, compared to \$59,657 for the state, according to the latest available estimates from the U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The fiscal year 2021 Adopted Budget anticipates General Fund revenues and expenditures to be \$55,842,222, a 1.43% increase over the fiscal year 2020 original budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the County of Henry, Director of Finance, P. O. Box 7, Collinsville, Virginia 24078-0007, telephone 276-634-4630, or visit the County's website at www.henrycountyva.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2020

		Prim	ary	/ Government	Total		9	Component Unit	ts_	Henry-
		Governmental	Rı	usiness-Type	Primary		School	Development	I.	fartinsville
		Activities	ы	Activities	Government		Board	Authority		cial Services
Assets		7 tott vitil oo		7101111100	<u> </u>		<u> Dour a</u>	rationity		<u> </u>
Cash	\$	43,382,793	\$	200	\$ 43,382,993	\$	2,058,021	\$ 968,480	\$	26,324
Cash - restricted		62,399,891		_	62,399,891		39,490	-		-
Investments		10,613,129		_	10,613,129		-	-		-
Receivables, net		4,881,748		336	4,882,084		129,089	30,406		3,141
Due from County of Henry, Virginia - primary government		-		_	-		2,656,519	2,902,779		-
Internal balances		(142,864))	142,864	-		-	-		-
Due from other governments/agencies		3,043,591		-	3,043,591		2,220,237	48,625		819,030
Inventory		19,111		8,357	27,468		-	29,789,307		-
Investment in CCAT Leveraged Lender, LLC		-		-	-		-	3,753,645		-
Notes receivable		3,461,955		-	3,461,955		-	-		-
Capital Assets										
Land and construction in progress		24,994,993		-	24,994,993		3,794,245	-		-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		48,797,075		1,291,058	50,088,133		31,807,195	-		74,115
Capital Assets, Net		73,792,068		1,291,058	75,083,126		35,601,440			74,115
Other Assets			_	, - ,						
		50.050			50.050					
Net OPEB asset - HIC		59,056		-	59,056		-	-		-
Net OPEB asset - health insurance	-									18,957
Total Assets		201,510,478		1,442,815	202,953,293		42,704,796	37,493,242		941,567
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
VRS group life		236,846		-	236,846		684,744	-		59,212
VRS health insurance credit		14,883		-	14,883		605,398	-		-
Retiree health insurance		118,582		-	118,582		444,004	-		32,338
VRS pension		3,712,724			3,712,724		12,581,595			933,404
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	φ	20E E02 E12	ው	1 110 015	f 207 026 220	ф	E7 020 E27	¢ 27 402 242	ď	1 066 501
	Φ	205,593,513	\$	1,442,815	\$ 207,036,328	\$	57,020,537	\$ 37,493,242	Φ	1,966,521
Liabilities	_								_	
Accounts payable	\$	4,467,058	\$		\$ 4,492,577	\$,	\$ 16,311	\$	
Accrued payroll and other liabilities		231,228		2,996	234,224		4,266,476	-		51,940
Accrued interest		808,440		-	808,440		-	-		-
Claims payable		1,234,043		-	1,234,043		-	-		-
Unearned rents				57,809	57,809		-	<u>-</u>		-
Unearned grants		2,135,393		-	2,135,393		270,384	2,417,375		-
Due to other governments/agencies				-	.		-	10,492		-
Due to component units		4,762,743		-	4,762,743		-	-		
Due to County of Henry, Virginia - primary government		-		-	-		-	-		796,555
Long-Term Liabilities										
OPEB liabilities										
VRS group life		1,144,033		-	1,144,033		3,401,149	-		286,008
VRS health insurance credit		.		-	- -		5,840,275	-		-
Retiree health insurance		453,415		-	453,415		2,686,042	-		-
Due within one year										
Bonds, loans, other		2,274,333		-	2,274,333		616,021	3,461,955		48,057
Due in more than one year										
Landfill obligation		236,322		-	236,322		-	-		-
Compensated absences		2,386,462		-	2,386,462		851,082	-		432,515
VRS net pension liability		8,762,492		-	8,762,492		60,260,062	-		2,202,950
Bonds, capital leases, and loans payable, net		109,885,572			109,885,572		583,664			<u> </u>
Total Liabilities		138,781,534		86,324	138,867,858		79,567,826	5,906,133		3,818,025
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Held for scholarships		-		-	-		39,312	-		-
VRS group life		72,835		-	72,835		299,015	-		18,209
VRS health insurance credit		17,371		-	17,371		221,536	-		-
Retiree health insurance		470,770		-	470,770		1,579,560	-		58,631
VRS pension		551,435		-	551,435		6,835,302	-		138,635
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,112,411			1,112,411		8,974,725			215,475
Net Position		, – ,			, – ,		-,,- =0			-,
Net investment in capital assets		24,323,474		1,291,058	25,614,532		34,496,320	_		74,115
Unrestricted (deficit)		41,376,094		65,433	41,441,527		(66,018,334)	31,587,109		(2,141,094)
Total Net Position (Deficit)		65,699,568	-	1,356,491	67,056,059		(31,522,014)	31,587,109		(2,066,979)
, ,	_		_						_	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	205,593,513	\$	1,442,815	\$ 207,036,328	\$	57,020,537	\$ 37,493,242	\$	1,966,521

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net (Expense)	Povonuo	and Changes	in Not	Docition
Net texpense	Revenue	and Changes	III IVEI	LEUSILIULI

		Program	Revenues			Net (Expense	e) Revenue and C	manges in Net Pos	<u>Component Units</u>	.
			Operating	Capital	Prima	ry Government		•	Industrial	Henry-
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		School	Development	Martinsville
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>	Board	Authority	Social Services
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities										
General government administration	\$ 3,131,010	\$ 101,248	\$ 445,219	\$ -	\$ (2,584,543)		\$ (2,584,543)			
Judicial administration	3,493,139	10,150	1,307,506	-	(2,175,483)		(2,175,483)			
Public safety	16,218,463	262,709	5,929,715	-	(10,026,039)		(10,026,039)			
Public works	3,682,516	84,535	378,078	-	(3,219,903)		(3,219,903)			
Health and welfare	3,807,115	-	1,413,260	-	(2,393,855)		(2,393,855)			
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,967,534	21,124	-	-	(1,946,410)		(1,946,410)			
Community development	3,046,202	-	256,000	-	(2,790,202)		(2,790,202)			
Education - local school	17,948,826	-	-	-	(17,948,826)		(17,948,826)			
Education - community college	59,442	-	-	-	(59,442)		(59,442)			
Interest on long-term debt	3,123,795	-	-	-	(3,123,795)		(3,123,795)			
Total Governmental Activities	56,478,042	479,766	9,729,778		(46,268,498)		(46,268,498)			
Business-Type Activities										
Philpott Marina - Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	217,361	156,418	47,475			\$ (13,468)	(13,468)			
Total Business-Type Activities	217,361	156,418	47,475			(13,468)	(13,468)			
Total Primary Government	\$ 56,695,403	\$ 636,184	\$ 9,777,253	\$ -			(46,281,966)			
Component Units										
School Board										
Instruction	\$ 49,292,180	\$ 490,676	\$ 61,742,125	\$ -				\$ 12,940,621		
Administration, attendance, and health	3,423,793	-	-	-				(3,423,793)		
Pupil transportation	5,415,346	-	-	-				(5,415,346)		
Operation and maintenance	6,145,335	-	-	-				(6,145,335)		
School food service - cafeterias	5,375,547	392,764	4,788,572	-				(194,211)		
Special grants	8,509,823	-	-	-				(8,509,823)		
Facilities	2,686,693	-	-	-				(2,686,693)		
Technology	2,888,258	-	440,000	-				(2,448,258)		
Interest	917,135			_				(917,135)		
Total School Board	84,654,110	883,440	66,970,697	-				(16,799,973)		
Industrial Development Authority										
Economic development	2,797,646	-	1,519,958	-					\$ (1,277,688)	
Interest	87,991								(87,991)	
Total Industrial Development Authority	2,885,637	_	1,519,958	-					(1,365,679)	
Henry-Martinsville Social Services									•	
Health and welfare	7,684,702	_	6,719,980	-						\$ (964,722)
Total - Component Units		\$ 883,440	\$ 75,210,635	\$ -						(19,130,374)
·	General Revenues		<u> </u>							, , ,
	General propert				28,171,542	_	28,171,542	_	_	-
	Other local taxes	-			13,826,354	_	13,826,354	_	_	_
		nty of Henry, Virgi	nia		-	-	-	17,948,826	1,332,053	619,680
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	enues from use o		ertv	2,404,002	-	2,404,002	34,679	95,565	-
	Miscellaneous			,	68,720	-	68,720	1,084,536	-	23,151
		ributions not rest	ricted to specific p	rograms	6,536,986	-	6,536,986	-	-	-
	Transfers in (out)			J	(176,595)	176,595	-,222,230	-	-	-
		eral Revenues an	d Transfers		 50,831,009	176,595	51,007,604	19,068,041	1,427,618	642,831
	Change in Net Pos	sition			 4,562,511	163,127	4,725,638	2,268,068	61,939	(321,891)
	Net Position (Defic		Year		61,137,057	1,193,364	62,330,421	(33,790,082)	31,525,170	(1,745,088)
	Net Position (Defic				\$ 65,699,568	\$ 1,356,491	\$ 67,056,059	\$ (31,522,014)		\$ (2,066,979)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds At June 30, 2020

	General <u>Fund</u>		Children's Services <u>Act Fund</u>	<u>D</u>	E-911 Central Dispatch Fund	Law Library <u>Fund</u>	5	Fieldale Sanitary strict Fund	Special Grant <u>Projects Fun</u>		Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets	ф <u>20.200.202</u>	Φ		•	•	Φ.	ው	45.000	φ.		Ф 20 444 024
Cash	\$ 38,398,363	Ъ	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	45,668	\$	-	\$ 38,444,031
Cash - restricted Investments	62,399,891 10,613,129		-		-	-		-		-	62,399,891 10,613,129
Receivables - net	10,613,129		-		-	-		-		-	10,613,129
Taxes	2,511,010										2,511,010
Licenses	6,920		-		-	_		-		-	6,920
Accounts	1,436,158		_		_	676		_	4,60	_ _	1,441,434
Note receivable	3,461,955		_		_	-		_	4,00	-	3,461,955
Due from other funds	491,172		_		_	96,955		2,135	85,87	6	676,138
Due from component units	1,025,437		_		_	50,555		2,100	00,07	-	1,025,437
Due from other governments/agencies	2,001,679		322,848		437,912	_		_	281,15		3,043,591
Inventory	19,111		522,040		-07,512	_		_	201,10	_	19,111
Total Assets	\$ 122,364,825	\$	322,848	\$	\$ 437,912	\$ 97,631	\$	47,803	\$ 371,62	8	\$ 123,642,647
Liabilities				_							
Accounts payable	\$ 4,152,384	\$	248,875	\$	5,228	\$ 3,216	\$	1,302	\$ 13,83	0	\$ 4,424,835
Accrued liabilities	215,743		-		15,485	-		-		-	231,228
Due to other funds	327,830		73,973		417,199	-		-		-	819,002
Due to component units	5,788,180		-		-	-		-		-	5,788,180
Unavailable revenue - unearned grants	2,004,817		-		-	-		-	130,57	6	2,135,393
Total Liabilities	12,488,954		322,848	_	437,912	3,216		1,302	144,40	6	13,398,638
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Unavailable revenue - taxes and licenses	2,286,480			_						_	2,286,480
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances	2,286,480		-		-	-		-		-	2,286,480
Nonspendable fund balance	19,111		-		-	-		-		_	19,111
Restricted fund balance	59,208,750		-		-	94,415		46,501		-	59,349,666
Committed fund balance	4,014,337		-		-	-		-		-	4,014,337
Committed fund balance - revenue stabilization reserve	3,749,694		-		-	-		-		-	3,749,694
Assigned fund balance	7,270,632		-		-	-		-	227,22	2	7,497,854
Unassigned fund balance	33,326,867		-		-	-		-		-	33,326,867
Total Fund Balances	107,589,391			_		94,415		46,501	227,22	2	107,957,529
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		-	_	_					,		
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$122,364,825	\$	322,848	\$	437,912	<u>\$ 97,631</u>	\$	47,803	\$ 371,62	8	\$ 123,642,647

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

\$ 107,957,529

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land and construction in progress	\$ 2,165,214
Construction-in-progress	22,829,779
School assets associated with debt held by County	32,962,150
Land improvements	4,391,268
Buildings and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation	8,495,253
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation	 2,948,404

Total Capital Assets 73,792,068

Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Unavailable revenue - taxes and licenses 2,286,480

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	3,712,724
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(551,435)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	370,311
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(560,976)

Total Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources 2,970,624

Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health insurance benefits to individual funds and the component units. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

4,584,880

Liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities.

Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net position are as follows:

Bonds, capital leases, and notes payable with related premiums	(111,868,485)
Accrued interest payable	(808,440)
OPEB (obligation) asset	(1,538,392)
Net VRS pension liability	(8,762,492)
Landfill closure and post-closure liability	(262,580)
Compensated absences	(2,651,624)

Total (125,892,013)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 65,699,568

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2020

						Fieldale	Special	Total	
		General	Children's	E-911 Central	Law	Sanitary	Grant	Government	tal
Revenues	•	<u>Fund</u>	Services Act Fund	•	_		Projects Fund	<u>Funds</u>	
General property taxes		27,893,373	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,893,3	
Other local taxes		13,826,354	-	-	-	-	-	13,826,3	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		49,950	-	-	-	-	-	49,9	
Fines and forfeitures		140,504	-	-	-	-	-	140,	
Use of money and property		2,403,018	-	-		984	-	2,404,0	
Charges for services		283,675	-	-	5,637	-	-	289,3	
Miscellaneous		68,720	-	-	-	-		68,7	
Recovered costs		3,327,637	-	414,932	2,654	-	1,053,565	4,798,7	788
Intergovernmental									
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia		10,900,545	1,385,239	525,659	-	-	-	12,811,4	
Revenue from the Federal Government		3,131,335	28,021				295,965	3,455,3	321
Total Revenues		62,025,111	1,413,260	940,591	8,291	984	1,349,530	65,737,7	767
Expenditures									
Current									
General government administration		3,398,733	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	3,398,7	
Judicial administration		3,021,026	-	-	17,468	-	-	3,038,4	
Public safety		15,976,468	-	1,801,875	-	<u>-</u>	-	17,778,	
Public works		3,572,282	-	-	-	15,628	-	3,587,9	
Health and welfare - social services component unit		619,680	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	619,6	
Health and welfare		920,316	2,058,711	-	-	-	-	2,979,0	
Education - community college		59,442	-	-	-	-	-		442
Education - school board component unit		17,764,408	-	-	-	-	-	17,764,4	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,933,218	-	-	-	-	-	1,933,2	
Community development - IDA component unit		1,332,053	-	-	-	-	-	1,332,0	
Community development		2,210,790	-	-	-	-	1,416,047	3,626,8	
Nondepartmental		60,252	-	-	-	-	-	60,2	252
Debt service									
Principal		-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Interest		2,504,708	-	-	-	-	-	2,504,7	
Capital outlay		21,101,800						21,101,8	800
Total Expenditures	_	74,475,176	2,058,711	1,801,875	17,468	15,628	1,416,047	79,784,9	905
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(12,450,065)	(645,451)	(861,284)	(9,177)	(14,644)	(66,517)	(14,047,	138)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Issuance of debt		25,300,000	-	-	-	-	-	25,300,0	000
Transfers in		-	645,451	861,284			45,190	1,551,9	925
Transfers out		(1,728,520)						(1,728,	<u>520</u>)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		23,571,480	645,451	861,284			45,190	25,123,4	<u>405</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		11,121,415	-	-	(9,177)	(14,644)	(21,327)	11,076,2	267
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		96,467,976			103,592	61,145	248,549	96,881,2	262
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$ 1</u>	07,589,391	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 94,415	\$ 46,501	\$ 227,222	\$ 107,957,5	<u>529</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 11,076,267

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Net capital outlays and dispositions of assets	\$ 21,987,551
Depreciation expense	(1,728,382)

20.259.169

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the fund statements. This amount represents the difference in the amounts recorded as revenues in the fund statements versus the Statement of Activities on a year-to-year basis.

278,169

Bond and capital lease proceeds are reported as financing sources in Governmental Funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing debt increases the long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities. Similarly, the repayment of principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position.

Proceeds from new debt	(25,895,586)
Tower lease	19,200
Repayment of principal and adjustment to bond premiums	1,896,620
Change in accrued interest	(79,435)

(24,059,201)

Change in allocation of school's capital assets (new school buildings) that have debt held and payable by the County associated with the buildings.

Change in net school assets allocated to County

Net Adjustment

(1,999,170)

Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health insurance benefits. This is the net income from these funds.

(64,757)

(1,999,170)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in the following accounts are as follows:

Net pension liability	(2,422,197)
Deferred inflows - VRS pension	11,571
Deferred outflows - VRS pension	1,342,749
Deferred outflows - OPEB	203,950
Deferred inflows - OPEB	177,651
Other postemployment benefits	(118,955)
Landfill obligation - closure monitoring	(4,389)
Compensated absences	(118,346)

(927,966)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Net Adjustment

\$ 4,562,511

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

At June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Philpott Marina Fund #51		Internal Service Fund Self-insurance Fund #58	
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash		\$ 200	\$ 4,938,762	
Receivables, net		336	922,384	
Inventory		8,357	-	
Due from General Fund		142,864	_	
Total Current Assets		151,757	5,861,146	
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital assets, net		1,291,058	_	
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,291,058		
Total Assets		\$ 1,442,815	\$ 5,861,146	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable		\$ 25,519	\$ 42,223	
Accrued payroll and other liabilities		2,996	· -	
Claims payable		· -	1,234,043	
Unearned rents		57,809		
Total Current Liabilities		86,324	1,276,266	
Total Liabilities		86,324	1,276,266	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		1,291,058	_	
Unrestricted		65,433	4,584,880	
Total Net Position		1,356,491	4,584,880	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources, and Net Position		\$ 1,442,815	\$ 5,861,146	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Philpott Marina Fund #51	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Operating Revenues Charges for services, premiums collected Charges for services, net - fuel and store sales Charges for services, net - rentals Harvest Foundation	\$ - 82,835 73,583 47,475	\$ 12,733,994 - - -	
Total Operating Revenues	203,893	12,733,994	
Operating Expenses Personal services Fringe benefits Repairs and maintenance Food and store purchases for resale Fuel purchases for resale Utilities Office expenses Insurance Other supplies and charges Small construction and equipment purchases Depreciation Insurance claims paid and transaction fees Health care incentives paid Total Operating Expenses	47,016 5,059 4,827 18,320 38,788 9,924 4,189 709 380 21,486 66,663	- - - - - - 12,807,892 89,175	
Operating Loss	(13,468)	(163,073)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest income Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u> </u>	98,316 98,316	
Loss Before Transfers	(13,468)	(64,757)	
Operating Transfers In	176,595	<u>-</u>	
Net Operating Transfers	176,595	<u>-</u>	
Change in Net Position	163,127	(64,757)	
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	1,193,364	4,649,637	
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,356,491	\$ 4,584,880	

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Acti <u>Enterp</u> Philpo	ess-Type ivities - rise Fund ott Marina nd #51	Se	Internal rvice Fund If-insurance Fund #58
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers	\$	170,473	\$	11,954,247
Receipts from Harvest Foundation Payments for personnel and related costs Payments to suppliers and other operating costs		(51,997) (88,133)		- (12,959,927)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		30,343		(1,005,680)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Payments on Due to/Due from General Fund Transfer from other funds		(3,158) 176,595		(25,959)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities		173,437		(25,959)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets		(203,780)		<u>-</u>
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(203,780)		-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest income				98,316
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		<u>-</u>		98,316
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		(933,323)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		200		5,872,085
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	200	\$	4,938,762
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities				
Operating loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cook Provided by (Lood in) Operating Assisting	\$	(13,468)	\$	(163,073)
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Depreciation expense Changes in assets and liabilities		66,663		-
Receivables, net		1,063		(779,747)
Inventory		(1,456)		-
Accounts payable		15,446		(62,860)
Accrued expenses and payroll liabilities		78 12.002		-
Unearned rents Unearned grants		12,992 (50,975)		-
Chamba glants		(00,070)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	30,343	\$	(1,005,680)

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Agency Funds

	Special Welfare	Gateway Streetscape Foundation, Inc.	Jail <u>Inmate</u>	OPEB <u>Trust</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets Cash	\$ 4,634	\$ -	\$105,766	\$3,085,931	\$3,196,331
Total Assets	\$ 4,634	\$ -	\$105,766	\$3,085,931	\$3,196,331
Liabilities Amounts held for others	\$ 4,634	\$ -	\$105,766	\$3,085,931	\$3,196,331
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,634	\$ -	\$105,766	\$3,085,931	\$3,196,331

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Narrative Profile

The County of Henry, Virginia (the "County") has a population of approximately 51,019 living within an area of 382 square miles. The County is located in the foothills of the Blue Ridge Mountains, in the southern Piedmont region of Virginia. The borders are shared with Patrick County to the west, Franklin County to the north, Pittsylvania County to the east, and the North Carolina line to the south.

The County was named for Patrick Henry, who lived there from 1780 to 1784. They originally were part of Pittsylvania County, but then went on their own in 1777.

The County of Henry, Virginia (the "County") is governed under the County Administration-Board of Supervisors form of government. The County engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation, and cultural, community development, and education.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

1-A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Henry, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Discretely Presented Component Units

Henry County School Board

Henry County School Board (the "School Board") is organized as an independently governed school system for operating the public schools in the County. Citizens of the County elect school board members. The School Board is financially dependent on

appropriations by the County Board of Supervisors for current operations, with any surplus funds returned to the County annually. In addition, major capital improvements are financed by long-term debt issued by the County. In accordance with requirements of the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the School Board is considered to be a major component unit of the County. The government-wide statements are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and the School Board governmental fund combining statements are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section.

Industrial Development Authority of Henry County, Virginia

The Industrial Development Authority of Henry County, Virginia (the "IDA") operates as an enterprise activity by assisting local industry with bond financing. The IDA is a legally separate organization; however, the Board of Supervisors of the County appoints all of the IDA's Board, and the County is legally obligated for the debts of the IDA. The IDA is presented as a discretely presented component unit for reporting purposes. The government-wide statements are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position and the governmental fund statements are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section.

Henry-Martinsville Social Services Board

The Henry-Martinsville Social Services Board (the "HMSS") operates the Department of Social Services for both the County and the City. This joint entity was established June 1, 1997. Of the nine Board members, the County appoints six. The County is financially accountable for HMSS because it appoints a majority of the Board members and because the County is legally obligated to finance the deficits of and provide financial support to the Board. The County and the City have an agreement in which the City will reimburse the County for their share of administrative, operating, and maintenance costs that are unreimbursed by state or federal grants. The government-wide statements are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the governmental fund statements are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section. These entities are collectively included and referred to as the "County."

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity

Related Organization

Henry County Public Service Authority

The primary function of Henry County Public Service Authority (the "HCPSA") is to provide water and sewer services to areas of the County. The HCPSA Board of Directors approves its own budget and maintains oversight of all programs. Most of the funding for HCPSA comes from state and federal grants as well as from charges for services. The County provides some financial assistance, but HCPSA is not financially dependent on the County. The Board of Supervisors appoints a Board member to the HCPSA from each County district. While not a component unit of the County, HCPSA is considered to be a related organization since the County has determinable ongoing financial interests in or responsibilities for HCPSA. The County contributed \$406,800 to the Authority for fire hydrant rental during the year.

1-B. Financial Reporting Model

The County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information, described as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis – The basic financial statements are accompanied by a narrative introduction as well as an analytical overview of the County's financial activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report financial information for the County as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and the County's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. The fiduciary funds of the primary government are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the County and its discretely presented component units at year end.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, clearly identifiable to that particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the County's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not considered to be program revenues are reported as general revenues of the County. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements – During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements — Since the governmental funds financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, a summary reconciliation of the difference between total fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet and total governmental activities net position as shown on the government-wide Statement of Net Position is presented. In addition, a summary reconciliation of the difference between the total net change in fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the change in net position of governmental activities as shown on the government-wide Statement of Activities is presented.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The County and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.

GASB-Required Supplementary Pension – GASB issued Statement No. 68–*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*–an *amendment of GASB No. 27*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions.

1-C. Financial Statement Presentation

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The following is a brief description of the funds reported by the County in each of its fund types in the financial statements:

• Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The County reports the difference between its governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

o General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County and accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the County which are not accounted for in other funds. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, licenses, permits, charges for services, use of money and property, and intergovernmental grants. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes. A significant part of the General Fund's revenue is transferred to other funds and component units, principally to finance the operations of the County's Public Schools.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those derived from special assessments, expendable trusts, or dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting due to legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special Revenue Funds include the following:

Children's Services Act Fund

The Children's Services Act Fund accounts for revenue derived from the Commonwealth of Virginia for the care of the localities' special needs children. This special revenue fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

E-911 Central Dispatch Fund

The E-911 Central Dispatch Fund accounts for the financial transactions associated with the operation of the County's 911 Emergency Services Center. Revenues are primarily derived from reimbursements from the City of Martinsville, Virginia, County of Henry, Virginia, the State Compensation Board, and Virginia Wireless Board. This special revenue fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

Law Library Fund

The Law Library Fund accounts for revenue received from other funds for the use of the library. This special revenue fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

Fieldale Sanitary District Fund

Fieldale Sanitary District – This fund accounted for money held in trust for the benefit of the Fieldale Sanitary District through June 30, 2013. Effective July 1, 2013, the Fieldale Sanitary District Board gifted to the County the remaining cash assets of the District. These funds are accounted for as a special revenue fund to be used for street lights and curb maintenance for the community of Fieldale.

- Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The County has one enterprise fund at this time, Philpott Marina Fund, which accounts for activities of the Marina for recreational use by the citizens of Henry County and the surrounding area. The Component Unit IDA Fund is also accounted for as a proprietary fund.
 - Internal Service Funds Internal service funds account for financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County government. Internal service funds consist of the following:

Self-Insurance

This fund accounts for costs associated with providing health insurance benefits to employees of the County, School Board, and Social Services and with managing claims pertaining thereto.

• Capital Projects Funds – Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital Projects Funds include the following:

Special Grant Projects Fund

The Special Grant Projects Fund accounts for all financial resources used for recording activity for CDBG and related type grants. This fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

- Fiduciary Funds (Agency Funds) Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County
 in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other
 governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting.
 Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot
 be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not
 incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The County maintains the
 following fiduciary funds:
 - Special Welfare Fund The Special Welfare Fund is used to reimburse the Children's Service Act Fund, State Agencies, and others for expenses incurred on behalf of Henry-Martinsville Social Services welfare clients. Income is derived primarily from the Social Security Administration and other local organizations on behalf of the Social Services' clients.
 - Gateway Streetscape Foundation, Inc. This fund is used to account for the funds
 of a local nonprofit organization whose purpose is to improve the Community's
 aesthetic value by planting flowers and trees on major roadways. This entity was
 dissolved on June 30, 2020.
 - Jail Inmate Fund This fund is comprised of cash on inmates of the Henry County Jail at the time of their arrest or contributions to them from their family members.
 These funds can only be used for the health and welfare of specific County inmates.
 - OPEB Trust Fund This fund is comprised of the money held in trust to fund postretiree benefits of health insurance for the County, the School Board, and Henry-Martinsville Social Services.

Component Unit (Henry County School Board)

The Henry County School Board has the following funds:

<u>School Fund</u> – The School Fund accounts for the general operations and activities of the schools with the exception of the textbook purchases and cafeteria operations.

<u>School Textbook Fund</u> – The School Textbook Fund handles purchases of textbooks for the school system.

<u>School Cafeteria Fund</u> – The School Cafeteria Fund accounts for all school cafeteria operations including federal and state grants, meal charges, and food purchases.

1-D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property taxes, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and, subsequently, remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditures. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1-E-1 Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County operates a cash and investment pool which most funds utilize. The County pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income.

1-E-2 Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), and the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP).

1-E-3 Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portions of the interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statement as internal balances.

The County levies real estate taxes on all real property on a fiscal year basis, at a rate enacted by the County Board of Supervisors on the assessed value of property (except public utility property) as determined by the Commissioner of Revenue of Henry County. The Commonwealth of Virginia assesses public utility property. Neither the County nor the Commonwealth of Virginia imposes a limitation on the tax rate. All property is assessed at 100 percent of fair market value and real estate is reassessed every four years. The Commissioner of Revenue prorates billings for property incomplete as of January 1, but completed during the year. Any taxes paid after the due date is subject to a 10 percent penalty and an 8 percent interest charge.

Real estate taxes are billed annually and due by December 5. Liens are placed on the property on the date real estate taxes are delinquent, and interest at the rate of 10 percent per annum is added to the delinquent tax and penalty, and must be satisfied prior to the sale or transfer of the property. Any uncollected amounts from previous years' levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance.

Personal property tax assessments on tangible business property are based on a declining graduated percent of cost based on year of acquisition. All motor vehicles are based on 100 percent of loan value of the property as of January 1 of each year. Personal property taxes do not create a lien on property. Any taxes paid after the due date is subject to a 10 percent penalty and an 8 percent interest charge.

Property taxes receivable are included as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements since these taxes are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

Any uncollected amounts from prior year levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act of 1998 (PPTRA), the County receives taxpayers' payments in fiscal year 2020 from the State for its share of the local personal property tax payment (for personal use motor vehicles), with the remainder collected by the County.

1-E-4 Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

1-E-5 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those capital assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The County reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but does not report these assets in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the enterprise funds' Statement of Net Position.

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General, Children's Services Act, E-911 Central Dispatch, Law Library, Fieldale Sanitary District, and Special Grant Projects funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization thresholds are met. The capitalization thresholds for capitalizing capital assets are \$5,000 and \$100,000 for building additions. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation is recorded on general capital assets on a government-wide basis.

In the fund financial statements, maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment costs are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that meet the County's capitalization policy and materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized in the government-wide financial statements. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, or equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in current year's operations.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	15-40 years
Equipment	3-15 years

1-E-6 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents the usage of net position applicable to future periods and will be recognized as expenditures in the future period to which it applies. This category also includes amounts related to pensions for certain actuarially determined differences between projected and actual investment earnings.

The Statement of Net Position also includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This represents an acquisition of net position applicable to future periods and will be recognized as revenue in the future period to which it applies. Currently, this category includes revenues received in advance, and amounts related to pensions for certain actuarially determined differences between projected and actual experience.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet include unavailable revenue. Unavailable revenue consists primarily of special assessment, loans and notes receivable. The County considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

1-E-7 Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated absence liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level when paid.

1-E-8 Pensions

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is a multiemployer, agent plan. The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan's and VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1-E-9 Group Life Insurance Program

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance Program is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Group Life Insurance Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net Group Life Insurance Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, and Group Life Insurance Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Group Life Insurance program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Group Life Insurance Program OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1-E-10 Health Insurance Credit Program

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is a multiple-employer, agent defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. For purposes of measuring the net Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, and the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1-E-11 Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seg. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For purposes of measuring the net Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, and the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1-E-12 Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County of Henry, Virginia's OPEB Plan for Retiree's Health Insurance and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. See Notes to the financial statement for more information regarding the Plan.

1-E-13 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as fund balance. Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as net position.

Governmental Fund Balances – Generally, governmental fund balances represent the difference between the current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which resources can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> – all amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. This net investment in capital assets amount also is adjusted by any bond issuance deferral amounts. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

1-E-14 Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for Philpott Marina. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All other items that do not directly relate to the principal and usual activity of the fund are recorded as nonoperating revenues and expenses. These items include investment earnings and gains or losses on the disposition of capital assets.

1-E-15 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after the non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds.

1-E-16 Long-Term Obligations

In the Government-wide financial statements and propriety fund types in the Fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as insurance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount. Bond insurance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the Fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

1-E-17 Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Children's Services Act, E-911 Central Dispatch, Law Library, Fieldale Sanitary District, and Special Grant Projects funds.

1-E-18 Land and Building - Held for Sale

The IDA has land and building that are held for resale to potential industries in the County. The assets are recorded at cost. Periodically, incidental rent is received for the use of these facilities.

1-E-19 Unearned Revenues

This account includes amounts recognized as receivables but not revenues in governmental funds because the revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

1-E-20 Adoption of New GASB Statements

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the County adopted the following GASB statement:

 Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance

This Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting)
- Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2018
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2019
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases

1-F. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

2 Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Supervisors annually adopts budgets for the various funds of the primary government and component units. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the primary Government Funds. The School Board appropriation is determined by the Board of Supervisors and controlled in total by the primary government. Unexpended and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year except as allowed by the Appropriations Resolution.

Budgetary Data

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 18, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund, function, and departmental level. These appropriations for each fund, function, and department can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for all major funds and component units.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Supplemental Appropriations are adopted if necessary during the fiscal year.
- 8. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments subject to limitations set in the Appropriations Resolution; however, the School Board and Henry-Martinsville Social Services are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within each of their respective budget categories.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations at the fund level.

Fund Deficits

There are no fund deficits.

3 Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 *et seq.* of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amount from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Investment Policy

In accordance with state statutes, the current investment policy of the County authorizes investments in obligations of the United States and agencies thereof, Bankers' Acceptances, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, tax exempt and taxable Municipal Bonds, the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP) or other authorized Arbitrage Investment Management programs, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (the Virginia LGIP, a 2a-7 like pool). Both SNAP and LGIP are not registered with the SEC but are overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and the State Treasury Board. The fair value of the County's position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The County's investments are subject to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and custodial risk as described below. The County's investments are not subject to foreign currency risk.

Credit Risk

As required by State statute, the policy requires that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" or "P-1" or "F-1" (or its equivalent) from Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's or Fitch. Municipal Bonds must have a rating of "AA" or higher by at least two of the following National Credit Rating Agencies: Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's or Fitch.

Although state statute does not impose credit standards on repurchase agreement counterparties, bankers' acceptances, or money market mutual funds, the County has established stringent credit standards for these investments to minimize portfolio risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by issuer in order to control concentration of credit risk. The Policy establishes limitations on the holdings as follows:

- The portfolio will be diversified with no more than 5% of the value of the portfolio invested in the securities of any single issuer. This limitation shall not apply to the U.S. Government, or Agency thereof, or U.S. Government sponsored corporation securities and fully insured and/or collateralized certificates of deposit.
- 2. The maximum percentage of the Investment Portfolio in each eligible security type is limited as follows:

U.S. Treasury	100%
Agency Securities (no more than 35% in any one agency)	100%
Money Market Mutual Funds	100%
Repurchase Agreements	40%
Municipal Obligations (no more than 5%* in any one issuer)	20%
Bankers Acceptances (no more than 5%* in any one bank)	20%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (no more than 5%* in any one bank)	20%
Commercial Paper (no more than 5%* in any one issuing corporation)	20%
Virginia Local Government Investment Pool	100%
Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program	100% of Bond Proceeds
*or \$1 Million, whichever is greater	

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Policy limits the investment of operating funds to investments with a stated maturity of no more than five years from the date of purchase.

Custodial Credit Risk

The Policy requires that all investment securities purchased by the County be held by a third-party custodial agent who may not otherwise be counterparty to the investment transaction. As of June 30, all of the County's investments are held in a custodian's trust department in the County's name.

The County's investments consist of the following:

	Fair <u>Value</u>	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Municipal bonds U.S. Government bonds Collateralized Money Market - Trustee Money Market - SNAP Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,913,857 2,297,882 5,157,125 62,399,891 17,140,097	1.90 2.40 N/A N/A 4.40
	\$ 88,908,852	

County's investments by credit rating consist of the following:

Rating (Moody's or <u>S&P)</u>	Fair <u>Value</u>
AA+ or higher Unrated	\$ 4,211,739 84,697,113
	\$88,908,852

Cash and investments are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

Component Units

	Primary <u>Government</u>	Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>	School <u>Board</u>	Industrial Development Authority	Henry- Martinsville Social Services	<u>Total</u>
Deposits and Investments						
Cash on hand	\$ 1,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,325
Demand deposits	95,042,852	110,400	2,097,511	968,480	26,324	98,245,567
Bonds	4,211,739	-	-	-	-	4,211,739
Certificates of deposit	17,140,097	-	-	-	-	17,140,097
OPEB Trust		3,085,931				3,085,931
	\$ 116,396,013	\$ 3,196,331	\$ 2,097,511	\$ 968,480	\$ 26,324	\$ 122,684,659
Statement of Net Position Deposits and Investments						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 116,396,013	\$ -	\$ 2,097,511	\$ 968,480	\$ 26,324	\$ 119,488,328
Fiduciary fund cash		3,196,331				3,196,331
	\$ 116,396,013	\$ 3,196,331	\$ 2,097,511	\$ 968,480	\$ 26,324	\$ 122,684,659

Fair Value

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

	<u>Level 1</u>	Ĺ	Level 2	Lev	<u>el 3</u>		<u>Total</u>
Investments by Fair Value Level							
Municipal bonds	\$	-	\$ 1,913,857	\$	-	\$	1,913,857
U.S. Government bonds		_	2,297,882	-		_	2,297,882
	\$	_	\$ 4,211,739	\$		\$	4,211,739

The Component Unit – IDA owns 42.80% of CCAT Leveraged Lender, LLC. The capital account balance per the Schedule K-1 as of June 30, 2020 is \$3,753,645.

4 Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

	Primary G	Government Component Units									
	vernmental <u>Activities</u>		siness-Type Activities		School <u>Board</u>	Deve	dustrial elopment <u>ithority</u>	Maı	Henry- rtinsville Il Services	Ageı <u>Fun</u>	
Accounts Receivable											
Property taxes	\$ 3,740,443	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Business licenses	6,920		-		-		-		-		-
Meals taxes	5,599		-		-		-		-		-
Other miscellaneous	 2,358,219		336	_	129,089		30,406		3,141		
Total	6,111,181		336		129,089		30,406		3,141		-
Allow ance for uncollectibles	 (1,229,433)		<u>-</u>			_			<u>-</u>		
Net Accounts Receivable	\$ 4,881,748	\$	336	\$	129,089	\$	30,406	\$	3,141	\$	
Notes Receivable											
Notes receivable	\$ 3,461,955	\$		\$	=	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Net Notes Receivable	\$ 3,461,955	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>

Note: The Self-Insurance Fund receivable of \$922,384 is in Governmental Activities per GASB 34 for Exhibit 1.

5 Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Transfers <u>In</u>	Transfers <u>Out</u>
County of Henry, Virginia		
General Fund	Φ.	Ф 004 004
From General Fund to Central Dispatch Fund	\$ -	\$ 861,284 45,190
From General Fund to Special Grant Projects Fund From General Fund to Children's Services Act Fund	_	645,451
From General Fund to Children's General Fund From General Fund to Philipott Marina Fund	_	176,595
·		170,000
Children's Services Act Fund	0.45 454	
From General Fund to Children's Services Act Fund	645,451	-
Special Grant Projects Fund		
From General Fund to Special Grant Projects Fund	45,190	-
Central Dispatch Fund		
From General Fund to Central Dispatch Fund	861,284	-
Total Governmental Funds	1,551,925	1,728,520
Drangiotory Eundo		
Proprietary Funds		
Philpott Marina Fund	470 505	
From General Fund to Philpott Marina Fund	176,595	-
Total	\$ 1,728,520	\$ 1,728,520

Transfers between major governmental funds were primarily to support operations of the funds.

6Transfer to Component Units/Transfer from Primary Government

Details of the primary government due to component units as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Tr	ansfers <u>In</u>	Ti	ransfers <u>Out</u>
County of Henry, Virginia to Component Units Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia				
To Component Unit - Social Services To Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority	\$	-	\$	619,680 1,332,053
To Component Unit - School Board		-		7,764,408
Component Unit - Social Services From Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia		619,680		-
Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority From Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia	1	1,332,053		-
Component Unit - School Board				
From Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia	17	7,764,408		
	\$19	9,716,141	\$19	9,716,141
Component Unit - School Board - Transfers School Fund				
From School to School Textbook Fund	\$	-	\$	545,677
School Textbook Fund				
From School to School Textbook Fund		545,677		
	\$	545,677	\$	545,677

The remainder of this page is left blank intentionally.

Due from/to Other Funds

Details of the primary government interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Due From	Due <u>To</u>
County of Henry, Virginia	<u>110111</u>	<u>10</u>
Governmental Funds		
General Fund to Philpott Marina	\$ -	\$ 142,864
Children's Services Act Fund to General Fund	73,973	73,973
E-911 Central Dispatch Fund to General Fund	417,199	417,199
Fieldale Sanitary District from General Fund	2,135	2,135
Law Library Fund from General Fund	96,955	96,955
Special Grant Projects Fund from General Fund	85,876	85,876
	676,138	819,002
Proprietary Funds		
Philpott Marina from General Fund	142,864	
Totals	\$ 819,002	\$ 819,002
Primary Government and Component Units - Interfund Accounts		
Primary Government		
Due to Industrial Development Authority from County	\$ -	\$ 2,586,976
Due to Industrial Site Project from County	-	315,803
Due from Social Services to County	796,555	-
Due to School Fund from County	-	2,885,401
Due from School Cafeteria Fund to County	228,882	
Total	1,025,437	5,788,180
Net Due from Component Units to Primary Government	(4,762,743)	
Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority		
Due to Industrial Development Authority from County	2,586,976	_
Due to Regional Industrial Site Project from County	315,803	_
Total		
	2,902,779	-
Net Due from Primary Government to Component Unit IDA	2,902,779	
Component Unit - Social Services		
Due from Social Services to County	-	796,555
Total		796,555
Net Due to Primary Government from Component Unit Social Services		796,555
The Bus to Filmary Committee Herri Component Crit Coolar Collinson		. 55,555
Component Unit - School Board		
Due from School Cafeteria Fund to County	_	228,882
Due from School Textbook Fund to School Fund	7,192	7,192
Due to School Fund from County	2,885,401	
Total	2,892,593	236,074
	2,032,333	
Net Due to Primary Government from Component Unit School Board		(2,656,519)
Total Net Due from/to Primary Government		
and Component Units	\$ (1,859,964)	\$ (1,859,964)

Due from Other Governmental Units

Details of the County's receivables from other governmental units, as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Commonwealth of Virginia School Activities School Board Social Services Commonwealth of Virginia \$ 901,233 \$1,079,646 \$ - Communications tax 315,784 - - Auto rental tax 4,949 - - - Mobile home tax 8,080 - - - Compensation Board 536,488 - - - Compensation Board 536,488 - - - Compensation Board 536,488 - - - - Comprehensive services 9,177 - <				Henry-
Activities Board Services Commonwealth of Virginia State and local sales taxes \$ 901,233 \$1,079,646 \$ - Communications tax 315,784 - - Auto rental tax 4,949 - - Mobile home tax 8,080 - - Compensation Board 536,488 - - Comprehensive services 322,848 - - 911 funds 39,985 - - Emergency services 9,177 - - School food program - 15,222 - Other reimbursements 42,469 42,219 - Public assistance - 1,137,087 186,368 Federal Government - 17,017 - Title VIB Flow-Through - 330,916 - Title VIB Flow-Through - 330,916 - Title II - 330,002 - Title II - 30,002 -		0	Oakaal	
State and local sales taxes \$ 901,233 \$1,079,646 \$ - \$ Communications tax 315,784 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto rental tax 4,949 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto rental tax 4,949 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto rental tax 4,949 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto rental tax 4,949 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto rental tax 536,488 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto rental sax 536,488 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto rental sax 536,488 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 322,848 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 322,848 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 322,848 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ - \$ - \$ Auto Comprehensive services 9,177 - \$ Auto Com				
State and local sales taxes \$ 901,233 \$1,079,646 \$ - Communications tax 315,784 - - Auto rental tax 4,949 - - Mobile home tax 8,080 - - Comprehensive services 322,848 - - Gomprehensive services 39,985 - - 911 funds 39,985 - - Emergency services 9,177 - - School food program - 15,222 - Other reimbursements 42,469 42,219 - Public assistance - 15,222 - Public assistance - 15,222 - Public assistance - 186,368 Federal Government - 17,017 - Title VIB Rural and Low Income - 17,017 - Preschool Handicapped - 17,017 - Title II - 30,022 - Title II -	On an annual the of Minninia	Activities	Board	Services
Communications tax 315,784 - - Auto rental tax 4,949 - - Mobile home tax 8,080 - - Compensation Board 536,488 - - Comprehensive services 322,848 - - 911 funds 39,985 - - Emergency services 9,177 - - School food program - 15,222 - Other reimbursements 42,469 42,219 - Public assistance - - 186,368 Public assistance - - 186,368 Eederal Government - - 186,368 Federal Government - - 186,368 Title VIB Flow-Through - 330,916 - Title VI Rural and Low Income - 17,017 - Preschool Handicapped - 10,469 - Title II - 354,263 - Title III <t< td=""><td>_</td><td>Φ 004.000</td><td>Φ 4 070 040</td><td>•</td></t<>	_	Φ 004.000	Φ 4 0 7 0 040	•
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Compensation Board 536,488 - - Comprehensive services 322,848 - - 911 funds 39,985 - - Emergency services 9,177 - - School food program - 15,222 - Other reimbursements 42,469 42,219 - Public assistance - - 186,368 Public assistance - - 186,368 Federal Government Title VIB Flow-Through - 330,916 - Title VI Rural and Low Income - 17,017 - Preschool Handicapped - 10,469 - Title II - 354,263 - Title II - 76,083 - Title III - 30,702 - Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 -			-	-
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Other reimbursements 42,469 42,219 - Public assistance - - 186,368 2,181,013 1,137,087 186,368 Federal Government Title VIB Flow-Through - 330,916 - Title VI Rural and Low Income - 17,017 - Preschool Handicapped - 10,469 - Title I - 354,263 - Title III - 30,702 - Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - - Public assistance - - <td>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>9,177</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,177	-	-
Public assistance - - 186,368 Federal Government Title VIB Flow-Through - 330,916 - Title VI Rural and Low Income - 17,017 - Preschool Handicapped - 10,469 - Title I - 354,263 - Title III - 76,083 - Title IV - 30,702 - School food program - 102,521 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities -	·	-		-
Federal Government Title VIB Flow-Through - 330,916 - Title VI Rural and Low Income - 17,017 - Preschool Handicapped - 10,469 - Title I - 354,263 - Title III - 76,083 - Title IV - 30,702 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - Community development grants 281,152 - Victim witness 41,277 - Transportation grants 6,656 - Public assistance - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927		42,469	42,219	-
Federal Government Title VIB Flow-Through - 330,916 - Title VI Rural and Low Income - 17,017 - Preschool Handicapped - 10,469 - Title I - 354,263 - Title III - 76,083 - Title III - 30,702 - Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 Community development grants 281,152 - Victim witness 41,277 - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities 397,927 - City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 -	Public assistance			186,368
Title VIB Flow-Through - 330,916 - Title VI Rural and Low Income - 17,017 - Preschool Handicapped - 10,469 - Title I - 354,263 - Title III - 76,083 - Title III - 30,702 - Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - - -		2,181,013	1,137,087	186,368
Title VI Rural and Low Income - 17,017 - Preschool Handicapped - 10,469 - Title I - 354,263 - Title III - 30,702 - Title IIV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Federal Government			
Preschool Handicapped - 10,469 - Title I - 354,263 - Title III - 76,083 - Title IVI - 30,702 - Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities - - - City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Title VIB Flow-Through	-	330,916	-
Title II - 354,263 - Title III - 76,083 - Title IV - 30,702 - Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Title VI Rural and Low Income	-	17,017	-
Title II - 354,263 - Title III - 76,083 - Title IV - 30,702 - Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Preschool Handicapped	-	10,469	-
Title III - 30,702 - Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Title I	-	354,263	-
Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Title II	-	76,083	-
Title IV - 31,694 - School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Title III	_	30,702	_
School food program - 102,521 - CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - - Other Governmental Entities 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 Other Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 -	Title IV	_	31,694	_
CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins - 42,414 - QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927	School food program	-	102,521	-
QSCB interest subsidy - 75,508 - Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	• •	_		_
Law enforcement 33,041 - - Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	·	_		_
Community development grants 281,152 - - Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	•	33,041	-	-
Victim witness 41,277 - - Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Community development grants		-	-
Transportation grants 6,656 - - Public assistance - - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	• • •		-	-
Public assistance - - 348,379 Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Transportation grants	,	-	_
Other reimbursements 102,525 11,563 - 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -		, -	-	348.379
Other Governmental Entities 464,651 1,083,150 348,379 City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927 - -	Other reimbursements	102,525	11.563	-
Other Governmental Entities City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927				348 370
City of Martinsville, VA - 911 funds 397,927	Other Governmental Entities	404,031	1,000,100	340,379
·		207 027		
204,200	· ·	391,921	-	284 283
\$ 3,043,591 \$2,220,237 \$ 819,030	Olly of Martine VIII.	\$ 3,043,591	\$2,220,237	

9 Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

Governmental Activities

Carital Access Not Bains Dansaciated	Balance July 1, <u>2019</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2020</u>
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$ 2,136,614	\$ 20,500	\$ -	\$ 8,100	\$ 2,165,214
Construction-in-progress		22,829,779	-	ψ 0,100 -	22,829,779
. 🗸			-	-	
Total Capital Assets Not					
Being Depreciated	2,136,614	22,850,279	-	8,100	24,994,993
Canital Access Danragiants					
Capital Assets, Depreciable Land improvements	3 774 638	3 0/0 175	2 080 422	_	4,743,391
Buildings and improvements	3,774,638 26,410,733	3,049,175 155,496	2,080,422 2,849,042	459,455	24,176,642
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	19,212,714	923,397	619,279	-	19,516,832
Total Capital Assets - Depreciable	49,398,085	4,128,068	5,548,743	459,455	48,436,865
·		, ,		,	
Less: Accumulated depreciation for					
Land improvements	306,127	45,996	-	-	352,123
Buildings and improvements	14,736,493	485,441	-	459,455	15,681,389
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	15,929,430	1,196,945	557,947		16,568,428
Total Accumulated Depreciation	30,972,050	1,728,382	557,947	459,455	32,601,940
Other Capital Assets, Net	18,426,035	2,399,686	4,990,796		15,834,925
Net Capital Assets before Allocation from School	\$20,562,649	\$25,249,965	\$4,990,796	\$ 8,100	40,829,918
Add: Net school buildings allocated to County with outstanding debt					32,962,150
Net Capital Assets					\$73,792,068
Depreciation expense was allocated as follows:					
General government administration	\$ 215,302				
Judicial administration	262,365				
Public safety	1,047,054				
Public works	71,438				
Health and welfare	226				
Parks, recreation, and cultural	131,997				
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,728,382				

Business-Type Activities				
	Balance July 1, <u>2019</u>	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, <u>2020</u>
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	-	-	-	-
Capital Assets, Depreciable				
Land improvements	53,076	38,592	1,200	90,468
Buildings and improvements	1,201,444	166,388	-	1,367,832
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	201,534	<u> </u>		201,534
Total Capital Assets - Depreciable	1,456,054	204,980	1,200	1,659,834
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	9,222	3,981	-	13,203
Buildings and improvements	207,576	42,529	-	250,105
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	85,315	20,153		105,468
Total Accumulated Depreciation	302,113	66,663		368,776
Other Capital Assets, Net	1,153,941	138,317	1,200	1,291,058
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,153,941	<u>\$ 138,317</u>	\$ 1,200	\$ 1,291,058
Depreciation expense was allocated as follows:				
Marina expenses	\$ 66,663			
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 66,663			

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Component Unit - School Board									
	Balance July 1,			_					Balance June 30,
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>2019</u>	Increa	ases	<u>D</u>	ecreases	-	<u>Transfers</u>		<u>2020</u>
Land and land improvements Construction in progress - school renovations	\$ 1,401,743 1,082,233		7,500 9,385	\$	238,516	\$	(8,100)	\$	1,172,627 2,621,618
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,483,976	1,55	6,885		238,516		(8,100))	3,794,245
Capital Assets, Depreciable Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	107,095,505 13,859,654		9,645 0,128		87,328 1,109,332		(459,455)) _	106,678,367 13,800,450
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	120,955,159	1,17	9,773		1,196,660		(459,455)) -	120,478,817
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Land and land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	14,733 43,401,531 10,846,627	2,32	- 9,304 2,752		87,328 1,088,692		- (459,455 <u>)</u> -)	14,733 45,184,052 10,510,687
Total Accumulated Depreciation	54,262,891	3,08	2,056		1,176,020		(459,455))	55,709,472
Other Capital Assets, Net	66,692,268	(1,90	2,283)		20,640				64,769,345
Net Capital Assets before Allocation to County	\$ 69,176,244	\$ (34	5,398)	\$	259,156	\$	(8,100))	68,563,590
Less: Net school buildings allocated to County with outstanding debt									(32,962,150)
Net Capital Assets								\$	35,601,440
Component Unit - IDA		Balance					sfer to		alance
		July 1,	In	0.00		-	County/	Jı	une 30,
Capital Assets - Depreciable		<u>2019</u>	<u> </u>	crea	ases D	ecre	<u>eases</u>		<u>2020</u>
Equipment	\$	6,30	<u>)5</u> \$		- \$		_	\$	6,305
Total Capital Assets - Depreciabl	le	6,30)5		-		-		6,305
Less: Accumulated depreciation for									
Equipment .	_	6,30	<u>)5</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		6,305
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	6,30) <u>5</u>		<u> </u>				6,305
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>		<u>- \$</u>		- \$		<u>-</u>	\$	

Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services

	Balance July 1, <u>2019</u>			creases	Transfer to Henry County/ Decreases		Balance une 30, <u>2020</u>
Other Capital Assets							
Machinery and equipment	\$	321,603	\$	22,680	\$	16,043	\$ 328,240
Total Other Capital Assets		321,603		22,680		16,043	328,240
Less: Accumulated depreciation for		244 101		26.067		16.042	254 125
Machinery and equipment		244,101		26,067		16,043	 254,125
Total Accumulated Depreciation		244,101		26,067		16,043	 254,125
Other Capital Assets, Net		77,502		(3,387)			 74,115
Net Capital Assets	\$	77,502	\$	(3,387)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 74,115

1 Compensated Absences

County employees earn vacation based on length of service and sick leave at the rate of one day per month. Twenty-five percent of the amount for unused sick leave is paid for upon termination. All accumulated unused vacation is paid upon termination.

▲ Long-Term Debt

A. Long-term Debt Payable

The schedule below represents long-term debt payable at June 30, 2020:

Primary Government		Next			
	Original	Annual	Interest		Outstanding
<u>Description</u>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Rate %	<u>Maturity</u>	June 30, 2020
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 2007B	\$ 2,711,471	\$ 142,221	5.10	2028	\$ 1,250,534
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 2006	6,009,728	322,005	4.60-5.10	2027	2,415,173
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 2005	2,342,487	129,188	4.60-5.10	2026	831,554
VML/VACO Recovery Zone Bonds - 2010	2,000,000	100,000	2.00-6.57	2030	1,195,000
VPSA QSCB Recovery Act Bonds - 2011	3,400,000	340,000	0.00	2027	2,016,200
Lease Revenue Bonds - 2015	10,000,000	461,000	2.50	2036	8,936,000
Lease Revenue Bonds - 2016	10,000,000	415,000	2.40	2036	9,219,000
Lease Revenue Bonds - 2018	60,615,000	-	3.62-5.00	2051	60,615,000
Lease Revenue Bonds - 2019A	5,785,000	-	3.00-5.00	2051	5,785,000
Grant Revenue Anticipation Notes - 2019B	19,515,000	-	2.00	2023	19,515,000
					<u>\$ 111,778,461</u>
Component Unit - Industrial Developmen	t Authority				
		Next			
	Original	Annual	Interest		Outstanding
<u>Description</u>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Rate %	Maturity	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
County of Henry, VA	\$ 3,461,955	\$3,461,955	2.50	2021	\$ 3,461,955
					\$ 3,461,955

Component Unit - Schools

	Original	Original Annual			Outstanding		
<u>Description</u>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Amount</u>	nount Rate %		June 30, 2020		
Tankanlami I anna Datad 4/45/40	Ф F00 040	Ф 445 554	0.00	2022	f 420 000		
	\$ 582,216	\$ 145,554	0.00	2023	\$ 436,662		
Technology Lease Dated 6/27/18	611,957	150,778	2.85	2022	305,858		
Technology Lease Dated 6/12/17	626,725	159,163	2.98	2021	159,163		
Technology Lease Dated 12/1/19	275,056	65,961	2.781	2023	203,437		
					\$ 1,105,120		

B. Governmental Obligation

The following table is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities that are recorded in the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Primary Government

•	Balance July 1, 2019	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One Year
Lease Revenue bonds Grant Revenue Anticipation notes	\$60,615,000	\$ 5,785,000 19,515,000	\$ -	\$ 66,400,000 19,515,000	\$ -
Subtotal - County General obligations bonds -	60,615,000	25,300,000	-	85,915,000	
public schools	7,501,347	-	987,886	6,513,461	933,414
Lease Revenue bonds	18,927,000	-	772,000	18,155,000	876,000
Recovery Zone bonds	1,295,000		100,000	1,195,000	100,000
Subtotal - School-related debt	27,723,347		1,859,886	25,863,461	1,909,414
Subtotal - County and school	88,338,347	25,300,000	1,859,886	111,778,461	1,909,414
Add: Bond premiums	179,570	595,586	58,398	716,758	75,963
Less: Bond discounts	(678,798)	-	(21,664)	(657,134)	(21,664)
Subtotal after premiums and					
discounts	87,839,119	25,895,586	1,896,620	111,838,085	1,963,713
Note payable to Verizon (Tower)	49,600	-	19,200	30,400	19,200
Landfill closure monitoring	258,191	4,389	-	262,580	26,258
Compensated absences	2,533,278	1,721,238	1,602,892	2,651,624	265,162
	\$90,680,188	\$27,621,213	\$3,518,712	<u>\$114,782,689</u>	\$2,274,333

Compensated absences expenses are allocated by department and by fund. The change in compensated absences for the Statement of Activities is charged to general government.

Debt service on the preceding long-term debt in future years is as follows:

Primary Gover	nment											
	Grant Anticip	oation Notes/										
Fiscal Year Ending	Lease Reve		Lease Reve School		General Oblig School		Recovery 2	Zone Bonds	Tot	als	Long-Te Agreem	
June 30.	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Principal In	terest
2021	\$ -	\$ 3,073,331	\$ 876,000	\$ 444,656	\$ 933,414	\$ 198,086	\$ 100,000	\$ 42,543	\$ 1,909,414	\$ 3,313,960	\$ 19,200 \$	5 -
2022	100,000	3,071,331	970,000	423,171	887,387	169,480	105,000	39,164	2,062,387	3,279,975	11,200	-
2023	105,000	3,067,231	1,006,000	399,418	902,212	140,654	110,000	35,616	2,123,212	3,243,501	-	-
2024	19,625,000	2,867,781	1,044,000	374,790	917,195	111,673	115,000	31,899	21,701,195	3,011,353	-	-
2025	110,000	2,668,231	1,087,000	349,238	933,430	81,437	115,000	28,013	2,245,430	2,777,681	-	-
2026-2030	2,840,000	13,089,656	5,598,000	1,342,006	1,939,823	76,158	650,000	74,237	11,027,823	13,240,051	-	-
2031-2035	5,905,000	12,020,394	6,234,000	629,719	-	-	-	-	12,139,000	12,020,394	-	-
2036-2040	13,145,000	10,261,131	1,340,000	32,828	-	-	-	-	14,485,000	10,261,131	-	-
2041-2045	17,670,000	7,120,731	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,670,000	7,120,731	-	-
2046-2050	21,555,000	3,237,469	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,555,000	3,237,469	-	-
2051	4,860,000	98,522							4,860,000	98,522		
	\$85,915,000	\$60,575,808	\$18,155,000	\$ 3,995,826	\$ 6,513,461	\$ 777,488	\$1,195,000	\$ 251,472	\$111,778,461	\$61,604,768	\$ 30,400 \$	р̀ -

C. Long-Term Agreement

The County entered into a long-term agreement with Verizon in 2008 for construction and renovations made to a tower. The agreement was for \$265,600 and will be paid back over approximately 14 years in lieu of Verizon paying rent. The annual amount is \$19,200.

D. Component Units

Following is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities that are recorded in the component units for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	salance ly 1, 2019	Additions		Reductions		Balance <u>June 30, 2020</u>		Due Within One Year	
School Board									
Technology Lease Dated 4/15/19	\$ 582,216	\$	-	\$	145,554	\$	436,662	\$	145,554
Technology Lease Dated 6/27/18	452,453		-		146,595		305,858		150,778
Technology Lease Dated 6/12/17	313,720		-		154,557		159,163		159,163
Technology Lease Dated 6/24/16	95,104		-		95,104		-		-
Technology Lease Dated 12/1/19	 <u>-</u>		275,056		71,619		203,437		65,961
Subtotal Leases	1,443,493		275,056		613,429		1,105,120		521,456
Compensated absences	 794,668		556,268	_	405,289		945,647		94,565
Total	\$ 2,238,161	\$	831,324	\$	1,018,718	\$	2,050,767	\$	616,021

Estimated principal maturities for future years is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	Interest				
2021	\$	521,456	\$	19,128			
2022		368,429		8,248			
2023		215,235		1,938			
	\$1	1,105,120	\$	29,314			

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One Year
Industrial Development Authority County of Henry, Virginia	\$ 3,461,955	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 3,461,955	\$3,461,9 <u>55</u>
Total	\$ 3,461,955	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 3,461,955	\$3,461,955

Estimated principal maturities for future years ended June 30 follows:

Fiscal Ye <u>Ending Jur</u>		<u>Prin</u>	<u>cipal</u>	<u>Int</u>	<u>erest</u>		
2021		\$3,46	61,955	\$	<u>44,717</u>		
		\$3,46	61,955	\$	44,717		
	Balaı July 1,		<u>Additio</u>	ns F	Reductions	lance 30, 2020	 e Within ne Year
Henry-Martinsville Social Services Compensated absences	\$ 403	3,070	\$264,05	<u>56</u> <u>\$</u>	\$ 186,554	\$ 480,572	\$ 48,057
Total	\$ 403	3,070	\$264,0	<u>56</u>	\$ 186,554	\$ 480,572	\$ 48,057

1 2 Net Investment in Capital Assets

The "net investment in capital assets" amount reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020 is determined as follows:

		Business-		Industrial		
	Governmental	Type	School	Development	Social	
	Activities	Activities	Activities Board		<u>Services</u>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets						
Cost of capital assets	\$ 106,394,008	\$1,659,834	\$ 91,310,912	\$ 6,305	\$328,240	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(32,601,940)	(368,776)	(55,709,472)	(6,305)	(254,125)	
Book value	73,792,068	1,291,058	35,601,440	-	74,115	
Less: Capital related debt	(49,408,970)	-	(1,105,120)	-	-	
Less: Bond premiums	(716,758)	-	-	-	-	
Add: Bond discounts	657,134					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 24,323,474	\$1,291,058	\$ 34,496,320	<u>\$</u>	\$ 74,115	

1 2 Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources from unavailable property taxes and other local taxes and licenses are comprised of the following:

Governmental Funds		
Delinquent taxes not collected within 60 days	\$	2,214,120
Other liabilities		59,841
Delinquent business licenses		6,920
Delinquent meals taxes		5,599
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources -		
Governmental Funds	\$	2,286,480
Governmental Activities - Primary Government		
Deferred inflows for OPEB	\$	560,976
Deferred inflows for VRS pension liability		551,435
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources -		
Governmental Activities	\$	1,112,411
School Board - Fund Basis		
Held for scholarships	\$	39,312
·	\$	39,312
Cabaal Daard Commonant Unit Commonantal Activities	=	<u> </u>
School Board - Component Unit - Governmental Activities	φ	20.242
Held for scholarships Deferred inflows for OPEB	\$	39,312
20:01:00 11:11:01:01:01:01		2,100,111
Deferred inflows for VRS pension liability	_	6,835,302
	\$	8,974,725
Henry-Martinsville Social Services		
Deferred inflows for OPEB	\$	76,840
Deferred inflows for VRS pension liability		138,635
	\$	215,475

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County joined together with other local governments in Virginia to form the Virginia Risk Sharing Association and Virginia Association of Counties Group Self-Insurance Risk Pool, both public entity risk pools currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating local governments. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee dishonesty and employee health and accident insurance. The component units carry commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Surety Bond coverage is as follows:

Treasurer	\$ 750,000
Commissioner of Revenue	3,000
Clerk of Circuit Court	124,000
Sheriff	30,000
Employees of above officers - blanket bond	1,000,000
County Administrator	1,000,000
Employees of County and Board members - blanket bond	1,000,000
Clerk of the School Board	10,000
Director of Public Welfare	100,000
Employees of Social Services - blanket bond	100,000

15 Commitments and Contingencies

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Pursuant to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

16^{Litigation}

The City of Martinsville has filed a notice with the Commission on Local Government related to its proposed reversion to town status. Reversion would bring the residents of the City within the County. The reversion process will be lengthy. Reversion will be evaluated by the Commission on Local Government and a three-judge panel to be appointed by the Virginia Supreme Court. The City hopes to conclude reversion by July 1, 2022. Reversion will impact the services that are provided by County, County expenses for those services, and County revenues, among other things. New revenues from the town will be insufficient to cover the costs of the new services the County will be providing in the town. New services could cost the County an additional \$3 million to \$6 million per year. In the initial year of reversion, there also will be significant one-time expenses in the nature of capital expenditures and on-boarding costs for new personnel and facilities related to the County's new service obligations. One-time expenses could cost the County between \$2 million and \$4 million in the initial year of reversion.

At June 30, 2020, there were no other matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions or pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

7Performance Agreements

The County has signed performance agreements with various companies that have located within the County. As part of many of these agreements, the County has agreed to pay cash incentives to the companies. As of June 30, 2020, the County had no outstanding commitments for future payments under these agreements.

18 Legal Compliance

The Virginia Public Finance Act contains state law for issuance of long-term and short-term debt. The Act states, in part, that no municipality may issue bonds or other interest-bearing obligations, including existing indebtedness, which will at any time exceed ten percent of the assessed valuation on real estate as shown by the last preceding assessment for taxes. Short-term revenue anticipation bonds/notes, general obligation bonds approved in a referendum, revenue bonds, and contract obligations for publically owned or regional projects should not be included in the debt limitation.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Total Assessed Value of Taxed Real Property	\$ 2	2,889,190,270
Debt Limits per Constitution of Virginia - 10% Assessed Value	\$	288,919,027
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit Gross Debt		111,778,461
Legal Debt Margin - June 30, 2020	\$	177,140,566

Note: Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and Literary Fund Loans. Excludes capital leases, landfill closure, and compensated absences.

Appropriation to School from General Fund

Following is a summary of adjustments made to the local school appropriation when converting from fund financial statements to government-wide financial statements:

	School <u>Board</u>
Appropriation from General Fund	\$ 17,764,408
Net fixed asset and depreciation adjustment on the school buildings still owned by the County until the debt is paid off	1,999,170
Adjustment for the net allocation of internal service self-insurance fund services and costs	45,134
Adjustment for long-term debt paid by School on buildings owned by the County until the debt is paid off	(1,859,886)
Appropriation to School Fund per Government-Wide Statements	\$ 17,948,826

20^{Pension Plan}

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the political subdivision are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees and employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS

PLAN 1

About Plan 1

Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allow ed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.

PLAN 2

About Plan 2

Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members w ho opted in w as July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

About the Hybrid Retirement Plan

The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

- The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
- •The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
- •In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

Eligible Members

Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

- Political subdivision employees*
- •School division employees
- •Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 w ho elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members w as July 1, 2014

*Non-Eligible Members

Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

•Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

PLAN 1

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Service Credit

Service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Vesting

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are alw ays 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

PLAN 2

Retirement Contributions

Same as Plan 1.

Service Credit

Same as Plan 1.

Vesting

Same as Plan 1.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Retirement Contributions

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Service Credit

Defined Benefit Component:

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contributions Component:

Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting

Defined Benefit Component:

Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

Defined Contributions Component:

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are alw ays 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

PLAN1	PLAN 2	HYBRID <u>RETIREMENT PLAN</u>
		Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. •After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. •After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. •After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distributions not required, except as governed by law.
Calculating the Benefit The basic benefit is determined using the average final compensation, service credit and plan multiplier. An early retirement reduction is applied to this amount if the member is retiring with a reduced benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement payment, an option	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.
factor specific to the option chosen is then applied. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members w ho opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.

PLAN 1	AN 1
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Normal Retirement Age

VRS: Age 65.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

VRS: Age 65 w ith at least five years (60 months) of service credit or at age 50 w ith at least 30 years of service credit.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:

Age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:

Age 50 with at least five years of service credit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.

Eligibility:

For members w ho retire w ith an unreduced benefit or w ith a reduced benefit w ith at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA w ill go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

For members w ho retire w ith a reduced benefit and w ho have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the

PLAN 2

Normal Retirement Age

VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:

Same as Plan 1.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equal 90.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:

Same as Plan 1.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:

Same as Plan 1.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.

Eligibility:

Same as Plan 1

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Normal Retirement Age

Defined Benefit Component:

VRS: Same as Plan 2.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:

Not applicable.

Defined Contribution Component:

Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

Defined Benefit Component:

VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:

Not applicable.

Defined Contribution Component:

Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

Defined Benefit Component:

VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:

Not applicable

Defined Contribution Component:

Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

Defined Benefit Component:

Same as Plan 2

Defined Contribution Component:

Not applicable

Eligibility:

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2

PLAN 1

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- •The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- •The member retires on disability.
- •The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability.
- •The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- •The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

Purchase of Prior Service

Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts towards vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

PLAN 2

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

Purchase of Prior Service

Same as Plan 1

Disability Coverage

Employees of political subdivisions and school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component:

Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:

• Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.

Defined Contribution Component:

Not applicable

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary <u>Government -</u> <u>County</u>	School Board - General <u>Employees</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	Number 295	Number 226
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	56	13
Non-vested inactive members	81	32
LTD	0	0
Active elsewhere in VRS	<u>135</u>	<u>37</u>
Total inactive members	272	82
Active members	<u>388</u>	<u>186</u>
Total covered employees	<u>955</u>	<u>494</u>

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

If the employer used the certified rate: The County of Henry, Virginia's political subdivision contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 10.80% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The County of Henry, Virginia school board – general employees' contribution rate was 7.85%.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County of Henry, Virginia for the County employees were \$1,889,554 and \$1,822,437 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

For the County of Henry, Virginia school board – general employees, employer contributions were \$269,568 and \$260,464 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Each school divisions - teachers contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, which combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County of Henry, Virginia school division - teachers were \$5,936,940 and \$5,736,683 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For County of Henry, Virginia, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Net Pension Liability - Teacher Employee Retirement Plan

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee Retirement <u>Plan</u>
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$49,683,336 _36,522,769
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$13,160,567
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	73.51%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees and School Division - Teachers

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

	General Employees	<u>Teachers</u>
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.35%	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Political Subdivisions

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 15%
Discount rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

School Divisions

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020: males 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70-90; and females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65-75 and 2% increase compounded from ages 75-90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates	, ,	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement	healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates		Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
		retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates		Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
		year age and service through 9 years of
		service
Disability Rates		Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale		No change
Discount Rate		Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty; 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at
	older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
	year age and service through 9 years of
	service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decrease rate from 60% to 45%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	<u>0.19%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		5.13%
	Inflation		<u>2.50%</u>
*Expected arithmetic no	<u>7.63%</u>		

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the Longterm expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Primary Government - County

(Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)

	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>					
		Total Plan		Net		
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
		<u>(a)</u>		<u>(b)</u>		<u>(a) - (b)</u>
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	83,767,769	\$	75,873,029	\$	7,894,740
Changes for the Year						
Service cost		1,896,600		-		1,896,600
Interest		5,718,525		-		5,718,525
Benefit changes		-		-		-
Assumption changes		2,553,947		-		2,553,947
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		529,829		-		529,829
Contributions - employer		-		1,822,437		(1,822,437)
Contributions - employee		-		835,537		(835,537)
Net investment income		-		5,023,320		(5,023,320)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(4,149,107)		(4,149,107)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(49,928)		49,928
Other changes		<u>-</u>	_	(3,167)		3,167
Net Changes		6,549,794		3,479,092		3,070,702
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	90,317,563	\$	79,352,121	\$	10,965,442

NOTE: This Net Pension Liability is allocated between the Primary Government Henry County and the Component Unit Henry - Martinsville Social Services.

Component Unit School Board - General Employees	Increase (Decrease Total Plan Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 18,404,058	\$	17,659,175	\$	744,883
Changes for the Year Service cost Interest Benefit changes Assumptions changes Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other changes	345,967 1,241,141 - 423,690 85,406 - - - (1,346,947)		- - 260,364 165,284 1,139,282 (1,346,947) (12,002) (713)		345,967 1,241,141 - 423,690 85,406 (260,364) (165,284) (1,139,282) - 12,002 713
Net Changes	 749,257		205,268		543,989
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ 19,153,315	\$	17,864,443	\$	1,288,872

Sensitivity of the County of Henry, Virginia's and County of Henry, Virginia School Division's – Teacher Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County of Henry, Virginia and County of Henry, Virginia school division - teachers proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County of Henry, Virginia and County of Henry, Virginia school division - teachers proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease		Current Discount		1.00% Increase	
		<u>5.75%</u>	5.75% Rate 6.75%		<u>7.75%</u>	
Primary Government - County (includes Component						
Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)						
Political subdivision's Net Pension Liability	<u>\$</u>	22,504,563	\$	10,965,442	\$	1,767,665
Component Unit School Board - General Employees	<u>\$</u>	3,119,136	\$	1,288,872	\$	(194,240)
School Division's Proportional Share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan	ate					
Net Pension Liability	\$	88,777,260	\$	58,971,190	\$	34,327,090

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County of Henry, Virginia recognized pension expense of \$3,254,180.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County of Henry, Virginia school board - general employees recognized pension expense of \$403,346.

At June 30, 2020, the County of Henry, Virginia school division - teachers reported a liability of \$58,971,190 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The County of Henry, Virginia school division - teachers proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the County of Henry, Virginia school division - teachers actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the school division - teachers proportion was 0.44809% as compared to 0.45652% at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County of Henry, Virginia school division - teachers recognized pension expense of \$5,506,218. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2020, the County of Henry, Virginia, County of Henry, Virginia school division – general employees and County of Henry, Virginia school division - teachers reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Primary Government - County (Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	974,212	\$	-
Change in assumptions		1,782,362		19,194
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		670,876
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,889,554		<u> </u>
Total - County and Social Services	\$	4,646,128	\$	690,070

Note: Amounts allocated between the Primary Government and the Component Unit – Henry- Martinsville Social Services.

	erred Outflows f Resources	red Inflows Resources
Component Unit School Board - General Employees		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 44,147	\$ 15,929
Change in assumptions	219,009	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	144,295
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 293,078	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$ 556,234	\$ 160,224
Component Unit School Board - Teachers		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 3,776,174
Change in assumptions	5,839,530	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,294,867
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	56,273	1,604,037
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 6,129,558	
Total	\$ 12,025,361	\$ 6,675,078

\$1,889,554 for the County, \$293,078 for School Board General Employees and \$6,129,558 for the Teachers reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County of Henry, Virginia and the County of Henry, Virginia school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,

Primary Government County (Includes Component Unit Henry-Martins ville Social Services)

2021	\$ 1,357,363
2022	388,816
2023	273,577
2024	46,748
2025	-
Thereafter	-

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Year Ended June 30,

Component Unit School Board - General Employees

2021	\$ 239,858
2022	(147,931)
2023	(1,829)
2024	12,834
2025	-
Thereafter	-

Component Unit School Board - Teachers

2021	\$ (562,274)
2022	(1,503,540)
2023	193,214
2024	710,740
2025	382,585
Thereafter	-

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Political Subdivision's and Teacher Retirement Plans' Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

The political subdivision, school board general employees, and teachers recognize \$231,457, \$41,287, and \$754,830, respectively of payables to a pension plan outstanding at the end of the reporting period. This amount represents June 2020 legally required contributions to the pension plan due by July 10 per VRS reporting requirements.

71 Other Post-Employment Benefits - Group Life Insurance Program

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB.

The specific information for Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

Eliqible Employees

The Group Life Insurance Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program, including the following employers that do not participate in VRS for retirement:

- · City of Richmond
- City of Portsmouth
- · City of Roanoke
- City of Norfolk
- · Roanoke City Schools Board

Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The benefits payable under the Group Life Insurance Program have several components.

- Natural Death Benefit The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.
- Accidental Death Benefit The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.
- Other Benefit Provisions In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include:

Accidental dismemberment benefit

Safety belt benefit

Repatriation benefit

Felonious assault benefit

Accelerated death benefit option

Reduction in Benefit Amounts

The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the Group Life Insurance Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.

Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, there is a minimum benefit payable under the Group Life Insurance Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,463 as of June 30, 2020.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the Group Life Insurance Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% X 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% X 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the Group Life Insurance Program from the County were \$93,616 and \$89,584 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

For the component unit school board – general employees, contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program were \$19,515 and \$18,416 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

For the component unit school board – teacher, contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program were \$203,372 and \$194,646 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the entities reported a liability of \$1,430,041 for the political subdivision, \$294,047 for the component unit school board – general employees, and \$3,107,102 for the component unit school board – teacher for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the participating employer's proportion was .08788% for the political subdivision, .01807% for the school board – general employees, and .19094% for the school board – teacher as compared to .08709% for the political subdivision, .01883% for the component unit school board – general employees, and .19325% for the component unit school board – teacher at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expenses of \$36,754 for the political subdivision, \$7,378 for the component unit school board – general employees, and \$60,274 for component unit school board – teacher. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2020, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

Political Subdivision

	 Outflows ources	 d Inflows ources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 95,106	\$ 18,548
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-	29,374
Change in assumptions	90,284	43,122
Changes in proportion	17,052	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	93,616	
Total	\$ 296,058	\$ 91,044

Component Unit School Board General Employees

	Deferred Outflo		Deferred Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 19,5	56	\$ 3,814
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-	6,040
Change in assumptions	18,5	64	8,867
Changes in proportion	8,5	28	10,139
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	19,5	<u>15</u>	
Total	\$ 66,1	<u>63</u>	\$ 28,860
Component Unit School Board Teacher			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 206,6	41	\$ 40,302
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-	63,822
Change in assumptions	196,1	64	93,693
Changes in proportion	12,4	04	72,338
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	203,3	<u>72</u>	
Total	\$ 618,5	81	\$ 270,155

\$93,616 for the political subdivision, \$19,515 for school board – general employees, and \$203,372 for school board – teacher reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Political Subdivision

Year Ended

2025

Thereafter

<u>June 30,</u>	
2021	\$ 8,587
2022	8,588
2023	21,029
2024	32,384

31,966

8,844

68

Component Unit School Board General Employees

Year Ended June 30. 2021 \$ 1,623 2022 1,624 2023 4,182 2024 5,156

4,148

1,055

Component Unit School Board Teacher

2025

Thereafter

June 30,		
2021	\$	(535)
2022		(532)
2023	2	26,499
2024	4	19,189
2025	5	4,549
Thereafter	1	5,884

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation -	
General state employees	3.50% - 5.35%
Teachers	3.50% - 5.95%
SPORS employees	3.50% - 4.75%
VaLORS employees	3.50% - 4.75%
JRS employees	4.50%
Locality - General employees	3.50% - 5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses,
	including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

Mortality rates - General State Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 25%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Health Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality rates - SPORS Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience	
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at	
	older ages	
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience	
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience	
Salary Scale	No change	
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%	
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%	

Mortality rates - VaLORS Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality rates – JRS Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% compounding increase from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	Removed disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020				
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75				
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year				
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates				
Salary Scale	No change				
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%				
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%				

Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and			
	extended final retirement age from 70 to 75			
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit			
	experience at each age and service year			
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%			
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%			

Mortality rates – Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages			
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year			
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%			
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%			

Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages			
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year			
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%			
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%			

Net GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Program are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Group Life Insurance <u>OPEB Program</u>				
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,390,238				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,762,972				
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,627,266				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		52.00%				

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Arithmetic	Weighted Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	<u>0.19%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		5.13%
	<u>2.50%</u>		
*Expected arithmetic no	ominal return		<u>7.63%</u>
•			

* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1.0	00% Decrease (5.75%)	Cı	rrent Discount Rate 6.75%	1.0	00% Increase (7.75%)
State Agency's Proportionate Share of the Group Life Insurance Plan Net OPEB Liability - Political Subdivision	\$	1,878,679	\$	1,430,041	\$	1,066,209
Net OPEB Liability - School Division		386,296		294,047		219,235
Net OPEB Liability - Teacher		4,081,872		3,107,102		2,316,591

Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the VRS Group Life Insurance OPEB Plan

The political subdivision and school board recognize \$19,882 and \$54,421, respectively of payables to a group life insurance OPEB plan outstanding at the end of the reporting period. This amount represents June 2020 legally required contributions to the OPEB plan due by July 10 per VRS reporting requirements.

22Other Post-Employment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit Program

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) PLAN PROVISIONS

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

 Full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan.

Benefit Amounts

The political subdivision's Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- At Retirement For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u> For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- No health insurance credit for premiums paid and qualified under LODA, however, the employee may receive the credit for the premiums paid for other qualified health plans.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	38
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	-
Non-vested inactive members Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	
Total inactive members	38
Active members Total covered employees	<u>128</u> <u>166</u>

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County of Henry, Virginia's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.04% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the County of Henry, Virginia to the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program were \$2,427 and \$2,294 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The County of Henry, Virginia's net Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation

Locality - General Employees 3.50% - 5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty Employees 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020		
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75		
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year		
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates		
Salary Scale	No change		
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%		
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%		

Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-				
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020				
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at				
	older ages				
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit				
	experience at each age and service year				
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience				
Salary Scale	No change				
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%				
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%				

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	<u>0.19%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		5.13%
	Inflation		<u>2.50%</u>
*Expected arithmetic no	ominal return		<u>7.63%</u>

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability:

		<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>			
		Total	Plan		Net
		HIC OPEB	Fiduciary		HIC OPEB
		Liability	Net Position		Liability
		<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>		<u>(a) - (b)</u>
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	253,467	\$ 327,144	\$	(73,677)
Changes for the Year					
Service cost		5,029	-		5,029
Interest		17,135	-		17,135
Benefit changes		-	-		-
Assumption changes		6,716	-		6,716
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		7,981	-		7,981
Contributions - employer		-	2,294		(2,294)
Net investment income		-	20,410		(20,410)
Benefit payments		(17,372)	(17,372)		-
Administrative expenses		-	(440)		440
Other changes	_		(24)		24
Net Changes		19,489	4,868		14,621
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	272,956	\$ 332,012	\$	(59,056)

Sensitivity of the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Political subdivision's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.75% or one percentage point higher 7.75% than the current rate:

	Decrease 5.75%)	Discount <u>6.75%)</u>	Increase 7.75%)
Political subdivision's Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (29,292)	\$ (59,056)	\$ (84,398)

Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County of Henry, Virginia recognized Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense \$(2,953). At June 30, 2020, the County of Henry, Virginia reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County of Henry, Virginia's Health Insurance Credit Program from the following sources:

	 d Outflows sources	 ed Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 6,764	\$ 8,001
Change in assumptions	5,692	5,248
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB program investments	-	4,122
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 2,427	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$ 14,883	\$ 17,371

\$2,427 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the County of Henry, Virginia's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year	Enc	led
<u>Jur</u>	<u> 1e 3</u>	0,

2021	\$ (3,225)
2022	(3,223)
2023	(569)
2024	(113)
2025	964
Thereafter	1,251

Health Insurance Credit Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Plan

The political subdivision recognizes \$205 of payables to a health insurance credit program OPEB plan outstanding at the end of the reporting period. This amount represents the June 2020 legally required contributions to the OPEB plan due by July 10 per VRS reporting requirements.

23 Other Post-Employment Benefits - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is set out in the table below:

TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) PLAN PROVISIONS

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

 Full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- <u>At Retirement</u> For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u> For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire
 on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program
 (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either:
 - \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or
 - \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 year of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 1.20% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the County of Henry, Virginia school division to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were \$469,099 and \$449,032 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the County of Henry, Virginia's school division reported a liability of \$5,840,275 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The County of Henry, Virginia school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was based on the County of Henry, Virginia school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the County of Henry, Virginia school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was 0.44613% as compared to 0.45430% at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense of \$456,197. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2020, the County of Henry, Virginia school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	33,079
Change in assumptions		135,930		40,582
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB program investments		369		-
Changes in proportion		-		147,875
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		469,099		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	605,398	\$	221,536

\$469,099 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,

2021	\$ (18,931)
2022	(18,937)
2023	(16,378)
2024	(17,234)
2025	(14,286)
Thereafter	529

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation	2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation

Teacher Employees 3.50% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB <u>Plan</u>
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$1,438,114
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	129,016
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$1,309,098
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	8.97%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	<u>0.19%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		5.13%
	Inflation		<u>2.50%</u>
*Expected arithmetic no	ominal return		<u>7.63%</u>

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the County of Henry, Virginia School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County of Henry, Virginia school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County of Henry, Virginia school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease Current Discount 1% Increase (5.75%) Rate 6.75% (7.75%)

School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan

Net HIC OPEB Liability

\$ 6,536,261 \$

5,840,275 \$ 5,249,036

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019 annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Plan

The school division – teacher recognize \$45,605 of payables to a teacher health insurance program OPEB plan outstanding at the end of the reporting period. This amount represents the June 2020 legally required contributions to the OPEB plan due by July 10 per VRS reporting requirements.

24 Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)–Healthcare

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Summary of Plan Provisions

The following is our understanding of the plan provisions for retiree coverage. Where the following differs from the official plan rules, the valuation should be revised.

Eligibility Conditions

A retiring employee participating in the Employer's medical program with at least 15 years of County service, and retires under the VRS plan is eligible to elect post-retirement coverage.

Eligibility for VRS Retirement Early Retirement – Plan 1

- The employee must have 10 years of service and 50 years of age; or,
- The employee must have 5 years of service and 55 years of age.

Full Retirement - Plan 1

- The employee must have 65 years of age and vested in VRS; or,
- The employee must have 30 years of service and 50 years of age.

Early Retirement - Plan 2&Hybrid

The employee must have 5 years of service and 60 years of age.

Full Retirement - Plan 2&Hybrid

- The employee must have reached Normal Social Security retirement age with at least 5 years of service; or,
- Age and service must equal 90.

Covered Employees

All full time employees (must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement). Coverage ceases at age 65 for new retirees.

Type of Coverage	Employee	Spouse
Life Insurance	No post-retirement life insurance is valued.	Not Applicable
Dental Coverage	Post-retirement dental coverage is provided on an Access only basis, retirees pay the active rate.	Same as Employee
Vision Coverage	Post-retirement vision coverage is provided on an Access only basis (COBRA – 18 months). Retirees pay retiree rate.	Same as Employee
Medical Coverage > Employee Cost Sharing	Active employees and retirees charged the same rate. Retiree pays 100% of this blended premium.	Employee pays 100% of blended spousal premium
Coverage Ceases	For future retirees, coverage ceases upon the earlier of death or attainment of Medicare eligibility. For current retirees, coverage ceases upon Death.	For future retirees, spouse coverage ceases upon earlier of retiree death or Medicare eligibility. Surviving spouses are offered COBRA to age 65.
Disability Coverage	No post-retirement disability insurance is valued.	Not Applicable
Long Term Care Coverage	No post-retirement long term care insurance is valued.	Not Applicable

Amendments

The Employer reserves the right to amend the Plan at any time subject to Board action.

Commonwealth of Virginia

The Commonwealth of Virginia reimburses County retirees' an amount equal to \$1.50 times their years of service up to 30 years. The Commonwealth of Virginia reimburses retired School administrators and teachers an amount equal to \$4.00 times their years of service up to 30 years. This credit has no effect on the Employer's medical contribution or OPEB obligation.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At July 1, 2018 (the valuation date) the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Country	Count	Total OPEB
County	<u>Count</u>	<u>Liability</u>
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16	\$ 210,323
-	. •	
Active employees	<u>282</u>	1,012,110
Total	<u>298</u>	\$1,222,433
Henry-Martinsville Social Services		
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	0	\$ -
Active employees	<u>85</u>	170,586
Total	<u>85</u>	\$ 170,586
School Board		
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	73	\$ 800,361
Active employees	<u>976</u>	3,636,990
Total	<u>1049</u>	\$4,437,351

Employer Contributions

The funding policy of the plan sponsor is to contribute annually an amount sufficient to satisfy benefit payment requirements to participants.

Employee Contributions

None

Net OPEB Liability

The employer's net OPEB liability is reported herein as of June 30, 2020 for the employer fiscal year and reporting period of July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The values shown for this fiscal year and reporting period are based on a measurement date of July 1, 2019 and the corresponding measurement period of July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019 for GASB 75 and a measurement date of June 30, 2020 and corresponding measurement period of July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 for GASB 74. The measurement of the total OPEB liability is based on a valuation date of July 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Actuarial Methods

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following key actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount Rate 6.75% for GASB 75

6.75% for GASB 74

Salary Scale 2.50%

3.10% for fiscal year end 2019 (to reflect actual experience),

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates then 6.90% for fiscal

year 2020,

decreasing 0.30% per year to an ultimate rate of

5.10%

Mortality RP-2014 Mortality

Table, fully

generational, with base year 2006, projected using two-

dimensional mortality

improvement scale

MP-2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial

Cost Method

Expected Return on Assets

6.75%

Discount Rate

- The discount rate for GASB 75 has been set equal to 6.75% which is the rate of return on assets.
- The discount rate for GASB 74 has been set equal to 6.75% which is the rate of return on assets.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	•					
	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Plan				Net
	OPE	EB Retiree HI		Fiduciary		EB Retiree HI
		Liability		Net Position	Lia	ability (Asset)
		<u>(a)</u>		<u>(b)</u>		<u>(a) - (b)</u>
County						
Balances at July 1, 2019	\$	1,188,802	\$	754,088	\$	434,714
Changes for the Year	Ψ	1,100,002	Ψ	754,000	Ψ	454,7 14
Service cost		22,286		_		22,286
Interest		86,758		_		86,758
Difference between expected		00,730		-		00,730
and actual experience		11,833		_		11,833
Contributions - employer*		11,000		144 610		
Contributions - employee Contributions - employee		-		144,619		(144,619)
Net investment income		-		26 707		(26.707)
		(110 610)		36,707		(36,707)
Benefit payments**		(110,619)		(110,619)		-
Changes of benefit terms		-		- (4.000)		4 000
Administrative expenses				(1,328)		1,328
Other changes		77,822	_			77,822
Net Changes		88,080	_	69,379		18,701
Balances at June 30, 2020***	\$	1,276,882	\$	823,467	\$	453,415
Henry-Martinsville Social Services						
Balances at July 1, 2019	\$	165,497	\$	194,334	\$	(28,837)
Changes for the Year						
Service cost		5,262		-		5,262
Interest		12,531		-		12,531
Difference between expected						
and actual experience		(3,883)		-		(3,883)
Contributions - employer*		-		7,493		(7,493)
Contributions - employee		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		8,914		(8,914)
Benefit payments**		(7,493)		(7,493)		-
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Administrative expenses		-		(711)		711
Other changes		11,666	_			11,666
Net Changes		18,083		8,203		9,880
Balances at June 30, 2020***	\$	183,580	\$	202,537	\$	(18,957)
School Board						<u> </u>
Balances at July 1, 2019	\$	4,314,800	\$	1,686,584	\$	2,628,216
Changes for the Year		, ,				, ,
Service cost		118,245		-		118,245
Interest		309,360		-		309,360
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		197,064		-		197,064
Contributions - employer*		-		777,833		(777,833)
Contributions - employee		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		77,524		(77,524)
Benefit payments**		(627,833)		(627,833)		-
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Administrative expenses				(2,332)		2,332
Other changes		286,182		-		286,182
Net Changes		283,018		225,192		57,826
Balances at June 30, 2020***	\$	4,597,818	\$	1,911,776	\$	2,686,042

^{*} This is contribution plus "pay-as-you-go" cost
**This is the "pay-as-you-go" cost
*** Measurement date is July 1, 2019

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Net OPEB liability (asset) of the employer as of the measurement date calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		1.00%	Current		1.00%	
	D	<u>ecrease</u>	Discount Rate		<u>Increase</u>	
County						
Employer's Net OPEB Retiree Health Insurance Liability	\$	568,866	\$	453,415	\$	349,803
Henry-Martinsville						
Social Services						
Employer's Net						
OPEB Retiree Health						
Insurance Liability	\$	(1,752)	\$	(18,957)	\$	(34,407)
School Board						
Employer's Net						
OPEB Retiree Health						
Insurance Liability	\$3	3,107,072	\$	2,686,042	\$2	2,306,362

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Trend rate

The following presents the Net OPEB liability (asset) of the employer as of the measurement date calculated using the trend rate, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1.00% Increase	
County Employer's Net OPEB Retiree Health Insurance Liability	\$	325,899	\$	453,415	\$	599,670
Henry-Martinsville Social Services Employer's Net OPEB Retiree Health Insurance Liability	\$	(38,196)	\$	(18,957)	\$	3,143
School Board Employer's Net OPEB Retiree Health Insurance Liability	\$2	2,191,458	\$	2,686,042	\$:	3,262,369

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, under GASB 75 the employer OPEB expense is \$(64,504) for the County, \$(14,545) for Henry-Martinsville Social Services, and \$(12,548) for the School Board. The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as of June 30, 2020 from various sources are as follows:

	ed Outflows esources	rred Inflows Resources
County		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,654	\$ 84,667
Changes of actuarial assumptions	63,490	386,103
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	11,438	-
Employer contributions after measurement date but prior to fiscal year end	34,000	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 118,582	\$ 470,770
Henry-Martinsville Social Services		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 12,045
Changes of actuarial assumptions	9,062	46,586
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	3,276	-
Employer contributions after measurement date but prior to fiscal year end	 20,000	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$ 32,338	\$ 58,631
School Board		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 178,483	\$ -
Changes of actuarial assumptions	238,003	1,579,560
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	27,518	-
Employer contributions after measurement date but prior to fiscal year end	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 444,004	\$ 1,579,560

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30.

County

2021	\$ (118,020)
2022	(118,020)
2023	(118 010)

2023 (118,019) 2024 (39,229) 2025 7,100

Henry-Martinsville Social Services

2021	\$ (20,020)
2022	(20,020)
2023	(8,358)
2024	2,105
2025	-

School Board

2021	\$ (310,453)
2022	(310,453)
2023	(310,455)
2024	(280,666)
2025	76,471

25 Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2020, fund balances are composed of the following:

			Primary C	<u>Sovernmen</u>	<u>t</u>	
		E-911		Fieldale	Special	
		Central	Law	Sanitary	Grant	Total
	General	Dispatch	Library	District	Projects	Governmental
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Nonspendable - inventory	\$ 19,111	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,111
Restricted for specific use	59,208,750	-	94,415	46,501	-	59,349,666
Committed to special projects	4,014,337	-	-	-	-	4,014,337
Committed fund balance -						
revenue stabilization reserve	3,749,694	-	-	-	-	3,749,694
Assigned for specific projects	7,270,632	-	-	-	227,222	7,497,854
Unassigned	33,326,867					33,326,867
	\$ 107,589,391	<u>\$</u>	\$ 94,415	\$ 46,501	\$227,222	\$ 107,957,529

26 Landfill Post-Closure Care Cost

The County maintains a landfill, which was closed in 1993. In accordance with state and federal laws and regulations, the County placed a final cover on this site and was required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for a minimum of ten years after closure. The County is currently in compliance with the landfill gas regulations and is no longer required to operate an active system and reverted back to quarterly monitoring in fiscal year 2015. The County is currently in compliance with the groundwater protection standards and, as such, DEQ has allowed the County to stop groundwater monitoring. The County applied to DEQ for termination of post-closure care in November 2016. DEQ is requiring that two issues be resolved prior to their approval to terminate post-closure care of the facility. The first is a land issue related to gas compliance and the other is a surface water issue. The County has completed the required surface water sampling and has submitted to DEQ for their approval. In addition, staff and Joyce Engineering are working on resolving the land issue related to gas compliance.

The \$262,580 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2020 represents what it would cost to perform all future post-closure care. Also, actual costs for post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County intends to fund these costs from general revenues. The County uses the financial test method of demonstrating assurance for post-closure care cost.

7Revenue Sharing Agreements

The County of Henry, Virginia and the Henry County Industrial Development Authority have entered into three revenue sharing agreements with the City of Martinsville, Virginia.

Two of the agreements, one dated April 30, 2002 and one dated August 31, 2009, are related to the Patriot Centre Industrial Park. The third dated September 25, 2007 is related to the Commonwealth Crossing Business Centre Industrial Park and land currently being referred to as the Bryant Property which is located adjacent to the Patriot Centre Industrial Park.

All these agreements state that the County agrees when a business locates on one of the designated sites in these industrial parks, it will pay the City one-third of all revenues generated from real estate, personal property, machinery & tools, and consumer utility taxes. No revenues will be shared until such time the County has recovered the cumulative costs of developing and maintaining the parks.

Based on the businesses currently located on revenue sharing lots in the Patriot Centre Industrial Park, it is estimated it will be five or more years before the County recovers its costs in order to share revenues.

Based on the businesses currently located on revenue sharing lots at the Commonwealth Crossing Business Centre Industrial Park, it is estimated it will be within five years before the County recovers its costs in order to share revenues.

28 Enterprise Zone Incentive Program

The County has two Enterprise Zones as established by the Commonwealth of Virginia which provides existing and new companies locating in these zones both state and local incentives for meeting applicable investment and employment criteria.

Under the local program, the County provides funding to the Industrial Development Authority to provide refunds of local property taxes for qualified companies making investments for modernization, plant expansion or new operations. In addition, the County will waive building permit fees for the companies making the minimum required investments for the purpose of creating or retaining jobs.

Investments by applicable companies must be made in one or more of three categories: Real Estate, Machinery & Tools, or Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment. To qualify, the business must make investments in one or more of these categories with an assessed value of at least \$50,000. The tax refunds are calculated on the County's assessment and taxes on the company's new investments, it is verified the company paid all taxes, and the company's employment levels are equal to or greater than when the application for refund was submitted.

The qualifying companies are refunded 100% of the local taxes applicable to the new investments in year one. In years two through five, the companies are refunded 50% of the local taxes applicable to the new investments. All refunds are made through the Industrial Development Authority which is funded by the County.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Industrial Development Authority provided Enterprise Zone Incentive Program tax refunds of \$689,217 to seventeen qualifying companies.

29 Industrial Development Authority Investment

In an effort by the County to further develop the Commonwealth Crossing Business Centre industrial park by constructing an industrial training facility, a water storage tank, water lines and a sewer lift station, the County, through the Industrial Development Authority, in partnership with the Martinsville-Henry County Economic Development Corporation, entered into a Federal New Markets Tax Credit transaction on December 7, 2017. This transaction allowed the County with its local funding partners to leverage existing commitments to this project of approximately \$9.1 million to obtain additional funding of approximately \$2.7 million. As a part of this transaction, an investor invested funds into the project in exchange for the federal tax credits. As a part of structuring this transaction to comply with Internal Revenue Service regulations, the Industrial Development Authority made an initial investment of \$3,741,200 for a 42.8% interest in CCAT Leveraged Lender, LLC with the Martinsville-Henry County Economic Development Corporation having the other 57.2% interest. At the closing of this transaction, the County General Fund transferred \$2,772,070 to the Industrial Development Authority and the Henry County Public Service Authority transferred assets valued at \$1,111,279 to the Industrial Development Authority, both of which were used as the source of the investment. As a part of the structure of this transaction an entity named CCAT, Inc. constructed and owns these assets. This investment had a carrying value at June 30, 2020 of \$3,753,645 based on the capital account for the Industrial Development Authority on Form 1065 K-1 of the tax return of CCAT Leveraged Lender, LLC.

30^{Subsequent Events}

Management has performed an analysis of the activities and transactions subsequent to June 30, 2020 to determine the need for any adjustments to and/or disclosures within the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. Management has performed their analysis through November 24, 2020.

In December 2019, a novel strain of the coronavirus (COVID-19) was first reported resulting in business and social disruption around the world. The outbreak was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. The County's operations have been affected by closures and stay at home orders issued in 2020 by government officials. Certain County revenues were impacted by these events in a negative way and the County enacted expenditure freezes and monitoring measures to reduce the financial impact. Federal funds received from the Coronavirus Relief Fund also reduced the negative financial impact of the pandemic on the County's operations. The amount of the financial impact through the date of this report cannot be reasonably estimated and the future impact cannot be reasonably estimated as the virus continues to evolve and the ultimate duration is unknown.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Variance

County of Henry, Virginia

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2020

General Fund

Prinal Budget					With
Permits Property Taxes Property Taxes Property taxes - all years Property taxes - all years Penaltics - all tax years 260,000 260,000 300,719 40,719 10,700 10,000 185,066 40,934 10		Original	Final		Final Budget
Property Taxes				Actual	
Property Taxes	Revenues	budget	buuget	Actual	(Negative)
Property taxes - all years \$ 27,195,670 \$ 27,195,670 \$ 27,407,588 \$ 211,918 Penaltiles - all tax years 280,000 300,719 40,719 Interest - all tax years 190,000 190,000 300,719 40,719 Total General Property Taxes 27,645,670 27,645,670 27,893,373 247,703 Other Local Taxes Local sales and use taxes 4,340,000 4,340,000 5,372,178 1,032,178 Consumer utility tax 2,943,000 2,943,000 1,667,500					
Penalties - all tax years 260,000 260,000 300,719 40,719 Interest - all tax years 190,000 190,000 185,066 4,934 Total General Property Taxes 27,645,670 27,645,670 27,893,373 247,703 Other Local Taxes Local sales and use taxes 4,340,000 4,340,000 2,943,000 2,665,097 (277,903) Business license taxes 1,607,500 1,607,500 1,627,121 219,621 Motor vehicle licenses 88,00,00 88,00,00 86,537 86,578 Bank franchise taxes 241,500 136,000 187,127 261,786 74,659 Taxes on recordation and wills 233,000 230,000 231,272 (1,728) Restaurant food taxes 2,300,000 2,300,000 2,395,206 95,206 Total Other Local Taxes 8,000 8,000 5,767 (2,233) Building and related permits 45,000 45,000 37,316 (7,684) Other permits, licenses, and fees 5,000 5,800 5,807		\$ 27 195 670	\$ 27 195 670	\$ 27 407 588	\$ 211 918
Interest - all tax years 190,000 190,000 185,066 (4,934) Total General Property Taxes 27,645,670 27,645,670 27,833,373 247,703					
Total General Property Taxes 27,645,670 27,893,373 247,703 Other Local Taxes Local sales and use taxes 4,340,000 4,340,000 5,372,178 1,032,178 Consumer utility tax 2,943,000 2,943,000 2,665,097 (277,903) Business license taxes 1,607,500 1,607,500 1,607,500 1,607,500 1,827,121 219,621 Motor whicle licenses 880,000 880,000 986,378 85,378 Bank franchise taxes 241,500 187,127 261,786 74,659 Transient occupancy taxes 136,000 136,000 108,316 (27,684) Taxes on recordation and wills 233,000 233,000 231,272 (1,728) Restaurant food taxes 2,300,000 2,300,000 2,395,206 95,206 Total Other Local Taxes 12,681,000 12,626,627 13,826,354 1,199,727 Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses 8,000 8,000 3,000 3,7316 (7,684) Other permits, licenses, and fees 5,000 5,000 6,867	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
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Business license taxes 1,607,500 1,607,500 1,627,121 219,621 Motor vehicle licenses 880,000 880,000 965,378 85,378 Bank franchise taxes 241,500 187,127 261,786 74,659 Transient occupancy taxes 136,000 136,000 108,316 (27,684) Taxes on recordation and wills 233,000 233,000 231,272 (1,728) Restaurant food taxes 2,300,000 2,300,000 2,395,206 95,206 Total Other Local Taxes 12,681,000 12,626,627 13,826,354 1,199,727 Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses Animal licenses 8,000 8,000 5,767 (2,233) Building and related permits 45,000 37,316 (7,684) Other permits, licenses, and fees 5,000 5,000 6,867 1,867 Total Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses 58,000 58,000 49,950 (8,050) Fines and Forfeitures 175,000 175,000 140,504 (34,496)					
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Other permits, licenses, and fees 5,000 5,000 6,867 1,867 Total Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses 58,000 58,000 49,950 (8,050) Fines and Forfeitures Court fines and forfeitures 175,000 175,000 140,504 (34,496) Revenue from Use of Money and Property Revenue from use of property 603,000 1,926,145 2,004,124 77,979 Revenue from use of property 387,800 387,800 398,894 11,094 Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property 990,800 2,313,945 2,403,018 89,073 Charges for Services Sheriff fees 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343	Building and related permits		45,000		• • •
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Regulatory Licenses 58,000 58,000 49,950 (8,050) Fines and Forfeitures 175,000 175,000 140,504 (34,496) Revenue from Use of Money and Property 603,000 1,926,145 2,004,124 77,979 Revenue from use of property 387,800 387,800 398,894 11,094 Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property 990,800 2,313,945 2,403,018 89,073 Charges for Services Sheriff fees 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - - 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	•				
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Court fines and forfeitures 175,000 175,000 140,504 (34,496) Revenue from Use of Money and Property 603,000 1,926,145 2,004,124 77,979 Revenue from use of property 387,800 387,800 398,894 11,094 Charges for Services 990,800 2,313,945 2,403,018 89,073 Charges for Services 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 16,15 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 <td>9</td> <td>,</td> <td>,</td> <td>,</td> <td>(=,===)</td>	9	,	,	,	(=,===)
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Revenue from use of money 603,000 1,926,145 2,004,124 77,979 Revenue from use of property 387,800 387,800 398,894 11,094 Charges for Services Sheriff fees 29,800 2,313,945 2,403,018 89,073 Charges for Services Sheriff fees 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385)		175,000	175,000	140,304	(34,430)
Revenue from use of property 387,800 387,800 398,894 11,094 Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property 990,800 2,313,945 2,403,018 89,073 Charges for Services Sheriff fees 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305		000 000	4 000 4 45	0.004.404	77.070
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property 990,800 2,313,945 2,403,018 89,073 Charges for Services Sheriff fees 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305	•				
Property 990,800 2,313,945 2,403,018 89,073 Charges for Services Sheriff fees 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305	Revenue from use of property	387,800	387,800	398,894	11,094
Charges for Services Sheriff fees 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305	Total Revenue from Use of Money and				
Sheriff fees 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305	Property	990,800	2,313,945	2,403,018	89,073
Sheriff fees 29,454 29,454 37,748 8,294 Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305	Charges for Services				
Commonwealth's attorney 6,000 6,000 4,513 (1,487) County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305		29.454	29.454	37.748	8.294
County and hired attorneys 96,680 96,680 90,116 (6,564) Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305					
Law enforcement and traffic control - - 32,892 32,892 Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				, ,
Sanitation and waste removal 69,000 69,000 69,343 343 Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305	·	-	-		
Treasurer's administrative collection fees 2,400 2,400 2,027 (373) Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305		69,000	69,000		
Parks and recreation 33,000 33,000 21,124 (11,876) Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305	Treasurer's administrative collection fees			•	
Utility bill collection 18,000 18,000 15,192 (2,808) Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305					
Jail monitoring 14,000 14,000 1,615 (12,385) Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305					
Miscellaneous other charges for services 1,800 1,800 9,105 7,305	•				
<u> </u>					
	· ·				

Variance With

				Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Recovered Costs				
Jail costs - Commonwealth of Virginia	330,083	330,083	268,169	(61,914)
Inmate housing fees	-	-	67,617	67,617
Salary - court secretary	23,000	23,000	23,623	623
City share of extension services	7,756	7,756	7,756	-
School share of school resource officer	269,038	269,038	269,038	_
EMS fees for service	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,124,352	124,352
M/HC Economic Development Corporation	779,385	779,385	852,109	72,724
Local and special grants	· -	23,740	24,090	350
Harvest Foundation grants	_	115,000	115,000	-
Transport prisoners	_	5,500	10,701	5,201
Transportation grants	64,684	85,130	55,415	(29,715)
Other recovered costs	-	<u>-</u>	20,322	20,322
Insurance recoveries	_	14,999	56,012	41,013
Miscellaneous refunds	249,594	250,844	433,433	182,589
Total Recovered Costs	2,723,540	2,904,475	3,327,637	423,162
Miscellaneous	60,000	86,519	68,720	
	00,000	80,519	00,720	(17,799)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia				
Noncategorical Aid	44.000	44.000	40.500	(440)
Rolling stock taxes - motor vehicle carriers tax	41,000	41,000	40,582	(418)
Mobile home titling tax	55,000	55,000	70,893	15,893
Tax on deeds	59,000	59,000	32,992	(26,008)
Auto rental sales tax	24,000	24,000	30,773	6,773
Personal Property Tax Relief Act funds	1,771,828	1,771,828	1,771,828	-
Para mutual tax	15,000	15,000	11,731	(3,269)
Communication tax	1,960,000	1,960,000	1,924,627	(35,373)
Total Noncategorical Aid	3,925,828	3,925,828	3,883,426	(42,402)
Categorical Aid				
Shared Expenses				
Commonwealth's Attorney	596,975	596,975	667,746	70,771
Sheriff	4,746,429	4,746,429	4,737,160	(9,269)
Commissioner of the Revenue	188,354	188,354	181,893	(6,461)
Treasurer	178,263	178,263	177,585	(678)
Electoral Board and General Registrar	47,500	47,500	82,006	34,506
Clerk of Circuit Court	466,337	466,337	484,997	18,660
Total Categorical Aid	6,223,858	6,223,858	6,331,387	107,529
Other Categorical Aid				
Fire programs fund	_	194,524	194,524	_
Volunteer fire grants	_	46,479	9,177	(37,302)
Victim witness program	42,302	42,302	39,063	(3,239)
Transportation grant funds	24,779	27,841	27,841	-
Litter control program	18,916	18,916	15,984	(2,932)
Economic development grant	-	256,000	256,000	(=,00=)
Emergency services grants	_	135,199	9,428	(125,771)
Other state grants and awards	_	64,447	51,687	(12,760)
Asset forfeiture funds	-	143,123	82,028	(61,095)
Total Other Categorical Aid	85,997	928,831	685,732	(243,099)
Total Other Oatogorioui / IId		<u> </u>	000,702	<u> </u>

Variance

				With
	Original	Final		Final Budget Positive
	<u>Budget</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth of	<u> Baagot</u>	<u> Daagot</u>	<u> Motuul</u>	<u>(110 gati 10 j</u>
Virginia	10,235,683	11,078,517	10,900,545	(177,972)
Revenue from the Federal Government				
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,000	3,000	3,735	735
Coronavirus relief fund	-	4,476,016	2,418,136	(2,057,880)
FEMA disaster assistance grant	-	178,494	187,869	9,375
Provider relief fund	-	-	47,555	47,555
Emergency services	26,164	26,164	26,164	-
Law enforcement grants	-	404,820	277,904	(126,916)
Victim witness program	126,908	126,908	115,700	(11,208)
Asset forfeiture funds	-	752	-	(752)
Transportation grants	57,030	82,852	54,272	(28,580)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	213,102	5,299,006	3,131,335	(2,167,671)
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	10,448,785	16,377,523	14,031,880	(2,345,643)
Total Revenues	55,053,129	62,458,093	62,025,111	(432,982)
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government Administration				
Board of Supervisors	139,105	157,105	157,524	(419)
County Administrator	353,703	353,753	370,473	(16,720)
Independent auditor	60,000	60,000	38,400	21,600
Human resources/training	69,500	69,500	64,760	4,740
County Attorney	182,873	182,873	186,262	(3,389)
Commissioner of Revenue	595,904	595,904	575,038	20,866
Assessors	197,245	197,245	179,448	17,797
Treasurer	574,034	574,034	550,854	23,180
Finance	406,464	409,861	408,858	1,003
Information services	358,802	359,477	347,728	11,749
Central purchasing	223,888	223,931	217,509	6,422
Board of Elections - registrar	315,499	388,942	301,879	87,063
Total General Government Administration	3,477,017	3,572,625	3,398,733	173,892
Judicial Administration				
Circuit Court	89,705	90,955	94,185	(3,230)
General District Court	23,070	23,070	14,368	8,702
Magistrates	3,140	3,140	2,788	352
Juvenile and Domestic Relations	9,990	9,990	5,139	4,851
Clerk of the Circuit Court	788,452	813,004	772,888	40,116
Sheriff Civil and Court Security	1,033,181	1,171,886	1,021,653	150,233
Victim/Witness Assist	173,923	173,923	154,763	19,160
Commonwealth's Attorney	939,807	939,807	955,242	(15,435)
Total Judicial Administration	3,061,268	3,225,775	3,021,026	204,749

Variance

				Variance
				With
	0.1.11			Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
B. I. ". O. f. r.	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Public Safety	0.070.000	7 000 000	0.470.704	4 050 404
Law enforcement and traffic control	6,276,392	7,229,908	6,170,784	1,059,124
Law enforcement and traffic control - grants	-	389,502	270,742	118,760
School resource officer	269,038	269,038	269,038	
Fire and rescue services	1,050,625	1,345,682	1,327,211	18,471
Emergency services training	293,326	372,946	267,141	105,805
Emergency services operations	2,259,768	3,287,051	2,030,832	1,256,219
Emergency services grants	-	20,000	19,991	9
Fire prevention	193,322	247,485	187,973	59,512
Correction and detention	4,198,003	4,725,348	4,179,029	546,319
Correction and detention - grants	<u>-</u>	19,266	7,216	12,050
Probation	384,100	384,100	350,056	34,044
Code enforcement	351,301	503,205	330,481	172,724
Public safety	187,612	232,573	186,633	45,940
Public safety grant	-	2,005,627	23,635	1,981,992
Electronic monitoring	32,727	32,727	4,504	28,223
Animal control	238,853	256,377	195,930	60,447
Asset forfeiture	-	143,875	143,605	270
SPCA	11,667	11,667	11,667	
Total Public Safety	15,746,734	21,476,377	15,976,468	5,499,909
Public Works				
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges,				
sidewalks	9,000	12,207	10,273	1,934
Refuse collection	1,781,074	1,828,001	1,793,455	34,546
Refuse disposal - closure maintenance	10,500	10,500	8,628	1,872
Maintenance of buildings and grounds	10,000	10,000	0,020	1,012
General engineering	289,239	299,075	291,071	8,004
Communication equipment	76,461	76,461	67,000	9,461
Administrative building	485,538	542,270	448,649	93,621
Courthouse	377,873	395,449	293,639	101,810
Sheriff's office	60,900	61,923	39,842	22,081
Jail	316,450	327,050	252,140	74,910
Other	259,247	335,933	206,290	129,643
Social services and health department	64,241	74,192	70,472	3,720
Dupont property	125,111	125,111	90,823	34,288
	-			
Total Maintenance of Buildings and Grounds	2,055,060	2,237,464	1,759,926	477,538
Total Public Works	3,855,634	4,088,172	3,572,282	515,890
Health and Welfare				
Henry-Martinsville Social Services	753,243	753,252	619,680	133,572
Health Department	315,000	315,000	315,000	-
Mental health and retardation	169,920	169,920	169,920	-
Transportation grants	156,775	213,950	142,690	71,260
Property tax relief	111,000	111,000	116,305	(5,305)
Group home services	66,192	66,192	66,192	-
Other welfare and social services	112,981	112,981	110,209	2,772
Total Health and Welfare	1,685,111	1,742,295	1,539,996	202,299
	.,000,111	.,,_	.,555,556	

	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Education	50.440	50.440	50.440	
Contributions to community colleges	59,442	59,442	59,442	4 024 407
Contributions to component unit - school board	18,925,432	22,595,515	17,764,408	4,831,107
Total Education	18,984,874	22,654,957	17,823,850	4,831,107
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural				
Parks and recreation	1,188,670	1,234,448	1,094,089	140,359
Cultural enrichment	103,588	103,588	103,588	, -
Library	735,541	735,541	735,541	-
Total Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	2,027,799	2,073,577	1,933,218	140,359
Community Development				
Planning and community development	316,256	316,306	311,238	5,068
Engineering and mapping	297,519	297,519	282,470	15,049
M/HC Economic Development Corporation - payroll related	779,385	779,385	852,109	(72,724)
M/HC Economic Development Corporation	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Cooperative extension program	64,101	64,101	59,765	4,336
Henry County Industrial Development Authority	1,510,618	1,921,110	1,332,053	589,057
Other community and economic development	154,304	367,209	205,208	162,001
Total Community Development	3,622,183	4,245,630	3,542,843	702,787
Nondepartmental				
Employee benefits, pooled vehicles, mobile command	119,367	147,965	60,252	87,713
Contingency reserve	110,000	50,000		50,000
Total Nondepartmental	229,367	197,965	60,252	137,713
Capital Projects				
Correctional facility	900,000	77,959,736	19,845,491	58,114,245
Other miscellaneous capital projects	95,000	1,820,978	1,256,309	564,669
Total Capital Projects	995,000	79,780,714	21,101,800	58,678,914
Debt Service				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest and other costs	-	6,552,539	2,504,708	4,047,831
Total Debt Service		6,552,539	2,504,708	4,047,831
Total Expenditures	53,684,987	149,610,626	74,475,176	75,135,450
cess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,368,142	(87,152,533)	(12,450,065)	74,702,468
her Financing Sources (Uses)				
ssuance of debt	-	25,300,000	25,300,000	-
Transfers to other funds	(1,368,142)	(2,197,894)	(1,728,520)	469,374
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,368,142)	23,102,106	23,571,480	469,374

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	-	(64,050,427)	11,121,415	75,171,842
Transfer from Surplus Funds		64,050,427		(64,050,427)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	11,121,415	\$ 11,121,415
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			96,467,976	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 107,589,391	

Children's Services Act Fund

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia Revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 705,529 	\$ 1,414,158 	\$ 1,385,239 28,021	\$ (28,919) 28,021
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	705,529	1,414,158	1,413,260	(898)
Total Revenues	705,529	1,414,158	1,413,260	(898)
Expenditures Current Health and Welfare				
Welfare and social services	1,033,000	2,091,629	2,058,711	32,918
Total Expenditures	1,033,000	2,091,629	2,058,711	32,918
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(327,471)	(677,471)	(645,451)	32,020
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	327,471	677,471	645,451	(32,020)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	327,471	677,471	645,451	(32,020)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	-	<u>\$</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ -	

E-911 Central Dispatch Fund

	Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Local Revenues				
Recovered costs	\$ 436,798	\$ 438,279	\$ 414,932	\$ (23,347)
Total Local Revenues	436,798	438,279	414,932	(23,347)
Intergovernmental Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	494,109	524,109	525,659	1,550
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	494,109	524,109	525,659	1,550
Total Revenues	930,907	962,388	940,591	(21,797)
Expenditures Current				
Public safety	1,846,578	2,173,509	1,801,875	371,634
Total Expenditures	1,846,578	2,173,509	1,801,875	371,634
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfers	(915,671) (1,211,121)	(861,284)	349,837
Transfer from Other Funds	915,671	1,211,121	861,284	(349,837)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	<u>\$</u> -
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ -	

Law Library Fund

		riginal udget		Final udget	<u>Actual</u>	Varia Wit Final Bo Positi (Negat	h udget ive
Revenues	•		•				(0.00)
Charges for services Recovered costs	\$	6,000 3,000	\$	6,000 3,000	\$ 5,637 2,654	\$	(363) (346)
Total Revenues		9,000		9,000	8,291		(709)
Expenditures							
Current Judicial administration		20,700		20,700	17,468	:	3,232
		20,700		20,700	 17,100	<u></u>	<u>0,202</u>
Total Expenditures		20,700		20,700	 17,468		3,232
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus		(11,700)		(11,700)	(9,177)	;	2,523
Transfer from Surplus Funds		11,700		11,700	 	(1	1,700)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	\$		\$		(9,177)	\$ (<u>9,177</u>)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					 103,592		
Fund Balance - End of Year					\$ 94,415		

Fieldale Sanitary District Fund

	iginal udget	Fir <u>Buo</u>	nal lget	<u>,</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fina Po	riance With I Budget ositive gative)
Revenues							
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 500	\$	500	\$	984	\$	484
Total Revenues	500		500		984		484
Expenditures Current							
Public works	 20,500		20,500		15,628		4,872
Total Expenditures	 20,500		20,500		15,628		4,872
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	(20,000)	(20,000)		(14,644)		5,356
Transfer from Surplus Funds	 20,000		20,000				(20,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	\$ 	\$			(14,644)	\$	(14,644)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					61,145		
Fund Balance - End of Year				\$	46,501		

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

For the Plan Years Ended June 30

Primary Government (Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martins ville Social Services)

	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 1,896,600	\$ 1,827,871	\$ 1,867,788	\$ 1,817,186	\$ 1,825,934	\$ 1,744,503
Interest	5,718,525	5,418,613	5,173,014	4,978,356	4,793,088	4,595,301
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	529,829	1,212,431	610,936	(201,848)	(139,048)	-
Changes of assumptions	2,553,947	-	(118,473)	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(4,149,107)	(4,199,801)	(3,849,611)	(3,776,137)	(3,890,440)	(3,138,102)
Net change in total pension liability	6,549,794	4,259,114	3,683,654	2,817,557	2,589,534	3,201,702
Total pension liability - beginning	83,767,769	79,508,655	75,825,001	73,007,444	70,417,910	67,216,208
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$90,317,563	\$83,767,769	\$79,508,655	\$75,825,001	\$73,007,444	\$70,417,910
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,822,437	\$ 1,664,088	\$ 1,610,625	\$ 1,942,274	\$ 1,860,929	\$ 1,851,310
Contributions - employee	835,537	859,762	779,350	798,388	736,140	720,333
Net investment income	5,023,320	5,309,806	7,954,439	1,131,498	2,906,849	8,808,287
Benefit payments	(4,149,107)	(4,199,801)	(3,849,611)	(3,776,137)	(3,890,440)	(3,138,102)
Administrator charges	(49,928)	(46,279)	(46,404)	(40,955)	(40,480)	(47,504)
Other	(3,167)	(4,709)	(7,065)	(482)	(613)	464
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,479,092	3,582,867	6,441,334	54,586	1,572,385	8,194,788
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	75,873,029	72,290,162	65,848,828	65,794,242	64,221,857	56,027,069
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$79,352,121	\$75,873,029	\$72,290,162	\$65,848,828	\$65,794,242	\$64,221,857
Political subdivision's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$10,965,442	\$ 7,894,740	\$ 7,218,493	\$ 9,976,173	\$ 7,213,202	\$ 6,196,053
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
Pension liability	87.86%	90.58%	90.92%	86.84%	90.12%	91.20%
Tonsion hability	01.0070	00.0070	00.0270	00.0470	00.1270	01.2070
Covered payroll	\$17,224,148	\$16,559,903	\$15,948,049	\$15,541,311	\$14,834,279	\$14,700,626
Political subdivision's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	63.66%	47.67%	45.26%	64.19%	48.63%	42.15%

NOTE: Primary Government figures include the Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services.

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

For the Plan Years Ended June 30

School Board General Employees

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 345,967	\$ 363,460	\$ 336,697	\$ 360,509	\$ 369,148	\$381,575
Interest	1,241,141	1,245,437	1,245,505	1,222,004	1,209,211	1,183,231
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	85,406	(334,521)	(169,947)	63,285	(128,520)	-
Changes of assumptions	423,690	-	(103,590)	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(1,346,947)	(1,324,555)	(1,294,717)	(1,325,410)	(1,208,758)	(1,178,562)
Net change in total pension liability	749,257	(50,179)	13,948	320,388	241,081	386,244
Total pension liability - beginning	18,404,058	18,454,237	18,440,289	18,119,901	17,878,820	17,492,576
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$19,153,315	\$18,404,058	\$18,454,237	\$18,440,289	\$18,119,901	\$17,878,820
Plan fiduciary net position		Φ 005 700	Φ 000 444	Φ 050.070	Φ 050.000	#074 400
Contributions - employer	\$ 260,364		\$ 290,144		\$ 359,989	\$374,408
Contributions - employee	165,284	168,635	165,877	155,088	160,477	164,972
Net investment income	1,139,282	1,252,339	1,921,468	269,906	747,117	2,319,132
Benefit payments	(1,346,947)	(1,324,555)	(1,294,717)	(1,325,410)		(1,178,562)
Administrator charges	(12,002)	·	(11,663)	(10,720)	(10,754)	(12,938)
Other	(713)	(1,096)	(1,689)	(119)	(157)	123
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	205,268	379,736	1,069,420	(560,985)	47,914	1,667,135
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	17,659,175	17,279,439	16,210,019	16,771,004	16,723,090	15,055,955
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$17,864,443	<u>\$17,659,175</u>	<u>\$17,279,439</u>	\$16,210,019	\$16,771,004	\$16,723,090
Political subdivision's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,288,872	\$ 744,883	\$ 1,174,798	\$ 2,230,270	\$ 1,348,897	\$ 1,155,730
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
Pension liability	93,27%	95.95%	93.63%	87.91%	92.56%	93.54%
r ension hability	93.27 /0	95.9576	93.0376	07.9170	92.3076	93.5476
Covered payroll	\$ 3,530,570	\$ 3,565,956	\$ 3,454,267	\$ 3,179,921	\$ 3,254,767	\$3,304,105
Political subdivision's net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll	36.51%	20.89%	34.01%	70.14%	41.44%	34.98%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.44809%	0.45652%	0.46139%	0.46050%	0.46490%	0.47694%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$58,971,190	\$53,687,000	\$56,742,000	\$64,535,000	\$58,514,000	\$57,636,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$37,401,883	\$36,740,737	\$36,294,838	\$35,114,607	\$34,564,083	\$34,824,957
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its covered payroll	157.669%	146.124%	156.336%	183.784%	169.291%	165.50%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	73.51%	74.81%	72.92%	68.28%	70.68%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the sixth year for this presentation, there are only six years available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

For Reference Only: The Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan for each year is presented on pages 118 and 119 of the VRS 2019 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR).

Schedule of Employer Contributions VRS Political Subdivisions Retirement Plan and Teacher Retirement Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2011 through 2020

				tribution in						Contributions
	Con	tractually		ntractually	Coi	ntribut	ion	E	Employer's	as a % of
		equired				ficiency Covered			Covered	
	Cor	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(Excess	s)		Payroll	Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)		(3)			(4)	(5)
Primary Govern	ment	-								
County (Includ	les Coi	mponent Uni	t -							
Henry-Martinsv	ille Soc	cial Services)								
2020	\$	1,943,948	\$	1,943,948	\$		-	\$	17,999,517	10.80%
2019		1,860,232		1,860,232			-		17,224,148	10.80%
2018		1,697,648		1,697,648			-		16,559,903	10.25%
2017		1,634,651		1,634,651			-		15,948,049	10.25%
2016		1,955,098		1,955,098			-		15,541,311	12.58%
2015		1,866,106		1,866,106			-		14,834,279	12.58%
2014		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
2013		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
2012		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
2011		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
Component Uni	t Scho	ool Board -								
General Empl										
2020	\$	293,078	\$	293,078	\$		-	\$	3,733,471	7.85%
2019		277,139		277,139			-		3,530,570	7.85%
2018		309,883		309,883			-		3,565,956	8.69%
2017		300,176		300,176			-		3,454,267	8.69%
2016		353,928		353,928			-		3,179,921	11.13%
2015		361,881		361,881			-		3,254,767	11.12%
2014		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
2013		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
2012		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
2011		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
Teachers										
2020	\$	6,129,558	\$	6,129,558	\$		-	\$	39,091,570	15.68%
2019		5,864,690		5,864,690			-		37,401,883	15.68%
2018		5,996,053		5,996,053			-		36,740,737	16.32%
2017		5,320,822		5,320,822			_		36,294,838	14.66%
2016		4,937,114		4,937,114			_		35,114,607	14.06%
2015		5,015,024		5,015,024			-		34,564,083	14.51%
2014		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
2013		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
2012		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A
2011		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A

Note: This schedule should present 10 years of data; however, the information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available.

For Reference Only:

Column 1 – Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered payroll

Column 2 – Actual employer contribution remitted to VRS

Column 4 – Employer's covered payroll amount for the fiscal year

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 15%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decrease rate from 60% to 45%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Teacher:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	7
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Political Subdivision				
Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.08788%	0.08709%		0.08652%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,430,041	\$ 1,323,000 \$	5	1,302,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$ 17,227,713	\$ 16,559,903 \$	5	15,959,043
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	8.30%	7.99%		8.16%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	52.00%	51.22%		48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the third year of presentation, only three years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

For Reference Only: The Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability for the VRS Group Life Insurance Program for each year is presented on page 127 of the VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017

School Board	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.01807%	0.01883%	0.01880%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 294,047	\$ 286,000	\$ 283,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,541,574	\$ 3,580,333	\$ 3,468,337
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	8.30%	7.99%	8.16%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	52.00%	51.22%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the third year of presentation, only three years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

For Reference Only: The Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability for the VRS Group Life Insurance Program for each year is presented on page 127 of the VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017

Teacher	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.19094%	0.19325%	0.19689%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,107,102	\$ 2,935,000 \$	2,963,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$ 37,431,994	\$ 36,746,868 \$	36,317,135
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	8.30%	7.99%	8.16%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	52.00%	51.22%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

Since 2019 is the third year of presentation, only three years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

For Reference Only: The Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability for the VRS Group Life Insurance Program for each year is presented on page 127 of the VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Group Life Insurance OPEB Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2011 through 2020

		Contribution in			
	Contractually	Relation to Contractually	Contribution	Employer's	Contributions as a % of
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	(-)	(-)	(0)	(- /	(0)
Politic	cal Subdivision				
2020	\$ 93,616	\$ 93,616	\$ -	\$ 18,003,036	0.52%
2019	89,584	89,584	-	17,227,713	0.52%
2018	86,111	86,111	-	16,559,903	0.52%
2017	82,987	82,987	-	15,959,043	0.52%
2016	74,685	74,685	-	15,559,369	0.48%
2015	71,272	71,272	-	14,848,401	0.48%
2014	68,700	68,700	-	14,312,420	0.48%
2013	65,935	65,935	-	13,736,505	0.48%
2012	38,246	38,246	-	13,659,316	0.28%
2011	37,856	37,856	-	13,519,966	0.28%
	ol Board				
2020		\$ 19,515	\$ -	\$ 3,752,866	0.52%
2019	18,416	18,416	-	3,541,574	0.52%
2018	18,613	18,613	-	3,580,333	0.52%
2017	18,035	18,035	-	3,468,337	0.52%
2016	15,475	15,475	-	3,223,926	0.48%
2015	15,830	15,830	-	3,297,791	0.48%
2014	15,885	15,885	-	3,309,279	0.48%
2013	15,781	15,781	-	3,287,719	0.48%
2012	8,776	8,776	-	3,134,399	0.28%
2011	9,641	9,641	-	3,443,231	0.28%
Teach	er				
2020		\$ 203,372	\$ -	\$ 39,109,996	0.52%
2019	194,646	194,646	<u>-</u>	37,431,994	0.52%
2018	191,083	191,083	_	36,746,868	0.52%
2017	188,849	188,849	_	36,317,135	0.52%
2016	168,678	168,678	_	35,159,930	0.48%
2015	165,913	165,913	-	34,565,133	0.48%
2014	167,420	167,420	-	34,879,066	0.48%
2013	165,253	165,253	-	34,427,766	0.48%
2012	95,093	95,093	_	33,961,840	0.28%
2011	90,555	90,555	-	32,340,996	0.28%
	,	,		,,	· -

For Reference Only:

Column 1 – Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered payroll Column 2 – Actual employer contribution remitted to VRS

Column 4 – Employer's covered payroll amount for the fiscal year

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - GLI OPEB

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

General State Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 25%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Teachers

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

SPORS Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for
	future improvement in accordance with
	experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at
	older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

VaLORS Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

JRS Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility			
Withdrawal Rates	No change			
Disability Rates Removed disability rates				
Salary Scale	No change			
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%			

Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and			
	extended final retirement age from 70 to 75			
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit			
	experience at each age and service year			
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%			
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%			

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75			
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year			
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%			
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%			

Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-				
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020				
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages				
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit				
	experience at each age and service year				
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates				
Salary Scale	No change				
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%				
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%				

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020				
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages				
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year				
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience				
Salary Scale	No change				
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%				
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%				

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net HIC OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017

		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Total HIC OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	5,029	\$	5,068	\$	5,750
Interest		17,135		17,673		17,681
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions		6,716		-		(9,433)
Difference between expected and actual experience		7,981		(11,363)		-
Benefit payments		(17,372)		(20,768)		(7,457)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability		19,489		(9,390)		6,541
Total HIC OPEB liability - beginning		<u>253,467</u>		262,857		<u> 256,316</u>
Total HIC OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	272,956	\$	253,467	\$	262,857
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	2,294	\$	3,940	\$	3,853
Net investment income	•	20,410	*	22,604	*	33,654
Benefit payments		(17,372)		(20,768)		(7,457)
Administrator charges		(440)		(516)		(542)
Other		(24)		(1,718)		1,718
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,868		3,542		31,226
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		327,144		323,602		292,376
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	332,012	\$	327,144	\$	323,602
Train nationary not position of onling (5)	<u> </u>	002,012	Ψ	027,111	Ψ	020,002
Political subdivision's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(59,056)	\$	(73,677)	\$	(60,745)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
HIC OPEB liability		121.64%		129.07%		123.11%
Covered payroll	\$	5,735,599	\$	5,626,721	\$	5,503,431
Political subdivision's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll		-1.0296%		-1.3094%		-1.1038%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) Teacher For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.44613%	0.45430%	0.45989%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 5,840,275 \$	5,768,000 \$	5,834,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$ 37,419,544 \$	36,740,962 \$	36,294,838
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	15.61%	15.70%	16.07%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total HIC OPEB Liability	8.97%	8.08%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the third year of presentation, only three years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

For Reference Only: The Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability for the Health Insurance Credit (HIC) for each year is presented on page 133 of the VRS 2019 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR)

Schedule of Employer Contributions HIC OPEB

Health Insurance Credit - Political Subdivisions and Teacher

For the Years Ended June 30, 2011 through 2020

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Politic	al Subdivision				
2020	\$ 2,427	\$ 2,427	\$ -	\$ 6,066,432	0.04%
2019	2,294	2,294	-	5,735,599	0.04%
2018	3,940	3,940	-	5,626,721	0.07%
2017	3,852	3,852	-	5,503,431	0.07%
2016	3,237	3,237	-	5,395,282	0.06%
2015	3,082	3,082	-	5,136,640	0.06%
2014	949	949	-	4,742,579	0.02%
2013	2,745	2,745	-	13,727,441	0.02%
2012	2,730	2,730	-	13,652,123	0.02%
2011	2,703	2,703	-	13,512,864	0.02%
Teach					
2020	\$ 469,099	\$ 469,099	\$ -	\$ 39,091,570	1.20%
2019	449,032	449,032	-	37,419,544	1.20%
2018	451,908	451,908	-	36,740,962	1.23%
2017	402,873	402,873	-	36,294,838	1.11%
2016	372,176	372,176	-	35,110,957	1.06%
2015	366,390	366,390	-	34,565,133	1.06%
2014	387,158	387,158	-	34,879,066	1.11%
2013	382,068	382,068	-	34,420,521	1.11%
2012	203,552	203,552	-	33,925,278	0.60%
2011	193,860	193,860	-	32,310,031	0.60%

For Reference Only:

Column 1 – Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered payroll

Column 2 – Actual employer contribution remitted to VRS Column 4 – Employer's covered payroll amount for the fiscal year

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - HIC OPEB

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020				
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75				
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year				
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates				
Salary Scale	No change				
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%				
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%				

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at			
	older ages			
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit			
	experience at each age and service year			
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%			
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%			

Teacher

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net OPEB Liability - Retiree Health Insurance and Related Ratios

County	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 22,286	\$ 69,463	\$ 67,769
Interest	86,758	68,918	68,051
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	11,833	(133,891)	-
Changes in assumptions	77,822	(610,581)	-
Benefit payments	(110,619)	(141,848)	(84,969)
Net change in total OPEB liability	88,080	(747,939)	50,851
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,188,802	1,936,741	1,885,890
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,276,882	\$ 1,188,802	\$ 1,936,741
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 144,619	\$ 175,848	\$ 122,969
Contributions - employee	-	-	-
Net investment income	36,707	62,634	73,904
Benefit payments	(110,619)	,	(84,969)
Administrative expense	(1,328)	(1,246)	(1,173)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	69,379	95,388	110,731
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	754,088	658,700	547,969
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 823,467	\$ 754,088	\$ 658,700
Political subdivision's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 453,415	\$ 434,714	\$ 1,278,041
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
OPEB liability	64.49%	63.43%	34.01%
Covered employee-payroll	\$12,965,430	\$12,965,430	\$12,670,439
Political subdivision's net OPEB liability (asset) as a	0.500	0.050/	40.000/
percentage of covered employee payroll	3.50%	3.35%	10.09%

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net OPEB Liability - Retiree Health Insurance and Related Ratios

Henry-Martinsville Social Services	2	2020		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	5,262	\$	12,893	\$	12,579
Interest		12,531		9,305		8,745
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(3,883)		(16,309)		-
Changes in assumptions		11,666		(84,156)		-
Benefit payments		(7,493)		(9,367)	_	(2,493)
Net change in total OPEB liability		18,083		(87,634)		18,831
Total OPEB liability - beginning		165,497		253,131	_	234,300
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	183,580	\$	165,497	\$	253,131
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	7,493	\$	9,367	\$	12,493
Contributions - employee		-		-		-
Net investment income		8,914		17,025		19,212
Benefit payments		(7,493)		(9,367)		(2,493)
Administrative expense		<u>(711</u>)		(697)	_	<u>(679</u>)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		8,203		16,328		28,533
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		194,334		178,006		149,473
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2	202,537	\$	194,334	\$	178,006
Political subdivision's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(18,957)	<u>\$</u>	(28,837)	\$	75,125
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
OPEB liability		110.33%		117.42%		70.32%
Covered employee-payroll	\$ 3,	047,207	\$	3,047,207	\$2	2,193,651
Political subdivision's net OPEB liability (asset) as a		0.000/		0.050/		0.400′
percentage of covered payroll		-0.62%		-0.95%		3.42%

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net OPEB Liability - Retiree Health Insurance and Related Ratios

School Board		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	118,245	\$	297,521	\$	290,264
Interest		309,360		240,768		238,371
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		197,064		22,005		-
Changes in assumptions		286,182		(2,381,368)		-
Benefit payments		(627,833)	_	(653,793)	_	(286,548)
Net change in total OPEB liability		283,018		(2,474,867)		242,087
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,314,800		6,789,667		6,547,580
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	4,597,818	\$	4,314,800	\$	6,789,667
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	777,833	\$	653,793	\$	286,548
Contributions - employee		-		-		-
Net investment income		77,524		147,530		176,032
Benefit payments		(627,833)		(653,793)		(286,548)
Administrative expense	_	(2,332)	_	(2,229)	_	(2,134)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		225,192		145,301		173,898
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,686,584	_	1,541,283	_	1,367,385
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,911,776	\$	1,686,584	\$	1,541,283
Political subdivision's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	2,686,042	\$	2,628,216	\$	5,248,384
			_		_	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
OPEB liability		41.58%		39.09%		22.70%
Covered employee-payroll	\$	37,925,106	\$	37,925,106	\$	35,775,226
Political subdivision's net OPEB liability (asset) as a						
percentage of covered payroll		7.08%		6.93%		14.67%

Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB Retiree Health Insurance

	٨٥	tuarially	Re	ibutions in lation to tuarially	Col	ntribution	Expected Covered	Contributions as a % of
		ermined		ermined		eficiency	Employee	Covered
		tribution		tribution		Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)	•	(3)	(4)	(5)
County								
2020	\$	110,619	\$	144,619	\$	(34,000)	\$12,965,430	1.12%
2019		141,848		175,848		(34,000)	12,965,430	1.36%
2018		84,969		84,969		-	12,670,439	0.67%
2017		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2016		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2015		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2014		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2013		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2012		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2011		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
Henry-Ma								
Social Se	rvice	S						
2020	\$	7,493	\$	7,493	\$	-	\$ 3,047,207	0.25%
2019		9,367		9,367		-	3,047,207	0.31%
2018		2,493		2,493		-	2,193,651	0.11%
2017		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2016		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2015		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2014		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2013		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2012		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2011		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
School Be	oard							
2020	\$	627,833	\$	777,833	\$	(150,000)	\$37,925,106	2.05%
2019		653,793		653,793		-	37,925,106	1.72%
2018		286,548		286,548		-	35,775,226	0.80%
2017		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2016		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2015		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2014		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2013		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2012		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
2011		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Capital Projects Fund

June 30, 2020

Special Grant Projects Fund

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Recovered costs	\$ -	\$1,564,113	\$1,053,565	\$ (510,548)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	-	126,014	-	(126,014)
Revenue from the Federal Government		1,652,080	295,965	(1,356,115)
Total Intergovernmental	-	1,778,094	295,965	(1,482,129)
Total Revenues	-	3,342,207	1,349,530	(1,992,677)
Expenditures				
Current Community doublonment		2 460 004	1 416 047	2.052.057
Community development		3,469,004	1,416,047	2,052,957
Total Expenditures		3,469,004	1,416,047	2,052,957
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfers	-	(126,797)	(66,517)	60,280
Transfer from Other Funds		95,650	45,190	(50,460)
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	-	(31,147)	(21,327)	9,820
Transfer from Surplus Funds		31,147		(31,147)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>	(21,327)	\$ (21,327)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			248,549	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 227,222	

Combining Balance Sheet Component Unit - School Board

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	School Fund	School Textbook Fund	School Cafeteria Fund		Total Public Schools			
Assets Cash Cash - restricted Receivables - net Due from primary government Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 53,726 39,490 109,778 2,885,401 7,192 2,102,494	6 \$ 718,155 0 - 3 - - 2 -		\$	2,058,021 39,490 129,089 2,885,401 7,192 2,220,237			
Total Assets	\$ 5,198,081	\$ 718,155	\$ 1,423,194	\$	7,339,430			
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Due to primary government Due to other funds Unearned grants	\$ 738,497 4,149,888 270,384	3 - - 7,192	\$ 54,174 116,588 228,882 -	\$	792,671 4,266,476 228,882 7,192 270,384			
Total Liabilities	5,158,769	7,192	399,644		5,565,605			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Held for scholarships	39,312	2 -	-		39,312			
Fund Balances Restricted Assigned		- - 710,963	1,023,550		1,023,550 710,963			
Total Fund Balances		710,963	1,023,550		1,734,513			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 5,198,081	\$ 718,155	\$ 1,423,194	\$	7,339,430			
	Fund Balances	- per above		\$	1,734,513			
	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future							
	periods and, the funds. Deferred outfor Deferred outfor Deferred outfor Deferred inflored in		12,581,595 (6,835,302) 1,734,146 (2,100,111)					
	The net VRS pension liability is a long-term liability related to pensions that is applicable to future periods and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. (60,26)							
	Liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net position are as							
	follows: Capital lease Other post e Compensate	mployment ben	efits obligation		(1,105,120) (11,927,466) (945,647)			
	Net Position of Governmental Activities				(31,522,014)			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Component Unit - School Board

Year Ended June 30, 2020

				School		School		Total
		School		Textbook		Cafeteria		Public
Parameter		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		Schools
Revenues	Φ	00.404	φ	0.400	Φ	F 000	Φ	24.070
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	20,131	\$	9,486	\$	5,062	\$	34,679
Charges for services		490,676		-		392,764		883,440
Recovered costs		272,992		-		-		272,992
Miscellaneous		936,524		-		291		936,815
Intergovernmental		47 704 400						47.704.400
County of Henry, Virginia		17,764,408		-		405.005		17,764,408
Commonwealth of Virginia		56,614,558		-		125,325		56,739,883
Federal		5,567,567		-		4,663,247		10,230,814
QSCB federal loan interest subsidy	_	147,721	_		_		_	147,721
Total Revenues		81,814,577		9,486		5,186,689		87,010,752
Expenditures								
Current		10 000 000		1 000 000				E0 002 116
Instruction		49,880,908		1,022,208		-		50,903,116
Administration, attendance, and health		3,340,901		-		-		3,340,901
Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance		5,620,132		-		-		5,620,132
Cafeteria - school food service		6,256,551		-		- - 262 242		6,256,551
Facilities		1 700 220		-		5,362,313		5,362,313
		1,708,330		-		-		1,708,330
Special grants		8,459,496		-		-		8,459,496
Technology Debt Service		2,887,188		-		-		2,887,188
		0 470 045						2 472 245
Principal		2,473,315		-		-		2,473,315
Interest and other charges	_	917,135	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		917,135
Total Expenditures	_	81,543,956	_	1,022,208	_	5,362,313	_	87,928,477
Excess (Deficiency) of Expenditures Over Revenues		270,621		(1,012,722)		(175,624)		(917,725)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of debt		275,056		_		_		275,056
Transfers in		-		545,677		_		545,677
Transfers out		(545,677)		-		-		(545,677)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(270,621)		545,677				275,056
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(467,045)		(175,624)		(642,669)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				1,178,008		1,199,174		2,377,182
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$		\$	710,963	\$	1,023,550	\$	1,734,513

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Component Unit - School Board

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - per above

\$ (642,669)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and disposition was less than capital outlays.

(604,554)

Construction related to renovation of school buildings is part of the County Primary Government since the debt is in the County name. However, the school building belongs to the County until such time the debt is paid off. All debt payments paid by the School Board are adjusted and shown as being paid by the County.

1,999,170

Bond and capital lease proceeds are reported as financing sources in Governmental Funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing debt increases the long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities. Similarly, the repayment of principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position.

Proceeds of capital leases
Repayments on capital leases

\$ (275,056) 613,429

Net Adjustment

338,373

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts:

Compensated absences	(150,979)
Net pension liability	(5,828,179)
Deferred inflows - VRS pension	479,773
Deferred outflows - VRS pension	5,865,448
Deferred outflows - OPEB	719,752
Deferred inflows - OPEB	402,183
Other postemployment benefits	(310,250)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,268,068

Henry County School Board School Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 20,131	\$ (4,869)
Charges for services	45,500	556,451	490,676	(65,775)
Recovered costs	374,000	400,116	272,992	(127,124)
Miscellaneous				
Harvest Foundation	=	577,851	391,222	(186,629)
Other miscellaneous	350,000	398,050	545,302	147,252
Payment from Primary Government - Henry County	18,925,432	22,595,515	17,764,408	(4,831,107)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	54,980,534	57,192,196	56,174,558	(1,017,638)
Educational Technology - Commonwealth of Virginia	466,000	466,000	440,000	(26,000)
Revenue from the Federal Government	9,853,000	6,525,289	5,567,567	(957,722)
QSCB federal loan interest subsidy			147,721	147,721
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	65,299,534	64,183,485	62,329,846	(1,853,639)
Total Revenues	85,019,466	88,736,468	81,814,577	(6,921,891)
Expenditures				
Instruction	50,670,260	51,950,653	49,880,908	2,069,745
Administration, attendance, and health	3,562,680	3,368,433	3,340,901	27,532
Pupil transportation	5,852,708	6,321,041	5,620,132	700,909
Operation and maintenance	6,361,295	6,969,035	6,256,551	712,484
Facilities	2,144,000	3,417,435	1,708,330	1,709,105
Special grants	10,000,000	10,000,000	8,459,496	1,540,504
•	2,356,435	2,697,783		
Technology	50,000	50,000	2,887,188	(189,405)
Contingency reserve Debt Service	50,000	50,000	-	50,000
	2 566 452	2,506,452	0 470 045	22 427
Principal	2,566,452		2,473,315	33,137
Interest and other charges	907,732	907,732	917,135	(9,403)
Total Expenditures	84,471,562	88,188,564	81,543,956	6,644,608
·				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	547,904	547,904	270,621	(277,283)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of debt	-	-	275,056	275,056
Transfers in (out)	(547,904)	(547,904)	(545,677)	2,227
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(547,904)	(547,904)	(270,621)	277,283
Total Cities and Good (Coop)	(5 :: ,5 5 :)			
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Surplus Funds				
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$</u> _	

Henry County School Board School Textbook Fund

Revenues	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,486	\$ 9,486
Total Revenues	-	-	9,486	9,486
Expenditures Textbooks	1,270,700	1,519,993	1,022,208	497,785
Total Expenditures	1,270,700	1,519,993	1,022,208	497,785
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,270,700)	(1,519,993)	(1,012,722)	507,271
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out)	547,904	547,904	545,677	(2,227)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	547,904	547,904	545,677	(2,227)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(722,796)	(972,089)	(467,045)	505,044
Transfer from Surplus Funds	722,796	972,089		(972,089)
Net Change after Reserve	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(467,045)	\$ (467,045)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			1,178,008	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 710,963	

Variance

Henry County School Board School Cafeteria Fund

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,062	\$ 5,062
Revenue from the use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ -	ə - 291	\$ 5,062 291	\$ 5,062
Charges for services	452,800	452,800	392,764	(60,036)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	- - 100 CEO	- - 400 F16	125,325	125,325
Revenue from the Federal Government	5,183,652	5,423,516	4,663,247	(760,269)
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	5,183,652	5,423,516	4,788,572	(634,944)
Total Revenues	5,636,452	5,876,607	5,186,689	(689,918)
Expenditures Cafeteria	5,636,452	5,876,607	5,362,313	514,294
Total Expenditures	5,636,452	5,876,607	5,362,313	514,294
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(175,624)	(175,624)
Transfer from Surplus Funds				
Net Change after Reserve	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	(175,624)	\$ (175,624)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			1,199,174	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 1,023,550	

Statement of Net Position

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

At June 30, 2020

	Industrial Site Project Fund #37	Main Operating Fund #45	Total Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
Assets			
Current Assets	Φ.	Ф 000 400	
Cash Receivables - net	\$ -	\$ 968,480 30,406	\$ 968,480 30,406
Due from other governments	48,625	-	48,625
Due from primary government - Henry County, VA	315,803	2,586,976	2,902,779
Inventory	16,090,520	13,698,787	29,789,307
Total Current Assets	16,454,948	17,284,649	33,739,597
Noncurrent Assets			
Investment CCAT Leveraged Lender, LLC		3,753,645	3,753,645
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,753,645	3,753,645
Total Assets	\$ 16,454,948	\$ 21,038,294	\$ 37,493,242
Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned grants Short-term note payable	\$ 3,042 7,375	\$ 13,269 2,410,000 3,461,955	\$ 16,311 2,417,375 3,461,955
Total Current Liabilities	10,417	5,885,224	5,895,641
Long-Term Liabilities	,	. ,	
Due to other governmental unit	10,492		10,492
Total Long-Term Liabilities	10,492		10,492
Total Liabilities	20,909	5,885,224	5,906,133
Net Position			
Unrestricted	16,434,039	15,153,070	31,587,109
Total Net Position	16,434,039	15,153,070	31,587,109
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$ 16,454,948</u>	\$ 21,038,294	\$ 37,493,242

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Industrial Site Project Fund #37	Main Operating <u>Fund #45</u>	Total Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
Operating Revenues Payment from primary government Tobacco Indemnification revenues Virginia Economic Development Partnership Harvest Foundation EDC share of costs City of Martinsville, Virginia share of costs	\$ 571,836 - 48,625 20,000 - 285,927	\$ 760,217 835,000 - 200,000 100,000 30,406	\$ 1,332,053 835,000 48,625 220,000 100,000 316,333
Total Operating Revenues	926,388	1,925,623	2,852,011
Operating Expenses Economic development	901,417	1,896,229	2,797,646
Total Operating Expenses	901,417	1,896,229	2,797,646
Operating Income	24,971	29,394	54,365
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest and investment income Sale of timber Interest expense and bond issue costs		36,729 58,836 (87,991)	36,729 58,836 (87,991)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	7,574	7,574
Change in Net Position	24,971	36,968	61,939
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	16,409,068	15,116,102	31,525,170
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 16,434,039	\$ 15,153,070	\$ 31,587,109

Statement of Cash Flows

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30, 2	020					
	In	dustrial		Main		Total ndustrial
	Sit	e Project		Operating	De	velopment
	<u> </u>	und #37		Fund #45		<u>Authority</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Receipts from primary government	\$	571,836	\$	760,217	\$	1,332,053
Receipts from City of Martins ville, Virginia		-		22,429		22,429
Harvest Foundation		20,000		900,000		920,000
EDC share of costs		-		100,000		100,000
State grants		-		200,000		200,000
Purchase of inventory for resale		(24,952)		-		(24,952)
Cash paid for economic development	-	(898,974)		(1,870,959)		(2,769,933)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(332,090)		111,687		(220,403)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Payments on Due to / Due from accounts from primary government		332,090	_	834,633		1,166,723
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing						
Activities		332,090		834,633		1,166,723
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Interest payments on long-term debt				(97,127)		(97,127)
· ·	-		_	(37,127)	_	(37,127)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related				(07.407)		(07.407)
Financing Activities		-		(97,127)		(97,127)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Interest and investment income		-		53,393		53,393
Sale of timber				58,836		58,836
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		-		112,229		112,229
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		961,422		961,422
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year				7,058		7,058
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$		\$	968,480	\$	968,480
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net						
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities						
Operating income	\$	24,971	\$	29,394	\$	54,365
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net						
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities						
Depreciation		-		-		-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities						
Receivables		-		14,932		14,932
Due from other governments		(48,625)		-		(48,625)
Due to/from City of Martins ville, Virginia		(285,926)		-		(285,926)
Inventory		(24,952)		-		(24,952)
Unearned grants		-		65,000		65,000
Accounts payable	-	2,442	_	2,361		4,803
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(332,090)	\$	111,687	\$	(220,403)

Balance Sheet

Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services

At June 30, 2020

Assets	Φ 00.00	
Cash	\$ 26,32	
Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments	3,14 819,03	
Due nom other governments	019,03	_
Total Assets	\$ 848,49	5
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities Accrued liabilities Due to County of Henry, Virginia	\$ 51,940 796,55	
		_
Total Liabilities	848,49	5
Fund Balance		<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 848,49	<u>5</u>
Fund Balance - per above	\$	-
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	74,11	5
The net prepaid OPEB liability is a long-term asset and is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		_
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	933,40	4
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(138,63	5)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	91,55	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(76,84	0)
Liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net position are as follows:		
Net pension liability	(2,202,95	
OPEB obligations	(267,05	
Compensated absences	(480,57)	<u>2</u>)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$(2,066,97	<u>9</u>)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues	
Payments from County of Henry, Virginia	\$ 619,680
Payments from City of Martinsville, Virginia	349,013
Miscellaneous refunds and revenues	23,151
Intergovernmental	
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	2,273,781
Revenue from the Federal Government	 4,097,186
Total Intergovernmental	 6,370,967
Total Revenues	7,362,811
Expenditures	
Health and welfare	 7,362,811
Net Change in Fund Balance	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$
Net Change in Fund Balance - per above	\$ -
	\$ -
Net Change in Fund Balance - per above Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of	\$ -
Governmental funds report capital outlays as	\$ -
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation	\$ -
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital	\$ (2.207)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation	\$ (3,387)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital	\$ (3,387)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation.	\$ (3,387)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual	\$ (3,387)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities.	\$ (3,387)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes	\$ (3,387)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts:	\$
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts: Compensated absences	\$ (77,502)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts:	\$
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts: Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred inflows - VRS pension Deferred outflows - VRS pension	\$ (77,502) (648,505) (603) 352,359
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts: Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred inflows - VRS pension Deferred outflows - VRS pension Deferred outflows - OPEB	\$ (77,502) (648,505) (603) 352,359 59,033
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts: Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred inflows - VRS pension Deferred outflows - VRS pension Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB	\$ (77,502) (648,505) (603) 352,359 59,033 28,002
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental-Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts: Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred inflows - VRS pension Deferred outflows - VRS pension Deferred outflows - OPEB	\$ (77,502) (648,505) (603) 352,359 59,033

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Agency Fund - Gateway Streetscape Foundation, Inc.

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues	
Interest income	\$ 642
Donations	4,203
County of Henry, Virginia contribution	19,992
City of Martinsville, Virginia contribution	19,090
Local grants	15,984
Federal grants	12,500
Miscellaneous	 36,951
Total Revenues	109,362
Expenditures	
Salaries	39,450
Fringe benefits	5,374
Professional services	2,710
Other	 34,113
Total Expenditures	 81,647
Gain (loss) on discontinued operations	 (184,474)
Net Change in Amounts Held for Others	(156,759)
Amounts Held for Others - Beginning of Year	 156,759
Amounts Held for Others - End of Year	\$ <u>-</u>

OTHER INFORMATION SECTION



General Governmental Revenues by Source⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Property <u>Taxes</u>	Other Local <u>Taxes</u>	Pr Fe Re	ermits, rivilege es, and gulatory censes		of Money d Property		Mis	scellaneous	F	Recovered <u>Costs</u>	Go	Inter- overnmental	<u>Total</u>	
2011	\$21,018,605	\$11,478,570	\$	73,618	\$ 195,181	\$ 808,886	\$ 1,921,648	\$	1,863,200	\$	2,918,353	\$	75,507,581	\$115,785,64	42
2012	21,323,023	11,428,075		65,347	163,957	711,338	1,895,145		2,011,196		3,744,985		73,962,487	115,305,5	53
2013	22,057,534	11,423,797		71,268	238,381	875,927	1,799,395		1,971,581		3,482,607		72,004,445	113,924,93	35
2014	23,277,658	11,449,845		67,111	199,043	668,693	1,701,181		2,182,125		3,258,893		71,996,224	114,800,7	73
2015	23,871,330	12,004,009		61,302	191,984	863,945	1,744,070		994,556		3,547,875		75,295,664	118,574,7	35
2016	24,025,389	12,219,982		64,192	171,390	909,608	1,613,667		853,693		3,774,357		76,880,284	120,512,50	62
2017	24,344,550	12,323,201		63,792	214,626	669,873	1,552,687		873,104		3,547,175		79,495,294	123,084,30	02
2018	26,741,835	12,571,940		55,553	193,569	701,617	1,312,840		1,028,429		4,415,222		84,189,168	131,210,17	73
2019	28,230,794	13,397,099		77,110	165,674	2,300,453	1,295,214		998,268		4,921,665		86,049,792	137,436,0	69
2020	27,893,373	13,826,354		49,950	140,504	2,438,681	1,172,752		1,028,686		5,071,780		90,105,162	141,727,2	42

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and Component Units - School Board and Social Services.

⁽²⁾ Payments from County of Henry, Virginia to the Component Units - School Board and Social Services are excluded from intergovernmental revenues.

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1)(2)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Gov. Admini- stration	Judicial Admini- stration	Public <u>Safety</u>	Public <u>Works</u>	Health and <u>Welfare</u>	Education	Parks, Recreation, and <u>Cultural</u>	Community Develop- ment	Non- Depart- mental	Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$2,933,146	\$2,500,200	\$13,261,320	\$3,330,174	\$7,613,384	\$71,466,806	\$1,713,172	\$3,416,240	\$ 4,650	\$2,583,513	\$2,149,577	\$ 110,972,182
2012	2,941,801	2,491,649	13,046,844	3,121,304	7,798,792	78,781,597	1,746,487	2,910,237	74,988	2,790,336	2,649,852	118,353,887
2013	2,961,920	2,638,640	13,865,659	3,307,047	7,556,889	74,235,340	1,997,811	4,185,859	149,833	2,727,331	392,263	114,018,592
2014	3,022,708	2,727,076	14,610,351	3,328,411	7,602,105	73,570,985	1,762,935	3,337,157	14,401	2,808,718	344,113	113,128,960
2015	3,237,857	2,815,603	15,040,016	3,504,274	7,862,544	73,673,586	1,805,145	3,377,000	83,661	2,850,907	1,164,019	115,414,612
2016	3,138,381	2,895,916	15,432,462	3,473,137	7,755,323	77,873,789	1,832,590	3,793,880	93,018	2,140,166	1,474,742	119,903,404
2017	3,201,410	2,883,408	15,711,987	3,441,711	8,025,248	92,668,525	1,871,240	4,737,410	53,096	2,639,617	797,651	136,031,303
2018	3,257,287	2,989,787	16,738,307	3,504,916	8,385,686	89,772,125	1,927,417	4,881,862	50,809	3,345,873	4,618,167	139,472,236
2019	3,303,587	2,937,463	16,700,369	3,401,291	9,503,796	83,042,119	1,950,922	5,083,973	83,998	8,514,330	3,968,066	138,489,914
2020	3,398,733	3,038,494	17,778,343	3,587,910	10,341,838	84,597,469	1,933,218	4,958,890	60,252	5,895,158	21,101,800	156,692,105

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and Component Units - School Board and Social Services.

⁽²⁾ Payments from County of Henry, Virginia to the Component Units - School Board and Social Services are excluded from the respective function.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

							Machinery			
Fiscal		Real		Personal		Mobile	and	Public		
<u>Year</u>	<u>E</u>	state		Property		<u>Homes</u>	<u>Tools</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>	
2011	\$ 2,9	960,170,435	\$	342,974,030	\$	27,318,696	\$ 328,036,218	\$ 149,576,812	\$ 3,808,076,191	
2012	2,9	968,408,913		353,755,049		27,404,565	280,113,782	142,520,626	3,772,202,935	
2013	2,9	987,070,870		358,575,743		27,320,870	262,429,189	149,525,937	3,784,922,609	
2014	2,8	358,290,984		372,927,906		23,448,770	287,966,081	150,385,203	3,693,018,944	
2015	2,8	365,947,336		386,921,487		24,055,943	293,438,784	160,532,186	3,730,895,736	
2016	2,8	374,491,189		394,241,419		24,105,123	301,949,527	168,148,943	3,762,936,201	
2017	2,9	901,351,025		417,528,311		23,906,148	311,400,946	175,152,449	3,829,338,879	
2018	2,8	372,989,189		419,610,064		21,786,667	343,462,516	177,404,798	3,835,253,234	
2019	2,8	383,174,054		416,199,483		22,417,477	355,931,097	188,873,635	3,866,595,746	
2020	2,8	389,190,270		435,083,807		22,561,261	338,166,323	196,172,192	3,881,173,853	

Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Rates per Hundred Dollars of Assessed Valuation

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Real <u>Estat</u>		Personal Property	Mobile <u>Homes</u>	Machinery and Tools
2011	\$	0.46	\$ 1.48	\$ 0.46	\$ 1.19
2012		0.46	1.48	0.46	1.48
2013		0.46	1.48	0.46	1.48
2014		0.488	1.48	0.488	1.48
2015		0.488	1.48	0.488	1.48
2016		0.488	1.48	0.488	1.48
2017		0.488	1.48	0.488	1.48
2018		0.555	1.55	0.555	1.55
2019		0.555	1.55	0.555	1.55
2020		0.555	1.55	0.555	1.55

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Percent of		Percent of
			Percent	Delinquent		Total Tax	Outstanding	Delinquent
Fiscal	Total	Current Tax	of Levy	Tax	Total Tax	Collections	Delinquent	Taxes to
<u>Year</u>	Tax Levy	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections	to Tax Levy	<u>Taxes</u>	Tax Levy
2011	\$23,165,358	\$21,919,693	94.62%	\$1,166,778	\$23,086,471	99.66%	\$ 3,054,362	13.19%
2012	22,739,964	21,732,919	95.57%	991,384	22,724,303	99.93%	2,956,764	13.00%
2013	23,746,769	22,741,314	95.77%	940,165	23,681,479	99.73%	3,038,563	12.80%
2014	24,580,458	23,559,604	95.84%	1,019,691	24,579,295	99.99%	3,151,339	12.82%
2015	24,957,730	24,023,981	96.26%	1,143,857	25,167,838	100.84%	3,018,626	12.09%
2016	25,272,038	24,321,388	96.24%	1,014,013	25,335,401	100.25%	2,776,267	10.99%
2017	25,919,711	24,778,117	95.60%	903,931	25,682,048	99.08%	3,061,326	11.81%
2018	28,879,412	27,380,868	94.81%	640,293	28,021,161	97.03%	3,647,745	12.63%
2019	29,143,275	27,934,344	95.85%	1,493,101	29,427,445	100.98%	3,588,601	12.31%
2020	29,235,764	27,981,597	95.71%	1,197,819	29,179,416	99.81%	3,740,443	12.79%

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Taxable Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Ratio on Net Bonded Debt	Net Bonded
Fiscal		Assessed	Net Bonded	to Assessed	Debt Per
<u>Year</u>	Population ⁽¹⁾	<u>Value</u> ⁽²⁾	Debt ⁽³⁾	<u>Value</u>	<u>Capita</u>
2011	53,553	\$3,808,076,191	\$ 22,022,461	0.58%	\$ 411
2012	53,119	3,772,202,935	20,143,789	0.53%	379
2013	52,761	3,869,287,960	18,221,319	0.47%	345
2014	52,253	3,693,018,944	16,145,808	0.44%	309
2015	51,936	3,730,895,736	14,139,516	0.38%	272
2016	51,604	3,762,936,201	22,678,828	0.60%	439
2017	51,227	3,829,338,879	31,223,019	0.82%	610
2018	51,975	3,835,253,234	30,529,456	0.80%	587
2019	51,438	3,866,595,746	88,338,347	2.28%	1,717
2020	51,019	3,881,173,853	111,778,461	2.88%	2,191

⁽¹⁾ Weldon Cooper Center, University of Virginia, Latest Census Records.

⁽²⁾ From Table 3.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bond anticipation notes, Literary Fund loans, and Recovery Zone bonds. Excludes compensated absences, capital leases, and landfill closure monitoring liability.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)(2)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total Debt <u>Service</u>	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Government Expenditures
2011	\$1,760,302	\$ 823,211	\$2,583,513	\$ 110,972,182	2.33%
2012	1,878,672	911,664	2,790,336	118,353,887	2.36%
2013	1,922,470	804,861	2,727,331	114,018,592	2.39%
2014	2,075,511	733,207	2,808,718	113,128,960	2.48%
2015	2,199,904	651,003	2,850,907	115,414,612	2.47%
2016	1,460,688	679,478	2,140,166	119,903,404	1.78%
2017	1,734,013	905,604	2,639,617	136,031,303	1.94%
2018	2,123,512	1,222,361	3,345,873	139,472,236	2.40%
2019	5,114,455	3,399,875	8,514,330	138,489,914	6.15%
2020	2,473,315	3,421,843	5,895,158	156,692,105	3.76%

Amounts taken from Table 2.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes debt service payments on short-term notes payable.

⁽²⁾ Excludes Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority debt.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Robin B. Jones, CPA, CFP Denise C. Williams, CPA, CSEP Kimberly W. Jackson, CPA

Sherwood H. Creedle, Emeritus

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors County of Henry, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Henry, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Henry, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Creedle, Jones & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Creedle, Jones & associates, P.C.

South Hill, Virginia November 24, 2020



Robin B. Jones, CPA, CFP Denise C. Williams, CPA, CSEP Kimberly W. Jackson, CPA

Sherwood H. Creedle, Emeritus

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Supervisors County of Henry, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Henry, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. County of Henry, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Henry, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Henry, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Henry, Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Creedle, Jones & associates, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia

November 24, 2020



Sherwood H. Creedle, Emeritus

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA'S LAWS, REGULATIONS, CONTRACTS, AND GRANTS

To the Board of Supervisors County of Henry, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2020.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the County of Henry, Virginia, is the responsibility of the County of Henry, Virginia's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance with certain provisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our audit of the basic financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The following is a summary of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants for which we performed tests of compliance:

Code of Virginia

- Budget and Appropriation Laws
- Cash and Investments
- Conflicts of Interest
- Retirement Systems
- Debt Provisions
- Procurement
- Unclaimed Property
- Personal Property Tax Relief Act

State Agency Requirements

- Social Services
- Education
- Children's Services Act Funds
- Economic Development Opportunity Fund

The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County of Henry, Virginia had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions.

1) there was no management approval of tax abatements

Creedle, Jones & associates, P.C.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Supervisors, County of Henry, Virginia's management, Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and applicable state agencies, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Creedle, Jones & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia November 24, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Pass-

	Pass-		
	Federal	through Entity	Total
	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
	<u>Italiber</u>	<u>reamber</u>	Experialtares
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			
U. S. Department of the Treasury			
Pass-Through Payments Department of Accounts			
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	151	\$ 2,418,136
Cotonavitus (Citet i una	21.013	131	Ψ 2,410,130
U. S. Department of Interior			
Direct Payments			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	N/A	3,735
U. S. Department of Transportation			
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	501	166,635
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			166,635
			100,000
Department of Motor Vehicles	20.607	F20	10.607
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	530	12,697
Highway Safety Cluster State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	530	2,673
State and Sommany Fighway Salety	20.000	330	2,073
Total Highway Safety Cluster			2,673
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Transportation			182,005
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			,
Pass-Through Payments			
Aging Cluster			
Southern Area Agency on Aging			
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B -			
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	N/A	32,959
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B -			
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers (CARES Act)	93.044	N/A	21,313
Total Aging Cluster			54,272
			54,272
Direct Payments			
Provider Relief Fund	93.498	N/A	47,555
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			101,827
			101,027
U. S. Department of Justice			
Direct Payments Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	N/A	20.617
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	29,617 20,356
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	N/A	7,162
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	N/A	9,471
Pass-Through Payments			2,
Department of Criminal Justice Services			
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	140	115,700
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Justice			182,306
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Housing and Community Development			
Community Development Block Grant - States Program	14.228	165	124,830
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			124,830
·			,
U. S. Department of Homeland Security Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Emergency Management			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	127	187,869
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	127	195,928
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	127	26,164
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Homeland Security			409,961
,			.00,001

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass- through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
Appalachian Regional Commission (ARC)			
Direct Payments			
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	N/A	4,500
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Payments Department of Social Services			
Social services block grant	93.667	765	28,021
Total - Primary Government			3,455,321
HENRY-MARTINSVILLE SOCIAL SERVICES			
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Pass-Through Payments Department of Social Services SNAP Cluster State Administrative Metabing Create for the Symplemental Nutrition			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	765	845,505
Total SNAP Cluster	. 0.00	. 55	845,505
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Agriculture			845,505
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Payments Department of Social Services CCDF Cluster Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and			
Development Fund	93.596	765	124,474
Total CCDF Cluster			124,474
Department of Social Services TANF Cluster			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	765	670,921
Total TANF Cluster			670,921
Chafee education and training vouchers program (ETV)	93.599	765	1,634
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	765	40,561
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	765 705	958
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Adoption Incentive Payments	93.568 93.603	765 765	125,818 1,870
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	765 765	1,682
Foster care - Title IV-E	93.658	765 765	457,372
Adoption assistance	93.659	765	405,268
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition			•
to Adulthood	93.674	765	7,792
Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	93.767	765 765	17,100
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	765	473,269
Medicaid Cluster	00.770	705	000 000
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	765	922,962
Total Medicaid Cluster			922,962
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			3,251,681
Total - Henry-Martinsville Social Services			4,097,186

	Federal CFDA	Pass- through Entity Identifying	Total Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	<u>Number</u>	Expenditures
SCHOOL BOARD			
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Pass-Through Payments Child Nutrition Cluster			
State Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services			
National School Lunch Program (NSLP) -			
Food distribution - donated commodities	10.555	301	333,211
Department of Education			
Summer Food Service Program for Children (SFSPC)	10.559	197	84,244
Summer Food Service Program for Children (SFSPC) (CARES Act)	10.559	197	224,618
School Breakfast Program (SBP)	10.553	197	1,062,428
School Breakfast Program (SBP) (CARES Act)	10.553	197	81,800
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555 10.555	197	2,550,413 123,046
National School Lunch Program (NSLP) (CARES Act)	10.555	197	123,040
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			4,459,760
National School Lunch Program - Child Adult Care Food Program	10.558	197	235,702
National School Lunch Program - Child Adult Care Food Program (CARES Act)	10.558	197	62,136
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	197	238,860
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Agriculture			4,996,458
II C Department of Education			
U. S. Department of Education Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	197	2,092,728
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	197	83,057
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			2,175,785
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	197	2,501,151
Adult education - basic grants to states	84.002	197	90,743
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	197	173,933
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	197	71,165
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	197	151,095
Rural Education	84.358	197	137,049
Improving Teacher Quality State Grant	84.367	197	266,646
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Education			5,567,567
Subtotal - School Board			10,564,025
Grand Totals			\$ 18,116,532

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of County of Henry, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Henry, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Henry, Virginia.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

County of Henry, Virginia has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Nonmonetary Assistance

In addition to amounts reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the County consumed nonmonetary assistance in the form of food commodities. Commodities with a fair value of \$333,211 at the time received were consumed during the year ended June 30, 2020. These commodities were included in the determination of federal awards expended during the year ended June 30, 2020.

5. Subrecipients

No awards passed through to subrecipients.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster

84.010 Title I

84.027, 84.173 Special Education Cluster

21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None